THE UNION-BANNER

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EDUCATIONAL PROGRESS NOTED BY STATE SUPT.

Weekly News Lette From the Department of Education at Montgomery.

Conecuh County High School.

The pupils of the Conecuh County High School are writing a history of the county. Exceedingly interesting data are being tabulated and put in permanent form for the first time. The first settlers, the first churches and schools, and the first county officials are being treated somewhat in detail.

In connection with the history, there is being worked out a school survey of the county at the present time. On investigation they find that only 18 schools out of 71 in the county have state aid libraries, and they ask why not 71? There are only 39 with patent desks and only 25 painted. In each instance, the question is written down by the pupils, "Why not 71?"

Including the two state schools—the county high school at Castlebury and the District Agricultural school at Evergreen— they find the combined value of the school buildings and grounds in the county to be $75,000. These children ask this question, "Which is the greater asset, children or convicts?"

Conecuh County is no exception in these respects. All over the state a similar condition prevails. When our children are investigating these matters,, presenting these facts to us, and asking these questions, is it not time for us, with the reins of administration in our hands, to give our little ones better answers?

Consolidation in Escambia.

There is a healthy sentiment for better schools in Escambia County. Recently near Appleton on the Bellville road, eight miles from Brewton, the first real consolidated school of the county was formally opened.

There were present visitors from many sections of the county, a number of whom came from districts in the three teacher type of school to investigate the new enterprise.

The Appleton school is located on a five-acre plot of ground, an ideal site. The building was constructed at the cost of $1700, is complete in every respect, and equipped with a good quality of blackbords and patent desks.

The consolidation was brought about by the uniting of three one-teacher schools, resulting in a splendid three-teacher school with the advantages of all pupils enrolled that are always found in the larger type of schools. Two transportation wagons carry the pupils of the districts to school at a minimum expense and the patrons are rejoicing over the fact that it is now possible for their children to enjoy a good school with high school advantages without leaving the farm and moving to town.

The County Board of Education of Escambia County is a progressive one and deserves to be congratulated for encouraging this forward step.

LOMAX

The health of this community is fairly good at present.

Mr. Tom Jones' baby has been very ill for the past week, but is improving now.

The little baby of Mr. Leonard Jones fell in the fire Friday and was badly burned.

Misses Zula Willis and Maggie Jones dined with Misses Essa and Era Jones Sunday.

Macie Jones and Vergie Smith took a flying trip to the Maddox old mill Friday.

Mr. Dudley Smith's family visited his son, Walter, Saturday and Sunday on the river.

Miss Evie Jones visited her cousins, Misses Cora, Nora, and Zora Miner Saturday night.

Miss Zula Traywick and Miss Edna Smith, and Marvin and Wilbur Smith visited Miss Annie Mae Smith Christmas.

Mr. Odis Jones visited the station Sunday afternoon.

Misses Mattie, Lou, Lula Belle, Ruth and Kate Smith visited their little niece, Vera Williamson, Saturday night and Sunday.

MONEY TO LOAN

WE ARE IN TOUCH WITH AN UNLIMITED SUPPLY OF MONEY, AND CAN NEGOTIATE LONG-TIME LOANS ON FARM LANDS UPON EASY TERMS. IF YOU ARE INTERESTED, CALL ON US.

Middleton & Reynolds.

DISTRICT TRUSTEES FOR THE SCHOOLS APPOINTED

Remainder of the List of Appointments by Educational Board—Part Published Last Week.

The following is the remainder of the list of school trustees for the various districts of the county, recently adopted by the County Board of Education. Part of the list was published last week.

Macedonia—J.M. Mahan, A. Baker, Henry Evan Smith.

Lock No. 12—Oscar Littleton, Mr. Benzeiger.

Union Grove—J.M. Bratton, G.L. Glasscock, R.S. Chandler.

Irving School—L.G. Posey, L.M. Brantley, H.G. Coffer.

Free Springs—J.M. Hayes, L.A. Brown, Frank Henry.

Mars Hill—C.L. Langston, H.W. Gothard, D.W. Scott.

Center Hill—J.E. Cobb, W. B. Scott, R.T. Rogers.

Oak Grove—J.D. Sutley, J.F. Saterwhite.

Rocky Mount—Joe Waldrup, J.B. Northcutt, John Thomas.

Providence—J.D. Harrel, J.R. Busby, Jeffie Saterwhite.

Concord—B. Armstrong, D.W. Killingworth, George Killingworth.

New Harmony—O.C. Durbin, J.H. Hayes, J.L. Williams.

Minooka—W.R. Houlditch, W.H. Aldridge.

Mt. Pleasant—G.H. Massey, J. Wiley Foshee, C.N. Eiland.

Smith School—G.W. Williams, Robert Cost.

Vanderslice—J.J. Vanderslice, Ed Vanderslice.

Clanton—

Thorsby—

Samariah—J.L. Dupree, J.L. Holley, H.B. Roper.

Ramsey—J.H. Mitchell, John Haigler, William Grover.

Baker School—C.C. Ward, J.V. Best, J.W. Watson.

Jemison—

Mt. Creek.—

East View—W. A. Martin, J. L. Downs, E.L. Cox.

TELEPHONE NOTICE

The Directors of the several telephone lines are requested to collect and pay in the POST RIGHT funds as early as possible, in order that 'phone holders can pay the central fee and get their receipts when they come in.

The time for paying central service is extended to January 15, 1917.

J. N. DENNIS, Secy-Treas.

Lost— On streets of Clanton Tuesday, a medium sized pink cameo brooch. Finder please return to Mrs. Lida Jones and get reward.

HOME GARDENING CUTS DOWN BILLS

But It Must Be a Real Garden, Kept Planted Through Season, Says Hastings.

Atlanta, Ga. — (Special) — "The greatest obstacle to permanent farm prosperity in the south is the 'store bill' made for food and grain that could and should be grown on every southern farm," says H. G. Hastings, president of the Southeastern Fair Association and of the Georgia Chamber of Commerce, in an interview on agricultural conditions in this territory.

"A real garden," says Mr. Hastings, "properly prepared and planted, and kept planted throughout the season, will help more to decrease store bills than anything else the farmer can do.

"There are lots of what I term 'one planting' gardens made, gardens with a few struggling rows of beans, a few dozen cabbages and tomato plants, with some watermelon off to one corner, but that's not real gardening any more than a youngster's first drawing of a cat or a dog on his slate, is fine art. Our southern folks generally don't take the garden seriously, when as a matter of fact the right kind of a garden, containing a full line of vegetables and kept busy all season, is reasonably sure of furnishing at least half the living of the family.

"I have never seen a 'one crop' section, regardless of what particular one crop was grown, that did not have a poverty-stricken look, with poor school buildings, churches and homes.

"I have never seen a diversified section that did not have the signs of prosperity sticking out all over it.

"And on practically every farm in these prosperous diversified sections the home garden has an honored place.

"I haven't a thing in the world against the supply and general merchants, but if all of our people would take the home garden seriously, half of them would have to go out of business for lack of trade. Give your garden a square deal in 1917.

U. S. Marshal Wall was in town Wednesday.

Watch the Label on your paper.

The little yellow label on your paper every week shows the date when your subscription is out; if not paid ahead before then your paper will be stopped. Keep your eye on the label.

We shall continue to publish the best newspaper in Chilton county, at the same price of

$1.00 A YEAR

JANUARY TERM OF THE COUNTY COURT

Judge Deason Disposed of Cases on Month's Docket.

The January term of the Probate Court of Chilton County was held before Judge Deason Monday.

The following cases were disposed of:

Harry Kennedy — Assault, nolle prossed on motion of the Solicitor.

Reese Stone—violating prohibition law, continued to February term.

Peter Jackson—burglary and larceny, bound over to grand jury in February. Bond fixed at $300.00.

George Henry—burglary and larceny, continued to February term.

F. O. Bates—presenting gun, waived to grand jury. Bond, $150.00.

F. O. Bates—Assault and battery, pleads guilty. Fine $5.00.

Ben B. Baron, grand larceny, defendant bound over to grand jury. Bond fixed at $150.00.

Rosa Washington,—larceny, waived to grand jury. Bond fixed at $200.00

George Washington—petit larceny, waived to grand jury. Bond fixed at $200.00

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT

Estate of H. B. Rogers, deceased; Probate Court.

Letters testimentary of said deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 30th day of December, 1916, by the Hon. E. B. Deason, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, are hereby requested to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

J. A. ROGERS, Adm.

THE CIVIC IMPROVEMENT CLUB MEETING TUESDAY

Considering Important Things Dealing with our Civic development in 1917.

At 3:00 o'clock on Tuesday a very interesting meeting of the Civic Improvement Club was held at the rest room, with the president, Mrs. W. T. Callen in the chair.

The business was hurridly gone through with in order that the program might follow.

After roll call, the minutes were read and adopted with one correction in regard to naming Committee, composed of Mrs. McDonald, Mrs. Deason and Mrs. Phillips, who were to confer with the Clubs in order to devise some plan of passing censorship on class of shows brought to our County Fair.

It was announced that Mrs. Jim Jones, President of the Methodist Ladies Aid had appointed a standing Committee from that body with Mrs. Wade as Chairman to confer with the Civic Club throughout the year.

Dues were not collected.

Rest room discussion was carried over until next meeting to be taken up with other matters under the head of unfinished business.

Prof. McDonald, Mrs. Lida Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Wiley Foshee, Mrs. Plier and Mrs. Crichton were our guests for the afternoon The business part stood adjourned, and Mrs. Wiley Foshee gave a pleasant talk, complimenting our work and inviting us to join them in their club meetings.

Mrs. Lida Jones gave an interesting address, beautifully advancing the idea of the dormitory problem which will enable girls throughout the county to take advantage of the high school and its opportunities.

Prof. McDonald's lovely address on the efficiency and upliftment of our youth, and its educational basis was most comprehensive and inspiring, and thoroughly enjoyed in its entirety by all present.

SOPHIA COURTNEY JONES,
Secretary-Protem.

TEACHERS NOTICE

The third session of the Chilton County Teachers Association will be held at Clanton, January 13, and the following program will be rendered:

10:00. Devotional, F. B. Williams.
10:15 Athletics, Prof. Owens.
10:30. "What should be the teacher's attitude toward the different political and religious views?" Prof. Thompson.
10:50. General discussion.
11:00. The importance of grading, and how it may be done in the rural schools, Prof. Wilson.
11:20. Business Session.

J.L. HARRIS, Chm. Ex. Com.

Oscar Jones left Monday for Birmingham where he will take a course in Massey Business College.

Mt. Pleasant

Christmas is over and the new year is here. This community has witnessed such a nice, quiet Christmas. Everybody enjoyed the Christmas Tree and the exercises rendered by the school.

Miss Louise Mattison of Riderville has taken the place Miss Daniel occupied as teacher before Xmas.

Misses Dalene and Annie Pierce spent last week with their brother, Mackie Pierce near Mulberry.

Rev. B.H. Vickers and family were visitors at L.O. Vockers' Christmas night.

P. J. Massey of North Carolina spent a few days last week with his brother, B.F. Massey.

D.P. Robinson and family spent last week with relatives in Coosa County.

A.J. Duncan and wife spent Xmas. with relatives in Birmingham.

Mrs. Henry Martin and children of Columbus, Ga., are visiting relatives here.

W.H. Kennedy spent the holidays with home folks.

Miss Bata Driver is visiting Mrs. W.A. Blalock.

Miss Hattie Popwell of Cedar Grove recently visited her brother, Leon Popwell.

Howard and wife visited George Daniel one day last week.

The little child of J.A. Logan, that has pneumonia, improves very slowly.

Mrs. R.W. Ward is on the sick list this week.

J.O. Wesson visited his mother in Talladega during the holidays.

Miss Alvie Dozier has just returned from a two-week's visit to relatives in Elmore.

Miss Odie Lindsey spent part of last week with Miss Mary Duke.

Mrs. Belle Baxley and daughter, Miss Balzie ecently made a trip to Elmore and Montgomery.

Leonard Eubanks and wife recently visited J. E. Kelley.

Mrs. B. H. Jones of Mulberry spent part of last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J.J. Culp.

Mrs. J.B. Collum has returned to her home after a lengthy visit to her home in Birmingham.

Oliver Duke of Coosa visited relatives here Christmas.

R.E.L. is on a trip to Florida looking for a home.

Houston Honeycutt and family of here. ,.:; xzfiflff.... xz

Clanton recently visited friends here.

Everybody that is interested in the poultry or canning work, come out to the school house next Saturday afternoon at one o'clock. We will begin the year's work at that time.

THORSBY BUSINESS MENS CLUB BANQUETS

The first annual banquet given by the Thorsby Business Mens Club on new years night proved to be a grand success.

The Thorsby Concert Band opened the evening's entertainment at 7:30 o'clock, by playing a number of choice selections, which was followed by luncheon served buffet style.

Following the luncheon the guests enjoyed themselves by dancing until 12:30. The total number present was 60.

YOUNG MAN, AGE 16 BURNED TO DEATH

Peter Weldon, Jr., son of Peter Weldon, who lived near Cane Creek, was burned seriously a few days ago, and died a few days later. He was buried at Cane Creek church.

Sam Kanjutzky has returned to Birmingham.

R, T, Grant of Verbena was here Wednesday.

Free Flower Seed Hastings' Catalogue Tells You About It

No matter whether you farm on a large scale or only plant vegetables or flowers in a small way, you need Hastings' 1917 Seed Catalog. It's ready now and we have a copy for you absolutely free, if you ask for it, mentioning the name of this paper.

In addition to showing you about all the varieties of vegetables, farm grass, clover and flower seeds, this catalog tells how you can get free five splendid varieties of easily grown, yet beautiful flowers, with which to beautify your home surroundings.

Good seeds of almost every kind are scarce this season, and you can't afford to take chances in your seed supply. Hastings' Seeds are dependable seeds, the kind you can always depend on having "good luck" with.

You are going to garden or farm this spring. Why not insure success so far as possible by starting with the right seed? Don't take chances that you do not have to.

Write today for Hastings' 1917 Catalog. It's free and will both interest and help you to succeed in 1917. —H. G. HASTINGS CO., Seedsmen, Atlanta, Ga.—Advt.

SINGING CONVENTION HERE LAST SUNDAY.

Gathering of County Organization in Practice and Promotion Sacred music.

The Chilton County Singing Convention met at the County High School building, at Clanton on Sunday, December 31, and rendered the following program:

Opening song and prayer by the President at 10:45, after which Messrs Green Retherford, J.W. Lowery and Joe Varden were appointed as program committee, who placed O.L. Devaughn, J.W. Lowery, J.M. Williams and R.A. Smith on program for fifteen minutes each. This led up to the noon hour.

The meeting was called to order again at 1:15, p.m., by the president with a song. Then H.G. Carter, W. G. Culp, J.C. Jones, Reuben Wyatt, Jr., Evan Parrish, A.B. Baxley, and J.A.W. Mims directed each fifteen minutes, which lasted until 3:15. Dismission was administered by singing, "God be With You Till we Meet Again," and prayer by the president.

Although attendance was not as up to the expectation, nevertheless everyone present seemed to enjoy the singing. We wish to thank the visiting singers for their assistance in making the singing a success, and extend to them a cordial invitation to our future meetings. We also thank Prof. McDonald for his kindness in allowing us to use the building.

The organists for the day were Mrs. Dovie Jones, Misses Effie Askins, Beatrice Mims, and Alice Wyatt, and Messrs Freeman Scott and H.G. Carter.

We also had the rare privilege of listening to a splendid male quartet by Messrs H.G. Carter, R.A. Smith, J.W. Lowery, and Iria Grant.

F.IVEN POPWELL, Secy.

UNION GROVE

Health here is very good at present. Everybody seems to have enjoyed the Christmas holidays very much.

Messrs Carl and Earl Smith and Miss Addie Smith of Birmingham were visiting their friends in this community last week.

The banquet at this plce Friday night was attended by a large crowd Everybody seemed to enjoy themselves very much.

We will have Sunday School here next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. Everybody is invited to come and get a new book, and make a good start for 1917. We hope to make our Sunday School a success.

Rev. Lowery will preach here the Second Sunday in this month.

Mr. Noal Merrell and Miss Ivy Hamilton were happily married at the home of the bride Sunday morning.

Miss Minnie Martin spent Saturday night and Sunday with Miss Bertha Conway.

The entertainment given by Mr. W. J. Vinzant Saturdty night was enjoyed by all present.

All of the girls of this community visited Misses Bessie and Lessie Robinson Sunday afternoon.

Messrs Monroe Benson and Julius Smith were visitors in this community Sunday.

With much success to the Union-Banner, and its many good readers.

A SCHOOL GIRL.

WEDDING OF INTEREST

A mariage of interest during the past week wast hat of Mr. K. N. Langston and Miss Henry Lee Payne of Jemison. Both young people are well-known and popular. The bride was a senior-class student at the Chilton County High School.

Alex Gentry of Jemison, Route 2, was in Clanton Wednesday on business.

W. H. Wilson of Route 2 was in to see us Wednesday.

CIRCUIT COURT DATES

Second Monday in February, and continue two weeks (Jury cases.)

Second Monday in April, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

Second Monday in June, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

Second Monday in August and continue two weeks (Jury ceses.)

Second Monday in October, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

Second Monday in December, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

The Grand Jury will be organized on the Second Monday in February, and Second Monday in August.

The Equity docket will be called on the second Monday in April, and the Second Monday in June, the Second Monday in October and the First Monday in December.

What have you got that you want to turn into money?

I WANT TO BUY ANYTHING FARMERS HAVE

I want to buy corn, velvet beans, peas, fodder, hay, syrup, dressed hogs, hogs on foot, all kinds of cattle.

If you have anything to sell, bring it to me. I will pay highest market prices; and you can get more by bringing them here than for me to come and look at them.

For Sale or Exchange

Mules and Horses, second hand one and two horse wagons, Milk cows, etc. I can give you what you want.

I appreciate the trade I am getting, and when you want to buy or sell it will pay you to see me. I am selling out and will give you Bargains.

L. H. Reynolds

CLANTON, ALA.

HISTORY OF 1916 TOLD IN BRIEF

Most Important Events of the Last Year Set Forth.

PROGRESS OF EUROPEAN WAR

Chief Developments in the Mighty Conflict of Nations—Political and Other Happenings in the United States.

COMPILED BY E. W. PICKARD.

EUROPEAN WAR

Jan. 1.—News received of torpedoing of P. & O. liner Persia in Mediterranean; about 250 lost, including R. N. McNeely, U. S. consul at Aden.

Jan. 6.—British conscription bill passed first reading and three cabinet members resigned.

Italian steamer carrying Montenegrin recruits from U. S. sunk by mine in the Adriatic; 200 lost.

Jan. 7.—Germany promised U. S. its submarines would observe rules of civilized warfare.

Jan. 9.—British battleship Edward VII sunk by mine.

Jan. 11.—Austrians captured Lovcen, dominating Cattaro.

Jan. 13.—Austrian cruiser sunk by French submarine.

Jan. 14.—Many documents connecting Von Papen with alleged war plots in U. S. taken from him by British, turned over to American embassy.

Kermanshah, Persia, occupied by Turks.

Jan. 15.—Russians renewed general attack on Austrian front.

Austrians took Cetinje and pursued Montenegrins toward Albania.

Jan. 21.—Austrian hydroplane and torpedo boat sunk by British submarine in Adriatic.

Jan. 22.—Austria issued ultimatum to Montenegro to surrender or face annihilation.

Jan. 24.—Scutari occupied by Austrians.

Jan. 29.—Twenty-four killed in Zeppelin raid on Paris.

Germans took nearly a mile of French trenches east of Souchez.

Jan. 30.—Another Zeppelin raid made on Paris.

Jan. 31.—Several Zeppelins made raid over Midland and northeast counties of England; 67 persons killed.

Feb. 1.—British liner Appam, in charge of prize crew from German commerce raider Moewe, arrived at Norfolk with captives from seven other vessels.

Collier Franz Fischer sunk by bomb from Zeppelin; 13 lost.

Feb. 2.—Persian army defeated Russians marching on Teheran.

Zeppelin lost in North sea and crew drowned.

Feb. 8.—French aviators attacked city of Smyrna, killing 200.

President Wilson accepted Germany's memorandum of settlement of Lusitania case, both sides yielding ground.

Feb. 9.—Germans took 800 yards of French trenches near Vimy.

U. S. demanded from Austria apology and reparation for attack on Petrolite.

French cruiser Amiral Charnier torpedoed and sunk; 374 lost.

Feb. 16.—Russians under Grand Duke Nicholas captured Erzerum.

Feb. 21.—German attack on Verdun began.

Feb. 24.—Germans captured villages within big gun range of Verdun.

Austria announced sinking of Italian transport loaded with soldiers by bomb from airplane.

Feb. 26.—French checked somewhat German drive on Verdun.

Russians took Kermanshah, Persia, by storm.

Austrians entered Durazzo, Italians retiring.

French cruiser Provence sunk in Mediterranean; 3,130 lost.

Feb. 27.—British steamer Maloja sunk by mine; 174 lost.

Feb. 29.—Italian government seized 34 interned German steamers.

German commerce raider Greif and British cruiser Alcantara sunk in North sea fight; 254 lost.

March 3.—Germans drove through village of Douaumont and beyond.

Russians took Bitlis, Armenia, by assault.

U. S. senate rejected resolution warning Americans off armed ships.

March 5.—French checked second German infantry attack on Verdun.

Two Zeppelins raided northeast coast of England; 13 killed.

March 6.—Germans began new drive on Verdun, capturing village of Forges.

March 7.—Germans made further gains at Verdun at tremendous cost.

U. S. house of representatives tabled resolution warning Americans off armed liners.

March 9.—Germany declared war on Portugal.

March 10.—Russians advanced to within 80 miles of Trebizond. Turks and Germans evacuated Ispahan, Persia.

March 14.—Italians started big offensive along whole Austrian front.

March 19.—Germans repulsed French attacks at Le Mort Homme and captured trenches from British at Vermelles.

March 20.—Squadron of French and British airplanes bombed Zeebrugge, destroying much property and killing many persons.

March 31.—Germans halted at Verdun.

Russians gained against Germans and Austrians in Poland and Galicia; and took Ispahan, capital of Persia.

March 22.—Austrians evacuated Czernowitz and Bukowina.

March 24.—French bombarded German positions at Malancourt and Avocourt.

British channel steamer Sussex and British steamer Englishman torpedoed without warning; Americans on both.

Entente allies rejected Lansing's proposal to disarm merchantmen.

March 28.—Great German attack on Haucourt-Malancourt front repulsed.

March 29.—British steamer Eagle Point, one American aboard, torpedoed without warning.

German aerial attack on Saloniki killed twenty.

March 30.—Germans attacked with liquid fire near Verdun but were repulsed.

Germans torpedoed Russian hospital ship in Black sea; 115 lost.

March 31.—Germans took village of Malancourt, near Verdun, at terrific cost.

Five Zeppelins raided eastern counties of England, killing 28; one Zeppelin destroyed.

April 1.—Sixteen killed in Zeppelin raid on England.

April 2.—Zeppelins raided England and Scotland, killing ten.

April 3.—Entente allies in note to U. S. upheld their right to search parcel post.

April 4.—French repulsed fierce German attack south of Douaumont.

British liner Zent torpedoed without warning; 48 lost.

April 10.—French lost 500 yards near Dead Man hill at Verdun and then repulsed tremendous attack; losses were very large.

April 11.—French retook trenches at Verdun after terrific battle.

April 18.—Russians captured Trebizond.

April 19.—President Wilson sent ultimatum to Germany on submarine question and told congress in joint session.

April 20.—Big forces of Russians landed in France.

April 27.—British battleship Russell sunk by mine in Mediterranean; 124 lost.

April 29.—General Townshend and 10,000 British surrendered to Turks at Kut-el-Amara.

May 1.—British steamer Hendonhall, laden with wheat for Belgian relief, sunk by German submarine.

May 2.—Five German airships raided coasts of England and Scotland.

Belgian relief ship Fridland sunk by German submarine.

May 5.—Germany's reply, received in Washington, promised compliance with laws of warfare in submarine operations, with covert threat to resume former methods unless America persuades England to lift starvation blockade.

May 8.—President Wilson told Germany our relations with Britain could not enter in controversy with Berlin.

Paris reported great German attacks at Verdun checked.

Liner Cymric, carrying munitions, torpedoed and sunk; 5 lost.

May 10.—Berlin admitted Sussex was torpedoed by German submarine.

May 17.—Dutch steamer Batavier V blown up; one American killed.

May 20.—German seaplanes raided English east coast.

Austrians made decided gains against Italians, crossing the border near Vicenza.

May 25.—British steamship Washington sunk by submarine.

May 31.—Austrians reported capture of Asiago and Arsiero.

Great naval battle in North sea, British losing 14 vessels and Germans 18.

June 5.—Earl Kitchener and staff lost when cruiser Hampshire was blown up in North sea.

June 7.—Germans took Fort Vaux by storm.

Austrians in Tyrol repulsed by Italians with heavy losses.

Russians recaptured Lutsk fortress.

June 17.—Russians captured Czernowitz, capital of Bukowina.

June 20.—Russians split Austrian Bukowina army and occupied Zadova, Strognietz and Gliboka.

June 25.—Two Austrian transports, loaded with troops, sunk in Durazzo harbor by Italian warships.

June 27.—Italians recaptured Posina and Arsiero.

June 28.—U. S. note to Austria demanding apology for attack on Petrolite published.

June 30.—Russians routed Austrians in east Galicia and took Kolomea.

July 1.—Allies began great offensive on west front, making big gains on both sides of River Somme.

July 3.—French captured a number of towns in drive toward Peronne.

British took La Boisselle.

July 5.—French carried by storm German second line near Peronne.

Turks announced recapture of Kermanshah from Russians.

July 6.—Russians again routed Austrians in Galicia.

David Lloyd-George made British secretary of war.

July 9.—French took Biache, close to Peronne.

German submarine Deutschland arrived at Baltimore.

July 13.—Germans opened seventh great assault on Verdun.

July 15.—Italians captured Vanzi, in Posina valley.

Russians captured Balburt, Armenia, by assault.

Germans took La Maisonnette and Biaches, in Somme sector.

July 18.—Germans opened fierce counter-attack on British, with gas shells, winning at Longueval and Delville wood.

British blacklisted large number of American individuals and firms for dealing with the Germans.

July 23.—British renewed terrific drive in Somme region, entering Pozieres.

July 26.—Russians captured Erzingan, Armenia.

July 28.—Russians captured Brody, Galician railroad center; smashed Teuton first line west of Lutsk, and drove back Von Linsingen in Volhynia.

Aug. 8.—Russians smashed through Teuton lines on 15-mile front in Galicia.

Turks captured Bitlis and Mush.

Aug. 9.—Italians captured Goritz.

Zeppelins raided English and Scotch coast.

Aug. 13.—Russians took 84,000 men in Galicia.

Turks beat British east of Suez canal and in Mesopotamia.

Aug. 15.—Russians captured Jablonitza, in the Carpathians, and pierced new Teuton lines on Lemberg front.

Aug. 19.—Two British cruisers, one German battleship and one German submarine lost in North sea action.

British swept Germans back on 11-mile front in Somme sector.

Aug. 24.—British advanced south of Thiepval, and French took Maurepas.

Russians recaptured Mush, Armenia, and reported big victory near Rachta.

Zeppelins raided east coast of England; killing eight.

Aug. 27.—Italy declared war on Germany.

Roumania declared war on Austria-Hungary.

Aug. 28.—Germany declared war on Roumania.

Aug. 29.—Hindenburg made German chief of staff in place of Falkenhayn.

Aug. 30.—Roumanians took Kronstadt and other Transylvanian towns.

Aug. 31.—Roumanians seized Rustchuk, Bulgaria, and more Hungarian towns.

Sept. 2.—Zeppelins raided England, one being destroyed.

Sept. 4.—Dar-es-Salaam, chief town of German East Africa, taken by British.

Sept. 7.—Teutons took Roumanian fortress of Turtukai.

Sept. 8.—Teutons and Bulgars took Dobric, Roumania.

Sept. 10.—Germans and Bulgarians captured Roumanian fortress of Silistria.

Sept. 11.—Allies began new offensive in Balkans, crossing the Struma.

Sept. 15.—Allies smashed German third line in Somme sector, advanced five miles and took three towns. British used terrible new armored cars.

Serbs drove Bulgars back ten miles and British and French advanced in Balkans.

Sept. 16.—Roumanians and Russians crushed in the Dobrudja.

Sept. 17.—British took "Danube trench," Mouquet fortified farm and 1,000 yards of German trenches north of Courcelette.

Germans sank French transport filled with troops.

Sept. 18.—French captured Deniecourt.

Allies routed Bulgars in Macedonia and captured Florina.

Sept. 19.—Teutons drove Russians back over Stokhod river.

Sept. 23.—Zeppelins raided England, killing 30; one Zeppelin destroyed and one captured.

Sept. 25.—Zeppelins again raided England, killing 36.

Sept. 26.—Anglo-French forces took Combles and Thiepval after terrific fighting.

Sept. 28.—Venizelos and Admiral Coundouriotis issued proclamation of provisional government for Greece.

Oct. 1.—British took 3,000 yards of German trenches close to Bapaume.

Zeppelins raided England; one destroyed.

Serbians routed Bulgars in Macedonia.

Oct. 2.—Roumanians crossed the Danube into Bulgaria.

Oct. 4.—Allies made great advances on entire line in Macedonia.

Invading Roumanians forced out of Bulgaria.

Allied transport Gallia torpedoed; 638 lost.

Oct. 8.—German submarine U-53 sank five vessels off U. S. coast.

Germans recaptured Kronstadt, Transylvania.

Oct. 9.—Serbians forced crossing of Cerna river in Macedonia.

Oct. 10.—Italians resumed advance on Trieste, taking 5,000 Austrians.

Oct. 11.—Greek fleet turned over to allies on their demand and largely dismantled.

Teutons began invasion of Roumania.

Oct. 15.—French captured Sailly-Saillisel, north of the Somme.

Oct. 19.—Cunard liner Alaunia sunk by mine in English channel; part of crew lost.

Oct. 20.—Roumanians won on Transylvania frontier but lost in Dobrudja.

Russian battleship Imperatritza Maria destroyed by interior explosion; 200 lost.

Oct. 23.—Teutons captured Constanza, Roumanian Black sea port.

Oct. 24.—French smashed German line at Verdun, taking Douaumont fort and village.

Oct. 25.—Teutons occupied Czernavoda and the Vulcan pass, Roumania.

Oct. 28.—Teutons took Campulung, northern key to Bucharest.

Greek steamer torpedoed; 200 lost.

Steamer Marina torpedoed without warning; a number of Americans lost.

Nov. 2.—Germans evacuated Fort Vaux, Verdun front.

Nov. 5.—Germany and Austria proclaimed autonomy of Poland.

No. 6.—Von Mackensen forced back in the Dobrudja.

P. & O. liner Arabia sunk by submarine in Mediterranean.

Nov. 8.—American steamer Columbian sunk by submarine.

Nov. 13.—Battle of the Ancre opened, British capturing five miles of positions and three strong towns.

Nov. 19.—Allies captured Monastir.

Nov. 20.—Allies ordered diplomats of central powers to leave Greece.

Nov. 21.—Teutons took Craiova, Roumanian rail and military center.

Nov. 22.—Ministers of central powers left Greece.

Liner Britannic, hospital ship, sunk by mine in the Aegean; 24 lost.

Nov. 24.—Teutons occupied Orsova and Turnu Severin.

Nov. 25.—Provisional government of Greece declared war on Bulgaria.

Entente allies demanded Greece deliver its arms and munitions.

Roumanian armies in Wallachia routed.

Nov. 27.—Teutons captured Alt river line in Roumania.

German airships raided England; two Zeppelins destroyed.

Nov. 28.—American steamer Chemung sunk by German submarine; crew saved.

Nov. 29.—Sir John R. Jellicoe was made first sea lord of the admiralty and Sir David Beatty, commander of the grand fleet.

Falkenhayn captured Pitechti, Roumanian railway center, and Kampulung.

Italian steamer Palermo torpedoed off Spain; 25 Americans aboard.

Nov. 30.—Teutons opened battle for Bucharest.

Greece refused demands of Admiral du Fournet and allies prepared to seize Athens, landing troops at Piraeus.

Dec. 1.—Allies marched on Athens; French sailors and Greek reservists fought.

Dec. 2.—Germans pressed closer on Bucharest, while Russians attacked desperately in the wooded Carpathians and also seized Czernavoda bridge.

Greece and allies reached compromise.

German reichstag passed "man power" bill.

Announcement made in duma that allies had agreed to give Constantinople to Russia if entente wins war.

Dec. 4.—Teutons began shelling of Bucharest.

German submarines shelled Funchal, capital of the Madeira Islands.

Dec. 5.—Premier Asquith of England resigned.

Dec. 6.—Bucharest and Ploesci taken by the Teutons.

Lloyd-George appointed premier of Great Britain.

Allies protested to civilized world against deportation of Belgians.

Dec. 8.—U. S. protested to Germany against deportation of Belgians.

Dec. 10.—Lloyd-George announced his cabinet.

Russians and Roumanians had successes in Trotus valley and east of Ploechti.

Dec. 11.—Germans levied huge taxes on captured Roumanian cities.

Dec. 12.—Germany offered to discuss peace terms with the entente allies.

General Nivelle made commander in chief of the French armies of the north and northeast.

King of Greece ordered a general mobilization.

Germany answered American note by defending deportation of Belgians.

Dec. 13.—Greek regulars took Katerina from the French.

Archduke Carl Stephen of Austria selected as regent of Poland.

Germany in reply to U. S. justified sinking of American steamer Lanao.

Dec. 14.—Great Britain called 1,000,000 more men to arms.

France decided to prohibit alcoholic drinks except wine and beer.

British horse transport sunk by submarine in Mediterranean; 17 Americans lost.

Dec. 15.—French captured wide stretch of German trenches near Verdun.

Russian duma rejected German peace proffer.

Greece accepted ultimatum of the entente.

Dec. 17.—French drove Germans from Chambrettes farm, Verdun front.

Roumanian army safe behind Russian lines.

Dec. 19.—Premier Lloyd-George replied to Germany's peace proposals, virtually refusing to consider them.

Dec. 20.—Violent bombardment of English positions in France.

Dec. 22.—Russians attacked Turkish positions in Armenia.

FOREIGN

Feb. 1.—Yussuf Izzeddin, crown prince of Turkey, committed suicide.

March 22.—Official mandate announced abandonment of Chinese monarchy and resumption of republic, and rejection of emperorship by Yuan Shi Kai who resumed presidency.

April 18.—Sir Roger Casement captured and German ship sunk while landing arms in Ireland for uprising.

April 24.—Sinn Fein rebels seized parts of Dublin and serious fighting followed.

April 30.—Main body of Irish rebels surrendered.

May 2.—President Jiminez of Dominican republic impeached.

May 3.—Pearse, Clark and MacDonagh, leaders of Irish revolt, executed.

May 5.—Fighting broke out in Santo Domingo; American marines landed.

May 12.—James Connolly and John McDermott, Irish rebels, executed.

June 6.—Yuan Li Hung became president of China.

June 29.—Casement convicted of treason and sentenced to death.

July 1.—U. S. marines routed 250 Santo Domingo rebels, killing 27 and losing one man.

Sept. 20.—China appealed for aid for million people driven out by great floods.

Sept. 30.—Emperor Lidj Jeassu of Abyssinia deposed; Ouizero-Zeoditu proclaimed empress of Ethiopia.

Oct. 4.—Gen. Count Terauchi made premier of Japan.

Oct. 21.—Count Carl Stuergkh, Austrian premier, assassinated by Vienna editor.

Oct. 24.—Two American officers killed by Dominican rebels.

Nov. 22.—Karl Franz proclaimed emperor of Austria-Hungary.

Nov. 29.—Capt. H. F. Knapp, U. S. N., commander in Santo Domingo, proclaimed a military government of that country.

Dec. 4.—Pope created ten new cardinals.

Dec. 14.—Denmark voted to sell Danish West Indies to United States.

Edmund Schulthess elected president of Swiss confederation.

MEXICO

Jan. 10.—Nineteen foreigners, nearly all Americans, were murdered by Mexican bandits near Chihuahua.

Jan. 12.—Lansing demanded that Carranza punish slayers of Americans.

March 9.—Nine American civilians and eight soldiers killed and several wounded when Villa bandits raided Columbus, N. M. Many raiders slain on both sides of border by soldiers. President Wilson ordered General Funston to pursue and punish Villa.

March 10.—President Wilson ordered 5,000 troops into Mexico to get Villa.

Villa's men raided big Arizona ranch.

March 12.—First troops entered Mexico in pursuit of Villa.

March 14.—U. S. army raised to war strength of 119,000 men for campaign against Villa. Half million cartridges for Carranza army seized at Douglas, Ariz.

March 16.—First clash between Villa outposts and American expedition. Seven troopers wounded.

March 17.—Carranza forbade American troops pursuing Villa to enter Mexican towns.

U. S. senate passed resolution declaring the United States did not intend to intervene in Mexico.

March 27.—Capture of Torreon by Villistas reported.

March 28.—Congress appropriated $8,600,000 for Mexican expedition.

March 29.—Carranza granted use of Mexican Northwestern railroad to U. S. for shipment of supplies.

Dodd's cavalry defeated Villa forces at Guerrero, killing 60; one U. S. soldier mortally wounded. Villa seriously wounded.

April 1.—U. S. cavalry defeated Villista detachment north of Guerrero, killing 30.

April 12.—U. S. troops attacked by Carranza troops and citizens of Parral; two Americans and 40 Mexicans killed.

April 13.—Carranza demanded withdrawal of U. S. troops from Mexico.

April 18.—Pursuit of Villa at standstill because of hostility of Carranzistas.

April 29.—Generals Scott, Funston and Obregon conferred on Mexican situation.

May 5.—Villa bandits raided Glenn Springs, Tex., killing three U. S. soldiers and a boy.

Major Howze with six troops of cavalry routed Villista band at Ojos Azules, killing 55.

May 9.—President Wilson ordered militia of Texas, New Mexico and Arizona and 4,500 more regulars to Mexican border.

May 11.—American-Mexican border conference ended futilely.

Curtis Bayles, American farmer, killed by Mexican raiders near Mercedes, Tex.

May 25.—Poole ranch in Big Bend country, Texas, again raided by Mexicans.

Candelario Cervantes, Villista leader, killed by American troops.

May 31.—Carranza demanded withdrawal of American troops from Mexico on peril of "recourse to arms."

June 17.—General Parker rushed reinforcements to American troops in Mexico below Matamoros.

June 18.—War department ordered all state militia mobilized.

Fourth punitive expedition withdrawn from Mexico.

Carranza soldiers at Mazatlan fired on American landing party.

June 20.—General Funston called for at least 50,000 troops for border service.

U. S. sharply refused to withdraw troops from Mexico.

June 21.—Detachment of American cavalry attacked by Carranza troops at Carrizal, 12 being killed. Mexican losses included Gen. Felix Gomez.

June 23.—House granted use of state militia as federal soldiers.

Secretary Baker ordered all militia to border as quickly as possible.

June 25.—President Wilson demanded that Mexico release captured troopers.

June 26.—Administration rejected plan for mediation with Mexico.

Senate passed bill for drafting militia into federal service.

June 29.—Twenty-three troopers taken at Carrizal released by Mexico.

Pershing's column began retiring northwards.

July 6.—War department called out regular army reserves to fill new regiments.

July 13.—President Wilson raised embargo on food for Mexico.

July 28.—U. S. accepted Carranza's plan for joint commission.

Aug. 12.—War department ordered 32,000 more state troops to border.

Aug. 22.—Secretary Lane, Judge George Gray and Dr. J. R. Mott named as Mexican settlement commission.

Aug. 30.—President ordered 21,000 troops back from Mexican border.

Sept. 6.—American and Mexican commissioners began sessions at New London, Conn.

Nov. 24.—American-Mexican commission signed protocol for withdrawal of American troops and patrol of border.

Nov. 28.—Villa captured Chihuahua City.

Dec. 2.—Villa driven from Chihuahua City by Carranza forces.

Dec. 6.—Parral recaptured by Carranza forces.

Dec. 12.—Carranza troop train blown up by Villistas; 200 killed or injured.

NECROLOGY

Jan. 2.—Associate Justice J. R. Lamar, U. S. Supreme court, at Washington.

Jan. 3.—Gen. G. M. Dodge, Civil war hero and railroad builder, at Council Bluffs, Iowa.

Col. R. T. Van Horn, founder of the Kansas City Journal at Kansas City.

Jan. 6.—Matthew W. Pinkerton, at Chicago.

Charles W. Knapp, veteran newspaper man, at New York.

Jan. 8.—Rt. Rev. Richard Scannell, Catholic bishop of Omaha.

Ada Rehan, actress, at New York.

Jan. 13.—Victoriano Huerta, former provisional president of Mexico, at El Paso.

Jan. 17.—Hon. Arnold Morley, former British postmaster general.

Jeannette L. Gilder, author and editor, at New York.

Jan. 25.—Samuel S. Chamberlain, publisher of Boston American.

Jan. 30.—Sir Clements R. Markham, famous explorer, at London.

Feb. 7.—Col. W. P. Hepburn, former congressman, at Clarinda, Ia.

Feb. 12.—J. T. Trowbridge, author, at Arlington, Mass.

Feb. 20.—Dr. Henry B. Favill, of Chicago, prominent physician and publicist.

Feb. 24.—Admiral von Pohl, at Berlin.

Feb. 28.—Henry James, author, in London.

March 2.—Queen Mother Elizabeth of Roumania (Carmen Sylva).

Mounet-Sully, famous actor, at Paris.

March 4.—Brig. Gen. W. Sooy Smith, at Medford, Ore.

March 7.—Rear Admiral Asa Walker, U. S. N., retired, at Annapolis.

March 10.—Henry Gasaway Davis, former U. S. senator from West Virginia, at Washington.

March 14.—U. S. Senator Benjamin F. Shively of Indiana, at Washington.

March 19.—Cardinal Gotti, prefect of the Propaganda at the Vatican, in Rome.

March 25.—C. J. Mulligan, sculptor, at Chicago.

March 27.—Thomas Pence, secretary Democratic national committee, at Washington.

April 1.—Naphtali Luccock, M. E. bishop of Montana and Dakota, at La Crosse, Wis.

Dr. J. B. Angell, president emeritus of University of Michigan.

April 4.—George W. Smalley, veteran journalist, in London.

April 7.—George W. Colton, former governor of Porto Rico, at Washington.

April 11.—Richard Harding Davis, novelist, at Mt. Kisco, N. Y.

April 14.—T. J. Burrill, famous bacteriologist and educator, at Urbana, Ill.

April 16.—George W. Peck, former governor of Wisconsin, at Milwaukee.

April 19.—Baron von der Goltz, German commandant at Constantinople.

April 30.—Earl St. Aldwyn, noted English statesman, better known as Sir Michael Hicks-Beach.

May 11.—W. A. Gardner, president Chicago & Northwestern railway.

May 13.—Bryan Lathrop, philanthropist, at Chicago.

Clara Louise Kellogg, opera star, at Elpstone, Conn.

May 16.—Dr. E. N. Corthell, president American Society of Civil Engineers, at Albany, N. Y.

May 26.—Rev. Dr. Thimothy Dwight, former president of Yale, at New Haven, Conn.

May 27.—General Gallieni, at Paris.

May 29.—James J. Hill, at St. Paul.

May 30.—Col. John S. Mosby, famous confederate raider, in Washington.

June 1.—Charles Sooy Smith, famous civil engineer, at New York.

June 6.—Yuan Shi Kai, president of China.

June 9.—John R. McLean, owner of Washington Post and Cincinnati Enquirer.

June 16.—U. S. Senator E. C. Burleigh of Maine.

June 20.—Edward S. Ellis, noted writer of boys' stories, at Cliff Island, Me.

July 3.—Mrs. Hetty Green at New York.

July 15.—Prof. Elie Metchnikoff, famous bacteriologist, in Paris.

July 18.—James H. Moore, noted financier, at Lake Geneva, Wis.

July 22.—James Whitcomb Riley, at Indianapolis.

July 23.—Former U. S. Senator T. M. Patterson at Denver.

Sir William Ramsay, famous chemist, in England.

Aug. 7.—Vice Admiral Kamimura of Japan.

Aug. 9.—J. M. Thurston, former senator from Nebraska.

A. B. Stickney, founder of Chicago Great Western railway.

Robert Grau, theatrical manager.

Aug. 11.—Dr. John B. Murphy, famous Chicago surgeon.

Aug. 14.—Gen. Charles J. Paine, Civil war veteran and yachtsman, at Boston.

Aug. 25.—Archbishop John L. Spalding, at Peoria, Ill.

Aug. 31.—John P. St. John, noted Prohibitionist, at Olathe, Kan.

Sept. 2.—S. W. Pennypacker, ex-governor of Pennsylvania.

Sept. 4.—R. C. Kerens, former ambassador to Austria.

Sept. 12.—T. L. James, former postmaster general, in New York.

Sept. 13.—Dr. George K. Herman, leader in middle West athletics, at Chicago.

Sept. 16.—Horace White, famous journalist, at New York.

Sept. 17.—Seth Low, in New York.

Sept. 18.—Maj. Gen. Albert L. Mills, U. S. A., at Washington.

Sept. 19.—William J. Calhoun, noted lawyer and diplomat, at Chicago.

Sept. 27.—Rear Admiral C. E. Vreeland, U. S. N., retired.

Oct. 1.—U. S. Senator James P. Clarke of Arkansas, at Little Rock.

Oct. 2.—E. S. Lacey, former comptroller of the currency, at Chicago.

Mrs. Havelock Ellis, noted lecturer on eugenics, in London.

Oct. 12.—Otto, insane former king of Bavaria.

Oct. 15.—Rev. Francis Brown, president Union Theological seminary, at New York.

Oct. 18.—Eben Eugene Rexford, poet and author.

Normal Duncan, author, at Fredonia, N. Y.

Oct. 25.—William M. Chase, noted painter, in New York.

Oct. 28.—Prof. Cleveland Abbe, "father of weather bureau," at Washington.

Oct. 31.—"Pastor" Russell, noted independent preacher.

Nicholas E. Young, former president National Baseball league, at Washington.

Nov. 5.—Cardinal Della Volpe at Rome.

Nov. 12.—Dr. Percival Lowell, famous astronomer, at Flagstaff, Ariz.

Nov. 14.—Brig. Gen. D. C. Kingman, U. S. A.

Nov. 15.—Rt. Rev. Charles Edward Cheney, senior bishop of Reformed Episcopal church, at Chicago.

Molly Elliott Seawell, author, at Washington.

Henryk Sienkiewicz, Polish novelist.

Nov. 18.—F. M. Lyman, president of the quorum of apostles of Mormon church.

Nov. 21.—Franz Josef, emperor of Austria-Hungary.

Dr. Eugene Louis Doyen, noted French surgeon, at Paris.

Nov. 22.—Jack London, author, at Santa Rosa, Cal.

Nov. 24.—Sir Hiram Maxim, noted inventor, in London.

Nov. 26.—Mrs. Inez Milholland Boissevain, noted suffragist, at Los Angeles.

Nov. 27.—Emile Verhaeren, Belgian poet.

Dec. 3.—Sir Francesco Tosti, composer.

Dec. 5.—John D. Archbold, president of Standard Oil Co., at Tarrytown, N. Y.

George C. Boldt, leading hotel man, in New York.

Herbert D. Peirce, former minister to Norway; at Portland, Me.

Dec. 6.—Hans Richter, noted Wagnerian conductor.

Dec. 10.—Field Marshal Prince Iwao Oyama at Tokyo.

Dec. 13.—J. W. Comyns Carr, English critic and dramatist.

Dec. 15.—W. C. Nixon, president St. Louis and San Francisco railroad.

Dec. 16.—Hugo Munsterberg, professor of psychology at Harvard.

Dec. 17.—Clara Ward, Princess Chimay, in Padua, Italy.

DISASTERS

Jan. 3.—Explosion on oil tanker Aztec at New York killed ten.

Jan. 5.—Steamer Kanawha sank in Ohio river; 40 lost.

Jan. 9.—Du Pont powder mills at Carney's Point, N. J., blown up; six killed.

Jan. 15.—U. S. submarine E-2 blown up at New York navy yard; four killed, 15 hurt.

Jan. 16.—Fire did $10,000,000 damage in Bergen, Norway, and $1,500,000 damage in Lisbon.

Jan. 17.—Fire destroyed most of Wirt, Okla.

Jan. 21.—Fire at Molde, Norway, did $500,000 damage.

Jan. 22.—Great Northern train wrecked by avalanche near Corea, Wash.; six dead.

Jan. 28.—Otay valley dam near San Diego, Cal., broke; 50 dead.

Feb. 2.—Japanese liner Daijin sunk in collision; 160 lives lost.

Feb. 3.—Canadian parliament building at Ottawa destroyed by fire; seven lives lost.

Feb. 16—Three British steamships, many lighters and a pier burned at Brooklyn; loss $4,000,000.

Feb. 16.—Holland suffered from great storm and floods.

Feb. 21.—Ten killed in wreck on New Haven road.

Feb. 29.—Fifteen men killed by explosion in mine at Kempton, W. Va.

March 5.—Spanish steamer Principe de Asturias hit rock and sank off Brazil; 300 lost.

March 22.—Fifteen million dollar fire at Nashville, Tenn., and $5,000,000 fire at Augusta, Ga.

March 29.—Twenty-six killed and many injured in collision on New York Central lines near Cleveland.

April 17.—Six killed, 40 injured in wreck on New Haven road at Bradford, R. I.

April 19.—Tornadoes in Kansas and Missouri killed 17.

April 22.—More than 1,000 lost in collision between Chinese cruiser and transport.

May 8—Steamer Kirby sank in Lake Superior; 20 lost.

May 15.—Explosion in Du Pont powder plant at Gibbstown, N. J., killed 13.

June 2.—Thirteen killed in train wreck at Packard, Ia.

June 4.—Waterfront fire at San Francisco did $800,000 damage.

June 5.—Tornadoes killed 57 in Arkansas and 49 in other middle Western states.

June 13.—Four killed in two-million-dollar fire at Baltimore.

July 4.—Eleven killed, 376 hurt in Fourth of July celebrations.

July 14.—U. S. navy collier Hector sunk in storm off Charleston, S. C.

July 20.—Hundreds of fishermen lost in monsoon off Ceylon coast.

July 22.—Six killed and 40 hurt by bomb during San Francisco preparedness parade.

July 24.—Twenty-two men killed by gas explosion in a Cleveland water tunnel.

Aug. 9.—Cloudburst in West Virginia resulted in nearly 100 deaths.

Aug. 12.—Trolley wreck at Johnstown, Pa., killed 25.

Aug. 29.—U. S. armored cruiser Memphis wrecked in Santo Domingo harbor; 41 dead.

Sept. 12.—Central span of great bridge over St. Lawrence at Quebec fell; 27 killed.

Sept. 18.—Great dam near Hannwald, Bohemia, burst; 300 dead.

Oct. 26.—Nineteen killed in burning of hospital at Farnham, Quebec.

Nov. 3.—Steamers Connemara and Retriever sunk by collision in Irish sea; 92 lost.

Nov. 7.—Fifty lives lost when Boston L car plunged off bridge.

Nov. 21.—Explosion at Bakaritza, Russia, killed 341.

Dec. 1.—Sixty-six persons killed in train collision in Austria.

Dec. 9.—Thousand killed by explosion in Russian ammunition factory.

Dec. 11.—Million dollar fire destroyed Quaker Oats plant at Peterboro, Ont.

Dec. 13.—Canadian torpedo boat Grilse foundered; 45 lost.

DOMESTIC

Jan. 1.—Prohibition in effect in Iowa, Colorado, Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Arkansas and South Carolina.

Jan. 9.—Six New Haven road former directors acquitted of violating Sherman law; jury disagreed as to five.

Feb. 9.—Most Rev. George W. Mundelein installed archbishop of Chicago.

May 13.—Immense preparedness parade in New York.

May 27.—Forty thousand in Boston preparedness parade.

May 31.—Mrs. J. E. Cowles, California, elected president General Federation of Woman's clubs.

June 3.—Immense preparedness parade in Chicago.

June 4.—Rockefeller education board gave $789,980 to colleges.

Sept. 27.—New York-Chicago express on Michigan Central held up and robbed near Detroit.

Nov. 10.—Rockefeller boards appropriated $2,000,000 for great medical and surgical institution in Chicago.

Nov. 15.—Wireless service between U. S. and Japan opened.

Nov. 19.—Ruth Law broke American nonstop airplane record, Chicago to Hornell, N. Y.

Dec. 7.—Freight embargo put on shipments from middle west to Atlantic seaboard.

Dec. 26.—American Association for the Advancement of Science met in New York.

POLITICAL

Jan. 4.—Congress reassembled.

Jan. 11.—Progressive national committee called convention for June 7 in Chicago.

Jan. 23.—National Prohibition convention called for July 19 in St. Paul.

Jan. 25.—President Wilson nominated Louis D. Brandeis for Supreme court justice.

Feb. 2.—House passed antichild labor bill.

Feb. 4.—Senate passed bill for independence of Philippines in 2 to 4 years.

Feb. 9.—Senate passed house resolution making available $600,000 for re-equipping Mare Island and New York navy yards and house bill increasing by 300 the entrance class at naval academy.

Feb. 10.—Secretary of War Garrison and Assistant Secretary Breckinridge resigned.

Feb. 15.—G. T. Marye, ambassador to Russia, resigned.

Feb. 18.—Senate ratified Nicaraguan canal route treaty.

Feb. 28.—Haitian treaty ratified by senate.

March 3.—J. L. Shea of Seymour, Ind., nominated ambassador to Chile.

March 6.—Newton D. Baker of Cleveland appointed secretary of war.

March 22.—House passed Hay army reorganization bill.

March 30.—House passed immigration bill with literacy test clause.

April 11.—House passed $39,000,000 rivers and harbors bill.

April 18.—Senate passed army reorganization bill.

April 21.—Japanese ambassador protested to President Wilson against oriental exclusion clause of immigration bill.

April 22.—Senate passed house bill repealing free sugar law.

April 25.—Henry Morgenthau resigned as ambassador to Turkey.

April 30.—Socialist Labor party nominated Arthur E. Reimer of Boston for president and Caleb Harrison of Chicago for vice president.

May 1.—House rejected bill pledging withdrawal from Philippines within definite time.

May 15.—Senate rejected nomination of G. Rublee of N. H. as member federal trade commission.

May 17.—Senate passed army bill.

House passed $51,000,000 flood control bill.

May 20.—House passed $50,000,000 ship purchase bill.

House passed army bill.

May 29.—Senate passed rivers and harbors bill.

June 1.—Louis D. Brandeis confirmed as associate justice of Supreme court.

June 2.—House passed naval appropriation bill.

June 7.—Republican and Progressive national conventions opened in Chicago.

June 10.—Charles Evans Hughes nominated for president by Republican convention.

June 10.—Theodore Roosevelt nominated by Progressives.

June 14.—Democratic convention opened at St. Louis.

June 15.—Wilson and Marshall renominated by Democrats.

June 26.—Roosevelt declined Progressive nomination and Progressive national committe indorsed candidacy of Hughes.

June 27.—Senate passed sundry civil, good roads and pension bills, carrying total of $360,000,000.

June 27.—W. R. Willcox made chairman of Republican national committee.

June 28.—House voted $27,000,000 for immediate use of army, and passed good roads bill.

July 10.—House passed emergency revenue bill.

July 12.—Senate passed agricultural bill, carrying $24,000,000.

July 13.—Judge J. H. Clarke of Ohio nominated for associate justice U. S. Supreme court.

July 15.—Congressman Hay of Virginia nominated associate justice U. S. court of claims.

July 18.—Abram Elkus nominated as ambassador to Turkey.

July 19.—Prohibition national convention opened in St. Paul, Minn.

July 21.—Senate passed navy bill providing for 157 vessels.

Prohibitionists nominated J. Frank Hanly for president and Ira D. Landrith for vice president.

July 27.—Senate passed army bill carrying $313,970,447.

Aug. 8.—Child labor bill passed by senate.

Aug. 15.—House passed big navy bill.

Aug. 16.—Senate passed bill promising independence to Philippines when Filipinos are fit for self-government.

Aug. 18.—President Wilson vetoed army

FIVE ALABAMA GUARDSMEN DIE

RESULT OF OUTBREAK OF PNEUMONIA AMONG SOLDIER BOYS

MORE ARE ILL AT HOSPITAL

Soldiers of the Second Regiment Suffered Greatly on March from Tucson to Nogales.

Nogales, Ariz.—Five Alabama men have died during the last few days and more are ill at the base hospital here as the result of an outbreak of pneumonia among the guardsmen. It is rumored that the troops may be ordered home within the next two weeks on account of the situation here.

The Alabama troops have been unfortunate since coming to the border. Following a hike of 150 miles to Tucson and return by the Fourth Alabama men, the Second regiment was ordered out on the march. Scarcely had they reached Tucson when a cold spell struck this section. On the return journey to Nogales the men of the Second suffered greatly, and it was decided to hold the First regiment, who were to have been ordered out, in camp. Two weeks ago several cases of pneumonia developed, the disease spreading among the guardsmen rapidly. In order to minimize the discouragement of the men as much as possible, the practice of firing a volley over their comrades has been dispensed with.

Man 87 Gets Marriage License.

Tuscumbia.—The old adage, that as long as a woman's finger will bleed when cut, so long will she accept some offer of marriage, is also applicable to the men, as verified by John Holland, of Colbert county, a farmer 87 years of age, who was granted a marriage license to wed Mrs. Martha Tuple, 41 years old. This probably is the oldest groom on record in Colbert county, as there seems to be no instance where a man four-score years and seven has been issued a marriage license. The groom in this case is said to be active and capable of doing a hard day's work.

Injured Man Dies.

Florence.—C. D. McLean, aged 55, formerly of Rome, Ga., died here from a fractured skull and other injuries including three fractures of his right arm and two broken shoulders. Mr. McLean was picked up beside the track of the Interurban Electric Car Line running between Tuscumbia and Florence, at a point just south of South Florence. He was unconscious and never regained his sense.

No New Developments in Oil Field.

Cordova.—There are no new developments in the oil situation, further than that a company of Alabama parties has been formed and leased 400 acres from Hugh Morrow just north of Cordova. They have a cable drilling outfit where it can be moved immediately to this vicinity and it is expected drilling will begin at an early date.

May Have $75,000 Drydock.

Mobile.—Harrison Brothers, proprietors of the roller ways and spar yards, have submitted blue prints for a set of marine ways to cost approximately $75,000. The prints were submitted to the United States Engineer's office, with application to erect them on the river front. Work is expected to begin sometime this month.

Liquor Shipments Heavy.

Albany.—Approximately $20,000 was sent from Morgan county to pay for holiday liquor, according to estimates of local express company officials. Shipments received in Albany-Decatur reached nearly 7,000, it is estimated. Very few of them cost less than $2, and some of them more.

Planing Mill is Bought.

Montgomery. — The planing mill formerly operated by C. Y. Bogack has been sold and the new owners will remodel and overhaul it to establish and operate a modern sash, doors, blinds and other building materials. The plant will begin operations at an early date.

Decatur Man Is Appointed.

Decatur.—Conrad W. Ables, former resident of Decatur, has been appointed an attache of the American Embassy at Madrid, according to news received here. He will assume his new duties about the middle of January.

Drops Dead in Cemetery.

Tuscumbia.—Mrs. Pauline Goike, aged 83 years, while in the act of placing a bunch of flowers on the grave of a friend in the cemetery here, dropped dead.

Turpentine Concern Formed.

Mobile.—The Taloco Turpentine Co. has filed incorporation papers in the Probate Court to do a general turpentine business in this city. The company will operate in Birmingham on a tract of timber near there.

Alabama Coke Goes by Express.

Birmingham.—The enormous demand and consequent scarcity and high prices for standard bee hive coke, which sells now at $10 and up, as compared with $3 and up at this time last year, reached its apparent apex in the past few days, when a cargo of Alabama coke was shipped to an eastern consumer by express and the price paid was $12 per ton. It was not a large amount, but the price paid and the manner of shipment emphasizes the state of the coke market.

Appropriation is Made.

Tuscumbia.—The Board of Revenue of Colbert county has appropriated $1,000, to assist and carry on the work of farm demonstration in the county during next year, and Dr. Aicher, the government expert in charge of the tick eradication in Colbert county for the past year or two, has been endorsed by the board as a suitable man for the work. The appointment is made by Demonstrator C. M. Mauldin, and the county appointee will work in conjunction with the State and Federal authorities.

School Work Reviewed.

Montgomery.—In the Senate Chamber of the Capitol, the Alabama School Improvement Association met for a session of two days. Mrs. Charles Henderson, wife of the Governor, made the welcome address, which was responded to by Mrs. J. H. Cranford. Mrs. R. L. Faucett, President of the Association, delivered the annual address, after which county reports were received. On the second day school subjects were reviewed by Mrs. Z. V. Judd, Miss Jennie Burkes, Mrs. Lida Jones, Mrs. J. F. Hooper and round table talks by Mrs. R. L. Faucett, Miss Lulu Bradford and Miss Clara Pitts.

Dog Law Friend of Rabies Victims.

Albany.—The Walden dog law, applying to Morgan county, has proved a friend to a number of persons who were recently bitten here by dogs known to have been victims of hydrophobia. The law provides that a part of the dog tax collected shall be used in defraying the expenses of victims of rabid dogs at the Pasteur Institute at Montgomery. When the latest batch of patients were sent to the State Capital for treatment, it was at the expense of the dog owners of this county, who have already paid $1,000 into the county treasury.

Fort Succeeds Sayre at Alabama.

University.—President Denny announced that Dr. Tomlinson Fort, of the University of Michigan, has been appointed successor to Dr. H. A. Sayre in the Department of Mathematics of the University of Alabama. Professor Fort is a native of Georgia. He was for three years instructor in mathematics at the University of Georgia.

Bonds Are Sold.

Eufaula.—The bond issue of $15,000 voted by Eufaula in October for school improvements, have been sold to an Augusta, Ga., company at a premium of $673, and accrued interest. There were five bids in all, in each case a premium being offered for the bonds, the lowest premium being $5 and the highest, that of the Augusta concern.

Graphite Beds Are Rich.

Selma. — A. C. Northern, of the Southern Railway here, has just returned from a visit to his father, Judge A. A. Northern, of Clay county. He says more than two million dollars have been invested recently in graphite plants in that county, and that the beds there are among the richest in the United States.

Ashford Man Suicides.

Dothan.—Carrying out a plan of several years' standing to die by his own hand, William Rigell, aged 60 years, a well-known citizen of Ashford, placed the muzzle of a shotgun under his chin and blew his face off. He died in about two hours.

Horticulturists to Meet.

Mobile.—The Alabama Horticultural Society will hold a field meeting in Mobile January 24-25. J. H. McCrary, of Birmingham, is president and Prof. J. C. C. Price, of Auburn, secretary and treasurer.

Judge Moody Is Dead.

Tuscumbia.—Judge Amos L. Moody, aged 82 years, registrar in chancery of Colbert county for 30 years and probate judge of Franklin county for one term, died at his home here.

Ozark Citizen Ends His Life.

Ozark.—The body of Marvin Dowling, a well known merchant of Ozark was found in a closet of his store with his head blown off. He used a shotgun.

Mixed Feed Mill Begins Operation.

Greenville.—The large milling plant of the Butler County Milling Company is now running. The principal grain to be made into feed is the velvet bean. However other grains will also be used by the mill in the manufacture of various kinds of mixed feeds. Since the organization of the milling company, the prices on all food crops raised in this county have greatly advanced. It is destined to be of much value to the farmers in fighting the boll weevils.

TEUTONS PRESSING AGAINST MOLDAVIA

In Spite Of Very Stiff Resistance The Forces Of Central Powers Make Progress.

1,400 PRISONERS ARE TAKEN

Teuton Thrust At Moldavia Adds To Difficulties Of The Russo-Roumanians

New York.—Pressing in upon southern Moldavia from three sides, apparently with all their vigor, the forces of the central powers are making progress against stiff resistance. On the Transylvanian-Moldavian frontier, in the region north of Rimnik-Sarat, and in the Dobrudja opposite Braila, Berlin reports, the Austro-German and Bulgarian troops are advancing.

A new thrust has been started by the Austro-Germans along the Moldavian frontier, thus adding to the difficulties of the Russians and Roumanians, already hard pressed from the south and east. Several lines of new positions and 1,400 prisoners were taken by the invaders in the first day of their offensive in Moldavia from the west, which may have for its purpose the cutting off of the retreat of the Russo-Roumanian troops

Along the river Kasino, and west of Covesha, Petrograd says, Roumanian troops were driven back nearly a mile. A desperate battle also is reported as taking place near Sesmezo, near Ocana, and within the Moldavian boundary. North of Rimnik-Sarat, all attacks were repulsed, according to Petrograd.

Field Marshal von Mackensen has reached Dumitresti, about 12 miles northeast of that town troops under his command have captured several villages. The number of prisoners taken by this army totals 1,400, in addition to cannon and machine guns.

West of the Meuse in the Verdun region, the forces of the German crown prince have repulsed attacks by French troops against the new German positions on Le Mort Homme, where second and third line trenches were entered by the Germans and 220 prisoners and seven machine guns taken. Paris admits a slight success for the Germans in this sector, saying that one trench south of Le Mort Homme was entered by the attackers. Other efforts to advance between the Meuse and Avocourt and in front of both Le Mort Homme and Hill 304 were repulsed by the French.

BOND ISSUE FAVORED BY PRESIDENT WILSON

To Meet Part Of The Deficit Faced By The United States Treasury

Washington.—Tentative approval having been given by President Wilson to plans for a bond issue to meet a part of the prospective deficit at the end of the next fiscal year, administration leaders in congress are preparing to bring in their revenue bills as soon as possible after the holiday recess. It has become known that they have urged that the president deliver a special message or adopt some other means to spur both houses to prompt action so that the necessary legislation may be passed before the end of the present session.

It has been agreed that any bond issue shall be charged to the account of extraordinary army and navy expenditures. Representative Hill of Tennessee, author of the income tax law, outlines a plan he has drafted for consideration of the ways and means committee for separating the preparedness account from the ordinary expenses and receipts of the government. He figures that ordinary expenses this year and next will be less than the estimated ordinary receipts and that special taxation and bond issues will be needed only to cover excess disbursements for various purposes, including army, navy and fortification extensions.

Mr. Hull's plan contemplates the issuance of $125,000,000 of Panama canal bonds for army and navy expenses, $70,000,000 under the shipping act and for the proposed nitrate plant and $25,000,000 to pay for the Danish West Indies, or a total of $220,000,000.

White Man Charged With Butchery

Minden, La.—Two negroes held as suspects in connection with the killing of John Nelson Reeves, nine miles north of here, on Christmas eve, have confessed, implicating Henry Waller, a farmer and neighbor of Reeves, and John Long, 20-year-old youth. Lang also has made a confession declaring Waller instigated the crime and with an ax killed Reeves, his wife and three children. Robbery and an old feud between Waller and Reeves were given as the motives. The negroes claim they were forced to do the killing.

Policy Of Absolute Silence Adopted

Washington.—A policy of absolute silence regarding the peace negotiations has been adopted by President Wilson and Secretary Lansing. It was stated officially that all steps henceforth will be regarded as confidential, that no comment will be made on any development and that rumors will not be discussed in any way. The decision to pursue this course was made know after the state department had received the official texts of the German and Austrian replies to President Wilson's identic notes

GERMANY REPLIES TO WILSON

Immediate Peace Conference Proposed By Central Powers In Reply To United States

Berlin.—Germany and her allies—Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria and Turkey—replied to the note of President Wilson in which he asked that the belligerent nations state the aims for which they were fighting.

The proposal is made by the central powers that a conference of the delegates of all the belligerents be held immediately in a neutral city. The task of preventing future wars, the official statement says, can be begun only after the end of the present struggle. The answer follows:

"The high-minded suggestion made by the president of the United States of America in order to create a basis for the establishment of a lasting peace has been received and considered by the imperial government in the friendly spirit which was expressed in the president's communication.

"The president points out that which he has at heart and leaves open the choice of road.

"To the imperial government an immediate exchange of views seems to be the most appropriate road in order to reach the desired result.

"It begs, therefore, in the sense of the declaration made on December 12, which offered a hand for peace negotiations, to propose an immediate meeting of delegates of the belligerent states at a neutral place.

"The imperial government is also of the opinion that the great work of preventing future wars can be begun only after the end of the present struggle of the nations.

"It will, when this moment shall have come, be ready with pleasure to collaborate entirely with the United States in this exalted task."

Peace Movement Advanced

Washington.—Germany's reply to President Wilson's note is regarded here as having advanced the peace movement another step, despite the fact that it disappoints in not meeting his suggestion for an avowal of terms.

The reception Germany's reply receives among the entente allies whose statesmen have publicly declared against such a program, now becomes the point upon which a further move is hinged. The German note probably is the prelude to a series of carefully-considered delicate moves in the great game of world diplomacy, all possibly leading to an approach for a real discussion of peace terms on grounds which all the belligerents may feel can place them at no disadvantage.

PLURALITY OF 568,822 RECEIVED BY WILSON

Official Returns Show 9,116,296 Votes For Wilson And 8,54,474 For Hughes

New York.—Complete official returns on the presidential election show that Wilson received 9,116,296 votes and Mr. Hughes 8,457,474, a plurality of 568,822 for Wilson. In 1912 Wilson received 6,297,099, Taft $3,846,399 and Roosevelt 4,124,959.

The vote for Mr. Benson (Socialist) was 750,000 with eight missing states estimated, against 901,873 for Debs (Socialist) in 1912, and for Mr. Hanly (Prohibitionist) was 225,101 against 207,928 for Chafin (Prohibition) in 1912.

The total popular vote for the four candidates was 18,638,871, as against 15,045,322 in 1912. This is an increase of 3,593,549, accounted for by the increased population and the women vote in the new suffrage statese.

Monroe Doctrine Not Jeopardized

New York.—For the United States to join a league of nations to enforce world peace after the European war "would in no wise be jeopardizing the Monroe doctrine—certainly not to any greater extent that it already has been jeopardized by some thirty-odd treaties," was the view expressed here in a formal statement issued by the League to Enforce Peace, of which former President Taft is the head.

$2,500,000 Pledged For Jewish Relief

New York.—Nearly $2,500,000 for the relief of Jewish war sufferers was pledged at a great mass meeting in Carnegie hall. Jacob H. Schiff of this city and Julius S. Rosenwald of Chicago headed the list with $100,000 each. A total of $466,875 was subscribed by forty persons.

Many Killed In Arkansas Storm

Little Rock, Ark.—Four persons are known to have been killed near England, Ark., in a tornado which swept through portions of Lonoke and Jefferson counties, and omre than a score of others are reported to have lost their lives at Keo, Tucker and other small towns in the path of the storm. Wire communication with the territory affected is interrupted, and only meager reports are available. Albert L. Swartz, a farmer, and three negroes were killed near England.

San Luis Potosi Taken By Villa?

El Paso, Texas.—A report was received here by sources known to be close to Francisco Villa and by government agents saying that Villa's forces captured San Luis Potosi. Many foreigners who left Toreron before Villa attacked that town recently went to San Luis Potosi. No details were available. San Luis Potosi is south of Torreon on the National railroad line between Aguascalientes and Tampico. Tampico is believed to be Villa's objective.

CARRANZA MAKES APPEAL TO U. S.

Fails To Sign Protocol And Asks For Modification Of Demands In Lengthy Statement

QUESTION UP TO CONFEREES

Mexican Commissioners Confident Carranza Has Raised No Barrier To Final Settlement

Washington.—One more appeal for modification of the protocol providing for the withdrawal of American troops from Mexico is made by General Carranza in a message delivered to Secretary Lane by Luis Cabrera, chairman of the Mexican members of the joint commission. The Mexican first chief replied to the insistent American demand that the protocol signed by his spokesmen at Atlantic City be ratified with an 800-word document, in which he failed to accede to the demand, but refrained from writing anything that could be construed as a flat repudiation.

The latest suggestion for changes in the agreement will be considered by the three American representatives—Secretary Lane, J. R. Mott and Judge George Gray. Secretary Lane advised his colleagues of the character of the reply and asked them to meet him here as soon as practicable.

A joint session of the Mexican-American commission will be held, at which the Americans will give the Mexicans their answer, and on its nature depends the future course of the commissioners, who have been trying for four months to adjust questions at issue between the two countries.

It was learned that the Mexican commissioners were confident that no insuperable barrier had been raised by Carranza. It was asserted that the utmost care had been exercised to keep out of the reply any expressions that would in any way offend the American troops should be withdrawn unconditionally, which the American commissioners would not consider.

There appeared reason to believe that one of the conditions to which Carranza now objects is that under which he would be obliged to garrison the territory evacuated by the Americans as they marched out. It was pointed out that since the protocol was drafted the increased activities of Villa and the steady growth of his army of bandits has made it difficult for Carranza to agree to use any considerable part of his army in the district now occupied by Pershing, when it might be necessary to use the same force in meeting more active moves of Villa at other points.

ALL MALE CITIZENS LIABLE FOR SERVICE

Must Serve As Soldiers If Needed In Case Of War Under National Defense Act

Washington. — Every able-bodied male citizen of the United States between the ages of 18 and 45 years is held liable for service in the National Guard in war time, without further act of congress, by war department regulations for the government of the Guard issued under the national defense act. In a circular prepared only two months ago, but made public recently, the militia bureau directs that where a National Guard regiment is called out for war service, a reserve training battalion to fill vacancies at the front shall be organized out of the National Guard reserve and by voluntary enlistment.

"If for any reason," the order continues, "there shall not be enough reservists or enough voluntary enlistments to organize or to keep the reserve battalion at prescribed strength, a sufficient number of the unorganized militia shall be drafted by the president to maintain such battalion or other lesser reserve unit at the prescribed strength."

The language follows closely that of the national defense act, in which the unorganized militia is defined as including every able-bodied male citizen within the prescribed age limit or those who have declared their intention of becoming citizens.

The national guard regulations, which will be amplified in great detail

Fighting Resumed On Western Front

Paris. — Considerable fighting has again taken place on the Verdun sector around Le Mort Homme and on the eastern slopes of Hill 304, where the Germans made an attack, but were repulsed, and where later the French began a bombardment of the German positions. Elsewhere along the French front there have been reciprocal bombardments and attacks by small patrol parties, interspersed with fights in the air and aerial raids by French, British and German aviators.

Eight Fund Guilty In Wild Horse Case

Omaha, Neb.—The jury in the case of eleven bandits charged with use of the mails to defraud in sales of wild horses in Coconino county, Arizona, returned a verdict of guilty against eight defendants and found two not guilty.

60th Milestone Passed By Wilson

Washington.—President Wilson was 60 years of age December 28. He was the recipient of many congratulatory messages from all parts of the country and abroad.

NATIONAL BANK RESOURCES

They Now Aggregate $15,520,000,000, a $4,000,000,000 Increase In Two Years

Washington.—Resources of national banks of the United States, Comptroller Williams announces, have increased more than four billion dollars during the past two years, and now aggregate fifteen billion five hundred and twenty million dollars, exceeding by about one billion dollars the total resources of the Bank of England, the Bank of France, the Bank of Russia, the German Reichsbank, the Bank of Italy, the Bank of Spain, the Bank of The Netherlands, the Bank of Denmark and the Imperial Bank of Japan combined.

In a statement based upon returns from the last bank call, November 17, the comptroller calls attention to the fact that the increase has been at the rate of approximately eighteen per cent a year during the past two years as compared with six per cent a year for the ten-year period from 1904 to 1914, and that the total resources at present are more than double what they were ten years ago.

"The compilation just completed of returns for the last bank call," the comptroller's statement reads, "discloses a condition of strength, progress and growth beyond all precedent. Resources of national banks on the date of the last call are greater than the total resources of all reporting state banks, savings banks, private banks and loan and trust companies throughout the United States at the time of the inauguration of the federal reserve system, about two years ago.

"It is also noteworthy that the resources of our national banks at this time exceeds by $321,000,000 the total resources of all the reporting banking institutions in the United States, including state banks, savings banks and loan and trust companies and national banks as well as late as the year 1904."

Twelve cities in which are to be located the federal farm loan banks have been announced by the farm loan board, and it is expected that within sixty days the new system will be in operation, ready to make the loans for which applications already are pouring in from every section of the country.

The banks will be set up in Springfield, Mass.; Baltimore, Md.; Columbia, S. C.; New Orleans, La.; Houston, Texas; St. Louis, Mo.; Louisville, Ky.; St. Paul, Minn.; Omaha, Neb.; Wichita, Kans.; Spokane, Wash., and Berkeley, California.

Stock subscription books of the banks will be opened. It is expected, however, that the government will have to supply most of the $9,000,000 capital, under that section of the law which empowers the secretary of the treasury to make up the unsubscribed stock.

METHODIST LEADERS CONSIDERING UNION

Joint Commission Meets In Baltimore. Bishop Candler Heads Southern Delegation

Baltimore.—South Methodist members of the joint commission on union with the Methodist Episcopal church met here for organization. Bishop Warren A. Candler of Atlanta was selected as chairman, succeeding the late Bishop A. W. Wilson of Baltimore.

The joint commission will begin its deliberations here in an effort to agree upon a definite basis of corporate union of the two bodies, representing more than 6,300,000 members. On the commission are ten bishops, twenty leading laymen, from all sections of the United States.

The meeting of the commission is regarded as ranking almost with the Baltimore Christmas conference of 1784, at which American Methodism was born.

10,000 Jack Rabibts Killed In Texas

Amarillo, Texas.—Reports concerning the Panhandle of Texas jack rabbit drives held in a united effort to reduce the cost of meat indicate that not less than ten thousand jack rabbits have been killed in the various drives. Hereford, Texas, reported 1,000 rabbits killed and sold to a Galveston brokerage concern for shipment to New York. Markets quoted here for dressed jack rabbits was eleven and a half cents a pound.

Lot Of Foodstuffs Exported Abroad

Washington. — Fodostuffs continue to leave American ports for Europe in vast quantities. Figures published by the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce show that in the first eleven months of the year they reached a value of about six hundred and seven million dollars, or at the rate of more than sixty million dollars a month. Breadstuffs led in value of foods sold abroad. In the eleven months they reached a total of $404,000,000. Meat and dairy products amounted to $245,000,000.

Net Closing Around City Of Braila

New York.—The net of the Teutonic allies apparently is fast closing in upon Braila, Roumania's oil and grain center on the lower Danube. Having taken Filipechti, thirty miles to the southwest, Field Marshal von Mackensen's troops have now captured the railroad town of Rimnik Sarat, relatively the same distance to the east, while the guns of the Dobrudja army are still hammering the Russo-Roumanians at the bridgehead of Matchin, on the east bank of the Danube.

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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

Secretary of War Baker officially condemns the Lewis machine gun. Meanwhile the gun speaks for itself on the western front in Europe.

Congressman Adamson's threat to spank the railroad brotherhood and the executive, reminds one of the small boy who legs it home to escape a thumping and then stands in the window making faces at his pursurer. No such brave words as these were heard in September when the Democrats were in mortal fear of defeat if they did not grovel before the brotherhood.

President Wilson sent a check for $2500 to the Democratic National Committee as his contribution toward meeting the deficit in the committee's campaign fund. In the winter of 1914 he sent a check for $25 to the Association Charities of Washington to be expended on the bread line which grew out of Democratic depression. Mr. Wilson believes his re-election is one hundred times more important than the stomachs of the poor, and it probably is—to him.

Considerable extension of the power of Executive patronage is furnished by the periodical elevation of post offices of the fourth class to the third class, thereby removing thepostmasters from the Civil Service, and putting their appointment in the hands of the President. Recently 281 nominations of postmasters for apointment to new third class offices were sent to the Senate in one lot, the increased receipts of those offices causing the change of classification, thus giving the President discretion to continue the inmcumbent in office or appoint a political worker to the place.

The Democratic Representative of the district embracing the town of Fond du Lac, Wisconsin, has introduced a bill providing for the donation by the Secretary of War to that community of "four condemned bronze cannon" for the ornamentation of the public park. This is one of the little jokes that Congressmen occasionally play on their trusting constituents. It is well known to the initiated that such bills when finally enacted into law mean absolutely nothing, as they simply "authorize" the Secretary "in his discretion" to make the donations. If one takes the trouble to look the matter up at the War Department one is informed that obsolete cannon are not given away, but can be bought at prices up to $150 each, according to size.

Exodus During Holidays.

The resolution passed by the House on December 20, providing for Christmas recess, beginning the 22, was a signal for an immediate exodus of members to their homes for the holidays. Only the members of the Appropriations and District Committees remained to give attention to the District of Columbia appropriation bill, carrying over $13,000,000, which this year has not excited the determined opposition usually accorded it by the Democrats from rural communities.

No Publicity Desired

Much opposition to the bill recently debated in the House proposing to allow the use of school buildings in the city of Washington by "community forums" for the purpose of discussing social and public questions appeared to be based on the suspicion of certain Democrats that subjects of a political nature might be brought into the discussions. Considering the dubious record of the Democratic party it is but natural that its members should hesitate in providing opportunity for free expression of the views of the people of Washington, who have suffered much in the way of increased taxes and curtailed appropriations from a Democratic Congress.

Democrats Would Duplicate Appropriations

Another instnace of the watchfulness of Hon. James R. Mann of Illinois in detecting Democratic schemes to insure success of questionable legislation occurred the other day when a bill, introduced by a Democrat, was reached on the House Calandar proposing to establish a fish cultural in California. Mr. Mann immediately recalled the fact that the same item had been included in the omnibus hatchery bill passed a few days before. He called the matter to the attention of the House, remarking, "The gentleman ought not to take two chances. He cannot ride two horses going in different directions at the same time." On Mr. Mann's objection the bill was stricken from the Calandar.

A HISTORY OF 1916.

Whatever may be said about the things that happened in the year that has just passed—whatever may be offered in the way of criticism—however much it may have pleased or displeased us—we all must admit that 1916 was an epoch in the history of this old sphere, wherein things really did happen. Things of all kinds happened—things of great moment and things of trivial circumstance.

Would it not be interesting to hold up in front of your eyes a complete record of this marvelous year just passed, and behold at a single glance the wonderful transient picture of the world as it ever and again was changing itself, according to the dictates of powers both human and superhuman?

We dare say this would be an interesting scene to anyone.

If you think so, we invite you to take 30 minutes in looking over the second page of the Union-Banner this week. You will find compiled right there the most complete history of 1916 that there is in existence up to this date. The most important events of the past year are set forth in detail.

The progress of the European war is given, showing the chief developments of this the mightiest conflict of nations.

A complete view of the political ,industrial, financial and sporting events of note throughout the United States.

It gives a list of the things that have been done and undone in the course of the year, relating to our Mexican muddle. It is a glance back at the world as it rolled along through the entire year—a veritable motion picture of the universe in action.

We are indebted to the Western Newspaper Union Auxiliary Service for this unexcelled feature. It could not be obtained and brought to our readers through any other channel.

Songe of Different Tune

The author of "There'll Be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight" passed away recently. That was the war song par excellence of the Spanish war, and the lilt of it put pep into many a soldier who fought for Cuba Libre. Those were the days when the United States had the respect of the world and we had a president who was not afraid to stand steadfast for righteousness. The author of "I Didn't Raise My Boy to be a Soldier" still lives. It is an appropriate whine for the administration now in control. The policy now is to dodge responsibilities, surrender known rights, and quibble about words. The navy is shorthanded, and the army cannot secure recruits because the leaders of the party in power are effeminate, vagarious, and inspire confidence in no man. Some of us are rolling up huge profits from the sale of food, clothing, and ammunition to countries batling for a principle; more of us are feeling the pinch of hunger and the chill of winter because prices have gone toLuciferian heights. The American people will have occasion for a tall amount of thinking during the next four years, and the result of their cogitations will have a pretty good indication as to whether our present political anemia is chronic or acute.

HOME BURNED

The home of Tom Baker, about two miles northeast of Clanton was destroyed by fire at an early hour Monday morning. Nearly all the contents, household goods etc., were saved from the flames.

RUB-MY-TISM—Antiseptic, Relieves Rheumatism, Sprains, Neuralgia, etc.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of that certain mortgage executed on the 12th day of December, 1911, by J. W. Lockhart and his wife, Josephine Lockhart, which said mortgage is recorded in Book 108 of Mortgages, at page 570, in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, I, the undersigned mortgagee, will proceed to sell the following described real estate conveyed to me in said mortgage, at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the Court house door of Chilton County, Alabama, during legal hours of sale on Monday the 15th day of January, 1917, to-wit:

The Southwest ¼ of the Southwest ¼ of Section 15, Township 21, Range 14, in Chilton County, Alabama.

Said sale is being made to pay the balance due secured by this mortgage and the costs incident to this sale, including a reasonable attorney's fee.

J. P. HAYES,
Mortgagee.

Middleton & Reynolds,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.

AN AGED WOMAN

Tells How Vinol Made Her Strong

In her eighty-second year Mrs. John Wickersham, of Russellville, Pa., says: "I was in a run-down, feeble condition and had lost flesh. A neighbor asked me to try Vinol, and after taking two bottles my strength returned; I am gaining in flesh, it has built up my health and I am feeling fine for a woman of my age, so I get around and do my housework."

The reason Vinol was so successful in Mrs. Wickersham's case was because it contains the very elements needed to build her up.

For sale by Upchurch Drug Co. and the leading drug stores in all Alabama towns.

GREAT DEMOCRAT ENDORSES S. B. ANTHONY AMENDMENT

At a dinner given in his honor by more than three hundred Democrats in Washington on December 6, William Jennings Bryan outlined the reforms to which he hopes to commit the Democratic party and which he believes may be accomplished in the next four years, among them being woman suffrage by Federal Amendment.

Mr. Bryan said: "Equal suffarge kas the one question upon which all parties agreed in the last campaign, their differences relating only to the method of securing the reform..

While the Democrat and Republican parties failed to commit themselves to a national amendment, we might as well recognize the fact that a national amendment will come as the reform is adopted in a sufficient number of states to make its adoption by the nation probable. The Democratic party which builds upon a foundation that is essentially ethical—the doctrine of brotherhood—has that reason for welcoming the co-operation of women in the work that lies before the party, and it has special reason for regarding woman suffrage with favor at this time, as the influence of the women in the close states was sufficient to determine the result."

Mrs. Bryan Promises Aid in Campaign for Nation-Wide Suffrage.

Mrs. William Jennings Bryan in a letter to the President of the national American Woman Suffrage Association, declared that the dominant issue of the time is woman suffrage, and she has pledged her support to the campaign in behalf of the Federal amendment. Mrs. Bryan will spend the winter in Washington and she promises t try to win some of the recalcitrant Senators and Representatives to support the amendment.

Birmingham to have next Convention

The Alabama equal Suffrage Association will hold its 1917 convention in Birmingham in February, just before the national suffrage school opens there.

Mrs. Julian B. Parke made a visit to Roanoke recently, at the request of the local association, which was as delightful as it was profitable.

The president was met by a committee of the Roanoke Equal Suffrage Association in automobiles decorated in the suffrage colors and taken to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Burrell Simmons, whose guest Mrs Parke was while in Roanoke. In the afternoon a reception was given in her honor by Miss Lurline Griffin, President of the Roanoke Association.

Mrs. Parke spoke to an audience of some one hundred people, who manifested considerable interest in her subject.

The Roanoke Association is one of the liveliest things of its size in the state, having as officers some very brainy and energetic women.

COAL DAYS!

Mr. Mitch Bates will deliver the Very Best Acton - Cahaba Fancy Lump Coal on Tuesday and Friday of each week; and will sell for CASH ONLY. Don't ask for credit. We do not keep any Books.

M. L. WHITE.

--START RIGHT--

FOR THE NEW YEAR

Resolve That you will make a Supreme Effort to do better and live better in 1917 than you did in the past year---that you will exercise yovr best judgment in reaching this aim for both yourself and for your loved ones at home.

Resolve That you will try to live as economically as possible, by spending your money for things worth while and for things that will give service and bring you a real Saving Value.

Resolve To do your trading with the Store that has the goods best adapted to your own needs; that has them right at your word any day in the year, and at prices and terms that you can afford to pa[illegible], and still retain yourself and family in comfort.

Let us help you carry out these Resolutions.
We can aid you in a very material way.

Clanton Mercantile Co.

"The Big Bargain Store."

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT —NOTICE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.
Chancery Court, Dec. 27, 1916.

In the matter of the estate of J. T. Cooley, Deceased:

This day came Sam W. Collins, executor of the last will and testement of the estate of J. T. Cooley, deceased, and files his account, vouchers, evidence, statement for Final settlement of his said administration.

It is ordered that the 17th day of January, 1917, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

Witness my hand, this the 27th, day of December, 1916.

H. M. SIMPSON,
Register in Chancery.

FOR SALE—The Duroc Jersey Boar that won 1st Prize at Chilton County Fair. Write for price.
J. D. COLLINS.

Farm Wanted

If you have a farm or city property to sell, list it with the

Chilton County Real Estate Agency

See W. W. FOX

CLANTON, ALA.

Copyright 1916 by R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.

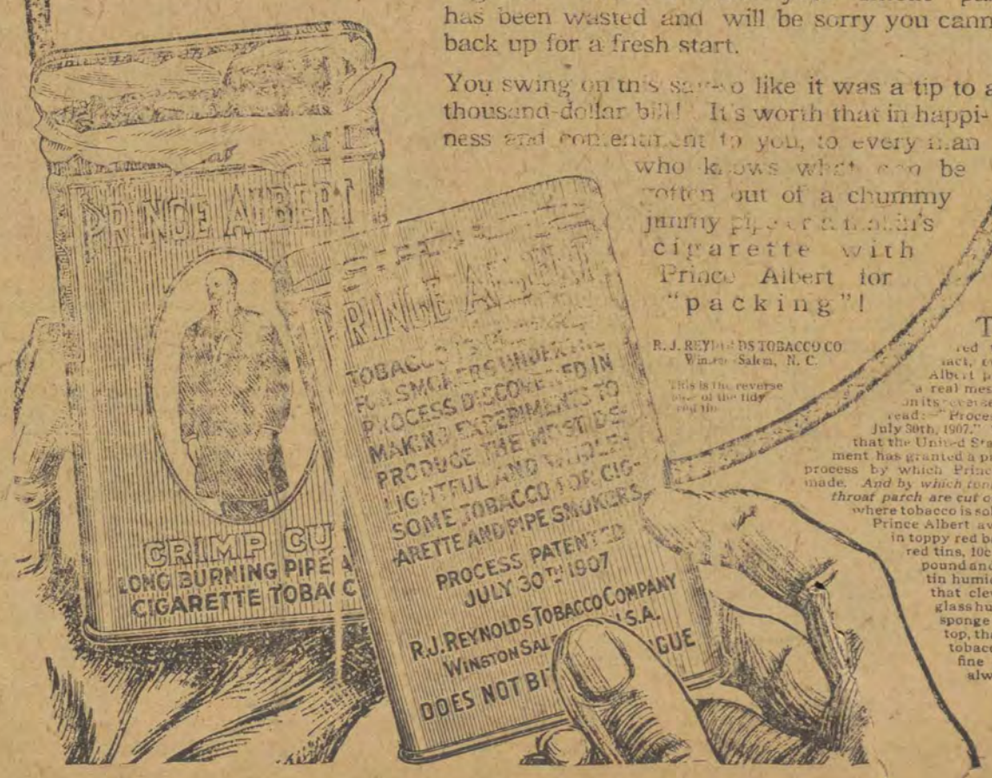
Slip a few Prince Albert smokes into your system!

You've heard many an earful about the Prince Albert patented process that *cuts out* bite and parch and lets you smoke your fill without a comeback! Stake your bank roll that it proves out every hour of the day. Prince Albert has always been sold without coupons or premiums. We prefer to give quality!

There's sport smoking a pipe or rolling your own, but *you know* that you've got to have the right tobacco! We tell you Prince Albert will bang the doors wide open for you to come in on a good time firing up every little so often, *without a regret!* You'll feel like your smoke past has been wasted and will be sorry you cannot back up for a fresh start.

PRINCE ALBERT
the national joy smoke

You swing on this same like it was a tip to a thousand-dollar bill! It's worth that in happiness and contentment to you, to every man who knows what can be gotten out of a chummy jimmy pipe or makin's cigarette with Prince Albert for "packing"!



THE Prince Albert tidy red tin, and in fact, every Prince Albert package, has a real message-to-you on its reverse side. You'll read: "Process Patented July 30th, 1907." That means that the United States Government has granted a patent on the process by which Prince Albert is made. *And by which tongue bite and throat parch are cut out!* Everywhere tobacco is sold you'll find Prince Albert awaiting you in toppy red bags, 5c; tidy red tins, 10c; handsome pound and half-pound tin humidors and in that clever crystal-glass humidor, with sponge-moistener top, that keeps the tobacco in such fine condition—always!

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO.
Winston-Salem, N. C.

This is the reverse side of the tidy red tin

Cost of Transportation

Every economist is busy figuring on the increased cost of living and the causes therefor. All agree that the cost of living has increased very greatly, and in consequence individuals seek increased incomes.

In the many reasons advanced for the increase in the cost of living one very important item is significant by its absence—THE COST OF TRANSPORTATION.

Every item which enters into the manufacture and sale of freight and passenger transportation has advanced in cost to the L. & N. Railroad Co., tremendously, in the last few years.

The layman, unfamiliar with railway materials though he may be, knows that the price of coal, iron, steel, lumber, labor, clerical expenses—in fact everything, has advanced.

He knows further that he can get on the L. & N. passenger train and ride 100 miles at a less cost than he could ten years ago.

He knows also that he can make a shipment of freight via the L. & N. at a much less cost than he could ten years ago.

While all the time the L. & N. is paying the advanced prices required to supply the transportation.

Increase in volume of traffic, efficient management, rigid economy in operation, substantial equipment and satisfactory service to L. & N. patrons are the reasons the L. & N. has been able to stand the strain.

We solicit your patronage on the basis of the standard of excellence in freight and passenger transportation service.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.

(No. 2)

Judge and Mrs. L. H. Reynolds spent Sunday visiting in Montgomery.

Mrs. E.A. Matthews and Miss Minnie Muse spent Sunday in Wetumpka visiting friends.

The best resolution you can make for 1917 is: "That you will buy your Groceries at J. W. Littlejohn's Store."

FARMERS IN REVOLT RECEIVE CONTROL OF STATE GOVERNMENT

Chas. Edward Russell Studies North Dakota's Experiment.

Bismarck, N.D.—North Dakota is now to hold for some the center of the United States stage. A kind of government on this continent or anywhere else is about to take hold of the machine here. It is a farmers' government from top to bottom, and all the way across.

That is one thing novel about it. Then it is strictly non-partisan, being chosen by the farmers for reasons of their own and without the least regard to party lines.

It is also a government that owes nothing to any politian on earth and no corporation, bank railroad or interest has a single string on it.

Few of the men about to take office ever held office before and none of the men that put them that put them there had any previous experience in politics.

At the last election the farmers in revolt, captured the legislature, all the state offices except one, and what is still more important, gobbled the supreme court.

They will now run the whole shooting match from A to Izzard. They can pass any law they please and nothing this side of the supreme court of the United States can interfere.

It is the biggest revolution that ever occurred in any state in this nation.

North Dakota has been from the beginning just a fine old pocket borough for their interests. The railroads, banks, elevators and grain men had an iron-clad combination that ruled the politics of the state the way a bucko mate used to rule a Cape Horner. Do what you are told, keep still or get hurt.

Today there isn't a railroad politicial, grain agent or corporation valet in the state that dares peep. The farmers are a whole cheese.

Also, they have introduced a new system of choosing men for office.

They started out literally to let the office seek the man. When it became evident last spring that they were liwely to win out, a fine crop of their dear old friends and oclege chummies sprang up all about the state offering the glad hand and pulling for this office or for that.

All they ever got was the icy stare and the swift kick. Instead of listening to the dulcet notes of these charmers, the farmers went about hunting for good men that were on the level and not job hunters.

Their candidate for governor, for instance, Lynn J. Frazier, was steering a plow over his wheat lands when he was chosen. The committee wanted to telephone him and had to wait until he could be summoned to the house. He was the most amazed man in America and thought it was some kind of a joke.

But he quickly showed that no error had been made about him. He had never made a set public speech in his life, but he jumped into the campaign and turned out to be a cracker jack. He made more than 200 speeches. He got 81,000 in a total of 102,000, that's all.

The name of the organization that put all this over is the Farmers Non-Partisan League. It is only two years old, but has forty thousand enrolled members of the fifty thousand farmers in North Dakota.

It works with a new scheme and new method. Every farmer that joins pays for his own membership. Farmerly the annual fees were $6. Now they are $16 for two years in advance, and practically every man whose first years subscription has expired is renewing at the new rate.

New members are put on the roll by personal interviews. The league owns 140 automobiles, and keeps a corps of organizers always in the field. The money received is used to carry on this work, and to publishet he Leagues newspaper, the Leader.

This paper started in September, 1915, on a shoe string and now has 65,000 circulation. The league has lately acquired a daily paper at Fargo, and owns the only photo engraving plant in North Dakota.

Branch leagues are being organized in other states. The welcome the idea has received causes northwestern politicians to view the movement with pain and extreme disgust. It looks as if entirely a new deal was on in this part of the world.

Nobody can join this league except an actual tiller of the soil, so there is no chance for others to come in and get posession of the thing.

The thing that had most to do with the creation of the league was the deplorable state of farming in North Dakota as the result of 75 varieties of gouge and swindle practiced by railroads, banks, money sharks, elevator combines, commission men, and others.

Government as conducted by the interests merely assisted the plunderers. The total annual gouge was estimated at about $50,000,000 on the wheat crop alone. Between farmer and consumer about fifty cents on each bushel disappeared into the hands of those who had no right to take it.

The league's program provides for salutary reforms in the state government, but nothing to scare anybody. State owned and aperated terminal elevators, state hall insurance, state rural credit systems, taxation reform and the state development of the lignite deposits are the chief features.

The main object of the league is to secure a rational brand of government conducted for the benefit of the majority of the population instead of for the benefit of railroads and banks. It will be a novelty for North Dakota and some other regions.

Judge Adams has requested us to print the above clipping from the Birmingham Ledger, and we do so, with his comment as follows:

"The above is similar to the same thing that I recommended for Chilton County last year, except the North Dakota organization is confined strictly to farmers and is a state-wide affair. I believe that it will take something on this order to save the tax-payers of this state. If the two old political parties have not been weighed in the balances and found wanting, I do not know what greater proof the people will look for. Democrats and Republicans have had charge of this government since I can remember, and is it better and are the people satisfied? We have so many liars that the courts cross themselves and the while fabric seems to be mixed, and the people are confused. At the end of each political campaign, the people are battled, scared and sore. That seems to be the only part the people have in it at all.. Our fathers bought this country and this government with their blood. And should we not know that it is ours, to use for the greatest good to the greatest number?"

"S. M. ADAMS."

Cleveland Leader—We wish it distinctly understood that it is through no fault of ours that Mr. Wilson's habit of reading messages to Congress continues unabated.

Worn Out?

No doubt you are, if you suffer from any of the numerous ailments to which all women are subject. Headache, backache, sideache, nervousness, weak, tired feeling, are some of the symptoms, and you must rid yourself of them in order to feel well. Thousands of women, who have been benefited by this remedy, urge you to

TAKE

Cardui

The Woman's Tonic

Mrs. Sylvania Woods, of Clifton Mills, Ky., says: "Before taking Cardui, I was, at times, so weak I could hardly walk, and the pain in my back and head nearly killed me. After taking three bottles of Cardui, the pains disappeared. Now I feel as well as I ever did. Every suffering woman should try Cardui." Get a bottle today. E-68

I Thank You!

I want to thank all the good people of Clanton, and community, for the very liberal patronage extended me during my three months here; and I wish you all a happy & prosperous new year.

CASH to ALL

Elmore's LADIES & GENTS FURNISHINGS

One Price to ALL

At Mrs. Clara Mullins' Former Location.

CLANTON, ALA.

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed whereby I, as Sheriff of said County, was commanded to make the sum of Three Hundred ($300) Dollars, principal and interest, and to-wit Twenty-two and 15-100 ($22.15) Dollars, costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the Fall Term, 1916, of said Court of said County, Alabama, in favor of John W. Mims against P. O. Barrett, I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the Court House door of said County, between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., on Monday, the 22nd day of January, 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named P. O. Barrett in and to the following described real estate, viz:

Lote two and three and four in block number sixteen of the Gowan addition to the City or Town of Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama, according to the map or plat of said addition now on file in the office of the Judge of Probate, Chilton County, Alabama.

That the levy and sale of said lot four in block sixteen is made subject to a certain mortgage executed by said P. O. Barrett and wife J. Mae Barrett, to J. W. Standfield, and now held by Sam Kaufman as transferee, said mortgage being recorded in Volume 144, Page 237, Probate office of Chilton County, Alabama.

This 19th day of December, 1916.

H. A. HARRIS,
Sheriff.

"Celebrators" here had a gay time about midnight Sunday night, getting rid of the old year and ushering in the new. They left signs of the "change" in many places and in different ways. In some cases, however, they didn't "leave" the signs but carried them away with them or left them in the middle of the street. And in the course of procedure they made so much noise that peaceable citizens could not sleep all.

WE HOPE

That you have had as pleasant holidays as we, and that 1917 has in store for you even better things than 1916.

We are Now Ready

To supply your needs for the farm, as well as your General Merchandise, Groceries, and all the little things you may need from time to time.

Tom Kemp

CLANTON, ALA.

Kirstin Stump Puller

One Man — Horse Power

Every Kirstin is guaranteed for 15 years, flaw or no flaw. Your money back if the Kirstin bond does not live up to its promise. The Kirstin method clears land from 10 to 50 percent cheaper than any other. We guarantee this, too.

For nearly a quarter century the Kirstin Horse Power Stump Puller has proved its superiority on Southern stump lands. Thousands of Southern farmers have been started on the road to prosperity by a Kirstin.

It is designed for Southern work and will pull anything it tackles, be it a thick, green pine, a deeply imbedded tap root or a field of hundreds of heavy stumps. The new triple power and automatic take-up enable it to perform the heaviest work with rapidity, certainty and without strain on man, horse or machine.

The One Man Puller gets the biggest stumps, too. Horses unnecessary. Double leverage gives you a giant's power; a push on the handle means a pull of tons on the stump. Clears an acre from one anchor and clears it ready for the plow.

Have used another well-known make of puller but don't like it as well as my Kirstin. The Kirstin triple power method is much better. I know because I have cleared over 100 acres.

—M. E. Whigham Enterprise, Ala.

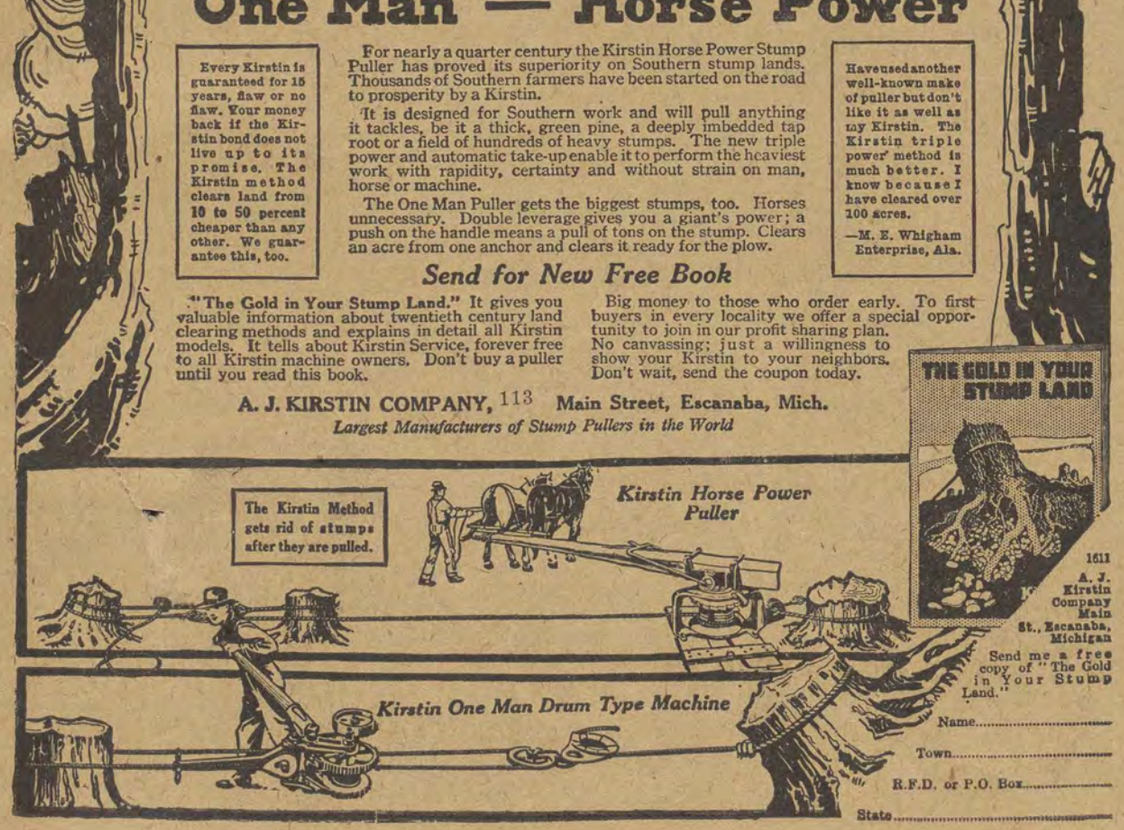
Send for New Free Book

"The Gold in Your Stump Land." It gives you valuable information about twentieth century land clearing methods and explains in detail all Kirstin models. It tells about Kirstin Service, forever free to all Kirstin machine owners. Don't buy a puller until you read this book.

Big money to those who order early. To first buyers in every locality we offer a special opportunity to join in our profit sharing plan. No canvassing; just a willingness to show your Kirstin to your neighbors. Don't wait, send the coupon today.

A. J. KIRSTIN COMPANY, 113 Main Street, Escanaba, Mich.

Largest Manufacturers of Stump Pullers in the World



1611 A. J. Kirstin Company Main St., Escanaba, Michigan

Send me a free copy of "The Gold in Your Stump Land."

Name.....

Town.....

R.F.D. or P.O. Box.....

State.....

Gala Week

IN MONTGOMERY

JANUARY 22 = 27, 1917.

A Free show every day and night at City Auditorium.

Expositton of Made-in-Montgomery Products.
Annual Show, Dixie Poultry Association.
Boll weevil conference, expert speakers.

Music, Dancing, Baby Show, Real wedding
Free prizes for Everybody
Parades, Contests, Decorations, Costume Ball

Low rates on all railroads.
You are invited to spend the week in Montgomery.
For further particulars write

CHAMBER OF COMM
Montgomery, A

Why That Lame Back?

Morning lameness, sharp twinges when bending, or an all-day backache; each is cause enough to suspect kidney trouble. Get after the cause. Help the kidneys. We Americans go it too hard. We overdo, overeat and neglect our sleep and exercise and so we are fast becoming a nation of kidney sufferers. 72% more deaths than in 1890 is the 1910 census story. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. Thousands recommend them.

A Mississippi Case



J. P. Sheppard, contract painter, 404 S. Chestnut St., Aberdeen, Miss., says: "I strained my back and from that time on suffered from pains through it. Often when I got up or stooped, a sharp twinge seized me and I couldn't straighten. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me and I am glad to say that the cure has lasted."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

The Kind.

"Some children have to be handled with gloves."

"I suppose with kid gloves."

If your child is pale and thin, notwithstanding a voracious appetite, it may be because of Worms or Tapeworm. A single dose of Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" will expel the Worms or Tapeworm, and set digestion right again. Adv.

Or Life-Saving.

Modern military inventions, wonderful as they are, cannot be classified as either time-saving or labor-saving.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

At the Source.

Farmer—These are the cows.

City Child—Which one does the janitor make you take from?

DANDRUFF AND ITCHING

Disappear With Use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment—Trial Free.

The first thing in restoring dry, falling hair is to get rid of dandruff and itching. Rub Cuticura Ointment into scalp, next morning shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Prevent skin and scalp troubles by making Cuticura your everyday toilet preparation.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

He Never Knew Temptation.

Rev. Fred Winslow Adams, pastor of St. Andrew's Methodist Episcopal church in West Seventy-sixth street, who recently read from his pulpit answers to the question, "What are the greatest safeguards against temptation?" received a reply to his question from Thomas A. Edison. He said:

"I cannot answer the question as I have never had any experience in such matters. I have never had time, not even five minutes, to be tempted to do anything against the moral law, civil law or any law whatever. If I were to hazard a guess as to what young people should do to avoid temptation, it would be to get a job and work at it so hard that temptation would not exist for them."—New York Mail.

The Difference.

"Bill said you seemed so sympathetic when he asked you to lend him some money."

"He was mistaken. I wasn't sympathetic, but I was 'touched.'"

Merely Weary Them.

Tell people how good you feel, but don't bother them with a recital of your aches and pains; they won't be interested, anyhow.

A hundred and twenty-four pairs of birds nest on an average farm in the Northeast.

Be ambitious to be good, not rich!

Why Wait

Mr. Coffee Drinker, till heart, nerves, or stomach "give way?"

The sure, easy way to keep out of coffee troubles is to use the pure food-drink—

POSTUM

Better quit coffee now, while you are feeling good, and try Postum, the popular American beverage.

"There's a Reason"

FARM STOCK



HOGS DIFFICULT TO CONTROL

When Animal Once Acquires Habit of Getting Out of Pasture He Is Hard to Restrain.

When a hog once gets the habit of getting out of its yard, pasture or whatever its inclosure may be, it is one of the most difficult animals to control. You can stop a brenchy horse or cow if you build a fence high enough, but a hog goes through. If there is no hole in the fence it makes one. Of course if the fence was so tight at first that the hog could not get through, it won't bother you the second and forty-ninth time.

Insufficient or irregular feeding, or failing to supply something which the animals crave in the feed makes hogs restless and ready to take the first chance of exploring the outside world in hopes of finding what they failed to find in their troughs.

It saves time and patience to keep them contented and at home.

TREATING HOGS WITH WORMS

Prescription Given for Pig Weighing About 100 Pounds—Give Salt, Sulphur and Charcoal.

To expel worms from hogs the following prescription is right for a pig weighing about 100 pounds: Santonin, five grains; calomel, two grains; areca nut, two grains; sodium bicarbonate, one dram. Keep the hogs off feed for about 12 hours and give the dose in a slop of middlings. The evening of the same day give a mash of wheat bran. This will flush the bowels. Gather all worms and burn them.

Worms often are the forerunner of disease.

If a hog or pig has a big appetite and thriftless condition, with dry dead hair, it is a good indication of the presence of worms.

Salt and sulphur and charcoal should be kept in every pigpen and pig yard so the pigs can help themselves.

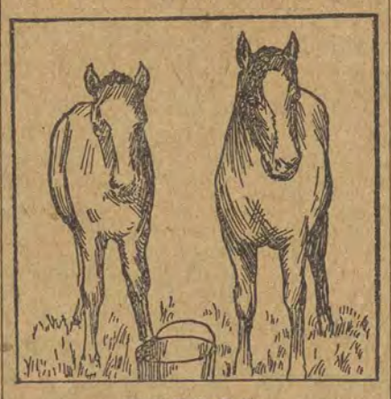
This is a corrective and a preventive of worms.

COLTS RESPOND TO FEEDING

Size of Animal Determined First Winter After Weaning—Aim to Build Up Big Frame.

No farm animal will pay more for abundant feeding than the colt. The first winter after weaning, the ultimate size of the colt is largely determined. We understand that the French Percheron breeders feed as much as ten pounds daily of bran and oats to their weanling colts.

The object of feeding the weanling colt is to induce the formation of a big frame, with heavy muscling. Our aim is not fat. Therefore, we prefer to feed some bran, oil meal, and oats in connection with corn. For this reason, also, we prefer a good quality of clover or alfalfa hay to timothy hay. In connection with timothy or corn stover, we would feed a mixture of five parts of corn, three parts of oats, three parts of bran, and two parts of oil



Well-Fed Colts.

meal; while in connection with good clover or alfalfa hay, we would make the mixture five parts of corn, three parts of oats, two parts of bran, and one part of oil meal.

To a colt of draft ancestry, designed for market, we would feed at least five pounds of such a mixture the first winter, and, as the winter wears on, we might increase to seven or even ten pounds.—Wallace's Farmer.

FEEDING ALFALFA TO SWINE

Some Arrangement Ought to Be Made to Prevent Hogs From Dragging Hay Around Underfoot.

In feeding alfalfa hay to hogs some arrangement must be provided to prevent them wasting the feed by dragging it around underfoot. A rack with ends boarded up solid and sides made with upright two-by-fours far enough apart for the hog to pull the hay through will prevent waste. It should be made light enough so it can be easily moved by hand to avoid having the hogs always eat at the same place. Quite a broad bottom will be necessary or the rack will get tipped over too often for the owner's serenity of mind.

Spectacles of the Russian Ballet



The spectacles presented by the Russian Ballet were revelations of gorgeous color. Audiences were enthralled by them, responding to the fascination of the most marvelous management of color that has ever inspired them to enthusiasm. It is for students of the times to determine how great an influence these spectacles have had on fashions. We see this influence reflected now and know that it will reappear in the spring, for it has given women "the courage of color," as Rostand expresses it.

The legends of the ballets make a limitless playground for the imaginations of those who must enjoy so rich a field. In "Scheherazade," the scene is a sultan's harem. It goes without saying that here is chance for reproducing and elaborating oriental splendor. "Le Carnaval" betrays by its name how great the variety it includes, and "Cleopatra" revives the wonders of old Egypt.

In "Thamar" and "Sadko" imaginative designing reaches the zenith of its marvels. In "Sadko" there is nothing either to guide or to hamper the fancy of the costume. The scene is laid at the bottom of the sea in the realm of the ruler of the ocean, where the fortunes of Sadko, a roving musician, have landed him. The stage is peopled with groups representing swaying seaweed, corals, sea flowers, fishes and other inhabitants of the deep, clear waters.

The costuming is a revelation of resourcefulness and of beauty that lures the mind into unexplored paths. Why not take the corals or anything else on land or sea as inspirations and make life a continual round of impersonations? In the accompanying picture "The Bird" of the Russian Ballet leads us to ponder the prodigality of nature in clothing the feathered tribe. Color and more color is the bequest of the ballet.

Novelty in Handles.

Cherries are always more or less popular on umbrella handles, and one of the new umbrellas fairly bristles with them. Bright red cherries on stems are carried along the full length of the handle. It is the branch of a cherry tree and unusually well laden with fruit.

Borders of Braid.

On some of the new suits for autumn there is little trimming, though broad silk braid is occasionally employed as a border for skirt and coat. Belts are ubiquitous, though on many models the belt appears back and front.

The Gorgeous Hat of Midwinter



Midwinter millinery is about to make its exit from fashion's stage. It has made a splendid performance and will be bowed out amid many plaudits for its brilliant triumphs, for it has grown more and more rich and beautiful as the season advanced to its climax. Already demi-season hats of satin are making their appearance, intended to tide over the time between winter and spring. But we shall not turn our backs on the gorgeous hats of midwinter without casting "one longing, lingering look behind."

A look will be rewarded with such inspiring headwear as is pictured in the group of hats above, and any one of them is fascinating enough to make one bless the winter season. At the center of the group a hat of heavy blue silk lace is made over a wire frame and lined with silver gauze. The Nattier blue of the lace looks particularly well with moleskin, and the hat has a top crown of this fur. There are medallions in the pattern of the lace, about the side crown, and every other one is covered with a medallion of fur.

At the left a hat of satin is covered with a delicate net and lace of gold. The lace extends beyond the ribbon in the brim. There are three clusters of metallic roses and foliage about the crown, and this model would be quite as much at home among palms and flowers as it is against a background of snow and ice.

The third hat is of black chantilly lace and kolinsky fur. The brim-edge is bound with fur and there is a narrow band of it about the crown. An odd star-shaped ornament, covered with jet beads, is applied to the top crown and its points are extended into ornaments that lie flat against the side crown. Two jet balls rest on the brim at the right side. The hat is a reserved and quiet design made sufficiently brilliant to hold its own in gay company, by the jet ornaments.

Julia Bottomley

Cluny Lace From China.

Cluny lace, the most widely serviceable, durable and practical of handmade edgings and insertions for general use where something worth while is desired, now comes from China. It is made there at lower rates than in Europe. The Chinese lace is known as Chee Foo, from the place from which it comes.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of the Sunday School Course in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR JANUARY 7

JESUS THE LIGHT AND LIFE OF MEN.

The studies for the first six months of this year are devoted to the gospel of John; the remaining portion of the year to II Kings, Ezra and Nehemiah, being a study with the prophets. One year from now we begin the new "graded uniform lessons" recently adopted by the reorganized International Lesson committee.

John was younger than his brother, James, and lived to be the oldest of the apostles, dying somewhere between A. D. 95 and 98. His name means "Peace," though he is surnamed the "son of thunder" (Mark 3:17). Five of the New Testament books bear his name. He blended the gentleness of a dove with the force and vision of an eagle." The purpose of his gospel is clearly stated (ch. 20:31). Only about 8 per cent of it is found in the other three gospels. Seventy-six times the word "witness" is used. The word "father" occurs 140 times and the name "Jesus" 240 times.

I. The Word (vv. 1-5). Words utter thoughts; a word is an expression of an inaudible and invisible thing. As the Word, Christ is Creator (ch. 14:9; 8:19), he is the source of light. "The word is God heard; the life is God felt, and the light is God seen"—Moody. This eternally existing person is called the Word because in him God fully expresses or reveals himself. The Bible is the written word because in it God speaks and reveals himself through this person who is the eternal Word (Heb. 1:3). The first verse brings out the fact that there are at least two persons in the Godhead, the one divine person in company with whom the word was, and the word, himself, was God; that is, was also a divine person. He who by his incarnation became our brother and our savior was first our creator and the creator of all things, and apart from him not anything came into existence. The Word did not become the light of men by his incarnation in Jesus of Nazareth. He was ever the Light of Men. The light that shone in the Old Testament time shone from him. When sin came, night came.

II. The Witness (vv. 6-10). John the Baptizer came for a witness. He was not the light. Some might have thought him to be the promised Messiah. This he denied. He was a lamp which held forth light to men concerning the true light "which lighteth every man that cometh into the world." He reflected light (v. 8). John told all that he knew. Testimony will expand as experience enlarges. The spoken word of man must confirm the experience of the word in our lives. John was a wonderful man, a man whom God delighted to honor, but he was a man. Men are not asked to believe blindly, but always upon an abundance of testimony.

III. The World (vv. 11-14). This world was created by Jesus, and throughout its existence he has been in the world, though the world knew him not. This living light had been coming into the world, and was not fully come until he was manifest to Israel at the baptismal act of John. In order to be made manifest the "Word was made flesh" in the person of Jesus. The world did not apprehend the light (v. 5) nor did the world which he was in and which was made by him (v. 10). Even his own people, literally his own household servants, i. e. Israel, received him not to themselves, but whoever receives him, even the vilest sinner of earth, and takes him into his heart to be all Jesus desired to be, savior, lord, teacher, friend, that instant he becomes a child of God. We cannot attempt to explain this mystery. The union of spirit and body was in one person, a sample fact; though unexplained, still true. The union of God with a human body, forming one person, Christ Jesus, sometimes spoken of separately, sometimes as a whole, sometimes as divine, sometimes as human. We cannot divide his activities into two sections and say this is divine and this is human; they are inexplicably blended into one. This Christ really dwelt among us. He did not merely appear to some persons, or come in a vision, and yet his abode among us was only temporary, only a few years, and we beheld his glory, the glory of the only begotten Son. The world expected a Messiah and his own creation, his own inheritance received him not, rejected him, opposed him, crucified him, their lord, savior, king and messiah. Those who received him and believed on his name became sons.

To be a child of God we must be born into the nature and character of God, into his spiritual life. We are members of his family.

We are heirs of all things through him, his joy, his love, his character and his blessing and the privileges of working for him and with him. We become heirs by being born of God, not of blood, physical descent nor inheritance, for the best of parents cannot bestow this gift upon their children.

Not by our own efforts or exertions nor the will of the flesh, not by the will of men, through wisdom and man's highest powers of intellect, but of God.

SOUR, ACID STOMACHS, GASES OR INDIGESTION

Each "Pape's Diapepsin" digests 3000 grains food, ending all stomach misery in five minutes.

Time it! In five minutes all stomach distress will go. No indigestion, heartburn, sourness or belching of gas, acid, or eructations of undigested food, no dizziness, bloating, foul breath or headache.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in regulating upset stomachs. It is the surest, quickest stomach remedy in the whole world and besides it is harmless. Put an end to stomach trouble forever by getting a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any drug store. You realize in five minutes how needless it is to suffer from indigestion, dyspepsia or any stomach disorder. It's the quickest, surest and most harmless stomach doctor in the world.—Adv.

Sausage Skins of Silk.

The packing of sausage meat in the old way has long been an objectionable proceeding to fastidious persons. It also has been declared insanitary, so that many families have tabooed the link sausage. Now thin silk cases are being provided, which can be sterilized to the last degree of sanitation. Being of chiffonlike texture, they would hardly be noticed if taken into the mouth, although they can be easily removed at the table. These thin silk cases can be supplied at a cost little greater than the sausage skins now in use and are proof against the attack of vermin.

Constipation generally indicates disordered stomach, liver and bowels. Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills restores regularity without griping. Adv.

Caring for a Monkey Mascot.

The newest addition to the Berlin zoological garden is a monkey which was the mascot of the U-35 for a considerable time.

The monkey originally was the mascot of an English merchantman that was halted by the German submarine. He made trip after trip with the U-35 and was "in at the death" of several merchantmen. His transfer to the zoo was ordered only when it became so cold that he was likely to suffer if exposed.

Tetterine for Ring Worm and Skin Disease.

Varnville, S. C., July 17, 1908.
My wife uses your Tetterine for Ringworm, also uses it in her family for all kind of skin diseases, and she thinks it a good medicine. There is no substitute.
L. R. Dowling.

Tetterine cures Eczema, Tetter, Ring Worm, Old Itching Sores, Dandruff, Itching Piles, Corns, Chilblains and every form of Scalp and Skin Disease. Tetterine 50c; Tetterine Soap 25c. At druggists or by mail direct from The Shuptrine Co., Savannah, Ga.

With every mail order for Tetterine we give a box of Shuptrine's 10c Liver Pills free. Adv.

Wicked Goings On.

"I understand automobiles have revolutionized the life farmers lead."

"So they have, in one way."

"How is that?"

"Farmers often return home in their cars from making a night of it in the city at the hour when they used to get up and got to work."

MOTHER, ATTENTION!

Gold Ring for Baby Free.

Get a 25c Bottle of Baby Ease from any drug store, mail coupon as directed and gold ring (guaranteed), proper size, mailed you. Baby Ease cures Bowel Complaints and Teething Troubles of Babies.—Adv.

Argument Against a Minor Coin.

Mrs. Knicker—Do you approve of the idea of a two and a half cent piece?

Mrs. Bocker—No. men are stingy enough as it is.

A Pessimist.

"Ever expect to git on Easy street?"

"Mebbe as a sweeper or something."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Spartan Women Suffered Untold Tortures but who wants to be a Spartan? Take "Femenina" for all female disorders. Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

The world seldom speaks well of a man who is dead broke.

'Tis better to live rich than to die rich!

WHAT IS LAX-FOS

LAX-FOS is an improved Cascara (a tonic-laxative)

In LAX-FOS the Cascara is improved by the addition of certain harmless chemicals which increase the efficiency of the Cascara, making it better than ordinary Cascara. LAX-FOS is pleasant to take and does not gripe nor disturb stomach. Adapted to children as well as adults. Just try one bottle for constipation. 50c.

COLORED PEOPLE

can have nice, long, straight hair by using **Exelento Quinine Pomade**, which is a Hair Grower, not a Kinky Hair remover. You can see the results by using several times. Try a package. Price 25c at all drug stores or by mail on receipt of stamps or coin. Agents wanted everywhere. Write for particulars. Exelento Medicine Co., Atlanta, Ga.

GALLSTONES

Avoid operations. Positive Liver & Stomach remedy (No Oil)—Results sure; home remedy. Write today. Gallstone Remedy Co., Dept. W-1, 219 S. Dearborn St., Chicago

"ROUGH on RATS" Ends Rats, Mice, Bugs. Die outdoors. 15c and 25c.

10 CENT "CASCARETS" IF BILIOUS OR COSTIVE

For Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Sluggish Liver and Bowels—They work while you sleep.

Furred Tongue, Bad Taste, Indigestion, Sallow Skin and Miserable Headaches come from a torpid liver and clogged bowels, which cause your stomach to become filled with undigested food, which sours and ferments like garbage in a swill barrel. That's the first step to untold misery—indigestion, foul gases, bad breath, yellow skin, mental fears, everything that is horrible and nauseating. A Cascaret to-night will give your constipated bowels a thorough cleansing and straighten you out by morning. They work while you sleep—a 10-cent box from your druggist will keep you feeling good for months.—Adv.

Talented Person.

"As we grow older our ideas of amusement undergo a radical change," remarked the philosophic man.

"Unquestionably."

"For instance, when I was a small boy I was chiefly interested in the exhibits that composed a 'Congress of Wonders,' but now the amazing volubility of the spieler fascinates me far more than any feature of the show."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

PROMPT RELIEF

can be found in cases of Colds, Coughs, LaGrippe and Headaches by using Laxative Quinidine Tablets. Does not affect the head or stomach. Buy your winter's supply now. Price 25c.—Adv.

Small Sums to Charity.

John Skelton Williams, comptroller of the currency, says that our international charity during the past two years has amounted to one-twentieth of 1 per cent of our total income. This is equivalent to an annual gift of 75 cents from a man earning $1,500 a year.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

The Way of It.

"Esau gave up his birthright for mere pottage."

"Yes, and he made a mess of it."

THIS IS THE AGE OF YOUTH.

You will look ten years younger if you darken your ugly, grizzly, gray hairs by using "La Creole" Hair Dressing.—Adv.

The Combination.

Knicker—What is the combination that wins a war?

Bocker—Men and a man.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

To get the genuine, call for full name LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. 25c.

Spain in 1915 mined 2,402,000 tons of coal and imported 1,200,000 tons.



back of the cloth, inside the garment—it's a satisfaction guarantee — the mark of the genuine

Stifel's Indigo Cloth

Standard for over 75 years

that has never been successfully imitated.

Remember, *it's the cloth in the overalls that gives the wear*, and STIFEL'S INDIGO has broken all records as the long-wear cloth. Sweaty toil and the rub of the tub can't dim it's beautiful fast color.

Look for this mark inside the garment on the back of the cloth. REGISTERED

Cloth Manufactured by

J. L. STIFEL & SONS

Indigo Dyers and Printers Wheeling, W. Va.

NEW YORK.....260-262 Church St.
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ST. JOSEPH, MO.....Saxton Bank Bldg.
BALTIMORE.....Coca-Cola Bldg.
ST. LOUIS.....923 Victoria Bldg.
ST. PAUL.....238 Endicott Bldg.
TORONTO.....14 Manchester Bldg
WINNIPEG.....400 Hammond Bldg.
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Pecan Trees

Now is the time to set them. Begin bearing in three to four years. Add both beauty and utility to the home. Prices and valuable information free.

J. B. WIGHT, CAIRO, GA.

FROST PROOF CABBAGE PLANTS

Early Jersey and Charleston Wakefield, Succession and Flat Dutch, by express, 500, $1.00 1,000, $1.50. Satisfaction guaranteed. Postpaid 25c per 100.

D. F. JAMISON, SUMMERVILLE, S. C

MUSICIANS Send me a postcard and I'll send you a song; also our thematic catalog of music. American Amusement Assn., 50½ Wall Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.

Edison 4-minute records $1.00 dozen. Victor-olas and records shipped anywhere. Old machines exchanged. Flock & Hahn, Schenectady, N. Y.

ADVERTISERS I have an ad that brings me 100 dimes a week. It is yours for 10c. D. B. WELCH, Rago, Kansas

BOARD WILL RAISE SCHOOL STANDARD

MUST HAVE TWO YEARS HIGH SCHOOL WORK BEFORE ENTERING NORMAL SCHOOL

NEWS FROM STATE CAPITAL

What the State's Servants Are Saying, Doing and Undoing—Official Acts Disclosed.

—Montgomery.

Announcement was made by William F. Feagin, state superintendent of education that the board of control of the state normal schools has adopted a change in the course of study for the schools which will raise the standard for scholarship by one year and which will prevent any person from entering who has not had two years of high school work or its equivalent. The change will be effective at the beginning of the next school term.

Died Without Leaving Will.

For the first time in many months the state treasury has received money from a person who died without leaving a will and without relatives. The state treasury has received $8,127.64 from W. C. Christian, probate judge of Hale county, with the announcement that George DeLaney died in that county, and that all efforts to find relatives or a will disposing of the property had failed. The money will be credited to the public school fund.

Under the law the property of a person who has no relatives and leaves no will reverts to the State at the expiration of two years from the time the property was entered for administration by the probate court. Relatives of DeLaney were advertised for but none entered a claim. Judge Christian disposed of DeLaney's real estate and personal property and paid all receipts into the state treasury.

Old Veterans Receive Pensions.

Warrants calling for the payment of pensions ranging from $16 to $25 to about 160,000 Confederate soldiers and widows were sent to the probate judges from the State auditor's department.

The warrants call for the second payment for the fiscal year, which began October 1 and probably will call for the release of about $400,000 by the state treasury. Soldiers in the first class will receive $25. Those in the second class will be paid $20, and those in the third will receive $16.

Road Contracts Given Approval.

Road construction contracts aggregating $30,000, let by the State Highway Engineer, were approved at a special called meeting of the State Highway Commission held in Birmingham. These contracts were let by W. S. Keller, State Highway Engineer, and by the county boards of revenue in which the new roads are to be located.

No other business was taken up at the meeting. The efforts of various highway associations in the State to obtain Federal aid money from the Commission will be in vain until the Commission meets in regular session, as no business of this nature can be transacted at a special session, according to the officials.

Federal aid money obtained through the new Bankhead Federal Aid Law will be given by the Commission to a certain project, which will be selected later. The money available now will be sufficient to pay for the construction of about fifteen miles of highway.

Parole Recommended.

Eight paroles were recommended and 41 applications were rejected by the state board of pardons at its last meeting, according to announcement made. In the list of those rejected was the petition of Bill Wilson of Blount, who sought release from a life sentence on the ground that human bones which were used as evidence against him on a charge of murdering his wife and child were those of Indians, who inhabited Alabama years before. The board was not convinced that Wilson did not kill his wife and thought that the sentence was light enough if he did commit the crime.

Persons recommended for release were: Jesse Breedlove, Jefferson, robbery; James Echols, Lee, murder second degree; Ruben Madison, Jefferson, receiving stolen property; Abraham Reese Dallas, burglary; Tommie Ritch, Jefferson, grand larceny; Lige Rowell, Bullock, murder second degree; Tom Self, Cullman, forgery; Jim Todd, Cullman, forgery; Jim Todd, Cullman, perjury. The board's recommendations were submitted to Governor Henderson for his consideration.

Charters Applied For.

With the intention of boring for oil and other minerals in South Alabama, the Mobile-Pennsylvania Development Company, incorporated, of Mobile, filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state. The corporation has an authorized capital of $100,000 with $25,110 paid in. Another company which qualified to do business as a corporation was a jewelry company, of Anniston. The company has an authorized capital of $3,000 with $1,500 paid in.

NEW FEDERAL TAXES IN FORCE

NEW LAW INCREASES RATE ON INCOMES AND MUNITION MANUFACTURES.

EMERGENCY REVENUE BILL

Graduated Tax of 1 to 10 Per Cent Laid on Estates of $50,000 or More.

Washington.—New federal taxes on incomes, estates, munition manufactures, corporation stocks and certain businesses, became effective with the new year. The taxes are provided by the emergency revenue bill enacted by Congress September 8.

Unmarried persons with net incomes of $3,000 or more and heads of families with incomes of $4,000 or more are subject to pay a normal tax of 2 per cent. instead of the present rate of 1 per cent, and additional taxes are imposed on incomes of more than $20,000 by a graduated scale running from 1 to 13 per cent. A tax of 2 per cent is made on the income of corporations with stock valued at $75,000 or more; the former rate was 1 per cent.

A graduated tax of from 1 to 10 per cent is laid on estates of $50,000 or more when they are transferred. Munition manufacturers are taxed 12 1-2 per cent of their net profits. Corporations are subject to a special excise tax of 50 cents a year for each $1,000 of fair value of capital stock in excess of $99,000. Among the new annual taxes on special businesses are these:

Securities brokers, $30; pawnbrokers, $50; custom house brokers, $10; ship brokers, $20; theaters, $25 to $100, according to seating capacities, with rates one-half as great in towns of 5,000 or less; circuses, $100; other public amusement shows, excepting chautauquas and educational exhibits, $10; bowling alleys and billiard rooms $5 for each alley or table; tobacco manufacturers, sliding scale of rates determined by scales.

Special taxes heretofore collected from commission merchants and commercial brokers are abolished.

FIFTY-FOUR LYNCHED IN 1916.

Fifty Negroes, Including Three Women, Are Among Victims of Mobs in 1916.

Tuskegee, Ala.—Fifty-four persons were lynched in the United States during 1916, according to records of Tuskegee Institute made public. Fifty of the victims were negroes and four white persons and included in the record are three negro women. Sixty persons were lynched in 1915, thirteen of whom were white men.

In a statement presenting the report, Robert R. Moton, President of the Institute, said:

"Fourteen or more than a fourth of the total lynchings occurred in the State of Georgia. Of those put to death, 42, or 77 per cent of the total, were charged with offenses other than assault. The charges for which whites were lynched were murder, three suspected of cutting a woman; one (this a Mexican).

"The charges for which negroes were put to death were: Attempted assault, nine; killing officers of the law, ten; murder, seven; hog stealing and assisting another person to escape, six; wounding officers of the law, four; assault, three; insult, two. For each of the following offenses one person was put to death: Slapping boy, robbing store, brushing gainst girl on street, assisting his son accused of assault to escape, entering a house for robbery or some other purpose, defending her son who in defence of his mother killed a man; fatally wounding a man with whom he had quarreled, speaking against mob in act of putting a man to death; attacking a man and wife with club.

"Lynchings occurred n the following State: Alabama, one, Arkansas, four; Florida, eight; Georgia, fourteen; Kansas, one; Kentucky, two; Louisiana, two; Mississippi, one; Missouri, one; North Carolina, two; Oklahoma, four; South Carolina, two; Tennessee, three; Texas, nne."

Child Labor Law Goes Into Force.

Columbia, S. C.—The new South Carolina child labor law prohibiting the employment of children under 14 years of age in the textile establishments of the State, became effective on the first of the year and automatically about 2,400 children ceased to be employed in the cotton mills of the State.

Eight Airplanes Survive Test.

Philadelphia.—Eight of the twelve army aviators who started from Hempstead, L. I., for this city in a qualification test for government pilot licenses, arrived at the Philadelphia navy yard, completing the flight of 165 miles in less than two hours. Two of the aviators who failed to reach this city were compelled to descend because of motor trouble, near Monmouth, N. J., and one at Deans, near that place. Engine trouble caused one of the squad to abandon the flight.

TAKES THE PLACE OF DANGEROUS CALOMEL

New Discovery! Dodson's Liver Tone Acts Like Calomel But Doesn't Gripe, Salivate or Make You Sick—Don't Lose a Day's Work—Harmless Liver Medicine for Men, Women, Children—Read Guarantee!

Ugh! Calomel makes you sick. It's horrible! Take a dose of the dangerous drug tonight and tomorrow you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel, when it comes into contact with sour bile crashes into it, breaking it up. This is when you feel that awful nausea and cramping. If you are sluggish and "all knocked out," if your liver is torpid and bowels constipated, or you have headache, dizziness, coated tongue, if breath is bad or stomach sour, just try a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone tonight.

Here's my guarantee—Go to any drug store and get a 50 cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone. Take a spoonful and if it doesn't straighten you right up and make you feel fine and vigorous I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Dodson's Liver Tone is destroying the sale of calomel because it is real liver medicine; entirely vegetable. therefore it can not salivate or make you sick.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your bowels of that sour bile and constipated waste which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable. I guarantee that a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone will keep your entire family feeling fine for months. Give it to your children. It is harmless; doesn't gripe and they like its pleasant taste.—Adv.

Good Coal From Refuse.

Various devices for economizing fuel have been brought to notice in Holland since the war caused a difficulty in procuring coal. It has been found that 20 to 75 per cent of combustible material remains in furnace refuse, and a device has been constructed which preserves a large part of it. The refuse is finely ground and placed in a liquid with a specific gravity a little greater than that of water. This is said to be very cheap, generally a refuse from factories. The mass is agitated, the heavier particles sink to the bottom, while the combustible material floats and can be scooped off to be used in the furnace. It is stated that 200 tons of refuse will yield 38 tons of good fuel.

GIVE "SYRUP OF FIGS" TO CONSTIPATED CHILD

Delicious "Fruit Laxative" can't harm tender little Stomach, liver and bowels.

Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, your little one's stomach, liver and bowels need cleansing at once. When peevish, cross, listless, doesn't sleep, eat or act naturally, or is feverish, stomach sour, breath bad, has sore throat, diarrhoea, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of its little bowels without griping, and you have a well, playful child again. Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which contains full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups.—Adv.

But She'd Heard of Them.

Humors of a piano studio are related to us by Clarice Balas, the Cleveland pianist, who writes: "One young girl who charged all she forgot to the neglect of her former teacher in the few words: 'He never told me anything about that,' was provoking me by her poor reading and bad time. 'What kind of notes have you in the right hand here?' I asked.

"She guessed wrong immediately. 'I suppose you never heard of such a thing as triplets?' I asked, in thorough disgust.

"'Why, yes, Miss Balas, I have heard of triplets,' said she with offended dignity, 'but not in music.'"

DON'T GAMBLE

that your heart's all right. Make sure. Take "Renovine"—a heart and nerve tonic. Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

Popped Out at the Popping.

Aunt—I suppose, Edith, you said "This is so sudden!" when Mr. Slowboy proposed.

Niece—No; I fully intended to, but I was so excited I forgot and exclaimed "At last!"—Boston Evening Transcript.

THICK, GLOSSY HAIR FREE FROM DANDRUFF

Girls! Try It! Hair gets soft, fluffy and beautiful—Get a 25 cent bottle of Danderine.

If you care for heavy hair that glistens with beauty and is radiant with life; has an incomparable softness and is fluffy and lustrous, try Danderine.

Just one application doubles the beauty of your hair, besides it immediately dissolves every particle of dandruff. You can not have nice heavy, healthy hair if you have dandruff. This destructive scurf robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life, and if not overcome it produces a feverishness and itching of the scalp; the hair roots famish, loosen and die; then the hair falls out fast. Surely get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store and just try it.—Adv.

One Exception.

"Not everybody smokes at the woman's club."

"No—not the men waiters."—Life.

DRUGGISTS PRAISE DR. KILMER'S SWAMP-ROOT

EXPERIENCED DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND SWAMP-ROOT

Eight years ago we commenced selling Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder preparation, and since that time have never been called upon to refund one penny. It is a splendid remedy and we take pleasure in recommending it.

Very truly yours,
PEOPLES DRUG CO.,
June 15, 1916. Hartsells, Ala.

I believe Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is a splendid preparation for kidney, liver and bladder diseases; and during my 20 years' experience in handling it I have sold a great many bottles to customers who reported perfect satisfaction at the benefits derived from its use. I have great faith in the medicine and recommend it.

Very truly yours,
G. R. POWELL, Druggist,
June 15, 1916. Childersburg, Ala.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

Guessed Wrong.

Two sober citizens met on a street in Babylon.

"You and I will live to see the day when this dancing craze will end," said the first sober citizen.

"I don't doubt it," answered the second sober citizen. "The world will soon outgrow such madness."

And that was 2716 years before the Castles took New York by storm.

OF INTEREST TO MOTHERS

The cost of food today is a serious matter to all of you. To cut down your food bills and at the same time improve the health of your family, serve them **Skinner's Macaroni** and **Spaghetti** two or three times per week. Children love it and thrive on it. It is the best possible food for adults. Write the Skinner Mfg. Co., Omaha, Nebr., for beautiful cook book telling how to serve it in a hundred ways. It's free to every mother.—Adv.

Not Worth Much.

"I have just been listening to a war expert talk."

"Get much information?"

"A great deal, but I'm afraid it is just about as reliable as the average weather prediction."

AVOID A DOCTOR'S BILL

on the first of the month by taking now a bottle of Mansfield Cough Balsam for that hacking, hollow cough. Price 25c and 50c.—Adv.

Be careful—remember what a lot of coolness is caused by hot words.

A Motorist's Criticism.

"Here's a map that will show you all the points of interest on the route."

"It's no good," replied Mr. Chuggins. "It shows a lot of landmarks, but it doesn't definitely locate the repair shops."

Granulated Eyelids, Sties, Inflamed Eyes relieved over night by Roman Eye Balsam. One trial proves its merit. Adv.

A coat of paint improves the looks of almost anything except a woman.

Rubbing it in will soon put you on the outs with your friends.



Ticket Seller—"Nearly all the ladies in our show ride bare-back."

Farmer Stubblefield—"Gosh all hemlock! I'll go and look 'em over. Don't they get cold bein' so much exposed?"

If you are exposed to rain or snow you should take two or three doses of

Boschee's German Syrup

the universal remedy for colds or bronchitis. Stands pre-eminent today after more than half a century of successful treatment of the many disorders arising from exposure. 25c. and 75c. sizes at all druggists and dealers everywhere.

WINCHESTER



"LEADER" AND "REPEATER" SHOT SHELLS

For the high flyers, or the low flyers, "Leader" and "Repeater" shells have the reach, spread and penetration. Their great sale is due to these qualities, which insure a full bag. Made in many gauges and loads.

BE SURE TO ASK FOR THE W BRAND

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores.

Even tho' a new year has arrived

You will need some more Winter Goods before Spring comes in.

Whatever it takes to fit you out we've always got it right at hand.

Whether its one little item or supplies for the whole farm, we are here with all that you need.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Moneys Worth or Your Money Back"

CLANTON, ALA.

BOX SUPPER

There will be a Box Supper at Concord School House, three miles east of Clanton on Saturday night, Jan. 6. Everybody is invited to come.

JOHN PARRISH,
ETTA HEADLEY,
Teachers.

Dr. P. I. Hopkins announces that he will be in his former office in Clanton on Jan. 7 and 8. Those who are indebted to him are requested to see him and make settlement for same.

LOST KEYS

I lost a bunch of keys in Clanton on Sunday afternoon, 3 on one ring. One key is a Yale, No. 20673, one ordinary door key, and one blue Grass key. If found please return to J. E. Robinson, Sr., Clanton, Ala., and get reward.

Yo: Ho; Freckle Face

Now is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots

Do you know how easy it is to remove those ugly spots so that no one will call you freckle-face?

Simply get an ounce of carpol, extra strong, from your druggist, and a few applications should show you how easy it is to rid yourself of freckles and get a beautiful complexion. The sun and winds this month have a strong tendency to bring out freckles, and as a result more carpol is sold in these months. Be sure to ask for the extra strong, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove the freckles.—Carpol Laboratories, Boston, Mass., Sta. M. Mail orders filled.

C. REESE MULLINS AGENT

CLANTON, ALA.

I wish to thank my friends for their liberal patronage in the past, and solicit your future patronage. And I wish one and all a Happy and Prosperous New Year. Yours most truly,

C. REESE MULLINS.

P. S.—Watch this space for my future Announcement.—C. R. M.

CLOTHES

Cleaned and Pressed

We guarantee satisfaction of all work done at our shop. Give us a trial.

Special attention given to Parcel Post orders.

Clanton Dry Cleaning C.

Peoples Telephone 75-30.

In Rear Sanford & Wagoner Barber Shop.

CLANTON, ALA.

CLANTON LOCALS

T.J. Headley of Randolph was a visitor to Clanton Tuesday.

J.N. Scott of Jemison was in Clanton Tuesday. He said he was getting up another letter to have published next week.

For the information of a great number of people who seem to be so anxiously concerned, we regret to state that the Editor of the Union-Banner did not get married last Sunday as has been reported recently.

Mrs. J. S. Hubbard of Mt. Creek visited relatives in Clanton this week.

Miss Ara Mullins of Verbena, a former graduate of the Chilton County High School, spent a few days visiting in Clanton this week.

W. W. Fox, promoter of the Chilton County Real Estate Agency, is trying to induce settlers from the north to come south and locate in Chilton County. He is doing a laudable work and we hope he may succeed admirably.

Grady and Claud Reynolds spent Sunday in Montgomery.

Mrs. Lida Jones has returned from her Christmas vacation and taken up her duties with the Canning Club work for the new year.

County Treasurer J.W. Littlejohn announced that all stationery claims against Chilton County can now be taken up and paid off in cash.

Break your Cold or LaGrippe with a few doses of 666.

G. W. Marcus and G. O. McKee have moved their meat market to the old Clanton Bank building, and put in new and up-to-date and sanitary fixtures and equipment.

J. W. Henley of Maplesville was in Clanton last Saturday attending to business matters.

The advent of the new year brings about a lot of taxes, licenses and one thing and another, which have to be paid. But Jean Evans says he is not going to grunt or complain.

Notice the label on your paper and see when your subscription is out. Remember from now on, we will stop them unless they are paid up in advance.

Mr. Newton W. Askins of the Upchurch Drug Co., left Monday for Macon, Ga., to take a course in pharmacy.

Calvin Wilson and Hoke Pipes spent last Sunday in Prattville with friends.

W. G. Atkinson, an old subscriber of Jemison, was in town Wednesday, and called to see us.

Uncle George Shaw of Jemison was in town Wednesday and called at the Banner office to pay his subscription.

G. W. Marcus and G. O. McKee are going to open up a first class restaurant and cafe in the old Upchurch location, next to their new meat market.

Mr. B. J. Sessions and little daughter, Ruth spent the holidays with relatives and friends in Chambers county.

Dr. Arthur Johnson will leave Friday for New Orleans to take a few week's course in eye, ear, nose and throat, at the New Orleans Polyclinic.

AN EASY WAY TO REDUCE FLESH.

Drink Hot Water and Take Tassco

Haven't you often wished for a medicine to reduce your flesh? Something that does not require dieting or calisthenics? Well, right here you have it in 5-grain tassco tablets, which you may secure at any good druggist. They are pleasant to take, perfectly harmless and cause no restrictins f habit r eating, and reduce the flesh, little by little, until yu are dwn t the number of pounds you wish to weigh. Too much flesh is undesirable, as most quite stout people will readily admit, and it detracts from one's good appearance; makes one clumsy and short of breath.

There isn't any reason why anyone should be too stout, when theer's this much-tried, perfectly satisfactory remedy at any good druggist Tassco tablets (don't forget the name) are recommended by physicians and are guaranteed to be perfectly harmless. Refuse substitutes, if you cannot come to our store we will mail tassco to yo.

—50c BOX FREE—

FREE TASSCO COUPON
THE TASSCO CO.
Boston, Mass.

Send me by return mail a 50c box of your wonderful obesity treatment. I enclose 10c in silver or stamps to help pay postage and packing.

THORSBY ITEMS

Miss Maud Robinson, who is attending Howard College in Birmingham, is spending the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Robinson.

Miss Luella Winslow entertained a number of her friends at her home one mile south of Thorsby, on Thursday night of last week. The guests enjoyed a pleasant evening playing games. Light refreshments were served.

Mr. Einar Anderson, who is attending Piedmont College at Demorest, Ga., spent the holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Magne Anderson.

Mr. James Kilgore of Joppa, Cullman County, spent Sunday with Mr. Elmer Anderson, and left with him on Tuesday for Demorest, Ga., where they are both attending Piedmont College.

Misses Helen Jenkins, May Stoddard, Marion Clark, and Nona Akard, teachers in Thorsby Institute, spent their holiday vacation in Florida, where they visited Jacksonville, St. Augustine and other points of interest. Miss Ora Angell, Librarian of Thorsby Institute, spent the holidays in Birmingham. Prof. C.M. Williams and family visited with his parents in Clay County during the holidays.

The Ladies Guild met with Mrs. L. E. Diefenderfer on Thursday of last week.

Misses Mabel and Harriet Swan entertained a number of their friends at their home Friday night of last week. A large number were present and enjoyed a pleasant evening.

Thorsby Institute opened after the holidays on Tuesday, Jan. 2, with a number of new students enrolled.

Mrs. Lelia Mae Northrup spent Saturday in Birmingham, accompanied by her little sisters, Jennie and Edith.

Mr. Arthur Villadsen, who has had a position in a foundry in Cleveland, Ohio, for several months, spent last Friday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. P.K. Villadsen. He went from here to take up a position formerly held at Corona, Ala.

Mrs. Hattie Gerald spent a day recently with her daughter, Miss Thora in Birmingham.

Miss Alma Dippery left for Birmingham on Tuesday of this week to resume her studies at Wheeler Business College, where she is taking a course of stenotype and trpewriting.

Miss Anna Berlin, who is in training at St. Vincent's Hospital, Birmingham, spent the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Gust Berlin.

Rev. Arnold Nelson of St. Paul, Minn., has entered upon his duties as pastor of the Swedish-Lutheran Church of Thorsby. Mr. Nelson will divide his time between Thorsby and several other churches in Alabama. His next preaching day for Thorsby will be January 14th.

A goodly number of people gathered around the municipal Christmas Tree at Thorsby on Christmas night. Music was furnished by the Thorsby Band. Several Christmas songs were sung by the children of the public school and young people of the community. Brief addresses were made by Revs. S.H. Herbert, J.M. Graham, and Arnold Nelson.

Miss Esther Berlin left on Tuesday of this week for Chicago, where she expects to spend the balance of the winter.

The boy scouts of Thorsby entertained their boy friends at a party at the home of Mrs. Hattie Gerald, last Monday night. All present enjoyed a pleasant evening.

Mr. Charles A. Turnquist, of New York, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Peterson of Birmingham, Mrs. S.A. Rogan of Selma, and Mr. George Peterson of Huntsville, Ala., have been visiting with Mr. and Mrs. C.R. Foss during the past week.

Miss Harriet Swan, who is teaching at Collins Chapel, three miles east of Thorsby, spent the holidays with her mother, Mrs. T.O. Swan.

Mr. Akins Mims, who is teaching at Turnerville, spent the holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A.M. Mims.

Miss Evelyn Bargelt will give an entertainment at Thorsby Institute Monday night, Jan. 8. This is the second number of the entertainment course.

MARRIAGES

John R. Creel and Miss Sula Anderson.

N. J. Merrell and Miss Ivey Hamilton.

K. N. Langston and Miss Henry Lee Payne.

Allen Posey and Miss Ollie Warren.

Miss Bertha Smith spent Christmas with friends at Stanton.

Single Comb White Leghorns



To get winter eggs hatch your chicks early. My stock is English strain cockerels, the greatest egg producers ever known. Eggs for sale at $1.50 for 15. Special prices by the hundred.

Good second hand Watches and Clocks for sale cheap.

L. D. POPWELL

CLANTON, ALA.

"That miserable pain—don't you want relief?"



Close attention to work is the cause of much Pain and many Headaches. Obtain relief by taking one or two

DR. MILES' ANTI-PAIN PILLS

Then tone up the Nervous System by using

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine

AWFUL SUFFERING.

"I suffered untold agony with neuralgia. I thought I would go mad with pain. A friend of mine advised me to take Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. I did so and the pain stopped almost at once. Then I commenced using Dr. Miles' Nervine and before long I was so that I did not have these pains any more." E. J. WINTER, 561 E. Platte Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo.

IF FIRST BOTTLE, OR BOX, FAILS TO HELP YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

Pacio, Ala., Girl Tells About Her Mother

Says Her Health Has Now Been Restored.

Miss Pearly Davis says: "My mother had sick headache and felt bad and drowsy all the time. She began taking Granger Liver Regulator, and it has done her more good than all the medicine she had taken before." Miss Davis now knows it is true that Granger Liver Regulator is the most thorough and pleasant purifier of the system known, despite the fact that it is purely vegetable and contains no alcohol whatsoever. Your druggist will recommend this great medicine. Ask him.

MINUTES READY

The minutes of the Chilton County Baptist Association are now ready for delivery to the various churches. Call at the Banner office to secure them.

Miss Lucile Stodenmeyer has returned to her home at Prattville, after a visit of several days with Miss Rilla Smith.

Rev. H. T. Crumpton preached his farewell sermon at the Baptist Church Sunday, and is moving to Arkansas. His successor has not been chosen yet.

H. B. Oliver of Verbena was in Clanton Wednesday.

Dr. E. B. Strickler has returned to Clanton after his roliday vacation.

J. C Culp of Route 7, was in Clanton Tuesday.

O. O. Calfee was in town Tuesday.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

F. B. COLLIER
Attorney at Law
Office in the Johnson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in New Hayes Bldg.
Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women and Children
CLANTON, ALA.

Willie Parrish came home to spend the Christmas holidays.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME V. CLANTON, ALABAMA, JANUARY 11, 1916. NUMBER 41.

Judge of Probate, 1Jan16

COMMENT ON POLITICS IN NATIONAL MATTERS

Opinions of Newspapers over the Country as they ob- Government Actions at Washington.

Let us make ready. Let us train all our sons. We shall not simply be preparing for war. We shall be making ready for a deeper and fuller and securer national life. We shall be weeding out of our hearts and lives the cowardice and slothfulness which have marred our relation to our country, and giving our better selves a chance. We shall be doing away with artificial distinctions and class differences and invoking the only principle on which a nation may safely rest—that of a democracy based on a common devotion to the common good and common service to the commonwealth.—St Louis Republican.

Secretary of the Treasury William G. McAdoo, in an interview, says that there is no cost of living problem—that we have so much wealth that we should not complain about the increase in prices but should thank God morning and evening for our great prosperity. This is the same secretary who scouts the idea that there is any evasion of the income tax worth worrying about. Blindness is not only a severe affliction for a man of the secretary's vigor and wide interests in life;but carping critics might even consider that it impaired the usefulness of the head of the federal government's greatest departmen. We strongly urge the secretary to consult an occulist before it is too late.—New Haven Times-Leader.

Cincinnati Commercial Tribune: The people of Mexico are engaged in a task of preparing to adopt a new constitution. The convention was addressed recently by Carranza, the provisoonal president. In the course of his speech Carranza outlined a number of reforms which he recommended as worthy of adoption. But the most daring recommendation of all, not only from the Mexican but from any other nation's point of view, is found in the fo owing: "We must consider whether the vote ought to be given to all or limited by educational or propert yqualifications. I think the vote should go to all, but that it should be taken from those making wrong use of it or those who look with indifference on the affairs of the republic." If the latter proposition were a part of the American Constitution a large army of voters would have been disqualified in the state of Ohio at the recent election, for a tabulation of the votes cast shows that more than twenty thousand failed to indicate their choice for a presidential candidate and as many as thirty thousand manifested the same feeling of indifference toward the candidates for the governorship.

The Cleveland Plain Dealer, an ardent supporter of President Wilson, declares that "if the Adamson Act were a national menace previous to November 7, it is a menace now," and suggests that the Republican minority should get busy in an effort to repeal it, or at least to hamper seriously the efforts of the Democrats to make the act stronger. You remember the farmer who tied himself to a runaway calf?—Minneapolis Tribune.

This administration has a good deal to answer for in its action of yesterday, when its ill advised and wholly erroneous statements regarding the probability of the United States being drawn into war, broke the back of the New York Stock Market and through the near panic which ensued ruined thousands of people throughout the country. This morning, after the damage is done, Secretary Lansing says it is all a mistake, but such mistakes like the negligence of the engineers, is almost criminal. Of all the Cabinet, Secretary Lansing has had the reputation of being a man of ability, but such a bone head as was pulled off yesterday should consign him and the administration to the scrap barrel for good.—Stebenville (Ohio) Herald-Star.

MONEY TO LOAN

WE ARE IN TOUCH WITH AN UNLIMITED SUPPLY OF MONEY, AND CAN NEGOTIATE LONG-TIME LOANS ON FARM LANDS UPON EASY TERMS. IF YOU ARE INTERESTED, CALL ON US.

Middleton & Reynolds.

INDICTED FOR STEALING GOVERNMENT GASOLINE

Leo G. Woodward, former chier chauffeur of the Post Office department, has been indicted by the Grand Jury for stealing government gasoline. It is alleged that May 30 and 31, June 5 and 10, Woodward appropriated gasoline purchased for use of the United States government. It is claimed that Woodward filled the tank of the private car of Assistant Postmaster General Otto Praegerwith gasoline from the government tank. The post office inspectors say that Woodward admitted using the gasoline on three occasions to fill the tank of Mr. Praeger's car, but stated that on the following days he purchased gasoline from the Standard Oil Co., which was placed in the Government tank.—Washington Star.

MUDDLED THE SITUATION

It is seriously doubted whether Secretary Lansing has, by his explanations of the note which has been sent to the belligerent nations of Europe, contributed anything in its favor. That he has muddled the situation instead of clarifying it, both in his country and abroad, is indicated by the explanation which he has made of his explanation. In one of these he speaks of this country being on the verge of war, because both sides are continuing in their violation of our rights, and later, after having discovered the effects thereof he hastens to say that he did not intend to convy the idea that this country was contemplating a departure from its neutral position, and that he did not consider that his first statement was open to several interpretations.

But there should have been as much care taken in the explanations as there apparently were in the note. If Mr. Lansing has said more than he intended to, it is possible that it was based upon information which the government has, which has not become public, but the result has been, instead of making the meaning of the note more plain, or setting forth the reasons for sending it, he has thrown a cloud about the whole affair, which even this third statement does not dissolve. This is bound to have its effect abroad as well as at home, a fact which should have been taken into consideration before it was made His explanations indicate that there is something in the note which has to be arrived at through inference rather than through what is actual said.—Norwich (Conn.) Bulletin.

WHO MAKES TERMS OF PEACE?

Does the victor or the vanquished usually propose peace during a war?

Take America's wars and you will find that the loser was the one to suggest an end of the fighting.

England and not the United States was the power to request peace in the Revolutionary War, and America was the winner.

Mexico and not the United States was the first to talk peace in that clash seventy years ago, and again America was the winner.

The Confederacy, whose cause was lost, made peace proposals during the Civil War, long before Lee surrendered.

Napoleon tried vainly to make peace with Russia when he was at Moscow one hundred and four years ago, but Czar Alexander, then apparently the under dog, refused, and Napoleon's retreat followed, with an anihilation of his own army.

It was Napoleon, who again sought peace before and after Leipsic, but the allied powers refused, deposed him from the throne and sent him to Elba.

The French people cried for peace in 1870, but Bismarck, the victor, didnot stop until all his conditions had been met.

The war had been ended before Grant said, "Let us have peace!"—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

FUTILE ESSAY IN PROBABILITY

We violate no confidence when we venture the statement that if there now happened to be a Republican majority in either the Senate or the House, the probability is strong that there would ensue a searching legislative investigation of the circumstances under which the fact of the president's communication to the belligerents reached the stock tickers six or seven hours before it reached the newspaper offices.

This invstigation would extend not only to the ascertainment of the fact of a leak but also to its exact location. It would cover the questions of source, channel and chronology in connection with the known performances of the stock market on Wednesday afternoon.

Candor compels us to add that there is not now a Republican majority in either house of Congress.

Consequently there is not likely to be a public scandal.—New York Sun.

J. Dalton Wedon, who is teaching in Tennessee, was called home last week by the unfortunate death of his brother.

Watch the Label on your paper.

The little yellow label on your paper every week shows the date when your subscription is out; if not paid ahead before then your paper will be stopped. Keep your eye on the label.

We shall continue to publish the best newspaper in Chilton county, at the same price of

$1.00 A YEAR

SUCCESSFUL TEACHERS ON STATE EXAMINATION

The following list of applicants for teachers certificates in Chilton County were successful at the last examination held in December:

Miss Eloise Honeycutt, first grade; Wm. R. Baker, third grade; Elmer Williamson, third grade; Mary Norris (colored) third grade.

Only four out of the total number of fifteen applicants were successful. The teaching force of the county is not increased by these successful ones as each of them were already engaged in teaching under former certificates.

County Superintendent Bean advances the idea that next year will find the schools of Chilton County somewhat in a scramble for teachers, if we depend on our native product for material.

This condition should not exist. We are already too dependent on importations. We should raise and use our own teachers as well as many other things. It is all right to send them away to be trained, but they should come back to us, and render their just duty to their home community by striving for elevation along educational lines.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT

Estate of H. B. Rogers, deceased; Probate Court.

Letters testimentary of said deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 30th day of December, 1916, by the Hon. E. B. Deason, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, are hereby requested to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

J. A. ROGERS, Adm.

HIGH SCHOOL NEWS

The Senior Class of 1917 are preparing to get out an annual. The following officers have been elected:

Joe Kanjutzky, Business Manager; Ruben Lowe, Editor-in-Chief; Dewey Rockett, Assistant Editor; Kathleen Mullins, Historian; Madge Cooper, Poet; Arden Allen, Orator; U. L. Jones, Prophet; Dewey Rockett, Editor of Athletics; Henry Lee Payne, Will Writer.

The officers are now at work, and we hope to have the work ready to be printed in a short time.

Seems that during the holidays, some of our students were captured by Cupid. The Seniors are certainly shocked at the loss of Henry Lee and the Sophs of Ellen, but then we take it for granted that they knew best.

Mid-Term Exams. start Thursday and close with the first term's work on the following Tuesday.

"Pat" Sartor has made some New Year's resolutions not to be late at school. He now arrives at 9:00, a.m.

Erle Pinckard says he believes that he will complete two grades again this year.

The basket ball boys are undergoing some stiff practice this week. They will probably play a game Saturday.

Of course, Texas Republicans have not much to feel thankful for in a political way this year. They didn't elect anybody, they will get no offices, and they will not be allowed to even look at the crumbs that fall from the pie counter. Still they may feel thankful that none of them were lynched for voting their ticket, and also that there will be only four more years of Woodrow Wilson.

(From the San Antonio Republic)

SHOULTS

Editor Union-Banner:—It has been so long since I have seen anything from this neck of the woods, so I thought I would write a few lines.

The health of our community is very good except a few accidents that happened recently. Miss Gennie Lawrence's clothes caught on fire Sunday, and she was burned seriously leaving her in a critical condition at this time. Also the same morning Bennie McFee fell and broke his arm.

It seems that people are going to raise hogs and hominy this year.

Charles Walker and John Mitchell have the record for killing squirrels this year. They have the "brag" squirrel dog of this community.

I don't see why some of the soldier boy don't write to the Union-Banner and tell of some of their ups and downs.

The children and grand children of Charles Walker spent Christmas with home folks.

BIG IKE

What have you got that you want to turn into money?

I WANT TO BUY ANY-THING FARMERS HAVE

I want to buy corn, velvet beans, peas, fodder, hay, syrup, dressed hogs, hogs on foot, all kinds of cattle.

If you have anything to sell, bring it to me. I will pay highest market prices; and you can get more by bringing them here than for me to come and look at them.

For Sale or Exchange

Mules and Horses, second hand one and two horse wagons, Milk cows, etc. I can give you what you want.

I appreciate the trade I am getting, and when you want to buy or sell it will pay you to see me. I am selling out and will give you Bargains.

L. H. Reynolds

CLANTON, ALA.

SOCIALISTS INSIST ON A PARTY REGULARITY

Bouck White, who has occupied space in the newspapers and engaged public attention before, is again in evidence. The Socialist party has expelled him from its membership for the violation of its party constitution and rules in that he supported candidates of other than the Socialist party. This is a method of keeping a political party small and select. If it should be universally adopted the party of the expelled would soon outnumber all the others—Because the supporting of candidates of other parties than that to which a voter nominally adheres is a very common thing. We do not approve of the practice, but it exists nevertheless. Our theory is that the place to settle pary troubles is within the party, that when a party, by a fair majority, has made a nomication, it should be sustained by all who took part in the preliminaries to naming the ticket.

THE ACME OF MISCHIEFMAKING

President Wilson's peace note is commented on bitterly by Canadian press. Toronto Evening telegram says note will do more harm to future of United States than to the allied cause, and adds that, "the President has exhausted the mischief-making possibilities of his interference in Germany's game to secure peace at any cost." Toronto Globe says proposals will not be received with any greater cordiality than the efforts of Von Bethmann-Hollweg.—The Boston News Bureau.

TRYING TO FIND A WAY OUT

In the mostpositive language this government served upon Germany that if merchant ships were sunk without visitation and search and provision for the safety of life, that we should have no alternative but to sever diplomatic relations. Germany gave a pledge that he would abide by our demands.

She has not done so. Vessel after vessel has been torpedoed without the slightest notice. The government of the United States is now faced with the alternative of making good its ultimatum or running away from its threats, just as it has done right along.

Is the peace note of the president an effort on his part to find a way out of the dilemma?—Philadelphia Inquirer.

NOTICE MIDWIVES

All midwives of the county, who intend to act as such during the year 1917, and who have not olready reported to the health officer, must send their names and addresses to me at once, under penalty of the law for not doing so.

SAMUEL E. JOHNSON,
County Health Officer,
Clanton, Ala.

CARD OF THANKS

Editor Union-Banner:—We desire to express through your paper our appreciation to those, who so kindly remembered us by word or deed, in the bereavement caused by the death of our little baby. May God's richest blessings rest upon each of them.

MR. and MRS. B. J. SESSIONS.

NOTICE REVENUE LICENSE

Birmingham, Ala., Jan. 1, 1917—Hon. H. A. Harris, Sheriff of Chilton County, Ala.,

Dear Sir:—The following Internal Revenue License have been issued to Chilton County in the month of December, 1916:

No U. S. Internal Revenue License were issued to your county in December, 1916

IN MEMORY

On Monday, January 1, the death angel visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Weldon, and took from them their son, Peter Carl, aged 16.

Carl was burned seriously on Dec. 31.

He leaves a father, mother, two brothers and four sisters, and a host of relatives and friends to mourn his loss, which is of a kind and affectionate boy.

We cannot speak words so sympathetic as to soothe the aching hearts but we can point them to the Lamb of God, who "taketh away all sorrows." We believe that we shall meet him again in heaven, where there will be no more parting, and no more sickness or death.

It is hard to give up our loved ones but we should remember that our loss is heaven's gain.

If we could only see him or hear him praising the Savior, we could not wish him back, but would say, "Dear child, with God remain."

The funeral service was conducted by Revs. W. P. Lowery and M. J. Parrish, after which the remains were laid to rest in Cane Creek cemetery, to await the resurrection morning.

Pay your poll tax before Feb. 1st.

FEAGIN WANTS SCHOOLS TO HAVE LONGER TERMS

State Supt. Appeals for opportunities for Lads and Las- of the Southland.

"We must give the boys and girls of the rural South longer schools—and we must do this no matter what it costs in time, effort or money. Not only is it true that in no other section of the United Staes are the people doing so little for their boys and girls as we are doing; not only is it true that probably no country in Christendom except Russia is doing so little for their boys and girls as we in the South are doing, but the shameful fact is that when the writer was in Japan, he found even that so called heathen country aroused to the importance of education, and giving its country boys and girls twice as long a term as we are giving ours—and with compulsory attendance."

"We, of the South have made gratifying progress to be sure, but yet, all too little. Your boys and girls in Alabama, kind reader, who are getting only a five months' average school term—these boys and girls of yours must face competition of boys and girls from other states of the Union, with a combined average term of seven months."

"Nor can we lay the flattering unction of our souls that in proportion to our means we of the South are doing as well as people of the other states are doing. WE ARE NOT!"—Clarence Poe in Progressive Farmer.

Medical Inspection of Children

For some years medical inspection has been carried on in the schools of the larger cities, such as Birmingham, Montgomery and Mobile, and recently the board of education of Ennterprise passed regulations safeguarding the health of pupils in attendance upon the schools. The health resolutions read as follows:

1. Beginning January 1, 1917, regular medical inspection of all the children of the city school shall be made by the medical inspector, who shall bear the official title of "School Medical Inspector."

2. Children found suffering from the following diseases, namely: scarlet fever, diphtheria, chicken pox, minengitis, skin disease, small pox, mumps, whooping cough, pediculosis, and tuberculosis, shall at once be excluded from the school, and not be permitted to re-enter until they present a return permit signed by the Medical Inspector.

3. Children from homes where any of the above mentoned diseases exist shall also be excluded from school until they present a permit signed by the Medical Inspector.

4. In case of children who are anaemic, are who are sufferers from adenoids, enlarged tonsils, etc., parents shall be advised of the existence of said conditions.

5. In addition to the above, a dental examination by an authorized dentist may be made one or more times durthe year, and parents advised where children's health is jeopardised by the bad condition of their teeth.

A CORRECTION IN MR. ADAMS' ARTICLE

Editor Union-Banner:

Your type-setter makes my comment on the North Dakota Farmers Political organization sound a little different from what I intended it.

When you quote me as saying,"We have so many liars that the courts themselves cross themselves," what I did say was that we have so many laws that the highest courts cross themselves. The whole fabric seems to be mixed, your type-setter makes it read, "while the fabric seems to be mixed.

I do not know that your type-setter was far from the truth, but I will be glad for it to read as I intended it.

S. M. ADAMS.

Pay your poll tax before Feb. 1st.

CIRCUIT COURT DATES

Second Monday in February, and continue two weeks (Jury cases.)

Second Monday in April, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

Second Monday in June, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

Second Monday in August and continue two weeks (Jury ceses.)

Second Monday in October, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

Second Monday in December, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

The Grand Jury will be organized on the Second Monday in February, and Second Monday in August.

The Equity docket will be called on the second Monday in April, and the Second Monday in June, the Second Monday in October and the First Monday in December.

RUSSIANS SMASH AT TEUTON LINES

Berlin Admits That Counter-Offensive Has Been Launched And That Russians Gained Ground

ALSO BATTLES NEAR RIGA

Heavy Fighting On Northern End Of Long Eastern Line—Berlin Says Russians Were Repulsed

New York.—Although the Teutonic allies have made further advances in Roumania, both in their operation driving eastward from the mountain region and northward from Wallachia into Moldavia, the Russians and Roumanains at various points are giving them battle and at several places have met with success.

Between Folshani and Fundeni the Russians made a strong attack over a front of about sixteen miles. They gained ground near Obilechti, says the German war office, but elsewhere were repulsed with heavy casualties. The Petrograd official communication says the Russians re-established their former position near Kapatuno, northwest of Folkshani, made an advance in the vicinity of Raspitza lake and in a surprise attack captured trenches to the northwest in the Oituz valley.

Admission is made by Petrograd that the Russians and Roumanians on the upper reaches of the Suchitza river retired before the advancing invaders, while Berlin says that between the Oituz and Putna valleys the defenders were pushed back further toward the plains. Mount Adobesti was stormed by a German detachment and captured.

On the northern end of the Russian line in Couland the Russians launched strong attacks near Mitau, but were repulsed, suffering casualties and losing thirteen hundred men who were made prisoners, according to Berlin. Near Riga considerable fighting is still in progress.

In the other war theaters bombardments and small enterprises by reconnoitering and raising parties have featured the fighting.

Rome reports an advance of about five hundred yards by the Italians near Hill 208 during a surprise attack.

In Macedonia the British endeavored again to push forward their line near Lake Doiran, but failed, according to Berlin.

FOUR MEXICANS SHOT BY NEW HAMPSHIRE GUARDS

Report Says Mexicans Were Engaged In Filibustering Expedition On Border

Laredo, Texas.—Four alleged Mexican filibusterers were either killed or badly wounded in an encounter with troops of the First New Hampshire infantry at Zapata, Texas, according to a report reaching Laredo. Army officers here stated, however, that they had no information of the reported fight.

The New Hampshire troops, under command of Major Orville Caine, doing patrol duty in the vicinity of Zapata, according to the report, came upon an indefinite number of filibusterers crossing the Rio Grande at Zapata. A clash followed, and at least four of the Mexicans were killed or wounded while crossin gthe river. No mention is made of American casualties.

The same report says that Mexican revolutionists have captured Ramilene and Parral, two villages, located about ten miles below the border from Zapata.

K troops, Fourteenth United States cavalry, which was sent to Minerva, forty miles west of Laredo, to prevent a reported impending crossing of a filibustering expedition into Mexico, returned to quarters here, having encountered no filibusterers.

Real Money For The Mexicans

Laredo, Texas.—In order to better economic conditions, all Mexican railway employees will hereafter be paid 50 per cent of their salaries in metallic currency and the other 50 per cent in gold certificates.

Leaders Of Allies Close Conference

Rome.—The conference between the members of the entente allied governments has been brought to a close. It is announced that the conference established once again the complete unity of views of the entente allies on the various questions down for discussion and that the statesmen present will leave Rome with a strong resolution to introduce greater co-ordination in their efforts for the successful issue of the war. Cordial speeches were delivered in which the Italian and French took part.

Jitney Bandits Loot Tennessee Bank

Bristol, Tenn.—Two men forced a Bristol jitney bus operator to drive them to Bluff City, Tenn., where they dynamited and robbed the Bank of Bluff City. En route they ransacked a store at Piny Flats. The amount stolen has not been determined. The automobile driver was forced to wait while the two robberies were accomplished, and then bring the men back to Bristol. There is no clew and it is not now known whether the robbers will be caught, although everything being done to capture them.

CHARGES WILL BE PROBED

"Leak" Investigation Favored By The House And The Rules Committee Ordered To Report

Washington.—Congressional agitation over charges that there was a "leak' 'of advance information on President Wilson's peace note, on which somebody made money in the stock market, culminated in the house ordering the rules committee to make a report within ten days on Representative Wood's resolution for investigation and an open statement on the floor by Representative Bennet of New York, that Bernard Barush, a New York stock operator, was reported to have sold short 15,000 shares of steel on the "tip."

Over objections of Representaive Henry, chairman of the committee, who, after conferences with Thomas W. Lawson, of "Frenzied Finance" fame, announced that the Boston financier's charges were a "mirage," Representative Wood succeeded in having the house hold privileged his resolution providing for an inquiry into the Lawson allegations by a committee of five. Then the resolution was referred to the rules committee with instructions to report on it in ten days.

Mr. Henry immediately called a meeting to consider the resolution, and both Democrats and Republicans of the committee demanded that Mr. Lawson, Representative Wood and others be called to testify.

Oratorical pyrotechnics marked Representative Wood's fight to obtain privileged recognition. Flanked by Representaitve Gardner of Massachusetts and a dozen other Republicans, Mr. Wood insisted that Representative Henry had no intention of calling his committee to consider the original Wood "leak" resolution introduced December 22. Representative Henry denied this, but said neither Mr. Lawson nor Representative Wood had produced or promised to produce any evidence which would warrant such action.

For Better Agricultural Conditions

Atlanta.—An important step in the agricultural development of the South is the establishment here of the Farmers Service Organization, with Professor J. N. Harper and Professor J. C. Pridmore in charge. Professor Harper resigned his position as dean of the Clemson Agricultural College and director of the South Carolina Experiment Station and Professor Pridmore resigned the chair of Soils and Crops at the University of Tennessee to take over their new duties. Both of these gentlemen are recognized authorities on southern agricultural conditions and their advice should be authoritive in every way.

The work of the Farmers Service Organization will extend throughout the South and will be in close harmony with the State Experiment Stations, Colleges of Agriculture and Federal Departments of Agriculture. Their work will include lectures before agricultural societies, demonstration agents, agricultural colleges, chautauquas, etc., the preparation and distribution of bulletins and direct correspondence with any farmer who desires to make any inquiry in regard to any agricultural problem that may confront him.

There will be no charge, directly or indirectly for any advice that may be offered and farmers will be as free to avail themselves of the services of this organization as they are to consult with the state college of agriculture.

Carranza Consul Held As a Plotter

New York.—The arrest here by federal officers of Juan T. Burns, consul general at New York for the de facto government of Mexico, disclosed an alleged conspiracy in which five Mexicans, including Burns, are charged in 3 indictments with shipping arms into Mexico in violation of President Wilson's embargo proclamation of October, 1915, and with evasion of customs regulations.

Captain Cochrane, U. S. A., Is Dead

El Paso, Texas.—Captain Percy M. Cochrane of the quartermaster corps, U. S. A., died at the base hospital here of pneumonia. He had been stationed at the quartermaster depot for several months. He was a native of Florida. He was promoted from the ranks.

Ideal American Fowl In Experiment

New York.—An ideal American fowl in which will be centered all the good points of all the good breeds of hens, is the object of experiments being conducted by the United States government, Harry M. Lamon, head husbandman of the government farm, has been working for the last five years on the new American product. According to Mr. Lamon, the new hen will have white plumage, yellow legs, red ear lobes and a moderate sized comb.

U-Boat Torpedoes French Battleship

Berlin.—A dispatch from Milan reports that the French battleship Verite has been torpedoed by a German submarine near Malta. The Verite, badly damaged, is lying near the port of Malta. The battleship Verite was built at Bordeaux in 1907, and is one of a class of four warships of which the Liberte was destroyed by an explosion ir 1911. The battleships of this class displace 14,630 tons, with a water line length of 439 feet, beam 79.5 feet and draft 27.6 feet.

SENATE APPROVES PRESIDENT'S NOTE

By Vote Of 48 to 17 The Reqnest For Statement Of Peace Terms By Belligerents Is Endorsed.

WAR PREDICTED FOR U. S.

Senator Lewis Of Illinois Says Country Will Not Stand For Additional Submarine Outrages

Washington.—Approval of President Wilson's request for a statement of peace terms from the European belligerents was voted by the senate at the conclusion of three days of stirring debate. Action came with dramatic suddenness when Democratic leaders decided to accept a form of resolution that would not commit the senate to indorsement of the whole of the president's note, and ten Republicans of the Progressive group joined the majority in making the vote 48 to 17.

Senator Marine of New Jersey was the only Democrat to vote in the negative.

Discussion of the subject had reached a climax during the day with a sensational declaration by Senator Lewis, chief spokesman for the Democrats, replying to Republican criticism of the president's course. Without referring directly to the submarine controversy, the senator said the United States could not keep out of the war if it continued, and that America would not again accept misconception of orders or zeal of an officer as an excuse for an injury to a citizen or property.

The chief objection urged against the original resolution offered by Senator Hitchcock was that it would indorse the president's offer to join in a movement to guarantee world peace and his declaration of the interest of the United States in small nations. Progressive Republicans joined Senator Lodge and others in this contention.

The resolution adopted was proposed by Senator Jones (Rep.) of Washington, and was accepted by Senator Hitchcock as a substitute for his own. It resolves:

"That the senate approves and strongly endorses the request by the president in the diplomatic notes of December 18 to the nations now engaged in war, that those nations state the terms upon which peace might be discussed."

DENIAL BY TUMULTY THAT HE "LEAKED" ON THE PEACE NOTE

R. W. Bolling, Brother Of Mrs. Wilson, Denies That He Gave Wall Street Advance Information

Washington.—Sensational rumors of a "leak" to Wall street in advance of President Wilson's peace note were related to the house rules committee by Representaive Wood of Indiana in support of his resolution for an inquiry. He prefaced his testimony with the statement that he had nothing but hearsay evidence to offer and vainly protested against an open session of the committee.

Names and rumored details of the alleged "leak" came thick and fast when Mr. Wood began his story. He mentioned Joseph P. Tumulty, secretary to President Wilson; R. W. Bolling, a brother-in-law of the president; Bernard Baruch of New York and various brokerage houses, crediting most of his information to a letter received from "A. Curtis" of New York.

Statements were issued after the committee meeting by Secretary Tumulty and Mr. Bolling flatly denied the reports regarding them, and Mr. Tumulty demanded that Representative Wood publicly apologize for mentioning his name. Mr. Wood followed with a statement pointing out that he had desired to testify in private, but that those whose names were the subject of the rumor should court the fullest investigation.

Austrian Ambassador Coming Over

Washington.—Count Tarnow-Tarnowski, the new Austro-Hungarian ambassador to the United States, will sail January 13 from Amsterdam.

300 Killed; 1,000 Homes Destroyed

Tokio, Japan.—Three hundred persons have been killed and many injured in a disastrous earthquake in central Formosa, according to special dispatches from Taihoku, the capital of Formosa. It is estimated that one thousand homes have been destroyed. The city of Nanto has been damaged extensively by fire. The island of Formosa lies between the Philippine Islands and Japan and is owned by Japan. The city of Nanto is situated in the central part of the island, and is an important trading center.

Russians Driven Out Of Dobrudja

Paris.—The Roumanian province of Dobrudja now is in the hands of the central powers, whose armies continue to advance through Great Wallachia into Moldavia. Braila, in Great Wallachia and on the west bank of the Danube below Galatz, has been captured by German and Bulgarian troops. Several villages on the outskirts of Braila have been occupied, and Field Marshal von Mackensen's troops have taken over four hundred prisoners in their latest dashes in that bloody sector.

CHANGES REGARDING MEXICO

Certain a New Policy Will Be Adopted In Dealing With The Southern Republic

Washington.—All the threads of the tangled situation between the United States and Mexico are held by President Wilson. The American members of the Mexican-American joint commission have made to him late a personal report of their negotiations, which reached a deadlock, and whether the conferences of the commission shall continue is a question the president has added to those already under consideration, the determination of which will shape the administration's future policy toward the de facto government

Although an authoritative admission to that effect was lacking, it became known that Secretary Lane, Dr. J. R. Mott and Judge George Gray, the American commissioners, considered useless further attempts to effect a settlement of questions at issue through the joint commission.

They submitted to the president a written report of their failure to have ratified by Carranza the protocol providing for withdrawal of the American troops from Mexico and for a cooperation control of the border, and asked him to decide whether they should continue their conferences on other subjects as suggested by Carranza.

It seemed certain that some radical changes in policy would be adopted by the United States. The president continued his consideration of withdrawal of General Pershing's force regardless of Carranza attitude, and of the sending of Henry P. Fletcher to Mexico City to represent the government as ambassador. It is known that neither of these steps would be regarded as inconsistent by the American commissioners.

In anticipation that orders will be issued soon for recall of the troops the war department has prepared a tentative plan of withdrawal. General Scott chief of staff and General Bliss, assistant chief of staff, conferred at length with Secretary Baker, and it was said they discussed a request by the president for a report on what effect, in the opinion of military men, withdrawal of the troops would have.

PEACE CONDITIONS OF TEUTON ALLIES KNOWN TO PRESIDENT

Count Andrassy, Formerly Premier Of Hungary, Says Terms Have Been Stated To President Wilson

London.—President Wilson now knows the peace conditions of the Teutonic allies and the entente powers can learn what they are from him, Count Julius Andrassy, formerly premier of Hungary, is quoted as asserting in a dispatch from Budapest, forworded by way of Amsterdam.

The statement attributed to Count Andrassy was made in a New Year's speech. He said:

"As the entente alleges that our peace proposal was only a maneuver and was not made with any earnest desire to bring about peace. I am able to declare that President Wilson now knows our peace conditions and the entente can learn them from that source."

The version of the Budapest dispatch quotes Count Andrassy as saying that the peace conditions of the central powers will be communicated to President Wilson, the quotation being as follows:

"If the entente rejects our peace offer only because they maintain that our offer is not honestly meant but is a maneuver and that they cannot enter into negotiations before knowing our conditions, they can learn these from President Wilson, to whom they will be communicated."

To Entertain Contest For Governor

Jefferson City, Mo.—Democratic leaders in the Missouri legislature virtually agreed to entertain the gubernatorial contest petition signed by Judge Henry Lamm, of Sedalia, who on face of the returns was defeated by about 2,200 votes.

Wilson Makes Appeal For Red Cross

Washington.—Americans are besought to refill the almost empty European war relief fund of the American Red Cross in an open letter by Woodrow Wilson, as president of the Red Cross, just made public here.

Eight Hours Adopted By Railroad

Laurel, Miss.—The eight-hour day has been put into effect on the Gulf and Ship Island railroad. Switching crews have received notice that eight hours will constitute a day's work, but the pay will remain the same as when ten hours' service was required. A representative of the employees said they do not believe the company contemplates compliance with the general terms of the new law until its validity has been determined by the United States supreme court.

Progress For British On The Tigris

London.—Further progress has been made by the British on the Tigris front, where offensive operations recently were resumed after a long period of quiet during the hot weather Since December 26 operations on the Tigris front have been impeded by heavy rain, which has fallen almost daily and reduced the ground to a morass. In spite of these adverse conditions progress has been made on the right bank of the Tigris, east and northeast of Kut-el-Amara.

ABSOLUTE DENIAL MADE BY TUMULTY

PRIVATE SECRETARY OF PRESIDENT APPEARS BEFORE THE RULES COMMITTEE.

LANSING ALSO MAKES DENIAL

No Definite Knowledge Obtained From Thomas W. Lawson as to the Leak.

Washington.—Through a bewildering maze of intimations and heated colloquies, which turned the hearing into an uproar, the House rules committee wrestled for several hours with Thomas W. Lawson, of Boston, without obtaining any definite information to substantiate the stories of a "leak" on Wall street in advance of the President's peace note.

Earlier in the day, Joseph P. Tumulty, secretary to President Wilson, whose name was mentioned by Representative Wood in the rumors he laid before the committee last week, appeared to give an emphatic statement, indorsed by the President, that he had no knowledge of the peace note before it was given to the press. He also denied the report repeated by Mr. Wood that Mr. Tumulty and Bernard Baruch, a New York broker, had conferred in a New York hotel a few days before the note was made public. Mr. Tumulty denounced the action of Representative Wood in making public charges based on a letter from an unidentified man and declared from the witness stand, looking Representative Wood in the face, that he was still awaiting the congressman's apology.

Lansing is Questioned.

Secretary Lansing of the state department also took the stand to assert that he had no knowledge whatever of advance information having been circulated regarding the peace note. Mr. Lansing, relating the physical history of the note, how it was prepared, through whose hands it passed, and of his participation in its preparation. He also told of a statement he had given in confidence to newspaper men on the morning before the note was made public in which he told them to expect a note at 5 that evening for publication Thursday morning. He did not go into details with the correspondents, he said, but did say that it was not a proposal for peace nor an offer of mediation.

The secretary further stated that he had not given the possible effect of the note on the stock market the least thought, but that he had cautioned secrecy because of the courtesy due to the foreign nations that the communication should not be published here before it had been received abroad.

PROHIBITION WINS VICTORY

Webb-Kenyon Measure Is Upheld by United States Supreme Court.

Washington.—In the most sweeping of all decisions upholding prohibition laws, the supreme court upheld as constitutional and valid the Webb-Kenyon law prohibiting shipments of liquor from "wet" to "dry" states. It also sustained West Virginia's recent amendment to her law prohibiting importation in interstate commerce of liquor for personal use.

After having been vetoed by President Taft, who held it unconstitutional, and having been repassed by Congress over his veto, the law was sustained by the supreme court by a vote of 7 to 2.

Leaders of the prohibition movement declare it is to their fight second only in importance to the proposed constitutional amendment. Lawyers for liquor interests who heard the decision admitted it upheld and applied the law "in its fullest sense."

"BUFFALO BILL" DYING.

Brave Old Plainsman Meeting Death for the Last Time.

Denver.—Cod. William F. Cody (Buffalo Bill) is dying in Denver, facing death in the same manner that he has faced it many times on the plains in the west in conflicts that made his name famous. The colonel heard of the approach of the end of his life from Dr. J. H. East, his friend. He had summoned the physician to the home of his sister, where he is sepnding his last hours.

American Soldiers In Battle.

Laredo.—Four alleged Mexican filibusters were either killed or badly wounded in an encounter with the troops of the First New Hampshire infantry at Zapata, Tex., according to a report reaching Laredo. Army officers here stated, however, that they had no information of the reported fight. The New Hampshire troops, under command of Maj. Orville, doing patrol duty in the vicinity of Zapata, came upon an indefinite number of filibusters crossing the Rio Grande at Zapata.

MEMORABLE YEAR FOR EDUCATION

GREAT VICTORY IN 1916 OF LOCAL TAXATION OPENS WAY FOR PROGRESS.

STATE CAPITAL NEWS ITEMS

Doings of the Various Departments of the Commonwealth Given for Our Readers.

—Montgomery.

William L. Feagin, state superintendent of education, took the people of Alabama into his confidence. Simultaneous with the filing of the original of his annual report for the fiscal year of 1917, he made it public and revealed a story of a successful year for the education of the youth of Alabama and predicted a year that would break every precedent if the voters will use the powers and avail themselves of the machinery which was provided for them during the year which has just gone into history.

Mr. Feagin's report goes into every detail of the work of the state department of education. The school population of the state, according to the school census of 1916, was 780,336. Of this number 444,060 were whites and 336,306 were negroes. Total enrollment in the various departments of elementary and high schools was 503,102, or 64 per cent of the total school population. Of this number, 344,481 were whites and 158,621 were negroes. The students were taught in 6,222 school buildings, 4,534 being for whites and 1,688 for negroes. The number of teachers employed was 10,737, of the number 8,142 being white and 2,615 negroes. The school buildings are worth more than $8,000,000, while the amount spent for instruction alone during the year was more than 3,500,000.

Mr. Feagin said the greatest work of the year was the adoption of the constitutional amendment for local taxation and the election of a board of education in each county which will have complete charge of the public school system, including the election of the county superintendent of education. The superintendent declared the new county boards would prove to be an important move upward as they are made up of persons who are interested in the public school system. No member of the board will receive a salary.

Total school funds for the year amounted to $4,595,440, an increase of more than $150,000 over the amount of the year ending September 30, 1915.

Spur Ordered by Commission.

The Alabama Public Service Commission in the case of J. Bice et al. against the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company, ordered that a spur or side track be placed on the lines of the road at Bice, about 44 miles north of Montgomery, between Clanton and Tohrsby.

Probate Judges Will Be Changed.

Last election created about the greatest upheaval among Probate Judges of the State that has ever been known in the history of Alabama, according to old statesmen here. Judge J. T. Gorman, State Examiner of Public Accounts and a follower of events in Alabama, figured out the list of counties where there will be new Probate Judges January 15. There ar forty in all.

No Commissions on Dog Tax.

State Auditor M. C. Algood has been in receipt of communications from Tax Assessors asking if, under the law, they are entitled to commission on dog taxes. Mr. Algood is now referring his correspondence to a ruling of Attorney-General W. L. Martin in this connection. That official decided that he could not find any provision in the statute giving the Assessor pay for making such assessments.

Banks Will Handle Funds.

January 15 sixty-four counties will be without a treasurer, and banks will assume the duties of these officials. Three counties retain such officials, Jefferson and Mobile, by reason of the population being over fifty thousand, and Perry County. A local bill was passed by the last Legislature retaining the Treasurer of this county.

Medical Examiners Meet.

The State Board of Medical Examiners met here and held examination of medical students desiring to obtain their diplomas. The board is composed of Dr. W. H. Sanders, chairman; D. L. Wyman and B. S. Talley, of Birmingham; F. W. Welch, of Talladega; I. L. Wattins and Glenn Andrews, of Montgomery; D. P. Gaines and C. A. Mohr, of Mobile; S. P. Gay, of Selma, and L. W. Johnson, of Tuskegee.

Dalvanie Is Paroled.

Governor Charles Henderson issued a parole to A. R. Dalvanie, sentenced to two years charged with forgery from Geneva County, conditioned upon his future good behavior and also that he remain in the service of the State and assist A. A. Strock in the work of prison welfare and to co-operate with Mr. Strock in his efforts to educate and entertain the prisoners of the State. Dalvanie is a man about 40 years of age and an interesting character. He is a magician and sleight-of-hand man.

CHOOSES HORRIBLE MEANS TO END LIFE

BIRMINGHAM MAN SETS OFF STICK OF DYNAMITE IN LAVATORY OF TRAIN.

KILLS SELF AND TWO OTHERS

Several Passengers Are Hurt—Explosion Wrecks Rear End of Steel Coach.

Birmingham, Ala.—Spurred to an act of desperation it is alleged, by the accusing finger of murder, Louis D. Walton of Birmingham determined to end it all behind the locked door of the lavatory of a day coach on the Birmingham Special train of the Southern railway while it was speeding past Fiftieth street in Woodlawn.

But in freeing his being of the pangs of conscience that followed the bitter accusation he set off and unknown high explosive that tore his body into a hundred parts, killed James Davis Oliver, 1512 South Twelfth avenue, and J. Shelby Shelton, 36 Longhorn street, Atlanta, fatally injured, another man and caused superificial wounds to more than 10 passengers who were making ready to halt their journey at Birmingham, Shelton died of a fractured skull and other injudies at St. Vincent's hospital.

J. D Russum, of West End, a cripple before the explosion, is in a serious condition at the hospital, his right ear blown off and his head gashed, a large splinted in his side and his right leg fractured.

James L. Lee, 2731 College street, son of Sidney W. Lee, president of the Alabama Grocery Company, and H. J. Perkner, 231 South Pryor street, Atlanta, were dazed and shocked by the force of the explosion that wrecked part of the all-steel passenger coach, bent steel angle bars and shattered 30 glass windows in the ill-fated car.

Fifteen or more passengers in the coach were cut by the storm of broken particles of glass and fragments of wood that the mighty detonation, with its muffled roar, set into a fury.

The mystery of why Louis Walton elected to blow himself into 100 particles by exploding a heavy charge of dynamite while aboard the Birmingham Special train of the Southern railway was cleared if statements made are true. It was stated that two days before he shattered his body into infinitesimal bits, Walton availed himself of a $10,000 accident policy with the Pacific Life Insurance Company of Los Angeles. The provisions of the policy provided that in event of death or accident on a railroad or other common carrier, the insured was to receive a double indemnity.

New Association in Etowah.

Gadsden.—A livestock association was formed at a meeting held in the courthouse. B. A. Case, of Attalla, was elected president and O. H. Alford, of Alabama City, Secretary. Dr. C. J. Becker, Alabama representative of the federal tick eradication campaign, and Dr. C. E. Morris, county representative of the tick eradication campaign, made addresses. Tick eradication, purchasing highgrade stock and marketing of livestock were named as the steps to be taken in the work.

Albany May Work For New Road.

Albany.—The Albany Chamber of Commerce is expected to take up the matter of building a railroad from here to Somerville at an early date, following the announcement that a rich bed of oil is being worked in the Somerville section. The bed lies in the east end of Morgan county.

Brooks' Body Found.

Mobile.—The body of Chas. Brooks aged 20 years, employed by the New York Central lines, was found drowned in Bayou Jonas. Brooks came here about two weeks ago and went to the home of relatives at Grand Bay to recover from nervous trouble, brought on by over work.

Sand, Indicating Rich Paraffin Oil.

Cordova.—Sands that are indicative of a rich paraffin oil are now being [illegible] out of Well No. 1, near Cor[illegible], by the operations being put on [illegible] former Governor Haskell and associates from Oklahoma, and there [illegible] hopes that when a shot is fired a gusher of oil will be struck.

Car Shortage Improved.

Mobile.—Representatives of the various railroads entering Mobile, report that there is a big improvement in the car shortage situation due to the change in demurrage rates.

Dothan Struck by Heavy Cyclone.

Dothan.—A cyclone struck Dothan passing through the heart of the city. Considerable property damage was done. Several people were blown down, but deaths resulted.

Many Vessels Dock.

Mobile.—More vessels entered and cleared from the port of Mobile during the past month than at any time since the beginning of the European war ,according to figures made public During the month 62 vessels entered the port and 60 cleared.

IRON PRODUCTION IN 1916.

Authoritive Figures Give 2,714,27. Tons of Iron Made in District.

Birmingham. — The Birmingham District produced in 1916, according to authoritative figures just made up, 2,714,272 tons of pig iron, the largest amount of metal for twelve months in the history of the industry.

The production in December went to 238,360 tons, above the expected tonnage, and in comparison with 233,879 tons of the month before, an increase of 4,481 tons was shown.

The production in the Birmingham district was greatest during October, when 246,827 tons of iron were produced. December was second with 238,360 tons, and November third with 233,879. Had not several blast iron furnaces been banked during the last week of December and some changes made in another furnace or two, the production might have broken the record during the last month of the year.

The iron production in 1915 went to 2,049,453 tons, or just 664,819 tons less than in 1916. The make of iron in 1913 was the greatset for twelve months heretofore, the make then being 2,057,911 tons in Alabama. In 1914 the make went to 1,826,929 tons

OIL DRILLS BEING SET UP.

Entire Western Part of State Deeply Interested in Development.

Birmingham.—Moving of drills already in Walker and adjacent counties in what is termed the oil belt of the district is now well under way, and men or firms with drills are finding no trouble in making contracts for work.

Rigging is now going up on property of the Empire Coal Company while the Banner Oil Company, recently organized, is making a contract for their drilling. The S. A. Hobson Oil, Gas and Pipe Line Company, and the Alabama-Mississippi Oil, Gas and Pipe Line Company have operations under way in Fayette, Winston, Marion, Franklin, Colbert and Lawrence Counties, either drills at work or examinations being made to get a tracing of oil. S. A. Hobson, who has been working on the oil project for many years now in this State, announced that at Atwood, in the northwestern part of the State, the well is down 2,606 feet and at Hamilton, in Marion County, down about 2,000 feet.

GOOD ROADS MEN MEET.

Feasibility of Two Routes in Alabama for Jackson Highway Discussed.

Birmingham.—Good roads advocates from practically every county in northern Alabama attended the meeting in Birmingham January 11 of the Jackson Highway Association. The meeting was held primarily to discuss the feasibility of naming two Alabama routes for the highway.

At the meeting in Nashville last fall the highway was routed through Florence, Ala., and Mississippi to New Orleans. Birmingham, Montgomery and Mobile were not satisfied with the ruling, and have been making a fight for two routes, one along the way of original selection, and the other to come through central Alabama.

These matters were discussed at the meeting in Birmingham January 11, and besides President Peter Lee Atherton, of Louisville, all the members of the Board of Directors were here.

May Own Its Terminals.

Mobile.—After months of planning and investigating various projects suggested for constructing more facilities to meet the needs of the port of Mobile, the city commission has received an opinion from City Attorney R. H. Smith holding that the city cannot guarantee interest on $500,000 bonds to the sum of $25,000 per annum. The attorney also held that the city may issue bonds after approval by the electorate for building such facilities, but not for the purpose of any site to be purchased and held in the name of the state harbor board.

Flagman Hurt in Wreck.

Demopolis.—The west bound freight which arrives at Demopolis at about 9 o'clock, had a wreck in which 12 solid heavily loaded cars of coal left the track and all but one turned over. The wreck occurred about a mile east of Gallion, where the train was making its usual time. The flagman was thrown against the window and cut by glass.

Whiting Concern Formed.

Mobile.—The Gulf States Whiting Company, with a capital of $25,000, has filed incorporation papers in the probate court. The concern will manufacture whiting products at a plant in Crichton, a suburb of Mobile. The whiting will come from beds in Clark county.

Rates Are Suspended.

Washington.—Freight rates on cattle from Birmingham, Ala., and Florida points to Memphis were declared unreasonable by the interstate commerce commission.

Atkinson Is Caught.

Mobile.—Dave Atkinson, a white man, wanted at Monroeville, Monroe County, for breaking jail and grand larceny, has been returned to that place. The prisoner escaped in September, 1915, and was captured at Livingston, Tex.

TRAINING TODAY'S BOYS AND GIRLS

Concerning Your Child's Promises and Their Value.

USED TO AVOID PUNISHMENT

When He Discovers That They Mean Quick Release From Unpleasant Interviews, Then They Will Become Worthless.

By SIDONIE M. GRUENBERG.

"WELL, I won't do it again."

What is there to say after that? You kiss and make up, and in a few minutes the disagreeable interview is forgotten. You do your best to impress your child with the unwisdom or the wickedness of what he has done. You try to be impressive, but you do not feel sure that you have altogether purged the little soul of temptation. You wish, however, to make sure that the offense is not repeated, and you exact a promise. Another time it is something else—assuming authority to punish the younger brother or taking something from the pantry without permission. And again there is an unpleasant conference and again it ends with the promise that the evil deed would not be repeated.

In the course of time your child—who is quite as intelligent as others of his years—learns that the last word in a disagreeable interview has to do with "promising" not to repeat the offense. And as he is anxious to terminate these conversations he applies his knowledge by offering his promise even before you get around to asking it. Not that the child reasons out the connection between the promise and the return of sunshine—there is no more reasoning involved here than in the case of the kitten that learns to come to the saucer of milk.

A dozen times—yes, twenty—your child has promised "not to do it again." And has he kept his promise? Alas, no; for he is just like other children. Up to the present "promise" has meant to him only the ritual that people perform when a prisoner is about to be restored to freedom or when parental displeasure is about to yield to forgiveness and reconciliation. The child has been too young, too inexperienced, to divine your more remote, your more subtle, thought.

But you have been patient. And every broken promise has been forgiven. Until one day it comes upon you suddenly that your child has acquired the habit of making perfunctory promises which neither he nor you expect to be kept. And the fault has been entirely yours.

The futility of asking a child to promise "not to be naughty again," or "to go to sleep at once," or "to come straight home from school" must be apparent to any one who has given the matter a little thought. Is it not sufficient to request the child's immediate return from school? Is it not enough to urge the child to go to sleep at once? Is it not enough to arouse the child's desire to avoid naughtiness? It would seem that we resort to promises in our desire to impress the child with the seriousness of what is expected of him, but in most cases we succeed only in impressing him with our own discomfiture.

If the child is too young to attach any meaning to "promising," there is, of course, nothing wrong in his failure



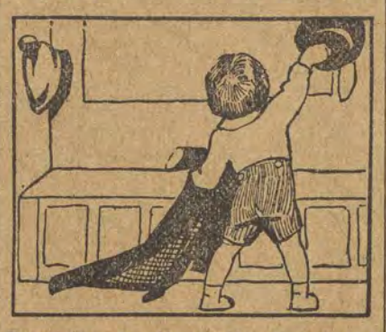
A Dozen Times Your Child Has Promised "Not to Do It Again."

to keep his promises. But in the course of his mental development you expect him to know what a promise is. When this stage is reached the word and the associations should not have cheapened the performance for him. For this reason neither the word nor the act should be forced upon the young child. We should neither exact promises from him as a condition for restoring him to grace or as the cost of favors, nor should we label our promises to him.

It goes without saying that the parent's promises to the child should always be kept. But the temptation to yield to importunities or to distract the child's attention from immediate desires often makes us prophesy favors and indulgences that we do not fully intend to have realized. And it is so easy to concoct a plausible evasion! But it is a dangerous advantage that the parent takes when he thus imposes upon the ignorance and the ingenuousness of the child. For, however plausible your excuses may be, each experience with a parental promise that ends in disappointment drives home the thought that promises are intended only for immediate advantage and not for future obligations.

As the child grows older and comes to understand that "promise" does carry with it an obligation, we should be careful not to burden him with promises that are too difficult to keep. Have him promise less and keep his word up to 100 per cent, rather than get a larger total performance at the cost of a few broken promises. The ability to look forward, to gauge his strength and resources, to plan his time, must not be too heavily strained. It is only gradually that the child learns what he may undertake with a reasonable probability of accomplishment. And in the meanwhile it is unfair to urge the making of promises that must be broken, in whole or in part. The danger, of course, is not that the child will fail in his undertakings, but that he will become indifferent to the sacredness of his promises.

Not only in the gradation of his ability and foresight but also in the evolution of the child's temptations should limits be found for the promises exacted. Don't ask Mabel to promise "never to chew gum;" it is enough to get a promise for a day at a time—never is too long a period, and carries more temptations than the child can anticipate. So with promising to "behave mannerly at table" or to hang up the outer wraps on coming into the house—fix the attention on a single unit of performance, and slowly increase the length of time to be covered by a promise until promises are made unnecessary by suitable habits.



Promising to Hang Up the Outer Wraps When Coming Into the House.

Promises may be helpful instruments in the training of children, but they should not be mere convenient coins with which to bargain for advantages.

MERELY HAD TO RESPOND

Manufacturer's Wife on the Telephone Could Be Trusted to Do All the Talking.

"Take this letter, please, Miss Mushy," said Adam Adamsonny, head of the famous Adamsonny vinegar foundry.

"'Seattle Wicks, Wicksburg, Wick County, Va.—Dear Sir: Yours of the 23d instant received and contents noted, and would say—"

"Wanted on the telephone, Mr. Adamsonny," said Ariovistus, the office boy. "It's Mrs. Adamsonny, sir."

"Tut, tut," tutted Mr. Adamsonny. "This is my busy day. Ariovistus, follow me with the talkaphone. Put in Record No. 33456."

And he went to the telephone and said into it: "Hello, Rhubarba. Yes, my dear. Yes, my dear. Yes, my dear."

Rather quickly for an office boy, Ariovistus appeared with the talkaphone. Mr. Adamsonny adjusted it to the telephone, and, returning to his desk, resumed his dictation. Three times a minute the talkaphone said "Yes, my dear," in Mr. Adamsonny's voice, and Ariovistus stood by to start the record over each time it ran down.

At the end of twenty minutes Mr. Adamsonny rose again, went to the telephone, and said: "Really, my dear, I'm afraid I'll have to return to work now. Yes, my dear, good-by."

And he hung up and winked at the talkaphone and Miss Mushy, who giggled two or three giggles.—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

The Fourth Dimension.

The fourth dimension of space is a supposed or assumed dimension whose relation to the recognized dimensions of length, breadth, and thickness is analogous to that borne by any one of these to the other two. Four-dimensional space may be regarded as a hypothetical conception to explain equations of the fourth degree in analytical geometry or as an entity beyond the limitations of ordinary existence. The treatment of the fourth and higher dimensions belongs to the geometry of hyphenface. The conception has been used by some investigators to explain certain superphysical phenomena, which seem otherwise inexplicable.

Filter Used Gasoline.

Because gasoline is so high one wants to save it in every way possible. To prevent waste of gasoline when cleaning garments or other household articles, do not throw the gasoline away. Before you start cleaning get several sheets of filter paper from your druggist. Ask him to show you how to make a funnel; then, when you have finished cleaning, pour the used gasoline through this paper and it will be as free from foreign particles as before used. You will have less in quantity but the same in quality.—Modern Priscilla.

They Didn't Part.

A man out of all patience with one of his servants called him in, and after giving him a sound scolding wound up with the stereotyped phrase: "We must part." The servant stood scratching his head for a moment and then said, with a look of much concern:

"Sorry am I that we must part, yer honor, but if we must, may I make so bold as to ask where yer honor is going?"

The radical got another trial.—Pittsburgh Chronicle.

Secrets of Success in Hair Dressing



The secret of success in hairdressing lies in the accomplishment of graceful lines, no matter by what means, more than in any other particular. The artist in coiffures must study the head and face of his patron and with the resources he has at hand make the contour of the head graceful from every angle of view. A beautifully shaped head may look its best with the hair wrapped about it as closely as possible, so as not to interfere with its contour.

Often the hairdresser succeeds best by placing the hair high, but sometimes this arrangement will not do at all, and he must build the hair out on the crown or mass it at the nape of the neck. Nearly always waves and curls add a charm, but there are exceptions even to this rule.

A coiffure whose inspiration has been handed down through centuries is built on classic lines, as shown in the accompanying picture. The hair is waved for it and brought over the forehead and out on the cheek in accordance with the vogue of the hour. A small knot at the back is surrounded by short curls, and a sparkling pin emphasizes them. A narrow headband of ribbon is a requisite of this lovely style. It might be in satin or velvet in any color, or a narrow band of gold or silver, plain or jeweled. This is one of the coiffures which vie with others at the opera this season, where honors are not easy. For hairdressers are searching the past for ideas and turning out coiffures in many modes.

Many Styles in Furs



The choice in fur sets for this season includes neckpieces and muffs in familiar styles, and many new patterns. In neckpieces especially the designs are odd and novel, including scarfs and capes and fancy collars. The capes are square and extend across the back, with tie ends at the front, as a rule, although there are short, full capes that cover the shoulders. Fancy collars have been developed in the short-haired furs and lined with crepe or chiffon.

Muffs are medium or small, and are usually either flat or melon shaped. But when they are made to match the fancier neckpieces they are brought into harmony by ruffles or drapings of fur. For the smaller neckpieces and muffs that are made up in odd styles, hudson seal, ermine, mole, squirrel, and other smooth furs are chosen.

However attractive these novelties, they are not in the running, so far as popularity is concerned, with scarfs and muffs of fox and other long-haired furs. These are very smart in short, broad neckpieces, with barrel-shaped muffs to match. The scarfs fasten close about the neck and protect the throat and much of the face. Nothing is better liked than a single pelt of the fox, lined with crepe and provided with fastenings that allow it to be worn either high about the neck or draped about the shoulders.

Fine furs should be selected in simple styles with a view to long service. Scarfs of medium width and length and plain muffs never suffer by comparison with more fanciful designs. A handsome fox set is shown in the picture having a flat scarf finished with a head and tail and a muff with a scarf-like drapery. The memory of woman runneth not back to a season when this model would not have been as good style as it is today.

Julia Bottomley

Large Collars Useful.

Large collars make the bodice so negligible a quantity that they are useful things for furbishing up an old frock or for trimming a bodice otherwise plain and unattractive.

There are also certain bib collars that are as voluminous and as kind to a shabby bodice as the cape, and are as a rule rather more becoming than the latter because they do not give the primly severe, long shoulder line. A pretty model in this class has a choker collar of black velvet ribbon knotted at the back. Around the top of this stock run two narrow plaited frills of fine cream net.

The wide, ivory-toned, washable satin collars are still much in evidence and are cut in various shapes and sizes.

THE UNION-BANNER

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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

Have you paid your poll tax? It must be paid by Feb. 1.

We wonder if Mr. Wilson is "watchfully waiting" to hear what Tom Lawson has to tell next in regard to the "leak" investigation.

There will, in all probality, be some important matters to be voted on in this country this year. It might develop that we would have an election to decide on tick eradication, educational tax or comething else equally as important to the voters. You had better not miss paying your poll tax. You would want to vote on such things if they should arise for consideration.

WAR PROFITS IN CORN

A bulletin of the Department of Commerce, just issued shows that for the eleven months ended with Nov. ember, the United States exported corn to the amount of 47,075,000 bushels, valued at $40,791,000 or an average of a little more than 86 cents per bushel. During a corresponding period in 1913, we exported 44,500,000 bushels, valued at $25,900,000 or about 58 cents per bushel. The increase in the quantity of corn exported is slight, but the increase of 28 cents per bushel in the export price is great. It means an increase of about $15,000,000 in income to the corn growers and corn dealers of the country. And this is part of the prosperity that the European war has brought.

"DON'T COUNT YOURCHICKENS"

It is nearly a year before the Sixty-fifth Congress will assemble, if Mr. Wilson can help it—and he controls that situation. Much water, will, meantime, run down the Potomac. Consequently we cannot evoke much interest in the various plans for Republican conferences to determine who shall have our nomination for Speaker when the time comes to select such an officer. It seems to be even-Steven anyway, with the membership of the House; there are just the same number of Democrats as Republicans, and a few unclassified members will hold the balance of the power. Maybe when the time arrives for them to vote, we shall have conditions which shall preclude them for voting for any Democrat for anything. This is a good time to practice, "watchful waiting."

TO REGULATE LIQUOR ADVS.

Hon. James W. Good of Iowa is an enthusiastic prohibitionist. As one of the means to accomplish his ends, he has introduced a bill making it a misdemeanor to send through the mails any advertisement, in a newspaper or separately, of intoxicating liquors for sale. The measure provides a fine of $1,000 and two years' imprisonment for the first offense, and five years' imprisonment for the second offence. A fine of $500 is also imposed on any postmaster who accepts such advertisements for mailing. Mr. Good believes that the severe penaltis provided in the bill will insure its rigid inforcment if enacted into law. Congressman Good has been reelected to the next congress, and while he fears that his bill may not be reached during the present short session, owing to the necessity for the Democrats taking time to pass some sort of revenue legislation, he will reintroduce it at the next session and press it for consideration.

DEMOCRAT POINTS TO DEFICIT

Congressman Fitzgerald, of New York, is rapidly qualifying as the infant terrible of the Democrats. Just whenever some of the majoritystatesmen wishes to make free with the public money, up bobs Fitzgerald to point out an approaching deficit in the Federal Treasury of $300,000,000 and to offer a few pungent remarks on the necessity of piling on more taxes to get the money. There is no doubt about the bad management of the national finance in the last four years. A huge deficit will be the chief contribution which the Democrats can make to the campaign of 1918.

Carranza having recalled Ambassador Arredono from Washington, and Ambassador Fletcher never having gone to Mexico City, maybe the slate can now be wiped out clean and we can begin all over again with the First Chief.

LOST—Large Cameo brooch last Sunday, between J. D. Collins' and town, on the Lock 12 road. Finder will return to the Union Banner office and get reward.

T. W. Billingsley is over in Georgia this week attending court.

WANTS MORE MEN FOR ARMY

Congressman Thomas S. Butler of Pennsylvania feels that radical means should resorted to to increase the personnel of the Navy so that the new ships recently authorized can be properly manned when put into commission. In Mr. Butler's opinion, after the completion of the present ship building program, we will have a lot of big ships on our hands that will have to be placed in reserve for want of men to handle them. "The personnel is what concerns me more than docks or ships or anything else," said he. "I want to help get these men, and I want to quit running around in circles." Congressman Butler believes that houses should at once be offered to induce men to enlist, and not waste any more time in trying out the theories evolved in the fertile mind of Secretary Daniels.

THORSBY PUBLIC SCHOOL

About six weeks ago each child in the school was given one penny, and asked to increase it as much as possible. This money to be given to the School Improvement Association. $11 was realized. The largest amount raised by one child was one dollar, by Vernon Carlson.

The Honor Roll for the week ending January 5, was as follows:

First Grade: Ostrid Ekblad, Anna Nelson, Loula Gerald, Wilburn Collins.

Second Grade: Richard Butler, Palmer Lefstead, Frank Gerald, Ragnor Ekblad, and Ronald Lucas.

Third Grade: Gloyce Collins, Bernice Williams, Estelle Collins, Coy Kenkrick.

Fourth Grade: Clyde Robinson, Curtis Billingsley.

Fifth Grade: Margaret Butler, Martha Martin, Mary Ella Gerald.

Seventh Grade: Earl Collins, Ruth Gerald.

Pay your poll tax before the first of February. You can't pay for this year after that date.

No. 666

This is a prescription prepared especially for MALARIA or CHILLS & FEVER. Five or six doses will break any case, and if taken then as a tonic the Fever will not return. It acts on the liver better than Calomel and does not gripe or sicken. 25

CO-OPERATION AMONG SENATORS' SECRETARIES

Senator William P. Dillingham of Vermont is taking a fatherly interest in the social club which has been formed among the Senators' secretaries, having for one of its objects the holding of a weekly lunch in one of the large hotels in the vicinity of the capitol. Mr. Dillingham has voiced his cordial approval of the organization, remarking that closer acquaintance among the secretaries will result in increased efficiency in each. Senator Dillingham has been invited to attend the next gathering as a guest of honor, and has signified his intention of doing if his senatorial duties will permit.

NOTICE

There will be a meeting of the farmers at the court house at Clanton on January 18, 1917 at 10:00 o'clock, a.m., for the purpose of organizing a Farm Loan Association.

Mr. W. H. Conway will be with us, to explain the matter fully.

All interested please be on hand.

COMMITTEE.

CHIELD DIED

The two-year-old son of Joe Logan of Mt. Pleasant died of pneumonia Tuesday, and was buried at Liberty Church.

WAXAHATCHIE TRIBE NO. 9 I.O.R.M. ELECTS OFFICERS

On last Tuesday Sleep, the following officers were duly elected to fill the various stations for the next ensuing six and twelve moons as follows:

J. L. Lansford, Prophet; W. E. Parrish, Sachem; A. J. Culver, Sr. Sagamore; J. B. Wells, Jr. Sagamore; Thos. M. Parrish, Chief of Records; A. N. Miner, C. of W.; J. E. Robinson, Jr., K. of W.; J. M. Robinson, Trustee.

With the following Past Sachems to represent the tribe at the Great Council which meets in Birmingham in May:—Thos. M. Parrish, A. N. Miner.

RUB-MY-TISM—Antiseptic, Relieves Rheumatism, Sprains, Neuralgia, etc.

Can't Beat It.

Two Subscription Offers that can't be equaled For the Price.

We have succeeded in making arrangements for two Club Subscription offers during 1917 that are by far and away the best we have ever had to offer our subscribers in connection with THE UNION-BANNER.

The Clubs include the best reading matter the farmer can buy and we offer them to you at remarkably low, and most reasonable prices, as folows:

Club No. 1.

The Union-Banner
Progressive Farmer
Weekly Age-Herald
$1.50

Club No. 2.

The Union-Banner
The Tri-Weekly Constitution
Weekly Age-Herald
$1.75

Everybody is acquainted with the superb character of the newspapers included in the above clubs. You are bound to know, without any argument or question that there is a wealth of reading and educational matter included in the list (either club) which is of the greatest value to every farmer in the county.

The Union-Banner gives you the news of Chilton county every week, in the true and characteristic fashion of its own attractive local style. It ranks among the best county weekly papers in the state, and we do not hesitate to say that every farmer in the county should read it.

The Progressive Farmer is known all over Alabama and the South as the best farm paper in existence.

The Tri-Weekly Constitution is to the farmer what the daily paper is to the man in the city. It covers the news of the world and brings it to your door 3 times a week.

These two club offers are the only ones we make for this year, and they are made on a strictly CASH IN ADVANCE basis, but they may be applied to either new or renewal subscriptions. If you are already taking either of the papers in the clubs, we can take your renewal at these rates, together with The Union-Banner, and apply it to your subscription for another year.

Orders sent us by mail, when accompanied with money order for the amount of the club, will be looked after promptly, and receipt mailed you to cover same.

Order clubs by number from

The Union-Banner
CLANTON, ALA.

Semi-Annual Report of the Treasurer of Chilton County

Statement of the County Funds Received and Paid out by J. Wiley Littlejohn, from June 30, 1916 to Jan. 1, 1917.

CASH RECEIVED

J. W. Littlejohn, County Treasurer, in account with Chilton County, Ala.

To Cash Received from June 30, 1916 ,to January 1, 1917.—Dog Tax.

Dec. 4, 1916—J. D. Collins, Dog Tax, year 1916 $637.00
Dec. 18, 1916—J. D. Collins, Dog Tax, year 1916 132.00

CASH RECEIVED

J. W. Littlejohn, County Treasurer, in account with Chilton County, Ala.

To Cash Received from June 30, 1916, to January 1, 1917.—Road Tax, Beat 4.

June 30, 1916—Balance on hand last report..... $28.85

CASH RECEIVED

J. W. Littlejohn, County Treasurer, in account with Chilton County, Ala.

To Cash Received from June 30, 1916, to January 1, 1917.—Redemption of Land.

June 30, 1916—Balance on hand last report..... $82.76

CASH PAID

By Cash Paid Out from June 30, 1916, to January 1, 1917.—Special RoadFund.

Aug 16, 1916—Road coupon, Moore & Reynolds	$ 12.50
Aug. 16, 1916—Oil, The Texas Co.	51.72
Aug. 16, 1916—Lumber, W. Z. Lee	50.00
Sept. 25, 1916—Lumber, W. C. Robinson	87.29
Dec. 18, 1916 — Certificate of Indebtedness, Steiner Brothers	538.22
Dec. 18, 1916 — Certificate of Indebtedness, Steiner Brothers	538.22
Dec. 18, 1916 — Certificate of Indebtedness, Steiner Brothers	538.22

CASH RECEIVED

J. W. Littlejohn, County Treasurer, in account with Chilton County, Ala.

To Cash Received fro June 30, 1916, to January 1, 1917.—Special Road Fund.

June 30, 1916—Balance on hand last report	$ 498.83
July 1, 1916—J. D. Collins, Road Tax 1915	136.77
July 8, 1916—J. D. Collins, Road Tax 1915	114.12
Nov. 7, 1916—J. D. Collins, Road Tax 1916	1266.00
Nov. 16, 1916—J. D. Collins, Road Tax 1916	625.50
Dec. 2, 1916—J. D. Collins, Road Tax 1916	603.20
Dec. 16, 1916—J. D. Collins, Road Tax 1916	737.13
Dec. 28, 1916—J. D. Collins, Road Tax 1916	2500.00

CASH PAID

By Cash Paid Out from June 30, 1916, to January 1, 1917.—Fine and Forfeiture Fund.

Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Tom Sewell	$ 1.06
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Green Gore	.70
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Clarence Headley	.68
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Homer Beasley	.68
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, W. L. Pankey	3.57
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, A. A. Beck	3.57
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Jim Anderson	.95
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, H. I. Watkins	.81
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, C. Harris	2.75
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Henry Patterson	2.86
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Lucy Zeigler	.50
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Anderson Davenport	.25
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, J. E. Weldon	.50
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, H. M. Simpson	1.56
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Ben Watts	1.00
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Ocie Hollinquest	1.56
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, G. T. Johnson	2.80
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Fred McDowell	1.61
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, W. A. Messer	2.13
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Sam Latham	.25
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, E. H. Dennis	.25
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, W. H. Pillgreen	.25
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Mose Zeigler	.25
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, L. O. Dyer	.25
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Walter Shill	.25
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, W. E. Skipper	.25
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Cjms Finley	.25
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, J. R. Robinson	.25
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, C. E. Marcus	.95
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, J. A. Sewell	1.06
Nov. 21, 1915—Witness, Will Young	1.63
Nov. 21, 1916—Witness, A. A. Beck	2.28
Nov. 21, 1916—Witness, Ocie Dudley	1.33
Nov. 21, 1916—Witness, John McDwain	1.44
Nov. 21, 1916—Witness, Will Willis	2.28
Nov. 21, 1916—Witness, F. J. Rogers	2.45
Nov. 21, 1916—Fees, B. L. Jones	3.50
Nov. 21, 1916—Fees, B. L. Jones	1.50
Nov. 21, 1916—Fees, B. L. Jones	3.50
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Lee Carter	1.25
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Lemi Hand	1.00
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness W. B. McDowell	1.00
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, John Gore	1.00
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, W. H. Gillespie	1.00
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Josh McDanitl	1.00
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, H. M. Simpson	1.00
Sept. 25, 191—Witness, D.W. Doster	1.00
Sept. 25, 191—Witness, Lee Maddox	2.00
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, John Reese	7.30
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness Ida Dillard	1.20
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Berta Williams	2.00
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Bob Clark	4.00
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Minto Robinson	2.00
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Sam Edwards	4.00
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Mahala Gerson	2.00
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness Mahala Douglas	2.00
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Hattie Douglas	2.00
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Haley Lane	2.00
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness Nick Lane	2.00
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Halie Gerson	2.00
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Mahala Lane	2.00
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Howie Foshee	1.80
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Homer Cleckler	1.60
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Ocie Hollinquest	2.00
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Forest Popwell	1.60
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Arthur Taylor	1.80
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Jim Cain	2.00
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Marion Kendrick	2.00
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Wilkin Davis	.76
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Alfred Newell	.25
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Josie Thomas	1.66
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, C. D. Messer	1.17
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Garfield Peoples	2.60
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, W. A. Messer	1.17
Sept. 25, 1916—WitnessJ. Rfl Hammill	1.20
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Annie Ballard	1.45
Sept. 25. 1916—Witness, Essie Ballard	1.45
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Mattie Ballard	1.45
Sept. 25, 1916—Witness, Wade Harris	2.86
Nov. 21, 1916—Fees, B. L. Jones	7.50
Nov. 21, 1916—Fees, B. L. Jones	6.00
Nov. 21, 1916—Fees, B. L. Jones	6.00
Nov. 21, 1916—Fees, B. L. Jones	3.50
Nov. 24, 1916—Witness, Ocie Fike	2.80
Nov. 24, 1916—Witness W. I. Hubb	2.80
Nov. 24, 1916—Witness, J. P. Gore	1.00
Nov. 24, 1916—Witness, Carl Cooper	2.40
Nov. 24, 1916—Witness Claud Cooper	2.40
Nov. 24, 1916—Witness, Russell Cooper	2.40
Nov. 24, 1916—Witness, Jack Dawson,	2.40
Nov. 24, 1916—Witness T. W. Gulledge	2.40
Nov. 24, 1916—Witness, G. R. White	3.00
Nov. 24, 1916—Witness, Mrs. G. R. White	3.00
Nov. 24, 1916—Witness Dewitt Hughes	1.90
Nov. 24, 1916—Witness, Ernest Murphy	1.80
Nov. 24, 1916—Witness Ed Hana	1.50
Nov. 24, 1916—Witness J. C. Harris	1.70
Nov. 24, 1916—Witness, Grady Jones	1.70
Nov. 24, 1916—Witness, L. B. Lee	1.70
Nov. 24, 1916—Witness, J. W. Littlejohn	1.00
Nov. 24, 1916—Witness, Mrs. S. E. Sims	3.20
Nov. 24, 1916—Witness, J. P. VanDerveer, Jr.	4.00
Nov. 24, 1916—Witness, Mamie Lockhart	3.20
Nov. 24, 1916—Witness, J. L. Deramus	3.20
Nov. 24, 1916—Witness, T .L. Chondler	3.30
Nov. 24, 1916—Witness, W. T. Herrod	3.00
Nov. 24, 1916—Witness D. P. Patterson	14.10
Nov. 24, 1916—Witness, J. P. VanDerveer, Jr.	1.00

CASH RECEIVED

J. W. Littlejohn, County Treasurer, in account with Chilton County, Ala.

To Cash Received fro June 30, 1916, to January 1, 1917.—Fine and Forfeiture Fund.

June 30, 1916—Balance on hand last report	4.83
Aug. 14, 1916—M. D. Foshee, Fines	74.65
Aug. 24, 1916—M. D. Foshee, Fines, 1 case	14.25
Sept. 4, 1916—E. B. Deason, Fines, 7 cases	50.00
Nov. 13, 1916—E. B. Deason, Fines, 3 cases	8.50
Nov. 13, 1916—E. B. Deason, Fines, 3 cases	65.00
Nov. 23, 1916—M. D. Foshee, Fines, 1 case	71.25

CASH PAID

By Cash Paid Out from June 30, 1916, to January 1, 1917.—General Fund.

Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, S. D. Jones	$12.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, R. M. Thomas	10.60
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Ben Manning	11.40
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Napolian Posey	11.40
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, W. J. Powell	12.75
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Robert P. Richardson	11.80
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Wm. J. Billingsley	10.90
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Harry Kanjutzky	10.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Jurir, J. Hugh Morgan	11.70
Dec. 18, 1916—Bailiff, B. H. Vickers	8.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Bailiff, R. H. Bean	28.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Bailiff, J. L. Gore	32.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Will T. White	11.20
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Andy I. Jones	9.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Jetit Juror, Walter Blankenship	6.10

(Continued to next page)

--START RIGHT--

FOR THE NEW YEAR

Resolve That you will make a Supreme Effort to do better and live better in 1917 than you did in the past year---that you will exercise yovr best judgment in reaching this aim for both yourself and for your loved ones at home.

Resolve That you will try to live as economically as possible, by spending your money for things worth while and for things that will give service and bring you a real Saving Value.

Resolve To do your trading with the Store that has the goods best adapted to your own needs; that has them right at your word any day in the year, and at prices and terms that you can afford to pay, and still retain yourself and family in comfort.

Let us help you carry out these Resolutions.
We can aid you in a very material way.

Clanton Mercantile Co.

"The Big Bargain Store."

Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Ed. Hammonds	4.50
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Martin P. Johnson	3.10
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Joe W. Huckabee	4.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, J. Frank Higgins	10.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, W. T. Callen	10.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, C. W. Foshee	3.80
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, M. O. Perry	3.80
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Irby H. McNeill	3.10
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, John W. Abbott	3.50
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, O. O. Calfee	3.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, W. J. Hazlett	2.90
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, I. M. Deason	11.10
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, John Heagler	12.10
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, John Ingram	12.50
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, W. W. Robinson	11.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, J. F. Marcus	10.25
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Andrew Gray	11.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, W. C. McGraw	11.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, J. A. Lenoir	11.80
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, G. W. Foshee	11:50
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, J. A. Hodgens	11.70
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, W. M. Merchant,	12.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, M. C. Childress	11.55
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, T. G. Milling	12.80
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, J. Luthe Lenoir	10.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, A. Jack Dennis	11.20
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, J. Sinkler Miner	10.60
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Harrie L. Mims	11.15
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Jodia A. Mims	10.90
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Charlie S. Howard	10.80
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, H. N. Mullins	11.60
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, W. A. Littlejohn	10.40
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, J. C. Culp	10.95
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, W. J. Mahan	10.10
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, A. W. Powell	10.90
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Sid Dupriest	11.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Henry T. Gragg	4.20
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Henry I. Hicks	5.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, H. F. Chandler	10.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, John W. Vinson	6.80
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, D. Jack Roland	10.45
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Will B. Cox	4.20
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, George W. Askins	11.30
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, C. C. Hayes	12.30
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, J. H. Davenport	11.10
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Will W. Coburn	11.40
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Clifford A. Keen	11.80
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, J. W. Mitchell	11.80
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Flem M. Connell	11.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Fisk C. Dawson	11.40
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Ben F. Glasscock	12.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Walter R. Lathem	11.60
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Columbus W. Mitchell	11.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Dee M. Martin	11.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, J. W. P. Murphy	4.10
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Walter B. Strock	11.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, C. Cato Patillo	11.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, William McKnight	12.40
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Will S. Lenon	12.20
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, John M. Keitt	11.20
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, W. Abe Sanders	12.20
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, James N. Langston	11.20
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Sidnes I. Gibson	11.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Henry W. Veazey	11.50
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Leon C. Keen	11.80
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, William M. Aldredge	12.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Will M. Kinner	12.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Joe W. Fox	11.30
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, John D. Cooper	11.20
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Thad J. Denning	11.20
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Fleetwood Rasberry	12.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Pratt Crumpton	12.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Lon. M. Brown	12.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Forest Williams	11.20
Dec. 18, 1916—Petit Juror, Aurelius M. Attoway	11.20
Dec. 18, 191—Janitor, J. T. Rich	31.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Janitor, J. T. Rich	30.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Examining county Books, W. L. Lancaster	37.05
Dec. 18, 1916—Expense at Poor Houst, W. A. Huckabee	5.15
Dec. 18, 1916—Medical services, Samuel Johnson	20.83
Dec. 18, 1916—Commissioner, Moses Robinson	21.35
Dec. 18, 1916—Commissioner, S. E. Waldrup	13.20
Dec. 18, 1916—Guarding convicts, W. T. Fallon	50.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Guarding convicts, H. I. Wilkins	60.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Guarding convicts, W. T. Fallon	54.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Guarding convicts and hauling, W. T. Fallon	70.25
Dec. 18, 1916—Guarding convicts and hauling, W. T. Fallon	51.66
Dec. 18, 1916—Guarding convicts and hauling, W. T. Fallon	50.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Guarding convicts and hauling, W. T. Fallon	50.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Guarding convicts and hauling, W. T. Fallon	50.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Guarding convicts and hauling, W. T. Fallon	50.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Guarding convicts and hauling, W. T. Fallon	51.50
Dec. 18, 1916—Merchandise for convicts, Walter Popwell	13.38
Dec. 18, 1916—Merchandise for convicts, Walter	
Dec. 18, 1916—Guarding convicts, H. S. Watkins	50.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Guarding convicts and expenses, J. R. Popwell	77.80
Dec. 18, 1916—Grand Juror, Wm. G. Rasberry	10.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Grand Juror, Tom E. Traywick	9.10
Dec. 18, 1916—Grand Juror, Jas. M. Williams	9.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Grand Juror, R. L. Williams	9.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Grand Juror, J. W. Rboinson	9.20
Dec. 18, 1916—Grand Juror, Geo. W. Brazier	9.60
Dec. 18, 1916—Grand Juror, Will H. Gibson	9.60
Dec. 18, 1916—Grand Juror, Will H. Bishop	8.90
Dec. 18, 1916—Grand Juror, John H. Sample	10.50
Dec. 18, 1916—Grand Juror, C. J. Penton	9.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Grand Jurir, Jess Baker	8.15
Dec. 18, 1916—Grand Juror, Will E. Thomas	8.60
Dec. 18, 1916—Grand Juror, R. Mat Vines	8.90
Dec. 18, 1916—Grand Juror, James L. Downs	9.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Grand Juror, Jack I. Davis	9.20
Dec. 18, 1916—Grand Juror, Tom C. Perry	9.80
Dec. 18, 1916—Grand Juror, Will J. Morris	8.20
Dec. 18, 1916—Grand Juror, August Johnson	9.10
Nov. 21, 1916—Groceries for convicts, J.I. Bone	29.65
Nov. 21, 1916—Mdse. for convicts, J. I. Bone	12.97
Nov. 21, 1916—Mdse. for convicts, W. A. Pool	13.00
Nov. 21, 1916—Work on furnace at court house, W. F. Longcrier	39.40
Nov. 21, 1916—Fixtures for furnace at court house, W. F. Longcrier	86.82
Nov. 21, 1916—Mdse for convicts, T.U. Crumpton	18.29
Nov. 21, 1916—Mdse. for convicts, Meuse Bros.	275.03
Nov. 21, 1916—Returning officer, G.W. Campbell	3.90
Nov. 21, 1916—Returning officer, J. W. Foshee	3.00
Nov. 21, 1916—Returning officer, C. L. Langston	3.80
Nov. 18, 1916—Returning officer, Jobe Reynolds	4.00
Nov. 21, 1916—Returning officer J.M. Broadhead	4.90
Nov. 21, 1916—Returning officer, W. J. Carter	3.80
Nov. 21, 1916—Returning officer, W.A. Calloway	3.25
Nov. 21, 1916—Returning officer, J. C. Edwards	3.20
Nov. 21, 1916—Returning officer, S. J. Andress	3.40
Nov. 21, 1916—Returning officer, C. B. Huett	2.90
Nov. 21, 1916—Returning officer, J. E. Rag	2.80
Nov. 21, 1916—Returning officer, W. A. Hayes	3.00
Nov. 21, 1916—Returning officer, J. P. Rushing	3.20
Nov. 21, 1916—Returning officer, J. S. Dennis	2.75
Nov. 21, 1916—Returning officer, J. F. Rawlins	4.00
Nov. 21, 1916—Returning officer, J. N. Gentry	5.00
Nov. 21, 1916—Returning officer, W. R. Dawson	3.70
Nov. 21, 1916—Returning officer, W. L. House	3.20
Nov. 21, 1916—Returning officer, J. H. Ramsey	4.20
Nov. 21, 1916—Returning officer, J. R. Rucker	4.60
Nov. 21, 1916—Returning officer, J. I. Chandler	3.90
Nov. 21, 1916—Returning officer, John Mims	2.40
Nov. 21, 1916—Returning officer, T. Jackson	2.90
Nov. 2 1,1916—Returning officer, J. L. Cox	2.80
Nov. 24, 1916—Returning officer, George Shaw	3.20
Nov. 24, 1916—Commissioner, R. J. Williams	102.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Official court reporter, David W. W. Fuller	36.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Commissioner, W. T. Herrod	21.00
Dec. 18, 1916—Commissioner, R. J. Williams	31.65
Dec. 18, 1916—Mdse for convicts, Joe Littlejohn	11.90
Dec. 18, 1916—J.P. Cost in 3 cases, J. A. Sample	3.80
Dec. 18, 1916—Mdse for convicts, T. J. Deason	3.25
Sept. 25, 1916—Work on road, J. R. Popwell	50.00
Sept. 25, 1916—Groceries for convicts, Joe Littlejohn	50.20
Nov. 21, 1916—Official court reporter, David W. W. Fuller	36.00
Nov. 21, 1916—Official court reporter, David W. W. Fuller	36.00
Nov. 21, 1916—Guarding convicts, H. S. Watkins	60.00
Nov. 21, 1916—Keeping Poor House, W. A. Huckabee	455.25
Nov. 21, 1916—Guarding convicts, J.R. Popwell	60.00
Nov. 21, 1916—Freight and express, J.R. Popwell	5.56
Nev. 21, 1916—Coal, M. L. White	181.35
Nov. 21, 1916—Commissioner, W. T. Herrod	60.00
Nov. 21, 1916—Commissioner, W. T. Herrod	60.60
Nov. 21, 1916—Commissioner, Moses Robinson	95.00
Nov. 21, 1916—Commissioner, Moses Robinson	90.90
Nov. 21, 1916—Commissioner, S. E. Waldrup	36.90
Nov. 21, 1916—Commissioner, S. E. Waldrup	30.15
Nov. 21, 1916—Commissioner, S. E. Waldrup	33.85
Nov. 21, 1916—Commissioner, R. J. Williams	60.00
Nov. 21, 1916—Cooking for the convicts, Guss Brickle	23.00
Nov. 21, 1916—Mdse for convicts, I. M. Deason	4.11
Nov. 21, 1916—Mdse for convicts, W.L. Powwell	27.34
Nov. 21, 1916—Keeping Poor House, W. A. Huckabee	657.50
Nov. 21, 1916—Feeding prisoners, H. A. Harris	77.50
Nov. 21, 1916—Feeding convicts, H. A. Harris	24.50
Nov. 21, 1916—Janitor, J. T. Rich	31.00
Nov. 21, 1916—Janitor, J. T. Rich	30.00
Nov. 21, 1916—Janitor, J. T. Rich	31.00
Nov. 21, 1916—Solicitor's fees, M.D. Foshee	110.00
Nov. 21, 1916—Road work, J. W. Curlee	5.20
Nov. 21, 1916—Mdse for convicts, Joe Littlejohn	114.45
Nov. 21, 1916—Mdse for road crew, L. D. White	6.75
Nov. 21, 1916—Mdse for convicts, J. B. Crane	3.00
Nov. 21, 1916—Salary convict crew, J. R. Popwell	50.00
Nov. 21, 1916—Houling for convicts, J. R. Popwell	8.00
Nov. 21, 1916—Guarding convicts and hauling, J. R. Popwell	71.15
Nov. 21, 1916—Mdse for convicts, Clanton Mercantile Company	194.88
Nov. 21, 1916—Enumerating school children, R. A Miller	7.45
Nov. 21, 1916—Mdse for convicts, J. L. Smith	1.75
Nov. 21, 1916—Mdse for convicts, W. E. Deason	6.62
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Chas. H. Bentley	11.70
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Puror, A. Hardy Allen	2.80
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Filmer M. McNeil	11.10
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Lee Bone	3.20
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, John L. Winslow	2.70
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, J. Harvey Williams	3.80
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, W. N. Deramus	3.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Jim V. Best	8.60
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Manley Strock	9.60
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, W. W. Jones	8.50
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Jim A Mims	9.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Oscar Davenport	11.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Arthur Martin	10.40
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Wiley W. Gray	8.40
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, E. H. Adams	9.80

Continued to last page)

FIFTH SUNDAY MEETING

Which was held by the Chilton County Missionary Association, at New Salem Church, December 31, 1916.

10:40. Devotional Exercises conducted by J. L. Johnson,

10:45. "How to get people to Attend Church," was ably discussed by A. P. Oslin and J. L. Johnson. Many splendid suggestions were offered by these brethren.

11:15. Rev. J. D. Hughes preached an inspiring sermon from 1st Kings, 19th, 9th. His forceful presentation of the question, "What doest thou here?" and his illustration of the Christian going into the "cave" were well worth the sacrifice that anyone made in attending the meeting.

Rev. W. P. Lowery made a very appropriate conclusion.

12:00. At this hour a bounteous dinner was served on the grounds by the people of the community.

1:30. "Importance of Ministers and Deacons attending Fifth Sunday Meetings," was presented by Rev. T. J. Deason. Bro. Deason brought out several good points. One of these was the fact that ministers and deacons were the ordained leaders of the cause, and should meet and exchange ideas and formulate plans for the furtherance of the work.

2:15. The subject of Missions was ably discussed by Rev. Howard Roper for about thirty minutes, and then the subject of orphanage was discussed by Rev. H. G. Williams. The congregation gave good attention and seemed to be intensely interested in these subjects.

After these talks a collection was taken for the orphans home, and $5.25 was contributed.

The following resolutions were offered by Prof. J. L. Johnson and adopted by the visitors.

1. Be it resolved by the visitors that we tender our sincere thanks to the people of the community of New Salem for the manner in which they have entertained the Fifth Sunday Meeting.

2. We commend them for closing the year, 1916 in serving the true God, and we urge all people to fear the "Still, small Voice, saying serve the true and living God.

3. We heartily commend them for the clean grave yard. It has been said by an eminent man that you may know the progress of a community by the appearance of the grave yards.

WM. J. BILLINGSLEY, Chm.
HOWARD ROPER, Secy.

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed whereby I, as Sheriff of said County, was commanded to make the sum of Three Hundred ($300) Dollars, principal and interest, and to-wit Twenty-two and 15-100 ($22.15) Dollars, costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the Fall Term, 1916, of said Court of said County, Alabama, in favor of John W. Mims against P. O. Barrett, I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the Court House door of said County, between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., on Monday, the 22nd day of January, 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named P. O. Barrett in and to the following described real estate, viz:

Lote two and three and four in block number sixteen of the Gowan addition to the City or Town of Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama, according to the map or plat of said addition now on file in the office of the Judge of Probate, Chilton County, Alabama.

That the levy and sale of said lot four in block sixteen is made subject to a certain mortgage executed by said P. O. Barrett and wife J. Mae Barrett, to J. W. Standfield, and now held by Sam Kaufman as transferee, said mortgage being recorded in Volume 144, Page 237, Probate office of Chilton County, Alabama.

This 19th day of December, 1916.

H. A. HARRIS,
Sheriff.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of that certain mortgage executed on the 12th day of December, 1911, by J. W. Lockhart and his wife, Josephine Lockhart, which said mortgage is recorded in Book 108 of Mortgages, at page 570, in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, I, the undersigned mortgagee, will proceed to sell the following described real estate conveyed to me in said mortgage, at public outery to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the Court house door of Chilton County, Alabama, during legal hours of sale on Monday the 15th day of January, 1917, to-wit:

The Southwest ¼ of the Southwest ¼ of Section 15, Township 21, Range 14, in Chilton County, Alabama.

Said sale is being made to pay the balance due secured by this mortgage and the costs incident to this sale, including a reasonable attorney's fee.

J. P. HAYES,
Mortgagee.

Middleton & Reynolds,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.

a few doses of 666.
Break your Cold or LaGrippe with

"Gossard"
Corsets and Brassieres
for Fall and Winter
1916-1917





We carry a full and complete line of the GOSSARD CORSETS, both in front and back laces; also a line of Gossard Brassieres.

Gossard guarantees correct form

Ladies respectfully invited to call and and look over this wonderful line.
Corsets fitted if desired.

CASH to ALL

Elmore's
LADIES & GENTS FURNISHINGS

One Price to ALL

At Mrs. Clara Mullins' Former Location.
CLANTON, ALA.

Farm Wanted
If you have a farm
or city property to
sell, list it with the
Chilton County Real Estate Agency
See W. W. FOX
CLANTON, ALA.

WE HOPE
That you have had as pleasant holidays as we, and that 1917 has in store for you even better things than 1916.
We are Now Ready
To supply your needs for the farm, as well as your General Merchandise, Groceries, and all the little things you may need from time to time.
Tom Kemp
CLANTON, ALA.

The best resolution you can make for 1917 is: "That you will buy your Groceries at J. W. Littlejohn's Store."

Kirstin Stump Puller
One Man — Horse Power

Every Kirstin is guaranteed for 15 years, flaw or no flaw. Your money back if the Kirstin bond does not live up to its promise. The Kirstin method clears land from 10 to 50 percent cheaper than any other. We guarantee this, too.

For nearly a quarter century the Kirstin Horse Power Stump Puller has proved its superiority on Southern stump lands. Thousands of Southern farmers have been started on the road to prosperity by a Kirstin.

It is designed for Southern work and will pull anything it tackles, be it a thick, green pine, a deeply imbedded tap root or a field of hundreds of heavy stumps. The new triple power and automatic take-up enable it to perform the heaviest work with rapidity, certainty and without strain on man, horse or machine.

The One Man Puller gets the biggest stumps, too. Horses unnecessary. Double leverage gives you a giant's power; a push on the handle means a pull of tons on the stump. Clears an acre from one anchor and clears it ready for the plow.

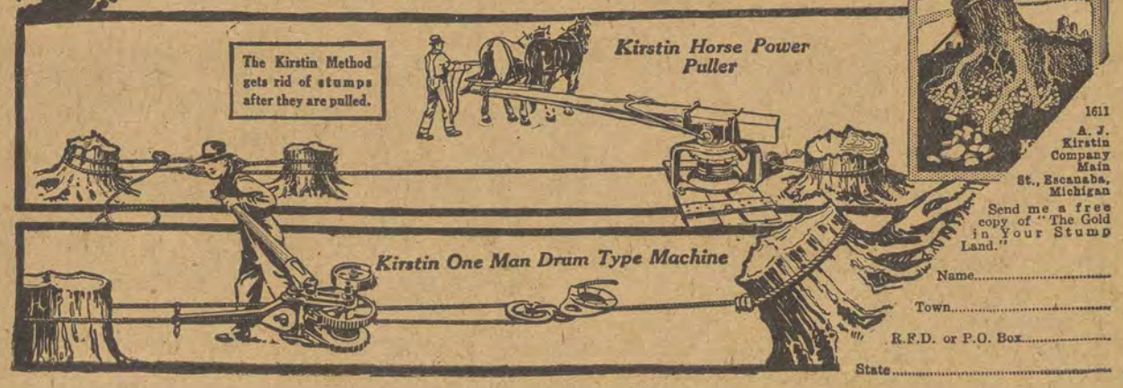
Have used another well-known make of puller but don't like it as well as my Kirstin. The Kirstin triple power method is much better. I know because I have cleared over 100 acres.
—M. E. Whigham
Enterprise, Ala.

Send for New Free Book

"The Gold in Your Stump Land." It gives you valuable information about twentieth century land clearing methods and explains in detail all Kirstin models. It tells about Kirstin Service, forever free to all Kirstin machine owners. Don't buy a puller until you read this book.

Big money to those who order early. To first buyers in every locality we offer a special opportunity to join in our profit sharing plan. No canvassing; just a willingness to show your Kirstin to your neighbors. Don't wait, send the coupon today.

A. J. KIRSTIN COMPANY, 113 Main Street, Escanaba, Mich.
Largest Manufacturers of Stump Pullers in the World





1611 A. J. Kirstin Company Main St., Escanaba, Michigan

Send me a free copy of "The Gold in Your Stump Land."

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State.....

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THE HIGHEST QUALITY
MACARONI
36 Page Recipe Book Free
SKINNER MFG. CO., OMAHA, U.S.A.
LARGEST MACARONI FACTORY IN AMERICA.

DEAR FRIEND Copy this and send to a friend, mailing the name and address with a dime to FIGMILL CO., 1022 WEST ILLSWORTH, DENVER, COLO. For this favor you will receive the Figmill game with a checker board and twenty-five name cards. Write plainly name to be printed.

Rogue River, Oregon, Farms I have farmed in the Rogue River Valley for 40 years. Write me for information. I will give you detailed information on any kind of a farm you want. A. H. Carson, Murphy, Ore.

AGENTS don't accept any agency until you hear from us. Quickest seller on earth. 2,000,000 sold. Cost 6c sells for 25c. Samples free. Domestic Mfg. Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

Tremendous demand; positively best yet; rush in now, 100 live agents wanted; hurry; free particulars. G. C. SMITH, Mt. Moriah, Ark.

Three Bales Per Acre Produced by MANLEY'S COTTON, under Boll Weevil condition. Special price on seed. B. S. MANLEY, Carnesville, Ga.

A man may be the architect of his own fortune, but he can't induce the sun to shine in every room.

DON'T SNIFFLE!
You can rid yourself of that cold in the head by taking Laxative Quinidine Tablets. Price 25c. Also used in cases of La Grippe and for severe headaches. Remember that.—Adv.

Good-By Luck!

Two colored women were passing a North side residence this morning and, by way of greeting, one of the women said to the other:

"Why, hello, Mandy. Is you happy?"

"Why, 'cose I'se happy," said the other. "Have you got a husband?"

"Of couse, I ain't got a husband. That's why I'm happy."

"Well, doggone the luck! I'm a-goin' t' git you a husband," was the parting word as the two women separated.—Indianapolis News.

END STOMACH TROUBLE, GASES OR DYSPEPSIA

"Pape's Diapepsin" makes Sick, Sour, Gassy Stomachs surely feel fine in five minutes.

If what you just ate is souring on your stomach or lies like a lump of lead, refusing to digest, or you belch gas and eructate sour, undigested food, or have a feeling of dizziness, heartburn, fullness, nausea, bad taste in mouth and stomach-headache, you can get blessed relief in five minutes. Put an end to stomach trouble forever by getting a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any drug store. You realize in five minutes how needless it is to suffer from indigestion, dyspepsia or any stomach disorder. It's the quickest, surest stomach doctor in the world. It's wonderful.—Adv.

Cripple Who Forgot "Can't."

Twenty-eight years ago F. R. Bigler, who is familiarly known as Bob to hundreds of his friends and admirers in Kansas City, Mo., was conductor on a Western railroad. One day on duty he suffered an accident that resulted in the loss of his right arm just below the elbow and his left foot just above the ankle.

Instead of bending or breaking under the blow Bigler straightway began a most remarkable uphill fight—one that was destined to be of great importance to cripples all over the world. Let him tell you the story of that fight just as I persuaded him to tell it to me:

"The first thing a cripple should make up his mind to do," said Bigler, "is to forget there is such a word as 'can't.' The key to all doors is not 'I will,' but 'I must.'"—American Magazine.

Effect of Privilege.

Senator Sutherland of Utah was talking about certain "privileged" persons.

"I'm a foe to all 'privilege,' he said. "Privilege means trouble. It's like the steamboat captain who, had the bar privilege.

"This captain, to whom all the profits went, shouted through his telephone to the engineer:

"'For heaven's sake, Mike, slow her down. We got 'em drinkin' fine.'"

Switzerland has 795,909 cows.

Instead of Worrying

about the high cost of living, just buy a package of

Grape-Nuts

—still sold at the same fair price.

Enjoy a morning dish of this delicious food, and smile over the fact that you've had a good breakfast and

Saved Money

Isn't that a fair start for any day?



ENTIRELY WILLING TO WAIT.

"Suppose your country needed you at the front. What would you do?" asked the jingo.

"First of all," answered the cautious citizen, "I would estimate the distance between the place where I happened to be and the front. After that I would put my private affairs in order, take fond leave of my family and join the army."

"Umph! By that time all the real patriots would be in the thick of the fray."

"No doubt. As I'm not particularly anxious to die for my country, if it can be avoided, I should hate to stand in the way of large numbers of young men who vow that nothing would suit them better."

Dull Crowd.

"How was the banquet?"

"Rather dull."

"No bons vivants there? No raconteurs?"

"Well, don't know about the waiters, although I suspect some of them were pretty lively fellows, but there were no persons of that sort seated about the board."

Money in It.

"Now, your friend Jibway evidently thinks he knows a great deal, but nobody ever pays any attention to what he says."

"With a few exceptions."

"Name them."

"I've seen chauffeurs leap to do his bidding."

ESPERANTO PHRASES.



"Why is Whiz making those hideous noises?"

"Those are not hideous noises. Whiz is expressing his feelings in Esperanto. He has just missed an easy stroke."

Their Ambition.

If time is money, as they say,
Perhaps some young men yearn
To get into the scorcher's class
So that money they can burn.

Means Nothing to Him.

"That man with whom you were discussing the eight-hour law didn't seem much impressed."

"No. I discovered the reason later."

"What was it?"

"He's a grocery clerk who works from seven o'clock in the morning until seven o'clock at night and then hurries home to help his wife look after the baby."

If the Collateral Is Good.

Omar—Pawnbrokers are a progressive class of men, aren't they?

Heiny—Why do you think so?

Omar—Because they're always advancing.

A Misguided Patriot.

"There goes a stout party worker."

"So they say."

"You ought to hear his wife's opinion."

"Yes?"

"She says if he would work for his family more and his party less, she wouldn't have to run a boarding house."

The Practical Side.

"Ah!" exclaimed the poetical person, "Hark to the footbeats of the rain. 'Tis a pleasant sound."

"Umph," replied the crusty landlord. "So far as I'm concerned, the footbeats of the rain are merely a prelude to the footbeats of tenants, hurrying to my office to complain about roofs leaking."

At the Opery House.

"In the last act the villain was shot and writhed on the floor for nearly five minutes."

"I presume you would call that creating a heavy atmosphere?"

"Yes. And he succeeded all right. By the time he finished flopping about the air was thick with dust."

His Turn.

"Pa, I heard ma tell her friends that her silk gown came from a worm, and then she laughed and said you gave it to her. Now she wants another one."

"So I was the worm, eh? Well, just tell her the worm has turned."

Easy Money.

"I am working my way through college."

"Brave girl! How do you earn money?"

"Well, father gives me $10 for every singing lesson I don't take."

MORE LIKE IT.



"Did you congratulate Miss Oldgirl on her birthday?"

"No. I condoled with her."

Cruel Blow.

An ill wind may blow some one good,
But it rouses the chauffeur's ire
When an ill wind escapes and leaves
Him with a flabby punctured tire.

How It Happened.

"Dubwaite seems to think well of you."

"That's kind of Dubwaite, but—er—what time did he express a favorable opinion of me?"

"I was talking to him about four o'clock yesterday afternoon."

"Exactly. And not later than five o'clock Dubwaite was in my office asking for the loan of $10. He was simply working himself into a frame of mind which he thought would justify the 'touch.'"

From Bad to Worse.

Hyker—I'd give anything I possess if I could get rid of this case of gout.

Pyker—That's easy. Just move over to my boarding house and I'll wager that liver complaint will soon take the place of the gout.

Hyker—Liver complaint! How's that?

Pyker—Well, our landlady feeds us liver every other day, and it has come to pass that all the boarders are complaining.

Father Was Prepared.

"Did father seem surprised when you told him you wanted to marry me?"

"How does he act when he's surprised?"

"He doesn't say anything."

"No. He wasn't surprised. In fact, he spoke at length."

Moral Sickness.

"Here's a pathetic letter from a 'shut-in.'"

"Ah! One of those unfortunates doomed to spend a lifetime in bed or an invalid chair?"

"Um. Let me read further. It seems he's shut in for ten years, with time off for good behavior."

Yea, Verily!

"As the poet says," remarked the moralizer, "this world is but a fleeting show."

"True," rejoined the demoralizer, "but that doesn't seem to detract the small boy's attention from circus posters."

Popular Air.

Tom—I pulled the governor's leg to the tune of one hundred dollars this morning.

Jack—Would you mind teaching me the tune?

STILL LIFE.



"A moving picture man was out here trying to take some pictures of life on the farm, but he left kinder discouraged."

"Pictures not a success?"

"Not entirely. He couldn't ketch the hired man in motion."

Talented Assistant.

"Now, that was what I call realism on the stage. The villain's death rattle was positively blood curdling."

"True, but don't give the villain credit for it. That noise was made in the wings by a versatile stage hand."

Realistic Touch.

"What's the dancer doing now?"

"She's portraying the advance of autumn."

"I see. And those young women following her are, I presume, milliners' assistants."

AFTER 14 YEARS OF SUFFERING

This Lady Tried Cardui. Let Her Tell You in The Following Statement The Results She Obtained.

Wise, Va.—Mrs. J. M. Elam, of this place, in writing of her female troubles, says: "This trouble went on for 14 years, often I was unable to work and suffered badly at . . . times, when I could not be on my feet at all. Really in bad health all the time during those 14 years, and was never without pain, with awful backaching, had no appetite, was nervous, but at that time my husband's sister . . . recommended that I try Cardui, which I began to take . . . and which has caused me to be in better health ever since. In a few days I felt that improvement had begun. My back got stronger and less painful. I got less nervous and my appetite began to improve. In a few weeks my improvement was noticeable, and I got into better health than I had had for 14 years. . . My walking before had been very painful, and could not stand on my feet to do any good. After using these medicines, however, I could walk without pain and was able to do the work and housekeeping for an ordinary family. My back and appetite were better and also my nerves."

If you suffer as Mrs. Elam did, take Cardui. It may be just what you need.—Adv.

IMPORTANT MATTER OF LIGHT

Excellent Reasons Why It Should Always Fall From the Left Side of Writer or Worker.

A well-known fact that, when using the eyes for any near work, the illumination should come from the left side rather than the right, is often disregarded.

Let anyone who considers the matter of little importance once demonstrate to himself the difference and he will never forget it. Take a pencil and paper and try to write while in such a position that the light will fall from the right side.

The shadow of the hand or pencil or both is thrown on the paper in such a way as partly to cover the characters one is making. This necessitates a closer viewpoint and a conscious strain on the eyes. Now let the position of the writer be reversed so that the light falls from the left side.

He will notice that the shadows fall away from the work he is doing and leave the field unobscured. In making the change of ease that immediately is experienced by the eyes.

This applies to any other kind of near work in which the fingers act under the guidance of the eyes. This fact should be remembered in planning schoolrooms, workrooms, offices and any places where steady, close work is to be performed.

ACTRESS TELLS SECRET.

A well known actress gives the following recipe for gray hair: To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and ¼ oz. of glycerine. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Barbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off. Adv.

Going to Extremes.

Blondine—Gerty Giddigad certainly has the shopping habit developed to a science.

Brunetta—Likes it, you mean?

"I mean that she always insists on going where she can get the most for her money."

"That's natural, isn't it?"

"In most cases, yes, but there are exceptions."

"I'd like to know what they are?"

"Well, for instance, the other day I found her in the arcade trying to ascertain which machine would give her the most for her money when she weighed herself on the scales."—Youngstown Telegram.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect The Head
Because of its tonic and laxative effect, Laxative Bromo Quinine can be taken by anyone without causing nervousness or ringing in the head. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

The Same Old Course.

"I am going to quit smoking forever."

"Forever? What a lie!"

"I think so, too."

ON FIRST SYMPTOMS

use "Renovine" and be cured. Do not wait until the heart organ is beyond repair. "Renovine" is the heart and nerve tonic. Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

Only about one-tenth of the vast amounts of iron ore mined in Spain annually are utilized at home because of the scarcity of native coal.

Send 10c to Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, for large trial package of Anuric for kidneys—cures backache.—Adv.

When squashes get into the pie class they are considered some pumpkins.

No woman with a new hat enjoys riding in a closed carriage.

Some men make a living by letting their wives keep boarders.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of the Sunday School Course in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)
(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR JANUARY 14

JOHN THE BAPTIST AND JESUS.

LESSON TEXT—John 1:19-34.

GOLDEN TEXT—Behold, the lamb of God that taketh away the sin of the world.—John 1:29.

John began his public ministry in the summer of A. D. 26 and the baptism of Jesus probably took place in January, A. D. 27. The delegation from Jerusalem to interview John must have appeared along toward the latter part of February.

I. John the Witness (vv. 15-18). John's ministry created great excitement. The people were in expectancy. All classes were reasoning as to who this strange but marvelously forceful man might be. Some thought perhaps he was the Christ (Luke 3:15). To settle this question a committee was sent to Jerusalem to investigate. Malachi, the prophet, has suggested the coming of Elijah (Mal. 4:5) before the Messiah should come, and another prophecy indicated that the prophet should be like unto Moses (Deut. 18:16-18). John freely confesses to this delegation that he is not the Christ nor Elijah nor the prophet predicted by Moses. How foolish and silly are those modern ones who profess to be the messenger of the covenant or some other fanciful title, indicating the return of the witness which is to precede the coming of Christ. John exercises humility in the way he states his real position though he does apply to himself the prophecy of Isaiah (Isa. 40:3-5) which sets forth what his mission was to be. A voice can be heard but not seen. With our bodily eyes we never see a spirit. No man ever saw the soul of his nearest friend. We do see God, however, in his works, in his marvelous deliverances and his guidance of the world and his answers to prayer.

II. John the Baptizer (vv. 19-29). As John had denied that he was the Christ or Elijah, the priests and Levites made bold to question his authority at a later time (Matt. 21-23), and still later the authority of the apostles and the priests (Acts 5:28). John answers them with another display of his humility. His baptism in water was nothing to the baptism of the coming one (See Matt. 3:11; Acts 1:5). Though Christ was in their midst, they were blind and did not recognize him. (See vv. 10, 11; ch. 8:19; 16:3). John's baptism of repentance denotes a baptism which a penitent submitted to that he might receive the pledge and assurance that his sins were forgiven. Baptism meant the cleansing of the people from past sins that they might be fitted for entrance into the kingdom. Baptism is not conversion. It is a witnessing and a symbol of a spiritual truth that we are dead unto sin, and have risen to newness of life (Rom. 6:3-5). Like John, our voice must be not only that of humility but it must be really a voice with a message from God, one that sounds an unmistakable note, one that can be heard wherever we go, one that will make men happier, stronger, braver, more like God, to prepare the way for Christ in the hearts of men.

III. The Witness of the Spirit (vv. 28-34). The writer is very explicit, stating the exact time that these things occurred, for he was an eye witness. John first testifies that Jesus was the Lamb of God, referring of course to the sacrificial lamb, the atoning sacrifice of the Old Testament (Gen. 22:7-8; Ex. 12:3; Isa. 53:7). As the Lamb of God, Jesus would take away the sins of the world; thus the thought is primarily that of atonement, a substitution of another and the deliverance from the guilt of sin. The next day after John's witness to the delegation from Jerusalem, he saw Jesus coming unto him, and said to the assembled people, "Behold the Lamb of God." This refers not so much to his character, that of innocence, meekness and patience, as to his office, his completed work of atonement by the sacrificial death wherein he takes away the sins of the world. On the ground of the propitiation for sin which Jesus wrought (I John 2:2; Matt. 20:28; II Cor. 5:21; Gal. 3:13) sin is removed from the sinner as far as the East is from the West. God dealt in mercy with men before Christ's time because of the lamb which was slain from the foundation of the world (Rev. 13:8). Here John says that at first he did not recognize Jesus as the Messiah, but he does bear record that he saw the spirit descending at his baptism, and it abode upon him.

The work of Christ is for the whole world till all its sin is removed.

He is actually removing sin from the world, and when he comes again, sin will be banished. Luke's record adds that this same Messiah is to baptize with the Holy Ghost and fire.

Christians are to be on fire for God.

The gift of the holy spirit at Pentecost was the first and most manifest expression of this power of Christ who is the real baptizer. Begotten of God (Luke 1:35), possessed of all the attributes of the Father (Phil. 2:6), the one in whom the fullness of the Godhead dwelt bodily (Col. 2:9) he is to be honored and worshiped as God (Heb. 1:6).

A GREAT KIDNEY REMEDY

About one year ago two of my children suffered badly from weak kidneys. They would have severe spells of dizziness and were all run down in health. I was just about discouraged. I tried several remedies and finally a doctor but, they did not seem to improve. I knew of a friend who was taking Swamp-Root for kidney trouble with good results and I decided to get some for the children. I had noticed that there was some improvement after they had taken two large bottles and continued to give it to them until they had taken one-half dozen bottles and were well on the road to recovery. I think Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root has done more for my children than any other medicine I have tried and recommend it to anyone having children that suffer as mine did.

Very truly yours,
R. W. LISENBY,
Dothan, Ala.

Personally appeared before me, this 2nd day of July, 1909, R. W. Lisenby, who subscribed to the above statement and made oath that the same is true in substance and fact.

A. W. LISENBY, Notary Public.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

Jack's Substitute.

Jack attained his fifth birthday last summer and in the fall attended school for the first time, wearing kilt skirts. Some of the larger pupils plagued him about wearing dresses, and it was not long before his pleadings for a real boy's suit were granted. He was very proud indeed when he went to school a few days later arrayed in his knickerbockers. One of the girls wrote him a note saying he looked like a little man. That night he was telling his mother about it.

"Mother," said he, "Frances Wright wrote me a note telling me I looked like a little man, and I wrote her one and told her she looked like a daisy, only I couldn't spell daisy, so I spelled cat."

IF YOUR CHILD IS CROSS, FEVERISH, CONSTIPATED

Look Mother! If tongue is coated, cleanse little bowels with "California Syrup of Figs."

Mothers can rest easy after giving "California Syrup of Figs," because in a few hours all the clogged-up waste, sour bile and fermenting food gently moves out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again.

Sick children needn't be coaxed to take this harmless "fruit laxative." Millions of mothers keep it handy because they know its action on the stomach, liver and bowels is prompt and sure.

Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which contains directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups.—Adv.

They Must Ask for It.

Co—Well, Ed, why don't you kiss me?

Ed—I was in doubt—

Co—Why not give me the benefit of it?

IMITATION IS SINCEREST FLATTERY but like counterfeit money the imitation has not the worth of the original. Insist on "La Creole" Hair Dressing—it's the original. Darkens your hair in the natural way, but contains no dye. Price $1.00.—Adv.

Like the Dodo.

According to the last census the turkey population of the country has fallen off greatly in recent years. One statistician records the sad prediction that the popular bird will before many years be "as scarce as the dodo."

FOR ITCHING, BURNING SKINS

Bathe With Cuticura Soap and Apply the Ointment—Trial Free.

For eczemas, rashes, itchings, irritations, pimples, dandruff, sore hands, and baby humors, Cuticura Soap and Ointment are supremely effective. Besides they tend to prevent these distressing conditions, if used for everyday toilet and nursery preparations.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Latest Improvements.

"I'll bet you do some cranky things to make your wife begin the tirades you complain of."

"Nothing in the cranky way doing. She's a self-starter."

To Drive Out Malaria And Build Up The System
Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC. You know what you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out malaria, the Iron builds up the system. 50 cents.

This Winter.

"Did the water pipe burst?"

"Yes, and the landlord charged extra because it makes a rink."

BREAD WITHOUT SALT IS TASTELESS
A medicine chest without Magic Arnica Liniment is useless. Best of all liniments for sprains, swellings, bruises, rheumatism and neuralgia. Three sizes, 25c, 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

In trying to figure out the problem of life most men subtract what they own from what they owe.

TAKES OFF DANDRUFF, HAIR STOPS FALLING

Save your Hair! Get a 25 cent bottle of Danderine right now—Also stops itching scalp.

Thin, brittle, colorless and scraggy hair is mute evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff—that awful scurf.

There is nothing so destructive to the hair as dandruff. It robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life; eventually producing a feverishness and itching of the scalp, which if not remedied causes the hair roots to shrink, loosen and die—then the hair falls out fast. A little Danderine tonight—now—any time—will surely save your hair.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store. You surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine. Save your hair! Try it!—Adv.

Johnnie on the Spot.

The young teacher had been living a trying time with her nature-study class because Johnnie had discovered he knew more than she did about birds and frogs, and had assumed a derisive attitude in consequence. She appealed to the man principal, who replied:

"Next time you have the class let me know. I think I can settle Johnnie."

He was duly called in, and all went well at first. With confidence the principal said at the conclusion of the lesson: "Now, you may each ask me one question."

Johnnie had been silent up to this time. When it came to his turn he rose and asked:

"Has a duck eyebrows?"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" is not a "lozenge" or "syrup," but a real old-fashioned dose of medicine which cleans out Worms or Tapeworm with a single dose. Adv.

When a couple is matched but not mated it's a sort of friction match.

A mule by any other name would be a chronic kicker.

Thousands Tell It

Why dally along with backache and kidney or bladder troubles? Thousands tell you how to find relief. Here's a case to guide you. And it's only one of thousands. Forty thousand American people are publicly praising Doan's Kidney Pills. Surely it is worth the while of anyone who has a bad back, who feels tired, nervous and run-down, who endures distressing urinary disorders, to give Doan's Kidney Pills a trial.

An Alabama Case



Mrs. J. M. Burge, 1810 Walnut Ave., Anniston, Ala., says: "I had a steady, dull ache in the small of my back and it hurt me to stoop or lift. Mornings, I was stiff and lame and I also had headaches and dizzy spells. My ankles were badly swollen and my kidneys acted irregularly. Since I used Doan's Kidney Pills, my back has been strong and free from pain, my kidneys have acted as they should and my ankles haven't swelled."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

HUNT'S LIGHTNING OIL

MAKES PAIN VANISH



No liniment so quickly warms, glows and penetrates the surface, bringing relief to bruises, cuts, burns, sore muscles, rheumatism, headache, neuralgia, etc. A valuable home remedy. Sold in nearly all drug stores; 50c bottles, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Get a bottle today. Try it. It's wonderful.

A. B. RICHARDS MED. CO. Dept. Z, Sherman, Texas

COLORED PEOPLE

can have nice, long, straight hair by using **Exelento Quinine Pomade,** which is a Hair Grower, not a Kinky Hair remover. You can see the results by using several times. Try a package. Price 25c at all drug stores or by mail on receipt of stamps or coin. Agents wanted everywhere. Write for particulars. Exelento Medicine Co., Atlanta, Ga.

To Kill Rats and Mice



ALWAYS USE **STEARNS' ELECTRIC PASTE**

U. S. Government Buys It

SOLD EVERYWHERE — 25c and $1.00

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists.

PLANT KUDZU

(Alfalfa of South) and reduce your feed bill. Perennial legume, one planting lasts ten years; easiest to raise; three cuttings; stock relish it, green or dry. Booklet on request

G. T. OTANI, BOX 10, SEMMES, ALABAMA

Member of Stock Exchange will be glad to have inquiries regarding oil investments in Kansas and Oklahoma. Interest from 10% upwards. Will attend to investment after it is made. Bank references given. Mitchell, 401 Long Building, Kansas City, Mo.

MUSICIANS Send me a postcard and I'll send you a song; also our thematic catalog of music. American Amusement Assn., 50½ When Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.

TRY OUR Drugless Constipation Remedy. No relief, your money back; fifty cents cash with order. Kennedy & Co., Blake, Okla.

GALLSTONES

Avoid operations. Positive Liver & Stomach remedy (No Oil)—Results sure; home remedy. Write today Gallstone Remedy Co., Dept. W-5, 219 S. Dearborn St., Chicago

NEW COTTON PLAGUE

Pink Boll Worm Discovered in Coahuila, Mexico.

GREATEST MENACE TO STAPLE

Insect in Cotton-Producing Countries Has Shown Capacity for Damage Exceeding That of Untractable Boll Weevil.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The pink boll worm, the presence of which in the state of Coahuila, Mexico, 200 miles south of the Texas border, has recently been determined by specialists of the U. S. department of agriculture, is a comparatively new cotton pest, having spread from India to Egypt about eight years ago.

It has already spread to practically all cotton-producing countries in the world except the United States.

And its establishment in Mexico presents one of the greatest menaces which has come to American cotton culture in its history. This insect in India, Egypt, Hawaii and other foreign cotton-producing countries, has shown a capacity for damage exceeding that of the boll weevil.

Recognizing the possibility of introducing the pest into this country in cotton seed, seed cotton, and cottonseed hulls, the United States has prohibited for several years the importation of these products from all cotton-producing territory except six states of northern Mexico. For the same reason cotton lint from such countries has been admitted into the United States only at certain northern ports and after fumigation. New amendments to quarantine regulations, which became



Pink Boll Worm—Moth or Adult, Dorsal View—Much Enlarged. (Original.)

effective November 4, extended the prohibition against importing seeds, seed cotton, and hulls to the previously excepted Mexican territory, with the exception of that portion of the Imperial valley south of the Mexico-California line. This area is continuous with the Imperial valley of California, is devoted to the culture of the same kind of cotton, and is largely settled by Americans. In view of the unity of cotton culture in the valley and the entire separation of the Mexican portions of the area from continental Mexico by the Gulf of California and wide expanses of desert country, it was not considered necessary to change the existing regulations there. The growers of this valley on both sides of the international line, however, have been warned of the danger and it is expected naturally will refrain from any traffic, if such exists, in cotton or cotton seed and seed products from those parts of Mexico against which the quarantine has been promulgated.

Movement of Cotton Seed.

As to continental Mexico, however, involving the five states of Nuevo Leon, Coahuila, Durango, Chihuahua and Tamaulipas, the discovery of the pink boll worm in the Laguna district



Pink Boll Worm—Full-Grown Larva, Lateral View—Much Enlarged. (Original.)

makes it absolutely imperative that further movement of cotton seed and hulls be stopped. This has been effected by the order issued by the secretary of agriculture, revoking the amendments to the cotton seed quarantine which permitted such movement of seed from these states. The control of the movement of lint cotton from these states of northern Mexico has been effected by a revision of quarantine regulations which will necessitate the transportation by water route of Mexican cotton intended for the United States to specific northern ports of entry where disinfection and compliance with the other features of the regulations can be made.

The Laguna district, where the insect has been discovered, represents one of the most important cotton-producing areas in Mexico. It is an elevated plateau region near San Pedro in central northern Mexico. Cotton culture is there more intensively prosecuted than anywhere else in Mexico, and it is possible that this very interest in cotton culture has led to the introduction of the pink boll worm in the effort to get improved cotton varieties from Egypt or other foreign sources. The discovery that the worm exists in Mexico resulted from the sending by a planter of the Laguna district to the federal horticultural board for determination some cotton bolls from his plantation which he supposed to be infested with the common boll weevil. An examination of this material showed that the infesting in-



Pink Boll Worm—Pupa, Ventral and Lateral Views—Much Enlarged. (Original.)

sect is the dreaded pink boll worm of Egypt and India.

The pink boll worm hibernates in the larval state in the seed, and in this way is readily carried to any quarter of the world by seed exportation. The adult insect is a small moth. The worm attacks the immature cotton bolls, and, in severe cases, reduces the yield 50 per cent. In addition to this, the amount of oil obtained from the seed of infested cotton is lessened from 15 to 20 per cent.

The department of agriculture urges that all cotton interests give assistance to the federal authorities in preventing any movement in violation of the new amendments of cotton seed, cottonseed hulls, seed cotton or cotton lint from Mexico into the United States.

ROTATION AND MANURE BEST

To Maintain Economical Productiveness of Land It Should Both Be Manured and Rotated.

(By M. F. MILLER, Missouri College of Agriculture.)

In one of the experiments at the Missouri agricultural experiment station corn has been grown for 25 years on the same plot of ground with an application of manure averaging about seven tons annually. In comparison with this, corn has been grown in various rotations without manure. A summary of the yields for the last six years on these plots shows that the average yield of corn on the rotated plots is greater than the average yield of corn which has been grown continuously with manure. In other words rotation has been somewhat better than heavy manuring in this experiment. The last six years of the quarter century have been chosen for comparison since one of the rotations is a six-year rotation and since this number of years is sufficient to largely overcome seasonal variations.

It should not be understood from these results that rotation is sufficient to maintain the yield of corn. As a matter of fact there are other plots in this same experiment which have been both rotated and manured. The average yields of these plots is very materially above rotation alone. The important points are, that rotation is more important than fairly heavy manuring in the long run, but that it is not all-sufficient; that in order to maintain land in productiveness economically, it should be both rotated and manured, while in many cases commercial fertilizing materials applied in addition to the manure will give still further return.

LAYING PLANS FOR ORCHARD

Select Site and Get in Touch With Experiment Station as to Best Varieties to Plant.

We hope you're laying plans now to have a "sure-enough" orchard hereafter. Why not select your orchard site, get in touch with your state experiment station in regard to the best varieties, determine how many of each you will need, order at the proper time, and then by the right kind of attention insure plenty of healthful, wholesome fruit hereafter?

And while we're talking of tree-planting, one of the finest investments you can possibly make will be to buy some paper-shell pecan trees. In nuts yielded, as a shade tree and as an ornament, the pecan is one of the very finest of trees. You, your children and your grandchildren will bless the day you plant them.—Progressive Farmer.

WHITE GRUBS ARE NUISANCE

When Pests Once Get Into Field There Is No Way of Protecting Crop—Rotation Is Best.

When white grubs are once in the field there is no way of protecting the crop. There are, however, methods that will greatly reduce the damage in succeeding years. Crop rotation and fall plowing are best.

Hogs and chickens like the grubs and quickly reduce the number in fields in which they are kept.

MAN WINS BACK BRIDE HE LOST

Secret Vow Made in Divorce Court Led Husband to Make Good.

HAD LIVED TOO HIGH

L. F. Reynolds of Los Angeles Weathers Business and Family Crash and Returns After Three Years to Wife and Son.

Los Angeles.—Renewing a romance which hinged on a secret agreement made at the time of their divorce in Denver, Colo., three years ago, Linn F. Reynolds of this city and his former wife have just been married the second time.

"She told me that if I would go away and make good we would be married again," said Reynolds. "Now we have carried out our promises to each other—promises known to none but God and ourselves. Three months before the decree was granted, our little son, John David, was born, and it was that little mite of humanity, more than anything else, that determined us to live down the past and make a new home."

Lived Beyond Their Means.

When Louise Lawlor married Linn Reynolds, she was a popular society girl, just twenty years old, the daughter of a wealthy manufacturer of Denver. Reynolds, twenty-two years old, was in business and was making $4,000 a year. But he and his bride had not learned to value money, and lived far beyond their means. Soon the crash came. Reynolds was left without a dollar and heavily in debt. This, with other complications, made trouble for them which ended in the divorce court. But before they parted they agreed that, if the husband lived down the past, some day they would marry again.

"For awhile after the divorce," said Reynolds, "I kept slipping until I was down and out completely. Everybody was knocking me, and the world looked pretty blue. Finally I borrowed enough



Ended in the Divorce Court.

money to leave Denver and go to San Francisco. But I failed in every effort I made to get along. Discouraged and almost penniless, I went to Los Angeles, and there for six months I all but starved, working as an extra at six dollars a week in motion picture studios. It seemed as if fate had decreed that I must never again see my wife and baby."

Husband "Came Back."

But one day Reynolds saw his chance, took advantage of it, and won out. Stories of his success reached his former wife. Yet not one word did they write each other until a short time ago, when Reynolds sent her a letter reminding her of their secret promise, declaring that he still loved her, and that he wanted to hear his little boy call him "daddy."

The very next mail brought the girl's answer, and a few days later she was in Los Angeles with curly-headed John David.

WANTED SON IN CHAIN GANG

Georgia Mother Preferred That to Having Him Sent to the Reformatory.

Atlanta, Ga.—"Try my boy for bootlegging and send him to the chain gang, judge, but don't send him back to that reform school," was the plea made before Judge Johnson by the mother of D. A. Dougherty, an eighteen-year-old boy, who was brought before the recorder on a charge of having failed to return to the reformatory after having been given a leave of absence to have his teeth fixed at Atlanta.

His mother charged that he had been given 30 lashes and put on bread and water and that he had been forced to work "like a dog" at the reformatory.

Blinded by Sunlight.

Manhattan, Kan.—A flash of sunlight on newly painted woodwork caused L. E. Wood of Newton, Kan., to lose his eyesight. Physicians say it may be permanent.

Just an Accident.

Two boys had indulged in a physical encounter on the playground. At the end of the affray they were summoned before the teacher to give an account of their misdeeds. One of them had a bloody nose. The teacher looked upon this sanguinary feature with horror, and endeavored to instill in its inflictor certain pacific principles.

"Now, Bill," she said, "I think you ought to apologize to Jimmie."

"Huh! I ain't a-goin to apologize for no accident!" Billy answered.

"Accident. Why, Billy, how can you call it an accident? Didn't you intend to hit Jimmie on the nose?"

"No, mom, I didn't. I swung fer his eye an' missed!"

Naturally.

"I suspect those contributions are for a yellow dog fund."

"Hence the howl about it?"



Marjorie—"What do you think John said, Daddy, when I told him that when we were married I wanted a city residence, a country place, six autos and a lot of servants?"

Daddy—"Well, what did the paragon say?"

Marjorie—"He said that if I would sleep more on my right side I wouldn't have such dreams."

Bad dreams are a good sign of poor digestion, when the hard worked stomach begins to complain the whole system suffers and we have constipation, offensive breath, dyspepsia and all sorts of similar disorders every one of which, if you did but know it, cries aloud for

Green's August Flower

Which for 51 years has contributed to the health and well being of countless thousands everywhere. 25c. and 75c.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

How Gallieni Cut Infant Mortality.

When the recently deceased General Gallieni became governor general of Madagascar in the early nineties, he was appalled at the unsanitary condition and the high death rate. Though a soldier and not a physician, he set about to remedy these conditions.

He obtained the happiest results in his campaign against infant mortality. He had native women trained as midwives and he established and popularized maternity hospitals. He regulated marriages and restricted divorce. He exempted the fathers of five children from taxation and he taxed bachelors instead.

These and many other works produced such a change that the French Academy of Medicine awarded him a gold medal, a most exceptional distinction for one who was not a doctor.

10 CENT "CASCARETS" FOR LIVER AND BOWELS

Cure Sick Headache, Constipation Biliousness, Sour Stomach, Bad Breath—Candy Cathartic.

No odds how bad your liver, stomach or bowels; how much your head aches, how miserable you are from constipation, indigestion, biliousness and sluggish bowels—you always get relief with Cascarets. They immediately cleanse and regulate the stomach, remove the sour, fermenting food and foul gases; take the excess bile from the liver and carry off the constipated waste matter and poison from the intestines and bowels. A 10-cent box from your druggist will keep your liver and bowels clean; stomach sweet and head clear for months. They work while you sleep.—Adv.

"Know thyself," but don't overdo things by being too exclusive.

Some men are unable to think when drunk or to talk when sober.

Oaks Impoverish Soil.

As an Italian investigator has given considerable time to the investigation of the reason for the failure of olive trees in the presence of oaks, and he has concluded that it is due to the impoverishment of the soil by the oak rather than by transmission of any species of infection.

Anoint the eyelids with Roman Eye Balsam upon retiring at night, and in the morning observe the refreshed and strengthened sensation in your eyes upon arising. Adv.

What is said to be the largest windmill in the world, a steel one 50 feet in diameter, has been erected in Holland for draining a tract of land.

A HINT TO WISE WOMEN.

Don't suffer torture when all female troubles will vanish in thin air after using "Femenina." Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

Every time some people accept a favor they look for the price mark.

A torpid liver condition prevents proper food assimilation. Tone up your liver with Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. They act gently and surely. Adv.

Most men mistake a little applause for an encore.

WHAT IS LAX-FOS

LAX-FOS is an improved Cascara (a tonic-laxative) Pleasant to take

In LAX-FOS the Cascara is improved by the addition of certain harmless chemicals which increase the efficiency of the Cascara, making it better than ordinary Cascara. LAX-FOS is pleasant to take and does not gripe nor disturb stomach. Adapted to children as well as adults. Just try one bottle for constipation. 50c

"ROUGH on RATS" Ends Rats, Mice, Bugs Die outdoors. 15c and 25c

W. N. U., Birmingham, No. 2--1917.

A Great Discovery

(BY J. H. WATSON, M. D.)

Swollen hands, ankles, feet are due to a dropsical condition, often caused by disordered kidneys. Naturally when the kidneys are deranged the blood is filled with poisonous waste matter, which settles in the feet, ankles and wrists; or under the eyes in bag-like formations.

As a remedy for those easily recognized symptoms of inflammation caused by uric acid—as scalding urine, backache and frequent urination, as well as sediment in the urine, or if uric acid in the blood has caused rheumatism, lumbago, sciatica, gout, it is simply wonderful how quickly Anuric acts; the pains and stiffness rapidly disappear.

Take a glass of hot water before meals and Anuric to flush the kidneys.

Step into any drug store and ask for Anuric, many times more potent than lithia and eliminates uric acid as hot water melts sugar.



A WOMAN'S BURDENS are lightened when she turns to the right medicine. If her existence is made gloomy by the chronic weaknesses, delicate derangements, and painful disorders that afflict her sex, she will find relief and emancipation from her troubles in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. If she's overworked, nervous, or "run-down," she finds new life and strength. It's a powerful, invigorating tonic and nervine which was discovered and used by an eminent physician for many years, in all cases of "female complaints" and weaknesses. For young girls just entering womanhood; for women at the critical "change of life;" in bearing-down sensations, periodical pains, ulceration, inflammation, and every kindred ailment, the "Favorite Prescription" is guaranteed to benefit or cure.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure biliousness.

Even tho' a new year has arrived

You will need some more Winter Goods before Spring comes in.

Whatever it takes to fit you out we've always got it right at hand.
Whether its one little item or supplies for the whole farm, we are here with all that you need.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Moneys Worth or Your Money Back"
CLANTON, ALA.

Velvet Bean Thrash Coming.

Mr. R. W. Scott will be at my gin for one week, beginning

Monday, January the 22nd.

Prepare your Beans for thrashing.
Have them well dried.

J. A. MADDOX
CLANTON, ALA.

C. REESE MULLINS AGENT

CLANTON, ALA.

I wish to thank my friends for their liberal patronage in the past, and solicit your future patronage. And I wish one and all a Happy and Prosperous New Year. Yours most truly,

C. REESE MULLINS.

P. S.—Watch this space for my future Announcement.—C. R. M.

Single Comb White Leghorns



To get winter eggs hatch your chicks early. My stock is English strain cock erels, the greatest egg producers ever known. Eggs for sale at $1.50 for 15. Special prices by the hundred.

Good second hand Watches and Clocks for sale cheap.

L. D. POPWELL
CLANTON, ALA.

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.
Chancery Court, Dec. 27, 1916.
In the matter of the estate of J. T. Cooley, Deceased:

This day came Sam W. Collins, executor of the last will and testement of the estate of J. T. Cooley, deceased, and files his account, vouchers, evidence, statement for Final settlement of his said administration.

It is ordered that the 17th day of January, 1917, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

Witness my hand, this the 27th, day of December, 1916.

H. M. SIMPSON, Regist'r in Chan.

CLANTON LOCALS

Riley Robinson of Beat 16, was a caller at the Union—Banner office Monday.

Commissioner Moses Robinson of Beat 16, was in Clanton Monday.

Wade Harris of Stanton was in Clanton on Tuesday.

Squire John S. Dennis of Route 1 came in to see us Tuesday, and advanced his subscription.

Attorneys Smith and Gerald have dissolved their law partnership. In future Mr. Gerald will maintain offices in the Johnson Building. Mr. Smith will continue in the offices formerly occupied by both.

FOR RENT—A good new house in the Gowan addition, Clanton. Lights, water and all modern conveniences. If interested, see W. M. Wyatt at the Union-Banner office, Clanton, Ala.

Mr. Felix M. Wood, former citizen of Clanton and editor of the Clanton Press for a long time, was in Clanton Monday. He is now associated with the Western Newspaper Union as their traveling representative.

The Alabama Turpentine Co., are constructing a long distance telephone line to their convict camp and turpentine factory in the hills ten miles east of Clanton.

Mr. J. M. Dunn has removed with his family to Tuscaloosa. We regret to see them leave Clanton.

THORSBY ITEMS

Mr. Austin Parsons, who has been attending Howard College, stopped over in Thorsby last week, on his way to other points in Chilton and Kilmore Counties.

The annual meeting of the United Protestant Church was held last Wednesday night. The members of the church and congregation gathered at the churchfor an informal supper and social occasion, after which came the annual business meeting, with the election of officers for the ensuing year. Reports from all departments of the church work indicated that progress had been made during the past year. The Treasurer reported sufficient funds in the Treasury to meet the obligations and a small balance left over. The following officers were elected: Deacons, S. E. Norton and C. A. Peterson, Clerk, E. W. Butler, Treasurer, P. K. Villadsen, Sunday School Superintendents, J. L. Winslow and Uriel Williamson, Trustees, M. J. Barrett, J. M. Graham and S. E. Norton.

At the Congregational church last Sunday the following new members wer received: Mrs. Martha B. Hunter, Messrs, Uriel Williamson, Cowan Woodham, Raymond Kicklighter and Walter Morgan. The communion service was also celebrated with a sermon by the pastor on the topic, "In Remembrance of me." Rev. J. M. Graham preached at the evening service on the topic, "Walking with God."

Mrs. George Phalan, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Sweeny Howard, returned to her home in Tuscaloosa the latter part of last week.

The following new pupils registered at Thorsby Institute last week: Buren Brown and Carl Wood of Phil Campbell, Cary Speer of Maplesville and Albert Linderman and Rube Kilgore of Joppa. Some other students are expected this week.

Dr. Howard C. Junkerman, who has been practicing dentistry in Gadsden for some months past, has moved his office back to Thorsby.

The Thorsby Institute basket ball team defeated the Pleasant Grove team in an exciting game on the court of the Pleasant Grove School Saturday afternoon by the score of 13 to 9. A wagon load of girls from the dormitory accompanied by Prof. Herbert and some of the young men from the Institute showed their interest in the team by accompanying them to the game. The following is the detailed score:

For Thorsby—Darsen 8 goals from field, and Baker 2 goals from field; Robinson two goals from free throw, Williams one goal from free throw.

For Pleasant grove—Watkins six goals from field, E. Cost two goals from field; H. Cost one goal from free throw.

The entertainment by Miss Bargelt of the Redpath Lyceum last Monday night was well attended and enjoyed by all present. The next number of the entertainment will be given by Edward Reno, the Magician, Monday, Feb. 12.

The Executive committee of the Christian Endeavor Society met at the home of Miss Lorena Graham last Sunday afternoon, and planned some forward movements in the work of the society. They voted to observe Christian endeaver week, Jan. 28 to Feb. 4, by some special services, to be announced in detail later.

There will be no preaching service at the Congregational church next Sunday night. The congregation are urged to attend service in one of the other churches. Morning services and Christian Endeavor will be held as usual.

COUNTY TREASURER'S REPORT

(Continued from page 5)

Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Bob Cooper	11.60
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, W. A. Grooms	12.40
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Charley I. Travis	12.60
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, W. T. Nelson	12.40
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, J. Newt Childress	11.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Walter G. Abbott	11.20
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, John A. Sammons	11.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, W. E. Broadhead	12.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Grady Watson	11.60
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Henry L. Shaw	10.40
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, T. Clyde Sims	10.40
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, S. L. Broadhead	9.80
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Mack Rollins	12.20
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, James M. Hill	10.40
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Joseph N. Asgins	10.40
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Elijah Wyatt	9.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Jim B. Gant	14.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, J. Martin Nix	8.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, M. C. Broadhead	8.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Bailiff, R. N. Bean	30.00
Sept. 25, 1916—Official court reporter, David W. W. Fuller	36.00
Sept. 25, 1916—Inters Peoples Savings Bank, J. Wiley Littlejohn	9.05
Sept. 25, 1916—Work and expense at road camp, J. R. Popwell	64.40
Sept. 25, 1916—Expenses at road camp, J. R. Popwell	10.00
Aug. 16, 191—Petit Juror, Tom Wyatt	8.40
Aug. 16, 191—Petit Juror, W. G. Patterson	9.40
Aug. 16, 191—Petit Juror, G. Houston Massey	8.60
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Willie A. Callawty	10.60
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, J. Davis Hudgins	3.70
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Wiley W. Parnell	5.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Bud G. Jones	11.10
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, T. J. Dorminy	11.20
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, J. B. Campbell	13.60
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, B. N. Wallace	13.25
Au. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, J. D. Sutley	13.40
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, W. F. Thompson	13.90
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Bill Abney	13.80
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, H. J. Jones	13.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, W. L. Honeycutt	13.20
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, W. J. Williams	11.50
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, C. B. Lenoir	13.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, J. Monroe Parrish	12.63
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, J. Ed Driver	10.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Bluford H. Jones	12.90
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Feliz Eiland	12.80
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, E. A. Deloach	12.80
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, John W. Cileckler	10.55
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Jim R. Johnson	11.10
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, J. Henry Gentry	11.40
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Lee Maddox	11.40
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Jim M. Dubose	10.90
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Will S. Cox	11.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Moses A. Kilgore	10.80
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Guss Berlin	10.80
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, J. R. Patterson	11.20
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, H. W. Gibson	11.70
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, J. S. Wright	11.60
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, E. E. Sdwards	10.60
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, J. Madison Hayes	12.20
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, John Jargan	10.80
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, John Patton	11.10
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, G. W. Mahan	10.50
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, L. E. Bookholdt	10.80
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Joe Roswell	10.60
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, J. E. Bearden	11.80
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, C. L. Hayes	12.20
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, C. E. Lawrence	18.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, C. T. Walker	18.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Tom J. Judson	10.80
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Joe House	11.20
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, R. W. Sims	11.90
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, R. W. Jones	13.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Jim Cox	11.10
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Crawford Dickinson	11.40
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Horace L. Aldredge	4.20
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, R. L. Veazey	11.10
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, J. D. Deason	11.50
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Less B. Deason	11.50
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Emmett Blankenship	10.30
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Sam Headley	10.90
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, W. W. Williams	10.90
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, E. H. Culp	11.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, W. C. B. Wyatt	10.80
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, W. B. Cooper	10.70
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, J. P. Adams	11.30
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, H. B. Glener	11.30
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, T. G. Lake	11.60
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Geo. T. Guy	11.30
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Ship K. Rasberry	11.10
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, J. Wallace Wood	10.15
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Walter Littleton	10.85
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Gip W. Melton	4.50
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, E. H. Harrell	4.20
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Lee Pate	10.70
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, John T. Harris	16.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Reuben H. Wyatt	2.20
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Geo. P. Barnes	14.50
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, W. Z. Hodges	8.00
Aug. 16, 1916—O. R. Mullins	9.10
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, J. Monroe Nix	5.80
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, E. Lindsey Smith	13.20
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, J. Tom Jones	2.25
Aug. 16, 1916—Grand Jury, Joseph L. Lansford	12.50
Aug. 16, 1916—Grand Jury, Ben F. Williams	12.40
Aug. 16, 1916—Grand Jury, James H. Mitchell	14.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Jury, William H. Veazey	9.10
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juary, J. W. Stanfield	2.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Jury, Eric Hart	2.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Jury, S. D. Williams	3.10
Aug. 16, 191—Petit Jury, Luther M. Yeargan	3.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Jury, G. Cleveland Powell	2.80
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Jury, John Vinscon	2.80
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Jury, Charley N. Eiland	2.55
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Jury, Ben L. Dennis	2.65
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Jury, Thos. W. Kemp	2.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Jury, Judson Strock	3.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Jury, Jackson L. Palmer	3.50
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Jury, Sam P. Collins	2.90
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Jury, T. Calvin Jones	2.85
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Jury, D. G. Poole	4.65
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Jury, Tom P. Parrish	2.15
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Jury, Jim C. Sanderson	4.65
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Jury, John Ramsey	3.80
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Jury, Walter Popwell	2.80
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Jury, Jap P. Williams	3.70
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, J. Red McAffee	4.50
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Jim B. Wiggins	4.40
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, William Manning	3.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Lewis A. Beentley	3.40
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Charley W. Wells	3.40
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Joseph J. Stanley	2.85
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, R. J. Mahan	5.10
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Clint C. Cobern	5.50
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Luke L. Seales	5.90
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror,S. M. Yates	8.75
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Jace L. Holley	4.30
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror,J. Hugh Jones	10.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, Gilvie O. Foshee	10.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, J. W. Patterson	2.40
Aug. 16, 1916—Petit Juror, John Popwell	4.65
Aug. 16, 1916—Official court reporter, David W. W. Fuller	36.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Official court reporter, David W. W. Fuller	36.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Janitor, J. T. Rich	30.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Water, Town of Clanton	22.90
Aug. 16, 1916—Feeding Ike Shelton, H. A. Harris	10.50
Aug. 16, 1916—Groceries for convicts, Joe Littlejohn	146.35
Aug. 16, 1916—Groceries for convicts, Joe Littlejohn	67.25
Aug. 16, 1916—Feeding prisoners, H. A. Harris	32.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Groceries for convicts, Walter Popwell	11.75
Aug. 16, 1916—Mdse for convicts, L. H. Reynolds	302.42
Aug. 16, 1916—Mdse for convicts, L. H. Reynolds	52.60
Aug. 16, 1916—Physician jail and poor house, T. J. Marcus	125.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Water, Town of Clanton	33.80
Aug. 16, 1916—Water, Town of Clanton	22.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Janitor, W. O. Rich	15.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Janitor, J. T. Rich	30.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Janitor, J. T. Rich	31.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Work at poor house, W.M. Martin	6.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Groceries for convicts, Bud Dobbs	8.30
Aug. 16, 1916—Board for Jurors, Mrs. J. F. Palmer	113.50
Aug. 16, 1916—Groceries for convicts, R. F. Deason	18.40
Aug. 16, 1916—Repairs on courthouse, E.Hopkins	6.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Mdse for jail, H. Kanjutzky	11.35
Aug. 16, 1916—Mdse for jail and convicts, L. H. Repnolds	204.55
Aug. 16, 1916—Mdse for jail and convicts, L. H. Reynolds	23.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Grand Juror, Guy Higgins	12.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Grand Jury, Ross Mullins	12.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Grand Juror, H. B. Oliver	13.00
Aug. 16, 1916—Grand Juror, W. F. Popwell	12.00
Aug. 6, 1916—Grand Juror, Lucian H. Bean	13.20
Aug. 16, 1916—Grand Juror, Henry H. Armstrong	13.90
Aug. 16, 1916—Grand Juror, R. M. Hubbard	13.10
Aug. 16 ,1916—Grand Juror, D. C. Smitherman	13.20
Aug. 16, 1916—Grtnd Juror, Clyde C. Atchison	13.20
Aug. 16, 1916—Grand Juror, Chas. H. Robinson	13.20
Aug. 16, 1916—Grand Juror, Henry Evan Smith	13.10
Aug. 16, 1916—Grand Juror, Dock Broadhead	12.90
Aug. 16, 1916—Grand Juror, Will A. Goodgame	12.00
Aug, 16, 1916—Grand Juror, Will C. Roper	12.80
Aug. 16, 1916—Grand Juror, Will A. Edwards	12.10

CASH RECEIVED

J. W. Littlejohn, County Treasurer, in account with Chilton County, Ala.

To Cash Received from June 30, 1916, to January 1, 1917.—General Fund.

June 30, 1916—Balance on hand last report		$3567.01
July 8, 1916—J. D. Collins, Taxes year 1915		
July 21, 1916—M.D. Foshee, stenographer fees in 8 cases		40.00
Sept. 4, 1916—E. B. Deason, court cost in 6 cases		24.00
Sept. 4, 1916—E. B. Deason, court cost in 6 cases		38.50
Sept. 4, 1916—E. B. Deason, court cost in 6 cases		32.00
Sept. 4, 1916—E. B. Deason, court cost in 6 cases		36.75
Sept. 4, 1916—E. B. Deason, court cost in 6 cases		35.00
Sept. 4, 1916—E. B. Deason. court cost in 8 cases		49.75
Sept. 4, 1916—E. B. Deason, License tax		359.64
Sept. 4, 1916—E. B. Deason, License Motor vehicles		52.34
Sept. 4, 1916—E. B. Deason, Mortgage tax		110.88
Oct. 5, 1916—John Purifoy, license tax		10.00
Oct. 5, 1916—E. B. Deason, mortgage tax		15.15
Oct. 5, 1916—Fm. E. Skeggs, mortgage tax		740.00
Oct. 5, 1916—Victor J. Heard, solicitor fees		20.00
Nov. 7, 1916—J. D. Collins, taxes year 1916		2532.20
Nov. 13, 1916—E. B. Deason, mortgage tax		13.99
Nov. 13, 1916—E.B. Deason, motor vehicle tax		174.52
Nov. 13, 1916—E. B. Deason, licese tax,		147.72
Nov. 13, 1916—E. B. Deason, cost in 3 cases		18.00
Nov. 13, 1916—E. B. Deason, cost in 3 cases		6.79
Nov. 13, 1916—E. B. Deason, cost in 3 cases		18.50
Nov. 16, 1916—J. D. Collins, Taxes year 1916		1251.00
Dec. 2, 1916—J. D. Collins, Taxes, year 1916		1206.40
Dec. 16, 1916—J. D. Collins, Taxes, year 1916		1474.26
Dec. 28, 1916—J. D. Collins, Taxes year 1916		5000.00
Dec. 28, 1916—Balance state aid highway		6.78

CASH RECEIVED

J. W. Littlejohn, County Treasurer, in account with Chilton County, Ala.

To Cash Received from June 30, 1916, to January 1, 1917.

General Fund.—Received	$17109.62	
Disbursed		$8875.94
Balance		$8233.68
	$17109.62	$17109.62
Fine and Forfeiture Fund.—Received	$288.48	
Disbursed		$223.68
Balance		$ 64.80
	$288.48	$288.48
Road Fund.—Received	$6481.55	
Disbursed		$1816.17
Balance		$4665.38
	$6481.55	$6481.55

Dog Tax.— Received $769.00
Redemption of Land on hand.—$82.76
Beat Four Road Tax on hand.—$28.85

SUMMARY

Receipts	**$24760.26**
Disbursements	**$10915.79**
Balance cash on hand, all funds	**$13844.47**

I, J. W. Littlejohn, Treasurer of Chilton County, Alabama, do hereby certify that the above is a true and correct statement of the finance of Chilton County, as appears from my beeks.

Respectfully Submitted,
J. W. LITTLEJOHN, County Treas.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this, Jan. 3, 1917.
E. B. DEASON, Judge of Probate

Filed in office, January 3rd, 1917.
E. B. DEASON, Judge of Probate.

Louis N. Kent Has Cut Out Doctors

Honoraville Man Writes How He Does It

Up until a short while ago Mr. Kent gave a large part of his salary to doctors, but now he spends that money for more useful things. He writes: "I deem it only just to say a few words in praise of Granger Liver Regulator. It is a great saver of doctor's bills. I have tried the Regulator and I know what I am talking about. I shall keep it in my house as long as I can get it." If you want to save your health and your money, ask your druggist about Granger Liver Regulator. He'll tell you.

TELEPHONE NOTICE

The Directors of the several telephone lines are requested to collect and pay in the POST RIGHT funds as early as possible, in order that 'phone holders can pay the central fee and get their receipts when they come in.

The time for paying central service is extended to January 15, 1917.

J. N. DENNIS, Secy-Treas.

Break your Cold or LaGrippe with a few doses of 666.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to thank the people of our community and the attending physicians, Drs. Johnson, for their unusual kindness to us during the illness and death of our son.

Sincerely,
PETER WELDON AND FAMILY.

A SMOOTH, HAIRLESS SKIN FOR EVERY WOMAN

From Beauty Secrets.

With the aid of a plain medol paste it is an easy matter to rid the skin of unsightly haiary growths. The paste is made by mixing some water with powdered medol. This is applied to the hairs not wanted and after 2 or 3 minutes rubbed of and the skin washed, when every tarce of hair will have vanished. When you go to your druggist for medol be sure you get the genuine article, and if he will not supply you, the American Proprietary Co., of Boston, will send you a 50c or $1.00 package by mail.

MINUTES READY

The minutes of the Chilton County Baptist Association are now ready for delivery to the various churches. Call at the Banner office to secure them.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME V. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., FEBRUARY 1, 1917. NUMBER 44.

A WEEKLY FARM LETTER WRITTEN FROM AUBURN ON INTERESTING TOPICS

News of Progress of Scientific Farm Methods will be Given our Readers.

Auburn, Ala. Jan. 27.—Announcement has just been made that Hon. William Jennings Bryan will deliver an address before the students and townspeople of Auburn on the thirty-first of January.

Mr. Bryan was to have been the speaker in the great Auburn Home-Coming in 1913, but the affairs of State prevented his attending. In expressing his regrets, he stated that he would like to appear before an Auburn audience at some future time so, when it was announced that he would be south on a trip in January, Dr. Thach invited him to address the Auburn students on January 31, and in accepting the date, Mr. Bryan expressed his appreciation of the invitation.

Mr. Bryan is one of the most eloquent orators on the American platform, and is a leader in all great moral movements. He has been credited with the securing of the nomination of Woodrow Wilson at the Democratic Convention in Baltimore, and with having been an important factor in the great Democratic victory last fall.

That Alabama can produce the very finest grade of butter was shown in the recent butter contest held at the Georgia Agricultural College. Alabama had four creameries represented and they received the four highest scores, which were as follows:

Selma Creamery—93½; Kratzer Creamery 93;Auburn Creamery 93; Talladega Creamery 92.

The success of Alabama Creameries in taking all four of the "places" in the contest, with entries from Georgia and Florida, has elicited much favorable comment, and it is a stimulus to the dairy movement.

Auburn was well represented at the State Horticultural Society meeting in Mobile this week. Among the men in attendance were Prof. G. C. Starcher, Prof. J. C. C. Price, Prof P. O. Davis, Dr. George W. Pelter, Dr. W. E. Hinds, Dr. W. J. Robbins, Prof. R. U. Blassingame.

Problems of the Southern farmer were discussed at the meeting of Agricultural workers in New Orleans during the week. President C. C. Thach, Dr. C. A. Cary, Prof. M. J. Funchess, Dr. B. B. Ross, and Prof. J. F. Duggar represented Auburn at the conference, which is the eighteenth annual convention of Southern Agricultural Workers.

Prof. J. C. Ford, Pig Club Agent, is now in North Alabama where he has much interest in the Pig Club work.

Prof. M. Thomas Fullan, Department of Machine Design and Drawing is preparing "Working Drawings" to be used in the Manual Training Departments of the High Schools of the State.

TRUSTEES-TEACHERS ASSOCIATION MEET

A meeting of the above Association is called to meet at the high school auditorium, at Clanton, on Saturday, February 10th, 10:00, a.m.

The officers are to be elected and some matters of importance are to discussed. No Program has been arranged.

Any member can propose any subject or ask any question in line with the occasion. Every trustee, especially, is urged to be present.

Judson Strock, Pres.
Howard Roper, Secy.

FOR RENT—About 35 Acres of Land ¾ mile from town, including house and barn. Also 35 acres, six miles from town. For particulars see Dr. Upchurch at Upchurch Drug Store. 2-1-3t.

The Freshest and Most Reliable Seed for your Garden at Upchurch's They are Sold in Bulk; not in small Papers. 2-1-3t.

Subscribe for The Union-Banner.

MONEY TO LOAN

WE ARE IN TOUCH WITH AN UNLIMITED SUPPLY OF MONEY, AND CAN NEGOTIATE LONG-TIME LOANS ON FARM LANDS UPON EASY TERMS. IF YOU ARE INTERESTED, CALL ON US.

Middleton & Reynolds.

FROM CHILTON BOY WITH UNCLE SAM IN ARIZONA

The Union-Banner has been handed a letter from Stoughton Bice, who is with the U.S. National Guard, in Arizona, which he wrote his brother at home. We were requested by his father, Mr. J. Bice, to print some parts of the letter, which might interest the friends of the young soldier.

His Letter.

Among other things he says:

"Nobody has a hard time in the army, if they act right. If anyone gets it in their head to do as they please and disobey orders at will, then it gets very warm and disagreeable.

"Uucle Sam always provides for his men, and furnishes plenty of body and bed clothing. Of course, it is not like a bed at home, but I have no kick to make. and every soldier gets the same allowance.

"The fellows that write back home squeak about getting rough treatment and being cold at night. They are not men enough to stand the army life. The army would have a higher standard if they could get rid of all such.

"It is true that there is a few in the hospital, but you know that every man is boss of his own body, and if he chooses to expose himself and catch all kinds of dicease, that is just his hard luck.

"There is no better climate than this, but at the same time, it is very dangerous until one becomes climatized. There is no cure for pneumonia in this altitude, and if anyone contracts it, they might as well swap their overcoats for the 'black box" for it is only a matter of a few days.

"All troops stationed here have been ordered to stay away from town after 5:00 o'clock, and if they are in town any time during the day, they are bidden to go to any pool-room or picture show.

"That is an account of a very dangerous disease raging just across the line called Typhus. It starts with the back-ache, then pimples break out on the abdomen, then the fever sets in. After the fever starts the victim only lasts about 24 hours.

"The people at home need not worry about me, for I take the doctor's advice, and am very careful, because I am still young and life is very sweet.

"I put in application for a discharge in order to enlist in the 12th Infantry Band. I don't think they will transfer me until the Alabama troops start for home. In case they should, I would be granted a thirty day's furlough.

General Funston, commanding the entire eastern division of the U. S. Army, accompanied by Captain Fitz Hugh Lee will be here Tuesday, and inspect our boys and the 12th Infantry.

"Will be glad of the chance to see some of the old fighting boys that descended from the blood that did so much toward making our history.

The "Alabama" Boys.

In another letter he gives an idea of how "Alabama" Boys are regarded on the border, as follows:

"Everything is on the quiet around here. Sometimes an Alabama boy will get a little boozy and beat up a regular or a Mexican. Our outfit sure has a rough name. All you have to do is to yell 'Alabama,' and no one wants to bother you, for this sure is a fighting bunch. The regulars are all friends to us now for they have found out that it pays.

"We leave here Tuesday for a ten days hike. When out that way, we live as if in war, every man carrying his whole outfit on his back,

"From our camp we can see the target range in the distance and it is quite a treat to watch the big shells burst as the artillerymen practice. Last night I saw the search light practice. This affair is a bomb-shaped object and when fired into the air, after attaining a certain elevation, it explodes and drifts slowly back to the earth, casting a brilliant light for miles around. In case of a night attack these automatic searchlights quickly disclose the enemy, and warfare can be carried on as in the day-time. All this preparedness is costing the government an immense sum of money, but at the same time, will rank the United States with the leading military powers of all the world."

"With best regards,

"STOUGHTON BICE."

NEGRO WOMEN ENGAGE IN CUTTING AFFRAY

Two Clanton "Yaller gals" got into a mix-up the other day—Friday, we believe, and the result was that one of the dames emerged in a somewhat sliced condition.

One of her ears was amputated, the side of her face split open, and half a dozen stabs and cuts on the arms and other parts of the body.

One was taken in charge by the Sheriff, and the other by the doctor.

They were fighting about "Slick" McCall.

Pay your subscription to this paper.

Watch the Label on your paper.

The little yellow label on your paper every week shows the date when your subscription is out; if not paid ahead before then your paper will be stopped. Keep your eye on the label.

We shall continue to publish the best newspaper in Chilton county, at the same price of

$1.00 A YEAR

MINOOKA

Minooka is steadily forging to the Front.

Our Sunday School is the best ever known at Minooka. We are developing our push, and of course the pull is taking care of itself.

Have you tried this method? If not, do so, and you will have as good a Sunday School in winter as in the milder seasons of the year. There is nothing better than a good community leader, and have it in the person of Prof. F. B. Williams.

Our public school was on a boom last week. We had with us for the week-end the charming and efficient teacher of Oak Grove, Miss Phala Belle Roper. And believe me, what a team she and Prof. Williams make. We would like to have them both to teach for us all the time, and then, what a fine school we would have!

Come again, Miss Roper. We will be delighted ot have you with us again.

We are working hard for a library and have almost enough now to get it. This shows the interest and efforts of our teacher in the school.

Here is the list of those that have contributed to the funds:

Prof. F. B. Williams, $1.00; Mrs. Kinman, public collection, $.50; W.M. Kinman, $.50; W.E. Broadhead, $.50; Dourice Anderson, one hen, $.40; Charlie Busby, one hen, $40; Dock Horton, one hen, $.40; Burber Kinman, one hen, $.40; Jessie Creel, one hen, $.40; Louis Busby, eggs, $.25; Harris Anderson, eggs, $.10; Pupils, eggs, $.50; Profit on cold drink stand by L.F. Broadhead, $3.25; Mrs. McDonald of Clanton High School, $.25; Mrs. Bertha Howard, $.25; Lorenzo Cobb, $.25; J.W. Blankenship, $.25. Total Collections $9.70.

Thanking you, Mr. Editor, for your patience, I will close.

A STUDENT.

POPWELL-BAKER

Mr. Loyd Popwell and Miss Etta Baker were married Sunday night.

The marriage was an incident of some surprise to their friends.

Eat With Me!

I AM IN BUSINESS TO SERVE THE PUBLIC WITH A FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT. ALSO I INVITE YOU TO COME AND EAT WITH ME.

I CAN SERVE YOU WITH ANYTHING THE MARKET AFFORDS AND AT ANY TIME OF DAY. I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF THE VERY FINEST OYSTERS TO BE OBTAINED FROM THE COAST.

REMEMBER I HAVE PREPARED TO FEED YOU WHEN YOU ARE IN TOWN, AND I SHALL EXPECT YOU TO COME TO SEE ME.

W. H. Goodgame.
Clanton, Ala.

RURAL SCHOOL PROGRESS IN ALABAMA AS IS SEEN BY THE SUPERINTENDENT

Feagin Mentions Many Things Of Important Note From All Over the State.

A compilation of the results secured from the Uniform Seventh Grade Examination held in the state for the season of 1915-'16, compared with the results of the year 1914-'15, shows remarkable progress in this important rural school movement.

During the session of 1915-'16 examinations were held in fifty-five counties; 4,668 pupils took the examinations and 3,048 seventh grade diplomas were issued.

During the session of 1915-'16 sixty county boards authorized examinations; 6,136 pupils stood and 3,961 passed successfully.

Butler, Coffee, Franklin, Hale, Limestone, Morgan, and Perry are the only counties in which examinations were not held in the year 1915-'16. The Department has assurance that at least three of these counties will hold examinations during the present school year.

Many of our boys and girls have left the rural schools because of the lack of a definite goal toward which to work. The Seventh Grade Diploma, to some extent, supplies this goal. If our county boards will give them proper official recognition, and County Superintendents will sufficiently popularize the uniform examinations, we shall soon find a great percentage of the boys and girls of the rural schools of Alabama completing the course prescribed.

Franklin County Blazes the Way.

Just two months and sixteen days after the passage of the local tax amendment, Franklin County demonstrated to the people of Alabama her willingness to tax her wealth for the education of her children.

Last year the rural districts of this county enjoyed school privileges for only seventy-five days with fees and supplements.

The splendid majority given the three mill levy in Franklin County alone justifies the position taken by the local tax advocates.

Should Our Rural Schools Run Six Days in a Week?

We give below a clipping from an article in the January issue of the North Carolina Education, which was written by M.L. Eearly, of Clemmens, N. C.

"Regardless of what other states may do, it seems to me that the southern rural school, on account of our system of farming and our climate, is chained to a comparatively short term for the present and future. Our larger boys are needed on the farms much of the year. Frankly, who is to hired to take their place, and often, where is the pay for hiring to come from? We had just as well face the facts.."

"But I do see one sensible way by which we can lengthen our school work and still keep the terms short—run six days in the week, just as all other business enterprises do. Why not? Verily I do believe our children would not be overworked. From personal observation and experience this seems to be the best present means of lengthening our rural terms. To the five-day system (taken from the ancients) we are bound only by custom. To the six-months term we are bound largely by the necessity of our system of farming and climate."

Is not the thought set forth by Mr. Early applicable to conditions in Alabama as they exist today? If so, then would it not be well for our county boards to take the matter under consideration before the beginning of another school year? We are coming more and more to believe that good common business sense is desirable even in school affairs.

COMMISSIONERS WANT TO CONFER WITH THE PEOPLE

Meeting called for Discussion of Financial Condition of the County. ..Will try to find Remedy.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
County of Chilton.

Whereas Chilton County has a past due indebtedness of $70,000.00, or more, and no money in the Treasury with which to pay it; and the County is three years behind with its payments and its warrants are discounted at 40 per cent; the County's credit is such that it is paying for material and work forty per cent above a cash basis;

Therefore, be it resolved by the Court of County Commissioners, in regular session, on this the 15th day of January 1917, that a mass meeting of all voters of said county is hereby called to assemble at the Court House on Saturday, February 3, 1917, at 10 o'clock a.m. for the purpose of considering and devising ways and means to pay off debts and restore the credit and put the County on a cash basis.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.
S. E. WALDRUP,
R. J. WILLIAMS,
W. T. HERROD,
A. P. VINSON,
County Commissioners.

TEACHERS NOTICE

The Chilton County Teachers Association will meet in the Chilton County High School building Saturday, Feb. 10. The program will consist of the following:

10:00. Devotionol, A. B. Baxley.
10:15. The Care of the Teeth, by Dr. Earl Gowan.
10:45. Illiteracy, Miss Foster, Dept. of Education.
11:05. The Rural Credit Bill, W.H. Conway.
11:30. General discussion for everyone.

J. L. HARRIS, Chm.

OBITUARY

On December 31, 1916 the death angel visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. Dudley Tippett, and wafted the spirit of their little daughter, Hattie Belle to the great Beyond.

She was sick with meningitis for about three weeks. Her sufferings which were great were endured patiently.

She was a bright, sweet-tempered little girl of seven years.

She will be greatly missed, but we should remember that the Lord doeth all things well.

PROGRAM

Of the District Sunday School Convention—Shady Grove Church—Tuesday, February 6, 1917.

10:00. Prayer, Rev. J.H. Lembrick.
10:15. Reading, Miss Laura Robinson.
10:30. Address, Rev. J. D. Hughes.
11:00. Address, Prof. H. C. McDonald.
11:30. Address, Miss Freda Bose.
12:00. Adjourn.
1:15. Prayer and song service, by Tillman Robinson.
1:30. The teacher's qualifications, Rev. J. H. Lembrick.
2:00. Reading, Miss Kate Deramus.
2:15. Roll call of schools and marking district clerks.
2:30. Address, Miss Freda Bose.

Select time and place of next meeting.

All schools in the District are urged to send delegates.

BETTIE M. GARDNER, Sec.
W. A. CALLOWAY, Pres.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT

Estate of H. B. Rogers, deceased; Probate Court.

Letters testimentary of said deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 30th day of December, 1916, by the Hon. E. B. Deason, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, are hereby requested to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

J. A. ROGERS, Adm.

A MILLION BALES OF COTTON FOR ALABAMA NEEDED THIS YEAR.

Wade Says Farmers Can Bring Back Favorable Conditions By Using Proper Efforts.

It will take a million bales of cotton per year to keep Alabama in a normal financil condition. This sum can be grown in excess of the diversified crops sufficient to produce a living at home, and in spite of the boll weevil. Alabama farmers have seen the worst of it last year with the boll weevil all over the state as bad as they will ever be and the worst July weather ever known. Conditions will improve as favorable seasons return. Help us make a million bales of cotton this year and help yourselves to enjoy prosperity once more.

How?

1. Begin at once to destroy the old stalks and ohter litter by plowing them under or burning them. Burn the hedge rows, ditch banks, and burn around dead stumps, trees and logs. Utilize every pretty day this winter, cleaning up and plowing as the soil will permit. Thorough preparation, a medium early start, and determined efforts will make cotton. They succeed in all other states that have boll weevils. Why not in Alabama?

2. Reduce your crop to six or eight acres to the plow, and make the rows one foot wider than you expect the cotton to grow in heighth.

3. Prepare a well pulverized seed bed and plant as early as the season will permit.

4. Plant pure seed of early varieties like Triumph, Cleveland Big Boll, Toole, King and Simpkin.

5. Fertilize a little heavier and put part of the fertilizer in with the seed to start the crop quickly. If only two hundred pounds of fertilizer are used per acre, apply with the seed.

6. Keep cotton off of damp, rich land that makes too much weed, as moisture, shade and tender growth is the weevil's ideal place.

7. Pick the weevils out of the buds of the plants a week before squares begin to form.

8. Pick up and burn the infested squarest he same week that the first blooms apear.

9. Cultivate shallow and once a week until August or later.

10. Successful cotton culture is now a matter of the man, his intelligence, determination and ability to apply his efforts at the time which will accomplish the greatest results.

11. Do not forget your food and feed crops, hogs, and cattle.

J. A. WADE,
Commissioner of Agriculture.

DR. GRAGG MOVING

Dr. Gragg is moving his office from the Hayes building, across the Street to the office formerly occupied by Dr. Hopkins. In his new location, he will have the advantage of ground floor accommodations, and invites his friends and patrons to call on him at any time.

ROBINSON GETS COMMISSION

Mr. James E. Robinson, who was recently appointed as postmaster of Clanton, to succeed Mr. B. M. Roberts, resigned, received his commission Wednesday signed by President Wilson and Postmaster General Burleson. Mr. Robinson now carries full responsibility and authority of his position.

Freeport (Ill.) Journal-Standard—Every time John Skelton Williams tells us how rich we are, we just keep our hands off our pocketbooks and refuse to wake up.

Buy your Garden Seed in Bulk at Upchurch Drug Co. 2-1-3t

The First and the Last.

The First Store as you Come in from the west and the last as you go out.

I am paying 10 cents a pound for Hens, feathers and all.
25 c a dozen for eggs, cash.
Sell good Flour for $1.15 sack.
Coffee 6 and 7 lb. to Dollar.

W. A. HUCKABEE
Clanton, Ala.

SAYS OFFICERS NEGLECTED DUTY

GOVERNOR HENDERSON ASKED RECALL OF EVERY ONE NOT ON DUTY.

DID NOT LOOK WELL TO HIM

Chief Executive Says Absence of So Many Officers and Illness of Troops Looks Bad.

Montgomery, Ala.—Declaring that while sickness was at the greatest point among the Alabama soldiers on the Mexican border, ranking officers were away on leaves of absence, Governor Henderson, in a statement on conditions among the soldiers announced that he had requested the commanding officer of the division to revoke the leaves of absence and to require the Alabama officers to return to their commands among their soldiers.

"It did not appear to me as the best for the spirit and moral of the brigade that the officers should absent themselves at such tiime, and I have requested the commanding officer of the division to revoke all furloughs heretofore issued commissioned officers," said Governor Henderson. "As I view the situation, the officers need the training more than the men. The officer's first duty being to look after the men.

"No matter how well trained the rank and file may be, unless they have efficient officers they can never render efficient service."

Road Survey to Start.

Eufaula.—The survey of the proposed highway from Eufaula to the Bullock County line, by way of Clayton and Mt. Andrew, will be started by Civil Engineer Garrett. It is expected that between $15,000 and $20,000 will be sent on this road, the major portion to be furnished by the state and government. The total length of the road will be 30 miles and will open up some new farming territory along a distance of about fifteen miles, which is now without a good road and has been held back from development on that account.

Hutchin's Death An Accident.

Tuscaloosa.—That Rev. John Hutchins, the Birmingham Baptist minister that was killed more than a week ago at Cottondale, was first injured by the train from which he had just alighted and placed in a condition from which he was not able to move himself from the track is the belief of the office of Sheriff Watts. It is the belief of Sheriff Watts, who has been investigating the minister's death, that he attempted to board the south bound passenger train from which he had alighted after the train was under headway.

To Vote on Wharf Bond Issue.

Tuscaloosa.—The city commission of Tuscaloosa has passed an ordinance and has given notice of election to be held on March 5, for the issuance of $50,000 bonds for the erection of a wharf and appurtenances needed for the landings and for furnishing and equipping such wharf or wharves. The commission named the officers for holding the election and have arranged all of the details for the issuance of the bonds if the issue carries.

Coal Production Greater Than Ever.

Birmingham.—While the car situation on some of the railroads in the Birmingham District is far from being what it should be, coal production in the Birmingham District is now greater than it ever was, and if continued through the present year will break all records. Almost every coal company in a position to deliver is shipping coal, and railroad officials are being pleaded with to furnish cars.

Man Is Electrocuted.

Montgomery.—Colquitt Miller, a lineman for the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, was electrocuted while at the top of a high pole on Butler street, North Montgomery. While stringing wires he came in contact with a live wire. He was dead before assistance could reach him.

Gadsden Wants Woodmen.

Gadsden.—Gadsden and Alabama City will be in the fight to get the 1918 convention of the Woodmen of the World. This was decided at a meeting of the Alabama City Lodge. Delegates from the Gadsden lodge have beeen selected and they expect to fight for the next convention.

Many Cases Are Set.

Gadsden.—Eighty-one cases were set for the February term of the Circuit Court, when the members of the bar were called to meet Judge J. E. Blackwood, presiding Circuit Court. Several cases were passed until the June term of court, but Judge Blackwood stated that because the farmers would all be busy in June he wanted to have as light a term then as possible. The February term of Circuit Court will be the first since the consolidation of the courts.

NEW SYSTEM OF LAND TITLES

Talladega Man Says Torrens System Would Aid Farmers in the Borrowing of Money.

Mongomery.—Declaring that bankers of Alabama hesitate about lending money on farm lands because of the trouble in proving clear titles to the property, H. L. McElderry of Talladega, banker and business man, suggested to farmers attending the second annual conference for safe farming that this state should adopt the Torrens system of state registration and thus remove all trouble.

Mr. McElderry said the system had proved effectiye in many other states and that the trouble no longer is had in determining whether or not a person who claims ownership has a clear title to the property. All deeds and records would be kept by the State and it would be little work to go to the proper state official and obtain a complete abstract. He mentioned the fact that bankers themselves could establish to their own satisfaction a person's title to certain property but that in case of a financial stringency when a bank needed money, it would have trouble in convincing other monetary powers that funds lent on the property would be reasonably safe.

J. E. Quinerly of Auburn, dairy extension agent, urged all small farmers to give some attention to dairying and pointed out the benefits which will come from this work.

Many practical farmers made talks on various phases of the farmer's life much attention being given to discussions about the proper forage crops for this state.

Summer Course Announced.

Auburn.—The Alabama Polytechnic Institute has announced their summer school term, beginning June 14 and continuing through July 25. This is the fifth annual summer session. The purpose of the school is to aid teachers in advancing themselves in their work and for more efficient training. Also to allow persons desiring to take up work to do so, offering an opportunity for regular students to do work at the same time.

Farmers Form Loan Association

Anniston.—At a meeting held in the director's room of the Anniston City National Bank, the Caluhoun County National Farm Loan Association was formally organized, with 29 farmers present from various sections of the county. Under the provisions of the Federal Farm Loan Act the subscribers to the association will borrow about $64,000 from the farm loan bank at New Orleans and use it for farm improvements of various sorts.

Morgan to Issue Bonds.

Albany.—Increased valuation of assessable property amounting to more than $4,000,000, will entitle Morgan county to issue additional road bonds in the sum of $100,000. Already a movement has been initiated for a second bond issue in order that the Morgan county link of the Bee Line Highway may be built at an early date.

Lead to Be Mined.

Gadsden.—High grades of galena ore from which lead is obtained have been discovered in Cherokee county, about 30 miles north of Gadsden, and analysis show that this lead can be mined on a profitable scale, according to Thomas H. Stephens, former postmaster at Gadsden. "A company has been formed to develop this industry and work will begin soon on smelting," he said.

Land to Be Developed.

Gadsden.—A number of Gadsden men, forming a company to develop and prospect land in Jefferson, Walker, Fayette and Tuscaloosa Counties have perfected the titles to about 40,000 acres. Contracts have been closed with three Oklahoma companies to bore a number of wells. The lands are parts of the estate of the late Major Thomas Peters.

Shortage In Cars Reduced.

Birmingham.—By recent order of the Interstate Commerce Commission in the matter of freight car shortage, a decrease of 50 per cent has been brought about since November 1, according to L. K. Plosser, manager of the Alabama Demurrage and Storage Bureau. Mr. Plosser gives as the authority for this assertion, the Traffic World.

Walker County Youth Drowned.

Jasper.—Ozdie Orear, aged 15 years, son of Bill Orear, prominent Walker county citizen, was drowned near here. He and his younger brother were out in the steam in a boat, when it capsized. The younger boy saved himself, but when he reached aid, the older brother was drowned.

Quo Warranto Appealed.

Huntsville.—Judge Archie McDonnell has taken an appeal from the decision of Judge Kyle, of the Circuit Court, which upheld quo warranto proceedings that were instituted by Probate Judge-elect Thomas W. Jones. In the meantime Judge McDonnell remains as Judge of Probate. A supersedes bond in the sum of $1,000 has been filed by Judge McDonnell to protect Mr. Jones from loss in the event the Supreme Court upholds his claim for the office.

NAVAL BATTLE IN NORTH SEA

Seven German Warships Sunk By The British And Several Others Badly Damaged

Ymuiden, Holland.—An encounter is reported to have occurred in the North sea between fourteen German torpedo boat destroyers and a British flotilla. Sixteen severely wounded Germans have been landed here by a Dutch steam trawler which took them off the badly damaged German torpedo boat V-69. The torpedo boat was afterwards towed here with twenty dead aboard. The commander died before reaching port, both of his legs being shot off in the engagement.

Action Opened At Short Range

London.—Reports from Yumiden, received here say that German torpedo boats at night attempted to leave Zeebrugge to avoid the ice, which was very thick. They were immediately attacked by a large British squadron. The action opened at short range and early in the fight the bridge of the German destroyer V-69 was swept away by a direct hit, the commander and two other officers being killed.

The V-69 fired one torpedo and was then hit by another British shell, which knocked the funnel flat on the deck. Still another shell put a hole in the forepart of the vessel. Her guns appear not to have been damaged.

The crew of the V-69 numbered about sixty. It would appear from the statements of the men that seven other German vessels were sunk. The V-69 belonged to the home fleet.

The sinking of a British torpedo boat destroyer in another engagement with German torpedo destroyers in the vicinity of Schouwen bank, with the loss of three officers and forty-four of the crew, also was announced.

The text of the official announcement says:

"While our light forces were patrolling the North sea not far from the Dutch coast they met a division of enemy torpedo boat destroyers. A short engagement took place during which one of the enemy torpedo boat destroyers was sunk and the rest scattered, having suffered considerable punishment. Darkness prevented the full results of the action from being observed.

"There was also a short, sharp engagement between enemy torpedo destroyers and our own destroyers in the vicinity of Schouwen bank. During this engagement one of our torpedo boat destroyers was struck by a torpedo, the explosion killing three officers and forty-four of the crew. She subsequently was sunk by our own ships. Relatives of the victims have been informed. Our ships suffered no other casualties."

NEW THRUST MADE BY INVADERS IN ROUMANIA

Bulgarian Troops Have Moved Northward In Dobrudja Across The Danube

Paris.—Berlin says the Bulgarians in northern Dobrudja have crossed the southern estuary of the Danube near Tulicha and have maintained themselves on the northern bank against a Russian attack. This brings the invaders closer to the Bessarabian frontier. Elsewhere in Roumania there has been only a continuation of small isolated engagements.

On the Russian front in the region of Lake Kuggerion and near Kalnzem, in the Riga sector, the Germans have delivered attacks against the Russians Both attacks were repulsed, the latter with heavy casualties, according to Petrograd. In Volhynia, the Germans successfully carried out trench raids against the Russians.

The fighting fronts in France and the Austro-Italian theater continue to witness bombardments, spirited at some places, and small engagements.

Widow Of Sitting Bull Dead In Fargo

Fargo, N. D.—Small Woman, former wife of Sitting Bull, noted Indian chief whose band annihilated Custer and his command in Little Big Horn in 1876 and who was killed fifteen years later at the battle of Wounded Knee, died at the Fort Berthold Indian reservation, North Dakota, of burns suffered when fire destroyed her shack at Lucky Mound. Small Woman escaped from her burning cabin uninjured, but returned to rescue an old shawl which she prized highly and her clothing caught fire.

Donald Confirmed For Shipping Board

Washington.—The nomination of J. A. Donald of New York as member of the new federal shipping board is confirmed. When the nominations of the other four members were confirmed, that of Mr. Donald was held up by opposition of Progressive Republicans and some Democrats. The opposition was based on the employment of Chinese crews on ships under British registry operated by a company formerly headed by Mr. Donald. Organization of the board will be effected shortly.

Millions In Gold Sent To Raiders

Baltimore.—It was reported in local shipping circles here that three steamers which left Baltimore recently, presumably with coal, also took out several million dollars in gold eagles and half eagles. The gold, it was reported, was for Germany and was to be transferred at sea to the raiders sweeping the South Atlantic. The report was based on the departure on December 24 for Norfolk of the steamer Ausable with $2,000,000 in gold. She left Norfolk on December 28 for Buenos Ares, but has not arrived.

SPIRITED FIGHTING ON THREE FRONTS

Germans Gain Against French In Verdun Region And Have Driven Russian In Riga District

BRITISH BATTLE WITH TURKS

Turkish First Line Trenches On 1,000-Yard Front Captured By The British Force

New York.—Spirited fighting has taken place northwest of Verdun on the front in France; near Riga, on the Russian front, and southwest of Kut-el-Amara, in the Mesopotamian theater.

German forces have been successful in the operations in the first two regions, while the British troops have taken positions from the Turks along the Tigris in the latter.

Attacking in force on a front of sixteen hundred meters against Hill 304 northwest of Verdun, Teuton soldiers stormed French trenches and took 500 prisoners. French troops, the latest French communication says, have recaptured most of the trench positions. Counter attacks by the French failed, as did further attempts to regain the lost ground according to Berlin. German troops also gained ground on Le Mort Homme and Avoncourt.

Heavy Fighting In Riga District

West of Riga in the Tirul swamp region and along the River Aa, the Germans and Russians continue heavy fighting. German attacks, Berlin says, were successful, and additional ground and 500 prisoners were taken. Counter attacks by Russian troops were repulsed in both sectors with heavy losses to the attackers along the Aa. Petrograd announces that the Russians, after advancing more than a mile in the battle zone, were forced to return to their positions.

Turkish first line trenches on a front of 1,100 yards were gained by the British in their attacks southwest of Kut-el-Amara. In addition, London says, some second-line positions on the bank of the Tigris were taken.

There has been no great activity in Roumania. On the northern portion of the French front British troops have carried out several successful raids.

ALLIED GOLD FLOOD FOR UNITED STATES

Allies Entitled To Seven Billion Two Hundred Million Loan, Says Sir Edward Holden

London.—Speaking at the annual meeting of the London City and Midland bank, Sir Edward Holden, managing director of the bank, said that 232,000,000 pounds of gold which had flowed into America up to the end of 1916, about 212,000,000 pounds represented the amount contributed by the entente allies to form the basis of loans.

Of the total foreign loans of America since the beginning of the war, amounting to about 460,000,000 pounds, he said, 423,000,000 pounds were borrowed by England and her allies. The amount of gold required for reserve on this basis, he added, would be only 69,000,000 pounds, and therefore 143,000,000 pounds of the entente allies' gold had been used for some other purpose and it would appear that 76,000,000 pounds were locked up under the federal reserve system. Continuing, he said:

"After the allies had so handsomely contributed to the gold reserves of the United States, thus facilitating the exportation of American commodities to the extent of 1,913,000,000 pounds between July, 1914, and November 30, 1916, it seems difficult to understand why the federal reserve board should have endeavored to place difficulties in the way of American bankers creating further loans and particularly when they could have had collateral security for new loans."

Highest Ocean Cotton Rate Ever Paid

Galveston, Texas.—An ocean freight rate of $4 a hundred pounds will be paid on one thousand bales of cotton booked for export from Galveston to Havre. This is believed to be the highest rate ever paid for transportation of cotton from this port.

National Forest Reserves Enlarged

Washington.—Enlargement of the national forest reserves by 23,709 acres acquired through purchase in the Southern Appalachian and White mountains was announced by the reservation commission recently. This brings the total added to the public forests in the east and south under the Week's law up to 1,373,131 acres. The largest single purchase among those announced was a tract of 8,000 acres on Mount Mitchell, N. C. In the White mountains of New Hampshire 4,500 acres were purchased.

$350,000,000 Must Go To Reserve Banks

Washington.—An amendment to the federal reserve act, proposed by the reserve board, to make immediately effective the provision requiring all reserves of member banks to be kept in federal reserve banks was approved by the house banking and currency committee. It is estimated that this provision, which as the law now stands, would take effect November 17 next, will force the transfer of some $350,000,000 to reserve banks and increase the loaning capacity of the system by nearly $800,000,000.

NO BRITISH SHELLS FOR U. S.

English Government Orders Redfields, Lim., Not To Fill Contract With Uncle Sam

London.—The British government has refused permission to the Hadfields, limited, to proceed with work on the contract for shells for the American navy "so long as the exigencies of war continue."

The announcement is made in the form of an official notice by Dr. Christopher Addison, the minister of munitions, in which attention is called to the fact that the entire steel output is under his control.

Contracts Involved Over Three Million

Washington.—Contracts were awarded Hadfields, limited, for $3,141,000 worth of 14-inch and 16-inch armor piercing shells at about $200 apiece less than the lowest American bid. As these shells are for reserve ammunition, it is possible that no further efforts to let contracts for them will be made pending construction of the government's projectile factory already authorized. Secretary Daniels had not received official notice that the British government had declined to permit Hadfields to fill its contracts.

"I will wait until I get official announcement," he said, when asked what alternative presented itself.

The secretary pointed out that the department now has available $1,500,000 for a government projectile factory. Plans are being completed and it has already been determined to locate the factory with the armor plant for which a site is still to be selected. It will take about a year to complete it. Secretary Daniels said that the bids from Hadfields had been received on the distinct understanding that there would be no question of the right to deliver, regardless of the war situation in Europe.

FOR LIQUOR CONSUMPTION 1916 THE BANNER YEAR

The Use Of Cigarettes Also Reached The Highest Mark Ever Known

Washington.—The amount of whiskey consumed by the American people in 1916 apparently was greater than in any previous year since 1909, according to tax returns to the treasury department, and the amount of revenue collected by the government on whiskey, beer and cigarettes during the year was the greatest on record.

While returns show that the tendency toward prohibition has not lowered the government's revenue from whiskey, officials believe that a portion of the increase—nearly $24,000,000 more than in 1915—is attributable to the fact that the government is at present collecting taxes on all the whiskey produced in the country, whereas, because of extensive frauds, such was not the case a few years ago.

Consumption of cigarettes in 1916 reached the highest mark ever recorded. The tremendous increase—more than 40 per cent over 1915—is attributed to two main causes: Increased prosperity of the country and the growth of the cigarette habit among women. Many millions of cigarettes made for feminine users were produced in this country and imported during the past year, whereas a few years ago production and importation of such cigarettes were negligible by comparison.

Three Persons Killed; Score Injured

Memphis, Tenn.—Three persons were killed and more than a score injured, two probably fatally, when a St. Louis-Southwestern railroad engine collided with the rear car of a Rock Island passenger train, eastbound from Little Rock Ark., to Memphis, late in a dense fog at Mound, Ark., near this city. R. L. Leonard, a planter of Memphis; A. H. Williams, an employee of a lumber concern at Hurlbert, Ark., and Benjamin Owings of Forest City, Ark., were killed.

Armor Plant Sites To Be Inspected

Washington.—The board designated by Secretary Daniels to inspect proposed sites for the government armor plate factory is expected to leave Washington soon for a tour of locations already held to be safe in time of war. Alabama and Georgia will be visited first and returning the board will go through the Southwest and Kentucky and Tennessee. Later a second tour will be made through northern and middle western states.

Publishers Fighting Checks On Papers

Washington.—Frank P. Glass of Birmingham, vice president of the American Newspaper Publishers' association, voiced his objection to restrictions upon newspaper publishers in the Owen corrupt practices bill, before a senate sub-committee. He said he hoped to have the bill considered by the association at its meeting in Chicago and resolutions adopted outlining the publishers' views. Legal prohibition against printing news of election betting, he said, might be a steppingstone toward further restrictions.

No Prohibition Placed On Strike

Washington.—For the second time since it began consideration of railroad legislation to supplement the Adamson law, the senate interstate commerce committee declined to approve a provision suggested by President Wilson forbidding a strike or lockout pending investigation of a labor controversy. The vote was ten to five, with three Democrats—Senators Underwood, Smith of South Carolina and Thompson—voting with the Republicans in the negative.

WEATHER CAUSES LULL IN FIGHTING

KING WINTER REIGNS IN EUROPE AND ALL BATTLES COME TO A HALT.

ARTILLERY FIRE CONTINUES

Representatives of Entente Allies Meetin Petrograd and Hold War Council.

London.—With winter weather prevailing on nearly all the battle fronts, military operations have been held to virtually small engagements when compared with the battles that have taken place under more favorable conditions.

Snowstorms, for the moment, have brought thee operations southwest of Riga, where apparently a great general engagement was in the making, almost to a halt. To the south, in Volrynia and across the linee in Galicia, some spirited isolated fights have taken place, but only with the capture of trench elements respectively by the Russians and Teutonic allies reported. In Rumania only the most minor operations are chronicled.

On the front in France and Belgium, except on the sector of Hill 304, near Verdun, artillery duels alone have taken place. Near Hill 304 the artillery bombardments on both sides have been rather severe and grenade fighting also has taken place. Several Frnch attacks against the Geerman defenses in this region broke down with heavy casualties, according to Berlin.

While berlin says the British in their attacks against the Turks on the Irak front in Asiatic Turkey suffered heavy losses and in addition met with repulse, a London official communication asserts that the Britishers in attacks gained complete possession of Turkish first and second line trenches southwest of Kut-El-Amara on a front of 4300 yards, and also took third and fourth line trenches on a front of 600 yards. A large number of casualties were reported.

Representatives of the entente allies have arrived in Petrograd for a war council.

Among the vessels which Berlin officially announces have been sunk recently by submarines is an "armed hostile transport steamer," 250 miles off Malta. The steamer, "crammed with troops," is reported to have sunk within 10 minutes.

LAWSON'S STORY IS DENIED.

Financiers Discredit Boston Man's Claim That There Was a Leak.

New York.—Some of the most sensational charges Thomas W. Lawson made in testifying recently in the House rules committee "leak" investigation were vehemently denied by Pliny Fisk and Archibald S. White, two widely known New York financiers, before the congressional inquisitors.

Fisk, named by Lawson as the banker member of an alleged trio composed of a cabinet member, Secretary McAdoo, a member of Congress, known as "Senator O.," and a banker, would have a joint account in Wall street declared no such combination ever existed.

White, who Lawson said told him that Fisk had boasted that the controlled Secretary McAdoo and hand offered to call the secretary from his bed by telephone at 1:30 o'clock in the morning to prove his assertion, insisted that Lawson was "romancing."

DEFENSE BUDGET PASSES.

Bill Representing Expenditures fo Navy Goes Through House.

Washington.—The administration's $800,000,000 defense budget began to take final shape in Congress when the House passed the fortifications bill, carrying more than $51,000,000 for coast defenses, and the House naval committee completed its 1918 naval appropriation bill with a total of more than $351,000,000.

The army appropriation bill, the third element of the programme, still is in the House military committee, which is expected to complete it next week. Estimates for the army reach more than $360,000,000, exclusive of numerous deficiency measures resulting from the border mobilization and the rising cost of war materials.

Immigration Bill Vetoed.

Washington.—President Wilson vetoed the immigration bill passed recently by Congress, because of its literacy test provision.

British Cruiser Is Sent to Bottom.

London. — The British auxiliary cruiser Laurentic, of 14892 tons, has been sunk by a submarine or as a result of striking a mine, according to an official statement by the British admiralty. Twelve officers and 109 men were saved. Before being acquired for the service of the British admiralty the Laurentic was in the Canadian service of the White Star Dominion Line. The vessel was owned by the Ocean Steam Navigation company of Liverpool.

TRAINING TODAY'S BOYS AND GIRLS

The Dabbling Adolescent and Value of Her Fads.

ADVENT OF NEW POWERS

Period When All the Possibilities of the Child Come to the Front and He Feels He Can Do Anything.

By SIDONIE M. GRUENBERG.

AFTER dinner the grown-ups sat about on rockers down on the lawn while the younger people danced on the wide veranda to the music of a phonograph.

A father was saying that so far as he could observe the chief reason for the high cost of living was to be found in the fact that the young people are so fickle in their tastes. He did not remember just how many dollars—but they were many—his son Percy had invested in cameras and ruby lights and dishes and chemicals less than a year ago, and now he did not care a bit for photography—was going in for geology, and had decided to go to college just to have a chance to study that.

Father thought that he might have stuck to photography and finally worked into the business—it is a pretty good business—or he might have made up his mind about geology last year and have saved all that money.

Mrs. Darling felt the same sort of grievance, for her Genevieve had made such a muss about the house with her photographs and things, and now she hardly ever takes her camera out. Indeed, Genevieve has had four hobbies since she took up with the camera—there was raising pansies, and hand-painted china, and the foreign missions, and now it's dancing. The Darlings never mention the cost of anything; but such shifting and restlessness is very distracting.

Another mother observed that after all we have to expect to do a great deal for our children, but she did fear that her son was frittering away altogether too much time in ways that would prove to be unprofitable. He gave up collecting stamps when his album was far from full, and there it was, after all that work, doing nobody any good. And it was the same way with his wireless telegraph. They had had so much trouble getting a permit for the masts, and he had worked so hard studying the codes until he was able to pick up all sorts of curious and interesting messages (the mother could not conceal her pride behind her complaints), and now all was abandoned since he met that North boy, who interested him in ants! What all this would lead to goodness only knew, and she was patient enough, goodness also knew.

And Mr. Burrowes, who dreaded the water, felt the same way about it; for had not his son dabbled about in a dozen—yes, a score—of useless hobbies, only to turn around suddenly with his mind made up to enter the Naval academy next year, when he would be old enough? As if there were not a hundred excellent things to do on the solid earth! And he proceeded to enumerate some of them, though he stopped long before he reached ten.

But the fathers and mothers in the party worried together more than they had a right to. Or at least, if



And Now It's Dancing.

they were entitled to all that worry they worried in the wrong direction. The young people, if they are fairly healthy, and if they are fairly free to find out about what's going on in the world, and if they are fairly free to go in for things that do not bring in money—or especially if they have a chance to go in for things that cost money—are quite sure to take up one absorbing hobby after another. It is just because there are so many excellent things to do on the solid earth—and in the air, and in the water, too—that they need several years to find out which they would rather do. And apparently the only way to find out is by trying the feel of them all.

Of course, this is rather expensive, because the things with which they clutter up the house are never used up entirely, and they form a worthless collection of junk to mark the meanderings of the adolescent mind. But the most serious concern is not the cost in money, for where the money is not to be had we find the same tendency to jump from one interest to another. The fear of adults is always that the growing girl or boy will become a dabbler, a "rolling stone," an unsettled wanderer without definite purpose or goal. And it must be admitted that once in so often a person reaches years of maturity without having found a guiding aim in life.

For the adolescents in general, however, this rapid shifting of interest seems to be the normal manifestation of the rapid development going on within the organism. The changes in the nervous system bring forth a multitude of new interests and new impulses, which simply cannot all find expression at the same time and which crowd upon each other in such fashion that now one and now another breaks to the surface in quick succession.

To people of comparatively fixed habits and conventionalized standards these fickle ways are not only annoying but often even alarming. Those of us who cannot remember the golden days when we wavered between the operatic stage and a lonely island in the South sea, or between saving the world from selfishness and sin and becoming the chief of a band of brigands simply cannot understand this fickle-



Became Interested in Ants.

ness. It does seem so inconsistent, so unreasonable; and what will it all lead to?

The adolescent years are those in which the child feels that he can do anything that older human beings can do; and, in truth, no one has yet found the limits of what he can do. The rapid growth in physical and mental strength gives rise to the feeling of unlimited growth; and past performances quickly lose their interest with the advent of new powers. All the possibilities of the child come to the front, and it is only as these are tried out that the most profitable lines of development can be discovered.

The danger for most children during this period of growth and impression is not in the dissipation through contact with too many lines of interest, but in the lack of opportunity to try out enough to give a broad sympathy in sentiment, a wide outlook in intellect and a wise choice of permanent interest.

Let the children dabble while the dabbling is good; soon it will be too late.

HONOR ACCORDED TO GREEKS

Believed to Have Been the First People to Introduce Written Almanacs to the World.

The first written almanacs probably were complied by the Greeks of Alexandria between 100 and 150 A. D. Calendars are much older, the ancient Romans having proclaimed the first of the month and posted a notice of its occurrence in a public place. The first of the month thus came to be called The Kalends, from "I call" or "I proclaim," and thus the world "calendar" was derived.

Probably the oldest calendar in existence was found in the ruins of Pompeii. It was cut upon a square block of marble, upon each side of which three months are registered, each headed by the proper sign of the zodiac. The first almanac printed in Europe covered the years 1475, 1494 and 1513 and was published at Buda, Hungary. The first printed almanac in England was the "Sheapheards Kalender," printed in 1497. In the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries almanacs became comparatively common in Europe. The early almanacs contained many prognostications regarding "the Dispocission of the People and also of the Wether"—to quote one of them, as also instruction in "Phisike and Surgerye" and information about "infortunate Times to Bie and Sell, take Medicine, Sowe, Plant and Journey, etc."

A Pair of Tricksters.

They were on leave from the front, and they had dined well and wined well, and finished at a theater.

Outside they separated, and the leader of the party was lucky enough to secure a taxi. Half way home, however, he discovered, on putting his hand in his pocket, that he was penniless. What was to be done!

The British army is never at a loss, and in a few moments he saw a way out.

He caught up the speaking tube and shouted "Stop!" Then, jumping out, he told the driver to wait.

"I just want to pop into this tobacconist's to get a box of matches. I've dropped a sovereign on the floor of the cab and I can't find it in the dark."

He entered the tobacconist's and the moment he was through the door the driver and the cab softly and suddenly vanished into the night, as he had anticipated.—Exchange.

Love's Stratagem.

Betty Bright—I think, dear, you had better speak to papa tonight.

Jack Timid—Why tonight, particularly? Is he in a good humor this evening?

Betty—Well, he's in a humor to give me to you. I arranged with my milliner, dressmaker and dentist to send their bills in to him this morning.—Boston Transcript.

WOULD CALL EXTRA SESSION OF SOLONS

WANT WHISKEY QUESTION SETTLED BEFORE STATE CAMPAIGN OPENS UP.

STATE CAPITAL NEWS ITEMS

Doings of the Various Departments of the Commonwealth Given for Our Readers.

—Montgomery.

Governor Charles Henderson is considering the question of calling an extra session of the Legislature to give that body an opportunity of passing "bone dry" prohibition laws under the Webb-Kenyon anti-liquor shipping law recently upheld by the United State Supreme Court, according to information obtained from the closest friends of the Governor.

It was stated that some of the Governor's strongest supporters are urging him to assemble the Legislature in extra session.

It is said the chief reason for bringing up the subject is the desire of Alabama political leaders to have the question settled before the campaign opens up. Those in touch with the movement declare Alabama does not want to trail along two years behind other Southern States in settling this question, simply because the Legislature does not hold another regular session until 1919.

Welch is New Health Officer.

Dr. S. W. Welch, of Talladega, member of the Alabama Medical Association, and a prominent worker in the organization for many years, became state health officer as the successor of Dr. W. H. Sanders, who resigned because of ill health.

The new health officer believes the people of Alabama should know at all times what the state health department is doing and has informed friends and workers in the department and in the medical association that it is his intention to keep all proper information before the people. He thinks much of the opposition which has come up in years gone by has been from a failure to understand what the health department was attempting to do.

Pasteur Hospital Treated 294.

The state pasteur department has just completed a map showing the points in the state where rabid dogs were found during the year and the points from which persons were forced to come to Montgomery for treatment as a result of bites from rabid animals. Two hundred and ninety-four persons were treated during the past 12 months. Fifty-three others were scattered throughout the state. Examinations showed that 193 animals sent to the department were arflicted with rabies. Jefferson furnished 24 while others were scattered throughout the State.

White Prisoners Increase.

Although the total number of prisoners confined in the State prisons, mines and lumber camps as decreased during the last year the percentage of white prisoners has increased by large figures, according to Dr. R. A. Smith, phyisician-inspector of the state convict board.

"The percentage of white prisoners has increased from 10 per cent to the total of 33 1-3 per cent," said Dr. Smith. "This is an unfortunate condition, but the figures of the Convict Department show that the number of white convicts has increased to that extent."

Franklin Pride of School.

Franklin county became the pride of the educational department when news came that it had voted overwhelmingly in favor of the 3-mill special school tax and thus had taken the lead over all other counties. Franklin gave a majority of 601 for the amendment when it was submitted in Novembeer and now comes forward with a majority of about 250 levying of the taxmfwypamfwyoppo for the special tax. Through the levying o fthe tax, the county will increase its educational fund about 60 per cent, the special tax in Franklin county amounting to about $12,000.

New Incorporations.

Noticee of th incorporation of the Co-operative Oil and Gas Company at Mobile, with an authorized capital of $3000 and a paid in capital of $2060, has been received by the secretary of state. The company will devote its attention to the drilling of wells in an ieffort to find oil and gas in Mobile county.

Martin Rules on Persions.

According to a ruling by Attorney General William L. Martin made at the request of the State Auditor, any insane woman confined in the asylum at Tuscaloosa, who otherwise might be entitled to a pension, must be paid. This ruling is looked upon as a very liberal interpretation of the law of 1915, which says: "The widow of a veteran, who may be confined in an asylum is entitled to receive the pension rightfully due her husband."

WOMAN, 28, TRAPS BOY CAVE MAN

Nifty Neighbor Child She Smiled at Writes a Threatening Letter.

TRACED BY PHONE CALL

Boy's Explanation Is He Wished to Be Detective or Reporter and Wanted to Get Into Atmosphere of Mystery.

Chicago.—Mrs. Guy Edwards, twenty-eight and pretty, used to smile casually at the boy across the hall at 4542 North Racine avenue. He was a nifty child of fourteen years, with cheeks like the rosy wax clothiers' dummies, and the graces of a dancing master. His name was Harold Gunn.

Three weeks ago Mrs. Edwards stopped smiling altogether and was headed for a hysterical nervous breakdown. A Black Hand love suit introduced itself through her mail. The letters were dark with threats where they weren't flowery with love. This line appeared in all three received by Mrs. Edwards:

"I'm a friendly ally, but a dangerous enemy. Your husband, Guy Edwards, is an old-time wife deserter. Come to me, love. If you will meet me put a personal ad in the Tribune."

Lay Trap for Him.

All the letters were written on tissue paper. They were followed by a telephone campaign. Mrs. Edwards received three or four calls a day at her place of employment.

Yesterday she and Mr. Edwards decided to trap the anonymous letter writer. Mrs. Edwards agreed to meet her mysterious pursuer when he called over the telephone as usual. She and Mr. Edwards then secured the services of Detective Sergeants Thomas Cassin and John Mason from the bureau. The detectives went to the Sunnyside exchange and traced the next call to Mrs. Edwards' apartment. It came from a drug store at Racine and Wilson avenues. Cassin and Mason jumped into an auto and raced for it while Mrs. Edwards kept her suitor on the wire.

As the detectives reached the booth



Used to Smile Casually at the Boy.

phone the occupant stepped out. Cassin put his hand on the shoulder of rosy-cheeked, cherubic Harold Gunn.

Boy Admits Charges.

The boy admitted the whole matter when faced with the charge. He said he had no reason for doing it, except that he wished to be a detective or newspaper reporter and wanted to get into an atmosphere of mystery. He was taken to the central bureau, where he refused to see Mrs. Edwards when she called. Young Gunn's mother swooned when told her boy was arrested. She said he had been brought up as a home boy and had never been allowed to have sweethearts. The one girl he had gone with he met last summer at the Wilson avenue beach.

"I permitted him to take her to the theater once," she said. "That was his only love affair, and he has always been a kind, dear boy to me."

Harold, who is fourteen, quit high school several months ago, and is employed with a real estate firm.

RICH GIRL BECOMES NURSE

She Says It Is Fine to Be Doing Something Besides Spending Money.

Kansas City, Mo.—Miss Letitia Curtis, owner of valuable oil lands, descendant of a United States Osage chieftain and relative of Senator Charles Curtis of Kansas, has given up a life of luxury to help the poor. She is a nurse at St. Mary's hospital.

Instead of a luxurious apartment to which she had been accustomed, Miss Curtis rooms with another nurse, both sleeping in one bed. No more dances nor social affairs for her.

"I haven't seen my motor car for a week," says Miss Curtis. "I don't care. I love this new life. It is fine to be doing something. It is better than just spending money and hunting fun."

LAD OF TEN YEARS IS REAL "COWBOY"

Did His Share of the Work in Driving a Large Herd to the Ranch.

Pierre, S. D.—Perhaps the youngest "real cowboy" in the Northwest is Maurice Paul Gowdy, ten, son of Chester Gowdy, who, with Bert Waite of Sioux City, is the owner of the Fort Sully Cattle company, the biggest cattle ranch in the central portion of the state, located along the Missouri river, 26 miles northwest of Pierre.

Maurice is ten years old. He and an older cowpuncher took a trainload of cattle from Pierre to the ranch over the river buttes. The boy did his full half share of the work of driving the cattle the long distance, so as to



Did His Full Half-Share of the Work.

miss no school day. It required riding from about 3:30 o'clock in the morning until nearly sundown.

The ranch grazes thousands of heads of cattle, both on the lowland and the highlands along the Missouri. It is probably the last of the really big ranches in this section of the Northwest. The ranch was owned formerly by Tom Steel, Bert Waite of Sioux City, and Chester Gowdy of Tarkio, Mo., but at present is owned by Waite and Gowdy only.

FORTUNE IN ELOPEMENT

San Francisco, Cal.—Through publicity attending the wrecked romance of their eighteen-year-old daughter Signe, the Gerstad family of Bellingham, Wash., it was said here, is about to come into a fortune.

The girl recently became a temporary ward of the police through the arrest of D. M. Delmas, with whom she had eloped on his promise to marry her. After being arrested on a bad-check charge, Delmas was identified as an escaped convict from a penitentiary in Texas, where he had wrecked a bank. The girl was sent home.

Attorney Sydney P. Robertson of this city told recently of having received a letter from a firm of Chicago attorneys asking for the address of Hilgar Gerstad, the girl's father, sought for years as heir to an estate in Sweden. The Chicago attorneys, the letter said, had read of the girl's escapade in a Chicago paper.

GIRL WILL CLAIM $1,000,000

Quits Job as Domestic and Hurries to Bedside of Dying Godmother.

Pittsburgh.—Mary Gooda, aged seventeen, a domestic employed in the residence of Dr. H. H. Turner, Swissvale, departed for Whiting, Idaho, carrying in her grip a letter which told her of the impending death of her godmother and of her inheritance of an estate of $1,000,000. The girl received the letter and left so hurriedly that she neglected to tell her employers the name of her godmother.

The letter stated that the only heir to the godmother's estate, consisting chiefly of coal lands, died a week ago, and that the girl's godmother had requested that her will be changed to read in favor of the girl. She also requested that the girl be brought to her bedside immediately.

The girl is a daughter of John Gooda of Pardee, Va., a coal miner.

IS SLAIN DEFENDING WOMAN

Oscar Helbig Tries to Save Girl From Man in Her Room, Police Say.

Chicago.—Oscar Helbig, sixty years old, former owner of a rooming house at 759 Milwaukee avenue, was shot and killed while struggling with John Budziak, nineteen years old, in an effort, the police say, to prevent him from mistreating a woman roomer. After killing Helbig, Budziak fired a shot into his own head and will probably die. Miss Pauline Seldus, nineteen years old, the woman, told the police Budziak attacked her and Helbig came to the rescue.

"CASCARETS" FOR SLUGGISH BOWELS

No sick headache, sour stomach, biliousness or constipation by morning.

Get a 10-cent box now.

Turn the rascals out—the headache, biliousness, indigestion, the sick, sour stomach and foul gases—turn them out to-night and keep them out with Cascarets.

Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never know the misery caused by a lazy liver, clogged bowels or an upset stomach.

Don't put in another day of distress. Let Cascarets cleanse your stomach; remove the sour fermenting food; take the excess bile from your liver and carry out all the constipated waste matter and poison in the bowels. Then you will feel great.

A Cascaret to-night straightens you out by morning. They work while you sleep. A 10-cent box from any drug store means a clear head, sweet stomach and clean, healthy liver and bowel action for months. Children love Cascarets because they never gripe or sicken. Adv.

Really Annoying.

"Well, that's enough to try the patience of Job!" exclaimed the village minister, as he threw aside the local paper.

"Why, what's the matter, dear?" asked his wife.

"Last Sunday I preached from the text 'Be ye, therefore, steadfast,'" answered the good man; "but the printer makes it read, 'Be ye there for breakfast.'"

HAVE SOFT, WHITE HANDS

Clear Skin and Good Hair by Using Cuticura—Trial Free.

The Soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal. Besides these fragrant, super-creamy emollients prevent little skin troubles becoming serious by keeping the pores free from obstruction. Nothing better at any price for all toilet purposes.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

An Edible Currency.

At Cobham, a rural station in central Virginia, Mr. Bell is the storekeeper. One day a small negro came into his store with a single egg. He went up to Mr. Bell and displayed the new-laid egg.

"Mr. Bell, mummer say please, sir, give her a needle for dis egg."

"You can get two needles for an egg," answered Mr. Bell.

"Nor, sir, mummer don' want two needles; she say please, sir, give me de change in cheese."—Youth's Companion.

STOMACH MISERY GAS, INDIGESTION

"Pape's Diapepsin" fixes sick, sour, gassy stomachs in five minutes.

Time it! In five minutes all stomach distress will go. No indigestion, heartburn, sourness or belching of gas, acid, or eructations of undigested food, no dizziness, bloating, or foul breath.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in regulating upset stomachs. It is the surest, quickest and most certain indigestion remedy in the whole world, and besides it is harmless.

Please for your sake, get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any store and put your stomach right. Don't keep on being miserable—life is too short—you are not here long, so make your stay agreeable. Eat what you like and digest it; enjoy it, without dread of rebellion in the stomach.

Pape's Diapepsin belongs in your home anyway. Should one of the family eat something which doesn't agree with them, or in case of an attack of indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis or stomach derangement at daytime or during the night, it is handy to give the quickest relief known. Adv.

Gala Affair.

"How was Gertrude Swashby's wedding?"

"A great success, apparently. The Swashby's exhausted their credit getting ready for it and the society editors exhausted their stock of adjectives describing it."

MOTHER, ATTENTION!

Gold Ring for Baby Free.

Get a 25c Bottle of Baby Ease from any drug store, mail coupon as directed and gold ring (guaranteed), proper size, mailed you. Baby Ease cures Bowel Complaints and Teething Troubles of Babies.—Adv.

Speechless amazement is one of the few things that go without saying.

DON'T GAMBLE

that your heart's all right. Make sure. Take "Renovine"—a heart and nerve tonic. Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

The custom of hand-shaking dates back to Henry II of England.

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
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UNION PUBLISHING CO.

W. M. WYATT, Editor & Manager.

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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

Just a few more of these balmy spring-like days, and the revelation in our ears of one or two "yellow cat" stories from the river, and you will see this editor marching off across the field with his pole and line and a box of "yearth" worms to the bank of a favorite stream for a few hours of the greatest sport the world affords.

Newspapers in large cities are announcing an increase in price of from one cent to two cents, the high cost of print paper being offered as the principal reason. Yet we observe no tendency to reduce the bulk of the metropolitan journals. The one-cent paper, with its comics, and its vast expanse of slushy feature sections, began the agitation years ago for the removal of the duty on paper. But paper becomes no cheaper. Canadian paper mills prospered at the expense of our own, that was all. Raising the price will enable the publishers to go on as they have been—even after the war. But when that time comes, the American paper manufacturer will be no better off.

George W. Perkins seems likely to have troubles of his own. Matthew Hale, who is now at the head of whatever is officially left of the Progressive party, says that Perkins is a party traitor and that no true Progressive will follow him. Perkins retorts that Hale is a Wilson Democrat etc. This is a controversy in which both the contestants have our sympathy. Go it, Matt! Go it, Perk!

WEEKLY FARM LETTER

We are pleased to announce to our readers that we shall have every week from now on, a letter about farming in Alabama, written from the Experiment station at Auburn. This will be an interesting feature for our farmer friends. There are always new ideas and methods being tried out and advanced at Auburn, which the tillers of the soil in Alabama need to be informed of, and we hope to be able to bring to our readers the very latest every week through this letter. The first one appears in this issue.

MERIT DOES NOT COUNT

Of course, Lieutenant-Doctor Cary Crayson will be confirmed, even tho his promotion jumps him over 114 other men of greater age and longer service and higher professional attainment. The President admits that the appointment is "personal." Everybody knew this before the President said it; and the announcement now merely means that the tag will be put upon every Democratic Senator who refuses to vote for Grayson.

A FUTURE NOMINEE

A youngster in Cornwells, Pa., set fire to his college in the hope of profiting by a vacation during which he could prepare for his examinations which he feared he would not be able to pass. There are the makings of a Democratic presidential nominee in this kid.

VERMONT'S TRIBUTE TO DEWEY

No finer eulogy has ever been uttered in the House than that delivered by Congressman Porter H. Dale, the Republican Representative from Admiral Dewey's old home in Vermont. In simple language, he described the qualities that enabled that great man to attain the place he held in the history of his nation and the hearts of his countrymen. "With no attemp to become conspicuous in other positions," said Mr. Dale, "Admiral Dewey passed from his achievements followed by the homage of the whole people of this country to the glory that awaits him over the unknown sea."

MARRIAGES

Albert Porter and Miss Pearl Thrash
Manuel Mims and Miss Rena Heflin.
Colored—C. T. Little and Dealey Price; J. J. Little and Abby Lastor.

LONG TIME LOANS TO FARMERS ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE

In real estate security in Chilton County, owned by farmers, I can procure long-time loans from Clients who have ample money to lend at less than 8 per cent interest. Applicants should have their land papers with them.

W. M. ADAMS, Clanton, Ala.
Loans made as low as $200.

Court House Topics

WHAT WOULD BE SAVED?

You hear much being said now-a-days about Chilton County's business being put on a cash basis; and the question must have occurred to you about how much the county would save in a year's time if it were running on cash instead of credit.

Well, let's figure a bit, and see what we can find out.

We learn that the county's expenses are about $30,000.00 a year, or a little over. Now, under the present basis of credit and debt, we (as a county) are paying about 30 to 40 per cent. advance of the cash price on everything. At this rate, you see in round numbers, the county would save upwards of $10,000.00 a year if it could pay cash for what it buys.

Well, a loan on bonds to the amount of $100,000.00 would pay up the debts of the county which are now due. Then, by instituting a cash basis, the county would save ten thousand dollars a year, which in ten years would amount to enough to pay the loan.

Study about this from every angle, and figure on it in every way you can think of it.

On Feb. 3rd, the Commissioners are going to lay all the conditions before the people, and they want everybody to be prepared to offer them some good suggestions as to what is best to be done.

Leon McCord, Judge of this Judicial Circuit was in Clanton Monday to draw the jury for the February term of the court, which he will hold here for two weeks, beginning Monday, February 11th. The session is the first of the court under the new calendar, and will last for twelve days. First week will be for civil cases and the second for criminal cases. The Grand Jury will sit during the first week.

The Editor questioned Judge McCord on the matter of publishing the names of the Jurors as has heretofore been the custom in this county. He said that he preferred that his jury be unknown to the public until court sets. In that way, he said, the jury could have no outside influence brought to bear upon them relative to any particular cases before the convening court. The Judge expressed a wish that all cases in his court might be disposed of in a fair and impartial trial, and it is to this end he is striving by prohibiting the publication of names of the jury before court convenes.

Circuit Clerk M. D. Foshee has been in Montgomery this week, attending to business in connection with the duties of his office.

In conversation with the Editor the other day, Judge Reynolds said he was anxious to get as many people of the county here Saturday as possible. He wants to open up the whole situation of Chilton County as he found it upon entering the office, and let the people know exactly where they are. The Judge has some interesting and very important matters to place before the citizens on that day (next Saturday) and a good gathering should be present.

A DIFFERENT JERSEYITE

Gov. Fielder of New Jersey, Democrat, in his valledictory asserts that his administration saved $1,900,000 in a year for the taxpayers of the state. If this is true, it is evident that the transplanting of a New Jersey Governor to Washington was tried with the wrong man. Former Governor Wilson has shown nothing like this.

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed whereby I, as Sheriff of said County, was commanded to make the sum of Seventy-five & 50-100 Dollars, principal and interest, and Twenty-seven & 50-100 Dollars, costs of su,it, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the June Term, 1916, of said Court of said County, Alabama, in favor of Interstate Chemical Co. against F. L. Headley.

I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the Court House door of said County, between the hours of 11 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., on Monday, the 12 day of February 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named F. L. Headley in and to the following described real estate, viz:

Beginning at a point 368 feet west of the Southwest corner of the lot known as the E. H. Foshee lot and running thence North 210 feet, thence West 70 feet, thence South 210 feet, thence East 70 feet to point of beginning, and lying and being in Section 35, Township 22, Range 14, and in the town of Clanton, Alabama, West of South & North Alabama Railroad.

This sale covers only the remaining interest of F. L. Headley.

This 8 day of Jan. 1917.

H. A. HARRIS,
Sheriff.

1-18-3t

EFFECTIVE PROTEST BY A REPUBLICAN

A recent attempt of the Democrats to give a $1,000 raise in salary to a Federal official in Rhode Island, in spite of the fact that the increase was not recommended by the Department in which he workd was brought to a halt by Representative Louis C. Crampton of Michigan. "I am one member of the House" exclaimed Mr. Crampton, "who really believes it is time the House took economy as its watchword, and I have been doing a great deal of voting that way." It is to such men as Mr. Crampton, who have the courage to brand the hypocracy of the Democrats in their constant cry of "economy" and their equally constant vote of extravagance, that the country will be indebted if there is anything left from the wreck when this administration comes to a close.

WANTS DELIBERATION BEFORE LEGISLATION

Another attemp of the Democrats in the House to rush through an important bill with scarcely any debate was frustrated by Republican Representative Edward E. Dennison, of Illinois. The measure referred to relates to the issuance of securities by carriers, and affects the entire interstate commerce of thec ountry. The Democratic Chairman of the Ininterstate commerce of the country. that it be considered immediately and put upon its passage, but Mr. Dennison objected. "I do not think" said he "that a question that effects all the railroads of the country ought to be settled in an hour". The bill being on the unanimous consent calendar, Mr. Dennison's opposition was sufficient to carry it over until a more propitious time for its consideration.

DEMOCRATS OPPOSED TO DELIBERATION

Following out the Democratic policy, so successfully delivered in the House, of jamming through important legislation without adequate debate or a full understanding of its provisions, the Democrats in the Senate made streneous objection to even the reading of the committee report on the water-power bill, claiming that the republicans, who requested it, were filibustering. Senator William Alden Smith of Michigan very appropriately observed, "It seems to me that there could be no better place for the careful, deliberate, painstaking conclusions of the committee having the mater in charge to have their to have their views read that before the Senate. I have listened to these reports," continued Senator Smith, "with a great deal of interest, and have often been convinced by them." Mr. Smith laid emphasis on the fact that the report stated that the bill was one of the most important to be considered by he Senate, and he finally succeeded in having it read at length by the Secretary.

RUB-MY-TISM—Antiseptic, Relieves Rheumatism, Sprains, Neuralgia, etc.

W. M. Wyatt, J. B. Wells and T.M. Parrish went down to Montgomery Monday night to see "The Birth of a Nation," at the Grand Theatre.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that on the 25th day of January, 1917, the undersigned, E. B. Wren was appointed Administrator of the estate of Mary Ann Eliza Green, in the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, and all persons having claims against the estte of decedent are hereby notified to present the same within the time allowed by law, otherwise the same will be barred.

Witness my hand this, the 30th day of January, 1917.

E. B. WREN, Administrator.
2-1-3t.



WHITE LEGHORNS

They lay Winter and Summer. 75 cents worth of eggs per day in January, 50 cents worth of eggs per day in November and December; cost of feed, 30 cents per day.

Eggs from these White Leghorns, $1.50 per 15 or $5.00 per 100. Baby chicks are 10 cents each. If you want to get winter eggs, hatch your chicks early in February, March and April. I have fo rsale 3 fine cocks, Tom Baron Imported Strain. They hold the world's record for egg production. Price $2.00 each.

L. D. POPWELL,
Clanton, Ala.

Seasonable Merchandise

Ladies Dress Goods and Notions.

We always have the best and latest things the season offers in the way of wearing apparel for the ladies.

Our line is always in keeping with the latest decree of fashion, and includes every thing from a pin to a ready-made complete suit.



Mens and Boys Suits and Pants

A few remaining suits of our winter stock at bargain prices to make room for our spring stock.

"Star Brand Shoes are Better." We shall continue to sell you the best of shoes for less than you can buy them any where else in town.

Vulcan Plows and Repairs. Thornhill Farm Wagons.	*Mules & Horses A few on hand for sale or trade.*	*Groceries* A big line to supply our farm customers with.

Clanton Mercantile Co.

"The Big Bargain Store."

HIGH SCHOOL NEWS

Erle Pinckard says that you pulverize milk, instead of pasturiz it.

On history exam, Miss Durrett asked what was the Armada. "Dock" Carter said that the Armada was the man that wrote the Bible.

Miss Key called the roll—Where is Frank Aldridge to-day?

Mary Mullins popped her finger loudly, and she was asked, "Do you know Mary?" and she said, "No, Ma'm. I just wanted to speak."

Mr. Dick Hayes spent a pleasant hour sitting in the desk with Miss Lillie Mae Jones Friday, with Miss Key's permission.

Composed by Thomas Jones.—
Kitty, Kitty, the noble girl is noted
for her red curl.
The curl of the left, the curl of the
right;
For these two curls the boys will
fight.
Tho' the battle be fought to the end,
We all think that "Pete" will win.

The Websterin Literary Society mer Friday evening in the Auditorium for the first time this year. An interesting program was rendered.

Reuben Lowe informed us that a certain passage from the Bible was found in the twenty-first book of the first chapter.

Miss Durrett—Reuben, who wrote "Irvin's Sketch Book?"

Reuben—Rip Van Winkle.

Miss Key—Its wonderful what some insects can do. A grasshopper can jump one hundred times its length.

John Allen—Pshaw, that's nothing. I once saw a wasp raise a two-hundred pound man three feet off the ground.

Miss Durrett—Can someone give me a sentence using the word 'each'?

Mary Mullins.—I can. "Does your head each?"

Frank Palmer, in reading the decision of the debate Friday night said, "We, the judges, have decided that monkey did not descend from man."

The Freshmen are glad to have Miss Flossie Manning of Mulberry enroll with their class.

Leo Stearns, the popular hardware salesman out of Montgomery, was on his usual Monday "beat" here this week.

If you would Keep your Children Happy—

Read Mrs. Gruenbergs article on "Training Boys and Girls," in this paper to-day.



Ask Grandfather—He'll Tell You—

You Want To Be Strong And Well

Keep your blood pure; that's the only way. Don't wait until you feel badly, but begin NOW. Impurities in the blood put unnecessary work upon all the organs, making weakness and old age come quicker. Do as Grandfather did; take S. S. S., the best of all blood tonics, proven for 50 years. Take it now; take it often, and you will have strength, health and happiness. At your druggist's.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

S.S.S. Will Strengthen You

WANTED

SALESMEN WANTED to solicit orders for lubricating oils, greases and paints. Salary or Commission. Address **The Harvey Oil Co., Cleveland, Ohio.**

HOUSE BURNED AT MOUNTAIN CREEK

Mr. J. Stealey Jones of Mt. Creek was in Clanton Monday, and reported that fire, one night last week destroyed the store of Uncle Ben Gray at Mt. Creek.

TIME

Time is much more valuable than money—Time is life.

Some time is consumed in making all the money any one or more individuals possess. But time is too valuable to devote all of it to the material things of life.

Men and women, if they are to be healthy and happy, must devote time to rest, to relaxation found in sleep, to recreation, to reading, to studying, to thinking, to the amenities of social life—things which money may make more enjoyable, but things which in themselves are much more valuable than money.

Therefore, recognizing the great value of time, the L. & N. has placed at the disposal of the traveling and shipping public adequate and efficiently managed transportation facilities—

Heavy steel rails, low grades, a minimum of curves, well trained and well paid operatives. Substantial freight cars and substantial and comfortable passenger cars transport articles of commerce and the traveling public from one point to another with the greatest possible saving in time, and in safety and comfort.

Not only does the L. & N. co-operate with the general public by supplying the standard of excellence in railway facilities, but likewise in saving much valuable time.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.

(No. 4.)



Our New Restaurant

Is Modern and Complete

At Upchurch's Former Location

We will have a completely new and up-to-date place, where we will render the public the very best service possible for them to obtain in the way of a CAFE AND RESTAURANT.

We are going to serve the very best things to eat, and they will be prepared for your palate in jam-up good style.

We want our friends to eat with us when they are in town. And the patronage of those who live in town will be received and treated with due courtesy and appreciation.

Come to see us when we are open for business. Call for what you want, and we guarantee to serve you to your complete satisfaction.

Marcus & Davis

Proprietors.

What have you got that you want to turn inot money?

I WANT TO BUY ANYTHING FARMERS HAVE

I want to buy corn, velvet beans, peas, fodder, hay, syrup, dressed hogs, hogs on foot, all kinds of cattle.

If you have anything to sell, bring it to me. I will pay highest market prices; and you can get more by bringing them here than for me to come and look at them.

For Sale or Exchange

Mules and Horses, second hand one and two horse wagons, Milk cows, etc. I can give you what you want.

I appreciate the trade I am getting, and when you want to buy or sell it will pay you to see me. I am selling out and will give you Bargains.

L. H. Reynolds

CLANTON, ALA.

AN EASY WAY TO REDUCE FLESH.

Drink Hot Water and Take Tassco

Haven't you often wished for a medicine to reduce your flesh? Something that does not require dieting or calisthenics? Well, right here you have it in 5-grain tassco tablets, which you may secure at any good druggist. They are pleasant to take, perfectly harmless and cause no restrictins f habit r eating, and reduce the flesh, little by little, until yu are dwn t the number of pounds you wish to weigh. Too much flesh is undesirable, as most quite stout people will readily admit, and it detracts from one's good appearance; makes one clumsy and short of breath.

There isn't any reason why anyone should be too stout, when theer's this much-tried, perfectly satisfactory remedy at any good druggist Tassco tablets (don't forget the name) are recommended by physicians and are guaranteed to be perfectly harmless. Refuse substitutes, if you cannot come to our store we will mail tassco to yo.

—50c BOX FREE—

FREE TASSCO COUPON
THE TASSCO CO.
Boston, Mass.
Send me by return mail a 50c box of your wonderful obesity treatment. I enclose 10c in silver or stamps to help pay postage and packing.

PENSION FOR AGED VETERANS

Washington, Jan. 31.—Cangressman Harry H. Pratt of New York has introduced a bill which, if enacted into law, will afford relief to many old soldiers who enlisted in the first call for volunteers, but who, because of some technality, cannot secure an adequate pension either through the Pension Bureau or the Pension Committees of Congress. The measure provides that such volunteers, if they have reached the age of eighty years, or were honorably discharged because of wounds or disease contracted in line of duty, shall be given a pension of $50 per month. Mr. Pratt, in his first term of Congress, was quick to see the injustice in the present law, which allows but $30 per month for the men described in his bill, and hastened to do what he could to correct the matter.

Yo: Ho; Freckle Face

Now is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots

Do you know how easy it is to remove those ugly spots so that no one will call you freckle-face?

Simply get an ounce of carpol, extra strong, from your druggist, and a few applications should show you how easy it is to rid yourself of freckles and get a beautiful complexion. The sun and winds this month have a strong tendency to bring out freckles, and as a result more carpol is sold in these months. Be sure to ask for the extra strong, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove the freckles.—Carpol Laboratories, Boston, Mass., Sta. M. Mail orders filled.

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed whereby I, as Sheriff of said County, was commanded to make the sum of Twenty-two thousand Seven hundred nineteen & 35-100 Dollars, principal and interest, and Seventeen & 15-100 Dollars, costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the Fall Term, 1916, of said Court of said County, Alabama, in favor of Birmingham Trust & Savings Co., against E. A. Matthews, W. H. Sartor, N. A. Kicker, et als., I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the Court House door of said County, between the hours of 11 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., on Monday, the 19 day of Feb. 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named W. H. Sartor and N. A. Kicker, respectively, in and to the following described real estate, viz:

Sartor.

The east half of Lot no. 16, in Block No. 8 on the east side of the L. & N. R. R., as shown by the official map of the town of Clanton, as the same now appears of record in the office of the Judge of Probate in Chilton County, Alabam, and being known as the W. H. Sartor store house and lot on the northwest corner of the intersection of Second Avenue and Seventh street, in the Town of Clanton, Chilton county, Ala.

Beginning on the northeast corner of the SW¼ of SE¼ of Sec. 35, Tp. 22, R. 14 in Chilton county, Alabama, and run thence West 131½ feet; thence south 18 feet to the point or place of beginning in the description or boundary of the lot or parcel of land here described; running thence north along west side of the north extension of tenth street 105 feet; thence in a westerly direction and at right angles with said 10th street 210 feet; thence in a southerly direction parallel with sain 10th street 105 feet; thence in an easterly direction and parallel with the line of said lot here described 210 feet to the point of beginning, said 10th street being shown by the official map of the town of Clanton, Alabama, now on file in the office of the Judge of Probate of said county. Said lot lying and being south of the H. T. Pipes property, and lying between the H. T. Pipes property and Fifth Avenue on the West side of the L. & N. R. R., in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Kicker.

Lots 14 and 15 and the west half of lot 16 in block No. 8; lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 11, and 14, in block No. 3, all on the east side of the L. & N. R. R., as shown by the official map of the Town of Clanton, as the same now appears of record in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Ala.

Lots C, D, E, and F, in Block No. 8 in the Town of Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama on the west side of the L. & N. R. R., as per the official survey of the P. D. Wilson addition to the Town of Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama, as the same appears of record in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Alabama.

One lot of land containing about nine acres lying between second Avenue and Fourth Avenue in the Town of Clanton, Alabama, known as the Kicker Grove, and the J. Wash Foshee patch in Section 35, Tp. 22, Range14, on the west side of theL. & N. R. R., in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

This 16 day of Jan. 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at Court House door Jan. 16, 1917.

Pay your subscription to this paper.

Gloucester (Mass.) Times—Sometimes when a man considers the prices which articles have now reached, we wonder why it is necessary to mint any smaller coins at all.

MORTGAGE SALE

Whereas, defalt has been made in the payment of that certain mortgage, executed on the 25th day of March, 1914, by Fraternity Hall Association, a corporation, incorporated under the laws of the State of Alabama, which said mortgage is recorded in Volume 141, of record mortgages, at page 494, in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, I, the undersigned mortgagee, will proceed to sell the following described real estate conveyed to me in said mortgage, in front of the court house door in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama, at public outrcy, to the highest bidder for cash, during the legal hours of sale, on Monday, the 26th of February, 1917. Said property conveyed, being described as follows:

Lots Number four and five (4 & 5) in Block No. two (2), in the town of Thorsby, Alabama, as shown by the plat, or map of said Thorsby, on record in the office of the Judge of Probate in said County and State, together with all improvements thereon, less ten feet on the north side of Block No. 4. This property is situated, lying and being in Chilton County, Alabama.

Said sale is being made to pay the balance secured by this mortgage and the costs incident to this sale, including a reasontble attorney's fee.

G. L. FOSHEE, Mortgagee.
Middleton & Reynolds,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.

SPRING GOODS

Our advance models of spring goods are already arriving and we will be glad to show them to you any time.

Ladies and Childrens Gingham Dresses.

Also some Middie Blouses, etc.

CASH to ALL

Elmore's LADIES & GENTS FURNISHINGS

One Price to ALL

At Mrs. Clara Mullins' Former Location.

CLANTON, ALA.

Farm Wanted

If you have a farm or city property to sell, list it with the

Chilton County Real Estate Agency

See W. W. FOX
CLANTON, ALA.

The best resolution you can make for 1917 is: "That you will buy your Groceries at J. W. Littlejohn's Store."



The Difference Between the "up-to-date" and the "out-of-date"

You needn't watch this Range. You can trust it. Sit in the cool while it does the work.

ALLEN'S PRINCESS
COPPER-BEARING IRON RANGES

have patented points that insures far greater efficiency, economy and comfort than can be found in other ranges.

Heat stays in the range and out of the kitchen.

Temperature even and consistent with less fuel.

Pipe back of warming closet, lessening heat radiation.

Reservoir adjoins fire box, hot water instantaneously.

Made from copper bearing iron that insures added life and service. It looks as good as it sets. *"Ask the cook."*

CLANTON MERCANTILE CO. Clanton, Ala.

Allen Manufacturing Company, Nashville, Tenn.

TAKES OFF DANDRUFF HAIR STOPS FALLING

Girls! Try This! Makes Hair Thick, Glossy, Fluffy, Beautiful—No More Itching Scalp.

Within ten minutes after an application of Danderine you cannot find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable luster, softness and luxuriance.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store, and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all—you surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine. Adv.

Argentina is not taking kindly to foreign soft drinks.

Old Age and Death Start in the Liver

Your liver is the Sanitary Department of your body. When it goes wrong your whole system becomes poisoned and your vitality is weakened. The best remedy is

Dr. Thacher's Liver and Blood Syrup

A purely vegetable compound, laxative and tonic in effect. It cleans out your body, and puts energy into your mind and muscles. We recommend this remedy because we know from many years' experience that it is effective.

Keep a bottle in your home. 50c and $1 at your dealer's.

THACHER MEDICINE CO., CHATTANOOGA, TENN.



There was a young lady named Banker, who slept while the ship lay at anchor;
She awoke in dismay when she heard the mate say,
"Now hoist up the top sheet and spanker."

It's enough to frighten anybody to awake uncovered out of a sound sleep with the first symptoms of a cold clutching at the throat and lungs, with that chilly creepy feeling all over. Quick action is necessary at such times to nip it in the bud and thus prevent bronchitis or serious lung troubles. If you will always keep a bottle of old reliable

Boschee's German Syrup

handy there is no need to worry. It gently soothes inflammation, eases the cough, insures a good night's sleep, with free expectoration in the morning. This old remedy has been successfully used all over the civilized world for the last 51 years. 25c. and 75c. sizes, at all druggists and dealers everywhere. Try it and see.

Wood Being Put to Many New Uses.

Among the products made exclusively from wood are charcoal, without which we could have no formaldehyde; cellulose, which, converted into viscose, furnishes us with artificial sausage skins and artificial silk from which neckties, stockings, braids and tapestries are made.

Nine-tenths of all paper is made from wood. At the forest products laboratory at Madison, Wis., of the American Forestry association the mill waste of long-leaf pine has been turned into a brown paper that has a variety of uses; cut into strips, it is spun into threads and woven into bags, matting burlap, suitcases and furniture. That laboratory has also produced a dye from the mill waste of osage orange that is a substitute for fustic.

REMARKABLE RECORD FOR A KIDNEY MEDICINE

At least fifteen years ago we began to sell Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root and during our entire experience in handling it we cannot recall a single dissatisfied customer; all of our patrons speak in favorable tones regarding Swamp-Root. We know of several different ailments of the kidneys, liver and bladder that have been satisfactorily restored through the use of Swamp-Root. We have used it ourselves and obtained the usual beneficial results. Our experience has taught us to place Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root among the best remedies on the market today for the diseases for which it is recommended.

Very truly yours,
WM. H. LLOYD & CO.,
June 15, 1916. Pine Apple, Ala.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

As the Old Year Died.

"I couldn't get out of marrying her," Henpeck explained. "When she proposed she said: 'Will you marry me? Have you any objection?' You see, no matter whether I said 'yes' or 'no,' she had me."

"Why didn't you just keep silent, then?" inquired his friend.

"That's what I did, and she said, 'Silence gives consent,' and that ended it."

ACTRESS TELLS SECRET.

A well known actress gives the following recipe for gray hair: To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and ¼ oz. of glycerine. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Barbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off. Adv.

Clinched His Assertion.

"Anything new in the show?" asked the local manager. "Yes," answered the visiting agent. "The biggest supply of new songs, new faces, new jokes ever shown in captivity. Just to show you the trouble we've taken with that show, we've been collecting all that material for the last ten years."

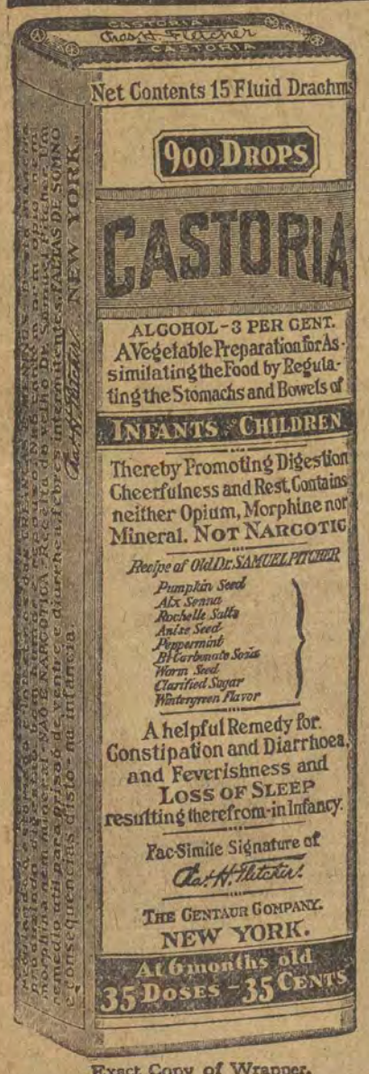
THIS IS THE AGE OF YOUTH.

You will look ten years younger if you darken your ugly, grizzly, gray hairs by using "La Creole" Hair Dressing.—Adv.

And many a man's reputation for truthfulness goes lame when he begins to say things about himself.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong, sick women well, no alcohol. Sold in tablets or liquid.—Adv.

Do everything reason tells you to do—unless conscience vetoes it.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

LATEST COIFFURES SHOW NEW TOUCHES

Ingenious Disposition Made of Hair Which Is Abundant but Not Particularly Long Strip of Malines Used Effectually—Riding Habit Which Is About the Last Word in Such Togs.

Here is one of those new coiffures that dispose of the ends of the hair in some mysterious way without coil or braid or twist or any other visible means, except two soft curls at the nape of the neck. We look at it to admire and to ponder the ingenuity that made so beautiful a disposition of hair which is abundant but not long. The secret of dressing the hair in this way appears to be in parting it off in the right way.



New Departure in Coiffures.

The front hair for this coiffure is parted off and combed forward as for a pompadour. The remainder of the hair is combed to the back of the neck and tied, and the ends are separated into two strands and curled. The front hair is parted at each side above the temples, and waved. At the top of the head the hair is brought back in a small pompadour, the ends loosely twisted and pinned to the crown. The side hair is combed down over the ears, spread over the back of the head, and the ends turned under at the nape of the neck. It is held in place with invisible wire pins. A single strand above the left temple is left free, however, until a larger shell comb has been thrust in at the crown. It is brought back over the comb and its ends are concealed by pinning them under the top of the comb.

In this coiffure there is a short finger of hair across the forehead, which is slightly curled. The shell comb is brightened with two rows of rhinestones.

Coiffures of this character are in evidence at the theater, and there is a pretty fashion of covering them with a strip of the finest malines as like the hair in color as possible. This is almost invisible, like a hair net, and just where it begins or ends keeps one guessing. But it keeps the hair neat and supports the coiffure.



Riding Togs for 1917.

A model to which you can pin your faith, if you are contemplating a new riding habit, is pictured here. It is made in one of the new weaves that have been so much promoted for sports wear, but probably as good a choice as can be made for practical service is covert cloth. A dark tan color in this material, cut on the same lines as those of the habit shown here, will furnish its owner with the best of style. She can wear it with the assurance that it is correct.

The coat is cut on the trimmest of lines and is as severe as the art of the tailor can make it. In some of the new habits coats are a very little longer than in this conservative model. But this is a matter of personal taste, and a difference of an inch and a half perhaps covers the latitude of choice. The waistlines are very long and the skirt moderately full.

The hat is less stiff than the regulation hat for riding, but has not displaced its rigid predecessors. Like the material in the habit it is a new arrival in the realm of apparel, and is comfortable and elegant. It fits the head snugly and is so constructed that it may be made to measure. This is a boon to women who have abundant hair.

There are "dress" habits and polo habits in which the most vivid reds and greens demonstrate a courageous use of color in riding togs. These high-colored coats are worn with white trousers, and the polo coats are sleeveless. But they are another story.

Julia Bottomley

A Dainty Pillow.

Boudoir pillow covers do not necessarily have to be embroidered to be dainty. Good-looking ones are simply lace-trimmed. One seen recently had two three-inch bands of fine cluny insertion set in diagonally across either corner, and the effect, it must be conceded, was excellent.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of the Sunday School Course in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR FEBRUARY 4

JESUS THE SAVIOR OF THE WORLD.

LESSON TEXT—John 3:1-18.

GOLDEN TEXT—For God so loved the world, that he gave his only begotten son, that whosoever believeth in him, should not perish, but have everlasting life.—John 3:16.

This most famous interview in history occurred probably in some room in Jerusalem where Jesus was a guest, a room reached by an outer stairway so that he could receive visitors privately.

I. The Teacher of the Jews (vv. 1, 2). Nicodemus was a member of the sanhedrin (Ch. 7:50). He belonged to the Pharisees who were much devoted to the scriptures, and in whose hand the political affairs were largely placed by the Romans. There are several reasons why Nicodemus came to Jesus by night. Prudence dictated secrecy, but that he came at all was encouraging. He was more apt to find Jesus at home in the evening. He had much that he wished to learn, and needed a quiet hour, removed from the crowd. The things that Jesus had done and taught made Nicodemus think that Jesus might be the Messiah. Nicodemus wanted to know how to be blessed or happy.

II. A Teacher From God (vv. 3-8). A great majority of the disciples of Jesus came from the common people (I Cor. 1:26) yet for all classes he had the same message, "Ye must be born again." The answer of Jesus was according to the condition of the man before him, the deepest need of his soul. Literally, he said, "Most assuredly, except a man (anyone) be born again (anew or from above) he cannot enter the kingdom of heaven." To be born anew means to be born again. It matters not what your parentage may have been. If any man could do without a new birth, Nicodemus was that man. He was moral, religious and sincere. The instrument through which this birth is effective is the word of God (I Peter 1:23; James 1:18; John 15:3) and the author is the Holy Spirit (v. 5; Titus 3:5). Water is a symbol of the word (Eph. 5:26). Literally translated, this passage would read, "Except one be born of water and wind." And as wind "by universal consent refers to one factor in regeneration, the Spirit, so the water manifestly refers to the other element of regeneration, the word." The main contention is that the word is the instrument in the regeneration. Although not expressly mentioned here, it is elsewhere. Nicodemus was a teacher of Israel (v. 10 R. V.) and yet he did not know so fundamental a truth as the new birth, though the Old Testament taught it.

III. The Pupil's Difficulty (vv. 9-13). The works of the flesh as contrasted with the fruits of the Spirit are brought out in the Epistles, yet, like Nicodemus, people are asking today, "How can these things be?" Jesus challenges Nicodemus with the words, "Art thou a teacher of Israel and understandest not these things?" What Jesus said to Nicodemus (vv. 11-13) is true of the scriptures now, especially of the New Testament. They testify to the facts which Jesus knew and revealed, he having been in heaven, and come down from heaven for the purpose of making them known. To be born implies that it is the starting point of a new life, that we must grow as a child grows to be a man until it reaches to "a perfect man unto the measure of the stature of the fullness of Christ" (Eph. 4:13).

IV. The Lesson Illustrated (vv. 14, 15, 18). Jesus believed in objective teaching, and he here refers to a memorable event in the early history of the Jews as illustrating his teaching. The journey through the wilderness to the promised land became weary and discouraging, and the Israelites complained bitterly of their hardships, complaining against God and against Moses. Punishment came in the form of fiery serpents, called fiery from the burning, stinging sensation caused by their bite. So intense was the venom of the bites that they became fatal in a few hours. This punishment made the people realize the awful evil of sin. They acknowledged their sin, and prayed for forgiveness. Moses made a brazen serpent, and carried it through the camp so that all could see, and looking became an act of faith, implying repentance and return to obedience and to God. Thus our salvation is literally, "Look and live;" believe and have eternal life; doubt and perish (Mark 16:16; John 3:36).

Coffee Cakes.

After beating together about four ounces of butter and four ounces of sugar, stir in gradually half a pound of sifted flour, two well-beaten eggs and a little milk. Add six ounces of plumped currants. Make a small quantity of strong coffee and when cool, add a good tablespoonful to the mixture. Then mix in a heaped teaspoonful of baking powder. Put into greased patty tins and bake in a brisk oven for about fifteen minutes. While warm they should be iced with an icing flavored with coffee.

MOTHERHOOD WOMAN'S JOY

Suggestions to Childless Women.

Among the virtues of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the ability to correct sterility in the cases of many women. This fact is well established as evidenced by the following letter and hundreds of others we have published in these colums.



Poplar Bluff, Mo.—"I want other women to know what a blessing Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been to me. We had always wanted a baby in our home but I was in poor health and not able to do my work. My mother and husband both urged me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did so, my health improved and I am now the mother of a fine baby girl and do all my own house work."—Mrs. ALLIA B. TIMMONS, 216 Almond St., Poplar Bluff, Mo.

In many other homes, once childless, there are now children because of the fact that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound makes women normal, healthy and strong

Write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for advice—it will be confidential and helpful.

Rear Guard Removed.

Doris was rather backward in her studies. One day when her father was inquiring into her standing at school she admitted that she was lowest in her class.

"Why, Doris, I am ashamed of you!" her mother exclaimed. "Why don't you study harder and try to get away from the foot of the class?"

"It isn't my fault," Doris replied in tones of injured innocence. "The little girl who has always been at the foot has left school."

ANY CORN LIFTS OUT, DOESN'T HURT A BIT!

No foolishness! Lift your corns and calluses off with fingers—It's like magic!

Sore corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn, can harmlessly be lifted right out with the fingers if you apply upon the corn a few drops of freezone, says a Cincinnati authority.

For little cost one can get a small bottle of freezone at any drug store, which will positively rid one's feet of every corn or callus without pain.

This simple drug dries the moment it is applied and does not even irritate the surrounding skin while applying it or afterwards.

This announcement will interest many of our readers. If your druggist hasn't any freezone tell him to surely get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.—adv.

A nitrogen plant will be erected at Arlington, Va.

Is Work Too Hard?

Many kinds of work wear out the kidneys, and kidney trouble makes any kind of work hard. It brings morning lameness, backache, headache, nervousness, rheumatism and urinary troubles. If your work is confining, strains the back, or exposes you to extreme heat or cold or damp, it's well to keep the kidneys active. Doan's Kidney Pills are reliable and safe. Thousands recommend them.

An Alabama Case



A. L. Womack, painter and decorator, 2222 Ave. F, Birmingham, Ala., says: "I had attacks of kidney complaint, my kidneys being weakened by the fumes from the turpentine. My back ached and I had sharp twinges through my kidneys. The kidney secretions were irregular in passage and discolored. Finally, I used Doan's Kidney Pills and they soon rid me of the backache and put my kidneys in good shape."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

TAKE **Tutt's Pills**

The first dose often astonishes the invalid, giving elasticity of mind, buoyancy of body, GOOD DIGESTION, regular bowels and solid flesh. Price, 25 cts.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores.

FROST PROOF CABBAGE PLANTS

Early Jersey and Charleston Wakefield, Succession and Flat Dutch, by express, 500, $1.00, 1,000, $1.50, 5,000, at $1.25. Satisfaction guaranteed. Postpaid 30c per 100.

D. F. JAMISON, SUMMERVILLE, S. C.

Pecan Nuts And Trees The true successors of Col. W. R. Stuart, the Founder of the Pecan Industry. All the celebrated varieties of trees and nuts for sale Send for price list before placing your order elsewhere. Mrs. W. R. Stuart, Ocean Springs, Miss.

Ten Million Potato plants ready to set March 20th; Nancy Hall, Porto Rico, Dooly, Yam Triumph. Quality Guaranteed. $1.25 per 1000 for all cash orders placed before February 25th. Florida Plant Farms, Plant City, Fla.

WHAT IS
LAX-FOS

LAX-FOS is an improved Cascara
A DIGESTIVE LAXATIVE--Pleasant to take

In LAX-FOS the Cascara is improved by addition of certain harmless chemicals which increase the efficiency of the Cascara, making it better than ordinary Cascara. LAX-FOS aids digestion; pleasant to take; does not gripe or disturb stomach. Adapted to children and adults. Just try a bottle for constipation or indigestion. 50c.

Earn $75 to $400 a Month
Be Independent



You can earn big money in a permanent paying business by taking up the Haller Way for your county. All over the country we have successful representatives who have found independence and success by dealing with us. They make from $75 to $400 — clear, easy profit — every month. We start you and let you

USE OUR CAPITAL

to build up your business. The "Haller Way" is your guide to prosperity.

Haller Way **Free** Write in today for our booklet, the "Haller Way." In it we give full details of how responsible men may become merchants. Your copy is waiting. Write for it today to

The Haller Proprietary Co.
Box 543, Blair, Nebraska
Established in 1888

GERANIUMS and CHRYSANTHEMUMS
sturdy, outdoor grown plants, 8 for 25c; 18, 50c; different varieties; Canterbury Bells, 50c per dozen; 2 small palms 5c; prepaid.
FAR WEST NURSERY
842-A Waterloo St., Los Angeles, Calif.

Kodak Films Developed Free
Send for samples and price list
TERRESON'S, BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Agents Wanted $10 day dead easy. Best roller guard Safety Razor on earth, with Gillett blades. Sample 35c. Money refunded if not satisfied. W. R. Powers, Walton, Ky.

High Class.

"I say, Mose, is that dog of yours a mongrel?"

"No, suh; jus' common dog, sah."

HIGH COST OF LIVING

This is a serious matter with housekeepers as food prices are constantly going up. To overcome this, cut out the high priced meat dishes and serve your family more Skinner's Macaroni and Spaghetti, the cheapest, most delicious and most nutritious of all foods. Write the Skinner Mfg. Co., Omaha, Nebr., for beautiful cook book, telling how to prepare it in a hundred different ways. It's free to every woman.—Adv.

Japanese Trade in Manchuria.

Mr. Yoshida, who was selected by the Japanese government to investigate commercial conditions in Manchuria, has made a report giving details of the trade. About one month is required to transport goods from Osaka to Harbin, even by passenger train. The principal Japanese products that are sent from Harbin to European Russia are hosiery, underwear, shoe soles, cotton textiles, medicines, isinglass and insulated electric wire. Since the middle of August an import tax has been assessed upon hosiery and underwear by the Russian Manchurian customs. The trade of North Manchuria is on the road to prosperity, on account of the increased population and the development of agriculture, Harbin is regarded as the center of business.

Foolish Striving After Happiness.

We all seek happiness so eagerly that in the pursuit we often lose that joyous sense of existence, and those quiet daily pleasures, the value of which our pride alone prevents us from acknowledging.—Sir Arthur Helps.

The Toiler.

"Does a farmer have to work hard?"

"Yep. But not as hard as the average person who has to buy what us farmers raise."

A movement is under way to turn the vacant lots of New Orleans into vegetable gardens.

Before starting the youngsters to school give them a piping hot cup of

Instant Postum

School teachers, doctors and food experts agree on two points—that the child needs a hot drink, and that the drink shouldn't be coffee.

Postum fills the need admirably and its very extensive use among thoughtful parents, coupled with the child's fondness for this flavory, nourishing food-drink, show how completely it meets the requirement.

"There's a Reason"

No change in price, quality, or size of package.

EGG MASH SHOULD BE KEPT BEFORE HENS



FARM FLOCK OF DIFFERENT BREEDS.

Hens that do not lay when eggs are selling at the present high prices and then take delight in trying to beat the record when their eggs are only worth 15 or 20 cents a dozen, are like a good many other things that cannot be depended on at the time of greatest need. However, the hens should not always receive the blame, because, in many instances, they do not receive the food products from which they can manufacture eggs.

The extension division of Clemson college has been recommending an egg mash containing one-third by weight of prime, bright cottonseed meal and the remaining two-thirds to consist of equal parts of cornmeal, wheat shorts and ground oats. This mash is a satisfactory food to make eggs, and it is kept dry before the hens in a hopper or box constantly. Then a mixture of whole grains is scattered in litter twice daily to force the hens to exercise.

For those who cannot obtain the ingredients to mix the above mash, it is possible to prescribe a simpler method of feeding hens for eggs that will give satisfactory results. Buy a few bushels of cowpeas. Make a mixture of 40 pounds whole or cracked cowpeas and 60 pounds of whatever other whole grains you are now feeding. A formula we have used (but others are equally good, provided the cowpeas are 40 pounds) is: Cowpeas, 40 pounds; corn or cracked corn, 30 pounds; cane seed, 20 pounds, and wheat, 10 pounds. Feed this mixture liberally twice daily in litter and do not give the hens any mash at all. You will need only ground oyster shells, broken plaster, or ground limestone to supply the lime for making the shell. Keep the lime product in a box where the hens can eat it constantly. And last, but not least, keep a bucket of fresh water before the layers, as eggs contain 65 per cent of water.—Clemson College Bulletin.

COTTON GRADE LOSSES

Amounts to Millions of Dollars in Southern States.

Producers Can Have Large Share in Improving Conditions—Great and Inconsistent Variations in Prices Paid.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The more or less general failure of cotton buyers and cotton producers to take grades into account in the primary sales of the fiber probably results in losses to the growers amounting to millions of dollars each year. Studies of market specialists of the department in representative towns in the nine principal cotton producing states of the South indicate that the losses probably totaled seven and a half million dollars in 1913-14 alone.

Cotton producers themselves can have a large share in improving these conditions. The growers should familiarize themselves with grades and should insist that the proper classification be given their bales by buyers. The economic importance of securing proper ginning, adequate baling and covering, the proper storage also should be recognized.

Great Variations Found.

Surveys conducted by the specialists have showed that there are great and insistent variations in prices paid for cotton of different grades. The average of prices on observed transactions in Alabama for one month, for example, was 13.51 cents for strict good ordinary and 13.47 cents for strict good middling, the latter being six grades better than the former. The higher grade of cotton thus sold for 20 cents less per bale than that of the lower grade, when on the basis of New Orleans differences, it was actually worth $7.50 per bale more. The inconsistencies and differences were especially apparent among the higher grades above middling. This is most unfortunate since it shows a failure to recognize the value of improvement of cotton varieties by growers and in effect puts a premium on careless and indifferent farming.

Marked differences in the prices paid for cotton of the same grade in the same markets on the same day also were disclosed by the survey. Thus middling cotton of 1 1-16 inch staple in a certain market brought 13 cents a pound, while middling of 1⅛ inch staple at the same place and on the same day brought only 10.05 cents. The latter cotton should have brought one-half cent more than that of the shorter staple bale. Therefore, if the 1 1-16 inch bale brought its true value, the other bale sold for at least $17.50 below its real value. While all variations observed were not as great as this, wide differences were found in numerous instances in every state where investigations were conducted.

Geographical Price Variations.

Inconsistencies in the valuation of tinged and stained cotton also were observed, the differences made in some cases between two bales of cotton of the same grade on the same market being greater than the amount paid for the cheaper bale.

The survey showed that for the some grades the prices paid were on the whole considerably greater in the eastern cotton states than in those west of the Mississippi. These differences, according to the specialists, were much greater than differences in freight rates to mills alone would account for. The other factors in favor of the East are believed to have been the direct purchase by mill buyers, the existence of good storage facilities, the availability of relatively cheap money, and the more general knowledge of grading among farmers due to longer establishment of cotton-growing in the section.

The investigators found that the producer received an appreciable advantage in prices when he was able to make "round lot" sales of 10 or more bales of cotton at a time. It is suggested that still greater advantages can be secured by selling where possible in lots of bales of the same grade.

TO PREVENT TOOLS RUSTING

Paste Made of Tallow or Lard and Graphite Will Prove Efficacious—Have Surface Dry.

No matter if tools are kept out of the wet, even the dampness of the air will cause them to rust. A paste made of tallow or lard and graphite, with a little camphor gum will prevent rust when applied and afterwards rubbed dry. Mix two parts grease to one of graphite. Add about one-fourth as much camphor gum as there is of the graphite.

Get the tools quite clean and dry, apply the paste and allow it to remain on all metal parts for 24 hours or longer, then rub dry. Tools treated in this way will not rust for several months, though exposed to damp air. Treat in this way every two or three months, not only tools, but any steel or iron surface.

REGULARITY IS RIGHT PLAN

Farm Stock, Once Accustomed to Routine of Living, Show Unrest at Any Change in Program.

Farm animals are creatures of habit, and once accustomed to a routine of living show unrest at any change. The feed stable or lot, therefore, should be free from disturbance, and the providing of feed and water should be uniform in time and manner.

Animals soon learn when these are to occur, and as feeding time approaches the secretions begin pouring from the various digestive glands in anticipation of the coming meal.

The system of feeding and watering and the character of the rations should be changed gradually, and only for good cause. In feeding operations a changing period is usually a losing period.

PEANUT IS PROFITABLE CROP

Plant Will Thrive on Poor Land Unsuitable for Cotton, and Will Improve the Soil.

Southern planters have other reasons for being complacent besides the high price of cotton. A Texas paper says that peanuts have reached $1.33 a bushel at some Texas markets, and everywhere are a dollar or better, and adds that peanuts that yield 40, 50 and 60 bushels to the acre are not to be sneezed at, even by cotton producers who are selling their cotton at $100 a bale, because the peanuts not only thrive upon poorer land hardly suitable to cotton, but build up the soil as well.

FRESH WATER FOR CHICKENS

Permanganate of Potash Acts as Antiseptic in Preventing Transmission of Disease.

Chickens need a constant supply of fresh water. Running water is best, but if this is not available keep the water fresh. Add enough permanganate of potash to make it a wine red. This amount will act as an antiseptic in preventing the transmission of disease through the water and will aid also in keeping down intestinal parasites.

DANGEROUS CALOMEL IS SELDOM SOLD NOW

Calomel Salivates! It Makes You Sick and You Lose a Day's Work—Dodson's Liver Tone Acts Better Than Calomel and Is Harmless for Men, Women, Children—Read Guarantee!

Every druggist here, yes! your druggist and everybody's druggist has noticed a great falling-off in the sale of calomel. They all give the same reason. Dodson's Liver Tone is taking its place.

"Calomel is dangerous and people know it while Dodson's Liver Tone is safe and gives better results," said a prominent local druggist. Dodson's Liver Tone is personally guaranteed by every druggist. A large family-sized bottle costs only 50 cents and if you find it doesn't take the place of dangerous, salivating calomel you have only to ask for your money back.

Dodson's Liver Tone is a pleasant-tasting, purely vegetable remedy, harmless to both children and adults. Take a spoonful at night and wake up feeling fine, no sick headache, biliousness, ague, sour stomach or clogged bowels. Dodson's Liver Tone doesn't gripe or cause inconvenience all next day like calomel.

Take a dose of calomel tonight and tomorrow you will feel sick, weak and nauseated. Don't lose a day's work!

Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up with your head clear, your liver active, bowels clean, breath sweet and stomach regulated. You will feel cheerful and full of vigor and ready for a hard day's work.

You can eat anything afterwards without risk of salivating yourself or your children.

Get a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone and try it on my guarantee. You'll never again put a dose of nasty, dangerous calomel into your stomach. Adv.

Portugal has the world's greatest deposit of wolframite, the mineral from which tungsten is obtained.

For speedy and effective action Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" has no equal. One dose only will clean out Worms or Tapeworm in a few hours. Adv.

Natural Means.

"How does a poet laureate manage to maintain his standing?"

"Of course, by his poetic feet."

AVOID A DOCTOR'S BILL
on the first of the month by taking now a bottle of Mansfield Cough Balsam for that hacking, hollow cough. Price 25c and 50c.—Adv.

His Occupation.

"What is that man doing?" asked the customer, as he saw the clockmaker's assistant painting the hours on a clock face.

"Oh," replied the master, "he is simply marking time."

Still on the Job.

Hyker—My wife's mother has been dying for the last five years.

Pyter—And she isn't dead yet?

Hyker—No, she's very much alive. You see, when her husband croaked he left her his dyehouse.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

No Objection.

When Governor Head was in office in New Hampshire, Colonel Barrett of the governor's staff, died, and there was an unseemly scramble for the office, even while his body was awaiting burial with military honors. One candidate ventured to call upon Governor Head.

"Governor," he asked, "do you think you would have any objections if I were to get into Colonel Barrett's place?"

The answer came promptly. "No, I don't think I should have any objections, if the undertaker is willing."—Tit-Bits.

IS CHILD CROSS, FEVERISH, SICK

Look, Mother! If tongue is coated, give "California Syrup of Figs."

Children love this "fruit laxative," and nothing else cleanses the tender stomach, liver and bowels so nicely.

A child simply will not stop playing to empty the bowels, and the result is they become tightly clogged with waste, liver gets sluggish, stomach sours, then your little one becomes cross, half-sick, feverish, don't eat, sleep or act naturally, breath is bad, system full of cold, has sore throat, stomach-ache or diarrhea. Listen, Mother! See if tongue is coated, then give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food passes out of the system, and you have a well child again.

Millions of mothers give "California Syrup of Figs" because it is perfectly harmless; children love it, and it never fails to act on the stomach, liver and bowels.

Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Adv.

The Inducement.

Willis—What makes a man always give a lady a diamond ring?

Gillis—The lady.—Orange Peel.

Too Suggestive.

First Tramp—I wish I could git off dese fast freights for a ride in a first-class coach.

Second Tramp—Every cloud has its silver lining. In de passenger coach dere is an ax and saw to remind you of a wood pile.

Infections or inflammations of the Eyes, whether from external or internal causes, are promptly healed by the use of Roman Eye Balsam at night upon retiring. Adv.

Keep your eye on the humble man. Perhaps he is lying low for the purpose of humbling you.

Translation.

"What on earth did that fellow mean when he said he was a peregrinating pedestrian, castigating his itinerary from the classic Athens of America?"

"He meant he was a tramp beating his way from Boston."

Spartan Women Suffered Untold Tortures but who wants to be a Spartan? Take "Femenina" for all female disorders. Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

In 1917 a half century will have elapsed since the first discovery of diamonds in South Africa.

Why Rheumatism Comes With Cold Weather!

BY VALENTINE MOTT PIERCE, M. D.

A close connection exists between these two—cold weather and rheumatism. Prof. Alex. Haig, of London, has the most followers in the medical profession in the belief that the presence in the system of uric acid, or its salts in excess, is the real cause of rheumatism. Everyone has recognized the difference in the appearance of their water as soon as it gets cold; there is often a copious sediment of brickdust.

Several causes may lead up to an accumulation of uric acid in the system, which, in turn, causes rheumatism or gout, or creaky joints, or swollen fingers, or painful joints. For one reason the skin does not throw off the uric acid, by profuse sweating, as in the hot weather, and the kidneys are unable to take care of the double burden. Another reason is that people do not drink as much water in cold weather as in summer, which helps to flush the kidneys. Again, they eat more meat in cold weather, and some people are so susceptible that they soon develop rheumatism after eating meat.

At all such times persons should drink copiously of hot water, say, a pint morning and night, and take Anuric three or four times a day. This Anuric comes in tablet form and can be had at almost any drug store. It dissolves the uric acid in the system and carries it outward. I would advise everyone to take Anuric occasionally, and continue for three or four weeks, and in that way avoid rheumatism, gout and many of the painful disorders due to uric acid. —Adv.

Shutting Him Off.

Newpop—I have a three-year-old boy that is unusually smart.

Nagsby—Yes, so I have been told.

Newpop (flattered)—Ah, who told you?

Nagsby—You did—a moment ago.

PROMPT RELIEF.
can be found in cases of Colds, Coughs, La Grippe and Headaches by using Laxative Quinidine Tablets. Does not affect the head or stomach. Buy your winter's supply now. Price 25c.—Adv.

Thirty years ago there were only two Protestant churches in Chile. Now there are 70.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"
To get the genuine, call for full name LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. 25c.

Trying to be nice to his wife's relatives is awfully rough on a man's disposition.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills contain nothing but vegetable ingredients, which act gently as a tonic and purgative by stimulation and not by irritation. Adv.

Any man becomes an ideal husband the day his wife becomes a widow.

STOCK LICK IT—STOCK LIKE IT



For Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Contains Copperas for Worms, Sulphur for the Blood, Saltpeter for the Kidneys, Nux Vomica, a Tonic, and Pure Dairy Salt. Used by Veterinarians 12 years. No Dosing. Drop Brick in feed-box. Ask your dealer for Blackman's or write

BLACKMAN STOCK REMEDY COMPANY
CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE

COLORED PEOPLE

can have nice, long, straight hair by using **Exelento Quinine Pomade,** which is a Hair Grower, not a Kinky Hair remover. You can see the results by using several times. Try a package. Price 25c at all drug stores or by mail on receipt of stamps or coin. Agents wanted everywhere. Write for particulars. Exelento Medicine Co., Atlanta, Ga.

"ROUGH on RATS" Ends Rats, Mice, Bugs. Die outdoors. 15c and 25c.

WINCHESTER

HUNTING RIFLES



When you look over the sights of your rifle and see an animal like this silhouetted against the background, you like to feel certain that your equipment is equal to the occasion. The majority of successful hunters use Winchester Rifles, which shows how they are esteemed. They are made in various styles and calibers and ARE SUITABLE FOR ALL KINDS OF HUNTING

Even tho' a new year has arrived

You will need some more Winter Goods before Spring comes in.

Whatever it takes to fit you out we've always got it right at hand.
Whether its one little item or supplies for the whole farm, we are here with all that you need.

W. A. KEMP
"Your Moneys Worth or Your Money Back"
CLANTON, ALA.

SAW MILL OUTFIT
-- FOR SALE --

I HAVE FOR SALE A COMPLETE SAW MILL OUTFIT, ALSO GOOD DRY KILN. FIVE HEAD OF MULES, SIX OXEN, AND TWO DRAYS. ..WILL SELL ALL OF THE ABOVE CHEAP FOR CASH.
FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS APPLY

L. N. BROWN
RANDOLPH, ALABAMA.

C. REESE MULLINS
CLANTON, ALA.

AGENT
For all kinds of Insurance
and
Singer Sewing Machines.

FOR RENT

My two-horse farm, known as the Cain place, near New Salem Church.
One-horse farm known as the Ben Price place; also a three-horse farm near Bice's Ovens.
If interested in renting any of above property, address

HOWARD L. FOSHEE
Eclectic, Ala.

SCHOOL TEACHER
Wards Off Nervous Break Down

Alburtis, Pa.—"I am a teacher in the public schools, and I got into a very nervous, run-down condition. I could not sleep and had no appetite. I was tired all the time. My sister asked me to try Vinol. I did so, and within a week my appetite improved and I could sleep all night and now I feel well and strong." —ROSA M. KELLER, Alburtis, Pa.

We guarantee Vinol, which contains beef and cod liver peptones, iron and manganese peptonates, and glycerophosphates for run-down conditions.

For sale by Upchurch Drug Co. and the leading drug stores in all Alabama towns.

HONOR ROLL

Thorsby Public School

First Grade—Ethel Peterson, Henry Robinson.

Second Grade—Howard Adams, Verner Carlson, Frank Gerald, Mabel Howard.

Third Grade—Coy Kendrick, Ernie Littleton.

Fourth Grade—Fritzy Bookholdt, Clyde Robinson, Curtis Billingsley.

Fifth Grade.—Lola Horn, Leon Marshall, Wilbur Peterson, Walter Martin.

Seventh Grade—Ruth Gerald, Robert Carlson.

Break your Cold or LaGrippe with a few doses of 666.

THORSBY ITEMS

Thorsby School Improvement Association will give a social at Bates Hall Saturdty night, Feb. 3rd, the proceeds to be used for painting the Public school building. Music will be furnished by the Thorsby Band. Everyone come and help out your school, to make it more accomodating and more pleasant.

Mrs. George Phalan has returned from her home in Tuscaloosa to visit her mother, Mrs. Sweeney Howard, who continues very ill.

Miss Georgia Fulton of Helena, visited Mrs. C. C. Taylor, last week.

Reno, the magician, will perform wonderful tricks at Thorsby Institute Monday night, Feb. 12th. Don't forget the date.

The pupils of Thorsby Institute are observing Belgian Relief week, during which, by self denial and other means, they are seeking to raise fund for the relief of the starving children in Belgium. The proceeds of the week will be collected on Friday afternoon, Feb. 2nd, at 3:15, at which time the public is invited.

A community social was given at the Bates Hall Friday night, Feb. 26, to celebrate the end of the first semester. A pleasant time was enjoyed by all. During the evening cocoa and wafers were served by some of the students of Thorsby Institute for the purpose of raising funds for the relief of the Belgians.

Thorsby Barber Shop is now open daily from 4 to 5, p.m., and all day Saturday for the accommodation of patrons. Mr. Elmer Williamson, one of the students in Thorsby Institute, has entered into partnership with Mr. Monroe Benson in this business and will be at the shop daily as stated above. Both barbers will be there on Saturday.

Mr. R. N. Roebuck of Maplesville visited his son, Kent, who is in school here, last Friday night, returning to his home Saturday morning.

Messrs Raymond Kicklighter and Walter Morgan spent the week-end with Mr. Casey Speer at his home in the Mulberry neighborhood.

Principal S. H. Herbert of Thorsby Institute, is attending the Southern Congregational Congress in Chattanooga, this week.

Rev. Wm. Ewing, D.D., of Boston, will be at the Congregational church Thursday night, Feb. 1st, at 7:30. Everyone is invited to hear him.

Miss Louis Abernathy is spending the week-end with her mother in Montgomery.

Don not forget to go to Sunday School Feb. 11th, which is Alabama-go-to-Sunday-School day.

The regular meeting of the Helen Keller Literary Society was held last Saturday night at Bates Hall, and after rendering the program, the following officers were elected for the second semester: Jno. W. Ford, Jr., President; Almon Graham, Vice-President; May Belle McJunkin, Sec.; Raymond Carlson, Treasurer; Harvey Maddox Custodian.

Mr. Curtis Speer, of near Maplesville, spent Sunday night in Thorsby with his brother, returning to his home Monday morning.

We are glad to repeat that Miss Grace Maxwell, who has been ill with lagrippe, is able to resume her work at school again.

Miss Ruth Gerald and Mr. Harvey Swan of Thorsby have enrolled at the Institute for the second semester.

Mr. Jno. W. Ford and Mr. Lomax Wilks are spending a few days in Montgomery.

Mrs. Sam Howard continues quite ill, but we are glad to report that she is improving.

PIE SUPPER

To be held at the Thorsby Institute Building on Saturday night, Feb. 3, For the benefit of the public school. Music by the Thorsby Band, Everybody come and help your school.
CLARA SOBERG.

IN MEMORY OF JAMES BURNETT

On the 7th day of January, 1917, at 11 o'clock, p.m., the death angel visited our home and took from our midst, a kind husband and loving father. He had been sick for nearly a year, but was confined to his bed just two weeks before his death, which was not at all unexpected.

He had told his home folks that he was going home; that he could not stay here.

He leaves a widow, one son, three daughters and ten grand children.

He joined the Missionary Baptist Church about 38 years ago, and he lived a Christian life until his 72nd year. We should not weep after this kind husband and father, for he lived such a life here that makes us feel perfectly satisfied about him. He was always good and kind to his family, and not merely to his family but to everybody with whom he had dealings. If he has an enemy, it is more than we know, for he always tried to live in such a way as to have friends everywhere he went.

He was ever ready to lend a helping hand to those in need, so far as he was able. He was born and raised in Chilton County, and lived here up to 13 years ago, when he moved to Elmore County, where he resided until his death.

His remains were laid to rest in the Hebson Cemetery.

J. A. N.

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE

State of Alabama, Chilton county.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed whereby I, as Sheriff of said county, was commanded to make the sum of Five thousand six hundred ninety-seven & 37-100 Dollars, principal and interest, and Seventeen & 25-100 Dollars costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the Fall Term, 1916, of said Court of said County, Alabama, in favor of The First National Bank of Birmingham, Ala., against E. A. Matthews, W. H. Sartor, N. A. Kicker, et als, I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the Court House door of said County, between the hours of 11 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p. m., on Monday, the 19th. day of February 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named W. H. Sartor and N. A. Kicker in and to the following described real estate, viz:

Sartor.

The east half of Lot no. 16, in Block No. 8 on the east side of the L. & N. R. R., as shown by the official map of the town of Clanton, as the same now appears of record in the office of the Judge of Probate in Chilton County, Alabam, and being known as the W. H. Sartor store house and lot on the northwest corner of the intersection of Second Avenue and Seventh street, in the Town of Clanton, Chilton county, Ala.

Beginning on the northeast corner of the SW¼ of SE¼ of Sec. 35, Tp. 22, R. 14 in Chilton county, Alabama, and run thence West 131½ feet; thence south 18 feet to the point or place of beginning in the description or boundary of the lot or parcel of land here described; running thence north along west side of the north extension of tenth street 105 feet; thence in a westerly direction and at right angles with said 10th street 210 feet; thence in a southerly direction parallel with sain 10th street 105 feet; thence in an easterly direction and parallel with the line of said lot here described 210 feet to the point of beginning, said 10th street being shown by the official map of the town of Clanton, Alabama, now on file in the office of the Judge of Probate of said county. Said lot lying and being south of the H. T. Pipes property, and lying between the H. T. Pipes property and Fifth Avenue on the West side of the L. & N. R. R., in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Kicker.

Lots 14 and 15 and the west half of lot 16 in block No. 8; lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 11, and 14, in block No. 3, all on the east side of the L. & N. R. R., as shown by the official map of the Town of Clanton, as the same now appears of record in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Ala.

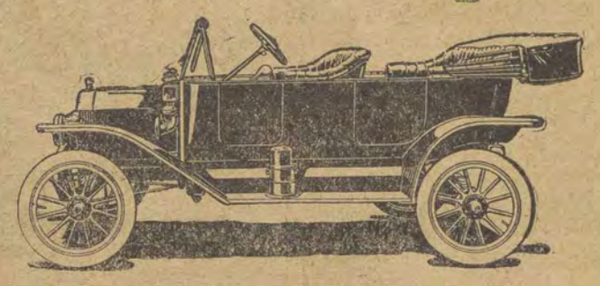
Lots C, D, E, and F, in Block No. 8 in the Town of Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama on the west side of the L. & N. R. R., as per the official survey of the P. D. Wilson addition to the Town of Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama, as the same appears of record in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Alabama.

One lot of land containing about nine acres lying between second Avenue and Fourth Avenue in the Town of Clanton, Alabama, known as the Kicker Grove, and the J. Wash Foshee patch in Section 35, Tp. 22, Range14, on the west side of theL. & N. R. R., in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

This 16 day of Jan. 1917.
H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at Court House door Jan. 16, 1917.

BRING US YOUR FORD



To be Repaired.

We also have Lathe for repairing your machinery and Department for putting Circular saws in good shape.

We also have arrangments to do your horse shoeing and wagon repair work.

We have a 2½ H. P. Gasoline Engine, one Motorcycle and some circular saws for sale.

J. M. Robinson & Son
Located East of the Fair Grounds,
CLANTON, ALA.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

OF FIRST MEETING—In the District Court of the United States, for the Middle District of Alabama. In Bankruptcy. In the matter of W.H. Sartor, post office, Clanton, County, Chilton, Alabama.

The aforesaid party having been adjudged a Bankrupt, under the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to Establish a Uniform System of Bankruptcy Throughout the United States," approved July 1st, 1898, meeting of the Creditors of said Bankrupt is called at the office of the undersigned Referee, in the United States Court House, Montgomery, Alabama, on the 7th day of February, next, at 10 o'clock, a.m., to make proof of all debts, and for the election of a Trustee, and such other matters as are necessary and required by the Act of Congress aforesaid.

M. S. CARMICHAEL,
Referee.

OBITUARY

Norma, little daughter of James and Tempie Crumpton, residing a few miles east of Randolph, died on the 11th inst. She was 12 years old, a good and studious child,

We sympathize with the sorrowing relatives. They will miss her so much. Loving friends and physicians did all they could for her, but her young life is ended, and she sweetly sleeps undisturbed by the toils of this life, waiting for the due time when she will be awakened in the beautiful day, where the death shades never fall; where under the wise administration of the Heavenly Kingdom. Whosoever will, may drink the water of life and live forever, among that vast multitude. We expect Norma to be found in the golden day to come

FOR SALE—Paper-shell Pecan Trees For prices and further information, apply to T. J. Billingsley, Clanton, R.F.D. No. 3. 1t

Pay your subscription to this paper.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.
Probate Court, Jan. 2, 1917.

In the matter of the Estate of R. A. Hancock Deceased.

Letters of Administration on the Estate of R. A. Hancock Deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 2nd day of January 1917 by the Hon. E. B. Deason Judge of Probate of said County notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

J. W. FOSHEE
1-18-3t Administrator.

The Best Garden Seed you can buy are sold in Bulk at Upchurch Drug Store. 2-1-3t

Half Your Living Without Money Cost

A right or wrong start in 1917 will make or break most farmers in the South. We are all facing a crisis. This war in Europe puts things in such uncertainty that no man can foresee the future with any degree of clearness.

The sure and certain increase in cotton acreage means lower cotton prices next fall. Cost of all food and grain products is high, so high that no one can afford to buy and expect to pay out with cotton.

It's a time above all others to play safe; to produce all possible food, grain and forage supplies on your own acres; to cut down the store bill.

A good piece of garden ground, rightly planted, rightly tended and kept planted the year round, can be made to pay half your living. It will save you more money than you made on the best five acres of cotton you ever grew!

Hastings' 1917 Seed Book tells all about the right kind of a money saving garden and the vegetables to put in it. It tells about the field crops as well and shows you the clear road to real farm prosperity. **It's Free.** Send for it today to **H. G. HASTINGS CO., Atlanta, Ga.**—Advt.

BEST FOR ALL CROPS

SOUTH ATLANTIC GUANO COMPANY
(SUBSIDIARY MORRIS FERTILIZER CO.)
ATLANTA — MONTGOMERY

Every farmer has it in his power very largely to prevent crop failure. By proper selection of seed, timely cultivation and, most important of all, *a careful selection of dependable fertilizers,* he gives his crop a good, healthy start and keeps it vigorous throughout critical seasons.

The *South Atlantic Brands* are made of high class materials, selected with a view to giving service when service is needed. They start the crops off quickly and maintain the growth and fruit till harvest. *The high grade animal ammoniates we use insure late fruiting and development, and also liberate potash from the soil.*

By their liberal use. the cotton crop is brought to a quick and healthy maturity, thus escaping shedding losses and the ravages of the boll weevil.

Don't risk your crop on inferior fertilizers, but demand *and insist on getting the South Atlantic Brands.*

FOR SALE BY

TOM KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

REAL CROP SECURITY

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME V. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., FEBRUARY 8, 1917. NUMBER 45.

DEVELOP TALENTS OF THE BOYS AND GIRLS

Set yourself to work that Alabama boys and girls may find themselves.

The School Fair

The school fair occupies an important place in the scheme of education. We are glad to note its growing popularity in Alabama as evidenced by recent reports from several counties throughout the State.

This office received the following brief but interesting report from a Morgan County school man last week:

"A few months ago the Morgan County Fair Association offered a prize of $25 for the best school community exhibit, the money to be used for library purposes. The offer was supplementd by a like offer on the part of the First National Bank of Hartselle.

"The teacher, pupils, patrons, and citizens in general of Rural Grove School took an active part and put on a display that would have done credit to a State fair. Notwithstanding six schools, three of which were town schools, entered this contest, this one-room school, located in the poorest district of the six, won the prize and now enjoyes the use of a $50 library, all because there was behind the movement community pride, harmony, and cooperation."

Please note that:

First, it was a "school community" exhibit.

Second, a small out-of-the-way community did the big thing.

Third, a wise dispositions was made of the funds received.

Fourth, one bank gave $25 to a rural school library.

A Fifteen Year Old Boy Who Has Found Himself.

Roy Robinson is the fifteen year old cartoonist of the Tanner School in a rural community of Limestone County, and he is a good one. His two drawings representing the evolution of a school building in his community are evidences of remarkable talent and skill. In fact, these drawings proved of such interest to a newspaper man, who chanced to see them on Superintendent Feagin's desk, that they were appropriated for use in the Montgomery Advertiser. You perhaps saw them in the Monday issue, January 29th.

Roy, though young, is one of the progressives of his community. He has talent, as is shown by his drawings and is to be commended for using his talent in advancing the cause of better schools.

Recently, in the face of seemingly insurmountable obstacles, the citizens of the Tanner district succeeded in raising $800 with which they will soon secure State aid and erect a modern $1200 State plan building. Roy's cartoons were quite a factor in overcoming the "It was good enough for me" idea in his home community, thereby aiding in raising the fund and making the new building possible.

AN ESSENTIAL OF PREPAREDNESS

Further proof of the sound economy involved in raising the salaries of Government employees to keep pace with the action of private concerns is given by Senator William E. Borah of Idaho. He attributes the great fighting qualities of the Germans to the fact that for the last 40 years their government has seen to it that there were no paupers in the country and that every man received proper nourishment. When the call to arms came it was answered by vigorous men eager to meet the enemy. England, on the other hand, found that the stamina of her fighting men had been so undermined by long years of proverty, that the standards for enlistment had to be reduced. "You can not fit a man," declares Senator Borah, "for the duties and responsibilities of citizenship in a great Republic like this upon an income of six or seven hundred dollars a year when he has a family to rear."

FOR AID OF VETERANS' WIDOWS

To introduce a bill one day, and have it unanimously reported to the House by the committee on the following day is seldom accomplished. Such a feat, however, has been performed by Republican Representative Charles E. Fuller of Illinois. Many claims of widows are held up at the Pensoin Bureau because of their inability to furnish record evidence of marrriage to their soldier husbands, and much injustice has resulted. Mr. Fuller provides in his bill that when a woman has been recognized as a man's wife for a period of twenty years she shall be considered his lawful widow when he dies. The prompt and unanimous endorsement of the Committee on Invalid Pesions is a flatterig testimonial to the esteem and confidence in which Congressman Fuller is held.

LITTLE SAND MOUNTAIN

Health of this community is very good except colds.

Our Sunday school is progressing nicely under the careful manayement of Mr. W. M. Oden as Supt. We are certainly proud to see so many of our young people take an interest in Sunday school.

We are very sorry to hear that one of our faithful Sunday school workers has left us. We wish him God speed.

Our literary school is doing some fine work. We have just three more weeks.

Miss Eva Hall spent the night with Miss Mae Hamrick Saturday night and reported a nice time.

Miss Alice Bearden dined with Miss Eva Hall Sunday.

Misses Janie Oden, Myrtle McAfee and Ida Walker spent Saturday night with Miss Lois Collins and reported a grand time.

R. L. Kenan, former road engineer of Chilton county was here Wednesday. He is now engaged in Federal aid road work in Coosa county, stationed at Rockford. He came over to confer with Judge Reynolds in regard to securing some federal aid on our roads.

Watch the Label on your paper.

The little yellow label on your paper every week shows the date when your subscription is out; if not paid ahead before then your paper will be stopped. Keep your eye on the label.

We shall continue to publish the best newspaper in Chilton county, at the same price of

$1.00 A YEAR

AGRICULTURAL LETTER FROM AUBURN SCHOOL

Montgomery, Ala., was selected as the next meeting place of the Association of Southern Agricultural Workers at the close of the meeting in New Orlenas. Montgomery won out in the contest with Richmond, Va., and the success of Montgomery in landing the honor is considered a compliment to Montgomery as the agricultural center of Alabama and to the many Alabama agricultural workers who had prominent places on the program.

Prof. W. R. Dodson, Director of the Experiment Station of Lousiana, was elected President for the ensuing year and Dr. C. C. Thach, of Auburn, was elected Vice-President. Dan T. Gray, of North Carolina, was elected Secretary.

The velvet bean was endorsed as a product of economic value for feeding and fertilizing by Dr. B. B. Ross, State Chemist, in an address on "The Feeding and Fertilizing Value of Some Crops Adapted to Boll Weevil Conditions." The results of experiments conducted in West Alabama under the direction of Prof. Geo. S. Templeton, of the Department of Animal Husbandry, show that velvet beans in the pod at $18.00 per ton, when fed along with corn silage, give practically the same returns as cotton seed meal at $35.00 per ton. During the present season cotton seed meal has sold at figures far in excess of those given above, while velvet beans have continued to sell around the figure above mentioned, so, under present conditions, velvet beans have been even more valuable, comparatively, as for feeding purposes.

Analyses showing the composition of velvet beans, ground with and without the hulls; analyses of ground velvet bean hulls; analyses of a number of varieties of peanuts; analyses of peanut meals, ground peanut hulls, and peanut vines with hulls attached, and ground; analyses of soy bens and vines, dried and ground together; analyses of velvet bean hay; and also, analyses of several vrieties of cowpes and pea-vines have been completed by the Chemical Department and are being published in bulletins from the Alabama Experiment Station.

Dr. Cary, State Veterinarian, Mr. Quinnerly, Prof. Templeton, and Prof. Ferguson will attend the meeting of the State Live Stock Association in Huntsville next week. Dr. Cary is President of the Association.

County Short courses for members of the Boys Corn Club are being held weekly in connection with the regular Teachers' Institute. Much interest is being manifested in the Community Organization.

Old graduates of Auburn are planning a great time at the 1917 Commencement. Reunions of the classes of 1867, '72, '77, '82, '87, '92, '97, 1902, '07, and '12 will be held. Reunion of "The Old Guard", composed of all men who attended Auburn more than twenty-five years ago, has been called.

MONEY TO LOAN

WE ARE IN TOUCH WITH AN UNLIMITED SUPPLY OF MONEY, AND CAN NEGOTIATE LONG-TIME LOANS ON FARM LANDS UPON EASY TERMS. IF YOU ARE INTERESTED, CALL ON US.

Middleton & Reynolds.

FEBRUARY TERM OF THE COUNTY COURT

The regular monthly term of the Probate court of Chilton County for the month of February was held at the court house Monday by Judge Reynolds.

The following cases on the docket were taken up and disposed of:

Emma Hart, charged with assault with intent to murder. Plead guilty; waived preliminary; bond fixed at $500.

Hollie Williams, abusive language. Continued by defendant to March court.

D. P. Patterson, assault and batetry with gun. Continued till March term.

Walter Davis, carrying concealed weapon, continued to March term.

Leander Mims, assault with weapon, continued to March term.

Jim Brantley, grand larceny, discharged.

Henry Posey, grand larceny, discharged.

Joe W. Huff, assault with weapon, not guilty.

Mamie Williams, violating the prohibition law, fined $50 and costs.

Ed Gandy, violating prohibition law, fined $50 and costs.

ENGLAND WANTS BEET SUGAR INDUSTRY

Great Britian is rapidly learning sound economics from America. She is now proposing to grant guarantees of interest upon capital in order to develop a beet-sugar industry. She has had a demonstration of the folly of being dependent upon other nations for her sugar supply when there are 4,000,000 acres in Great Britian that have gone out of cultivation in the last 25 years. The United States is still an importer of sugar, but we have built up a very extensive industry through the aid of bounties or a protective tariff. The Democratic party proposed to remove the sugar duty but thought better of it when a year of depression demonstrated what the effect would be.

MARRIAGES

Marvin Jackson, Clanton and Miss Katie Littleton, Clanton.

E. S. Jones, Clanton and Miss Novice Woolley, Clanton.

HONOR ROLL FOR THORSBY PUBLIC SCHOOL

First Grde—Meryle Freeman, Iola Gerald.

Second Grade—Richard Butler, Frank Gerald, Palmer Lefstead, Helen Busenlehner.

Third Grade—Bernice Williams, Coy Kendrick, Edith Baker.

Fourth Grade—Clyde Robinson.

Fifth Grade—Margaret Butler, Esther Johnson, Pearl Carlson, Lola Horn, Walter Mastin, Wilbur Peterson.

Sixth Grade—Louise Adams.

Seventh Grade—Ethel Sewell, Robert Carlson.

Alabama has many talanted boys and girls whom her better school policy will soon discover and give opportunity for a development of their talents. An undiscovered genius is an economic loss to the State. We have the necessary educational machinery, lets set it in motion in order that our boys and girls may "find themselves" for Alabama.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT

Estate of H. B. Rogers, deceased; Probate Court.

Letters testimentary of said deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 30th day of December, 1916, by the Hon. E. B. Deason, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, are hereby requested to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

J. A. ROGERS, Adm.

The First and the Last.

The First Store as you Come in from the west and the last as you go out.

I am paying 10 cents a pound for Hens, feathers and all.
25 c a dozen for eggs, cash.
Sell good Flour for $1.15 sack.
Coffee 6 and 7 lb. to Dollar.

W. A. HUCKABEE
Clanton, Ala.

COLLINS CHAPEL

Health here is not very good at present.

Owing to so much bad weather our prayer meeting has been dull for the last few Sunday nights, but we hope to have a large crowd with us next Sunday night.

Our Sunday school is still progressing nicely.

We are all wondering what was the matter with Uncle Jack Robinson that he was not in this community Sunday.

Mr. C. C. Murrah of Siluria visited Mrs. W. P. Murrah Wednesday.

Miss Pearl Oslin dined with Mary Collins Sunday.

Mr. Porter Barker of Sylacauga was a pleasant visitor at Misses Ada and Flossie Burnett's Sunday.

Miss Mollie Murrah visited home folks Saturday night and Sunday.

Mr. Julius Smith spent Sunday night at Mr. J. M. Mims'.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Vance dined with Walter Benson and wife Sunday.

Misses Ida, Rilla, and Annie Lee Vance of Sylacauga spent a few days in this community last week.

Mr. Simuel Mims spent Sunday with his brother.

Miss Eva Childress has returned home from Sylacauga where she has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Jim Honeycutt.

J. D. Collins, Jr., of Clanton visited his grand mother Saturday night and Sunday.

Lets not forget about our singing every Second and Fourth Sunday afternoon.

Much success to The Union-Banner.

Rev. S. U. Turnipseed, of Montgomery, Sunday School Field Secretary for the Alabama Methodist Conference, held services at the Methodist church last Sunday. He preached at 11 a.m., and lectured to the Sunday School teachers and officers at 3 p.m. At the close of the afternoon services the officers and teachers held a counsel meeting the following were present:

Gentlemen, J. B. Atkinson, Supt., Prof. Owens, V. J. Elmore.

Ladies, J. C. Killebrew, J. C. Jones, T. G. Jones, Lida Jones, F. C. Lewis, I. V. McQuaig, Glennie Evans, M. M. Brockman.

A home department was organized and Mrs. Lida Jones was elected Supt. of the department. Also a Cradle Roll with Mrs. J. C. Killebrew Supt. The teachers decided to take up the Teachers Training Course and the following were enroled for the course:

Messrs. V. J. Elmore, J. B. Atkinson, Prof. Owens.

Ladies, M. M. Brockman, Glennie Evans, J. C. Killebrew, I. V. McQuaig, Lida Jones, F. C. Lewis, T. G. Jones.

JAPAN IS FORGING TO THE FRONT

The Yokohama Chamber of Commerce reports a gain of $5,000,000 in exports of cotton yarn and $7,000,000 in exports of cotton hosiery, for Japan, 1916 over 1915. The preeminence which Japan is achieving in the Far Eastern markets on cotton gods will give our manufacturers something to reckon with after the war.

R. L. Clark of Mt. Creek was here last Saturday attending the public meeting at the court house.

THE SAFE PLAN FOR A SUCCESSFUL FARM

Government Bulletin Outlines Course to pursue on the Farm with safety.

Food, feed, and fertility are the foundation of safe farming, according to the United States Department of Agriculture. A circular sent to farmers, bankers, and business men in cotton territory by the Chief of the Office of Extension Work in the South says: "Let us feed the people, feed the live stock, and feed the soil. When we have done these three things, then raise such acreage in money crops as we have the labor to tend."

The circular points out that the true value of cotton to the farmer is to a great extent the amount of food and feed that it will purchase. The price of cotton has risen, it is true, but so has the retail price of all other farm produce. "By growing all cotton," says the author, "and exchanging it for a living you are simply swapping a high-priced product produced by your labor for a high-priced product produced by the labor of the other fellow. When you follow safe farming, however, you produce your own food and feed at cost and sell your cotton for the other fellow's dollars."

Safe farming is defined in the circular as including these items:

(1) A home garden for every family on the farm, from one-tenth to one-fourth acre, well located, well tilled, and tended as carefully as any other crop on the farm, planted in rotation to time the vegetable crops so as to have a continual supply for the family table as many days in the year as possible. To this should be added one-fourth of an acre potatoes, either Irish or sweet, both, to be used as food for the family.

(2) Enough corn on each farm to last the family and the live stock one year, with a little extra for safety.

(3) Sufficient oats and other small grain to supplement the corn as food for one year with certainty. These small grains conserve the soil in winter and provide summer grazing for live stock.

(4) Hay and forage crops to supply the live stock on the farm for one year, with a little excess for safety. The legumes, which add fertility to the soil and produce the best hay, should not be forgotten.

(5) The necessary meat, eggs, and milk for the family. The meat should be produced by increased attention to poultry and hogs because of the rapidity with which these can be produced. Every family should have at least two cows, so that one can be in milk all the time. A sufficient number of brood sows should be kept to produce the pork for the family with some excess for sale. The average number of poultry per farm should be gradually increased to at least 50. There should be eggs and poultry for the home table, with sufficient excess for sale. The live stock on the farm should be gradu

(Continued from page 1)

Readers of The Union-Banner

We want to tell our readers everything that happens in Chilton county every week—everything that is interesting and of news value. To be able to do this we must have the help of our entire list of subscribers. If you hear any news in your community such as deaths, accidents, a serious illness, marriage, school news and all other items of interest write us about it, or have someone else do it, as soon as it happens. By doing this we can give you a much better paper, and it will also show the rest of the county that yourcommunity is not dead—but very much alive. If you will ask us, we will furnish you addressed envelopes in which to send your letters to us.

The other parts of the county are interested in knowing what your community is doing. Let them get acquainted with you through the

Union-Banner

Eat With Me!

I AM IN BUSINESS TO SERVE THE PUBLIC WITH A FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT. ALSO I INVITE YOU TO COME AND EAT WITH ME.

I CAN SERVE YOU WITH ANYTHING THE MARKET AFFORDS AND AT ANY TIME OF DAY.
I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF THE VERY FINEST OYSTERS TO BE OBTAINED FROM THE COAST.

REMEMBER I HAVE PREPARED TO FEED YOU WHEN YOU ARE IN TOWN, AND I SHALL EXPECT YOU TO COME TO SEE ME.

W. H. Goodgame.
Clanton, Ala.

SEVER RELATIONS WITH THE KAISER

WILSON ANNOUNCES THE SEVERANCE OF ALL RELATIONS TO CONGRESS.

MAY LEAD TO REAL WARFARE

Hopes Germany Will Avoid Any Overt Act That Will Mean Actual Warfare—Joint Session of Congress Hears Message.

BERLIN.—(Via London.)—Germany has acceded to the American demands for the release of the 72 Americans taken from ships sunk by the raider in the Atlantic and brought to a German port aboard the steamer Yarrowdale.

Washington.—All diplomatic relations with the German empire and the United States have been severed. In an informal address before a joint session of congress President Wilson announced to the world that conditions between the two countries had reached a place where it was necessary to sever all direct communication.

Fervently invoking the guidance of Almighty God in the step he has just taken, President Woodrow Wilson detailed to the congress why the United States can not continue relations of amity with a warring power which repeatedly invades its sacred rights and ruthlessly takes the lives of its citizens.

With the senators and representatives before him in the historic halls of the house of representatives, the president in a 10-minute speech spoke the words that may carry this country into the world conflict. Calm and with a sense of absolute right in what may prove the most somber moment of American history President Wilson explained the course in the now admittedly unsuccessful diplomatic struggle to dissuade Germany from her campaign of wanton ruthlessness.

Excellent attention the grim commander-in-chief of the nation's lawmakers listened while the president told of the course for law and humanity. ...on and not for power ... recalls pledges made ... ruthlessly broken and ...ted States cannot contend with a power that has ...ered rights on high seas ...ates the lives of our citizens.

TREATIES NOT SUSPENDED.

Rights of Individuals Not Affected by Severance.

Washington.—The breaking off of diplomatic relations between the United States and Germany will not affect the rights of Germans in the United States and of Americans in Germany. No treaties are terminated or suspended, but remain in full force in effect unless either government decides to denounce them, which by international practice generally requires for a notice of one year.

There is no change in commercial relations, already badly crippled by the war. Individuals and corporations may continue their usual affairs, provided they do not deal in contraband, and their obligations are as binding as ever. The courts still remain open to them for redress, but they have no authority for direct intervention of their diplomatic officials. They may, however, be represented by the friendly power selected to care for the interests of the respective governments.

WARFARE STARTS AGAIN

Drastic Move On Part of Germany Since Starting War Nearly Three Years Ago.

...shington.—Germany has declared ...restricted submarine warfare. ...nveyed to the world as her answer to the refusal of the entente allies to talk peace, Germany's latest ...g says:

"...m Feb. 1, 1917, within barred zones around Great Britain, France, Italy and in the eastern Mediterranean all sea traffic forthwith will be attacked."

"...tarvation blockade of England, ...e of which the world never has ...s announced, beginning Feb. 1, ...s delivered to American Ambassador Gerard in Berlin and to the ...department here by Count von ...torff.

"...s begin... the long-feared campaign ... of ruthlessness conceived by ...denburg, on a magnitude never ... contemplated by Von Tirpitz. ...y's action is the supercrisis ... those that have stirred the ...an government in two and a ...ears of world war. Peace and ... of preserving peace have gone ...ering."

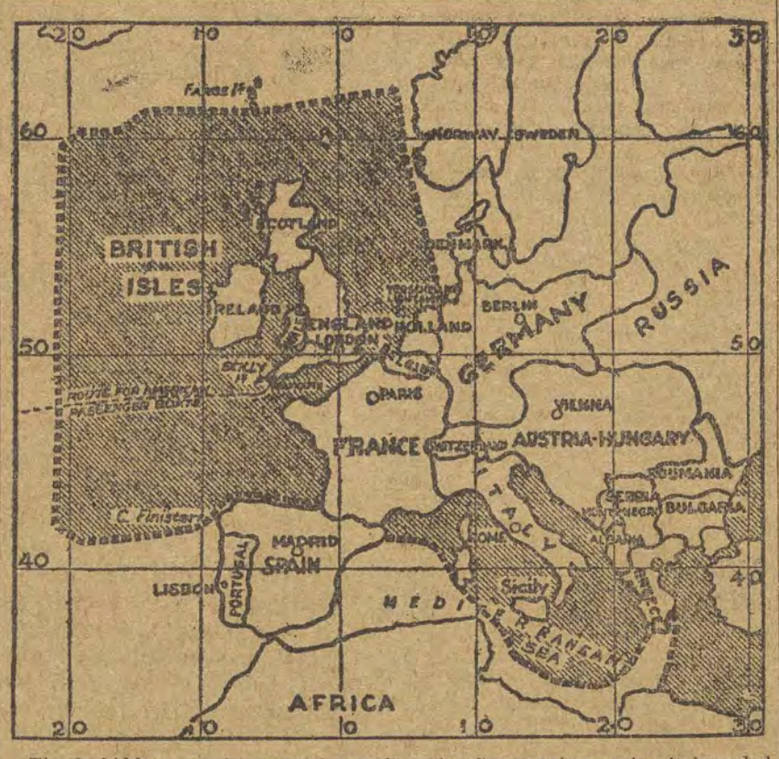
...manitarian Tasks Effected.

...ington.—There is one relation ...owever, between the United ... and Germany which ceases ... diplomatic rupture. It is the ...arian task of guarding the ... of soldiers in the prison ... their enemies.

Precedent For Break.

...ington—Precedent for the severing of diplomatic relations is found ...n history only between lesser ... and between first class ... lesser ones.

BLOCKADE ZONES DECLARED BY GERMANY



The forbidden area for neutral vessels under Germany's warning is bounded by a line running from practically the center of the Netherlands coast northward, blockading all Denmark and the entrance to the Baltic, to the outside point of Norway, thence due west, skirting the southern part of the Faroe islands; then west and then south in a grand square 300 or 400 miles to sea off the British isles, to the junction of Spain and Portugal, apparently leaving the latter country open and affording a 20-mile safety zone along the northern Spanish coast to France. Practically the whole Mediterranean is declared dangerous except a narrow strip almost paralleling the African coast to a point directly south of Greece, from which a 20-mile path to Greek territorial waters is declared open.

GERARD IS RECALLED

ALL RELATIONS BETWEEN GERMANY AND UNITED STATES HAVE BEEN SEVERED.

Withdrawing of the Ambassador and All American Consuls Does Not Necessarily Mean War—Treaties Are Not Suspended and Individual Rights Are Unaffected.

Washington.—James W. Gerard, American Ambassador to Germany, has been recalled, with all his staff and all American consuls in Germany. All American interests have been turned over to the ambassador from



Ambassador James W. Gerard.

Spain, who will have charge of all property and represent the personal interests of Americans in the German empire. Foreign diplomatic interests which the United States had in charge have been turned over to various neutrals.

Diplomatic negotiations extending over a period of more than two years, marked with frequent crises and attended with the loss of more than 200 American lives on the high seas, have at last been culminated with an act which in all the history in all the world has always led to actual warfare.

Believes In Direct Primary.

Sioux Falls, S. D.—To expend $100,000 and devote a part of his attention for more than 12 years to providing his state with a primary election law are outstanding features in the career of R. O. Richards, of Huron, father of the primary law system of South Dakota.

Neutral Countries Notified.

Washington.—Neutral governments have been notified of the action of the United States and have been openly invited to follow its action if the new submarine campaign violates their rigths.

No Change in Mails.

Washington—Mails will continue to move under the Geneva convention and other existing special conventions. There should be no restrictions upon the free movement of travel between the two countries.

INCIDENTS CAUSING BREAK

New York—Main incidents of U-boat war that led to rupture:

The main incidents, including the loss of American lives and the destruction of sihps by submarines, that led up to the diplomatic break are cited below:

First American Killed—Leon T. Thresher, passenger aboard the British steamship Falaba, torpedoed March 27, 1915, off Millford, England.

First American Ship Sunk—The Leelanaw of New York, destroyed off the Orkney Islands, July 25, 1915.

The Gulflight, oil tanker, torpedoed off the Sicily Islands, May 1, 1915; two men, drowned; captain died of heart disease.

The giant Lusitania, torpedoed without warning May 7, 1915, off the Old Head of Kinsale. Out of 1,257 passengers 1,198 were lost, including 124 Americans, many of them of national prominence.

The Italian steamship Ancona, sunk in the Mediterranean Nov. 7, 1915. Out of a total of 308 passengers lost, nine were Americans.

The British steamship Persia, sunk Dec. 30, 1915, southeast of Crete. Mr. McNeeley, American consul to Aden, among the 335 slain.

The French channel steamship Sussex, torpedoed in the English Channel March 16, 1916. It was this act of German submarine warfare that caused President Wilson to exact a promise from Berlin to discontinue illegal attacks at sea.

Establishment of starvation blockade and announcement that submarine warfare would be resumed Feb. 1, 1917.

REFUGES FOLLOW PERSHING

"Pancho" Villa Occupying the Camps Abandoned by Army—Many Refugees With Troops.

El Paso, Tex.—With "Pancho" Villa within 50 miles of the rear guard of the American punitive expedition, Gen. Pershing's withdrawal movement is under full swing. He has completely abandoned Colonia Dublan, his field base. Traveling in the refugee column are 800 American colonists and 700 or 800 Mexican, Chinese and other foreigners.

More than 100 American-Mormon residents of Colonia Juarez have declared they will stay with their property and take chances with Villa, despite his threat to massacre all American-Mormons found in Mexico after Pershing departs. They fear if they abandon their homes Villa will loot and destroy them.

Gen. Pershing has offered the protection of his column for all foreigners who desire to leave Mexico and is assisting in transporting them in army trucks. He has arranged for the transportation of the sick in army ambulances.

Another Strike Threatens.

Chicago.—It is announced here that a strike vote would be taken by switchmen in a few days unless grievances against four roads—the Atchinson, Topeka & Santa Fe, the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, and the New York Central—are adjusted.

British Casualties Less.

London.—The total of British casualties, as reported in the published lists during January, are 960 officers and 31,394 men. British casualties for January show a considerable decrease over those of the preceding month. No lists were published during the Christmas holidays, but the total for the first 23 days of December was 815 officers and 36,350 men. The January total brings the sum of British casualties since the beginning of the Somme offensive to 552,371.

HOUSATONIC SUNK; CREW TAKEN OFF

AMERICAN STEAMER IS TORPEDOED WHILE PRESIDENT IS MAKING HIS ADDRESS.

OFFICERS AND CREW SAVED

British Armed Steamer Picks Up Officers and Crew—Crew Taken Off Before Vessel Was Sunk—News Created Sensation.

London.—The American steamer Housatonic was sunk by a German submarine near the Sicily Islands. All the officers and crew were saved by a British armed cruiser.

The Housatonic sailed from Galveston early in January for London, via Newport News, Va. She left Newport News on January 16. There were approximately 15 Americans in the crew and 24 of other nationalities.

The Housatonic was 3,143 tons gross and was built in Glasgow in 1890. She was 238 feet long, 40 feet wide and 20 feet deep. She was formerly the Hamburg-American line steamer Georgia, and American registry was granted to her in April, 1915.

The steamer was carrying contraband, and as she was destroyed after proper warning and provision for the safety of her crew, the United States will merely have a claim for damages, as in the Frye case.

WILL CHECK CONSPIRACIES.

Acts of German Sympathizers Will Be Vigorously Prosecuted.

Washington.—The American government has set every agency in motion to protect the entire country against acts of German sympathizers. These moves are, of necessity, being kept secret.

At the request of the president, congress immediately began work on new laws framed by the department of justice to check any conspiracies and plots against the United States which cannot now be reached under existing laws.

300 SUBMARINES IN ACTION

Final Effort of Germany to Crush Entente Allies Is Made With Resumption of Undersea Warfare.

New York.—Germany plays her trumps. Three hundred or more submarines have plunged into the waters of the North Sea to make the final effort against Great Britain. They mobilized from Kiel, Hamburg, Wilhelmshaven and Bremerhaven, where, for months, picked crews have trained with anxious thoroughness. They go in confidence, for they are the deadliest of all the brood of sea monsters. They form the world's first diving battle fleet, a navy equally prepared to fight above or beneath the waves. The pride of this strange fleet is a powerful fighting craft. A thoroughgoing cruiser designed to make its prowess felt upon the surface as well as in the lower ocean.

It is plain fact, the magnificent submarine fleet that the Germans finally have unleashed is the supreme labor of Central Europe to wring victory from the hand of a reluctant fortune. The leaders in Berlin have long since admitted to themselves that this war cannot be won in the clash of armies, millions strong. They have

AMERICANS IN WORLD WAR

Larger Number Assisting Entente Allies Than Were In Spanish-American War.

London.—Nearly 50,000 Americans are estimated to be fighting for the allies, and nearly four-fifths of these are in the khaki-clad British army commanded by Field Marshal Haig.

It is computed that the actual fighting force of Americans now in France under the Union Jack is probably larger than the United States army which was actually engaged in hostilities in the Spanish-American war. Hundreds of Americans have given their lives for the allies, and hundreds bear permanent scars, but each new battalion and each group of reinforcements arriving from overseas brings numbers of their fellow-countrymen to take their places.

All have fought with a pluck and determination which have won them universal respect and admiration.

Telephone Communication Established

Key West, Fla.—Telephone communication to this island city was inaugurated when a connection was made with Miami. Later Savannah was reached.

Paints Dog for Wedding Gift.

New York.—As a wedding gift to her son, Joel Ellis Fisher, who is to be married soon, Mrs. J. Ellis Fisher, who makes her home at the Ritz-Carlton hotel, is having painted a picture of her dog.

Acquitted of Killing Husband.

Ellsworth, Kan.—Mrs. B. M. Bushong, charged with complicity in the alleged murder of her husband, was acquitted by a jury here. Howard Turner recently was found guilty of the murder.

ATTORNEY GENERAL ISSUES STATEMENT

SAYS LAW VIOLATIONS EXIST, BUT HAS NO MONEY TO WORK.

STATE CAPITAL NEWS ITEMS

Doings of the Various Departments of the Commonwealth Given for Our Readers.

—Montgomery.

Asserting that intolerable conditions exist in Mobile, Montgomery and Rusell counties and that drastic and persistent efforts must be begun if the sovereignty of the law is upheld, William L. Martin, attorney general, in a statement declared that he was ready to do the work if either Governor Henderson or private individuals furnished the money to be used in the campaign. He mentioned the fact that the supreme court had held that his accounts must receive the approval of the governor and declared that he has the assistants and is willing to begin the work at once, but must have expense funds.

Attend Sunday School February 11.

Governor Henderson issued a proclamation to citizens of Alabama urging them to attend Sunday school on February 11, which has been set apart as "Come-to-Sunday-School Day" in Alabama, Georgia, South Carolina Mississippi and Arkansas.

Come-to-Sunday-School Day was designated by the Alabama Sunday School association and schools of all denominations are being urged to observe it and to see that as many peosons as possible are present on that day.

Governor Henderson's proclamation called "upon all Alabamians as well as visitors in our midst, to attend Sunday school in the church of their choice on February 11, 1917, that those engaged in conducting these schools shall receive proper encouragement and find their work in the service of their God prospering."

Henderson Wins Mandamus Case.

The Supreme Court of Alabama affirmed the decision of the Circuit Court of Montgomery in the mandamus proceedings instituted against Governor Henderson by Attorney General W. L. Martin, Assistant Attorney General Perry W. Turner and James R. Daly of Birmingham. The mandamus was instituted in an effort to make the Governor pay traveling expenses of the officials to Girard and Huntsville.

In handing down the decision the Supreme Court said: "It is hardly necessary to say, that with one accord, this court denies its power to coerce the Governor on any act calling for the exercise of judgment or discretion."

The decision ends a case that has been before the public for several months and proves the contention of the Governor that he could not be mandamused to pay the expenses of the Attorney General and his assistants.

Treasurer Makes Monthly Report.

Figures furnished by the State Treasury Department show the receipts for January amount to $2,551,123, and the disbursements for the month $2,194,557. The excess of receipts over disbursements is sufficient to take care of the monthly payroll of school teachers, and leave a surplus of about $50,000.

Warrants have been issued for Confederate pensions for the first quarter, amounting to $289,847, of which $267,848 has been paid. The payment of the remaining $21,999 awaits the presentation of warrants.

Health Report Made.

Vital statistics for the month of December furnished by the State Board of Health shows a total of 4,636 births in the State during the month. Of these 3,147 were white and 1,489 were negroes. The total birth rate was 23.04 per 1,000 of population. The rate for the whites was 27.08 per 1,000 and for the negroes 18.07. There were 2,048 deaths reported, of which 1,273 were white and 775 negroes.

Murder Verdict Affirmed.

The supreme court affirmed the judgment of the Jefferson criminal court which fixed a term of life imprisonment on Mary Lucinda Osborn, who was convicted of murder in the first degree.

Registrar Named.

H. P. Walker of Tuscaloosa was appointed registrar of Tuscaloosa county by Governor Henderson following the approval of the selection by the state registration commission composed of the governor, auditor and commissioner of agriculture.

Parole Amended.

Governor Henderson issued an order amending a recent parole of John Cross of Shelby county for relieving Cross of a $50 fine and hard labor sentence for violations of the prohibition laws. Governor Henderson said Cross had reformed since the cases were brought against him and only recently had lost a leg from a disease. He didn't think it for the best interests of the county and Cross to force him to complete the hard labor sentence.

GAS, DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION

"Pape's Diapepsin" settles sour, gassy stomachs in five minutes—Time it!

You don't want a slow remedy when your stomach is bad—or an uncertain one—or a harmful one—your stomach is too valuable, you mustn't injure it.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in giving relief; its harmlessness; its certain but failing action in regulating sick, sour, gassy stomachs. Its millions of cures in indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis and other stomach trouble has made it famous the world over.

Keep this perfect stomach doctor in your home—keep it handy—get a large fifty-cent case from any dealer and then if anyone should eat something which doesn't agree with them; if what they eat lays like a lead, ferments and sours and forms gas; causes headache, dizziness and nausea; eructations of acid and undigested food—remember as soon as Pape's Diapepsin comes in contact with the stomach all such distress vanishes. Its promptness, certainty and ease in overcoming the worst stomach disorders is a revelation to those who try it.—Adv.

Plays Many Pieces Without Stopping.

Application for patent rights has been made for a phonograph that is capable of playing several disk records in succession without requiring the attention of an operator, says Popular Mechanics Magazine. The machine also will select special records and render them, or reproduce a single one as many times as desired. Small regulating knobs permit an operator to emit, repeat or stop any particular selection. Furthermore, it is possible to set the machine to stop automatically after playing any record.

Alabama Man Says Tetterine Cures Eczema.

Morvin, Ala., August 1, 1908.
I received your Tetterine all O. K. I have used it for Eczema and Tetter, Ringworms, Old Sores and Risings and can gladly recommend it as a sure cure.
J. R. DeBride.

Tetterine cures Eczema, Tetter, Boils, Ring Worm, Dandruff, Cankered Scalp, Bunions, Itching Piles, Chilblains and every form of Scalp and Skin Disease. Tetterine 50c; Tetterine Soap 25c. At druggists or by mail direct from The Shuptrine Co., Savannah, Ga.

With every mail order for Tetterine we give a box of Shuptrine's 10c Liver Pills free. Adv.

New York's Bridges.

Irrespective of the elevated railroad system comprising the Second, Third, Sixth and Ninth avenue lines and the elevated portions of the Broadway and Lenox avenue sections of the subway, New York city has 42 bridges spanning the East and Harlem rivers, Newtown creek, and other waterways. These roads over rivers, including the Brooklyn, Manhattan, Delancey street and Queensboro spans, among the greatest in the world, represent, with the real estate requisite for their approaches, an investment by the municipality of more than $135,000,000.

YES! MAGICALLY! CORNS LIFT OUT WITH FINGERS

You say to the drug store man, "Give me a small bottle of freezone." This will cost very little but will positively remove every hard or soft corn or callus from one's feet.

A few drops of this new ether compound applied directly upon a tender, aching corn relieves the soreness instantly, and soon the entire corn or callus, root and all, dries up and can be lifted off with the fingers.

This new way to rid one's feet of corns was introduced by a Cincinnati man, who says that freezone dries in a moment, and simply shrivels up the corn or callus without irritating the surrounding skin.

If your druggist hasn't any freezone tell him to order a small bottle from his wholesale drug house for you.—adv.

At the Inquiries Bureau.

Excited Tourist—Information given out here?

Tired Attendant—It has.—Yale Record.

DON'T SNIFFLE.

You can rid yourself of that cold in the head by taking Laxative Quinidine Tablets. Price 25c. Also used in cases of La Grippe and for severe headaches. Remember that.—Adv.

It is possible to think before you speak and then not say anything worth considering.

Sore Eyes, Blood-Shot Eyes, Watery Eyes, Sticky Eyes, all healed promptly with nightly applications of Roman Eye Balsam. Adv.

There wouldn't be enough worms to go round if every bird was early.

Coffee Cakes.

After beating together about four ounces of butter and four ounces of sugar, stir in gradually half a pound of sifted flour, two well-beaten eggs and a little milk. Add six ounces of plumped currants. Make a small quantity of strong coffee and when cool, add a good tablespoonful to the mixture. Then mix in a heaped teaspoonful of baking powder. Put into greased patty tins and bake in a brisk oven for about fifteen minutes. While warm they should be iced with an icing flavored with coffee.

STRIKING CONVICTS GO BACK TO WORK

OPERATIONS AT BANNER MINES RESUMED AFTER BRIEF SHUT DOWN.

ILL FEELING HAS SUBSIDED

Grievances of Men Considered and Differences Patched Up—No Further Trouble Expected.

Birmingham.—Operations at Banner Mines, where a "strike" among more than half of the State convicts working there occurred, have been resumed. The feeling among the convicts has about subsided; the State Convict Board, headed by P. J. Rogers, has considered the grievances of the men and it was stated that the men have all been pacified.

The negro convicts who went on "strike" at the Banner mine and held four white men as prisoners beneath the surface, capitulated to the state convict board, after being below the surface, and without food, for more than 24 hours, according to a statement made by J. W. Kyser, a member of the board.

The board members made no promise of any kind to the negro convicts except that they would hear their grievances. The complaint of the negro convicts was against the warden, J. D. Hall, and they allege that he did not show them any consideration, Mr. Kyser stated. P. J. Rogers, president, J. W. Kyser and Dr. R. A. Smith compose the state convict board.

W. P. Barron and L. C. Brown, fire bosses, and James Ford and Robert Russell, who were held prisoners in the mine by the negro convicts, with the threat that they would not release the white men nor would themselves come to the surface until the warden at Banner was removed, were released by the convicts and came to the surface.

They were pretty well exhausted by their enforced incarceration and by the lack of food. There was no food in the mine during the time the convicts held sway there.

Few Accidents Mar Coal Mining.

Birmingham.—Figures for fatal accidents in coal mines of Alabama for the first month of the year, with an almost record breaking production of coal, are around a low mark, two deaths. There have been several months in the past few years during which only two or three fatal accidents were recorded. Coal production now is on a heavy scale. Cars are being furnished with greater regularity than for some time, according to one of the smaller operators, and there is a most healthy output. It is still estimated that the output at coal mines now is on the basis of 1,500,000 tons a month, or around 18,000,000 tons for the year.

Alabama Butter Leads in Contest.

Auburn.—Four Alabama creameries won the highest scores in a recent butter scoring contest held at the Georgia Agricultural College in Athens. The contest was open to the creameries in Alabama, Georgia and South Carolina. Only four creameries in Alabama sent butter to the contest. It is rather remarkable that every creamery in the contest from Alabama made a higher score than any one from Georgia or South Carolina. The Alabama creameries scored as follows: Selma, 93 1-2; Auburn, 93; Kratzer, of Montgomery, 93; Talladega, 92.

Livestock Meeting.

Tuskegee.—The meeting of the Macon County Livestock Association was held here. The following questions were discussed: "The best plan of farming to follow under present conditions," "What are we to do about fertilizers?" "A discussion of the workings of the new Farm Loan Bank, and how to organize a local association to borrow money at a low rate of interest.

Club To Be Entertained.

Eufaula.—The local Federation of Women's Clubs is making extensive preparations for the entertainment of the conference of the Sixth Alabama district, which will be held here in April. Committees are now at work arranging for the reception of the guests, and working on the program for the conference, which will continue through several days.

Live Stock Men Meet.

Huntsville.—The twenty-first annual meeting of the Alabama Livestock Association was held here February 6 and 7. The cattle industry in all its phases was enthusiastically discussed. The meting was well attended.

Postal Heads Recognize Albany.

Washington.—The Postmaster General issued an order changing the name of New Decatur to Albany, effective July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The order also directed that all mail addressed to Albany be delivered until July 1 at New Decatur.

Parsonage To Be Built.

Tuskegee.—Plans have been made for the building of a new Methodist parsonage to be constructed at a cost of $4,000. Work will be begun at an early date.

Military Science Added to School.

Mobile.—Military science and hygiene will be added to the curriculum of the School of Medicine of the University of Alabama at Mobile. The trustees of the college so decided at a meeting called by the dean of the faculty, Dr. T. H. Frazer. The trustees endorsed the action of Dr. Frazer, who pledged the college to the adoption of such a course of study to the Secretary of War, at a conference held at Washington, January 6, provided his action was sustained by that body.

Child Falls Into Well; Uninjured.

Tuscaloosa.—The 2-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Kyzer had an almost miraculous escape from death when it fell into an old well and was rescued practically uninjured. The child had been playing in the garden with some other children and ran on to the covering of an old well, which gave way and the child fell to the bottom of the dry well, 40 feet below. The child was brought to the top smiling.

To Drill For Oil Near Albany.

Albany.—Announcement was made by Mrs. G. A. Nelson, wealthy land owner, that boring for oil will begin on her farm, one mile from here, within three weeks. The well will be put down near Indian Springs on her property. It was there that the first oil in the United States was found early in the eighteenth century and sold as petrol on the streets of London. Mrs. Nelson estimated the cost will reach approximately $10,000.

Campaign Starts For School Tax.

Anniston.—The campaign to wipe out illiteracy in Calhoun County, and to pave the way for the adoption of a three-mill tax for educational purposes is again under way. Miss Esther Foster, of the State Department of Education, has returned from Montgomery, and is cooperating with the local school authorities in this campaign.

Voting Strength Increased.

Gadsden.—The voting strength of the Alabama Equal Suffrage association, when it holds its convention in Birmingham February 12 and 13 will be about 130 as compared with 76 at the Gadsden convention last year. These figures are compiled by Miss Annie Coates, state treasurer. The membership of the association in the state is now about 1,500.

Stave Mill to Start.

Selma.—A new stave factory will soon be in operation at Marion Junction. A contract has already been made with a gin and warehouse company there to furnish space for the operation of the mill. The stave mill will work a number of men, and will be used in the consumption of large supplies of hardwood.

Tuscaloosa After Armor Plant.

Tuscaloosa.—The committee of the armor plant commission will visit Tuscaloosa on February 20, according to a telegram received from Congressman Oliver. Through the efforts of Congressman Oliver the visit of the committee was postponed from last week, which was their first plan, to February 20.

Woodmen Are To Meet.

Dothan.—Great preparations are being made to entertain the State convention of the Woodmen of the World, which meets in this city March 13, 14 and 15. It is expected that about 700 delegates will attend the meeting and accommodations and plans for their entertainment while in Dothan are making satisfactory progress.

Employes' Salary Increased.

Mobile.—City Commission has increased the salaries of the employes of the Board of Health and the Waterworks Department. The former received a $5 a month increase and the latter $10 and $15. Within the past month every employe of the city has been increased $5 a month in salary.

Hit By a Falling Tree.

Gadsden.—The 12-year-old daughter of James Klines, of Center, was injured when her ankle was badly crushed and her head seriously injured when caught under a falling tree. Her father was cutting the tree, and when he called to her to run she ran under the tree.

Four Thousand Chickens Shipped.

Huntsville.—Four thousand chickens were shipped from Huntsville to New York in one car. One lower section of the special car was filled with guineas and geese. The chickens are being bought up her every month and about a car a month is being shipped.

Dothan to Entertain Shrine.

Dothan.—Shriners from all parts of the State, from Southwest Georgia and Western Florida will gather in Dothan March 29, when Alcazar Temple of Montgomery will hold a special ceremonial here to initiate a large number of candidates.

Seed To Be Distributed.

Washington, D. C.—Representatives Heflin and Oliver, of Alabama, called on the Secretary of Agriculture to obtain an additional supply of field seed to distribute in the flood region of Alabama. They requested that bulletin on soy beans and peanuts be liberally distributed in that section. The Secretary promised to distribute through local farm demonstrator all the seed that he had for that purpose and to distribute in the same manner the bulletins desired.

WILSON CONVEYS NEWS OF BREAK TO LAWMAKERS

President Tells Congress of Severance of Diplomatic Relations.

RECITES KAISER'S PROMISES

Says He Refuses to Believe Submarines Will Commit Overt Acts Against American Lives and Ships.

Washington, Feb. 3.—President Wilson this afternoon addressed a joint session of congress, outlining the events that led up to the diplomatic break with Germany. He said:

"To the congress, February 3, 1917.

Gentlemen of the Congress:

"The Imperial German government on the 31st of January announced to this government and to the governments of the other neutral nations that on and after the 1st day of February, the present month, it would adopt a policy with regard to the use of submarines against all shipping seeking to pass through certain designated areas of the high seas to which it is clearly my duty to call your attention.

"Let me remind the congress that on the 18th of April last, in view of the sinking on the 24th of March of the cross Channel passenger steamer Sussex by a German submarine, without summons or warning, and the consequent loss of the lives of several citizens of the United States, who were passengers aboard her, this government addressed a note to the Imperial German government in which it made the following declarations:

"'If it still be the purpose of the imperial government to prosecute relentless and indiscriminate warfare against vessels of commerce by the use of submarines without regard to what the government of the United States must consider the sacred and indisputable rules of international law and the universally recognized dictates of humanity, the government of the United States is at last forced to the conclusion that there is but one course it can pursue. Unless the imperial government should now and immediately declare and effect an abandonment of its present methods of submarine warfare against passenger and freight carrying vessels, the government of the United States can have no choice but to sever diplomatic relations with the German empire altogether.'

Recalls Assurances Given By Germany.

"In reply to this declaration the imperial German government gave this government the following assurance:

"'The German government is prepared to do its utmost to confine the operations of the war for the rest of its duration to the fighting forces of the belligerents, thereby also assuring the freedom of the seas, a principle upon which the German government believes, now as before, to be in agreement with the government of the United States.

"'The German government, guided by this idea, notifies the government of the United States that the German naval forces have received the following orders: In accordance with the general principles of visit and search and destruction of merchant vessels recognized by international law, such vessels, both within and without the area declared as naval war zone, declared as naval war zone, shall not be sunk without warning and without saving human lives, unless these ships attempt to escape or offer resistance.

"'But,' it added, 'neutrals cannot expect that Germany, forced to fight for her existence, shall, for the sake of neutral interests, restrict the use of an effective weapon if her enemy is permitted to continue to apply at will methods of warfare violating the rules of international law. Such a demand would be incompatible with the character of neutrality, and the German government is convinced that the government of the United States does not think of making such a demand, knowing that the government of the United States has repeatedly declared that it is determined to restore the principle of the freedom of the seas, from whatever quarter it has been violated.'

Refused To Be Bound By Any Conditions.

"To this the government of the United States replied on the eighth of May, accepting, of course, the assurance given, but adding:

"'The government of the United States feels it necessary to state that it takes it for granted that the imperial German government does not intend it to imply that the maintenance of its newly announced policy is in any way contingent upon the course of results of diplomatic negotiations between the government of the United States and other belligerent governments, notwithstanding the fact that certain passages in the imperial government's note of the fourth instant might appear to be susceptible of that construction. In order, however, to avoid any possible misunderstanding, the government of the United States notifies the imperial government that it cannot for a moment entertain, much less discuss, a suggestion that respect by German naval authorities for the rights of citizens of the United States upon the high seas should in any way in the slightest degree be made contingent upon the conduct of any other government affecting the rights of neutrals and noncombatants. Responsibility in such matters is single, not joint; absolute, not relative.'

"To this note of the eighth of May the imperial German government made no reply. On the thirty-first of January, the Wednesday of the present week, the German ambassador handed to the secretary of state, along with a formal note, a memorandum which contains the following statements:

"'The imperial government, therefore, does not doubt that the government of the United States will understand the situation thus forced upon Germany by the entente allies' brutal methods of war and by their determination to destroy the central powers, and that the government of the United states will further realize that the now openly disclosed intentions of the entente allies give back to Germany the freedom of action which she reserved in her note addressed to the government of the United States on May 4, 1916.

"'Under these circumstances Germany will meet the illegal measures of her enemies by forcibly preventing after February 1, 1917, in a zone around Great Britain, France, Italy and in the eastern Mediterranean all navigation, that of neutrals included, from and to England and from and to France, etc., etc. All ships met within the zone will be sunk.'

No Alternative Consistent With Country's Honor.

"I think that you will agree with me that, in view of this declaration, which suddenly and without prior intimation of any kind deliberately withdraws the solemn assurance given in the imperial government's note of the fourth of May, 1916, this government has no alternative consistent with the dignity and honor of the United States, but to take the course which, in its note of the eighteenth of April, 1916, it announced that it would take in the event that the German government did not declare and effect an abandonment of the methods of submarine warfare which it was then employing and to which it now purposes again to resort.

"I have, therefore, directed the secretary of state to announce to his excellency the German ambassador that all diplomatic relations between the United States and the German empire are severed and that the American ambassador at Berlin will be immediately withdrawn, and in accordance with this decision to hand to his excellency his passports.

Cannot Believe Germany Will Carry Out Threats.

"Notwithstanding this unexpected action of the German government, this sudden and deeply deplored renunciation of its assurances, given this government at one of the most critical moments of tension in the relations of the two governments, I refuse to believe that it is the intention of the German authorities to do in fact what they have warned us they will feel at liberty to do. I cannot bring myself to believe that they will indeed pay no regard to the ancient friendship between their people and our own or to the solemn obligations which have been exchanged between them and destroy American ships and take the lives of American citizens in the willful prosecution of the ruthless naval program they have announced their intention to adopt. Only actual overt acts on their part can make me believe it even now.

"If this inveterate confidence on my part in the sobriety and prudent foresight of their purpose should unhappily prove unfounded; if American ships and American lives should in fact be sacrificed by their naval commanders in heedless contravention of the just and reasonable understandings of international law and the obvious dictates of humanity, I shall take the liberty of coming again before the congress, to ask that authority be given me to use any means that may be necessary for protection of our seamen and our people in the prosecution of their peaceful and legitimate errands on the high seas. I can do nothing less. I take it for granted that all neutral governments will take the same course.

Purpose Only Defense Of American Rights.

"We do not desire any hostile conflict with the imperial German government. We are the sincere friends of the German people and earnestly desire to remain at peace with the government which speaks for them. We shall not believe that they are hostile to us unless and until we are obliged to believe it, and we purpose nothing more than the reasonable defense of the undoubted rights of our people. We wish to serve no selfish ends. We seek merely to stand true alike in thought and in action, to the immemorial principles of our people which I sought to express in my address to the senate only two weeks ago—seek merely to vindicate our right to liberty and an unmolested life. These are the bases of peace, not war. Grant that we shall not be challenged to defend them by acts of wilful injustice on the part of the government of Germany."

SUBMARINE SINKS EEGLISH STEAMER

AMERICAN SAILOR KILLED WHEN GERMAN U-BOAT SHELLS BRITISH SHIP EAVESTONE.

NOT CONSIDERED OVERT ACT

Incident Will Be Thoroughly Investigated Before Any Action Is Taken.

London.—The British steamer Eavestone, of 1781 tons, has been sunk and the captain and four members of the crew killed, says a Lloyd's announcement. It is officially announced that Richard Wallace, an American seaman belonging at Baltimore, was killed in the shelling of the boats which left the sinking steamer Eavestone.

The official statement says:

"Survivors of the steamship Eavestone, who landed report that their ship was sunk by shell fire from a German submarine. The crew abandoned the sinking ship and were shelled in their boats by the submarine.

"The master and three seamen were thus killed and the second mate was severely wounded. Among the killed was Richard Wallace of Baltimore."

Newport News, Va.—The British steamer Eavestone, reported sunk by Lloyds, left here December 25 with a cargo of lumber in transit from Texas City to Loverpool. Her agents stated that she apaprently had discharged her cargo and was on a return trip from Liverpool when sunk.

Washington.—The news of the killing of an American seaman in the shelling of the boats of the British the steamer Eavestone is not now regarded as the long feared overt act. It will be thoroughly investigated before it is assigned to its proper place as a factor in the situation.

SITUATION AT A GLANCE.

Washington.—The crisis between the United State ansd Germany possibly may become more acute through the reported killing or an American citizen by the guns of a German submarine.

An official statement issued in London, says an American, Richard Wallace, of Baltimore, and the master and two seamen of the British steamer Eavestone, met death through the shell fire of a submarine as they were leaving the steamer in small boats as she was sinking from the gunfire poured into her by the underwater craft.

Two other British steamers, the Isle of Arran and Hurstwood, have been submarined and a British sailing ship, the Garnet Hall, is believed to have been sunk. Five fatalities resulted from the torpedoing of the Hurstwood which is said to have been done without warning. The Danish steamer Lars Kruse, with a cargo of wheat for the Belgian relief committee, has gone to the bottom near the Belgian coast, either having ben torpedoed or struck a mine.

The situation arising from the severance of diplomatic relations with Germany remains virtually the same as when President Wilson made his momentous announcement to Congress. The status of Austria and her adherrence to Germany's submarine warfare, has not yet been determined. Meanwhile the American ambassador to Germany has demanded his passports and is making preparations to leave Berlin and plans are afoot for the German ambassador and his retinue to depart for Germany next week.

Advices from Manilla say that the 23 German vessels in Philippine waters have been seized by American naval officers at the request of the customs authorities, who considered as wanton and lawless the attempts to the German crews to destroy the vessels in Philippine harbors.

Atlantic Fleet Prepares for War.

Philadelphia.—A squad of eight marines left for Tuckerton, N. J., to guard the German wireless plant there and navy yard officials said they were sent on receipt of orders from the navy department.

Feverish activity on the ten battleships of the Atlantic erserve fleet at the navy yard began upon receipt of orders from Secretary Daniels that the fleet be prepared for immediate service. Necessary steps were made to bring the complements of each vessel to war footing and complete whatever repairs are necesary.

Eighteen Million Men Available

New York.—In a serious emegency nearly 18,000,000 me are available for military service in the United States, according to an estimate made by the committee on national defense. There are now physically fit for service in the field, 10,535,940 men between the ages of 18 and 45 years. Upon the basis of experience of other countres where universal military service prevails the committee estimates that out of 900,000 men annually reaching military age in United States 690,000 are fit for service.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of the Sunday School Course in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)
(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR FEBRUARY 11

JESUS AND THE WOMAN OF SAMARIA.

LESSON TEXT—John 4:5-14, 24, 26.

GOLDEN TEXT—Christ Jesus came into the world to save sinners.—1 Tim. 1:15.

This is a lesson of one of the wayside ministries of Jesus. It occurred incidentally while he was on his way to his great preaching and teaching experience at Galilee. It was a by-product of his very busy life, yet it is one of the most famous interviews and one of the best examples of how to do personal work that is found in the scriptures. The larger part of the first year of Christ's ministry was spent in Judea. Jesus did not baptize, but his disciples did, doubtless for the same reason, though in a less degree, than why Paul refused to baptize converts (I Cor. 1:13-16). All but one of the disciples of Jesus were Galileans and Jesus spent about a year and nine months of his ministry in that place.

I. Jesus Rested (vv. 4-6). To reach Galilee from Judea Jesus "must needs go through Samaria," not that there were not other ways that he might have traveled, but rather that it was worth while to go out of his way in order to bring the water of life to this needful woman. Jacob's well was at a parting of the roadway near to the city of Sychar. Few places in the land save Jerusalem had so much Bible history connected with them (Gen. 12:6; Joshua 8:33; Acts 7:16; I Kings, 12:1, etc.). The well was originally about 100 feet deep and 7½ feet in diameter, but it has been filled up with accumulations of rubbish so it is now only about 75 feet deep. Christ was wearied in his work, but not of it, and "sat thus" (by) the well; literally, on the low wall built around it. The sixth hour was probably about midday There is comfort in consideration of the fact that as a man Jesus was willing to meet this woman of bad character.

II. Jesus Holds Conversation (vv. 7-14). Notice the gentle way in which Jesus speaks, and that he began on the ground of their common need. He asks this needed favor that he might confer a greater one, ignoring the prejudice which existed against the Samaritans. Water was the thing uppermost in the woman's mind. She did not grant his simple request, and her reply indicated that racial differences were a very real barrier. They hinder our work even yet. The surprise, perhaps pleasure, that a Jew should ask a favor of her seems to have greatly impressed the woman, and aroused her curiosity. In verse 10 Jesus tells the woman that there are two things she must needs know: (1) the wondrous gift of God, that is the Holy Spirit (Luke 11:13; Acts 2:23-38); (2) the wonderful man who had asked of her "Give me to drink." Had she known these things she would have asked him for the living water. All that was needful was simply to ask. The Holy Spirit is the living water (John 6:63). The woman does not seem to have comprehended what Jesus was trying to teach, yet he was patient, and won her as a convert. He told her that everyone who came to that well would thirst again (v. 13). The world's fountains do not satisfy, fountains of wealth, fame, pleasure or carnal gratification, or even learning. He then tells her of the living water (v. 14)) of which the drinker should never thirst, that it would satisfy whosoever drinks, and was to be everlasting (John 7:37-39). The one who receives the Holy Spirit within has a perennial, eternal spring of life, joy and satisfaction springing up within him. Before the woman received the water of which he was speaking there had to come a conviction of sin (vv. 16-19); hence his remark, "Go call thy husband." This was a sharp thrust into her life and heart. She tried to parry the thrust with a technical question, yet he comes back with a great revelation of the nature of God and the worship which God accepts, revealing his Messiahship (vv. 15-26). As is indicated, she does not seem to have comprehended the nature of the request which Jesus had made (v. 15); therefore he began this searching of her life in order to prepare her to receive the water of life which he wanted to bestow. This knowledge of her secret life by a perfect stranger who had never even seen her before was an evidence to the woman of spiritual endowment: "Sir I perceive that thou art a prophet." She then entered upon a theological argument (v. 20) which Jesus answered very simply, saying that the worship of the Father is not to be restricted by time or place (v. 21).

At this point the disciples return and the woman goes into the villege.

Jesus, lifting up his eyes to the citizens who were coming out at her invitation, exclaims, "Lift up your eyes and look on the fields, for they are white already to harvest," thereby emphasizing still further the "personal evangelism" thought which is uppermost in this lesson.

She thirsted (v. 14), she received (vv. 25, 26), she became a spring (vv. 28-29) which supplied others (v. 39).

The water of life fully satisfies, and it is a spring (v. 10); it continually satisfies.

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
UNION PUBLISHING CO.

W. M. WYATT, Editor & Manager.

Subscription price $1.00 per year, payable in advance.

Entered April 15, 1913, at Clanton Ala., as second class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

BOND ISSUE DISCUSSED.

In response to the call of the court of County commissioners as issued for last Saturday, a meeting of citizens was held at the court house Saturday to engage in discussion of the remedy for Chilton county's financial distress.

Judge Reynolds placed before the meeting the facts as to the way things exist with the county financially.

The individual voice of every man in the meeting was heard, and it was about the unanimous opinionn that a bond issue by the county for the purpose of carryig its indebtedness to be the best plan to pursue.

Accordingly the meeting authorized the commissioners to call an election to decide whether or not the county should issue bonds for this purpose.

The commissioners have the matter pending till next Tuesday, when they will take it up again, and will probably be ready after that to anounce further plns in connection.

TO MY FRIENDS AND PATRONS:

I wish to announce my removal.

You will now find my offices in the Hopkins Building across the street from my former office. I am prepared to do all kinds of surgery that does not repuire the patient to remain in a hospital. My hours for all such work will be arranged by appointment.

Respectfully,
V. J. GRAGG.

Clanton, Ala., Feb. 7, 1917.

GIRLS CLUB WORK

The new club year begun Feb. 1st. Girls help make it the best on record, you can do it and I feel sure you will.

Let each member do her best for home and county.

The work is strating with bright prospects much enthusiasm and a large enrollment.

The following clubs have been organized: Clanton, 18 members; Mt. Pleasant, 27; Union Grove, 12; Minooka, 5; Collins Chapel, 20; Cross Roads, 15; Evergreen, 8; Cooper, 6; Bakers school, 7; Pletcher, 4; Center Hill, 7; Mineral Spring, 18; Pleasant Grove, 6; New Cedron, 9; Farview, 7; Vermont, 4; Lawley, 13, making a total of 17 clubs with 186 members club age and over 50 Home Denonstration members.

The poultry work has proven as popular as the canning club, with 10 clubs and 136 members the county will have much bettre poultry than in the past. By studying the proper feeding and housing the members are endeavoring to bring the poultry on the farm to a self sustaining basis at the present and in the near future make it profitable.

A daily record is kept of the poultry products, also of the expense of feeding and caring for them and the amount used and sold which is the only intelligent way to do business. Let us know what we are doing.

A Community Boys' Agricultural Club was organized at Evergreen with 16 members, this is an innovation in their work, it combines both pig and corn club members, and any other agricultural product on which a boy wishes to specialize. All that is required is to study the literature keep a record and make a report. We wish for them unbounded success.

Girls keep a watch on these agricultural clubs, or else they may outstep you in their work, see what your tenths can make in competitions with their acres.

With plenty of canned vegetables and fruit in the pantry another year and some to sell, poultry to supply the table with fresh eggs, corn and pigs to eat and some to spare, let us specialize on milk and butter from pure breed cattle well cared for, why need the farmer worry concerning the boll weevil.

May the years' work be crowned with success for each member enrolled.

LONG TIME LOANS TO FARMERS ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE

In real estate security in Chilton County, owned by farmers, I can procure long-time loans from Clients who have ample money to lend at less than 8 per cent interest. Applicants should have their land papers with them.

W. M. ADAMS, Clanton, Ala.
Loans made as low as $200.

THE SAFE PLAN FOR A SUCCESSFUL FARM

(Continued on page 5)

ally increased so as to consume the otherwise wasted products and make productive the unproductive and untillable lands.

(6) Cotton for the main money crop after the living has been amply provided for.

(7) The sale of the surplus products of the garden, the orchard, the poultry, the live stock, and the feed crops to cover the necessary running expenses of the farm, leaving the cotton as the real cash crop.

The present prices of cotton, says the circular, should not be permitted to tempt any farmer to depart from this program. It is the only safe plan to follow, no matter what the price of cotton may be.

MINOOKA

Health of this community is very good.

The farmers are getting behind with their work on account of so much bad weather.

We are sorry to say our Ladies Home Demonstration Club is getting a little behind with their work owing to the bad weather but we hope to get busy soon. We want to do our best on gardening and poultry raising this year.

Keep the boys and girls on the farm. Give them some chickens, learn them how to can all kinds of fruit and vegetables, give them a chance and above all send them to school. Give them a good education and then they will enjoy doing their work.

Our school is moving alnog nicely under the management of Prof. F. B. Williams.

Every body is invited to Minooka Sunday, Feb. 11th, Alabama-Come to-Sunday-School Day. Our program is arranged for Sunday a.m. only. Lesson will be "Jesus and the Woman of Samaria." If you cannot come to our Sunday school go to some other Sunday schol and carry some one with you. What is there any nicer than a good lively Sunday school. It helps to build up your community, makes better men and women, boys and girls.

Just another word to fathers and mothers go to Sunday school and carry your children, they need your help there.

Mr. and Mrs. Grady Parsons of Mt. Creek have been visiting Mrs. Nannie Crichton this week.

W. F. DeShazo of Mulberry was in Clanton Wednesday with a case of the "grippe"

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed whereby I, as Sheriff of said County, was commanded to make the sum of Seventy-five & 50-100 Dollars, principal and interest, and Twenty-seven & 50-100 Dollars, costs of su,it, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the June Term, 1916, of said Court of said County, Alabama, in favor of Interstate Chemical Co. against F. L. Headley.

I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the Court House door of said County, between the hours of 11 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., on Monday, the 12 day of February 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named F. L. Headley in and to the following described real estate, viz:

Beginning at a point 368 feet west of the Southwest corner of the lot known as the E. H. Foshee lot and running thence North 210 feet, thence West 70 feet, thence South 210 feet, thence East 70 feet to point of beginning, and lying and being in Section 35, Township 22, Range 14, and in the town of Clanton, Alabama, West of South & North Alabama Railroad.

This sale covers only the remaining interest of F. L. Headley.

This 8 day of Jan. 1917.

H. A. HARRIS,
Sheriff.

1-18-3t

Free Flower Seed Hastings' Catalogue Tells You About It

No matter whether you farm on a large scale or only plant vegetables or flowers in a small way, you need Hastings' 1917 Seed Catalog. It's ready now and we have a copy for you absolutely free, if you ask for it, mentioning the name of this paper. In addition to showing you about all the varieties of vegetables, farm grass, clover and flower seeds, this catalog tells how you can get free five splendid varieties of easily grown, yet beautiful flowers, with which to beautify your home surroundings.

Good seeds of almost every kind are scarce this season, and you can't afford to take chances in your seed supply. Hastings' Seeds are dependable seeds, the kind you can always depend on having "good luck" with.

You are going to garden or farm this spring. Why not insure success so far as possible by starting with the right seed? Don't take chances that you do not have to.

Write today for Hastings' 1917 Catalog. It's free and will both interest and help you to succeed in 1917. —H. G. HASTINGS CO., Seedsmen, Atlanta, Ga.—Advt.

HIGH SCHOOL NEWS

Mary Mullins—You know I can't see a wink.

Kathlen—Then what are you doing following your nose?

Mary—No, if I were to follow my nose I would go straight up.

Willie Murphy—Frank Mullins I know one that will be your girl if you will wash your face, and fix up real neat and nice.

Frank—But what if I were to do all that and then she wouldn't have me.

Miss Key on returning from the Grand Opera in Birmingham as she handed her ticket to the conductor told him that she did not know whether it was any good or not as the man at the gate had already clipped a hole in it.

Kathleen Mullins for got all about the Grand Opera because she thought it was such a convenience to have a little boy (as she called him) come through the train with a basket of fruit and candy.

Sibyl McDonald says she wants to go to Birmingham to learn to sing like the Opera folks, but the others think it because she wants to get her stay out at Kresses.

Roberta and Kathleen got lost in Birmingham last Saturday before they could reach their destination which was Kresses.

Dr. Sam Johnson, the health officer, at Chapel hour Monday gave the students a lecture on how to prevent the measles.

The Juniors are sorry to hear that Clyde Williams has the measles, but hope he will return in a short time.

The Business Manager and other officers are hard at work on the annual. They hope to have it ready for publishing in a short time.

Owing to the bad weather the game with Wetumpka was postponed until the 2nd of March, then the Basket ball boys hope to do their best playing.

SUPT. FEAGIN WILL BE HERE SATURDAY

An educational meeting of quite a bit of importance is scheduled for Clanton next Saturday.

The teachers and trustees of the county are going to have a joint meeting, and in addition to local speakers, Supt. W. F. Feagin and Miss Foster of the State Educational Department will be present and deliver addresses. All teachers and trustees are being urged by county Supt. Bean to be present.

Read the advertisement of J. M. Robinson and Son in this paper, and when you have any repair work to be done go down to see them. They are fixed up to serve you.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that on the 25th. day of January, 1917, the undersigned, E. B. Wren was appointed Administrator of the estate of Mary Ann Eliza Green, in the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, and all persons having claims against the estte of decedent are hereby notified to present the same within the time allowed by law, otherwise the same will be barred.

Witness my hand this, the 30th day of January, 1917.

E. B. WREN, Administrator.

2-1-3t.

LEGAL NOTICE

Birmingham, Ala., Feb. 1, 1917.

Hon. H. A. Harris,
Sheriff of Chilton County,
Clanton, Ala.,

Dear sir:

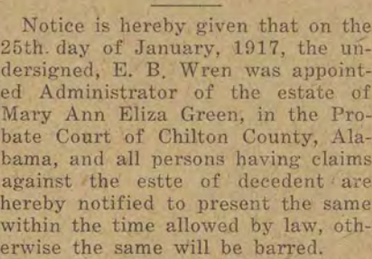
No U. S. Internal Revenue License have been issued to your county in January 1917. I hereby certify that I have carefully examined the record of the Collector of Internal Revenue and the abouve is complete and correct.

Yours very truly,
SAM P. JONES.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 1st, day of Feb. 1917.

J. B. MOSLEY,
Notary Public.

BUCKEYE INCUBATOR



It hatches more Chicks and Better Chicks.

L. D. Popwell

White Leghorns and Plymouth Rocks—Eggs to sell

Seasonable Merchandise

Ladies Dress Goods and Notions.

We always have the best and latest things the season offers in the way of wearing apparrel for the ladies.

Our line is always in keeping with the latest decree of fashion, and includes every thing from a pin to a ready-made complete suit.



Mens and Boys Suits and Pants

A few remaining suits of our winter stock at bargain prices to make room for our spring stock.

"Star Brand Shoes are Better." We shall continue to sell you the best of shoes for less than you can buy them any where else in town.

Vulcan Plows and Repairs. Thornhill Farm Wagons.	*Mules & Horses A few on hand for sale or trade.*	*Groceries* A big line to supply our farm customers with.

Clanton Mercantile Co.

"The Big Bargain Store."

TONOLINE IS BEAUTY AID, ANNOUNCES SPECIALIST

Mildred Louise Talk of Interest to Women.

As health is a first aid to beauty this story, told by Mildred Louise, beauty specialist, of Boston, Mass., is of unusal interest.

"I can recommend no better health giver than tonoline," said Mildred Louise.

"I was for many months a victim of stomach trouble and nervousness. I had suffered terribly from pains that followed eating. Headaches would also add to my worries. Poor digestion finally brought on nervousness.

"Relief came, however, when I took the advice of several women who said, 'Take tonoline.'

"Not long after I started the tonoline treatment, my patrons began to remind me of the improvement in my condition. And because health is the quickest way to beauty, the improvement was particularly noticeable in in my face.

"What tonoline really did for me I cannot say. I am so grateful that I am very willing to reccommend tonoline publicly."

Tonoline is a purely vegetable preparation which goes to the seat of common maladies—stomach and kidney troulble, catarrhal affections of the mucous membranes, liver ailments and impurities of the blood—and quickly restores proper action. Tonoline is being explained daily to many people at your druggist.

Notice:—As tonoline is a wonderful flesh builder it should not be taken by anyone not wishing to increase his weight ten pounds or more. Although many reports are received from those who have been benefitted by tonoline in severe cases of stomach trouble and nervous dyspepsia, chronic constipation, etc.

—50c BOX FREE—

FREE TONOLINE COUPON
American Proprietory Co.,
Boston, Mass.

Send me by return mail a 50c box of your celebrated flesh builder. I enclose 10c to help pay postage and packing.

Sheriff Harris and Circuit Clerk, Foshee, have recently put in telephones in their offices at the court house.

PAPER SHELL PECAN TREES—for sale cheap. Time to plant now.
P. K. VILLADSEN,
2-8-2t. Thorsby, Ala.

J. B. Hollon of Mt. Creek was in Clanton last Saturday on business.

The Baraca class of the Baptist Sunday school is preparing to pull off some kind of a stunt in the way of a social or something pretty soon.

Pure Bred Duroc Jerseys

Pigs, both sexes. Service boar Bred Gilts. Barred Plymouth Rock Chickens, the Thompson Strain. Eggs in season.

W. Y. NIX, Maplesville, Ala.

The Boils Of Lazarus

were eased by the dogs who licked the infected places, but they were not cured. Many modern people employ the same method in their treatment of boils, pimples, rashes, carbuncles, eczema and other skin diseases. They apply a salve or lotion to the sore places and fondly imagine they have cured them. The important fact which they fail to recognize is, that these skin diseases are diseases of the blood, and that no external treatment can permanently cure them, because they are essentially internal ailments. S. S. S. is the only proper remedy for this breaking out of the skin, because it acts upon the blood, cleansing and revitalizing it, and removing the cause of infection. It should be borne in mind that S. S. S. is purely vegetable, made from native roots, herbs and barks, and that it contains no habit-forming drugs or other injurious ingredients. Obtain a bottle of S. S. S. from your druggist and if you need the advice of a physician, write to the Medical Department, Swift Specific Co., 301 Swift Building, Atlanta, Ga.

MRS EVANS DEAD

Mrs. A. E. Evans, aged and respected lady of Clanton, died at her home here last Thursday, and was buried Friday. Her death was not unexpected, as she had been ill for a long time.

Mr. Parnell of Thorsby, the Registrar of voters of Chilton county, is engaged this week in purging the list of qualified voters, and extracting all names not entitled to appear on the list. The law requires the voting list to be purged every February.

RUB-MY-TISM—Antiseptic, Relieves Rheumatism, Sprains, Neuralgia, etc.

Other reasons are always assigned, but probably the real reason why Villa abandons Chicauhua City every time he captures it is that he wants to capture it again, when it gets more to loot.

CIRCUIT COURT DATES

Second Monday in February, and continue two weeks (Jury cases.)

Second Monday in April, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

Second Monday in June, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

Second Monday in August and continue two weeks (Jury ceses.)

Second Monday in October, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

Second Monday in December, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

The Grand Jury will be organized on the Second Monday in February, and Second Monday in August.

The Equity docket will be called on the second Monday in April, and the Second Monday in June, the Second Monday in October and the First Monday in December.

Mules Wanted



Sizes 14-2 to 15-3 hands. Ages 4 to 8 years.

HOGS ALSO WANTED—Weight from 140 lbs up at 7 1-2 cents per pound. We are in the market for good young steers. All stock must be sound.

Abraham Brothers
Will be at
D. Y. Johnston Stables
CLANTON, ALA.
Saturday, Feb. 10, 1917.
BRING YOUR STOCK



Our New Restaurant

Is Modern and Complete

At Upchurch's Former Location

We will have a completely new and up-to-date place, where we will render the public the very best service possible for them to obtain in the way of a CAFE AND RESTAURANT.

We are going to serve the very best things to eat, and they will be prepared for your palate in jam-up good style.

We want our friends to eat with us when they are in town. And the patronage of those who live in town will be received and treated with due courtesy and appreciation.

Come to see us when we are open for business. Call for what you want, and we guarantee to serve you to your complete satisfaction.

Marcus & Davis

Proprietors.

What have you got that you want to turn inot money?

I WANT TO BUY ANYTHING FARMERS HAVE

I want to buy corn, velvet beans, peas, fodder, hay, syrup, dressed hogs, hogs on foot, all kinds of cattle.

If you have anything to sell, bring it to me. I will pay highest market prices; and you can get more by bringing them here than for me to come and look at them.

For Sale or Exchange

Mules and Horses, second hand one and two horse wagons, Milk cows, etc. I can give you what you want.

I appreciate the trade I am getting, and when you want to buy or sell it will pay you to see me. I am selling out and will give you Bargains.

L. H. Reynolds

CLANTON, ALA.

GEORGIA FARMERS CHEERFUL OVER THE OUTLOOK

Planning to Beat Boll Weevil. Not Alarmed at Scarcity of Potash.

Reports from South Georgia and Southern Alabama reflect a decidedly optimistic disposition on the part of the farmers who, at one time, were deeply concerned over the menace of the boll weevil and the scarcity of potash fertilizers.

There has been a general awakening of sentiment all along the line in favor of co-operative measures in combating the spread of the boll weevil and in ridding the fields of any present infestation, so that it is now thought that this pest will have quite rough sledding next summer.

Many well informed planters in the section referred to express themselves as feeling decidedly independent of high price potash and are not worrying over the scarcity of that material.

This view of the matter is presented by an interview with Hon. M. E. Rushin of Vienna, Ga., who is one of Dooly County's most extensive farmers and also one of that county's representatives in the legislature. Dooly county being a distinctively typical South Georgia county, may be considered fairly representative of all that section of Georgia and Alabama where it was once thought that cotton could not be grown without liberal applications of potash.

Mr. Rushin states that on his entire farm, in the Spring of 1916, he did not use any fertilizer containing potash, but that he made the best crop in all of his experience. He, of course, realizes that his success is due to the use of a class of fertilizer that contains potash in itself, and, in addition, has the power of liberating large quantities of potash already present in the soil and he urges the farmers to select this class of fertilizers for this purpose.

When asked by a representative of Morris Fertilizer Company, of Atlanta Ga. and Montgomery, Ala., for a more extended expression of his views, he said: "I used one hundred tons of the Supreme Brand 12-4-0 Ammoniated Super-Phosphate last spring, manufactured by Morris Fertilizer Company, of Atlanta, Ga. and Montgomery, Ala., (this grade being pure Blood, Bone and Tankage Ammoniated goods without potash) and found that these goods gave me the fullest measure of satisfaction as I have the best crop I ever made and I give those goods full credit for my success.

As an evidence of what they did I will say that I made 350 bales of cotton on 350 acres and an average of forty bushels of corn per acre. Land of the same nature as mine, just across the road, and fertilized with a different class of fertilizer made only one-fourth bale per acre.

I am so thoroughly convinced that the Morris Ammoniated Super-Phosphate, without potash, fully supplied the needs of crops of this soil that I am going to buy them next year and I take pleasure in urging my neighbors to do likewise."

Farmers who wish to use this class of fertilizers should call on their local dealers at once and engage what they need as the supply is not large, or if the local dealer cannot supply the demand, any grade desired may be ordered direct from the nearest office of the manufacturers.

Every now and then some western legislator makes clear his opinion that it ought to be possible to hold a perfectly good investigation without the help of a New York Lawyer.

At one time discussion of the liquor question was confined to "What will you have." "Thim were the happy days."

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed whereby I, as Sheriff of said County, was commanded to make the sum of Twenty-two thousand Seven hundred nineteen & 35-100 Dollars, principal and interest, and Seventeen & 15-100 Dollars, costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the Fall Term, 1916, of said Court of said County, Alabama, in favor of Birmingham Trust & Savings Co., against E. A. Matthews, W. H. Sartor, N. A. Kicker, et als., I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the Court House door of said County, between the hours of 11 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., on Monday, the 19 day of Feb. 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named W. H. Sartor and N. A. Kicker, respectively, in and to the following described real estate, viz:

Sartor.

The east half of Lot no. 16, in Block No. 8 on the east side of the L. & N. R. R., as shown by the official map of the town of Clanton, as the same now appears of record in the office of the Judge of Probate in Chilton County, Alabam, and being known as the W. H. Sartor store house and lot on the northwest corner of the intersection of Second Avenue and Seventh street, in the Town of Clanton, Chilton county, Ala.

Beginning on the northeast corner of the SW¼ of SE¼ of Sec. 35, Tp. 22. R. 14 in Chilton county, Alabama, and run thence West 131½ feet; thence south 18 feet to the point or place of beginning in the description or boundary of the lot or parcel of land here described; running thence north along west side of the north extension of tenth street 105 feet; thence in a westerly direction and at right angles with said 10th street 210 feet; thence in a southerly direction parallel with sain 10th street 105 feet; thence in an easterly direction and parallel with the line of said lot here described 210 feet to the point of beginning, said 10th street being shown by the official map of the town of Clanton, Alabama, now on file in the office of the Judge of Probate of said county. Said lot lying and being south of the H. T. Pipes property, and lying between the H. T. Pipes property and Fifth Avenue on the West side of the L. & N. R. R., in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Kicker.

Lots 14 and 15 and the west half of lot 16 in block No. 8; lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 11, and 14, in block No. 3, all on the east side of the L. & N. R. R., as shown by the official map of the Town of Clanton, as the same now appears of record in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Ala.

Lots C, D, E, and F, in Block No. 8 in the Town of Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama on the west side of the L. & N. R. R., as per the official survey of the P. D. Wilson addition to the Town of Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama, as the same appears of record in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Alabama.

One lot of land containing about nine acres lying between second Avenue and Fourth Avenue in the Town of Clanton, Alabama, known as the Kicker Grove, and the J. Wash Foshee patch in Section 35, Tp. 22, Range14, on the west side of theL. & N. R. R., in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

This 16 day of Jan. 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at Court House door Jan. 16, 1917.

It's got so now that a submarine seems to be the safest ocean vehicle there is.

American navy men must be good ones 'of Roosevelt was correct when he said Dewey was a type of them.

MORTGAGE SALE

Whereas, defalt has been made in the payment of that certain mortgage, executed on the 25th day of March, 1914, by Fraternity Hall Association, a corporation, incorporated under the laws of the State of Alabama, which said mortgage is recorded in Volume 141, of record mortgages, at page 494, in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, I, the undersigned mortgagee, will proceed to sell the following described real estate conveyed to me in said mortgage, in front of the court house door in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama, at public outcry, to the highest bidder for cash, during the legal hours of sale, on Monday, the 26th of February, 1917. Said property conveyed, being described as follows:

Lots Number four and five (4 & 5) in Block No. two (2), in the town of Thorsby, Alabama, as shown by the plat, or map of said Thorsby, on record in the office of the Judge of Probate in said County and State, together with all improvements thereon, less ten feet on the north side of Block No. 4. This property is situated, lying and being in Chilton County, Alabama.

Said sale is being made to pay the balance secured by this mortgage and the costs incident to this sale, including a reasontble attorney's fee.

G. L. FOSHEE, Mortgagee.
Middleton & Reynolds,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Fruit Cans.

On account of so much rain last summer we failed to sell all the Fruit Cans we bought; and the price this season being so much higher than last, we are in position to furnish to our customers cheaper than even we can buy them now. Better get as many as you will need before our present stock is sold out.

Clanton Hardware Company

CLANTON, ALA.

Farm Wanted

If you have a farm or city property to sell, list it with the

Chilton County Real Estate Agency

See W. W. FOX
CLANTON, ALA.

The best resolution you can make for 1917 is: "That you will buy your Groceries at J. W. Littlejohn's Store."



The Difference Between the "up-to-date" and the "out-of-date"

You needn't watch this Range. You can trust it. Sit in the cool while it does the work.

ALLEN'S PRINCESS
COPPER-BEARING IRON RANGES

have patented points that insures far greater efficiency, economy and comfort than can be found in other ranges.

Heat stays in the range and out of the kitchen.

Temperature even and consistent with less fuel.

Pipe back of warming closet, lessening heat radiation.

Reservoir adjoins fire box, hot water instantaneously.

Made from copper bearing iron that insures added life and service. It looks as good as it acts. *"Ask the cook."*

CLANTON MERCANTILE CO. Clanton, Ala.

Allen Manufacturing Company, Nashville, Tenn.

COULD SCARCELY WALK AT ALL

For One And One Half Years. Confined To Bed Most of This Time. Suffered Intense Pain.

Sheffield, Ala.—"About four years ago," says Mrs. J. T. Stonecipher, of this town, "I got in very bad health . . . became irregular, and I was pretty bad off for a year and a half . . . had difficulty and pain in walking—could scarcely walk at all. I got awfully thin and was confined to my bed most of the time for 1½ years—could scarcely ever do any work. I suffered dreadfully, and I suffered intense pain in the right side.

We had in attendance first Dr. ——, of ——, who pronounced my trouble. . . . , and he wanted me to have an operation performed, but I could not bear the thought of submitting to such a thing. . . He gave me medicine which did me no good. I then had Dr. ——, of ——, who gave me medicine which gave me no permanent relief.

My neighbors said how bad off I was and advised me to take Cardui. . . My husband was so worried about me that he went and called in Dr. ——, of ——, . . . On his second call I told him . . . I had taken about a bottle of Cardui, which had been improving me a great deal . . . He said: 'Well, leave off my medicine and take the Cardui, it's a good medicine.' After the use of the second bottle I was cured and the cure was permanent."

Cardui should help you, too. Try it. —Adv.

A New Trade.

Skeets—I don't see you on the messenger gang now, Skinny. Where are you workin'?

Skinny—Oh, I've got a good job with a dog fancier. When a lady comes in and buys a dog I teach her how tuh whistle.

SWAMP-ROOT FOR KIDNEY DISEASES

There is only one medicine that really stands out pre-eminent as a remedy for diseases of the kidneys, liver and bladder.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root stands the highest for the reason that it has proven to be just the remedy needed in thousands upon thousands of even the most distressing cases. Swamp-Root, a physician's prescription for special diseases, makes friends quickly because its mild and immediate effect is soon realized in most cases. It is a gentle, healing vegetable compound.

Start treatment at once. Sold at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes—fifty cents and one dollar.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Free Speech.

"I never did care for rink skating."

"You prefer the fresh air, I suppose?"

"Yes, and I like to be able to get far enough away from the crowd so that I can say what is really in my mind when I fall down."

"CASCARETS" FOR LIVER, BOWELS

For sick headache, bad breath, Sour Stomach and constipation.

Get a 10-cent box now.

No odds how bad your liver, stomach or bowels; how much your head aches, how miserable and uncomfortable you are from constipation, indigestion, biliousness and sluggish bowels—you always get the desired results with Cascarets.

Don't let your stomach, liver and bowels make you miserable. Take Cascarets to-night; put an end to the headache, biliousness, dizziness, nervousness, sick, sour, gassy stomach, backache and all other distress; cleanse your inside organs of all the bile, gases and constipated matter which is producing the misery.

A 10-cent box means health, happiness and a clear head for months. No more days of gloom and distress if you will take a Cascaret now and then. All stores sell Cascarets. Don't forget the children—their little insides need a cleansing, too. Adv.

Drug Store Episode.

"I can't sell you whisky without a doctor's prescription."

"Then why do you advertise pickling materials?" demanded the irate customer.

Probably Not.

Will the smoke inspector please explain why so much of the soft coal soot settles on the white-haired dog?

ON FIRST SYMPTOMS

use "Renovine" and be cured. Do not wait until the heart organ is beyond repair. "Renovine" is the heart and nerve tonic. Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

There is no place in the economy of nature for the nonprogressive.

JOKE SENDS YEGG ON A LONG TRIP

Jimmie Ryan of the "Kerry Patch" Tells How He Acquired New Title.

TRIES TO KID CLERK

Tells Penitentiary Clerk He Was Born in Calcutta—When Released He Is Shipped Off to India.

St. Louis.—Jimmie Ryan of Kerry Patch is back in town—Jimmie Ryan, alias "Ohio Jimmie," yeggman, four-term ex-convict and Irishman.

"And I've got a new name this time," said Jimmie. "I'm a globe trotter, I am now.

"It all begins when Detective Sergeant Kaiser, spied me in the Patch in January, 1912. He sez to me that they had room for me down at headquarters.

"Me and some of the boys had just cracked open a nice little baby over in Swayzie, Ind.

"They soaked me quick—five years in Leavenworth.

"They had a musher receiving clerk there—a kinda fresh guy. Imagine kiddin' me, me that had been there before and knew more about that cage than he ever would.

"So, when he asked me too sassy like where I wuz born, I sez to him. 'On the border, on the ragged edge between Calcutta and Bombay.'

Back to the "Black Hole.

"'Hum,' he sez, 'British subject.'

"I got out in three years, five months. Right at the door was a U. S. dick and he took me.

"'We're goin' to send you home,' he sez.

"Me, I had visions of Kerry Patch. But he put me on the wrong train and I went toward Frisco.

"'Where you takin' me?' I asked.

"'Back to the black hole of Calcutta, where you come from,' sez he.

"S' help me that shiner at Leavenworth had swallowed bait and all.

"I couldn't do nothing and I watched 'em put me aboard the Nippon Maru and heard the United States shiner tell the captain: 'Don't you let him set foot in America again. Me, a loyal subject of Kerry Patch.



"German Spy"—He Sez.

"'Twas a long trip across the ocean. I had time to kind uv look myself over and I sez to myself, sez I, 'Jimmie, you brace up and wherever they take you, when you step off the water, you be a gentleman.'

"I had a bit of down on my upper lip, and I trained it up a bit and smoothed out my clothes.

"The boat stopped at Hongkong and a bull boat came up. One of them foreign coppers looked at my mustache.

"He knew me right away. 'German spy,' he sez. An' they took me.

"It took them fourteen days to find out me Irish talk was better identification than me German fringe.

In the Kerry Patch Again.

"On the way to Calcutta, I wuz, again. They met me at the boat, they did. Polite like they were and a fellow they called the 'charge of affairs' he took me up to his house where there was a lion floating on a flag and he sez:

"'Welcome home.'

"They threw me in the original black hole of Calcutta. I was put turning a crank.

"I stood it three days. Then I made 'em take me to the charge of affairs and I sez to him:

"'Look here,' I sez, 'I wuz born in Kerry Patch, St. Looie, and I want to go back.'

"'You're a British subject,' sez he.

"'British,' sez I. 'I'm American.'

"He found it out a month later.

"They took me down to the boat again. S'help me if it wasn't the old Nippon Maru.

"I got to Frisco a month ago and to Kerry Patch as soon as Uncle Sam's money they'd given me in Frisco would get me here.

"Now, look at me," said Jimmie. "Fine welcome they give me. But it's better than Calcutta."

Jimmie has been released. The police found out he had been working with a wrecking crew ever since he arrived.

SHE CAN'T GET A CORK HEART

Though Girl Who Sues for Breach of Promise Has a Cork—

Chicago.—This is a tough sort of a story for a gallant young man to write because Miss Loretta De Visco, the heroine, has a cork—

Well, let's start all new. Miss De Visco, who formerly lived at the Lorraine apartments, filed a breach of promise suit for $50,000 against Hugo L. Kline. Hugo L. Klein of the firm of Sterne & Klein admits he is the "Kline."

Mr. Klein also admits he knows Miss De Visco, but he says he had an idea, all the while, that he was doing a charitable act by way of helping her buy a new cork—



A Girl Waved.

There it goes again. Bad form. But he says one day he was motoring down and at Sheridan road and Wilson avenue a girl waved. He gave her a ride. He felt sorry for her because she limped. And she told him her struggles and her poverty, and her cork—

Well, anyhow, Klein says he gave her money so she could get a new one. But she didn't get a new one, so he quit giving her money. Then one day Mrs. Leonora Z. Meder, attorney, called him up, he says, and told him Miss De Visco wanted to sue for breach of promise. Mrs. Meder didn't take the case.

"I'm married and happy," said Mr. Klein. "I hear now that Phillip Sheridan Rowe, another lawyer, has taken her case. But, I didn't propose to her. Why, she's got a—she limps. I'm sorry, but I couldn't propose to a girl with a cork—".

Anyhow, Mr. Klein says hereafter he'll be shy of any girl with a cork—

Well, you know—

Leg.

BRIDEGROOM HAS HIS WOES

Kidnaped by Friend in Milwaukee and Left in Taxi With Pretty Girl.

Milwaukee.—Kidnaped by his former classmate, left in a taxicab with a pretty girl, then fated to discover that he had lost the money received for a honeymoon, and all the strange circumstances occurring while his bride of five days was grieving for the husband who failed to return after buying tickets for their wedding trip—these were a few of the troubles that recently beset a young bridegroom.

The exciting events followed the elopement to Waukegan, Ill., of Miss Hallie Mae Ure, daughter of a rich Milwaukee family, and Arthur Brooks McClave, scion of a wealthy business man of Scranton, Pa.

Back of the story is a romance of a meeting at an eastern college function of the Milwaukee girl and the Scranton young man while Miss Ure was at an eastern school for girls.

The elopement escaped attention until the kidnaping took place. Then the whole story became known. The young husband had sent word to Scranton that he had presented his dad with a daughter, and a handsome present in the form of cash for a wedding trip was received. But the kidnaping spoiled things for a while, and police were put on the trail of the missing bridegroom before he was returned to his young wife.

ADVERTISES FOR BLOND WIFE

Oklahoma Minister Who Has Been Widower for Three Years Wants a Mate.

Muskogee, Okla.—Rev. T. W. Eastham of Beggs, Okla., lives on a farm near Beggs and preaches at four different churches on his circuit, but has not met a woman since his wife died three years ago, whom he would "particularly care to have for a wife." Recently before leaving for his home, after attending the East Oklahoma Methodist conference, Mr. Eastham inserted an advertisement for a wife in a local newspaper.

"I prefer a blonde," the advertisement says, "but I don't particularly care about her size and build, except that she must not be too small or too large. I want her to be about my own age, or younger, but she can have any color of eyes."

IMPORTANCE OF ABUNDANT FRUIT SUPPLY



"COVE" ORCHARD, LOCATED IN VIRGINIA.

(By H. P. GOULD, Pomologist, United States Department of Agriculture.)

Perhaps the best reason why fruit should be grown on the farm is that a good supply of fruit contributes to the welfare of the home and to the health and enjoyment of the family. The farm orchard is not usually a direct money-making enterprise, though it may sometimes be a source of small income.

A farm orchard or fruit garden, if planted to suitable varieties and well cared for, tends to give a continuous and regular supply of fruit. Even though the quantity actually used in the average farm home could be bought more cheaply than it could be raised, it would not take the place of the home-grown supply. The purchased supply would usually be obtained spasmodically; in a great many instances it would not be obtained at all. The recognized usefulness of fruit in the diet emphasizes the importance of insuring an abundant supply.

Locating the Orchard.

No fruit will thrive on poorly drained soil. Very sandy and heavy clay soils should be avoided if possible. The sandy loams, loams and clay loams are preferred. Fruits require fairly productive soils. A measure of fertility commonly and fittingly used in this connection is a "soil that will grow a good crop of corn."

The subsoil is fully as important as the surface soil. It should be deep and of such a texture that water will soak into it readily. It is partly for this reason that heavy clay soils are undesirable. Then, too, the roots penetrate a fairly friable subsoil much more readily than they do a very hard one.

In most sections an orchard should be located on a relatively high spot. This is largely to avoid as much as possible the danger of injury from late spring frosts and also to insure better drainage. But there will be many instances where there is no elevated place on the farm; and, if there is, it may be too far away from the buildings to be convenient. Some things may need to be sacrificed for the sake of convenience.

Preparation of the Soil.

Having selected the place where the orchard is to be planted, the preparation of the soil to receive the trees is next in order. If the land is in sod, it is better to break it a sufficient length of time in advance of the planting to permit the sod and grass roots to decay.

Before the trees are planted, the soil should be harrowed or cultivated until it is as well pulverized as it would be for planting corn or growing grain. This at least should be done over a strip several feet wide where the rows of trees are to stand. The advantages of having the soil finely pulverized when the trees are set in the ground will amply repay the cost of doing it.

Trees for Planting.

The quality of the trees that one plants has very much to do with the results which follow. It is not possible to so describe a good tree that one unfamiliar with nursery grades can be sure of fully safeguarding himself against accepting undesirable stock, should it be delivered to him. However, some of the important features may be named.

While small, weak, stunted trees should always be avoided, the other extreme in size is about equally undesirable for ordinary purposes. As a rule, well-formed, well-rooted, medium-sized trees, which have the characteristics of the variety, are best.

Such trees can be transplanted more successfully; they usually start into growth more readily and develop more symmetrically than trees of either of the extremes.

The roots should be abundant and well distributed from the base of the tree. If there are but few, and these are all on one side, the tree will not be well braced when it is planted.

Carefully Inspect Trees.

There is less danger now than a few years ago of getting trees affected with disease and insect pests on account of improvements in the nursery inspection service of the various states and the higher standard generally adopted by the nurserymen. In the past many diseased trees have been sent out and there is still danger of unnecessarily planting diseases along with the fruit trees. All trees should be looked over carefully when unpacked. In case diseases or insect pests are found, the trees should not be accepted and the nurseryman at once notified that the trees are held subject to his order. When in doubt, consult an expert, preferably on the ground, but samples may be mailed to the nearest experiment station or to the department of agriculture.

Most fruit trees, including apples, pears, plums and cherries, are planted when they are two years old; that is, after they have made two seasons growth in the nursery. Peach trees, however, should be but one year old when transplanted from the nursery. There is a growing tendency among commercial orchardists to plant apple and some other fruits when only one year old.

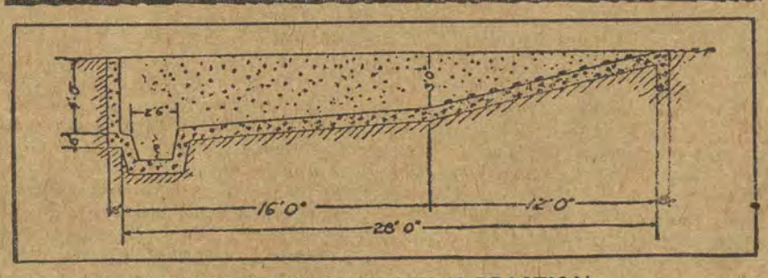
Deal With Nurseryman.

Probably the trees for the majority of farm orchards are bought from fruit tree agents. Such agents often represent long-established and thoroughly reliable nurseries, and do business year after year in the same territory. But many agents represent jobbers who do not grow the stock they handle, but purchase it wherever they can buy it to the best advantage. In many cases, they have no very permanent headquarters and frequently do not expect to do business in the same sections for more than a season or two.

It is usually more satisfactory in the end, if the purchaser, even of very small quantities of stock, makes up his mind as to what he wants and then places his order direct with some nurseryman who has a well-established business and who is so located geographically that he can conveniently ship the order to the point where it is to be delivered.

Other things being equal, the nearer the nursery is to the place where the stock is to be planted, the better. But sometimes, because of better prices or for other reasons, nearness of points of production and planting can well be disregarded. Trees of the same variety and on suitable stocks, which are equally well grown, may be expected to be of equal value for planting in any place, whether they are grown nearby or in a distant state, so far as hardiness, the adaptability of the trees to conditions, etc., are concerned.

CONVENIENT MANURE PIT FOR THE FARM



SHALLOW MANURE PIT IS PRACTICAL.

In nearly every case the farmer will find the shallow manure pit the most convenient and practical. The sectional drawing shows the construction of such a pit of slightly larger size than will be needed on the average farm, but the type of construction is much the same as for the smaller ones. In building this size of a basin use the team with a plow and scraper to dig the pit. Trim up the walls with a spade and put in the framework for the concrete forms.

To give the teams a sure footing on the incline, imbed in the concrete the turned up ends of iron cleats, made U-shaped with one-inch clearance. Space these cleats 14-16 inches on the incline. Corrugate the bottom every 6 inches with the edge of a 2 by 4 inch piece to make a V-shaped corrugation.

If a shed roof is required, insert in the top of the concrete walls while still soft several half-inch bolts two and one-half inches long, to which the roof timbers may be fastened.

Nerves All On Edge?

Just as nerve wear is a cause of kidney weakness, so is kidney trouble a cause of nervousness. Anyone who has backache, nervousness, "blues," headaches, dizzy spells, urinary ills and a tired, worn feeling, would do well to try Doan's Kidney Pills. This safe, reliable remedy is recommended by thousands who have had relief from just such troubles.

An Alabama Case



Mrs. O. W. Harmon, 1905 Walnut Ave., Anniston, Ala., says: "For many years my back pained me and I could hardly do my housework. Mornings, I felt stiff, lame and all tired out. My body was badly swollen and my kidneys acted irregularly. Doan's Kidney Pills fixed me up in good shape and I have had little kidney trouble since."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

STOCK LICK IT—STOCK LIKE IT



For Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Contains Copperas for Worms, Sulphur for the Blood, Saltpeter for the Kidneys, Nux Vomica, a Tonic, and Pure Dairy Salt. Used by Veterinarians 12 years. No Dosing. Drop Brick in feed-box. Ask your dealer for Blackman's or write

BLACKMAN STOCK REMEDY COMPANY
CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE

FROST PROOF CABBAGE PLANTS

Early Jersey and Charleston Wakefield, Succession and Flat Dutch, by express, 500, $1.00, 1,000, $1.50, 5,000, at $1.25. Satisfaction guaranteed. Postpaid 30c per 100.

D. F. JAMISON, SUMMERVILLE, S. C.

Declined With Thanks.

She—Do you write poetry?

He—The editors say not.—Boston Evening Transcript.

A HINT TO WISE WOMEN.

Don't suffer torture when all female troubles will vanish in thin air after using "Femenina." Price 50c and $1.00—Adv.

Four Miles a Day.

"In Denver on a clear, glorious January day, about thirty-five above zero, they will tell you it's much too rough to be out. In Minneapolis they would be wheeling all the babies up and down for the mild air! If you must have winter habits, have the right ones. As a foundation there is nothing better than four miles a day in the open air, and take the weather as it comes. Your family, your work and your life-insurance company will all appreciate the benefits derived, and your face will show the difference by next March 31." —Collier's Weekly.

Ten Billions in Coal.

The Nenana coal fields, Alaska, will be tributary to the government railroad now under construction from Seward to Fairbanks. Though the coal in this field is lignite, and hence of low grade, yet it has great value as a source of fuel and power for Fairbanks and other Yukon placer camps. The field is about sixty miles south of Fairbanks. It is estimated by the United States geological survey, department of the interior, that the Nenana field contains some ten billion tons of lignite. The Nenana coal field lies in what is known as the Bonnifield region, which also contains some gold placers that have been mined in a small way for the last ten years. This district is described in a report entitled "The Bonnifield Region, Alaska" (bulletin 501), which can be obtained on application to the director of the geological survey, Washington.

A Pleasant Healthful Habit

A daily ration of **Grape-Nuts** and cream is a splendid food for those who want vigor and energy.

Grape-Nuts

is a concentrated health-food made from choice whole wheat and malted barley. It retains the vital mineral elements of the grain so essential to thorough nourishment of body and brain, but lacking in many other cereal foods.

Every table should have its daily ration of **Grape-Nuts.**

"There's a Reason"

No change in price, quality or size of package.

THOSE AWFUL CRAMPS

Suggestions that may save Much Suffering



Marysville, Pa.—"For twelve years I suffered with terrible cramps. I would have to stay in bed several days every month. I tried all kinds of remedies and was treated by doctors, but my trouble continued until one day I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it had done for others. I tried it and now I am never troubled with cramps and feel like a different woman. I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound too highly and I am recommending it to my friends who suffer as I did." —Mrs. GEORGE R. NAYLOR, Box 72, Marysville, Pa.

Young women who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, headache, dragging-down sensations, fainting spells or indigestion should take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Thousands have been restored to health by this root and herb remedy.

Write for free and helpful advice to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass. Only women open and read such letters.



TO KILL
Cockroaches
ALWAYS USE
STEARNS' ELECTRIC PASTE
U. S. Government Buys It
SOLD EVERYWHERE—25c and $1.00



"Dat's as fine a goose as I ever saw, Brudder Williams. Where did you get it?"

"Mistah Rawley," said the carver of the goose, with dignity, "when you preach a special good sermon I never axes you where you got it. Seems to me dat's jis triv'al matter anyway."

If anybody asks how you got nervous indigestion, constipation or dyspepsia you couldn't tell, but if you want to get rid of all such painful disorders

Green's August Flower

will act promptly in the relief of all stomach and bowel troubles, and your freedom from pain and discomfort will make you feel that life is again worth living. 25c and 75c at druggists and dealers. 51 years of success.

BRAVE THE WIND AND STORM in the best wet weather togs ever invented the FISH BRAND REFLEX SLICKER (PATENTED) $3.50 and PROTECTOR HAT 85¢ Dealers everywhere. Our 80th year.
A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON
TOWER'S FISH BRAND



Constipation Vanishes Forever
Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable — act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes.



SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.
Genuine must bear Signature
Brent Good

Revahtone
For the Liver, Stomach and Bowels

Revahtone is not a patent medicine, but a reliable and time tried prescription, perfected by one of Ohio's most prominent Physician's who has extensively prescribed it for twenty years.

Revahtone is an ideal remedy and tonic for constipation, biliousness, indigestion, loss of appetite, full feeling and distress after eating, torpid and sluggish liver, gas in stomach and bowels.

Two or three Revahtone TABLETS each night will cause one or two free and easy movements of the bowels without the unpleasant effects usually following the use of salts and cathartics. Send 50 cents in money or stamps and receive a package by return mail.

REVAH DRUG COMPANY
Box 817, Dayton, Ohio

GALL STONES AVOID OPERATIONS (No Oil) No more Gallstone Pains or Aches in Stomach, Back, Side or Shoulders; Liver Troubles, Stomach Misery, Dyspepsia, Colic, Gas, Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Piles, Catarrh, Nervousness, Blues, Jaundice, Appendicitis. These are common Gallstone symptoms—CAN BE CURED. Send for home treatment. Medical Book on Liver, Stomach, Gall Troubles and Appendicitis, FREE.
Gallstone Remedy Co., Dept. W-9, 219 E. Dearborn St. Chicago

If free advice was only a good fertilizer all farm lands would be rich.

To keep clean and healthy take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They regulate liver, bowels and stomach.—Adv.

There is a great demand for road building experts and workmen in all parts of the country.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect The Head Because of its tonic and laxative effect, Laxative Bromo Quinine can be taken by anyone without causing nervousness or ringing in the head. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Not Far Wrong.

"Wot's an autyerat, Chimmie?"

"It's a guy wot owns an automobile."

Acid Stomach, Heartburn and Nausea quickly disappear with the use of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. Send for trial box to 372 Pearl St., New York. Adv.

The Requisite.

"What we need in these ages is to kindle the fire of romance."

"How about using love matches?"

BREAD WITHOUT SALT IS TASTELESS
A medicine chest without Magic Arnica Liniment is useless. Best of all liniments for sprains, swellings, bruises, rheumatism and neuralgia. Three sizes, 25c, 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

Doing His Share.

"Are you doing anything for the preservation of our antiquities?"

"You bet I am. I sell cosmetics."

To Drive Out Malaria And Build Up The System
Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC. You know what you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out malaria, the Iron builds up the system. 50 cents.

Very True.

Teacher—If I were to shoot at a tree with five birds on it and kill three how many would be left?

Betty—Three.

Teacher—No; two would be left.

Betty—No, there wouldn't. The three shot would be left and the other two would have flied away.

ACTRESS TELLS SECRET.
A well known actress gives the following recipe for gray hair: To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and ¼ oz. of glycerine. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Barbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off. Adv.

Of Course Not.

The Rev. Shybird—I had such a curious dream last night. I dreamt I was in the Garden of Eden.

Miss Kensington—Oh, how odd! And did Eve appear as she is generally represented?

The Rev. Shybird—I—I—er—I didn't look.—London Sketch.

CARE FOR YOUR SKIN
And Keep It Clear by Daily Use of Cuticura—Trial Free.

A hot bath with Cuticura Soap followed by a gentle anointing with Cuticura Ointment clears the skin or scalp in most cases of eczemas, rashes and itching of children and adults. Make Cuticura your every-day toilet preparations and prevent such troubles.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Radiating Love.

If you come into a room on a winter's day, you do not need to see the stove or the radiator to know there is heat there. Every nerve in your body tells you that, before you have a chance to use your eyes. And there are some people you cannot approach without feeling the radiating warmth of sympathy and kindness. Fill the heart so full of love that it can be felt by all who come near you.

MOTHER! LOOK AT CHILD'S TONGUE
If cross, feverish, constipated, give "California Syrup of Figs."

A laxative today saves a sick child tomorrow. Children simply will not take the time from play to empty their bowels, which become clogged up with waste, liver gets sluggish; stomach sour.

Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, or your child is listless, cross, feverish, breath bad, restless, doesn't eat heartily, full of cold or has sore throat or any other children's ailment, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," then don't worry, because it is perfectly harmless, and in a few hours all this constipation poison, sour bile and fermenting waste will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. A thorough "inside cleansing" is ofttimes all that is necessary. It should be the first treatment given in any sickness.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Adv.

About the only way a man can fool a woman is to make her believe she's fooling him when she's not.

Taffeta Frocks Remain Popular



Taffeta has outlasted several seasons in popularity, and present indications are that it is fixed in the good graces of women for some time to come. The good-looking frock in the accompanying picture is of French blue taffeta, bordered and otherwise decorated with blue taffeta having a crossbar of white.

There is nothing startlingly new in this design, but there are several interesting details in its construction. It may be confidently copied by anyone, since Paris is authority for its main characteristics, which are first the material itself, then the normal waistline, the open throat and the tunic-skirt effect, made by the overdress. Paris has other loves, but this is one to be reckoned with.

The combination of a plain fabric and a stripe or check in other fabrics is noticeable in the new spring models in all sorts of clothes. The skirts and sweaters or skirts and coats for sports wear are conspicuous examples, and the afternoon frock in the picture shows how well such combinations work out in semi-dress frocks. In this model the underskirt is plain and just wide enough for comfortable walking. The overskirt and bodice are cut in one, and they fasten at the left side. The bodice opens along the shoulder and underarm seam, and the skirt along the same line at the hip. The opening terminates in the pocket.

The belt is made of the plain taffeta, laid in narrow side plaits and bound at each edge with a narrow binding of the silk. Similar plaits appear in the silk below each pocket. The pockets, by the way, of the large patch-pocket variety, are genuine, practical pockets. The collar and cuffs are made of the crossbar, the collar opens in a shallow V at the front.

Everyday Dresses of Plain Linen



Among the dresses for little girls of three years or more, designed for everyday wear, there are many models in plain linens. They are mostly in light blue, rose pink, or natural linen color, and are rather plain, especially when compared to the dressier frocks made of sheer cottons. Embroidery, in cross stitch, and considerable other fancy stitching, is relied upon for pretty finishing touches that give an element of elegance to these little frocks; a flavor that is important because it lifts them out of the commonplace.

Even a little carefully done handwork adds considerably to the price of these little dresses. The frock in the picture is of blue linen and it is made with a short yoke to which the body of the dress is shirred. There is nothing unusual in the pattern. There are three rows of feather stitching on the yoke done in white floss, and there is a collar of white organdie. A pretty finish at the front is made by a row of very small pearl buttons set on in pairs. Any needlewoman who knows how to sew neatly can make an exact copy of this little model, for all the pattern companies carry patterns like it.

The short white socks worn by this little dainty maid are held up by garters covered with pink satin ribbon and finished with rosettes of baby ribbon at the front. They are an item of importance in the success of her appareling. The crisp bow on the hair is of wide pink taffeta ribbon.

Julia Bottomley

Your Figure.

One hears a great deal about the "perfect 36," and it really isn't 36 at all. Here are the alleged measurements:

Neck, 13½ inches; bust, 37 inches; waist, 26 inches; hips, 40 inches. The length of the skirt from the waist line to the floor is four inches.

The perfect 36 should measure 19½ inches inside the sleeve measure. The line down the back from the base of the collar to the waistline should be 15½ inches. These figures are for the average, but the measurements, of course, can vary. For instance, the perfect 36, according to tailors and dressmakers, range from 36 to 38 inches, although 37 is the ideal.

Seventy-five per cent of women are below the 36 standard and most of the rest are over. This is because they have permitted their muscles to become flabby and loose from lack of exercise, and have either taken on weight or lost it.

CALOMEL WHEN BILIOUS? NO! STOP! ACTS LIKE DYNAMITE ON LIVER
I Guarantee "Dodson's Liver Tone" Will Give You the Best Liver and Bowel Cleansing You Ever Had—Doesn't Make You Sick!

Stop using calomel! It makes you sick. Don't lose a day's work. If you feel lazy, sluggish, bilious or constipated, listen to me!

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel, when it comes into contact with sour bile, crashes into it, breaking it up. This is when you feel that awful nausea and cramping. If you feel "all knocked out," if your liver is torpid and bowels constipated or you have headache, dizziness, coated tongue, if breath is bad or stomach sour just try a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone.

Here's my guarantee—Go to any drug store or dealer and get a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone. Take a spoonful and if it doesn't straighten you right up and make you feel fine and vigorous I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Dodson's Liver Tone is destroying the sale of calomel because it is real liver medicine; entirely vegetable, therefore it cannot salivate or make you sick.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your bowels of that sour bile and constipated waste which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable. I guarantee that a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone will keep your entire family feeling fine for months. Give it to your children. It is harmless; doesn't gripe and they like its pleasant taste. —Adv.

Proof Positive.

"That smart yachting party got in a heavy sea."

"Then it was really a swell affair."

A Fair Fight.

"Does your wife love her neighbors?"

"No, but they conduct their warfare on a high and honorable plane."

IMITATION IS SINCEREST FLATTERY but like counterfeit money the imitation has not the worth of the original. Insist on "La Creole" Hair Dressing—it's the original. Darkens your hair in the natural way, but contains no dye. Price $1.00.—Adv.

Crack Shot.

"He's a crack shot."

"Never knew he handled firearms!"

"Doesn't. He can send a full shovel of coal through the furnace door without covering the floor."—Buffalo Express.

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use for Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Must Be Profane.

Yeast—I see a Massachusetts man has a parrot which has a vocabulary of seventy-five words.

Crimsonbeak—I didn't know there were that many swear words in existence.—Yonkers Statesman.

THICK, GLOSSY HAIR FREE FROM DANDRUFF
Girls! Beautify Your Hair! Make It Soft, Fluffy and Luxuriant—Try the Moist Cloth.

Try as you will, after an application of Danderine, you cannot find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most, will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is immediate and amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable luster, softness and luxuriance, the beauty and shimmer of true hair health.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all. Adv.

A man's idea of love is one hour on duty and the other 23 off.

An aggressive man soon acquires a reputation as a knocker.

The Best Plan.

There is no better plan for us to follow in our everyday life than the one which the Golden Rule marks out. The Savior himself gave it: "Do unto others as ye would they should do unto you."

Nearly every father of a marriageable daughter is willing to allow his home to be used as a courthouse.

Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" not only expels Worms or Tapeworm but cleans out the mucus in which they breed and tones up the digestion. One dose sufficient. Adv.

Russia has more blind people than the rest of the world, two to one.

New York city entertained 643 conventions in 1916.

WHAT IS LAX-FOS
LAX-FOS is an improved Cascara
A DIGESTIVE LAXATIVE--Pleasant to take
In LAX-FOS the Cascara is improved by addition of certain harmless chemicals which increase the efficiency of the Cascara, making it better than ordinary Cascara. LAX-FOS aids digestion; pleasant to take; does not gripe or disturb stomach. Adapted to children and adults. Just try a bottle for constipation or indigestion. 50c.

DRIVE PAIN AWAY!



With Hunt's Lightning Oil.
Rheumatism, neuralgia, sore muscles, headaches, cuts, burns and bruises vanish as if by magic when Lightning Oil is applied to affected parts. No other liniment brings such quick and soothing relief. Get a bottle of this valuable home remedy today. Druggists sell it at 50 cents the bottle, or the A. B. RICHARDS MEDICINE CO., Dept. Z, Sherman, Texas, will send it on receipt of price.

GET-THERE-FIRST SHORT COTTON $12 BUSHEL, $4 PECK.
Only cotton beats weevil. Send dime for sample. Earliest; nearly bale acre gathered though other varieties just opening, Harry All, cotton buyer, confirming. Big boll, big seed, 41½% lint. Sets nearly bale acre bolls before weevil begins; grows till frost. Buy peck, plant acre, make 60 bushels for 1918, beat weevil, save thousands dollars. Anthracnose? wilt? neither. Watson 40-lb. melon seed, prolific, earliest, dollar lb. L. A. STONEY, Allendale, S. C.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

Why Suffer? ECZENE OIL cures ECZEMA, pimples and all skin diseases. 10c for trial. $1.25 for regular treatment. Your money back if it fails. NOVELTY SALES & MFG. CO., 1909 Chicago Ave., Minneapolis, Minn.

Ten Million Potato plants ready to set March 20th; Nancy Hall, Porto Rico, Dooly, Yam Triumph. Quality Guaranteed. $1.25 per 1000 for all cash orders placed before February 25th. Florida Plant Farms, Plant City, Fla.

FROST PROOF CABBAGE PLANTS. All varieties: 500, $1.10; 1,000, $2.00 postpaid. By express, 1,000, $1.25; over 4,000, $1.00 per 1,000. Strong hardy plants. Piedmont Plant Co., Dept. X, Albany, Ga. & Greenville, S. C.

Pecan Trees that are right and handled right. Cheap as anybody's that are right. Budded and grafted from my own bearing trees. Best planting time now. Samuel B. Kidder, Monticello, Fla.

LOOSE TEETH and sore gums can be remedied by using my home treatment. $1.00 postpaid. Dr. L. G. TEWKSBURY, Box 144, Liberty, Maine

LADY AGENTS Sell Standard Sheet Music at 10c costs 5c. Unsold copies returnable Van Louie Martin, 245 Calhoun St., Memphis, Tenn

Increase Your Income. Write Moving Picture Plays. Experience not necessary. Particulars free. C. Lyon, Box 19, Detroit, Mich.

"ROUGH on RATS" Ends Rats, Mice, Bugs. Die outdoors. 15c and 25c.

W. N. U., Birmingham, No. 6--1917.

100 Years Old

"The kidneys play a most important part in causing premature old age and death—the more injurious the poisons passing thru the kidneys the sooner comes decay"—so says a distinguished physician, who further advises all people who are past thirty to preserve the vitality of the kidneys and free the blood from poisonous elements, such as uric acid—drink plenty of water—sweat some daily and take Anuric before meals.

This Anuric is put up in tablet form, and can be obtained at almost any drug store. For that backache, lumbago, rheumatism, "rusty" joints, swollen feet or hands, due to uric acid in the blood, Anuric quickly dissolves the uric acid as hot water does sugar. Discovered by Dr. Pierce of Buffalo, N. Y.

Prevent premature old age by simply sipping a cup of hot water every morning before breakfast, taking a little Anuric before meals and live to be a hundred.

THE REFLECTIONS OF A MARRIED WOMAN—are not pleasant if she is delicate, run-down, or over worked. She feels "played out." Her smile and her good spirits have taken flight. It worries her husband as well as herself.



This is the time to build up her strength and cure those weaknesses or ailments which are the seat of her trouble. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription regulates and promotes all the proper functions of womanhood, enriches the blood, dispels aches and pains, melancholy and nervousness, brings refreshing sleep, and restores health and strength. It cures those disorders and derangements incident to womanhood.

A well-known agent which can be procured at all drug stores is "Pleasant Pellets," made up of the May-apple, the dried juice of the leaves of aloes and the root of jalap. First put out by Dr. Pierce nearly fifty years ago. —Adv.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC
Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills & Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic.
50c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores.

Our Business is to PLEASE YOU!

And we can do it if you will let us sell you your Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Lard and other Groceries, and Farming Implements.
We have a line of Fresh Garden and Field Seeds.

W. A. KEMP
"Your Moneys Worth or Your Money Back"
CLANTON, ALA.

SAW MILL OUTFIT -- FOR SALE --

I HAVE FOR SALE A COMPLETE SAW MILL OUTFIT, ALSO GOOD DRY KILN. FIVE HEAD OF MULES, SIX OXEN, AND TWO DRAYS. WILL SELL ALL OF THE ABOVE CHEAP FOR CASH.
FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS APPLY

L. N. BROWN
RANDOLPH, ALABAMA.

FOR RENT

My two-horse farm, known as the Cain place, near New Salem Church.
One-horse farm known as the Ben Price place; also a three-horse farm near Bice's Ovens.
If interested in renting any of above property, address

HOWARD L. FOSHEE
Eclectic, Ala.

ILLITERACY

All members of our county Board of Education, all district trustees, and others who are interested in removing "Illiteracy" from our state should remember that Miss Foster, of Montgomery, will discuss this all-important question in the high school building next Saturday, Feb. 10 at 10 o'clock. Miss Foster always has something to tell that is worth while, and certainly has the power to tell it in an interesting way. Don't fail to hear her. Dr. Earl Gowan will discuss the care of the teeth, and Mr. W. H. Conway, "The Rural Credit Bill."

J. L. HARRIS.

Pay your subscription to this paper.

P. K. Villadsen of Thorsby was in Clanton last Saturday on busines.

RECOMMENDATION BY ALEXIS, ALA. DRUGGIST

Mr. T. E. Cothram Sells and Uses Granger Liver Regulator

A druggist is certainly in the best position to judge a medicine, and it's a mighty good sign when he uses it in his own family. Mr. Cothram writes: "This is to certify that I have handled Granger Liver Regulator for years. Have sold it and used it in my family, and can safely say there is none better." Mr. Cothram is one of thousands who have pronounced this vegetable, non-alcoholic remedy the very best system purifier known. Druggist pass Granger Liver Regulator right on to their customers.

SCHOOL TEACHER
Wards Off Nervous Break Down

Alburtis, Pa.—"I am a teacher in the public schools, and I got into a very nervous, run-down condition. I could not sleep and had no appetite. I was tired all the time. My sister asked me to try Vinol. I did so, and within a week my appetite improved and I could sleep all night and now I feel well and strong."
—ROSA M. KELLER, Alburtis, Pa.

We guarantee Vinol, which contains beef and cod liver peptones, iron and manganese peptonates, and glycerophosphates for run-down conditions.

For sale by Upchurch Drug Co. and the leading drug stores in all Alabama towns.

Treasurer J. Bice of the county, is located for the present in the Sheriff's office.

Dr. Macon from Howard College lectured at the Baptist church Sunday and Sunday night.

Eat at Bill Goodgame's when you are in town. He feeds you on the best "grub."

A SMOOTH, HAIRLESS SKIN FOR EVERY WOMAN

From Beauty Secrets.

With the aid of a plain medol paste it is an easy matter to rid the skin of unsightly hairy growths. The paste is made by mixing some water with powdered medol. This is applied to the hairs not wanted and after 2 or 3 minutes rubbed of and the skin washed, when every tarce of hair will have vanished. When you go to your druggist for medol be sure you get the genuine article, and if he will not supply you, the American Proprietary Co., of Boston, will send you a 50c or $1.00 package by mail.

THORSBY ITEMS

Don't forget Reno, the magician, Feb. 12th.

Miss Grace Maxwell of Joppa, Ala., who has been attending Thorsby Institute, was called home last week on account of the ill health of her mother.

Dr. Frank E. Jenkins, of Demorset, Ga., President of the Board of Trustees of Thorsby Institute, was in town Friday of last week for a meeting of the Board.

As a result of the Belgian Relief Week observed by the students of Thorsby Institute the funds collected for the relief of the starving Belgian children amounted to over $33.

Mr. Ole Johnson, of Archer, Iowa, spent Friday and Saturday in Thorsby, returning to his home Sunday.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Congregational Church met with Miss Hoopes at the Dormitory on Friday of last week. On account of bad weather only a few were present.

Mr. D. J. Flummer came down from Birmingham to spend Sunday with his family.

A company of young people from Thorsby visited the Sunday school at Cedar Grove last Sunday afternoon and aided in the organization of a Christian Endeavor Society there.

Rev. Brooks Lawrence, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, has promised to come to Thorsby for a Sunday night in March. More definite announcement will be made later.

A house-to-house canvass of the community was made Sunday afternoon in the interest of Alabama Come-toSunday-School Day Feb. 11, at which time it is hoped, as far as possible, that everyone in the community will atend Sunday school in one of the churches.

Mrs. J. M. Horn, of Newark, N. J., visited friends in Thorsby last week and went from here to Birmingham to visit her mother.

Mrs. Sam Collins whose condition was quite serious a week or so ago, is much improved.

The pie social which was to have been held at Bates Hall last Saturday night for the benefit of the Public School has been indefinitely postponed.

Everybody is coming to see Reno, The Magician, next Monday night, Admission 25 and 50 cents.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Gerald of Clanton spent the week end in Thorsby with Mr. Gerald's mother.

Miss Naemi Turnquist returned Sunday from a visit to her sister in Selma.

DEATH OF MRS. S. HOWARD

Mrs. Sweeney Howard, who had been in poor health for the past two and one-half years, but who had been confined to her bed for only about two weeks, died on Wednesday, Jan. 31st, and was buried on Thursday in the city cemetery. A brief funeral service was conducted at the house by Rev. E. W. Butler. The floral offerings were unusually beautiful, conspicious among them being one from her children bearing the word "MOTHER". Mrs. Howard, whose maiden name was Louisa Frederica Lear, was born in Milwaukee, Wis., March 31, 1852. She was married in 1873 and moved to Thorsby with her husband from Manitowoc, Wis., 18 years ago. Here she has made many friends and her loss from our midst will be keenly felt. She leaves five children Fred, Charles, and Louis Howard of Thorsby, Mrs. Geo. Phalin of Tuscaloosa, Ala., and Mrs. LeClaire, of Bellingham, Washington.

DOVE RISES PHEONIX-LIKE FROM ASHES

Edward Reno, the Magician, has the usual light pharaphernalia, but performs his tricks while in ordinary evening dress, and so adroitly as to escape detection in every case. In this respect he is a wonder. He does things that seem absolutely impossible of execution without the aid of supernatural agency.

One of his performances that never fails to amaze his audiences is known as the "dove trick." He burns a piece of common paper, and a dove rises phoenix-like from the ashes. He apparantly tears the dove in two, only to find that he has two doves in his hands. He throws a glass of water into the air, and it changes into a dove and flies away.

See him at Thorsby Monday night, February 12th.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine.
Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.
After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE

State of Alabama, Chilton county.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed whereby I, as Sheriff of said county, was commanded to make the sum of Five thousand six hundred ninety-seven & 37-100 Dollars, principal and interest, and Seventeen & 25-100 Dollars costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the Fall Term, 1916, of said Court of said County, Alabama, in favor of The First National Bank of Birmingham, Ala., against E. A. Matthews, W. H. Sartor, N. A. Kicker, et als, I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the Court House door of said County, between the hours of 11 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p. m., on Monday, the 19th. day of February 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named W. H. Sartor and N. A. Kicker in and to the following described real estate, viz:

Sartor.

The east half of Lot no. 16, in Block No. 8 on the east side of the L. & N. R. R., as shown by the official map of the town of Clanton, as the same now appears of record in the office of the Judge of Probate in Chilton County, Alabam, and being known as the W. H. Sartor store house and lot on the northwest corner of the intersection of Second Avenue and Seventh street, in the Town of Clanton, Chilton county, Ala.

Beginning on the northeast corner of the SW¼ of SE¼ of Sec. 35, Tp. 22, R. 14 in Chilton county, Alabama, and run thence West 131½ feet; thence south 18 feet to the point or place of beginning in the description or boundary of the lot or parcel of land here described; running thence north along west side of the north extension of tenth street 105 feet; thence in a westerly direction and at right angles with said 10th street 210 feet; thence in a southerly direction parallel with sain 10th street 105 feet; thence in an easterly direction and parallel with the line of said lot here described 210 feet to the point of beginning, said 10th street being shown by the official map of the town of Clanton, Alabama, now on file in the office of the Judge of Probate of said county. Said lot lying and being south of the H. T. Pipes property, and lying between the H. T. Pipes property and Fifth Avenue on the West side of the L. & N. R. R., in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Kicker.

Lots 14 and 15 and the west half of lot 16 in block No. 8; lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 11, and 14, in block No. 3, all on the east side of the L. & N. R. R., as shown by the official map of the Town of Clanton, as the same now appears of record in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Ala.

Lots C, D, E, and F, in Block No. 8 in the Town of Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama on the west side of the L. & N. R. R., as per the official survey of the P. D. Wilson addition to the Town of Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama, as the same appears of record in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Alabama.

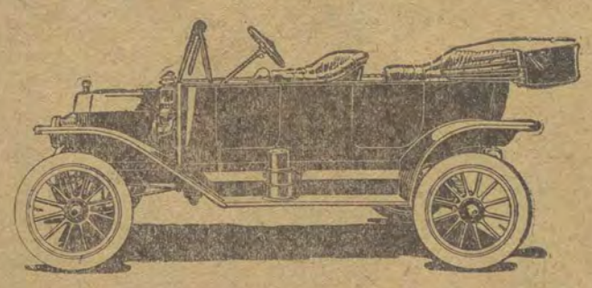
One lot of land containing about nine acres lying between second Avenue and Fourth Avenue in the Town of Clanton, Alabama, known as the Kicker Grove, and the J. Wash Foshee patch in Section 35, Tp. 22, Range14, on the west side of theL. & N. R. R., in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

This 16 day of Jan. 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at Court House door Jan. 16, 1917.

BRING US YOUR FORD



To be Repaired.

We also have Lathe for repairing your machinery and Department for putting Circular saws in good shape.

We also have arrangments to do your horse shoeing and wagon repair work.

We have a 2½ H. P. Gasoline Engine, one Motorcycle and some circular saws for sale.

J. M. Robinson & Son
Located East of the Fair Grounds,
CLANTON, ALA.

The Best Garden Seed you can buy are sold in Bulk at Upchurch Drug Store. 2-1-3t

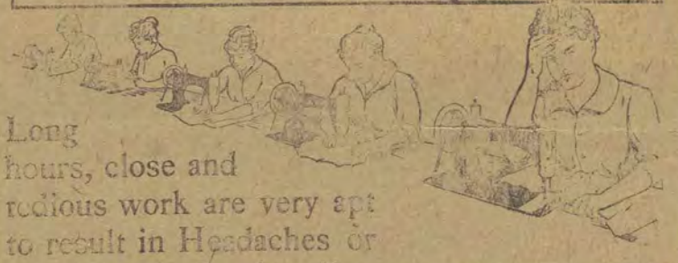
FOR SALE—Paper-shell Pecan Trees For prices and further information, apply to T. J. Billingsley, Clanton, R.F.D. No. 3. 1t

Break your Cold or LaGrippe with a few doses of 666.

FOR RENT—About 35 Acres of Land ¾ mile from town, including house and barn. Also 35 acres, six miles from town. For particulars see Dr. Upchurch at Upchurch Drug Store. 2-1-3t.

The Freshest and Most Reliable Seed for your Garden at Upchurch's They are Sold in Bulk; not in small Papers. 2-1-3t.

"Torturing Headaches—don't suffer—Stop them!"



Long hours, close and tedious work are very apt to result in Headaches or other Pains. Don't suffer.
DR. MILES' ANTI-PAIN PILLS will quickly drive your Pain away, and Dr. Miles' Nervine will assist you by relieving the Nerve Strain.
IF FIRST BOX, OR BOTTLE, FAILS TO BENEFIT YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

DIZZY SPELLS.
"My nerves became all worn out. I had bad headaches and severe dizzy spells. I could not sleep and my appetite was poor. I began using Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills and they always gave me instant relief no matter what the pain. Then I used Dr. Miles' Nervine regularly and was soon in perfect health again."
MRS. S. L. YOUNG,
324 Pittsburg St.,
Newcastle, Penn.

BEST FOR ALL CROPS

SOUTH ATLANTIC GUANO COMPANY
(SUBSIDIARY MORRIS FERTILIZER CO.)
ATLANTA — MONTGOMERY

It is not sufficient that your crop gets an early *start* to enable it to win the race against drouth, excessive rainfall, rust, shedding and boll weevil. It must have a steady, healthy growth which constant nourishment alone can give, if it is expected to come in ahead on the homestretch.

The *South Atlantic Brands* not only give all crops a quick start, but by reason of the scientific linking together of the best and most dependable fertilizing materials, they afford constant and steady feeding of the plant and enable it to resist such diseases and conditions as are usually fatal to a weakly, stunted plant. A healthy plant should be kept healthy and that is the office of the *South Atlantic Brands.*

Send your orders early to your dealer and be sure to name the SOUTH ATLANTIC BRANDS.

FOR SALE BY

TOM KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

REAL CROP SECURITY

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME V. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., FEBRUARY 15, 1917. NUMBER 46.

REV. H. T. CRUMPTON SENT A LETTER TO HIS FRIENDS

Former Pastor of the Clanton Bastist Church Writes a Letter from Arkansas.

For a long time I have wanted to write to Clanton friends but there are so many I choose the columns of the paper to reach many.

Jan. 4th we left Clanton at 8:45 a.m. and reached Memphis at 10 p.m. in a driving wind and rain storm. In the party were five children, one wife, one white rabbit, eight suit cases and packages and your humble servant. I lost my hat but found five in place of it so there was no kick coming—that is on my part. We took a taxi to the Chisca Hotel and on arriving a curious and exceedingly inquisitive brother wanted to know if all those children were mine or was it a picnic? Whereupon I informed him they were all mine and it was no picnic. The two oldest children had just been baptised at Clanton the night before we left and the next night were sprinkled, which seemed like a little too much of a good thing in such quick succession.

The next night we arrived in Batesville, which is now our happy home. Speaking of weather, yes, we have it out here, and lots of it. Our fuel bill is enormous, everything is high and prices still rising on everything except preaching and I am joyously anticipating a big rise there soon (it does not cost anything to anticipate you know. That is like kicking on everything and everybody in one's home town and any guy, wise or otherwise can do the stunt whether it ever gets him any thing or not.)

Batesville is the County seat of Independence County. Has about 5,000 people. We have city mail delivery with three carriers, many rural and two star routes I think. There are four hotels but none in a class with Clanton's. We have three garages, three drug stores, broom factory, Ice plant, laudnry, stave mill, hull mill, excelsior mill, flour mill seed mill, variety shop, etc. There are three wholesale groceries, one wholesale dry goods store, and by all means the biggest industry of all is the Pfeifer Marble Quarry. The State Capital in Little Rock just 90 miles away is made of this stone, as are also the Odd Fellows Orphans' and Widows' home, and the Masonic Orphans' home here.

Prof. Sidney Pickens is city Supt. of schools with three Pricipals under him and an efficient corps of teachers with about 1200 total enrollment, besides the Arkansas Presbyterian College for boys and girls.

We have two papers, the Batesville Daily Guard and Batesville Weekly Record.

The government building is a beauty, built of gray brick trimmed with Pfeifer marble. I guess it must have cost about $75,000. Then of course we have such things as electric lights and water works owned by the city; a good telephone system and moving picture shows. Streets are all named and houses numbered.

Within a radius of 12 miles there are numerous manganese and zinc mines which are operated at immense prifit because of the war situation and resultant demands on American made products. This is therefore a splendid distributing point and base of supplies for a large territory.

We are on the White river which is navigable 30 miles up and 40 down, largely because of the five locks the government has put in.

Lots of wheat, oats, corn and cotton are grown here; lands are high, mules are very high, horses are dirt cheap in comparison.

There is one Catholic church, one Presbyterian, one Holy Roller, one Episcopal, two Christian, two Methodist and three Baptist, but the Baptist do not lead in numbers or wealth or what we call prominence. The east end church will likely come to the first. The first Baptist is known as the smoothest running and best regulated of all, Oh, how refreshing. One leads the social life another the political and we the religious life, now choose. My constituency is as thorough going a bunch of christians as can be fount anywhere. I want to get inoculated completely and go back to dear old Alabama and distribute it about as a starter. My church hs 221 members. Less than the Clanton church you see. There is not so much wealth as back there, but they do much in the way of raising funds for the cause of Christ.

Mrs. Crumpton and our boys expect to drop by to see you when they go for the annual visit to kinsfolk in Bay Minette, Baldwin county. Our five children left at least one sweetheart each in Clanton and we all have many warm, loved and loving friends there whom we shall never forget. In fact I may want to return to Clanton when the people there get together. That is what you need, get close to the Lord first and there will be no cleavage and no animosities, rub out the old scores, build nice church houses, stand by your schools and work for the public weal. When you do send for me.

God bless you all always.

H. T. CRUMPTON.

S. S. CONVENTION

District No. 1 Sunday School Convention will meet at Oak Grove school house 3 miles north of Jemison on Saturday befor the 4th Sunday in February.

10:00 A. M. Devotional exercise, led by Z. J. Jones.

10:30. The duty of the Sunday school teacher, by Miss Phalie Belle Roper.

11:00. The duty of the Sunday school Supt. and officers to their Sunday school, by Rev. Charley Stevenson.

11:30. What are the Sunday schools doing toward christanizing the world, by Prof. Foster Williams.

12:00. Adjourn for dinner.

1:30 P. M. Reports and pledges from all Sunday schools in District.

2:00. Sunday school address, by Prof. H. C. McDonald.

2:30. How to get the proper interest in our Sunday schools, by Prof. Johnson, of Clanton and others.

COMMITTEE.

MARRIAGES

R. E. Wyatt, Clanton and Miss Roberta Driver, Clanton.

Isaac Moats, Clanton and Epsie Kelley, Clanton.

L. H. Jones, Clanton and Miss Hattie Evans, Clanton.

Charley Boswell, Clanton and Miss Jessie Tyus, Clanton.

Fred Howard of Thorsby was in Clanton Tuesday on business.

DID THE RECENT COLD KILL YOUR FALL OATS?

Auburn Experts Offer Suggestions to Farmers Regarding Spring Sowing.

The opinion of a great many observers in this section of the State is that the recent cold weather killed practically the entire crop of fall-sown oats.

In a letter which we receive from Auburn, the following is said relative to the subject:

"Agricultural experts are of the opinion that the extreme cold weather of the early days of February destroyed a large proportion of the fall sown oats in central and northern Alabama. Prof. Duggar, of the experiment Station, has urged the farmers, however, to wait until February 20th before plowing the oats under as they might show indications of being alive before that date, although seemingly dead now.

Oats sown in February cannot be expected to yield as good returns as fall sown oats and so it is very important that the stand be free from oat smut. Oat smut can be prevented at a small cost per acre, if the oats are dampened with a solution consisting of one ounce of formaldehyde in every three or four gallons of water. The pile should be left damp and covered for four to eight hours. Press bulletin No. 67, of the Ala. Experiment Station, deals more fully with this subject and will be mailed out on request."

FITTING THE SCHOOL TO COMMUNITY NEEDS.

The high school visitor from the office finds some of the high schools administering a valuable service to the farmers and stock men of their respective communities by helping to prevent hog cholera and to eradicate the cattle tick. In some instances the teachers and pupils are giving demonstrations in vaccination against hog cholera for the benefit of the farmers without cost, except for the necesary material. One high school has on its own grounds a dipping vat to which the cattle from the surrounding country are brought and dipped under direction of the school authorities. Let's see some more of this kind of work.

One county Superintendent informs us that he and the demonstration agent visit the schools together and that this agent is doing a splendid work with the boys and girls of the county. What offices offer a better opportunity for co-operation than the County Superintendent and the Farm Demonstrator?

Does your teacher know how to explain in a simple way the Rural Credits Law? Has he told you that you can secure a primer explaining the application of this law in detail by writing to the Federal Farm Loan Board, Washington, D. C.? Ask him about it.

The Clarke County Teachers' Association is divided into community groups, and each group meets regularly at places designated by the Association. It is the purpose of each meeting to discuss the problems of fundamental importance to the schools of the county. At present Betts' and Hall's "Better Rural Schools" is being used as a basis for the discussions.

The School Improvement Association of Jefferson County have taken up the subject of sanitation and the health for their special work for the winter and spring months. These associations hope soon to see sanitary drinking founts and sanitary closets in every school in the county.

The conference of home economics teachers held at the Alabama Girls Technical Institute February 25-27 was participated in by teachers of home economics from every class of schools of the Alabama system. The state and national workers were present and delivered addresses.

The keynote of the conference was "Service." Every phase of home economics was thoroughly discussed and and the rural problem especially was considered from every angle.

The Montevallo institution is doing a service for the homes of the state in its sucesful effort to encourage the teaching of home-making in all classes of schools.

COMMISSIONER VVADE SAYS PLANT GARDENS

Says to make Vegetables Help Out on the High Cost of Living.

The middle of February is the usual time for planting early vegetables. The necessity for a good early garden has never been so important as now. It is the quickest and best crop that can be grown, and the only dependable thing that will reduce the cost of living in the near future. A good garden will supply forty per cent. of living expenses, and can be increased to sixty per cent. by adding a good milch-cow and forty or fifty hens. In fact such a combination provides for everything actually necessary for the living except bread, meat and clothing. Do not neglect to start early, prepare well, and plant plenty of such vegetables as will survive spring weather.

Make Garden Long.

The garden plot should be twice as long as it is wide, so as to permit the horse and plow. This will facilitate cultivation and reduce the damage from turning by fifty per cent. The soil should be deep loam full of humus and well drained. Stable manure is the best garden fertilizer because it supplies humus and opens soil, causing it to absorb heat and moisture, in addition to the fertilizer value. Garden soil should be prepared very deeply and well pulverized. Plant early vegetables on beds or small ridges, because the elevation supplies drainage and better temperature, than in planting level. Make the beds and rows long and equal distance apart, so as to systematize cultivation.

What to Plant.

Irish potatoes, onions, mustard, lettuce, beets, english peas, radishes, spring turnips, early corn, should be planted and cabbage set. Plant a few early bunch beans and cover up on cold nights. They might get kiled, but if they do, what is the loss of a few bean seed compared with the early beans, if they succeed?

Prepare Hot Beds.

Prepare hot beds for sweet potatoes, tomatoes, etc. Tomato plants can be grown in green houses, plate glass windows, or in boxes kept in the sunshine during the day and moved into the house at night. Be sure to grow plenty of all vegetables. Begin early and keep it up till late. As one crop is exhausted, plant another on the same land. Vegetables are healthful, invigorating, relishable and reduce the cost of living. Now that the coldest weather is probably past, show your thrift by the garden you will produce.

J. A. WADE,
Commissioner Agr. and Industries.

LIST OF JURORS FOR CIRCUIT COURT

The following is a list of jurors serving this week in the Circuit court to take action on the cases composing the civil docket. Judge Gaston Gunter is presiding.

1. Horace L. Aldridge....4
2. G. D. Retherford....4
3. J. Cal Walker....8
4. Stephen Pate....9
5. Geo. R. Heaton....9
6. D. O. Manning....3
7. John B. More....13
8. R. O. Headley....15
9. S. Edd Bruce....4
10. D. Butler Lowe....4
11. N. Alford Dennis....10
12. J. C. Champion....5
13. Samuel Scott....5
14. Albert Y. Williams....10
15. Walter L. Sanford....4
16. John R. Merchant....14
17. Frank Harris....8
18. Sam R. Kilingsworth....13
19. W. H. Hayes....15
20. Joe W. Carwile....4
21. Iven F. Popwell....6
22. James W. Anderson....5
23. Dudley Thompson....4
24. Joe T. Cox....1

Pay your subscription to this paper.

L. H. Reynolds, Adv.

RESOLUTION PASSED BY THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

Asking for Another Meeting of The People in Regard to the Issuance of Bonds by the County.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

Whereas Chilton county has a past due indebtedness of over $70,000.00 and no money in the Treasury with which to pay it, and the county is three years behind with its payments and its warrants are discounted 40 per cent., and the commissioners court is up to the statutory limit, as prescribed by law, and cannot issue any more warrants until some way is provided, by which some of the present past due warrants can be paid.

And whereas a mass meeting was called for the 3rd day of February 1917, and owing to the unfavorable weather conditions it was impossible for the people to attend said meeting:

Therefore be it resolved by the Court of County Commissioners in regular session on this the 14th day of February, 1917, that another mass meeting of all the voters of the county is hereby called to assemble at the court house on Saturday the 3rd day of March, 1917, at 10 o'clock A.M., for the purpose of considering and devising ways and means to pay off debts and restore the credit and put the county on a cash basis. All voters who are interested in the welfare of the County are requested to attend.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

S. E. WALDRUP
R. J. WILLIAMS
W. T. HERROD
A. P. VINSON
County Commissioners.

HONOR ROLL FOR THORSBY PUBLIC SCHOOL

First Grade—Iola Gerald, Effie Lou Neugent.

Second Grade—Howard Adams, Frank Gerald, Mabel Howard.

Third Grade—Bernice Williams.

Fourth Grade—Carl Berlin, Clyde Robinson, Curtis Billingsley, Jewel Wilson.

Fifth Grade—Roy Kendrick, Lola Horn, Lurana Lucas, Leon Marshall, Wilbur Peterson, Walter Mastin.

Sixth Grade—Louise Adams, Walter Peterson, Clyde Meade.

Seventh Grade—Robert Carlson.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE

Seven room house, large garden with good fruit trees, good barn and out buildings; call at Howard Bros. Green houses, Thorsby, Ala., for partirulars. 2-15-5t.

CROSS TIE CUTTERS

I am prepared to make contracts with tie cutters from Jemison to Verbena, for ties cut and delivered, at prices for graded heart and sap ties, ranging from 38 to 16 cents each. See or write me for further particulars. J. E. EASTERLING, Clanton. Ala., R. 5.

Miss Rilla Smith has taken up her position as Clerk in the post office at Clanton.

Mrs. V. J. Heard has returned to her home after an extended visit to relatives in North Alabama.

Subscribe for The Union-Banner.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS SEEK A FURTHER PUBLIC CONFERENCE.

More Advice Wanted in Solution of the County Financial Situation.

The court of county Commissioners have asked the people for another consultation in regard to county finances before they take final action in regard to the calling of an election on the bond issue to take care of the county debt.

Their reasons for not acting upon the authority of the former conference is because the state of the weather prevented a great many atending the other meeting.

The date for the second consultation with the people is set for Saturday, March 3rd, and the court has passed a resolution especially urging all of the people of the county to be present.

As was done before the financial status of the county will be gone into with detailed thoroughness by those ocicially acquainted with existing conditions, matters of the public debt etc, and an explanation of the whole affair will be made to the public.

And further, the advisability of a bond issue to take care of the county's obligations will be brought up for public discussion.

The court of commissioners are sincere and conscientious in their efforts to do the best that they can for the county, and in the grave situation that confronts them in regard to financing the county business they are rightly cautious of their steps in taking action.

The people should welcome an opportunity to consult among themselves about what to do, and if possible every well-meaning citizen should come to the meeting on March 3rd and lend his heart and his mind toward the best solution of the great question that stands out like a mountain in the path of progress in Chilton county.

HAMPTON

Health of this community is fairly good at present.

People have been busy making some preparations for the new crop.

Oats and wheat seem to be hurt badly by the freeze in these parts.

Our school is doing fine this year. Prof. J. H. Scott is our teacher and the pupils and patrons seem to like him fine.

We have prayer meeting at this place every Saturday night and Sunday school every Sunday afternoon, but neither are very livelf at present. We would be glad to have all who are interested in this work visit us.

CONCERT

There will be a roncert at Pleasant Grove on Friday night Feb. 23. The concert will consist of plays, readings and music by a string band. Admission ten cents to non-residents of the district.

W. E. MARTIN.

SEEDS

For Planting the Field and Garden

We have on hand for the spring planting, a full line of the famous "Blue Ribbon Seeds." They are all new and fresh, and guarantee satisfactory results. Following are some we have on hand:

White Dent Corn with red cob.
Johnson's White Dent.
Reed's Golden Dent.
Hickory King Corn.
Seed Irish Potatoes, price 70 cents a peck.
Onion Sets. (white, red, and yellow.
Pole Beans.
Cornfield Beans.
Lima Beans.
Shelled Beans.
Dwarf Beans.
Early and extra early varieties.
Garden Beets.
Carrots.
Collards.
Cabbage.—
Early Flat Dutch.
Large Wakefield.
Mid-season and late kinds.
Frost proof plants.
Celery, Cucumbers, Egg Plants, Radishes, Endive, Garlic, Lettuce, Kale, Mustard, Okra, Watermelons, Muskmelons, Cantulopes, Peas (early and late) Sweet Potatoes, and Peanutes, peppers, Pumpkins, Squash, Ponderosa Tomatoes, Turnips.

Come to see our line before you buy. We will be delighted to show you what we have.

W. Z. HODGES
CLANTON, ALA.

MONEY TO LOAN

WE ARE IN TOUCH WITH AN UNLIMITED SUPPLY OF MONEY, AND CAN NEGOTIATE LONG-TIME LOANS ON FARM LANDS UPON EASY TERMS. IF YOU ARE INTERESTED, CALL ON US.

Middleton & Reynolds.

The First and the Last.

The First Store as you Come in from the west and the last as you go out.

I am paying 10 cents a pound for Hens, feathers and all.
25 c a dozen for eggs, cash.
Sell good Flour for $1.15 sack.
Coffee 6 and 7 lb. to Dollar.

W. A. HUCKABEE
Clanton, Ala.

Eat With Me!

I AM IN BUSINESS TO SERVE THE PUBLIC WITH A FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT. ALSO I INVITE YOU TO COME AND EAT WITH ME.

I CAN SERVE YOU WITH ANYTHING THE MARKET AFFORDS AND AT ANY TIME OF DAY. I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF THE VERY FINEST OYSTERS TO BE OBTAINED FROM THE COAST.

REMEMBER I HAVE PREPARED TO FEED YOU WHEN YOU ARE IN TOWN, AND I SHALL EXPECT YOU TO COME TO SEE ME.

W. H. Goodgame.
Clanton, Ala.

MERCHANT SHIPS TO MOUNT GUNS

Way Will Be Found By Government To Put Weapons At The Disposal Of Owners

COMMERCE MUST CONTINUE

German Proposal To Reopen Discussion Meets No Favor At Washington

Washington.—American ship-owners who have been holding their vessels in port because of inability to obtain guns for defense against submarines probably will have their difficulty solved in a few days. Strong intimations were given in official quarters that, while the government will not actually arm merchant craft or even formally advise arming, a way will be found to put weapons at the disposal of owners who desire to prepare for defense against illegal attack.

The enforced idleness of the American merchant fleet is being viewed with growing disquiet, and the general view here is that not only the export trade, but the nation's standing before the world demands that American vessels continue to ply the high seas without regard to the German proclamation which the government has repudiated with the most severe means in its power short of war.

The German proposal, delivered to the state department that means be discussed to prevent the break in relations from resulting in war apparently has struck no responsive chord here. No official would indicate whether a reply already had been given, but there was no disposition to deny that the proposal had been made or that the American government regarded it as an effort on the part of Germany to befog the issue. It was made clear everywhere in government circles that there was nothing to discuss unless Germany desired to stop abridging American rights and illegally menacing life.

In connection with the German suggestions, special interest attached to cable dispatches announcing that Emperor William had called a conference, presumably to discuss the submarine campaign and the position of neutrals. It was suggested that out of the conference might come something more that Germany would like to discuss means of preventing the addition of another nation to her long list of enemies.

AMBASSADOR GERARD OUT OF GERMANY

Zurich, Switzerland.—The American ambassador, James W. Gerard, arrived at the Swiss boundary at Schaffhausen at four o'clock in the afternoon, February 10. He was met by the American minister to Switzerland, Pleasant A. Stovall, and representatives of the Swiss army, including Colonel Brugger and Capt. Rudolph Isellin. A Swiss military guard of honor was also in waiting and a big delegation of citizens greeted the former American ambassador to Germany.

Mr. Gerard disembarked at Zurich with about one hundred and twenty other Americans intending at first to remain there, but when he was assured of accommodations at Berne, he left immediately for that city. He will remain in Berne for two or three days arranging for his trip to Paris.

BRITISH DRIVE GERMANS FROM STRONG POSITIONS

New York.—The British continued their objective. A strong system of trenches to the north of Beaumont-Hamel, in the Ancre region, extending over a front of more than three-quarters of a mile, was captured and many Germans made prisoner. South of the river, near Pys, other trenches were taken and German attempts to recapture their lost positions south of Sailly Saillisel were frustrated by the British guns. Elsewhere along the line trench raids, bombardments and aerial activity have featured the fighting.

In Mesopotamia the British in their operations against the Turks have occupied a new front of more than six thousand yards, pushing back the Turks for a depth varying from 800 to 1,000 yards.

CUBAN TROOPS MUTINY AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT

Havana, Cuba.—The Cuban government makes the official statement that about thirty men of the Seventh and Eighth companies of infantry stationed at Camp Columbia, near Marianao, had revolted and escaped with their arms. At Canas, Havana province, Commander Jose Castillo was killed by a group of rebels. It is alleged that Castillo was heading the uprising there. Lieutenant Larrabia is reported as having been wounded.

GERMANY EXPECTS TO FIGHT AMERICA

Copenhagen.—Little hope prevails in Berlin that war with the United States will be averted, or that a modus vivendi reconciling the policies of the two governments can be found. The authorities and a vast bulk of the people desire to avoid actual hostilities in any way consistent with the general lines of the present submarine policy, but only in such a way. It is stated new instructions have been given submarine commanders.

WILSON'S ACTION APPROVED

Five Senators Oppose Resolution Endorsing Diplomatic Break With Germany

Washington.—President Wilson's severance of diplomatic relations with Germany was approved formally by the senate.

By a vote of 78 to 5 the senate expressed confidence in the president's course, adopting a resolution submitted by Chairman Stone of the foreign relations committee, endorsing the withdrawal of American Ambassador Gerard from Berlin and the giving to German Ambassador Bernstorff his passports.

Senators who voted against the resolution were: Democrats, Kirby of Arkansas and Vardaman of Mississippi; Republicans, Gronna of North Dakota, Works of California and LaFolette of Wisconsin.

Five hours of debate preceded the vote, but the only active opposition came from the five senators who stood out against the resolution when the roll was called. The ranking Republican leaders joined the Democrats in declaring their whole-hearted support of the president.

PERSHING IN COMMAND OF EL PASO DISTRICT

El Paso, Texas.—Major General Pershing assumed command of the El Paso patrol district, relieving Brig. Gen. George Bell, Jr., who resumed command of the Eleventh division. General Pershing's first official announcement was that there would be no change at present in the organization of the border patrol. Distribution of General Pershing's force will be under the direction of Brigadier General Slwift, at Columbus, and the force will be divided among fourteen stations from Yuma, Arizona, to a point near the eastern end of the border. General Pershing reports at Columbus 3,749 refugees who accompanied the force from Mexico. Lieutenant Ord, in charge of the refugees, already, has found employment for about half of them. Of the refugees there are 2,030 Mexicans, 833 of whom are men, 574 women and 623 children under 12 years of age. There are 197 Americans, 80 men, 49 women and 68 children. The Chinese, numbering 522, will be held temporarily.

NO PROSPECT FOR EARLY REDUCTION OF PAPER COST

New York.—There is no immediate prospect of cheaper paper, according to reports made to the National Paper Trade Association and the American Pulp and Paper Association, which held annual conventions here. "The snow is hampering cutting in the pulp districts of Canada," says Frank L. Moore of Watertown, N. Y., who is vice president of the Pulp and Paper Association. "Where wood is cut there are not enough cars to haul it out and there is a great shortage of motive power on Canadian railroads. Everything that enters into paper has gone up and up."

GENERAL DUVALL EXPECTS GENERAL CALL TO COLORS

Augusta, Ga.—That every able-bodied man in the country will be called upon for service in the event of hostilities between the United States and Germany is the opinion of Maj. Gen. William P. Duvall, U. S. A., retired, as expressed by him at his home in Augusta. Further than to make that statement, General Duvall would not discuss the present strained relations between the two countries. General Duvall, although retired six years ago and not subject to call into service, has volunteered to the war department for any services he can render in case war is declared.

FRANCE TAKES STERN STEPS TO RELIEVE COAL FAMINE

Paris.—The government has decided upon the following measures which will go into force February 8, to relieve the coal shortage: Theaters, concerth alls and other places of entertainment will bec losed for four days of each week; street cars, omnibus and subway service will cease at ten o'clock at night instead of a quarter after eleven, except Thursday, Saturday and Sunday, which are school holidays national galleries and museums will be closed until further notice.

College Men Rally To Government

Philadelphia.—The plan announced here for the organization of an intercollegiate intelligence bureau to put at the disposal of the government the trained resources of the American college world has received the endorsement of Secretaries Baker and Daniels and a conference of college men will be held in the state, war and navy building at Washington February 10. William McClennan of the University of Pennsylvania, in making the announcement, says there will be representatives from leading colleges.

Committee Of 50 To Work For Nation

New York.—Leading representatives of all industrial classes, capitalists, labor leaders, agriculturists and professional men will compose the committee of fifty that will be appointed in New York to co-operate with the federal government, if the necessity arises, for national defense. The organization is in the hands of the National Civic Federation. V. Everit Macy, president of the federation, has been authorized to name a committee of three to remain in Washington as representatives of the comimttee.

RIGHT OF TRAVEL TO BE ENFORCED

Germany Must Decide Issue Of Peace Or War By Actual Interference With American Rights

TO ARM MERCHANT SHIPS

Probable Course To Be Followed If Germany Commits Overt Act Decided Upon

Washington.—The course to be taken by the United States if Germany compels the use of force to safeguard American lives and rights has been determined. It was learned authoritatively after a recent cabinet meeting that in the event President Wilson goes before congress again it will not be to ask for a declaration of war, but to follow literally the words of the address in which he announced the break of diplomatic relations and request authority to use means deemed necessary to protect American seamen and people.

President Anxious To Avoid War

The president, it is stated, is as anxious as ever to avoid war with Germany, but also is as determined as ever that American citizens and ships shall be free to travel the high seas unmolested. His next step, if taken will be to enforce that right and even then the issue of war or peace will be with Germany. Any hostile action will have to come in the form of an interference with an American right. Details of the government's plans are not discussed. It is known, however, that convoying and arming of merchant ships are being considered.

BELGIUM MUST STARVE WITHOUT AMERICAN AID

Philadelphia.—Herbert C. Hoover, chairman of the commission for relief in Belgium, told members of the City Club in an address that there is no starvation in Belgium at present and that there would not be any "as long as the commission is given the funds to continue its work." He said that the Belgians are now health. "But," he added, "it is the vital duty of all Americans to give aid that this health may be maintained. Without this aid Belgium must starve." Mr. Hoover said the relief commission is short between four and five million dollars a month in its budget. "This is due largely to the fact that we have taken on additional loads," he said. "Recently we have been feeding 1,200,000 school children at a cost of more than a million dollars a month. We must raise this money by some means other than government subsidies and we appeal to the citizens of the United States to help with the burden."

BANKHEAD SEES GOVERNMENT AS A GOOD ROAD BUILDER

Atlanta.—That the appropriation of $85,000,000 by the federal government for a period of five years for the aid of states in the construction of roads is but the beginning of one of the biggest and most far-reaching undertakings for the development of the nation, is the opinion of United States Senator John H. Bankhead of Alabama, author of the bill making this appropriation. So important is this work, now only in its beginning, thinks Senator Bankhead, that, instead of this one appropriation of $85,000,000 to be disbursed over a period of five years, before the expiration of the five-year period the federal government will be making regular annual appropriations of from $50,000,000 to $75,000,000 for road construction.

MUNICIPAL VOTE DENIED NORTH CAROLINA WOMEN

Raleigh, N. C.—A bill which would permit women to vote in municipal elections was killed by the lower house of the North Carolina general assembly. The action of the house, it is said, practically settles the suffrage question at this session. The house also refused to send back to committee for reconsideration a bill which would limit the possession of liquor by individuals to two quarters per year and which had been unfavorably reported.

R. R. Employees Have Right To Strike

Washington.—After many weeks' consideration the senate interstate commerce committee has approved and reported to the senate a bill to supplement the Adamson railroad law, providing for investigation of controversies on common carriers and giving the president authority to take over railroad, telegraph and telephone lines in times of military necessity. There is no prohibition in the measure against the right to strike or lock out to which the railroad brotherhoods have vigorously objected.

39 Airplanes Lost In January Fighting

Berlin.—The Germans lost 34 airplanes in January and the British, Russians and French 55. The aviators, notwithstanding the severe cold, fulfilled in January their important tasks of observation, reconnoitering and attacking. Last month the Germans lost 34 airplanes. The British, Russians and French lost 55 airplanes in aerial engagements or by being shot down from the ground. Of these 29 fell beyond the German lines, as was seen plainly, and 26 are in German possesesion.

NEUTRALS TO ONLY PROTEST

Scandinavian Nations Decide To Not Follow Wilson's Lead In Breaking With Germany

Stockholm, Sweden.—Sweden and other Scandinavian nations have decided to unite in a joint protest to Germany over the latter's submarine blockade.

The answer of the Swedish government to the note which the American minister, Ira Nelson Morris, delivered to K. A. Wallenberg, the foreign minister, has been communicated to Mr. Morris, and, it is learned, from a well-informed source, that Sweden is just as firmly resolved now as she has been from the first to maintain the strictest neutrality. While Sweden will protest against the tone of Germany's new blockade, she will content herself with a protest and will take no step which could make it more difficult to maintain her neutrality.

Responsible statesmen declare that, even if Swdeen desired to follow the lead of the United States her situation would render this impossible while the United States is so favorably situated geographically and so mighty in resources that it could limit its participation in the war to such extent as it might desire. Sweden, on the contrary, they assert, is exposed to great possibilities of harm on either side and certainly would be obliged to suffer great hardships without any sure prospect of concrete gain. Mr. Morris had a long conference with the foreign minister, after which he would say only that President Wilson's note to neutrals was one of the subjects discussed.

WARNING IS GIVEN TO INAUGURAL VISITORS

Washington.—Civic and military organizations which are contemplating taking part in the next inauguration of President Wilson are advised to make their intentions known to Robert N. Harper, chairman of the inaugural exercises, or they may be disappointed in getting quarters here and a position in the line. This is the word handed out from headquarters in reply to information that several Southern bodies were arranging independently for accommodations and confidently expecting to participate in the parade. Mr. Harper urges all such bodies to advise inaugural headquarters at the New Willard hotel, Washington, giving particulars as to numbers and the nature of the organization, and especially whether horses are desired, so that mounts may be provided. President Wilson signed the bill appropriating about thirty thousand dollars for expenses in connection with inauguration ceremonies. Suggestions that public ceremonies be abandoned because of the international situation seem to have been put aside.

$500,000 ASKED TO AID AMERICANS IN EUROPE

Washington.—An emergency appropriation of $500,000 for relief, protection and transportation of American citizens in Europe has been asked of congress by Secretary Lansing. The secretary did not mention specifically the situation in which many Americans in the Teutonic countries are placed by the break with Germany, merely calling attention to the continued extraordinary expenses of the state department on account of the war and suggesting that the necessary money be provided immediately "in view of the important developments in the international relations of the United States within the past few days." Secretary Lansing also asked for the appropriation of $4540,000 for the purpose of embassy property at Petrograd.

GERMAN TROOPS ACTIVE ON 1,200-MILE FRONT

Berlin.—Although army headquarters statements of late have announced that there have been "no incidents of importance, the fighting activity has not ceased at any place even for one moment. On the whole 1,200-mile front in Belgium, France, Russia, Roumania and Macedonia troops with rifle in hand are ready at any hour of the night and day to repulse the besieged enemy's attempts to break the iron ring.

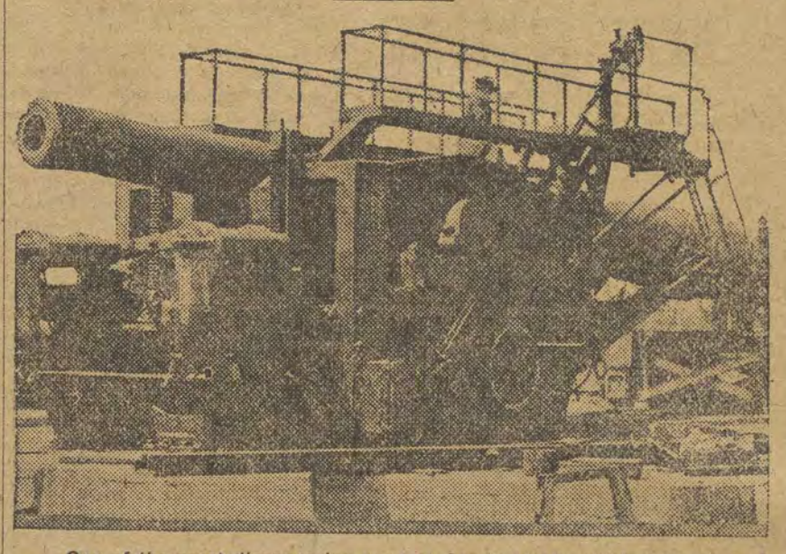
Policy Of Washington Obsolete—Taft.

Philadelphia.—The policy of Washington and Jefferson with reference to entangling alliances and the theory that America "has been favored by fortune with splendid isolation," were declared to be utterly inapplicable to present conditions by former President Taft at a dinner here under the auspices of the League to Enforce Peace. "In the light of the present national crisis, prepare to disregard the warnings of Jefferson and Washington against entangling alliances,' said Mr. Taft.

Great Thief Catcher Must Go To Jail

Chicago.—John J. Halpin, former policec aptain and chief of detectives, convicted in 1915 of bribery and conspiracy, must serve from one to five years in the penitentiary at Joliet. The Illinois supreme court refuses to grant him a rehearing and this removes his last hope of escaping prison. Halpin, who, in his day, was noted as a thief catcher, has been working as a night watchman since his removal from the police department. The expenses of the case, it is stated, have practically pauperized him.

TYPE OF BIG GUNS THAT GUARD NEW YORK



One of the great disappearing guns at Sandy Hook, which form part of the defenses at the entrance to the port of New York. The picture shows the gun just before being raised and fired.

MILITARY SCHOOLS TO GIVE OFFICERS

Many Cadets in Private Institutions Available for War.

CIVILIAN AID IS IMPORTANT

Engineering, Signal and Aviation Corps of United States Army Could Be Quickly Recruited in Emergency.

By KENNETH MACDOUGALL.

New York.—In the event of the calling out of militia and volunteer troops, there are many cadets in the various private military institutions in the United States who could speedily be made available for second lieutenancies and some higher ranks in the volunteer forces.

One of the most prominent institutions in the country from a military standpoint is Norwich university, at Norwich, Vt., which has graduated numerous men into the army as second lieutenants. The graduating class is between eighty and one hundred and twenty men every year, and the institution has kept fairly good track of its available sons after they have left college. At a conservative estimate, Norwich could furnish a thousand men who have passed an examination required as entrance to the regular army as second lieutenant of infantry, five hundred second lieutenants of cavalry and about three hundred artillery second lieutenants.

Many of the men have kept well informed in military matters, while others, of course, would need considerable brushing up in modern tactics. Norwich has maintained the same standards of study and execution of military drill that the cadets at West Point are held to, and fully a sixth of its graduating classes have followed an army career.

In training, the graduates are probably superior in knowledge and executive ability to two-thirds of the militia captains and some majors in the National Guard.

They have served under military officers of the highest type for a four-year course, and during that time have had to work hard and faithfully in order to graduate.

7,000 Men Available.

A like condition is true of perhaps twenty-five other private military schools in the United States designated by the war department as "distinguished institutions." These schools could bring to the colors, about 7,000 fully or partially-trained lieutenants. Besides these there are some ten thousand college men who have attended training camps like Plattsburg, and who in a short time could be whipped into good enough shape to take command of volunteer infantry.

The Culver school at Culver, Ind., is perhaps a close second to Norwich university as regards cavalry material. The showing made by Culver boys while stationed on the border in the recent mobilization attracted widespread attention among army men.

The Engineering corps of the regular army could be readily recruited in officers and men from the civil population engaged in similar pursuits as a daily occupation. The supremacy of concrete construction in this country would indicate there would be no trouble in securing enough capable engineers and non-commissioned officers to erect or construct necessary gun emplacements and additional defenses.

The Signal corps picked from civilians engaged in like work would soon be as good as the regular units, in fact probably better, as the class of men in the New York militia units of that branch of service made the regulars on the border recently sit up and eat humble pie.

There are more civilian aviators than there are regular army aviators, and from present indications the former are more experienced.

The European war has shown that it does not take long to instruct military aerial observers and these could be trained in a short time.

Transport Difficulties Small.

As for transport and quartermaster corps there would be little or no difficulty in finding plenty of business men who would be capable of handling these branches of service in fitting manner. The system of supply and transportation might be slow at first, but when one is acquainted with the fact that in New York state alone there are 310,457 automobiles, fully half of which could be utilized as light or heavy transport trucks, and the remainder converted into cars for officers and for courier service, it will be understood that there are no very great obstacles in the way of supply trains.

Railroad transportation on account of the length of our coast line would present some difficulties at first, but without doubt could be remedied with great speed.

The mobilization of the manufacturing industries of the nation has already been worked out by the authorities at Washington.

Of men we have plenty. Materials in the crude state we have sufficient, but rifles, heavy artillery and ammunition enough, let alone uniforms, blankets, equipment, medical supplies, etc., are a different story.

The Red Cross has plenty of nurses to put on the field for the first line hospitals. Ambulance corps such as were formed in France could be quickly put into commission and would undoubtedly do good service.

The militia of the country is probably in better shape from a military standpoint than it ever was in the history of its organization. If enough regular army officers were available to distribute among the various commands, it would be a fairly efficient fighting force. Unfortunately there are many officers in the militia of the country who have no right from military or mental qualifications to wear shoulder straps.

American Legion Intact.

The American Legion, while officially disbanded, is still intact. On the books of the organization, which have been preserved, are the names of some 18,000 men who have seen active service in various parts of the world, either as officers or enlisted men. Catalogued under proper headings are about 33,000 men or boys who are experts at some trade necessary to the army. There are telegraph operators, miners, high explosive men, railroad engineers, civil engineers, ammunition makers, draughtsmen, wagon makers, automobile mechanics and drivers, cowboys, hotel stewards, men in all branches of life suitable for the commissary departments, electricians, etc. This list should be of decided value to the war department.

These are but few of the ways, manners, men and materials which can be called into play if the country finds it necessary.

In conclusion, I would call attention to the Boy Scouts of America, who could help in the event of war in any number of ways, and who, I am sure, would rise to the emergency in the same plucky manner as their little brother scouts have done in every country in Europe.

That the women of America would shoulder their share of the burden, no true American for a minute doubts; they have done it in the past and can do it in the future.

To mobilize all the industries, men, organizations, etc., would of course require more time than it has in the countries of Europe, but it would be done. The American people have a habit of taking a lot for granted, but when an emergency arises they generally are able to meet it.

HOW OUR FIGHTING SHIPS ACTUALLY STAND TODAY.

The following table shows the United States warships completed and which are ready for service or will be with a few days' overhauling:

	In commission.	Reserve Com.	Out of Com.	Total.
Battleships, first line	11	1	0	12
Battleships, second line	3	20	3	26
Armored cruisers	3	6	1	10
First class cruisers	1	4	0	5
Torpedo boat destroyers	38	11	1	50
Submarines	38	..	..	38

The super-dreadnaughts New Mexico, Mississippi and Idaho, each of 32,000 tons, are now about 60 per cent completed. Work has been started on the super-dreadnaughts Tennessee and California, both of 32,300 tons.

The first line battleships include these super-dreadnaughts: Pennsylvania, Arizona, Arkansas, Nevada, New York, Oklahoma, Texas and Wyoming—8.

Of the twenty-three second line battleships in full or reserve commission all could quickly be made ready for active service.

MAIL CLAIMS OF SIXTIES TO BE PAID

WILL BENEFIT ALABAMIANS—BILL CARRIES AN APPROPRIATION OF $196,000.

ENOUGH TO PAY ALL CLAIMS

These Claims Have Been Pending Before Congress For Over 55 Years.

Washington. — Senator Vardaman has succeeded in securing the passage of a bill authorizing the United States government to pay the amounts due contractors for mail services performed for the United States in the states of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisiana and Texas, from July 1, 1860, to May 31, 1861, and in the state of Kentucky, Missouri and Tennessee from July 1, 1860, to June, 1862.

The bill carries with it an appropriation of $196,000, sufficient to pay the claims. Where the contractor is deceased the amount of the claim may be paid to the executor or administrator of the estate upon the filing with the auditor of the postoffice department proper evidence of his appointment and qualifications.

These claims have been pending before the congress for fifty-five years. Senator after senator has taken his turn in an attempt to have a similar bill passed.

Alabamians or their heirs who will benefit by the bill, which now must go to the House for ratification, are as follows:

Adams, Benjamin, $20.45; Alabama & Tennessee River R. R. Co., $11; Adams, John F., $351.22; Bailes, Thomas, J., $6.84; Ballentine, John, $225; Brower, Franklin P., $63.34; Brunson, W. W., $110.01; Borum, J. H., $58.46; Brake, Jacob, $25.03; Cryer, William, $16.60; Craig, John C., $61.18; Clark, James W., $55.04; Cargile, Jesse, $22.21; Davis, William, $185.62; Dilard, James Q., $11.91; Doyle, Joseph P., $150; Fuller, Mordecai, $17.70; Findley, John B., $175.87; Goldsmith, John, $16.83! Gilliam, Peter, $44.78; Gentry, Joseph, $45.45; Griffith, Wm., $105.7?; Herndon, W. W., $50.49; Harvel, James, 70c; Hill, G. T., $292.75; Hill & Hill, $1481.31; Ivery, Elijah, $76.97; James, Joshua, $14.92; Kilgore, George W., 23c; Little, Hiram, $68.05; Lammons, Duncan, $53.69; Murphy, John L., $156.39; McClinton, James R., $30.78; May, Lewis F., $41.18; Memphis & Charleston R. R. Co., $20,947.93; McCleskey, Joseph D., $135.09; McCutchen, John, $35.06; Montgomery & West Point R. R. Co., $29.30; Norton, W. J., $26.06; Ogletree, G. G., $60.53; Portis, John W. $1078.56; Peacock, Elisha S., $20.79; Piper, Samuel, $211.82; Renfro, Nancy, $146.18; Reader, William, $8.11; Smith, Daniel A., $125.27; Swanner, Jesse L., $81.82; Smith, Richard J., $37.70; Solomon, Thomas, $22.15; Smith, Reuben, $18.35; Smith, Joseph, $5.86; Srygley, George, $22; Sams, Eli M., $0.44; Smith, Daniel, $1.92; Thompson, John, $19.89; Toomy, John, $20.99; Underwood, Leander C., $21.35; Williams, W. B., $83.98; Ward, James, $41.60; Weaver, Joseph, $111.16; White, A., $8.75; Wilkins & Owens, $264.12; Woodward, Nathl., $224.51.

Not Montgomerian.

Montgomery.—The name of John A. Lee, given as one of the surviving Americans on board the British steamer California, sunk off the Irish coast by a German submarine, with his residence credited to Montgomery, Ala., does not appear in any of the city directories for the past several years.

Griffin Is Appointed.

Mobile.—Virgil Griffin of Montgomery, Ala., has been appointed clerk of the Southern Federal District court to succeed Richard Jones, incumbent. The appointment takes effect March 1. Mr. Griffin was formerly secretary of the Alabama Railroad Commission.

West Shot By Brother.

Montgomery.—Will West of Heyneville, Lowndes county, is in a critical condition at a local infirmary as a result of gunsot wounds in both legs, said to have been caused by his brother, Leon West, in a quarrel at their home.

Masons Hold Session.

Albany.—Masons of Morgan county held a two days session at the Masonic Temple here. More than 100 Masons were in attendance.

Petition in Bankruptcy Filed.

Mobile.—Max Shiller, a merchant of Marion, with liabilities at $4,500, and assets at $973.32, has filed a petition in bankruptcy in the federal district court.

Shriners Meet in Albany.

Albany.—Thee hundred Shriners from Birmingham held a ceremonial, at which time nearly half a hundred candidates were initiated into the order.

Oat Crop Is Damaged.

Selma.—According to reports reaching this place, the oat crop has suffered in all parts of the county. The heavy rains preceding the coal wave caused the water in the ground to freeze about the roots, in many cases kiling them.

WALKER PERCY DEAD.

Prominent Lawyer of Birmingham Believed to Have Suicided.

Birmingham.—Funeral services fo Walker Percy, one of the leading attorneys of the south, who killed himself with a shotgun at his home, were conducted from the family residence.

"Walker Percy, 2217 Arlington avenue, city, came to his death by shooting himself with a No. 12 bore shotgun pressed against the left breast," is the official statement issued by Assistant Coroner J. R. T. Rives.

While one of the foremost citizens of Birmingham for over 30 years, Mr Percy was a native of Mississippi He was born on November 18, 1864, in Washington county, Mississippi. Mr Percy at one time was a member of the Alabama legislature.

Funeral Is Held for Judge Pitts.

Uniontown.—Funeral services for Judge William Pitts, aged 45 years, who was found dead in his bed at Marion were held here. Judge Pitts had been prominent in Alabama politics for many years and was well known, having toured the state several times in political campaigns. He was born in Uniontown, Ala., August 31, 1872. He was for 14 years chairman of the democratic executive committee of Perry county, and a member of the state democratic executive committee for four years.

Mines Are Bought.

Haleyville. — The Mascot-Delmar Coal company, a new corporation, has taken over the holdings of the Mascot and Delmar coal companies, near Haleyville, and are making preparations to mine the lands extensively. Several thousand acres of coal lands were transferred in the deal. The new company has in view, it is reported, to place steam shovels on the ground, and will strip the surface of the coal instead of the usual methods.

Cattle Still Being Dipped.

Troy.—Notwithstanding the fact that the cattle tick quarantine has been raised against all except a few portions of Pike county, Pike is still dipping cattle for the benefits the cattle receive from the dipping. In Pike county during the month of January 1917, there were 5440 head of cattle dipped, representing 601 herds. Eleven herds of cattle are still under quarantine.

Citrus Fruit Not Damaged.

Mobile.—While an investigation into the damage done to citrus fruit trees along the gulf coast is not yet complete, many growers are hopeful that the loss will be comparatively small. Where the soil has been banked around the trees, practically no damage resulted from the unseasonable weather.

Fire Loss Is Heavy.

Guin. — Heavy damage followed breaking out of fire in a livery stable here. Several head of mules were burned and the following stores were burned: Reese & Roberts, H. M. May & Co., A. W. Anthony & Son, J. M. Wesley & Co., J. W. Knight jewelry store, Dr. Sizemore & Bro., and damaging several others.

Select Mobile for Next Meeting.

Huntsville—The Aabama Livestock association came to a close here with the final decision in favor of Mobile as the meeting place for the year 1918. The officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: Dr. C. A. Cary of Auburn, president; George S. Temple of Auburn, secretary; J. S. Kernachan of Sheffield, treasurer.

Colect $9,000 Road Tax.

Troy.—Pike county collected 2,402 road taxes $4 each up to February 1. Nine thousand, six hundred and eight dollars was turned into the road fund for the county. The county will spend this money in the beats in which it was paid in.

Health Conditions Good.

Montgomery.—According to the annual report of B. A. Taylor, city bacteriologist, during the year 1916 Montgomery had less typhoid fever than for any year during the past 15 years.

BIRMINGHAM BATTERIES ARE NOW ON WAY HOME

Douglas, Ariz.—In accordance with revised schedules of the dates of departure for the majority of the National Guard organizations recently ordered to their home states for muster out of federal service, Birmingham batteries, A and C, of the Alabama National Guard, entrained here February 14 and are on their way home.

Bauxite Being Mined in DeKalb.

Gadsden.—Announcement has been made that valuable discoveries of bauxite and fuller's earth have been found in DeKalb county near Ft. Payne. The bauxite, or aluminum ore, is being mined in small quantities and shipped north. This property recently changed hands and the development of the bauxite discoveries is said to be only the beginning of the work of the company. The strata of fuller's earth were found on the property of the Southern Refactories company.

WILL NOT DISCUSS U-BOAT QUESTION

REPLY SENT BERLIN THAT A CHANGE IN THE RUTHLESS POLICY IS NECESSARY.

U.S. SAILORS HELD PRISONERS

Seamen Taken From Stemship Yarrowdale Held By German Government.

Washington.—The United States has flatly rejected Germanys offer to discuss differences between the two nations while the ruthless submarine campaign is in progress.

In a note the Swiss minister, who presented orally the German proposal, Secretary Lansing said the United States "does not feel that it can enter into any discussion with the German government concerning the policy of submarine warfare against neutrals, which it is now pursuing, unless the German government renews its assurances of the 4th of May (the Sussex note) and acts upon the assurances."

The state department made public the Secretary's reply, together with a memorandum, which, at Mr. Lansing's suggestion, Dr. Ritter, the Swiss minister, had prepared, setting down in writing the suggestion originally transmitted orally. Previously officials had declared to confirm the announcement by the Associated Press, that such a proposal had been delivered by Dr. Ritter.

The communication is as follows:

"Memorandum: The Swiss government has been requested by the German government to say that the latter is, now as before, willing to negotiate formally or informally, with the United States, provided that the commercial blockade against England will not be broken thereby.

P. RITTER."

This memorandum was given immediate consideration and the following reply was dispatched:

"My Dear Mr. Minister: I am requested by the President to say to you in acknowledging the memonrandum which you were kind enough to send to me on the 11th inst., that the government of the United States would gladly discuss with the German government any questions it might propose for discussion were it to withdraw its proclamation of the 31st of January, in which suddenly and without previous intimation of any kind, it cancelled the assurances which it had given this government on the 4th of May last, but that it does not feel it can enter into any discussion with the German government concerning the policy of submarine warfare against neutrals which it is now pursuing, unless and until the German government renews its assurances of the 4th of May and acts upon the assurance.

"LANSING."

The question of whether guns shall be provided for American shipowners desiring to arm their vessels for defense against submarines has been submitted to President Wilson by the state and nazy departments. It is understood that the state department, the government's spokesman on international problems, has recommended that the guns be provided.

There is said to be no authority under which the navy department can actually supply the guns, though there are precedents for the loaning of weapons and bond for their return.

Americans Held as Hostages.

Washington.—Formal notification of the detention in Germany of the 72 American sailors brought in as prisoners on the prize ship Yarrowdale, was given to the state department by Dr. Paul Ritter, Swiss minister here acting for the German government, together with an inquiry as to the status of the chews of the German warbound ships in American harbors.

Germany, Dr. Ritter said, had decided to hold the Yarrowdale prisoners until she had had definite assurance that German crews in American harbors would not be held or imprisoned.

WILLIAM F. FEAGIN RESIGNS.

State Superintendent of Education Will Give Up Work October 1.

Montgomery, Ala.—William F. Feagin, state superintendent of education since November 30, 1913, will resign October 1 to become superintendent of education of Montgomery county and will be succeeded by Spright Dowell of Birmingham, state director of teachers' institutes. Superintendent Feagin announced the acceptance of the position and Governor Henderson immediately afterward issued a written statement of his intention to appoint Mr. Dowell in order that the work started by Mr. Feagin might be continued.

Fletcher Leaves For Mexican Post.

Washington.—Henry P. Fletcher left here for Mexico to present his credentials as American ambassador, accompanied by Capt. Frank R. McCoy, military attache of the embassy. He will enter Mexico at Laredo, traveling to Queretora, the country's new capital, over the National railway. Official and unofficial reports continue to indicate growth of the anti-government movement in Mexico. Although the active forces re those headed by Villa, Zapta and a few others less widely known.

PAPOOSES GET RIDE DE LUXE

Squaws Use Railway Car for Day Nursery While They Do Their Trading.

COACH IS PICKED UP

Much Weeping, Much Distress and Trying Times for Frantic Railroad Officials—Papoose Special Puffs Back Bringing Happiness.

Great Falls, Mont.—Another yarn comes out of the wild and careless West. It has to do with trespassing, kidnaping and violation of all the interstate commerce regulations regarding free transportation. It has a happy ending, however.

Ten squaws gathered together their labors of a month in beadwork, moccasins, baskets and those things that Indian women make so well, and started to Great Falls, Mont., the nearest town. Where the squaw goes, there goes the papoose, and ten little brown babies were strung over the backs of the Indian women.

Part of the journey of the squaws led along the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway tracks and as they reached the freight yards they noticed an empty coach on a siding. The channels of commerce are not as free to the trader who has an infant strapped to its back, and the squaws were anxious to sell all of their wares in order to take home bacon and flour and cornmeal, and perhaps a little tobacco.

Thought It Was There to Stay.

To them the moving house of the railroad seemed as immovable as though it had been built upon rock instead of upon steel, and they deposited the papooses upon the red plush seats and glided on toward the markets of trade.

After a time, the Indian women, having sold their wares, returned to the railroad yards. But the coach was gone. The babies were gone. There was much weeping. There was much distress.

The ten squaws ran to the railway station, crying for their babies. They were told that the coach had been sent to Lewistown to meet the through train for Chicago.

Ten expostulating Indian women indicated in a measure to C. L. Whiting, division superintendent, the value of



The Indian Women Indicated the Value of Ten Indian Babies.

ten cute Indian babies, and the wires became warm immediately. The trainmen who made up the Lewistown cars had not noticed their infant passengers.

Happy But Hungry.

Thirty or forty miles down the line, the coach was stopped, and an engine was ordered to bring it back with all dispatch. The squaws waited anxiously.

An hour later, as the papoose special came puffing into Great Falls, the Indian women rushed into the coach. There were the babies, cooing and happy—but hungry. They had had their first train ride and in a private car at that.

An informal papoose repast was ordered, and after that the babies were strung over the shoulders of their mothers. Division Superintendent Whiting wiped his perspiring brow as he waved farewell to the railroad's guests.

Sheriff Blew Out the Gas.

Elizabeth, N. J.—John W. Davis, sheriff of Ocenee county, S. C., and W. C. Foster, superintendent of prisons there, were found dead in a hotel here the other morning from the effects of inhaling illuminating gas. The men had come to Elizabeth to get a negro accused of murder. It is believed that they blew out the gas in their room when they retired.

Boy, Eleven, an Expert Cakemaker.

Bolton, Conn.—Harry Mussey, age eleven, is claimed to be the best cakemaker for his age in the state. He started in making cakes when he was ten, and has become so skillful he now does all the cake-making for his family.

PET SUCKER DROWNS IN WATER BUCKET

Lived in Canary Cage So Long Contact With Liquid Proved Undoing.

Oakland, Cal.—All Oakland regrets the death of Horatio, a famous sucker of the fish species, which defied all natural laws and was able to live out of water for a considerable period. A few nights ago Horatio met a tragic death, due entirely to his own carelessness. Here's the story complete:

S. H. Masters one day found the fish flopping in the mud in the Oakland estuary, put it in a can of water and



Flopped Into the Bucket.

took it home. Masters performed one of the scientific wonders of the age by getting the fish to live out of water.

By keeping a constant temperature and removing a millimeter of water each day from Horatio's pool in the back yard of the Masters' home, the man was able to get the sucker to breathe the atmosphere. The fish was kept in a cage until the arrival of cooler weather, when he was taken into the kitchen.

While cavorting about the room a few nights ago Horatio found a bucket of water. He heard the call of the wild and flopped into the bucket, where he was found next morning by Masters, drowned.

SLEEPS WITH DEAD SISTER

Woman Tells Doctor Julia "Had not Stirred for Six Days and Nights."

Gorham, Me.—After Dr. George F. Gear, medical examiner, and Harley Day, a selectman, had forced their way into the old Warren home here, the other day, they found that Miss Sabra Warren, seventy years old, had slept for six nights with the dead body of her sister, Miss Julia Warren, who was sixty-five years old.

In the room with the aged woman and the body were a dozen cats and a flock of hens. Miss Warren would not admit that her sister was dead.

"She has not stirred for six days and nights," she told the medical examiner, "but it's none of your business."

The women, who had at least $7,000 in Gorham banks, had lived alone many years and rarely permitted anyone to enter their home.

LIFE RACE WITH WOLVES

Standish, Mich.—Three trappers, Charles Leonard, George Weston and Bert Parker, reached here the other day from a hunting trip in the Lake Superior region and told of a race for their lives with a wolf pack while returning from their traps. The men were on skates three miles from the nearest cabin when the wolves appeared.

One of the trappers fired his rifle when the pack approached them, and the wolves quickly tore one of their wounded members to pieces, giving the hunters time for a start.

Several times when the wolves were nearly on them this was repeated, the men said, until they finally reached the cabin.

TRAMP PROVES TO BE WOMAN

After Being Arrested One of Two Hoboes Is Shown to Be Wife of Other.

Thomasville, Ga.—Investigation of two supposed hoboes, who had been arrested and placed in the barracks here, revealed that one of the pair belonged to the gentler sex.

Upon being arrested the pair gave their names as Mat Smith and Bill Searey, but when Bill was found to be a woman they confessed to being Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Bessent of Jacksonville, Fla.

They said they were on their way to Milwaukee, Wis., and as they did not have funds sufficient to pay their way there they decided to tramp it, the wife being unwilling to be separated from her husband. She felt that she could make the trip better and easier in the guise of a man.

GOVERNOR NAMES GIRARD OFFICIALS

THREE MEN SELECTED BY HENDERSON FOLLOWING ELECTION TO CHANGE FORM.

AT THE STATE'S CAPITAL

Interesting News Budget of Happenings in Various Departments of State.

—Montgomery.

The three City Commissioners for Girard, Ala., were named by Governor Henderson.

The body is to be composed of D. C. Foster, a merchant, for the term ending October 1, 1918; George D. Walace, factory superintendent, for the term expiring October 1, 1919; and Woodson Knowles, real estate man, for the term expiring October 1, 1920.

Successors to these commissioners will be elected by the people of Girard each year, commencing for the term expiring October 1, 1918, the Commissioner to hold office for three years. These commissioners will elect their own Chairman. The citizens of Girard voted to change from aldermanic form of government several wees.

Probate Judges Hear Engineers.

Probate judges from all portions of the state met here and heard the exposition of good roads and federal aid by State Highway Engineer Keller and Federal Highway Engineer Bullen. The consensus of opinion is that this meeting will be followed by a new era of road development throughout the state. This state has an appropriation of $104,000. Three times as much money as is available has been requested and the purpose of the conference was to map out a plan for the use of the appropriation in a way that will best serve the people.

Will Pay Martin's Assistants.

Following the decision of the supreme court that the contract between the state and Perry W. Turner and Lawrence E. Brown, assistant attorney generals, must be carried out and that the appropriation in the attorney general law is constitutional, Governor Henderson approved vouchers for $1000 each for salaries of Mr. Turner and Mr. Brown from September 1 to December 31, and personal expense accounts of Attorney General Martin, Mr. Turner and Mr. Brown incurred since the controversy and attorney general's department began. However, Governor Henderson declined to approve vouchers for the salaries of Mr. Turner and Mr. Brown for January pending an investigation which will determine whether or not the governor has the right to abrogate the contracts.

Colbert Is Fifth.

Action of voters of Colbert county in giving a majority of about two to one in favor of a special 3-mill tax for public school purposes under the educational amendment to the constitution has caused a general demand for another election in Marshall county, where the 3-mill tax was defeated by a small majority. It is probable another election will be called later in the year and if it is the state educational department will make a campaign in an effort to show the voters the advantages to be obtained by the adoption of the levy. Colbert is the fifth county in the state to levy the special 3-mill tax since the constitution was amended in November.

Railroad Suit Begun.

Trial of the suit involving the claim of the state that the Louisville and Nashvile railroad should pay franchise tax on $56.000,000, instead of $13,000,000, was begun before Judge Gaston Gunter, in the circuit court. This is the first of several cases instituted by William L. Martin, attorney general. Law points only are involved and no jury is necessary.

Bond Issue Upheld.

The supreme court ruled that the city of Eufaula, Barbour county, may issue bonds to the amount of $15,000 for the construction of public school buildings. George H. Dent and other voters of Eufaula attacked the validity of the election on the question of issuing the bonds, contending that the ballots were not properly prepared.

Paroles Issued.

Governor Henderson has issued paroles to Percy Ransom, J. A. Craig, and Henry Black, who were convicted of violating the prohibition laws in Tallapoosa county. In reference to Ransom and Craig the governor said the trial judge had recommended their release.

Asks Co-Operation in Health Work.

Dr. S. W. Welch, state health officer for Alabama, who recently succeeded Dr. Sanders in this position, in a letter to the physicians of Alabama, asks for their co-operation and [illegible] ance of the people of th[illegible] proving health condit[illegible] pronounces the h[illegible] bama to be [illegible] States, a[illegible] tion [illegible] to[illegible]

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
UNION PUBLISHING CO.

W. M. WYATT, Editor & Manager.

Subscription price $1.00 per year, payable in advance.

Entered April 15, 1913, at Clanton Ala., as second class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

We regret to note the resignation of Hon. W. F. Feagin as State Superintendent of Education. Mr. Feagin has proven his wonderful ability as an educator and head of our school system since he has been in the position, and his friends and associates over the State will regret to see him retire. His resignation takes effect Oct. 1st, when he will be succeeded by Spright Dowell.

HELPING "POOR WHITE TRASH."

We hope that a hearty welcome will be given to all new-coming tenants and renters in your community. It is maifest that no church or Sunday school can neglect giving such a welcome if it is worthy of the name of Christian, nor can any individual of generous spirit neglect his duty. And even if you find cases where the parents seem shiftleass and careless, do not lose faith in the children. Moreover, if there is a spark of race pride in your being, never let yourself utter the most discreditable phrase that is common in the south—"poor white trash." Rather let us remember that the index to the power and possibilities of every boy and girl is found, not in the achievement or non-achievement of two or three immediate ancestors, but is found rather in his or her racial heritage;—let us remember that in the blood of every child born of our race there beats the spirit of the long, long centuries of toil and struggle, achievement, discipline, moral restraint, and spiritual aspiration, which make up the body of the Caucasian civilization, and no one knows when or where or in whom the genius of that race may again "burst full-blossomed on the thorny stem of time."

Welcome these stranger-children into your school and Sunday school and the parents into your church, Sunday school and farmers' clubs, and ask for their co-operation in everything that makes for education, co-operation and progress in the community. —The Progressive Farmer.

DEMOCRATIC PRECEDENT

There is direct Democratic lineage for the President's demand for "peace without victory." In the Democratic platform of 1864, adopted by the convention which nominated George B. McClellan as Lincoln's opponent in the election of that year, will be found these words: "After four years of failure to restore the Union by the experiment of war, justice, humanity, liberty and the public welfare demand that immediate efforts be made for cessation of hostilities to the end that peace may be restored on the basis of the Federal Union of the States."

Dr. Cary Grayson's promotion to the rank of rear admiral, over the heads of 114 older officers of longer service than he, is by divine right. He was born in Virginia.

PRINTED STATIONERY PAYS.

What about that up-to-date farm stationery you were to have made? We recently heard of two farmers who happened to apply at about the same time for loans from a trust company. Farmer A had printed stationery, and wrote his letter on a typewriter: Farmer B, just as well off as A in the world's goods, used a pencil and scratch paper, and wrote on both sides of the sheet. The result was that B's letter made so bad an impression that he experienced considerable trouble and delay in getting his loan, while A's was granted almost immediately. In getting results from correspondence, the neatly written letter on printed stationery is as far superior to a pencil scrawl on a bit of scratch paper as a twelve-cylinder automobile is to an ox cart.—The Progressive Farmer.

As a hint to some of our farmer readers who ought to have printed stationery, we will say that The Union-Banner is equipped to print you good stationery at the lowest prices. You should take the advice of The Progressive Farmer, and have us to fix up your order right away.

LONG TIME LOANS TO FARMERS ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE

...n real estate security in Chil... ...unty, owned by farmers, I ... long-time loans from ... ...ve ample money ... ...an 8 per cent ... ...hould have ... ...h them.

INCREASE OF FREE IMPORTS

Washington, Fbe. 14.—A $10,000,000 increase in importations under the maunfactures groups, over 1913, and $39,000,000 over 1912 is the record for the calendar year 1916. The year 1912 was under the protective policy, business being somewhat disturbed by the noise of the Democratic hammers as they played an anvil chorus on the Republican tariff law of 1909. Three months of 1913 witnesed the Democratic party issuing passes to foreign competitors to enter the American market. During five months of 1914, and since that time, a gang fight in Europe tied up exportations, to what extent, will not ever be known.

As trade competitors Germany, Belgium and Austria have been temporarily eliminated from the markets of the world, and thirty per cent of our European imports come from those three countries during normal times, practically all of them manufactured products. But Great Britain and France have scored increases over previous records, which, considering the amount of energy expended, in the war, are the marvel of the commercial history, while Japan has doubled sales to us. The Wilson-Underwood tariff law has played its part in making these increases possible.

Last year (1916) our imports of manufactures for further use in manufacturing, and manufactures ready for consumption totaled $763,438,000, of which fully 60 per cent was absolutely free of duty, (the remainder paying revenue rates only) compared with a total for 1913 of $753,700,00 of which 37 per cent came in free, and $724,000,000 for 1912, with the same per centage free of duty. In short, the year 1916 shows an increase of free goods coming under these two groups of between 60 and 70 per cent, and on these goods is expended the cheap labor of Europe and the Orient.

But the Democratic party views the situation complacently enough. Its leaders see no reason for alarm. They say that American manufacturers need no protection; that what they need is a corporations tax, a munitions tax, and a tax on any profits that may exist in excess of 8 per cent, after that. If manufacturers are energetic enough to chalk up a profit of 8 per cent they must pay a penalty for pernicious industrial activity. If post-war competition puts them out of business it is because theirs is not legitimate enterprises. It is all very puzzling to the business man who was assured a year or so ago by President Wilson that there would be no more baiting of business.

This much is certain: If the end of the war finds this country with the present tariff law firmly rooted in our industrial structure, the Democrats might as well bid farewell to adequate revenue returns from income taxes, let alone a tax on excess profits. If the American market is to be swamped with foreign products, which it certainly will be under a tariff law but 9 per cent above absolute free trade, there is going to be a woeful decrease in the number of assessable incomes.

It must have been ground into the minds of every producer in this country by now that in dealing with questions of industry and finance the party in power is hopelessly incompetent, and that the only way to save the patient from the effects of the relapse last November is to put the legislative functions of this Government into the hands of the Republican party.

A WISE MOVE

The Republican members of the ways and means committee have done wisely in preparing a tariff bill along protective and Republican lines with which to combat the vicious and sectional plan of direct taxation which Chairman Kitchin and the Democrats propose to fasten upon the country and to compel the major payment to be made in the Northern States.

The new Republican bill has been drafted under difficulties inasmuch as the official statistics of business at the custom houses are in the hands of the Democratic bureau chiefs, who are most dilatory in giving them to the public, who refuses to allow Republicans to have access to them in advance of publication—a privilege which is not denied to Democrats—and whose methods of classification are such that it requires superhuman intelligence combined with no small amount of psychic ability to divine their real purport.

Neverthless, the Republican proposal will well withstand scrutiny, for it is based upon the fundamental theory of securing revenue for the Treasury through protection to the American wage-earner. No bill framed upon such principles can be far wrong, even if individual schedules of it do not meet the opinions and expectations of everyone. In any event, the new Republican bill affords opportunity to rally the party strength to a fundamental party principle. It destroys the Democratic cry that the minority in Congress is a mere group of negations. It presents what soon must be the greatest economic issue which the country has ever faced; and it prepares the way for larger measures of party unity in action in the next Congress. It is a wise move.

The Grand Jury commenced work Monday, and was still in session Wednesday night.

TO CUT THE CATTLE TICK ARMY JUST HALF IN TWO

Broad Strip of Free Territory is to Serve as Object Lesson in the Benefits of Eradication.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 12.—The army of catle ticks is to be cut into half this year, and a wedge of tick-free territory driven through the infested area to the Gulf of Mexico. By the end of 1917 it is expected the entire state of Mississippi will be released from quarantine and a broad highroad opened for the unrestricted shipment of cattle to the outside market.

The effect of this upon the whole campaign for the total elimination of the pest throughout the south is expected to be great. In order to secure for the newly freed counties the full benefits of eradication, it has always been the policy to plan, as far as possible, the releases from quarantine so that the cattie may be brought in and out without passing through the ticky country. The new Mississippi law, however, requiring all tick-infested counties to begin eradication work, enables this policy to be carried out on a larger scale than ever before. Not only will the tick cease to exist for the people of Mississippi but the results that invariably follow its disappearance will prove a stimulating object leson for its neighboring areas that may still be infested.

These results are too apparent for even the most prejudiced to ignore.

For one thing the average value of cattle increases, at once and almost automatically, to an extent which makes the cost of dipping negligible. As to the exact amount of this increase opinions vary. Recently a large number of farmers in freedterritory were asked to give their opinions on this point, and the average of their replies was $9.25 a head. This, however, the Federal authorities belive to be a little high for a conservative estimate for the entire south, and they have fixed $7.50 as a safer figure for the general use. The increase varies of course, in different localities, and in Alabama, for example, it has been placed t $8.00. On this basis, in the twenty-eight counties which have already been freed in that state, the cattle are now worth $5,600,000 more than in the old days. Since the cost of eradication is insignificant in comparison, it is obvious that dipping vats are an investment that returns liberal dividend to the citizenship.

That these dividends are real, not theoretical, is indicated by a corresponding rise in land values. In one Mississippi county the local authorities were not at first convinced that the eradication of the tick actually had put money into the pockets of the people. An investigation showed that the coming of the boll weevil and the consequent falling off in the cotton crop had greatly depressed farm values. After the tick had been eliminated, the increased profits from live stock were sufficient to restore the price of land to its former level.

The farmers of Mississippi have not been slow to realize the new opportunity. Fifty-one counties in the state are now free from ticks, and into these a large number of pure-bred animals for breeding purposes have been brought. Both the grand champion international bull, and the grand champion international juior heifer owned in the state, and one Mississippi herd has won more prizemoney than any other herd of the same breed. Not every farmer of course can go in for stock of this character, but the improvement in the general run of catle is marked. As long as the tick remained, little or no progress was possible because of the susceptibility of imported breeding stock to the fever conveyed by the tick.

Improvement in the quality of the herds is also opening up new sources of revenue. In Mississippi, for example, fifteen creameries are now in operation, and through these the sale of more than 1,500,000 pounds of butter have brought the dairymen over $500,000. Baby beef clubs, too, have been organized in many of the tick-free counties. These are having a marked influence upon the beef industry. One boy said that before he joined the baby beef club he did not know what a fat calf was, for his father never had any such stock.

AUCTION SALE

On Saturday, Feb. 24th, I will offer for sale at public auction, to the highest bidder, at my residence, near the Dr. Matthews place in Clanton, all of my Houshold goods, including sewing machines, refrigerator, furniture and kitchen fixtures, stove, etc. Sale will take place at 9:00 oclock a.m.

C. W. WILSON.

R. N. Wilkins of Billingsley was a visitor to Clanton Wednesday.

LITERACY TEST FOUR TIMES ENDORSED

Four times an immigration bill with a literacy test in it has been passed through Congress. Four times it has been vetoed. Cleveland, Taft, and Wilson, the latter twice, refused to sanction the measure. The driving force behind the literacy clause in Congress has been the insistence of organized labor upon it, the theory being that a literacy test will reduce the flow of cheap labor into the United States. This time, though knowing the President's attitude, organized labor procured a second passage of the bill, which represents one of the fundamental principles for which labor organizations stand. Yet organized labor does not withdraw its support from the President because he vetoes the immigration bill. Is it because it receives from him other things of more immediate and perhaps more personal benefit to its leaders?

EVERGREEN

As it has been some time since I saw any thing from this community I will try and write some of the news.

Every body in this section has been down with the Grippe, but I am glad to say that all seem to be geting better now.

Mrs. Jones, the tomato agent was at the school house last Saturday and organized a Poultry club. Chickens and eggs are a fancy price at present.

The bad weather and sickness has weakened the Sunday school at Floyd but we hope it won't last always.

Rev. E. B. Prickett, who has been in Prattville attending a preachers meeting, is back at home. He looks better whether he is better other ways or not. He could preach before he went to Prattville.

A. A. Beaird has moved to Prattville where he has accepted a position with the Prattville Gin Co.

The talk with most all of the people is that their wheat and oats are killed.

People are not doing anything toward farming in our section on account of bad weather and Grippe. We hope to see the weather open up some for it is going to soon be time when the people must get busy, especially in Chilton county.

Up to four years ago there was some few people in Chilton that were out of debt, but the last administration has made debts which will be on the people for many years. Just four little short years, two commissioners and one Probate Judge fixed our clock, but it is going to keep striking and keep better time than it ever has. We have 4 more years and we have four commissioners and a Probate Judge in Chilton county.

Best wishes to the Union-Banner and its many readers.

W. S. BEAIRD.

LOST

On Saturday afternoon, Feb. 10th, I lost 4 $10.00 bills ($40.00) in alley between rear of Gore's feed store and Broadhead's store, finder please return to me and get reward.

GEORGE JONES,
Clanton, Ala., R. 8.

LEGAL NOTICE

Birmingham, Ala., Feb. 1, 1917.

Hon. H. A. Harris,
Sheriff of Chilton County,
Clanton, Ala.,

Dear sir:

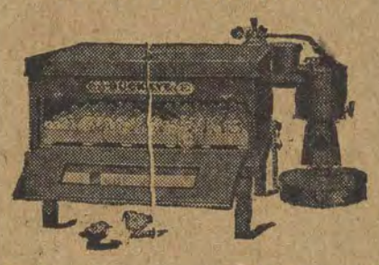
No U. S. Internal Revenue License have been issued to your county in January 1917. I hereby certify that I have carefully examined the record of the Collector of Internal Revenue and the abouve is complete and correct.

Yours very truly,
SAM P. JONES.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 1st, day of Feb. 1917.

J. B. MOSLEY,
Notary Public.

BUCKEYE INCUBATOR



It hatches more Chicks and Better Chicks.

L. D. Popwell

White Leghorns and Plymouth Rocks—Eggs to sell

Special BARGAIN Days

We are now offering many special Bargain prices, on our entire stock of General Merchandise. We want to move a lot of goods right away to make room for a lot of Spring and Summer goods which will arrive in a few weeks. Come to see us. We will save you $'s.

Clanton Mercantile Company

"The Big Bargain Store."

"Inside" Information About Eczema

Washing the skin, rubbing salves and lotions on it, will not cure your Eczema. You may temporarily relieve the constant itching, but if you want to get at the seat of the trouble, you must purify your blood.

Infected blood is dangerous, and when the watery sores and pimples appear, you should lose no time in procuring a bottle of S. S. S.

This great remedy, which was discovered over fifty years ago, will wash out and strengthen your blood, and the annoying and disfiguring eruptions of the skin will disappear, and you will soon feel healthy and vigorous again.

S. S. S. being purely vegetable, is entirely free from all "dope" and drugs; get it at your druggist's and insist upon the genuine. For free, expert advice, write to our Medical Department, Swift Specific Co., 307 Swift Building, Atlanta, Ga.

CIRCUIT COURT DATES

Second Monday in February, and continue two weeks (Jury cases.)

Second Monday in April, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

Second Monday in June, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

Second Monday in August and continue two weeks (Jury ceses.)

Second Monday in October, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

Second Monday in December, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

The Grand Jury will be organized on the Second Monday in February, and Second Monday in August.

The Equity docket will be called on the second Monday in April, and the Second Monday in June, the Second Monday in October and the First Monday in December.

Pay your subscription to this paper.

? Do you have Kidney trouble ? SIGNS OF DANGER

Backache, dizziness and headache, with "specks before the eyes," irregular heart action and liver trouble. The severity of the early symptoms depending upon the amount of poisons which the kidneys have allowed to remain in the system.

SYMPTOMS

Aching Pains over Hips, Backache, Sediment or Deposit in Urine, Irritation of the Bladder, Pain in Urinating, Rheumatism (uric acid in blood), Sudden Stoppage of Urine, Highly Colored or Milky White Urine, Pass Blood or Mocus in Urine, Retension of Urine, Straining after Urinating, Thick or Sluggish Urine, Stone in the Bladder, Cystitis (inflamation of bladder,) Catarrh of Bladder or Bowels, Puffiness under Eyes, Voracious Appetite, Thist, Gall Stone, Gravel, Pain in Urethra, Swollen Ankles, Dimmed Vision, Specks before the Eyes, Scanty Urine, Frequent Calls, Mouth Dry, Billiousness, Dribbling, Lumbago, Loss of Flesh, Weakness, Irregular Heart Action, Ulceration of the Bladder, Skin pale, Waxey and Dry, Bad odor of Perspiration.

Simple Test For Kidney Disease

Fill a bottle with urine; let it stand for twelve hours; if there is a sediment or cloudiness of any kind you have kidney or bladder trouble, and you should begin taking KIDNECO treatment today. Don't delay until the disease is to far advanced.

KIDNECO is put up in 25, 50c and $1.00 pks.

FREE KIDNECO COUPON

THIS COUPON with ten cents in silver for Postage, etc., entitles the holder to one 25c Package of Kidneco FREE. Address Dept. M The Kidneco Co., Boston, Mass.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in New Hayes Bldg.
Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women and Children
CLANTON, ALA.

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

F. B. COLLIER
Attorney at Law
Office in the Johnson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.



UNION SPRINGS

The great freeze came down on us and temporarily upset some of our early aspirations. Cabbage plants are killed and we believe the wheat and oat crops are damaged somewhat.

Our Sunday afternoon singings continue to hold their own.

Singing on the first Sunday afternoon in the Christian Harmony, at Freeman school house, on the third Sunday afternoon in the Sacred Harp at Union Springs chappel.

Mr. Robie V. D. M. a native of Vermont of the International Bible Students Association delivered a series of interesting lectures in this community last week. The subject of his first lecture was the three ways, the broad way, the narrow way and the high way. The latter not yet opened up.

Second lecture was the unchangable character of Jehovah's gifts and callings, impressing seven points, viz: Life, an Eden home, Man's dominion of Earth, the plan of Salvation, the redeemer through whom the plan was wrought, the holy spirit, the calling.

Third lecture was how to become a christian, consisting of sorrow and sin, repentance, restitution, consecration, believing, begetting of the Spirit. Mr. Robie is somewhat advanced in years, of fine intelligence, a lucid reasoner. The attendance was good, people were very much interested. He left for Anniston, Birmingham and other points north.

Mr. Alex Smith of Avondale visited here last week.

Several came down from Rocky Mount for the lecture last week.

Mr. Haygood Russ of Florida has a position at the turpentine camps of Mr. S. M. Russ.

Mr. H. Honeycutt will put in a new saw mill here.

The fertilizer question is going slow here.

Not much talk of cotton., but velvet beans, tomatoes, corn, syrup and poultry seem to be in the lead.

Long live the Union-Banner.

Half Your Living Without Money Cost

A right or wrong start in 1917 will make or break most farmers in the South. We are all facing a crisis. This war in Europe puts things in such uncertainty that no man can foresee the future with any degree of clearness.

The sure and certain increase in cotton acreage means lower cotton prices next fall. Cost of all food and grain products is high, so high that no one can afford to buy and expect to pay out with cotton.

It's a time above all others to play safe; to produce all possible food, grain and forage supplies on your own acres; to cut down the store bill.

A good piece of garden ground, rightly planted, rightly tended and kept planted the year round, can be made to pay half your living. It will save you more money than you made on the best five acres of cotton you ever grew!

Hastings' 1917 Seed Book tells all about the right kind of a money saving garden and the vegetables to put in it. It tells about the field crops as well and shows you the clear road to real farm prosperity. It's Free. Send for it today to H. G. HASTINGS CO., Atlanta, Ga.—Advt.

DEATHS

Rev. N. A. Dobbs.

Rev. N. A. Dobbs, probably the oldest citizen of the county died at his home last Wednesday and was buried on Thursday. He has been engaged in the ministry for many years, and was well known over the county.

G. S. Eiland.

Mr. G. S. Eiland, aged and well known citizen of the Bethel community, died Tuesday, and was buried at Bethel cemetery. Cancer was the ailment that caused his death. He leaves a wife and four children.

Deramus Infants.

Two twin babies of E. E. Deramus, who lives near Billingsley were found dead in bed one night last week. It is supposed that they smothered.

Mr. Johnson.

A Mr. Johnson, a man of mature age, who lived near Rocky Mount in the northern part of the county is reported to have died of cancer last week.

Mrs. George Tunnell

The body of Mrs. George Tunnell was brought down from Birmingham on last Sunday morning and buried at Mt. Nebo in the afternoon.

Mrs. Rachel Thacker

Mrs. Rachel Thacker, and old and respected lady died at her home in Clanton Saturday and was buried Sunday.

Dr. Arthur Johnson has returned from New Orlenas where he has been specializing in diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat. We call your attention to his professional card in this paper.

NOTICE

J. Hance and D. C. Alred having dissolved partnership in the Alred Drug Co., all accounts due the old firm before Jan. 27th. are now due and payable to me, and I will appreciate it very much if you will see me at once and settle same or leave it at Alred Drug Store and they will receipt you.

D. C. ALRED.

J. H. Esco of Mt. Creek called at the Banner office Wednesday.

B. G. Cooper of Lawley came to court Wednesday.

Ray Rushton, attorney of Montgomery, is attending court here this week.

No cases of any importance have been tried in the circuit court this week. Court was still in session Wednesday night.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed whereby I, as Sheriff of said County, was commanded to make the sum of Twenty-two thousand Seven hundred nineteen & 35-100 Dollars, principal and interest, and Seventeen & 15-100 Dollars, costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the Fall Term, 1916, of said Court of said County, Alabama, in favor of Birmingham Trust & Savings Co., against E. A. Matthews, W. H. Sartor, N. A. Kicker, et als., I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the Court House door of said County, between the hours of 11 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., on Monday, the 19 day of Feb. 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named W. H. Sartor and N. A. Kicker, respectively, in and to the following described real estate, viz:

Sartor.

The east half of Lot no. 16, in Block No. 8 on the east side of the L. & N. R. R., as shown by the official map of the town of Clanton, as the same now appears of record in the office of the Judge of Probate in Chilton County, Alabam, and being known as the W. H. Sartor store house and lot on the northwest corner of the intersection of Second Avenue and Seventh street, in the Town of Clanton, Chilton county, Ala.

Beginning on the northeast corner of the SW¼ of SE¼ of Sec. 35, Tp. 22, R. 14 in Chilton county, Alabama, and run thence West 131½ feet; thence south 18 feet to the point or place of beginning in the description or boundary of the lot or parcel of land here described; running thence north along west side of the north extension of tenth street 105 feet; thence in a westerly direction and at right angles with said 10th street 210 feet; thence in a southerly direction parallel with sain 10th street 105 feet; thence in an easterly direction and parallel with the line of said lot here described 210 feet to the point of beginning, said 10th street being shown by the official map of the town of Clanton, Alabama, now on file in the office of the Judge of Probate of said county. Said lot lying and being south of the H. T. Pipes property, and lying between the H. T. Pipes property and Fifth Avenue on the West side of the L. & N. R. R., in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Kicker.

Lots 14 and 15 and the west half of lot 16 in block No. 8; lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 11, and 14, in block No. 3, all on the east side of the L. & N. R. R., as shown by the official map of the Town of Clanton, as the same now appears of record in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Ala.

Lots C, D, E, and F, in Block No. 8 in the Town of Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama on the west side of the L. & N. R. R., as per the official survey of the P. D. Wilson addition to the Town of Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama, as the same appears of record in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Alabama.

One lot of land containing about nine acres lying between second Avenue and Fourth Avenue in the Town of Clanton, Alabama, known as the Kicker Grove, and the J. Wash Foshee patch in Section 35, Tp. 22, Range14, on the west side of theL. & N. R. R., in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

This 16 day of Jan. 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at Court House door Jan. 16, 1917.

J. N. Askins of Billingsley was in Clanton Wednesday.

Commissioners Herrod, Waldrup, Vinson and Wliliams were in townthe first of this week at Commissioners Court.

MORTGAGE SALE

Whereas, defalt has been made in the payment of that certain mortgage, executed on the 25th day of March, 1914, by Fraternity Hall Association, a corporation, incorporated under the laws of the State of Alabama, which said mortgage is recorded in Volume 141, of record mortgages, at page 494, in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, I, the undersigned mortgagee, will proceed to sell the following described real estate conveyed to me in said mortgage, in front of the court house door in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama, at public outcry, to the highest bidder for cash, during the legal hours of sale, on Monday, the 26th of February, 1917. Said property conveyed, being described as follows:

Lots Number four and five (4 & 5) in Block No. two (2), in the town of Thorsby, Alabama, as shown by the plat, or map of said Thorsby, on record in the office of the Judge of Probate in said County and State, together with all improvements thereon, less ten feet on the north side of Block No. 4. This property is situated, lying and being in Chilton County, Alabama.

Said sale is being made to pay the balance secured by this mortgage and the costs incident to this sale, including a reasontble attorney's fee.

G. L. FOSHEE, Mortgagee.
Middleton & Reynolds,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.

What have you got that you want to turn inot money?

I WANT TO BUY ANYTHING FARMERS HAVE

I want to buy corn, velvet beans, peas, fodder, hay, syrup, dressed hogs, hogs on foot, all kinds of cattle.

If you have anything to sell, bring it to me. I will pay highest market prices; and you can get more by bringing them here than for me to come and look at them.

For Sale or Exchange

Mules and Horses, second hand one and two horse wagons, Milk cows, etc. I can give you what you want.

I appreciate the trade I am getting, and when you want to buy or sell it will pay you to see me. I am selling out and will give you Bargains.

L. H. Reynolds

CLANTON, ALA.

Fruit Cans.

On account of so much rain last summer we failed to sell all the Fruit Cans we bought; and the price this season being so much higher than last, we are in position to furnish to our customers cheaper than even we can buy them now. Better get as many as you will need before our present stock is sold out.

Clanton Hardware Company

CLANTON, ALA.

Farm Wanted

If you have a farm or city property to sell, list it with the

Chilton County Real Estate Agency

See W. W. FOX
CLANTON, ALA.

Groceries!

Just that one word tells what I sell; but i might elaborate it by saying that I carry the best line of Groceries thatcan be put on the market. Try me a "barrel." That is the best way to learn that I am true to my claim—Clanton's Best and Leading Grocery Store.

J. W. Littlejohn



The Difference Between the "up-to-date" and the "out-of-date"

You needn't watch this range. You can trust it. Sit in the room while it does the work.

ALLEN PRINCESS
COPPER-BEARING IRON RANGES

have patented points that assures far greater efficiency, economy and comfort than can be found in other ranges.

Heat stays in the range and out of the kitchen.

Pipe back of warming closet lessening heat radiation.

Temperature even and consistent (explains).

Reservoir adjoins fire box, hot water instantaneously.

Made from copper bearing iron that assures added life and service. It looks as good as it is.

CLANTON MERCANTILE CO. Clanton, Ala.

Allen Manufacturing Company, Nashville, Tenn.

BILIOUS, HEADACHY, SICK "CASCARETS"

Gently cleanse your liver and sluggish bowels while you sleep.

Get a 10-cent box.

Sick headache, biliousness, dizziness, coated tongue, foul taste and foul breath—always trace them to torpid liver; delayed, fermenting food in the bowels or sour, gassy stomach.

Poisonous matter clogged in the intestines, instead of being cast out of the system is re-absorbed into the blood. When this poison reaches the delicate brain tissue it causes congestion and that dull, throbbing, sickening headache.

Cascarets immediately cleanse the stomach, remove the sour, undigested food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out all the constipated waste matter and poisons in the bowels.

A Cascaret to-night will surely straighten you out by morning. They work while you sleep—a 10-cent box from your druggist means your head clear, stomach sweet and your liver and bowels regular for months. Adv.

Saving Space.

"It is a very small flat."

"Well, hubby, you'll just have to keep me folded in your arms."

YES! LIFT A CORN OFF WITHOUT PAIN!

Cincinnati man tells how to dry up a corn or callus so it lifts off with fingers.

You corn-pestered men and women need suffer no longer. Wear the shoes that nearly killed you before, says this Cincinnati authority, because a few drops of freezone applied directly on a tender, aching corn or callus, stops soreness at once and soon the corn or hardened callus loosens so it can be lifted off, root and all, without pain.

A small bottle of freezone costs very little at any drug store, but will positively take off every hard or soft corn or callus. This should be tried, as it is inexpensive and is said not to irritate the surrounding skin.

If your druggist hasn't any freezone tell him to get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.—adv.

Frank, Anyway.

Shrew (contemptuously) — What would you have been if it weren't for my money?

Shrewd — A bachelor. — Stanford Chaparral.

FALLING HAIR MEANS DANDRUFF IS ACTIVE

Save Your Hair! Get a 25 Cent Bottle of Danderine Right Now—Also Stops Itching Scalp.

Thin, brittle, colorless and scraggy hair is mute evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff—that awful scurf.

There is nothing so destructive to the hair as dandruff. It robs the hair of its luster, its strength and its very life; eventually producing a feverishness and itching of the scalp, which if not remedied causes the hair roots to shrink, loosen and die—then the hair falls out fast. A little Danderine tonight—now—any time—will surely save your hair.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store, and after the first application your hair will take on that life, luster and luxuriance which is so beautiful. It will become wavy and fluffy and have the appearance of abundance; an incomparable gloss and softness, but what will please you most will be after just a few weeks' use, when you will actually see a lot of fine, downy hair—new hair—growing all over the scalp. Adv.

Appropriate Warning.

"That man is as deep as a well."

"Well, don't go to boring him."—Baltimore American.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

More than $1,500,000 electric storage batteries are used in automobiles in the United States.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

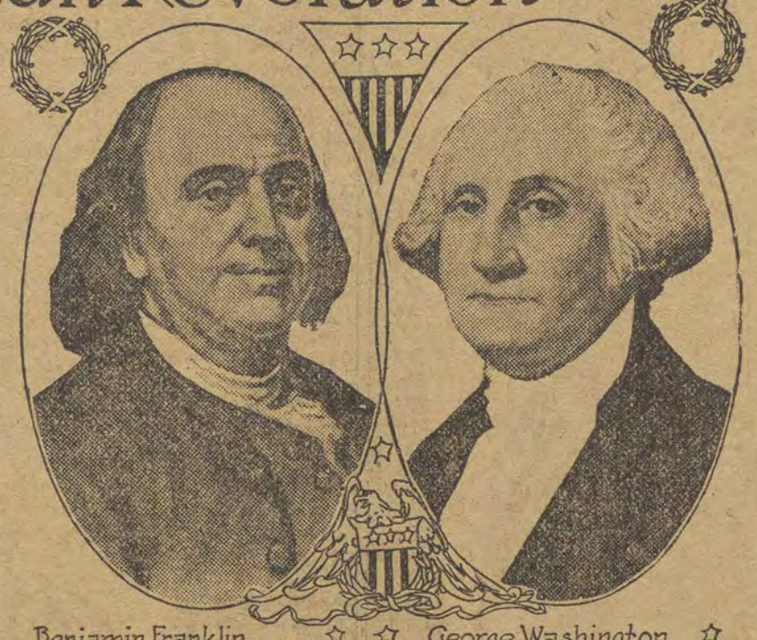
In the near future wireless apparatus will be installed in all important police stations.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets are best for liver, bowels and stomach. One little Pellet for a laxative—three for a cathartic.—Adv.

Women are fond of telling their imaginary troubles, but not their real ones.

Old Letters Throw New Light on American Revolution

Enemies of Washington and Franklin almost succeeded in wrecking the struggling cause.



Benjamin Franklin ☆ ☆ George Washington ☆

LAST year during the "Clean-up week" in Philadelphia, some descendants of Robert Morris, the financier of the Revolution, worked their way to an unused attic. Having decided to dispose of an old desk, curiosity caused them to search its drawers, with the result that a pile of yellow and faded letters, written by the men who created the nation, was uncovered. A glance through them showed their great importance, says Joseph Jackson in the Public Ledger.

A reading of some of the letters shows that there will have to be a rearrangement of values of some of the leading characters of the Revolution.

In the letters we see how cabals and intrigues and backbiting ranged through the whole governing and official classes. Washington's place as commander-in-chief was resented by some, Franklin was alleged by his companions in France to be too old and too indolent, one who should be sent home. Congress was removed to Baltimore before there was any necessity for the change, and the delegates murmured at being compelled to live in a town where there were such poor accommodations.

Morris evidently was regarded as the true friend of both Washington and Franklin, and to him came the tales of the intrigues against them and how the fate of the war hung in the balance for a time, for had Washington been deprived of his command the whole campaign would have been thrown into confusion and into the arms of the British commander. Had Franklin been removed from France at the instigation of his companions, the support that eventually made the nation free would have been withheld.

It is very well known, of course, that John Adams had declared that he was sick of the Fabian system and that he thanked God that it was another and not Washington that received the glory for the Saratoga convention. But, in a letter written by Benjamin Harrison, one of the signers of the Declaration, under date of Williamsburg, Va., December 18, 1777, it is found that both Samuel and John Adams were in league to get rid of Washington. The R. H. L. noted in the letter is, of course, Richard Henry Lee.

"We have a story circulating here," Harrison wrote, "that there has been a motion made in Congress to divide the command of the army and that R. H. L. was at the bottom of it. It makes much noise, and if true, will effectually do his business. We are also informed that Genl. Washington's character has been attack'd publicly by S. & J. Adams, and that the Genl. has been so inform'd.

"Your being sent to Camp gives me some reason to fear that these reports may be true, and that my worthy Friend resents such treatment, I know his Value & would not loose him. If we do, America will repent it by the loss of her Liberty. The Confederation is unanimously agreed to by both Branches of the Legislature.

"There is one part of it I confess I couldn't have wish'd to have alter'd, which gives the Congress power of regulating the Trades, and of course granting a monopoly of the whole, or any part of it to any Nations it pleases, tho' some of our connoisseurs say they have no such power, there being no express grant of it, which they say is necessary to constitute the right, and that it can't be obtained by implication. I shall be glad of your opinion on the matter.

"The Men of War still keep us Blocked up and I dare say will do so all the Winter, in which case many Vessels will rot with their Loads in them, and yours amongst the Rest, and my Ships I fear will share the same fate on the stocks, which will be a most deadly stroke to me, if they do stay the Winter, it will be on acct. of the Frigate at Baltimore which they seem determined not to let proceed to Sea.

"We have not a word of News, nor any thing that I know of worth your Notice, except that this Country will act an Example I hope to the rest of her Sister States, by sending her full quota of Troops, and raising as much money as the People can bear. If all the rest do so we may once again meet with joyful countenances and Cheerful Hearts."

In a letter dated February 15, 1778, Harrison says:

"It gives one great pain to be certainly inform'd that there are some in the Senate who dislike our General. I have long suspected it, nay, I something more than suspect it, but had my hopes that his continued Labours and the situation he has ever been in, of always being inferior to the Enemy in numbers, and his men in want of every necessary, circumstances well known in Congress, would in the end have made every man his friend, and have satisfied them that more than he has done would not have been done by any man, and that we have no one that could in any degree have equal'd him; I am as confident of this as I am of my existence that the favorite of the day [Charles Lee?] is as far inferior to him, as he is inferior to any officer in the army, and this truth America will experience to her cost, if ever he should be placed at the head of her armies. Certain I am of one thing, that if this measure takes place a great part of the strength of this Country will be immediately taken off.

"The General is fully inform'd of all these Cabals, they prey on his Constitution, sink his Spirits, and will in the end I fear prove fatal to him. If this should be the case excuse me for once more repeating it, America will loose perhaps her only prop. He well knows bad consequences would follow his resignation, or he would not leave it in the power of the wicked and designing, thus to insult him. With a few words more I shall finish this painful Subject, **Be Ware of Your Board of War.**

"I am truly sorry for the conduct of your brother, and the disagreeable Scrape he has brot you into, tho' it certainly can not operate to your disadvantage with thinking men.

"If you should be under the disagreeable necessity of removing your family this way, and you think I can in any Manner be Serviceable to them, I beg you will command me without reserve; and I think on this occasion you should not depend too much on what you expect Providence will do for us. Such Enthusiasm is very commendable in the Statesman, but may be carried too far in the Husband and Father.

"Let me earnestly recommend the immediate removal of your Family for it is my opinion Gen. Howe will open the Campaign by the first of April well knowing that our recruits can't join the army till May, in which case our Worthy General will once more be induced to the mortifying necessity of retreating."

There are several letters by William Hooper, one of the North Carolina delegation, in which one gets the idea that, more than even moderns do, the country then believed its fate depended upon the efforts of Washington as commander in chief, and that to change horses or to divide responsibility with another commander would be fatal to the American cause.

Three letters from Franklin, two of them written while the philosopher was in France, give a very comprehensive view of the difficulties he encountered through the jealousy of his companions. The first letter is dated at Paris, December 21, 1777, and shows that harmony was lacking among the American ministers sent there by congress.

"I remember that long before I was ordered here," he wrote, "you did me the Honour to say, you should not dislike being sent to France with me. Since being here, I have frequently wish'd that Appointment had taken place. I think I should have pass'd my time more comfortably. We are now five of us in this City, all honest and Capable Men (if I may include myself in that Description) and all meaning well for the Public, but our Tempers do not suit, and we are got into Disputes and Contentions that are not to our Credit, and which I have sometimes feared would go to Extremes.

"You know the natural Disposition of some of us, how jealous, how captious, how suspicious even of real Friends, and how positive, after suspecting a while, that the Suspicions are certain Truths, Confirmations strong as Proofs from Holy Writ. You will, therefore, I am persuaded, if Complaints of one another should come to your hands, make due Allowance for such Tempers, and suffer no Man to be condemn'd unheard, I do not write thus on my own Account, as I am not apprehensive of your receiving any Complaints of me; for tho' it is difficult to live in peace with such Characters, how much soever one esteems them for the Virtue and Abilities they otherwise possess, I have, however, done it tolerably hitherto; but as I am not sure it can last, I wish most sincerely that we were separated; for our being together seems of no Use, and, as we hinted formerly in a joint Letter, is attended with many inconveniences.

"Such Inconveniences being formerly experienced by other States, I suppose the Reason, that no Power in Europe, for a Century past, has sent more than one Person to one Court. Possibly this desirable Event may soon take place, for if France & Spain acknowledge us as independent States, the other Courts will follow, and receive our Envoys.

"I have the Pleasure to assure you, that all Europe is of our side except the King of England and his Placemen and Pensioners, Contractors and Expectors. There is, however, a furious Ferment in his Parliament about his Measures, and if you could be fortunate enough to treat Howe as you have done Burgoyne, he would be in danger of the old House falling on his Head."

In the next letter, which is dated from Passy, June 3, 1780, Franklin expresses himself upon the subject of free ships and free goods. What he had to say must be illuminating in the present European struggle and its effect upon neutral commerce of the world.

"We are impatient to hear from America, no Accounts of the Operations before Charlestown later than the 9th of March having yet came to hand. Everything here in Europe continues to wear a good Face. Russia, Sweden, Denmark and Holland are raising a strong Naval Force, to establish the free Navigation for Neutral Ships, and of all their Cargoes, tho' belonging to Enemies, except contraband; that is, military Stores.

"France and Spain have approved of it, and it is likely to become henceforth the Law of Nations, that free Ships make free Goods. England does not like this Confederacy. I wish they would extend it still further, and ordain that unarm'd Trading Ships, as well as Fishermen, and Farmers, should be respected, as working for the common Benefit of Mankind, and never be interrupted in their Operations even by national Enemies, but let those only fight with one another whose Trade it is, and who are armed and paid for the purpose."

The last Franklin item consists of a contemporary copy of a letter in cipher to Franklin acquainting him that Congress had passed a resolution expressing the sense of that body that he was not exerting himself with the Government of France in a manner to benefit America. On this Franklin added a line to Morris, saying, "I need not tell you that Messrs. Lee, &c., are among the foremost to make these assertions."

MUCH IN LITTLE

Last year was a banner year for the production of coal in Alabama.

Los Angeles city is rich, holding in the treasury, money, bonds and securities of a total value of $20,514,155.

Only about 30 per cent of the natives of Spain are able to read and write.

An automobile coal wagon has been invented with four separate compartments, so well balanced that they can be dumped by hand.

Along the Cornwall coast many miners earn a living by washing tin out of the sands, the sea shattering the metal-bearing rocks.

An increase in parasitical diseases among poultry and game birds in England is attributed to the distribution of dust through the air by automobiles.

The population of Manila increased from 234,409 in 1912 to 266,943 at the beginning of 1914. Male inhabitants were more numerous than female by about 32,000.

So thoroughly have the men been instructed to avoid it that trench-foot is now regarded as a crime among Canadian troops in France.

A patent has been granted a New York inventor for a guard to prevent the fingers of a person using a sewing machine from being pushed under the needle.

The Tasmanian government has dammed a large lake and built a hydroelectric plant for light and power that will be distributed throughout the state.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of Sunday School Course of Moody Bible Institute.)

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR FEBRUARY 18

JESUS HEALS NOBLEMAN'S SON.

LESSON TEXT—John 4:43-54.

GOLDEN TEXT—As thou hast believed, so be it done unto thee.—Matt. 8:13.

This event occurred a few days after that of last Sunday's lesson. It was Jesus' second miracle in Cana. John the Baptist is still preaching, and Jesus is closing the first year of his ministry and beginning his work in Galilee. Teachers should bring a vivid picture of Galilee to their classes, as that was one of the important fields to which our Master devoted much of his time. (For description see some good Bible dictionary.) The people of that land were more worldly, less bound by conventionalities, and more accessible to the teachings which Jesus brought than those of Judea. Josephus says they were "fond of innovations, and disposed to changes."

I. **Supplication (Testing)** vv. 43-49. Jesus left the revival at Samaria (vv. 39-44) and returned to Galilee. His own people of Nazareth refused to accept him "for a prophet hath no honor in his own country." It was in Galilee that he had his great victories. Here he was welcome (v. 45) because they had known the things that he did at Jerusalem, the report of which was brought back by those who had visited the feast (John 2:14-17). In Cana (Ch. 2:11) one came to him who was a king's officer, one who was used to command, and whose great personal need overcame any prejudice (Matt. 9:18; Luke 7:2). God uses afflictions ofttimes to drive us to him, and the most effective way to induce men to come to Jesus is to bring them to recognize their need which he alone can supply. The lad was "at the point of death," hence the father's journey of twenty miles from Capernaum to Cana, seeking help. We have here the weakness of faith indicated in verse forty-eight, in that the man would not believe except he should see signs and wonders. We have also the earnestness of the man in verse 49. "Sir, come down ere my child die." Man's extremity is ever God's opportunity. Not only extreme cases of sickness can be brought to him, but extreme cases of sin as well (I Tim. 1:15; Heb. 7:25). He can heal not only those who are "at the point of death" but those who are already dead (Eph. 2:1). The child was dying, the father had not strength to wait to see wonders, but he could and did trust Jesus to heal his son.

II. **Surrender (Trusting)** vv. 50-51. When the soldier took Jesus at his word, he surrendered his previous conception, and accepted the word of God; literally acting upon his belief. He went his way because he believed. He did not ask Jesus again to go to Capernaum. We must not confuse this kind of faith, however, with his having accepted Jesus as Savior. He accepted Jesus only as healer. We have men today who will accept Jesus Christ in the perfection of his character and the purity of his teachings but who will not accept him to be their personal Savior. Such men want to receive the benefits of Christianity, failing to recognize its spiritual power and authority.

III. **Satisfaction (Triumph)** (vv. 52-54). The father's faith rose to the need for "he believed the word that Jesus spake." That word did not seem at all probable, but it was enough. The word of Jesus who is, himself, the truth, is a sure and more reasonable ground of faith than any amount of speculation. This father's walk from Cana to Capernaum was a walk of faith. He had nothing but a bare promise to support him, yet on his return he found his son living (v. 52). On this word of Jesus he, himself, believed, and his whole house. It seems improbable that this could be otherwise if he were an honest man.

IV. **Suggestions** (1) The living, personal presence of Christ is not needful. It was a wise provision of God's economy that Christ should have returned to heaven.

(2) Acts are the true indications of our faith. God's written revelation and the revelation of his son, the Living Word, and the witness of the experience of God's saints are sufficient facts upon which to base faith.

(3) Faith is progressive. Notice the growth from verses 48 to 50 and 53. At first the man believed in Jesus' power; then he beleived in Jesus' word, and believed in Jesus, himself; then he reaches the highest point in that he does not believe alone, for his whole house believed with him.

(4) Faith is the source of all Christian gifts and graces. We have an advantage over these Galileans of nearly nineteen centuries of what Christ has wrought among the peoples of the earth among those who have believed on him. He has been tried and proved, and the gifts of God's grace, eternal life, the gifts of the Spirit are all conditioned upon our faith in him and in the Lord Jesus.

Our salvation from sin, our effectiveness as disciples and followers depend upon our faith in Jesus Christ as our Savior from sin, and as our Lord and Master.

Meat Eaters' Backache

Meat lovers are apt to have backaches and rheumatic attacks. Unless you do heavy work and get lots of fresh air, don't eat too much meat. It's rich in nitrogen and helps to form uric acid—a solid poison that irritates the nerves, damages the kidneys and often causes dropsy, gravel and urinary disorders. Doan's Kidney Pills help weak kidneys to throw off uric acid. Thousands recommend them.

An Alabama Case



Ernest R. Malone, 312 N. Conception St., Mobile, Ala., says: "My kidneys were disordered and I had to get up often at night to pass the kidney secretions. My back ached terribly and the doctor said I had serious kidney complaint. I kept getting worse and had almost given up hope when I heard of Doan's Kidney Pills. Three boxes completely cured me."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Southern Combination Planter

Plants cotton, corn, peas and beans any distance apart or in the drill. Saves seed and labor.

AGENTS WANTED

Southern Planter Co., Columbia, S.C.

THE MONEY is yours if you grab this winner. It sells to everybody. No talking necessary. Just show it and the sale is made. 100% profit. The wise agent will send for free particulars. Address J. E. McLAMB AGENCY, Benson, N. C.

But it's all right for a deaf man to tell his wife everything he hears.

Weak, Fainty Heart, and Hysterics can be rectified by taking "Renovine" a heart and nerve tonic. Price 50c and $1. Adv.

Fortunate is the woman whose husband is as smart as she thinks he is.

CUTICURA KILLS DANDRUFF

The Cause of Dry, Thin and Falling Hair and Does It Quickly—Trial Free.

Anoint spots of dandruff, itching and irritation with Cuticura Ointment. Follow at once by a hot shampoo with Cuticura Soap, if a man, and next morning if a woman. When Dandruff goes the hair comes. Use Cuticura Soap daily for the toilet.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Indian Battleax Found.

A copper banner stone or ceremonial weapon of ancient Indian days, which was recently unearthed in Fond du Lac during the digging of a sewer, is described and pictured in the last issue of the Wisconsin Archaeologist.

The weapon is shaped like an ancient battleax and has two blades and a hole for a handle. It was found six feet in the earth and is believed to have been lost on the lake shore many ages ago, before the lake receded to its present level, or buried by a later generation of Indians. A cache of interesting Indian relics and weapons was dug up in the same city several years ago.

Husbands Disposed Of.

They were seatmates in a traction car headed for the port of Terre Haute. The seats are rather narrow, and of course there had to be apologies based on sitting snugly.

"Narrow seats," he said.

That started them toward more intimate conversation. And before the car reached Coatesville she had confessed that she was a widow—twice.

"Had two husbands?" he queried.

"Yep, two of 'em,' she confessed. "Sodded one of 'em, and the court took the other one."

Full of Sympathy.

He—Is your sister's fiancee rich?

She—Oh, no. Every time mother talks about the wedding father says "poor man!"



You Can Snap Your Fingers

at the ill effects of caffeine when you change from coffee to

POSTUM

"There's a Reason"

MRS. KIESO SICK SEVEN MONTHS

Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



Aurora, Ill.—"For seven long months I suffered from a female trouble, with severe pains in my back and sides until I became so weak I could hardly walk from chair to chair, and got so nervous I would jump at the slightest noise. I was entirely unfit to do my housework, I was giving up hope of ever being well, when my sister asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took six bottles and today I am a healthy woman able to do my own housework. I wish every suffering woman would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and find out for themselves how good it is."—Mrs. CARL A. KIESO, 596 North Ave., Aurora, Ill.

The great number of unsolicited testimonials on file at the Pinkham Laboratory, many of which are from time to time published by permission, are proof of the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, in the treatment of female ills.

Every ailing woman in the United States is cordially invited to write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass., for special advice. It is free, will bring you health and may save your life.

The Brief Spell of Confidence.

"She believes every word he tells her."

"How long have they been married?"

"They're not married. They're going to be."—Detroit Free Press.

THAT GRIM WHITE SPECTRE, Pneumonia, follows on the heels of a neglected cough or cold. Delay no longer. Take Mansfield's Cough Balsam. Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

Do not judge the liquor by the fancy bottle.



Farmer—"Them city folks want to know if there's a bath in the house. What'll I tell 'em?"

His Wife—"Tell 'em if they need a bath, they'd better take it before they come."

Take a bath of course, and every three hours while awake take a dose of

Boschee's German Syrup

It will quiet your cough, soothe the inflammation of a sore throat and lungs, stop the irritation in the bronchial tubes, insuring a good night's rest, free and easy expectoration in the morning. That old time-tested remedy which for more than half a century has brought relief and comfort to countless thousands all over the civilized world. 25c and 75c at druggists and dealers everywhere.



everything about a rainy day seems to say to keep dry, to work in comfort wear the FISH BRAND REFLEX SLICKER $3.50

DEALERS EVERYWHERE.
A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON.

STOCK LICK IT—STOCK LIKE IT



For Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Contains Copperas for Worms, Sulphur for the Blood, Saltpeter for the Kidneys, Nux Vomica, a Tonic, and Pure Dairy Salt. Used by Veterinarians 12 years. No Dosing. Drop Brick in feed-box. Ask your dealer for Blackman's or write

BLACKMAN STOCK REMEDY COMPANY
CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE

Tutt's Pills

The dyspeptic, the debilitated, whether from excess of work of mind or body, drink or exposure in

MALARIAL REGIONS,

will find Tutt's Pills the most genial restorative ever offered the suffering invalid.

GET-THERE-FIRST SHORT COTTON $4.00 PECK

Few left, disposition easy; hence, benefitting greatest number, will sell no one exceeding peck. Send dime for sample. Only cotton beats weevil. Earliest, sets nearly bale acre, bolls before greatest weevil damage; grows till frost. Big boll, big seed, 41% lint. Buy peck, plant acre, make 30 bushels for 1918, profit enormously. Watson 40-lb. melon seed, prolific, earliest, dollar lb. Reference: Allendale Bank. L. A. STONEY, ALLENDALE, S. C.

FROST PROOF CABBAGE PLANTS

Early Jersey and Charleston Wakefield, Succession and Flat Dutch, by express, 500, $1.00, 1,000, $1.50, 5,000, at $1.25. Satisfaction guaranteed. Postpaid 30c per 100.

D. F. JAMISON, SUMMERVILLE, S. C.

APPENDICITIS

If you have been threatened or have GALLSTONES, INDIGESTION, GAS or pains in the right side write for valuable Book of Information FREE
L. E. BOWERS DEPT. W-8, 219 S. DEARBORN ST., CHICAGO

When a dentist is buried he has filled his last cavity.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"
To get the genuine, call for full name LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. 25c.

When a man proposes he doesn't seem to realize that it may result in his losing control.

IMMEDIATE ATTENTION should be given to sprains, swellings, bruises, rheumatism and neuralgia. Keep Mansfield's Magic Arnica Liniment handy on the shelf. Three sizes—25c, 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

A new baby carriage, which includes receptacles for clothing, can be folded to resemble a suitcase.

NOTHING SO EFFECTIVE AS ELIXIR BABEK For Malaria, Chills & Fever.
Chief of Police, J. W. Reynolds, Newport News, Va., says: "It is a pleasure to recommend **Babek** for chills and fever. Have used it when necessary for 20 years and have found no remedy as effective." **Elixir Babek** 50 cents, all druggists, or by Parcel Post, prepaid, from Kloczewski & Co., Washington, D. C.
A Good Move—**Babek Liver Pills.**
50 pills - - - - 25 cents

Remedy for H. C. L.

The price of living might not be so high if more people merely ate what they need instead of all they can.—Cleveland Leader.

MOTHER, ATTENTION!

Gold Ring for Baby Free.

Get a 25c Bottle of Baby Ease from any drug store, mail coupon as directed and gold ring (guaranteed), proper size, mailed you. Baby Ease cures Bowel Complaints and Teething Troubles of Babies.—Adv.

The Hitch.

"Are you living within your income?"

"I am, all right, but the trouble is my wife isn't."

ACTRESS TELLS SECRET.

A well known actress gives the following recipe for gray hair: To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and ¼ oz. of glycerine. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Barbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off. Adv.

A Remedy.

He—My brain is on fire.

She—Why don't you blow it out?—Chicago News.

A DELICIOUS DINNER

Break a quarter package of **Skinner's Macaroni** into boiling water, boil ten or twelve minutes, drain and blanch. Take equal parts of cold chicken, boiled **Macaroni** and tomato sauce; put in layers in a shallow dish and cover with buttered crumbs. Bake until brown. Just try this once. **Skinners Macaroni** can be secured at any good grocery store.—Adv.

Wants to Include Irresponsible.

Let the disarmament of nations include inverted umbrellas with sharp steel ferrules.—Buffalo News.

INDIGESTION, GAS OR SICK STOMACH

Time it! Pape's Diapepsin ends all Stomach misery in five minutes.

Do some foods you eat hit back—taste good, but work badly; ferment into stubborn lumps and cause a sick, sour, gassy stomach? Now, Mr. or Mrs. Dyspeptic, jot this down: Pape's Diapepsin digests everything, leaving nothing to sour and upset you. There never was anything so safely quick, so certainly effective. No difference how badly your stomach is disordered you will get happy relief in five minutes, but what pleases you most is that it strengthens and regulates your stomach so you can eat your favorite foods without fear.

You feel different as soon as "Pape's Diapepsin" comes in contact with the stomach—distress just vanishes—your stomach gets sweet, no gases, no belching, no eructations of undigested food.

Go now, make the best investment you ever made, by getting a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any store. You realize in five minutes how needless it is to suffer from indigestion, dyspepsia or bad stomach. Adv.

An acre of good fishing ground will produce more food in a week than an acre of land in a year.

COVETED BY ALL

but possessed by few—a beautiful head of hair. If yours is streaked with gray, or is harsh and stiff, you can restore it to its former beauty and luster by using "La Creole" Hair Dressing. Price $1.00.—Adv.

An English scientist has discovered that Eskimos have two more ribs than any other human race.

If you suspect that your child has Worms, a single dose of Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" will settle the question. Its action upon the Stomach and Bowels is beneficial in either case. No second dose or after purgative necessary. Adv.

Anyway, the man who thinks he knows it all never says: "I'm from Missouri."

Granulated Eyelids, Sties, Inflamed Eyes relieved over night by Roman Eye Balsam. One trial proves its merit. Adv.

If you can't get along with people try to get along without them.

Outstanding Features in Spring Coats



Will a new suit be the uppermost thing in your thoughts in spring apparel, or do you intend to become a devotee of the one-piece dress and the separate coat? There is no getting away from the fact that the one-piece frock, or "the dressmaker's dress," as it is called, challenges our admiration on every side; everybody is wearing it. Likewise, just at present, everyone is covering up this graceful garment with a long coat, generous, enveloping, and becoming. Not within the memory of woman have coats been so ample and luxurious looking. It is all because they are of such soft-looking cloths and have such roomy sleeves, and, above all, such big collars.

In the new coats recently brought out for demi-season wear, collars remain extra large. There is a choice in lengths between coats that cover the dress and those that are three-quarter length. Some of them are accused of looking more like a bathrobe than anything else, with narrow girdles that are wrapped loosely about the figure. A few of them are pocketless, but the others make up for it with pockets of such size and pronounced style that all pockets that have gone before become insignificant.

In the coat shown in the accompanying picture the collar and the pockets are very conservative as to size, but the cuffs go to any length in asserting the generosity of things in coats.

It is of soft, heavy broadcloth. You may select it in one of the lovely shades of gray or perhaps in French blue, but you are more likely to buy it in a darker shade.

The collar is of the cape variety that looks so cozy when brought up about the neck. It is embellished with two bands of velvet, and similar bands appear on the cuffs. This is a girdleless model—the skirt set on to the body with a velvet piping. Two rows of small buttons make an admirable finish at the back, and the conical pockets are modestly satisfied with only one button each. This is altogether a very quiet garment, but if you want something else there are others in deep orange color or with other startling outstanding features.

Having the Charm of Simplicity



To design gowns that will suit the taste of the debutante and be suited at the same time to her youth, is something of a problem. Most very young women wish to clothe themselves in styles considerably too mature for them. This is like putting a dainty watercolor in a heavy overwrought gold frame. But mothers must emphasize and bring home to their daughters the charm of youth, which is best expressed in frocks that at least have the appearance of simplicity.

A pretty taffeta frock well suited to the young girl is shown in the accompanying picture. It is a demure, Quakerish-looking affair with only parallel rows of cords set in the bodice and skirt to relieve it of entire plainness. The skirt is plain and straight and is gathered to the bodice. The girdle is made of the silk and tied in a knot with two ends, at the front.

A plain organdie collar with hemstitched hem finishes the neck. This might be replaced by a collar of the less expensive laces, but to no special advantage, for the collar of organdie has the same style and character as the gown.

Dresses similar in style are made with a slightly raised waistline and worn without a girdle. In these the bodice usually buttons down the front, while in the model picture the fastening is on the shoulder and along the underarm.

Julia Bottomley

Millinery Ideas.

While many hats are decidedly of Oriental origin, others are suggestive of the periods of Francis I and Henry IV. They should be set straight on the head and cover it equally, not leaving one side more exposed than the other, and be brought low down on the brow, in the exact center reckoned from one side of the forehead to the other.

Dainty Shoes.

Footwear is growing more and more dainty. Shoes of silk are embroidered with gold and silver thread.

CALOMEL SICKENS! IT SALIVATES! DON'T STAY BILIOUS, CONSTIPATED

I Guarantee "Dodson's Liver Tone" Will Give You the Best Liver and Bowel Cleansing You Ever Had—Don't Lose a Day's Work!

Calomel makes you sick; you lose a day's work. Calomel is quicksilver and it salivates; calomel injures your liver.

If you are bilious, feel lazy, sluggish and all knocked out, if your bowels are constipated and your head aches or stomach is sour, just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone instead of using sickening, salivating calomel. Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and your bowels regular. You will feel like working. You'll be cheerful; full of vigor and ambition.

Your druggist or dealer sells you a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone under my personal guarantee that it will clean your sluggish liver better than nasty calomel; it won't make you sick and you can eat anything you want without being salivated. Your druggist guarantees that each spoonful will start your liver, clean your bowels and straighten you up by morning or you can have your money back. Children gladly take Dodson's Liver Tone because it is pleasant tasting and doesn't gripe or cramp or make them sick.

I am selling millions of bottles of Dodson's Liver Tone to people who have found that this pleasant, vegetable, liver medicine takes the place of dangerous calomel. Buy one bottle on my sound, reliable guarantee. Ask your druggist or storekeeper about me. Adv.

ARE YOUR KIDNEYS WEAK?

Thousands of Men and Women Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect It.

Nature warns you when the track of health is not clear. Kidney and bladder troubles cause many annoying symptoms and great inconvenience both day and night.

Unhealthy kidneys may *cause* lumbago, rheumatism, catarrh of the bladder, pain or dull ache in the back, joints or muscles, at times have headache or indigestion, as time passes you may have a sallow complexion, puffy or dark circles under the eyes, sometimes feel as though you had heart trouble, may have plenty of ambition but no strength, get weak and lose flesh.

If such conditions are permitted to continue, serious *results* may be expected; Kidney Trouble in its very worst form may steal upon you.

Prevalency of Kidney Disease.

Most people do not realize the alarming increase and remarkable prevalency of kidney disease. While kidney disorders are among the most common diseases that prevail, they are almost the last recognized by patients, *who usually content themselves with doctoring the effects*, while the *original disease* may constantly undermine the system.

If you feel that your kidneys are the cause of your sickness or run down condition, try taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the famous kidney, liver and bladder remedy, because as soon as your kidneys improve, they will help the other organs to health.

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at all drug stores. Don't make any mistake but remember the name, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., which you will find on every bottle.

SPECIAL NOTE—You may obtain a sample size bottle of Swamp-Root by enclosing ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. This gives you the opportunity to prove the remarkable merit of this medicine. They will also send you a book of valuable information, containing many of the thousands of grateful letters received from men and women who say they found Swamp-Root to be just the remedy needed in kidney, liver and bladder troubles. The value and success of Swamp-Root are so well known that our readers are advised to send for a sample size bottle. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing be sure and mention this paper.

Good Combination.

He—Of course, there's a big difference between a botanist and a florist.

She—Is there, really?

He—Yes, a bontanist is one who knows all about the price people will pay for them.—Boston Transcript.

SYRUP OF FIGS FOR A CHILD'S BOWELS

It is cruel to force nauseating, harsh physic into a sick child.

Look back at your childhood days. Remember the "dose" mother insisted on—castor oil, calomel, cathartics. How you hated them, how you fought against taking them.

With our children it's different. Mothers who cling to the old form of physic simply don't realize what they do. The children's revolt is well-founded. Their tender little "insides" are injured by them.

If your child's stomach, liver and bowels need cleansing, give only delicious "California Syrup of Figs." Its action is positive, but gentle. Millions of mothers keep this harmless "fruit laxative" handy; they know children love to take it; that it never fails to clean the liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach, and that a teaspoonful given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on each bottle. Adv.

A man gossip spends a lot of his time looking for another job.

Hard Work.

"Does nobody smoke in this family? Can't you even give me a light?"

"Yes, but keep it dark."

Dr. B. F. Jackson, Celebrated Physician, handed down to posterity his famous prescription for female troubles. Now sold under the name of "Femenina." Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

Electric street car service was begun in Matanzas and Cardenzas on December 17.

Constipation generally indicates disordered stomach, liver and bowels; Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills restores regularity without griping. Adv.

Ready money is the root of much pleasure.

WHAT IS LAX-FOS

LAX-FOS is an improved Cascara A DIGESTIVE LAXATIVE—Pleasant to take

In LAX-FOS the Cascara is improved by addition of certain harmless chemicals which increase the efficiency of the Cascara, making it better than ordinary Cascara. LAX-FOS aids digestion; pleasant to take; does not gripe or disturb stomach. Adapted to children and adults. Just try a bottle for constipation or indigestion. 50c.

Kodak Films Developed Free

Send for samples and price list
TERRESON'S, BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Three Cents will bring you 25 magazines and papers. Very interesting, try them. C. A. FRICKE, 1361 Dudley St., Cincinnati, O.

"ROUGH on RATS" Ends Rats, Mice, Bugs. Die outdoors. 15c and 25c.

W. N. U., Birmingham, No. 7--1917.

Backache

In spite of the best care one takes of oneself, any part of the human machine is liable to become out of order. The most important organs are the stomach, heart and kidneys.

The kidneys are the scavengers and they work day and night in separating the poisons from the blood. Their signals of distress are easily recognized and include such symptoms as backache, depressions, drowsiness, irritability, headaches, dizziness, rheumatic twinges, dropsy, gout.

"The very best way to restore the kidneys to their normal state of health," says Dr. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., "is to drink plenty of pure water and obtain from your favorite pharmacy a small amount of Anuric, which is dispensed by almost every druggist." Anuric is inexpensive and should be taken before meals. You will find Anuric more potent than lithia, dissolves uric acid as water does sugar.



BANISHED—pimples, blotches, sores, humors, and eruptions, by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. For a poor complexion, and for the poor blood that causes it, this is the best of all known remedies.

In every disease or disorder of the skin or scalp, in every trouble that comes from impure blood, the "Discovery" is the only medicine sold that does what it promises.

Scrofula in all its various forms, Eczema, Tetter, Salt-rheum, Erysipelas, Boils, Carbuncles, Enlarged Glands, and Swellings, and every kindred ailment, are benefited and cured by it.

Cut this out and mail to us with the name of the paper—we will mail you *free* a medical treatise on above diseases. Address Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take as candy.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores.

Our Business is to PLEASE YOU!

And we can do it if you will let us sell you your Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Lard and other Groceries, and Farming Implements.
We have a line of Fresh Garden and Field Seeds.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Moneys Worth or Your Money Back"
CLANTON, ALA.

SAW MILL OUTFIT -- FOR SALE --

I HAVE FOR SALE A COMPLETE SAW MILL OUTFIT, ALSO GOOD DRY KILN. FIVE HEAD OF MULES, SIX OXEN, AND TWO DRAYS. ..WILL SELL ALL OF THE ABOVE CHEAP FOR CASH.
FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS APPLY

L. N. BROWN

RANDOLPH, ALABAMA.

FOR RENT

My two-horse farm, known as the Cain place, near New Salem Church.
One-horse farm known as the Ben Price place; also a three-horse farm near Bice's Ovens.
If interested in renting any of above property, address

HOWARD L. FOSHEE

Eclectic, Ala.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

Pure Bred Duroc Jerseys

Pigs, both sexes. Service boar Bred Gilts. Barred Plymouth Rock Chickens, the Thompson Strain. Eggs in season.

W. Y. NIX, Maplesville, Ala.

SHOE SHOP

I HAVE OPENED UP A SHOE AND HARNESS REPAIR SHOP AT THE BROWN OLD STAND IN THE KICKER BUILDING, AND AM PREPARED TO DO THE BEST CLASS OF WORK AT THE MOST REASONABLE PRICES. YOUR WORK IS SOLICITED UNDER A POSITIVE GUARANTEE OF SATISFACTION IN BOTH PRICES AND WORKMANSHIP.

Jim Huckabee

OHIO WOMAN'S WISH

For Tired, Weak, Nervous Women

Bellefontaine, Ohio.—"I wish every tired, weak, nervous woman could have Vinol, for I never spent any money in my life that did me so much good as that I spent for Vinol. I was weak, tired, worn out and nervous, and Vinol made me strong, well and vigorous after everything else had failed to help me, and I can now do my housework with pleasure."—Mrs. J. F. LAMBORN.

We guarantee Vinol for all weak, run-down, nervous, debilitated conditions.

Upchurch Drug Co., and all leading Druggists in Alabama towns.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that on the 25th day of January, 1917, the undersigned, E. B. Wren was appointed Administrator of the estate of Mary Ann Eliza Green, in the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, and all persons having claims against the estte of decedent are hereby notified to present the same within the time allowed by law, otherwise the same will be barred.

Witness my hand this, the 30th day of January, 1917.

E. B. WREN, Administrator.
2-1-3t.

RUB-MY-TISM—Antiseptic, Relieves Rheumatism, Sprains, Neuralgia, etc.

PAPER SHELL PECAN TREES—for sale cheap. Time to plant now.
P. K. VILLADSEN,
2-8-2t. Thorsby, Ala.

Buy your Garden Seed in Bulk at Upchurch Drug Co. 2-1-3t

Pay your subscription to this paper.

THORSBY ITEMS

The number on the entertainment course will be a lecture by Rev. R.W. Gammon, D. D., of Chicago, on Saturday night Feb. 24th. Dr. Gammon is a very interesting speaker who is much in demand in all parts of the country and the people of Thorsby are fortunate in the opportunity to hear him. He will probably give his popular lecture entitled "When a Fellow Needs a Friend."

Mrs. Baumbach of New York City will deliver two lectures here under the auspices of the Luther League of Thorsby on Tuesday and Wednesday nights, Feb. 20 and 21st. These lectures will be given at Bates Hall and will be illustrated by stereopticon views. One lecture will bring views and information about Scandinavian countries and the other about the life of Luther and the Reformation. Admission, children and students 15 cents on night, both nights 25 cents. Adults 25 cents one night, both nights 35 cents.

Miss Lena Bass of Pigeon Creek, Ala., is a new arrival at the Girl's Dormitory.

More people attended Sunday school in Thorsby last Sunday than in many months past. Reports from the different Sunday schools of the city shows a substantial increasein the number present in all classes. The Congregational Sunday school had 126 present. The Baptist had 54 present and the Lutheran had 62 present.

The Boy Scouts of Thorsby celebrated the eighth anniversary of the Boy Scout movement by an all-day hike on Saturday and a special service at the Congregational Church Sunday night.

Rev. E. W. Butler left for Pittsfield, Ill., Friday of last week, having been summoned to the bedside of his mother who is not expected to live.

Miss Naemi Turnquist is visiting her sister, Mrs. Peterson, in Ensley this week.

Rev. Chas. T. Rogers of Atlanta, will conduct a series of special meetings at the Congregational church beginning Sunday Feb. 24th.

The Y. M. C. A. of Thorsby Institute are planning for a special meeting for men on Sunday afternoon Feb. 24th at 4:00 p.m. Further announcement will be made next week.

Prof. Chas. M. Williams and Miss Flora Rice, teachers in Thorsby Institute attended the County teachers' meeting at Clanton last Saturday and reported a very profitable session.

The Lutheran Aid Society met with Mrs. M. Grothy last Thursday p.m. The following officers were elected for the coming year: Rev. Arnold Nelson, Pres; Mrs. Grothy, Vice-Pres; Mrs. M. J. Soberg, Sec; Mrs. John Carlson, Treas.

The Ladies Guild of Thorsby will hold a Lady Washington Social on Thursday the 22nd at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Thompson.

Usual services at the Congregational church next Sunday. Morning subject "Winning the Last Trench," Evening subject, "Choosing or Drifting."

TO MY FRIENDS AND PATRONS:

I wish to announce my removal.

You will now find my offices in the Hopkins Building across the street from my former office. I am prepared to do all kinds of surgery that does not repuire the patient to remain in a hospital. My hours for all such work will be arranged by appointment.

Respectfully,
V. J. GRAGG.
Clanton, Ala., Feb. 7, 1917.

Eat at Bill Goodgame's when you are in town. He feeds you on the best "grub."

HIGH SCHOOL NEWS

The Websterian Literary Society met Friday evening at 7:30 in the High School auditorium, after the business was completed a very interteining program was rendered.

The Girls Literary Society will hold its second meeting in the High School auditorium Friday afternoon. They have a very entertaining program in store for this occasion.

The Freshman are glad to have several new ones enroll with them the past week.

Miss Durrett has an excellent fly killer in her room, his name is Frank Mullins. He uses a small rubber to shoot the fly. When he kills flies until he is tired, he then goes to studying, chewing his rubber while he studies.

At recess Monday morning every body rushed out of the house thinking an earth quake had gone by, but found that Frank Palmer had accidently slipped down and caused the sudden shock.

Dewey Rockett says that Joe Kanjutzky has actually bought himself a tablet and a pencil for the first time this year.

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE

State of Alabama, Chilton county.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed whereby I, as Sheriff of said county, was commanded to make the sum of Five thousand six hundred ninety-seven & 37-100 Dollars, principal and interest, and Seventeen & 25-100 Dollars costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the Fall Term, 1916, of said Court of said County, Alabama, in favor of The First National Bank of Birmingham, Ala., against E. A. Matthews, W. H. Sartor, N. A. Kicker, et als, I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the Court House door of said County, between the hours of 11 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p. m., on Monday, the 19th. day of February 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named W. H. Sartor and N. A. Kicker in and to the following described real estate, viz:

Sartor.

The east half of Lot no. 16, in Block No. 8 on the east side of the L. & N. R. R., as shown by the official map of the town of Clanton, as the same now appears of record in the office of the Judge of Probate in Chilton County, Alabam, and being known as the W. H. Sartor store house and lot on the northwest corner of the intersection of Second Avenue and Seventh street, in the Town of Clanton, Chilton county, Ala.

Beginning on the northeast corner of the SW¼ of SE¼ of Sec. 35, Tp. 22, R. 14 in Chilton county, Alabama, and run thence West 131½ feet; thence south 18 feet to the point or place of beginning in the description or boundary of the lot or parcel of land here described; running thence north along west side of the north extension of tenth street 105 feet; thence in a westerly direction and at right angles with said 10th street 210 feet; thence in a southerly direction parallel with sain 10th street 105 feet; thence in an easterly direction and parallel with the line of said lot here described 210 feet to the point of beginning, said 10th street being shown by the official map of the town of Clanton, Alabama, now on file in the office of the Judge of Probate of said county. Said lot lying and being south of the H. T. Pipes property, and lying between the H. T. Pipes property and Fifth Avenue on the West side of the L. & N. R. R., in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Kicker.

Lots 14 and 15 and the west half of lot 16 in block No. 8; lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 11, and 14, in block No. 3, all on the east side of the L. & N. R. R., as shown by the official map of the Town of Clanton, as the same now appears of record in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Ala.

Lots C, D, E, and F, in Block No. 8 in the Town of Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama on the west side of the L. & N. R. R., as per the official survey of the P. D. Wilson addition to the Town of Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama, as the same appears of record in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Alabama.

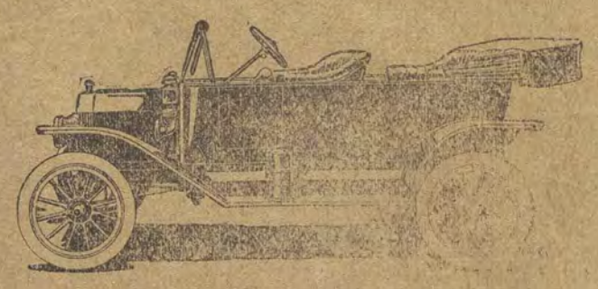
One lot of land containing about nine acres lying between second Avenue and Fourth Avenue in the Town of Clanton, Alabama, known as the Kicker Grove, and the J. Wash Foshee patch in Section 35, Tp. 22, Range14, on the west side of theL. & N. R. R., in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

This 16 day of Jan. 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at Court House door Jan. 16, 1917.

BRING US YOUR FORD



To be Repaired.

We also have Lathe for repairing your machinery and Department for putting Circular saws in good shape.

We also have arrangments to do your horse shoeing and wagon repair work.

We have a 2½ H. P. Gasoline Engine, one Motorcycle and some circular saws for sale.

J. M. Robinson & Son

Located East of the Fair Grounds,
CLANTON, ALA.

The Best Garden Seed you can buy are sold in Bulk at Upchurch Drug Store. 2-1-3t

FOR SALE—Paper-shell Pecan Trees For prices and further information, apply to T. J. Billingsley, Clanton, R.F.D. No. 3. 1t

Break your Cold or LaGrippe with a few doses of 666.

FOR RENT—About 35 Acres of Land ¾ mile from town, including house and barn. Also 35 acres, six miles from town. For particulars see Dr. Upchurch at Upchurch Drug Store. 2-1-3t.

The Freshest and Most Reliable Seed for your Garden at Upchurch's They are Sold in Bulk; not in small Papers. 2-1-3t.

"Stop that headache! it's stopping your work"



Pain and Ill Health rob you of all your efficiency.

DR. MILES'
ANTI-PAIN PILLS
quickly relieve Pain, but at the same time, when over-work or nervousness is the cause,

Dr. Miles'
Restorative Nervine
should be used to relieve the cause.

IF FIRST BOX, OR BOTTLE, FAILS TO BENEFIT YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

SEVERE HEADACHE.

"I once had terrible headaches and feared La Grippe. I could not attend to my work. I took some of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills and the pain was quickly gone. Then I started using Dr. Miles' Nervine and the trouble vanished completely and I felt well and active once more."
HENRY FARNHAM,
Spring Valley, Minn.

BEST FOR ALL CROPS

SOUTH ATLANTIC GUANO COMPANY

(SUBSIDIARY MORRIS FERTILIZER CO.)
ATLANTA — MONTGOMERY

A poor crop never pays. A farmer is not living up to his opportunities when he fails to make a good profit on his year's work. Outside of actual Providential casualties, there is no excuse for crop failure in these days of scientific methods of feeding the crop so that each plant is nursed and nourished from the time of sprouting till final maturity.

The methods of mixing and blending the *South Atlantic Brands* and the excellent class of materials used in them as actual food for the plant make them a *scientifically perfect fertilizer.* Their mechanical condition is so fine and free from lumps that each plant gets its full share of each element of plant food, thus insuring better stands and vigorous growth.

Their liberal use means larger yields, better profits and eminent satisfaction.

Give your order early to your dealer for the *South Atlantic Brands.*

FOR SALE BY

TOM KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

REAL CROP SECURITY

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME V. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., FEBRUARY 22, 1917. NUMBER 47.

REPORT OF GRAND JURY FOR FEBRUARY TERM CIRCUIT COURT

Work was Light, and Duties Completed in a Session of Only Four Days.

26 CASES INVESTIGATED; 11 TRUE BILLS RETURNED.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

In the Circuit Court of Chilton County Spring Term, 1917.

To Hon. Gaston Gunter, Judge of the 15th Judicial Circuit Court Presiding:

We, the Grand Jury duly empaneled and sworn for the Feb. term, 1917 of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, beg leave to submit to your Honor our report as follows: We have investigated 26 alleged violations of the law and return herewith to your Honor's Court 11 true bills.

The work of this Grand Jury has been exceedingly light and speaks well for the County, although it may be in large part due to the fact that it has been only about two and a half months since the Grand Jury convened in the County.

We have investigated the books and offices of the various county officers with the exception of the county Treasurer. The law abolishing County Treasurers just having gone into effect, no bank having bid for the County funds of this county, the Commissioners Court elected Mr. Bice as treasurer of the County's funds, and as this has been but recently done, we saw no occasion for making an investigation of his books at this time. We have no criticism or suggestions to make with reference to any of the county officers or of their respective offices.

The County property including the jail and court house we find in good physical conditions and both kept in a neat and sanitary manner. The prisoners are well fed and comfortably cared for. However, there are some slight repaires that should be attended to at once in the court house, consisting of some broken plastering, a leak over one of the witness' rooms and a broken pane in the office of the county Supt. of education. We call the attention of the commissioners court to these slight needed repairs and ask that they have the same attended to at the earliest convenience.

The committee investigating the County Poor House, report that they found 15 female and 7 male inmates, all white. They all expressed themselves as being wel provided for, and kindly treated. The committee recommends, however, that the county furnish a better and more comfortable bed for one of the inmates who is paralyzed, and the screening of a poarch for the comfort and protection against flies to be used by an afflicted child an inmate of the Poor House. The well at the Poor House also needs some slight work done on it. We trust that the commissioners will not neglect this, as at best our paupers are none too well cared for.

The roads of the county are getting in somewhat bad state of repair, this is largely due to bad weather and heavy traffic and the further fact that the overseers have not yet more than begun their regular spring working of the roads. It is the sense of this Grand Jury that the full ten days should be put on the roads of the county by every person liable to road duty during each period of twelve months, and we suggest and heartily recommend that the overseers of the variuos roads immediately put in six days work on their roads as their spring working and reserving four days to be used this fall, as work which can be done now in the way of repairs can be done more cheaply than if it is neglected till fall. Many citizens in various sections of the county, although not liable to road duty have, voluntarily furnished teams and hands for work on our pubic roads, and much good has resulted from this and we wish to speak in words of highest commendation for this patriotic and public spirited service on the part of these citizens of our county. We believe that there are other citizens of the county living on our public highways, and who own teams and machinery, yet who are not liable to road duty, who would gladly contribute in like manner if requested by our road apportioners and overseers.

The roads within the corporate limits of Cooper and Mountain Creek we are informed are in bad condition for travel. However, as these are incorporated towns the county has no jurisdiction over the citizenship of these towns as to their road duties, and we ask that the citizens of these two towns seek to so co-operate with the county authorities as to bring about better roads as to the main highways which pass through the two towns.

Believeing that we have accomplished all that could be required of us at this term of the court, we respectfully ask that we be discharged subject to the further orders of this court.

W. A. KEMP,
Foreman.

MARRIAGE OF DR. V. J. GRAGG AND MISS EULA ROPER

Dr. V. J. Gragg, that very popular and well known physician of our town and county, handed his many friends a surprise last Friday, when he began telling them that he had "got married" the night before. His bride was Miss Eula Roper, a lovely young woman who lived out at Fairview.

Dr. Gragg secured his licenses at the Probate office Thursday afternoon, and carried Judge Reynolds out to the home of the bride to perform the ceremony.

The happy couple have been receiving the congratulations of their many friends, and The Banner joins in with best wishes for happiness, prosperity, and all that goes with successful married life.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE

Seven room house, large garden with good fruit trees, good barn and out buildings; call at Howard Bros. Green houses, Thorsby, Ala., for partirulars. 2-15-5t.

T. F. Patterson of Verbena Route 1 was in Clanton Monday on business.

Don't forget your Subscription.

FREIGHT TRAIN WRECKED IN CLANTON SWITCH YARD.

About five o'clock last Thursday morning a fast southbound freight train wrecked at the south switch of the Clanton yards, completely demolishing about thirteen cars, which were loaded with flour, apples, Ford cars, roofing, and various other things. No lives were lost.

Traffice was tied up until late in the afternoon. All south bound passenger trains were held up here, and north bound trains were held up at Cooper.

Wreckers from both the north and the south came to the scene, and removed the debris, and a large corps of section hands repaired the long stretch of torn up track.

Whole car loads of flour and apples were spilled down the embankment and crushed in the mud.

IN MEMORY

Nathaniel A. Dobbs, commonly called Uncle Nattey, was born in South Carolina in 1825, and at the time of his death, Feb. 7th, only lacked a few months of his ninety-second birthday.

When he was a small boy he moved with his father's family to Georgia, and in 1842 he married a Georgia girl, Elizabeth Reynolds, "Aunt Betty" as we all have known her. She died in 1914, also in her ninety-second year. Of the union nine children were born, six boys and three girls. Seven of these children are still living.

Uncle Natty first began preaching the gospel soon after the civil war. While he was a Methodist, he preached the gospel and left off doctrine, in fact he was so fair along his line of preaching until he was often sought by other churches than his own, because of his ability to reach the people when others failed. The writer well remembers back in 1887 a great revival was held at Shiloah by N. A. Dobbs, methodist, and George Mills, baptist.

In music he was considered in his day a great singer, his voice was soft, clear and pleasing to all lovers of song He served his country in the Civil war between the states from the beginning until Lee's surrender, and it was here perhaps where his true worth to his country and to his God was at its best. We gather this from his comrades.

The writer lived a close neighbor to him for several years, and believes his greatest sin was being too lenient with his neighbors. His disposition was always looking for the better side of things of life; his advise always sound and on the side of right, as he saw it. On all questions coming up he always gave it careful study and after he reched a conclusion his stand was bold and open.

His fourth generation survive him.

One of our best and oldest citizens has gone to his reward.

A FRIEND.

MT. PLEASANT

We are glad to say Miss Balzie Baxley is getting along as well as could be expected. She underwent an operation on head and throat last Friday.

Mrs. Walter Marcus spent part of last week with Mrs. D. P. Robinson.

Felix Eiland and wife spent Sunday afternoon at J. Wiley Foshee's.

Mrs. Reuben Riggins spent Sunday at G. W. Melton's.

W. C. Edler of Thorsby spent one day last week at L. O. Vickers'.

C. D. Duke and wife were visitors at B. H. Duke's last Sunday.

Mrs. Roy Culver spent part of last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Foshee.

Miss Odie Lindsey is visiting her uncle, T. C. Sharbutte, near Cooper.

Prof. J. K. T. Daniel recently made a business trip to Birmingham.

Lonza Blalock of Marble Valley recently visited friends around here.

J. B. Jones and A. A. Pounds were in our community Sunday.

We are looking forward to the play to be Given Thursady night by Cross Roads school at this place.

Saturday night is our School Improvement Association meeting and Sunday afternoon is regular monthly singing.

Fred Calloway of Verbena was in town Monday.

Mrs. Geneva Robinson has leased the Marbury Hotel and will in future manage the same.

SENSIBLE RULING OF THE COOSA SCHOOL BOARD

In Providing grave Necessity for Accommodation at the Rural Rchool Houses.

One condition that prevails in the rural schools of the State is reprehensible, namely, the lack of toilet facilities. In at least fifty per cent of the schools no outhouses are provided. The situation is embarrassing, as well as prejudicial to health and to morals.

At the several teachers' institutes now being held a departmental session is given over to a discussion of the conditions that prevail in the individual counties. The conductor of the institute meets with the men and the assistant meets with the women, and a frank discussion of this matter is held. At the recent Coosa County institute, held February 7-10, the men passed a resolution asking the county board to make obligatory the provision of sanitary outhouses in all of the schools of the county. A committee of three was appointed to wait on the county board, which it so happened, was in session on Friday of the institute week, and after hearing the report and recommendations of the committee, the board passed a regulation, the purpose of which is to require all schools in the county receiving public funds to provide two sanitary toilets for each school.

This action merits the approval of the people of the State and should serve as a stimulus to other county boards to do lkewise.

The Corn and Pig Club Library.

At the training schools held for boys in the corn and pig club work held in connection with the teachers' institute each week, one or more libraries are awarded to the schools in the county making the best showing. This award is made approximately upon the following basis: Thirty percent for enrollment of members, and seventy percent for members doing the work and reporting at the close of the year, provided no school competing shall have fewer than five members in its club. This puts the small and the large schools upon an equitable basis.

The value of the library is $10 and consists of the following helpful books for country boys and girls:

Southern Field Crops.....Duggar
Southern Field Crops.....Duggar
Productive Swine Husbandry.....Day
Poultry Keeping.....Lewis
Sub Tropical Vegetable Gardens.....Rolfe
Farm Boys and Girls.....McKeever
The American Country Girl....Crowe
The Brown Mouse.....Quick
Breeders Gazette—One year's subscription.

Special Days

The rural school teacher's responsibility does not end with the class room work. If he fulfills his mission he must be instrumental in developing better roads, better farming and better home environments; in fact he must become a real community builder.

February the 23rd has been designated as "Good Roads Day," and March 16th as "Better Farming Day" in Alabama. Bulletins containing programs and suggestions for the observance of those days are prepared by this office and placed in the hands of the county superintendents for distribution among the teachers at least three weeks in advance of the days appointed. It is hoped that every teacher will arrange and carry out an effective program, and write us a brief account of the results. This material will be filed for future use.

CONCERT

There will be a roncert at Pleasant Grove on Friday night Feb. 23. The concert will consist of plays, readings and music by a string band. Admission ten cents to non-residents of the district.

W. E. MARTIN.

RESOLUTION PASSED BY THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

Asking for Another Meeting of The People in Regard to the Issuance of Bonds by the County.

The State of Alabama Chilton county

Whereas Chilton county has a past due indebtedness of over $70,000.00 and no money in the Treasury with which to pay it, and the county is three years behind with its payments and its warrants are discounted 40 per cent., and the commissioners court is up to the statutory limit, as prescribed by law, and cannot issue any more warrants until some way is provided, by which some of the present past due warrants can be paid.

And whereas a mass meeting was called for the 3rd day of February 1917, and owing to the unfavorable weather conditions it was impossible for the people to attend said meeting;

Therefore be it resolved by the Court of County Commissioners in regular session on this the 14th day of February, 1917, that another mass meeting of all the voters of the county is hereby called to assemble at the court house on Saturday the 3rd day of March, 1917, at 10 o'clock A.M., for the purpose of considering and devising ways and means to pay off debts and restore the credit and put the county on a cash basis. All voters who are interested in the welfare of the County are requested to attend.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

S. E. WALDRUP
R. J. WILLIAMS
W. T. HERROD
A. P. VINSON
County Commissioners.

LIST OF JURORS AT THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR THIS WEEK

The following is a list of the jurors serving this week, to take action on the criminal docket of the Circuit Court of Chilton county:

1. Elijah B. Deason.....4
2. Joe A. Ward.....11
3. J. Tom Nix.....14
4. Fred Calloway.....14
5. Geo. W. Fox.....3
6. Judson Strock.....5
7. J. Lafayette Vines.....9
8. Perry Gore.....9
9. Tom C. Cofer.....2
10. J. Emmett Gentry.....2
11. F. Asberry Gibson.....15
12. John N. Woolley.....3
13. W. Hunter Rasco.....14
14. Tom L. Elam.....14
15. Samuel L. Broadhead.....3
16. Felix R. Woodyard.....4
17. John M. Culp.....15
18. Charley P. Jeffcoat.....7
19. C. Reese Mullins.....4
20. J. H. Alred.....4
21. J. Allison Sims.....2
22. Wade H. Friday.....8
23. J. Clint Veazey.....14
24. Coy Davis.....6
25. W. Hamp Foshee.....8
26. Thos. J. Henderson.....5
27. Will S. Adams.....16
28. Tom Hand.....2
29. W. W. Fox.....4
30. Robert Jones.....4
31. S. D. Deloach.....6
32. Jim Roberts.....4
33. Ples O. West.....13
34. Albert E. Wilkins.....6
35. Stanley Harris.....14
36. Joel H. Gulledge.....5
37. Jim R. Broadhead.....4
38. L. O. Dyer.....8

Judge Leon McCord of Montgomery is presiding over the session.

"BY ALL MEANS SOW OATS THIS SPRING"

Advises Commissioner Wade. In the even your Fall Sowing is Killed by cold.

DO NOT RESIGN YOURSELF TO HIGH COST OF FEED STUFFS.

The recent cold weather has seriously damaged, if not destroyed a large percentage of the oat crop. This was unexpected and extremely unfortunate in view of the many successive disasters that have preceded it within the past two years. It is real discouraging, if we could afford to be discouraged. We have only the future left and discouragement will make matters worse. There is no other wise way but to try again. We have had many freezes as severe without such damage to crops. It was the long damp warm weather that preceded the freeze that created a tender growth in the absence of frost or sunshine to temper the plants that caused the freeze to be so disastrous.

There has not been enough warm weather since the freeze to determine what percent will recover. Opinions are conflicting. Some people contend that seventy-five per cent of the oats will spring from the roots. It looks now like fifty per cent or more are permanently dead.

After a week or ten days of favorable weather, one can tell whether or not it will be necessary to plant again. I would advise sowing Burt or Rust-proof oats from now until March 10th. Spring sown oats yield only half to two-thirds as much as those sown in the fall but will pay in the absence of the fall crop when compared with the present prices of feeding stuff. By all means sow spring oats in the event your fall sowing had been killed.

In the event you find seed oats hard to obtain, the land may be sown to soy beans. This is one of the best crops that can be grown. They improve the soil as do cow peas. The vines make excellent hay. The beans yield from fifteen to thirty bushels per acre and contain more and better oil than cotton seed. They can be planted after oats are hervested but do better when planted about the 1st or the middle of May. The Mammoth Yellow Soy Bean is one of the best varieties for this section and should be inoculated in order to get the best results.

Do not plant your oat land to cotton and over crop yourself. Remember that the boll weevil is waiting to trip the farmer who over crops himself with cotton.

J. A. WADE,
Commissioner of Agriculture.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF COUNTY SUPT. EDUCATION

Notice is hereby given that on March 29th, 1917, the County Board of Education will appoint a county suerintendent of education for Chilton County for a term of two years, and any one who wishes to make application for the position may do so in person or writing on that date.

Wm.J. BILLINGSLEY, Chm.
W. T. BEAN, Secretary.

Don't forget your Subscription.

2 Pkgs. for 5 Cents **SEEDS** 2 Pkgs. for 5 Cents

For Planting the Field and Garden

We have on hand for the spring planting, a full line of the famous "Blue Ribbon Seeds." They are all new and fresh, and guarantee satisfactory results. Following are some we have on hand:

White Dent Corn with red cob.
Johnson's White Dent.
Reed's Golden Dent.
Hickory King Corn.
Seed Irish Potatoes, price 70 cents a peck.
Onion Sets. (white, red, and yellow.
Pole Beans.
Cornfield Beans.
Lima Beans.
Shelled Beans.
Dwarf Beans.
Early and extra early varieties.
Garden Beets.
Carrots.
Collards.
Cabbage.—
Early Flat Dutch.
Large Wakefield.
Mid-season and late kinds.
Frost proof plants.
Celery, Cucumbers, Egg Plants, Radishes, Endive, Garlic, Lettuce, Kale, Mustard, Okra, Watermelons, Muskmelons, Cantulopes, Peas (early and late) Sweet Potatoes, and Peanutes, peppers, Pumpkins, Squash, Ponderosa Tomatoes, Turnips.

Come to see our line before you buy. We will be delighted to show you what we have.

W. Z. HODGES
CLANTON, ALA.

MONEY TO LOAN

WE ARE IN TOUCH WITH AN UNLIMITED SUPPLY OF MONEY, AND CAN NEGOTIATE LONG-TIME LOANS ON FARM LANDS UPON EASY TERMS. IF YOU ARE INTERESTED, CALL ON US.

Middleton & Reynolds.

The First and the Last.

The First Store as you Come in from the west and the last as you go out.

I am paying 10 cents a pound for Hens, feathers and all.
25 c a dozen for eggs, cash.
Sell good Flour for $1.15 sack.
Coffee 6 and 7 lb. to Dollar.

W. A. HUCKABEE
Clanton, Ala.

Eat With Me!

I AM IN BUSINESS TO SERVE THE PUBLIC WITH A FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT. ALSO I INVITE YOU TO COME AND EAT WITH ME.

I CAN SERVE YOU WITH ANYTHING THE MARKET AFFORDS AND AT ANY TIME OF DAY.
I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF THE VERY FINEST OYSTERS TO BE OBTAINED FROM THE COAST.

REMEMBER I HAVE PREPARED TO FEED YOU WHEN YOU ARE IN TOWN, AND I SHALL EXPECT YOU TO COME TO SEE ME.

W. H. Goodgame.
Clanton, Ala.

GERMANS CHARGE THE BRITISH LINES

Kaiser's Troops Are Repulsed In Their Efforts To Gain Lost Ground North Of The Ancre

MANY PRISONERS ARE TAKEN

Berlin Admits Germans Were Forced To Abandon Some Advanced Positions

New York.—The Germans in the Miraumont sector of the Ancre front in France have striven hard to regain the positions the British took from them, but their attempts were fruitless, according to the British war office. Attacking in waves, the Germans came under the concentrated fire of the British guns and were swept back to their trenches suffering heavy casualties. At no place did the attacking forces reach the British line. The British suffered no casualties. They cautured 780 officers and men.

The Berlin war office says that in the Ancre fighting position several times changed hands, but that before abandoning their advanced crater positions the Germans took 130 prisoners and captured five machine guns.

Trench raiding operations and artillery duels continue. In Champagne, near Ripont, says Berlin, the French have shelled the Germans in the positions captured from the French, but have been unable to launch infantry attacks because of terrific artillery fire of the Germans.

Petrograd admits the entry of Germans into Russian trenches south of Dvinsk, but says later they were driven out. In the Carpathians a strong Austro-German work south of Okna has been captured by the Russians.

In the Austro-Italian and Macedonian theaters artillery activity predominates. Nothing new has crept through concerning the situation on the Irak the British with having taken additional positions from the Turks in the region of Kut-el-Amara.

THREE PEOPLE ARE SLAIN WHEN MADMAN RUNS AMUCK

H. Claude Anderson Kills Mrs. M. Zahn and Rev. G. R. Buford And Is Himself Slain

Atlanta.—Rushing into the home of W. J. Zahn, at 3 Hull street, where H. Claude Anderson, a madman, was running amuck, shooting everybody in sight, Rev. G. R. Buford, pastor of Moore Memorial Presbyterian church, and formerly a missionary worker, was shot through the heart and dropped dead in a corner of the house, while the madman continued his wild fusilade with fearful results.

In addition to killing Mr. Buford, Anderson slew his mother-in-law, Mrs. M. Zahn, and he himself was slain by his brother-in-law, W. J. Zahn, after he had tried to kill Zahn and the latter had knocked him down and taken his pistol away from him.

Anderson was released two weeks ago from the state insane asylum at Milledgeville. In November, 1915, he summoned his wife to meet him in Grant Park to discuss a reconciliation. There he attacked her with a knife and cut her in the hand. As the result of this affair, he was sent to the asylum.

Anderson seems to have blamed his wife's family for her separation from him. He went to 33 Hull street, where she lived with her brother and mother, and threatened them. About six o'clock he went back. Neighbors say he was drunk and had two pistols. He slipped into the house and hid.

Anderson opened fire on the three women when he was discovered—and beyond that nobody is clear. Mr. Buford, who lived nearby on Luckie street, and who was passing the house with his wife en route to call at the home of a friend, ran into the house.

When the shooting was over, Mr. Buford lay dead in a corner of the hall of the house. Mrs. M. Zahn was shot through the head, through the lungs and beaten over the head with some blunt instrument, presumably the butt of one of Anderson's pistols. She died later at Grady hospital.

No Plea To Germans By This Captain

Rome.—Captain McDonough and the crew of the American schooner Lyman Law recently sunk by a German submarine, arrived in Rome with Roger Treadwell, the United States consul at Turin, and were interrogated at the American embassy. Captain McDonough repeated his story of the sinking of the schooner, adding that the vessel had a large supply of canned goods, which doubtless attracted the officers of the submarines in their search for food.

Many Ships Sail For Submarine Zone

New York.—Twelve steamships, one of them flying the American flag, sailed from here in one day, presumably for European ports which will necessitate their passage through the "prohibited zone" announced by Germany.

Ambassador Fletcher Now In Mexico

Mexico City.—The American ambassador, Henry P. Fletcher, has arrived. He was met by officials from the Mexican foreign office, members of General Carranza's staff and a big delegation of government officials

ASKS RELEASE OF SEAMEN

Inquiry Concerning Redetention Of Americans Dispatched To Berlin

Washington.—An inquiry concerning the redetention by Germany of the United States seamen brouhgt in by the prize ship Yarrowdale was dispatched to Berlin by the United States preliminary to more vigorous action if the men are not promptly released.

The plight of these sailors occupied much of the time at a cabinet meeting, given over to the crisis growing out of Germany's submarine warfare. It was agreed that their liberty again should be demanded in most emphatic fashion. Pending complete reports as to the treatment of German crews on warbound ships in the Philippines, Hawaii and elsewhere, however, the government will content itself with the inquiry as to why the United States citizens are held and under what conditions.

Press dispatches from Berlin announcing that the seventy-two American seamen brought in by the Yarrowdale had been released caused the demand that the men be freed to be withheld pending official advices on the subject. A cablegram was sent to the Spanish ambassador at Berlin asking if the report was true.

The cabinet discussed every phase of the international situation. The question of providing navy guns for American shipowners desiring to arm their vessels for defense was considered, but it was stated officially afterward that no decision was reached. It is understood that there was a division of opinion, with most of the cabinet officers strongly favoring furnishing the guns, both on the ground that permitting American ships to remain idle in port suggests acquiescence in Germany's course and because the congestion of ocean-bound freight in the country's ports is assuming serious proportions. Two or three members are said to have contended that the policy would be unwise. The president will decide the question.

BERNSTORFF HOPES THAT WAR WILL NOT RESULT

German Ambassador And Staff Take Steamer—Hopes For Restoration Of Friendliness

Washintgon.—In a farewell statement before leaving for New York to sail for home, Count von Bernstorff expressed the hope that war between the United States and Germany might be averted and that the friendly relations between the two countries might soon be re-established. The former German ambassador said:

"In leaving the United States after a stay of eight years, I wish to extend to my many personal friends my heartfelt thanks for the great kindness and cordial hospitality they have shown me.

"My heart is full of gratitude to those whose personal feelings never wavered during the trying years of the war. In the last days I have received so many cordial farewell messages that it was impossible to send thanks for them individually.

"I hope that war may be averted and that the old friendly relations between the United States and Germany may soon be restored."

Bernstorff Ship Reaches Halifax, N. S.

Halifax, N. S.—The Scandinavian-American liner Frederik VIII, from New York, with Count von Bernstorff, the former German ambassador to the United States, and his party of German consular officials, homeward bound, on board, anchored in Halifax harbor at night. Powerful searchlights were played on her from both sides of the harbor as she steamed slowly to her anchorage convoyed by a swarm of naval patrol boats.

American Liner Braves U-Boats

Liverpool.—The Philadelphia, the first American liner to leave Europe since Germany's declaration of unrestricted submarine warfare, sailed from here February 14. She carried ninety-five passengers of all classes, of whom thirty-eight were Americans.

Looped The Loop In Hydro-Airplane

Pensacola, Fla.—Capt. Francis T. Evans, attached to the navy flying school here, successfully looped the loop in a hydro-airplane at a height of several hundred feet. It was said to be the first successful somersault in a hydro-airplane.

Bishop Nelson Answers Christ's Call

Atlanta.—Bishop C. K. Nelson of the Episcopal church, diocese of Atlanta, died very unexpectedly at the episcopal residence here. He was, at the time of his death, probably the best known Southern bishop in the country, born near Cobham, Va., May 23, 1852, and was in the 65th year of his age. He received his A. B. degree at St. John's college, Annapolis, Md., in 1872, graduating with high distinction. Determined to enter the priesthood, he pursued his theological studies at Middletown, Conn.

$25,000,000 In Gold Sent From Canada

New York.—Gold amounting to $25,000,000 has arrived from Canada for J. P. Morgan & Co., for account of the British government. This is the first large consignment for British account since early in January, when the movement was suspended with the placing of the British loan in this market. The gold reached here presumably by way of Halifax, and other large consignments are expected. Thus far this year gold imports from Europe amount to $75,000,000; exports approximate $12,000,000.

WILL NOT SUBMIT TO SHIPPING TIE-UP

President Wilson Realizes That So Long As Ships Are Held In Port He Is Acquiescing In German Policy

PLANS TO RELEASE SHIPS

Has Decided On Policy To Release Shipping, But Time Not Yet Decided

Washington.—The ruthless German submarine campaign and its effects upon the United States were discussed by President Wilson and the cabinet.

Arming of American merchantmen and the economic effects of the partial tie-up of shipping out of American ports were the subjects of which the cabinet centered attention. Secretary McAdoo is compiling a list of vessels held in port, and Secretary Redfield is making a comprehensive analysis of the inroad submarines are making on shipping generally.

Consideration is given by the government to all the different phases of the situation that has developed since the break in relations with Germany, including the detention of the Yarrowdale prisoners, the crisis with Austria, the plight of Americans in Turkey and Belgian relief.

High officials take pains, however, to emphasize that the great fundamental problem before the nation is the illegal submarine campaign itself. Against this campaign the United States has made the most vigorous protest possible short of war, but the administration realizes that so long as it permits American ships to be held in port for fear of attack by submarines it, in effect, is acquiescing in the German policy. This state of affairs, it is admitted, cannot be permitted to continue indefinitley.

What the United States must do to end it, and when, are the only questions. The president is understood to have a very definite opinion as to what should be done, but has not yet decided that the time has come to do it.

AMERICAN TROOPS LINE THE MEXICAN BORDER

To Prevent Murderous Raids—$5,000 Ransom Will Be Paid For Spencer And Wife

Hachita, N. M.—Lieutenant Colonel J. C. Waterman, commanding the Hachita district, sent orders to his troops to maintain constant patrols along the border. Unofficial reports said all cavalry regiments on the border from El Paso to Douglas, Arizona, had been instructed to hold themselves in readiness to move immediately on instruction from General Funston. These preparations are precautionary against Salazar's threat of another raid.

Two troops of regular cavalry reinforced the border patrol. These troops, according to Lieutenant Colonel Waterman, have no orders to go into Mexico.

The funeral of Andrew P. Peterson, Burton Jensen and Hugh Acord, killed at the "Corner" ranch, New Mexico, by Mexican raiders, has been postponed.

The bodies were found three miles over the Mexican line by a party of searchers, headed by Leb Spillsbury, Mormon scout with General Pershing's expedition in Mexico. Each had been shot several times, the bodies had been badly mutilated and the clothing removed. Spillsbury and companions had spent three days searching for the Americans and just as they were about to abandon hope of success discovered the three bodies in a clump of cactus.

E. K. Warren of Chicago, owner of the ranch near Hachita, N. M., from which "Bunk" Spencer, a negro, and his Mexican wife were kidnaped by Mexicans, confirmed the report that he had ordered the $5,000 ransom demanded to be paid.

Submarine Reported in Gulf Of Mexico

Galveston, Texas.—Persistent rumors that a German submarine was sighted in the Gulf of Mexico several days ago are being circulated at Guantanamo, Cuba, it is reported here.

Railways At Disposal Of United States

New York.—The railroads of the United States informed President Wilson that the resources of their organizations are at the disposal of the government in the event of war. Presidents or other officials of eighteen of the roads were appointed a special committee on national defense, which will work in conjunction with the commanders of the four departments of the United Statese army. W. W. Atterbury, vice president of the Pennsylvania, sent a telegram to the white house giving plan of the railroads.

400 German U-Boats Caught By British

Baltimore, Md.—William Palmer, second engineer of the American transport liner Mongolia, which arrived here from Plymouth, England, said he saw the merchant submarine Deutschland and 186 other German underwater boats in Plymouth harbor. Palmer asserted that the British captured 400 enemy U-boats and that 187 of them were chained together in Plymouth harbor. Captain Koenig, commander, and the Deutschland's crew are in English jails, he said.

AMERICAN RIGHTS VIOLATED

U. S. Schooner Law, Carrying No Contraband, Sunk By Submarine, But Crew Saved

Rome, Italy.—The American schooner Lyman M. Law was sunk on February 12 off the coast of Sardinia by a hostile submarine, says a Stefani dispatch from Cagliari, Sardinia. The vessel was loaded with agricultural machinery, the dispatch adds. The crew of twelve, of which eight were Americans, says the message, have been landed at Cagliari.

The Lyman M. Law, 1,300 tons gross and 211 feet long, was built in 1890 at West Haven, Conn. She was formerly owned by the Benedict-Manson Marine company of New Haven, Conn., who sold her a year ago to New York interests represented by the Maritime Transportation company.

The Lyman M. Law carried a crew of nine men in addition to her captain, all American, and was loaded with lumber material used in Italy for manufacture of lemon crates, according to the schooner's agents here the Maritime Transportation company

Lansing Seeks Facts

Washington.—On the basis of news dispatches the government began seeking official information of the destruction of the American schooner Lyman M. Law by a submarine to determine at once how the case affects the delicate situation between Germany and the United States.

The dispatch was taken to indicate that the Law was sunk in the Mediterranean where Austria also is conducting submarine operations.

The main points to be determined are whether the ship was attacked without warning, whether she carried contraband and whether any American lives were lost.

The United States considers the sinking of a ship carrying contraband a doubtful right, but, as in the cases of the sailing ship, The William P. Frye, the steamer Housatonic, has not considered it a violation of international law to be compared to destruction which entail loss of life.

Consul Treadway at Rome forwarded three dispatches, two of which he had received from the Italian minister of marine and one from the British consul at Cagliari. The latter said that Captain McDonough and the nine men comprising the crew of the Law had landed at Cagliari. According to the minister of marine's announcement, the vessel was sunk by an Austrian marine without a flag.

CONTINUOUS RAIDS MADE BY THE BRITISH FORCES

On German Lines In Northern France And At One Point The British Reached German Third Line

Paris.—On the French front the British in the Ancre and other regions continue to make raids on German positions. The most successful operation is northeast of Arras, where King George's men have entered 250 yards of German defenses and reached their third line. Many Germans were killed and some prisoners and a machine gun were captured. The Ancre raid was southeast of Grandcourt, where a strong position was captured. German trenches on the Somme and northeast of Ypres also have been entered by the British.

All along the remainder of the front there have been artillery duels and bomb dropping on both belligerent groups.

In the Roumanian theater near Mestecanesti the Germans have captured and held against counter attacks several Russian positions and made 23 officers and more than 1,200 men prisoners. In addition, the Germans secured three cannon, 12 machine guns and six mine throwers. Petrograd admits the capture by the Germans of two heights east of Jacobeni, near the Buckowina-Roumanian frontier and a retirement by the Russians there of two-thirds of a mile.

Congress To Rush Defense Measures

Washington.—With the end of the Sixty-fourth congress but two weeks off, administration leaders are concentrating their energies to the enactment of revenue and national defense legislation. Much long-pending general legislation every one recognizes must give way to appropriations and measures that relate to the preparation of the nation for eventualities which may grow out of the diplomatic breach with Germany.

Counties May Be Offered For Sale

Charleston, W. Va.—Delegate Patrick of Kanawha county introduced a bill in the house of delegates providing for the disposal of four counties in the upper panhandle of the state, either to Pennsylvania or Ohio, the proceeds to be used in helping to pay the judgment against West Virginia in the Virginia debt case. A resolution was also introduced providing that the proposition be submitted to a referendum vote. The counties are Hancock, Brooks, Marshall and Ohio.

166 Indicted For Election Frauds

Indianapolis, Ind.—As the result of indictments returned by the federal grand jury, a federal dragnet for 166 workers of the Republican and Democratic parties in four Indiana cities will be thrown out from the office of the United States marshal. Party workers in Indianapolis, Gary, Frankfort and Evansville who are charged with conspiracy in connection with violation of the election laws in the 1914 and 1916 elections are among the accused, it was understood, following the report of the investigation.

ILLITERACY WORK IN STATE OUTLINED

STATEWIDE VOLUNTEER SERVICE IN ALL COUNTIES WILL BE CARRIED OUT.

AT THE STATE'S CAPITAL

Interesting News Budget of Happenings In Various Departments of State.

—Montgomery.

Specific work in the eradication of illiteracy will be done in five counties of the State, and the general policy of Statewide volunteer service in all the counties of Alabama will be carried out according to an announcement made by W. F. Feagin, State Superintendent of Education, following a session of the Alabama Illiteracy Commission held in Birmingham.

According to the plant outlined by Mr. Feagin the specific work in the five counties will be done by special agents employed for a certain term. An appropriation is to be made from the State fund which is to be dpplicated by county authorities, and the agent paid from these funds.

State is Short on Convicts to Lease.

The state convict department is unable to supply sufficient convict labor to meet the needs of those who have contracts with the department. Practically every company which holds a contract for the services of state convicts desires more men, but they cannot be furnished because few persons are being placed in the penitentiary now.

A special meeting of the board of convict inspectors was held and one of the most important subjects for consideration was the proper distribution of convicts in order that no favoritism may be shown. The contracts

Warning Against Weevil Killer.

James A. Wade, state commissioner of agriculture has issued a general warning against a person now canvassing the state who claims to have a preparation which will prevent the appearance of the boll weevil next year if it is sprayed on the cotton seed before they are planted. The person, whose name is in the possession of the commisisoner, was in Montgomery and attempted to appoint a Montgomery drug company as his agent. The drug company refused to consider the proposition.

"The preparation is a fraud," said Commissioner Wade, "and has no value as an anti-weevil agency."

Jones Wins Decision.

The Supreme Court upheld the decision of the Eighth Judicial Circuit Court in deciding the legality of Probate Judge Jones, of Madison County, taking office. The quo warranto proceedings were appealed to the Supreme Court by Judge McDonnell, who was appointed to fill the unexpired term of Judge Lawler. According to this decision, Mr. Jones is Probate Judge of Madison County.

Federal Aid Wanted.

Three applications for Federal aid were received at the State Highway Department. One is from Lauredrale county, covering the projected route from Killen to Rogersville. One is from Lee county, the route proposed being from Opelika to Lachapoka, and the third in Marengo county, where a road is planning from Marengo to Linden.

Six Months For Equalization.

Boards of Equalization in counties of more than 75,000 population must complete their work in six months, according to ruling of the Supreme Court when it decided on the case of the county of Mobile vs. Joseph Espalla. The Mobile court ruled that Espalla could collect his salary for time after August 1, but the decision was reversed and sent back to the lower court.

Insurance Department Flourishes.

The books of the state insurance commissioner show this department to be one of the richest sources of revenue that the state possesses. Since January 1 more than $75,000 has been certified into the treasury from the department. During January, February and March, when taxes and licenses are paid in, the revenue is at its height some companies paying as much as $14,000 annually for the privilege of conducting their business in the state of Alabama.

Governor Offers Reward.

Governor Henderson offered $100 reward for the arrest of an unidentified person who killed J. C. Culpepper on the public highways of Russell county recently. Investigations made by the sheriff's office have failed to show the person who committed the crime for the purpose of robbery.

Examiners Not Available.

Because of the many changes in county offices in January the state is being flooded with requests for the services of the state examiners of public accounts in order that new officials, especially probate judges, may know the financial condition of their counties, but the services will not be available for several months as the examiners now are making a thorough examination of all books and records of state officials and afterward will inspect the books of all colleges and state schools.

MAJOR GENERAL FUNSTON DEAD

COMMANDER OF BORDER TROOPS DIES SUDDENLY IN EL PASO HOTEL.

SUFFERED WITH INDIGESTION

Well Known Officer Stricken While Playing With Little Child. Pershing Succeeds.

San Antonio.—Maj. Gen. Frederick Funston, commander of the southern department of the United States army since February, 1915, died suddenly at a hotel here a few minutes after he had finished dinner. He collapsed while seated in the lobby of the hotel talking with friends, and was playing with little Inez Silverberg of Des Moines, Ia., a guest with her parents at the hotel, when he fell unconscious. Death was almost instantaneous.

General Funston was 51 years old.

Ever since March, 1916, when he was placed in command of all United States forces on the Mexican border, General Funston had worked at an unusual pace. At critical times in border developments he frequently remained on duty 20 hours of the 24. The handling of regulars disposed of at various stations o nthe border, the Pershing expedition and, of late, rearangement of regular troops while providing for the return of National Guardsmen, have entailed an enormous amount of detail work, probably exceeding that which fell to any commanding general of the United States army since the civil war.

Two weeks ago General Funston suffered an attack of indigestion. To use his own expression, "I fought it out alone." Late he placed himself under the care of Lieut.-Col. M. W. Ireland of the medical corps, southern department, and regained normal health and spirits. "For three days," Colonel Ireland said, "General Funston had been entirely well."

Colonel Ireland, who has been General Funston's physician fo rsome time said:

"General Funston's death was caused by agina sclerosis of the arteries of the heart. Death was almost immediate and without pain."

Pershing Succeeds.

Major General Pershing, who has been in cammand of the El Paso district since the withdrawal of the American expendition from Mexico, automatically will succeed to the duties of commander of the southern department until an appointment has been made. Recently made a major general, he is the only officer of that rank now assigned to the department.

VIOLATE NEUTRALITY LAWS.

Two Film Exchange Managers Arrested In New York.

New York.—Agents of the department of justice arrested here two men charged with violating the federal law against carrying on a military enterprise against a foreign country. They are accused of conspiring to obtain military information in England to be sent to this country and then forwarded to Germany. The men gave their names as Albert A. Sander and Charles W. Wunnenberg.

Twenty-Ton Boulder Hits Train.

Knoxville.—Pasengers on Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific passenger train No. 4, New Orleans to Cincinnati, and the Southern Railway's Carolina Special, Cincinnati to Charleston, had narrow escapes a few miles north of Oakdale. As these trains were passing each other a boulder, estimated to weigh 20 tons, came thundering down the mountainside and landed in front of the Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific train. The locomotive and a "deadhead" Pullman rolled down the embankment, the locomotive plunging into Emory river. Engineer Cathings and Fireman Saxton of Danville, Ky., and five men stealing a ride were injured.

French Steamer Sinks Submarine.

New York.—In a 40-minute battle between a German U-boat and the French line steamership Guyane, off the coast of France, on January 22, the submarine was sunk, according to officers of the freighter, which arrived here from Bordeaux. The submarine fired a shot, which fell short, and the Guyane then turned sharply to starboard, so that her big 65-millimetre gun mounted at the stern could be trained on the approaching vessel and fired two shots, the mark but the second sent the submarine to the bottom.

Had Ship Damaged on High Orders.

Boston.—The North German Lloyd passenger liner Kronprinzessin Cecilie, while in the custody of a United States marshall under a libel order from the federal court, was deliberately disabled at the direction of her German commander. Captain Charles A. Polack so testified in the United States district court, and added that he, in turn, had taken his orders from the German government. The damage to the vessel was done on the night of January

BIRMINGHAM BOYS BACK FROM BORDER

AFTER TIRESOME JOURNEY BATTERIES A AND C REACH MAGIC CITY.

GIVEN ROUSING RECEPTION

Citizens' Civic Organizations and Brass Bands Turn Out to Welcome Soldiers.

Birmingham.—After a long and tiresome journey Batteries A and C, Alabama National Guard, reached home to be demobilized. Upon their arrival here the boys were given a rousing reception.

The guardsmen were met by committees from the Chamber of Commerce, the Community Club and various other civic organizations. In addition hundreds of local citizens, including relatives and friends of the returning soldiers welcomed them. The Alabama Boys' Industrial School Band, the Musicians' union band took part in the parade following the arrival of the troops.

Tick Election Called for Bibb.

Centerville.—Probate Judge Nicholson, of Bibb county, has designated March 6, as the date for voting on the cattle tick eradication. A petition signed by 25 per cent of the voters of the county was presented Judge Nicholson and after checking it, the order was issued. At present every county touching Bibb, except one, has voted favorably on tick eradication, and it is thought that the voters will move for the eradication of the tick.

Bonds To Be Issued.

Eufaula.—Now that the Alabama Supreme Court has affirmed the legality of the school bond issue of $15,000, voted last fall by the people of Eufaula, the city council will proceed at once with the issuance of the bonds and offer them for sale. As soon as the proceeds of the bonds are in hand, work will be started on remodeling of the Sanford Street School Building, and construction of an adjoining building for the high school use.

Election To Be Held.

Gadsden.—Petitions were presented to the County Commissioners by H. H. White, President of the County Board of Education, asking that an election be called to vote o na three-mill school tax. The commissioners signified their intention of calling the election, and asked Mr. White to name a date. May 15 was the date suggested and the Commisisoners probably will set the election for that time.

Thirty-Six Take Pharmacy Test.

Birmingham.—Thirty-six applicants for license to practice pharmacy in Alabama took the mid-winter examinations prepared by the State Board of Pharmacy here. Four states and three foreign countries were represented in the list of applicants. One man came from Port Said, Egypt, one from Santiago, Cuba, and a third from Italy. Kirk Newell, the famous Auburn football player, was among the applicants.

Rifle Classes For Young Women.

Mobile.—Young women of Mobile now have the opportunity of becoming acquainted with the use of fire arms. Classes are being started in the Red Cross work, which offers courses in handling the rifle and nursing. Many young women are enrolling in these classes, with a view of having the opportunity to serve their country in the event war is declared.

Date of Board Visit Set.

Tuscaloosa.—The committee of the armor plant will visit Tuscaloosa Monday, February 26. A telegram was received from Congressman Oliver to this effect. The general committee of the Tuscaloosa Board of Trade having the matter in charge has perfected arrangements for the entertainment of the committee.

Mobile Man Heir to Large Estate.

Mobile.—Adolph Green, an employe of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Shops, has inherited a large sum of money. He has just returned from a trip to New York, where he went to settle an estate with other heirs. The estate is valued at $100,000.

Train Wreck in Clanton.

Clanton.—A wreck occurred on the Lousville and Nashville within the city limits. Thirteen cars were ditched and contents scattered on both sides of the track. No one was injured.

Soil Survey to be Printed.

Washington.—The House passed resolutions to print additional copies of the soil surveys of Jefferson, Perry and Madison Counties, Alabama, for which there is constant demand.

War on Vagrants.

Anniston.—The chief of police has declared war on vagrants, including "Weary Willies," as well as vagrant women, who seek a haven here. As a result police court is crowded every day with alleged vagrants.

Chlorin Plant Bought.

Montgomery.—The State Board of Health has just received a new liquid chlorin plant to be used as an emergency outfit in combatting water-formed diseases, such as typhoid fever and dyphtheria.

Farmers to Build Canning Plant.

Birmingham.—Birmingham will have a canning factory with an output of from 10,000 to 15,000 cans daily within six months time. This was the decision of the open meeting of farmers, merchants and brokers held at the Chamber of Commerce to sound the opinions of the people of the dtstrict on the question of a factory in Birmingham for canning the produce of the district, and prevent its going to waste as so much of it has done for the past. Plans for making up a canning factory company to be operated on a regular company business basis paying about $3 a day for labor will be made immediately. Already the farmers of the district are subscribing, rather pledging themselves to furnish an ascertained acreage to the factory.

Mrs. Parke Made President.

Birmingham.—Under the leadership of Mrs. Julian B. Parke of Selma, with the changed title of office, Chairman the fifth annual convention of the Alabama Equal Suffrage Association already is preparing for the work of the new year. Other officers elected for 1917 terms are: Mrs. Angus Taylor, Vice Chairman; Miss Amelia Worthington, Recording Secretary; Mrs. Joe Wilkins of Selma, Corresponding Secretary; Miss Annie Jo Coates of Gadesden, Treasurer. Mrs. Parke's election was made unanimous with the withdrawal of Mrs. Oscar R. Hundley from the nominated ticket. The next meeting place of the annual convention will be determined at a meeting of the State Executive Board held several months before the date of the convention.

Oats Are Killed.

Greenville.—Practically all of the oats that were not planted during the fall in Butler county have been killed by the recent cold. It is believed that the fall oats will make about a two-thirds stand. This caused a great loss to the farmers of the county. In many instances the farmers have replanted, using the variety suggested by Professor Duggar, of Auburn. Realizing the great demand that will be made for all kinds of food stuff the present year, the farmers of Butler county are increasing their acreages in all other food crops.

Brandon to Run for Governor.

Birmingham.—Judge William W. Brandon, Probate Judge of Tuscaloosa County, will make his formal announcement for governor during the first week in May, and will thereafter conduct a vigorous and active campaign for gubernatorial honors, according to announcement made by Murray Cannon of Tuscaloosa, one of Judge Brandon's closest friends, while in Birmingham.

Henderson Thinks State Has Chance.

Montgomery.—Alabama has a splendid chance to obtain the Government Armor Plate Plant, in the event all factions will get together and work for Alabama, according to Governor Henderson. The Governor says that the place of location is a secondary consideration, and that all contestants should adopt the slogan, "Alabama First."

Fair To Be Held Again.

Tuscaloosa.—The West Alabama Fair will be held as usual this fall. This was decided at a meeting of the stockholders held at the Board of Trade rooms. The action in favor of the fair being continued was unanimous.

Health Report Made.

Florence.—The annual report of Dr. W. J. Kernachan, county health Officer of Lauderdale county, for the year ending December 31, 1916, shows a natural increase in the population of the county of 434. The brith rate was 25.5 per thousand, and the death rate 12.6 per thousand.

Barn Burned at M'Fall.

Anniston. — News was received in Anniston of the destruction of a large barn and contents by fire, owned by J. J. Ingram. About 2000 bales of fodder was destroyed, together with a quantity of hay, cotton seed and other feed.

Gets $5,000 For Lost Arm.

Huntsville.—A jury in the circuit court rendered a cerdict in favor of Mason Butner for $5,000, against the Huntsville Knitting Mills. Butner was formerly an employee of the mills and lost an arm while in the discharge of his duty.

Mate Is Killed.

Mobile.—William Olsen, second mate of the Russian ship Talus, fell down the hold of the ship and broke his neck. He was buried at Fort Morgan

Opp Commits Suicide.

Montgomery.—Valentine Opp aged 44 years, one of the best known men in Montgomery, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head.

Election Date Named.

Gadsden.—Probate Judge L. L. Herzberg has named March 12 as the date for the Etowah county election on tick eradication.

Winter Crops Damaged.

Eufaula.—Farmers are reporting many winter crops almost a total loss as a result of the freezing weather. More oats probably were planted in this section this year than in many years past, but all have been destroyed. All gardens have been killed along with many minor crops that were planted last fall and early in the winter. Preparations for the year are well advanced on all the farms and all that the farmers are asking for are good season and good prices.

TRAINING TODAY'S BOYS AND GIRLS

More Child Work Might Result in Less Child Labor.

LET INTEREST GROW SLOWLY

How the Young Folks' Activities Can Be So Directed as to Benefit Their Mental and Physical Health.

By SIDONIE M. GRUENBERG.

SOONER or later we are going to be shamed into abolishing child labor in this country. It is difficult to find a single enthusiastic defender of the system that grinds the lives of little children into textiles and hardware and breakfast foods while grownups walk about wearily in search of work. And there are more and more persons every day becoming enthusiastic in advancing the notion that the children are to be saved for human living. In the meanwhile, however, most children seem obliged to choose between the labor offered them and demoralizing drifting and loafing.

First of all we should clear up the perplexing confusion between work and labor. We speak of people's work, but hardly realize that the bulk of the population is engaged in performing for hire various kinds of service in which they are not at all interested. Most people labor for wages, doing what they are directed to do, in a large proportion of cases having no understanding and no concern as to the outcome of their efforts. This is the kind of "work" that is offered to most children when they leave the schools and go to the factories and mills and shops.

Now there is nothing to be said in defense of anyone spending his days at that sort of thing except that he needs the money and does not see any other way of getting it. On the other hand, the opportunity to keep busy doing something that is worth while, something that has an obvious purpose and interest to the worker, is the kind of opportunity that every child should have. Because the world's work has become so organized as to leave only drudgery for children and for most parents, the early experiences of most children effectually prevent the development of a healthy attitude toward work. The adults hate their daily occupations, and it is not apparent that application will bring returns in proportion to the exertions made; as a partial result the children grow up in an atmosphere unfavorable to the spirit of workmanship. There is every temptation to shirk, every suggestion for escaping responsibility.

In addition to this unfavorable atmosphere there is the absence, in most homes and in most schools, of the opportunity to acquire work interests. The child is naturally active; the child would ever so much rather do something than sit still or watch someone else do it. Indeed, that is one of the reasons we have so much difficulty keeping him "in order" at home and at school. But this activity is either suppressed or it is directed into channels that cannot hold the interest. Writing compositions or parsing sentences or doing sums is not quite active enough for most healthy boys and girls. They want to do something with their hands; they want to make something that will be there to be seen and understood and appreciated when it is finished.



The Child Would Much Rather Do Something Than Sit Down and Watch Someone Else Do It.

For the child's physical health, as well as for his mental health, he needs the opportunity to do real work, to produce real results. This is quite as necessary as athletics or gymnastics and quite as necessary as 'riting or 'rithmetic. But in most homes there is little or nothing that the child can do, nothing that is worth while in an educative way. Then the homes that still have opportunities for work should utilize these just as far as possible in the child's development.

The child's interest in work as an accomplishment must grow. One of the ways of killing that interest is by overloading it early in the child's life. This interest should grow slowly and unconsciously out of the play interest. At its best, the work interest cannot be distinguished from the play interest. This is seen when a man like Huxley, devoting himself through years of hardship to most arduous research, asks to be considered an "amateur," a worker for the love of the work. And this is seen with all great artists and inventors and organizers.

We know how the child's play shifts from aimless movements to the imitations of the activities of his elders, from mere manipulation of objects and materials to the planned and purposeful "making" of things. When the child once reaches this stage there should be constantly before him the materials and tools that can be used in "making" things, and whatever material is "spoiled" in the course of making is a very cheap charge against the child's education in work. The dress that a little girl makes for her doll may not be as "fetching" as the one bought in the store, and it may even cost more in materials and attention from olders; but it is worth at least two or three of the dresses that you can buy. A little boy who delights in making cranberry preserves when his mother lets him gets much more satisfaction from the experience than he does from eating the mess, and he gets a valuable part of his education at the same time. He may never become a chief cook or even a chemist, but he ought to learn how to carry out more and more complex combinations of processes and to take satisfaction in getting results.

It is not to be expected that all homes will ever be equipped with the variety of materials and tools that will give each kind of work interest its opportunity to experiment. It is all the more important that the school should give children, from the earliest years, the experience of planning and



The Dress She Makes May Not Be as Fetching, but It Is Worth Two or Three of the Dresses That You Can Buy.

executing the making of all sorts of projects. In connection with the plays and festivals, in connection with the dramatization of literature and history, in connection with the publication of school papers, in connection with parties and entertainments, the better schools today furnish the children opportunities to do real work in a wide range of materials. The sewing and cooking, the painting and carpentery work, the designing and planning, make up the very substance of abounding life. If we had more work perhaps there would be less labor—for adults as well as for children.

DELIVERING WATER IN QUITO

Aquadores Have Their Own Method of Doing It, and It Is Somewhat Humorous.

About a fountain in one of the principal squares of Quito, the capital of Ecuador, assemble every morning the city's aguadores. These water porters differ from the less energetic ones of some South American cities in carrying their jars upon their backs instead of on the backs of mules. Their earthen jars are deep, have a single mouth, and hold about forty pints.

The porter carries it on his shoulder fastened with leather straps. He never detaches himself from his jar either to fill it or to transfer its contents to that of his customer.

He turns his back to the fountain so that the jar comes under one of the jets of water and listens to the sound of the water in the jar, and his ear is so well trained that he always walks away at the exact moment when it is filled to the brim.

Arriving at the house of a customer, he goes to the household jar, makes a deep bow, and disappears behind a torrent of water. Foreigners can never receive without laughing the visit of their aguador, the respectful little man who bows to one behind the cataract of water.

Long Grace Before Meals.

Partly owing to the demands for female help in various quarters, changes are occurring in domestic staffs, and now and again a freshly arrived maid has difficulty in accustoming herself to the novel surroundings, unfamiliar methods. A hospitable woman, who entertains parties of soldiers to tea, was explaining to her new maid that 20 had accepted invitations.

"They are asked, Sarah," she mentioned, "for half-past four, but I usually give them fifteen minutes' grace."

"Ma'am," said the new servant frankly, "I'm as greatly in favor of religion as anyone, but I certainly do think a quarter of an hour is somewhat overdoing it!"

Faith and Sight.

Faith is always, in an important sense, the antithesis of sight. It always indicates an element of the unseen and unknown somewhere in the matter. No doubt faith and sight stand in a close connection with each other, and often seem to run over, so to speak, into one another. Faith, in its true and sane sense, cannot live without some foothold on what we may call sight. But faith in itself is precisely that which ventures out beyond sight, and moves and works in the dark, in the unseen, in the unknown.—Bishop Moule.

To Stop Nose Bleed.

Allow the nose to bleed freely for a few minutes to clear out the head. Then tie a cord tightly about the second joint of the little finger on the left hand. About the time the finger becomes a little numb the nose will have stopped bleeding. Remove the cord at once. This was successfully tried within the last few years by several people who had suffered for a long time from nose bleed.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of Sunday School Course of Moody Bible Institute.)
(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR FEBRUARY 25

JESUS AT POOL OF BETHESDA.

LESSON TEXT—John 5:1-15.
GOLDEN TEXT—It was Jesus which had made him whole.—John 5:15.

Following the events of last Sunday's lesson, Jesus went to Jerusalem to attend the feast (v. 1). He went up according to the requirements of the Jewish law (Ex. 34:23; see Gal. 4:4), but he was not satisfied with the conventional fulfilling of the duties for that occasion, nor was he occupied with social and commercial functions, but in "going about doing good." The feast was an occasion of joy and mirth on every hand, but in the midst of it is this great need so graphically pictured in this lesson. How true this is to our daily experience. Teachers should appeal to the imagination of their scholars and describe as vividly as possible this pool. Let them depict a room, on the floor of which is a pool; in one corner of the room a stairway leading up to the ceiling; surrounding the room, at the top of the wall a broad walk; on the wall, looking down toward the floor and the pool is "a multitude of them that were blind, halt and withered." These were the wretched ones who sought the pool, and evidently Jesus sought the most wretched of this company.

I. Jesus went where there was need (v. 6). In the midst of this company Jesus "saw" this man lie. He had been there often (v. 7), and his case seemed to be beyond all hope, but there is nothing too hard for God (Gen. 18:14; Jer. 32:17).

II. Jesus throws the responsibility upon the man (v. 6). Jesus had eyes not only to see need, but he also saw God's and his own personal power to relieve the need. The question is, what do we see as we journey through life?

III. Jesus was moved with compassion (Matt. 14:14). He always has that feeling when he looks upon suffering and the misfortunes of men (Heb. 13:8; 4:15-16; Isa. 63:9). Jesus does not do for the man what the man can do for himself; so he makes his first appeal to the man's desire and, through his desire, to the man's will, "Wilt thou be made whole?" The fact that he has been a long time in his predicament, or the fact that a sinner has been a long time in an evil state is no reason for supposing that Jesus will not take interest in him or that he cannot save and help and heal him (Matt. 9:21; Luke 8:43; Acts 3:2). His question throws the whole matter upon the will of the man. Jesus is willing and able; the only question is, are we willing?

IV. Jesus commands the impossible. The man thought the only way he could be made whole was through the efficiency of the waters in this pool, but Jesus, by speaking a word, had the power that would heal him (Ps. 107:20); so today it is the power of the word of Christ that can save all who believe on him (Rom. 1:16). All we have to do to live is to hear and believe (John 5:24). With the command of Christ, "Rise, take up thy bed," was enabling power. The cure was not only complete, but it was instantaneous (Acts 3:7,8).

V. He worked a complete cure. He was made whole even according to the question which Jesus had asked at the outset. The man at once began to use this Christ-given strength by taking up his bed, and doing exactly as he was commanded (II Tim. 3:12). Jesus likes these hard cases, those of "long standing" (v. 5). He also likes those that are the results of sin, for that was his work in the world (v. 14; Matt. 1:21).

VI. Opposition and danger (vv. 10-15). The objection raised was that Jesus had transgressed the Jewish law. The man's answer to this was, "He hath made me whole." The word of God is our law (Matt. 17:5). The strength that Jesus gives us is to be used in obedience to him in glorifying his name. The man did not tell the Jews who it was that made him whole, because he did not know, himself; but as soon as he found out who it was he told them without fear or hesitancy. He did not even wait for them to ask him, but sought an opportunity for witnessing (v. 15). Any man who is truly saved will at once give his witness to others. The admonition which Jesus gave to this man (v. 14) still holds good. How many men we have seen who have been saved from the drink habit or some other evil in life, and who have grown indifferent or careless and returned to their sin only to have "a worse thing come unto them." It is interesting to notice that Jesus performed this miracle in the face of great opposition and danger.

Summary: (1) Jesus cures the sick, not by what he does to them, but what he does in them.

(2) Christianity is the gospel for the body as well as for souls of men.

(3) The gospel of Jesus is the beginning of a new life for every man who accepts it.

(4) Sickness and trouble are frequently the instruments of God's providence, bringing men to realize their sins and their need.

(5) No matter how great the progress of modern medicine or the skill of physicians, there is always the need of the Great Physician.

SUFFERED SEVERELY EVERY MONTH

Lady Tells What Cardui Did for Her and What It Will Do for Suffering Women.

Deepwater, Texas.—"I think Cardui is indeed a wonderful medicine," says Mrs. Minnie Starnes, of this town. "In 1905, I broke down in health suddenly . . . I suffered agony. Had bearing down pains . . . also my back and limbs and hips. . . . Sometimes I was in bed all the time and again I was just able to be up. I suffered most severely at . . . and would be confined to my bed four or five days.

"Nothing I did ever did me any good until I took Cardui, but I suffered two years this way before I took Cardui. One day my husband . . . saw the Cardui advertisement. He got me a bottle, I began taking it and next month I never felt any pain at all, did all my work without any trouble. . . ."

Mrs. Starnes says she did not take any more Cardui then until 1908, when she took four bottles, with excellent results. She concludes her statement with the following: "I would advise all expectant mothers to give Cardui a trial. It will relieve all anxiety and fear as is natural for them to have. I know, for I had the experience myself."

Judging from the experiences of so many thousands of other women, you can depend on Cardui to surely help you, if you suffer from any of the complaints so common to women.

Get a bottle from your druggist today, and give it a fair trial.—Adv.

A Model Husband.

"Hubby, I want a pair of shoes."

"Very well, my dear. You can get a serviceable pair for about $7."

"But Mrs. Jibway—"

"Say no more. If Mrs. Jibway pays $15 for a pair of boots, it naturally follows that you must do the same. Get that kind, my love."

ALABAMA DRUGGISTS ALWAYS RECOMMEND GOOD MEDICINES

During our entire experience of nine years in selling Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root we have never heard anything but praise for the remedy and believe it must possess excellent merit in the troubles for which it is recommended. We have great faith in the medicine because it always satisfies its users and that is what sells the preparation.

Very truly yours,
COLLINS & ARMSTRONG, Druggists,
June 28, 1916. Hartford, Ala.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

Much Pleasanter Here.

"There are some things about our political system that don't seem quite right," remarked Senator Sorghum.

"For instance?"

"The congressman who has made himself unpopular among his constituents is the one who has to go back and have 'em as neighbors."

ENDS DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, GAS

"Pape's Diapepsin" cures sick, sour stomachs in five minutes —Time It!

"Really does" put bad stomachs in order—"really does" overcome indigestion, dyspepsia, gas, heartburn and sourness in five minutes—that—just that—makes Pape's Diapepsin the largest selling stomach regulator in the world. If what you eat ferments into stubborn lumps, you belch gas and eructate sour, undigested food and acid; head is dizzy and aches; breath foul; tongue coated; your insides filled with bile and indigestible waste, remember the moment "Pape's Diapepsin" comes in contact with the stomach all such distress vanishes. It's truly astonishing—almost marvelous, and the joy is its harmlessness.

A large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin will give you a hundred dollars' worth of satisfaction.

It's worth its weight in gold to men and women who can't get their stomachs regulated. It belongs in your home—should always be kept handy in case of sick, sour, upset stomach during the day or at night. It's the quickest, surest and most harmless stomach doctor in the world.—Adv.

Pensions for the Blind.

Official figures show that in Missouri the state constitutional amendment favoring pensions for the blind was adopted at the autumn election by a plurality of 12,719.

DEATH LURKS IN A WEAK HEART, so on first symptoms use "Renovine" and be cured. Delay and pay the awful penalty. "Renovine" is the heart's remedy. Price $1.00 and 50c.—Adv.

Weigh some men and you'll find them wanting in everything—except weight.

Living high has laid many a man low.

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
UNION PUBLISHING CO.

W. M. WYATT, Editor & Manager.

Subscription price $1.00 per year, payable in advance.

Entered April 15, 1913, at Clanton Ala., as second class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

During the Napoleonic era, when nearly all Europe was engaged in a tremendous war, George Washington, then our President, was striving for peace and neutrality toward those warring factions, so far as America was concerned. He attained both peace and neutrality by prohibiting the carrying on of commerce of any kind between the American commercial interests and those of the belligerents. It seems that if America is finally drawn into the present European conflict, the cause will be attributed only to complications that have or may yet grow out of our trade with the nations at war. There would have been a bare chance indeed for the peace and neutrality of this country to have been disturbed, if we had declared ourselves neutral at the beginning, stopped furnishing the nations of Europe supplies and ammunition with which to fight, and let them have their scramble to themselves as Washington did when he was at the masthead.

The people of Chilton county have shown so little interest in the work of tick eradication as proposed by government authorities that the experts have become disgusted with us and moved to other territory, where the residents care more for the proposition of getting rid of the ticks than they do in Chilton. We are sorry that such conditions exist here, and hope that if our salvation lies in tick eradication, as the authorities tell us it does, our citizens may become convinced before it is too late to get the advantages of state and government aid, as has been given to other counties.

Republican Prosperity the Basis

That the Democrats are able to derive such a large revenue from internal taxation because of the carefully nurtured prosperity which the Republicans left as a legacy to the Democratic administration is the contention of Congressman Henry W. Watson of Pennsylvania. "The Republican protective tariff was the energy which developed our great resources," asserts Mr. Watson, "and the Democratic Party depends upon that prosperity from which to collect a revenue to meet intemperate Democratic disbursements." Representative Watson recognizes the right of the party in control to impose their economic theories on the country, but must deny his support to a bill that will inevitably reduce wages, further increase the cost of living, and add more burdensome taxation.

Would Set Aside Washington's Policy.

In their repeated explanations of the President's address to the Senate on permanent peace the Democrats of that body have found it necessary to soft pedal when discussing the Wilson proposition that our authority and power should be added to the "authority and force of other nations to guarantee peace and justice throughout the world." Senator Henry F. Lippitt of Rhode Island, asks the pertinent question: "Does not that expression 'force' mean join the Army and Navy of the United States to the armies and navies of he other nations?" One of the administration Democrats hastily replied that "undoubtedly it means potential force." The dictionary definition of "potential" is "possible, as opposed to actual." The word egectively describes not only the President's peace address but all of his note-writing since he entered the White House. He possesses the "potential" power, because of his exaltedposition, of placing this country in the front rank of nations, honored and respected by all, but the "actual" accomplishment has fallen sadly short of that mark.

SINGING AT COLINS CHAPEL

There will be singing at Collins Chapel on the Fourth Sunday afternoon by Prof. J. M. Dye and others. Everybody invited especially singers and lovers of music.

D. M. Apperson of Maplesville was in Clanton Tuesday on business.

J. P. Rushing of Verbena was in Clanton last Friday.

Rev. E. A. Norris of Verbena Route 2 was in Clanton last Saturday.

W. N. Culp of Clanton Route 2 was in Clanton on Monday.

Eat at Bill Goodgame's when you are in town. He feeds you on the best "grub."

Break your Cold or LaGrippe with a few doses of 666.

What Would Washington Say?

To-day, February 22nd, is the birthday of the Father of our country, a day we observe with the profoundest reverence.

Through all the various stripes and colors of our national relations with other countries of the world; with all that great men are saying and doing in regard to our concern in the tremendous cataclysm of war; with the record of activity and achievement that the history of our country accords our first President—glancing at all of these things in one sweeping review of the past and a reflection upon the present, we happen to wonder what might be the thoughts, actions and opinions of the greatest soldier and statesman our country ever produced, if he were alive to view the present-day situation of the United States, and our concurrent relationship with the nations of Europe in their death-dealing conflict, that eclipses the greater portion of the world in a terrible haze of dangerous suffering and misery.

From the records of history we remember that during Washington's administration as President of the United States, France and England were engaged in the mightest coflict of war ever known prior to the present one they are jointly waging against Germany and her auxilaries. The great war of that day involved the interests of American commerce somewhat in the way the present one concerns our shipping interests.

Washington declared neutrality—he made and kept his country neutral. He promptly issued orders forbidding American merchant vessels to ply the waters of the Atlantic in trade between this country and the warring nations of the old world. That settled America's part of the stew in short order, and we went ahead about our business, living at home and independent of Europe until they got their difficulties settled among themselves, and there was no danger of our getting embroiled. By declaring neutrality and keeping it the avoidance of any complications dangerous to America was easy.

For the sake of carrying on commerce with the belligerents nations of Europe in the present war, our country has run the hazards of getting into the conflict. Instead of severing connections with the fighting peoples and living upon our own resources, this country has held to its chance to make money by trade in ammunition and supplies to the nations of Europe, until it now seems impossible that we can avoid getting mixed up in the terrible war.

Washington's policy was different from the present policy of the United States, hence we wonder what he would say of his country to-day if he could see her as she is about to release heself to a mounstrous fatility across the ocean.

"Use Less Fire and More Sense."

The great need for our Southern soils, as we have said a hundred times, is humus—that is to say, decaying vegetable matter, rotting leaves, trash, grass, etc., for that is all the word "humus" means.

It is humus that makes your new-ground rich and your hedge-row rich. It is by humus that nature restores the fertility to an old field when careless man has seemingly worn it out. She puts trees and grass on it and lets the dying leaves, weeds, grass, and limbs rot year after year until the soil becomes fertile again. And yet in the face of all these facts, thousands and thousands of foolish farmers all over the South will "burn off" their fields this year—will burn the broomsedge, field-grass, and cornstalks that Nature is trying to enrich the land with. They will burn this valuable plant food and moisture saver that the famishing earth should be feeding upon—more valuable than commercial fertilizers because of its effects on the soil—and will buy fertility in a guano sack to replace what they have thrown away. And then in the fall they will say their land is "worn out," and complain about hard times.

Let us hope that no Progressive Farmer reader will be so unwise. "Use less fire and more sense in dealing with your fields," as the late Dr. Knapp once said in a letter to The Progressive Farmer. And Prof. Sherwin has a saying almost as good, "You can't make humus out of smoke." You certainly can't.—Progressive Farmer.

JAMES BOYS IN MISSOURI

A play in four acts will be presented at Mt. Pleasant on Thursday night Feb. 22. Principal characters are Jesse James, Zelda Ralston, Bob Ford, Frank James, Dick Huntley. Continual fun by two expert comedians.

The play depicts the thrilling love story of Jesse James and his faithful sweetheart, Zelda Ralston, who becomes his wife, and shows her faithfulness to him in his dying hour after he is shot to death by Bob Ford. The scenes are interesting and thrilling and require two and one-half hours time for the presentation.

MARRIAGES

W. Y. Chambliss, Mt. Creek and Mrs. Lula Sanders, Cooper.

Dr. V. J. Gragg, Clanton, and Miss Eula Roper, Clanton.

F. A. Davis, Jemison, and Mrs. Hixie Giles, Jemison.

James Lee Smith, Clanton, and Miss Lillian Connell, Verbena.



Cheap and big can Baking Powders do not save you money. Calumet does—it's pure and far superior to sour milk and soda.

Worthen's Wonder Workers

The Great Nerve and Brain Food

Highly recommended for Nervous Debility. Nervous Prostration, Premature Decline, Drainage, Lost Vigor, Reproductive Incapacity, Paralysis and Paralytic Tendendicies, Decline of Strnegth, Premature old Age. Loss of Ambition, Insomnia, Melancholy, Nervous Dyspepsia, Kidney and Bladder Trouble and Constipation.

These tablets will be found valuable in the treatment of the Various Debilitating Diseases of men and in the most extreme cases of Nervous Prostration in women.

GUARANTEE—We will send six boxes of Worthens Wonder Workers to you for $5.00 and guarantee them to give satisfaction or return the money.

Price, $1.00 a box 6 boxes, $5.00.
Sent by mail on receipt of price.
The Worthen Wonder Worker Co.
Boston, Mass., U. S. A.

TRIED THIS WEEK. TWO CASES AGAINST JOE HUFF

Tuesday two cases were tried in the Circuit court against Joe Huff. One charge was for trespassing, in which the jury found the defendant guilty and imposed a fine of $10.00. The other case was a charge of destroying land corners, in which the result was a mistrial.

SOL BETHEL CONVICTED FOR ASSAULT WITH A WEAPON.

Solomon Bethel, the ugliest negro in Chilton county, was tried in the Circuit court this week on a charge of assault with a weapon. The jury in the case rendered a verdict of guilty, and the sentence will be pronounced by the presiding Judge.

THE CLANTON BANK CASES ARE BEING TRIED HERE.

The cases of the State against the officials of the defunct Clanton Bank charging them with mismanagement of the affairs of that institution, are up for trial in the Circuit court here this week. The cases were reached Tuesday, but up to Wednesday night no decisions had been rendered.

James M. Mims of Collins Chapel was in town Monday on business.

ANOTHER LETTER FROM CHILTON BOY ON THE MEX. BORDER

Nogales, Ariz., Jan. 28, 1917
Editor Union-Banner

The article, "Keeping the Alabaman in Service," printed in the editorial section of the Montgomery Advertiser of January 23, 1917, states, "We suspect that in Washington and on the border there is a feeling that the Alabama troops have been too vocal and too persistent in their effort to be returned home." I regret to state that this statement exactly fits a few of our boys, however, it is doing a great injustice to the majority of the Alabama boys that willingly sacrificed their interests and their loved ones at home to endure the hardships of Border service, at the call of our President.

In submitting this article to the Alabama public, I wish to say that I am assuming the authority to speak for every true blue all wool and a yard wide Alabamian now in service here, and feel confident that any thing said here will receive their hearty solicitations. In each and every phase of life there can be found the pessimist and chronic knocker and despite the fact that we are hampered with a few of these, we wish for once and all to let our friends and relatives know that we are certainly not the bunch of crying babes that some seem to think.

We were mobilized in Montgomery Alabama, June 26, 1916. Shortly after arriving there that awful flood period set in. The National Guard hampered by the great number of volunteers was unable to furnish the sufficient supplies and consequently most every one had to start serving his country with the civilian clothes that he had at the time of enlistment. When we were want to seek the much needed rest and recreaction that nature demands it was only to cast ourselves prostrate upon a pile of hay and make the best of it. When the mess call sounded we lined up in the rain and mud, marched by the mess table and partook of food that, owing to rooky cooks, was prepared none too well.

The bad weather combined with consistent drilling soon had our civilian clothes and shoes in a vrey delapidated condition indeed, but bearing mind the fact that under the prevailing conditions it was impossible for our Government to furnish us with ample supplies and thinking that the honor of our beloved country was at stake we submitted to all these hardships without the slightest murmur of protest.

In the course of a few weeks we were fitted out in Uncle Sam's best and dispatched to the frontier .

We arrived here in due time taking possession of a very steep and rocky hill put up our tents, jugled rocks for a few days and finally settled down to the grim task before us.

Despite the fact that the grim old reaper in disguise of various diseases invaded our camp snatching away our loyal comrades, for over three months we have been faithfully patrolling the border ever ready at any moment to give up our lives in protection of the American citizen and our countries rights.

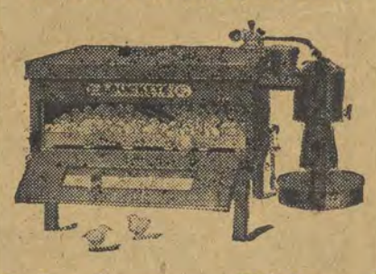
What are the results of such loyalty? Practically every newspaper we receive has various articles commenting upon the fact that the Alabama boys are begging and crying for a recall.

I would like to leave these two questions before the broad-minded and whole-hearted public of old Alabama. Do you think the sons of your native soil capable of being a quitter? On account of a very few pessimists is it fair that we should be branded with the stain of that squawking distinction?

Respectfully,
STRAUGHTON BICE,
4th. Reg. Band, A. N. G.

Don't forget your Subscription.

BUCKEYE INCUBATOR



It hatches more Chicks and Better Chicks.

L. D. Popwell

White Leghorns and Plymouth Rocks—Eggs to sell


Ask Grandfather—He'll Tell You—

Stop Rheumatism Before It Takes Hold

You can do it by keeping your blood clean. The kidneys filter about 500 grains of uric acid and other salts from the blood every 24 hours. When there is more than the kidneys can remove, it is deposited in muscles and joints, and painful rheumatism follows. S. S. S., for 50 years the most efficient of all blood tonics, will keep the blood pure and prevent disease. At your druggists.
SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

S.S.S. Will Stop Disease

Special BARGAIN Days

We are now offering many special Bargain prices on our entire stock of General Merchandise. We want to move a lot of goods right away to make room for a lot of Spring and Summer goods which will arrive in a few weeks. Come to see us. We will save you $'s.

Clanton Mercantile Company

"The Big Bargain Store."

CAN'T LOSE HAIR

Twenty years from Today a Baldheaded Man Will Be an Unusual Sight.

One of the most prominent druggists of America made a statement a few weeks ago which has caused a great deal of discussion among scientists in the medical press.

He said: "If the new hair grower, Mildredina Hair Remedy, increases its sales as it has during the past year it will be used by nearly every man, woman and child in America within eight years.

"When Mildredina Hair Remedy is used almost universally, dandruff will disappear and with its departure baldness, itching scalp, splitting hair and all scalp diseases will follow and twenty years from now a bald head will be a rarity."

There is only one way to cure dandruff, and that is to kill the germs. There is only one hair preparation that will kill the germs and tath is Mildredina Hair Remedy. This unusual hair restorer with its record of thousands of cures will grow hair on any head where there is any life left; it will cure dandruff, stop falling hair and itching of the scalp in three weeks or money back.

It is the most pleasant and invigorating tonic, is not sticky, orgreasy and is used extensively by ladies of relnement who desire to have and to keep their hair soft, lustrous and luxuriant. Fifty cents for a large bottle druggists everywhere. Mail orders filled by American Proprietary Co., Boston, Mass.

CUT THIS OUT

FREE to show how quickly Mildredina Hair Remedy acts, we will send a large sample free by return mail to anyone who sends this Coupon to American Proprietary Co., Boston, Mass., with their name and address and ten cents in silver to pay postage.

Mrs. J. C. Jones returned home last Thursday from Dothan where she went as a delegate to the Methodist Womans Missionary Conference. She was honored at the Conference by being elected Secretary of the Prattville District, which includes Chilton, Elmore, Autauga and Bibb counties. At the next social meeting of the Clanton Society Mrs. Jones in her report will give the members the benefit of the inspiration she gathered at the great Dothan Conference.

Dr. E. A. Mattehws, the former cashier of the Clanton Bank, who is serving a nine year sentence in the penitentiary at Wetumpka, is in Clanton to attend circuit court as a witness in the cases of the State against other officials of the defunct Bank.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in New Hayes Bldg.
Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women and Children
CLANTON, ALA.

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

F. B. COLLIER
Attorney at Law
Office in the Johnson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.



NEGRO WOMAN ESCAPED FROM THE COUNTY JAIL

Last Saturday night, as the jailer was feeding the prisoners at the jail a negro woman who was confined in the prison a short while ago for cutting another negro woman, escaped from the door, and succeeded in makin a complete get-away. As soon as it was found that she had gotten out the officers were summoned and they made every effort to recover her and return her to safe keeping, but were not successful.

SHOE SHOP

I HAVE OPENED UP A SHOE AND HARNESS REPAIR SHOP AT THE BROWN OLD STAND IN THE KICKER BUILDING, AND AM PREPARED TO DO THE BEST CLASS OF WORK AT THE MOST REASONABLE PRICES. YOUR WORK IS SOLICITED UNDER A POSITIVE GUARANTEE OF SATISFACTION IN BOTH PRICES AND WORKMANSHIP.

Jim Huckabee

Free Flower Seed Hastings' Catalogue Tells You About It

No matter whether you farm on a large scale or only plant vegetables or flowers in a small way, you need Hastings' 1917 Seed Catalog. It's ready now and we have a copy for you absolutely free, if you ask for it, mentioning the name of this paper.
In addition to showing you about all the varieties of vegetables, farm grass, clover and flower seeds, this catalog tells how you can get free five splendid varieties of easily grown, yet beautiful flowers, with which to beautify your home surroundings.
Good seeds of almost every kind are scarce this season, and you can't afford to take chances in your seed supply. Hastings' Seeds are dependable seeds, the kind you can always depend on having "good luck" with.
You are going to garden or farm this spring. Why not insure success so far as possible by starting with the right seed? Don't take chances that you do not have to.
Write today for Hastings' 1917 Catalog. It's free and will both interest and help you to succeed in 1917.
—H. G. HASTINGS CO., Seedsmen, Atlanta, Ga.—Advt.

GEORGE TACKETT GETS MISTRIAL IN CIRCUIT COURT.

This week the case of George Tackett, indicted upon a charge of selling whiskey, was tried in the Circuit Court, and the result was a mis-trial. The jury failed to agree on a verdict. The defendant is a white man, well known in this county.

DEATHS

DEATH OF MISS VELMA WHITE

The death of Miss Velma White, one of the most universally loved and highly esteemed ladies of Clanton, was a sad occurrence of last Sunday night. At the time of her death, and for many days prior, she had been confined by serious illness in an infirmary in Montgomery, where she had undergone a serious operation.
Miss White was a very modest and admirable character of lovely womanliness. She was actively identified with the most earnest workers in church and Sunday school, faithful, devoted and sincere.
Since her residence in Clanton she has made a place in the hearts of a broad circle of friends who will sadly miss her hereafter.
Her remains were brought to Clanton Monday morning. Funeral services were conducted from the family residence on Tuesday by Rev. Jerome O. Williams of Sylacauga, after which interment took place in the Clanton cemetery. A large number of sorrowing friends were in attendance to pay their last respects.

LITTLE BESSIE FARMER BURNS TO DEATH

While a number of little girls were playing "grown up lady" and wearing long skirts at the home of Mr. Farmer, near Wadsworth, Bessie's skirt caught from the flames in an open fire and soon he clothing were all in a blaze.
Mr. Farmer was near by and hearing the screams of the children rushed to the house, but before he could smother the fire the little girl was so badly burned that death occurred that night and interment was made on Friday in the New Hope church cemetery.

MARION TAYLOR.

Mr. Marion Taylor, who lived near Salem church on the river, died on Tuesday of last week, and was buried in the cemetery at that place. He had been a sufferer for a long time with Bright's disease

NOTICE

J. Hance and D. C. Alred having dissolved partnership in the Alred Drug Co., all accounts due the old firm before Jan. 27th. are now due and payable to me, and I will appreciate it very much if you will see me at once and settle same or leave it at Alred Drug Store and they will receipt you.

D. C. ALRED.

County Farm Demonstrator, W. H. Conway of Jemison, was in Clanton Tuesday on business.

T. J. Dorminey, member of the County Board of Education from the Stumps Hills neighborhood, was in Clanton Wednesday.

Pure Bred Duroc Jerseys

Pigs, both sexes. Service boar Bred Gilts. Barred Plymouth Rock Chickens, the Thompson Strain. Eggs in season.

W. Y. NIX, Maplesville, Ala.

HONOR ROLL FOR THORSBY PUBLIC SCHOOL

First Grade—Ethel Peterson, Effie Lou Neugent.
Second Grade—Verner Carlson, Frank Gerald, Ronald Lucas.
Third Grade—Ernie Littleton.
Fourth Grade—Fritz Bookholdt, Curtis Billingsley, Carl Berlin.
Fifth Grade—Lola Horn, Lurano Lucas, Leon Marshall.
Sixth Grade—Inga Erdahl.
Seventh Grade—Robert Carlson.

ANNOUNCEMENT

The New York Life Insurance Co. will open a branch office in Clanton at once with the well known Life and Fire Insurance man of this section, Mr. C. Reese Mullins, as their local Manager and Representative here.
This Company is one of the largest of its kind in the United States and needs no introduction in this section. If you are not insured you should be interested and if you are insured you will take some more if you will only call on Mr. Mullins and let him explain the policy now being issued by this company, in fact everybody interested in insurance of any kind in this section knows the thing to do is to C. REESE.

SMITH-CONNELL

The marriage Sunday of Mr. Lee Smith of Clanton, and Miss Lillian Connell of Verbena, was an incident that will interest the many friends of the contracting parties.
Miss Connell was an attractive, and most highly esteemed young lady, while Mr. Smith is a rising young man in the business circles of Clanton.
They will in future make their home here.

Stonewall Jackson Jennings of Calera, was in Clanton Wednesday, soliciting life insurance and selling interests in one of his gold mines. He had a sample of his gold products with him.

Uncle Newt Martin of Collins Chapel was in town Wednesday.

Roy Maddox left Wednesday for the Alabama Power Company's plant on the Warrior River, where he will take up a position in the machine shop.

Prof. W. Z. Dennis of Bethel was a visitor at the Union-Banner office last Saturday and subscribed for the paper.

Victor Marcus of Birmingham is here this week attending court.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

Notire is hereby given that, under and by virtue of a decree heretofore rendered by Hon. L. H. Reynolds, Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Ala., in the matter of the estate of R. A. Hancock, I, as Administrator of said estate will sell to the highest bidder for cash on the first day of March, 1917, between the legal hours of sale, the following personal property of said estate. Said sale being made for the purpose of paying the debts against said Estate: Said sale will be at the home place of J. W. Foshee, 4 miles South East of Clanton, Ala:
1 one horse wagon; 1 syrup mill. 1 pair bellows; 2 pair tongs; 2 hammers; 4 plow stocks; 1 cultifator; 6 chairs; 1 kitchen stove; 1 hand saw; 1 table; 12 fruit jars; 1 scoop; 1 telephone and telephone right; 1 guano distributor; 1 cotton seed planter; 12 plows; 1 sewing machine; 1 wardrobe; 1 book case; 4 bed steads; 1 saddle; 2 syrup barrels; 1 drawer knife; 1 bench; 1 corn sheller; 1 tool chest.
This February 17th, 1917.
J. W. FOSHEE,
Administrator of Estate of R. A. Hancock.

MORTGAGE SALE

Whereas, defalt has been made in the payment of that certain mortgage, executed on the 25th day of March, 1914, by Fraternity Hall Association, a corporation, incorporated under the laws of the State of Alabama, which said mortgage is recorded in Volume 141, of record mortgages, at page 494, in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, I, the undersigned mortgagee, will proceed to sell the following described real estate conveyed to me in said mortgage, in front of the court house door in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama, at public outrcy, to the highest bidder for cash, during the legal hours of sale, on Monday, the 26th of February, 1917. Said property conveyed, being described as follows:
Lots Number four and five (4 & 5) in Block No. two (2), in the town of Thorsby, Alabama, as shown by the plat, or map of said Thorsby, on record in the office of the Judge of Probate in said County and State, together with all improvements thereon, less ten feet on the north side of Block No. 4. This property is situated, lying and being in Chilton County, Alabama.
Said sale is being made to pay the balance secured by this mortgage and the costs incident to this sale, including a reasontble attorney's fee.
G. L. FOSHEE, Mortgagee.
Middleton & Reynolds,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.

What have you got that you want to turn into money?

I WANT TO BUY ANYTHING FARMERS HAVE

I want to buy corn, velvet beans, peas, fodder, hay, syrup, dressed hogs, hogs on foot, all kinds of cattle.
If you have anything to sell, bring it to me. I will pay highest market prices; and you can get more by bringing them here than for me to come and look at them.

For Sale or Exchange

Mules and Horses, second hand one and two horse wagons, Milk cows, etc. I can give you what you want.

I appreciate the trade I am getting, and when you want to buy or sell it will pay you to see me. I am selling out and will give you Bargains.

L. H. Reynolds

CLANTON, ALA.

Fruit Cans.

On account of so much rain last summer we failed to sell all the Fruit Cans we bought; and the price this season being so much higher than last, we are in position to furnish to our customers cheaper than even we can buy them now. Better get as many as you will need before our present stock is sold out.

Clanton Hardware Company

CLANTON, ALA.

Farm Wanted

If you have a farm or city property to sell, list it with the

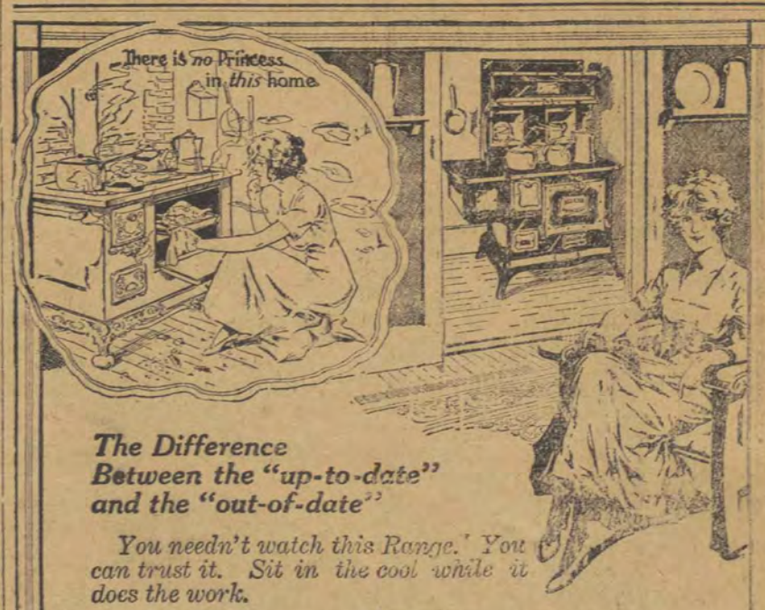
Chilton County Real Estate Agency

See W. W. FOX
CLANTON, ALA.

Groceries!

Just that one word tells what I sell; but i might elaborate it by saying that I carry the best line of Groceries that can be put on the market. Try me a "barrel." That is the best way to learn that I am true to my claim—Clanton's Best and Leading Grocery Store.

J. W. Littlejohn



The Difference Between the "up-to-date" and the "out-of-date"

You needn't watch this Range. You can trust it. Sit in the cool while it does the work.

ALLEN'S PRINCESS
COPPER-BEARING IRON RANGES

have patented points that insures far greater efficiency, economy and comfort than can be found in other ranges.

Heat stays in the range and out of the kitchen.
Temperature even and constant with less fuel.
Pipe back of warming closet, lessening heat radiation.
Reservoir adjoins fire box, hot water instantaneously.

Made from copper bearing iron that insures added life and service. It looks as good as it acts. *"Ask the cook."*

CLANTON MERCANTILE CO. Clanton, Ala.

Allen Manufacturing Company, Nashville, Tenn.

"CASCARETS" ACT ON LIVER; BOWELS

No sick headache, biliousness, bad taste or constipation by morning.

Get a 10-cent box.

Are you keeping your bowels, liver, and stomach clean, pure and fresh with Cascarets, or merely forcing a passageway every few days with Salts, Cathartic Pills, Castor Oil or Purgative Waters?

Stop having a bowel wash-day. Let Cascarets thoroughly cleanse and regulate the stomach, remove the sour and fermenting food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out of the system all the constipated waste matter and poisons in the bowels.

A Cascaret to-night will make you feel great by morning. They work while you sleep—never gripe, sicken or cause any inconvenience, and cost only 10 cents a box from your store. Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never have Headache, Biliousness, Coated Tongue, Indigestion, Sour Stomach or Constipation. Adv.

Very Regular.

He—Do you attend church regularly?

She—Yes, every Easter.—Boston Transcript.

SKIN TORTURES

That Itch, Burn and Scale Quickly Relieved by Cuticura—Trial Free.

It takes about ten minutes to prove that a hot bath with Cuticura Soap followed by gentle applications of Cuticura Ointment will afford relief and point to speedy healment of eczemas, itchings and irritations. They are ideal for all toilet purposes.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Cupid does not take out a license when he goes hunting. The man of whom he makes game has to do that.

A NEGLECTED COLD

is often followed by pneumonia. Before it is too late take Laxative Quinidine Tablets. Gives prompt relief in cases of Coughs, Colds, La Grippe and Headache. Price 25c.—Adv.

Playing the piano by ear might not sound so bad if we didn't have to listen to it in the same way.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect The Head Because of its tonic and laxative effect, Laxative Bromo Quinine can be taken by anyone without causing nervousness or ringing in the head. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

New York city entertained 663 conventions in 1916.

Feel Achy All Over?

To ache all over in damp weather, or after taking a cold, isn't natural, and often indicates kidney weakness. Uric acid causes many queer aches, pains and disorders of the organs. Well kidneys keep uric acid down. Tired, dizzy, nervous people would do well to try Doan's Kidney Pills. They stimulate the kidneys to activity and so help clear the blood of irritating poisons.

An Alabama Case



Mrs. J. M. Dowling, Union Ave., Ozark, Ala., says: "My back and hips pained me intensely and I suffered from rheumatic pains in my limbs. My ankles were badly swollen and I had nervous headaches and severe dizzy spells. I felt tired and rundown all the time. After the doctor's medicine failed, I used Doan's Kidney Pills and soon after passed a gravel stone. I have since been in good health."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.



Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

GALLSTONES

Avoid operations. Positive Liver & Stomach remedy (35c to $2)—Results sure; home remedy. Write today. Gallstone Remedy Co., Dept. W-7, 219 S. Dearborn St., Chicago

STOLE $500,000 DIES IN POVERTY

Famous Burglar Supported at End by Society He Had Preyed Upon.

FEARED IN HIS DAY

Detectives Who Have Guarded Banks in the East Fifty Years Always Regarded Noble as Man Without Equal.

New York.—Dan Noble, famous international burglar, who once had $500,000 as his share of a gigantic robbery, has just died here at the age of eighty-two years, a pauper, supported by the society he preyed on, and has been buried by relatives who are respected members of the community.

In his day he was feared by bankers and watched by detectives. Since his release from Auburn, December 19, 1899, he had been "good." He went to that prison in 1897 to finish a sentence imposed on him March 3, 1871. In January, 1873, he escaped from Auburn and during the succeeding years led the police of two continents a most perplexing chase, excepting when in prison in England and France.

Detectives who in the last fifty years have been guarding banks always regarded Dan Noble as a man without an equal. He never participated in "small games."

First Big Robbery.

One of his first big robberies was of the Royal Insurance company in Wall street in 1866. Negotiable bonds and other property of the value of $1,700,000 were stolen. Frank Knapp and Jimmie Griffin, two well-known characters of that day, were his confederates, and all escaped to Canada. Being arrested there Noble was indignant and demanded they be released on bail. In this way $75,000 went away from them.

The three stuck together, and each was supposed to have at that time $500,000 in cash, obtained by disposing of the proceeds of the robbery. They went to Elmira, where Noble tried to become an honest real estaate



Bonds and Other Property Were Stolen.

man, but one of his pals, who disliked his airs, filed a complaint against him, alleging he had brought stolen property into Chemung county.

This led to his arrest and sentence to Auburn, from which he escaped. "Jim" Hope, who engineered the Manhattan bank robbery, and other well-known crooks escaped with him.

The next the police learned of Noble was when he became active in London. He joined Johnny Miller, Joe Chapman and Jack Phillips in circulating spurious money. He went to Paris, too, where he was concerned in a diamond robbery and sentenced to five years in a French prison, but escaped. Then he returned to England, where he was born. There he was arrested for forgery.

Friends Work "Pull."

He was sentenced to 20 years' imprisonment. He worked a "pull," through American friends, who interceded, and said he was dying in prison. This brought his release in 1895.

In 1897 he returned to New York and was arrested, charged with passing a worthless check on the Fourth National bank. Later he was identified by a former keeper of Auburn as the escaped convict.

The last public record the police have of him was in 1907, when he was a complainant in the West Side court, where he charged a woman with stealing his dog. He said he had merely allowed her to keep the dog for him and she refused to give it up.

Noble then dropped from sight until a well-known politician of this city heard of his plight and used his influence to have him committed to the New York farm colony.

Find Kidnaped Boy After 7 Years.

Mitchell, Ind.—Detectives have located the seven-year-old son of William Arbuckle in a gypsy camp near Baltimore, Md. The boy was kidnaped seven years ago.

OUSTS HIS WIFE; HEIR TO $4,000,000

Michigan Man Qualifies for the Hard Luck Championship of the Universe.

Ann Arbor, Mich.—Charles Schmidt of this city qualified for the hard-luck championship of the universe and the wife of his bosom for 38 years, shattered that old saw about a woman not being able to keep a secret.

Some days ago Schmidt, after his arrest on an assault charge, made by his wife, filed suit for divorce. At his hear-



Schmidt Turned Pale.

ing Mrs. Schmidt announced that her father inherited $4,000,000 from relatives in England. Schmidt turned pale.

Notification of the inheritance arrived in Ann Arbor the day before Christmas, Mrs. Schmidt declared, but she kept it secret because of the strained relations between herself and her husband. She attempted but failed to effect a reconciliation with her husband after he had driven her out of the house and kept her out all night, she declared.

To dispel any doubt about the $4,000,000 fortune Mrs. Schmidt produced proof. While closeted with her lawyer, Schmidt was trying to raise $4.60 to pay the cost of the assault case.

IS LASSOED FROM QUICKSAND

California Duck Hunter Is Rescued Just in Nick of Time by Police.

Oakland, Cal.—Arthur Schaum had a narrow escape from death while duck hunting off the end of the Thirty-fifth street sewer, when he stepped into the soft mud to recover a fallen bird and sank up to his shoulders. His cries for help were heard; they were relayed to the police station, and patrolmen, responding in an automobile, lassoed him and pulled him from his precarious position.

Schaum was found to be none the worse for the experience except from the shock and the loss of his boots and muddy clothing. He had stepped from the concrete aqueduct into a soft place in the shoal land bottoms and immediately commenced to sink. His endeavors to extricate himself were unavailing and finally when his cries reached the ears of persons ashore they rushed to him, but were likewise unable to assist him. It was not until the arrival of the police with several hundred feet of rope that he was pulled ashore.

YOUNG BANDIT IS WEALTHY

Steals Autos and Robs Owners After Gang Meets in Cafe to Plan Work.

Detroit, Mich.—Emory Stocker, son of a wealthy Detroit manufacturer residing in a fashionable suburb, has made a complete confession, according to the police, of the operations of an automobile robber gang held responsible for the recent series of dramatic holdups in this city.

The confession followed the arrest of two more youths suspected of being implicated in the robberies—William Reszke, twenty-one years old, and Norman Schaible, eighteen. These make five young automobile bandits that the police have locked up.

Stocker said that early each evening the gang met in a prominent downtown cafe and planned the night's work. An automobile was stolen each night, and with it the holdups were staged. The booty was placed with Stocker for safekeeping, to be delivered later. Because Stocker did not split fairly, it is alleged, the gang became divided.

Soup Came Near Causing a Riot.

South Duquesne, Pa.—Paul Borychin came near causing a riot here when his wife served soup for the third day in succession. He was quelled by two policemen and later attempted to hang himself in his cell.

Member of James Gang Burned.

Boise, Idaho.—Charles Howard, also known as Charles High, aged seventy-three years, and reputed to have been one of the most desperate members of the Jesse James gang, was burned to death in his ranch house near here.

Style Tendencies in Spring Coats



Manufacturers and costumers are about to disclose to us their new models in spring coats. They have been getting ready for the advance spring fashion shows, where their garments will be exhibited, to vie with many others, in bidding for the favor of buyers. Buyers back their judgment with orders, and their appreciation is expressed in terms of money, so we shall know very soon to what style tendencies they pin their faith.

Except for tourist and sports coats very few new models have been shown, so far. Judging from these, pockets, collars and girdles are going to be featured in new developments. Coats will probably be less wide and will hang straight. Rumor has it that collars and pockets are to be larger than ever and that we may have a choice as to length in our outer garments for the new season.

The privilege of looking behind the scenes—that is, into the workrooms of those who are creating the new styles, might bring to view a coat like that shown in the picture. It is made of a smooth, soft cloth and has a girdle that goes all round the waist (which is something new in girdles) and hangs in long ends at the front. The coat hangs straight and is moderately full. The front is arranged in a long panel by means of one deep plait at each side.

The collar has an inlay of silk in a contrasting color, and this contrast is worked into the girdle. The pocket is very large and emphasized by stitching in narrow stripes. No one could overlook the cuffs, and this type of cuff is very promising, having appeared on several new models.

Let us hope that coats for spring will be as becoming as those of the present season, which are enticing enough to almost make one regret the passing of winter.

Old and New in Coiffures



No one tendency in hairdressing has seized the popular imagination for some time. This being the case, women have gone on doing their hair in any one of the several accepted styles, and each has followed the particular mode that pleases her best. The Bobby coiffure, of which one development is shown in the picture, has as many adherents as any. It has distinction and neatness to recommend it, but it is not always becoming.

Neatness is the imperative requirement in all the styles. Waved hair, too, is a necessity in the coiffure of today, whether it be simple or elaborate. No loose ends or straying locks are tolerated. Ends are disposed of—if they are in evidence anywhere—in smooth and carefully placed curls.

For evening wear, nearly all the approved coiffures are dressed high on the head. Rather large jeweled combs are their favorite decoration. But if one is the possessor of an old-fashioned comb of silver or gold filagree, or of coral or cameo, it may replace more modern conceptions, with much satisfaction to its wearer.

A very bewitching and original coiffure has appeared recently. It is a youthful affair, in common with the "Bobby." The hair is waved for it, parted at one side and brought down quite low over the forehead. It pursues its soft and waving way over the ears, to the nape of the neck, where it is turned under and pinned close to the head. The hair on the crown is arranged in a cluster of curls. These curls, instead of hanging down after the usual manner of curls, turn upward and are pinned to place on the crown. But their soft ends are free to nod a coquettish "good evening" above the top of the wearer's head.

Julia Bottomley

Saving Material.

When, in cutting out a blouse or other garment from silk, there has been enough material allowed to give a certain amount of leeway in placing the pieces of the pattern on the silk, arranging to keep those pieces as much as possible toward one definite side of the breadth will often result in giving one a very available long, straight strip of silk, enough for a Windsor tie or a bag, when lack of forethought would leave, of the same amount of goods, nothing but small cut pieces, of comparatively little use to the needlewoman.

Neck Finish.

A pretty finish for the neck of a frock is to cut it round and trim with a band of fur.

WHAT IS LAX-FOS

LAX-FOS Is an improved Cascara A DIGESTIVE LAXATIVE--Pleasant to take

In LAX-FOS the Cascara is improved by addition of certain harmless chemicals which increase the efficiency of the Cascara, making it better than ordinary Cascara. LAX-FOS aids digestion; pleasant to take; does not gripe or disturb stomach. Adapted to children and adults. Just try a bottle for constipation or indigestion. 50c.

What She Learned.

"Did your darter larn ennything tew boardin' school?" asked Mrs. Oatcake.

"Yew jist bet she did," replied Mrs. Hayrix. "She larned tew 'preciate th' kind o' eats she gits tew home."

WOMEN! IT IS MAGIC! LIFT OUT ANY CORN

Apply a few drops then lift corns or calluses off with fingers—no pain.



Just think! You can lift off any corn or callus without pain or soreness.

A Cincinnati man discovered this ether compound and named it freezone. Any druggist will sell a tiny bottle of freezone, like here shown, for very little cost. You apply a few drops directly upon a tender corn or callus. Instantly the soreness disappears, then shortly you will find the corn or callus so loose that you can lift it right off.

Freezone is wonderful. It dries instantly. It doesn't eat away the corn or callus, but shrivels it up without even irritating the surrounding skin.

Hard, soft or corns between the toes, as well as painful calluses, lift right off. There is no pain before or afterwards. If your druggist hasn't freezone, tell him to order a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.—adv.

Mike's Foolish Question.

The talk topic at a recent social session turned to the propensity that some people have for asking foolish questions when this happy little incident was recalled by Harry Fox, the well-known actor:

One Sunday morning last summer the weather was so exceedingly hot in Pat's happy home that he took himself out to the back porch for his Sabbath shave.

While Pat was performing the operation of amputating his bristles, his next-door neighbor, Mike, sauntered out on the back porch adjoining.

"Shure, Pat," pleasantly remarked Mike, leaning on the partition railing, "how comes it thot yez aire shavin' on the outside this mornin'?"

"Begorra, Mike, an how can Oi help it?" responded Pat, his eyes merrily twinkling through a mass of lather. "Do yez think for wan minute thot Oi'm fur-lined?"—Philadelphia Evening Telegraph.

Had No Actual Evidence.

It is on record that the prince of Orange, filled with rage because he had been beaten at Fleurus, Leuze, Steinkerque, and Nerwinde, said, alluding to the marshal of Luxembourg—

"Can it be that I shall never beat that hunchback?"

"How does he know that I am a hunchback?" said the French marshal. "He never saw my back; I always saw his!"

After a girl gets married she begins to lose interest in curl papers and love stories.



SPEED

combined with good judgment counts in business now-a-days.

Grape-Nuts

FOOD

supplies balanced nourishment for sturdy muscles and active brains.

"There's a Reason"

No change in price, quality or size of package.

CALOMEL IS MERCURY, IT SICKENS! STOP USING SALIVATING DRUG

Don't Lose a Day's Work! If Your Liver Is Sluggish or Bowels Constipated Take "Dodson's Liver Tone."—It's Fine!

You're bilious! Your liver is sluggish! You feel lazy, dizzy and all knocked out. Your head is dull, your tongue is coated; breath bad; stomach sour and bowels constipated. But don't take salivating calomel. It makes you sick, you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel crashes into sour bile like dynamite, breaking it up. That's when you feel that awful nausea and cramping.

If you want to enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone. Your druggist or dealer sells you a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone under my personal money-back guarantee that each spoonful will clean your sluggish liver better than a dose of nasty calomel and that it won't make you sick.

Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and your bowels regular. You will feel like working; you'll be cheerful; full of vigor and ambition.

Dodson's Liver Tone is entirely vegetable, therefore harmless and cannot salivate. Give it to your children! Millions of people are using Dodson's Liver Tone instead of dangerous calomel now. Your druggist will tell you that the sale of calomel is almost stopped entirely here.—Adv.

Gulls feast on salmon and their eggs.

Roman Eye Balsam is an antiseptic ointment, applied externally and not a "wash." Its healing properties penetrate the inflamed surfaces, providing prompt relief. Adv.

To forget a wrong is the best revenge.

STOP THOSE SHARP SHOOTING PAINS

"Femenina" is the wonder worker for all female disorders. Price $1.00 and 50c. Adv.

A California man made $1,100 out of an acre of celery cabbage.

A torpid liver condition prevents proper food assimilation. Tone up your liver with Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. They act gently and surely. Adv.

Off the Purchase Price.

"So Edith got a divorce from her husband, Lord De Broke. Any alimony?"

"No, rebate."

Green's August Flower

When the stomach and liver are in good working order, in ninety-nine cases out of every hundred general good health prevails.

Green's August Flower has proven a blessing and has been used all over the civilized world during the last fifty odd years. It is a universal remedy for weak stomach, constipation and nervous indigestion. A dull headache, bad taste in the mouth in the morning, or that "tired feeling" are nature's warnings that something is wrong in the digestive apparatus. At such times Green's August Flower will quickly correct the difficulty and establish a normal condition. At all druggists' or dealers', 25c and 75c bottles.

Green's August Flower

STOCK LICK IT—STOCK LIKE IT



For Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Contains Copperas for Worms, Sulphur for the Blood, Saltpeter for the Kidneys, Nux Vomica, a Tonic, and Pure Dairy Salt. Used by Veteriaarians 12 years. No Dosing. Drop Brick in feed-box. Ask your dealer for Blackman's or write

BLACKMAN STOCK REMEDY COMPANY
CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE

RELIEF!



Hunt's Cure is especially compounded for the treatment of Itch, Eczema, Ring worm, and Tetter, and is sold by the druggist on the strict guarantee that the purchase price, fifty cents, will be promptly refunded to any dissatisfied customer. Try Hunt's Cure at our risk. At any drug store, or sent direct from

A. B. RICHARDS MEDICINE CO. Inc.
Dept. Z. Sherman, Texas

Rats Are Dangerous



Kill Them By Using
STEARNS' ELECTRIC PASTE
U. S. Government Buys It
SOLD EVERYWHERE — 25c and $1.00

Natal Seed Free instructions how to sow and grow. Some fine hand-picked seed for sale. EDWIN RIPLEY, De Land, Fla.

LADIES PACKAGE, Beautiful Postal Cards, Doily Pattern, valuable 75c Coupon, 10c. Walther Specialty House, 609 Nineteenth Street, Denver, Colo.

"ROUGH on RATS" Ends Rats, Mice, Bugs. Die outdoors. 15c and 25c.

The Cubes.

"Is he addicted to cubist art?"

"In a way. Spends most of his time shaking dice."

FRUIT LAXATIVE FOR SICK CHILD

"California Syrup of Figs" can't harm tender stomach, liver and bowels.

Every mother realizes, after giving her children "California Syrup of Figs" that this is their ideal laxative, because they love its pleasant taste and it thoroughly cleanses the tender little stomach, liver and bowels without griping.

When cross, irritable, feverish, or breath is bad, stomach sour, look at the tongue, mother! If coated, give a teaspoonful of this harmless "fruit laxative," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food passes out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. When its little system is full of cold, throat sore, has stomach-ache, diarrhoea, indigestion, colic—remember, a good "inside cleaning" should always be the first treatment given.

Millions of mothers keep "California Syrup of Figs" handy; they know a teaspoonful today saves a sick child tomorrow. Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and grown-ups printed on the bottle. Adv.

Some Can Be had Cheap.

"Every man has got his price."

"Yes, and there are a lot of bargain sales."—Judge.

ACTRESS TELLS SECRET.

A well known actress gives the following recipe for gray hair: To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and ¼ oz. of glycerine. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Barbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off. Adv.

Considerate Hubby.

"Jones does everything in his power to make his wife happy."

"Yes, he even argues with her."

"MOTORISTS' PROBLEM SOLVED."

Automobiles that have lost their luster, become shabby looking, or rusty, can be re-enameled to look like a new car by applying a coat of BLAXSHINE, the new, black, flexible Auto enamel. Dries over night. Enough BLAXSHINE for one car is put in a package with complete outfit for applying and your initials in gold. Price per package, $2.85 delivered. Write for folder and sample of work. Satisfaction guaranteed. Twin City Varnish Company, 340 River St., Chicago, Ill. Established 20 years.—Adv.

Human Suggestion.

"Do they have the secret ballot in Colorado?"

"Well, the women vote there."

WOMAN'S CROWNING GLORY

is her hair. If yours is streaked with ugly, grizzly, gray hairs, use "La Creole" Hair Dressing and change it in the natural way. Price $1.00.—Adv.

The Only Way.

"What is the best way to make a woman keep a secret."

"Give her chloroform."

Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" is not a "lozenge" or "syrup," but a real old-fashioned dose of medicine which cleans out Worms or Tapeworm with a single dose. Adv.

In Latin-America sun-dried beef is stretched for tether ropes.

Uric Acid!

Ever since the discovery of Scheele in 1775 that uric acid was found within the body—most eminent physicians agree that rheumatism is caused by it; also many distressing symptoms as headache, pain in back, stomach distress, swollen feet and ankles, gout, etc.

It was Dr. Pierce of the Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N.Y., who discovered a new agent—called Anuric, a harmless remedy that if taken before meals will carry off the uric acid from the system and in this way the pains and aches, the creaky joints and all the distressing symptoms of rheumatism and other maladies disappear. You can easily prove this yourself, by obtaining Anuric at almost any drug store, or send Dr. Pierce 10c. for trial package. Try it and be convinced that Anuric is many times more active than lithia and eliminates uric acid as hot water melts sugar.

WITHIN THE REACH of every woman—health and strength. They're brought to you by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Take this medicine, and there's a safe and certain remedy for all the chronic weaknesses, derangements, and diseases peculiar to the sex. It will build up, strengthen, and invigorate every "run-down" or delicate woman. It regulates and assists all the natural functions.



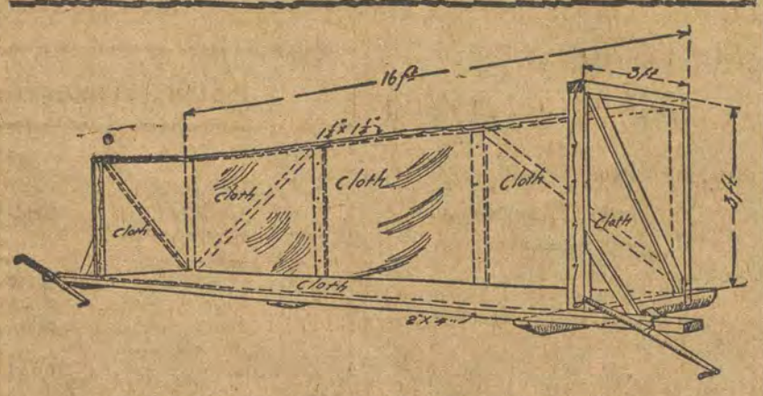
At some period in her life, a woman requires a special tonic and nervine.

If you're a tired or afflicted woman turn to "Favorite Prescription," you will find it never fails to benefit.

Sold in tablet or liquid form.

You will escape many ills and clear up the coated tongue, the sallow complexion, the dull headache, the lazy liver, if you will take a pleasant laxative made up of the May-apple, juice of the leaves of aloes, root of jalap, and called "Pleasant Pellets." You can obtain at drug store these vegetable pellets in vials for 25c.—ask for Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

DAMAGE CAUSED BY CLOVER LEAF HOPPERS



CONSTRUCTION OF FRAME FOR HOPPERDOZER.

The clover leafhopper does far more damage than is usually realized. In a publication of the United States department of agriculture (Farmers' Bulletin 737) by Edmund H. Gibson, it is stated that the loss from this cause to the clover and alfalfa hay crops of the country is frequently attributed to poor soil and climatic conditions. For this the minute size of the pest, which frequently enables it to escape observation, is largely responsible. As a matter of fact, continued attacks by the leafhopper, especially in some of the central states, often result in the loss of a considerable percentage of a single cutting.

Crowd Together.

It is characteristic of leafhoppers to crowd together in great numbers, as many as 600 having been counted upon one plant. In feeding upon the plant the insects make tiny punctures. Around these the tissue gradually becomes yellow, the spot enlarging and becoming more pronounced until the leaflets ultimately curl up and the foliage wilts. The female also forces her eggs into the stem and leaf tissue, frequently causing a gall-like formation. Alfalfa, clover, cowpeas and vetch are among the principal plants attacked, but the pest is common in meadow and pasture lands and feeds on a number of cultivated as well as native grasses throughout practically the entire country.

The clover leafhopper is about one-eighth of an inch in length and half as wide, and is marked in a manner to distinguish it from many other kinds of clover and alfalfa. The farmer will distinguish leafhoppers from other insects by their habit of jumping, their quick movements, and their minute size. In certain respects they resemble diminutive grasshoppers.

Where It Spends Winter.

As the clover leafhopper spends the winter under clumps of grass, weeds and trash, the burning of rubbish and vegetation during winter months in waste places and along fence rows and roadsides will do much to prevent the pest attaining destructive numbers the following year. This precaution will destroy great number of other hibernating insects as well as the leafhoppers.

During the growing season close cutting or pasturing of grass lands is recommended. Cutting alfalfa crops from a week to ten days earlier than usual will often check the ravages of the insects and may be advisable when there is evidence that the leafhoppers are causing sufficient injury to justify the risk of loss through premature cutting.

Each year this leafhopper, by lessening the vitality of its food plants, occasions more or less damage over its entire range of distribution, causing a positive, although not easily estimated, decrease in the clover and alfalfa hay crops of the country. Continued attacks often result in the loss of a considerable percentage of a single cutting; especially is this true in some of the central states. The leafhopper causes the greatest damage during the spring and early summer months, as the foliage is then most succulent and the tissues very



Favorite Food of Leafhopper.

tender, enabling even the immature leafhoppers readily to pierce the skin of leaf, and stem and suck the juices. The incessant drain from concentrated attacks causes the clover plants to wither, and although they may not die, the new growth which is put forth is very apt to be thin and spindling. With alfalfa it is the first two crops which appear to suffer most. The drain upon alfalfa plants does not show as markedly as with clover, especially during a drought, since the alfalfa roots go deeper into the ground and the plant is better able to withstand adverse conditions.

Known as Flies.

In many localities these leafhoppers are commonly known as "flies," but in reality they resemble flies only in having wings, and because they are about the size of many small flies seen in the fields. The adult or parent insects are light gray in color, but have numerous dark markings which give them a mottled appearance. They are about one-eighth of an inch in length and half as wide.

The manner in which they jump from plant to plant is much like that of grasshoppers.

The primary injury is produced by the direct feeding of the leafhoppers. The single tiny feeding puncture is itself inconsequential, and injury results only when a great number of leafhoppers attack the same plant.

The clover leafhopper is distributed generally throughout the United States, records showing its occurrence in every section of the country. Its range also includes southern Canada and Mexico.

The number of generations of the leafhopper produced annually in a given locality varies from year to year, depending on weather conditions, and it also varies in different latitudes and climates. For southern Missouri and northern Arkansas there are usually three distinct broods, covering approximately (1) April and May, (2) June and July, and (3) August and September. Farther south or under subtropical conditions it is probable that there are four or more.

Merely Hide in South.

In the northern states the clover leafhopper hibernates in the adult stage, at the base of clumps of grass and weeds and under dried leaves and trash. Throughout the central and



Clover Leafhopper—a, Adult; b, Nymph, Side View; c, Nymph, Dorsal View; d, Face; e, Elytron.

southern states it could hardly be said to hibernate; instead, the adults merely keep in hiding and under cover during cold weather, coming out on warm days to bask in the sun and feed upon such green foliage as can be found. In Missouri, for example, the adult insects have been observed feeding upon wheat during January and February, but not in any abundance. Nymphs cannot long survive cold weather, and it is not probable that eggs survive over winter. In the extreme Southwest, where conditions are radically different, the leafhopper is active throughout the entire year.

The adults are quick of movement and jump from plant to plant when disturbed. When strong winds prevail they remain in hiding, as they seem to dislike windy weather. Their most characteristic habit is that of congregating in great numbers on one plant, frequently to such an extent that they crowd one another. This is what causes the concentrated attacks in "spots" throughout a field. The clover leafhopper does not seem to seek shady or damp places, rather preferring the heat of the midday sun.

Nymphs Not Active.

The nymphs are much less active than the adults and are not easily disturbed. When one brushes against the plants they cling fast to the stems and leaves instead of jumping to another plant.

For direct control the hopperdozer is recommended. Any form of this device that is suitable for grasshoppers will do for the clover leafhopper as well, but a much lighter and less expensive one can be made for the smaller insects by stretching canvas over a wooden frame. This can be made of such light weight that it will not injure the alfalfa and clover plant when it is pulled over a field. Two horses, one hitched at either end, are used for drawing it. On the inside of the canvas a thin coat of a sticky substance made of tree tanglefoot which has been thinned with cheap castor oil is spread with a paddle or shingle. As the leafhoppers and other insects alight on the surface of this substance they are held fast. Such substances as cheap sorghum have been tried in place of tree tanglefoot. The sorghum, however, dries out too quickly and frequent applications of it have to be made. It is best to draw the hopperdozer through the fields when the crop is about half grown.

PREVENT SCAB OF POTATOES

Treatment With Disinfecting Solution Is Recommended to Guard Against Fungous Diseases.

Treating seed potatoes with a disinfecting solution to prevent scab and other fungous diseases is but little trouble, and the expense is small. An hour's time and a half-dollar expended for the purpose will often add $25 to $50 to the value of the crop from an acre of potatoes.

GOOD FOR HUNGRY CHILDREN

Children love Skinner's Macaroni and Spaghetti because of its delicious taste. It is good for them and you can give them all they want. It is a great builder of bone and muscle, and does not make them nervous and irritable like meat. The most economical and nutritious food known. Made from the finest Durum wheat. Write Skinner Mfg. Co., Omaha, Nebr., for beautiful cook book. It is sent free to mothers.—Adv.

A toy exhibition in France has attracted much artistic discussion.

STOP THAT HACKING COUGH.

Mansfield (formerly Hungarian) Cough Balsam heals the inflamed and lacerated membranes and quiets the tickling nerves that lie underneath the infected portions. Invaluable for babies. Price 25c and 50c.—Adv.

Chinese-Japanese biscuits are made of wheat and bean flour.

To Drive Out Malaria And Build Up The System

Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC. You know what you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out malaria, the Iron builds up the system. 50 cents.

No Excuse for It.

"Do you know," said Mrs. Wederly, "that I don't believe I ever remember seeing a bald-headed tramp?"

"Of course you didn't, my dear," replied her husband. "Tramps never marry."

GIRLS! GIRLS! TRY IT, BEAUTIFY YOUR HAIR

Make It Thick, Glossy, Wavy, Luxuriant and Remove Dandruff—Real Surprise for You.

Your hair becomes light, wavy, fluffy, abundant and appears as soft, lustrous and beautiful as a young girl's after a "Danderine hair cleanse." Just try this—moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. This will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt and excessive oil and in just a few moments you have doubled the beauty of your hair.

Besides beautifying the hair at once, Danderine dissolves every particle of dandruff; cleanses, purifies and invigorates the scalp, forever stopping itching and falling hair.

But what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use when you will actually see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp. If you care for pretty, soft hair and lots of it, surely get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store and just try it. Adv.

Juvenile Idea.

Little Lemuel (in cemetery)—Say, paw, why didn't the man who is buried here go to heaven?

Paw—Perhaps he did, son.

Little Lemuel—But it says on his tombstone, "Peace to his ashes," and it must be a hot place where there's ashes.

Anuric cures Backache, Lumbago, Rheumatism. Send 10c. Dr. V. M. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for large trial package.—Adv.

It is unwise to judge a man by the criticism of his enemies. Only his friends can properly denounce him.

Los Angeles county has the largest olive grove in the world.

A FRIEND'S ADVICE

Woman Saved From a Serious Surgical Operation.



Louisville, Ky.—"For four years I suffered from female troubles, headaches, and nervousness. I could not sleep, had no appetite and it hurt me to walk. If I tried to do any work, I would have to lie down before it was finished. The doctors said I would have to be operated on and I simply broke down. A friend advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and the result is I feel like a new woman. I am well and strong, do all my own house work and have an eight pound baby girl. I know Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound saved me from an operation which every woman dreads."—Mrs. NELLIE FISHBACK, 1521 Christy Ave., Louisville, Ky.

Everyone naturally dreads the surgeon's knife. Sometimes nothing else will do, but many times Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has saved the patient and made an operation unnecessary.

If you have any symptom about which you would like to know, write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for helpful advice given free.



Beat it with a FISH BRAND REFLEX SLICKER
$3.50
Keeps out all the wet
DEALERS EVERYWHERE
Waterproofs, Absolute, are Marked thus— TOWER'S FISH BRAND
A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON



"VESTAL" ROSES
Excel in form, vitality and loveliness. We have made a specialty of roses for years. Sixteen exquisite varieties of one-year-old plants for $1.00, postpaid; twelve two-year-old plants for $3.00. Every rose guaranteed to bloom. Our Spring Guide gives valuable information on roses, plants, shrubs, fruits and berries. Send for it today. It's Free.
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Box 856 Little Rock, Ark.

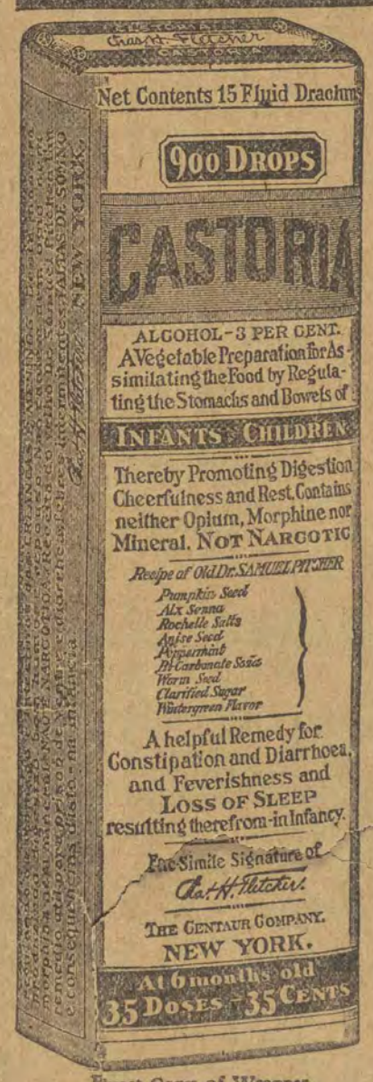
GET-THERE-FIRST SHORT COTTON $4.00 PECK
Few left, disposition easy; hence, benefitting greatest number, will sell no one exceeding peck. Send dime for sample. Only cotton beats weevil. Earliest, sets nearly bale acre, bolls before greatest weevil damage; grows till frost. Big boll, big seed, 42@46 lint. Buy peck, plant acre, make 90 bushels for 1918, profit enormously. Watson 40-lb. melon seed, prolific, earliest, dollar lb. Reference: Allendale Bank. L. A. STONEY, ALLENDALE, S. C.

Duroc Jerseys. Bred for Mar. and Apr. Farrow. Sired by "Orlan's Cherry King," "John's Orion," "King John's Orion," "Joe's Ohio Chief," "Defender King," bred to "King John's Orion," and "Pal's Taxpayer" by "Taxpayers Model." Dam, the grand Champion sow at Ind. State Fair, 1916. $35 to $100. BYRON KING, Perryville, Ohio.

SEND 50c for Lingerlong Leaves of Healing and cure yourself of any ordinary disease using the new watsup cure treatment. S. S. Butler, M. D., Los Gatos, Cal.

Chilblain Powders Relief in one or two applications. Send quarter for two applications. M. A. HODGSON, Buck Fork, Oregon

W. N. U., Birmingham, No. 8--1917.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

C. Reese Mullins,

—AGENT FOR—

Life and Fire Insurance,
Accident and Health Insurance,
Auto and Windstorm Insurance,
Liability and Plate Glass insurance

—BONDING—

Singer Sewing Machines.

Regular office days,
Mondays and Saturdays.

Office third door east of Post office

CLANTON, ALA.

Our Business is to PLEASE YOU!

We sell Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Provisions and Groceries. Best line of Dry Goods and General Merchandise in Clanton. Fresh line garden seed.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Moneys Worth or Your Money Back"

CLANTON, ALA.

FARM LOAN ASSOCIATION ORGANIZED AT MARBURY.

An enthusiastic meeting was held at the Domestic science hall at Marbury and almost money subscribed to comply with the government requirements for participation in the Federal Rural Loan problem. Messrs. Oats and White were appointed a committee to finish up the business and report on Saturday February 24th.

At this called meeting Messrs. White, Oats and Dennis are each to deliver short addresses on diversification.

Prof. Lett of Auburn, District agent in Farm Demonstration work was in Clanton Monday. Prof. Lett is a successful farmer and dairyman and with the help of such men as he and Mr. Conway we should be able to handle the boll weevil situation very well in the future.

Don't forget to go to Bill Goodgame's Restaurant when you come to Clanton. He feeds you.

J. L. Lansford of Route 2 was a caller at the Union-Banner office Monday.

Clothes Cleaned and Pressed

My shop is the most up-to-date, and equipped with Steam Pressing Machine; it is operated by experienced hands. This combination guarantees the production of the best results in clothes pressing.

I call for your Suit and deliver it back to you after it is Cleaned and Pressed.

SUITS MADE TO ORDER

I carry samples from three tailoring houses, and am prepared to take your measure now for a summer suit. Come and look through. I guarantee perfect satisfaction.

I appreciate your trade and solicit your patronage.

KIN VINSON

Telephone 64-48, Kicker Bldg. Clanton, Ala.

THORSBY ITEMS

The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Gust Berlin gave them a surprise party last Tuesday Feb. 13th, in honor of their Twentieth Wedding Anniversary. The guests left behind as atoken of their esteem a beautiful set of hand painted china.

Mrs. Hattie Gerald spent a few days last week with her son in Clanton, Mr. L. F. Gerald.

Miss Nellie Werniss entertained a few of her friends at her home last Friday evening.

Alpha and Burnice Leonard have enrolled as new students at the Thorsby Public school.

Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Michelson have been in New Orleans the past week for the Mardi Gras and will visit other points on the coast before returning.

Mr. R. N. Roebuck, of near Maplesville, accompanied by Mr. C. R. Presenell of Louisville, Miss., spent last Friday night with Mr. Kent Roebuck, one of the students of Thorsby Institute.

Mr. M. B. Robinson, father of Mrs. A. K. Horn, has been suffering from a severe attack of eczema the past week.

Mrs. Georgia Fairbanks, of Jacksonville, Ill., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Butler.

Laughter and Wisdom will be combined in the lecture of Dr. R. W. Gammon of Chicago at Bates Hall next Saturday night. This is the next number of the entertainment course. Admission, to those not holding season tickets, 10 and 25 cents.

Mrs. Alice McLean is expected back this week from an extended visit to Little Rock, Ark., and other points.

A special meeting for men will be held at the Congregational church next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock under the auspices of the Institute Y. M. C. A. There will be good music and live messages from Dr. Gammon of Chicago and Rev. C. T. Rogers of Atlanta.

The regular meeting of the Helen Keller Literary Society will be held on Friday night instead of Saturday this week, because of the lecture by Dr. Gammon Saturday night.

Special meetings will be held at the Congregational church every night next week. The meetings will begin promptly at 7:15 and last only about an hour. Everyone is invited to come.

Rev. R. W. Gammon, D. D., of Chicago, will preach at the Congregational church next Sunday morning and will probably speak also at the evening service.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Gerald made a business trip to Birmingham Monday.

Rev. E. W. Butler returned Saturday from Pittsfield, Ill., where he had been called by the serious illness of his mother, Mrs. C. A. Butler, whose death on Tuesday of last week at the age of ninety years closed a life of unusual influence and usefulness. Many in Thorsby will remember the visit of Mrs. Butler to this place several years ago.

The Young Men's Class of the Congregational Sunday School enjoyed a pleasant evening Saturday at the Teachers' Cottage as guests of their teacher, Miss Stoddard.

HIGH SCHOOL NEWS

The Seniors are very sorry to lose Kathleen Mullins for the time it will take her to conquer the measles. They hope to soon have her back in school for she is missed by all.

The Business Manager of the "Cantrolla" hopes with the next few weeks to have the next edition of their annual ready to go to press. Ads are now being solicited in Clanton and surrounding territory. This year's staff for the Cantrolla is as follows: Editor-in-Chief, Reuben Lowe, Business Manager, Joe Kanjutzky; Associate Editors, Madge Cooper, Kathleen Mullins; Assistant Business Manager, Dewey Rockett. It is the hope of the Business Manager to make the 1917 Cantrolla superior to that of 1916.

Dewey Rocket has recently made a discovery that will be of interest to the scientists of the world. The following being the discovery:

Miss Key—Dewey what are the uses of Sodium Hydroxide?

Dewey—Why that's used to make electricty.

The basket ball team will probably go to Centerville Saturday to play the game that is due them. They hope to win this one.

When Arden Allen and Clifford Mullins go to see girls they get behind the door so as to give her a scare when she comes into the room. They seem to think that this is a great pleasure.

The Literary Societies of the school will probably have a joint meeting Friday night week and invite the public.

Rev. Jerome O. Williams of Sylacauga came down Tuesday to attend the funeral services of Miss Velma White.

CLANTON LOCALS

Judge Leon McCord of Montgomery is holding Circuit Court here this week.

J. B. Crysell of Jemison is attending court here this week.

Read the advertising of C. Reese Mullins in this paper and then let him sell you some good insurance.

L. O. Dyer of Stanton is a juror at circuit court this week.

P. O. West of Dry Valley is attending court here this week.

Phillip O. Barrett of Birmingham, former assistant Cashier of the Clanton Bank was summoned to circuit court here this week, as a witness in the cases of the State against the officials of the defunct Bank.

RUB-MY-TISM—Antiseptic, Relieves Rheumatism, Sprains, Neuralgia, etc.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Robinson of Salem were visitors to Clanton Saturday. They came around and renewed their subscription to the Banner.

T .L. Robinson of Verbena Route 3 was a caller at the Union-Banner office last Saturday.

Prof. G. J. Thompson of Cross Roads school was in town Saturday. Mr. Thompson is supervising the "Jesse James Play," which he plans to put on at various places in the county soon. It is to be at Mt. Pleasant to night (Thursday.)

H. Honeycutt of Jemison was in town Saturday.

SELL OR RENT—240 acres situated in Beat 9, 25 open, two good houses. Good opportunity to own a home, apply to J. L. Williams Clanton, Ala., Rt. 4.

Miss Callie Watts, formerly with W. H. Sartor, has accepted a position with Elmore's where she will be pleased to see her friends.

Lee Maddox, who is employed by the Alabama Power Company. at their plant on the Warrior River, has been at his home here for two weeks owing to the sickness of his wife with appendicitis. She is recovered now, and they are preparing to move and make their home at the power company's plant where "Lee Bone" has charge of the motor boats in the service of the company.

M. J. Barrett of Thorsby, proprietor of the Hill Crest Dairy, was in Clanton Wednesday.

"Uncle" Moses Robinson of Verbena Route 2 was a visitor to Clanton on Monday.

OHIO WOMAN'S WISH

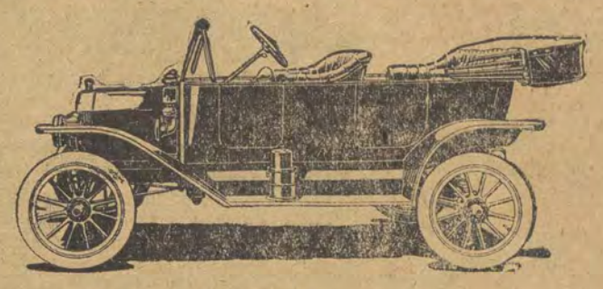
For Tired, Weak, Nervous Women

Bellefontaine, Ohio.—"I wish every tired, weak, nervous woman could have Vinol, for I never spent any money in my life that did me so much good as that I spent for Vinol. I was weak, tired, worn out and nervous, and Vinol made me strong, well and vigorous after everything else had failed to help me, and I can now do my housework with pleasure."—Mrs. J. F. LAMBORN.

We guarantee Vinol for all weak, run-down, nervous, debilitated conditions.

Upchurch Drug Co., and all leading Druggists in Alabama towns.

BRING US YOUR FORD



To be Repaired.

We also have Lathe for repairing your machinery and Department for putting Circular saws in good shape.

We also have arrangments to do your horse shoeing and wagon repair work.

We have a 2½ H. P. Gasoline Engine, one Motorcycle and some circular saws for sale.

J. M. Robinson & Son

Located East of the Fair Grounds,

CLANTON, ALA.

TO MY FRIENDS AND PATRONS:

I wish to announce my removal.

You will now find my offices in the Hopkins Building across the street from my former office. I am prepared to do all kinds of surgery that does not repuire the patient to remain in a hospital. My hours for all such work will be arranged by appointment.

Respectfully,
V. J. GRAGG.

INTER-SE CLUB TO MEET WITH MRS. E. B. DEASON.

The February meeting of the Inter-Se Club will be held at the home of Mrs. E. B. Deason on Friday afternoon of this week, at 3 o'clock. The program consists of Installation of officers for the coming year; the President's Salutatory; and toasts to new officers by members of the club.

Pay your subscription to this paper.

"Sudden pain from over-strain"



Every Housewife or Mother is ever under that Nervous Strain which so often results in Headaches, Dizzy Sensations, Faintness, Depression and other Nervous Disorders.

Dr. Miles' NERVINE is Highly Recommended in Such Cases.

IF FIRST BOTTLE FAILS TO BENEFIT, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

BADLY RUN DOWN.

"I had become greatly run down and my nerves were in terrible condition. I had frequent headaches and became very weak and was unable to do anything. I bought a bottle of Dr. Miles' Nervine. I soon began to feel better, my nerves were quieted. I recovered my strength, and have since recommended Dr. Miles' Nervine to many of my friends who have used it with satisfactory results."
MRS. FRANCES WHITLOCK,
179 Broadway, Schenectudy, N. Y.

BEST FOR ALL CROPS

SOUTH ATLANTIC GUANO COMPANY

(SUBSIDIARY MORRIS FERTILIZER CO.)

ATLANTA — MONTGOMERY

Every farmer has it in his power very largely to prevent crop failure. By proper selection of seed, timely cultivation and, most important of all, *a careful selection of dependable fertilizers,* he gives his crop a good, healthy start and keeps it vigorous throughout critical seasons.

The *South Atlantic Brands* are made of high class materials, selected with a view to giving service when service is needed. They start the crops off quickly and maintain the growth and fruit till harvest. *The high grade animal ammoniates we use insure late fruiting and development, and also liberate potash from the soil.*

By their liberal use. the cotton crop is brought to a quick and healthy maturity, thus escaping shedding losses and the ravages of the boll weevil.

Don't risk your crop on inferior fertilizers, but demand *and insist on getting the South Atlantic Brands.*

FOR SALE BY

TOM KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

REAL CROP SECURITY

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME V. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., MARCH 1, 1917. NUMBER 48.

SIGNIFICANT RESULTS OF TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS

Changes Recently Made in the Rules Governing Examinations, by State Board.

The results of the recent teachers' examination are significant from more than one standpoint. They are both encouraging and discouraging.

In spite of the fact that this examination came at the middle of the school year, 46 certificates were issued on the basis of graduation and 114 expiring certificates were extended for a period of one year. In addition to this number, 15 certificates from other states were validated for use in Alabama, most of these having been originally issued on the basis of college or normal school work.

Of the 2438 applicants who wrote the examination at this time, only 769 received certificates. In other words, 31.6 per cent of those who wrote the examination passed and 68.4 per cent failed. This percentage of failures is unusually high and is no doubt accounted for by the fact that most of those best qualified are seeking certificates through graduation or are having their certificates extended by persuing professional courses in the several recognized summer schools.

The most lamentable feature of the examination is the exceedingly large number of rejections because of the use of unfair means in the attempt to secure certificates. The papers of 164 applicants were rejected because they presented conclusive evidence of unfairness. At a meeting of the county boards held in Montgomery last December resolutions were passed in which the State Superintendent was asked to send the names of such applicants to the chairman of the various county boards throughout the State. The list will be sent upon completion of the work following each examination. Unfairness on the part of teachers cannot be too severely condemned, and it is hoped that the new county boards through the superintendents whom they appoint, will remedy this deplorable condition.

Changes in Rulings of Board of Examiners.

Beginning with the April 1917 examination each applicant for an Alabama teacher's certificate upon the basis of examination will be required to write the examination in the county in which he is living, teaching or attending school at the time the examination is held. County superintendents are instructed to refuse admittance to any applicant coming from another county unless that applicant presents, before entering the examination room, a permit issued and signed by the State Superintendent of Education. In order to obtain such a permit application must be made to the State Superintendent of Education at least ten days previous to the date of the examination. Blank forms for this purpose may be had from the county superintendents.

A teacher desiring to make application for the extension of a certificate is no longer required to attend the examination, provided he places in the hands of the county superintendent his certificate, application and fee on or before the first day of the examination marking the expiration of the certificate to be extended. It is the purpose of this ruling to save time and expense for those who attempt to keep abreast with educational advancement by pursuing extension courses.

ALRED DRUG COMPANY CHANGES OWNERSHIP

Messrs. J. Hance Alred and T. H. Neighbors have become the sole owners and proprietors of the Alred Drug Co., these two gentlemen having bought the interest of Mr. D. C. Alred.

For several years the Alred Drug Company has been doing a thriving drug business here, and the new owners will be accorded the continued patronage of a large number of satisfied customers.

They will in future as in the past hold ther business up to the standard which has for years been adopted and followed by the house, viz: "The Home of Quality."

Dr. Neighbors has been connected with the store for five years, in the capacity of Pharmacist, during which time he has made a splendid record as a thorough business man. His many friends will be glad to know of his closer connection in the business, and the rise he has made.

J. Hance Alred, the other member of the firm, is too wel known to need any introduction here. He is a home boy, who has made his way to a substantial business prestige through honest dealing with the public, and has scores of friends who wish him continued success.

TRAVELED A LONG WAY TO GET MARRIED

Last Friday Judge Reynolds officiated at the marriage ceremony of Mr. Roscoe Marshall of Vermont, and Miss Vernon Ellions, of New York, at the Hotel Wilson in Clanton. The affair was rather unique, in that the contracting parties came such a long distance from home to get married.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE

Seven room house, large garden with good fruit trees, good barn and out buildings; call at Howard Bros. Green houses, Thorsby, Ala., for partirulars. 2-15-5t.

Better Farming in the South

WHAT THE CROPS ARE ASKING FOR

Feed the Plants Properly and the Soil Can Be Built Up Instead of Run Down While Increasing Crop Yields



J. N. HARPER
Agronomist.

Staple crops take out large amounts of plant food from the soil. For example: A cotton crop of one bale per acre will remove from the land in seed, leaves, stalks and bolls, about 77 pounds of nitrogen 54 pounds of potash and 28 pounds of phosphoric acid. A 40 bushel crop of corn will remove in the grain, stalk and fodder about 64 pounds of nitrogen, 54 pounds of potash and 34 pounds of phosphoric acid. A 40 bushel crop of oats will remove in the grain and straw about 35 pounds of nitrogen, 41 pounds of potash and 16 pounds of phosphoric acid. If, however, stalks, bolls, straw, etc., are plowed under, some of the plant food will be returned to the soil.

Cotton Fertilizer Problem

With the present price of cotton and other farm products, it will pay the farmer to give more attention this Spring to the problems of soil building and to the intelligent use of fertilizers than ever before. Some of the best farmers of the South have adopted the plan of returning to the soil in fertilizers, the money received from all or part of their cottonseed. This is a good plan and should be more generally adopted.

Enough Plant Food for Best Yields

It takes from 300 pounds to 400 pounds of fertilizer to make a good weed in cotton, or a good stalk in corn, and unless amounts above these are used, full returns cannot be expected because large amounts must be applied to produce the fruit and the grain.

The amount of fertilizer that can be used profitably will vary with the different soil types, seasons and with the different crops grown. The most important factor, however, governing the amount of fertilizer that can be used with profit is the price of the article produced. At the present price of cotton, it will pay to use on most of the soil types of the South larger amounts of fertilizer than heretofore.

To Meet Boll Weevil Situation

When grown under boll weevil conditions, cotton should be liberally fertilized and this fertilizer should contain a large percentage of phosphoric acid, which ingredient hastens its maturity. A fertilizer containing an ample supply of ammonia should also be used to start the plant off quickly in its growth. The farmer must ever bear in mind that the best way he can fight the boll weevil is to force his cotton to a quick growth and to an early maturity. Many farmers in the boll weevil district, are finding that peanuts and soy beans are splendid substitutes for cotton. Unless these crops are well fertilized, however, with the fertilizer carrying high percentage of phosphate, good yields cannot be expected.

How to Tell What is Necessary

The farmer can oftentimes determine the element most needed in his fertilizer by noting the manner of growth of cotton on his different soil types. When the growth is slow and the plants have a yellow, unhealthy look, nitrogen (or ammonia) should be applied in rather large amounts. If, however, the plants look vigorous, but are not fruiting well, phosphoric acid should be used liberally.

Generally speaking, for poor soils, the most important element of a fertilizer is nitrogen, and the next most important is phosphorous. Therefore, for poor soils we would recommend under present war conditions, which make potash scarce, a fertilizer for cotton and corn analyzing about 9 per cent available phosphoric acid and 3 per cent ammonia and 2 per cent potash. For peanuts 12 per cent phosphoric acid, 2 per cent ammonia and 2 per cent potash. For fertile soils we would recommend for cotton and corn, a fertilizer analyzing 12 per cent available phosphoric acid, 2 per cent ammonia and 2 per cent potash, and for peanuts, a fertilizer analyzing 12 per cent phosphoric acid, 1 1-2 per cent ammonia and 2 per cent potash. For the sandy loam soils of the coastal plain, potash is the most essential and for tobacco and truck crops must be applied in liberal amounts.

The reason that nitrogen or ammonia is so necessary an element for practically all soils is because the nitrates are soluble in water, and are, therefore, constantly leaching out of the land. The farmers should try to store up as much nitrogen in the soil as possible by growing such crops as beans, peas, clover, vetches, etc., which plants add nitrogen to the soil from the atmosphere. Practically all soils of the South are well adapted to the growing of these legumes.

If, however, crops are grown in rotation with legumes, it will still be necessary to use commercial forms of nitrogen to obtain the best results. While nitrogen is the main element of a fertilizer, on poor land phosphoric acid is the most essential and in practically all of the tests that have been made in the South, better results have been obtained with soluble phosphoric acid than with finely ground phosphate rocks or floats.

RESOLUTION PASSED BY THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

Asking for Another Meeting of The People in Regard to the Issuance of Bonds by the County.

The State of Alabama Chilton county

Whereas Chilton county has a due indebtedness of over $[illegible].00 and no money in the Treasury with which to pay it, and the county is three years behind with its payments and its warrants are discounted 40 per cent., and the commissioners court is up to the statutory limit, as prescribed by law, and cannot issue any more warrants until some way is provided, by which some of the present past due warrants can be paid.

And whereas a mass meeting was called for the 3rd day of February 1917, and owing to the unfavorable weather conditions it was impossible for the people to attend said meeting:

Therefore be it resolved by the Court of County Commissioners in regular session on this the 14th day of February, 1917, that another mass meeting of all the voters of the county is hereby called to assemble at the court house on Saturday the 3rd day of March, 1917, at 10 o'clock A.M., for the purpose of considering and devising ways and means to pay off debts and restore the credit and put the county on a cash basis. All voters who are interested in the welfare of the County are requested to attend.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

S. E. WALDRUP
R. J. WILLIAMS
W. T. HERROD
A. P. VINSON
County Commissioners.

Judge of Probate, 1Jan16

ALONZO ALDRIDGE SENTENCED SIX YEARS IN PENITENTIARY

In the case of Alonzo Aldridge charged with assault with intent to murder, in the circuit court last week the jury rendered a verdict of guilty, and the defendant was sentenced for six years in the penitentiary. Aldridge was charged with shooting Will Wilson up in Stumps Hills last year.

Other cases disposed of last week in the circuit court were:

Pete Jackson, colored, charged with petit larceny, fined $50.00.

John Henry, colored, charged with petit larceny, fined $50.00.

B. Igo, charged with selling liquor, sentenced to six months hard labor.

Napoleon Willis, charged with selling liquor, sentenced to six months hard labor.

Jim Eaton, false pretense, sentenced to penitentiary for one year and one day.

Don't forget your Subscription.

DESCRIPTION OF RESULT OF THE STORM IN COOSA

Death and Destruction Marked Path of the Terriffic wind.

Last Friday afternoon the northern part of Coosa county was visited by a cyclone of terriffic force, which left in its wake, a vast distruction of property, and many dead, injured and suffering persons.

In a letter to The Banner Mr. T. E. Blackmon of Weogufka describes the conditions in the storm stricken area. He says as follows:

"Since the severe cyclone that passed through Coosa on last Friday afternoon, we find a vast number of people homeless. Where the storm passed through it left a sad vacancy.

"From the last reports there were eleven instantly killed, and several seriously hurt. There is no estimation as to the number of persons who will be permanently maimed or crippled as a result of injuries received. The doctors in the neighborhood, and surroundng places were not able to answer all the calls, and many who were hurt and suffering were forced to endure it for a time before medical aid could be brought to them.

Stewartville Destroyed

"The little village of Stewartville was completely wiped out. Among those killed at that place were Prof. Ira O. Ezikiel, teacher of the school there. Also a young Mr. Gamble was crushed to death by a falling building.

Town of Hollins Devastated

"The little town of Hollins on the Central of Georgia Railroad was in the path of the storm, and it was completely destroyed. The school building was blown to pieces, four persons were killed and thirty injured.

Damage is Not Known

"No estimate has yet been made of the damage that was done in the wake of the cyclone. All buildings that lay in its path are completely wrecked. Furniture and household goods broken in fragments and scattered over hills and valleys to the four corners of the earth. Peoples clothing was torn into rags and strings. Large numbers of cattle and horses were killed and injured.

"People around here who were not in the path of destruction are busy helping to secure and provide homes clothing and provisions for the unfortunate ones, who were left homeless, without shelter, food or clothing.

"The path of the cyclone will average half a mile wide, edging the "track" of the big storm that passed through the same section about thirty years ago, according to the older citizens. The force of the wind was so terriffic that stumps and trees were uprooted and twisted off at the ground; old logs were blown out of beds which they had lain in for years and years. In sveral places big stretches of the topsoil was removed from the ground.

"Roads are crowded with visitors viewing the terrible scenes and bringing help in cases where they can. Residents of the territory where the storm passed through have never before been shocked by such terrible and sad incidents as they are over the grim results of the ugly spetacle of last Friday."

Mt. Pleasant

Health of this community is not very good at present. There is a good deal of cold and la grippe.

Dick, the twelve year old son of Rev. A. R. Aldridge was carried to Birmingham Sunday to be operated on for appendicitis. The latest reports are that he is getting along fine.

We are sorry to learn that Mrs. J. B. Collum is on the sick list.

Messrs. Oliver and Arthur Duke of Coosa county spent a few days last week here among relatives.

We are sorry to state that Mrs. Silas Kelley is very sick.

Mrs. W. A. Dozier is visiting her sister near Marble Valley, who is very ill.

Rev. and Mrs. B. H. Vickers spent Sunday at L. O. Vicker's.

Our school will close next Friday. Our teacher, Prof. J. K. T. Daniel and Miss Eloise Mattison have done some splendid work. We wish them success where ever they may go.

Mackie Pierce and wife of Mulberry spent Sunday with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Pierce.

Hugh Prim of Free Springs recently visited at J. B. Collum's.

Miss Freddie Baxley is visiting her sister, Mrs. G. H. Massey.

Mrs. Mims of Pleasant Grove recently visited her daughter, Mrs. Mack Henley.

We failed to have our poultry and canning club meeting last Saturday, but will meet next Saturday, March 3. Every member is urged to be present, as we have some very important business. Everybody is invited to come and see what we do and join in with us.

MARRIAGES

Roscoe Marshall, Et. P. Vermont, and Mss Vernon Ellions, Albany, New York.

Clyde Williams, Clanton and Miss Eunice Oden, Maplesville.

T. P. Franklin, Thorsby and Miss Adelia Douglas, Birmingham.

J. Sidney Gore, Clanton and Miss Alice Dutton, Jemison.

A. J. Johnson and Miss Leola Wyatt.

HONOR ROLL FOR THORSBY PUBLIC SCHOOL

First Grade—Ostrid Ekblad, Cathlean Gaines, Ethel Peterson.

Second Grade—Ragner Ekblad, Frank Gerald, Palmer Lefstead, Mabel Howard.

Fourth Grade—Curtis Billingsley, Carl Berlin.

Fifth Grade—Lola Horn, Leon Marshall, Wilbur Peterson.

Sixth Grade—Louise Adams, Walter Peterson.

Seventh Grade—Ethel Sewell, Robert Carlson.

SELL OR RENT—240 acres situated in Beat 9, 25 open, two good houses. Good opportunity to own a home, apply to J. L. Williams Clanton, Ala., Rt. 4.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF COUNTY SUPT. EDUCATION

Notice is hereby given that on March 29th, 1917, the County Board of Education will appoint a county suerintendent of education for Chilton County for a term of two years, and any one who wishes to make application for the position may do so in person or writing on that date.

Wm.J. BILLINGSLEY, Chm.
W. T. BEAN, Secretary.

The First and the Last.

The First Store as you Come in from the west and the last as you go out.

I am paying 10 cents a pound for Hens, feathers and all.
25 c a dozen for eggs, cash.
Sell good Flour for $1.15 sack.
Coffee 6 and 7 lb. to Dollar.

W. A. HUCKABEE
Clanton, Ala.

MONEY TO LOAN

WE ARE IN TOUCH WITH AN UNLIMITED SUPPLY OF MONEY, AND CAN NEGOTIATE LONG-TIME LOANS ON FARM LANDS UPON EASY TERMS. IF YOU ARE INTERESTED, CALL ON US.

Middleton & Reynolds.

Farms For Sale.

23 acres wth good house, 1½ miles from Clanton on the Birmingham Highway, Price **$1,600.00.** 160 acres with 5 room house, 2 tenement houses, 50 acres in cultivation, 20 acres fenced in pasture, 2 miles north of Jemison, Price **$2,750.00.** 80 acres, all fenced, 3 small houses, 60 acres in cultivation, 20 acres woodland, 5 miles from Thorsby, Price **$900.00.** 16 acres, 1 mile from Clanton on Birmingham Highway, 2 room house, good truck farm, Price **$1,700.00.** 20 acres 1½ miles from Clanton with 3 room house, fine chicken and Truck farm, Price **$1,200.00.** 52 acres 1½ miles south of Thorsby on Birmingham Highway, 5 room house and out buildings, **$2,200.00.**

CHILTON COUNTY REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
Office at Chero-Cola Plant - - - - CLANTON, ALA.

Why Pay the Peddler or Canvasser Twice these Prices?

You can save a good deal of money by buying your Stock Tonic at this Store, instead of paying the peddler big fancy prices for goods of unknown quality. Look at these prices for that old reliable and GUARANTEED Stock conditioner and worm expeller—

=:= DR. HESS STOCK TONIC =:=

25 lb PAIL COSTS $2.00. 5½ lb PKG. COSTS 50c.
12 lb PKG. COSTS $1.00. 2 lb PKG. COSTS 25c.

Remember, we have no peddler's wagons and expenses. That's why we can sell Dr. Hess Stock Tonic at these rock-bottom prices.

Here is another point, Mr. Farmer, we want to emphasize, that is: It goes farther, as the small dose quantity proves. DR. HESS STOCK TONIC is to put your animals in a thriving condition, and make the ailing ones healthy and expel the worms—**otherwise you get your money back right here at our store.** We also handle the

DR. HESS DIP and DISINFECTANT, DR. HESS POULTRY PAN-A-CE-A, and DR. HESS INSTANT LOUSE KILLER.

W. Z. HODGES

CLANTON, ALA.

Walk Right In

And Call for It.

I HAVE BEEN EXPECTING YOU TO COME TO TOWN, AND HAVE GONE TO THE TROUBLE OF PROVIDING YOU SOMETHING TO EAT WHEN YOU GE THERE. SO JUST COME RIGHT IN AND TELL ME WHAT YOU ARE WANTING TO EAT AND YOU WILL GET IT IN A MINUTE OR TWO.

MY COOK KNOWS HOW TO COOK, AND I GUARANTEE TO SUIT YOUR TASTE.

REMEMBER I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF THE FINEST OYSTERS IN SEASON, AND SERVE ANY STYLE AT ANY TIME.

BRING ALONG YOUR EGGS WITH YOU AND I WILL PAY YOU THE HIGHEST CASH MARKET PRICE FOR THEM.

DON'T FORGET TO COME TO SEE ME NOW.

W. H. GOODGAME

Across Street from [illegible] Office
CLANTON, ALA.

ALABAMA SUFFERS FROM WIND STORM

SOUTHERN PORTION OF CLAY AND NORTHERN PORTION OF COOSA DAMAGED.

HOLLINS ALMOST WIPED OUT

Property Damage Extremely Heavy; Great Tracts of Timber Being Destroyed.

Summary of Cyclone Damage.

Many Alabama counties were swept by a terrific windstorm, which, in some cases, assumed the proportions of a tornado.

Hollins, Stewartville and Midway, near the Clay-Coosa county line, suffered most severly. Seven are reported dead here and 100 more or less seriously injured. Dozens of houses were demolished.

At Whitsitt, in Hale county, near Newbern, four negroes were killed and numerous negro cabins destroyed.

Montgomery county reports a house blown into the river across from the capital.

At Wetumpka, in Elmore county, several houses were unroofed.

At Tuskegee, in Macon county, a number of houses were damaged.

In Autauga county, between Autauga and Statesville, a number of barns and houses suffered and numerous chimneys were blown down.

Several signs were blown down at Selma, in Dallas county.

Calhoun county reported "wind pockets," where the wind attained terrific velocity.

In Birmingham several residences were damaged on Sixteenth avenue, south.

The wind velocity was intense through Hale, Perry and Bibb counties.

Sylacauga.—Sorrow and sadness prevail in the wake of the terrific storm which cut a path three-quarters of a mile in width and swooped down on several little settlements in the southern portion of Clay County and northern part of Coosa, leaving in its wake in this section an approximate death list of twelve and a hundred injured. The property loss will run into large figures.

The damage to timber through out the path of the storm was exceedingly heavy, great tracts being destroyed.

Stewartville, Hollins and Midway appear to have suffered the greatest loss of life and property.

No one was injured at Sylacauga and no property loss was sustained that is appreciable. At Stewartville, six miles south of here, in Coosa county, three people were killed and two seriously injured and a number of others were hurt. The school house was blown down and Professor Ezekiel was instantly killed, as were two of his students, young men named Gamel and Grimes. Many other students of thes chool were hurt, although it was reported that none of them would die.

Hollins Almost Wiped Out.

Hollins, in Clay county, about 10 miles below here, was practically wiped off the map. The school house was destroyed, 30 houses were blown down and four stores, Hammond's, Williams, Johnson's and Hardeman's, were demolished. At the school house Annie Porter, the 12-year-old daughter of John T. Porter, was instantly killed; as was Lovie Logan, an 8-year old boy. William Robertson ,aged 12, was fatally hurt, and it is expected that he will die. A large number of people at Hollins was injured.

Two Dead at Midway.

At Midway, which is three miles east of Hollins, the school house was blown down and a number of people were injured. Allen House, a child, was killed, and Bill House, aged 80 years, was killed instantly when the House residence was demolished. A number of houses in the vicinity of Midway were destroyed and people were injured throughout the surrounding country, according to reports.

In the vicinity of Stewartville the residences of C. C. Lambert and Henry Sallas were among those blown down. Lambert and his wife and Sallas and his wife were all badly hurt.

Alabama Man Overcome By Gas.

Chattanooga, Tenn.—Frank Mills, age 42, of Russellville, Ala., died here as a result of being overcome by benzol fumes at a local chemical plant. Death resulted within 30 minutes after Mills inhaled the poisonous gas.

Teachers Pass Exams.

Florence.—Extremely close grading is the cause, according to County Superintendent of Education D. O. Warren, of the failure of 30 out of 52 applicants for teachers' certificates, examined here in December.

Men Die From Scald

Mobile.—R. E. Guy, Nea[illegible]erts, white, and Cleveland Guy[illegible]d here at hospitals from sc[illegible] in an explosion of a locomoti[illegible] at Jackson, Ala. They suffered [illegible] fully before death.

Woodmen to Go to Mobile Camp.

Tuscaloosa.—Mobile has obtained the national encampment of the uniform rank of the Woodmen of the World for the year 1917. These encampments are held quadrennially and Mobile was selected this year over several competitors. This information came from the home of the sovereign auditor, W. M. Crawford of Birmingham, who is in Omaha attending the grand council of the order, and it was in a letter to Maj. D. J. Deacy of Tuscaloosa, a member of the staff of Brigadier General W. T. Nall of Woodlawn. The dates for the encampment will be July 23-28, and Uniform Ranks of Woodmen will attend from all over the country.

Alabama Enters "Bone-Dry" List.

Birmingham.—In only three states in the south—Florida, Louisiana and Texas—may liquor in any quantity be imported legally for personal use after the Reed amendment, which was passed by both houses of Congress, goes into effect. They alone have retained local option. Congress, by its action in adopting the Reed amendment, makes absolute the state-wide prohibition legislation of Virginia, North and South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi. Thus they join the "bone-dry" states, Arkansas and Tennessee, which already had enacted statutes forbidding the importation of liquor.

Drilling Is Resumed.

Cordova.—Drilling for oil in what is known as Well No. 1, of the Haskell interests, three and a half miles from Cordova, in Walker county, is again in hand, and stone is now being drawn through. When the sands are again reached, it is expected the flow of oil will be found. The litigation that has been threatened in connection with this and other wells being sunk or about to be sunk will be given consideration later on. The No. 1 well has great promise and as soon as it has been proven, there will be other work undertaken in the immediate vicinity. Drilling machinery is being gotten in readiness to take up development work between Cordova and Well No. 1 now, and within 30 days it is expected that there will be two wells under development.

Onions Have Come "Into Their Own."

Selma. — Lo, the fragrant onions have come into their own. Grocery merchants here say they are paying more for them than ever before in their history. One bag of white onions, a retailer stated, cost him $12.50. They could have been bought last year at this time for $3.50. Irish potatoes also have reached such a high price they are almost prohibitive, costing from 5 1-2 to 6 cents a pound.

Feed Mill to Be Built.

Opelika.—The Piedmont Fertilizer company of Opelika has announced that they will build and equip a feed mill of 50-ton capacity, and will have it in operation in five or six months. The concern announces that with the completion of the plant they will be in a position to buy all the feed products the farmers offer for sale, and in addition will make their feed.

Taft Will Speak in Birmingham.

Birmingham. — Former President William H. Taft, who spoke to the members of the United States Chamber of Commerce at its recent meeting in Washington on "The League to Enforce Peace," will give the same lecture in Birmingham March 24 under the auspices of the Chamber of Commerce.

Negroes Attempt Blackmail Teachers.

Jasper.—Three negroes were arrested on a charge of conspiracy against two young women school teachers of the Jasper grammar school. The negroes demanded a large sum of money as payment for not exposing the young women for alleged unbecoming conduct. The negroes will be tried before the United States commissioner.

Food Prices Reach High Water Mark.

Montgomery.—Food prices in Montgomery are higher than ever known before, and local dealers hold out no promise of relief until the new spring crop is brought to market. Cold waves, embargoes, short crops, congested railroad facilities and various other reasons are assigned as the cause of the soaring of prices.

Farmers Are Busy

Troy.—J. J. Cotton of the Shiloh community was here recently and reported the farmers progressing well with their work, considering the rains. He said that corn, velvet beans and peanuts would be the leading crops in this section. He also said that the farmers were paying much attention to hog and cattle raising for market.

Railroad Awards Grade Contract.

Mobile.—Construction of the first 20-mile link of the Gulf, Mobile and Northern railroad, north from Middleton, Tenn., toward Jackson, Tenn., has been begun. This was announced by H. F. Ricker, secretary and assistant to President W. F. Owen, who is out of the city.

Church Women Hold Annual Meeting.

Gadsden.—The sixth annual convention of the Women's Missionary Society of the North Alabama Conference of the Methodist church was held in Gadsden. The opening session was the meeting of the executive committee at the First Methodi church. At the opening session, presided over by Mrs. Alexander Greet of Gadsden, president of the conference, reports of various activities of the society were heard. All reports owed great progress in the work

BRITISH ADVANCE ON ANCRE FRONT

Almost Without Fighting General Haig's Troops Take Possession Of Pys, Serre And Other Positions

BAPAUME NOW THREATENED

Kaiser's Troops Took Advantage Of Foggy Weather To Fall Back At Some Points Three Miles

Paris.—On one portion of the British front at least the war has become a war of movement. Under cover of fog and mist, which had been particularly heavy for forty-eight hours, the Germans carried out the greatest retirement they have made on the western front in the last two years, and the British have swept into possession of Pys, Serre, Miraumont and Petit Miraumont, including the famous Butte de Warlencourt, which has been the scene of some of the fiercest fighting of the war, and in places is deep with the bones of dead men.

The exact extent of the German retirement is not known, but it is estimated that it approaches a depth of three miles at some point. British patrols are out in all directions, harassing the Germans and keeping in touch with their movements. Until they report it will not be possible to say just where the Germans have determined to fix their next line of resistance.

Bapaume Must Soon Fall

Nevertheless it can be stated that the British now are, or soon will be, in a position possibly to force the evacuation of Bapaume, which has been the key to the German position since the beginning of the battle of the Somme. The points which already have fallen into the British hands have stood out in the history of the fighting on this front, and had been most stubbornly defended. Only about a week ago when the British attacked on a two-mile front east and south of Miraumont and Pys, the German resistance was bitter and the high ground desired was won only after desperate hand to hand encounters and the taking of more than eight hundred German prisoners.

NO SUDDEN EMERGENCY IN THE FOOD SITUATION

Enormous Exports And Lack Of Economy By Housewives Chief Reasons For The High Prices

New York.—Enormous increases in the exportation of staple articles of food, without corresponding increases in production, and lack of intelligent economy by housewives are ascribed by the department of health of this city, in a report, as the chief reasons for steadily rising prices.

The department declared "there does not appear to be any sudden or recently developed emergency in the food situation in this city," although there has been serious rioting in various parts of the city.

While the report asserts there is "obviously less dependency and real need than has been common for many years," it also says, "it is apparent that unless the present high prices of food are reduced or controlled, or as an alternative the income of families which now maintain themselves on $800 a year or less is increased by raise of wages or throuhg relief agencies, there will be a constantly increasing number of people whose health will be jeopardized by their inability to buy sufficiently nourishing food."

Government Probe Of Food Situation

Washington.—The house has adopted as an amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill an appropriation of $400,000 for an investigation by the federal trade commission of the high cost of food. The vote was 83 to 51.

Pro-Germanism Charged To American

Paris.—Additional evidence in reference to the discovery of a pro-German plot has led to the re-arrest of a man giving the name of Wood, claiming to be an American, who had been set at liberty, says a wireless dispatch from Madrid.

Submarine Attacked 7 Dutch Ships

London.—From Dutch sources it is learned that it was the submarine U-3 which attacked seven Dutch steamers. Three were torpedoed outright, while German sailors boarded the other four and placed bombs that were exploded. So far as known these four vessels did not sink, but their location has not been ascertained, except that of the Menado, which was towed into harbor by a British trawler. The crews of the Dutch vessels rowed to the Scilly Isles, believing that all of their ships had been sunk.

Camaguey Captured By Cuban Troops

Havana.—Government troops have captured Camaguey, it is announced officially. The rebels fled after slight resistance. Reports from Santa Clara says rebels under Gerardo Machado and Sanchez del Porta were defeated at Loma del Grillo after a battle lasting less than an hour. The rebels lost 15 killed and 118 wounded. Del Porta is reported to have been wounded. He was liberal candidate for the governorship of Santa Clara. The government troops lost one killed and seven wounded.

HIGH PRICES CAUSE OF RIOTS

Driven To Desperation Hundreds Of Women Attack Police And Food Venders In New York City

New York.—Following many clashes between the police and women food rioters at the city hall and in congested tenement districts, Joseph Hartigan, commissioner of weights and measures, announces that he is doing everything in his power to stimulate the flow of foodstuffs into ths city from all parts of the country.

Reports received by the commissioner indicate that the situation has reached an acute stage which, he asserts, calls for the establishment by congress of "some sort of food control commission to meet the per capita consumption of food in the United States."

While retail shop keepers and push cart peddlers have been forced to bear the brunt of the assault of the angry housewives here, the bureau of weights and measures announces that "the abnormal exportation of foodstuffs and the sub-normal production are the underlying causes of the advance in prices." It was said, however, that there is "abundant evidence of speculation in canned goods."

Women Are Desperate

So desperate have the women in some parts of the city become, it is said, that hundreds of food peddlers have locked their push carts in stables and suspended business. A number of these dealers who ventured out on the upper East Side were set upon by a mob of housewives when it was found they were selling onions at 15 cents per pound and potatoes at 9 and 10 cents per pound. The peddlers were driven from the streets into hallways of tenements, where the women tore their clothing and scratched their faces. Meantime the pushcarts were demolished and their contents strewn about the streets.

After several hundred women had stormed the city hall in an effort to see the mayor, Mrs. Ida Harris, president of the Mothers' Vigilance league, issued a statement in which she declared it had been decided to keep children away from the schools until the prices of food are lowered. This step, Mrs. Harris asserted, was justified on the ground that poorly fed children are in no condition to profit by schooling.

FORTY-FIVE HUNDRED KILLED AND HURT

Report From Explosion At The Russian Port Of Archangel, February Fourth

Berlin.—It is reported from Copenhagen that fifteen hundred persons were killed and three thousand wounded in an explosion of ammunition at Archangel, Russia.

A Copenhagen telegram says that travelers returning from Russia declare that the last great explosion at Archangel was much more considerable than was made known in dispatches from Russia. The explosion took place at the naval station while ammunition was being unloaded from a steamer. Not a tract of this steamer remained. The explosion killed or wounded every one within a radius of one kilometer, fifteen hundred persons being killed and three thousand wounded. The damage amounts to fifty million rubles.

It was reported on February 4 that an icebreaker at Archangel had blown up and that thirty persons were believed to have been killed and three hundred injured.

Iron And Machine Shops Wrecked

Amsterdam, Holland. — Several buildings of the famous Cockerill works, at Seraing, five miles southwest of Liege, Belgium, have been destroyed through an incendiary fire. The loss to the plant—which comprises iron works and machine shops, making it one of the largest in Europe, if not the largest—will be ten million dollars, in round numbers, it is estimated by competent authorities.

U. S. Women Allowed To Dare U-Boats

Halifax, N. S.—Three United States women aboard a steamer from the United States, which arrived in port here, were permitted to continue the voyage. Clearance papers were refused the ship, however, until twenty-five women and children had been removed. They were taken ashore in tugs.

Panama New Troop Quarters Needed

Washington.—An appropriation of $13,371,000 for new troop quarters in the Panama canal zone and for expenses of the authorized additional increments for garrisoning the zones was requested of congress by Secretary Baker, who declare it "imperatively necessary" that this amount be made immediately available. Four regiments of infantry, the secretary said, now are quartered in temporary old canal buildings, some of which formerly were occupied by Jamaican negroes and condemned years ago.

Whitlock Not Asked To Lower Flag

Berlin.—The question of hauling down the American flag on the American legation at Brussels has never been discussed between Brand Whitlock, the American minister, and any member of the German administration, in an announcement. The desire that he continue his interest in the Belgian relief commission work was made known to him by the German governor general, it is declared, and the minister and his staff are to keep on with their former activities in this connection.

MILITARY SERVICE PROPOSED FOR ALL

Secretary Of War Baker Sends General Army Staff Bill To Congress

TO TRAIN 500,000 ANNUALLY

Plan Would Supply Trained Force Of 4,000,000 Men With One Year Of Intensive Military Instruction

Washington.—The army general staff universal service bill was transmitted to the senate military committee by Secretary Baker without a definite expression by the administration, either on the general subject or the specific proposal.

The secretary suggested that wide publicity be given the staff plan "to the end that both congress and the war department can have the benefit of an enlightened, thoughtful public opinion upon the neecs and wishes of the country."

In round numbers the staff plan would supply a trained force of four million men, with one year of intensive military instruction. It is estimated by the war college that approximately 500,000 boys in their nineteenth year would be available for training annually. They would be liable to call to the colors until 32 years of age, passing after the first eleven months of training to the first reserve for the next four years and one month, then into the second reserve, and finally into the unorganized reserve until they reached the age of 45.

First Reserve of 1,500,000 Men

The purpose of the bill is to constitute a first reserve with a strength of 1,500,000, ready to respond instantly to a call to arms. The second reserve, of equal size, but only partially equipped, would require some time to take the field. Eventually there would be one million additional trained men ready to fill gaps at the front.

In addition to these forces there would be the regular army, composed of men choosing military life as a profession, of 24,400 officers and 285,886 enlisted men. Of these 997,000 would form the overseas force, the remainder composing the permanent training personnel which could take care of the instruction of from 492,386 to 654,292 reserve recruits annually. If the proportion of available men for training was greater than the figure given, the permanent training force would have to be proportionately increased.

SERIES OF TORNADOES KILL AND INJURE MANY PEOPLE

In Alabama, Mississippi And Georgia, Great Property Damage Is Caused By Many Storms And Winds

Atlanta, Ga.—Thirteen persons are reported killed and more than a hundred injured in a series of tornadoes that swept portions of Alabama, Georgia and Mississippi.

The most serious loss of life occurred in middle Alabama, where eleven of the deaths occurred. Hollins, Midway, Stewartsville and Whitsett were swept, seven persons being killed and more than a hundred injured in the section, while at Whitsett four negroes were killed.

Two negroes were killd at Lithonia, Ga., and at least thirty dwellings demolished. Six children were injured in a storm at Georgetown, Miss., when a school was blown down. Small tornadoes also struck near Wetumpka, Ala., and Hurtsboro, Ala.

Storm Strikes Lithonia, Ga.

Lithonia, Ga.—Two killed, a number injured, one of whom is dying and thousands of dollars' worth of property laid to waste, was the toll taken by a tornado which descended upon Lithonia February 23 at 4:15 p. m., raged through the town with the fury of elements gone mad, and spent itself against Pine Mountain, three miles distant.

Gaelic Leaguers Placed Under Arrest

London.—More arrests of members of the Gaelic League and of persons identified with the recent rebellion have been made in Ireland, says a dispatch from Dublin, which adds that other arrests were expected later.

American Killed On Torpedoed Ship

Washington.—Robert Allen Haden, an American Presbyterian missionary, stationed at Foo Chow, China, perished when the French liner Athos was destroyed by a submarine, 210 miles east of Malta on February 17. Consul Keblinger at Malta cabled a report of Haden's death to the state department and said that the missionary's address was given as in care of the Presbyterian mission board at Nashville, Tenn. The vessel sailed from Yokohamo December 26 for Marseilles.

Great Britain Cuts Off Non-Essentials

London.—That Great Britain is faced with a serious situation due to a shortage of tonnage was the admission made in the house of commons made by David Lloyd-George, the British prime minister. It was a situation which called for most stringent measures by the government, and, in order to meet it, the importation of non-essentials was to be prohibited. On the ability of the government to solve the tonnage shortage, depended the success of the entente allies' cause, he said.

"BONE DRY" BILL IS PAS

Anti-Liquor Law May Go Into E[illegible] When President Signs The Postal Measure

Washington.—Absolute prohibition legislation took its longest forward stride in the nation's history when the house, after two hours of uproarious debate, approved by a 4 to 1 majority a senate measure which would raise an ironclad barrier against importation of liquor into prohibition territory. It is expected to receive the approval of President Wilson within a week, adding immediately to the "bone dry" territory about one-third of continental United States.

Although some members have given it as their opinion that the legislative features added to the postal bill would not be effective until July 1, the effective date of the appropriations it carries, senators and representatives who are considered authorities said that all the legislative riders, including the Reed prohibition amendment, undoubtedly would become operative as soon as the president has signed the measure.

The provision is regarded as the most far-raching that could be enacted by the federal government, and as sweeping as would be possible under any method short of a national prohibition amendment. It would cut off entirely liquor importations, now amounting to millions of dollars annually, into the large number of states which have forbidden manufacture or sale but have permitted importation for personal use.

The vote, as officially announced, was 321 to 72, but a recheck of the roll changed it to 319 to 72. Party line were completely broken down and numerous representatives from prohibition states were recorded in the negative. So large a vote seldom is recorded on any measure.

A provision barring liquor advertisements from the mails in states that prohibit such advertising is included in the measure, which came before the house as a rider to the annual postoffice bill, inserted by the senate last week on motion of Senator Reed by a vote of 55 to 11. Although the appropriation bill will go to conference because the house disagreed to other senate amendments, there is little possibility that the prohibition amendment, concurred in without change, will be altered.

VIGOROUS DEMAND MADE TO FREE AMERICANS

United States Sends Note To Berlin Insisting On Immediate Release Of Yarrowdale Prisoners

Washington.—The United States in a note transmitted to the Berlin foreign office through the Spanish ambassador there, has again demanded the release of the Americans made prisoners on the prize ship Yarrowdale. In the absence of a satisfactory response to an inquiry sent recently, it was decided to demand thir immediate release.

The generally accepted idea that President Wilson will address congress again on the German crisis virtually was confirmed in official quarters. There was no announcement and it was said that the president still was considering his next step, but officials pointed out the necessity of congress making provision for any emergency which might arise after adjournment, and explained that the president would go to the capital not to ask for a declaration of war, but merely for authority to protect American rights.

The president, it was reiterated, is just as anxious as any member of the senate or house to avoid war, although determined that the rights of the United States be respected. One of his reasons for desiring action by congress now instead of risking the necessity for a special session was said to be a belief that a call for an extra session in an emergency might result in dangerous excitement.

People Getting Poor On Big Incomes

Boston.—Bishop William Lawrence, in telling of his work in raising a $5,000,000 pension fund for the Episcopal clergy, said during a sermon at Trinity church that, besides a lesson for a more highly organized church, he had found that people with incomes of from $50,000 to $100,000 are now poor, or on the way to poverty, because they set a pace so near their incomes that when they reach 45 or 50 years of age they are really poor.

Big Gain Made By British Troops

New York.—Again the British forces fighting in France have attacked German positions at several points and been rewarded for their efforts by an aggregate gain of more than 1,150 yards, according to the latest British official communication. South of Armentieres the German line was penetrated deeply on a front of about 650 yards and southeast of Ypres on a front of about 500 yards. Numerous casualties were inflicted on the Germans at both places and prisoners and guns also were taken.

General Pershing Succeeds Funston

Washington.—Major General Pershing has been formally appointed as commander of the southern department, succeeding Major General Funston. The appointment will take effect immediately. General Pershing, after his expedition returned from Mexico, was given command of the entire El Paso district and the largest concentration of troops on the border. After General Funston's death he took over command of the southern department automatically as senior officer in the jurisdiction.

BULLOCK FIRST TO GET FEDERAL AID

HIGHWAY COMMISSION APPROVES COUNTY'S REQUEST FOR APPROPRIATION OF $10,000.

AT THE STATE'S CAPITAL

Interesting News Budget of Happenings in Various Departments of State.

—Montgomery.

Bullock has the honor of being the first county in Alabama to receive the approval of the state highway commission for a portion of the federal appropriation for good roads. The commission approved Bullock's request for $10,000, which, with $10,000 appropriated by Bullock county, will be used in the construction of nine miles of road between Union Springs and Bruceville. The federal government must approve the request, also, before the money can be expended. Several counties have applied for a portion of the appropriation and their petitions will be heard by the state commission soon.

Railroads Seek to Raise Rates.

The railroads of the State have presented a petition to the Public Service Commission asking that they be allowed to raise their party fare passenger rates, that is in cases where ten or more persons travel in a party, from the present rate of 2 cents a mile to 2 1-4 cents.

The object given for the raise is to place the rate on a uniform basis with that of other States. The petition will be considered at the next meeting of the Commission March 5th.

Lower Velvet Bean Rate.

The Atlantic Coast Line Railway notified the Public Service Commission that it has put into effect the same rates on velvet bean meal, that applies to cotton seed meal, from points on their lines to Memphis and other Mississippi river crossings, including St. Louis, and also Eastern and New England points, and to the South Atlantic and Gulf ports for export.

The Louisville and Nashville Railroad has also notified the Public Service Commission that cotton seed meal rates will be allowed on velvet bean meal shipped from Andalusia, Opp and other South Alabama points, to Ohio and Mississippi crossings and to Eastern and Virginia cities. General Freight Manager Defuniak of the L. and N. has informed the Public Service Commission of the satisfaction with which his company views the diversified farming, and has expressed a willingness to co-operate with the farmers of the State in getting better rates for their products.

Governor Gets Reply.

Governor Henderson has received replies to the letters sent the sheriffs of Mobile, Montgomery and Russell Counties, regarding the enforcement of the prohibition laws, it is stated. Following a report made by Attorney General Martin, that the liquor laws were being openly violated in some of the counties, the Governor wrote letters to these sheriffs asking why the laws were not better enforced.

While the Governor has not authorized the publicity of any of the letters, it is understood that a rather strong reply was received, the officials stating that they were enforcing the law to the best of their ability, but were handicapped by lack of funds.

Paroles Granted.

William Russell, who is serving a term in the penitentiary for a felony committed in Morgan county, was paroled into the state insane hospital at Tuscaloosa by Governor Henderson. The parole stipulates that Russell shall be returned to prison to continue his sentence when his mental condition has improved. Governor Henderson granted a parole to W. A. Buckhaults of Bulter county, who was fined $250 and sentenced to five months at hard labor. The offense was not given in the parole. Buckhaults' liberty is conditioned on his conduct in the future.

Health Officers to Report Births.

The State Board of Health has sent to the County Health Officers of the State blank forms to be filled out with the date of birth, sex and color of every child born in the county and the name and address of its mother. The County Health Officer is instructed to mail these forms to the County's representative in Congress, requesting him to send to the mother of the child literature instructing her in the care of the child during the first year of its life.

Overton Exceptions Filed.

The bill of exceptions in the case of David D. Overton of Huntsville, under sentence of death for the murder of Probate Judge W. T. Lawler of Madison county, has been completed and filed with Judge B. M. Miller, who conducted the trial. Judge Miller has 90 days in which to look over the document and determine whether or not it is correct. The case will be submitted to the supreme court at the call of the eighth division which will be taken up early in May.

TRAINING TODAY'S BOYS AND GIRLS

When Impudence Is Disrespect and When Frankness.

BOTH CALL FOR RESTRAINT

What Kind and How Much Are the Real Considerations That Must Be Studied by the Wise Parent.

By SIDONIE M. GRUENBERG.

ONE does not need to be very old to recall the days when all children were well-behaved and respectful to their elders. And those of us who are too young to remember the good old days can get from European visitors the assurance that American children are, on the whole, altogether too free in their speech. Indeed, our visitors from abroad are more frequently shocked by the "impudence" of our children than they are impressed by the height of our buildings.

It must be admitted that our children are rather outspoken. In our reaction against the crushing restraints of puritanism, we have no doubt gone too far. And in rejecting the old standards of human and child conduct we have too frequently failed to establish definite standards of our own. But we are not compelled to choose between disrespect and lawlessness on the one hand, and repression and hypocrisy on the other. Children must have freedom, but they can and should be taught to speak in a more respectful and mannerly fashion.

A great deal of what older people resent as "impudence" is really not offensive in spirit, but when the shocking word is spoken it is not always accompanied by its own explanation. It is necessary for older people to understand what goes on in the child's mind, instead of waiting for the child to make the explanation. There are three common sources of "impudence" that we can learn to understand and to treat. Children unconsciously imitate the tones and expressions that they hear at home or among their associates. If a child is often scolded and reproved in coarse terms, we should not expect him to use gentle and refined speech in situations that call forth his critical and resentful spirit. We are outraged on hearing a young miss say to her father: "You were crazy to go out without your umbrella; you might have seen it would rain." But it does not take us long to find out that the child is using the friendly and conventional language of



The Days When All Children Were Well Behaved.

her own home. There is no question of disrespect or insolence. We learn that the girl does not mean to be offensive. But it is clear that she cannot cultivate reverence while she continues to speak in this manner to her parents. What is at first but an inelegant use of language comes in time to be an unwholesome attitude toward other people. There are two things we may do in such a case. We may either establish the rule that the child must use only certain kinds of expressions and tones in addressing older people, and must avoid others. This would insure the preservation of the outward forms. Or we may furnish the child with the models that we should not fear to have copied. We must decide for ourselves which method we are to prefer; the arbitrary separation of the child's notion of conduct into that which is to be permitted to elders but forbidden to children, and that which is permitted to all, or the cultivation of a wholesome atmosphere of considerateness and respect for others.

When the offensive word or grimace is the genuine expression of a hateful mood, we have a different problem. Under the older ideas of bringing up children the chief emphasis was laid on repressing the outward manifestations of the objectionable feelings. Now, while it is true that to a certain extent the feelings can be smothered as their expression is restrained, there was no positive effort to cultivate friendly or reverent emotions. The result of this policy shows itself too frequently in indifference, in hypocrisy and in some kind of "explosion." Running away from home is an explosion of this kind, being in a large proportion of cases set off by an emotional disturbance for which the child had no suitable means of expression. Where the steam cannot be let off something is likely to break loose violently.

Of course we do not wish our children to have "bad emotions." But beyond the point where they can be safely suppressed it is better that we know just what the children feel. Occasional expressions of ill will or of irreverence may be taken as the occasion for a claring up the moral atmosphere. Talking a situation over with the child will often bring to the surface lingering shreds of spite or bitterness. These gnawing and growing usually only where the children are fairly free to give expression to their feelings, restrained only by what they learn of genuine respect and courtesy.

In many cases what appears as disrespect or worse is merely an indication of ignorance or crudeness. This was illustrated by a little boy of four, whose violent jumping on a rickety stair was interrupted by his cautious grandmother. When the old lady's back was turned the child whispered to his brother, "Don't you wish she was dead?" This was a scandalous thing to hear, and under other circumstances a child saying anything like that would have been mercilessly chastised. But in this case, as in many others, there was neither malice



Children Unconsciously Imitate the Tones and Expressions That They Hear at Home.

in the child's feelings nor understanding his mind. In all good faith he wished the disturbing grandmother beyond good and evil. A child needs in a case of this kind not reproof or punishment, but enlightenment. He must learn the remoter meanings and implications of the words he uses, and he must learn to speak discriminately.

Whether the undesirable modes of expression that we commonly call impudence are the results of imitating bad models, or the results of unrestrained freedom of expression, our remedies are not to be sought in enforced silence. It is well for us to know first of all what the sources of the impudence are, and then deal with these. We cannot always regulate in advance the language and manners of the associates of our children, but we can do a great deal to make the home impressions what they ought to be. And it is better for us to know just what the children think and feel and improve their thoughts and feelings than to foster hatred and hypocrisy under the cloak of decorum.

DEVOTED TO HIS NECKTIE

Strange How Neckwear Will Weave Itself About the Tenderest Parts of a Man's Heart.

Every morning we stand before the mirror, flap the large end over and around, push it behind and up and draw it carefully through. It becomes a habit, and yet, like dining, it has a certain fascination. The keen pleasure of a new and uncreased cravat helps to make a whole week brighter. And that dread day when a white spot appears in the center of the front of our favorite green one, or when the beloved brown parts internally, and, while appearing the same without, tells us that it is gone forever—that day our coffee is bitter and the mercury low.

But we never cruelly desert a faithful friend. For a couple of times after the white spot appears we try to tie it farther up or lower down, usually with pathetically ineffectual results. And then we pasture it back somewhere on the rack with the bow-ties that are not good taste any more and the selections made by a worthy aunt at a reduction sale, and let it enjoy a quiet old age. Somehow eventually it disappears. We do not know how. Perhaps a careless maid drops it in a waste-basket, or a plotting wife makes way with it. But most probably, like old patches and college text-books, it has some unseen heaven of its own whither it is wafted after its life amongst us is over.—From the Atlantic.

"Lambamena."

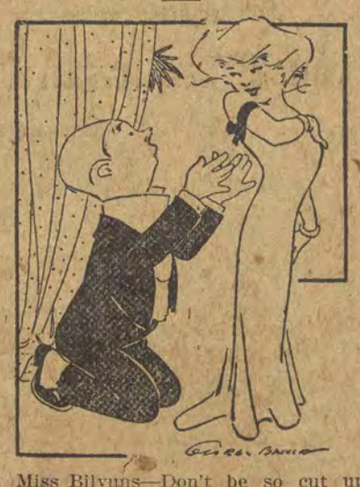
One of the oldest native Madagascar industries is the curing and manufacturing of silk into what is called "lambamena;" "lamba" in Malagasy means dress, shroud, or clothing, and "mena" means red. "Lambamena" is made from a heavy gray native silk principally in the Betsileo country, in the southern part of the central plateau. This material was originally used for wrapping the bodies of prominent natives for burial. The more celebrated or wealthy the deceased or his relatives were, the more lambamena was used, but this custom is being gradually discontinued.

No Cause for Worry.

Mrs. Flatbush—"Oh, dear!" Mr. Flatbush—"What's wrong now?" "Oh, I read today that if the earth were to revolve seventeen times faster than it does, bodies at the equator would lose their weight and remain stationary in the air without support." "Don't worry, dear; if we ever get there I'll support you just the same."—Yonkers Statesman.

GATHERED SMILES

HIS RETORT.



Miss Bilyuns—Don't be so cut up about it. I'm not the first woman you've ever loved, and I dare say I'm not likely to be the last one.

Mr. Kutting—No; but you're the richest.

This Funny World.

'Tis a queer old world, I do declare,
In it contentment's rarely found;
Women want men to be quite square—
And men want women 'round.

Facts and Figures.

"The old adage says," remarked the man with the quotation habit, "that a miss is as good as a mile."

"Yes," rejoined the chap who reads the scientific items in patent medicine almanacs, "and with the assistance of a 49-cent parasol, she's as good as 95,000,000 miles."

"What's the answer?" queried the party of the first part.

"Simply this," answered the scientific student. "After a ray of sunshine has traveled the distance mentioned the combination aforesaid—a miss and a parasol—is able to stop it seven feet from earth."

Usual Thing.

DeLong—Hello, old chap; I hear you are hunting for a rich wife?

Shortleigh—Your hearing is good.

DeLong—Haven't bagged anything yet?

Shortleigh—Nothing but my trousers.

Too Much for Him.

"What killed Green? He always looked healthy to me." "He tried to live according to the rules for attaining longevity that a ninety-year-old man gave to a reporter on a Sunday newspaper."—Life.

They're Used to It.

"I don't understand how these women show such perseverance and endurance at picket duty."

"Maybe you don't son, but every married man does."

The Explanation.

"Where did Van Scadds get all his money? He was poor as a church mouse when he came to this town ten years ago."

"Yes, he was poor, but not honest."

In an Unexpected Quarter.

"Do you think peace suggestions exert any practical influence?"

"Sometimes," replied Senator Sorghum, thoughtfully, "more than is desirable—in the stock market."

Seeing an Optimist.

"I haven't seen you for a day or two," said Mrs. Johnson.

"No," replied Mrs. Brown, "I have been busy going to an optimist to have eyeglasses fitted."

ANSWERS THE PURPOSE.



Mrs. Flatte—Is your milk pasteurized?

Mr. Grassneck — Not the milk, ma'am. But one o' the cows is pasturized out in that clearin'. The other'n is stall-fed.

Most Insulting.

"So you proposed to Miss Peacher?"

"Yes. And she treated me like a dog."

"Indeed! What did she do?"

"When I flopped down on my knees she snapped her fingers and said: 'Up, sir!'"

His Confession.

Young Man—Is Miss Browning in?

The Maid—Yes, sir; but she is engaged.

Young Man—Oh, that's all right. I'm what she's engaged to.

TREES THAT BORE APPLES.

A Washington man, while visiting a friend's place in Virginia, became much interested in his experiments in fruit culture.

One day the visitor was making the rounds of the place, being in charge of the friend's young daughter of ten, who acted as guide.

"This tree seems to be loaded with apples," observed the Washingtonian, indicating a particularly fine specimen.

"Yes, sir," assented the little girl; "father says this is a good year for apples."

"I am glad to hear that," said the visitor. "Are all your trees as full of apples as this one?"

"No, sir," explained the girl, "only the apple trees."

A Born Diplomat.

Canvasser—Good morning, madam. I am introducing a polish for cleaning silver. It is superior to anything now on the market and the price is only 50 cents a box.

Mrs. Smart (sharply)—Don't want it.

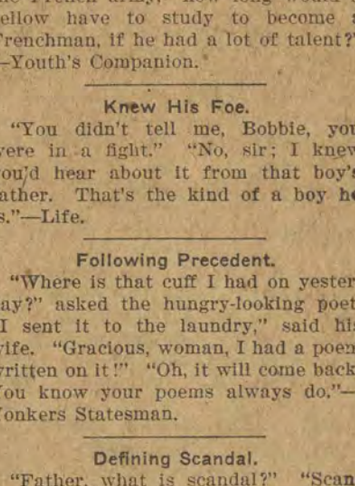
Canvasser—Sorry to have troubled you, madam, but I thought perhaps the lady next door was mistaken.

Mrs. Smart—What did she say?

Canvasser—She said I need not waste my time calling here, as you had no silver.

Mrs. Smart—The impudent thing! Give me half a dozen boxes.

HIS CHANCE.



Ethel—Tom won a hat betting with papa, and papa told him he could have Grace if he'd call it square.

Edward—Is—is your father home tonight?

His Colors.

When the audience baited the speaker
He quite patriotic grew,
His face got red, and then turned white
And the atmosphere was blue.

Hard to Please.

"Are you aware that the United States government spends a large sum every year on its weather bureau?"

"No," replied the confirmed pessimist, "but regardless of whether the amount is great or small, the sort of weather we get is not worth the money."

How Long?

"Mother," said Freddie as he laid down a paper telling of the success of the French army, "how long would a fellow have to study to become a Frenchman, if he had a lot of talent?"—Youth's Companion.

Knew His Foe.

"You didn't tell me, Bobbie, you were in a fight." "No, sir; I knew you'd hear about it from that boy's father. That's the kind of a boy he is."—Life.

Following Precedent.

"Where is that cuff I had on yesterday?" asked the hungry-looking poet. "I sent it to the laundry," said his wife. "Gracious, woman, I had a poem written on it!" "Oh, it will come back. You know your poems always do."—Yonkers Statesman.

Defining Scandal.

"Father, what is scandal?" "Scandal, my son, is something which people do, thinking they will not get caught, and which is talked about by other people, who would do the same thing if they were not afraid they would get caught."—Judge.

Tempora Mutant.

Mr. Goodleigh—"Her age really surprised me; she doesn't look twenty-eight, does she?" Miss Snappe—"Not now, but I suppose she did once."—Candle.

His Enjoyable Trip.

"Have a big time on your trip to New York?" "Oh, yes; I invited a native New Yorker to go out and see his town and he seemed delighted with it."—Florida Times-Union.

Not Qualified.

"I—aw—have a desiah to—aw go on the stage, doncher know," said the callow youth. "Cawn't you—aw—make a place foh me?"

"Sorry I can't oblige you, old chap," replied the theatrical manager, "but I'm afraid most of our scenery is too heavy for you to handle."

On the Strict Q. T.

Hix—What business are you engaged in at present?

Dix—Oh, I'm a silent partner in a deaf and dumb asylum.

PRESIDENT ASKS FOR MORE POWER

APPEARS BEFORE JOINT SESSION AND ASKS CONGRESS TO AUTHORIZE ARMED NEUTRALITY.

GIANT LINER LACONIA SUNK

Two American Women Among Those Drowned—Big Ship Torpedoed Without Warning.

Washington.—President Wilson appeared before Congress and asked for authority to place the United States in a "state of armed neutrality," to resist the German submarine menace.

Invasion of the plain rights of neutrals on the high seas, if continued; further sacrifices of American ships and lives; the intolerable blockade—almost as effectual as if the country were at war—have taken the place of a dreaded "overt act" which was expected to shock the world, and have forced the President into the next step toward war.

President Wilson, asking to be empowered to take whatever steps are necessary, which includes the arming of ships, the convoying of merchantmen by war vessels, or what other steps are necessary, made it plain again that he wanted peace, but not at the price of American lives and rights, driving the American flag from the seas.

Whether or not armed neutrality will mean war, depends on whether Germany realizes that the United States i sready to protest its neutral rights by whatever means are necessary. Senators and Representatives who less than a month ago heard the President pronounce the words which announced a severance of diplomatic relations with Germany—an act which in all history of first-class nations always had led to war—heard in tense silence and grave attention the words which carry the American Republic a step nearer mfwypaoinTAOletao-PP step further in its stand against ruthless sacrifice of neutral rights and lives—and a step nearer war, if it must be.

Following the President's address the immediate response was the introduction in the House of a bill approved in advance by the President, empowering him to furnish guns and gunners to American merchantmen, "to employ such other instrumentalities and methods" as may become necessary, and providing for a $100,000,000 bond issue, to be used in his discretion for war insurance to encourage American commerce to brave the submarine peril. The bill may be brought up in the House at once with special rules for its immediate consideration.

A similar bill was considered by the Senate foreign relations committee.

TWO AMERICANS LOST.

Mrs. Hoy and Daughter of Chicago Among Those Missing.

Queenstown.—The Cunard Line steamship Laconia, of 18,099 tons gross, which sailed from New York February 18 for Liverpool, has been sunk.

It is stated authentically that the Laconia was torpedoed without warning.

It has been definitely ascertained that two Americans were lost on the Laconia, according to the Daily Chronicle's Queenstown correspondent.

Chicago.—Mrs. Mary E. Hoy, who, with her daughter, Miss Elizabeth, is thought to have been lost when the steamer Laconia was torpedoed, is the wife of Dr. Elbert S. Hoy. Dr. Hoy and his son, Austin, are in London, where the son is a representative of an American manufacturing company.

New York.—First cabin passengers on the Laconia totaled 33 and second cabin 42. The crew numbered 216. There were no steerage pasengers.

The Cunard line received confirmation from the British admiralty of the destruction of the Laconia. Americans aboard were: Miss Phyllis Barker, New York; F. P. Gibbons of the Chicago Tribune, Mrs. Mary E. Hoy and Miss Elizabeth Hoy of Chicago and Rev. James Wareing of New York.

Twenty Americans, all native born, were members of the crew of the Laconia.

The Laconia was one of the largest vessels of the Cunard fleet and the largest thus far sunk since the new German submarine warfare was commenced. She resigtered 18,099 tons, was 600 feet long, 71 feet beam and 40 feet depth. She was built in 1911 at Newcastle.

Five thousand sacks of United States mail were carried by the Laconia.

A. C. L. Train Derailed; 8 Killed.

Montgomery, Ala.—Atlantic Coast Line passenger train No. 58, Montgomery to Jacksonville, with Chicago connection, was wrecked at Pron o, Ala., 66 miles southeast of Montgomery. Engineer Harry Waddill and Fireman Nathan Moore, negro, two postal clerks and four passengers were injured but not thought seriously The engine and two cars turned completely over and three other cars were partly over urned. The roadbed was damaged badly for 100 yards.

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
UNION PUBLISHING CO.

W. M. WYATT, Editor & Manager.

Subscription price $1.00 per year, payable in advance.

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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

Abraham Lincoln said once that God must have loved the poor, for He made so many of them.

Nobody has yet called it "watchful waiting," but that is what we now have in the case of Germany.

Maybe when Wilson reaches the limit of his capacity for "investigating" German atrocities, he will decide to do something else.

Sugar As Balm

A German army surgeon uses sugar to heal wounds. The Democratic party healed several political wounds when they repealed the provision slating sugar for the free list, but they left several bad scars.

Not Eulogist of Lincoln

This country has been surfeited with bosh comparing President Wilson with Abraham Lincoln. It is to be observed, however, that the alleged pocket edition of Honest Abe has never sought an opportunity to pay a tribute to the most essentially and greatest American mind this country has ever produced, although he is perenially prepared to lay a wreath at the feet of Jackson or Jeffrson. With Mr. Wilson partisanship extends beyond the grave.

Jersey Cattle Club.

Recently there was organized at Clanton the Clanton Jersey Cattle Club, and the following farmers and Jersey enthusiasts are members:

J. N. Dennis, A. L. Williams, H. B. Roper, P. T. Hinkle, W. L. Popwell and W. W. Gray, all of whom own registered Jersey cows and the club was fortunate in securing a fine young herd bull from Raymond L. Pike, of Geneva, O., sired by Lou's Forono 106614, whose dam and two grand dams average over 966 lbs. butter in a years test. The dam of the young bull is Figgis 85th of Hood Farm, a register of merit, daughter of Pogis 9th of Hood Farm, with a record 410 lbs butter as a two year old.

Without doubt this is one of the best bred bulls in the state and he shows to be a good individual. When we take into consideration the fact that the average dairy cow of the state produces less than 150 lbs. of butter per year we can begin to realize the benefit to be derived from breeding to a bull whose ancestors has producd as high as 1047 lbs. in a year.

War, Properity, and High Prices.

"Economically speaking, there is no doubt at all that the great rise in prices in the United States, which has been the true source of our remarkable industrial properity, has been due primarily to an increase in the export demand for the products of our industries from about 5 per cent of the total volume of those products to some 10 or 12 per cent—this increase being almost exclusively in products required for war uses."—Arthur Richmond Marsh, editor of the Economic World. But President Wilson demanded an appropriation of $400,000 to investigate the cause.

A Procrastinating Secretary

Naval officers at Washington are not reassured by the course which Secretary Daniels has been pursuing in the face of the German crisis. He has appeared willing, even anxious, to forward all measures which would permit him to spend more money and to exercise larger power; but he has displayed a remarkable reluctance to utilize his existing authority to mobilize the naval force of the country in anticipation of hostilities. Mr. Daniels evidently still clings to the Bryanic theory of millions of men springing to arms over night in the event of a national necessity, and he carries this grotesque theory over into the sea, where he evidently thinks it possible to assemble widely scattered naval units in a breath's time.

Submarines No Barrier

A special foreign trade bulletin, recently issued by the National Association of Manufacturers, says:

"For many months submarine activity has been very great on the part of the Central Powers and large numbers of enemy ships have been destroyed. Nevertheless the import trade of the countries most directly affected has notably increased."

One of the countries most directly affected is the United States. Has the association taken into consideration the part which the Wilson-Underwood tariff took in making our increased import trade possible despite the risks involved?

GIVE US BEAN AGAIN

Some time next month the county Board of Education is going to appoint a Superintendent of Education for Chilton county for another term.

It is the hope of The Banner that the Board will give us Prof. Bean again in this important position. We believe it is likewise the hope of a big majority of the people of the county. Especially are those who are actively engaged in educational work, willing and anxious to see Mr. Bean rappointed to the position.

Our reasons and the reasons for the many others desiring that Mr. Bean continue as our Superintendent are obvious to everyone who has even so much as pretended to keep abreast of the educational and school progress of our rural schools.

During his past administration he has supervised our schools in a masterly and very creditable manner. He has kept his eyes open to progress and development in many ways. He has labored zealousy for better schools, better teachers, better facilities in every way, in order to bring to the children of our county the very best obtainable for them in the most important element of their materialization—an education.

Mr Bean has made us a good official the like of whom might not be easily found. He is an applicant for reappointment to the position, and we can but believe that our County Board will not hesitate to reinstate him in his position for another term, without any question whatever.

Good, "Harmless Henry."

"We haven't the slightest excuse for getting into the world war, if we will not try to take ammunition into the war zone on American ships and keep our rich snobs at home, or let them go at their own risk. In other words if we get into it, it will be because we simply butt into it. If we just want to help the allies lick Germany, we ought to say so and go to it. There is no doubt but what they will get it and the sooner the better it will be for all concerned, but for us to try to provoke war without the slightest reason therefor, is rediculous in the extreme.—Collinsville Curior."

We say "correct and go head" Bro. Smith. If this government would quit trying to protect the big mucks while they perpetuate the war by carrying on their munitions trade, and look more upon the concern of us "underdogs" who must bear the brunt, there would be little liability of Uncle Sam having to engage in the European muddle. The Big Corporations have persuaded the government to put aside its efforts at strict neutrality, and run the risk of being drawn into the war, in order to give them the opportunity to harvest a few more cool millions.

The Commissioners want every citizen of the county who can possibly do so to come to the mass meeting at the court house Saturday. Don't pass this appeal by lightly. You are a citizen of the county, and therefore should be interested in its welfare. Come out and lend your efforts to the court in solving the financial problems of our county so that all may be benefitted.

Foodstuffs by the thousands of tons is piled upon the wharves at New York, waiting to be loaded on vessels and taken over to England to feed the warring peoples; or else be sunk on the way and devoured by the whales and sharks. And right there in the same city poor women and children are begging the city authorities to aid them getting something to eat to keep from starving. That looks like America first, don't it? Yes, America to starve and suffer first.

TEACHERS

Program of Chilton County Teachers Association to be held Saturday, March 10th.

10:00 A. M. Devotional, J. M. Parrish.

10:10. How to get rid of the little school room nuisances, Miss Clara Soberg.

10:30. Music in the Public school, J. W. Ray.

11:00. The requsites for good teaching, B. F. Teel.

11:20. General discussion and business session.

J. L. HARRIS,
Chairman Ex. Com.

Judge Adams returned last week from a stay of several weeks in Florida, where he has business interests.

Pay your subscription to this paper.

White Leghorns and White Wyandottes.

THE BUSINESS BREEDS

The right kind of poultry will help you solve the boll weevil problem. My hens have the laying habit bred into them, by selecting heavy layers and the sons of heavy layers to breed from year after year. To be profitable poultry must be bred to lay.

Hatching eggs from choice selected matings $1.25 per 15. A few eggs from the very best at $1.50 per 15.

DR. O. C. MASTIN
Thorsby, Ala.

Diversified Paragraphs

It is no longer a question of what to grow and where to sell it, but a question of what you have for sale and what you will take for it.

All that is necessary to make Alabama prosperous is a favorable season and a good crop. Anything a farmer produces that can be eaten or worn will sell at fancy prices, if the quality is good and it is properly prepared for the market.

The farmer who works hard and studies his business has the best future before him right now, that he has ever had in his whole life-time.

There is a national shortage in feed and food stuffs. The South can produce earlier than the North. The first to produce will get the highest price. Mr. Southerner it is your opportunity.

There is a bug, worm, or weevil for everything that grows. If you are afraid of bugs, worms and weevils, you are not a successful farmer.

There is no royal road to agricultural success. Nature has many ways of forcing one to earn that which he gets.

Many things can be prevented that cannot be cured. The time to control a pest is to deal it a death blow when it first starts.

A field of cotton that is freed of weevils before squares are infested will be fairly saf for the rest of the seasons. "Nip them in the bud."

The potato bug can be controlled if the plants are sprayed or sprinkled with a weak solution of Arcenate of Lead, beginning when the plants first emerge from the ground and applying about once a week for four or five weeks. One should be careful not to use too much and too strong a solution that will poison the vitality of the plant. It is difficult to control potato bugs after they have deposited eggs on the under side of the leaves. Kill the adults before they start a family and the crop will be safe.

Physical or mental labor is a habit that produces profit; people who learn to love labor get play out of everything they do. Play is nothing other than fascinating work. If you want to be happy and prosperous, get the habit and teach it to your children while they are little.

JAMES A. WADE,

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week ending Feb. 24th, 1917:

Ladies

Stella White
Carrie Smith
Mary Turner
Donnie Harris

Gentlemen

Sim Rollins
D. W. Patson
Kenneth Smith
George Wells (3)
T. A. Smith
W. D. Mathis
G. F. Hansuman (2)
J. W. Gilmore
M. E. Canady
Louis Borrks
Lake Coleman
W. T. Herrod
Southern Securities Co.

These letters will be sent to the Dead Letter Office Mar. 10th, 1917, if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "Advertised," giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON,
P. M.

PUBLIC INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS OF THE K. OF P.

A public installation of officers of the K. of P. Lodge, situated at Clanton, will be held at the court house, Thursday evening, March 8, at 8 o'clock.

Our visiting brothers, Benj. A. Taylor, Grand Chancellor Commander, Mayer W. Aldridge, Grand Keeper of Records and Seals, and Bro. Dalberg, Insurance Commissioner of K. of P. of Alabama will lend impressiveness to the importance of the occasion. The general public, ladies especially, are cordially asked to attend that they may see as far as possible what Pythiasism means. We think it is worth while that such truth be disseminated, that an order aiming at universal brotherhood and what was highest and best when Chilvary was in flower should be to more people, as those who honor its castle hall, an exhilirating inspiration.

The event will have a charm that will impress the visitors as time well spent. To the people we say that the Grand Keeper of Records and Seals is a speaker of no mean attainments, and he has an address especialyl prepared to interest the ladies in Pythiasism. To forcible remarks you will give head, and the installation will be impressive and picturesque. You will feel better having witnessed it; you will be happier having caught the motto, "Be generous, brave and true."

UNION SPRINGS

We have been having some bad weather, oat crop is killed, garden and farm work backward. Measles have struck this part, and we fear the school will be injured thereby.

S. N. Waldrup made a business trip to Centreville Monday.

Miss Tempie Smith visited friends at South Mars Hill Friday.

Several musicals have been recently held in this community.

Several have visited Mr. Waldrup's recently to hear the voice of the late Pastor Russell on the angelophone.

Your correspondent attended the District Sunday School Convention at Oak Grove Saturday. It was quite a success. The talks of Profs. McDonald, Johnson, Williams Brothers, and Miss Phala Belle Roper were really good. The community did their part well. Prof. Johnson was chairman, Miss Roper Secretary.

Rev. Abercrombie of Cox's will preach at Union Springs Chapel on the 3rd. Sunday in March at 10:30 A.M. Singing in the afternoon.

This part escaped the fury of the storm king Friday afternoon but below and East of Cox and on Sand Mountain it was severe. North of us it was severe, demolishing Splawn's gin and mill and some other buildings. No one fatally injured.

It is good of our commissioners to be willing to consult the people. We are expecting fine things of our new commissioner, Mr. Vinson.

EVERGREEN

Everything around Evergreen is doing just fine now.

We regret very much that our school at Evergreen closed last Friday to be finished this summer. There is one thing we can all say, we have had one of the best schools here this time that we have ever had. Prof. J. C. Weldon, our Principal and Miss Amie Hand our assistant teacher have done the best work in our school that has ever been done at Evergren and the best of all the school closed with the best of love to both teachers and pupils. We wish Prof. Weldon and Miss Hand the best of success in all their work and hope to have them with us again this summer.

Sunday school at Floyd is fine. Don't forget the singing at Floyd every Sunday afternoon.

There is going to be a school meeting at Evergreen next Saturday at 2:00 p.m. After the school meeting we are expecting to hold another meeting pertaining to our community fair. All who are interested in these meetings will be present, and let us all take hold of these meetings and come to the front with our school and our community. We can have a community that we will be proud of and a community that we will be proud to hear that such men as Mr. Conway and others who are coming to teach us something that will be for our good.

MR. W. I. HUFF APPOINTED COUNTY GAME WARDEN

Mr. W. I. Huff of Maplesville has been appointed county Game and Fish Warden by the State Commissioner, John H. Wallace. Mr. Huff announces that he will be activein the enforcemnt of the laws in the county.

Eat at Bill Goodgame's when you are in town. He feeds you on the best "grub."

Break your Cold or LaGrippe with a few doses of 666.

LOST

One big bay mare, four white stocking feet, and blaze face, about 9 years old. Weighs about 1100 lbs. No shoes on. Was seen loose in Clanton Monday night Feb. 26th, headed toward Montgomery. Finder will notify W. L. LEARY, Thorsby, Ala., and get reward.

BUCKEYE INCUBATOR



It hatches more Chicks and Better Chicks.

L. D. Popwell

White Leghorns and Plymouth Rocks—Eggs to sell

LOOK!

Clanton camp No. 322 W. O. W. will put on a five reel picture at the Ideal Theater, rear of Conday Store, on Saturday night, Mar. 10th, showing the degrees, with other beauties of Woodcraft. Also showing President Wilson as he entered the Woodmen of the World Building when paying Omaha a visit last fall.

Men, Women and Children are invited to come. Show will begin at 2 o'clock. Will show Saturday afternoon and Saturday night.

ADMISSION FREE

Special BARGAIN Days.

We are now offering many special Bargain prices on our entire stock of General Merchandise. We want to move a lot of goods right away to make room for a lot of Spring and Summer goods which will arrive in a few weeks. Come to see us. We will save you $'s.

Clanton Mercantile Company

"The Big Bargain Store."

AN EASY WAY TO REDUCE FLESH.

Drink Hot Water and Take Tassco

Haven't you often wished for a medicine to reduce your flesh? Something that does not require dieting or calisthenics? Well, right here you have it in 5-grain tassco tablets, which you may secure at any good druggist. They are pleasant to take, perfectly harmless and cause no restrictins f habit r eating, and reduce the flesh, little by little, until yu are dwn t the number of pounds you wish to weigh. Too much flesh is undesirable, as most quite stout people will readily admit, and it detracts from one's good appearance; makes one clumsy and short of breath.

There isn't any reason why anyone should be too stout, when theer's this much-tried, perfectly satisfactory remedy at any good druggist Tassco tablets (don't forget the name) are recommended by physicians and are guaranteed to be perfectly harmless. Refuse substitutes, if you cannot come to our store we will mail tassco to yo.

—50c BOX FREE—

FREE TASSCO COUPON
THE TASSCO CO.
Boston, Mass.

Send me by return mail a 50c box of your wonderful obesity treatment. I enclose 10c in silver or stamps to help pay postage and packing.

MT. PLEASANT

As there has not been any thing from this community in a great while I will let you hear from us.

Health here is not very good at preasant, everybody is just about down with the Grippe.

Mrs. Ellen Cocer is visiting home folks this week.

Miss Pearlie Waldrup spent Tuesday night with Misses Grace and Elsie Robinson.

A crowd of boys and girls from this place went to Rocky Mount Sunday afternoon and reported a nice time.

Misses Martha and Nellie Campbell, Grace and Elsie Robinson, Pearlie Waldrup and Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Stephenson went fishing last week and caught several fish and a bad cold.

Mrs. Stephenson dined at Mr. R. F. Robinson's Sunday.

School closed at Rocky Mount last Thursday afternoon, and Prof. A. B. Baxley left Sunday.

Our Sunday school is still going on through cold and rain, it has been pretty small for some time, but hope the weather will stay better and the school will grow from now on.

With much success to the Union-Banner and its many readers.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in New Hayes Bldg.
Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women and Children
CLANTON, ALA.

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

F. B. COLLIER
Attorney at Law
Office in the Johnson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.



P. D. WILSON ACQUITTED IN CLANTON BANK CASE

In the Circuit Court last week, in the case of the State vs. P. D. Wilson, a Director of the defunct Clanton Bank, who was charged with complicity in the mismanagement of the affairs of that institution prior to its failure last spring, the jury rendered a verdict of acquittal for Mr. Wilson the defendant.

B. L. Cobb of Jemison was in Clanton Saturday attending to business matters.

SHOE SHOP

I HAVE OPENED UP A SHOE AND HARNESS REPAIR SHOP AT THE BROWN OLD STAND IN THE KICKER BUILDING, AND AM PREPARED TO DO THE BEST CLASS OF WORK AT THE MOST REASONABLE PRICES. YOUR WORK IS SOLICITED UNDER A POSITIVE GUARANTEE OF SATISFACTION IN BOTH PRICES AND WORKMANSHIP.

Jim Huckabee

Half Your Living Without Money Cost

A right or wrong start in 1917 will make or break most farmers in the South. We are all facing a crisis. This war in Europe puts things in such uncertainty that no man can foresee the future with any degree of clearness.

The sure and certain increase in cotton acreage means lower cotton prices next fall. Cost of all food and grain products is high, so high that no one can afford to buy and expect to pay out with cotton.

It's a time above all others to play safe; to produce all possible food, grain and forage supplies on your own acres; to cut down the store bill.

A good piece of garden ground, rightly planted, rightly tended and kept planted the year round, can be made to pay half your living. It will save you more money than you made on the best five acres of cotton you ever grew!

Hastings' 1917 Seed Book tells all about the right kind of a money saving garden and the vegetables to put in it. It tells about the field crops as well and shows you the clear road to real farm prosperity. It's Free. Send for it today to H. G. HASTINGS CO., Atlanta, Ga.—Advt.

COTTON SEED FOR SALE

I have for sale about twelve bushels of King Improved Early Variety Cotton Seed. W. M. WYATT, at Banner office, Clanton, Ala.

FOR RENT—Black Smith shop. Good opening for good man. Call or write L. C. MULLINS, Helena, Ala.

CANE CREEK

Health in this community is not very good at present, as every one either has the measles or a cold.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Bud Williamson are glad to know that they hav returned from Ohio and intend to make their home at Mahan's mill.

Sunday school is progressing fine, and we hope to do much better as soon as spring opens.

In losing Prof. and Mrs. J. B. Hammond we lose two of our best neighbors, friends and Sunday school workers. Mr. and Mrs. Hammond are moving to Coosa county.

Misses Nomie Williamson and Ada Giles spent the day with Miss Pearl Giles Sunday.

Miss Mae Williamson spent Monday with Mrs. Bud Williamson.

Misses Pearlie Gentry and Bessie Burnett spent Saturday evening and Sunday with Miss Ledia Belle Weldon.

Mr. Ervin Williamson is a new member of our Sunday school.

We are glad to welcome Misses Alma and Eva Poole into our neighborhood.

CARD OF THANKS

I wish to thank the people of Clanton for their kindness during the sickness and death of my daughter, Velma White. God will bless each of you for helping me in time of need.

MRS. LAURA WHITE.

NOTICE

Local Unions will take notice that the County Union will meet with Collins Chapel Local No. 223 on Friday and Saturday, March16-17, 1917.

Those coming by rail will be met at Thorsby on first day. Notify H. C. Vance, Clanton, Ala. Route 4.

First day will be public. Speakers will be present to discuss farm problems that are difficult for the ordinary farmer to solve.

We want the co-operation of all who are interested in better farming.

J. M. SMITH,
County Sec.

Yo: Ho; Freckle Face

Now is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots

Do you know how easy it is to remove those ugly spots so that no one will call you freckle-face?

Simply get an ounce of carpol, extra strong, from your druggist, and a few applications should show you how easy it is to rid yourself of freckles and get a beautiful complexion. The sun and winds this month have a strong tendency to bring out freckles, and as a result more carpol is sold in these months. Be sure to ask for the extra strong, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove the freckles.—Carpol Laboratories, Boston, Mass., Sta. M. Mail orders filled.

Pure Bred Duroc Jerseys

Pigs, both sexes. Service boar Bred Gilts. Barred Plymouth Rock Chickens, the Thompson Strain. Eggs in season.

W. Y. NIX, Maplesville, Ala.

METHODIST MISSIONERY SOCIETY IS ENTERTAINED

Mrs. B. L. Jones entertained the ladies of the Woman's Missionery Society of the Methodist church Monday afternoon. The guests were met at the door by Mrs. Kicker and ushered into the parlor and dining room that had been thrown open to the guests.

Mrs. J. C. Jones, President of the Society, after disposing of the business in a systematic way, gave an interesting report of the Dothan Conference.

Mrs. Glennie L. Phillips was appointed teacher of Bible Study Class and Mrs. W. W. Fox teacher of Mission Study Class. Committee on Federated Movement, Mrs. Sam Johnson, Mrs. H. F. Chandler and Mrs. Thos. G. Jones. Mrs. I. V. McQuaig was appointed to arrange the programs for the Year Book.

The hostess assisted by her daughter, Miss Willie B. Jones, served delicious cream and cake.

The Young Peoples Missionery Society held its regular meeting at the Methodist church Sunday evening at 6:00 o'clock. The following officers were elected: Miss Dovie Roper, President; Miss Mabel Thomas, corresponding Secretary and Treasurer; Miss Glennie Evans, Recording Secretary; Misses Annie and Myrtle Reynolds, Music Committee.

Will have frost proof cabbage plants by March 10th—W. Z. HODGES.

Ben Jones of Route 2 was in town Saturday.

Martin Jacks of Route 2 was in town Saturday. (We just put this in to fill up space; Martin is here every day.)

Miss Mollie Murrah visited relitives and friends at Jemison last Saturday.

Prof. Ray of Cooper was in Clanton Saturday.

A. B. Baxley of Jemison was here Saturday.

J. C. Calloway, the Verbena Black smith, was in Clanton Saturday.

G. W. Wilson of Maple Springs was in town Saturday.

J. N. Scott of Jemison was here Saturday. He says he still doctors people of a certain political faith on "Ignorance Drops," and will have another dose ready soon.

WANT SWEET POTATOES

I want to buy your sweet potatoes and syrup. Will pay $1.00 a bushel for potatoes. Write me what you have to sell. J. W. HAND, Ensley, Ala., Route 1. 3-1-3t.

Why Not Ice Cream.

An exchange says a city girl, attending an agricultural college, asked one of the professors how long one must beat a cow to make her give whipped cream. This might cause some one to wonder how cold a cow must be frozen to make her give ice cream.

FOR SALE—Oliver Typewriter; latest model; only used two months. Paid $100.00 for it, first $40.00 cash gets it. Call and see it.

L. D. POPWELL,
Clanton, Ala.

Wesley Hand of Ensley a former resident of this vicinity was down here last week buying produce from the farmers. See his advertisement in this paper.



Are the only kind that we sell.

Below are a few of the many varieties we have now:

White and Yellow Dent Corn, German, Cat Tail, Early Amber, and Honey Drip Millet Seed. Kentucky Wonder, Valentine, the Stringless Green Pod, and Short Cut Bean Seed. Mexican June Corn, Kaiffer Corn, Bermuda Grass, Essex Rape Seed. An unlimited assortment of Seed in 5 and 10 cent packages.

If not convenient to come to town phone us your orders, and same will have our usual prompt attention.

ALRED DRUG CO.

"The Home of Quality."

TRESPASS NOTICES

We have on hand for sale, Trespass notices suitable for posting land.

THE UNION-BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

Try some of those big fat oysters at Bill Goodgame's. He serves them any style and any time.

Don't forget your Subscription.

AUCTION SALE

On Monday, March 5th, at 9 o'clock I will sell the following property to the highest bidder for cash at the G. S. Eiland place near Bethel church:

1 mule, 2 cows, corn, fodder, oats, cotton seed, 2 wagons, 1 buggy and harness, farming implements, etc.

A. P. VINSON.

Groceries!

Just that one word tells what I sell; but i might elaborate it by saying that I carry the best line of Groceries that can be put on the market. Try me a "barrel." That is the best way to learn that I am true to my claim—Clanton's Best and Leading Grocery Store.

J. W. Littlejohn

What have you got that you want to turn into money?

I WANT TO BUY ANYTHING FARMERS HAVE

I want to buy corn, velvet beans, peas, fodder, hay, syrup, dressed hogs, hogs on foot, all kinds of cattle.

If you have anything to sell, bring it to me. I will pay highest market prices; and you can get more by bringing them here than for me to come and look at them.

For Sale or Exchange

Mules and Horses, second hand one and two horse wagons, Milk cows, etc. I can give you what you want.

I appreciate the trade I am getting, and when you want to buy or sell it will pay you to see me. I am selling out and will give you Bargains.

L. H. Reynolds

CLANTON, ALA.

Kirstin Stump Puller

One Man — Horse Power

The Kirstin Method guarantees a saving of 10% to 50% over all other methods of land clearing. The Kirstin Method not only pulls your stumps but gets rid of them after they are pulled.

Yank out your stumps! Transform your no-man's-land into money-making, cultivated fields. Gold is under your stumps—get it out, put it in bank. Clear your land and produce big crops.

The Kirstin Method clears land ready for the plow. It has vastly increased the productive value of more than 35,000 farms, most of them in the South.

No deeply imbedded tap root is too big for the Kirstin Horse Power Puller. Its mighty strength is irresistible because of its triple power and other exclusive Kirstin features. It will clear more than two acres at one setting without strain to man, horse or machine. It has been the leader for 21 years.

One man without horses can pull the biggest stumps, too, with the Kirstin One Man Puller. A little push on the handle gives tons of pull on the stump. This enormous power is developed by use of double leverage. It gives an ordinary 17-year-old farm boy a giant's power.



My Kirstin has pulled trees with tap roots larger than the bodies of the trees; roots tapering down 19 feet and laterals 24 feet. I have pulled everything I ever hitched to.
—R. L. MAINLAND, Davenport, Fla.

I cannot give the Kirstin too much praise; it does all you claim. Can pull anything I anchor to. It cost only 3c to 5c per stump to clear my land.
—FRED HAGELE, Cynthiana, Ky.

Send for Free Book We want you to read our new book, "The Gold in Your Stump Land." It contains lots of valuable information on all kinds of land clearing. It proves that the Kirstin Method is the cheapest, quickest and best way to clear land.

It tells about Kirstin Service, forever free to all Kirstin owners. It contains letters from Southern farmers who own Kirstins and are glad they do. Don't buy a puller until you read this book.

Big Money to those who Order Early We offer you a special opportunity to join in our Profit Sharing Plan. No canvassing. Just a willingness to show your Kirstin to your neighbors. Don't wait—send the coupon today. Be the first to share in this big money making plan.

A money back bond. A 15 year guarantee against breakage. A warranted saving of from 10% to 50% over all other methods. A profit sharing plan.

A. J. KIRSTIN COMPANY, 113 Main Street, Escanaba, Mich.
Largest Stump Puller Manufacturers in the World





160

A. J. Kirstin Co. Main St. Escanaba, Michigan

Send me a Free Copy of "The Gold in Your Stump Land" and full particulars of
The Kirstin Method,
The Money Back Bond,
The 15 Year Guarantee,
The Profit Sharing Plan.

Name.....

Address.....

Sending this coupon obligates you in no way.

STOMACH MISERY GAS, INDIGESTION

"Pape's Diapepsin" fixes sick, sour, gassy stomachs in five minutes.

Time it! In five minutes all stomach distress will go. No indigestion, heartburn, sourness or belching of gas, acid, or eructations of undigested food; no dizziness, bloating, or foul breath.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in regulating upset stomachs. It is the surest, quickest and most certain indigestion remedy in the whole world, and besides it is harmless.

Please for your sake, get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any store and put your stomach right. Don't keep on being miserable—life is too short—you are not here long, so make your stay agreeable. Eat what you like and digest it; enjoy it, without dread of rebellion in the stomach.

Pape's Diapepsin belongs in your home anyway. Should one of the family eat something which doesn't agree with them, or in case of an attack of indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis or stomach derangement at daytime or during the night, it is handy to give the quickest relief known. Adv.

Translated.

"Maybelle used a lot of make-up on her face."

"Now I shall call it make-out."

THIS IS THE AGE OF YOUTH.

You will look ten years younger if you darken your ugly, grizzly, gray hairs by using "La Creole" Hair Dressing.—Adv.

Cleveland's 608 public school teachers expect increased pay for 1917.

Send 10c to Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, for large trial package of Anuric for kidneys—cures backache.—Adv.

American gloves are in demand in Cuba.

Strong Drinks Irritate

Strong drinks like beer, whiskey, tea and coffee, irritate the kidneys and habitual use tends to weaken them. Daily backache, with headache, nervousness, dizzy spells and a rheumatic condition should be taken as a warning of kidney trouble. Cut out, or at least moderate, the stimulant, and use Doan's Kidney Pills. They are fine for weak kidneys. Thousands recommend them.

An Alabama Case



S. B. Goins, Sr., railroad engineer, 108 Whitman St., Montgomery, Ala., says: 'I was troubled by a dull pain in the small of my back all the time. It was caused by weakened kidneys, brought on by constant riding. It took Doan's Kidney Pills only a short time to rid me of this trouble and I am glad to say that I have had no sign of it since. I am glad to tell others how effective this medicine is in curing kidney disorders."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.



Don't fuss around half drenched when the FISH BRAND REFLEX SLICKER $3.50 will keep you dry and comfortable.

DEALERS EVERYWHERE

OUR 80th YEAR

A. J. TOWER CO BOSTON



"VESTAL" ROSES

Excel in form, vitality and loveliness. We have made a specialty of roses for years. Sixteen exquisite varieties of one-year-old plants for $1.00, postpaid; twelve two-year-old plants for $3.00. Every rose guaranteed to bloom. Our Spring Guide gives valuable information on roses, plants, shrubs, fruits and berries. Send for it today. It's Free.

JOS. W. VESTAL & SON

Box 856 Little Rock, Ark.

ECZEMA!



Money back without question if HUNT'S CURE fails in the treatment of ITCH, ECZEMA, RINGWORM, TETTER or other itching skin diseases. Price 50c at druggists, or direct from A. B. Richards Medicine Co., Sherman, Tex.

WE WILL BUY PINE LUMBER

also oak, cypress and gum for CASH at your OWN BANK. Send us list, we will make price. Also want stock cut on order.

GRUNER, Box 000, St. Louis, Mo.

GALL STONES (No Oil) AVOID OPERATIONS

No more Gallstone Pains or Aches in Stomach, Back, Side or Shoulders; Liver Troubles, Stomach Misery, Dyspepsia, Colic, Gas, Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Nerves, Catarrh, Nervousness, Blues, Jaundice, Appendicitis. These are common Gallstone symptoms—CAN BE CURED. Send for home treatment. Medical Book on Liver, Stomach, Gall Troubles and Appendicitis, FREE

Gallstone Remedy Co., Dept. W-9, 219 S. Dearborn St., Chicago.

An Equipment for Easter



A hat, a coat, and a bag, each evidently made to keep the others company, provide an equipment for spring that is above criticism. Silk jersey, suede, and woolens, in fascinating colors, present their several lures, and panne velvet is among the possibilities that engage the attention of fashionables when they consider spring coats. It seems that we may choose coats in any length we see fit, but that a preference is already evident for half and three-quarter length garments. Even the motorcoat, which has been long and broad and big in every way, is rumored to the shrinking in all directions—except the collar.

The coat shown in the picture is of silk jersey in Talbot rose. It has a square cape collar, overlaid with a collar of crepe. It is plain and straight-hanging and has a wide girdle of the same material. It fastens at the front with covered buttons.

The hat of gray silk figures with little rose-colored flower sprays and faced with rose-colored braid is trimmed with a fan of plaited silk at the front. A narrow band of black velvet ribbon is tied in a small bow below the fan. The bag employs the same silk as the hat, with plain gray silk, and is suspended by cords covered with the plain silk. It is a simple but very clever design, and is lined with rose-colored silk.

This matching up of hat, coat, and bag is more a matter of color than of materials. The hat may be of straw and silk, the bag of silk, and the coat of any material you choose. If in doubt on this point you may select wool jersey with the certainty that it is impossible to have anything more chic.

Dainty Dress With Double Skirt



Just by way of varying the styles in little maid's thin, white dresses a few models have been presented having double skirts. Most of the dresses made in this way are short-waisted, with half or three-quarter-length sleeves. Overskirts are about as long as the skirt under them, and their fullness is disposed in plaits, as a rule, although shirrings and smockings are well considered.

Batiste seems to be the favorite material for little girls' dresses, but any of the fine sheer cotton fabrics answer the purpose. The finest weaves are chosen in order that laundering will have them unchanged. Cheaper grades, in sheer cottons, thicken up and lose their crispness and daintiness from tubbing.

The little dress shown in the picture is a pretty model, with double skirt, for the tiny maid of three years or so. It has a baby waist, with elbow-length sleeves and round neck, and fastens in the back with very small pearl buttons. Embroidered chiffon organdie and narrow val insertion and edging are the time-honored means for embellishing nearly all these dainty "dress-up" frocks. Bands of embroidered organdie are set in, between groups of fine tucks, at the front and back of the waist. There is a narrow frill of lace about the neck and at the edge of the bands that confine the sleeves.

The underskirt is straight about the bottom, with a row of insertion and edging for a finish. The overdress is scalloped at the bottom and finished in the same way as the underskirt. Two rows of insertion are set in it and it is plaited about the waist where it is set to the bodice.

Julia Bottomley

Interesting Skirts.

In view of the American woman's invariable objection to drapery in her suits, and in deference to the desire for something extremely simple and in one piece, the tailored skirt for spring, while having broken lines, will express drapery in very limited degree.

Thus, instead of being gored and seamed, so as to assume the barrel shape, the new "tonneau" skirts of tailored type are often cut in two circular portions; an upper part, extending from the hip to the knee, and a lower part, from hem to knee, these circular pieces being joined in a seam at their widest spread. The result is a very interesting new skirt, narrow at waist and hem and wide at the knee (or point of joining), and, therefore, of barrel type. There will be a difference of at least a yard in the width of this type of skirt through the center and at hem and waist.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of Sunday School Course of Moody Bible Institute.)

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR MARCH 4

JESUS FEEDS FIVE THOUSAND.

LESSON TEXT—John 6:1-14.

GOLDEN TEXT—Give us this day our daily bread.—Matt. 6:11.

This parable marks the high level of the year of our Lord's popularity. It is such an important miracle as to be the only one recorded in all four gospels. Be sure to use a good harmony. The returning twelve (Matt. 11:1) are taken by their master to a desert place that they might find rest (Mk. 6:31) and that he might comfort their hearts over the death of John the Baptist (Matt. 14:1-12). The multitude would not grant them the right use of their leisure, but flocked to this retreat in the desert. They followed that they might listen to his gracious words, and perhaps behold some new wonder (v. 2). Carlisle said he saw in England "forty millions, mostly fools." Jesus saw the multitude, and was moved, not with sarcasm, but with compassion which took a tangible form of service. Mark tells us (6:34) that Jesus was first of all teaching the multitude. It is better to teach a man how to help himself than to help the man. We should not be surprised at Philip's slowness of faith. Moses in a like manner was once nonplussed as to how to feed the multitude in the wilderness. (Num. 11:21-23). It is not so much how great the need nor how little we possess; rather, is that little given over to God? Andrew, who had revealed Jesus unto Peter, discovers as though in desperation a boy whose mother had thoughtfully provided him with a lunch, consisting of five barley biscuits and two small herring (v. 9); at least that much remained. This is a great commentary upon the tide of interest at this time, that the boy should not have eaten his entire lunch, for the boy's hunger is proverbial. It seems as though Jesus emphasizes the helplessness of the disciples in order that he may show his power. His command "Give ye them" (Mk. 6:37) teaches us that we are to give such as we have, and not look to others nor to do our charity by proxy (Prov. 11:24-25). Again the Saviour asks his disciples as though he would teach them the resources of his kingdom. Give what you have, and he will bless and increase it to the supplying of the needs of a multitude. The secret of success was when he took up the loaves, and, "looking up," God also saw that day and blessed it. We need to observe the systematic procedure. The people are seated or reclining upon the ground in ranks or in companies, the master blessing and breaking the boy's cakes, giving first to the disciples. God works miracles through human agencies only. The result of this systematic procedure was that they were all satisfied, "filled" (v. 12). Luke adds that "all did eat" (Lk. 9:17). Not alone, however, was there divine order and lavishness, but there were economy and thrift as well, for Jesus gave careful direction as to the fragments. The lavishness is shown by the fact that the baskets into which the fragments were gathered were each probably large enough in which to sleep. This conservation process was a stinging rebuke to the improvident orientals and to present-day prodigals of that wonderful bounty with which God has blessed our land. God gives to us that we may use for other. Joy dies unless it is shared. Jesus is the living bread (John 6:48), and will satisfy hunger and life even as bread generates in the human body heat, vitality and power; so he would still feed the hungry soul of mankind. We have at hand the word, and it is for lack of it that men die in the deepest, truest sense of that word. The poverty and perplexity of the disciples in his presence and in the presence of this great need are being repeatd over and over today, and yet it is absurd. We have not enough to feed the multitude. Our few loaves of amusements, mental activities and social service will not feed them, but when we break unto them the Living Bread, they have enough and to spare. The difficulty with the distribution of material bread for the needs of mankind is not that there is not enough grain, but rather that in the process of distribution certain companies of men can control the fruits of the earth, and withhold them from the consumer for their own profit. Is there not a parable in this for the church in that it is so much concerned with its own joys, pleasures and profits that it is withholding from the mass of mankind, especially in the foreign field, the bread which alone can bring life and immortality to light?

Favorite Salad.

One pint of baked beans, four teaspoonfuls chopped celery, two tablespoonfuls chopped onions, two cupfuls chopped raw cabbage. Mix together and serve with your favorite salad dressing.

Caring for Brooms.

Brooms put into boiling water once a week and then plunged into cold water will become tough and durable, last twice as long as those not treated thus, will sweep better and not cut the carpet.

Too Sick To Work

Many Women in this Condition Regain Health by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Convincing Proof of This Fact.



Ridgway, Penn. — "I suffered from female trouble with backache and pain in my side for over seven months so I could not do any of my work. I was treated by three different doctors and was getting discouraged when my sister-in-law told me how Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had helped her. I decided to try it, and it restored my health, so I now do all of my housework which is not light as I have a little boy three years old." —Mrs. O. M. RHINES, Ridgway, Penn.

Mrs. Lindsey Now Keeps House For Seven.

Tennille, Ga.—"I want to tell you how much I have been benefited by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. About eight years ago I got in such a low state of health I was unable to keep house for three in the family. I had dull, tired, dizzy feelings, cold feet and hands nearly all the time and could scarcely sleep at all. The doctor said I had a severe case of ulceration and without an operation I would always be an invalid, but I told him I wanted to wait awhile. Our druggist advised my husband to get Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it has entirely cured me. Now I keep house for seven and work in the garden some, too. I am so thankful I got this medicine. I feel as though it saved my life and have recommended it to others and they have been benefited".—Mrs. W. E. LINDSEY, R. R. 3, Tennille, Ga.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Help! Help!

The Turk ought to make a good chauffeur—he's a born Auto-man.—Boston Transcript.

It is hope that paints the future fair.

Boschee's German Syrup

We all take cold some time and everybody should have Boschee's German Syrup handy at all times for the treatment of throat and lung troubles, bronchial coughs, etc. It has been on the market 51 years. No better recommendation is possible. It gently soothes inflammation, eases a cough, insures a good night's sleep, with free expectoration in the morning. Druggists' and dealers' everywhere, 25c and 75c bottles. Don't take substitutes.

Boschee's German Syrup



SELDOM SEE

a big knee like this, but your horse may have a bunch or bruise on his ankle, hock, stifle, knee or throat.

ABSORBINE TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

will clean it off without laying up the horse. No blister, no hair gone. Concentrated—only a few drops required at an application. $2 per bottle delivered. Describe your case for special instructions and Book 8 M free. ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Painful Swellings, Enlarged Glands, Wens, Bruises, Varicose Veins; allays Pain and inflammation. Price $1 and $2 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Made in the U. S. A. by

W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

Frost Proof Cabbage Plants

April 1st delivery. Varietie's, Early Jersey and Charlesto Wakefield; Succession and Flat Dutch, 500 for $1.25, 1,000 for $2.00, 5,000 at $1.50. F. O. B. here.

Tomato Plants

Livingston Beauty, Earlinander and Stone, 500 for 75c, 1,000 for $1.25, 5,000 at $1.25, postpaid 40c per 100. F. O. B. here.

Pepper Plants—Egg Plants

500 for $1.00, 1,000 for $1.50, 5,000 at $1.25, postpaid 40c per 100.

Sweet Potato Plants

1 to 9,000 at $1.25 per 1,000, 10,000 up $1.25 per $1.000. F. O. B. here. D. F. Jamison, Summerville, S. C

DRIVE MALARIA OUT OF THE SYSTEM

BABEK for That Tired Feeling

A GOOD TONIC AND APPETIZER

IF YOU HAVE Malaria or Piles, Sick Headache, Costive Bowels, Dumb Ague, Sour Stomach, and Belching; if your food does not assimilate and you have no appetite,

Tutt's Pills

will remedy these troubles. Price, 25 cents.

Kodak Films Developed Free

Send for samples and price list

TERRESON'S, BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

CALIFORNIA GERANIUMS

and Chrysanthemums, sturdy outdoor grown plants, 8 for 25c, 18 for 50c, nicely rooted plants and different varieties. Canterbury Bells 50c per doz., Sweet William 35c doz., Annual Larkspur 15c doz., Carnations 50c doz., prepaid. Far West Nursery, 836 Waterloo, Los Angeles

FOR SALE 50 shares American Telegraphone stock $175.00. Company price $10.00 share. 15,000 shares Uncle Sam Oil 1c share. Will buy Hull Copper Stock. Box 75, Little Rock, Ark.

Large Melon.

Joe Arnold of Weatherford, Tex., raised a watermelon that weighed 106 pounds.

AVOID A DOCTOR'S BILL

on the first of the month by taking now a bottle of Mansfield Cough Balsam for that hacking, hollow cough. Price 25c and 50c.—Adv.

Overheard.

"Isn't she just nice enough to eat?"

"No; her taste is execrable."—Boston Transcript.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Two of a Kind.

The high cost of pleasure appears to be keeping pace with the high cost of living.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

"BRIGHTEN YOUR SHABBY CAR."

One application of BLAXSHINE, the quick drying flexible rust preventing black auto enamel will make old cars like new. Anyone can apply it. Enough BLAXSHINE for any size car, and equipment for applying, costs only $2.85, delivered parcel post. BLAXSHINE is guaranteed. A postal will bring you sample of work and complete description. Twin City Varnish Company, established thirty years, 338 River St., Chicago, Ill. FREE with each package your initials in gold which you can apply yourself with BLAXSHINE. Adv.

Amusing.

Bill—The business men of Sacramento, Cal., have formed a Barefoot league for health and amusement objects.

Gill—I fail to see where health is helped, but I can see the amusement part when another brother steps on a tack.

"CASCARETS" FOR SLUGGISH BOWELS

No sick headache, sour stomach, biliousness or constipation by morning.

Get a 10-cent box now.

Turn the rascals out—the headache, biliousness, indigestion, the sick, sour stomach and foul gases—turn them out to-night and keep them out with Cascarets.

Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never know the misery caused by a lazy liver, clogged bowels or an upset stomach.

Don't put in another day of distress. Let Cascarets cleanse your stomach; remove the sour fermenting food; take the excess bile from your liver and carry out all the constipated waste matter and poison in the bowels. Then you will feel great.

A Cascaret to-night straightens you out by morning. They work while you sleep. A 10-cent box from any drug store means a clear head, sweet stomach and clean, healthy liver and bowel action for months. Children love Cascarets because they never gripe or sicken. Adv.

A gauge has been invented for accurately determining the amount of moisture in lumber.

IS CHILD CROSS, FEVERISH, SICK

Look, Mother! If tongue is coated, give "California Syrup of Figs."

Children love this "fruit laxative," and nothing else cleanses the tender stomach, liver and bowels so nicely.

A child simply will not stop playing to empty the bowels, and the result is they become tightly clogged with waste, liver gets sluggish, stomach sours, then your little one becomes cross, half-sick, feverish, don't eat, sleep or act naturally, breath is bad, system full of cold, has sore throat, stomach-ache or diarrhea. Listen, Mother! See if tongue is coated, then give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food passes out of the system, and you have a well child again.

Millions of mothers give "California Syrup of Figs" because it is perfectly harmless; children love it, and it never fails to act on the stomach, liver and bowels.

Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Adv.

Gosh!

Farmer Corntossel—Got a letter from one of these autymobeel fellers, squire, and I'm all worked up about it.

Squire—What's the matter, Cy?

Farmer Corntossel—Wal, the letter says, "The inclosed car is one of the most popular models on the market." But the blamed fools clean forgot t' inclose it.—Maxwell Accelerator.

SWAMP-ROOT STOPS SERIOUS BACKACHE

When your back aches, and your bladder and kidneys seem to be disordered, remember it is needless to suffer—go to your nearest drug store and get a bottle of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. It is a physician's prescription for diseases of the kidneys and bladder.

It has stood the test of years and has a reputation for quickly and effectively giving results in thousands of cases.

This prescription was used by Dr. Kilmer in his private practice and was so very effective that it has been placed on sale everywhere. Get a bottle, 50c and $1.00, at your nearest druggist.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Strong Material.

The professor was speaking to the class regarding iron and steel for building construction.

"What is the strongest material which can be put into a house?" he asked.

"Limburger cheese," promptly replied the boy, speaking from experience.

CUTICURA IS SO SOOTHING

To Itching, Burning Skins—It Not Only Soothes, but Heals—Trial Free.

Treatment: Bathe the affected surface with Cuticura Soap and hot water, dry gently and apply Cuticura Ointment. Repeat morning and night. This method affords immediate relief, and points to speedy healment. They are ideal for every-day toilet uses.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Mum's the Word.

Doctor—Something wrong with the baby?

Mother—Yes, doctor; he got hold of an old dictionary some way, and chewed up two pages out of it.

"Did you give him an emetic?"

"Yes, doctor, but I can't get a word out of him!"

ACTRESS TELLS SECRET.

A well-known actress gives the following recipe for gray hair: To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and ¼ oz. of glycerine. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Barbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off. Adv.

In the Same Fix.

"Ah!" said we, reading the headline, "Mrs. Lloyd George, wife of the English premier, is a fighter, too."

"Aw, well," replied the Missourian, "the gent hain't got nuth'n on me on that score—so is mine!"—Exchange.

MOTHER, ATTENTION!

Gold Ring for Baby Free.

Get a 25c Bottle of Baby Ease from any drug store, mail coupon as directed and gold ring (guaranteed), proper size, mailed you. Baby Ease cures Bowel Complaints and Teething Troubles of Babies.—Adv.

France makes elementary instruction obligatory for all children between six and thirteen years.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are not a "coal-tar product" nor a "confection," but a good, old-fashioned dose of medicine for regulating the stomach, the liver and the bowels. Get a box and try them. Adv.

When a man is in love for the first time, he thinks he invented it.

INOCULATION BENEFICIAL TO ALFALFA



HARVESTING ALFALFA ON MISSISSIPPI FARM.

(By P. G. HOLDEN, Former Dean of Iowa State College.)

Inoculation never hurts, is generally beneficial and often essential to the growing of alfalfa.

In regions where alfalfa has not been grown it is frequently found to be very beneficial to inoculate the ground by sowing three or four hundred pounds of soil secured from a field where alfalfa has been grown for a number of years; or where it is more convenient, artificial cultures such as nitrogen, farmogerm, etc., may be applied.

Well Prepared Seed Bed.

Alfalfa seed may be either drilled, or sowed broadcast and harrowed in. The seed can be more evenly distributed if one-half is sown in one direction and the other half sown at right angles. It is always a good plan to sow the seed a little thicker around the edges of the field, as this portion of the field is more subject to injury from insects, foxtail, etc.

While it is the custom in the humid regions to sow 20 pounds of seed to the acre, ten to twelve pounds is sufficient. If evenly distributed this will give from fifty to sixty seeds for every square foot, while one thrifty plant to the square foot is sufficient.

A well-prepared, firm, solid seedbed, plenty of good barnyard manure, and summer fallow to kill the weeds, are most important. Then comes lime. Inoculation and phosphorus are frequently beneficial. Ground too wet for corn is not suited to alfalfa.

Cut at Proper Time.

When possible to do so it is best to cut alfalfa in the late afternoon or evening. Dew or rain on the freshly-cut alfalfa will not injure it. In the morning the tedder should be started as soon as most of the dew is off and before there is any danger of knocking off the leaves. It is often advisable to go over it more than once. It should be cut before it is in full bloom or as soon as the young sprouts or shoots start to grow at the base of the plant.

When alfalfa is left too long before cutting, the stems become woody, and the yield of the next crop is greatly reduced, and in addition the leaves, which are the most valuable part of the plant, fall off.

Equal to Wheat Bran.

The alfalfa should be raked and either put in the barn, or if it is not sufficiently dry, put into haycocks. It is a matter of economy to have two or three hundred hay caps (made of six-cent muslin one yard square) to use in case of bad weather. You may think this is considerable bother, but there is no use in growing alfalfa and then allowing it to spoil.

When we remember that good alfalfa brings us in actual results nearly as great returns as wheat bran, we can better realize the importance of taking care of it. If any of us had 500 "haycocks of bran" in the field, we would take care of them, but with alfalfa we think of it as "just hay."

Alfalfa hay is rather hard to cure, but it is also true that it can be placed in the barn or in stacks much greener than any other kind of hay. Twenty pounds of salt sprinkled over each load of hay will help to prevent heating and add to the palatability of the hay.

Where alfalfa is used for pasture, care should be taken to avoid pasturing it too closely; it should not be pastured down closer than six inches and be sure to leave eight to twelve inches for winter protection. Don't turn stock on too early in the spring.

Alfalfa on Every Farm.

Remember that alfalfa can be grown on your farm. It is no more difficult to grow than clover and is more hardy when once established.

It adapts itself to all kinds and conditions of soil and climate. Alfalfa produces three and sometimes four crops per year in the corn belt.

Alfalfa is the cheapest source of protein. When wheat bran is worth $22 per ton, good alfalfa hay is worth $20 to $22 per ton.

Alfalfa is the most enriching crop we have, and insures larger yields from the crops that follow.

SUMMER FORAGE FOR SWINE

Sweet Sorghums Come at Time It Is Difficult to Have Other Green Feed.

(By W. R. DODSON, Director of Experiment Station, Louisiana State University.)

The sweet sorghums make a very acceptable forage for hogs in the early summer, coming at a time when it is sometimes difficult to have other green feed. Sorghums are most serviceable for grazing during May, June and early July.

The results of experiments at the Louisiana station have not indicated the high value of sorghums as a grazing or soiling crop for hogs they are reputed to have. In fact, we do not place a very high value on them, and commend their use only as a makeshift. The only strong points in their favor are that they give quick returns, and may be had about the time winter crops are not sufficiently matured for best service.

The Early Amber, Tarly Orange or Coleman are to be preferred. Any of these may be sown in drills as soon as danger of frost is passed, though growth will not be rapid until warm weather prevails. The middle of March to the first of April is ordinarily a good time to plant sorghum. However, the crop may be planted as late as the first of August. When sown in drills, with rows of three and a half feet apart, it takes about twelve pounds per acre to give a thick stand. It is best to plant the seed thick so the stalks will be small.

The crop should be well cultivated until it is about two feet high, if it is to be grazed, or as conditions may require, if it is to be soiled. Planted in early spring, the sorghums will mature in about 110 to 120 days.

LIVE STOCK AIDS FERTILITY

European Countries Held Up as Examples of What Such Methods Would Do for Crops.

(By C. A. WILLSON, Kentucky Experiment Station.)

Beef cattle would conserve the fertility of our farms and increase our average crop production. Writers often point out to us the wonders that have been accomplished in increased crop production in the Old World countries through the utilization of crops and feeds by cattle and the return of manure to the farms, and have held up to us Denmark, Germany and other countries as marked examples of what such methods would do for our crop fields.

HOGS ARE GOOD MONEY CROP

Many Factors Enter Into Cause for Increased Interest Being Taken in Swine Industry.

(By I. W. CARPENTER, Mississippi Experiment Station.)

Due to the recent boom in pork production, more people are going into the hog business than ever before. This is accounted for by several factors, the greatest doubtless being the splendid work of the county agents in securing a market for the small breeder through co-operative shipping. Since learning the prices to be expected on the central markets many men who started out by shipping five or ten hogs along with their neighbors' shipments are now preparing to ship in carload lots. Other factors in the growth of the hog industry are the pig club work, and the failure of the cotton crop causing the farmer to raise hogs as the next best cash crop.

To get the best results in hog raising a rotation of pasture and forage crops must be planted to furnish grazing the year round, and it is essential that a good supply of feed be assured before buying or breeding the hogs. The boar, too, should be the best available, this point often being the factor that determines success or failure in pork production. Pigs sired by a good boar will grow better in the feed lot and bring a premium on the market. And last, but not least, the most successful men carefully outline plans, getting the criticisms of experienced men and adhering to schedule after having secured the best available information on the subject.

VELVET BEAN MEAL FOR COW

Florida Station Finds Feed Equal in Value to Cottonseed Meal—Cheaper to Raise.

The Florida station found that cows produced as much milk when fed a ration of 4.3 pounds of velvet beans in the pod, 10 pounds wheat bran and 24.5 pounds Japanese cane silage as when given a ration of 3 pounds cottonseed meal, 10 pounds bran, and 34 pounds cane silage. Hence 4.3 pounds of velvet beans in the pod were fully equal to 3 pounds of cottonseed meal. The station further states that the Florida farmer can produce about five tons of velvet beans for the cost of one ton of cottonseed meal.

The state market agent has received reports that velvet beans in the pod can be procured at $14 per ton in Alabama and in Georgia.—Clemson College Bulletin.

CALOMEL SICKENS! IT'S MERCURY! DANGER

"Dodson's Liver Tone" Straightens You Up Better Than Salivating, Dangerous Calomel and Doesn't Make You Sick—Don't Lose a Day's Work—Wonderful Discovery Destroying Sale of Calomel Here.

You're bilious! Your liver is sluggish! You feel lazy, dizzy and all knocked out. Your head is dull, your tongue is coated; breath bad; stomach sour and bowels constipated. But don't take salivating calomel. It makes you sick, you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel crashes into sour bile like dynamite, breaking it up. That's when you feel that awful nausea and cramping.

If you want to enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone tonight. Your druggist or dealer sells you a 50 cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone under my personal money-back guarantee that each spoonful will clean your sluggish liver better than a dose of nasty calomel and that it won't make you sick.

Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and your bowels regular. You will feel like working; you'll be cheerful; full of vigor and ambition.

Dodson's Liver Tone is entirely vegetable, therefore harmless, and can not salivate. Give it to your children. Millions of people are using Dodson's Liver Tone instead of dangerous calomel now. Your druggist will tell you that the sale of calomel is almost stopped entirely here.—Adv.

One of the new gasoline farm tractors is designed to do little more than the work of a single horse.

DON'T GAMBLE

that your heart's all right. Make sure. Take "Renovine"—a heart and nerve tonic. Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

Masculine Form.

"What is a hunch?"

"A hunch is the masculine equivalent of feminine intuition."

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

Sarcasm of the Rejected.

"Do you write for publication?"

"Oh, no; merely for circulation among the editors."—Boston Transcript.

EAT LESS MEAT

Excessive eating of meat is not only tremendously expensive, but it is positively injurious to health. In place of meat try **Skinner's Macaroni** and **Spaghetti** the most delicious of all food and the richest in nutriment. They can be prepared in a hundred appetizing ways at small cost. Write Skinner Mfg. Co., Omaha, Neb., for beautiful Cook Book. It's free.—Adv.

Thirteen Lucky Miles.

Patience—I see that 13 per cent of the line of a railroad being built in Switzerland will be through tunnels.

Patrice—That is a case where no girl, however superstitious, could possibly think thirteen unlucky.

TAKES OFF DANDRUFF HAIR STOPS FALLING

Girls! Try This! Makes Hair Thick, Glossy, Fluffy, Beautiful—No More Itching Scalp.

Within ten minutes after an application of Danderine you cannot find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable luster, softness and luxuriance.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store, and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all—you surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine. Adv.

Revolving targets, on which images of birds perch until shot down, have been invented by a Frenchman.

Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" is powerful and prompt but safe. One dose only is enough to expel Worms or Tapeworm. No castor oil necessary. Adv.

More than 1,500,000 electric storage batteries are used in automobiles in the United States.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

To get the genuine, call for full name LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. 25c.

Brazil in November exported 5,587,716 pounds of crude rubber.

Mistaken Zeal.

An old Australian farmer visited his daughter, who had antimacassars on the backs of her chairs. As he was sitting by the window, he spied the minister coming to visit "Jean," as she was called. As she went to answer the door, her father, not being accustomed to such finery, snatched all the antimacassars off the chairs and threw them under the table.

"Aye, Jean, lass, glad I was to get yer washing oot o' the way afore the minister came in," said the old man when the minister had gone.

LIFT YOUR CORNS OFF WITH FINGERS

How to loosen a tender corn or callus so it lifts out without pain.

Let folks step on your feet hereafter; wear shoes a size smaller if you like, for corns will never again send electric sparks of pain through you, according to this Cincinnati authority.

He says that a few drops of a drug called freezone, applied directly upon a tender, aching corn, instantly relieves soreness, and soon the entire corn, root and all, lifts right out.

This drug dries at once and simply shrivels up the corn or callus without even irritating the surrounding skin.

A small bottle of freezone obtained at any drug store will cost very little but will positively remove every hard or soft corn or callus from one's feet.

If your druggist hasn't stocked this new drug yet, tell him to get a small bottle of freezone for you from his wholesale drug house.—adv.

Mean Thing.

"Mr. Dauber said my face was classic. What is classic?"

"Oh, most anything old."

Allen's Foot-Ease for the Troops.

Many war zone hospitals have ordered Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder, for use among the troops. Shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the foot-bath, Allen's Foot-Ease gives rest and comfort, and makes walking a delight. Sold everywhere 25c. Try it today. Adv.

A two-wheeled automobile that is balanced by a gyroscope has been invented by a Russian engineer.

PROMPT RELIEF.

can be found in cases of Colds, Coughs, La Grippe and Headaches by using Laxative Quinidine Tablets. Does not affect the head or stomach. Buy your winter's supply now. Price 25c.—Adv.

France in 1916 exported to the United States goods valued at $110,304,951.

Every dentist does a wide-open business.

Its Limit.

"Is there any limit to the scope of this submarine war?"

"Only the submarine's periscope."

Spartan Women Suffered Untold Tortures but who wants to be a Spartan? Take "Femenina" for all female disorders. Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

Insects in the United States yearly destroy $700,000,000 worth of trees.

If your eyes smart or feel scalded, Roman Eye Balsam applied upon going to bed is just the thing to relieve them. Adv.

Emperor Charles of Austria is fond of horse racing.

Panama Canal zone has 223 licensed automobiles.

WHAT IS LAX-FOS

LAX-FOS is an improved Cascara A DIGESTIVE LAXATIVE—Pleasant to take

In LAX-FOS the Cascara is improved by addition of certain harmless chemicals which increase the efficiency of the Cascara, making it better than ordinary Cascara. LAX-FOS aids digestion; pleasant to take; does not gripe or disturb stomach. Adapted to children and adults. Just try a bottle for constipation or indigestion. 50c.

STOCK LICK IT—STOCK LIKE IT



For Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Contains Copperas for Worms, Sulphur for the Blood, Saltpeter for the Kidneys, Nux Vomica, a Tonic, and Pure Dairy Salt. Used by Veterinarians 12 years. No Dosing. Drop Brick in feed-box. Ask your dealer for Blackman's or write

BLACKMAN STOCK REMEDY COMPANY
CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE

SAVE money if buying a watch. $16.00 and $12.00 gold filled seven jewel men's watches at $5.50. Only a few left. J. S. BUNTA, 119 N. Francisco St., Chicago, Ill.

Peace Prayer Beautifully engraved in large letters with the words "God Grant Us Peace." A prayer that you will never forget. Price 15c. Mailed anywhere. Agents wanted. Raymond Specialty Company, 1303 Divinity Pl., Philadelphia, Pa.

Dr. Winegarden's Indian Catarrh Cure Send 25c and I will prepay $1.00 bottle; pay the balance when satisfied with results. Address Dr. Winegarden, 421 North Main St., Tulsa, Okla.

$50 or $100 Invested Now in big PROTECTION Oil Company stock may put you on easy street. Write or wire for further information. Monarch Promotion Co., Blackwell, Okla.

Sheet Music Bargains!! Song hits, successes and big sellers. Send for latest catalog of music. P. B. STORY, 1421 Broadway, New York

CARBONVOID puts the "GO" in gasoline; more power; more mileage; eliminates carbon; saves 25% fuel cost. $1.00 prepaid. WM. WENDEL, LACTONIA, O.

"ROUGH on RATS" Ends Rats, Mice, Bugs. Die outdoors. 15c and 25c.

W. N. U., Birmingham, No. 9--1917.

What Is Uric Acid?

Everyone has uric acid in the system, but naturally in small quantities. Excessive amount is caused by eating too much meat and foods that ferment in stomach. The kidneys, being the filters of the blood, are supposed to separate and throw the poisons out of the system. Weak, tired and overworked kidneys fail to do this, hence the uric acid accumulates and the urate salts are carried by the blood to the solid tissue structure, causing backache, lumbago, rheumatism, dropsy, drowsiness, and tired feeling.

To overcome the trouble is only a matter of toning up the kidneys, and this is best done by a treatment with Anuric, three times a day. Anuric is a recent discovery of Dr. Pierce of Buffalo, N. Y., and can be obtained at any drug store.

Experience taught Doctor Pierce that Anuric is a more powerful agent than lithia in dissolving uric acid, and it is then carried out of the system.



THE ONWARD MARCH of Bronchitis, and deep seated Coughs is arrested by Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

In those scrofulous conditions of the blood which invite Consumption; in severe, lingering Coughs, and Weak Lungs, which threaten you with this fatal disease, and when other help has failed—this medicine is a *proved* remedy.

As a blood-cleanser, strength-restorer, and tonic it is sure to benefit. In all lingering Bronchial and Throat affections, and in every disease that can be reached through the blood, it never fails to benefit or cure. In tablet or liquid form.

The machinery of the body needs to be well oiled, kept in good condition just as the automobile, steam engine or bicycle. Why should the human neglect his own machinery more than that of his horse or his engine? Yet most people do neglect themselves. Clean the system at least once a week with Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills & Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic.

60c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores.

Millinery, Ladies Suits, and Shirt waists.

In a few days I will open up a Brand New Stock of Millinery and Ladies Suits for Spring and Summer.

I have covered the northern markets and secured the latest styles.

My friends and customers are invited to call and look over the stock.

Miss Minnie Muse

CLANTON, ALA.

Our Business is to PLEASE YOU!

We sell Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Provisions and Groceries. Best line of Dry Goods and General Merchandise in Clanton. Fresh line garden seed.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Moneys Worth or Your Money Back"

CLANTON, ALA.

TO MY FRIENDS AND PATRONS:

I wish to announce my removal. You will now find my offices in the Hopkins Building across the street from my former office. I am prepared to do all kinds of surgery that does not repuire the patient to remain in a hospital. My hours for all such work will be arranged by appointment.

Respectfully,
V. J. GRAGG.

CONCERT AT UNION GROVE

There will be a concert at Union Grove Saturday night, March 3rd. Admission 10 cents.

W. M. BEAN,
Prin.

Calvin Wilson spent Sunday afternoon with friends in Prattville.

Auto-Intoxication Causes Death

Do you know why you have sick headache, diabetes, neuralgia, rheumatism and liver or kidney troubles? It's because you are being poisoned by products of your own body. Your organs of elimination are not working properly. Waste material that should be thrown out is being retained to poison and intoxicate your system. That could not happen if the bowels were kept open with Granger Liver Regulator. This splendid preparation is purely vegetable and non-alcoholic. Demand Granger Liver Regulator at your drug store—25c a box—and take no other. There is nothing "just as good."

Clothes Cleaned and Pressed

My shop is the most up-to-date, and equipped with Steam Pressing Machine; it is operated by experienced hands. This combination guarantees the production of the best results in clothes pressing.

I call for your Suit and deliver it back to you after it is Cleaned and Pressed.

Let me clean up your last summer suit, and you will have it good as new when the season opens.

SUITS MADE TO ORDER

I carry samples from three tailoring houses, and am prepared to take your measure now for a summer suit. Come and look through. I guarantee perfect satisfaction.

I appreciate your trade and solicit your patronage.

KIN VINSON

Telephone 64-48, Kicker Bldg. Clanton, Ala.

CLANTON LOCALS

Prof. J. H. Scott, Teacher of Hampton school, Verbena Route 1, was in Clanton Monday. Mr. Scott also operates the "Little Farm." He left The Banner an order for some printed Stationery, and also extended his subscription to the paper.

Guy Roberts is at home from the Mexican Border.

Alva Wade visited friends at Coosada Sunday afternoon.

A. J. Jones of Lomax came in Monday and renewed his subscripeion for another year.

Prof. Howard L. Foshee, teacher of Mathematics and Science in the Elmore County High School at Eclectic, was in Clanton Monday, looking after business matters.

Z. Rudolph, an attorney of Birmingham, was here Monday on legal business.

Mrs. W. L. Powell is visiting her son, Mr. E. C. Powell in Caruthersville, Missouri, for several days.

Don't forget Bill. He's got something for you to eat when you come to town.

Mrs. J. H. Samuell of Talladega has been visiting in Clanton the past few days.

Mrs. B. M. Roberts of Myrtlewood has been spending several days here with relatives recently.

The members of the Civic League will meet with Mrs. J. Q. Wade on Tuesday at 3:00 P. M. Meeting important. Everybody come.

Don't cram yourself with any old thing to eat and die with indigestion. Go to Bill Goodgames Restaurant and get a meal as good and well cooked as you get at home.

Miss Minnie Muse returned Wednesday from the northern markets, where she has been purchasing her ladies hats and dresses for the spring and summer season. Read her announcement elsewhere in this paper. Go to see her when you need a hat or suit.

Mrs. J. O. Newell of Birmingham has been visiting relatives here the past few days.

RUB-MY-TISM—Antiseptic, Relieves Rheumatism, Sprains, Neuralgia, etc.

THORSBY ITEMS

Mrs. Martha Grothy spent a few days of last week with her daughter and family of Ensley.

Miss Pearl Carlson celebrated her eleventh birthday on last Saturday afternoon. The following school chums were there to enjoy the afternoon:

Esther Johnson, Marguerite Homer, Ostrid Ekblad, Arnold Soberg, Verner Carlson, Edward Gaines, Wilbur Peterson, Regnar Ekblad, Billy McLean, Edith Johnson, Edith Robinson, Palmer Lofstead, Carl Berlin, Cathlean Gaines, Thomas Adams, Ethel Peterson, Frank Gerald.

Outdoor games were enjoyed after which delightful refreshments were served. The girls and boys report a good time.

Prof. Foster Williams spent a few days of last week with his brother, Prof. C. M. Williams of Thorsby Institute.

At a meeting of the Helen Keller Literary Society Saturday night, it was decided to challenge the Chilton County High School for a joint debate some time this spring.

Messrs. Reuben Foss, Guy Gerald and A. K. Horn were among the attendants at court last week in Clanton.

Mr. Charlie Barnes of Georgiana spent Saturday and Sunday in Thorsby.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Sarber of Elmore spent Sunday and Monday with Mrs. Sarber's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Snyder.

Prof. C. M. Williams attended the Sunday School Convention at Oak Grove last Saturday and reports a good meeting.

Rev. R. W. Gammon, D. D., of Chicago gave a very interesting lecture at Thorsby Institute Satuday night to a full house and spoke again Sunday morning at the Congregational church. Dr. Gammon's messages were intensely interesting and very practical, and will not soon be forgotten by those who heard them.

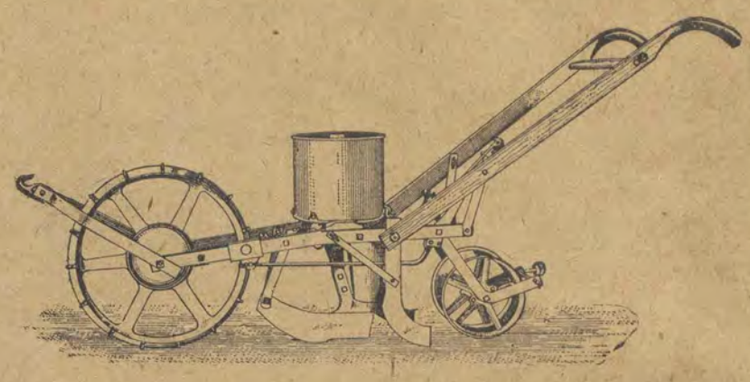
The Men's Meeting Sunday afternoon brought together a godly number of men and young men. Dr. Gammon and Rev. Chas. T. Rogers spoke earnestly of the best things in life.

The next number on the entertainment course will be "The Collegian" (Male Quartet) March 13th. Do not miss it.

Gospel meetings are being held every night this week at the Congregational church beginning at 7:15 P. M. The new song books are being very much enjoyed, and adding to the interest of the meetings.

PLANTERS

Ledbetter,
Hoosier,
John Deere



We have the LEDBETTER, the JOHN DEER, and the HOOSIER Planters. The Ledbetter has the distinction of being the only Machine that drops one cotton seed in a place, and is equally satisfactory in planting other grain.

The John Deer and Hoosier Planters have been sold here a number of years. All seed are high price now, and you can well afford to buy a planter that will not waste them.

We have points, slides and wings for the Syracuse plow. We are the only people here who can furnish you the Genuine Oliver Chilled Plows and Repairs.

CLANTON HARDWARE CO.

THE WOMANS CLUB.

On Wednesday afternoon the Woman's Club entertained their friends at a delightful reception at the home of Mrs. Ross Mullins.

The house was artistically decorated in masses of fern and red and white carnations, red cupids, hearts and other valentine ideas were in evidence.

"Did" the club's valentine attended the door. Receiving with the President, Mrs. W. K. Mullins, were Mrs. Ross Mullins, Mrs. J. J. Pickens and Mrs. J. P. Hayes.

Punch was served in the library by Mrs. L. F. Gerald and Mrs. F. B. Collier, after which Mrs. Amzi Gowan ushered the guests into the dining room, where a delicious salad course was served, with Mrs. A. Johnson, Mrs. E. Plier, Mrs. C. Reynolds and Mrs. H. Downs presiding. A beautiful lace cover over red satin adorned the dining table. It was centered with a red and white motif of carnations. Red satin ribbons were draped centerpiece to four burning tapers in crystal candlesticks.

During the afternoon the Misses Willie and Myrtle Reynolds, Mrs. Newell, Miss Della Latham, Miss Pauline Woodyard, the Misses Mary and Roberta Curry, rendered a delightful program.

Among the out of town guests were Mrs J. H. Samuel of Talladega, Mrs. J. O. Newell of Birmingham, and Mrs. B. M. Roberts of Myrtlewood.

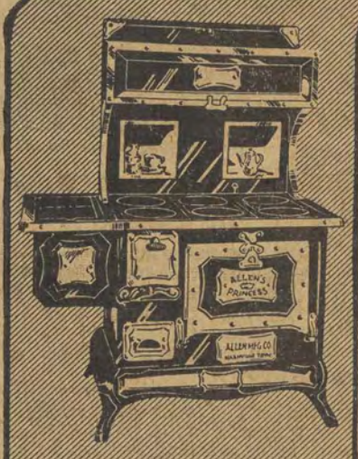
MOTHER SUPERIOR

Says Vinol Creates Strength

Rosary Hill Home, Hawthorne, N. Y. —"I have used Vinol for many run-down, weak or emaciated patients with benefit. One young woman was so weak and ill she could hardly creep to my door for aid. I supplied Vinol to her liberally and in a month I hardly recognized her. She was strong, her color charming and her cheeks rounded out."—MOTHER M. ALPHONSA LATHROP, O. S. D.

We guarantee Vinol to sharpen the appetite, aid digestion, enrich the blood and create strength.

Upchurch Drug Co., and all leading Druggists in Alabama towns.



Southern Housekeepers Favor This Range

You housewives who have read the confusing claims of so many other ranges, remember these basic facts that have made Allen's Princess the choice of more than a hundred thousand Southern homes:

Always dependable for all cooking. Lasts longer—uses less fuel. Every good point of every good range. Many exclusive Princess features.

Then if you don't know our dealer, write us and we'll send you handsomely illustrated catalogue and tell you where you can see a Princess Range. You will certainly want one.

Allen Manufacturing Co.
322 Tenth Ave. Nashville, Tenn.

ALLEN'S PRINCESS RANGES
COPPER IRON BEARING

CLANTON MERCANTILE CO.

HIGH SCHOOL NEWS

The basket ball team has happened to serious luck, as it is loseing two of the best players and too their places cannot at once be filled in base ball, but we hope to develope what material we have left.

It has been recently dscovered that we have a ground hog in scholl, Edna Lowe, her birthday comes on the 2nd. day of February.

It has been reported that Dewey Rockett has fallen in love with a Sophmore, she seems shy now but perhaps he will succeed in gaining her love.

Erle Honeycutt is growing very popular among the girls, he has begun to distribute peanuts among them very freely. Sometime there is a bit of ill feeling toward the one that receives the most, but probably there won't be any trouble over the matter.

All of the staff of the Cantrolla are working hard trying to make a success. Some of the work is ready for the press, and the rest will be in a short time. We heartily thank the ones who give this edition their support.

The Freshmen are glad to have a new student enroll with them. Olvin McSwain.

As the weather is good this week the campus has a number of old friends back on it, they seem to think that it always needs packing.

Don't forget your Subscription.

BEST FOR ALL CROPS

SOUTH ATLANTIC GUANO COMPANY

(SUBSIDIARY MORRIS FERTILIZER CO.)

ATLANTA — MONTGOMERY

It is not sufficient that your crop gets an early *start* to enable it to win the race against drouth, excessive rainfall, rust, shedding and boll weevil. It must have a steady, healthy growth which constant nourishment alone can give, if it is expected to come in ahead on the homestretch.

The *South Atlantic Brands* not only give all crops a quick start, but by reason of the scientific linking together of the best and most dependable fertilizing materials, they afford constant and steady feeding of the plant and enable it to resist such diseases and conditions as are usually fatal to a weakly, stunted plant. A healthy plant should be kept healthy and that is the office of the *South Atlantic Brands.*

Send your orders early to your dealer and be sure to name the SOUTH ATLANTIC BRANDS.

FOR SALE BY

TOM KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

REAL CROP SECURITY

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME V. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., MARCH 8, 1917. NUMBER 49.

MARCH TERM OF COUNTY COURT HELD ON MONDAY

Rather Full Docket of Cases Disposed of by Judge L. H. Reynolds.

Last Monday being the first Monday in March, county court was called by Judge L. H. Reynolds. The docket was rather full, but was taken up and rapidly disposed of.

Following are the cases appearing on the docket, and the disposition that was made of them:

W. J. Duke, violating prohibition laws; defendant plead guilty as charged. Court assessed fine of $50 and costs. It was further ordered that the Sheriff be directed to publicly in front of court house destroy one quart of whiskey which was found on the person of Mr. Duke.

Sis Jackson, charged with assault and battery. Plead guilty and fined $10.00.

Addie Lanier, charged with assault and battry, fined $10.00.

Tobe Kennedy charged with assault and battery, sentenced to 60 days hard labor for the county.

Boss Jones, assault with weapon. Tried and discharged.

Herbert Bohannon, charged with violating rohibition laws. Tried and sentenced to 60 days hard labor for county.

Walter Culp, charged with embezzelment. Discharged.

Ollie Mims, charged with using abusive language. Case nolle prossed Feb. 15 on payment of costs.

Hollie Williams, charged with using abusive language. Tried and found guilty. Fine $5.00 and costs.

Leander Mims, assault with weapon. Tried and found guilty. Fined $10.00 and costs.

METHODIST BOARD OF STEWARDS ENTERTAINED

Rev. and Mrs. Thos. G. Jones entertained the Stewards of the Methodist Church at the Parsonage Friday evening at 7 o'clock.

The guests were met at the door by the host and ushered into the parlor where they informally discussed the topics of the day. The hostess led the way to the dining room where the guests were served a five course dinner consisting of cream, oyster soup, baked chicken, creamed potatoes, apple sauce, apple and celery salad, etc.

Those present at this delightful social meeting were Messrs. J. C. Jones, W. T. Callen, J. W. Stanfield, C. R. Mullins, V. J. Elmore, and J. B. Atkinson, Supt. Sunday School. Mr. J. O. Middleton, Esq., in Montgomery on important legal business, and Mr. P. D. Wilson, slightly indisposed at this time, were the only members of the Board not present.

Don't forget your Subscription.

MARRIAGE OF MR. KIN VINSON AND MISS EFFIE BURNETT

A marriage of interest to many people here-about, was that of Mr. Kin Vinson and Miss Effie Burnett, which took place at the home of the bride near Billingsley on Sunday afternoon.

Judge Reynolds performed the ceremony in the presence of a few friends of the young couple.

Both the bride and groom are well and popularly known here, and have hundreds of friends who congratulate them. Miss Burnett has attended the high school here the last few years, where she became attached to many admiring friends in her circle.

Mr. Vinson is a young man of sterling worth, and well known in the business circles of our town. He has for some years been clerk in the Tax Assessors office, from which position he retired some months ago to enter business of his own.

Mr. and Mrs. Vinson will reside in Clanton in the future.

They have the best wishes of "The Banner."

FARMERS' MEETING

On Monday morning, March 12th at 10 o'clock L. & N. experts on farming, trucking and stock raising will be in Verbena to tell our people how farmers in certain section have risen from proverty to plenty. Come prepared to spend the day if necessary and have written down all the questions you want to ask about gardening, farming, and stock raising.

Everybody is urged to come.

WADE BUYS OUT THE NEW WILSON HOTEL

Mr. J. Q. Wade has purchased the hotel furnishings and equipment of The New Wilson Hotel from Mrs. J. F. Palmer, and the new management took charge of this most modern and up-to-date hostelry on Wednesday.

The Wilson is a hotel of no ordinary advantages. It is far above the average in points of service and general desirbility. No town the size of Clanton can show such a hotel.

We predict for the hotel under the guidance of Mr. Wade, even a wider range of success and popularity than it has heretofore enjoyed.

Teach the boys and girls to think straight and act square and rest assured that they will succeed.—Uncle John in Progressive Farmer.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE

Seven room house, large garden with good fruit trees, good barn and out buildings; call at Howard Bros. Green houses, Thorsby, Ala., for partirulars. 2-15-5t.

Hens 14½c per pound, feet, feathers and all. TAYLOR BROS.

Farms For Sale.

23 acres wth good house, 1½ miles from Clanton on the Birmingham Highway, Price **$1,600.00.** 160 acres with 5 room house, 2 tenement houses, 50 acres in cultivation, 20 acres fenced in pasture, 2 miles north of Jemison, Price **$2,750.00.** 80 acres, all fenced, 3 small houses, 60 acres in cultivation, 20 acres woodland, 5 miles from Thorsby, Price **$900.00.** 16 acres, 1 mile from Clanton on Birmingham Highway, 2 room house, good truck farm, Price **$1,700.00.** 20 acres 1½ miles from Clanton with 3 room house, fine chicken and Truck farm, Price **$1,200.00.** 52 acres 1½ miles south of Thorsby on Birmingham Highway, 5 room house and out buildings, **$2,200.00.**

CHILTON COUNTY REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
Office at Chero-Cola Plant - - - - CLANTON, ALA.

Why Pay the Peddler or Canvasser Twice these Prices?

You can save a good deal of money by buying your Stock Tonic at this Store, instead of paying the peddler big fancy prices for goods of unknown quality. Look at these prces for that old reliable and GUARANTEED Stock conditioner and worm expeller—

=:= **DR. HESS STOCK TONIC** =:=

25lb PAIL COSTS $2.00. 5½ lb PKG. COSTS 50c.
12lb PKG. COSTS $1.00. 2lb PKG. COSTS 25c.

Remember, we have no peddler's wagons and expenses. That's why we can sell Dr. Hess Stock Tonic at these rock-bottom prices.

Here is another point, Mr. Farmer, we want to emphasize, that is: It goes farther, as the small dose quantity proves. DR. HESS STOCK TONIC is to put your animals in a thriving condition, and make the ailing ones healthy and expel the worms—**otherwise you get your money back right here at our store.** We also handle the

DR. HESS DIP and DISINFECTANT, DR. HESS POULTRY PAN-A-CE-A, and DR. HESS INSTANT LOUSE KILLER.

W. Z. HODGES
CLANTON, ALA.

Lieutenant-Governor Thos. E. Kilby



CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR

TO THE PEOPLE OF CHILTON COUNTY:

The affairs of the State of Alabama are very much like those of any large business; the same principles should be applied to their operation. I ask your support of my candidacy for Governor upon the basis of my promise to you that, if elected, I will conduct the affairs of the State according to the principles I have seen sucessfully used in the conduct of private business. I would advocate and use the power of the executive office to put into effect a system of business—a Budget System that would plainly and with the widest possible publicity set forth a plan by which the expenditures shall not exceed the income. By economical management the deficit can be wiped out in a few years. Briefly, I stand for and will work for:

Equalization of the tax burden.

The advancement of all educational interests.

Improvement of public highways.

Encouragement of agriculture.

Better understanding between capital and labor, that the resources of the State may be developed to the fullest possible extent.

A workmen's compensation act that would really compensate injured workmen and their families instead of damage suit lawyers.

Better provisions for the comfort of Confederate Veterans.

Codification of the laws, with simplication as a feature, to the end that laws may be understood by laymen. Re-arrangement of Judicial Circuits and reform of court procedure according to recommendations of the Alabama Bar Association.

The maintenance and strict enforcement of the present prohibition laws; the enforcement of all laws, and the curtailment of the pardoning power of the executive.

The abolishment of the convict lease system. Convict labor should not be used to compete with honest free labor.

Encouragement of capital for the development of the State on equal terms with local capital—no discrimination through exemption from taxation.

I think I am justified in assuring you that my experience in business has equipped me for undertaking this work with reasonable hope of its accomplishment to your satisfaction.

Respectfully, yours, THOS. E. KILBY.

Anniston, Ala., Feb. 24, 1917.

(Paid political advertisement by Thos. E. Kilby, Anniston, Ala.)

HIGH SCHOOL NEWS

The Seniors now have their class rings, so they are very dignified this week.

Fonza—John, you know it is pretty cold to walk the campus this week.

John—Yes, but you know we got 50 apiece, and just walked three times.

Fonza— Well, John, that's just three down and seven to go, so hit the grit.

Dick—Say Flem, do you know why Tom Jones goes around looking so sad, you never even see him smile?

Flem—No, why is it Dick, I've noticed this.

Dick—Well some say that Tom was in love and got beat out of his lover, but I say that it is because he can't hold nothing with a visitor that is in town.

The C. C. H. S. base ball team will probably start up their practice next week. They hope to have the best team the high school has ever put out.

Briggs—Ah pshaw Erle, Julius Reynolds can beat you playing tennis, he returns the ball every time.

Erle—That ain't nothing, I can knock one 'em little old balls a hundred yards. Guess you still think he can beat me.

Otto Jones—I poured some high life on a dog and it sure did get a hustle on him.

R. Q. Hayes—Looks like somebody would put some of that stuff on Pat Sartor so he would get to school on time, if it has that effect on anything.

BANK AND POST OFFICE AT COLUMBIANA BURN

Fire in Business Part of Town does Big Damage to Property.

Columbiana, Ala., March 6.—Fire early Tuesday morning destroyed the Columbiana postoffice building and the Columbiana Savings Bank building. The total loss is estimated at approximtely $15,000.

The vaults of both the bank and the postoffice are said to be in good condition and the valuables, including stamps, money and registered mail are thought to be safe.

The fire is thought to have originated in the office of Dr. J. S. Moore, over the postoffce, and was beyond possibility of control before it was discovered. Fire-men directed their efforts toward saving adjacent buildings. The entire town was left in darkness. The telephone exchange of the Southern Bell Telephone Company was in an adjoining building and al local wires were severed.

Hundreds of citizens rushed to the scene when the alarm was sounded, and the goods from all the stores nearest the fire were carried into the streets. The buildings were located in the center of the leading business block, and for a time it was feared that the entir block would be wiped out.

The Columbia Savings Bank today announced that a new building would be erected immediately. Judge Longshore, owner of the post offece building, said another building would be erected as soon as possible. Postmaster C. E. Nevin is in Birmingham todiscuss postoffice arrangements with the Federal authorities.

Hens 14½c per pound, feet, feathers and all. TAYLOR BROS.

OPPORTUNITY IS KNOCKING AT DOOR OF THE FARMER

Wade Advises Farmers To Even up Losses of Last Year.

Telegrams and letters just received from an official of New York says that the food bill of that city is one and a half billion dollars annually. They are bombarding Alabama asking for food stuffs at ext[illegible] es which would mean big business, if we had anything to sell. The food strigency will not be relieved until something is produced. The South can produce first and it is up to us to deliver the goods "Anything to eat" and get the money.

M.D. Foshee, comp.

Gardening

Resolve to produce the best garden this year that you have ever produced. The circumstances are such that you can hardly produce too much. A good garden is a sign of good business judgment. Every pretty day that passes without something growing is a protracted loss.

Opportunity.

Opportunity knocks at every man's door at some time. It is certainly knocking at the dor of the Southerner this year and offering extravagant prices for anything to eat or wear. It is your chance to even up the losses of the past, and your tide in the affairs of life which, if taken at the flood stage, will surely lead to prosperity.

Prepare for Corn

Prepare corn land deep and harrow until thoroughly pulverized. Plant upland corn the last half of March. Cultivate corn shallow and fertilize on both sides of the row when the corn is about knee high. Plant one gallon of good sound velvet beans per acre in hills about six feet apart. When fodder is ripe bend the stalk to the ground just above the ear. This will not injure the corn and will prevent the beans from pulling it down and making it difficult to harvest.

Plant corn on rich damp bottoms in May. Prepare the land by breaking and harrowing about three times before planting. The more the soil is cultivated before planting the greater the yield and the less cultivation necessary after planting.

Plant Cotton Early

Prepare land for cotton early and let the ridges settle. Harrow them down level at planting time. The best time to plant is the following: South Alabama from March 15th to April 1st, Middle Alabama from April 1st to April 15th, and North Alabama from April 15th to April 25th. Cotton planted in May hereafter will be very uncertain.

The best time to fight boll weevil is the early stages of the crop before squares are infested. Cultivate shallow, often and late.

J. A. WADE,
Commissicner of Agriculture.

CITY TAX NOTICE

All person who have not paid city taxes to the Town of Clanton are hereby warned that they should pay same before March 31st, in order to avoid suit and further costs.

H. M. SIMPSON,
Tax Collector.

Dr. H. J. Hoover of Plant City, Fla. will preach at the Baptist church here next Saturday. The Board of Deacons urge all members to come out and hear him. The public is cordially invited.

Don't forget your Subscription.

VOTE ON BOND ISSUE SET FOR 16 OF APRIL

People of County will have a Voice in Deciding what shall be Done.

BOND ISSUE OF $200,000.00 IS PROPOSED TO BE EFFECTED.

Commissioners Court Believes This is Best Way in Which to Arrange Debt Already Standing Out Against County.

At the meeting of the Commissioners Court here Saturday, an order was issued calling for a vote of the people on April 16th upon the proposition of a bond issue of $200,000 by Chilton County, to take care of the county debt on roads, which is now overdue.

The commissioners called for a second conference with the people on last Saturday, but owing to the bad weather there were not many in attendance. But is was decided to call the election for April 16th and give the people a chance to express themselves on the proposition.

It is the hope of Judge Reynolds and the Court of Commissioners that the voters may be fully informed of the nature of the county's condition, and the appliance of bonds as a remedy. To that end it is probable that before the election comes off a speaking tour will be made over the county for the purpose of giving information to all voters on anything they may desire to know of the matter.

HONOR ROLL FOR THORSBY PUBLIC SCHOOL

First Grade—Anna Nelson, Irchel Martin, Ethel Peterson, Effie Lou Neugent.

Second Grade—Howard Adams, Ragnar Ekblad, Frank Gerald, Mable Howard, Ronald Lucas.

Third Grade—Frances Edwars, Bernice Williams.

Fourth Grade—Jewel Wilson, Vera Edwards, Curtis Billingsley.

Fifth Grade—Lola Horn, Leon Marshall, Roy Hendrick.

Sixth Grade—Walter Peterson.

Apply a cotton cloth wet with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT to all wounds, cuts, burns, sores or blisters, and note its wonderful healing power. It is prompt and very effective. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

MONEY TO LOAN

WE ARE IN TOUCH WITH AN UNLIMITED SUPPLY OF MONEY, AND CAN NEGOTIATE LONG-TIME LOANS ON FARM LANDS UPON EASY TERMS. IF YOU ARE INTERESTED, CALL ON US.

Middleton & Reynolds.

Walk Right In

And Call for It.

I HAVE BEEN EXPECTING YOU TO COME TO TOWN, AND HAVE GONE TO THE TROUBLE OF PROVIDING YOU SOMETHING TO EAT WHEN YOU GE THERE. SO JUST COME RIGHT IN AND TELL ME WHAT YOU ARE WANTING TO EAT AND YOU WILL GET IT IN A MINUTE OR TWO.

MY COOK KNOWS HOW TO COOK, AND I GUARANTEE TO SUIT YOUR TASTE.

REMEMBER I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF THE FINEST OYSTERS IN SEASON, AND SERVE ANY STYLE AT ANY TIME.

BRING ALONG YOUR EGGS WITH YOU AND I WILL PAY YOU THE HIGHEST CASH MARKET PRICE FOR THEM.

DON'T FORGET TO COME TO SEE ME NOW.

W. H. GOODGAME
Across Street from Post Office
CLANTON, ALA.

ARMED NEUTRALITY KILLED IN SENATE

Twelve Senators Defied The Wishes Of 76 Colleagues And Block Vote On The Measure

WILSON ISSUES STATEMENT

76 Senators—30 Republicans And 40 Democrats—Sign Manifesto, Showing How Senate Really Stood

Washington.—The Sixty-fourth congress expired without a vote being reached in the senate on the armed neutrality bill.

Twelve senators, led by Senator La Follette, and encouraged by Senator Stone, Democratic chairman of the foreign relations committee, in a filibuster denounced by President Wilson's spokesman as the most reprehensible procedure in the history of any civilized nation, defied the will of an overwhelming majority in congress up to the last minute and denied to the president a law authorizing him to arm American merchant ships to meet the German submarine menace.

Unyielding throughout twenty-six hours of continuous session to appeals that their defiance of the president would be humiliating to the country; uncompromising in a crisis described to them as the most serious to the nation since the Civil war, La Follette and his small group of supporters refused a majority of their colleagues an opportunity to vote on the armed neutrality bill and it died with the Sixty-fourth congress.

To fix responsibility before the country, seventy-six senators, thirty Republicans and forty-six Democrats, signed a manifesto proclaiming to the world that they favored passage of the measure. The text of the manifesto follows:

"The majority of United States senators favored the pasasge of the senate bill authorizing the president of the United States to arm American merchant vessels, a similar bill having already passed the house by a vote of 403 to 13. Under the rules of the senate allowing unlimited debate it appears to be impossible to obtain a vote previous to noon, March 4, 1917, when this session of congress expires. We desire the statement entered on the record to establish the fact that the senate favored the legislation and would pass it if a vote could be obtained."

Thirteen senators declined to sign the declaration, but one of them, Senator Penrose, Republican, of Pennsylvania, announced that he would have voted for the bill had opportunity been afforded him.

The twelve who went on record with the thirteen members of the house against granting President Wilson the authority he asked from congress in the crisis were:

Republicans: Clapp of Minnesota, Cummins of Iowa, Gronna of North Dakota, Kenyon of Iowa, LaFollette of Wisconsin, Norris of Nebraska and Works of California—7.

Democrats: Kirby of Arkansas, Lane of Oregon, O'Gorman of New York, Stone of Missouri, Vardaman of Mississippi—5.

President Issues Statement

Washington.—President Wilson informs the country in a statement that he may be forced, without power, to arm merchant ships and take other steps to meet the German submarine menace, in the absence of authority from congress. An extra session of congress, the president says, is required to clothe him with authority, but it is useless to call one while the senate works under the present rules, which permit a small minarity to keep an overwhelming majority from acting.

Great Ship Sunk By German U-Boat

Berlin.—An armed transport steamer of 24,494 tons, with about five hundred colonial troops, artillery and horses on board, was sunk by a German submarine in the Mediterranean February 24, the admiralty announces. Some of the troops on board were lost. A troop-laden transport of about five thousand tons was sunk also. A 9,000-ton transport, under escort, is reported sent to the bottom February 17 south of Malta.

Germans Yielding Under The Blows

Paris.—Again the British have advanced their front on the right and left wings in the Somme and Ancre regions of rFance. On the left flank east of Grommecourt, the Germans gave up ground over a front of two miles to an average dept of 1,200 yards, while on the right flank, east of Bouhavenes an attack gave the British terrain on a front of 1,200 yards and 173 prisoners, according to the London war office. Heavy casualties were inflicted on the Germans in several counter attacks.

Germans Decline American Money

Berlin.—A meeting was held of the committee to which Ambassador Gerard before leaving Germany entrusted five hundred thousand marks sent from the United States for the relief of the widows of German soldiers and orphans of German soldiers' families. The committee, says a news agency's report of the meeting, decided not to distribute the amount, but to deposit it in a bank at the disposal of Mr. Gerard "in case he prefers a different use of the money."

AMERICAN RIGHTS VIOLATED

Sinking Of Liner Laconia Another Lusitania Affair In Principle, But Fewer Lives Lost

Washington.—The sinking of the Cunarder Laconia by a German submarine was stated officially to constitute a clear-cut violation of American rights.

Conclusive official information at the state department shows that two American women lost their lives, that if four other Americans among the passengers and the 14 among the crew were saved, it was only by good fortune, and that the vessel was sunk without warning in direct defiance of all the principles for which the United States has stood.

Consul Frost's reports from the survivors show that the vessel was struck by a first torpedo without warning at 10:30 at night, 150 miles off Fastnete. The engine was stopped as the ship listed to starboard, wireless calls were flashed broadcast and six rockets were sent up. Thirteen boats with passengers and crew got away in a heavy sea.

About twenty minutes after the first torpedo, the reports add, and while some of the boats were still nearby, a second torpedo was driven into the vessel, which sank three-quarters of an hour after the original attack. The small boats with survivors pitched about during the long hours of the night until rescue ships came up. During this time the two American women, Mrs. Mary E. Hoy and Miss Elizabeth Hoy, of Chicago, died of exposure and were buried at sea. There were several other deaths, not of Americans.

No further facts are needed by this government, it was stated officially. Officials are entirely clear in their belief that Germany has committed the act which President Wilson has said it was impossible for him to believe she would commit.

Ten Lives Lost On Laconia

London. — The Cunard company gives the following names of the Laconia's passengers missing and supposed to have been lost:

Mrs. Mary Hoy, Miss Elizabeth Hoy, C. P. Ivatt, William I. Robinson, Dr. Fortunat Zyndel and William Eva.

GERARD WARNED BY GERMANS TO KEEP OFF OF THE OCEAN

Before He Left Berlin Ambassador Was Advised Not To Sail From Spain To The United States

Corunna, Spain.—It became known that on the day he left Berlin ex-Ambassador Gerard was warned personally by a German friend in high official position against sailing from Spain for the United States.

The fact that the warning was given has not yet become known except to those men who are in Mr. Gerard's confidence, but among them there is a feeling of anxiety in regard to the Americans sailing on the Infanta Isabel. It is known that Mr. Gerard regards the warning as serious.

A newspaper correspondent, referring to the embarkation of James W. Gerard, former ambassador to Germany, and his party, for the voyage to the United States, says:

"All the town turned out to watch the grand embarkation, which probably is destined to become historical. The embarkation was the largest seen here in many years as, in addition to the Americans, the Infanta Isabel is carrying seventeen hundred Spanish emigrants to Cuba."

Agreement Signed With Cuban Rebels

Santiago, Cuba.—Commander Reginal R. Belknap, representing the United States government, signed an agreement with the leaders of the revolutionary movement guaranteeing, first—fair elections in Santa Clara and Oriente provinces; and, second—recognition of Maj. Rigoberto Fernandez, commander-in-chief of the revolution army in Oriente province. This agreement was the outcome of various conferences and as a result of it the military governor of Oriente, Loret de Mola, has been replaced by Garcia Munoz.

Zimmermann Is Correctly Quoted

London.—Foreign Secretary Zimmermann's instruction to the German minister in Mexico, as published in the United States, are admitted in Berlin to have been correctly quoted, according to a dispatch from the German capital by way of Amsterdam.

Yarrowdale Prisoners Still In Toils

Berlin.—The release of the sixty-two American prisoners brought to Germany on the steamer Yarowdale, although ordered some time ago to be released, cannot be carried out for moment, as an infectious disease has been discovered at the place of their residence. As the outbreak of the malady necessitates a quarantine measure affecting the number of persons about to leave Germany, it is stated that the delay in the departure of the Americans is in the interest of neutral countries.

Reporters Blamed For "Peace" Leak

Washington.—A unanimous report saying that no one save two Washington correspondents of newspapers were responsible in any way whatever for the "leak" on President Wilson's famous "peace" note, was presented to the house by Chairman Henry of the rules committee. All persons connected with the government, including Secretary McAdoo and Secretary Tumulty, members of both houses and R. W. Bolling, a brother-in-law of the president, are specifically cleared of all suspicion.

GERMANY WARNS WORLD OFF OCEAN

Kaiser's Government Says That Final Period Of Grace Has Expired For Ships In Atlantic

NEW ORDERS ARE ISSUED

Hereafter Submarines Will Warn No Boats Found Anywhere In The Atlantic Ocean

Berlin.—The admiralty made the following announcement:

"On March 1 expired the final period of grace alotted for sailing ships in the Atlantic. From this date no special warning will be given to any boats by submarines."

No Yielding, Says Zimmermann

In his address in the reichstag in regard to the relations with the United States, Foreign Secretary Zimmermann related the circumstances of the attempt at continuing negotiations through the Swiss legation, and after saying it was easy to understand that the government endeavored to avoid everything which might cause war with America, continued:

"We examined the suggestion from the Swiss minister from the standpoint of these considerations. From the very outset we were absolutely certain that submarine warfare ought to be limited in no case and in no manner by concession on our part. Obviously our wish to come to an understanding with America can be accomplished only in the event that it is possible without conflict with our declaration of barred zones, which we are firmly decided to maintain against our enemies under all circumstances.

"It was only after long consideration that we decided to use our sharpest weapon. You know, of course, of our negotiations with America and of our honest and sincere peace offer and the jeering rebuke by our enemies. To our attempt at reconciliation our adversaries opposed their will to annihilate us and thus nothing was left us but to take up the last and best weapon.

Can't Help Neutral Suffering

"After we took this decision obviously no backward step was possible. We regret that neutrals have to suffer by it, but we cannot help that.

"From the standpoint of these considerations I said in my answer to America merely that Germany now as before, was ready to negotiate on condition that establishment of the barred zones against our enemies be not impaired. We only hinted at our readiness to enter more detailed negotiations with America in regard to the admission of passenger ships.

"The Swiss minister at Washington transmitted our communication," Secretary Zimmerman continued, "and thereupon received from Mr. Lansing a note in very polite terms. Mr. Lansing said he was authorized by President Wilson to say that the government of the United States would very gladly and willingly negotiate with Germany if Germany cancelled her decision of January 31. This being absolutely impossible the negotiations had to be considered as a failure before they really had been begun.

China May Enter Against Germany

Washington.—Success of negotiations looking to China's entrance into the war against the central powers, which are in progress at Pekin and in all the entente capitals, it was learned here, depends only upon the harmonizing of the rewards to be given China with the amount of co-operation demanded of her. It is regarded as probable that China will declare war on Germany if the entente will guarantee satisfactory relaxation of the restrictions imposed upon the eastern empire by the world powers after the Boxer troubles.

Liner La Touraine Eludes Submarines

New York.—The French line steamship La Touraine arrived here from Bordeaux with 278 passengers. No submarines were sighted, but the vessel's commander steered a tortuous course through the danger zone. For this reason the voyage took three days longer than usual. La Touraine left Bordeaux February 19.

German Proposal Not Sent To Japan

Tokio.—Japan has received no proposition from either Mexico or Germany directly or indirectly to join in a possible war against the United States, Viscount Motono, Japanese foreign minister, informed the press. Viscount Motono said he considered such an idea ridiculous, it being based on the outrageous presumption that Japan would abandon her allies. If Mexico received the proposal, Viscount Motono added, that country showed intelligence in not transmitting it to Japan.

"Bone Dry" Rider Up To President

Washington.—Without a roll call and with practically no debate, the senate adopted the conference report on the postal appropriation bill, which carries the Reed "bone dry" amendment, prohibiting the shipment of intoxicating liquors into states which forbid its sale and manufacture. The measure now goes to the president and prohibition champions prepared to send petitions to the white house because of the belief expressed in some quarters that the president might veto the bill.

ECONOMY AND BIGGER CROPS

Urged By Secretary Houston As Measure To Reduce Cost Of Living

Washington.—Greater food crops and the practice of household economies were urged by Secretary of Agriculture Houston as measures to help reduce the cost of living. American families, he estimated in a statement on the food situation, waste in their kitchens annually more than seven hundred million dollars' worth of edibles.

There is nothing in the situation, however, to justify hysteria, he declares, because there is no real shortage of food in this country.

Mr. Houston emphasized the importance of the food cost investigation directed by President Wilson, and held out hope that increased acreage this year may insure greater food supplies. Wheat and potatoes, he said, were unusually short last year, but there will be enough to supply very nearly normal needs.

The food problem cannot be solved—in the secretary's opinion—through price-fixing by the federal or state governments, but by "intelligent planting and constructive action in conjunction with the operation of normal forces."

Probe Urged Of Prices

Urging a full inquiry into the causes of advancing prices, he said:

"A full and satisfactory explanation of prevailing prices is not possible on the basis of existing knowledge. Where the food supply is located, who owns it, what may be the difficulties of securing it, whether the local market conditions are due to car shortage, whether there is artificial monopoly or control no one can state with certainty. It is essential that we have the facts not only because of the light they might throw on present condiions, but also because they are prerequisite for the working out of a permanent and just economical system of marketing. The investigation directed by the president ought to be made promptly and congress ought to give the federal trade commission and the department of agriculture the necessary funds."

Two Americans May Be Lost On Bark

London.—The British bark Galgorm Castle, whose destruction by a German submarine may have cost two American lives, was attacked without warning, according to dispatches received here from Cork. The U-boat appeared as the sailing vessel was nearing the Irish coast and began shelling her. Mrs. Crampton, wife of the captain, and one of the twelve survivors, landed at Cork, declared the submarine shelled two life-boats and was approaching the missing lifeboat when darkness settled. David Walker of Baltimore, a cook, and William Jackson, of New York, a seaman, were in the missing lifeboat. Henry Merritt, of Beaver Falls, Pa., and Harry Richardson, of Boston, who were rescued, after spending twelve hours in an open boat, expressed the belief that Walker and Jackson may have been taken aboard the U-boat as prisoners, or that their lifeboat was towed to some lonely spot along the coast. The report of the possible loss of two more American lives through U-boat operations reached London while the press was busy discussing the probable effect upon President Wilson's policy of the charges of the German's plotting in Japan and Mexico.

$37,500,000 Increase In Army Measure

Washington.—An increase of $37,500,000 to the army appropriation bill, was ordered by the senate military affairs committee in completing the revision of the measure which passed the house. As it will be reported to the senate the bill will carry $27,480,708, ten million dollars in excess of the amount carried in the existing law.

Losses By Submarines Amply Offset

New York.—Shipping destroyed since the war began, exclusive of war vessels, represents 10 per cent of the world's merchant marine as it existed on August 1, 1914, according to figures published. Construction of new ships has offset most of the losses sustained, it is stated

Law Not Sunk By Austrian U-Boat

Washington.—It has been officially established that the American sailing schooner Lyman M. Law was not sunk by an Austro-Hungarian submarine.

Carranza Forces Gain In Mexico

El Paso, Texas.—Carranza forces are slowly gaining control of northern Mexico, according to American travelers arriving at the border. They say General Francisco Murguia has gained control of the situation in the north and has undertaken problems of policing the state of Chihuahua, including the district evacuated by Pershing's punitive expedition. General Francisco Murguia is now in Chihuahua City reorganizing his forces for another campaign against Villa, after having defeated him at Jiminez.

British Driving To Take Bagdad

Paris.—The British are rapidly pushing their way up the Tigris river towards Bagdad. The latest official statement from London on the Tigris operations shows that from Kut-el-Amara General Maude's forces have pursued the Ottoman troops more than thirty miles west and northwest of Kut. This indicates an advance of some fifteen miles since the last report and places the British not more than 75 miles from Bagdad, their objective after forcing the Turks from Kut-el-Amara.

RAILROAD LOWERS SUGAR CANE RATE

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION ANNOUNCES BIG REDUCTION MADE BY C. OF GA.

AT THE STATE'S CAPITAL

Interesting News Budget of Happenings In Various Departments of State.

—Montgomery.

The Public Service Commission announced that an arrangement has been made with the Central of Georgia Railroad, whereby the freight rates on sugar cane by the car load lots are reduced from 35 to 40 per cent, being taken from the sixth class and placed in class D. Action on the matter was taken by the Commission at the request of farmers, who claimed that the sugar production of Alabama would be greatly increased if satisfactory rates were obtained.

State Renews Temporary Loan.

Governor Henderson has closed a deal in New York whereby the temporary loan of $300,000 permitted by the constitution has been renewed at a rate of interest greater than the rate paid last year. A warrant also has been issued for the payment of $500,000 to the National Park Bank of New York for state warrants which have been hypothecated there for several months. The amount under agreement due March 1 and the warrant was issued in order that it might be delivered at that time.

Report of Auditor is Made.

The annual report of the State Auditor for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1916, just issued, shows an excess of disbursements over receipts for the year of $422,719.37. Receipts amounted to $7,138,674.86, and disbursements to $7,561,394.23. At the close of the fiscal year the balance in the treasury was $83,358.34. The total amount of outstanding warrants for former year and fiscal year ending September 30, 1916, amounted to $2,422.06.

The excess of disbursements over receipts has been no customary occurrence in Alabama within recent years, for, according to a table supplied in the report, it is necessary to go back a year is reached when receipts equalled or exceeded disbursements. Of the twenty-nine years immediately preceding 1906, going back as far as 1877, nineteen show an excess of receipts over disbursements, while since 1906 none do.

The general statement follows:

By cash on hand October 1, 1915, $180,196.21 by cash from general receipts, 1916, $6,838.86; by cash, temporary loan, $300,000.00; outstanding warrannts October, 1915, $2,117.56; to warrants drawn during year 1916, $7,561,394.23; to cash on hand October 1, 1916, $83,358.34; by outstanding warrants October 1, 1916, $2,442,959.06. Totals, $9,731,830.13; $9,761,830.13.

Insurance Fees Foot Up $252,000.

The state insurance department, through Deputy Commissioner Frank P. Samford, certified $60,274.89 into the state treasury Tuesday from license collections. The state has received $252,000 since January 1. The insurance department is the greatest revenue producer the state has. Yast year the receipts were approximately $290,000, making, after expenses were paid, a total of about $250,000.

Property and Debt of the State.

The state owns property to the amount of $20,697,142.19. The capitol is valued at $1,800,000, the public schools at $8,768,745, state insane hospital at $1,093,000, normal schools at $2,432,156, university at $1,410,000, Alabama Polytechnic institute at $713,000, state prisons at $1,030,172.54 and sixteenes indemnity lands at $1,111,680. Including money borrowed from the state's educational institutions and the bonded indebtedness of $9,057,000, the state's total indebtedness, exclusive o fthe amount carried openly as a deficit, is $13,265,136.51, and the total interest on the indebtedness is $601,626.44 a year.

Poll Taxes Show Big Loss.

Alabama poll tax payments in the office of the State Auditor totaled $137,555, or $76,445 less than last year, when the total amount was $213,000. This decrease represents a loss to the public schools, since it is paid into the treasuries of the several counties from which collected for the support of the schools.

Counties Ask Federal Aid.

Seventeen counties have made application for federal aid in constructing stretches of highway. No project will be considered at an expenditure of less than $10,000 and each county will be expected to contribute a like sum.

Fourteen Animals Rabid.

Reports from the state laboratory show that 24 animals were examined for rabies during February, 14 being found rabid. One was a horse, the other dogs. Sixteen persons received treatment.

Evans Resigns From Board.

R. V. Evans, of Greensboro, has resigned from the State Normal School Board and John W. Durrough, om Montgomery, has been appointed by Governor Henderson to succeed him

WILSON PLEADS FOR NEW UNITY

OUTLINES "PLATFORM OF PURPOSE AND ACTION" IN HIS INAUGURAL ADDRESS.

STAND TOGETHER AMERICANS

Hope of Peace Is Theme of President's Speech at His Second Inauguration as President.

Washington. — Woodrow Wilson with the major part of the world at war and America poised on its verge, consecrated his second inauguration as President of the United States with a last message of hope for peace.

Standing in the shadows of the nation's capitol, with his face turned toward the eastern war-scared skies, the President renewed his oath of allegiance to the constitution, praying to God that he might be given wisdom and prudence to do his duty in the true spirit of the American people.

While trumpets blared and martial accoutrements rattled propheticaly about him, the President pictured the deep wrongs the United States patiently had borne in the conflict of other peoples without wishing to wrong or injure in return. Asserting that the tragedies of another continent had removed provicialism and made American citiens of the world and that the principles of this republic should be applied to a liberation of mankind, he resolutely voiced a determination that America, standing "firm in armed neutrality," must demonstrate her claim to a "minimum of right and freedom of action" in world affairs.

Peculiar interest and significance, in the light of his rebuke to senators who prevented passage of the armed neutrality bill, were attached to the President's assertion of this point. Even more interest and concern were aroused when he added:

"We may even be drawn on, by circumstances, not by our own purpose or desire, to a more active assertion of our rights as we see them and a more immediate association with the great struggle itself. But nothing will alter our thought or our purpose. We desire neither conquest nor advantage. We wish nothing that can be had only at the cost of another people. We have always professed unselfish purpose and we covet the opportunity to prove that our professions are sincere."

Making no attempt to review the legislative record of the last four years, the President said that this was no time for retrospect. The time was one to speak of thoughts and purposes for the immediate future. To be indifferent to the influence of the war upon America or independent of it, he said, was imposible, and he was firm in the conviction that the part this country wished to play in the vital turmoil was the part of those "who mean to vindicate and fortify peace."

Marshall's Address.

Vice President Marshall made his second inaugural address before the Senate—a statement of his creed of citizenship under a government for which, he said, "I ought to be willing to live or to die, as God decrees, that it may not perish off the earth through treachery within or through assault from without."

He said in part:

"I believe that the world now advancing and now retreating is nevertheless moving forward to a far-off divine event, wherein the tongues of Babel will again be blended in the language of a common brotherhood; and I believe that I can reach the highest ideal of my tradition and my lineage as an American—as a man, as a citizen and as a public official—when I judge my fellowmen without malice and with charity, when I worry more about my own motives and conduct and less about the motives and conduct of others. The time I am liable to be wholly wrong is when I know that I am absolutely right. In an individualistic republic, I am the unit of patriotism and if I keep myself keyed in unison with the music of the union, my fellowmen will catch the note and fall into time and step."

JUDGE PELHAM DEAD.

Well Known Jurist Passes Away After Lingering Illness.

Montgomery, Ala.—Judge John Pelham, a member of the Alabama court of apepals since that court was organized in 1911, died at a local hospital here after a lingering allness. His death followed an illness of several weeks and his condition has been such for the past 10 days that but little hope was held for his recovery.

His remains were taken to Anniston for burial.

Alleged Bomb Maker Arrested.

Hoboken, N. J.—With the arrest here of Fritz Kolb, a German, the authorities expressed the belief that they had frustrated a well developed plot to aid Germany by blowing up munition plants in this country engaged in turning out contracts for the entente allies. The police said they found in Kolb's room two bombs which, according to rumors that had reached them, were to be sent to President Wilson.

GOOD FRIEND TO WOMEN

That's What Mount Pleasant Lady Says Cardui Is and Tells What It Did for Her.

Mt. Pleasant, Tenn.—"As a girl I was always well and hearty," says Mrs. M. E. Rail, of this place. "I have always been accounted healthy. I never felt any trouble like . . . weakness until I came to the change of life. I was about forty-five when that began. I think I would have died had I not found out what a good friend to women Cardui is.

"I suffered a great deal. I had a number of fainting spells, and . . . would be obliged to lie in bed a week or two at a time. I never liked to lie in bed because it interfered so with my work. The swimming in my head was nearly continuous. I could not stoop down it would make me so dizzy. I think I used Cardui off and on for two or three years, using in that time about 8 or 10 bottles. I began to feel the improvement in health before I had taken one bottle, but kept on taking it until I got in perfect health.

"Had it not been for Cardui I know I would have been dead. . . . Now I am 62 years old, and weigh about 175, and am in the most perfect health."

Give Cardui a trial for your troubles. It should do for you what it has done for thousands of others.—Adv.

Everybody wants something for nothing, yet very few people are satisfied with things they get that way.

HIGH COST OF LIVING

This is a serious matter with housekeepers as food prices are constantly going up. To overcome this, cut out the high priced meat dishes and serve your family more **Skinner's Macaroni** and **Spaghetti**, the cheapest, most delicious and most nutritious of all foods. Write the Skinner Mfg. Co., Omaha, Nebr., for beautiful cook book, telling how to prepare it in a hundred different ways. It's free to every woman.—Adv.

Worse.

"It was cruel fate when even his hairdresser cut Smith's acquaintance."

"It was worse than cruel—it was barber-ous."

"CASCARETS" FOR LIVER, BOWELS

For sick headache, bad breath, Sour Stomach and constipation.

Get a 10-cent box now.

No odds how bad your liver, stomach or bowels; how much your head aches, how miserable and uncomfortable you are from constipation, indigestion, biliousness and sluggish bowels—you always get the desired results with Cascarets.

Don't let your stomach, liver and bowels make you miserable. Take Cascarets to-night; put an end to the headache, biliousness, dizziness, nervousness, sick, sour, gassy stomach, backache and all other distress; cleanse your inside organs of all the bile, gases and constipated matter which is producing the misery.

A 10-cent box means health, happiness and a clear head for months. No more days of gloom and distress if you will take a Cascaret now and then. All stores sell Cascarets. Don't forget the children—their little insides need a cleansing, too. Adv.

Faint Praise.

"Has he many bad habits?"

"He must have. All that I ever hear of him is that he's a good provider."—Detroit Free Press.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Inconsistency of Price.

"Rentals vary much in this apartment house."

"And yet they must be a flat rate."

ON FIRST SYMPTOMS

use "Renovine" and be cured. Do not wait until the heart organ is beyond repair. "Renovine" is the heart and nerve tonic. Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

His Change.

"This is a world of change."

"Yes; and, by the way, have you got any with you?"

The Quinine That Does Not Affect The Head

Because of its tonic and laxative effect, Laxative Bromo Quinine can be taken by anyone without causing nervousness or ringing in the head. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Satisfied.

"Does Brown owe you any money?"

"Not any more than I'm willing to pay for the privilege of not being bothered by him."

DEMOBILIZE STATE TROOPS IN APRIL

MONTGOMERY MAKING PREPARATIONS TO ENTERTAIN TROOPS ON ARRIVAL HOME.

COAL PRODUCTION HEAVY

If Continued at Present Rate, Production Will Be Over 20,000,000 Tons for 1917.

Montgomery.—The Alabama brigade will leave Nogales for the demobilization camp here about April 15, according to a message received by the Montgomery Chamber of Commerce from the war department. It had been thought the soldiers would be home soon after the first of April, but this telegram indicates that they will not return before about April 20.

The Chamber of Commerce is arranging for the entertainment of the soldiers when they arrive.

Coal Production Heavy.

Montgomery.—Coal production during first two months of year is on a basis of more than 20,000,000 tons for the year. This information came from the chief state mine inspector, C. H. Nesbitt, who asserts that in addition to a big production at all the larger coal mines of the district, there has been considerable temporary development put on foot, that is, mines have been opened with no intentions of permanency, but to get the coal out as quickly as possible. Figures are now in hand on the coal production in Alabama in 1916, which indicate that the total will go above 16,500,000 tons, the figure that was estimated on the close of the past year. It is not improbable that the total for 1916 may go to 17,000,000 tons. Coke production last year was around 4,000,000 tons, if not more, and 6,000,000 tons is an estimate made for this year. About five fatal accidents are noted for the past month.

Mobile Gets 1917 Bankers' Meet.

Montgomery. — Official announcement was made that the state convention of the State Bankers' association will be held in Mobile May 10, 11 and 12. Mobile is making preparations to entertain the bankers, the attendance at the convention this year expected to be much larger than usual. The officers of the state association are: C. E. Thomas, Prattville, president; J. Kirk Jackson, Montgomery, vice president; H. T. Bartlett, Montgomery, secretary-treasurer.

Bankers to Meet March 14.

Montgomery.—Group No. 2, Alabama Bankers' association, will meet in Birmingham March 14, according to announcement made. Thomas Bowron is vice president for this group, which includes Jefferson, Tuscaloosa, Walker, Talladega, Etowah, Calhoun and several other counties. A large attendance is expected. A strong program has been arranged, and special entertainment will be provided for the visitors. Group No. 1, Thomas A. Bowles, vice president, will meet at New Decatur March 13. Group No. 3, W. H. Hubbard, vice president, will meet at Montgomery March 15. Group No. 4, J. S. Crum vice president, will meet at Brewton March 16.

Iron at $30 Per Ton.

Birmingham.—An inquiry was received in Birmingham this week by one of the prominent manufacturers for a round tonnage of ron, delivery during the first half of 1918, on a basis of $30 per ton, standard reckoning, No. 2 foundry. Other reports of inquiries for iron for delivery during the first half of the year are announced though concessions are being sought. Announcement that iron prices had reached $26 per ton, No. 2 foundry, is followed with the statement that there is but little iron to be had for second quarter delivery this year, and that, with but one or two exceptions, manufacturers are holding off the market, expecting still better prices.

G. A. R. Veterans Meet.

Birmingham.—The twentieth annual encampment of the department of Alabama, Grand Army of the Republic, was held in Birmingham March 8, and was attended by Commander in Chief William J. Patterson of Pittsburg of the G. A. R. General Patterson is one of the most prominent insurance men in the country.

Thieves Rob Prison.

Birmingham.—Unidentified persons entered the store rooms of the Southside stockade and made their getaway with 46 24-pound sacks of flour, over 100 pounds of white meat, three sacks of feed and six 50-pound sacks af meal.

Dr. Anderson Buried.

Auburn.—Funeral services for Dr. James T. Anderson, chemist at the Alabama experiment station since 1888, died at his home, were held at the Methodist church. Dr. Anderson was born near Hopkinsville, Ky., in December, 1850. He graduated at Washington and Lee university and later took the degree Ph. D. at Vanderbilt university. He also studied at the University of Berlin, Germany, and taught chemistry at Central college, Fayette, Mo. From that college he came to Auburn.

Short Courses in Farm Work Given.

Auburn.—For nine weeks a number of the members of the staff of the extension service at Auburn has been engaged in holding meetings of three days each for the benefit of the boys who belong to the corn and pig clubs. With the closing of the meeting in Centerville, Bibb County, on March 3, these meetings will have been held in 18 counties. They are held at the same time and place as the Teachers' Institutes. Such meetings have thus far been held in the counties of Morgan, Jefferson, Walker, Franklin, Clay, Randolph, Cherokee, DeKalb, Lamar, Marion, Lee, Coosa, Tallapoosa, Macon, Crenshaw, Dale and Pike.

Clean-Up Week Planned.

Gadsden.—Clean-up week in Gadsden will be earlier this year than last, according to the statement of Mayor W. P. Johnson, and of leaders of civic work. The Alabama Federation of Women's Clubs has set April 2 to 7 as clean-up week and Mayor Johnson had been asked to issue a proclamation setting that week aside as clean-up week. Civic leaders here favor an earlier date as more effective work can be done then. Mayor Johnson probably will issue a proclamation soon setting a date a week or two earlier than the date set by the federation.

Still Is Destroyed.

Gadsden.—J. H. Glass, Walter Glass and T. L. Layton were arrested by Deputy United States Marshal T. S. Lipsley in the mountains of St. Clair county, charged with operating a moonshine still. When tried before United States Commissioner Pickard the trio were bound over to the Federal grand jury. The still was located near Bethany church. It was a 60-gallon outfit, and 750 gallons of beer was destroyed with the still.

Walks 28 Miles to Court.

Mobile.—James E. Quinley of Conecuh county, was fined $100 and 30 days in the Conecuh county jail on the charge of illicit distilling. Quinley failed to arrive in court early in the day, and a forfeture of bond was taken against him. He appeared as court was about to close for the day and told the court that hewalked 28 miles in order to answer to the charge. For that reason Judge Ervin made his sentence light.

Gadsden Plant Can Make Armor.

Gadsden.—If the Gulf States Steel company were given a contract to furnish armor plate steel the Gadsden plant of thec ompany could be making the armor plate of the required analysis within 30 days with its present equipment and force. This was the statement made to the armor plate plant locating board by C. A. Moffett, vice president of the Gulf States Steel company.

Judge Williams Dies of Old Age.

Tuscaloosa.—Judge Bedford H. Williams, aged 96, died here. He was probate judge of Tuscaloosa county for two terms, and of Fayette county for three terms, serving there during the Civil war. He was believed to be the oldest man in west Alabama. He was ill for a few weeks with grip and succumbed to complications from old age.

Negro Arrested in Ohio.

Anniston.—A search that has extended over a large part of the United States has resulted in the arrest at Newark, Ohio, of Charley Williams, a negro, who is now in jail here, charged with the murder of C. H. Wakefield, an Oxford merchant, who was fatally injured by a blow on the head November 23.

Dothan to Entertain.

Montgomery. — The Chamber of Commerce and Rotary clubs will accompany Alcazar Temple, Shriners, on the trip to Dothan, March 29, when a big ceremonial will be staged in the Houston county metropolis. An elaborate program of entertainment has been prepared for the visitors in Dothan.

Light Plant to Be Sold.

Roanoke.—The municipal electric light plant will be sold to the Alabama Power company and the city will be supplied by them. This was decided by a vote of thec itizens when not more than 12 opposition votes were placed against the deal. It is thought that as a result of the action a number of industries will be located here.

Randolph to Vote on Tax.

Roanoke—The commissioners' court of Randolph county has ordered an election to be held May 21 to give the voters an opportunity to decide whether they will levy the extra 2 mills school tax.

Painter Falls to Death.

Mobile.—Frank Etesch, a painter of Chicago, employed at work on a big tank of the Cuban Molasses company, was killed here. He fell from a scaffold 50 feet high and was badly crushed.

Father of 28 Given Leniency.

Mobile.—Judge R. T. Ervin of the United States court, southern district of Alabama, showed leniency to Elish Aaron, father of 28 children. Aaron lives with his family in Conecuh county, Alabama. His attorney asked that his case be continued, saying: "Your honor, my client is the father of 28 children; 20 by his second wife. I think he should be given some leniency." The prosecuting attorney concurred and Judge Ervin granted the continuance.

German Plot Against United States

Berlin's Order to Its Mexico City Minister to Form a German-Mexican-Japanese Alliance Against the United States if the Break Came Between the Kaiser's Government and Washington.

Washington.—Following is the text of the instructions sent by German Foreign Minister Zimmermann at Berlin to Minister von Eckhardt in Mexico City, ordering the latter to propose to Carranza the projected alliance between Germany, Japan and Mexico:

"Berlin, Jan. 19, 1917.—On the 1st of February we intend to begin submarine warfare unrestricted. In spite of this it is our intention to endeavor to keep neutral the United States of America.

"If this attempt is not successful we propose an alliance on the following basis with Mexico: That we shall make war together and together make peace. We shall give general financial support, and it is understood that Mexico is to reconquer the lost territory in New Mexico, Texas, and Arizona. The details are left to you for settlement.

"You are instructed to inform the president of Mexico of the above in the greatest confidence as soon as it is certain that there will be an outbreak of war with the United States and suggest that the president of Mexico, on his own initiative, should communicate with Japan suggesting adherence at once to this plan; at the same time, offer to mediate between Germany and Japan.

"Please call to the attention of the president of Mexico that the employment of ruthless submarine warfare now promises to compel England to make peace in a few months.

"ZIMMERMANN."

GERMANY URGED MEXICO AND JAPS TO FIGHT AMERICA

Teutonic Intrigue Against U. S. Shown in Official Document Held by Wilson.

PLAN TO RECONQUER STATES

Kaiser's Foreign Minister Offered Carranza Financial Support in Attempt to Regain Texas, New Mexico and Arizona—President Has Copy of Instructions Outlining Details of Gigantic Plot.

Washington, March 3. — Senator Swanson of Virginia announced in the senate today that he had been authorized by the president to state the Zimmermann note of January 19, 1917, inviting Mexico to join Germany in war against the United States as published this morning was textually correct.

Washington, March 3.—The Western Newspaper Union was enabled to reveal last Friday morning that Germany, in planning unrestricted submarine warfare and counting its consequences, proposed an alliance with Mexico and Japan to make war on the United States if this country should not remain neutral.

Japan, through Mexican mediation, was to be urged to abandon her allies and join in the attack on the United States.

Mexico, for her reward, was to receive general financial support from Germany, reconquer Texas, New Mexico and Arizona—lost provinces—and share in the victorious peace terms Germany contemplated.

Details of the Plot.

Details were left to German Minister von Eckhardt in Mexico City, who by instructions signed by German Foreign Minister Zimmermann at Berlin January 19, 1917, was directed to propose the alliance with Mexico to General Carranza and suggest that Mexico seek to bring Japan into the plot.

These instructions were transmitted to Von Eckhardt through Count von Bernstorff, former German ambassador here, now on his way home to Germany under a safe conduct obtained from his enemies by the country against which he was plotting war.

Pictures World Dominion.

Germany pictured to Mexico by broad intimation England and the entente allies defeated; Germany and her allies triumphant and in world domination by the instrument of unrestricted warfare.

A copy of Secretary Zimmermann's instructions to Von Eckhardt, sent through Von Bernstorff, is in possession of the United States government.

The document has been in the hands of the government since President Wilson broke off diplomatic relations with Germany. It has been kept secret while the president has been asking congress for full authority to deal with Germany, and while congress has been hesitating. It was in the president's hands while Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg was declaring that the United States had placed an interpretation on the submarine declaration "never intended by Germany" and that Germany had promoted and honored friendly relations with the United States "as an heirloom from Frederick the Great."

Of itself, if there were no other, it is considered a sufficient answer to the German chancellor's plaint that the United States "brusquely" broke off relations without giving "authentic" reasons for its action.

The document supplies the missing link to many separate chains of circumstances, which until now have seemed to lead to no definite point.

It sheds new light upon the frequently reported but indefinable movements of the Mexican government to couple its situation with the friction between the United States and Japan.

It adds another chapter to the celebrated report of Jules Cambon, French ambassador in Berlin before the war, of Germany's world-wide plans for stirring strife on every continent where they might aid her in the struggle for world domination which she dreamed was close at hand.

It adds a climax to the operations of Count von Bernstorff and the German embassy in this country, which have been colored with passport frauds, charges of dynamite plots and intrigue, the full extent of which never has been published.

Emphasizes Our Perils.

It gives new credence to persistent reports of submarine bases on Mexican territory in the Gulf of Mexico; it takes cognizance of a fact long recognized by American army chiefs, that if Japan ever undertook to invade the United States it probably would be through Mexico, over the border and into the Mississippi valley to split the country in two.

It recalls that Count von Bernstorff when handed his passports was very reluctant to return to Germany, but expressed a preference for asylum in Cuba.

It gives a new explanation to the repeated arrests on the border of men charged by American military authorities with being German intelligence agents.

Last of all, it seems to show a connection with General Carranza's recent proposal to neutrals that exports of food and munitions to the entente allies be cut off, and an intimation that he might stop the supply of oil, so vital to the British navy, which is exported from the Tampico fields.

What Will Congress Do?

What congress will do, and how members of congress who openly have sympathized with Germany in their opposition to clothing the president with full authority to protect American rights will regard the revelation of Germany's machinations to attack the United States is the subject of the keenest interest.

Such a proposal as Germany instructed her minister to make to Mexico borders on an act of war, if, actually, it is not one.

No doubt exists here now that the persistent reports during the last two years of the operations of German agents not alone in Mexico but all through Central America and the West Indies are based on fact.

There is now no doubt whatever that the proposed alliance with Mexico was known to high Mexican officials who are distinguished for their anti-Americanism. Among them are Rafael Zubaran, Carranza's minister to Germany, and Luis Cabrera, Carranza's minister of finance.

The Hand of Mexico.

It is apparent that the proposal had taken definite form when Zubaran returned to Mexico City from Berlin recently. His return from his foreign post was covered by the fact that Carranza had called in many of his diplomats for "conferences."

It was declared by a high Japanese authority on Wednesday night that if the German proposal of an alliance ever reached Tokyo it was regarded as merely a new ebullition of German "kultur" and that it was thrown in the wastebasket where it belonged.

He asserted no such proposal had been made to the embassy here and that if it had been no attention would have been paid to it.

He said: "The whole idea was absolutely preposterous."

In order to make an alliance with Germany, he added, it would be necessary for Japan to break from the allies and negotiate a separate peace with the Teutonic powers. But above all that, he said, the Japanese sincerely desired friendly relations with the United States.

A Mother's Burden

A mother who suffers kidney trouble, finds it hard to keep up her daily work. Lameness, backache, sharp pains when stooping and "blue", nervous or dizzy spells, make home life dreary. Active kidneys bring back vigor, health and a pleasure in family duties. If the kidneys are weak try a box of Doan's Kidney Pills.

An Alabama Case



"Every Picture Tells a Story"

Mrs. David Gibson, 610 W. Fourteenth St., Anniston, Ala., says: "My back ached constantly and nights I was restless and nervous. Mornings I felt stiff and lame. One of my limbs swelled twice normal size and pained me intensely. I was dizzy at times and my sight blurred. Doan's Kidney Pills restored me to good health and I have had little cause for complaint since."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

In China and Japan men and women of all classes, callings and professions, carry fans.

YOU MAY TRY CUTICURA FREE

That's the Rule—Free Samples to Anyone Anywhere.

We have so much confidence in the wonderful soothing and healing properties of Cuticura Ointment for all skin troubles supplemented by hot baths with Cuticura Soap that we are ready to send samples on request. They are ideal for the toilet.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Explanation.

"James, what's the meaning of this they call the Pan-American policy?"

"Just like a woman's stupidity to ask such a question. Americans are getting panned all right, ain't they?"

"MOTORISTS' PROBLEM SOLVED."

Automobiles that have lost their luster, become shabby looking, or rusty, can be re-enameled to look like a new car by applying a coat of BLAXSHINE, the new, black, flexible Auto enamel. Dries over night. Enough BLAXSHINE for one car is put in a package with complete outfit for applying and your initials in gold. Price per package, $2.85 delivered. Write for folder and sample of work. Satisfaction guaranteed. Twin City Varnish Company, 340 River St., Chicago, Ill. Established 30 years.—Adv.

DOG SAVES LIFE OF A BABY

Warns Mother When the Infant Falls Into a Millrace at Portland, Ore.

Mrs. Ben Gehlen dived into the millrace which runs past her home in Portland, Ore., and rescued her two-year-old son, who was being swept down the stream, when the boy's dog, with which he was at play, warned her of the child's danger.

The mother noticed the dog running frantically up and down the bank of the stream and barking. She rushed to the ditch to investigate and found the boy being carried away by the current. The boy suffered little, but the mother has been ill since from the shock.

Instantaneous!

"I am tired to death," declared Mrs. Younghusband, as she reached home from town the other evening.

"What's the matter?" asked her husband.

"Been having the baby's portrait taken. They have a way of taking them instantaneously now, you know."

"How long were you at it?"

"Three hours and a half."

This is said to be a woman's age, yet women have little to say about their age.

Children do many things they shoudn't, but so do grownups.

Old Fashioned Ideas

are being supplanted daily by newer and better things. This is particularly true where health and efficiency are concerned.

In hundreds of thousands of homes where coffee was formerly the table drink, you will now find

POSTUM

It promotes health and efficiency, and the old time nerve-frazzled coffee drinker soon gives place to the alert, clear-thinker who drinks delicious Postum and knows

"There's a Reason"

No change in price, quality or size of package.

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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

After July 1st you can't order a "drap." We hear some "prohis" already singing "How Dry I Am."

One fellow says he is a "prohi" all right, but he believes that "bone dry" is going to be a most too d——n dry.

Study about the bond issue from now to April 16th and be prepared to vote intelligently on the proposi-

"If any man hauls down the American flag, shoot him on the spot." Thus spake John A. Dix. The German governor of Brussels never heard of him.

If those Democrats in Congress had consented for La Follett to deliver that speech he had packed up in his head he might have consented to vote on the armed neutrality bill.

Remember that the bond issue does not mean making a new debt on the county. It is the means of getting the old debt already made, in a shape where it will not take all the income of the county to pay the interest each year.

Millions For Tribute

The extra session of the Senate means that time will be taken for the consideration of the Colombian treaty —which calls for a payment of $15,000,000 from the treasury of the United States and an apology for our enterprise in building the Panama Canal. The President has argued that this will bring us friends. It is far more likely to invite other international blackmailers to demand tribute from us.

April 16th has been set by the commissioners Court as the day when the people of Chilton county will vote on the proposed bond issue to take care of the county debt.

It is the opinion of The Banner that in calling for the vote of the people on this matter the commissioners are working to the fulfillment of their promises, viz: The best and safest solution of the financial condition of our county. We believe that if the voters will study the conditions thoroughly they will readily see that the issuance of bonds is the best that can be done under the circumstances.

The commissioners want to do the best they can for the county. They have given careful consideration to the matter, and candidly decided what is the best course.

Now they are asking the people to sanction their opinions and give them the authority to proceed.

If the people object, then they are at the end of the row. If the people approve, then the court can proceed further with their work of preserving the roads and bridges of the county as necessity demands.

ORGANIZATION OF THE HOUSE

The committee named by the Republican caucus to take steps to insure a Republican organization of the next House of Representatives is proceeding actively to the accomplishment of that highly desirable purpose. Congressman Madden of Illinois, the chairman of the committee, is not only an experienced and courageous legislator, but he is in addition a thorough-going Republican and fully imbued with the principles of the forward movement in American politics which can make itself effective only through the agency of the Republican party. At the Chicago convention last June Mr. Madden gave frequent and adequate evidence of the liberal tendencies of his political programme and he contributed not a little toward the complcted action of the convention which drew so many of the former progressives back into their old party affiliations.

He will do no less with his present problem. The powers of his committee are ample and we fully expect to see the efforts of Mr. Madden and his associates crowned with complete success and the next House doing business under a Republican organization.

A HIGH SCHOOL DORMITORY

A plan is now being devised for the securing of means to erect a dormitory for girls in connection with the Chilton County High School at Clanton.

The enterprise is indeed most commendable; one upon which our citizens can well afford to spend their very best efforts. There are many girls in our county who ought to be in the high school here, but cannot, owing to various hindrances of one kind an another.

The erection of a dormitory in connection with the school would mean the removal of the greatest barrier that lies between these girls and the advantages of training and education in the school.

Our High School has already gained distinction in the state educational system by its auxiliary activities, and the addition of a dormitory would give us the lead among that class of institutions, in a line of advancement that could not be surpassed in real value to girls of the county.

You will hear much more about the movement as time goes on. Let us appeal to you here and now to get ready to do your part in heping it to success.

Remember that when you help the high school you are helping the boys and girls of our county.

You, as a citizen, whoever you are, should not entertain one moments hesitation to act your part, freely and well.

White Leghorns and White Wyandottes.

THE BUSINESS BREEDS

The right kind of poultry will help you solve the boll weevil problem. My hens have the laying habit bred into them, by selecting heavy layers and the sons of heavy layers to breed from year after year. To be profitable poultry must be bred to lay.

Hatching eggs from choice selected matings $1.25 per 15. A few eggs from the very best at $1.50 per 15.

DR. O. C. MASTIN
Thorsby, Ala.

"THE SYLACAUGA NEWS."

The initial number of "The Sylacauga News" has reached our exchange table, and it is such a creditable newspaper that we feel inclined to hand our friend "Vic" May a little bouquet. "Vic" has been promising for a long time that he would some day publish a newspaper in Sylacauga that would properly gauge the progress and possibilities of the little "Marble City" and now he has done so, and Sylacauga is in the future, going to pace up if it lives at the gait set by the "News."

The city of Sylacauga, its people, and the people of the surrounding country will appreciate such a newspaper as "The Sylacauga News." And indeed has its producer just cause to be proud of his production.

We are glad to see Bro. May and the "News" open up with such a splendid showing, and hope they will always find a success waiting to crown their meritorious efforts.

The "News" will be issued weekly from the press of May's Print Shop.

We've Got 'Em Beat

"The Sylacauga News" speaking of the drug stores in that town says: "Sylacauga has a decided edge on most cities of our size along the drug store line."

We invite Editor May of The News to come down to Clanton and let us show him what is really the finest small-city drug store in Alabama. And incidentally we will show him the best equipped and most up-to-date hotel he can find in a town of our size in the state. If you don't believe it brother, just "ax" some of the people who have been here and seen for themselves.

A good treatment for a cold settled in the lungs is a HERRICK'S RED PEPPER PORUS PLASTER applied to the chest to draw out inflamation, and BALLARD'S HORE-HOUND SYRUP to relax tightness. You get the two remedies for the price of one by buying the dollar size Horehound Syrup; there is a porus plaster free with each bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

CIRCUIT COURT DATES

Second Monday in February, and continue two weeks (Jury cases.)

Second Monday in April, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

Second Monday in June, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

Second Monday in August and continue two weeks (Jury ceses.)

Second Monday in October, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

Second Monday in December, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

The Grand Jury will be organized on the Second Monday in February, and Second Monday in August.

The Equity docket will be called on the second Monday in April, and the Second Monday in June, the Second Monday in October and the First Monday in December.

County Court

The regular term of County or Probate Court is held on the first Monday of each month of the year.

Commissioners Court

The regular sessions of the Commissioners Court of Chilton County is held on the following dates:

The second Monday in February.
The first Monday in April.
The second Monday in August.
The first Monday in November.

Which Way Are They Blowing?

One day you see the Democratic daily newspapers praising Wilson for not plunging into war with Germany. Then the next day they are bitterly ridiculing La Follette for preventing the President from arming ships to combat the Germans on the high seas.

They blame one man for preventing Wilson from doing something, which the day before they praise Wilson for not doing. It looks to us like a funny argument.

J. H. Martin of Jemison Route 3, was in Clanton Wednesday on business. He thinks the fruit was killed this week.

Burleson Bilked

In a few of the larger cities of the United States, there is maintained what is known as the pneumatic tube service, by which first class mail is sent in small packages by underground conduit from one part of the city to another. New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, Baltimore and St. Louis have such service, and it greatly expediates the handling of mail, not only locally but in placing on board out-going trains. Postmaster General Burleson recommended that the service be discontinued and that he be allowed an increased appropriation for automobiles. When the House of Representatives renewed the appropriation, Burleson wanted the matter left in his hands to make terms with the tube company, which would mean that he would make terms they could not accept. The Senate not only stood by the appropriation but added a clause directing the postmaster general to renew the contract for a year.

Congress could not have acted more wisely. For a number of years the head of the postoffice department has been assuming more and more dictatorial power, doing some things that Congress refused to give it power to do and ignoring the clear intent of legislative enactments. The Constitution made Congress the sole legislative body and it is gratifying and reassuring to observe that Congress proposes to be recognized as such. Failure in this respect would constitute abdiction of power and consequent increase of bureaucracy with all its attendnnt evils and dangers.

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed whereby I, as Sheriff of said County, was commanded to make the sum of One hundred seventy-one & 36-100 Dollars, principal and interest, and Eight & 10-100 Dollars, costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the Spring Term, 1917, of said Court of said County, Alabama, in favor of Carolina Portland Cement Co. against E. Hopkins, I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the Court House door of said County, between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., on Monday the 9th day of April 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named E. Hopkins in and to the following described real estate, viz:

That tract of land bounded and described as follows: Begin at a beginning point which is south 27 degrees, east 7 feet, from another point which other point is west 28 degrees south 40 feet from the southwest corner of Lot No. 8, in Block No. 18, according to the map of P. D. Wilson's addition to the City of Clanton, Ala., and from said beginning point thus found and established, run thence west 28 degrees, south 175 feet, thence south 28 degrees, east 150 feet, thence east 28 degrees, north 175 feet, thence north about 27 degrees, west 150 feet to said beginning point, and containing one-half acre, more or less, and being situated in the north-west fourth of the south-east fourth, Sec. 35, Tp. 22, Range 14, East, in the Town of Clanton.

Sale to be made subject to mortgage executed on the 8th day of July 1912, by Elias Hopkins and wife, Alvira Ann Hopkins, to Guy Higgins, recorded in Book of Mortgages 121, page 554, on which said mortgage there is now due about $1,800.00.

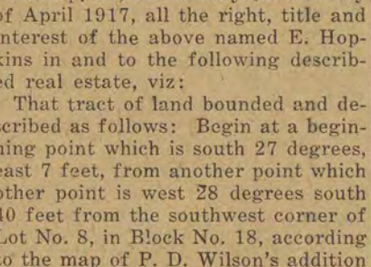
This 6th day of March 1917.

H. A. HARRIS,
Sheriff.

Posted at Cuort House door 6th day of March, 1917.

Don't forget your Subscription.

BUCKEYE INCUBATOR



It hatches more Chicks and Better Chicks.

L. D. Popwell

White Leghorns and Plymouth Rocks—Eggs to sell

Special BARGAIN Days

We are now offering many special Bargain prices on our entire stock of General Merchandise. We want to move a lot of goods right away to make room for a lot of Spring and Summer goods which will arrive in a few weeks. Come to see us. We will save you $'s.

Clanton Mercantile Company

"The Big Bargain Store."

TONOLINE IS BEAUTY AID, ANNOUNCES SPECIALIST

Mildred Louise Talk of Interest to Women.

As health is a first aid to beauty this story, told by Mildred Louise, beauty specialist, of Boston, Mass., is of unusal interest.

"I can recommend no better health giver than tonoline," said Mildred Louise.

"I was for many months a victim of stomach trouble and nervousness. I had suffered terribly from pains that followed eating. Headaches would also add to my worries. Poor digestion finally brought on nervousness.

"Relief came, however, when I took the advice of several women who said, "Take tonoline.'

"Not long after I started the tonoline treatment, my patrons began to remind me of the improvement in my condition. And because health is the quickest way to beauty, the improvement was particularly noticeable in in my face.

"What tonoline really did for me I cannot say. I am so grateful that I am very willing to reccommend tonoline publicly."

Tonoline is a purely vegetable preparation which goes to the seat of common maladies—stomach and kidney troulble, catarrhal affections of the mucous membranes, liver ailments and impurities of the blood—and quickly restores proper action. Tonoline is being explained daily to many people at your druggist.

Notice:—As tonoline is a wonderful flesh builder it should not be taken by anyone not wishing to increase his weight ten pounds or more. Although many reports are received from those who have been benefitted by tonoline in severe cases of stomach trouble and nervous dyspepsia, chronic constipation, etc.

—50c BOX FREE—

FREE TONOLINE COUPON
American Proprietory Co.,
Boston, Mass.

Send me by return mail a 50c box of your celebrated flesh builder. I enclose 10c to help pay postage and packing.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF COUNTY SUPT. EDUCATION

Notice is hereby given that on March 29th, 1917, the County Board of Education will appoint a county suerintendent of education for Chilton County for a term of two years, and any one who wishes to make application for the position may do so in person or writing on that date.

Wm.J. BILLINGSLEY, Chm.
W. T. BEAN, Secretary.

TRESPASS NOTICES

We have on hand for sale, Trespass notices suitable for posting land.

THE UNION-BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in Hopkins Bldg.
Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women & Surgery
CLANTON, ALA.

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

F. B. COLLIER
Attorney at Law
Office in the Johnson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

Announcing

Our formal showing and exhibition of

New fashions, Spring 1917

Wednesday, March 14th.

It is with pleasure that we invite the public to this year's display of the Spring styles in Millinery, Suits and Dresses. Never before has so much care and thought been given to the selection of your early Spring and Summer Apparel. The result is outstanding individuality and distinctiveness, combined with good taste adaptable to the needs and requirements of all our customers.

Interesting and delightfully pleasing will be the display of merchandise in store and windows All suits and dresses fitted.

One Price to All

Elmore's
LADIES & GENTS FURNISHINGS

CASH TO ALL

Next Wednesday
March 14th, 1917.
Remember It.



FOR SALE OR TRADE

One good five-passenger, 1916 Maxwell car, electric lights, self-starter, new tires. Car is in first class running order. Will sell, or trade for pair of heavy mules. Apply to Fred Henley, at Maplesville, or G. O. McKee, Clanton.

WANT SWEET POTATOES

I want to buy your sweet potatoes and syrup. Will pay $1.00 a bushel for potatoes. Write me what you have to sell. J. W. HAND, Ensley, Ala., Route 1. 3-1-3t.

SHOE SHOP

I HAVE OPENED UP A SHOE AND HARNESS REPAIR SHOP AT THE BROWN OLD STAND IN THE KICKER BUILDING, AND AM PREPARED TO DO THE BEST CLASS OF WORK AT THE MOST REASONABLE PRICES. YOUR WORK IS SOLICITED UNDER A POSITIVE GUARANTEE OF SATISFACTION IN BOTH PRICES AND WORKMANSHIP.

Jim Huckabee

DEATHS

W. M. WOOD

Last Monday morning, as he was at work in his field, Mr. W. M. Wood was stricken with paralysis, from which he never recovered. Death relieved him of his suffering on Thursday morning. He was buried at Liberty Hill Friday, Revs. W. P. Lowery and S. M. Adams conducting funeral.

The deceased was 65 years old and leaves a wife.

MRS. A. L. WILLIAMS

The wife of Mr. A. L. Williams, who lives in Samaria community, died last week, and was buried at Samaria. Rev. W. J. Armstrong conducted the funeral services.

CARD OF THANKS

I wish to thank the good people of Liberty Hill community for their kind attention and assistance during the illness and death of my husband, W. M. Wood. May God bless and reward you all is my humble prayer.

MRS. GEORGIA WOOD

COTTON SEED FOR SALE

I have for sale about twelve bushels of King Improved Early Variety Cotton Seed. W. M. WYATT, at Banner office, Clanton, Ala.

Half Your Living Without Money Cost

A right or wrong start in 1917 will make or break most farmers in the South. We are all facing a crisis. This war in Europe puts things in such uncertainty that no man can foresee the future with any degree of clearness.

The sure and certain increase in cotton acreage means lower cotton prices next fall. Cost of all food and grain products is high, so high that no one can afford to buy and expect to pay out with cotton.

It's a time above all others to play safe; to produce all possible food, grain and forage supplies on your own acres; to cut down the store bill.

A good piece of garden ground, rightly planted, rightly tended and kept planted the year round, can be made to pay half your living. It will save you more money than you made on the best five acres of cotton you ever grew!

Hastings' 1917 Seed Book tells all about the right kind of a money saving garden and the vegetables to put in it. It tells about the field crops as well and shows you the clear road to real farm prosperity. It's Free. Send for it today to H. G. HASTINGS CO., Atlanta, Ga.—Advt.

NOTICE

Local Unions will take notice that the County Union will meet with Collins Chapel Local No. 223 on Friday and Saturday, March16-17, 1917.

Those coming by rail will be met at Thorsby on first day. Notify H. C. Vance, Clanton, Ala. Route 4.

First day will be public. Speakers will be present to discuss farm problems that are difficult for the ordinary farmer to solve.

We want the co-operation of all who are interested in better farming.

J. M. SMITH,
County Sec.

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week ending March 3rd. 1917.

Ladies.

Laura Shipman
Fosie Smith
M. R. DuBose
Peat Kinder
Ella Buggs
M. E. Carr

Gentlemen.

H. A. Mims
George Wells
Terry Marcus
A. R. Holt
Coy Hicks
A. G. Hicks
J. D. Dennis
J. S. Williams
L. D. Crew.

These letters will be sent to the Dead Letter Office March 17th, 1917 if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "Advertised," giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON,
P. M.

FOR SALE—Oliver Typewriter; latest model; only used two months. Paid $100.00 for it, first $40.00 cash gets it. Call and see it.

L. D. POPWELL,
Clanton, Ala.

Pure Bred Duroc Jerseys

Pigs, both sexes. Service boar Bred Gilts. Barred Plymouth Rock Chickens, the Thompson Strain. Eggs in season.

W. Y. NIX, Maplesville, Ala.

UNION GROVE

As it has been some time since I have seen anything from this community will write a short piece.

Health here is very good except the bad colds and lagrippe. Mr. Vinzant has been on the sick list for some time but is some better.

Grandma Dorminey is visiting her sister in Georgia. She is expecting to remain there until summer.

Mr. Alonzo Shrader and family of Shelby spent a few days last week with the latter's parents.

Mr. Jerome Honeycutt and family of Pleasant Grove are spending a few days with Mr. E. Vinzant.

Mr. Bernie Littlefield and wife spent Saturday night with Mr. Manuel Littlefield and wife.

Mr. G. W. Murrah and wife spent Thursday night with Mr. L. F. Littlefield and wife.

Misses Bessie and Lessie Robinson are spending a few days with their friends in this community, but will return to their home in Clanton in a few days.

Misses Bessie and Lessie Robinson, Bertha Conway and Irene Collum spent Wednesday night with Miss Hattie Honeycutt.

Messrs. Burnie Williams and Vester Rodgers were visitors in this community Thursday night.

Mr. T. J. Dorminey and W. H. Conway went to Birmingham Saturday night.

Miss Bertha Conway left Saturday afternoon for Moundville where she will spend a few days with her sister.

Miss Olive Robinson spent Sunday with Miss Mattie Dorminey.

Miss Orelle Robinson spent Sunday afternoon with Miss Mollie Vinzant.

Miss Bessie Chandler spent Sunday afternoon with Miss Lessie Vinzant.

The concert at this place Saturday night was fine. We had good music from Thorsby.

The literary school will last three weeks longer.

We are sorry that Miss McMae McNeal left us Sunday, we will miss her very much.

Some of the young people visited Miss Mae Dorminey Sunday.

Mrs. J. H. Marler has been spending a few days with her daughter in Billingsley.

Miss Maude Bratton spent Wednesday evening with Miss Mae Dorminey.

Every body is invited to Sunday school and preaching at this place next Sunday.

Our Sunday school is progressing nicely.

With much success to the Union-Banner and its many readers.

A pain in the side or back that catches you when you straighten up calls for a rubbing aplication of BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It relaxes the contracted muscles and permits ordinary bodily motion without suffering or inconvenience. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchuch Drug Co.

EX-LEGISLATOR IS OUT WITH THE FACTS

"Tanlac Has Certainly Done Great Things for Me" Says A. J. Skidmore.

"This Tanlac has certainly done great things for me," said A. J. Skidmore, of Winchester, Tenn., in a recent statement regarding the benefits he has derived from the medicine. Mr. Skidmore has lived on his present farm for the past forty-five years. He is the father of fifteen children, has been a member of the Tennessee legislature for two terms, was county surveyor for twenty-five years and county trustee two terms. 'Uncle Jack,' as he is familiarly known—although now seventy-six years of age—says he fels years younger and attributes his good health to the use of Tanlac

"I suffered a general break-down some time ago," continued 'Uncle Jack,' "and my health seemed to be on a general decline which I of course thought was due to my age. My appetite was very poor and what little I did eat failed to nourish me. I ached all over with rheumatism and each day I felt that I was getting a little weaker. Other medicines failed to do me any good and my condition not only worried me greatly, but my family became alarmed about me. I slept poorly and didn't seem to get any rest. I would feel all tired out in the mornings and all day long I was languid, and I tell you, I was just getting weaker all the time.

"Tanlac was recommended to me by friends and in a few days after I began taking it, I felt a marked change for the better. My appetite came back to me and I began to eat and enjoy my meals and pick up in strength. I continued taking the medicine until I used six bottles. The rheumatism has disappeared, all my other symptons have left me and I feel that years have been added to my life. I feel stronger and more energetic and I don't hesitate to say Tanlac is the best up-builder for people up in years that I have ever used, and I have used lots of them. It has gotten me over my troubles and restored my health and I recommend it to other aged people as the best mdicine they can get."

Tanlac is sold in Clanton by Upchurch Drug Co, in Mt. Creek by J. E. Deon, in Jemison by Langston Drug Co, in Thorsby by A. K. Horn & Son, in Cooper by McSwain Mercantile Co, in Verbena by Gulledge Bros, in Marbury by Plateau Drug Co, in Riderville by E. E. Jackson Lumber Co, in Stanton by W. C. Dyer and in Maplesville by Maplesville Drug Co.



Are the only kind that we sell.

Below are a few of the many varieties we have now:

White and Yellow Dent Corn,
German, Cat Tail, Early Amber, and Honey Drip Millet Seed.
Kentucky Wonder, Valentine, the Stringless Green Pod, and Short Cut Bean Seed.
Mexican June Corn,
Kaiffer Corn,
Bermuda Grass,
Essex Rape Seed.
An unlimited assortment of Seed in 5 and 10 cent packages.

If not convenient to come to town phone us your orders, and same will have our usual prompt attention.

ALRED DRUG CO.

"The Home of Quality."

Doing Well "Up North."

Some months ago Mr. Emmett C. Powell, for several years connected with The Banner force, left the sunny southland of his birth, and with his wife, moved to Caruthersville, Mo., to take up a position on a newspaper of that city. That Mr. Powell is doing well, and meeting with success is attested by the following, clipped from the newspaper on which he is employed.

"E. C. Powell, of The Democrat force, answers to the name of "Old Man Powell" now, since the advent of a young printer at his house. The young man made his appearance last Monday morning and seems to be a hale and hearty fellow."

Mr. Powell hs many friends here who will congratulate him; especially so does The Banner.

Don't forget your Subscription.

GUARDIAN'S SETTLEMENT NOTICE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA
Chilton County.

Probate Court, Feb. 28th, 1917.

This day came Caroline C. Rider, Guardian of Nellie J. Rider and files her account, vouchers, evidence, and statement for partial settlement of her said Guardianship.

It is ordered that the 24th day of March 1917 be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

Witness my hand, this 28th day of February 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

Try some of those big fat oysters at Bill Goodgame's. He serves them any style and any time.

What have you got that you want to turn into money?

I WANT TO BUY ANYTHING FARMERS HAVE

I want to buy corn, velvet beans, peas, fodder, hay, syrup, dressed hogs, hogs on foot, all kinds of cattle.

If you have anything to sell, bring it to me. I will pay highest market prices; and you can get more by bringing them here than for me to come and look at them.

For Sale or Exchange

Mules and Horses, second hand one and two horse wagons, Milk cows, etc. I can give you what you want.

I appreciate the trade I am getting, and when you want to buy or sell it will pay you to see me. I am selling out and will give you Bargains.

L. H. Reynolds

CLANTON, ALA.

To the Lady of the House:

If you are interested in cutting the high cost of living, then you must buy right.

I buy for cash and sell for cash at the smallest profits.

And by letting me supply your family table the high cost is muchly reduced.

Full measures and weights and prompt delivery guaranteed.

J. W. Littlejohn

Mules Wanted

Sizes 14-2 to 15-3 hands. Ages 4 to 8 years old.

Will also buy your hogs and cattle at highest market prices. All Cattle must be sound.

Abraham Brothers

Will be at

D. Y. Johnston Stables

CLANTON, ALA.

Saturday March 10th.

Bring in Your Stock.

MOTHER! LOOK AT CHILD'S TONGUE

If cross, feverish, constipated, give "California Syrup of Figs."

A laxative today saves a sick child tomorrow. Children simply will not take the time from play to empty their bowels, which become clogged up with waste, liver gets sluggish; stomach sour.

Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, or your child is listless, cross, feverish, breath bad, restless, doesn't eat heartily, full of cold or has sore throat or any other children's ailment, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," then don't worry, because it is perfectly harmless, and in a few hours all this constipation poison, sour bile and fermenting waste will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. A thorough "inside cleansing" is ofttimes all that is necessary. It should be the first treatment given in any sickness.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Adv.

Rubber to be used in making fish tins airtight is needed in Norway.

ELIXIR BABEK A GOOD TONIC
And Drives Malaria Out of the System.

"Your 'Babek' acts like magic; I have given it to numerous people in my parish who were suffering with chills, malaria and fever. I recommend it to those who are sufferers and in need of a good tonic."—Rev. S. Szymanowski, St. Stephen's Church, Perth Amboy, N. J. **Elixir Babek,** 50 cents, all druggists or by Parcel Post, prepaid, from Kloczewski & Co., Washington, D. C.

Machinery for the making of furniture is needed in Norway.

Indigestion produces disagreeable and sometimes alarming symptoms. Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills stimulate the digestive processes to function naturally. Adv.

Love is a disease that sometimes even marriage will not cure.

BREAD WITHOUT SALT IS TASTELESS

A medicine chest without Magic Arnica Liniment is useless. Best of all liniments for sprains, swellings, bruises, rheumatism and neuralgia. Three sizes, 25c, 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

Sneer not at the imperfections of others. It is doubly cruel to beat a cripple with his own crutch.

After 10 Years of Suffering, Show Man Finds Relief in Tetterine.

"I have been troubled with a severe case of Tetter for ten years. In Columbia last week a druggist recommended Tetterine. I bought a box; it gave me relief, so I bought another and am entirely well." Lew Wren, Chicago.

Tetterine cures Eczema, Tetter, Itching Piles, Ring Worm and every form of Scalp and Skin Disease. Tetterine 50c; Tetterine Soap 25c. Your druggist, or by mail from the manufacturer, The Shuptrine Co., Savannah, Ga.

With every mail order for Tetterine we give a box of Shuptrine's 10c Liver Pills free.

Not Far to Go.

"Do you suppose this whole country will be mobilized in case of war?"

"Why not? It is already automobilized."

WHAT IS LAX-FOS

LAX-FOS IS AN IMPROVED CASCARA
A DIGESTIVE LAXATIVE
CATHARTIC AND LIVER TONIC

LAX-FOS is not a secret or Patent Medicine but is composed of the following old-fashioned roots and herbs:

CASCARA BARK
BLUE FLAG ROOT
RHUBARB ROOT
BLACK ROOT
MAY APPLE ROOT
SENNA LEAVES
AND PEPSIN

In LAX-FOS the CASCARA is improved by the addition of these digestive ingredients making it better than ordinary CASCARA, and thus the combination acts not only as a stimulating laxative and cathartic but also as a digestive and liver tonic. Syrup laxatives are weak, but LAX-FOS combines strength with palatable, aromatic taste and does not gripe or disturb the stomach. One bottle will prove LAX-FOS is invaluable for Constipation, Indigestion or Torpid Liver. Price 50c.

Frost Proof Cabbage Plants

April 1st delivery. Varietie's, Early Jersey and Charlesto Wakefield; Succession and Flat Dutch, 500 for $1.25, 1,000 for $2.00, 5,000 at $1.50. F. O. B. here.

Tomato Plants

Livingston Beauty, Earlinander and Stone, 500 for 75c. 1,000 for $1.35, 5,000 at $1.25, postpaid 40c per 100. F. O. B. here.

Pepper Plants—Egg Plants

500 for $1.00, 1,000 for $1.50, 5,000 at $1.25, postpaid 40c per 100.

Sweet Potato Plants

1 to 9,000 at $1.25 per 1,000, 10,000 up $1.25 per $1,000. F. O. B. here. D. F. Jamison, Summerville, S. C

WE WILL BUY PINE LUMBER

also oak, cypress and gum for CASH at your OWN BANK. Send us list, we will make price. Also want stock cut on order.

Gruner, 1406 Syndicate Trust Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

Peas and Beans

For Sale: Choice planting peas, all kinds. Also Velvet and Soy Beans. Write for prices—ship anywhere. H. M. Franklin, Tennille, Ga.

AGENT I want an agent in this town. Something new. Send for particulars and valuable samples. John Meath, 1451 Broadway, New York City, N. Y.

Write Photoplays Constant demand, easy to learn. Send for circular explaining our book of instructions and where to sell. Central Authors Co., 699 Ninth Ave., New York

LISTEN! Send us a dime, we will send you useful household article worth dollars to you. Lakewood Supply House, P. O. Box 516, Toledo, Ohio

ROUGH on RATS Ends Rats, Mice, Bugs. Die outdoors. 15c and 25c

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of Sunday School Course of Moody Bible Institute.)
(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR MARCH 11

JESUS THE BREAD OF LIFE.

LESSON TEXT—John 6:24-37.
GOLDEN TEXT—Jesus said unto them, I am the bread of life.—John 6:35.

Following the feeding of the five thousand, Jesus saw the design of the multitude (v. 15), and separated himself unto prayer. Following that communion, the disciples went over the sea toward the City of Capernaum (v. 17), but in his supernatural power he followed them, walking upon the water (v. 19). Midway he entered their ship, and immediately they reached the land toward which they had been striving (v. 21; Mk. 6:48-49). The next day (John 6:22) the people who at this period were following him in such great multitudes, took steps to reach him. Finding that he was not at their side of the lake, they took boats and came to Capernaum, "seeking for Jesus" (v. 24). We read that the common people heard him gladly. These people wanted the comradship of Jesus, and the longest bread line in the world today is that of hungry-hearted men. The question is, are we willing to give them the loaves of comfort?

I. Bread Which Perisheth (vv. 23-24). "If you think you will always get the loaves and fishes simply because you have followed the Lord, you have handed yourself a goldbrick."—Dr. Griffin Bull. Most of us will go further for victuals than we will for a vision. When the people found Jesus (v. 25) they rather reprimanded him for leaving them, when the fact of the matter was that he was not beholden to them in any sense whatsoever. It looks very well for these people to be "seeking Jesus," but they were seeking the wrong thing (v. 26). It was not really Jesus himself they wanted, but the loaves and the fishes. It was not the "sign" as indicating his divine character that drew them, but simply the wonder as indicated by the fact that they expected a constant supply of bread, nor did they see in that bread the sign but only the bread.

Salvation is the free gift of God apart from works. Nevertheless he commands the exercise of will. "This is the work of God that ye believe on him whom he hath sent" (v. 29). This is not inconsistent with I Cor. 12:3, i. e., "No man can say that Jesus is the Lord but by the Holy Ghost." Like the two blades of a pair of shears, the executive act of my will in believing on Jesus is met by the regenerating energy of God's spirit making me a son of his.

The Jews demanded a sign as a condition of believing on him, when he, himself, was the greatest of all signs (v. 36). They sought to enforce their demands by reference to Moses and the manna, but Jesus showed them that the manna was a type of "the (true) bread of God." The characteristics of this bread are: (1) It comes down from heaven; (2) it giveth life unto the world. Jesus' hearers did not understand what he meant, and exclaimed: "Evermore give us this bread." Jesus was trying to impress upon his hearers the same diligence in heavenly matters as in the pursuit of earthly meals.

III. The Everlasting Bread (vv. 35-37). Misunderstanding his teaching (v. 34) Jesus said unto them plainly: "I am the bread of life," meaning that he is the true bread of God. He is not only the giver of the bread of life, but he, himself, is the Bread of Life. As bread will satisfy the needs of the physical body, giving strength, vitality and energy, so he will supply the needs of the soul. He will satisfy the deep hunger and longing which is the evidence of need, and he will also satisfy the thirst which is the more intense desire—the spiritual craving of the soul. Jesus ministers to the never-failing strength of all who come to him, and who believe on him. Coming to him is seeking help and blessing from him. Believing on him is the absolute abandonment of self to him. This multitude had actually seen the living bread (v. 36), yet they believed not because they were so occupied with the material and unreal things of this world.

Today we find men so taken up with the material and unreal that they neither appreciate nor believe upon the true bread which has been sent down from God out of heaven. Not all will come to him (John 5:24), but anyone can prove that he belongs to the elect of God and the company of the Father by coming to Jesus (v. 37). If any man does come, he will be received. These words of Jesus are very positive, "I will in no wise cast him out."

Jesus, the One who raises the dead, is therefore co-equal with God. Note the remainder of this chapter: "I will raise him up at the last day" (v. 40); "He that believeth on me hath everlasting life" (v. 47); "I am the bread of life" (v. 48); "Except ye eat the flesh of the Son of man, ye have no life in you" (v. 53); "Whoso eateth my flesh hath eternal life" (. 54); "For my flesh is meat indeed" (v. 55); "He that eateth my flesh dwelleth in me and I in him" (v. 56); "He that eateth me, even he shall live by me" (v. 57).

This is symbolical, it is true, but it is very real.

Innovations in Spring Suit Styles



Spring suits lie uppermost in the mind of almost every woman just now, and each one earnestly hopes to make a happy choice for herself. It is not a subject to be easily disposed of, especially for the American woman, who has a reputation to maintain in this matter. All the world concedes her suits to be the best ever, and she knows how to wear them, for she is essentially a "tailor-made" personality. But this spring there are some innovations in styles, and uneasy lies the head that is considering them!

One of these new claimants for consideration is illustrated here. It has the distinction of originality, and it is very good looking. The skirt is box-plaited all around; the narrow plaits lying edge to edge about the waist line. It is about two inches longer than the skirts of last season, but it may be shorter and still hold its own as good style, for women are very reluctant to lengthen the tailored skirt.

In the coat, which is half length, a box-plaited skirt is set on to a plain body with a heavy covered cord. Braided buttons set close together fasten it at the front, extending from the throat to a point below the bust line. The narrow, plain girdle of the material, looped at the front, plays its part in the adjustment of the coat to the figure. The sleeves are long and the collar very wide and quite plain.

Beautiful braiding in the conventional palm-leaf pattern is put on in braid of contrasting color. This is a novel feature in the suit and is important as any other item in its make-up. The success of this model will depend upon its perfect adjustment to the figure. It has everything to recommend it.

In the Realm of Blouse Fashions



Georgette crepe and crepe de chine reign together in the realm of blouse fashions, the most favored of all materials for the lovely new spring models. Crepe de chine demonstrates that it may be used for equal effectiveness for both tailored and costume blouses, but georgette is a medium that designers revel in for developing all the dressier bodices. In tailored and sports styles crepe de chine has a rival in silk jersey. Just a glance at blouses of any kind reveals the fact that light colors are shouldering white in point of popularity. Among voile blouses white predominates, but in organdie there is a more than liberal sprinkling of yellow, rose and blue models.

Color is the rule in georgette blouses. A wonderfully pretty model is shown in the picture made of plain navy blue georgette, combined with a broad stripe in navy and white. This is broken by a narrow figured stripe in paisley colorings. A panel of the plain navy, widening toward the bottom, is set in at the back and front.

A convertible collar and deep, turn-back cuffs of the navy georgette are decorated with white silk machine stitching and French knots. Three rows of the stitching extend up each side of the fronts. Small black ball buttons, with white markings on top, fasten the blouse.

Embroidery in colored silk and beads, hemstitching and French knots are the hallmarks of elegance on the best blouses.

Sand color with coral satin, sand with vivid green, and again with nattier blue are combinations with georgette that are irresistibly lovely.

Julia Bottomley

Rest Gowns.

The vogue of the rest gown continues and a practical little model is slipped over the head minus any fastenings—a pretty little lacing down the front holding it in place, and forming a charming finish at the same time—while a girdle passed around the waist secures the graceful folds of drapery beneath the arms. Once on it seems surprising that there is actually no fastening, save the loose twist in front to that aforesaid girdle. Velveteen and wool-back satin are both delightful fabrics for such a gown.

TWO MONTHS ON BARREN ISLAND

Seward Mining Man Tells How He Subsisted on Mussels for Weeks.

IS A TRAGIC STORY

Many Ships Pass the Island, but Fail to See Frantic Attempts of Two Men to Signal Them—How They Escaped.

Seattle, Wash.—For E. H. L. Mitchell, a mining man of Seward, truth will always be stranger than fiction. Mitchell, who is one of two survivors of the party which attemped to go from Seward to a new strike at Cold Bay, on Alaska Peninsula, in a two-ton gasoline launch last spring, is spending a few months here, and is showing to his friends the diary covering the 58 days that he spent with one comrade on one of the Barren islands at the mouth of Cook's Inlet.

The story of the disagreeable experience, which was written with a stub of a pencil Mitchell found on one of the victims of the storm of March 13, has been typewritten.

Is Tragic Tale.

The story of the attempt of the four men to cross from Seward to Cold Bay during the stormiest month of the year, of the wrecking of the launch Success, off Barren islands on March 13, and the desperate but successful attempt of Mitchell and Charles Hanson to cross Cook's Inlet in a 12-foot skiff has been told before, but in Mitchell's account there is a touch of naturalism that the conventional versions of the tragedy lack.

He relates in the diary how, after the wreck of the launch in which two of the party, "Tom" Campbell and John Larson, were drowned, he and Hanson lived for nearly two months on the island which was "so rugged that you can't find a level place on it big enough to straighten a nail," and how the two eked out a living on mussels and such game as they could shoot. The diary is full of accounts of ships passing the island and of the vain efforts of the two men to signal to them.



Lived Nearly Two Months on the Island.

Escape at Last.

On May 9, after nearly futile attempts, Mitchell and Hanson managed to row across Cook's Inlet in the skiff, which had withstood the months of storm. The 25-mile row in the face of a strong tide was accomplished after a six-hour struggle. The two arrived at Dog Fish Bay and were met by a family of Indians. On the next day Mitchell walked through the sleet and snow to an Indian village, English Berg, a distance of 18 miles. From there he was taken to Seldonia and later to Seward on the Admiral Farragut.

LETS CLIENT BITE HIS ARM

Heroic Action of Lawyer, However, Fails to Convince Court in Boston.

Boston.—Attorney Henry B. Roberts, counsel for John R. Sandiford, negro janitor of a Boston apartment house, recently bit his own arm until it bled, and then allowed his client to masticate another portion of the member in a similar manner, in an attempt to convince Judge Barnes that Sandiford was innocent of an alleged assault upon William J. Sarfaty, a tenant.

Sarfaty, finding his flat chilly on a recent cold day, remonstrated with Sandiford, whereupon the janitor was said to have bitten Sarfaty's left arm and thumb. A physician who treated the injured man examined Sandiford's teeth, and declared that it was he who had bitten his patient.

Attorney Roberts told the court that, in his opinion, any two bites would look alike, and attempted to prove it. His heroic action, however, did not convince the court, and Sandiford was found guilty.

WOMEN OF MIDDLE AGE

Mrs. Quinn's Experience Ought to Help You Over the Critical Period.



Lowell, Mass.—"For the last three years I have been troubled with the Change of Life and the bad feelings common at that time. I was in a very nervous condition, with headaches and pain a good deal of the time so I was unfit to do my work. A friend asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which I did, and it has helped me in every way. I am not nearly so nervous, no headache or pain. I must say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the best remedy any sick woman can take."—Mrs. MARGARET QUINN, Rear 259 Worthen St., Lowell, Mass.

Other warning symptoms are a sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, backaches, dread of impending evil, timidity, sounds in the ears, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness, inquietude, and dizziness.

If you need special advice, write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass.

MICE CARRY DISEASE



Kill These Pests By Using
STEARNS' ELECTRIC PASTE
U. S. Government Buys It
SOLD EVERYWHERE — 25c and $1.00

The widow's mite is used too often as an excuse for small contributions.

To Drive Out Malaria And Build Up The System

Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC. You know what you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out malaria, the Iron builds up the system. 50 cents.

He is a man of strong will power who never talks about the weather.

A HINT TO WISE WOMEN.

Don't suffer torture when all female troubles will vanish in thin air after using "Femenina." Price 50c and $1.00—Adv.

Every square mile of the sea is estimated to contain 120,000,000 fish.

Green's August Flower

When the stomach and liver are in good working order, in ninety-nine cases out of every hundred general good health prevails.

Green's August Flower has proven a blessing and has been used all over the civilized world during the last fifty odd years. It is a universal remedy for weak stomach, constipation and nervous indigestion. A dull headache, bad taste in the mouth in the morning, or that "tired feeling" are nature's warnings that something is wrong in the digestive apparatus. At such times Green's August Flower will quickly correct the difficulty and establish a normal condition. At all druggists' or dealers', 25c and 75c bottles.

Green's August Flower

TOWER'S FISH BRAND Pommel Slicker

Keeps out all the wet. Big enough to protect all your saddle leather, too.



TOWER'S FISH BRAND
This mark guarantees satisfaction
With Buttons
Olive-khaki, black or yellow $4.00
With Buckles
Olive-khaki $4.50
DEALERS EVERYWHERE
A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON

STOCK LICK IT—STOCK LIKE IT



For Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Contains Copperas for Worms, Sulphur for the Blood, Saltpeter for the Kidneys, Nux Vomica, a Tonic, and Pure Dairy Salt. Used by Veterinarians 12 years. No Dosing. Drop Brick in feed-box. Ask your dealer for Blackman's or write

BLACKMAN STOCK REMEDY COMPANY
CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

APPENDICITIS

If you have been threatened or have GALLSTONES, INDIGESTION, GAS or pains in the right side write for valuable Book of Information FREE
L. E. BOWERS, DEPT. W-8, 219 S. DEARBORN ST. CHICAGO

UGH! CALOMEL MAKES YOU SICK! CLEAN LIVER AND BOWELS MY WAY

Just Once! Try "Dodson's Liver Tone" When Bilious, Constipated, Headachy—Don't Lose a Day's Work.

Liven up your sluggish liver! Feel fine and cheerful; make your work a pleasure; be vigorous and full of ambition. But take no nasty, dangerous calomel, because it makes you sick and you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver, which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel crashes into sour bile like dynamite, breaking it up. That's when you feel that awful nausea and cramping.

Listen to me! If you want to enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone. Your druggist or dealer sells you a 50 cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone under my personal money-back guarantee that each spoonful will clean your sluggish liver better than a dose of nasty calomel and that it won't make you sick.

Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning, because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and your bowels regular.

Dodson's Liver Tone is entirely vegetable, therefore harmless and cannot salivate. Give it to your children. Millions of people are using Dodson's Liver Tone instead of dangerous calomel now. Your druggist will tell you that the sale of calomel is almost stopped entirely here.—Adv.

DRUGGISTS PRAISE DR. KILMER'S SWAMP-ROOT

CUSTOMERS ALWAYS SATISFIED WITH RESULTS

I have received some very satisfactory reports from my customers who have used Swamp-Root, stating that they obtained the most beneficial results from its use and speaking very favorably regarding it. I have been selling it for from fifteen to eighteen years and during my entire experience have heard nothing but grateful praise.

Very truly yours,
J. T. PUREFOY, Druggist,
June 15, 1916. Furman, Ala.

For the past nine years Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root has enjoyed a splendid reputation in this locality on account of its excellent success in the conditions for which it is intended, and I believe Swamp-Root is above the average kidney, liver and bladder preparations.

Very truly yours,
PEOPLES DRUG STORE,
June 15, 1916. Brewton, Ala.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

Getting Monotonous.

"Hold on a minute. You'll never be able to sell me anything by pounding on my desk."

"I was merely trying to drive my arguments home, sir."

"Well, just for the sake of variety, and while I remove my inkwell from the danger zone, make a few passes in the air."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

True Enough.

"What does this sentence mean," asked the teacher: 'Man proposes, but God disposes'?"

A small boy in the back of the room waved his hand frantically.

"Well, Thomas," said the teacher, "what does it mean?"

"It means," answered Thomas with conscious pride, "that a man might ask a woman to marry him, but only the Lord knows whether she will or not."

PAIN? NOT A BIT! LIFT YOUR CORNS OR CALLUSES OFF

No humbug! Apply few drops then just lift them away with fingers.

This new drug is an ether compound discovered by a Cincinnati chemist. It is called freezone, and can now be obtained in tiny bottles as here shown at very little cost from any drug store. Just ask for freezone. Apply a drop or two directly upon a tender corn or callus and instantly the soreness disappears. Shortly you will find the corn or callus so loose that you can lift it off, root and all, with the fingers.



Not a twinge of pain, soreness or irritation; not even the slightest smarting, either when applying freezone or afterwards.

This drug doesn't eat up the corn or callus, but shrivels them so they loosen and come right out. It is no humbug! It works like a charm. For a few cents you can get rid of every hard corn, soft corn or corn between the toes, as well as painful calluses on bottom of your feet. It never disappoints and never burns, bites or inflames. If your druggist hasn't any freezone yet, tell him to get a little bottle for you from his wholesale house.—adv.

Might Hear a Few.

"Henry," said Mrs. Twobble, "I hope you won't tell any risque stories at the master plumbers' banquet tonight."

"Of course I won't, my dear."

"That's right. I'm proud of you, Henry."

"But I dare say I will be able to tell some corkers after I attend that banquet."

IMITATION IS SINCEREST FLATTERY but like counterfeit money the imitation has not the worth of the original. Insist on "La Creole" Hair Dressing—it's the original. Darkens your hair in the natural way, but contains no dye. Price $1.00.—Adv.

Merely a Truce.

"It does me good to see Democrats and Republicans burying their differences in this national crisis," said the optimistic citizen.

"Don't fool yourself," grumbled the pessimist. "They are not burying their differences so deep they won't be able to dig them up again in short order."

Pimples, boils, carbuncles, dry up and disappear with Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. In tablets or liquid. —Adv.

In the Four Hundred.

Caller—Is my wife home?

Maid—Who may I say called?—Puck.

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription othine — double strength — is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

'Twouldn't Help Him Any.

"I've noticed one thing while journeying through this vale of tears."

"Pray enlighten me."

"You never heard a henpecked married man excusing himself on the ground that he is too proud to fight."

You never can know how superior to other preparations in promptness and efficiency is Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" until you have tried it once. A single dose cleans out Worms or Tapeworm. Adv.

Sure Cure.

A nervous man at the opera sat behind a pair of those persons who explain the plot until his endurance was exhausted. Then he leaned forward and said:

"Excuse me, will you speak a little louder? Sometimes the music prevents my hearing what you say."

GAS, DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION

"Pape's Diapepsin" settles sour, gassy stomachs in five minutes—Time it!

You don't want a slow remedy when your stomach is bad—or an uncertain one—or a harmful one—your stomach is too valuable; you mustn't injure it.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in giving relief; its harmlessness; its certain unfailing action in regulating sick, sour, gassy stomachs. Its millions of cures in indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis and other stomach trouble has made it famous the world over.

Keep this perfect stomach doctor in your home—keep it handy—get a large fifty-cent case from any dealer and then if anyone should eat something which doesn't agree with them; if what they eat lays like lead, ferments and sours and forms gas; causes headache, dizziness and nausea; eructations of acid and undigested food—remember as soon as Pape's Diapepsin comes in contact with the stomach all such distress vanishes. Its prompt ness, certainty and ease in overcoming the worst stomach disorders is a revelation to those who try it.—Adv.

Wise is the chap who catches on at the proper time and lets go at the psychological moment.

The Oklahoma-Kansas field leads in the production of oil.

DOINGS OF THE LATE CONGRESS

Notable for Response to the Demand for Preparedness.

AUTHORIZED A GREAT NAVY

Provided Also for Increase and Reorganization of Army—Some of the Momentous Economic Statutes That Were Passed.

Washington, March 5.—The Sixty-fourth congress, which has passed into the annals of things that were, will be long remembered as the congress which responded to the demand for national preparedness. While economic statutes of pith and moment have been written into the law of the land, preparedness measures, inspired by the European war, out-top all other legislation.

Although ample provision has been made for fortifications, and authority has been granted by congress to more than double the standing army of the country, the metamorphosis of the United States from a commercial to a fighting nation has been wrought by the naval increases authorized. The congress now expired has authorized naval armaments destined to make Uncle Sam eventually the peer of any nation on earth in sea power, excepting, perhaps, Great Britain.

In the two sessions comprising the Sixty-fourth congress there have been authorized and appropriated for no less than 118 war craft. Nor is this all. The first session adopted a three-year-building program, the construction of which should be undertaken prior to July 1, 1918. This program included this allotment of fighting ships: Ten battleships, six battle cruisers, ten scout cruisers, 50 torpedo-boat destroyers, nine fleet submarines, 58 coast submarines, one experimental submarine (Neff system), three fuel ships, one repair ship, one transport, one hospital ship, two destroyer tenders, one fleet submarine tender, two ammunition ships, two gunboats.

Naval Vessels Appropriated For.

By the act which adopted this building program congress appropriated for four battleships, four battle cruisers, four scout cruisers, 20 destroyers, 30 submarines, and one each of these craft: Experimental submarine, fuel ship, hospital ship, ammunition ship and gunboat. During the second session provision was made for three battleships, one battle cruiser, three scout cruisers, 15 destroyers, one destroyer tender, one submarine tender and 18 submarines.

If the Sixty-fifth congress adopts the three-year program the remainder of the units for the reorganized battle fleet will be appropriated for next year. Staggering sums have been required to meet these demands, the naval appropriation for the second session of the expired congress alone amounting to almost a round half-billion dollars.

So great have been these expenditures that the ordinary sources of revenue are not sufficient and a special revenue measure had to be passed. Representative Kitchin, majority leader and chairman of the house ways and means committee, a small-navy man, in drafting the revenue measure and pressing it to passage through the house charged full responsibility for the measure to the advocates of preparedness.

Increase of the Army.

Increases of the regular army and its reorganizations under the national defense act were less striking than the naval increases. But the regular army was increased from an authorized peace strength of 100,000 to an authorized peace strength of 216,000, capable of expansion in war time to 256,000. After prolonged agitation for preparedness both on land and sea, the consensus of the military experts was that the United States with its enormous length of coast line must rely on its fleet to defend its shores.

In the discussions that preparedness agitation in congress provoked it was again and again demonstrated that the temper of the American people is absolutely against a big standing army. Former Secretary Garrison formulated and laid before congress with President Wilson's approval a scheme for a Continental army to be recruited and trained under the universal military training principle. Representative Hay of Virginia, then chairman of the powerful house military committee, opposed the Continental army idea and substituted for it in the national defense act, the federalization of the National Guard. Mr. Hay won President Wilson over to his way of thinking—the Federalized National Guard became the second line of the land defenses and Secretary Garrison resigned from the cabinet.

Other Notable Acts.

Although preparedness was the keynote of legislation, the Sixty-fourth congress found time also to enact a ship purchase bill, the Adamson eight-hour railroad law, a child labor law, a measure to forbid the immigration of illiterate aliens, a rural credits bill, a vocational educational bill and an act reorganizing the government of Porto Rico and extending citizenship to the islanders.

The ship purchase bill established a government shipping board to supervise shipping matters generally. It appropriated $50,000,000 to be obtained from the sale of Panama canal bonds for the purchase or construction of ships to be leased to private individuals in an effort to restore the American merchant marine.

The Adamson eight-hour railroad law was enacted on the eve of adjournment of the first session of the last congress. The enactment of the measure prevented a nation-wide railroad strike. It, however, has never become effective. Between the time of its enactment and the time for the commencement of its operation, January 1 last, the constitutionality of the measure was challenged by the railroads, and the whole matter is now pending in the Supreme court.

Supplemental railroad legislation, proposed by President Wilson in his annual message last December, failed of enactment. This legislation would have provided for the prevention of strikes by compulsory legislation. It was heartily opposed by all of the bodies of organized labor which had previously sought the eight-hour railroad law.

Child Labor and Immigration.

The child labor law barred from interstate commerce all products of children under sixteen years of age in mines or of children under fourteen in factories.

The passage of the immigration bill with its literacy test was accomplished over President Wilson's second veto. The literacy feature had been a subject of controversy between the executive and legislative branches of the government for the past twenty years. Presidents Taft and Cleveland both vetoed immigration measures because they carried the literacy feature, which all three presidents thought was not a proper measure of the fitness of aliens for admission to the United States.

The federal farm-loan act, commonly called the rural-credits bill, created 12 federal land banks with $750,000 capital each. The bill provides a system whereby loans may be made to farmers for productive purposes through national farm-loan associations. It will meet more particularly the needs of agriculturists in the West and South.

Under the vocational educational act the federal government on a gradually increasing scale covers every state appropriation dollar for dollar for secondary school instruction in agriculture and the mechanical and industrial arts.

On the eve of adjournment congress passed the post-office appropriation bill, with an amendment making "bone dry" all states having prohibitory laws. This measure was introduced in the senate by Senator Reed of Missouri. Its unexpected enactment had the effect of absolutely prohibiting the shipment in interstate commerce of intoxicants into states or territories which forbid the manufacture or sale of liquor.

It also closes the mails to all liquor advertising, including newspaper advertising. Neither can letters soliciting liquor orders be carried in the mails.

Sixteen Senators Retire.

Sixteen senators have now discarded their togas and prefixed their titles with "ex." This disturbance of personnel reduces but does not upset the Democratic control of the upper house. The Democratic majority of 16 is cut to 12, leaving out of consideration such senators and senators-elect as La Follette, Hiram Johnson, Poindexter and Norris, officially classed as Republicans but not always voting according to classification.

Among the nationally known senators now retired to private life are Clarence D. Clark of Wyoming, who has served in the senate continuously since January 23, 1895; Moses E. Clapp of Minnesota, one of the original Progressives; Luke Lea of Tennessee, now only thirty-seven years old, known as the "Baby Senator;" James E. Martine of New Jersey, who acquired fame early in his senatorial career by his stanch defense of applejack as a beverage, and John W. Kern of Indiana, who has been Democratic leader of the senate.

"Needing no introduction" among the new senators are Hiram Johnson of California, Frank B. Kellogg, "trust buster," of Minnesota, and Philander C. Knox of Pennsylvania. Unlike the rest of the senators-elect, "their reputations are made;" all they need to do is to "live up to 'em."

WRITERS BEHIND THE TIMES

Complaint Made That They Have Taken No Cognizance of Changes Occurring in Dialects.

When Joseph Vance, of whom De Morgan wrote a book, was a boy in London, the local dialect was like this:

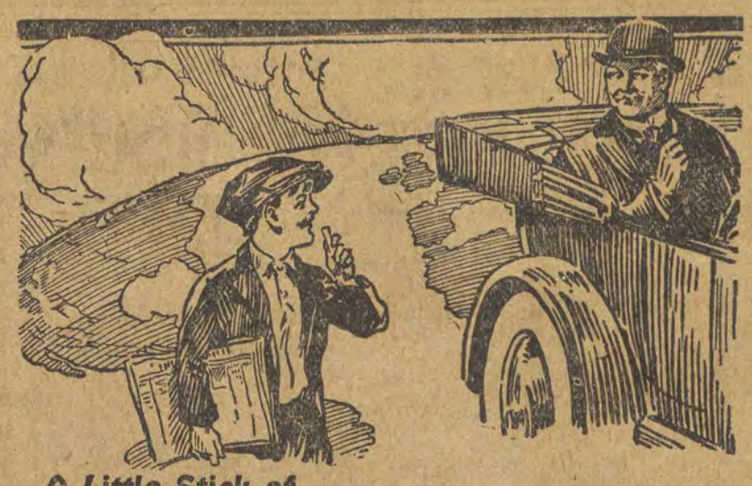
"He's a-goin' for to fight Mr. Gunn beyont the Pinnerforty works, and you better look sharp if you want for to see anythink."

Vance went away to South America and returned after many years to find the jargon altered to this pattern:

"It (the noise) was a lidy with a biby fighting another lidy and both was took off to the Sytion."

All American dialects have changed in 50 years as that of London did, with the possible exception of the tongue spoken in the southern Appalachian country. Yet, to judge by American comic papers and the gentlemen of the stage, our dialects are as immutable as the stars. They change no more than the faces of great cliffs.

Why would it not be a good idea to appoint a committee to wait on editors of humorous periodicals and the writers of plays and point out to them politely that they speak the language of people long in their graves and superseded?—Toledo Blade.



A Little Stick of
WRIGLEY'S
Makes the Whole World Kin!

No climate affects it for the package protects it.

WRIGLEY'S goes to all parts of the world—in all seasons, to all classes.

Fresh, clean, wholesome and delicious always.

It aids appetite and digestion, quenches thirst, keeps the teeth clean and breath sweet.

The Flavor Lasts





Three Fine Flavors

"After every meal"

WRAPPED IN UNITED COUPONS

731

When it comes to coddling imaginary wrongs the average man is a faithful nurse.

THICK, GLOSSY HAIR FREE FROM DANDRUFF

Girls! Beautify Your Hair! Make It Soft, Fluffy and Luxuriant—Try the Moist Cloth.

Try as you will, after an application of Danderine, you cannot find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most, will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is immediate and amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable luster, softness and luxuriance, the beauty and shimmer of true hair health.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all. Adv.

The price of caraway seeds in this country has increased since 1914 from 5 cents to 65 cents a pound.

Cupid makes a mistake when he grafts a bud on an old shrub.

DON'T SNIFFLE.

You can rid yourself of that cold in the head by taking Laxative Quinidine Tablets. Price 25c. Also used in cases of La Grippe and for severe headaches. Remember that.—Adv.

The manufacture of fans was established as an industry in England during the Stuarts' rule.

The occasional use of Roman Eye Balsam at night upon retiring will prevent and relieve tired eyes, watery eyes, and eye strain. Adv.

Two Kinds of Craft.

Boy—Pa, what kind of ships are courtships?

Pa—Soft ships, my son.

Boy—And what kind of ships sail on the sea of matrimony?

Pa—Hardships, my son.—London Tit-Bits.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.



Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

Diet, Exercise or Death!

An eminent medical authority writes that most of our city folks die of a thickening of the arteries or of kidney disease. The kidneys become clogged and do not filter the poisons from the blood, and one trouble follows another, high blood pressure damages the heart, arteries and kidneys. Usually its danger signals are backache, pain here or there, swollen feet or ankles, rheumatic twinges or spots appearing before the eyes.

"The very best remedy is this: Eat meat but once a day, or not at all. Plenty of outdoor exercise, and drink pure water frequently. Before meals take a little Anuric, the great uric acid neutralizer that is easily obtained at the drug store. When you have dizziness, chills or sweating, worry, or dragging pains in back, try this wonderful enemy to uric acid, which Dr. Pierce of Buffalo, N. Y., discovered and named Anuric. Anuric, more potent than lithia, dissolves uric acid as hot water does sugar."

HEALTHY CHILDREN come from healthy mothers. And mothers will certainly be healthy if they'll take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Nothing can equal it in building up a woman's strength, in regulating and assisting all her natural functions, and in putting in perfect order every part of the female system. It lessens the pains and burdens, supports and strengthens weak, nursing mothers.



It's an invigorating, restorative tonic, a soothing and bracing nervine.

Castor oil is good for children or adults, and especially good for aged people. A pleasant form of a vegetable laxative that is to be had at any drug store, was invented by Dr. Pierce, who put together May-apple (podophyllin), aloes, jalap. Ask at any drug store for "Pleasant Pellets," and they can be had for little money. They contain no calomel and are of vegetable constituents, therefore harmless.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores.

Millinery, Ladies Suits, and Shirt waists.

In a few days I will open up a Brand New Stock of Millinery and Ladies Suits for Spring and Summer.

I have covered the northern markets and secured the latest styles.

My friends and customers are invited to call and look over the stock.

Miss Minnie Muse

CLANTON, ALA.

See our Bargains in Spring Goods.

Our Spring Line of Clothing, Shoes, Hats. and Dress Goods will interest you. They are the latest styles and patterns.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Moneys Worth or Your Money Back"

CLANTON, ALA.

TO MY FRIENDS AND PATRONS:

I wish to announce my removal.

You will now find my offices in the Hopkins Building across the street from my former office. I am prepared to do all kinds of surgery that does not repuire the patient to remain in a hospital. My hours for all such work will be arranged by appointment.

Respectfully,
V. J. GRAGG.

LEGAL NOTICE

Birmingham, Ala., March 1, 1917.
Hon. H. A. Harris,
Sheriff of Chilton County,
Clanton, Ala.
Dear sir:

No U. S. Internal Revenue License have been issued to your county in February 1917. I hereby certify that I have carefully examined the record of the Collector of Internal Revenue and the above is complete and correct.

Yours very truly,
SAM P. JONES.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 1st day of March 1917.
J. B. MOSLEY,
Notary Public.

HON. J. B. ATKINSON HAS MOVED HIS LAW OFFICES

We announce this week the removal of the law offices of Attorney J. B. Atkinson from the Wilson Building across the street into the Johnson Building over Upchurch Drug Store.

Will Keep You Well



When you get a terrific sick headache, become constipated or have any stomach or liver trouble, a dose or two of

Granger Liver Regulator

will put you in good shape, It is a purely vegetable preparation, non-alcoholic and acts pleasantly and effectively.

Concord, N. H., Jan. 17, 1917
I was sick six months last year and the Doctor told me to go to Florida. I got some Granger Liver Regulator in Florida and it did me good. I brought four boxes home with me and now I am feeling a great deal better.
(Signed) R. J. Rowand

Sold by all druggists---25c a box
Granger Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Clothes Cleaned and Pressed

My shop is the most up-to-date, and equipped with Steam Pressing Machine; it is operated by experienced hands. This combination guarantees the production of the best results in clothes pressing.

I call for your Suit and deliver it back to you after it is Cleaned and Pressed.

Let me clean up your last summer suit, and you will have it good as new when the season opens.

SUITS MADE TO ORDER

I carry samples from three tailoring houses, and am prepared to take your measure now for a summer suit. Come and look through. I guarantee perfect satisfaction.

I appreciate your trade and solicit your patronage.

KIN VINSON

Telephone 64-48, Kicker Bldg. Clanton, Ala.

CLANTON LOCALS

J. T. Vinson of Route 6 was in town Monday.

W. S. Clark of Mt. Creek was in Clanton Saturday.

Rev. B. H. Vickers of Liberty Hill was in Clanton Saturday.

Oscar Jones who has been attending Business Collegein Birmingham, is at home for a few weeks.

Squire A. F. Childress of Thorsby was a visitor to Clanton Tuesday.

William Walker of Maplesville was in Clanton Tuesday on business.

You will find in The Banner a court calendar of Chilton County, which we intend to put in the paper every week for the benefit of our subscribers, who may at some time be interested in knowing at what dates the courts will be in session.

Chas. E. Edwards, one of our good old subscribers from out near Kincheon, came in Saturday and renewed his subscription for another year.

Rev. J. O. Williams of Sylacauga came down last Thursday to attend the funeral of his brother's wife.

Mrs. Nannie Crichton has been sick at Hill's Infirmary in Montgomery for the past few weeks.

Henry Cox of Collins Chapel was in Clanton Saturday.

Riley Robinson of Beat 16 was a visitor to Clanton on Monday.

W. H. Goodgame made a business trip to Birmingham on Monday.

Mr. Curtis Moore of Cooper called in at The Banner office Monday and renewed his subscription.

The Civic League Improvement Club will have a call meeting on Monday, March, 12, at 2 p. m. Meet with Mrs. Callen.

Take your chickens and eggs to Bill Goodgame. He pays highest cash market prices. 3-8-1t.

MARRIAGES

William Lafayette Maddox and Miss Cora Effie Branch.

John P. Arledge and Miss Annie Pearl Glenn.

K. M. Vinson and Miss Effie Burnett.

Take HERBINE for indigestion.It relieves the pain in a few minutes and forces the fermented matter which causes the misery into the bowels where it is expelled. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

THORSBY ITEMS

Don't forget the Collegians next Tuesday night, March 13th.

Prof. G. S. Junkerman, M. D., D. D. S., Dean of Cincinnati Dental College, visited his brother, Dr. H. C. Junkerman, Tuesday of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Michelson returned Sunday from an extended visit to the gulf coast.

Dr. A. M. Wooley and daughters have returned to Thorsby to live. They are sharing the house occupied by Dr. C. M. Wooley and family. Miss Hazel Wooley has enrolled at Thorsby Institute.

Miss Etta Crowson spent Sunday with her parents near Calera.

Messrs. Charlie Arnold and Fred Baker left for their homes near Philcampbell on Friday of last week. They hope to raise a crop and return to school this fall.

The Gospel Meetings at the Congregational church last week have aroused much interest and have proven very profitable. They will continue during the present week.

Mr. John Husby spent a couple of days in Birmingham last week. He has been suffering from an attack of Bronchitis for some time and, at this writing, is confined to his bed at the home of his sister, Mrs. C. Howard.

Mrs. Chas. Howard took her son, Lloyd, to Birmingham last week and had his tonsils and adenoids removed. The child is doing as well as can be expected after the operation.

Mrs. B. M. Gerald spent Wednesday of last week in Birmingham with her daughter, Thora.

Miss Harriet Swan has closed her term of school at Collins Chapel and is taking graduate work at Thorsby Institute.

Miss Alma Lefstead has finished her winter term of teaching and is now at home.

Miss Ruby Lee Wright, who has been teaching school in the country near here, was a visitor at the Girls' Dormitory Sunday.

The Collegians will furnish a varied program of instrumental and vocal music at Thorsby Institute next Tuesday night March. 13th. They are one of the best male quartets on the road. Don't fail to hear them. Single admissions 50 and 25 cents.

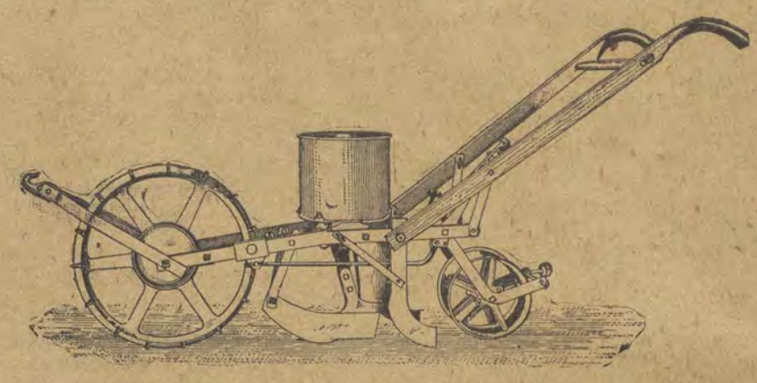
Mr. M. B. Robinson, father of Mrs. A. K. Horn, is still suffering from a severe attack of eczema.

PLANTERS

Ledbetter,

Hoosier,

John Deere



We have the LEDBETTER, the JOHN DEER, and the HOOSIER Planters. The Ledbetter has the distinction of being the only Machine that drops one cotton seed in a place, and is equally satisfactory in planting other grain.

The John Deer and Hoosier Planters have been sold here a number of years. All seed are high price now, and you can well afford to buy a planter that will not waste them.

We have points, slides and wings for the Syracuse plow. We are the only people here who can furnish you the Genuine Oliver Chilled Plows and Repairs.

CLANTON HARDWARE CO.

A SMOOTH, HAIRLESS SKIN FOR EVERY WOMAN

From Beauty Secrets.

With the aid of a plain medol paste it is an easy matter to rid the skin of unsightly haiary growths. The paste is made by mixing some water with powdered medol. This is applied to the hairs not wanted and after 2 or 3 minutes rubbed of and the skin washed, when every tarce of hair will have vanished. When you go to your druggist for medol be sure you get the genuine article, and if he will not supply you, the American Proprietary Co., of Boston, will send you a 50c or $1.00 package by mail.

PUBLIC

The public is urged to be present at the next Suffrage meeting Saturday afternoon from 4 to 5 o'clock. Among the speakers for the afternoon will be Mrs. W. W. Fox, Mrs. J. J. Pickens, and Mrs. N. S. Johnson.

This meeting will be held at the Marcus & Davis Restaurant. Come.

The Board of Appraisers of the Chilton County National Farm Loan Association are inspecting the lands of the members this week.

I will buy your chickens and pay you 14½c a pound. Bring them to me and get the cash. Bill Goodgame.

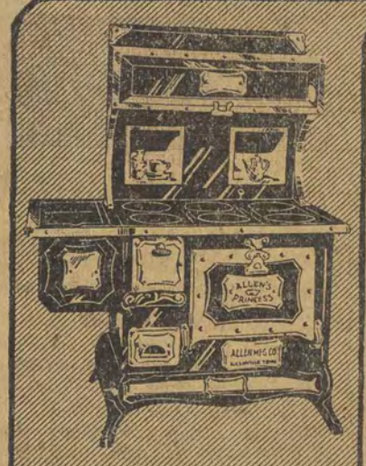
AFTER GRIPPE

Vinol Restored Mr. Martin's Strength

Wapakoneta, Ohio.—"I am a farmer by occupation, and the Grippe left me with a bad cough and in a nervous, weak, run-down condition, and I could not seem to get anything to do me any good until I took Vinol, which built me up, and my cough and nervousness are all gone, and I can truly say Vinol is all that is claimed for it."—JAMES MARTIN.

Vinol is a constitutional remedy for all weak, nervous and run-down conditions of men, women and children, and for chronic coughs, colds and bronchitis.

Upchurch Drug Co., and all leading Druggists in Alabama towns.



Southern Housekeepers Favor This Range

You housewives who have read the confusing claims of so many other ranges, remember these basic facts that have made Allen's Princess the choice of more than a hundred thousand Southern homes:

Always dependable for all cooking. Lasts longer—uses less fuel. Every good point of every good range. Many exclusive Princess features.

Then if you don't know our dealer, write us and we'll send you handsomely illustrated catalogue and tell you where you can see a Princess Range. You will certainly want one.

Allen Manufacturing Co.
322 Tenth Ave. Nashville, Tenn.

ALLEN'S PRINCESS RANGES
COPPER IRON BEARING

CLANTON MERCANTILE CO.

LOOK!

Clanton camp No. 322 W. O. W. will put on a five reel picture at the Jdeal Theater, rear of Conday Store, on Saturday night, Mar. 10th, showing the degrees, with other beauties of Woodcraft. Also showing President Wilson as he entered the Woodmen of the World Building when paying Omaha a visit last fall.

Men, Women and Children are invited to come. Show will begin at 2 o'clock. Will show Saturday afternoon and Saturday night.

ADMISSION FREE

Clarence Parrish made a flying trip to Akron, Ohio last week. He went there to work, but found that the place was a bit too far north.

HERBINE cures constipation and re-establishes regular bowel movements. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

BEST FOR ALL CROPS

SOUTH ATLANTIC GUANO COMPANY

(SUBSIDIARY MORRIS FERTILIZER CO.)

ATLANTA — MONTGOMERY

A poor crop never pays. A farmer is not living up to his opportunities when he fails to make a good profit on his year's work. Outside of actual Providential casualties, there is no excuse for crop failure in these days of scientific methods of feeding the crop so that each plant is nursed and nourished from the time of sprouting till final maturity.

The methods of mixing and blending the *South Atlantic Brands* and the excellent class of materials used in them as actual food for the plant make them a *scientifically perfect fertilizer.* Their mechanical condition is so fine and free from lumps that each plant gets its full share of each element of plant food, thus insuring better stands and vigorous growth.

Their liberal use means larger yields, better profits and eminent satisfaction.

Give your order early to your dealer for the *South Atlantic Brands.*

FOR SALE BY

TOM KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

REAL CROP SECURITY

THE UNION-

VOLUME V. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., MA

LETTER FROM CHILTON BOY IN U. S. SERVICE

Description of how They Guard the Border, day and Night.

Nogales, Ariz., Feb. 27, 1917.

Editor Union- Banner:

I thought perhaps you would like a little news from the Mexican border. I am a private of Co. B. 2nd Ala. Inf. stationed at Nogales, Ariz.

I want to say a few words in regard to treatment, camp life, guard duty, etc.

The Alabama brigade has a very good place for a camp. It is a little hilly but just enough to make it look good.

Some boys wrote to the Montgomery papers telling of the hardships, unjust treatment, and a lot of other things which were untrue. Some of the regulars here refer to us as the "Boo Hoo Boys." I want to say that I have had as good treatment from officers as I would have had at home. I have enjoyed our camp life here very much. Of course I want to return home to see my loved ones again, but I would rather stay here another year longer than to go home and be referred to as a member of the "Boo Hoo Boys." We have about as much privilege here as anyone could wish. We get up at 7:00 have breakfast at 7:30 or 8:00, we then go on drill for about 2 hours, then practically all of the afternoon is devoted entirely to us until 5 o'clock when retreat sounds and we and our rifles, bayonets, etc., are inspected. We are then free until taps, which sounds at 12 o'clock.

We go on guard duty about once in 8 or 9 days, and stay on duty 24 hours. We are then relieved by another detachmnt, and return to camp. Usually one Batallion goes on duty at the same time. It is divided into three reliefs. Each relief stands duty 2 hours and then is off duty for 4 hours, so you see we get plenty of rest when off duty. The Alabama boys do guard duty mostly on the border line next to Mexico. The most conspicous place is at a hill called Titicomb Hill overlooking the border. One post is known as the graveyard post. It overlooks a large cemetery just over the line. In it are buried all the Mexicans that have been executed and those that were killed in the battle before we came. One feels kind of skittish walking that post alone in the dead of night. His only companion is his trusty rifle and bayonet. Each guard carries 40 rounds of steel jackets, and carries gun loaded and locked for immediate service. He knows not what moment a greaser might sneak upon him and knife him or shoot him. At Titicomb Hill one of the regulars was killed by a greaser while on guard duty.

Our camp is named "Camp Stephen Little" in memory of him.

There is now stationed at Nogales, the 6th Field Artillery, the 12th Regof Regulars, the Alabama Brigade, the Base Hospital No .5, besides other non-combatant forces.

The boys are mostly all anxious to return to their families and friends, but they will stay to a man until we are relieved and then return feeling that we have served our country to th best of our ability. I am not boasting, but for myself I would rather go home in a black box than go home and be called a "Piker" and a "Boo Hoo."

Respectfully,
DANIEL T. JOHNSON,
Co. B. 2nd. Ala. Inf.
Nogales, Ariz.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL NEWS

Mr. Johnson—Joe M., why did Columbus try to discover a shorter route to India?

Joe—Because they wanted to get rich I guess.

The Seniors are glad to say that the wise man, Benjamin Graves, has returned to school.

The "lone star" student has made a resolution, that forever not to be late, but to be wise.

"Captain" Hinsdale says that no team south of the Ohio and west of Coosa will be able to beat his wonderful base ball team.

Jesse Smith has been elected manager of the Athletics Club of the Clanton Grammar School.

The C. G. S. basket ball team defeated the C. C. H. S. basket ball team by a score of 4 to 3 in the C. G. S. favor. Hayes the star for C. C. H. S. and Hinsdale the star for C. G. S.

Break your Cold or LaGrippe with a few doses of 666.

Don't forget your Subscription.

Better Farming in the

PEANUTS AS A CAS



D. B. OSBORNE

To make money is the object of the farmer as well as of the manufacturer or the merchant.

Real profit is the difference between the market value of a commodity over its cost of production. A crop that has not a "Cash Surrender Value" (in an interrupted market demand) cannot be considered as a crop grown for Real Profit, although an indirect profit may result in reducing the cost of a Money Crop.

Money Crop Gives Real Profit

It is the Money Crop that gives real profit to the farm and a Money Crop can only be a crop of a known market value immediately convertible into money in any town at any time.

The problem of supplying the Southern farmer with a cash market for other crops that would yield as much or more profit than he derives from the cotton crop, has engaged the attention of the farmer and his friends, and with the assistance of the Boll Weevil, they have found a solution of the problem in Peanuts.

The Peanut

The Peanut crop offers wonderful opportunities. It can be grown over the entire South with profit.

It reaches its perfection in growth and yield on well drained, gray, sandy loam soils such as exist in the Coastal Plains along the Atlantic Seaboard, which territory is now either occupied or is being rapidly encroached upon by the Boll Weevil.

There is a constant demand at a "Cash Surrender Value" from a market that would be difficult to glut with the peanut, for the reason that there are five avenues of profit.

Five Avenues of Profit

First: Progressive oil mills throughout the South are eager buyers of the Peanut and offer a spot cash market at very remunerative prices. The oil is in great demand.

Second: The nut and vines are a splendid feed for cattle, producing a quick growth of firm and tender meat. A profit in the sales of cattle thus fed and fattened is a certainty.

Third: The best quality of peanuts find a ready sale at top prices to the manufacturers of candy, of peanut butter and other confections.

Fourth: Peanut cake (from the oil mills), fed to hogs, makes a vigorous growth and gain in weight and when properly "finished off" with corn, gives a firm meat with the fat containing a proper proportion of stearine for making good firm lard.

Feeding the whole nut to the hog is a mistake for two reasons: First, the value or profit from the oil is lost, and second, the oil of the nut gives an excess of oil over stearine and produces in meat, the fat c duce lard of a

Fifth: The Pe is a soil builde the soil and w rotation with c which are vora gen and requiring c idly deplete the soil

Proper Fertilization

Because it is a legume, many people believe that it requires no fertilizers and in this they are badly mistaken. Nitrogen gathering nodules do not begin to form on the roots of the plant until the nut is two-thirds matured and if through lack of proper nourishment, the plant is allowed to languish until this stage is reached, the crop will be greatly curtailed and profits lost.

The plant requires a sufficient amount of nitrogen from a quick acting source to carry it to the nodule forming period while the presence in sufficient quantities of phosphoric acid and potash is essential during the growth and maturity of the plant.

An application of a fertilizer containing 12 per cent available phosphoric acid, 1 1-2 to 2 per cent ammonia and 2 per cent potash, applied at the rate of from 400 to 600 pounds per acre, will make a crop of both nuts and hay sufficient to return the cost of the fertilizer and leave a handsome profit while an unfertilized crop will barely return cost of production.

The Profit Value

The profit value of an acre of well cultivated and fertilized peanuts is equal to the profit value of an acre of cotton producing two-thirds of a bale to the acre.

The following tabulated cost and value estimated by Dr. J. N. Harper, clearly proves this point:

Comparative Cost Per Acre of Cotton and Peanuts

Cotton Cost	Per Acre	Peanuts Cost
$ 1.50	Breaking Land	$ 1.50
	Harrowing Land	.25
.50	Hauling Fertilizers	.50
.25	Laying off Land	.25
.25	Applying Fertilizer	.25
.50	Bedding on Fertilizer	.50
.25	Harrowing before Planting	.25
.75	Seed	2.00
8.00	Fertilizers	8.00
.25	Planting	.25
5.50	Cultivation	2.50
5.00	Harvesting	*14.00
2.00	Preparing for Market	2.50
1.75	Marketing	2.00
8.00	Rent	8.00
$34.50		$42.75

Comparison of Returns from Cotton and Peanuts.

333 lbs. Lint cotton at 15c lb.	$49.95
667 lbs. Cotton Seed at $50 ton	16.66
Gross profit	$66.61
Cost of cotton	34.50
Net profit cotton	$32.11
75 Bushels peanuts at 80c bu.	$60.00
1 Ton peanut hay at $15 ton	15.00
Gross profit	$75.00
Cost of peanuts	42.75
Net profit peanuts	$32.25

*If harvested by machine the cost will be less.

UNION SPRINGS

The balmy weather and singing birds indicate the approach of spring.

Measles are raging here. The school was forced to close on account of the measles.

Mr. Newt Atchison of Ensley came home recently. He is on the sick list.

S. N. Waldrup recently moved to Birmingham to make his home there, but just as his goods reached the Randolph depot for shipment he gave orders to have them returned, so he is back home, we presume a happier if not a wiser man.

Mr. Ed Smitherman and family of Pletcher visited here Saturday and Sunday.

The Russ Turpentine Company seem to be doing much at present.

John S. Waldrup recently visited Birmingham.

Mrs. Isaac Waldrup of Fenwood has been sick, but is better.

The road overseers are getting their roads in better condition. Let the the people get interested and work the roads both public and private and ther esults will be pleasing to all. People living on or near the highways or private roads could give a small portion of their time to the roads, looking after them often, they would hardly miss the time, but it would add so much to thecounty and all would be proud of it. Some of our people are doing that way. Some who reside on private roads just let them go to the bad as if they had no care for their home or county.

People should wake up and think more, as the present order of things are being shaped people are destined to be aroused sooner or later, how much better to get awake now than to sleep on and have to experience the rude awakening to come. No chance to avoid it. Our people should be more public spirited on many lines. The Sunday school for instance is a mine of knowledge if we would just think. Those in a position to know tell us Denominational schools are dying, hence the importance of the Sunday school. The children are designed by nature to be real men and women, then how needful to get them to thinking how to be men and women in the true sense. They are destined to be awakened, so persuasive measures are to be preferred to those more rigid later.

Last but not least don't forget your county paper, The Banner. It is in sympathy with every progressive movement in the county. It merits our hearty support. We can't afford to be without it.

The friends of Mr. W. M. Wood in this part were shocked and made sad to read of his death in last week's Banner. We remember him back in the seventies when he came from Bullock County. He was a sweet singer, his voice was musical. He was loving and kind. An impressive man. Alas, he is gone.

NOTICE OF ELECTION

Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Court of County Commissioners of Chilton County, Alabama, an election will be held on the 16th day of April, 1917, at the various polling places in the several beats of said County, for the purpose of voting upon the question of issuing bonds to the amount of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars, bearing interest not to exceed five per cent per annum, and to run for a period of thirty years from date of issue, for the purpose of paying debts created for constructing roads and bridges in said County.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE

Seven room house, large garden with good fruit trees, good barn and out buildings; call at Howard Bros. Green houses, Thorsby, Ala., for partirulars. 2-15-5t.

Miss Callie Watts, for years associated with W. H. Sartor of Clanton, Ala., and later engaged by The Parisan Co., of Birmingham, has accepted a position with V. J. Elmore, of Clanton, and will be in charge of the dress goods and suit department. She invites all of her friends and old customers around to see her new home, and while there take a look at the big line of Dress goods and ready made dresses on display.

TRESPASS NOTICES

We have on hand for sale, Trespass notices suitable for posting land.
THE UNION-BANNER,

any ...ey, and not do any... to any one to come to this meeting.

We are anxious to save all we can and we would be glad to have any suggestions from any tax payer that knows where we can save any money for the county.

We have not fixed any salaries, nor made any appropriations for any purpose this yer, but as stated above we expect to take up this class of business at this meeting, so if you have any advice to give come to this meeting. We would be glad to have you.

Respectfully,
L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.
S. E. WALDRUP
R. J. WILLIAMS
A. P. VINSON
W. T. HERROD,
Commissioners.

COLLINS CHAPEL

Health here is fairly good at present except Mrs. Bud Martin who has been sick for some time.

Our Sunday school and prayer meeting are still doing fine.

Our Singing society has elected for the new President Mr. Eddie Smith. Lets all don't forget our singing every first and fourth Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Sarah Murrah and daughter, Lummie and Mr. and Mrs. Wiley Gore spent Sunday at Mr. J. M. Mims'.

Mr. Julius Smith attended preaching at Union Grove Sunday.

Mr. H. C. Vance went to Clanton on business Saturday.

Mr. George Murrah and wife spent Saturday night at Mr. J. E. Mims'.

Mr. Sam Pate is at work at Shelby, with the Shelby Iron Works.

Mr. Howard Collins of Calera was visiting relatives here last week.

J. D. Collins, Jr., of Clanton visited here Saturday night and Sunday.

Misses Lummie Murrah and Mattie Mims spent a few days last week with Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Martin in Jemison.

Mr. Herbert Lowery dined with Akins Collins Sunday.

Mr. W. E. Martin and wife are spending a few days with Mr. Tommie Martin.

Mr. Orville Martin is attending the high school at Clanton.

Mis Lummie Murrah entertained a few of her friends with a rook party last Friday night.

Much success to the Union-Banner and its many readers.

CITY TAX NOTICE

All person who have not paid city taxes to the Town of Clanton are hereby warned that they should pay same before March 31st, in order to avoid suit and further costs.

H. M. SIMPSON,
Tax Collector.

...eeps an accurate record of work done and the cost of carrying on the project, and is required to make a report at the end of the year showing the net profit or loss. In this way the practical side of such an undertaking is taught as well as the theoretical, and the pupil can judge for himself whether or not the operation has been worth while.

During 1916, 21,532 school pupils of Indiana carried on home projects work. They produced $180,331 worth of products at a cost of $56,677, leaving a net profit of $123,654. Disregarding the financial advantage from such work, there is an individual gain for each pupil in the proper exercise of mind and muscle, and in the ability to plan and execute genuine work which leads to better farming and better homemaking. The work was largely carried on under volunteer leaders such as local teachers, members of farmers' unions, county farm demonstration agents, as well as pain township supervisors employed during the summer months.

Consolidation of Rural Schools Gaining in Public Favor in Escambia.

As typical of what is being done in Escambia County, the following incident is cited:

On Monday, J. F. McGowan, trustee of the Dixie school and Charles Clements and J. M. Messick, trustees of the Mason school, appeared before the county board of education and presented a petition signed by a large majority of the voters in the districts mentioned, requesting the consolidation of the two schools and also asking for an election for a special three mill tax for the new district. The request was granted and the commissioners will have the matter of an election before them at their meeting in March.

Apply a cotton cloth wet with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT to all wounds, cuts, burns, sores or blisters, and note its wonderful healing power. It is prompt and very effective. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Farms For Sale.

23 acres wth good house, 1½ miles from Clanton on the Birmingham Highway, Price **$1,600.00.** 160 acres with 5 room house, 2 tenement houses, 50 acres in cultivation, 20 acres fenced in pasture, 2 miles north of Jemison, Price **$2,750.00.** 80 acres, all fenced, 3 small houses, 60 acres in cultivation, 20 acres woodland, 5 miles from Thorsby, Price **$900.00.** 16 acres, 1 mile from Clanton on Birmingham Highway, 2 room house, good truck farm, Price **$1,700.00.** 20 acres 1½ miles from Clanton with 3 room house, fine chicken and Truck farm, Price **$1,200.00.** 52 acres 1½ miles south of Thorsby on Birmingham Highway, 5 room house and out buildings, **$2,200.00.**

CHILTON COUNTY REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
Office at Chero-Cola Plant - - - - CLANTON, ALA.

MONEY TO LOAN

WE ARE IN TOUCH WITH AN UNLIMITED SUPPLY OF MONEY, AND CAN NEGOTIATE LONG-TIME LOANS ON FARM LANDS UPON EASY TERMS. IF YOU ARE INTERESTED, CALL ON US.

Middleton & Reynolds.

2 Pkgs. for 5 Cents **SEEDS** 2 Pkgs. for 5 Cents

For Planting the Field and Garden

We have on hand for the spring planting, a full line of the famous "Blue Ribbon Seeds." They are all new and fresh, and guarantee satisfactory results. Following are some we have on hand:

- White Dent Corn with red cob.
- Johnson's White Dent.
- Reed's Golden Dent.
- Hickory King Corn.
- Seed Irish Potatoes, price 70 cents a peck.
- Onion Sets. (white, red, and yellow.
- Pole Beans.
- Cornfield Beans.
- Lima Beans.
- Shelled Beans.
- Dwarf Beans.
- Early and extra early varieties.
- Garden Beets.
- Carrots.
- Collards.
- Cabbage.—
- Early Flat Dutch.
- Large Wakefield.
- Mid-season and late kinds.
- Frost proof plants.
- Celery, Cucumbers, Egg Plants, Radishes, Endive, Garlic, Lettuce, Kale, Mustard, Okra, Watermelons, Muskmelons, Cantulopes, Peas (early and late) Sweet Potatoes, and Peanutes, peppers, Pumpkins, Squash, Ponderosa Tomatoes, Turnips.

Come to see our line before you buy. We will be delighted to show you what we have.

W. Z. HODGES

CLANTON, ALA.

Walk Right In

And Call for It.

I HAVE BEEN EXPECTING YOU TO COME TO TOWN, AND HAVE GONE TO THE TROUBLE OF PROVIDING YOU SOMETHING TO EAT WHEN YOU GE THERE. SO JUST COME RIGHT IN AND TELL ME WHAT YOU ARE WANTING TO EAT AND YOU WILL GET IT IN A MINUTE OR TWO.

MY COOK KNOWS HOW TO COOK, AND I GUARANTEE TO SUIT YOUR TASTE.

REMEMBER I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF THE FINEST OYSTERS IN SEASON, AND SERVE ANY STYLE AT ANY TIME.

BRING ALONG YOUR EGGS WITH YOU AND I WILL PAY YOU THE HIGHEST CASH MARKET PRICE FOR THEM.

DON'T FORGET TO COME TO SEE ME NOW.

W. H. GOODGAME

Across Street from Post Office
CLANTON, ALA.

RDERS ON SHIPS

Secretary Lansing
eral Gregory
es Action

TS APRIL 16

d To Pass Press-
d Give Sup-
rnment

sident Wilson,
red the arming
t ships against
ss submarine war-
same time issued a
proclamation calling an extra session
of congress to meet April 16.

The president's decision came suddenly, following the action of the senate in revising its rules to permit prompt action on important questions and the submission of formal opinions by Secretary Lansing and Attorney General Gregory that he has the power to arm merchantmen without action by congress.

Details of the government's armed neutrality plans for defending the merchant marine were withheld to avoid endangering Americans and their ships by permitting the information to reach Germany. The only statement at the white house and the navy department was that the president had determined to fully protect American rights.

The decision, coming at the end of a period of tense waiting, was generally hailed as the natural and unavoidable next step in the policy adopted by the president when he broke off diplomatic relations with Germany and gave warning that the United States could not tolerate attacks on American ships and citizens in violation of international law.

Fraught with the grave possibility of war with Germany, the action was taken by President Wilson only after he was convinced that Germany actually was proceeding with her campaign of ruthlessness and had made efforts to plot with Mexico and Japan against the territory integrity of the United States.

Long before the order was given from the white house, all necessary preparations for the arming of merchantmen had been completed at the navy department. Secretary Daniels, however, issued an appeal to the press of the nation to refrain from discussing these preparations.

The president's decision sent a thrill through the senate, meeting in special session, and in government departments. Still hoping that war with Germany will be avoided, officials and senators declared that the issue rests entirely with Germany.

625 LIVES LOST WHEN TRANSPORT GOES DOWN

British Steamer Mendi, Carrying African Laborers, Sinks In Collision. Off Isle Of Wight

London. — The British transport Mendi, carrying South African native laborers, was sunk after a collision on February 21 and 625 persons lost their lives. Ten of the persons lost were Europeans, according to the announcement of Premier Botha. The collision occcred off the Isle of Wight. The official announcement says:

"Premier Botha stated to the South African parliament that the transport Mendi, carrying the last batch of the South African native laborers' contingent (the rest of whom were landed safely in France) collided with another vessel en route from England to Havre and sank in 25 minutes. The collision occurred off the Isle of Wight February 21. The escort's searchlight could not penetrate the fog, but the survivors were rescued by passing vessels. Twelve European officers and 191 natives were saved. Ten Europeans and 615 natives were lost.

Inventor Of Zeppelin Goes Hence

London.—Count Zeppelin is dead, according to a dispatch from Berlin. According to a Berlin telegram transmitted by a news agency, Count Zeppelin died at Charlottenburg, near Berlin, from inflammation of the lungs, superinduced by pneumonia.

Germany Releases 59 Americans

Berlin.—Fifty-nine Americans taken from vessels sunk by the German raider in the south Atlantic and taken to Swinemuende on January 1 on board the captured British steamer Yarrowdale were released from quarantine and left for the Swiss frontier. News of their impending release was conveyed to them in the detention camp at Brandenburg. Most of them were seamen and were unaware that the Georgic and Mount Temple, upon which steamers they had shipped, were merchantmen.

Preparing For U. C. V. Reunion

Washington.—Directors of the committee on arrangements for the Confederate veterans' reunion to be held here the week of June 4, held the first of a series of weekly meetings, planned between now and June. A subcommittee was named to investigate the advisability of holding assemblies of the veterans in a convention hall here, or in a big tent located in the middle of the group of sleeping tents on the campus near Washington monument. Ten thousand dollars has been collected from Washington citizens.

WAR LOSSES ARE ENORMOUS

First Official Tabulation of Reports Of Killed, Wounded, Captured And Missing Soldiers

Washington.—More than ten million men are recorded as killed, wounded, captured or missing in the European war, in the first complete tabulation of official and authenticated semi-official reports of the various belligerents received here.

Among the military proper 4,441,200 are reported dead; 2,598,500 wounded, and 2,576,500 captured and missing. Among civilians, especially on the Russian and Balkan fronts and in Armenia, another 400,000 are figured as either dead or wounded through the war.

These figures are admittedly only approximate and in some instances necessarily several weeks old. They are not called exact in any sense, but are known to be so nearly so as to give a fairly reliable picture of the war's results. The figures are certainly minimum figures, and then on a careful rechecking with all available authentic information.

The entente's losses are given as 6,318,400, as against 3,384,800 for the central empires. One reason for the great discrepancy between the two is believed to be the relative unpreparedness of the entente, the disastrous retreats in France at the beginning of the war; in Russia from the Mazurian lakes and the Carpathians and in Roumania.

The entente's dead total 2,890,400, against 1,550,800 for the central empires; the entente's wounded total 1,676,500, against 922,000 for their enemies; and their captured and missing, 1,652,500, against 912,000 for the central empires. These losess are based upon the assumption that in Germany 90 per cent of the total wounded return to the front and 80 per cent in all the other countries.

Russia is infinitely the heaviest loser so far, with a grand total of 3,084,200 men. The bulk of these losses occurred in the Mazurian lake disaster, and the two retreats from the Carpathians when prisoners were taken by the tens of thousands. Moreover, lack of communications and hospital facilities has made the death rate in Russia extraordinarily high. Their dead total 1,50,000, their wounded 784,200, and their prisoners and missing 800,000, which is said to be much lower than the probable number.

ARMENIANS BUTCHERED FOR THEIR LOYALTY TO CHRIST

When They Rejected Mohammed, They Were Slain, Lord Bryce Says

New York.—Massacres of Armenians were inspired by the desire of the Turkish ruling clans to eliminate from the empire all sects and creeds except that of Mohammed, according to Lord Bryce, former British ambassador to the United States, in a cable message to the American committee for Armenian and Syrian relief, made public here.

"During these recent massacres, whenever any Christian would turn Mohammedan he was spared," Lord Bryce said in his message. "Many a Christian child was torn from its parents to be brought up as a Mussulman. Thousands of Armenian Christian girls were sold in the market or distributed among Turkish officers to be imprisoned for life in Turkish harems and there forced into Mohammedanism.

"But many more thousands of Armenian women, as well as men, were offered their choice between Christ and Mohammed, and when they refused Mohammed were shot or drowned forthwith. For days and days together the bodies of Christian women who had thus perished were seen floating down the Euphrates."

Governors Invited to Defense Meeting

Baltimore.—In an appeal to Governor Harrington, the board of directors of the Maryland League for National Defense called on Gov. Emerson C. Harrington to invite a conference here of the governors of the other seaboard and gulf states to consider concerted action for their common defense.

Guardsmen To Be Hurried Home

San Antonio, Texas.—Orders were received by southern department headquarters to "speed up" the return movement of state troops from the border

Postmasters To Go Under Civil Service

Washington.—Postmaster General Burleson announces that after April 1 the appointments of all postmasters of the first, second and third classes will be subject to competitive examinations. Nominations will be sent to the senate, but in making selections the president will be guided by the results of examinations and send in the names at the head of the lists. Whether the civil service commission, under which fourth class postmasters are now named, will conduct the examinations has not been determined.

Submarine Sinks French Destroyer

Paris.—The torpedo boat destroyer Cassini of the Mediterranean patrol service was torpedoed by a submarine on February 28. According to the official announcement, the vessel sank in two minutes. The text of the announcement reads: "The torpedo boat destroyer Cassini of the Mediterranean patrol service was submarined on February 28, at 1 p. m. The powder magazine having exploded, the vessel sank in less than two minutes." The captain, six officers and 100 of the crew perished."

U. S. SHIPS ARMED; NATIONS NOTIFIED

SECRETARY LANSING SENDS WORD TO ALL EMBASSIES AND LEGATIONS.

ARMED GUARD FOR ALL SHIPS

Action Explained as Necessary for Protection of Vessels and Lives of Persons on Board.

Washington.—The United States government took the only formal step that will precede the sailing for the war zone of American merchant ships armed to resist attacks by German submarines.

Notice to the world of the intention to place an armed guard on merchantmen was given in a communication sent by the state department to all embassies and legations in Washington. The statement which it is assumed will be transmitted to Germany by the Swiss minister, follows:

"In view of the announcement of the imperial German government on January 31, 1917, that all ships, those of neutrals included, met within certain zones of the high seas, would be sunk without any precaution being taken for the safety of the persons on board, and without the exercise of visit and search, the government of the United States has determined to place upon all American merchant vessels sailing through the barred areas an armed guard for the protection of the vessels and the lives of the persons on board."

Officials continued to be reticient regarding the arming of ships and the probable date the first would be ready to sail. All such details are regarded as miltary secrets. In fact, there is a general disposition to avoid discussing any phase of the situation pending the outcome of the defiance of the submarine menace by American vessels with naval guns and gunners on board.

Speculation continues as to the part the United States may play if forced into actual hostilities by Germany. In official quarters the opinion is very clear that President Wilson for the present, at least, is contemplating no more direction in connection with the European war than is necessary to protect American rights on the high seas. Preparations for any eventuality are going forward but the President is known still to cling to the hope that there will be no actual clash between America's armed merchantmen and German submarines.

ANOTHER AGAINST GERMANY.

Chinese Senate Approves Severance of Relations With Germany.

Peking.—The Senate approved the severance of relations with Germany by a vote of 152 to 37.

Peking.—Premier Tuan Chi Kui, accompanied by the entire cabinet, appeared before the House and the Senate and stated that the cabinet and the President had decided that China should sever diplomatic relations with Germany. The House approved severance of relations by a vote of 431 to 87.

NEW CASTLE COLD AND DARK.

Town Settles Down to Find Its Dead and Care for Its Wounded.

New Castle, Ind.—The city of New Castle, which was swept by a tornado, settled down to another night of chill and darkness, with National Guardsmen patrolling the streets. Arrangements had been made to care for practically all the homeless; churches, schools, lodge rooms, public halls and dwellings having been thrown open to them, but suffering in many cases was intense.

The death roll showed 20 dead, two persons missing and about a score seriously injured, with a hundred more suffering from minor hurts. No more bodies had been found in the ruins but some of the injured died in hospitals.

GOVERNOR JOHNSON RESIGNS.

California Senator-Elect Gives Up Present Office March 15.

Sacramento, Cal.—Governor Hiram W. Johnson, senator-elect, announced his resignation from the governorship here, effective March 15. Governor Johnson's second term of four years was slightly more than half completed. He was succeeded automatically by William D. Stephens of Los Angeles, a former congressman. Stephens was appointed lieutenant governor by Governor Johnson after the death of Lieutenant Governor John Eshelmann, February 28, 1916.

Union Labor to Stand by Nation.

Washington.—Organized labor in America, through its representatives in conference here, offered its services to the country in every field of activity, if, despite all endeavors and hopes, the United States should be drawn into war. The action was taken by unanimous vote of more than 150 delegates from trade unions affiliated with the American Federation of Labor and five unaffiliated organizations, including the great railroad brotherhoods. In all about 3,000,000 American workers were represented

MANY PERSONS KILLED AND INJURED IN TORNADO

Hundreds Of Houses Wrecked—Estimated Property Loss Will Be In Excess Of Million Dollars

Indianapolis, Ind.—A tornado swept over central eastern Indiana, killing more than a score of persons at Newcastle and two children in Wayne county.

The total number of injured will run over two hundred, some of whom are probably fatally hurt. The damage will total well nigh over a million dollars at Newcastle and several thousand dollars in Wayne county.

Adjt. Gen. Harry B. Smith of the Indiana National Guard was at his office directing measures of relief. He said his reports were that twenty-six were dead and 150 injured at Newcastle. Two companies of militia were ordered to Newcastle.

Physicians, nurses, undertakers and ambulances were ordered to Newcastle from Indianapolis, Muncie and other towns.

George Dyer, general superintendent of the Lake Erie and Western railroad, said that he had received word from railroad officials at Newcastle that forty-two bodies had been removed from the wreckage in the storm-swept district in that at least twenty-five persons in the hospitals probably would die. He said the report came from a division superintendent, who, in an automobile, had made a trip through the devastated district.

General Carranza Chosen President

Mexico City.—Gen. Venustiano Carranza was elected president of Mexico by what is believed to have been the largest vote ever cast in the republic. Although the voters had the privilege of writing in or declaring any name they desired, General Carranza received all but a few scattering ballots. The estimated vote cast runs all the way from several hundred thousand to a million. The presidential election was provided for in articles adopted by the constitutional assembly which met at Queretaro.

Germany Ready Now To Face U. S.

Amsterdam.—The Koelnische Volks Zeitung, a copy of which has been received here, admits that the arming of United States merchantmen will make Germany's position more difficult. It expresses the belief that the Americans will not find it easy to provide guns and gun crews and says it does not believe the danger to German submarines will be increased. "We have always maintained," says the newspaper, "that a victory over England would be impossible unless we determined to face the United States.

after effecting a surprise crossing of the Diala and bridging the Tigris, drove the Turks back to within three miles of Bagdad. It is evident that the Turks have been unable to offer any serious resistance since the fall of Kut-el-Amara.

They were said to be hurriedly summoning reinforcements from other theaters of the war where Turks were engaged, but the distances to be covered were so great that additional forces were unable to arrive in time to save the ancient city which, after Mecca, occupies first place in the Mohammedan mind.

The fall of Bagdad, besides ending German hopes of near eastern dominion, based on a Berlin-Bagdad railway, will reverberate throughout the Mohammedan empires and, it is believed, will more than rehabilitate British prestige in the far east, damaged by the earlier loss of Kut-el-Amara.

Perhaps no more welcome news could come at a time when the British public for the first time, owing to the submarine war, is beginning to feel the effects of the war in a greatly reduced food supply besides being thrown into depression by the revelations of the Dardanelles report.

Apparently the occupation was effected without resistance and with only slight losses. Even if the Turks succeeded in extricating all their forces, the loss of Bagdad is a grave blow to them. Bagdad has been the base for all Turkish operations in Persia. Up to within a few days ago the Turks occupied about thirty thousand square miles of Persian territory, but with the Russians pressing them closely from Kirmanshah, as well as from the direction of Erzerum, indications point to a speedy junction of the British and Russian forces which would soon compel the Turkish evacuation of Persia.

SHIP APPAM RETURNED TO HER ENGLISH OWNERS

Supreme Court Holds German Government Has No Right To The Vessel

Washington.—In a unanimous opinion the Supreme court has decreed restoration to her English owners of the liner Appam and cargo, brought into Hampton Roads more than a year ago by a prize crew from the German raider Moewe. Ship and cargo, valued at between three and four million dollars, must be delivered within thirty days, as the court's order is final.

The decision, written by Justice Day, affirms decrees by Federal Judge Waddill of Virginia and upholds the original ruling by Secretary Lansing that prizes coming into American ports unaccompanied by captor warships have the right to remain only long enough to make themselves seaworthy.

American neutrality was violated in bringing the Appam into Hampton Roads, the court says, and neither the ancient treaties relied upon by Lieutenant Berg, the German prize commander, The Hague conventions nor the Declaration of London entitles any belligerents to make American ports a place for deposit of prizes as spoils of war under such circumstances.

Combine Charge To Raise Coal Cost

New York.—The federal grand jury which has been investigating the high cost of food and fuel returned two indictments naming as defendants in the first 108 corporations and fifty-five individuals; in the second, ten corporations and sixteen individuals in the business of producing or selling coal. The defendants in the first indictment are charged with participating in a combination among selling agents and producers of 22,000,000 out of 35,000,000 tons of coal produced annually.

May Call Extra Session Of Congress

Washington.—The impression is growing here that an extra session of congress is certain, and the time of calling it is believed to depend almost wholly on developments in the senate and on the decision of the president on arming merchantmen. Senator Lodge attempted to introduce in the senate the armed neutrality bill killed by the filibuster, but Vice President Marshall sustained a point of order that the senate could not consider legislation in an extra session when the house is not called to meet.

Fierce Fighting On British Front

New York.—Fighting continues on various sectors of the Somme and Ancre fronts in France. North and south of the Ancre, the London war office reports, the British have made additional gains, in the former region north of Puisieux-au-Mont and in the latter northwest of Irles. East of Bouchavesnes, in the Somme sector, the British report the raiding of a German trench and the scattering of German forces who were massing for a counter attack.

INDIGESTION, GAS OR SICK STOMACH

Time it! Pape's Diapepsin ends all Stomach misery in five minutes.

Do some foods you eat hit back—taste good, but work badly; ferment into stubborn lumps and cause a sick, sour, gassy stomach? Now, Mr. or Mrs. Dyspeptic, jot this down: Pape's Diapepsin digests everything, leaving nothing to sour and upset you. There never was anything so safely quick, so certainly effective. No difference how badly your stomach is disordered you will get happy relief in five minutes, but what pleases you most is that it strengthens and regulates your stomach so you can eat your favorite foods without fear.

You feel different as soon as "Pape's Diapepsin" comes in contact with the stomach—distress just vanishes—your stomach gets sweet, no gases, no belching, no eructations of undigested food.

Go now, make the best investment you ever made, by getting a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any store. You realize in five minutes how needless it is to suffer from indigestion, dyspepsia or bad stomach. Adv.

Solar Surface Temperature.

The latest estimate of the absolute temperature of the solar surface is that of F. Biscoe of Warsaw, whose computation is based upon the intensity of radiation for individual wave-length in the solar spectrum as obtained with the spectro-bolometer at the Smithsonian astrophysical observatory. He gets an average of 7,300 degrees plus 100 degrees Centigrade.

With the Fingers! Says Corns Lift Out Without Any Pain

Sore corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn can shortly be lifted right out with the corn a few drops of freezone, says a Cincinnati authority.

At little cost one can get a small bottle of freezone at any drug store, which will positively rid one's feet of every corn or callus without pain or soreness or the danger of infection.

This new drug is an ether compound, and dries the moment it is applied and does not inflame or even irritate the surrounding skin. Just think! You can lift off your corns and calluses now without a bit of pain or soreness. If your druggist hasn't freezone he can easily get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.—adv.

India's Hoarded Treasure.

The "hoarded treasure" of India is estimated by the Financial Review at over £400,000,000. Most of this is believed to be hidden in comparatively small sums. It is a financial axiom in London that all the gold and silver which is sent to India annually by the British government is immediately absorbed and passes quickly out of circulation. In India, however, the existence of any really important hidden wealth is declared a myth.

BILIOUS, HEADACHY, SICK "CASCARETS"

Gently cleanse your liver and sluggish bowels while you sleep.

Get a 10-cent box.

Sick headache, biliousness, dizziness, coated tongue, foul taste and foul breath—always trace them to torpid liver; delayed, fermenting food in the bowels or sour, gassy stomach.

Poisonous matter clogged in the intestines, instead of being cast out of the system is re-absorbed into the blood. When this poison reaches the delicate brain tissue it causes congestion and that dull, throbbing, sickening headache.

Cascarets immediately cleanse the stomach, remove the sour, undigested food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out all the constipated waste matter and poisons in the bowels.

A Cascaret to-night will surely straighten you out by morning. They work while you sleep—a 10-cent box from your druggist means your head clear, stomach sweet and your liver and bowels regular for months. Adv.

We Forget.

What did the girls go in for before they wore spats?—Kansas City Journal.

THAT GRIM WHITE SPECTRE, Pneumonia, follows on the heels of a neglected cough or cold. Delay no longer. Take Mansfield's Cough Balsam. Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

Innocence is like an umbrella. When once it is lost it is useless to advertise for it.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"
To get the genuine, call for full name LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. 25c.

If matrimony doesn't make a woman wise there isn't any hope for her.

NITRATE BOARD VISITS ALABAMA

PLEAS FOR THE LOCATION OF NITRATE PLANT AT MUSCLE SHOALS PRESENTED

WILL MEAN MUCH TO STATE

Location of Plant in State Would Mean the Immediate Expenditure of $20,000,000.

Birmingham.—Pleas for the government $20,000,000 nitrate fixation plant to be established at Muscle Shoals were heard here by the Government Nitrate Board, composed of Secretary of War Baker, Secretary of Interior Lane, Secretary of Agriculture Houston and government engineers and experts.

The hearings opened with an address of welcome by Governor Henderson.

A brief, the chief feature of which was a discussion of the "navigation of the Tennessee river and what the development of Muscle Shoals would do for it," was presented.

The location of the nitrate plant in Alabama means the expenditure of $20,000,000 to establish same and thousands of dollars will be paid out regularly for labor after the plant is established.

Board Visits Tuscaloosa.

Tuscaloosa.—The claims of the Warrior river for the location of a nitrate plant were submitted here to the commission appointed by President Wilson. That a strong case was made out was admitted by members of the party of engineers that accompanied the commission and by advocates of the Muscle Shoals proposition.

Tick Eradication Work Pleasing.

Montgomery.—Tick eradication work for February in Alabama shows a lower percentage of infected cattle following the dipping than that of any previous month during the winter. According to the report just issued by R. E. Jackson, Inspector in charge of the work in Alabama, out of 15,000 cattle dipped, only 17 herds, comprising 265 head of cattle, remain with a vestige of infection. This is considered an extremely good report, and the progress of the work in practically every county in the State is declared to be very satisfactory to the Department of Agriculture.

Girl Tries to Join Army.

Montgomery.—Giving her name as William M. Callaway, and claiming to be the son of J. T. Callaway, of Deatsville, Alabama, a girl, disguised as a boy, tried to enlist at the local recruiting station. When asked to strip for examination, the girl burst into tears and said she thought she could get into the army without her sex becoming known.

Pleads Guilty to Embezzlement Charge

Huntsville.—E. B. Shoemaker, former manager of the Tennessee Valley Bank at Gurley, this County, charged with embezzlin gapproximately $15,000 of the bank's funds, pleaded builty and by agreement accepted a setence of three years in the State penitentiary. Shoemaker and his friends made good the shortage. He is 36 years old.

Designer of Confederate Flag Dead.

Marion.—News of the recent death in Louisville, Ky., of Nicola Marschal, the noted artist, designer of the first Confederate flag and the Confederate uniform, was received with regret by Marion friends. He was for many years a resident of Marion, and beautiful portraits, the work of his hands, are to be found in various sections of the State.

Girard Liquor Stolen.

Girard. — Several hundred more cases of liquor and beer were stolen from the Phenix City depot. This is the third time in a few months that the warehouse has been broken into, large quantities of liquor being stolen each time. Officers are working on clues, and it is thought that arrests will be made soon.

Monkey Sets House on Fire.

Haleyville.—Fire destroyed the office building of the Mascot-Delmar Coal Co., located at Delmar, three miles west of Haleyville. It was thought that a pet monkey overturned a lighted lantern and set the building on fire. The loss is estimated at $500. The monkey was burned.

Dothan Entertains Woodmen.

Dothan.—The annual meeting of the Head Camp of Alabama Woodmen of the World, held here March 13, 14 and 15, was a grand affair. More than 700 delegates and many more visitors were in attendance.

Free Chautauqua For Dothan.

Dothan.—Dothan will have a free chautauqua. Citizens have contributed enough money to meet all expenses of the business and a contract has been closed with a well known chautauqua bureau for a three-days' meeting, March 20, 21 and 22.

Woman Dies From Burns.

Gadsden.—Mrs. Annie Owens, age 27, of Slackland, died as the result of burns received in rescuing her small child from an open grate.

TROOPS TO MOVE MARCH 15.

Signal Company, Ambulance Corps and Field Hospital to Come Home Then.

Birmingham.—The first of the Alabama troops at Nogales, Ariz., began entraining for home on March 15. Orders were issued from the Southern Department for the Signal Company, Ambulance Company and Field Hospital Company to entrain on the above date.

The next movement of the Alabama troops will be on March 17, when the Second Infantry and Brigade Headquarters will leave for the mobilization camp at Montgomery.

Definite orders for entrainment of the First and Fourth Infantries have not been issued as yet, but the statement has been made by the War Department that an effort is being made to have all the guardsmen now on the border in mobilization camps by April 1. The troops will go to Montgomery and be mustered out there.

EDITORS HOLD MEETING.

May 10 and 11 Selected for Annual Gathering.

Birmingham. — Plans to make the next meeting o fthe Alabama Press Association the most successful in the history of the organization were launched at a meeting of the executive committee held in Birmingham. The meeting is to take place May 10 and 11 and Gadsden will be host to the newspaper men of the State. Harry M. Ayers, editor of the Anniston Star, president of the association, presided at the meeting, which was held at the Tutwiler.

Noted Educator Dies.

Birmingham.—Funeral services over the remains of Prof. Joel C. DuBose, aged 61 years, who died in a local infirmary, were held here. Professor DuBose was one of the best known educators in Alabama and had been identified with the educational activities of the state for many years. Professor DuBose was a member of the legislature of Alabama from 1902 to 1906. The only other honor he sought at the hands of the people of the state was the office of superintendent of education, for which he was a candidate in 1910, without success. He was author of "Alabama History," which is a textbook for the schools of the state. He also wrote "A Sketch of Alabama History," and was a regular contributor to magazines and newspapers.

Farm Work Delayed.

Goodwater.—The farmers in this section are behind with preparations for early planting. But little work was done in the way of ground preparation before Christmas, and less has been done since the first of the year. There has been few days when the ground was suitable for plowing. The cotton crop is going to be extremely light, and with but little commercial fertilizer used. Practically all grain that was sown in the fall has been killed.

Iowa Father Hunting For Boy.

Montgomery. — Detective agencies throughout the state have been asked for information as to Clarence D. Mickelson, aged 17 years, height 5 feet, 11 inches, weight about 140 pounds, complexion medium, gray eyes, brown hair, circular scar on left wrist and scar on right leg just above knee from burn. A sick mother is anxious to find her boy, and D. B. Henderson, sheriff at Waterloo, Iowa, is making the inquiry.

Record Broken by Mobile Jury.

Mobile.—The grand jury of the February term of the Circuit Court, made a new record in the matter of indictments when in a partial report it returned 160 true bills. The past three grand juries of Mobile County had returned the smallest number of indictments known. It is said that a majority of the indictments are against persons for violating the prohibition law.

State Must Feed Herself, Slogan.

Birmingham.—"Not only the South, but Alabama, must feed itself." This was the substance of the remarks of Mrs. G. H. Mathis, Alabama's greatest woman farmer, and one of the greatest farmers of the country, at an open meeting held in the assembly room of the Civic Association here, attended by several hundred people.

County Fair Is Wanted.

Selma.—Mayor Louis Benish suggests that Selma get ready to hold a city and county fair during the early fall of the year. It is not his idea to start a big affair, but to hold a fair of large community interest, embracing Dallas County.

Attalla Man Injured.

Gadsden. — Marion Ledford, of Attalla, was seriously injured when a string of loose cars struck the engine on which he was working. He was badly bruised, but is expected to recover.

Pig Iron Resold at $27.50 Per Ton.

Birmingham.—Pig iron, standard No. 2 foundry, sold in Birmingham, f. o. b furnaces, at $27.50 per ton, an advance of $1.50 per ton in a week. High manganese iron sold in Birmingham at $30.50 per ton, while special analysis iron as well as special brand iron sold at a premium of $1 and more on the foundry prices. Some of the manufacturers announce that they have a little iron for sale for the first half delivery, but will not consider the above prices while there is a considerable tonnage for last half delivery.

DECREASE IN POLL TAX COLLECTIONS

MORE THAN 17,000 PERSONS HAVE DELIBERATELY DISFRANCHISED THEMSELVES.

AT THE STATE'S CAPITAL

Interesting News Budget of Happenings in Various Departments of State.

—Montgomery.

No less than 17,900 persons have deliberately disfranchised themselves this year by failure to pay their poll taxes before February 1. Records of A. C. Pearson, file clerk of the state auditor's office, show that only 77,824 persons paid poll taxes during the year and put themselves in position to vote in the event of any elections this year.

During the preceding year 89,998 poll taxes were paid, showing a decrease of 12,174 for this year. The annual increase of poll taxes because of boys becoming of age and persons moving into the state is estimated at 7500. Thus the real decrease this year is about 19,000, minus between 2000 and 3000 who were not required to pay poll taxes because they became members of the organized militia during the year.

Total collections from poll taxes this year were $140,062.50, compared with $212,911.50 last year, a decrease of $72,849. The burden caused by the decrease will be borne by the public school system.

Jefferson county paid in the largest amount for poll taxes, $18,328.50, while Walker was second with the $4641 and Mobile third with $4296.

Joel B. Brown, Presiding Judge.

Attorney General Martin announced that Judge Joel B. Brown, of the Court of Appeals, has succeeded the late Judge John Pelham as Presiding Judge of that court. Differences of opinion has existed, some holding that the death of Judge Pelham created a vacancy in the position of Presiding Judge, and the man appointed by the Governor to succeed him would become the presiding judge. Judge Brown, however, by right of his seniority among the judges of the court, has automatically succeeded Judge Pelham.

Funds Needed by State's Chemist.

The annual report of the pure food bureau of the Department of Agriculture for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1916, states that inspection work under the food and drug act, insofar as human food and drugs are concerned, has been impractical and ineffective, owing to the fact that sufficient funds have not been provided for the State Chemist at Auburn to carry on inspection work.

According to E. M. Moore, Chief Clerk of the Pure Food and Drug Bureau, the law provides that before legal proceedings can be taken against violators of the law, a chemical analysis must first be obtained of their products, showing that it has been adulterated. Mr. Moore states that the sum of $800 appropriated for the use of the State Chemist at Auburn, is entirely inadequate.

The receipts of the department for 1916 amount to $31,549.40, as against disbursements of $7,079.94, leaving a surplus of more than $24,000. In order that the pure food and drug law may be enforced, he urges that necessary funds be appropriated, that the department may be allowed to act against such violations.

Bricken's Pay Held Up.

Because of doubt that Charles R. Bricken, judge of the court of appeals, can draw a salary from the state during the time he was brigadier general of the Alabama National Guard, M. C. Allgood, state auditor, has declined to issue a warrant for $416 to Judge Bricken and has requested William L. Martin, attorney general, for an opinion covering the case. The action was inspired by the executive department, which is refusing to approve any vouchers where there is doubt that they are regular.

Three Convicts Escape.

State convict department announced the escape of three negro convicts, Gilbert Reeves, Frank Ray and Tom Winters from Seigner. Convicts escaped by scaling the wall of the prison. Reed has been captured.

Teachers' Warrants Issued.

It was announced from the department of State Auditor that warrants for the February salary for teachers in 62 counties of the State have been issued. The total amount is $285,492.58.

Will Codify Laws.

Col. Sam Will John, member of the house of representatives from Dallas County, and the second oldest legislator in the state in point of service, has announced that he will codify all the laws passed by the legislature and amended since Mayfield's digest was prepared in 1907, thus putting the laws in such a manner as to be easily found by lawyers. He will begin work at once and about 12 months will elapse before the manuscript can be given to the printers, it was stated.

SPORTIVE SPOOKS HOLD HIGH REVEL

Three Days of Mysterious Doings in Newark House Astound Neighbors.

TOYS WITH HAIRPINS

Wildest Yarns Ever Spun in an Old Sailors' Home Outdone by Tales Circulating in Vicinity of "Haunted House."

Newark, N. J.—Stanislaus Lysaj of Newark is getting weary of being haunted, but Mrs. Stanislaus Lysaj is getting wearier. She does not enjoy the consolations of her spouse, for whom the neighborhood buys rounds and rounds of drinks while he spills the yarn about the ghostly manifestations in Tyler street.

After a three-day revel the invisible presences, who are said to have been throwing furniture, stove lids and parlor ornaments at Mr. and Mrs. Stanislaus, took a day off and the Lysajs are devoutly hoping that they have gone away to spend the week in the country and that they will never come back. Mrs. Lysaj's sister died two months ago and on her deathbed she swore she would "get even" for a quarrel they had had, according to the story told by the haunted couple.

Outdoes Wildest Yarns.

The wildest yarns ever spun in an old sailors' home are outdone by the tales now circulating in the vicinity of the "haunted house." Wednesday night, the narrative runs, a flock of mysterious footsteps ran all around the Lysajs' four-room apartment, and the footsteps had no feet attached to them. On Thursday the invisible visitors descended to low, slap-stick comedy, and loose ornaments around the place jumped off mantels and tables and hit Mrs. Lysaj while her back was turned. A flatiron crawled off the back of the stove and knocked Mrs. Lysaj down, she testifies, without leaving a mark of any kind.

Mrs. Lysaj thought little or nothing of the activity displayed by the house furnishings, and so, the story goes, she called in a priest, who is reported to have seen pictures fall off the mantelpiece and all the hairpins merrily jump out of Mrs. Lysaj's Psyche knot. Around evening Mrs. Lysaj called in some of the neighbors, who were treated, they assert, to a regular Simon pure spiritual seance, in which the hairpin trick was repeated.



Throwing Ornaments at Mr. and Mrs. Stanislaus.

Spooks Become Bashful.

The Lysajs summoned two priests to view the proceedings Friday, and it is stated that the pictures, aided and abetted by a powder box, again performed their act of flitting around the place. The priests are said to have brought in half a dozen more members of the cloth in the afternoon, at which the bogies became bashful and refused to disport themselves. All was quiet the following day also, much to the delight of the Lysajs and to the vast disappointment of the crowds that have been blockading the house.

Stanislaus and Mrs. Stanislaus are bravely holding the fort. They intend to keep right on living in the "haunted house," they say, and it is hinted that they don't even intend to ask the landlord to lower the rent.

TOO MANY ENOCH ARDENS

War Victims Don't Stay Dead and Widows Are Warned to Go Slow.

Berlin.—Since the beginning of the war many German soldiers who were believed dead have turned up alive in prison camps in Russia, France or England. In some cases the wives of these men, believing themselves widows, have married again, and some even have ended their lives when they learned that they had involuntarily committed bigamy.

To prevent such tragedies, the German government has warned all soldiers' widows not to remarry too hastily, and advises them to wait at least one year after receiving official notice of the death of their husbands.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of Sunday School Course of Moody Bible Institute.)
(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR MARCH 18

JESUS SAVES FROM SIN.

LESSON TEXT—John 8:12, 31-37, 56-58 (Read entire chapter).

GOLDEN TEXT—If the Son therefore shall make you free, ye shall be free indeed.—John 8:36.

Teachers should sketch rapidly in a chronological way the events in the life of our Lord, (See any good harmony) and show that this lesson belongs to the period of the Galilean ministry of Jesus when he had gone up to Jerusalem to attend the feast of the tabernacle (John 7:1-52). Let us be sure to load our guns with temperance ammunition, be familiar with facts, take careful aim, concentrate all we have to say upon one definite aim, and then pull the trigger e. g. be sure to shoot a temperance charge and make a temperance application.

I. The Slavery to Sin. Jesus' previous references to water (Chs. 4 and 7) and to bread (ch. 6) were occasioned by outward occurrences; so with this reference to light. In the treasury (v. 20) near to Jesus as he spake were two colossal, golden lamp stands around which when lighted the people gathered with rejoicing. Amid the blaze of this illumination, Jesus exclaims: "I am the light of the world." What is more beneficent than light as it reveals, cheers and brings life, health and happiness to mankind? Without light there is no vision. Without Jesus there is no spiritual wisdom. Without light we know not whither we are going. Without Jesus we grope in the darkness. Every ray of light, of truth, of holiness and love comes from him, for God is light, and in him is no darkness at all (I John 1:15). Some think that these words were occasioned by the onlookers, seeing what Jesus had written in the sand (vv. 1-11). The first step in the slavery of sin is blindness; the second is habit; and the third is that of absolute slavery (Prov. 5:22). Jesus was the incarnation of the light of God. We cannot conceive of Jesus making such an assertion as this, and being merely a good man.

II. The Possibility of Freedom (vv. 31-36.) These words were spoken to "those which had believed on him," and as the result they were to know the truth, and the truth should make them free. Knowledge and liberty come from a continuance (abiding) in the word of God (John 14:15; 16:12-13). Many men reject Jesus Christ because they claim they wish to have their liberty, and by so doing they lose their liberty. A disciple is a learner; Jesus is the teacher; the entrance examinations to the school of Christ are the simple and necessary condition of believing or accepting him as Lord and teacher. The scholars are all the disciples who continue under his instruction. The object of the schooling is to make perfect men, "unto the measure of the stature of the fulness of Christ" (Eph. 4:22; Col. 4:12). Christ's school is not only in the church and in the Sunday school and Young People's society, but it is everywhere, in the home, in the office, at work and play; wherever one is trying truly to live according to Christ's will, he is in his school, and that school is open both day and night; there are no vacations and no recesses. The text book is the Book of books. We need not argue as to the necessity of sin, but realize the fact that all are under sin (Rom. 5:12), but being under sin does not necessitate our abiding there, nor is sin necessary to our being. This freedom here is from sin and the love of sin and the curse and the penalty of sin and the bondage and corroding care of sin. It is also mental freedom, freedom for Christian activity. A knowledge of the English Bible is a liberal education, and brings true liberty to those who are thus educated. As contrasted to that we have the slavery of sin (vv. 34, 36). The drunkard is a slave because he is restrained from doing what he knows he ought to do. He cannot even do wrong freely for his conscience constantly upbraids him. He is a slave because he is compelled to bear the consequences of sin against his will. The way of escape (v. 36) is through the son: "If the son therefore shall make you free, ye shall be free indeed."

III. The Authority (vv. 56, 58). The Jews took exception to the words of Jesus (33-55). When did Abraham see Jesus? Read the 18th and 19th chapters of Genesis, and we find that one of the three who visited Abraham was different from the other two, and remained hind while two went on to Sodom. The one who remained was the Lord Jesus, Jehovah appearing in human form before his later incarnation as Jesus of Nazareth.

Chocolate-Dipped Grapes.

Wash one-half pound of malaga grapes, and dry perfectly. Stir one-half cake of chocolate over hot water, until melted, in a small cup. Dip stem end of grapes in, one at a time, to one-fourth depth of grapes. Invert to cool, then dip the other end in warm fondant, cool, and then into the chocolate.

In Place of Eggs.

Chopped suet is very useful in taking the place of eggs in milk puddings. Simply sprinkle a little on the top and the pudding will be rich and creamy.

SYRUP OF FIGS FOR A CHILD'S BOWELS

It is cruel to force nauseating, harsh physic into a sick child.

Look back at your childhood days. Remember the "dose" mother insisted on—castor oil, calomel, cathartics. How you hated them, how you fought against taking them.

With our children it's different. Mothers who cling to the old form of physic simply don't realize what they do. The children's revolt is well-founded. Their tender little "insides" are injured by them.

If your child's stomach, liver and bowels need cleansing, give only delicious "California Syrup of Figs." Its action is positive, but gentle. Millions of mothers keep this harmless "fruit laxative" handy; they know children love to take it; that it never fails to clean the liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach, and that a teaspoonful given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on each bottle. Adv.

Read Good Books.

Young women dependent upon their own efforts should give a thought to tomorrow as well as today. The girl alone hasn't anyone to look after her interests, so she must guard them herself. She should keep track of how she spends her salary, and should also join a good benevolent society, so that in the event of an illness or an accident she will be assured of proper medical treatment, and at the same time receive the benefit all such organizations provide.

SOOTHES ITCHING SCALPS

And Prevents Failing Hair Do Cuticura Soap and Ointment.

On retiring, gently rub spots of dandruff and itching with Cuticura Ointment. Next morning shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water using plenty of Soap. Cultivate the use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment for everyday toilet purposes.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Convincing Signs.

Clara—"I don't know what to make of your brother. For three months after we met, he did nothing but write poetry to me." Dora—"Has he stopped that?" "Yes. Since then he has made me some nice presents, but he has even stopped that." "H'm! Let—me—see. I have it. The household pages of our newspapers have been clipped terribly of late. No doubt he is making a collection of cooking recipes. He's in earnest."

WOMEN SUFFERERS NEED SWAMP-ROOT

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney and bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

You may suffer a great deal with pain in the back, headache, loss of ambition, nervousness and may be despondent and irritable.

Don't delay starting treatment. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a physician's prescription, obtained at any drug store, restores health to the kidneys and is just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Get a fifty cent or one dollar bottle immediately from any drug store.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.

Sky Splitter.

Marcy, the highest mountain in the Empire state, was named in honor of Gov. William L. Marcy. Its Indian name is "Tahawus" (he splits the sky).

MOTHER, ATTENTION!

Gold Ring for Baby Free.

Get a 25c Bottle of Baby Ease from any drug store, mail coupon as directed and gold ring (guaranteed) proper size, mailed you. Baby Ease cures Bowel Complaints and Teething Troubles of Babies.—Adv.

Keeps Flies Off.

A special form of electric fan made for use in markets to keep flies from goods on display.

COVETED ... but possessed by ... head of hair. If ... gray, or is harsh and ... store it to its former ... ter by using "La Creole ... ing. Price $1.00.—Adv.

Life is worth living except ... girl in the next apartment ... her piano lesson.

A single application of ... sam upon going to bed will ... it by morning. Effective ... tions of the Eyes, external ... Adv.

Either a man must make ... himself or get out of the way.

THE UNION-BANNER

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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

Chunchula, Ala., March, 12, 1917.
The Union-Banner:

Please allow me a small space in your paper to say a few words to my Chilton friends.

We have just begun to plant corn and truck some. Owing to the rough weather this time we are a little late, though everything is looking good at present.

I see that you are to have an election for bond issue.

That may be all right, but if you ever vote in the tick eradication I'm afraid somebody will be sorry. Some of the people here tell me it won't do. They have it here now. You will have no ticks, cattle or milk. Milk is so thin after dipping it won't color coffee, so you will have to try condensed milk for coffee. They say it has ruined the cattle business here.

Best wishes to The Union-Banner.

J. W. HAYES.

One Small Saving

We imagine that little has been lost by the failure to provide money for the Trade Commission's invstigation of the high cost of living. The four hundred thousand dollars which the administration wanted for this purpose can be better spent in some other way; and there are enough agencies with ample funds to make the investigation without special appropriations. The Trade Commission itself could probably go on with the work within the limits of its present monies. But the policy of the administration always is to get more special appropriations wherewith to give employment to more "deserving Democrats."

Busy John Bull.

The export trade of Great Britian continues to expand, the total for January, 1917,—£48,860,500 being £10,103,000 greater than for January, 1916. Large increases are reported in exports of such manufactures as machinery, cotton goods, woolens and worsteds, carpets, haberdashery, jute goods, silk manufactures, wearing apparel, boots and shoes, earthern and chinawear, and paper, also some increases in iron and steel, cutlery and hardware, coal, coke, linen goods, and soda compounds. For a country that is declared by the free-trade Democrats to be industrially paralyzed, England appears to be doing pretty well.

The Lord's Plan for Soil-Building

Did you ever think what is the Lord's plan for making land rich?

When a man has done his best to "wear out" a piece of land what does He do? Simply puts humus into it. Starts to growing weeds and grasses and shrubs and trees and putting a coating of rotting vegetation—humus—on the ground.

All of which works very well unless there is some foolhardy Man around to set the trash afire and burn it up. Unles this does happen, the land gets rich again more or less rapidly and is soon fit for growing paying crops once more.

Our whole point is that Nature's plan, the Lord's plan, for soil-building is to get humus into it—and man can find no better.

Are you profiting by Nature's teachings or are you ignoring them?

RUB-MY-TISM—Antiseptic, Relieves Rheumatism, Sprains, Neuralgia, etc.

McKINLEY AND WILSON —1898 AND 1917

"Why," asks the New York Times, "cannot the Republicans trust Mr. Wilson, as the Democrats and Republicans trusted Mr. McKinley in 1898?"

In 1898 Congress was in session, when the Maine was blown up and throughout the active period of hostilities with Spain. McKinley did not try to run war single-handed and alone. He did not scorn the counsels where he had served many years and where he knew there was just as much patriotism and just as much good judgment as in the White House. He did not take advice from members of his own party alone, nor did he limit his confidence to one man, irresponsible and without experience in public affairs. He did not with hold information from Congress; he did not seek to supplant Congress as the war-making power. He had himself been a soldier—but that did not blind him to the fact that he alone was not justified in taking blanket authority from Congress, in dismissing that body, and in pursuing a stumbling course by himself.

McKinley worked with Congress. Wilson wanted to work without Congress. As soon as Mr. Wilson gives evidence of good faith toward the representatives of the people, they in turn, Republicans and Democrats alike, and the people likewise, will trust him to the extreme. Congress in 1898 responded to McKinley with patriotic alacrity because McKinley dealt with Congress in a spirit of frankness and good will. Congress in 1917 is unresponsive to Wilson because he deals with Congress vaguely and in a spirit of distrust. Whenever Wilson meets Congress as McKinley did, Congress wil trust Wilson as it did McKinley.

I want to buy your sweet potatoes and syrup. Will pay $1.00 a bushel for potatoes. Write me what you have to sell. J. W. HAND, Ensley, Ala., Route 1. 3-1-3t.

White Leghorns and White Wyandottes.

THE BUSINESS BREEDS

The right kind of poultry will help you solve the boll weevil problem. My hens have the laying habit bred into them, by selecting heavy layers and the sons of heavy layers to breed from year after year. To be profitable poultry must be bred to lay.

Hatching eggs from choice selected matings $1.25 per 15. A few eggs from the very best at $1.50 per 15.

DR. O. C. MASTIN
Thorsby, Ala.

EDUCATE MORE FARMERS

It is coming to be recognized as a most obvious fact that if we as a people are to again put our country on an equitable living basis we must educate more farmers. Not educate more farmer boys for professions, but educate more BOYS for FARMERS.

From the incipiency of the public school up to within the last decade the entire trend of education has been away from the farm and toward the professions. Even the manual training schools have tended to swell the ranks of the mechanical trades at the expense of the farms.

No nation can achieve permanent prosperity without a great and prosperous farming class. When the farm decays the nation deteriorates. Our farms are the very life and heart of our country.

Some, though, may ask how we are to educate more farmers.

Very simple. Make every free school in the land primarily an agricultural school, and a literary school as a secondary matter. Belles lettres is not the crowning necessity of existence. Bread and meat are. Educate the youth of the land first toward that which is most vitally necessary to our national life, and when this is acocmplished, if there be leisure and means for adding the frills, let them be added.

Nine out of every ten high school pupils on emerging from that school enter the ranks of the toilers, in some department or other. If in their education the farm has not only been made attractive to them, but they have been given a thorough and practical knowledge of its workings, then a large per cent of them will as a matter of course choose that as their occupation in life.

When war broke out between the allies and the central powers the world stood amazed at the wonderful perfection of the German military machine. But the cause behind it was as simple as A, B. C. Every German youth had been educated and trained as a soldier FIRST OF ALL— after that for a vocation.

But in time war will cease. The arts of peace will again demand the attention and energies of the world, and among them there is none to compare with the great art of coaxing from Mother Earth her golden harvests.

But, you may ask, if all the boys are educated to a farmer's life, what of the professions?

There will always be some who, by natural fitness, will gravitate to the professions, enough to keep their ranks recruited. As a matter of fact these same professions could spare half of their present members and not suffer in the least.

Educate farmers! The farms are suffering for them, and the professions and trades are overburdened with them.

The Cost of Living is High

BUT I HAVE SOME BARGAINS WHICH I CAN OFFER AT MONEY-SAVING PRICES.

I have some Rice which I can sell at 25lb for $1.00.
Just received a full line of SHOES. Easy walkers, etc.
Nice new line of Spring Clothing for Men and Boys.
Ladies Skirts and Ready-Made Waists.
A FULL LINE OF DRESS GOODS.
Guano, Cotton Seed Meal, and all kinds of Fertilizer.
I want you to come to see me before you buy.
I will buy all kinds of Cattle, either fat or poor.
I carry a full line of Automobile tires, casings and Tubes.
I will buy your old worn out casings.

L. H. REYNOLDS
CLANTON, ALA.

EVERY WOMAN

certainly will wish to see the new creations in our Beautiful line of SPRING MILLINERY.
And they are well worth Seeing. Each Model is a gem in its own class. We ask you to come early and make your selection while you have a large number patterns from which to make your individual choice.

Your Easter Hat is ready

To further stimulate your desire, we will state that some of the patterns for spring are along lines never before put out, and will excite your highest admiration.

The sooner you come the more exclusive will be your selection made.

One Price —to— ALL

Elmore's LADIES & GENTS FURNISHINGS

CASH ---to— ALL

MORTGAGE SALE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

Whereas default having been made in the term of a mortgage executed to G. Higgins by Elias Hopkins and wife Alvira Ann Hopkins, on the 8th day of July, 1912, which said mortgage is duly recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in Mortgage Record Book 121, page 552, and whereas said mortgage and the debt thereby secured was by the said G. Higgins an wife, Mrs. Elizabeth F. Higgins, duly transferred and assigned to the undersigned W. W. Fox, on the first day of March, 1917, and wheeas said default is continuing I, the said W. W. Fox, the assignee of said mortgage, will sell at public outcry for cash to the highest bidder, in front of the South door of the Court House of said County, between the legal hours of sale, on the 14th day of April, 1917, the following described property, lying and being in Chilton County, Alabama, to-wit:

That tract of land bounded and decsribed as follows:

Begin at a beginning point which is South 27 degree east 7 feet from another point, which other point is west 28 degrees south 40 feet from the southwest corner of lot No. 8 in block No. 18 according to the map of P. D. Wilson's addition to the city of Clanton, Alabama, and from said beginning point thus found and established, run thece west 28 degrees south 175 feet, thence south 28 degrees east 150 feet, thence east 28 degrees north 175, thence north about 27 degrees west 150 feet to said beginning point, and containing one-half acre, more or less, and being situated in the north west ¼ of the south east ¼ of Sec. 36, Tp. 22, Range 14 east, in the Town of Clanton.

Said sale is made for the purpose of paying the mortgage debt and the costs and expenses of foreclosure.

This the 12th day of March, 1917.

W. W. FOX,
Assignee of said mortgage.

By F. B. Collier, Attorney for Assignee of said Mortgage.

COTTON SEED FOR SALE

I have for sale about twelve bushels of King Improved Early Variety Cotton Seed. W. M. WYATT, at Banner office, Clanton, Ala.

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed whereby I, as Sheriff of said County, was commanded to make the sum of One hundred seventy-one & 36-100 Dollars, principal and interest, and Eight & 10-100 Dollars, costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the Spring Term, 1917, of said Court of said County, Alabama, in favor of Carolina Portland Cement Co. against E. Hopkins, I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the Court House door of said County, between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., on Monday the 9th day of April 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named E. Hopkins in and to the following described real estate, viz:

That tract of land bounded and described as follows: Begin at a beginning point which is south 27 degrees, east 7 feet, from another point which other point is west 28 degrees south 40 feet from the southwest corner of Lot No. 8, in Block No. 18, according to the map of P. D. Wilson's addition to the City of Clanton, Ala., and from said beginning point thus found and established, run thence west 28 degrees, south 175 feet, thence south 28 degrees, east 150 feet, thence east 28 degrees, north 175 feet, thence north about 27 degrees, west 150 feet to said beginning point, and containing one-half acre, more or less, and being situated in the north-west fourth of the south-east fourth, Sec. 35, Tp. 22, Range 14, East, in the Town of Clanton.

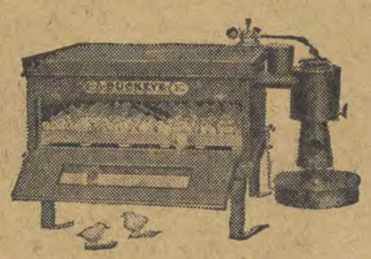
Sale to be made subject to mortgage executed on the 8th day of July 1912, by Elias Hopkins and wife, Alvira Ann Hopkins, to Guy Higgins, recorded in Book of Mortgages 121, page 554, on which said mortgage there is now due about $1,800.00.

This 6th day of March 1917.

H. A. HARRIS,
Sheriff.

Posted at Cuort House door 6th day of March, 1917.

BUCKEYE INCUBATOR



It hatches more Chicks and Better Chicks.

L. D. Popwell

White Leghorns and Plymouth Rocks—Eggs to sell

FREE FREE

We Shall Give Away 1,000,000 25-CENT BOXES oF Kidneco

The New Treatment for Kidney and Bladder Affections.

To Sufferers of Diseases That It Alone Can Cure. We have spent a fortune to obtain the right to manufacture KIDNECO in America, and we shall spend several fortunes to quickly get this wonderful treatment to people who need it. If you need it let us send you a 25-cent box free.

Simply fill out the coupon below and send it to us today, and we will send you a bok of KIDNECO by return mail. This is our free gift and we make it because it seems the quickest way to convince you of the merits of these tablets. Then our only request will be that you tell your sick friends what they have done for you. When we, at our expense have helped you to get well, we wis you to help us by telling your friends about it, too. Do this for the good us suffering humanity. In this way we have seen one cure lead to hundreds of cures; that is why we make this rmarkable offer.

If you are suffering from any of the following diseases, you should send to us today for a 25c bok of KIDNECO FREE, as these diseases yield at once to its wonderful curative powers. We have seen thousands of these troubles ended in a week, though they have resisted every other remedy known to science.

Bad blodd, Kidney Complaint, Highly colored urine, brick dust in urine, tube casts, hemmorrage of Kidneys, Bright's disease, Urinary troubles, sudden stoppage of urine, Gravel, stone in the Bladder Irritation of the bladder, dribbling retention of urine, straining after urinating, pain or frequent calls, weak Kidneys, Uric acid, pass blodd or mucus in urine, backache, Pain in urethra, Catarrh of bladder or bowels, Ulceration of the bladder, rheumatism, pain in joints or hips, diabetes, scanty urine, thick or sluggish urine, gall stone, gastric acid.

If you need KIDNECO and have never used it, please send the coupon below. Do this in justice to yourself and we will help you to get well. This offer itself should convince you that KIDNECO will do what we claim. Certainly, we would not give them to you if we had any doubt of results. You certainly want to be well and should in justice to yourself send this Coupon today.

Kidneco costs 25c, 50c and $1.00 a Package.

THIS COUPON With ten cents in Silver for Postage, etc., entitles the holder to one 25c Package of Kidneco FREE. Address

Dept. M The Kidneco Co.,
Boston, Mass.

KIDNECO MAKES SICK KIDNEYS WELL.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

Located at Clanton, Ala., at the close of business March, 5, 1917.

Resources

Currency	$ 7231.00
Gold	560.00
Silver, Nickles and Pennies	1324.93
Checks and Cash Items	118.53
Exchanges for Clearing House, none	
Cash Items in Transit	2863.78
Due from Banke in State	82215.70
Due from Banks in other States	19988.96
Total,	$114303.00
Bonds and Stocks owned by Bank	None.
Loans and Discounts	74557.01
Demand Loans	23125.00
Overdrafts	163.62
Banking House	2700.00
Furniture and Fixtures	1880.14
Other real Estate, none.	
Other Resources, none.	
Cash Short, none.	
Grand Total	$216728.77

Liabilities

Individual deposits	155024.40
Demand Certificates	None.
Time Certificates	14397.33
Cashier's Checks	2452.98
Certified Checks	6829.41
Due to Clearing House, none.	
Due banks in this state, none.	
Due banks in other states, none.	
Due unpaid Dividends	55.00
Total Deposits	178759.12
Capital stock paid in	15000.00
Surplus fund, none.	
Undivided profits, less Current erpenses and Taxes paid	22969.62
Notes and bills payable, none.	
Notes and bills rediscounted, none.	
Reserve for taxes, none.	
Reserve for interest, none.	
Other liabilities, none.	
Cash over	.03
Grand Total	$216728.77

The State of Alabama, Chilton County. Before me came Jno. A. Thomas, Vice-President and Cashier of the Peoples Savings Bank, who being duly sworn, says that the above and foregoing statement is true and gives the actual condition of said Bank, as shown by the books on file in said Bank.

JNO. A. THOMAS,
Vice-President and Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 13th day of March, 1917.

H. M. SIMPSON,
Register of the circuit court in Equity.

Attest:
W. T. CALLEN,
J. B. DOWNS,
E. E. UPCHURCH,
Directors.

FOR SALE—Oliver Typewriter; latest model; only used two months. Paid $100.00 for it, first $40.00 cash gets it. Call and see it.

L. D. POPWELL,
Clanton, Ala.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF COUNTY SUPT. EDUCATION

Notice is hereby given that on March 29th, 1917, the County Board of Education will appoint a county suerintendent of education for Chilton County for a term of two years, and any one who wishes to make application for the position may do so in person or writing on that date.

Wm.J. BILLINGSLEY, Chm.
W. T. BEAN, Secretary.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in Hopkins Bldg.
Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women & Surgery
CLANTON, ALA.

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

F. B. COLLIER
Attorney at Law
Office in the Johnson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

C. REESE MULLINS
—Agent—
For Life and Fire Insurance, Accident and Health Insurance, Auto and Windstorm Insurance, Liability and Plate Glass Insurance. Bonding.
Singer Sewing Machines.
Regular office days Mondays and Saturdays.
Third door east of Post office.
CLANTON, ALA.



Some Pointed Truths

Eor the People of this community.

TRUTH No.1.—We have one of the largest stocks of Dry Goods ever assembted in this town.

TRUTH No. 2.—Our goods are all new, clean, seasonable, and ub to now. No seconds or culls in the stock.

TRUTH No.3.—The prices are as low as they can be made, in view of conditions of business in this country.

TRUTH No. 4.—Yo will find at our store the quality of service that makes the responsible house.

TRUTH No. 5.—That service is extended to every customer. We want to extend it to you.

The Clanton Mercantile Company

"The Big Bargain Store."



PLEASANT GROVE

We are all thankful to report our community in good health at present, and every body is ready for spring when it does come.

Rev. Ed Littlejohn gave us an excellent sermon Sunday, and Rev. Whiddon also was enjoyed by all who heard him Sunday afternoon.

We are still proud of our Sunday school here and glad to see so many trying to make it still better.

The houses that were blown away by the terrible cyclone are being rebuilt and will soon be ready for their occupants.

Miss Lettie Walker has returned home form the Bryce Hospital where she has been nursing for the past eight months. She wil remain at home during the summer, then she will take up her work again as nurse.

Mr. Chancey Bearden has returned to Mobile. He has been spending his vacation at home.

Mr. Ira Kelley attended church services Sunday afternoon.

Blind preacher Walker will preach here the 3rd, Saturday night and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Hicks are visiting their daughter this week, Mrs. Dollie McGee. Mrs. Hicks is not in the best of health.

Saturday Mr. Loyd Gentry was killed by a tree and laid to rest in the Rehoboth cemetery Sunday afternoon.

Miss Lula Mae Mull and Miss Alice Bearden ate dinner with Miss Ila Walker Sunday.

A pain in the side or back that catches you when you straighten up calls for a rubbing aplication of BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It relaxes the contracted muscles and permits ordinary bodily motion without suffering or inconvenience. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchuch Drug Co.

HONOR ROLL FOR THORSBY PUBLIC SCHOOL

First Grade—Ostrid Ekblad, Mryl Freeman, Ethel Peterson, Catlean Gaines.

Second Grade—Howard Adams, Richard Butler, Palmer Lefstead, Jerome Wilson.

Third Grade—Bernice Williams, Ernie Littleton, Coy Kendrick, Edith Baker.

Fourth Grade—Jewel Wilson, Curtis Billingsley.

Fifth Grade—Martha Martin, Pearl Carlson, Lola Horn, Mary Ella Gerald.

Sixth Grade—Marguerite Homer, Martin Nelson, Walter Peterson, Earl Leary.

Seventh Grade—Robert Carlson, Earl Collins.

THANKS

I want to express my sincere appreciation to those who, by their tickets and influence, helped me win the six hundred dollar player piano in the recent contest at Gulledge Bros.

Respectfully,
MRS. PEARL M. SIMS.

FOR SALE OR TRADE

One good five-passenger, 1916 Maxwell car, electric lights, self-starter, new tires. Car is in first class running order. Will sell, or trade for pair of heavy mules. Apply to Fred Henley, at Maplesville, or G. O. McKee, Clanton.

LOYD GENTRY KILLED

Last Saturday Mr. Loyd Gentry, who lived in Pleasant Grove community west of Jemison, was killed by a falling tree. His remains were buried in Rehoboth cemetery Sunday.

A good treatment for a cold settled in the lungs is a HERRICK'S RED PEPPER PORUS PLASTER applied to the chest to draw out inflamation, and BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP to relax tightness. You get the two remedies for the price of one by buying the dollar size Horehound Syrup; there is a porus plaster free with each bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Pure Bred Duroc Jerseys

Pigs, both sexes. Service boar Bred Gilts. Barred Plymonth Rock Chickens, the Thompson Strain. Eggs in season.

W. Y. NIX, Maplesville, Ala.

SHOE SHOP

I HAVE OPENED UP A SHOE AND HARNESS REPAIR SHOP AT THE BROWN OLD STAND IN THE KICKER BUILDING, AND AM PREPARED TO DO THE BEST CLASS OF WORK AT THE MOST REASONABLE PRICES. YOUR WORK IS SOLICITED UNDER A POSITIVE GUARANTEE OF SATISFACTION IN BOTH PRICES AND WORKMANSHIP.

Jim Huckabee



Are the only kind that we sell.

Below are a few of the many varieties we have now:

White and Yellow Dent Corn, German, Cat Tail, Early Amber, and Honey Drip Millet Seed.
Kentucky Wonder, Valentine, the Stringless Green Pod, and Short Cut Bean Seed.
Mexican June Corn,
Kaiffer Corn,
Bermuda Grass,
Essex Rape Seed.
An unlimited assortment of Seed in 5 and 10 cent packages.

If not convenient to come to town phone us your orders, and same will have our usual prompt attention.

ALRED DRUG CO.

"The Home of Quality."

MT. PLEASANT

Health here is very poor, several of the folks in this community have the measles and lagrippe.

Mrs. Lee Robinson is ill with a cold.

Mrs. Laura Campbell spent last Saturday evening with Mrs. Lee Robinson.

Mr. Will Lowery was in this community Thursday.

Miss Lue Campbell is at home this week.

Misses Sadie Kincaid and Daisy Robinson from Clanton High School were visitors at the latter's home Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Lillie Blackwell visited Mr. George Headley and family last week.

Miss Gracie Thrash is visiting relatives here this week.

Our Sunday school is not doing well now on account of the measles. We hope they will soon be gone and we can have a good Sunday school again.

Best wishes to all.

GUARDIAN'S SETTLEMENT NOTICE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA
Chilton County.

Probate Court, Feb. 28th, 1917.

This day came Caroline C. Rider, Guardian of Nellie J. Rider and files her account, vouchers, evidence, and statement for partial settlement of her said Guardianship.

It is ordered that the 24th day of March 1917, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

Witness my hand, this 28th day of February 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

Try some of those big fat oysters at Bill Goodgame's. He serves them any style and any time.

To the Lady of the House:

If you are interested in cutting the high cost of living, then you must buy right.

I buy for cash and sell for cash at the smallest profits.

And by letting me supply your family table the high cost is muchly reduced.

Full measures and weights and prompt delivery guaranteed.

J. W. Littlejohn

PUBLIC SALE

Stock, Wagons, Buggies, to be at Jemison, on Saturday, Mar. 17.

I will sell thirty head of Mules and Horses at public auction or private sale, for cash or on time; also some second hand Wagons and Buggies.

I also have a complete Sawmill outfit for sale, including Timber, Teams, etc. Everything in readiness to begin the manufacturing of Lumber at once.

If you have a mule or horse that does not suit you I will exchange with you. I must dispose of my mules and my horses in some way at once. Come and look over them.

S. J. REYNOLDS
JEMISON, ALA.

WOMAN COULD HARDLY STAND

Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



Fulton, N. Y. — "Why will women pay out their money for treatment and receive no benefit, when so many have proved that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will make them well? For over a year I suffered so from female weakness I could hardly stand and was afraid to go on the street alone. Doctors said medicines were useless and only an operation would help me, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has proved it otherwise. I am now perfectly well and can do any kind of work."—Mrs. NELLIE PHELPS, care of R. A. Rider, R.F.D. No. 5, Fulton, N. Y.

We wish every woman who suffers from female troubles, nervousness, backache or the blues could see the letters written by women made well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If you have bad symptoms and do not understand the cause, write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for helpful advice given free.

Kodak Films Developed Free

Send for samples and price list

TERRESON'S, BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Revival of Tatting.

We see that tatting has been revived in our best circles, but we don't suppose it will be any more difficult for a thoughtful man to hold his wife's undivided attention as he discusses the tariff in its various aspects and ramifications than it has been under the filet-crochet regime.—Ohio State Journal.

FEW MOTHERS REALIZE

how many delicious dishes can be prepared with **Skinner's Macaroni** and **Spaghetti.** For this reason the Skinner Mfg. Co. have prepared a beautiful Cook Book containing recipes telling how to serve it in a hundred different ways. Write Skinner Mfg. Co., Omaha, Neb., for a free copy. All good grocers everywhere sell **Skinners Macaroni** and **Spaghetti.**—Adv.

Actual Bullion Value.

The United States realizes the difference between the actual bullion value of the gold or silver in the coins it issues and the money value it places on them by coinage and by its stamp of approval. The gold and silver coins issued by the government are not pure gold or silver, but are alloyed with copper to the extent of making them 900 parts fine, as required by law. If made of pure gold or silver they would be too soft and the copper alloy of 100 parts in 1,000 is for the purpose of hardening them. The difference between the nominal or face value of a coin and its bullion value at the moment of coining represents a profit to the government which is supposed to cover the cost of coinage.

But Don't Tear His Shirt.

The woman advanced ominously. "Are you the teacher that tore Henry's shirt?" "Yes." "What did you do it for?" "Because Henry was naughty and wouldn't behave. To make him listen to me I took him by the collar, and he broke away." The woman swung the ball bat toward the teacher. "Next time he don't behave," she said, "you hit him with this."—Newark News.

Wise men are those who keep other people from getting wise to them.

Nobody ever ran a successful corner in happiness.

Foods Are Increasing In Price

But you can still buy

Grape-Nuts

at the same price.

This staple cereal in its air-tight, wax-protected package will keep indefinitely, yet is ready to eat at a moment's notice.

Grape-Nuts is full of compact nourishment with a delightful wheat and barley flavor.

The Most Economical of Prepared Cereals

IS BUZZARD A MENACE?

Accused of Spreading Hog Cholera and Anthrax.

For Nearly Three Centuries Work of Bird Has Been Appreciated at Its Full Value in South—Persecution Is Begun.

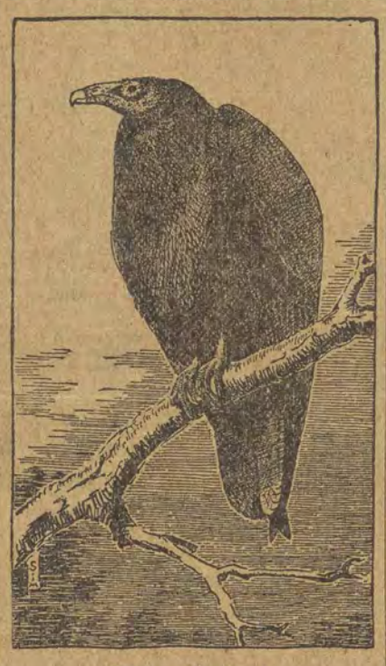
(By W. L. MCATEE.)

Turkey buzzards are familiar features of Southern landscapes. Their wonderful soaring flight has been a subject of study by a multitude of observers, and the buzzard is not only the model but also the inspiration of the American-invented airplane.

All vultures specialize in feeding on carrion. While under natural conditions the number of dead animals available for them is somewhat limited, yet when the human population is considerable and sanitary conditions not over good, there is much work for buzzards, and they fill an important place. For nearly three centuries their work has been appreciated at its full value in the South, and these birds have been scrupulously protected.

The turkey buzzard now is threatened with persecution in the land where heretofore it has received the most zealous protection, for the bird has been accused of spreading such diseases of live stock as hog cholera and anthrax. The charge that it spreads hog cholera has never been demonstrated, and until this is done judgment should be suspended. Its relation to anthrax has been investigated with the result that in the distribution of the disease the bird must be considered a minor agency as compared with man and various domestic and certain wild animals.

The nature of their food would indicate that buzzards have strong digestive powers. The spores of anthrax, or carbon, a virulent stock disease, have been shown by two independent investigations to be destroyed by passing through the alimentary canals of buzzards. Anthrax spores are not destroyed in the digestive tracts of other carrion-feeding animals, as the dog, cat, hog, chicken, or opossum.



Turkey Buzzard.

It is true that buzzards may carry the germs of anthrax or other stock diseases on their plumage, feet, or bills, and thus distribute them; but all the other animals just mentioned may similarly carry disease germs on the surfaces of their bodies, as may also flies, domestic pigeons and other poultry, horses, mules, and cattle, not to mention members of the human family. In fact at the same time that steps are being taken greatly to reduce or exterminate a wild bird—the buzzard—which may possibly play a minor part in the transmission of anthrax, farmers are harboring several domestic animals that have far greater possibilities as spreaders of the disease. The fact that anthrax may be carried by flies is more than sufficient to explain the most severe epidemics.

Obviously, it is unfair to attempt to place the blame for general dissemination of stock diseases on the buzzard. Considering the multitude of ways in which these diseases may be spread, it cannot be doubted that stock diseases would be as widely distributed as now if turkey buzzards were eliminated, as has been proposed. What amounts to proof of this is the fact that hog cholera at times is virulent and seriously destructive in regions where there are few or no turkey buzzards, as in certain northern states and Canadian provinces.

Attacks in the South by buzzards upon living farm animals indicate that there are too many buzzards there for the best economic interests. In the North, where buzzards are fewer, such attacks are believed never to occur. Reduction in the number of buzzards may be desirable, especially if accompanied by or resulting from a proper system of carrion disposal, but there is a wide gulf both in meaning and desirability between reduction in numbers and extermination.

FERTILITY SOLD FROM FARM

Too Common Practice of Producer to Calculate Value of His Crop on the Market Price.

(By C. A. WILLSON, Kentucky Experiment Station.)

Nothing else has mitigated so much against the rational relation of live stock to average farm operations as the utter disregard of the fertility sold from the farm when corn and other crops are sold direct and not fed. In other words, for the sake of the soils of the state and their future production it has been altogether too common a practice for the producer to calculate the value of his crop on the market price. The market price less the fertility sold in each pound, bushel, ton, or other commercial unit, is a more logical basis of estimate, and yet under any system of direct marketing of crops we lose sight of the possibility of a better price if fed to live stock on the farm, the value of the utilization of roughage, the accumulation of elements of plantfood and vegetable matter in the manure, a more judicious and profitable rotation and diversity of crops, and an increasing crop yield at much less cost per acre.

Realizing the rather unconscious effect which market values, as ordinarily interpreted, are having, and may have, upon live-stock interests, and hence upon the general agriculture of the state, the station has undertaken a series of experiments with the view of comparing market and farm values of various Tennessee crops.

WHITEWASH GOOD FOR FARM

Formula Submitted by Expert of Oklahoma Station—Especially Useful on Walls and Fences.

The following formula of a whitewash containing lime, skim milk and salt is submitted by Dr. Charles K. Francis, chemist at the Oklahoma experiment station at Stillwater:

Slake one bushel of good quicklime with not more than 12 gallons of water. Slake the lime and keep the vessel covered until steam ceases to rise, stirring occasionally to prevent scorching. Prepare a second mixture containing two pounds common salt and one pound zinc sulphate in two gallons of boiling water. Pour this into the slaked lime and stir in two gallons of skim milk. Stir vigorously.

This makes an excellent weather-proof white wash, suitable for walls and fences.

IDEAL HOUSE FOR CHICKENS

Should Be Well Ventilated and Free From Drafts—First Item Is of Greatest Importance.

The ideal winter poultry house is dry, free from drafts, and well ventilated. Proper ventilation does not mean sacrificing warmth or comfort in a properly designed house.

The importance of good ventilation cannot be overestimated. Poor ventilation soon results in a decrease in the egg supply, and in disease in the flock.

MARKET FOR BREEDING CATTLE IN SOUTH



GROUP OF HEREFORDS READY FOR MARKET.

With the South driven to diversified farming on account of the boll weevil's foray on the cotton crop, and the resultant fight on the Texas fever tick that has been the bane of the cattle industry, stock raising is beginning to loom large on the horizon of the Southern states.

The advantages of the South as a live stock country are manifold. There is a ready market with high prices for beef, dairy and poultry products and grains; land is cheap; the climate is mild; two and sometimes three crops can be grown on the same soil in the same year, and the soil is adapted to the growing of a great variety of forage crops, corn and other grains.

Beef and pork can be produced at low cost, as live stock can be pastured the year around. Rainfall is abundant and everywhere are streams and springs to water the herds. At present land is cheap and the South can produce as much corn to the acre as the most fertile lands of the corn belt in the North.

One of the New Spring Suits



One of the new spring suits, with many novel features in its construction to make it interesting, is shown in the accompanying picture. It is trim looking and graceful, to start with, and these commendable characteristics are brought about by the cleverest sort of management in the cutting. It seems for the past three years that tailors have studied the desired silhouette, then bent their energies on accomplishing it, each season, by original methods of cutting.

In the coat pictured the side bodies are cut away under the arms in a curve that is extended into the belt across the front. A panel at the middle of the back terminates a little above the waistline and the short skirt of the coat is gathered under it. At the front the waistline is a trifle lower and the coat skirt is laid in a plait under it at each side. Four wide tucks are laid in the lower part of each side body. At the head of each of these tucks, soutache braid, in white, is stitched in a double row, with beautiful exactness. It appears on the back panel, where two large bone buttons, one at each side, form an additional decorative feature.

The coat has plain coat sleeves with turned back cuffs and a large collar of white satin trimmed with braid. It fastens with bone buttons at the front.

In the skirt the side panels in the coat are repeated and they are finished with tucks headed with braid in the same manner. There are wide inverted plaits at the back and front and the skirt is just long enough to fall an inch below the boot tops. Women have not taken kindly to the lengthened skirt, especially in suits, and the skirt pictured may be accepted as quite long enough.

Spring Coat for General Wear



Last season those who make it their business to provide coats for womankind centered their attention on novelty in the manner of cutting and draping the backs of these garments. In the new spring models their energies appear to be concentrated on pockets and collars. The latter are ample in size and the former as varied and novel in design as the untrammeled fancy of designers can make them.

Many of the new coats are in plain colors and a great many of them are plaited. Most of them have a narrow belt, but often it extends only part way about the figure, and sometimes merely across the back or front. But however conservative the new coats may be in other things, they go to all sorts of lengths and breadths and turns in pockets.

A very good example of spring modes is pictured above. It is a sand-colored model with inlay of black satin on the collar, and this combination of sand color and black has the indorsement of the highest authorities. It is cut with a deep yoke, to which the body of the coat is plaited, and it reaches almost to the bottom of the skirt; but in the matter of length there is considerable latitude in choice.

The sleeves are shaped into a deep, flaring cuff, headed with a narrow band of the material finished with a button. The all-important pockets are of the saddlebag variety, somewhat more ornamental than useful. But they perform their whole duty by providing a setting for cloth-covered buttons, which no right-minded designer would think of omitting from a top-notch spring coat.

Julia Bottomley

At the Top.

"Old Decker has become known all over town as an expert cardplayer."

"Yes, he seems to have reached the pinochle of fame."—Puck.

Heartless Husband.

"It's a shame how Bliggins lets his wife work." "Is she supporting the family?" "No. But he lets her stand out all [illegible] with a woman suffrage banner [illegible] of giving his time to it."

That Knife-Like Pain

Have you a lame back, aching day and night? Do you feel sharp pains after stooping? Are the kidneys sore? Is their action irregular? Do you have headaches, backaches, rheumatic pains,—feel tired, nervous, all worn-out? Use Doan's Kidney Pills—the medicine recommended by so many people in this locality. Read the experience that follows:

An Alabama Case



C. B. Goins, 108 Whitman St., Montgomery, Ala., says: "The secretions from my kidneys passed too frequently at times and then again not often enough. The passages of the kidney secretions were painful, too. I suffered from a severe ache in the small of my back all the time and got so I had headaches and dizzy spells. Doan's Kidney Pills completely cured me and I have never had a sign of kidney trouble since."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Feed Up the Next.

It isn't so hard to live on 25 cents a day—for one day.—Kansas City Journal.

Weak, Fainty Heart, and Hysterics can be rectified by taking "Renovine" a heart and nerve tonic. Price 50c and $1. Adv.

Some spiders in Java make webs so strong that it requires a knife to sever them.

BRAVE THE WIND AND STORM in the best wet weather togs ever invented the **FISH BRAND REFLEX SLICKER** (PATENTED) $3.50 and PROTECTOR HAT 85¢ Dealers everywhere. Our 80th year. A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON



TOWER'S FISH BRAND

Boschee's German Syrup

We all take cold some time and everybody should have Boschee's German Syrup handy at all times for the treatment of throat and lung troubles, bronchial coughs, etc. It has been on the market 51 years. No better recommendation is possible. It gently soothes inflammation, eases a cough, insures a good night's sleep, with free expectoration in the morning. Druggists' and dealers' everywhere, 25c and 75c bottles. Don't take substitutes.

Boschee's German Syrup

STOCK LICK IT—STOCK LIKE IT



For Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Contains Copperas for Worms, Sulphur for the Blood, Saltpeter for the Kidneys, Nux Vomica, a Tonic, and Pure Dairy Salt. Used by Veterinarians 12 years. No Dosing. Drop Brick in feed-box. Ask your dealer for Blackman's or write

BLACKMAN STOCK REMEDY COMPANY
CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE



ABSORBINE STOPS LAMENESS

from a Bone Spavin, Ring Bone, Splint, Curb, Side Bone, or similar trouble and gets horse going sound. It acts mildly but quickly and good results are lasting. **Does not blister or remove the hair** and horse can be worked. Page 17 in pamphlet with each bottle tells how. $2.00 a bottle delivered. **Horse Book 9 M free.**

ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Painful Swellings, Enlarged Glands, Wens, Bruises, Varicose Veins; heals Sores. Allays Pain. Will tell you more if you write. $1 and $2 a bottle at dealers or delivered. Liberal trial bottle for 10c stamps.

W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

Tutt's Pills

enable the dyspeptic to eat whatever he wishes. They cause the food to assimilate and nourish the body, give appetite, and

DEVELOP FLESH.

Dr. Tutt Manufacturing Co. New York.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores.

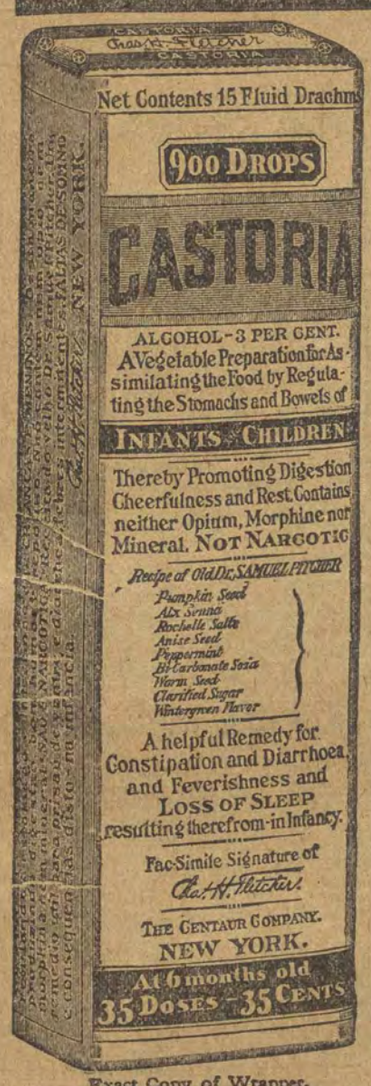
Study Salesmanship at home. Earn big salary. Our copyrighted course of 15 lessons by an expert, $1.00 prepaid. Write for particulars. Central Co., 809 Ninth Ave., New York

BUNGALOWS Blue Print plans, $1. Give number of rooms wanted. W. H. Bryant, Designer, Hemet, Calif.

IMMENSE PROFITS made resilvering mirrors. Every home a prospect. Free recipe for 25c silver. Consolidated Supply Co., Arcade Bldg., Utica, N. Y.

GALLSTONES

Avoid operations. Positive Liver & Stomach remedy (No Oil)—Results sure: home remedy. Write today. Gallstone Remedy Co., Dept. W-7, 219 S. Dearborn St., Chicago



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Save Your Night Thoughts.

A memorandum book or tablet, which is at hand during the day for the reception of the ideas of literary people and other brilliant folk, is not generally available at the bedside, and many good thoughts are lost by the failure of the author to get out and make a note of it. An electrically-lighted memorandum pad is for this man. One end is equipped with a hood, under which is a tiny electric lamp and the battery to supply the current. Contact is made by pressing a slide at the end of the cylinder, and the hood shields the eyes from the light and throws the rays down upon the paper sheet.

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE DOES IT.

When your shoes pinch or your corns and bunions ache get Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into shoes and sprinkled in the foot-bath. Gives instant relief to Tired, Aching, Swollen, Tender feet. Over 100,000 packages are being used by the troops at the front. Sold everywhere, 25c. *Don't accept any substitute.*—Adv.

An Opportunity.

"He has asked me to marry him, but I hate him!"

"Then why don't you do it?"

IMMEDIATE ATTENTION

should be given to sprains, swellings, bruises, rheumatism and neuralgia. Keep Mansfield's Magic Arnica Liniment handy on the shelf. Three sizes—25c, 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

Girls learning to skate prefer fat men as instructors because they are so soft to fall on.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills contain nothing but vegetable ingredients, which act gently as a tonic and purgative by stimulation and not by irritation. Adv.

An attachment for piano pedals to permit children to operate them easily has been invented.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the original little liver pills put up 40 years ago. They regulate liver and bowels.—Adv.

It is easier to renew a good resolution than a 90-day note.

Wasting Time.

"Are you an efficiency expert?"

"I sure am."

"To what extent?"

"Well, for one thing, I think it is a waste of time to wink at a girl in the dark."

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

Do Tell!

He—So you let Lieutenant Topple kiss you?

She—Yes. How do you know?

He—I heard him brag he'd smelt powder.

"BRIGHTEN YOUR SHABBY CAR."

One application of BLAXSHINE, the quick drying flexible rust preventing black auto enamel will make old cars like new. Anyone can apply it. Enough BLAXSHINE for any size car, and equipment for applying, costs only $2.85, delivered parcel post. BLAXSHINE is guaranteed. A postal will bring you sample of work and complete description. Twin City Varnish Company, established thirty years, 338 River St., Chicago, Ill. FREE with each package your initials in gold which you can apply yourself with BLAXSHINE. Adv.

Pockets in Shoes.

Small pockets for valuables, intended to be fastened to linings of shoes, have been patented.

Dr. B. F. Jackson, Celebrated Physician, handed down to posterity his famous prescription for female troubles. Now sold under the name of "Femenina." Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

If the average woman had to choose between brains and beauty she wouldn't hesitate long.

For speedy and effective action Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" has no equal. One dose only will clean out Worms or Tapeworm in a few hours. Adv.

Occasionally there is watered stock in the dry goods business.

Saves Eggs

Royal Baking Powder makes it possible to produce appetizing and wholesome cakes, muffins, cornbread, etc., with fewer eggs than are usually required.

In many recipes the number of eggs may be reduced and excellent results obtained by using an additional quantity of Royal Baking Powder, about a teaspoon, for each egg omitted. The following tested recipe is a practical illustration:

SPONGE CAKE

1 cup sugar
½ cup water
3 eggs
2 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
1 cup flour
1 teaspoon salt
⅛ cup cold water
1 teaspoon flavoring

DIRECTIONS:—Boil sugar and water until syrup spins a thread and add to the stiffly beaten whites of eggs, beating until the mixture is cold. Sift together three times the flour, salt and baking powder; beat yolks of eggs until thick; add a little at a time flour mixture and egg yolks alternately to white of egg mixture, stirring after each addition. Add ⅛ cup cold water and flavoring. Mix lightly and bake in moderate oven one hour.

The old method called for six eggs and no baking powder

Booklet of recipes which economize in eggs and other expensive ingredients mailed free. Address Royal Baking Powder Co., 125 William Street, New York.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Made from Cream of Tartar, derived from grapes, adds none but healthful qualities to the food.

No Alum **No Phosphate** **No Bitter Taste**

Kin Hubbard Essays

Do Modern Business Methods Justify th' Increased Cost o' Livin'?

A highly illuminatin' discussion closed th' monthly meetin' o' th' Commercial Club, last night at K. of P. hall, when th' question "Do Modern Business Methods Justify th' Increased Cost o' Livin'?" wuz debated. Uncle Ez Pash defended th' uncovered prune barrel, while Tell Binkley championed th' new order o' things. After callin' th' attention t' th' cost o' publicity, th' expense o' installin' fixtures an' maintainin' a delivery system an' other things essential t' conductin' a modern business institution Mr. Binkley took a drink o' water an' continued, sayin':

"T'night as I stand here my memory is wafted back thro' th' mist o' years t' th' ole time 'grocery an' queensware' establishment that only washed its windows when ther wuz goin' t' be a perade—th' ole family provision store with its fly-specked dried apples an' mackerel natartorium that wuz a pop'lar swimmin' pool fer ever' winged germ carrier that chanced t' come its way. When we loaf thro' th' modern grocery with its appetizin' atmosphere, its tastefully arranged wares sanitary arrangements, temptin' window displays, blonde cashier, quick delivery an' correct scales we should not be surprised that a few staples cost a penny or two more than they did when th' average grocer should have been keepin' a livery stable. A few decades ago ever' feller who went home in th' evenin' wuz carryin' a sack o' flour, or a new broom, or some petrified dried peaches, or a can o' kerosene with a potato on th' spout, or a loaf o' bread, or a pound o' butter that could easily be distinguished in th' dark.

"Th' ole time grocer even used th' same quart measure fer sorghum that he used fer coal oil. If you got too fer from th' scales he sold at catch weight. If th' raisins appeared t' be alive he set 'em in th' sun. Stationed at ever' pop'lar stop-over in his store wuz a wooden box full o' sawdust fer th' convenience o' terbacker chewers. When we think o' th' open dried apple bin o' yisterday we realize how fer we've traveled. If dried apples cost a trifle more than they did durin' th' reconstruction period we must remember that th' care an' treatment accorded them t'day, when ther surrounded by ever' safeguard, is 5,700 per cent better.

"Who has fergotten th' ole dusty grocery show case on th' left hand side o' th' door as you entered? Stick candy, tallow candles, gum drops, combs, licorice root, fire kindlers, lamp wicks, marshmallows, suspenders, beeswax, citrons an' liniment—all on th' friendliest terms o' equality! We're all supposed t' eat a pound o' dirt in a life time, but how our grandfathers escaped under two tons is a mystery.

"With th' passin' o' th' ole time grocery passed th' practice o' dickerin' an' quibblin'. A feller used t' go in a grocery an' say, 'I'd like to trade you out o' some codfish if we kin make a dicker.' An' then th' figurin' an' bargainin' would begin, th' transaction often consumin' th' better part of a day. Now th' prices are fixed an' you kin either take th' codfish or leave it alone. Ever'buddy used t' buy somethin' like they wuz tradin' hosses. Th' grocer asked what he thought he could git, an' th' consumer offered what he thought he'd take.

"Th' feller who complains about th' way modern business is conducted should be made t' spend one whole week at th' only hotel in Hamlet, Indianny."



"A Few Decades Ago Ever' Feller Who Went Home in th' Evenin' Wuz Carryin' a Sack o' Flour or a New Broom, or Some Petrified Dried Peaches, or a Can o' Kerosene With a Potato on th' Spout, or a Loaf o' Bread, or a Pound o' Butter That Could Easily Be Distinguished in th' Dark."

Opportunity Knocks Lots of Times

OPPORTUNITY—"Master of human destinies am I!
Fame, love and fortune on my footsteps wait.
Cities and fields I walk; I penetrate
Deserts and seas remote, and passing by
Hovel and mart and palace—soon or late.
I knock unbidden once at every gate!
If sleeping, wake—if feasting, rise before
I turn away. It is the hour of fate,
And they who follow me reach every state
Mortals desire, and conquer every foe
Save death; but those who doubt or hesitate,
Condemned to failure, penury and woe,
Seek me in vain and uselessly implore.
I answer not, and I return no more.
—John James Ingalls.

It's been th' sayin' fer years that opportunity only knocks once, an' yet lots o' us have gone t' th' door a hundred times—allus either broke er afraid t' take a chance. Opportunity is jist like Dan Cupid when it comes t' reliability. It don't guarantee nothin'. It jist says: "You quit th' livery stable an' take that job at th' saw mill," er "you buy them lots east o' th' mill pond an' they'll double in price in a year." Opportunity seems t' go on th' theory that ever'buddy has got money. If some fellers jist had th' opportunity they'd be broke all th' time, er keep somebuddy else broke all th' time.

Th' main thing is t' be able t' tell th' opportunity o' a lifetime from th' common, er roadside variety. Some years ago Pinky Kerr's uncle offered him a drug store in a dry town if he'd pitch in an' run it, but Pinky said he'd ruther stay at home an' play in th' band. Th' drug store sold fer nine thousan' dollars yisterday an' th' band still owes eleven dollars on th' slip horn. Tipton Bud heard a knock on his door one day an' he bought five hundred dollars worth o' minin' stock. He thought it wuz his opportunity, but it proved t' be th' agent's. So that's th' way it goes. If opportunity wuz responsible, er carried a few gilt edged references, it wouldn' be so bad. It don't even argue with you.

Some fellers give up after they miss ther first opportunity. Ez Pash hasn' done anything since th' time he could have bought th' ground where th' Statehouse stands fer a song. I don't believe opportunity ever met anybuddy that loafed around waitin' fer it. Some fellers are too lazy t' git up when opportunity enters, an' lots o' us make it a point t' be out.

Opportunity may only knock once with some certain proposition, but it'll be back lots o' times with somethin' else. So th' thing t' do is t' plug along an' be available.

Ole Niles Turner says opportunity did not knock at his gate till he wuz ninety-one, an' then it offered him five hundred acres o' Texas rice land until he got it paid for.



It Don't Guarantee nothin'. It Jist Says: 'Y Quit th' Livery Stable an' Take That Job at th' Saw Mill,' er, 'You Buy Them Lots o' th' Mill Pond an' They'll Double in Price in a Year.'

(Copyright, Adams Newspaper Service.)

Sulphur in Shoes a Grippe Cure.

Sprinkle sulphur in your shoes to avoid catching the grippe, is the advice of Dr. George Angel. Years ago, when the epidemic of grippe swept the country, Doctor Angel recommended at the time that everybody wear sulphur in the shoes as a preventive, the discovery having been made that miners employed in the sulphur mines were immune from the disease.

The discovery led to experiments which were said to indicate that sulphur prevented the disease, and but a few mild cases developed where sulphur was worn in the shoes.

It is recommended that a teaspoonful of sulphur be sprinkled in the sole of each shoe and worn during the duration of the epidemic.

Doctor Angel, whose practice among the working classes is very large, says that the data he had kept proves conclusively that the disease rarely, if ever attacks a person armed against it.

Canadian merchants are in the market for feather dusters.

CALOMEL MAKES YOU SICK, UGH! IT'S MERCURY AND SALIVATES

Straighten Up! Don't Lose a Day's Work! Clean Your Sluggish Liver and Bowels With "Dodson's Liver Tone."

Ugh! Calomel makes you sick. Take a dose of the vile, dangerous drug tonight and tomorrow you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel, when it comes into contact with sour bile crashes into it, breaking it up. This is when you feel that awful nausea and cramping. If you feel sluggish and "all knocked out," if your liver is torpid and bowels constipated or you have headache, dizziness, coated tongue, if breath is bad or stomach sour, just try a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone.

Here's my guarantee—Go to any drug store or dealer and get a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone. Take a spoonful tonight and if it doesn't straighten you right up and make you feel fine and vigorous by morning I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Dodson's Liver Tone is destroying the sale of calomel because it is real liver medicine; entirely vegetable, therefore it cannot salivate or make you sick.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your bowels of that sour bile and constipated waste which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable. I guarantee that a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone will keep your entire family feeling fine for months. Give it to your children. It is harmless; doesn't gripe and they like its pleasant taste.—Adv.

W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

$3 $3.50 $4 $4.50 $5 $6 $7 & $8 FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers. The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the Fashion Centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

Ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you with the kind you want, take no other make. Write for interesting booklet explaining how to get shoes of the highest standard of quality for the price, by return mail, postage free.



LOOK FOR W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom.

W. L. Douglas
President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., 185 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

Boys' Shoes Best in the World $3.00 $2.50 & $2.00

Could Tell Him That.

Client—"How much will your opinion be worth in this case?" Lawyer—"I am too modest to say. But I can tell you what I'm going to charge you."—Boston Transcript.

NEVER HAD A CHILL
After Taking ELIXIR BABEK

"My little daughter, 10 years old, suffered nearly a year with chills and fever, most of the time under the doctor's care. I was discouraged and a friend advised me to try **Elixir Babek.** I gave it to her and she has never had a chill since. It completely cured her." Mrs. Cyrus Helms, 302 E St., N. E., Washington, D. C.

Elixir Babek 50 cents, all druggists or by Parcel Post prepaid from Kloczewski & Co., Washington, D. C.

Consolation.

Little Joe's mother was the proud possessor of a new automobile, which she was learning to run with some difficulty. Watching her efforts to back the car out of the garage one day, Joe consolingly said: "Anyway, mother, you know how to work the self-starter fine, don't you?"

FALLING HAIR MEANS DANDRUFF IS ACTIVE

Save Your Hair! Get a 25 Cent Bottle of Danderine Right Now—Also Stops Itching Scalp.

Thin, brittle, colorless and scraggy hair is mute evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff—that awful scurf.

There is nothing so destructive to the hair as dandruff. It robs the hair of its luster, its strength and its very life; eventually producing a feverishness and itching of the scalp, which if not remedied causes the hair roots to shrink, loosen and die—then the hair falls out fast. A little Danderine tonight—now—any time—will surely save your hair.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store, and after the first application your hair will take on that life, luster and luxuriance which is so beautiful. It will become wavy and fluffy and have the appearance of abundance; an incomparable gloss and softness, but what will please you most will be after just a few weeks' use, when you will actually see a lot of fine, downy hair—new hair—growing all over the scalp. Adv.

The oldest fan in existence is in the museum near Cairo. It dates from the seventeenth century B. C.

Good Way to Test Diamonds.

Suspected diamonds are frequently tested by placing them between two coins and pressing hard with the fingers. It is said to be impossible to make the smallest impression on a real diamond, but, in the case of a paste article, the edges may be crushed. The effect can be discerned by a critical examination with a lens.

Don't tell all you know. Keep a little for seed.

WHAT IS

LAX-FOS

LAX-FOS IS AN IMPROVED CASCARA

A DIGESTIVE LAXATIVE

CATHARTIC AND LIVER TONIC

Lax-Fos is not a secret or Patent Medicine but is composed of the following old-fashioned roots and herbs:

CASCARA BARK
BLUE FLAG ROOT
RHUBARB ROOT
BLACK ROOT
MAY APPLE ROOT
SENNA LEAVES
AND PEPSIN

In Lax-Fos the Cascara is improved by the addition of these digestive ingredients making it better than ordinary Cascara, and thus the combination acts not only as a stimulating laxative and cathartic but also as a digestive and liver tonic. Syrup laxatives are weak, but Lax-Fos combines strength with palatable, aromatic taste and does not gripe or disturb the stomach. One bottle will prove Lax-Fos is invaluable for Constipation, Indigestion or Torpid Liver. Price 50c.

PELLAGRA

Its' History — Its' Results
Its' Cause — Its' Progress
Its' Symptoms — Its' Treatment

Sent free in booklet form to anyone upon request.

Raney Medicine Co., Dept. D, Atlanta, Ga.

COTTONSEED—Addison's heavy fruiter. Selected and culled. Earliest big boll. Free from disease or boll weevils. 45% lint. 1⅛ inch staple. Record three bales per acre. Excellent for planting under all conditions. Special price $2.00 per bushel. Prompt shipment. **Walter P. Addison, Blackwells, Ga.**

SPLENDID PROPOSITION—Over $100 per month. Article guaranteed. Good reference required. We refer to Central Savings Bank, 20th Street, Covington, Ky. Trade Supply Company, 1556 Madison, Covington, Ky.

BE BEAUTIFUL—Get Madam Trebos' Beauty Instructions. Wrinkles, blotches and other blemishes disappear as if by magic. Complete set $1.00. Particulars free. **L. LADON, 1810 Sherman Ave., Evanston, Ill.**

Study Salesmanship At Home Earn big salary. Our copyrighted course of 15 lessons by an expert, sent for $1.00. **CENTRAL CO., 599 Ninth Ave., New York**

"ROUGH on RATS" Ends Rats, Mice, Bugs. Die outdoors. 15c and 25c.

W. N. U., Birmingham, No. 11--1917.

Sudden Death

Before an insurance company will take a risk on your life the examining physician will test your water and report whether you are a good risk. When your kidneys get sluggish and clog, you suffer from backache, sick-headaches, dizzy spells, or twinges and pains of lumbago, rheumatism and gout, or sleep is disturbed two or three times a night—take heed, before too late!

You can readily overcome such conditions and prolong life by taking the advice of a famous physician, which is: "Keep the kidneys in good order, avoid too much meat, salt, alcohol or tea. Drink plenty of pure water and drive the uric acid out of the system by taking Anuric, in tablet form." You can obtain Anuric, double strength, at drug stores, the Discovery of Dr. Pierce of Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

ALABAMA NEWS

Hartford, Ala.—"When I commenced the treatment of Anuric I was in bad shape. My back ached all the time and, oh, how my back would ache at night until I would have to get up. I could never sleep all night through. But since I have taken Anuric my backache is all gone and I can lie down and sleep good and sound all night. Oh! how much better I do feel—no one knows but myself! My advice to all sufferers of kidney troubles is to give Anuric a trial and they will find relief from their trouble."—MRS. EXA COKER, Hartford, Ala.

Simply ask your druggist for Dr. Pierce's Anuric Tablets. Every package of Anuric is sure to be Dr. Pierce's. You will find the signature on the package just as you do on Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, the ever-famous friend to ailing women, and Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, proven by years to be the greatest general reconstructor.

Millinery, Ladies Suits, and Shirt waists.

In a few days I will open up a Brand New Stock of Millinery and Ladies Suits for Spring and Summer.

I have covered the northern markets and secured the latest styles.

My friends and customers are invited to call and look over the stock.

Miss Minnie Muse

CLANTON, ALA.

These Shoes are Great

Correct Style
Perfect taste
Comfort
Service and
Right Price.

These fine recommendations go to make up an argument hard to resist if you be looking for *satisfactory shoes.*

Your shoes are one of the most important parts of your costume, and require good judgment in their selection if yon would secure the best results.

If you would be sure of shoe efficiency, select from our stock of 1917 models. Nothing better.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Moneys Worth or Your Money Back"

CLANTON, ALA.

TO MY FRIENDS AND PATRONS:

I wish to announce my removal.

You will now find my offices in the Hopkins Building across the street from my former office. I am prepared to do all kinds of surgery that does not repuire the patient to remain in a hospital. My hours for all such work will be arranged by appointment.

Respectfully,
V. J. GRAGG.

POTATO PLANTS FOR SALE

In May and June I will have potato plants of the following varieties for sale: Nancy Hall, Dooley Yam, Bunch Yam, Porto Rica, Cuban Yam and Triumph. Prices $1.50 per thousand, or in ten thousand lots, $1.40 per thousand.

J. L. WINSLOW,
3-15-8t. Thorsby, Ala.

CARD OF THANKS

Please allow us this opportunity to express our sincere thanks to our friends, neighbors, relatives and the Redmen for their untireing assistance during the illness and death of our wife and mother.

A. L. WILLIAMS & CHILDREN.

Opinions from Folks Who Know

For malarial headache, Granger Liver Regulator entirely relieved my trouble.—**J. Height, Wetumpka, Ala.**

Had heavy headache. Vomited twice to six times a day. Four doses of Granger Liver Regulator made me well.—**Loundas P. Brindley, Somerville, Ala.**

Mother had sick headache. Granger Liver Regulator did her more good than all the medicine she had taken before.—**Pearley Davis, Pacio, Ala.**

I never expect to be without it in my home.—**Jenie Usey, Gadsden, Ala.**

It is a great saver of doctors' bills. —**Louis N. Kent, Honoraville, Ala.**

There is none better.—**Dr. T. E. Cothram, Alexis, Ala.**

All druggists sell Granger Liver Regulator—25c. Try it.

Mrs. H. G. Parkley of Birmingham has been recently visiting her sister, Mrs. L. C. Reynolds.

Reuben Culver of Birmingham is visiting friends and relatives near Clanton.

Don't forget your Subscription.

Clothes Cleaned and Pressed

My shop is the most up-to-date, and equipped with Steam Pressing Machine; it is operated by experienced hands. This combination guarantees the production of the best results in clothes pressing.

I call for your Suit and deliver it back to you after it is Cleaned and Pressed.

Let me clean up your last summer suit, and you will have it good as new when the season opens.

SUITS MADE TO ORDER

I carry samples from three tailoring houses, and am prepared to take your measure now for a summer suit. Come and look through. I guarantee perfect satisfaction.

I appreciate your trade and solicit your patronage.

KIN VINSON

Telephone 64-48, Kicker Bldg. Clanton, Ala.

CLANTON LOCALS

Miss Mason Wall of Montgomery has been the guest of friends in Clanton for several days recently. Miss Wall will be remembered by many of her friends, with whom she made acquaintances during her stay here a few years ago, where she was a teacher in the Chilton County High School.

You will find in The Banner a court calendar of Chilton County, which we intend to put in the paper every week for the benefit of our subscribers, who may at some time be interested in knowing at what dates the courts will be in session.

HERBINE cures constipation and re-establishes regular bowel movements. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Commissioner A. P. Vinson of Route 2 was in Clanton Wednesday on business.

S. L. Gibson of Verbena was in town Wednesday.

H. B. Oliver of Verbena was in Clanton Tuesday.

E. N. Wilson of Route 2 was in Clanton on Wednesday.

WAGON FOR SALE—I have a good second hand 2 horse wagon which I will sell cheap. W. D. SPIGENER, Clanton, Aal.

A. L. Williams of Route 3 was a caller at The Banner office Wednesday and subscribed for the paper.

Rev. A. L. Foshee of Thorsby Route 1 came in last Thursday and renewed his subscription.

N. L. Kicker of Montgomery was in Clanton last Saturday.

Hon. J. O. Middleton made a business trip to Montgomery last Saturday.

THORSBY ITEMS

Mrs. Lucy Cree, wo has been visiting Rev. and Mrs. E. W. Butler the past week, returned to her home at Griggsville, Ill., Monday.

Mrs. Bosworth entertained the Sweedish Lutheran Aid Society on Thursday afternoon of last week. About thirty ladies were present.

Mr. Phillip Horn is attending a Woodmen of the World Convention at Dothan this week.

Mrs. Phillip Horn and son are spending the week in Clanton with her sister, Mrs. L. F. Gerald.

The School Improvement Association of Thorsby will give a pie supper at Bates Hall for the benefit of the Public School, Saturday night, Mar. 24th. The proceeds will be used for the improvement of the public school building.

Miss McMae McNeil and Miss Rena Childress, two of the Chilton County teachers whose terms of school have recently closed, have enrolled in Thorsby Institute. Other new students are Miss Gladys Sims of Jemison, Beryl Langston, Marie Thomas and Estella Webb of Jemison, Bessie Huges, Lucile and Ethel Bass of Pigeon Creek. This makes the enrollment to date show over 50 per cent. increase over the entire enrollment of last year.

Rev. Arnold Nelson returned from Soutern Alabama last week and preached at the Lutheran Church Sunday both morning and evening. He will also be here for next Sunday.

Principal S. H. Herbert of Thorsby Institute, Prof. C. M. Williams, and Misses Marion Clark and Helen Jenkins attended the Teachers' Institute in Clanton last Saturday.

I. E. Sarber of Elmore was here last Sunday and Monday. While here he distributed two car loads of hay of his own raising. Mr. Sarber suffered an accident last week while baling hay and in consequence is carrying his arm in a swing.

Mr. D. J. Flummer and daughter, Miss Bulah, were down from Birmingham and spent Sunday at their home near Thorsby.

Mr. M. Leonard, who is employed at Lock 12, spent Sunday with his family near Thorsby.

Miss Lena Franklin, who is attending the A. G. T. I. at Montevallo, spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Franklin.

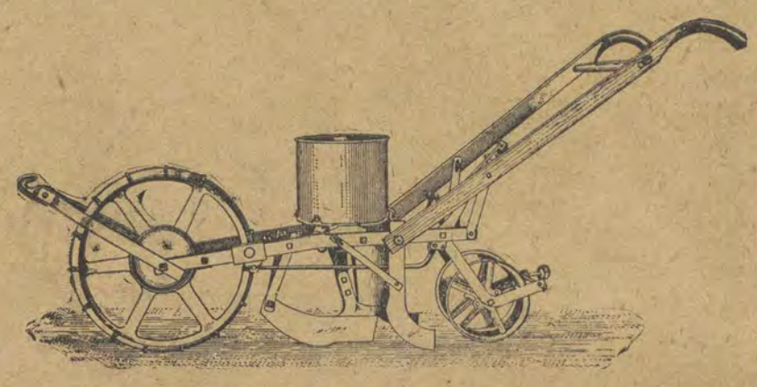
Mr. G. H. Gerald has been appointed the Chilton County member of the Advisory Board of the Alabama Committee on Prisons and is in Birmingham this week attending the meeting of the Board in connction with the Alabama Sociological Congress.

Rev. Brooks Lawrence, State Superintendent of the Alabama Anti-Saloon League, will speak in Thorsby Sunday night, March 25th, under the auspices of the young peoples societies of the three churches.

Rev. Chas T. Rogers returned to his home in Atlanta Monday. Mr. Rogers has been conducting special meetings at the Congregational church in Thorsby the last two weeks, which have been very helpful to a great many people. The good wishes of the many friends he has formed in Thorsby will follow him in his work.

PLANTERS

Ledbetter,
Hoosier,
John Deere



We have the LEDBETTER, the JOHN DEER, and the HOOSIER Planters. The Ledbetter has the distinction of being the only Machine that drops one cotton seed in a place, and is equally satisfactory in planting other grain.

The John Deer and Hoosier Planters have been sold here a number of years. All seed are high price now, and you can well afford to buy a planter that will not waste them.

We have points, slides and wings for the Syracuse plow. We are the only people here who can furnish you the Genuine Oliver Chilled Plows and Repairs.

CLANTON HARDWARE CO.

MARRIAGES

Walter Foshee and Miss Noble Price.

A. H. Russ and Miss Amber Nix.

J. W. Grear and Miss Pauline Woodyard.

Clyde Bearden and Miss Lula Henderson.

AUTO TAG LOST

Lost, Auto tax No. 18151 between Clanton and Cooper Monday. Finder please return to H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff, Clanton, Ala.

Take your chickens and eggs to Bill Goodgame. He pays highest cash market prices. 3-8-1t.

Take HERBINE for indigestion. It relieves the pain in a few minutes and forces the fermented matter which causes the misery into the bowels where it is expelled. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Dr. Hoover of Plant City, Fla., filled the pulpit at te Baptist church Sunday and Sunday night. The gentleman is a most able preacher, a splendid dispenser of divine thought. It is probable that the church here will call him to accept the pastor-ship and in doing so it is believed that much good would be brought to us.

Don't forget your Subscription.

AFTER GRIPPE

Vinol Restored Mr. Martin's Strength

Wapakoneta, Ohio.—"I am a farmer by occupation, and the Grippe left me with a bad cough and in a nervous, weak, run-down condition, and I could not seem to get anything to do me any good until I took Vinol, which built me up, and my cough and nervousness are all gone, and I can truly say Vinol is all that is claimed for it."—JAMES MARTIN.

Vinol is a constitutional remedy for all weak, nervous and run-down conditions of men, women and children, and for chronic coughs, colds and bronchitis.

Upchurch Drug Co., and all leading Druggists in Alabama towns.

"Don't suffer from train headaches"



When traveling, attending a Theatre or some Social Function, or if Shopping, don't forget to have

DR. MILES' -Anti- PAIN PILLS

with you. They are invaluable for Headache and all other Pains.

25 Doses, 25 Cents.

IF FIRST BOX IS NOT SATISFACTORY, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

BRING DESIRED RELIEF.

"I have used Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills for some time and find them an invaluable remedy for headache. I have always taken great pleasure in recommending them to my friends, being confident that they will bring the desired relief. I am never without them and use them for all attacks of pain, knowing that they will not disappoint me."

MRS. W. H. BENSON,
West Haven, Conn.

Joe Logan came by the Banner office one day last week, riding along on top of a big load of fertilizer. He hopped off, spry as a cat, and came in the office and renewed his subscription for another year. He said he was using some guano this year, and expected to raise a little of everything from a piney woods rooter to a bale of cotton.

E. L. Thompson of Route 5 was in town Wednesday.

DEBATE

There will be a debate at Mt. Pleasant next Saturday night, March 17, at 7:00 o'clock.

Subject for discussion is "Capital Punishment." Everybody is invited.

On Tuesday, March 20, we will have with us Mrs. S. V. Davis of Chicago, Ill., who will demonstrate the famous Gossard front lace corset, one day only. ELMORE'S.

BEST FOR ALL CROPS

SOUTH ATLANTIC GUANO COMPANY

(SUBSIDIARY MORRIS FERTILIZER CO.)

ATLANTA — MONTGOMERY

Every farmer has it in his power very largely to prevent crop failure. By proper selection of seed, timely cultivation and, most important of all, *a careful selection of dependable fertilizers,* he gives his crop a good, healthy start and keeps it vigorous throughout critical seasons.

The *South Atlantic Brands* are made of high class materials, selected with a view to giving service when service is needed. They start the crops off quickly and maintain the growth and fruit till harvest. *The high grade animal ammoniates we use insure late fruiting and development, and also liberate potash from the soil.*

By their liberal use. the cotton crop is brought to a quick and healthy maturity, thus escaping shedding losses and the ravages of the boll weevil.

Don't risk your crop on inferior fertilizers, but demand *and insist on getting the South Atlantic Brands.*

FOR SALE BY

TOM KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

REAL CROP SECURITY

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME V. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., MARCH 22, 1917. NUMB

DAVID D. OVERTON SHOT BY OFFICERS

Famous Prisoner Killed After Making Escape from Jail In Birmingham.

...TON DIED RATHER ...N TO SURRENDER

... D. Overton, who was under ... sentence for the murder of ...ate Judge W. T. Lawler of Hun...ille, together with several other prisoners, escaped from the Birmingham jail early Tuesday morning.

Officers searched all day for the party of escaped prisoners. About six o'clock Tuesday evening they were located. Overton and his companions were heavily armed with winchester rifles and pistols.

When the ogicers called to them to halt they dodged behind trees and opened fire on the pursuers.

David Overton and Tony Malino were instantly killed, and J. L. Latham, another one of the escaped prisoners was so badly wounded that he could not escape. Other members of the party got away.

The tradegy occurred a few yards from the home of Solicitor Joseph R. Tate who prosecuted Overton in the court and obtained the sentence of death against him. It is thought that Overton, immediately on getting out of jail, began to seek vengeance against the Solicitor.

The sensational escape of the prisoners from the jail has aroused officials and authorities of the law. A grand jury is already investigating the matter, seeking to determine if the jail officials are to blame in any way.

MINOOKA

Our school is moving along nicely. By supplementing county funds we have continued our school until April 20th, making a seven month instead of a five month term.

We are going to have an old time ...ue Back Spelling Match by the old ...lks at Minooka school house Saturday night, March 24th. Every body is invited to come and spell with us. We are also expecting Prof. J. L. Johnson of Clanton to give us an educational lecture that night.

Community in general doing fine. Work on farms hustling.

We have a big crowd out to visit our school every Friday afternoon. We have enrolled over 100 pupils in our school.

We are sorry to lose Mr. C. C. Mar...n. He moved to Calera and left ... last week.

Our Ladies Club is doing good ...rk now.

The Odd Fellows and Rebecca's ...port interesting meetings regularly ...d our Sunday school is also get...ng along nicely at present.

LOAN ASSOCIATION MEETING

The Chilton County Farm Loan Association will meet at the court ...use in Clanton on Saturday, March ..., 1917, at ten a.m.

J. N. DENNIS,
Secretary.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Letters of administration having ...been granted to the undersigned on ...e 5th day of February on the es...te of J. W. Warren, deceased, by ...e Hon. Probate Court of Chilton County Alabama, all persons having ...claims against said estate are required to present the same within the time required by law or the same will be barred.

J. D. WARREN,
Administrator of the estate of J. W. Warren, deceased. 3-22-3t.

Take your chickens and eggs to Bill Goodgame. He pays highest cash market prices. 3-8-1t.

Break your Cold or LaGrippe with a few doses of 666.

"DR. IGNORANCE DROPS" SCOTT WANTS BONDS.

ALSO TOUCHES ON SOME OTHER MATTERS THAT CONCERN THE COUNTY.

Jemison, Ala., March 19, 1917.
Editor Union-Banner:

Here comes the Doctor "Ignorance Drops," asking for a space in your good paper again to say to the people of Chilton county that now is the time for us all to put on our thinking caps for a while.

As you all know, the bond issue is going to be submitted to the people for their votes on April 16. You will also remember that the proposition was submitted to us 5 or 6 years ago, and there were a great many people opposed to it, because at that time it was considered that we had the banner county of the state. We were out of debt, and we got our money when we had to attend court or hold elections. The county's claims were worth 100 cents on the dollar, and we were afraid of debts.

But those fine conditions that prevailed then have changed a great deal now. Our county is over two hundred thousand dollars in debt, with warrants drawing 6 per cent. Eighty thousand dollars is already past due, and a contract existing, made by the commissioners court, levying a special tax upon us if the warrants are not paid. Our warrants are not worth over 50 cents on the dollar. We can't get anything for what we do for the county. What is the reason for all this? It is because the county is already head over heels in debt.

Now brother voter, think over the conditions and study the bond issue proposition, and investigate it. I have made up my mind that on account of the present indebtedness of the county already existing, that to issue bonds would relieve the great strain we are in just at present. It would give us some money to put on our roads and bridges.

Some are not going to vote for it just because Reynolds is for it, they theink he will get a rake-off. But the ballots at the election, and the entire legal procedure of the whole affair avows and declares that the money obtained by the bond issue will have to be appropriated to the payment of the time warants already issued against the road funds of the county.

Gentlemen, our present officials want to get tour county out of debt and in better financial shape. They believe earnestly and sincerely that the bond issue will bring us the quickest and best relief. They are asking for your help, and you should not hesitate to render it unto them. If you know of any leak that could be stopped and save the county a dollar, they want you to suggest it to them. Now will you do it, or will you continue to go around over the county hollering that you think the people ought to be taken out of the poor house, and that we have no need for Conway and Mrs. Jones and the county fair business? Now you are called upon to meet with the commissioners in the April term, and express yourselves on these issues. If we haven't got the manhood to do it I think we ought to keep our mouths shut afterwards.

I for one, stand for the bond issue, as I think it the most advisable course under the present conditions of the county. I favor the commissioners cutting off all appropriations that are not essential. So far as the work of Mr. Conway and the canning club is concerned, they have done as good work in the past as anybody could have done; but as I see it these officers have just about filled their mission. If people will not learn how to farm and can up produce in 6 or 8 years, it looks like foolishness to bother with them any longer. For if father has learned to raise corn and mother to can, the children will in turn, learn from them.

As to the county fair, it has never done me any good. But I am an advocate of all these things if we were out of debt, and had the money to pay for them with. But it is like some

(Continued to page 5.)

EVERGREEN

Just a few words from Evergreen. Everything seems to be moving along nicely these pretty days. I hear of no sickness in this section. Every body is planting corn, all you can hear is Gee and Haw.

Our Sunday school at Floyd is doing fine. Bad weather don't hurt our Sunday school. We have good attendance every Sunday.

We had a little run-a-way last week, but no one was hurt. Mr. Kenly Williams and Miss Velma Martin run-a-way and got married in the Capitol city. We wish the young couple all the good luck in their married life.

Arthur Beaird and wife spent last Sunday with home folks at Evergreen. They like their new home at Prattville fine. Miss Clemmie Beaird spent last week in Prattville.

W. G. Calloway and family spent last Sunday evening with W. S. Beaird on their way to Prattville.

The poultry club met at the school house last Saturday afternoon on some important business. The have about 30 or 35 members in the poultry club and are going to shipping eggs soon.

Well it seems that every body in this community is interested in velvet beans this time. Corn and beans is all the talk. We want beans this time all the way around. Velvet beans in the field and Prof. W. T. Bean in the County Supt. office in Clanton. Beans is the saving of Chilton county, we all realize that, so lets hold to what is best for us all the time.

Don't forget the singing the 1st and 3rd Sunday evenings at Floyd.

Success to the Union-Banner and its many readers.

MT. PLEASANT

Everybody is getting their fields and gardens ready to plant, although it looks mighty disheartening some time.

There was an excellent sermon delivered here Sunday by our pastor, Rev. C. F. Stephenson.

Prof. T. T. Tailer spent last Tuesday night at Mr. R. T. Robinson's.

Mrs. Mary Avery spent last Wednesday and Thursdey with her daughter, Mrs. Gustlee Campbell.

Rev. and Mrs. C. F. Stephenson spent Sunday afternoon at Mr. Bob Campbell's.

Mr. Forest Williams is putting up a saw mill in this community.

FOUND—South of Clanton, one bundle of dress goods. Owner can get same by paying for ad.

L. D. POPWELL.

UNION SPRINGS

The rain fell in torrents Friday night. People are planting corn here now.

Mr. Hubbard Russ and Miss Amber Nix were married Saturday, then motored to Calera to catch the fast train for Florida. Rev. J. P. Gentry tied the nuptial knot.

Robert Waldrup of Herron, Ill., is spending some time with the home folks near Fenwood.

Rev. M. C. Abercrombie, of Cox, delivered a nice sermon here Sunday. He is a young Methodist minister of promise.

Measles are still plentiful here.

S. N. Waldrup and daughter spent Sunday with the family of W. R. Redding.

The bond issue is creating some talk just now. We would like to have explanatory articles in the Banner on that subject from such men as the Editor, Judge Reynolds, J. N. Dennis, Prof. Moore and others, it would be good for the people to read both sides of the question.

Miss Vic Martin who has been spending some time in Sylacauga has returned.

The singing Sunday afternoon was very well attended.

We have long looked in vain for the promised reduction of the high cost of living, and in addition to that heavy burden we fear we are going to be plunged into war. Let us try to be optimistic and look beyond the dark shadows of the present, for "Light is shining behind the cloud." Rigid means are needful to awake people politically, to arouse sleeping lethargic church members, to make us be real men and women, to seek lofty ideals as nature has designed.

HONOR ROLL FOR THORSBY PUBLIC SCHOOL

First Grade—Zora Edna Edwards, Mirie Freeman, Nell Woolley.

Second Grade—Vernon Carlons, Regnar Ekblad, Frank Gerald, Jerome Wilson.

Third Grade—Bernice Williams, Russell Peterson, Ernie Littleton, Coy Kendrick, Addie Prim.

Fourth Grade—Jewel Wilson, Curtis Billingsley, Carl Berlin.

Fifth Grade—Edith Robinson, Martha Martin Esther Johnson, Pearl Carlson, Lola Horn, Mary Ella Gerald, Walter Masten.

Sixth Grade—Louise Adams, Lena Brandt, Palma Dahl, Walter Peterson, Earl Leary Clyde Mead.

Seventh Grade—Earl Collins.

Don't forget your Subscription.

COMMISSIONERS DESIRE TO SAVE COUNTY MONEY

PEOPLE ASKED TO MEET WITH THE COURT AT ITS NEXT SESSION IN APRIL.

Clanton, Ala., March 12, 1917.
To the people of Chilton County:

We invite all parties that are interested in the welfare of the county to meet with the Commissioners court the first Monday in April, as salaries and other matters where the Commissioners have authority to fix the amount will be taken up at this Court.

We would be glad to have all parties that know of any leaks or any place that we can save the county any money, and not do any injustice to any one to come to this meeting.

We are anxious to save all we can and we would be glad to have any suggestions from any tax payer that knows where we can save any money for the county.

We have not fixed any salaries, nor made any appropriations for any purpose this yer, but as stated above we expect to take up this class of business at this meeting, so if you have any advice to give come to this meeting. We would be glad to have you.

Respectfully,
L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

S. E. WALDRUP
R. J. WILLIAMS
A. P. VINSON
W. T. HERROD,
Commissioners.

Play-goers of Verbena and several nearby towns were given a rare treat last Friday evening at the Verbena academy when the Clanton High School pupils presented "Mrs. Tubbs of Shantytown." The auditorium of the academy was filled to overflowing and quite a neat sum of money was made and divided between the Clanton and Verbena schools.

Miss Mary Mullins, as "Mrs. Mollie Tubbs," the shunshine of Shantytown, displayed a talent seldom seen in amature shows. Her part was unusually hard to play, but her splendid portrayal of the quaint Mrs. Tubbs brought forth a continual stream of laughter and applause from the large audience. In fact Miss Mullins was almost the whole show.

Others who ably supported Miss Mullins and who greatly pleased the audience were Kathleen Mullins, Sybil McDonald, Roberta Curry, Wallace Jones, Thomas Jones, Inez Higgins, Wilbert Hayes, Harold Marler, Susie Hayes, Fonza Cunningham, and Sarah Adams.

Verbena highly appreciates the visitation of such high-classed entertainers and another show by the Clanton pupils will be welcomed.

B. J. Sessions, ... carrier on Route 7 from Clanton was one of the delegates from Clanton Camp W. O. W. to the convention of the order at Dothan last week. The delegates were given an excursion down to Panama City and on the Gulf of Mexico. Also a big fish fry was enjoyed while they were on the gulf.

Clanton people are glad to see the re-opening of the picture show by Mr. Smith at the Candy Store.

CAMPAIGN ORGA... ED FOR BOND ...

Judge of Probate, 1Jan16

A Central Committee ... to Have Charge of a... Affairs in Connec...

GENERAL COUNTY ... MITTEE IS TO B...

Pursuant to a call mad... Reynolds several voters ... Court house on Saturday ... and transacted the foll... ness:

V. J. Heard was elect... and W. T. Bean Secreta... ing. Upon request of th... Reynolds explained t... the meeting as being ... ize a campaign for ... issue, which will ... April 16, 1917.

Upon motin the chair appo... the following persons: L. H. Reynolds, J. ... Jones, Ben Oliver, J. O. Middleton and M. D. Foshee, who named the following central committee who is to have control of the ... paign: W. T. Bean, chairman; J. ... Gutledge, J. C. Jones, A. M. At... way, J. Wiley Littlejohn, and W. ... Nix. It was agreed that the cent... committee should appoint a local c... mittee for each school district.

The meeting adjourned for ... central committee to meet at C... ton on March 23 to transact any ... ness that might come before it.

WHEN LOVE IS KING

By special arrangement Mr. P. ... Smith will secure for the ladies o... The Clanton Civic League, the abov... five reel Klein-Edison production ... and present on the screen of T... Ideal Theatre (in rear of Can... Store) ... afternoon and evening ... Friday, March 30. ... ly se...

This play has been ca... ted from a long list and ... to be wholesome and ... taining throughout. Th... that this, their first v... moving picture busin... with unqualified succe...

They will appreciate ... age. You will enjoy t...

Matinee, 3:00 p.m. ... and 10 cents. Night, 7:3... Admission 10 cents. Pr... toward defraying expenses ... ing up and beautifying ... places around town.

Mr .and Mrs. Kin Vinson ... their home at Mrs. Carlet... Gowan addition.

MONEY TO...

WE ARE IN TO... AN UNLIMITED ... MONEY, AND ... ATE LONG-T... FARM LA... TERMS. ... TERESTED ...

Middleto...

"A Rolling Stone Gathers no Moss"

Feagin applies the old adage to transient class of School Teachers.

THE ALABAMA EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION

Annual Conventionof the Teachers of the State will be Held at the Capitol on April 5, 6 and 7.

The Rolling Stone

In one of the county institutes not long since a request was made for a show of hands on the part of those who were teaching with a raise in salary of five dollars a month over the amount received the year before. Although there were practically 100 teachers present only six hands were raised.

In another institute in which 104 teachers were enrolled it was found that 92 of the number enrolled were teaching for the first time in the communities in which they were employed at the time the institute was held. In other words, only 12 or 11.5 of the teachers in this particular county had returned to their former communities to follow up the work begun the previous year.

Data given in teachers' examinations show that few of those who write the examination remain in a community as long as two years consecutively. Even those who apply for life certificates usually give proof of having gained their experience in at least four or five different communities during the five or six years preceding the examination. A varied experience, to be sure, but what of the results?

Questionnaires were sent out by this office a few weeks ago to men who are in position to observe the work of rural school teachers in every county in the State. One question asked was, "What per cent of the rural school teachers in your county do you consider really have the community-building spirit?" Forty-four replies were received. The percentages given were found to average less than 30, and yet, the facts cited above would lead one to believe that those giving these estimates were exceedingly generous.

Further comment would be very much out of place. These facts speak for themselves. We might add in passing, however, that several county boards are resolving that, when all other things are equal, they will show special preference to those teachers who serve their communities for more than one year.

Alabama Educational Association.

"Let us consecrate ourselves afresh in the shadow of our historic Capitol, and then take counsel together for the battles we must go out to fight in behalf of Alabama's neglected childhood."—J. Alex Moore, Secretary.

"Educationally Alabama is just beginning to grow. Team work is needed to secure best results. And this can best come by having the teachers get together annually in one great body at the meeting of the Educational Association."—James J. Doster, President.

"The annual meeting of the teachers furnishes an occasion for developing a better fellowship, and a finer spirit of co-operation, and for receiving inspiration for our professional tasks. The department programs are especially attractive. The practical problems to be discussed in these meetings will prove of great value to all who attend. Montgomery is planning to give the teachers a royal welcome, and it is hoped that all who can will go to Montgomery and enroll as members of the association."—Chas. A. Brown, Chairman Executive Committee.

NOTICE OF ELECTION

Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Court of County Commissioners of Chilton County, Alabama, an election will be held on the 16th day of April, 1917, at the various polling places in the several beats of said County, for the purpose of voting upon the question of issuing bonds to the amount of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars, bearing interest not to exceed five per cent per annum, and to run for a period of thirty years from date of issue, for the purpose of paying debts created for constructing roads and bridges in said County.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama.

TRESPASS NOTICES

We have on hand for sale, Trespass notices suitable for posting land.

THE UNION-BANNER.

Farms For Sale.

23 acres wth good house, 1½ miles from Clanton on the Birmingham Highway, Price **$1,600.00.** 160 acres with 5 room house, 2 tenement houses, 50 acres in cultivation, 20 acres fenced in pasture, 2 ... miles north of Jemison, Price **$2,750.00.** 80 acres, all fenced, 3 sm... all houses, 60 acres in cultivation, 20 acres woodland, 5 miles from Tho...rsby, Price **$900.00.** 16 acres, 1 mile from Clanton on Birmingham ... Highway, 2 room house, good truck farm, Price **$1,700.00.** 20 acres ... ½ miles from Clanton with 3 room house, fine chicken and Truck f... arm, Price **$1,200.00.** 52 acres 1½ miles south of Thorsby on Birm...ingham Highway, 5 room house and out buildings, **$2,200.00.**

CHILTON COUNTY REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
Office ... t Chero-Cola Plant - - - - CLANTON, ALA.

Walk Right In...

And Call for It.

I HAVE BEEN EXPECTING YOU T... TO TOWN, AND HAVE GONE TO T... BLE OF PROVIDING YOU SOMET... EAT WHEN YOU GE THERE. SO JU... RIGHT IN AND TELL ME WHAT Y... WANTING TO EAT AND YOU WIL... IN A MINUTE OR TWO.

MY COOK KNOWS HOW TO COO... GUARANTEE TO SUIT YOUR TAST...

REMEMBER I MAKE A SPECIALTY ... FINEST OYSTERS IN SEASON, A... ANY STYLE AT ANY TIME.

BRING ALONG YOUR EGGS W... I WILL PAY YOU THE HIGH... KET PRICE FOR THEM.

DON'T FORGET TO COME TO SEE ...

W. H. GOODGA...

Across Street from Post Office
CLANTON, ALA.

...N TO HOLD ...AL ELECTION

...NERS ARE ASKED TO ...HE CALL FOR ELEC... ...TION MAY 8.

...MAGES UNIONTOWN

... Down Trees and Unroofs ...—No Lives Lost Al... ... Damage is Great.

...At a meeting of the coun... ...ard it was unanimously ...ld an election on May 8 ...se of levying a 2-mill tax ...t of the public school ...ity board and the may... ... concurred in the reso... ... an election and a pe... ...pared and forwarded to ... county commissioners' ...pproval of the date set.

...trikes Uniontown.

...Uniontown was visited ... worst rain and wind... ...istory. The wind was ...a cyclone and lasted ...es, doing consider... ...te glass windows ...unroofing three ... Trees were ... stores. ...of the city. ...down in all parts are badly several dwelling houses were lost or damaged. There were no lives ...none hurt.

...awyers Select Birmingham.

...ntgomery.—Birmingh... ...n will ... ...in the Alabama State Bar ..., ...n at its annual meeting July 1... ...d 14. Its invitation was accepted ...e unanimous vote of the executive ...ittee in session here. Montgom... ...ad invited the association to meet ... but when Birmingham request... ...t it be given the honor this city ...rew and urged the acceptance of ...mingham's invitation.

...nniston Gets W. O. W. Meeting.

...nathan.—Anniston was chosen as ...place for the next biennial conven... ... of the Woodmen of the World ...ough Montgomery and Huntsville ...ut up determined fights for the ... ...dy Judge T. L. Borom of Troy ...elected head consul of the head ... of Alabama W... ... the ...eby ... Camp in its sixth bien... ...ere. Judge Borom was ... compromise candidate ... contest between Dr. H. ... Birmingham and Zack ...ntsville had ended in ...iving 273 votes.

...s Bar Exams.

...—Announcement was ...mes of the successful ...r admission to the bar, ... of the examination held ... Those who qualified for ... of law are Frank Murray ...rd C. Gonzales and H. M. ... of Birmingham; Robert ...ohn F. Kelton, Lyman C. ...mes Franklin Harrison of ...omas J. Gary, J. H. Kim... ... R. Kimberlake of Haley... ...Metz of Cullman; Earle ...Talladega; W. S. Huey ... E. C. Stockton of ... a total of 14 suc... ...ourt of more than ... who passed on the ...omas F. Knight of ...n; W. F. Dickin... ... H. L. Reese of

...n of 74 Wed.

... there is no ..., J. M. Peck, ... Mrs. Maggie ... home of the ...k. Rev. Clay ...e ceremony. ...ill make Ath... ... are receiving ...ations.

...amp Site Inspected.

...ieut. Col. C. P. Summer... ... maneuver camp which ...t proposes to establish ... for which the Anniston ...mmerce has pledged ...,000. It will be some ...finite announcement ...rd to Colonel Summer... ...ation.

...er—Woman Killed.

...John A. Aldridge, a ...hs, lost her life, her ...omery, was serious... ...head and Mr. Ald... ...inor bruises when an ...ich they were riding ...he Hall Mills Creek

...t Tick Measure.

...rns show that the ...ost by a majority of ...showing 867 against ...re. The proposition ...ipalities, except ... returned a ma...

...ers.

... president ... of Hart... ... the Ala... ...ssociation during the ... was elected at the ...f the group held at

...tracts Let.

... Lauderdale county ...urt has awarded a ... miles of finishing ...on highway between ... Florian

ALABAMA THOOPS REAURN.

Montgomery Extends Warm Welcome to Soldier Boys.

Montgomery.—After months of service on the Mexican border, and undergoing the hardships incident to the life of a soldier, members of the First, Second and Fourth regiments arrived here to be mustered out of service. The Fourth regiment was the first to arrive, followed by the signal company, ambulance company, field hospital, Second regiment, brigade headquarters and First regiment, in the order named.

Despite a long and tiresome trip the boys were in a joyous mood, a smile lighted the countenance of each as he stepped from the train to meet and caress loved ones, or shake the hand of some friend, who had journeyed to the depot to welcome him home. It was a welcome of welcomes, that Montgomerians gave the returning troops.

Diversified Crops Being Increased.

Auburn.—The questions asked by farmers regarding diversified crops, show the growing interest in producing, on Alabama farms, crops and livestock not generally grown here for market in the past.

The correspondence of every member of the staffs of the Experiment Station and Extension Service at Auburn has increased rapidly, and a large proportion of this correspondence deals with the crops that are only recently coming into general cultivation. As an example of the extent of these inquiries, it may be stated that the number of individual letters mailed out from the office of the Director, Professor J. F. Duggar, during the calendar year of 1916 was 12,583. Other departments of the Experiment Station and Extension Service have also had an immense volume of correspondence.

Can't Get Away Club Organizers Held.

Mobile.—S. E. Edwards, Henrietta Parris, Carrie Frolichstein and Mary Rhodes were arrested here, it was stated by the police on the charge of defrauding 642 negroes out of $3 each. It was stated that they organized the Can't Get Away Club, and collected the money, supposedly to take negroes to Philadelphia to get jobs. The quintet were jugged as they were about to take a train for Cincinnati.

To Ask Federal Road Aid.

Tuscaloosa.—W. S. Keller, state highway engineer, had a conference with the Board of Revenue of this county as to the proposal of Tuscaloosa county to make application under the provisions of the new law for federal aid to build roads. Mr. Keller and the board inspected several of the county highways and a decision was reached by the board to apply for a federal appropriation of $10,000.

Alabama Postmasters Named.

Washington.—The President sent to the Senate the following Alabama postmasters' nominations: J. L. Thornton, Alexander City; A. A. Leach, Dadeville; W. L. Crew, Goodwater; Dora G. Wendel, Tallassee; Mary E. Cain, Wetumpka; Thomas S. Hoskins, Vrendenburgh; T. H. Alexander, Albany.

State Y. M. C. A. to Meet.

Albany.—The annual meeting of the State Young Men's Christian association will be held in Albany April 6. Several prominent speakers will be in attendance. This will be the first annual meeting of the state organization, which was perfected at a meeting in Selma last year. Seventy-five delegates are expected.

Crops Affected By Car Shortage.

Mobile.—Traffic Manager R. G. Cobb, of the Mobile Chamber of Commerce, stated that crops in this vicinity are liable to be seriously affected if the car shortage is not soon relieved. "If the cars are not available it will be impossible to distribute fertilizer, and hence crops cannot be raised.

Camp Ground Inspected.

Mobile.—Inspection of the Gulf Coast Fair Grounds was made by Col. C. D. Mills of the uniform rank, Woodmen of the World, of Jacksonville, Fla., one of the seven members of the sovereign executive committee of the Woodmen. This is the site selected for the national encampment of drill teams of the order to be held in July.

Graphite Lands Sell For $32,000.

Goodwater.—Something like $32,000 was distributed through one of the country's banks, at Rockford, when the former owners of 800 acres of graphite lands received payment for lands sold below Hanover to W. R. Thompson, of Jacksonville, Fla.

Attalla to Be Extended.

Attalla.—It was announced that plans for extending the corporate limits of Attalla are being undertaken.

Condemn Convict Lease System.

Birmingham.—Severe condemnation of the convict lease system in Alabama was incorporated in resolutions adopted by the Alabama Sociological Congress in its final session held in Birmingham and it was announced that a strong fight for the abolition of the system will be made at the next session of the Alabama Legislature. Following the election of Dr. Middleton S. Barnwell as president to succeed Dr. Morris Newfield, retiring president, the final adjournment was taken.

AMERICAN BOATS UNARMED SUNK WITHOUT NOTICE

City of Memphis, The Illinois And Vigilancia Sent To Bottom By German Submarines

VIRTUAL STATE OF WAR EXISTS

President Wilson Convinced Germany Intends To Sink Every Ship Entering Forbidden Lane

Washington. — Three American steamships—the City of Memphis, the Illinois and Vigilancia—have been sunk by Germans without warning. Fourteen men on the Vigilancia are missing and a number of the crew of the City of Memphis. The Illinois crew landed in safety. The Illinois and Vigilancia were torpedoed, while the City of Memphis was sunk by gunfire. The City of Memphis and the Illinois were in ballast and were bound for Great Britain from the United States. The Vigilancia sailed from New York for the Azores and Havre with a cargo valued at seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars and consisted largely of provisions. A large consignment of coffins was also on board.

Technically the United States remains in a state of armed neutrality, although virtually a state of war exists between the United States and Germany. Some of the highest officials of the American government hold that President Wilson has ample power to declare that a state of war exists and to proceed with aggressive protective steps pending the assembly of congress. There is no indication, however, that the president will follow that course, but the probabilities are that the work of arming American merchant ships will be pressed rapidly and the next move will probably be to send orders to the United States battleships to seek out submarines and clear the trans-Atlantic lanes.

The sinking of these three ships brought the government face to face with the problem of forming a definite policy for their action in case the United States actually enters the war.

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All the conditions outlined by the president in his message announcing the diplomatic break with Germany as leading to a state of armed neutrality have now been fulfilled. The "overt act" described by him then has actually come.

GERMAN ARMIES RETREATING ON ONE HUNDRED-MILE FRONT

Peronne, Bapaume, Nesle And Chaulnes Taken By British—French Capture Carlepont And Other Towns

New York.—Important advances over a front of about one hundred miles by the British and French armies in France, and additional gains by the Russians and British over the Turks in Turkish Armenia, Persia and Mesopotamia are the outstanding features in the war news.

The important towns of Peronne, Bapaume, Chaulnes and Nesle, and more than sixty villages have been taken by the British troops on a front of some forty-five miles, and King George's men are continuing their pursuit of the retreating Germans.

The operations were carried out on a front running from Arras to Chaulnes.

Taking up the operations south of Chaulnes, the French troops recaptured their old positions on the Roye-Noyon road and including the important town of Noyon. In this region, northeast of Lassigny, the French have penetrated more than twelve miles through the German positions toward the town of Ham. To the southeast the entire first line of the Germans, including the villages of Carlepont, Morsam and Nouvron Vingre were captured by the French, while northeast of Soissons, Crouy has been taken.

The armies of the Russian Grand Duke Nicholas are pressing the Turks in the Lake Van and Sivas regions

Germany Recounts Work Of U-Boats

Berlin.—Merchant ships of an aggregate tonnage of 781,500 were destroyed in February as a result of war measures of the central powers, the admiralty announces. The statement follows: "In February 368 merchant ships of an aggregate gross tonnage of 781,500 were lost by the war measures of the central powers. Among them were 292 hostile ships, with an aggregate gross tonnage of 644,000 and seventy-six neutral ships of an aggregate gross tonnage of 137,000."

National Guardsmen Held In Service

Raleigh, N. C.—The adjutant general's office announces receipt of an order suspending the instructions for the muster out of the Second and Third North Carolina regiments of the National Guard, and brigade headquarters, and directing that they be held under arms after arrival here from the border. The Second regiment has not yet started from El Paso, but is now in readiness to entrain for Goldsboro, where it was to have been mustered out

CHINA AND GERMANY BREAKS

Teutonic Ambassador Handed His Passports And All German Ships In Shanghai Harbor Seized

Washington. — American Minister Reinsch, at Pekin, has reported to the state department that China has severed diplomatic relaions with Germany and that the German minister has been handed his passports.

China has taken possession of all German merchant ships in Shanghai harbor, about six in number, placed their crews on shore under guard, and placed armed guards on the vessels.

China's severance of relations has been expected here for weeks. The action of the United States in breaking relations was received with acclaim by Chinese officials and press.

Feeling against Germany has run high, not only because scores of Chinese on the way to Europe have been killed in German submarine operations, but from memory of the kaiser's order to his Boxer punitive force to make the word "German" dreaded in China for a century, and the seizure by Germany of the whole province of Shantung for the murder of two missionaries.

Seizure of the German ships may be taken by Germany as an act of war as in the case of Portugal.

China's action may be followed by seizure of German property in China, which is very extensive.

China's action is expected to have far-reaching effect on far eastern history, as it aligns herself with Japan and the other entente powers. German trade before the war had become the most dangerous competitor to British and Japanese business in China, and this phase of the commercial situation was widely discussed at the Paris economic conference when plans to drive Germany out of the far eastern markets were adopted.

The immediate effect of China's severance of relations probably will be a greatly increased output of munitions for Russia. China is Japan's source of iron and has provided much of the raw material on which the latter's immense munition trade has been built up. China also has six large arsenals which, with her mines, will add large resources against Germany.

GERMANY STILL SINKING BELGIAN FOOD VESSELS

Another Grain-Laden Vessel Torpedoed Without Warning—U. S. Workers Likely To Quit

London.—The Norwegian steamship Lars Fastenaes (Lars Fostenes), bound from America for Rotterdam, with grain for the United States relief commission, has been sunk without warning outside theb lockade zone, according to the Norwegian Mercantile Shipping Gazette.

No steamer under the name of Lars Fastenaes is listed in available shipping registers. The Lars Fostenes is a new Norwegian steamer of 1,259 tons net. She was last reported as sailing from New York, December 19, for Rotterdam, arriving at Louisburg, Cape Breton, on the 26th. She proceeded for Halifax for repairs to her propeller blades.

U. S. Workers May Be Withdrawn

Washington.—Probable early withdrawal of all Americans participating in Belgian relief, including the withdrawal of Brand Whitlock, United States minister, from Brussels, as the result of the pressure of the German submarine campaign, was forecast at the state department. The official report on the submarining of the relief ship Storstad intensified the situation. mission which examined Thaw.

Harry K. Thaw Declared To Be Insane

Philadelphia.—Harry K. Thaw was adjudged a lunatic by the common pleas court of this city, and, under the law, cannot be taken to New York, on requisition, to stand trial on charges of assaulting a Kansas City high school boy. Thaw will be kept in St. Mary's hospital here pending his removal to a Pennsylvania asylum. The court's action is based on the report presented by a lunacy com-

German Airships Raiding England

London.—An air raid on the southern counties of England has taken place, according to an official communication. Bombs were dropped in Kent. The official statement says: "Hostile airships attacked the southeastern counties.

Orders Prepared For Arming Vessels

Washington.—Complete and definite instructions to the "armed guards" to be placed aboard American merchant craft bound through the German submarine zones have been completed by the navy department and approved by Secretary Lansing. They will be forwarded to the navy personnel aboard the merchant craft whenever the ships are ready to sail. The nature of the instructions will not be made public. They were carefully prepared by navy officials and then submitted to Secretary Lansing.

Appam Used To Violate U. S. Neutrality

Norfolk, Va.—Evidence that Capt. Hans Berg, German commander of the prize ship Appam, violated the neutrality of the United States constantly while the ship was at Newport News, has been placed in the hands of department of justice agents. When the Appam was awarded to her English owners by the United States Supreme court, Berg and his German crew were sent to Philadelphia. It was then found that they had rehabilitated the wireless outfit, and were using it to send messages.

NATION-WIDE RAIL STRIKE IS AVERTED

Secretary Lane Says Basic Eight-Hour Day Going Into Effect Regardless Of Court Decision

ROADS AND UNIONS AGREE

Brotherhoods Seem To Have Won Important Victory, But Do Not Get All Demands

New York.—The conference committee of railroad manager authorized the president's mediators to make whatever arrangements were necessary with the railroad brotherhoods to call off the threatened strike.

The formal letter in which this authorization was made signed by Elisha Lee, chairman of the managers committee, was as follows:

"In the national crisis precipitated by events of which we heard this afternoon (March 18) the national conference committee of railroads joins with you in the conviction that neither at home nor abroad should there be fear or hope that the efficient operation of the railroads of the country will be hampered or impaired.

"Therefore you are authorized to assure the nation there will be no strike, and as a basis for such assurance we hereby authorize the committee of the council of national defense to grant to the employees who are about to strike whatever adjustment your committee deems necessary to guarantee the uninterrupted and efficient operation of the railroads as an indispensable arm of national defense."

The decision reached by the managers at the midnight conference means that the brotherhoods have won an important victory, although it does not bring them all their original demands. By the agreement it is assumed they will be awarded pro rata time for overtime on the basis of an eight-hour day which they have been assured.

Their original demands called for time and a half for overtime on the same basic day.

Secretary Lane issued this statement: "Regardless of the decision of the Supreme court on the Adamson law, the basic eight-hour day will go into effect."

BOMB EXPLODED IN THE COURT HOUSE AT BOSTON

Two Men Killed And One Injured In Explosion—The Bomb-Bearer a Foreigner

Boston.—A bomb exploded in the Suffolk county court house here, killing two men and injuring another. One of the dead was Louis A. Zellinger, a janitor employed in the building. The other, unidentified, was believed by the police to have been the bearer of the explosive.

The object of the bomb carrier is uncertain, but the fact that Judge Loring's session of the supreme judicial court was only 25 feet from the anteroom in which the explosion occurred, indicated to the authorities that this may have been the objective. It is thought that the explosion was premature.

Except for the shattering of windows, no damage was done in Judge Loring's court, which was in session. The anteroom was damaged materially. Girl stenograhpers fainted; a jury that was locked up for deliberation in a room overhead clamored for release and a court officer collapsed, but order was quickly restored and strong guards were placed over both the court house and the nearby state house.

The unidentified dead man apparently was a foreigner, probably of southern European origin, it was announced by a medical examiner.

Major Gillett Dies At Philadelphia

Philadelhpia.—Maj. Cassius E. Gillett, U. S. A., retired, died at his home here. He was 58 years old and an engineer of note. In 1903 Major Gillett took a prominent part in the Greene-Gaynor Savannah harbor investigation. He retired from the navy in 1905 to become head of the bureau of filtration here.

Villa Forces Defeat Constitutionalists

Juarez, Mexico.—Villa holds Parral, Jiminez, and all of the country in southwestern Chihuahua while Gen. Francisco Murguia is making a desperate effort to reorganize his forces to repel the advance of the Villa forces on the state capital, passengers arriving from Chihuahua City over the Mexican Central railroad reported. Villa decisively defeated Gen. Francisco Murguia's command at the second battle of Rosario, Durango, according to information received in Juarez.

Big Gains Made By British In France

Paris.—Continuing their attack on the German lines in the center of the Somme region in France, British troops have gained further successes. Almost all of the St. Pierre Vaast wood, the scene of previous heavy battles between French and German forces, has been occupied, says the official statement from the British war office. German trenches on a front of 3,000 yards north and south of the wood also were taken, the communication adds. The St. Pierre Vaast wood lies about midway between Bapaume and Peronne.

NO EMBARGO FOR THE U. S.

Carranza Informed That Such Move Would Be Contrary To International Law

Washington.—The United States sent to General Carranza a formal notification that it cannot participate in his proposed Pan-American concert to cut off munitions and food shipments to the European belligerents with a view to forcing peace.

The reply is understood to point out that such a move would have no justification in international law.

Officials emphasize that although the note refuses flatly to co-operate in General Carranza's plan, it is friendly in tone and avoids any statements which might give offense to the de facto government. From this it is inferred that the communication does not reflect the suspicion of German influences behind the proposal ... been general among officials ... the first and was accentuated ... elation of Foreign Minister Zi... mann's report to align Mexico ... Germany against the United Sta...

Soon after it was received a mont... ago General Carranza's proposal was acknowledged by the state department in a note neither approving nor disapproving the proposal. Officials have not revealed whether any further communication prompted the reply, but it is regarded as not unlikely that the de facto government let it be known that a more definite response would be acceptable.

Neither has it been disclosed whether General Carranza has replied to the American inquiry for such further information as Mexico might have regarding Germany's alleged machinations against the United States. Press reports from the Mexican capital a week ago indicated that some reply was about to be made, but whether such a communication would be made public in the present situation is doubtful.

Five Latin-American governments have accepted in principle a formal suggestions from Ecuador that delegates from the republics of North, South and Central America assemble immediately for the purpose of "taking necessary measures for securing a continental expression, principally for the guarantee of the rights of neutrality, and, if it is possible, for the alleviation of the rigors of war."

The United States has not indicated its attitude toward the conference.

STEAMSHIP ALGONQUIN SUNK BY SUBMARINE

Ship And Cargo Was Worth $1,700,000 And Had Ten Americans On Board

New York.—The American steamship Algonquin, with ten Americans aboard, was sunk by a German submarine on March 12, with a loss of vessel and cargo valued at $1,700,000. A cable message received here by her owners, the American Star line, and dispatches from London, told of the apparent safety of all the officers and crew, twenty-seven of whom have been landed.

The message said the vessel was torpedoed, but did not indicate where she was at the time. According to a consular report from Plymouth, England, the Algonquin's captain stated his ship was sunk by shell fire without warning.

The Algonquin sailed from New York on February with foodstuffs. Her destination was London. She was one of the first American ships to leave the United States after Germany established her submarine blockade.

Formerly a Canadian-owned boat under British registry, the Algonquin was transferred to the American flag last December, when she was purchased by the American Star line.

While under Canadian ownership she was engaged in trade between New York and St. John, N. B.

Prior to sailing the Algonquin captain said he had no fear that his vessel would be torpedoed.

Japan Thanked By United States

Washington.—Charge Wheeler at Tokio was instructed by the state department to express to the Japanese government the gratitude of the United States government the gratitude of the United States for the many marks of respect shown the memory of the late Ambassador Guthrie, and to accept the offer of a warship to bring the body of the ambassador home.

President Names Tariff Commission

Washington.—President Wilson has selected the following men as members of the tariff commission: Prof. Frank W. Taussig of Harvard university, former Representative David J. Lewis of Cumberland, Md., former Representative William Kent of Kentfield, Cal., Daniel C. Roper of McColl, S. C., E. P. Costigan of Denver, and W. S. Culbertson of Emporia, Kans. Professor Taussig, who will be chairman of the commission, is a native of St. Louis. He has been connected with Harvard university since 1882.

Dynamite Plot To Destroy Reservoir

Jersey City, N. J.—Acting on rumors of a plot to dynamite the 1,000,000,000-gallon reservoir at Boonton, thereby flooding the Passaic valley, where many large ammunition plants are located, the city commissioners passed a resolution calling upon Governor Edge to provide a military guard for the works. Meantime, thirty policemen, all of whom have served in the regular army under command of Maj. Joseph D. Norton of the Fourth New Jersey regiment. The policemen were supplied with rifles and ammunition.

CZAR ABDICATES RUSSIAN THRONE; REVOLT SUCCEEDS

Grand Duke Michael Made Regent—Duma in Control.

CZAREVITCH IS NEW RULER

Soldiers Aided Revolutionists in Overthrowing the Government — 500 Persons Reported Slain During the Fighting at Petrograd.

London, March 19.—A Reuter dispatch from Petrograd says that the emperor is expected to arrive at the Tsarskoe-Selo palace and that several regiments with artillery are hastening to the same place.

The Grand Duke Nicholas is reported in a Reuter dispatch from Petrograd to have reached the Russian capital. The dispatch says that he will probably take command of the troops.

Czar Gives Up Throne.

London, March 19.—Czar Nicholas has abdicated the throne of Russia.

The czar abdicated in favor of his young son.

A dispatch to the London Chronicle from Petrograd on Thursday says the empress of Russia has been placed under guard.

According to information received here the Russian people have been most distrustful during recent events of the personal influence of Empress Alexandra. She was supposed to exercise the greatest influence over Emperor Nicholas.

The Empress Alexandra, before her marriage to the emperor of Russia in 1894, was the German Princess Alix of Hesse-Darmstadt.

A popular revolution has been successful and the government of Russia rests temporarily with a self-appointed committee of the duma.

After three days of battle, in which the majority of the 30,000 troops in Petrograd mutinied and supported the revolutionists, calm has returned.

Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch, brother of the czar, has been appointed regent.

The czar's abdication was in compliance with the urgent demand of the committee of the duma, which notified him that upon his assent depended the fate of the dynasty.

Troops Back the Duma.

Telegraphing from Petrograd Wednesday, Reuter's correspondent says Kronstadt, the fortress and great naval station at the head of the Gulf of Finland, 20 miles west of Petrograd, has joined the revolutionary movement. Two deputies, Pepelauff and Taskine, on instructions from the duma committee, proceeded to Kronstadt, where the troops placed themselves at the disposal of the duma.

The Copenhagen Ekstrabladet reports that the Russian consul in Haparanda, Sweden, says that former Premier Sturmer and Minister of the Interior Protopopoff were killed in Petrograd. Both were charged with pro-German sympathies.

New Cabinet Announced.

A new national cabinet is announced, th Prince Lvoff as president of the uncil and premier, and the other ofes held by the men who are close to he Russian people.

The members of the new national abinet are announced as follows:

Premier, President of the Council and Minister of the Interior—Prince Georges E. Lvoff.

Foreign Minister—Prof. Paul N. Milioukoff.

Minister of Public Instruction—Professor Manuiloff of Moscow university.

Minister of War and Navy, ad interim—A. J. Guchkoff, formerly president of the duma.

Minister of Agriculture—M. Ichingareff, deputy from Petrograd.

Minister of Finance—M. Tereschtenko, deputy from Kiev.

Minister of Justice—Deputy Kerenski of Saratoff.

Minister of Communications—N. V. Nekrasoff, vice president of the duma.

Controller of State—M. Godneff, deputy from Kazan.

The proclamation by the military governor in Petrograd forbidding any street assemblages and declaring that any disorders would be ruthlessly suppressed made it apparent that affairs were graver than the dispatches allowed by the Russian censorship would indicate.

Blow for Germany.

Authenticated dispatches from Petrograd, together with the consensus of governmental advices here, indicate that the uprising was a rebellion against the growing German reaction believed responsible for the food shortage and lack of effective military organization.

In this connection Andrew Bonar Law, chancellor of the exchequer, announcing the success of the revolution to the house of commons, said that it was comforting to England to learn that the revolution "was not directed at securing peace by Russia."

That control by the new government is complete is undoubted. Telegrams from generals commanding at the various fronts have displayed an astonishing unanimity of support of the new order.

Demonstrations against the government have been frequent during the last few weeks. The attempted proroguing of the duma fanned the fires which spread rapidly from class to class and from civilians to troops.

Sunday it broke forth in flame. Panic-stricken, the government ordered the mounted patrols to fire on the people. The patrols refused, and a battle between the police and the troops followed, regiment after regiment joining the revolutionists, seizing arsenals, burning prisons and jails arsenals, burning prisons and jails and throwing the heads of the secret police into prison.

For three days open battle raged in the streets of Petrograd. Strikes in factories and on street cars were called in sympathy with the revolution.

Wednesday the week's nightmare of revolution ended more suddenly than it had begun. Planks were pulled from windows, doors were unbarred, factories, stores and banks reopened.

The only evidence that a revolution had been fought and won was the smoldering ruins of a few public buildings. The cost in life is unknown. It is believed, however, that it did not exceed 500.

Magical and sudden as was the transition from the old to the new, it is believed here that its results will be almost immediately visible in the institution by the new Russia of a more vigorous and efficient prosecution of the war against Germany.

The duma telegraphed the principal generals at the front to use their influence with Emperor Nicholas in support of the duma's appeal for a popular government, says Reuter's Petrograd correspondent.

General Brussiloff, commander in chief of the armies on the southwestern front, replied:

"Your telegram received. I have fulfilled my duty to my emperor and my country."

Gen. Nicholas V. Ruzsky, member of the supreme military council, replied:

"I have carried out your request."

M. Rodzianko, president of the duma, sent the following telegram to Emperor Nicholas:

"The situation is becoming worse. Measures must be taken immediately, for tomorrow it may be too late. The hour has arrived when the fate of the country and of the dynasty is being decided."

M. Chtchegiovitoff, president of the council of empire, was arrested in his home and temporarily held in the ministerial room of the duma.

A telegram received by the naval attache of the Russian embassy in Paris reported that the railways and public services in Petrograd had resumed work.

The revolution, which evidently was carefully prepared, broke out simultaneously in Petrograd and Moscow. The garrisons, which obeyed the instructions of the revolutionaries, immediately took possession of these cities after comparatively little fighting and equally small amount of destruction of property.

Petrograd Bridge Blown Up.

In Petrograd one bridge was blown up. Strict military rule prevails and the army has the situation so well in hand that it is not expected adherents of the late government will be able to offer any serious resistance, even in remote provinces.

After receiving word of the revolution, it is reported, Emperor Nicholas returned to the palace, where he arrived on Wednesday.

The following details of the revolution have been given to the press from a source usually well informed on Russian affairs:

"The soldiers refused to act against the crowd which started trouble when it heard of the ukase issued by Emperor Nicholas proroguing the duma. On Sunday the committee which had met to discuss the food situation was partly transformed into a provisional government under the presidency of President Rodzianko of the duma and included representatives of the duma council of the empire and of the municipality. The garrison agreed to support the provisional government."

Papers Fail to Appear.

Newspapers, with the exception of revolutionary publications which sprang into life with the success of the revolt, had failed to appear. Street car service at noon had not been resumed, but it was believed that night would see partial service.

The government was declared to be overthrown by the duma leaders, who met in the Maveritchisky palace after the regular session had been adjourned by imperial ukase, and in a telegram to the emperor the popular representatives declared that a special committee, composed of the leaders of the various parties in the duma, would submit a list of names for the new cabinet.

The imperial palace at Tsarskoe-Selo is said to be in a state of siege, but thus far no fire has been reported between the guards defending the palace and the revolutionists and troops.

It is stated that General Michael V. Alexieff, former chief of staff, has been offered the military dictatorship.

Two Statesmen Killed.

Stockholm, March 19.—Passengers arriving at Haparanda, Sweden, with hospital train reported that two men of prominence in Petrograd had been murdered.

One of them was said to have been Alexander D. Protopopoff, minister of the inferior, and the other was believed to be Boris Sturmer, former premier.

The old Russian government, it is alleged, tried to bring troops to Petrograd from Finland to save the situation, but the troops refused to go.

Helsingfors is declared to be in a state of siege.

EIGHT-HOUR LAW UPHELD BY COURT

ADAMSON ACT HELD CONSTITUTIONAL AND VALID BY HIGHEST TRIBUNAL.

LEGAL IN EVERY PHASE

Decision Makes Eight Hours Standard of Day's Work and Legalizes Wages Increase.

Washington.—In an epochal decision holding Congress to be clothed with any power necessary to keep open the channels of interstate commerce, the supreme court, deciding five to four, sustained the Adamson law as constitutional and enforceable in every feature.

The immediate effect of the decision will be to fix a permanent basic eight-hour day in computing wage scales in interstate railroads, and to give, effective from January 1, this year, increases in wages to trainmen of about 25 per cent at the cost to railroads estimated at from $40,000,000 to $50,000,000 a year.

The court, through Chief Justice White, declared both carriers and their employes engaged in a business charged with a public interest subject to the right of Congress to compulsorily arbitrate a dispute affecting the operating of that business.

"Whatever would be the right of an employe engaged in private business to demand such wages as he desires, to leave employment if he does not get them and by concert of action to agree with others to leave on the same condition," said the opinion, "such rights are necessarily subject to limitation when employment is accepted in a business charged with a public interest and as to which the power to regulate commerce by Congress applied and the resulting right to fix in case of disagreement and dispute a standard of wages as we have seen necessarily obtained."

In delivering the opinion the chief justice departed at this point from his written text to emphasize the position of men operating trains in a time of national emergency by comparing them to soldiers facing an enemy.

Joining in with the chief justice in sustaining the law were Justices McKenna and Holmes—his immediate seniors in point of service—and Justices Brandies and Clarke, junior members. Dissenting for various reasons were Justices Day, Van Davanter, Pitney and McReynolds.

WILL HUNT GERMAN U-BOATS

President Goes to See Daniels and It Is Planned to Spend $115,000,000 Emergency Fund.

Washington.—Preparations for aggressive action by the navy against the German submarine menace began at the direction of President Wilson.

The President authorized the expenditure of the $115,000,000 emergency fund, provided by Congress to speed up naval construction and pay for special additional war craft and the suspension of the eight-hour labor law in plants engaged on navy work.

Imediately afterward Secretary Daniels obtained the New York navy yard to begin building 60 submarine chasers of the 110-foot type to be completed in from 60 to 80 days.

With the President's approval the secretary also ordered the graduation of the first and second classes at the naval academy. The first class will go out March 29, releasing 172 junior officers to fill existing vacancies and the second in September, furnishing 202 more a full year before they otherwise would be available.

While the energies belong to the navy will be concentrated for the present on efforts to get into commission sraft designed particularly to destroy submarines and guard the coast, warship building generally will be speeded up under the recent agreement with private builders and with the funds now made available.

The announcements from the department followed an hour's conference between Secretary Daniels and the President, who walked over from the White House to the state, war and navy building for the purpose.

Germans Shell Small Boat.

London.—A boat containing the first, second and third mates and five seamen of the Dutch steamer Selien (Selene), chartered by the Belgian relief commission, has been shelled by a submarine and all the occupants killed, according to a Reuter dispatch from Stavanger.

No Americans Hurt in Russian Revolt.

Washington.—Ambassador Frances at Petrograd cabled the state department that no Americans had been reported injured during the disturbances in the Russian capital.

Torpedo Boats Shell English Coast.

London. — German torpedo boats and destroyers shelled towns along the Kentish coast early Sunday morning but little damage, according to an official statement. They fired a number of shells [illegible] certain coast towns. There were no casualties. The material damage was slight, one occupied and two empty houses being hit.

London.—The capture by the Russians of the city of Van, in Turkish Armenia, is reported in a Reuter dispatch from Petrograd.

CLEMENCY ASKED BY THIRTY-SEVEN

PARDON BOARD HEARS LARGE NUMBER OF PETITIONS AT MONTHLY MEETING.

AT THE STATE'S CAPITAL

Interesting News Budget of Happenings in Various Departments of State.

—Montgomery.

Thirty-seven petitions for executive clemency were heard by the state board of pardons in monthly session. They are: Bill Jackson, Chambers county, first degree murder, life; Alto Dick, Dale, rape, 10 years; Arthur Drane, Lee, grand larceny and burglary, 18 years; Will Evans, Calhoun, grand larceny, 15 months; Wince Garth, Morgan, murder, 15 years; Jim Gholson, murder, 16 years; Andrew Bush, Choctaw, manslaughter, 10 years; Barney Davis, Covington, robbery, 10 years; Joe Henry, Perry, assault to murder, six years; Lucy Carter, Lauderdale, manslaughter, four years; Luther Holt and Redas Scruggs, Limestone, perjury; Titus Akers, Cullman, forgery, 25 months; Sam Matthews, Pike, murder, life; John M. Tucker, Randolph, manslaughter, one year and one day; Andrew Malcomb, Cherokee, incest, five years; T. J. Newsom, Morgan, murder, 10 years; Slanton Angborn, Montgomery, accessory to murder, two years; Charlly Norres, Lowndes, three years; William Gurganus, Tuscaloosa, murder, second degree, 10 years; Evel Pearce, Coffee, manslaughter, second degree; George Phillips, Blount, seduction, two years; John Randall, Talladega, manslaughter, two years; Caesar Daniels, Montgomery, forgery, second degree, two years; Harmony Vines, Chambers, grand larceny, four years; Mardie Gidwin and Ural Godwin, Dallas, larceny, 15 months; Lewis Patterson, Macon, burglary and grand larceny, two cases, four years each; Will Todd, Cullman, perjury, five years; Riley Walker, Bullock, murder, life; Ralph McGhee, Talladega, larceny, one year and one day; R. G. Ward, Walker, larceny, two years and 59 days; Joseph Foster, Tuscaloosa, murder, second degree, 40 years; Bill Armstrong, Chilton, assault with a weapon, 200 days; Ben Houkins, Choctaw, manslaughter, 10 years; J. F. Howard, Covington, restoration of rights; Lucile Coleman, Bullock, bigamy, two years.

Auditor Reports Tax Increase.

Figures furnished by the State Auditor show that taxes paid from the beginning of the present fiscal year, October 1, to March 15, total $3,576,782.85 as compared with $3,401,661.85 for the saome period last year. General taxes, Confederate veteran tax and school tax show an increase, while there was a falling off in poll tax.

Tuscaloosa Man Refused Pardon.

For the fourth time the state board of pardons has refused to recommend the parole of Dr. William Gurganus of Tuscaloosa county, who was convited of complicity in the murder of W. B. Turner, paymaster, near Lock 17, and sentenced to 10 years in the penitentiary. The board voted unanimously against the petition. Dr. Gurganus' first effort for a parole was made December 8, 1914, the second December, 14, 1915, and the third March 18, 1916.

Two Men Paroled.

Governor Henderson has issued a parole to L. C. Benefield of Cullman county, convicted of violating the prohibition law and sentenced to serve a sentence of nine months and twenty days, conditional upon her future good conduct. Wending Besch of Cullman county, who had received a sentence of six months at hard labor for violating the prohibition law, was also paroled by the governor.

Convicts to Be Worked.

More prisoners will be worked on the public roads this year than ever before, according to information received at the state highway department from Washington. The communication states that an added interest has been given to the movement to the convict road work, through the publication of a bulletin entitled, "Convict Labor for Road Work."

Inspectors Named.

Col. E. H. Hanna of Anniston has been appointed license inspector of Calhoun county to succeed C. D. Martin, deceased; Joe G. Savery, license inspector of Talladega county, and James C. Gordon, member of the board of equalization of Limestone county to succeed George L. Sherrill, resigned. These appointments were announced by the state board of equalization.

Requisition Granted.

Despite a strenuous fight made by their attorney, Governor Henderson ordered the return of J. Solis and P. Coovetz to Hartwell, Ga., for trial on a charge of entering a cheating and swindling conspiracy. Governor Henderson honored a requisition drawn on him by Governor Nat E. Harris of Georgia. Solis and Coovetz were arrested at Birmingham. They resisted extradition on the ground that the charges were not true and were trumped up against them.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of Sunday School Course of Moody Bible Institute.)
(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR MARCH 25

JESUS THE WAY, TRUTH AND LIFE.

(Review.)

SCRIPTURE LESSON—Read John 14: 1-14.

GOLDEN TEXT—Jesus saith unto him, I am the way, the truth, and the life, no man cometh unto the father, but by me. —John 14:6.

The purpose of John's gospel is revealed in John 20:31. It was to prove that Jesus is the Christ, the Son of God, and to prove it in such a way that men might believe it in their hearts, and thus obtain, through that belief, eternal life in his name. Therefore the best method of review for the lessons of the past quarter would be to go over the lessons one by one, and find out how it is that this great truth, which brings life to men, is illustrated in each of the several lessons. The object of such a review should be to make Jesus as real to us as if we were with him and his disciples, and could realize that the Word is now dwelling among us, full of grace and truth, giving daily of his fulness and "grace for grace." (Ch. 1:14-16). Jesus is "the way," the way to heaven, the way to all that is highest and best on earth, the way of life, the way to the Father, the goal of all human aspirations, the way out of all human darkness and sin, the way to holiness and to God. Jesus is also the truth, the revealed truth about God. He revealed the forgiveness of God for the sins of men, the right way of living. Jesus is the life, the source of life, the life itself, the true life here on earth, and the eternal life which is to abide forever. Thus our entire review centers about Jesus Christ. It would be good to have a map chiefly of the vicinity of the Sea of Galilee to use in this review.

Lesson I. Jesus, the Life and Light of Men. This is the central truth of the gospel. Note the pre-existence of Jesus Christ as the eternal Word, "In the beginning with God." Then again we see it as plainly showing forth or declaring him to be God. We see him also as the Creator of all things.

Lesson II. John the Baptist. This is a lesson of John's testimony to Jesus as the Son of God; also that Jesus was the Lamb of God, eternal, pre-existent, the One who was baptized by the Holy Ghost, showing us the real nature of Jesus as the Word of God. Describe who and what he was and did that made him the perfect Savior.

Lesson III. The First Disciples of Jesus. Andrew and Philip discovered the Messiah of whom Moses and the prophets did write, and revealed him unto Nathaniel, who discovered in Jesus the Son of God and the King of Israel. Relate how Jesus found these disciples, their names and their characteristics, and why each one was especially fitted for his particular work.

Lesson IV. His Father's House. Jesus, manifesting himself as the Son of God, the Father, was the Ruler of God's house, and drove from it those who defiled it by making that house a house of merchandise.

Lesson V. The Savior of the World. Jesus, as the only begotten Son of God, can give eternal life to those who believe on him. Describe the character of Nicodemus, what it means to be born again, and what is meant by being born of water and of the spirit.

Lesson VI. The Woman of Samaria. Jesus declared himself to this woman as the Christ, and also as the giver of eternal life; therefore he was God. Referring to the last lesson, emphasize what Jesus meant by his reference to Moses and the brazen serpent, and bring out the fact that the water of which he speaks is the gift of everlasting life.

Lesson VII. The Nobleman's Son. Jesus made his glory to be seen a second time in Cana of Galilee by healing sickness although not present at the bedside of the sick one. Healing and faith are co-partners.

Lesson VIII. The Pool of Bethesda. Again Jesus manifests his power by healing by his bare word the man who had been infirm thirty and eight years, and who was utterly helpless and hopeless. Bring out how the man showed his faith. Explain why Jesus should say to him: "Sin no more lest a worse thing befall thee."

Lesson IX. Five Thousand Fed. Divine power multiplying the loaves and fishes, and divine prudence in assembling the fragments reveals the unquestionable, creative act of the power of Jesus Christ as perhaps none other of his miracles. Emphasize the part which the boy played in co-operating with Christ.

Lesson X. The Bread of Life. Jesus is the Bread of Life as well as the giver of everlasting life. He is the Bread of Life which cometh down from heaven, and the one going to whom we shall never hunger nor thirst.

Lesson XI. Jesus Saves From Sin. Jesus, the Light of the World, has power to set men free from sin, and "whom the Son shall make free is free indeed." In this lesson we have the slavery of sin and the freedom of believers.

True faith is built upon facts, and those who accept and believe on the facts have "everlasting life."

FRUIT LAXATIVE FOR SICK CHILD

"California Syrup of Figs" can't harm tender stomach, liver and bowels.

Every mother realizes, after giving her children "California Syrup of Figs" that this is their ideal laxative, because they love its pleasant taste and it thoroughly cleanses the tender little stomach, liver and bowels without griping.

When cross, irritable, feverish, or breath is bad, stomach sour, look at the tongue, mother! If coated, give a teaspoonful of this harmless "fruit laxative," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food passes out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. When its little system is full of cold, throat sore, has stomach-ache, diarrhoea, indigestion, colic—remember, a good "inside cleaning" should always be the first treatment given.

Millions of mothers keep "California Syrup of Figs" handy; they know a teaspoonful today saves a sick child tomorrow. Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and grown-ups printed on the bottle. Adv.

Nebraska Leads the World.

Now that European production has been shut off, Nebraska leads the world in the potash industry.

"CASCARETS" ACT ON LIVER; BOWELS

No sick headache, biliousness, bad taste or constipation by morning.

Get a 10-cent box.

Are you keeping your bowels, liver, and stomach clean, pure and fresh with Cascarets, or merely forcing a passageway every few days with Salts, Cathartic Pills, Castor Oil or Purgative Waters?

Stop having a bowel wash-day. Let Cascarets thoroughly cleanse and regulate the stomach, remove the sour and fermenting food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out of the system all the constipated waste matter and poisons in the bowels.

A Cascaret to-night will make you feel great by morning. They work while you sleep—never gripe, sicken or cause any inconvenience, and cost only 10 cents a box from your store. Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never have Headache, Biliousness, Coated Tongue, Indigestion, Sour Stomach or Constipation. Adv.

Contentment is a virtue, but ever in the matter of virtues one should beware of counterfeits.

STOP THAT HACKING COUGH.

Mansfield (formerly Hungarian) Cough Balsam heals the inflamed and lacerated membranes and quiets the tickling nerves that lie underneath the infected portions. Invaluable for babies. Price 25c and 50c.—Adv.

He who knows a woman has solved a great mystery.

Rest Those Worn Nerves

"Every Picture Tells a Story"



Don't give up. When you feel all unstrung; when family cares seem too hard to bear, and backache, dizzy headaches, queer pains and irregular action of the kidneys and bladder may mystify you, remember that such troubles often come from weak kidneys and it may be that you only need Doan's Kidney Pills to make you well. When the kidneys are weak there's danger of dropsy, gravel and Bright's disease. Don't delay. Start using Doan's now.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
50¢ at all Stores
Foster-Milburn Co. Props. Buffalo, N.Y.

Constipation Vanishes [illegible]
CARTER'S LIVER [illegible]

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

PROCEEDING DELIBERATELY

Everywhere the arming of American merchantmen is interpreted as meaning war. Yet no nation never set out upon such a ventur more calmly than America is going into the pathway of hostilities. To those of us who can recall the feverish days of 1898 and to that fewer number who remember the excitement of 1861, there is something uncanny about this. The military condition of the country, to be sure, is not such as to excite enthusiasm. Quite the contrary. And we hope that the calm seriousness with which we are apparantly marching into war means that the real mind of the nation is finally concentrated upon our needs with a determination to go through to the end with whatever is necessary.

If you are a young man, old man, middle aged man, or any kind of a man as for that matter, hanging around Clanton on Sunday, you are denying your soul the most wholesome bit of inspiration you ever missed in your life if you don't come up to the meeting of the Baraca class of the Baptist Sunday school and hear the lecture of Prof. McDonald. He has that forceful way of preaching a most powerful sermon in a concise, short and pointed way. He will cause you to see better the way of truth and light, and instill in your mind the desire to live a nobler and more pious life. There are some in our town who sorely need the beneficent weight of Mr. McDonald's lecture to bear upon their heads at least every Sunday for a year. We hope the Spirit may move them to join the class and get the great good which they are and have been denying themselves.

William Knox Tate.

The whole South mourns the passing of one of its educational leaders in the person of William Knox Tate, Professor of Rural Education in Peabody College for Teachers at Nashville, Tennessee. Although he died at the age of forty-six, he lived to accomplish much for the betterment of rural education and the improvement of country life in the South. He was a native of Tennessee, and taught in Arkansas, South Carolina and other southern states. He was for several years State Supervisor of rural schools in South Carolina. His ability attracted the attention of the Federal Government and he was sent to study rural life conditions and the public school systems of Sweden and Denmark. Having returned to America he was offered the chair of rural education in the George Peabody College for Teachers and it was here while in the very prime of life, and with a brilliant career as a trainer of leaders for country life in the South already begun, that the final summons came His services were in demand as an authority on rural life problems the country over. He visited Alabama a number of times, his last public appearance being on December 30, 1916, when he addressed the annual State meeting of the Alabama School Improvement Association. Those who knew him will never forget his charming personality, his conspicuous ability, his untiring energy and his devotion to popular education.

RUB-MY-TISM—Antiseptic, Relieves Rheumatism, Sprains, Neuralgia, etc.

Take Care of Horses.

The winter has been long and wet, feeding stuff is scarce and high. For these reasons horses and mules have been allowed to stand idle on a light ration. Many of them are tender and weak. The long period of wet weather has forced the heavy plowing to be done just in advance of planting and will work a hardship on the farm animals even with the best of masters. In view of the weak tender condition of the animals, the volume of heavy work to be done in a short time and the increasing tempature, the wise master will give his animals close attention and increase their feed in proportion to the work which they perform. It will not pay to economize by the loss of horse flesh and horse power either by over work or short feeding at the beginning of a crop.

See that the collars fit the shoulders and the harness is otherwise comfortable. Horses fret when uncomfortable, often enraging the temper of the plowman and criminal abuses are somtimes the result; all of which may be avoided by a little carefulness in looking after the comfort of the animals. The horses will furnish the power in proportion to their treatment and feed but the man must furnish the common sense.

Early Planting of Cotton.

Planting cotton early has been advocated so extensively that serious mistakes may occur in many cases by planting too early and the crop getting killed by late frost. The extreme in either case would be bad. Early planting is the ebst but does not mean planting much earlier than the usual time of first planting. It simply means to begin about the usual time and hurry through with it and avoid stretching planting through a whole month and ending up late. It is a common habit with many people to jump from one extreme to the other which is equally as dangerous. The conservative side of any proposition is the middle ground between two extremes.

Cultivation of a cotton crop should begin just as soon as the plants come up. Cotton dates its age nearly as much from the beginning of cultivation as it does from planting. Much earliness is often lost by allowing cotton to stand two or three weeks before cultivation is started. All cultivation should be shallow and often.

All the talk of a Russian-German-Japanese coalition against the United States after the war has its origin in German minds and is given publicity through German propaganda. The wish is father to the thought. If we do our full duty now in the face of what confronts us, we shall be in position when the war is over, to make a few coalitions of our own if the necessity arises.

CARD OF THANKS

We desire to extend to the people of this and the adjoining communities our heartfelt thanks for the loyalty and sympathy shown us during the illness and death of our beloved wife and mother.

May the Lord be ever gracious to them, and their reward great.

J. S. POPWELL
E. B. POPWELL
MRS.MATTIE SCOTT
MRS. ALICE WILLIAMS
MRS. LEONA SCOTT
MRS. EMMA WILLIAMS.

CAN'T LOSE HAIR

Twenty years from Today a Baldheaded Man Will Be an Unusual Sight.

One of the most prominent druggists of America made a statement a few weeks ago which has caused a great deal of discussion among scientists in the medical press.

He said: "If the new hair grower, Mildredina Hair Remedy, increases its sales as it has during the past year it will be used by nearly every man, woman and child in America within eight years.

"When Mildredina Hair Remedy is used almost universally, dandruff will disappear and with its departure baldness, itching scalp, splitting hair and all scalp diseases will follow and twenty years from now a bald head will be a rarity."

There is only one way to cure dandruff, and that is to kill the germs. There is only one hair preparation that will kill the germs and tath is Mildredina Hair Remedy. This unusual hair restorer with its record of thousands of cures will grow hair on any head where there is any life left; it will cure dandruff, stop falling hair and itching of the scalp in three weeks or money back.

It is the most pleasant and invigorating tonic, is not sticky, orgreasy and is used extensively by ladies of relnement who desire to have and to keep their hair soft, lustrous and luxuriant. Fifty cents for a large bottle druggists everywhere. Mail orders filled by American Proprietary Co., Boston, Mass.

CUT THIS OUT

FREE to show how quickly Mildredina Hair Remedy acts, we will send a large sample free by return mail to anyone who sends this Coupon to American Proprietary Co., Boston, Mass., with their name and address and ten cents in silver to pay postage.

DR. HOOVER CALLED

Last Sunday the Clanton Baptist church in conference, issued a call to Dr. Hoover of Plant City, Fla., to serve us as Pastor.

Those who heard him preach here a few Sundays a go are pleased at the action of the church in calling him, and all await his acceptance with anxiety.

Apply a cotton cloth wet with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT to all wounds, cuts, burns, sores or blisters, and note its wonderful healing power. It is prompt and very effective. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Eggs for Hatching.

White Leghorn and Wyandottes Laying Strain.

Price reduced to $1.00 per 15, $5.00 per 100, for rest of the season.

DR. O. C. MASTIN
Thorsby, Ala.

MORTGAGE SALE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

Whereas default having been made in the term of a mortgage executed to G. Higgins by Elias Hopkins and wife Alvira Ann Hopkins, on the 8th day of July, 1912, which said mortgage is duly recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in Mortgage Record Book 121, page 552, and whereas said mortgage and the debt thereby secured was by the said G. Higgins an wife, Mrs. Elizabeth F. Higgins, duly transferred and assigned to the undersigned W. W. Fox, on the first day of March, 1917, and wheeas said default is continuing I, the said W. W. Fox, the assignee of said mortgage, will sell at public outcry for cash to the highest bidder, in front of the South door of the Court House of said County, between the legal hours of sale, on the 14th day of April, 1917, the following described property, lying and being in Chilton County, Alabama, to-wit:

That tract of land bounded and decsribed as follows:

Begin at a beginning point which is South 27 degree east 7 feet from another point, which other point is west 28 degrees south 40 feet from the southwest corner of lot No. 8 in block No. 18 according to the map of P. D. Wilson's addition to the city of Clanton, Alabama, and from said beginning point thus found and established, run thece west 28 degrees south 175 feet, thence south 28 degrees east 150 feet, thence east 28 degrees north 175, thence north about 27 degrees west 150 feet to said beginning point, and containing one-half acre, more or less, and being situated in the north west ¼ of the south east ¼ of Sec. 35, Tp. 22, Range 14 east, in the Town of Clanton.

Said sale is made for the purpose of paying the mortgage debt and the costs and expenses of foreclosure.

This the 12th day of March, 1917.

W. W. FOX,
Assignee of said mortgage.
By F. B. Collier, Attorney for Assignee of said Mortgage.

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed whereby I, as Sheriff of said County, was commanded to make the sum of One hundred seventy-one & 36-100 Dollars, principal and interest, and Eight & 10-100 Dollars, costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the Spring Term, 1917, of said Court of said County, Alabama, in favor of Carolina Portland Cement Co. against E. Hopkins, I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the Court House door of said County, between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., on Monday the 9th day of April 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named E. Hopkins in and to the following described real estate, viz:

That tract of land bounded and described as follows: Begin at a beginning point which is south 27 degrees, east 7 feet, from another point which other point is west 28 degrees south 40 feet from the southwest corner of Lot No. 8, in Block No. 18, according to the map of P. D. Wilson's addition to the City of Clanton, Ala., and from said beginning point thus found and established, run thence west 28 degrees, south 175 feet, thence south 28 degrees, east 150 feet, thence east 28 degrees, north 175 feet, thence north about 27 degrees, west 150 feet to said beginning point, and containing one-half acre, more or less, and being situated in the north-west fourth of the south-east fourth, Sec. 35, Tp. 22, Range 14, East, in the Town of Clanton.

Sale to be made subject to mortgage executed on the 8th day of July 1912, by Elias Hopkins and wife, Alvira Ann Hopkins, to Guy Higgins, recorded in Book of Mortgages 121, page 554, on which said mortgage there is now due about $1,800.00.

This 6th day of March 1917.

H. A. HARRIS,
Sheriff.
Posted at Cuort House door 6th day of March, 1917.

The Cost of Living is High

BUT I HAVE SOME BARGAINS WHICH I CAN OFFER AT MONEY-SAVING PRICES.

I have some Rice which I can sell at 25lb for $1.00.
Just received a full line of SHOES. Easy walkers, etc.
Nice new line of Spring Clothing for Men and Boys.
Ladies Skirts and Ready-Made Waists.
A FULL LINE OF DRESS GOODS.
Guano, Cotton Seed Meal, and all kinds of Fertilizer.
I want you to come to see me before you buy.
I will buy all kinds of Cattle, either fat or poor.
I carry a full line of Automobile tires, casings and Tubes.
I will buy your old worn out casings.

L. H. REYNOLDS
CLANTON, ALA.



Ask Grandfather—He'll Tell You—

Stop Rheumatism Before It Takes Hold

You can do it by keeping your blood clean. The kidneys filter about 500 grains of uric acid and other salts from the blood every 24 hours. When there is more than the kidneys can remove, it is deposited in muscles and joints, and painful rheumatism follows. S. S. S., for 50 years the most efficient of all blood tonics, will keep the blood pure and prevent disease. At your druggists.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

S.S.S. Will Stop Disease

Judge E. E. Birdsong Makes a Statement.

Says Tanlac Restored His Health After Years of Suffering and He Endorses It.

"To me, the strongest evidence possible that Tanlac does what is claimed for it, is the remarkeble improvement it has made in my condition", said Judge Edgar E. Birdsong, who is one of theb est known men in Hancock County, Ga. Judge Birdsong resides at Jewell, Ga., and enjoys a reputation for honesty and integrity that stands unimpeached throughout the thirty years in which he has presided over the court in official capacity. His statement, given before and witnessed b ya notary public, will bear great weight, as he has a vast acquaintance through this section of the country.

"I can hardly remeber the time when my supper has not caused me such torture from indigestion and heartburn, that I didn't almost dread to see beadtime come," he continued. "Long into the night I have suffered agonies until it seemed I would never get any rest. Undigested food gathered in my stomach like hard lumps an dseemed to sour, and pained me like hot colds of fire. Gas would form from pieces of fermented food and swell me until I was forced to belch it up and it seemed almost like a flame had found its way into the region of my heart.

"Although it was more uncomfortable at night, I suffered almost as much discomfort at breakfast and at my noon meal. I lost weight and strength alarmingly and became so weak and worn out, that I dreaded to think of sitting through a session of my court.

"I saw so many endorsements from prominent people telling of the merit of Tanlac, that I decided to see what it would do for me.

"My improvement began immediately after I had taken the first few doses of Tanlac. I can now eat and get the nourishment from anything that is set before me, and it digests readily. My stomach is in fine condition and the belching up of gas which caused my heartburn is a thing of the past, and I am gaining in weight and strength every day.

"I am glad to give you this affidavit for I feel that there are numbers of people who will see my statement and try Tanlac, and I kanw they will get results from it, for I think it is unequalled as a remedy for troubles like mine."

Tanlac is sold in Clanton by Upchurch Drug Co. in Mt. Creek by J. E. Deon, in Jemison by Langston Drug Co, in Thorsby by A. K. Horn & Son, i nCooper by McSwain Mereantile Co, in Verbena by Gulledge Bros, in Marbury by Plateau Drug Co, in Riderville by E. E. Jackson Lumber Co, in Stanton by W. C. Dyer and in Maplesville by Maplesville Drug Co.

County Court

The regular term of County or Probate Court is held on the first Monday of each month of the year.

Commissioners Court

The regular sessions of the Commissioners Court of Chilton County is held on the following dates:

The second Monday in February.
The first Monday in April.
The second Monday in August.
The first Monday in November.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in Hopkins Bldg.
Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women & Surgery
CLANTON, ALA.

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

F. B. COLLIER
Attorney at Law
Office in the Johnson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

C. REESE MULLINS
—Agent—
For Life and Fire Insurance, Accident and Health Insurance, Auto and Windstorm Insurance, Liability and Plate Glass Insurance. Bonding.
Singer Sewing Machines.
Regular office days Mondays and Saturdays.
Third door east of Post office.
CLANTON, ALA.

Don't forget your Subscription.

HEALTHY MOTHERS

A woman desires to remain healthy and to retain her good looks after giving birth to her child. Women who go through the period of expectancy with the least strain and suffering are those who prepare their system in advance of baby's coming.

"Mother's Friend" is prepared to give the mother-to-be that direct and immediate help she needs. The muscles expand easier. The breasts are kept in good condition. The system is prepared and the crisis is one of much less danger. Three generations of women have used "Mother's Friend." They say they would not go through the period of expectancy without it. Every aid that may be given the expectant mother should be rendered her. Your husband will gladly get "Mother's Friend" for you from the druggist.

Write for free book. Merely address Bradfield Regulator Company, Dept. A, 554 Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

EVERY WOMAN

certainly will wish to see the new creations in our Beautiful line of SPRING MILLINERY.

And they are well worth Seeing. Each Model is a gem in its own class. We ask you to come early and make your selection while you have a large number patterns from which to make your individual choice.

...r Easter Hat is ready

...stimulate your desire, we will state that some of the patterns ...re along lines never before put out, and will excite your ...ation.

...u come the more exclusive will be your selection made.

Elmore's LADIES & GENTS FURNISHINGS

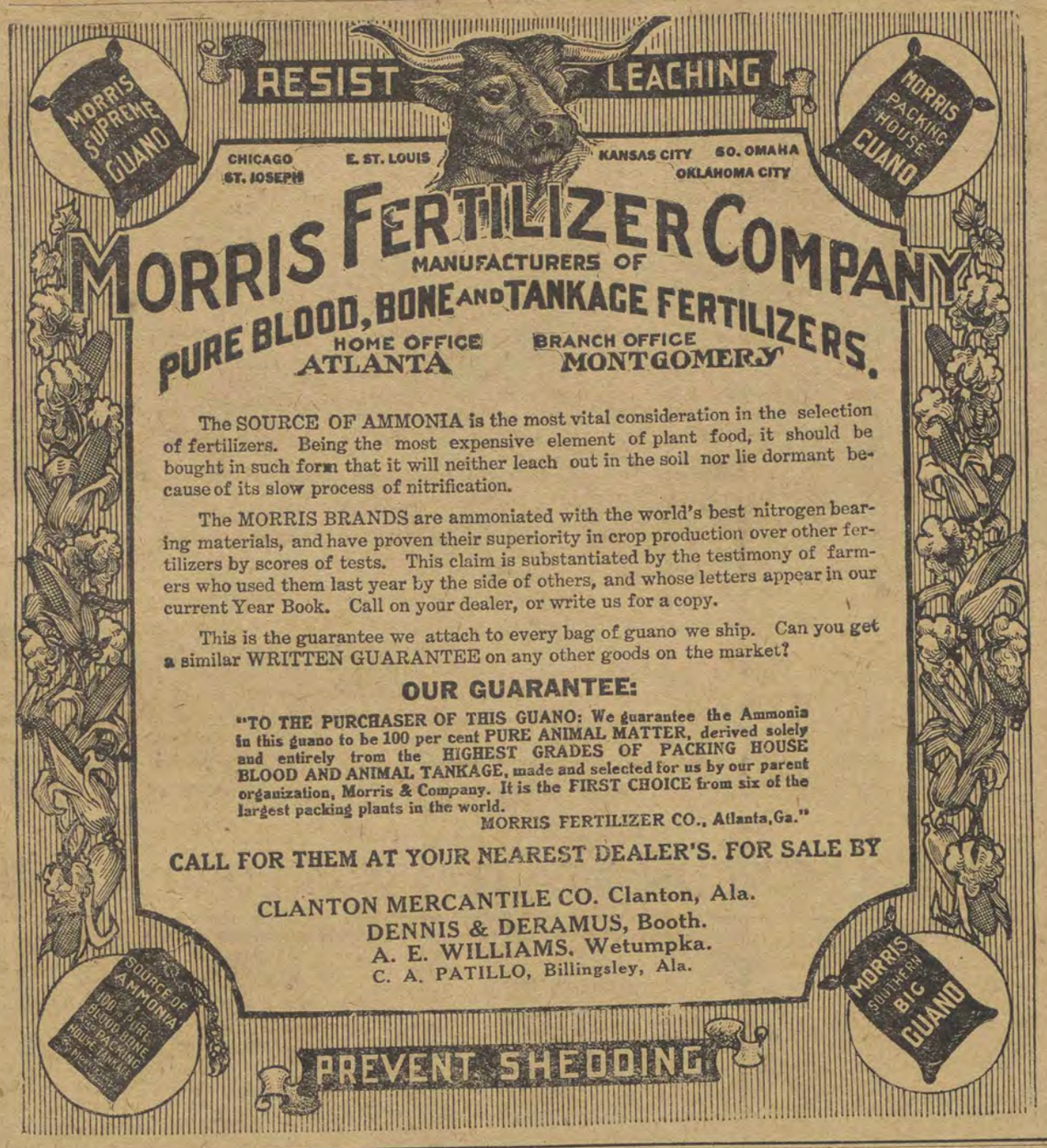
CASH ---to— ALL

BUCKEYE INCUBATOR



It hatches more Chicks and Better Chicks.

L. D. Popwell
White Leghorns and Plymouth Rocks—Eggs to sell



EXPLANATION OF SOME FACTS RELATING TO A COUNTY BOND ISSUE.

Judge Reynolds Issues an Address to People by order of Commissioners.

Our People Should Give Their Most Sincere and Unbiased Thought in This Critical Hour.

Clanton, Ala., March 19, 1917.

To the People of Chilton County:

In view of the election to be held on April 16th, 1917, to determine whether or not there shall be a bond issue in this county, the Commissioners Court has directed me to issue a statement for the public showing the financial condition of the county, and giving the reasons of the court for ordering the election.

The county owes in warrants already passed by the court about $211,000.00; claims now before the court, which have not been passed $8,000.00; making a total indebtedness of proximately $219,000.00; exclusive of interest already due.

Of this amount, there is past due something like $70,000.00; and the county is behind about three years with payments on past due warrants, so it will be seen that if the county could meet all debts as they fall due in the future, it would still have to buy its material on three years time. But there is another very important feature of the present condition of the county, which we desire to get clearly before the minds of the people, and that is the interest bearing warrants which have already been issued will fall due faster than the county can pay them with the present tax rate, by applying all road and bridge taxes, each year for the next twelve years, by applying every cent of the road and bridge taxes this year there will be a shortage of $6,000.00 on the warrants, besides $25,000.00 which is due our own people here in the county, of which not one cent can be paid.

The people will naturally ask why it is that the treasurer pays the foreign creditors and not the people at home. The answer is this: When the Commissioners Court borrowed the money from these outside bankers they gave them a contract that they would levy a sufficient tax each year until the debt and interest was paid, you see in complying with this contract we can not use any road and bridge taxes until all the interest bearing warrants are paid, and as I have already stated they fall due fasthan the present tax rate will pay them.

You may ask if we will be compelled to comply with this contract in levying special taxes? It is my understanding of the law that we will. In fact, Judge Grubb in the Federal Court, in deciding the Shelby County case a few days ago held that the contract of Shelby County, which is identically like the Chilton County contract, would have to be complied with. There is no doubt that the contract will have to be complied with.

There are some instances in which the expenses of the county can be cut, and I assure you that the expenses will be cut whenever it is possible to do so, but weare face to face with this proposition: When we buy material the county is compelled to have we are forced to pay from 50 to 100 per cent above the cash price, because under the present condition we can not hope to pay the money in three years. Three years ago our county warrants were discounted at 10 per cent, now they are discounted at 50 per cent, and when we buy goods we have to pay the price according to the value of the warrants. The Commissioners Court called two meetings at the court house to advise with the people to find out what they wanted to do to relieve the county of its present financia lcondition. While each of the meetings were not largely attended owing to the disagreeable weather, it seems that they represented the entire county, and at each meeting they voted unanimously requesting the Commissioners Court to order an election, which has been accordingly done.

I want to say that the Commissioners Court has considered this question from every standpoint, and they are only seeking to serve the best interest of the county. Collectively and individually, they believe the bond issue is the only salvation for the county at this time, but they consider it their bound and patriotic duty to leave the question to the determination of the people of the county, and whatever theresult of the election may be, the responsibility finally will rest upon the people where it properly belongs.

If the bond issue carries it will not increase the present indebtedness one penny, but on the contrary, will largely reduce it. Not one cent of the money derived from the sale of the bonds will be spent for any purpose other than to take up the debts that have already been created. The warrants are now drawing interest at 6 per cent. We can get the money on bonds at an interest of 5 per cent, thereby saving something like $2,000.00 per year interest.

Some sinister individuals will doubtless whisper it around that there will be a rake off of some kind, if the bond issue carries. In anticipation and refutation of that charge, I desire to say that we have already signed a contract wherein it is provided that thebonds are to be sold at par, no fees of any kind to be allowed, not even Attorney's fees, not anything for advice or for printing of the bonds, no commissions, but the county is to get dollar for dollar, and as I have already stated the money can not be used for any purpose except to pay the debts already created.

The question is now up to the people for dicision. Do you think it best to put our county on a cash basis and buy what we are compelled to have cheap and keep up our roads, or do you think it best to stop all improvements, quit building bridges and not spend any more on roads and everything stop except the Courts?

I want to say on behalf of the Commissioners Court that if you decide you want to keep up the roads and bridges and you vote this bond issue, we are going to see that each precinct in the county gets its prorata of every dollar that is spent. We do not believe in any special priviledges, and we are going to look after all the people and see that each community in the county gets its share.

I want it made clear that this election is not called to create a debt, but to get time on debt already made, and get a cheaper rate of interest, and to put the county on a cash basis.

Now in conclusion if the people of this county think best to let matters stand as they are, stop all improvements, and apply all the tax money on the debts, except what we are compelled to have, I say for the Commissioners Court, we will do the best we can, and buy as little as possible. We are not in favor of raising the taxes, as we think the people are not able to pay the present tax, unless times get better.

Respectfully,
L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

To the Lady of the House:

If you are interested in cutting the high cost of living, then you must buy right.

I buy for cash and sell for cash at the smallest profits.

And by letting me supply your family table the high cost is muchly reduced.

Full measures and weights and prompt delivery guaranteed.

J. W. Littlejohn

"DR. IGNORANCE DROPS" SCOTT WANTS THE BOND ISSUE.

(Continued from page 1.)

days I have seen in past life. I liked biscuit, and it seemed almost essential, but because I didn't have the money to buy it with, I had to make out with corn bread.

You know that a large family is harder to keep up than a small one, unless all members work and make something. Well you know we have new children born into our official family every two to four years, and they come in triplets some times. Our official family is getting mighty large, and some of them are not making any corn or cotton. So the money is gone, and supplies are high, and it looks to me like somebody is going to have to get out and go to work.

Well, brother voters, lets lay down all regrets and politics, and look at the conditions of our county. Let us all pull together for the best interests of all the county, and work to get our affairs back on a cash basis.

I want you all to look over the above "ignorance drops" and take them according to directions. Think over them, and shake them up by reading them. They are guaranteed not to sicken, though they may have a tendency to put somebody to work. But that would not hurt any worse than produce sore hands, sore shoulders, skinned heels, ingrowing toe nails, etc.

Wishing that our county may find the very best possible solution for its financial troubles, and hoping that finally it will result in the greatest good to the greatest number, and wishing the Union-Banner success

"DR. J. N. SCOTT."

Worthen's Wonder Workers

The Great Nerve and Brain Food

Highly recommended for Nervous Debility. Nervous Prostration, Premature Decline, Drainage, Lost Vigor, Reproductive Incapacity, Paralysis and Paralytic Tendendicies, Decline of Strnegth, Premature old Age. Loss of Ambition, Insomnia, Melancholy, Nervous Dyspepsia, Kidney and Bladder Trouble and Constipation.

These tablets will be found valuable in the treatment of the Various Debilitating Diseases of men and in the most extreme cases of Nervous Prostration in women.

GUARANTEE—We will send six boxes of Worthens Wonder Workers to you for $5.00 and guarantee them to give satisfaction or return the money.

Price, $1.00 a box 6 boxes, $5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

The Worthen Wonder Worker Co.
Boston, Mass., U. S. A.

Helped by Everybody.

Every great man is always being helped by everybody, for his gift is to get good out of all things and all persons.—Ruskin.

Pure Bred Duroc Jerseys

Pigs, both sexes. Service boar Bred Gilts. Barred Plymouth Rock Chickens, the Thompson Strain. Eggs in season.

W. Y. NIX, Maplesville, Ala.

ELMORE'S SPRING OPENING AN OCCASION OF RARE BEAUTY

There never has been a store anywhere nor any time that showed more beauty and taste in arrangement than that of Elmore's at their Spring opening Wednesday.

They had on display the most varied and tempting arrangement of Millinery and Ladies dresses and suits that could possibly be gathered from patterns and fashions from the very foremost designs in the country.

Aside from having the very finest line of goods obtainable, there is a touch of artfulness in the way they are displayed that places Elmore's this season in the front rank. The window shows were the most unique ever seen; the minature lake especially added charm to the scene in one window.

Elmore's has made the most impressive opening of high class Ladies outfittings ever seen here before. They deserve credit for their efforts they have made to please their customers, and will be no doubt, accorded just recompense in the volume of trade which will come to them.

A good treatment for a cold settled in the lungs is a HERRICK'S RED PEPPER PORUS PLASTER applied to the chest to draw out inflamation, and BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP to relax tightness. You get the two remedies for the price of one by buying the dollar size Horehound Syrup; there is a porus plaster free with each bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Quite a number of Clanton people attended a play given by the Verbena school at that place on last Friday night.

Mt. Pleasant

Health of this community is much better than it has been. Farmers are very busy preparing their land for planting.

Mrs. L. R. Lindsey spent one day last week with Mrs. Will Duke of east Clanton.

J. B. Collum spent the week end with home folks and brought with him John and Jim Johnson and their sister, Miss Clara.

J. H. Goddard and wife spent last Sunday at B. F. Massey's.

Albert Gore spent one night last week with L. O. Vickers.

Miss Eva and Era Jones visited Misses Delene and Annie Pierce Sunday.

Ben White and Norman Dozier were recent visitors at W. A. Doziers.

Miss Mollie Blalock is visiting her brother, Mr. W. A. Blalock.

We are glad to say that Mrs. Silas Kelley is improving now.

Rev. J. T. Daniels has just returned from a business trip to Coosa county.

There will be a debate at this place next Friday night.

Next Saturday afternoon is our regular poultry and canning club meeting. Every body is invited to come.

A pain in the side or back that catches you when you straighten up calls for a rubbing aplication of BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It relaxes the contracted muscles and permits ordinary bodily motion without suffering or inconvenience. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchuch Drug Co.

Pay your subscription to this paper.

SHOE SHOP

I HAVE OPENED UP A SHOE AND HARNESS REPAIR SHOP AT THE BROWN OLD STAND IN THE KICKER BUILDING, AND AM PREPARED TO DO THE BEST CLASS OF WORK AT THE MOST REASONABLE PRICES. YOUR WORK IS SOLICITED UNDER A POSITIVE GUARANTEE OF SATISFACTION IN BOTH PRICES AND WORKMANSHIP.

Jim Huckabee
CLANTON, ALA.

GUARDIAN'S SETTLEMENT NOTICE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA
Chilton County.

Probate Court, Feb. 28th, 1917.

This day came Caroline C. Rider, Guardian of Nellie J. Rider and files her account, vouchers, evidence, and statement for partial settlement of her said Guardianship.

It is ordered that the 24th day of March 1917, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

Witness my hand, this 28th day of February 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

LOST—One Bar pen with three diamonds. Finder please return to Prof. H. C. McDonald and receive reward.

Some Pointed Truths

For the People of this community.

TRUTH No.1.—We have one of the largest stocks of Dry Goods ever assembted in this town.

TRUTH No. 2.—Our goods are all new, clean, seasonable, and ub to now. No seconds or culls in the stock.

TRUTH No.3.—The prices are as low as they can be made, in view of conditions of business in this country.

TRUTH No. 4.—Yo will find at our store the quality of service that makes the responsible house.

TRUTH No. 5.—That service is extended to every customer. We want to extend it to you.

The Clanton Mercantile Company

"The Big Bargain Store."

PUBLIC SALE

Stock, Wagons, Buggies, to be at Jemison, on Saturday, Mar. 17.

I will sell thirty head of Mules and Horses at public au tion or private sale, for cash or on time; also some se hand Wagons and Buggies.
I also have a complete Sawmill outfit for sale Timber, Teams, etc. Everything in readiness manufacturing of Lumber at once.
If you have a mule or horse that doe exchange with you. I must dispose horses in some way at once. Come

S. J. REYN
JEMISON

WOMAN NOW IN PERFECT HEALTH

What Came From Reading a Pinkham Advertisement.

Paterson, N. J.—"I thank you for the Lydia E. Pinkham remedies as they have made me well and healthy. Sometime ago I felt so run down, had pains in my back and side, was very irregular, tired, nervous, had such bad dreams, did not feel like eating and had short breath. I read your advertisement in the newspapers and decided to try a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It worked from the first bottle, so I took a second and a third, also a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Blood Purifier, and now I am just as well as any other woman. I advise every woman, single or married, who is troubled with any of the aforesaid ailments, to try your wonderful Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier and I am sure they will help her to get rid of her troubles as they did me."—Mrs. ELSIE J. VAN DER SANDE, 36 No. York St., Paterson, N. J.



Write the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential) Lynn, Mass, if you need special advice.

And money is also the root of many a family tree.

STOP THOSE SHARP SHOOTING PAINS

"Femenina" is the wonder worker for all female disorders. Price $1.00 and 50c. Adv.

A peach of a girl ought to become a well-preserved woman.

To Drive Out Malaria And Build Up The System

Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC. You know what you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out malaria, the Iron builds up the system. 50 cents.

Progressive Motion.

"The world moves in cycles."

"Yes, and it is fast getting to move on motorcycles."

Practical War Economy.

Soft collars and "office overalls" for men, dark blouses and curtainless parlors for women, are all on the program of England's "save the laundry bills to help the war" campaign. Incidentally, the authorities are pointing out that when the hands and face are washed carefully, the towels do not have to be laundered so often.

A Day's Wage.

It is interesting to note the definition of a living wage as formulated by the court of industrial arbitration of New South Wales in 1914:

"The living wage is standardized as the wage which will do neither more nor less than enable a worker of the class to which the lowest wage would be awarded to maintain himself, his wife and two children—the average dependent family—in a house of three rooms and a kitchen, with food, plain and inexpensive, but quite sufficient in quantity and quality to maintain health and efficiency, and with an allowance for the following other expenses: Fuel, clothes, boots, furniture, utensils, rates, life insurance, savings, accident or benefit societies, loss of employment, union pay, books and newspapers, train and tram fares, sewing machine, mangle, school requisities, amusements and holiday intoxicating liquors, tobacco, sickness and death, domestic help, unusual contingencies, religion, or charity."—National Geographic Magazine.



Have You Ever Suspected

that the cause of various annoying ills might lie in the daily cup of tea or coffee?

A sure and easy way out of coffee and tea troubles is to shift to

Instant Postum

...o caffeine nor ...rmful in this ... food-drink ...g good-

...pu- ...nd ...he

Taffeta in Spring Coat Fashions



Taffeta dresses and coats reappear each season, sure of a good following. This season, countenanced by Paris—if that makes any difference—it promises to be more used for afternoon and evening dresses and for separate skirts than any other silk. It leads for the last mentioned by a long way. These separate silk skirts are in plaids, checks and occasional stripes, and in combinations of many colors, some of them rather startling. It is a fancy to wear long coats of plain silk over them, made in the fashion of a suit coat or a long coat of black taffeta will serve this purpose and many others.

The coat of black taffeta shown in the picture is touched up with white braid and buttons and a white collar. Contrasting collars of chiffon broadcloth are a feature of these coats as well as of blouses and suits. There is a wide, soft girdle with hanging ends tied loosely about the waist.

Pockets are conspicuous by their absence on this coat, but they are suggested and the inevitable widened hip effect attained by plaited panels let in at the sides. They are set in in box plaits, stitched down with a braided strap that leaves a standing plaiting over two inches wide.

One of the best of the new taffeta coats is made with a plain, tight-fitting body, decorated with pin tucks running in parallel rows from the center of the back to the underarm seams. The front is similarly trimmed. The sleeves are plain and flare at the wrists, revealing their lining of soft, white satin.

The skirt of the coat is very full and slopes from the front to the middle of the back, where it is pointed. It is lined with satin also. It is heavier by the weight of its lining than coats of the sort shown in the picture.

Keeps White.

To keep crepe de chine articles white, be careful to use luke warm water, not hot; use white soap, rinse at least three times, then wrap in a towel for two or three days (keeping damp if inclined to dry out), and then iron on the wrong side with a warm (not hot) iron. If these directions are followed carefully your things will keep like new. It is the standing wrapped in the damp towel that is the most important part.

Blouse of Silk Jersey



Somewhere between a sweater coat and a dressy blouse stands this novel model made of bright green jersey silk trimmed with white satin. It is fashioned with a rather long peplum, provided with a belt made of the jersey and has the easy adjustment to the figure of a sweater. But its wide collar, turned back cuffs and fancy sleeves place it in the class of dressy blouses. This compromise between two purposes makes it a useful garment for the woman who likes to spend the day in a garment that will not be out of place, whatever its environment.

Novel management of the body of the blouse and of the sleeves, in cutting, makes this an interesting garment and it looks as if it would be a good selection for the woman with a stout figure. At each side pockets are simulated by narrow bands of satin set onto the front. The small buttons are black and white, making a very sparkling combination with the vivid green of the material.

Silk in various weaves from the thinnest crepe georgette to rather heavy jersey, like that in the blouse pictured, appears to have displaced cotton and linen materials to a considerable extent. But nothing can ever be more elegant than these same sheer cottons and linens that emerge from the laundry as good as new. Midsummer brings back our wandering allegiance always to the refinement and beauty of white in washable blouses. It is just as well to get them ready now; they are to be our main dependence in hot weather.

Julia Bottomley

Old Gold Blouses.

Since the short outside blouse was put up as a rival to the wash waist tucked into the skirt there has been strong rivalry in the way of new designs. Colors have been accepted without question, and, so far, women have gone in heavily for blue and dull burgundy red; but now there is a new blouse of old gold satin, which is lined with crepe and has a belt of Japanese embroidery. This is offered for any kind of skirt and can be worn in the home or under a top coat.

The blouse that is worn with the tail under the skirt is no longer smart. The peplum blouse is the fashion.

Kin Hubbard Essays

HARMLESS LYIN'

Th' grace an' alacrity with which most of us lie these forward lookin' days is in perfect accord with th' spirit o' th' times. As th' world progresses we become broader an' as we grow broader we become more liberal, an' as we become more liberal we grow less exactin'. Things that wuz not even tolerated among th' Indians are winked at by us t'day. Things that wuz regarded as abominable a few years ago are now looked upon as unavoidable an' necessary in our pursuit o' happiness. Most anything is all right t'day but sidewhiskers. So th' gentle art o' lyin' has plugged steadily along until it has become firmly entrenched well up in th' first division among th' traits that have bloomed an' thrived durin' th' greatest commercial period in th' history o' th' world.

We all lie with impunity. I don't mean t' say that all of us lie when anything of a serious nature is involved. We're not all malicious liars. Some o' us lie t' be entertainin' or t' avoid appearin' stupid. Others lie t' be funny or excite comment, while still others lie t' save time an' trouble. But most o' us lie fer convenience. Th' truth is often too prosy. It don't draw. Folks are not attracted t' it. It rarely fills th' bill. Th' truth, too, is allus liable t' start somethin'. Disagreeable people are invariably truthful. Th' plain-spoken person is celebrated fer hittin' the nail on th' head an' you know we all sidestep when he's around. Lots o' folks don't care as long as you don't tell th' truth about 'em.

Th' truth'll often make a mess o' things when a neat little mouse-colored lie 'll put ever'thing on a cheerful basis without leavin' a brush mark. Th' feller who used t' turn purple an' stammer an' stutter when confronted by his wife has only t' say, "Mamie, I tried t' git you over th' phone four times, etc." Then they sit down t' a cold dinner an' discuss th' desirability o' municipal ownership o' telephones till bedtime. Jest think what th' truth would have done t' that little home!

Follerin' are some o' th' more pop'lar styles o' lyin'—little things we hear at ever' turn that have th' ring o' a plugged quarter, but which we smilin'ly pretend t' believe jest as a matter o' form:

"You're lookin' fine, ole chap."

"I hated t' miss it, but I wuz too tired t' come downtown."

"I wouldn't have a Palm Beach suit."

"I'll come if I kin git away."

"We'll cheerfully give your money back."

"I had a perfectly lovely time."



"We've Never Been Up a Night With Him."

"Come in any time, I'll be glad t' see you."

"I wuz under th' impression that I'd paid that."

"We've never been up a night with him."

"Sure, we'll send it out t'day."

"I'll have a man out there t'morrow."

"I tried t' find you all day."

"I'll make it t' you fer jest what it cost."

"We could have sold it a dozen times yisterday."

"What a becomin' dress!"

"I'll hand it t' you Saturday."

"I'm fond o' grand opery."

"I'll hav t' ask my wife."

But when it comes t' veracity th' ole-time hoss trader haint in it with th' feller who's been t' Louisville an' back in a second-hand car.

CLERKS

Next t' automobiles ther seems t' be more different kinds o' store clerks than anything else, unless it's grafters. Ther's th' preoccupied clerk who shows you a bolt o' bed tickin' instead o' cretonne while her mind is on a dance in th' near future; th' tall indifferent clerk who looks toward Pittsburgh while you try t' tell him what size you wear; th' sallow society clerk with th' weather-beaten throat who dreamily directs you t' th' socks in th' last aisle next t' th' tinware as she vainly endeavors t' lift her heavy eyelids; th' pompous clerk who loses all interest in you if you don't buy th' first umbreller he shows you; th' serious clerk who dresses like a corpse an' assures you you can't find what you're lookin' fer in any store in town; th' under-sized clerk with th' bow legs who tells you what they're wearin' down East; th' busy clerk who slips a raincoat on you an' don't come back fer an hour; th' persistent clerk who stands in front o' you when you promise t' come in agin an' start fer th' door, an' th' real 88-note regular clerk who is willin' t' tear down every'thing in th' store t' please you.

Some clerks are so pleasant they scare you. Your whole disposition t' buy vanishes th' moment they take you by th' arm. Then ther's other clerks you hate t' bother. If a feller knows jest what he wants when he goes in a store he's a crank. If he don't know what he wants he's a dub. Th' hardest thing is t' make a clerk understand what you want if he hasn't got it. If a feller is undecided as t' what he wants he allus buys somethin' he don't want.

Th' feller who goes int' a store jest' t' look around is nearly allus a coward. He wants t' buy but he's afraid. He has carried home so much junk in th' past that he can't trust himself. If he wants a new round-crowned brown derby jest like th' one he's got on, th' clerk 'll fish out a green Fedory with a bow in th' back an' give him th' hypnotic eye an' he buys it. When he gets home he gives it t' his wife's little brother. Some fellers part with an' ole hat like they wuz about t' swing int' eternity. Did you ever see a timid feller hangin' around a show window nearly breakin' his neck tryin' t' read a price tab that wuz turned th' wrong way? He's afraid t' go in. It seems like th' better you know a clerk th' more anxious he is t' sell you a coat with a cup in th' back. Th' worse a suit o' clothes fits you th' longer it lasts.

Th' task o' pickin' out a new suit o' clothes or a new hat, coupled with th' ordeal o' partin' with your money, is bad enough, but your close communion with a triple mirror durin' th' transaction destroys what little interest in life you may have saved out o' th' wreck. How good a feller feels wher he gits out o' a store where he nearly bought somethin'!



Th' Task o' Pickin' Out a New Suit o' Clothes, Coupled With th' Ordeal of Partin' With Your Money, Is Bad Enough, but Close Communion With a Triple Mirror Durin' th' Transaction Destroys What Little Interest You May Have Saved Out o' th' Wreck.

But th' worst o' all th' clerks is th' one who shows you what he wears.

(Copyright, Adams Newspaper Service.)

Handkerchief as Newspaper.

In contrast to the poetic and romantic side of its character are the odd uses to which the handkerchief has been put and of the part it has played in history. For in 1710 the British government, in the absence of a penny newspaper, did not disdain to resort to this humble means of casting broadcast the address delivered by Queen Anne on the opening of parliament and this strange practice, more or less in vogue throughout her reign, commemorated the victories of Marlborough over the French and of the treaty of Utrecht.

Sounds Deceptive.

Someone has estimated that there are 30,000,000 cats in this country. Inasmuch as a few cats may sound like millions at certain uncanny hours at night, we demand a count.—Pittsburgh Post.

Where He Rules.

"Are you the head of the house?"

"I wouldn't say that exactly, but I do the driving when the missus and I go out in the auto."

SON HAD TO DO HOUSEWORK

Lady Became a Nervous Wreck From Three Years Suffering With Head. Says Cardui Made Her Well.

Texas City, Tex.—In an interesting statement, Mrs. G. H. Schill, of this town, says: "For three years I suffered untold agony with my head. I was unable to do any of my work. I just wanted to sleep all the time, for that was the only ease I could get, when I was asleep. I became a nervous wreck just from the awful suffering with my head.

"I was so nervous that the least noise would make me jump out of my bed. I had no energy, and was unable to do anything. My son, a young boy, had to do all my household duties.

"I was not able to do anything until I took Cardui. I took three bottles in all, and it surely cured me of those awful headaches. That has been three years ago, and I know the cure is permanent, for I have never had any headache since taking Cardui. . . . Nothing relieved me until I took Cardui. It did wonders for me. Three bottles of it did more for me than all the medicine or doctor's treatments, or baths I ever took."

Try Cardui for your troubles—it should do for you what it has done for so many thousands of other women. Begin taking Cardui today.—Adv.

The Cause.

"So Gladys has no longer golden hair. What is the reason?"

"I suppose it is the high cost of dyeing."

"MOTORISTS' PROBLEM SOLVED."

Automobiles that have lost their luster, become shabby looking, or rusty, can be re-enameled to look like a new car by applying a coat of BLAXSHINE, the new, black, flexible Auto enamel. Dries over night. Enough BLAXSHINE for one car is put in a package with complete outfit for applying and your initials in gold. Price per package, $2.85 delivered. Write for folder and sample of work. Satisfaction guaranteed. Twin City Varnish Company, 340 River St., Chicago, Ill. Established 30 years.—Adv.

Her Penalty.

He—Does your father object to my staying so late?

She—No; pa says it serves me right for being in when you call.

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer any slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription othine — double strength — is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

Little Lesson.

"Consider the hourglass, young man. It has no intricate machinery like the clock."

"What am I to learn from the hourglass?"

"It makes good on sand alone."

ENDS DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, GAS

"Pape's Diapepsin" cures sick, sour stomachs in five minutes —Time It!

"Really does" put bad stomachs in order—"really does" overcome indigestion, dyspepsia, gas, heartburn and sourness in five minutes—that—just that—makes Pape's Diapepsin the largest selling stomach regulator in the world. If what you eat ferments into stubborn lumps, you belch gas and eructate sour, undigested food and acid; head is dizzy and aches; breath foul; tongue coated; your insides filled with bile and indigestible waste, remember the moment "Pape's Diapepsin" comes in contact with the stomach all such distress vanishes. It's truly astonishing—almost marvelous, and the joy is its harmlessness.

A large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin will give you a hundred dollars' worth of satisfaction.

It's worth its weight in gold to men and women who can't get their stomachs regulated. It belongs in your home—should always be kept handy in case of sick, sour, upset stomach during the day or at night. It's the quickest, surest and most harmless stomach doctor in the world.—Adv.

But.

"My dear, our automobile looks so cheap beside the one our neighbors have. We ought to get the latest make."

"I know we ought, but this is the only house I have to mortgage."

Obstinate attacks of Piles are relieved and the difficult stools which accompany them are softened through the use of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. Send for trial box to 372 Pearl St., New York. Adv.

Song Birds in South Africa.

The assertion that the birds of South Africa are not song birds has been disproved.

THOUSANDS HAVE KIDNEY TROUBLE AND DON'T KNOW IT

Weak and unhealthy kidneys cause so much sickness and suffering and when through neglect or other causes, kidney trouble is permitted to continue, serious results may be expected.

Your other organs may need attention—but your kidneys should have attention first because their work is most important.

If you feel that your kidneys are the cause of your sickness or run down condition commence taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, because if it proves to be the remedy you need and your kidneys begin to improve they will help all the other organs to health.

Prevalency of Kidney Disease.

Most people do not realize the alarming increase and remarkable prevalency of kidney disease. While kidney disorders are among the most common diseases that prevail, they are almost the last recognized by patients, *who usually content themselves with doctoring the effects*, while the *original disease* constantly undermines the system.

A Trial Will Convince Anyone.

Thousands of people have testified that the mild and immediate effect of Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, is soon realized and that it stands the highest for its remarkable results in the most distressing cases.

Symptoms of Kidney Trouble.

Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything but if you suffer from annoying bladder troubles, frequently passing water night and day, smarting or irritation in passing, brick-dust or sediment, headache, backache, lame back, dizziness, poor digestion, sleeplessness, nervousness, heart disturbance due to bad kidney trouble, skin eruptions from bad blood, neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, bloating, irritability, worn-out feeling, lack of ambition, may be loss of flesh or sallow complexion, kidney trouble in its worst form may be stealing upon you.

Swamp-Root Is Pleasant to Take.

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at all drug stores.

SPECIAL NOTE—You may obtain a sample size bottle of Swamp-Root by enclosing ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. This gives you the opportunity to prove the remarkable merit of this medicine. They will also send you a book of valuable information, containing many of the thousands of grateful letters received from men and women who say they found Swamp-Root to be just the remedy needed in kidney, liver and bladder troubles. The value and success of Swamp-Root are so well known that our readers are advised to send for a sample size bottle. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing be sure and mention this paper.

A dog can say more with his tail in a minute than the average man can express with his mouth in a week.

ANY CORN LIFTS OUT, DOESN'T HURT A BIT!

No foolishness! Lift your corns and calluses off with fingers—It's like magic!

Sore corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn, can harmlessly be lifted right out with the fingers if you apply upon the corn a few drops of freezone, says a Cincinnati authority.

For little cost one can get a small bottle of freezone at any drug store, which will positively rid one's feet of every corn or callus without pain.

This simple drug dries the moment it is applied and does not even irritate the surrounding skin while applying it or afterwards.

This announcement will interest many of our readers. If your druggist hasn't any freezone tell him to surely get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.—adv.

Be careful how you give advice, somebody might take it.

Sore Eyes, Blood-Shot Eyes, Watery Eyes, Sticky Eyes, all healed promptly with nightly applications of Roman Eye Balsam. Adv.

It is exactly as difficult to keep out of love as it is to keep out of trouble.

WHAT IS LAX-FOS

LAX-FOS IS AN IMPROVED CASCARA

A DIGESTIVE LAXATIVE

CATHARTIC AND LIVER TONIC

Lax-Fos is not a secret or Patent Medicine but is composed of the following old-fashioned roots and herbs:

CASCARA BARK
BLUE FLAG ROOT
RHUBARB ROOT
BLACK ROOT
MAY APPLE ROOT
SENNA LEAVES
AND PEPSIN

In Lax-Fos the Cascara is improved by the addition of these digestive ingredients making it better than ordinary Cascara, and thus the combination acts not only as a stimulating laxative and cathartic but also as a digestive and liver tonic. Syrup laxatives are weak, but Lax-Fos combines strength with palatable, aromatic taste and does not gripe or disturb the stomach. One bottle will prove Lax-Fos is invaluable for Constipation, Indigestion or Torpid Liver. Price 50c.



STOCK LICK IT—STOCK LIKE IT



For Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Contains Copperas for Worms, Sulphur for the Blood, Saltpeter for the Kidneys, Nux Vomica, a Tonic, and Pure Dairy Salt. Used by Veterinarians 12 years. No Dosing. Drop Brick in feed-box. Ask your dealer for Blackman's or write

BLACKMAN STOCK REMEDY COMPANY
CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE

Spain contains more than eleven and a half million acres of unproductive land.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong, sick women well, no alcohol. Sold in tablets or liquid.—Adv.

A baby makes the home a happy place at all times and more so when it's asleep.

DEATH LURKS IN A WEAK HEART, so on first symptoms use "Renovine" and be cured. Delay and pay the awful penalty. "Renovine" is the heart's remedy. Price $1.00 and 50c.—Adv.

Tire of Steel Wire.

Of German invention is a bicycle tire made of steel wire that is closely coiled.

GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER

Few persons can be sick who use **Green's August Flower.** It has been used for all ailments that are caused by a disordered stomach and inactive liver, such as sick headache, constipation, sour stomach, nervous indigestion, fermentation of food, palpitation of the heart from gases created in the stomach, pains in the stomach, and many other organic disturbances. **August Flower** is a gentle laxative, regulates digestion, both in the stomach and intestines, cleans and sweetens the stomach and whole alimentary canal, and stimulates the liver to secrete the bile and impurities from the blood. Try it. Two doses will relieve you. Used for fifty years in every town and hamlet in the United States and in all civilized countries.—Adv.

Woman Judges in Queensland.

Woman justices are sitting in the present session of the high court at Brisbane, Australia, for the first time in the history of Queenstown.

CLEAR YOUR COMPLEXION

While You Sleep With Cuticura Soap and Ointment—Trial Free.

On retiring, gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment, wash off in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water, and continue bathing a few minutes with the Soap. The influence of this treatment on the pores extends through the night.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Found Her Out.

"I found Mrs. Smith in when her maid said she was not at home." "So you found her out!"

GIRLS! GIRLS! TRY IT, BEAUTIFY YOUR HAIR

Make It Thick, Glossy, Wavy, Luxuriant and Remove Dandruff—Real Surprise for You.

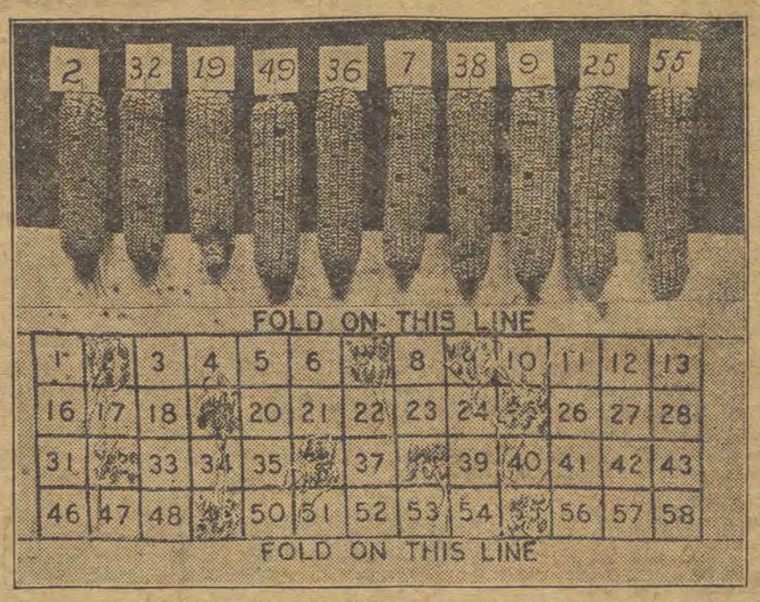
Your hair becomes light, wavy, fluffy, abundant and appears as soft, lustrous and beautiful as a young girl's after a "Danderine hair cleanse." Just try this—moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. This will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt and excessive oil and in just a few moments you have doubled the beauty of your hair.

Besides beautifying the hair at once, Danderine dissolves every particle of dandruff; cleanses, purifies and invigorates the scalp, forever stopping itching and falling hair.

But what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use when you will actually see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp. If you care for pretty, soft hair and lots of it, surely get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store and just try it. Adv.

Technically speaking, a hair's breadth is seventeen ten-thousandth of an inch.

EARLY CORN PLANTING IS RECOMMENDED



ORDINARY RAG-DOLL SEED-CORN TESTER.

(From the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Corn will not grow during cold weather as wheat and oats. Corn planting time is, therefore, a little later than the best time for sowing spring wheat or spring oats. However, according to Farmers' Bulletin 773, when seed of perfect vitality is used, it is remarkable how early in the spring corn can be planted and result in good stands and good yields. Seed of perfect vitality will often remain in cold or dry soils for several weeks and afterwards germinate and yield well. Irregular stands are sometimes attributed to poor seed, when dry, poorly prepared spots are the cause. Fields are sometimes seen in which the seed germinated promptly in moist spots but did not germinate in dry spots until rains came.

Wait for Warm Soil.

Where the seasons are long and moisture plentiful, it is customary to wait until the soil is warm before planting. In semiarid regions, however, corn should be planted early. With the soil in proper condition it is generally advisable in semiarid regions, south as well as north, to plant corn before danger from frost is entirely past. Corn planted very early usually makes a slow, tough growth and a month after planting may be smaller and look less promising than that planted later. The early-planted corn ripens first, however, and usually produces the larger or the better crop. Because of its slow, tough growth corn planted very early is not so susceptible to frost and drought as corn planted later and growing more rapidly.

Injury From Frost.

In a series of years the gain in mature corn secured from early planting will more than make up for any injury from spring frosts. Excellent corn crops have been produced from plantings frozen off or frozen back when the plants were from a few inches to a foot or more tall. Corn is not often entirely killed by spring frosts, and if some should be injured the loss is much less serious than that from summer drought or from fall frost.

Early-planted corn derives more benefit from the spring moisture supply, becomes well rotted before summer droughts begin, and may even mature before these droughts become severe.

Where the growing season is very long and warm, plantings made at about 30-day intervals increase the chances of hitting the season right and raising some good corn.

SAFE FARMING URGED

Food, Feed and Fertility Go to Make Up Foundation.

Circular Issued by Department of Agriculture Points Out True Value of Cotton—Money Crop Is Last on the List.

(From the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Food, feed and fertility are the foundations of safe farming, according to the United States department of agriculture. A circular sent to farmers, bankers and business men in cotton territory by the chief of the office of extension work in the South says: "Let us feed the people, feed the live stock, and feed the soil. When we have done these three things, then raise such acreage in money crops as we have the labor to tend."

The circular points out that the true value of cotton to the farmer is to a great extent the amount of food and feed that it will purchase. The price of cotton has risen, it is true, but so has the retail price of all other farm produce. "By growing all cotton," says the author, "and exchanging it for a living, you are simply swapping a high-priced product produced by your labor for a high-priced product produced by the labor of the other fellow. When you follow safe farming, however, you produce your own food and feed at cost and sell your cotton for the other fellow's dollars."

Safe farming is defined in the circular as including these items:

(1) A home garden for every family on the farm, from one-tenth to one-fourth acre, well located, well tilled, and tended as carefully as any other crop on the farm, planted in rotation to time the vegetable crops so as to have a continual supply for the family table as many days in the year as possible. To this should be added one-fourth of an acre of potatoes, either Irish or sweet, or both, to be used as food for the family.

(2) Enough corn on each farm to last the family and the live stock for one year, with a little excess for safety.

(3) Sufficient oats and other small grain to supplement the corn as food for one year with certainty. These small grains conserve the soil in winter and provide summer grazing for live stock.

(4) Hay and forage crops to supply the live stock on the farm for one year, with a little excess for safety. The legumes, which add fertility to the soil and produce the best hay, should not be forgotten.

(5) The necessary meat, eggs and milk for the family. The meat should be procured by increased attention to poultry and hogs because of the rapidity with which these can be produced. Every family should have at least two cows, so that one can be in milk all the time. A sufficient number of brood sows should be kept to produce the pork for the family, with some excess for sale. The average number of poultry per farm should be gradually increased to at least fifty. There should be eggs and poultry for the home table, with a sufficient excess for sale. The live stock on the farm should be gradually increased so as to consume the otherwise wasted products and make productive the unproductive and untillable lands.

(6) Cotton for the main money crop after the living has been amply provided for.

(7) The sale of the surplus products of the garden, the orchard, the poultry, the live stock, and the feed crops to cover the necessary running expenses of the farm, leaving the cotton as the real cash crop.

The present prices of cotton, says the circular, should not be permitted to tempt any farmer to depart from this program. It is the only safe plan to follow, no matter what the price of cotton may be.

TO PRODUCE SANITARY MILK

Cows Must Be Clean, Healthy and Well Cared For—Avoid Feeds With Objectionable Flavors.

In order that milk may be sanitary and healthy the cows must be healthy, clean and well cared for and must not be given feeds that will produce objectionable flavors in the milk; barns must be well lighted, ventilated and kept clean and be roomy enough to prevent undue crowding of the cows; barnyards must be kept reasonably clean, and should be well drained so as to insure, as far as possible, cleanliness of cow; manure must not accumulate near or be piled against the barn; the floor of the milk room should be of concrete, the room being well lighted, ventilated and screened; utensils such as cans, bottles and milk pails must be washed and scalded after each use, and all tinware must be free from open seams and rust; water supply for cows and for cooling and cleaning purposes must be clean and free from contamination; steam or hot water should be used for cleansing and sterilizing utensils.—Clemson College Bulletin.

NEGLECT OF POULTRY FLOCK

All Products, Particularly Eggs, Are High This Year—Good Care Is Quite Essential.

It costs considerable to feed a flock of fowls this season because of the high price of grain, but it does not pay to neglect the poultry on that account. All poultry products, particularly eggs, are high this year, and good care and feeding will make the flock very profitable.

REMOVING STUMPS IN FIELD

They Take Up Valuable Room and Make Work in Field Hard—Get Them Out of the Way.

If you have stumps in your field that you have been plowing around for years, determine to get them out of the way before spring.

They make it harder for man and animal working in the field, and take up valuable room.

CALOMEL WHEN BILIOUS? NO! STOP! ACTS LIKE DYNAMITE ON LIVER

I Guarantee "Dodson's Liver Tone" Will Give You the Best Liver and Bowel Cleansing You Ever Had—Doesn't Make You Sick!

Stop using calomel! It makes you sick. Don't lose a day's work. If you feel lazy, sluggish, bilious or constipated, listen to me!

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel, when it comes into contact with sour bile, crashes into it, breaking it up. This is when you feel that awful nausea and cramping. If you feel "all knocked out," if your liver is torpid and bowels constipated or you have headache, dizziness, coated tongue, if breath is bad or stomach sour just try a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone.

Here's my guarantee—Go to any drug store or dealer and get a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone. Take a spoonful and if it doesn't straighten you right up and make you feel fine and vigorous I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Dodson's Liver Tone is destroying the sale of calomel because it is real liver medicine; entirely vegetable, therefore it cannot salivate or make you sick.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your bowels of that sour bile and constipated waste which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable. I guarantee that a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone will keep your entire family feeling fine for months. Give it to your children. It is harmless; doesn't gripe and they like its pleasant taste. —Adv.

W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

$3 $3.50 $4 $4.50 $5 $6 $7 & $8 FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers. The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the Fashion Centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

Ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you with the kind you want, take no other make. Write for interesting booklet explaining how to get shoes of the highest standard of quality for the price, by return mail, postage free.



Boys' Shoes
Best in the World
$3.00 $2.50 & $2.00

LOOK FOR W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom.

W. L. Douglas
President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co.,
185 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

Natural Inference.

"Pa, is the sick man the doctor was telling you about a carpenter?"

"No, child; what made you think so?"

"It was the doctor saying he had the shingles."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Woman's Reason.

"You say he has no money?"

"None."

"No prospects?"

"None."

"Why on earth does she want to marry such a man?"

"She says she loves him."

A NEGLECTED COLD

is often followed by pneumonia. Before it is too late take Laxative Quinidine Tablets. Gives prompt relief in cases of Coughs, Colds, La Grippe and Headache. Price 25c.—Adv.

An Exchange of Courtesies.

"Six cents a loaf for bread? How's that?"

"You'll pay ten before the winter's over," snapped the baker.

"Maybe so, but I won't pay it here." And Mr. Dumdum walked out.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect The Head
Because of its tonic and laxative effect, Laxative Bromo Quinine can be taken by anyone without causing nervousness or ringing in the head. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

A Trace of Envy.

"It appeared to me that Mrs. Binx cried more than you did at the matinee."

"Did she?" exclaimed Miss Cayenne. "Trust her to get her money's worth!"

Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" not only expels Worms or Tapeworm but cleans out the mucus in which they breed and tones up the digestion. One dose sufficient. Adv.

A busy man talks but little. A busybody never stops talking.

One squeeze finishes a lemon, but it only gets a girl interested.

Supply Depot.

"Wombat seems to be getting rich fast. What's he up to?"

"I believe he's running a service station for fountain pens."

WOMAN'S CROWNING GLORY

is her hair. If yours is streaked with ugly, grizzly, gray hairs, use "La Creole" Hair Dressing and change it in the natural way. Price $1.00.—Adv.

Conceit is to character what paint is to beauty; it is not only needless, but impairs what it is supposed to improve.



Cockroaches ARE FILTHY
Kill Them By Using
STEARNS' ELECTRIC PASTE
U. S. Government Buys It
SOLD EVERYWHERE—25c and $1.00

ECZEMA!



Money back without question if HUNT'S CURE fails in the treatment of ITCH, ECZEMA, RINGWORM, TETTER or other itching skin diseases. Price 50c at druggists, or direct from A. B. Richards Medicine Co., Sherman, Tex.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

FROST PROOF CABBAGE PLANTS
Early Jersey and Charleston Wakefield, Succession and Flat Dutch, 500, $1.25; 1,000, $2.00; 5,000 at $1.60, F. O. B. here. Postpaid 35c per 100. Satisfaction guaranteed. TOMATO PLANTS at $1.35. Egg and Pepper plants at $1.50 per 1,000, 5,000 at $1.25, F. O. B. here. Postpaid 40c per 100.
D. F. JAMISON, SUMMERVILLE, S. C.

COTTONSEED—Addison's heavy fruiter. Selected and culled. Earliest big boll. Free from disease or boll weevils. 45% lint, 1 inch staple. Record three bales per acre. Excellent for planting under all conditions. Special price $2.00 per bushel. Prompt shipment. Walter P. Addison, Blackwells, Ga.

LADIES! GIRLS! Wanted to write and copy for us at home. Good weekly salary assured. Particulars for three 1c stamps. Address United Sales Co., Bayonne, N. J.

CARBONVOID puts the "GO" in gasoline; more power; more mileage; eliminates carbon; saves 25% fuel cost. $1.00 prepaid. WM. WENDEL, LEETONIA, O.

GENTLEMEN Garrett sold 29 Spray Pumps and Auto Washers in 3 days. Profits $2 each. Write Pump Factory, Johnstown, O.

"ROUGH on RATS" Ends Rats, Mice, Bugs. Die outdoors. 15c and 25c.

W. N. U., Birmingham, No. 12--1917.

Died of Premature Old Age!

(BY V. M. PIERCE, M. D.)

How many times we hear of comparatively young persons passing away when they should have lived to be 70 or 80 years of age. This fatal work is usually attributed to the kidneys, as, when the kidneys degenerate, it causes auto-intoxication. The more injurious the poisons passing thru the kidneys, the quicker will those noble organs be degenerated, and the sooner they decay.

To prevent premature old age and promote long life, lighten the work of the kidneys by drinking plenty of pure water all day long, and occasionally taking Anuric (double strength) before meals. This can be obtained at drug stores. Anuric will overcome such conditions as rheumatism, dropsical swellings, cold extremities, scalding and burning urine and sleeplessness due to constant arising.

"Worth Its Weight in Gold"

Porterville, Miss.—"I have been a sufferer for five years with trouble from which women suffer. Before my first baby came I suffered with a heavy, bearing-down feeling and backache all the time and when baby arrived, I suffered four days. I recovered very slowly. I was confined to my bed four months before my second child came. The doctors said I could not live. I was living in Florida at the time. My husband sent after my mother and she came and carried me back to Mississippi and began giving me Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and it saved my life. I took six bottles. With my third child I had practically no suffering. Baby is four weeks old and I feel as well as I ever did. 'Favorite Prescription' is worth its weight in gold; it saved my life when the doctors had given me up."—MRS. EVA GRANTHAM.

All druggists. Liquid or tablets. No alcohol or narcotic.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills & Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic.

50c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores.

Millinery

While in town call and see our line of Millinery, Spring Dresses, Coats and Coat Suits, Waists, Childrens Dresses and Middies. It will surprise you to see such low prices in comparison with others.

Prices from 50c Up.

Miss Minnie Muse

CLANTON, ALA.

These Shoes are Great

Correct Style
Perfect taste
Comfort
Service and
Right Price.

These fine recommendations go to make up an argument hard to resist if you be looking for *satisfactory shoes*.

Your shoes are one of the most important parts of your costume, and require good judgment in their selection if yon would secure the best results.

If you would be sure of shoe efficiency, select from our stock of 1917 models. Nothing better.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Moneys Worth or Your Money Back"

CLANTON, ALA.

POTATO PLANTS FOR SALE

In May and June I will have potato plants of the following varieties for sale: Nancy Hall, Dooley Yam, Bunch Yam, Porto Rica, Cuban Yam and Triumph. Prices $1.50 per thousand, or in ten thousand lots, $1.40 per thousand.

J. L. WINSLOW,
3-15-8t. Thorsby, Ala.

MULE FOR SALE

Mule 7 years old, in thin order now, would weigh about 850 if fat, will sell for cash or on time if well secured. M. D. FOSHEE, Clanton, Ala.

R. T. Grant of Cooper was in Clanton on Saturday.

Muscovy Duck eggs for sale, $1.00 per dozen. LERA SORRELL,
3-22-2t. Route 1, Verbena, Ala.

Miss Minnie Muse is offering some rare bargains in Millinery and ladies dresses this spring. You should go to see her before you buy.

Morris Miner is reported seriously ill at the home of his father, G. S. Miner, near Cooper.

Pays 25c a Month for Perfect Health

For 15 years, E. A. Little, Bessemer, Ala. has paid 25c a month to keep in perfect health. Read what he says:

"I desire to add my endorsement of Granger Liver Regulator. I have not used any other medicine for fifteen years. I know it is the best for all liver complaints, and will cure any case of indigestion known. When I first commenced to take your Granger Liver Regulator the Pegram-Patton Drug Co. was buying it by the dozen. Now I am told they buy it by the gross. I use one box each month and would not be without it for anything."

Granger Liver Regulator

is strictly vegetable, non-alcoholic preparation, and is highly recommended for sick headache, indigestion, biliousness and all stomach and liver complaints. Your druggist can supply you---25c a box.

Granger Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

MARRIAGES

Clyde Bearden and Miss Lola Henderson.

Pink Whatley and Miss Rittie Foshee.

Mrs. G. S. Hubbard of Mt. Creek was a visitor to friends in Clanton Monday.

Your Last Summer Suit Needs a Good Cleaning

Before you begin to wear it again.

Just say the word and I will do the rest. That's my business---to clean and press 'em for you. If you live out of town, bring or send 'em by parcel post. I do the balance.

SUITS MADE TO ORDER

I carry samples from three tailoring houses, and am prepared to take your measure now for a summer suit. Come and look through. I guarantee perfect satisfaction.

KIN VINSON

Telephone 64-48, Kicker Bldg. Clanton, Ala.

THORSBY ITEMS

Thorsby Institute Y. M. C. A. and the Boy Scouts had a "Stag Party" at the Institute Saturday night, which was a very enjoyable occasion. After several stunts by members of the faculty and of the student body, refreshments were served and enjoyed by all. The evening closed with the forming of a friendship circle and singing, "Blest be the tie that Binds."

The Baptist Ladies' Aid Society was held last Thursday at the home of Mrs. Felix Eiland. A large number of ladies were present and the occasion was an enjoyable one.

Carl Wood, a student in Thorsby Institute, went to Montgomery Saturady to meet his father, Mr. P. M. Wood, of Phil Campbell, who was on his way home from the Woodmen Convention at Dothan. Carl returned to Thorsby Sunday morning.

Rev. J. M. Graham made a flying business trip to Atlanta and Demorest, Ga., last week.

Do not fail to hear Brooks Lawrence, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, at Bates Hall Sunday night at 7:45. The meeting will be held under the joint auspices of the B. Y. P. U., Luther League and Y. P. S. C. E. of Thorsby. Brooks Lawrence is a good speaker and his theme is a vital one at this time. The Thorsby concert band will be present to furnish music.

The following program will be rendered in connection with the Pie Social next Saturday night at Bates Hall beginning at 7:30 p.m.:

Song, Society.

Sketch, "War or no War," Lowells, Kinsler Ferrell.

Longfellows, Buren Brown.

Poems, Lowells, Lorena Graham.

Longfellows, Olga Soberg.

Stunt, Lowells and Longfellows, Raymond Calson, Nettie Hinson, Annolie Jowers, Olaf Larson, Luella Winslow, John Ford, Haber Hanson, Waltre Morgan, Lois Abernathy, Mary L. Hughes, Bernard Landrum, and Maud Johnson.

The proceeds from the sale of the pies will be used by the Thorsby School Improvement Association for needed improvement on the Public School Building.

Mrs. Martha B. Hunter, although 70 years of age, is still, quite a pedestrian, as evidenced by the fact she walked out to Pates Chapel last Sunday morning and back in the evening. She was accompanied by Mr. Gowan Woodham and they were entertained for dinner at the home of Mr. Foss Maddox.

The teachers of Thorsby Institute will entertain the Ladies' Guild at the teachers' cottage on Thursday of this week.

Miss Nona Akard and Miss Flora Rice spent Saturday of last week in Montgomery.

Mr. Carl Leham of Boston, Mass., and Rev. L. E. Brubaker of Birmingham, will be the principal speakers at the Christian Endeavor Institute to be held in Thorsby Friday and Saturday April 6, 7. A cordial invitation is extended to all who are interested in religious work for young people to be at these meetings.

Mr. John Husby spent Friday of last week in Birmingham. Mr. Husby has improved in health since last report.

Mr. Amos Knott returned to his home in Phil Campbell Friday of last week. He expects to go to Iowa for the summer.

Mr. Cary Speer left for his home near Mulberry Monday morning to help with the spring work on the farm.

The business of the Thorsby Meat and Produce Co., will in future, for a few months, be conducted by J. L. Foss of Thorsby Hardware Co.

Mr. and Mrs. White and children of Ill., are here for a few days awaiting their automobile which is expected to arrive by freight, when they expect to continue their trip south.

Miss Alma Lefstead entertained for a number of ladies on Saturday afternoon. Among those present were:

Mrs. James Bosworth, Mrs. C. R. Foss, Mrs. E. Diefenderfer, Mrs. C. S. Howard, Misses Mabel and Harriet Swan, Clara Soberg, Marie Green and Nell Werness.

The present outlook indicates that the presten strawberry crop will not be one half the normal crop, some plants having been killed by the earlier freeze and the early berries having been killed by the last freeze. Peaches, so far, are not seriously damaged. All winter grain has been damaged, wheat suffering the least.

J. Ousley Johnson, who enlisted last year for Border service with a Chattanooga Tennessee regiment was in Clanton with his mother, Mrs. Belle George, this week. "Joshua" has many interesting things to say about the camp life of the boys down there. He will return to Chattanooga soon to resume his work there. His many friends here are glad to see him in such splendid health.

WAGON FOR SALE—I have a good second hand 2 horse wagon which I will sell cheap. W. D. SPIGENER, Clanton, Aal.

HERBINE cures constipation and re-establishes regular bowel movements. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

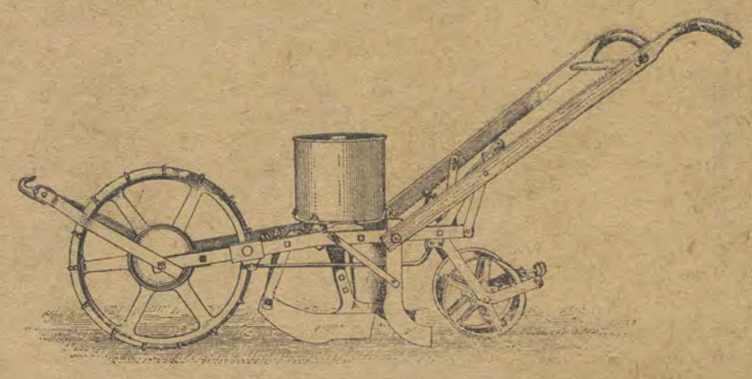
Don't forget your Subscription.

PLANTERS

Ledbetter,

Hoosier,

John Deere



We have the LEDBETTER, the JOHN DEER, and the HOOSIER Planters. The Ledbetter has the distinction of being the only Machine that drops one cotton seed in a place, and is equally satisfactory in planting other grain.

The John Deer and Hoosier Planters have been sold here a number of years. All seed are high price now, and you can well afford to buy a planter that will not waste them.

We have points, slides and wings for the Syracuse plow. We are the only people here who can furnish you the Genuine Oliver Chilled Plows and Repairs.

CLANTON HARDWARE CO.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL NEWS

J. D.—Buck, what course are you going to take when you go to college?

Buck— I think I will probably take checker course.

The following officers of the news have been elected: Editor-inChief, Evans; Assistant Editor, Kanjutzky; Reporter, Wade.

Whitney—Jack, why is Cuba like an alligator?

Jack—Because it is all the time hissing.

LOST—Two steps between school and town. Finder please return to Joe Mullins.

Miss Wood—Joe what was the begenning of the public schools?

Joe—Private schools.

Take HERBINE for indigestion. It relieves the pain in a few minutes and forces the fermented matter which causes the misery into the bowels where it is expelled. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Rev. E. W. Butler of Thorsby was in Clanton Saturday on business at the court house.

Charley Moates of Billingsley was in town last Saturday.

MRS. SLACK'S LETTER

To Mothers of Delicate Children

Palmyra, Pa.—"My little girl had a chronic cough and was so thin you could count her ribs, and she had no appetite. Nothing we gave her seemed to help her, until one day Mrs. Neibert asked me to try Vinol, and now she is hungry all the time, her cough is gone, she is stouter and has a more healthy color. I wish every mother who has a delicate child would try Vinol."—Mrs. ALFRED SLACK.

We guarantee Vinol, our non-secret tonic, to make delicate children healthy and strong.

Upchurch Drug Co., and all leading Druggists in Alabama towns.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

Circuit Court in Equity. Martha Jane Rogers Complaniant vs. Jim Rogers Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit on file of Martha Jane Rogers that the Defendant, Jim Rogers, is a non-resident of the state of Alabama and resides in a place unknown to affiant, and further that in the belief of said affiant the Defendant, Jim Rogers, is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Union-Banner, a newspaper published in Clanton, Chilton County, Ala., once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said Jim Rogers to answer, plead or demur to the Bill of Complaint in the above cause, on or before the 19th day of April 1917, and failing so to do within thirty days after the service of this summons, a Decree Pro Confesso may be taken against him in said cause.

Witness my hand, this 19th day of March 1917.

H. M. SIMPSON
3-22-4t Register.

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed whereby I, a sSheriff of said County, was commanded to make the sum of Sixty-two and 80-100 Dollars, costs of suit the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at theSpring Term, 1912, of said Court of said County, Alabama, in favor of J. T. Rockett against Lula Dennis Sanders, I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the Court House door of said County, between the hours of 11 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., on Monday, the 16 day of April 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named Lula Dennis Sanders in and to the following described real estate, viz:

West ½ of North west ¼, Sec. 35, Tp. 21, Range 15. Undivided interest in and to the above described real estate.

This 15 day of March 1917.

H. A. HARRIS,
Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed whereby I, a sSheriff of said County, was commanded to make the sum of One hundred thirty and 45-100 Dollars, costs of suit the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the Spring Term, 1912, of said Court of said County, Alabama, in favor of W. C. Robinson, against Lula Dennis Sanders, I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the Court House door of said County, between the hours of 11 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., on Monday, the 16 day of April 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named Lula Dennis Sanders in and to the following described real estate, viz:

West ½ of North west ¼, Sec. 35, Tp. 21, Range 15. Undivided interest in and to the above described real estate.

This 15 day of March 1917.

H. A. HARRIS,
Sheriff.

Uncle Tom Henderson of Mt. Creek was in Clanton Sunday. He says he had the finest time of his life at the W. O. W. convention at Dothan last week. On the excursion down to Panama City, Uncle Tom said things looked lively with everybody wearing straw hats, palm beach suits, etc. He didn't say anything about what styles of bathing suits the girls were wearing. Guess he didn't see any of those.

Don't forget your Subscription.

BEST FOR ALL CROPS

SOUTH ATLANTIC GUANO COMPANY

(SUBSIDIARY MORRIS FERTILIZER CO.)

ATLANTA — MONTGOMERY

It is not sufficient that your crop gets an early *start* to enable it to win the race against drouth, excessive rainfall, rust, shedding and boll weevil. It must have a steady, healthy growth which constant nourishment alone can give, if it is expected to come in ahead on the homestretch.

The *South Atlantic Brands* not only give all crops a quick start, but by reason of the scientific linking together of the best and most dependable fertilizing materials, they afford constant and steady feeding of the plant and enable it to resist such diseases and conditions as are usually fatal to a weakly, stunted plant. A healthy plant should be kept healthy and that is the office of the *South Atlantic Brands*.

Send your orders early to your dealer and be sure to name the SOUTH ATLANTIC BRANDS.

FOR SALE BY

TOM KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

REAL CROP SECURITY

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME V. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., MARCH 29, 1917. NUMBER 52.

A SEVERE STORM IN SOUTHERN ALABAMA

Destroyed Much Property and Killed Several People at Midnight Monday.

DEVASTATION WROUGHT IN A WIDE SECTION. PEOPLE ARE LEFT HOMELESS.

Montgomery, March 27.—Four counties in central Alabama were storm-swept after 1 o'clock Tuesday morning and 11 lives are known to have been lost, while property damage is heavy. The people in and around Crenshaw County, where the heaviest damage was done, are destitute and much suffering exists. The storm-swept portions of Crenshaw, Pike, Hale, and Chilton Counties.

The known dead are: Prof. Thomas W. Dendy, a former minister and later a school teacher, his daughter, Miss Bessie Dendy, a teacher, Robert A. Jeter, a wealthy planter, and Waren Kelly, a negro, at Petry, Crenshaw County, William Middlebrooks and his wife and an unidentified negro near Petry, Charles Ramsey, a negro blacksmith near Ansley, Pike County, and two negroes, a man and a woman, on the Carl Reese place, near Troy, Pike County. Mrs. Hollis Little was fatally injured in the destruction of her home near Shellhorn, Pike County. W. Streetman and his little daughter in the same neighborhood, were probably fatally injured.

Every dwelling hous in Petry, 20 miles from Luverne, was demolished and many blown away with their contents of clothing, bedding and food supplies. The schoolhouse, masonic lodge and church were wrecked and the depot placed across the railroad tracks. The Middlebrooks were killed a few miles away and this territority also devastated. The people are destitute in this section, and much suffering resulted during the day.

At Ansley the Methodist and Baptist churches were destroyed and many houses throughout this section wrecked. North of Troy several houses were wrecked and a negro woman killed. Milo, a small place out side of the storm path, had a severe lightning storm, and the Whitehead barn, heavily loaded with corn, hay and farming tools, was set on fire and destroyed.

At Greensboro, Hale County, the new public school was unroofed and completely wrecked, while many of the houses were blown down. There were no fatalities here, however. The town of Clanton suffered a slight property loss, and a number of minor injuries are reported. The Confederate veterans home at Mt. Creek, in this vicinity was unroofed and badly damaged, although none of the veterans were injured. Panic seized the inmates for the time.

Report from Troy.

Troy, March 27.—(Special)—Four persons are reported killed at Ansley, just north of here, in the storm which swept over that town early this morning. The dead are:

Mr. and Mrs. Billie Middlebrook and two negroes, Pete Kelly and wife of Dave Harris.

The Methodist and Baptist churches were also blown down, as well as scores of dwellings in the storm swept area.

Reports from Petry reports that four were killed. Just above Troy a negro woman is reported killed, and Mrs. Hollis Littles badly injuried. Bob Jetter, white farmer, is also reported killed.

Demopolis, March 27.—Two persons are reported dead in the storm which swept the southern part of Hale county early this morning. Mr. Charles Wright, a rural mail carrier and a negro are repoted victims. The worst part the storm struck the secion beween Laneville and Prairieville.

The property damage is said to be vry large. The death list may grow as details come in.

DELEGATES APPOINTED TO GOOD ROADS MEET

JUDGE REYNOLDS NAMES MEN TO REPRESENT CHILTON COUNTY.

Clanton, Ala., March 27, 1917.—I have appointed the following persons as delegates to the United States Good Roads Convention, that will be held in Birmingham, Ala., on April 17, to 21.

W. S. Clark, Mt. Creek.
H. B. Oliver, Verbena.
W. C. Robinson, Coopers.
Tom Rockett, Coopers.
Sam Smith, Coopers.
Clyde Davis, Clanton.
W. M. Wyatt, Clanton.
Mose Robinson, Verbena.
Dr. Mason, Stanton.
W. T. Hand, Jemison.
W. H. Conway, Jemison.
W. C. Edler, Thorsby.
J. M. Mims, Clanton.
A. P. Vinson, Clanton.
R. J. Downs, Clanton.
H. A. Harris, Clanton.
W. H. Shaw, Jemison.
J. N. Dennis, Clanton.
J. C. Jones, Clanton.
W. T. Herrod, Plantersville.
E. C. Caldwell, Pletcher.
R. E. Fitts, Stanton.
D. M. Apperson, Maplesville.
H. M. Nix, Maplesville.
J. E. Bearden, Maplesville.
S. E. Waldrup, Jemison.
B. E. Collum, Jemison.
T. J. Dorminey, Jemison.
G. S. Michelson, Thorsby.
R. J. Williams, Thorsby.
E. B. Deason, Clanton.
W. I. Mullins, Clanton.
W. A. Gulledge, Verbena.

I hope as many as can will go to this convention, as we need all the information we can get on road building, and the upkeep of the same.

Respectfully,
L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

MARRIAGE OF INTEREST

Last Saturday night a marriage of much interest took place, when Mrs. Fannie Taylor of Coopers became the wife of Col. A. C. Smith, a prominent lawyer of Clanton. Both parties are highly esteemed by a large number of friends in this county, and they took the surprise of the incident with a feeling of congratulations and best wishes.

Our good old friend, W. L. House of Jumbo, was in Clanton Monday. We are in a good notion to tell our readers what we think about him, but as he does not take the Banner, and therefore would not know what we said, we will not say it. We do not like to say things about a fellow to his back, when we are afraid to say them where he will hear it.

"THE UNION DEPOT"

The above is the title of an attractive and entertaining play that was presented to the public on last Friday night by the ladies of the Civic League. A good number of spectators witnessed the performance.

YOU GET A PRIZE WITH EVERY PACKAGE

Buy "Hodges Special" pure Coffee, put up in pound packages and selling for 30c.

With each package you get a ticket, which is good for a various number of pieces of China Ware.

Whatever prize your ticket calls for is given to you with the Coffee.

The Coffee is the very best Grade, ground and pure.

Call for it next time.

W. Z. HODGES,
Clanton, Ala.

Farms For Sale.

23 acres wth good house, 1½ miles from Clanton on the Birmingham Highway, Price **$1,600.00**. 160 acres with 5 room house, 2 tenement houses, 50 acres in cultivation, 20 acres fenced in pasture, 2 miles north of Jemison, Price **$2,750.00**. 80 acres, all fenced, 3 small houses, 60 acres in cultivation, 20 acres woodland, 5 miles from Thorsby, Price **$900.00**. 16 acres, 1 mile from Clanton on Birmingham Highway, 2 room house, good truck farm, Price **$1,700.00**. 20 acres 1½ miles from Clanton with 3 room house, fine chicken and Truck farm, Price **$1,200.00**. 52 acres 1½ miles south of Thorsby on Birmingham Highway, 5 room house and out buildings, **$2,200.00**.

CHILTON COUNTY REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
Office at Chero-Cola Plant - - - - CLANTON, ALA.

TURPENTINE COMPANY BUSY ARRANGING THEIR BIG PLANT

The Alabama Turpentine Company, who are erecting a big manufacturing plant ten miles east of Clanton, are hastily arranging for beginning their operations, for the season for running gum is now at hand.

Hundreds of barrels and other necessities are being hauled to the camps, and in a few weeks they will be marketing the refined products of the millions of long-leaf yellow pines that stand thick on the numerous hills in the vicinity of their plant.

The output of the concern will be large. They have an immense source of timber to draw from, and they have built a big plant to operate on.

Convict labor is employed in the work, over a hundred convicts having been out there for several weeks. A huge stockade is provided, already erected, for their retention, also a pack of blood hounds is kept for recovery of anyone who might take voluntary leave of absence.

CLANTON AND VICINITY HIT BY WIND STORM

Late Monday night and early Tuesday morning this vicinity was visited by a wind storm that came near to being a cyclone, and resulted in quite a lot of minor property damage. Barns and outbuildings at Prof. McDonald's, Grady Reynolds' and J.W. Foshee's and Dr. Gragg's were considerably damaged. While the storm was in progress many persons were aroused by the disturbance, and serious consequences were expected. It is thought the main body of the storm passed below Clanton.

HIGH SCHOOL NEWS

Saturday evening, March 31, at 8 o'clock, "Mrs. Tubbs of Shantytown" and her tribe will present their play at Thorsby. The proceeds will go to the uplift of the C.C.H.S. Library. Admission, 15c and 25c. Public is cordially invited.

Wednesday evening, April 4, at 8 o'clock, the Senior Class will put on a play, "The Elopment of Ellen" at the high school auditorium. This will be for the benefit of the "Cantrolla". It is expected to be the best play that will be given at the high school this season.

The cast of Characters follows:

Richard Ford, a devoted young husband, Arden Allen; Molly, his wife, U. L. Jones; Robert Shepherd, Molly's brother, Joe Kanjutzky; Max Ten Rych, a chum of Robert's, Dewey Rockett; Dorothy Parch, engaged to Max, a guest of Mrs. Ford, Kathleen Mullins, June Haverhill, Wellesley '06 who is doing some special investigation for economics sources during the summer, Madge Cooper; John Hume, rector of St. Agnes, Reuben Lowe.

Admission 15c and 25c Public. cordially invited.

Though it is very bad weather, John and Fanny say they just can't help but pack the campus.

I have on hand a pack of love letters for sale, which are interesting and very entertaining. Apply at once to Tom Robinson.

LAWLEY, ROUTE 1

Health of this community is not very good at present, as there are a few cases of grippe in this vicinity.

We are glad to say that Mrs. C. Hall, who has been very sick with grippe and asthma is improving nicely.

Rev. Blauvelt gave us an excellent lecture Sunday p.m., and it was enjoyed by a large crowd.

Mr. Iva and Willie Kelly and Mr. Porter Shoults attended our Sunday School Sunday. Come again, gentlemen, we are glad to have you with us.

Mr. Walter Lawley from Blocton attended church services Sunday, p.m.

The wedding bells are beginning to ring around here.

Misses Mae Hamrick, Bee Hamrick, Gertie Bearden, Toy Bearden, and Lilly Bearden all dined with Mrs. Sula Merchant Sunday.

Misses Maude and Sula Merchant spent the night at Mr. George Hamrick's Saturday night.

Misses Mae and Bee Hamrick visited Miss Eva Hall Saturday.

Our Sunday school is still improving. We have 100 students on roll.

We are going to observe Missionary Day the Second Sunday in April. We invite everybody to come. A program will be rendered by the Sunday School.

Miss Eva Hall visited Miss Ila Walker Thursday.

Miss Lettie Walker is visiting her sister, Mrs. Lena Sneed at Centerville.

Mr. Calhoun Garner and wife visited the former's parents Saturday night.

SHOOTING SCRAPE OUT NEAR MAPLESVILLE

Sheriff H. A. Harris received word on March 27, of a shooting affair which occurred thirty miles from Clanton out in the "tall timper". He sent Deputies Gillespie and Gore to investigate and make arrests.

On arriving at the scene, the Deputies ascertained that Oscar Shoults had taken a shot at Milton Lawrence, and after he had fired the gun, Lawrence advanced and "clubbed the gun", and broke it to pieces over Shoult's head.

Shoults was severely beaten up, and his recovery will be slow. The officers made the arrest of all parties engaged, and they are held for trial.

COLLINS CHAPEL

Health here is good at present. Owing to the rainy weather the farmers are behind with their crops.

Messrs Julius Smith, Akins Collins, Herlie Mims, and Misses Nora and Lucile Mims attended the concert at Union Grove Saturday night.

Mrs. J. M. Honeycutt of Sylacauga spent a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Mims last week.

Miss Lummie Murrah spent last week with relatives and friends in Jemison.

Rev. W. P. Lowery, son and daughter, Herbert and Stella, and Mrs. Melton spent a few days last week in Sylacauga.

Mr. J. M. Mims went to Jemison on business Saturday.

Several of the boys from here went to Union Grove Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. H. N. Martin of Jemison is spending a few days with her mother, Mrs. W. P. Murrah.

Much success to the Banner.

Mr. J. W. Sorrell of Union Grove was in town Monday. Mr. Sorrell is one of the most prominent farmers in the county and had many interesting things to say about conditions confronting the farmers at present.

LOMAX BOOMING WITH WORK OF BIG MILL

They tell us that Lomax is certainly coming to the front. Work on the big mill plant of the Vida Lumber Company is being put under way. The railroad out to the timber lands is being built.

Rumors say that many buildings including a large hotel, are to be erected this summer, and for aught we know, the citizens of the rising city may within a very few months be going down town every morning to their offices in the sky-scrapers, making the trip on electric cars.

There is no telling what Lomax is going to do if it keeps on.

But aside from all this foolishness, in reality, the big mill work there is going to make it a lively place.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Brown are returning to their home in Maplesville. Their many friends here regret to see them leave Clanton.

POPLAR SPRINGS

The Eleventh Annual Singing will convene at this place Sunday, April 8, 1917. Everybody come and bring your 1917 song books, together with a well-filled basket.

We want everybody to enjoy themselves. Those that have "booze" will please leave same at home.

J. L. McDowell, H. W. Devaughn,
Wiley Cooper, Committee.

A. L. Robinson of Corinth was in Clanton Monday on business.

Mr. Albert Gore of Route 8 was in the Banner office on Monday. He says he is going to raise some big water melons this summer, and promised the editor one. We hope he doesn't forget it when they get ripe.

Dr. P. I. Hopkins of Dothan, announced that he will be in Clanton on March 30, to see his former patrons and friends.

NOTICE OF ELECTION

Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Court of County Commissioners of Chilton County, Alabama, an election will be held on the 16th day of April, 1917, at the various polling places in the several beats of said County, for the purpose of voting upon the question of issuing bonds to the amount of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars, bearing interest not to exceed five per cent per annum, and to run for a period of thirty years from date of issue, for the purpose of paying debts created for constructing roads and bridges in said County.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama.

TRESPASS NOTICES

We have on hand for sale, Trespass notices suitable for posting land.

THE UNION-BANNER,

COMMISSIONERS DESIRE TO SAVE COUNTY MONEY

PEOPLE ASKED TO MEET WITH THE COURT AT ITS NEXT SESSION IN APRIL.

Clanton, Ala., March 12, 1917.

To the people of Chilton County:

We invite all parties that are interested in the welfare of the county to meet with the Commissioners court the first Monday in April, as salaries and other matters where the Commissioners have authority to fix the amount will be taken up at this Court.

We would be glad to have all parties that know of any leaks or any place that we can save the county any money, and not do any injustice to any one to come to this meeting.

We are anxious to save all we can and we would be glad to have any suggestions from any tax payer that knows where we can save any money for the county.

We have not fixed any salaries, nor made any appropriations for any purpose this yer, but as stated above we expect to take up this class of business at this meeting, so if you have any advice to give come to this meeting. We would be glad to have you.

Respectfully,
L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.
S. E. WALDRUP
R. J. WILLIAMS
A. P. VINSON
W. T. HERROD,
Commissioners.

THREE MEN ARRESTED IN WHISKEY CASE

It is a pity that fellows who are enjoying life like these were on Sunday afternoon should be disturbed and have their immense amount of fun put under check.

In an old rattling buggy, an ideal vehicle for such an occasion, Tom Holley, Martin Wright and Luther Wright were engaged in spreading joy all along from Clanton to Kincheon on Sunday afternoon. It was that peculiar joy that comes out of about half a gallon of the worst sort of wild-cat liquor, and they evidently imagined themselves taking posession of everything with which they came into contact.

It is not hardly sufficient to say that the trio was having somewhat a Christmas time indeed.

But somehow, the people who live along the Kincheon road did not enjoy the fun as these three did, and somebody reported the parade to the Sheriff's office. Deputies Gore and Gillespie started at once in pursuit, and it was only a short time until they overtook the super-happy mortals and had them turned in the direction of the county jail.

They arrived in Clanton late Sunday afternoon, placed the joy riders in jail, where the two Wrights still repose. Holley made bond.

When the next County Court meets the succeeding chapter of the happy occasion will be written on the big book by Judge Reynolds.

J. E. Dorminey of Union Grove was a visitor to Clanton Saturday.

INTERESTING TIME FOR THE TEACHERS

Judge of Probate, 1Jan16

BEING ARRANGED FOR ALABAMA EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION APRIL 5, 6, 7. IN MONTGOMERY.

FEAGIN URGES TEACHERS IN "GET-TOGETHER" HABIT

The several committees entrusted with the responsibility of providing entertainment for the teachers who come to Montgomery April 5th, 6th, and 7th are putting forth every effort to see that the program is pleasing throughout. The Montgomery Music Club, the Male Chorus and the Treble Clef Club will provide many splendid numbers to add life and inspiration to the meeting.

Reception.

The Chamber of Commerce and Capitol officials are planning a reception which will prove both profitable and enjoyable. At five o'clock Thursday afternoon the visitors will assemble at the state capitol where they will be received by the state officials, who will be at home in their offices. The head of each department will explain in a brief way the function of his office and the nature of his duties. Refreshments will be served in the rotunda on the first floor of the capitol.

Interesting Pictures.

On Friday evening at 7:45, pictures representing every phase of educational progress in Alabama will be thrown on the screen at the Grand Theatre. These pictures have been selected with considerable care and expense to those who have not had the opportunity of visiting the various communities and institutions throughout the state. In this way one may learn more in thirty minutes about Alabama's schools, her needs and her opportunities than can be learned otherwise in several months.

Let us make this annual meeting af the teachers of Alabama the best ever held in the State. Surely we can spare the time and money necessary to get together once a year. School-teaching should become a real profession. Professional men and women believe in the get-together habit.

FRANKS-MIZE

The engagement of Miss Minnie Mize of Blocton, Ala., to Mr. Arthur Franks of Vance, Ala., is announced. The marriage will be solemnized in April.

MONEY TO LOAN

WE ARE IN TOUCH WITH AN UNLIMITED SUPPLY OF MONEY, AND CAN NEGOTIATE LONG-TIME LOANS ON FARM LANDS UPON EASY TERMS. IF YOU ARE INTERESTED, CALL ON US.

Middleton & Reynolds.

Walk Right In

And Call for It.

I HAVE BEEN EXPECTING YOU TO COME TO TOWN, AND HAVE GONE TO THE TROUBLE OF PROVIDING YOU SOMETHING TO EAT WHEN YOU GE THERE. SO JUST COME RIGHT IN AND TELL ME WHAT YOU ARE WANTING TO EAT AND YOU WILL GET IT IN A MINUTE OR TWO.

MY COOK KNOWS HOW TO COOK, AND I GUARANTEE TO SUIT YOUR TASTE.

REMEMBER I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF THE FINEST OYSTERS IN SEASON, AND SERVE ANY STYLE AT ANY TIME.

BRING ALONG YOUR EGGS WITH YOU AND I WILL PAY YOU THE HIGHEST CASH MARKET PRICE FOR THEM.

DON'T FORGET TO COME TO SEE ME NOW.

W. H. GOODGAME

Across Street from Post Office
CLANTON, ALA.

EX-PRESIDENT TAFT VISITS MAGIC CITY

BELIEVES U. S. WILL GET INTO EUROPEAN WAR WITHIN NEXT THIRTY DAYS.

"TIME HAS COME FOR ACTION"

Nation Must Enter in Spirit Which Will Be Productive of a Permanent Peace.

Birmingham.— The United States it is believed, will enter the nation must enter it in a spirit which will be productive of the establishment of permanent peace and the country should extend financial aid to the Entente Allies, in the opinion of William Howard Taft, former President of the United States, former Secretary of War, former Judge of the Federal Circuit Court of Appeals of the United States, who was in Birmingham as a worker in behalf of the League to Enforce Peace.

Mr. Taft delivered an address at the Tutwiler Hotel at a luncheon tendered him by the Chamber of Commerce, and spoke at the Central High School auditorium. He was given rousing receptions at both places.

"United States armed merchantmen should sink a German submarine on sight," the former President declared in his speech in the High School Auditorium. "The time has come for action, not mere words."

State Teachers to Meet.

Montgomery.—Montgomery is making special preparations for the thirty-sixth annual convention of the Alabama Educational Association, to be held April 5, 6 and 7, when thousands of teachers from every part of the State will visit the city. Reports coming from the enrollment bureau indicate that this convention will be the greatest ever held by the Alabama Educational Association, even outnumbering in delegates that of Birmingham last year.

Among the educational leaders of national recognition who will appear on the session programs of the convention are: President Samuel C. Mitchell, of Delaware College; President H. L. Whitfield, of the Industrial Institute and College of Mississippi; Dr. Charles H. Judd, of the University of Chicago; Miss Eleanor M. Lally, of the School of Education, University of Chicago; C. J. Brown, Supervisor of Rural Schools of Louisiana; Dr. P. P. Claxton, Commissioner of Education of the United States. Among the educators of Alabama who will be heard are Superintendent W. F. Feagin, Dr. J. H. Phillips of Birmingham; President Thornwell Haynes of Birmingham College.

William F. Feagin, State Superintendent of Education, in an announcement to Alabama teachers, urges that they attend the meeting of the association in Montgomery.

"For the first time in the history of the Alabama Educational Association, the program of the convention will deal almost wholly with problems which confront the teacher in his daily work," says Mr. Feagin.

Bids on Emergency Coal Order Asked.

Birmingham.—Bids on 300,000 tons of coal from Alabama mines in excess of regular orders have been asked for by the United States government to be delivered on demand at Florence or Sheffield. Though the government has not explained its request for these bids, coal dealers in Birmingham consider it as part of the general emergency preparedness plan of the nation.

Taft Visits Birmingham.

Birmingham.—More than 400 persons attended the Taft luncheon given by the Chamber of Commerce in the ball room of the Tutwiler hotel. The luncheon was presided over by Oscar Wells, who presented former President William H. Taft. The ex-President delivered an address on "The League eo Enforce Peace" at the Central Hgh School auditorium.

Rousing Meeting of Farmers Held.

Sulligent.—A rousing meeting of the farmers and merchants was held to discuss diversification of farm work. Talks were made by Lon Morris, head of the Farmers' Union; W. W. Ogden, president of Bank of Sulligent; Dr. T. H. Young of Vernon, and State Demonstrator of Agriculture Bottoms of Vernon, and others. About 1500 farmers were present and much enthusiasm was shown.

Strawberry Crop Is Cut.

Thorsby.—The present outlook indicates that the strawberry crop will not be one-half the normal crop, some plants having been killed by the earlier freeze, and the early berries killed by the last freeze. Peaches, so far, are not seriously damaged.

Election Date Set.

Clanton.—April 16 has ben designated by Probate Judge Reynolds as the date for the voters of Chilton county to approve or reject the proposed $200,000 bond issue to pay off the Chilton county debt.

Many Hogs Are Shipped.

Opelika.—An Opelika firm shipped a car load of hogs to the markets of Louisville this week. The shipment amounted to about $1,200. there being 75 head. These buyers have shipped three car loads since January.

Many Will Attend Road Meeting.

Birmingham.—Delegations from the States of Mississippi, Louisiana and Arkansas will attend the annual meeting of the United States Good Roads Association and Bankhead Highway Association which will be held in Birmingham April 19 and 20, according to the secretary of the two associations. Governor Gardner of Missouri has written that heh as named a delegation which will come to Birmingham to attend that he has named a delegation compose the Missouri delegation, Judge W. W. Brandon of Tuscaloosa has named a delegation from Tuscaloosa county, which will attend the meeting. The governors of Georgia, South Carolina, Arkansas and Louisiana have accepted invitations to be present and members of the State Highway Commission of six states will also attend.

Grand Judy Indicts Inner Wardens.

Birmingham.—A. B. Batson, brother of Sheriff Thomas R. Batson of Jefferson county; Lem Lavender, warden in charge of the woman's department and cook house at the county jail, and W. R. Orr, inside warden, were placed under arrest on a charge of voluntarily permitting David Overton to escape. The indictments were returned by the grand jury at their adjournment.

Messina Is Still Being Hunted.

Birmingham.—Sam Messina is still at large, and the sheriff's officers are still searching the small towns to the west and north of Birmingham hoping to find him there. J. L. Lathen died from his wounds, and the body of Overton was removed to Huntsville, where a tremendous crowd met it at the station. Frank Smith, J. Anderson and F. C. Winters are still being sought, and it is believed they have all separated. These are the only developments following the sensational escape of Overton and six other prisoners from the county jail.

Tax to Be Voted On.

Decatur.—The voters of Morgan County will vote on a proposed three mill tax for educational purposes May 22, the election having been ordered by the Morgan County Board of Education. The additional school tax was authorized by the constitutional amendment, ratified by the voters of the State in November. As this county gave a big majority in favor of the amendment, it is expected that the additional tax levy will carry.

Funeral Services Held for Overton.

Huntsville.—The funeral services of David D. Overton, who was shot and killed by Birmingham deputies near Birmingham, after he had escaped from the Jefferson county jail, were held here. The services were attended by a large number of friends and relatives.

John M. Parker Speaks.

Dothan.—John M. Parker of New Orleans, prominent progressive leader spoke here to a large crowd of farmers at the Dothan Chautauqua, in the interest of live stock raising in this section. Mr. Parker visited Dothan at the invitation of several local organizations to assist in a campaign now being waged in tick eradication in Houston county.

Pioneer Tuscaloosa Citizen Dead.

Tuscaloosa.—The sudden death of Col. Andrew Fuller Prince, removed another of Tuscaloosa's pioneer citizens. Colonel Prince was a leading merchant of Tuscaloosa from the Civil War until a little more than a year ago, when he sold out and retired from business.

Peaches Not Killed.

Ashland.—About two weeks ago, at the time of the cold snap, it was thought that all the peaches were killed in the bloom or bud, but now it is reported that there will be a quarter to half a crop. The prospects are favorable for a full crop of apples. Owing to the cold weather the gardens are two weeks late.

Vice President Marshall in Alabama.

Montgomery.—Vice President Marshall was the guest of Montgomery for a day, and while here was royally entertained. From Montgomery the vice president went to Selma, where he made an address and from Selma he went to Marion. He is on a lecture tour and visited several other towns in the State before returning to Washington.

Five Carloads of Cattle Sold.

Tuscaloosa. — Demonstrating that Tuscaloosa is a good cattle market, five carloads of cattle were shipped by one Tuscaloosa firm to a St. Louis concern in one day. These cattle were bought on foot at the ranch of a Tuscaloosa County cattle firm and brought ten cents per pound

Shoots Wife; Then Suicides.

Greenville.—John Perritt, a farmer near here, during a family quarrel, shot and seriously wounded his wife and then committed suicide by shooting himself. The five children were

School Tax Carries.

Haleyville.—The special three-mill school tax passed in Winston county by a vote of 350 against 250. Practically every beat in the county went for the measure. Supporters of the measure are being congratulated on the success of the campaign.

Hardeman Freed of Charge.

Florence.—The jury in the case of Stanley Hardeman, one of the principals in the shooting affair on Towhead Island in July, 1915, returned a verdict of "not guilty."

U. S. ORDERED TO PREPARE FOR WAR

Country Divided Into Six Military Zones And Navy To Be Recruited Up To Full Strength

GUARDSMEN HELD IN SERVICE

Charleston Fixed As Headquarters Of Southeastern Department—Gen. Leonard Wood Will Command

Washington.—President Wilson took steps to place the nation on a war footing.

By executive order he directed that the navy be recruited without delay to the full authorized war strength of 87,000 enlisted men. Taken in connection with emergency naval construction already ordered, this means that the president has exercised the full limit of his legal powers as commander in chief to prepare the navy for war.

For the army, the president directed that two new military departments be created in the Atlantic coast region. The order means that the task of organizing whatever army congress may authorize will be divided among six departmental commanders instead of four in the interests of speed and efficiency in mobilization.

The third step was to assume as a national duty the task of protecting American industries from domestic disorders in the event of hostilities. For this purpose eleven full infantry regiments, two separate battalions and one separate company of the National Guard were called back into the federal service to act as national police in important districts. Supplementing these troops, a regiment of Pennsylvania guard and two companies of Georgia infantry, en route home from the border for muster out, were ordered retained in the federal service.

The president's orders were made known in terse official statements issued by both departments. No explanation accompanied them except the statement that reorganization of the military department, effective May 1, was designed to facilitate decentralization of command.

Following is the executive order bringing the navy up to war strength: "By virtue of the authority vested in the president by the act of congress approved August 29, 1916, entitled 'An Act Making Appropriations for the Naval Service for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1917, and for Other Purposes,' it is hereby directed that the authorized enlisted strength of the navy be increased o 87,000 men.

"WOODROW WILSON."

FRENCH AND GERMANS FIGHTING WITH FURY

Position Embracing Castres And Essigny-le-Grand And Extending Front Of 2½ Miles Taken

New York.—The French forces and the Germans again have been engaged in heavy fighting on several sectors of the front between the Somme and the Aisne rivers, and again the French have made advances toward the strongly defended town of St. Quentin. According to the French war office the French troops have pushed forward over a front of about two and a half miles south and southwest of St. Quentin, the new position taken in the town of Castres, three miles to the southwest of Essigny-le-Grand, four miles south of St. Quentin. Gains also were made south of the Oise and north of Soissons.

Berlin admits the retirement of the Germans "according to orders," before the British between Beaumetz and Boisel, northeast of Peronne, but says the Germans repulsed French attacks to the northeast of Soissons. For the most part the fighting on the British end of the line has consisted of reciprocal raiding and bombing attacks.

Food Crops Urged By Government

Washintgon.—A statement urging that as a patriotic duty city residents transfrom their yards into gardens and farmers so diversify their crops as to make each section self-sustaining, was issued by Carl Vrooman, assistant secretary of agriculture.

54 Americans Held As War Prisoners

Newport News, Va. — Fifty-four American muleteers were aboard the British steamer Esmeraldas, reported in Berlin dispatches, as having been sunk by the German raider Moewe, according to shipping agents here. The agents believed the men were among the 593 prisoners taken to Germany by the raider. The Esmeraldas sailed from this port on January 28 for Liverpool with a cargo of horses. Six weeks ago she left England on her return trip, since which time nothing had been heard from her.

Belgian Relief Commission Abolished

The Hague.—Orders to the American relief commissioners to withdraw from Belgium have been sent forward. Some days must elapse before the settlement of affairs and the transfer of the relief commission's work to new hands can be concluded according to information sent out by a prominent member of the relief commission at Rotterdam. He added that he saw no reason why the German government should place any obstacle in the way of the departure of the Americans

ALL CONTRABAND INSURED

War Risk Bureau To Take Risk On Everything Except Arms And Ammunition

Washington.—The government war risk insurance bureau, which heretofore has insured only non-contraband, it is announced will "broaden the scope of its operations" and hereafter insure practically all forms of contraband for European countries except arms and ammunition.

The decision to insure contraband was reached at a meeting between Secretary McAdoo and the advisory board of the bureau and was then announced in the following statement:

"Secretary McAdoo, following a meeting with the advisory board of the war risk insurance and the director of that bureau, announces that, owing to present conditions, and with a view to more thoroughly facilitate the commerce of the United States, the bureau of war risk insurance will broaden the scope of its operations and insure more generally cargoes and vessels bound for European countries. Future policies will cover practically everything except guns, arms and ammunition."

Under the law no insurance can be issued on vessels or cargo of vesssls other than American. Heretofore the bureau has declined to issue policies on articles declared contraband by the belligerents, including almost all American products, with the result that only a small percentage of the American trans-Atlantic merchant fleet was insured by the government. Even with this restriction, the bureau has issued approximately $200,000,000 in insurance since its inauguration in September, 1914. Total losses have been small, the amount of the original appropriation of $5,000,000 by congress for the payment of losses having been reduced about $600,000. Premiums for policies are not available for the payment of losses, but have to be turned into the treasury.

Congress recently appropriated $15,000,000 additional for the payment of losses, bringing the total up to approximately $20,000,000 and indications are that at the extra session request will be made for a still further appropriation.

SEVEN AMERICANS LOST WITH THE HEALDTON

And Thirteen Persons Of Other Nationalities—Submarine Struck Vessel Without Any Warning

Rotterdam, Holland.—The seven Americans who perished in the sinking of the Healdton were: W. Chandler, second mate, Brooklyn; Hudgins, third mate, Norfolk, Va.; Walter Johnson, third engineer, Hoboken; E. Leveaux, oiler, Hoboken; George Healey, second messman, San Francisco; R. W. Smith, able seaman, Chicago, and John Steiner, able seaman, Pittsburg.

Captain Christophere reached Rotterdam with all the survivors, who were feeling well, notwithstanding the hardships they had undergone.

In a statement Captain Christopher says:

"If we had not shown our lights we might have escaped. At 8:15 o'clock in the evening, with a moderate breeze and choppy sea, I was in the cabin when aroused by a terrific concussion. All the lights went out and I rushed on deck in my shirtsleeves to stop the engines. I found that a torpedo had gone through amidships at the spot where the ship's name was illuminated brightly, wrecking the engine room. The light clearly served as a target.

"The lifeboats were made ready and equipped for lowering. I rushed back to the cabin in the dark and was just able to grab a coat and the sextant when a second explosion shook the ship. This time it had been torpedoed aft, setting the tanks ablaze. The burning oil ran in all directions, necessitating a quick getaway. I found that my boat, No. 1, apparently having been cut from the towline prematurely, had capsized near the ship and none of its occupants was seen again.

Railways And Unions Have Agreed

New York.—Railroad managers and representatives of the four trainsmen's brotherhoods have agreed upon a tentative basis for the application of the Adamson law, it was announced by Elisha Lee, chairman of the national conference committee of railway managers.

1916 Cotton Crop 11,442,838 Bales

Washington.—The 1916 cotton crop of the United States was 11,442,838 equivalent 500-pound bales exclusive of linters, according to final figures of ginning announced by the census bureau. That compares with 11,191,820 bales in 1915 and 16,134,930 bales in 1914, the year of record production. Lintres produced in 1915 were 931,141 equivalent 500-pound bales and in 1914 were 856,900 bales. Round bales included in the ginnings for the season numbered 142,040 compared with 111,716 for 1915 and 57,168 in 1914.

Submarine Sinks French Warship

Berlin.—A French battleship of the Danton class was sunk by a German submarine in the Mediterranean, it is announced by the admiralty. The official statement says: "A German submarine commanded by Lieut. Capt. Moraht, on March 19, in the western Mediterranean, sank a large French battleship of the Danton class, protected by destroyers. The battleship was running a zigzag course. Immediately after being hit she listed heavily and capsized 45 minutes later."

PRESIDENT PLANS AGGRESSIVE MOVE

Wilson And Cabinet Convinced That Only Far Reaching Measures Will Accomplish Results

U. S. TO HIT GERMANY HARD

The Possibility Of Sending Army To Europe Discussed—Great Army Will Be Trained

Washington.—The American government has decided upon sweeping measures to be put into effect following the expected declaration by congress soon after it meets on April 2 that a state of war exists between the United States and Germany.

Fully appreciating Germany's policy of acting in war first and talking afterwards the government has determined to provide against every possible emergency.

Broad questions involved were disclosed at a long cabinet meeting to which heads of departments carried reports on preparations already made and other contemplated preparations. Details are being taken up between President Wilson and the individual cabinet members.

Regretfully the governmeint apparently has decided that since Germany is making war upon the United States through ruthless killing of Americans and destruction of their ships, the issue must be met with steps much more far-reaching than mere attempts to protect individual merchant craft. If anything is ahead to prevent this it is not now foreseen. Once a state of war is declared to exist aggressive measures are expected to be taken.

As outlined after the cabinet meeting the preparations of the government are not to be for a short war or a war marked by half-way measures. Nothing is to be taken for granted. A complete program has been prepared so that everything done will be carried out in a systematic and orderly manner.

The exact measure of American participation in the war is not expected to be revealed until after the president addresses congress and until public sentiment crystalizes. So far as is known no political alliance with the entente allies is contemplated, although military as well as naval cooperation is possible, and the government will be unsparing in both money and supplies for the allies.

MANY PERSONS KILLED AND INJURED BY STORM

Big Part Of Indiana Town Wrecked And Scores Of Residences In Ruins

New Albany, Ind.—Between twenty-five and fifty persons were killed and proably one hundred or more were injured in a storm which swept over New Albany, demolishing scores of residences and several industrial plants.

Twenty-five bodies are known to have been recovered and it is expected this number will be materially increased when debris of wrecked buildings is cleared away.

The lighting system for the residence section was put out of commission and the work of rescue is proceeding with difficulty.

A baby, about six months old, was found floating in a small stream into which it had been borne by the wind. The child was alive and clinging to a dog which apparently had been killed by the storm. It died in the arms of its rescuer. Later an aunt identified the baby and reported that both the father and mother had been killed.

The streets in the path of the storm were a mass of wreckage and it was quickly found that outside assistance was needed. An appeal was made to the city authorities of Louisville, who sent policemen to the scene. In addition, every available officer from the Indiana state reformatory at Jeffersonville and from the Jeffersonville police force were hurried to the stricken district. A call was made on the governor for state troops, and it was reported that these were on the way. Numbers of citizens from surrounding towns hastened to New Albany and offered such aid as they were able to render.

Campaign Pushed Against The Turks

New York.—Southwest of Kermanshah, Persia, the Russians have progressed to within forty-five miles of the Mesopotamian border, according to Petrograd. This would bring the Russians to within 100 miles of the British force that has been advancing up the Diala river from Bagdad. In a sixteen-hour battle near Kerind, Petrograd also reports the Turks were forced to retreat to Kerind. The Russians have attacked the Turks along the River Shirwan, a tributary of the Diala.

Germans Halt Retreat And Give Battle

New York.—Temporarily at least the retirement of the German forces in France appears to have halted as both the British and rFench communications report counter attacks and stubborn resistance along the front. Notwithstanding this line the British report progress southeast of Arras, and the British and rFench communicatween one and a quarter and two and a half miles in the St. Quentin region. The French also have gained on the heights overlooking the Oise valley.

CONGRESS CALLED TO ACT

Because Of German Ruthlessness President Wilson Has Advanced Date Of Extra Session

Washington.—President Wilson has met the constantly increasing probability of war with Germany by summoning congress to assemble in extraordinary session Monday, April 2—two weeks earlier than the date he had chosen before the latest assaults upon American rights on the seas.

The president's proclamation follows:

"Whereas, public interest requires that the congress of the United States should be convened in extra session at 12 o'clock noon on the second day of April, 1917, to receive a communication by the executive on grave questions of international policy;

"Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, president of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim and declare that an extraordinary occasion requires the congress of the United States to convene in extra session at the capitol in the city of Washington on the second day of April, 1917, at 12 o'clock noon, of which all persons who shall at that time be entitled to act as members thereof are hereby required to take notice.

"Given under my hand and the seal of the United States of America, the 21st day of March, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-first."

When the president addresses congress he is expected to show how a state of war actually has existed for some time because of the unlawful aggressions of German submarines.

Congress is expected to formally declare a state of war existing, vote a large sum, probably half a billion dollars, for national defense, and clothe the president with authority to use the armed forces of the United States as it empowered President McKinley to deal with the menace of Spain in 1898.

President Wilson and his advisers in the cabinet and in congress have no intention that war shall be declared by the United States. By the hostile acts of German submarines they believe the imperial German government is actually making war on the United States, and that it shall be recognized as such a state.

45 BRITISH VESSELS DESTROYED IN A WEEK

Report On U-Boat Campaign For The Week Ending March 18—Many Small Boats Sunk

London.—Sixteen British ships, each of a tonnage of more than 1,600, and eight of a tonnage under 1,600 were sunk during the week ending March 18, according to a British official statement. Twenty-one fishing vessels also were sunk.

The communication also gives the number of vessels arriving and sailing from United Kingdom ports during this period. It says:

"For the week ending March 18, merchant vessels of all nationalities of over 100 tons, exclusive of fishing and local craft, United Kingdom ports, arrivals 2,528, sailings 2,554.

"British merchantmen sunk by mine or submarine of 1,600 tons or over 16, under 1,600 tons 8.

"British fishing vessels sunk, including 17 sailers, 21."

U-Boat And Steamer In Battle

Halifax, N. S.—Twenty-one survivors of the British steamer Coronda, which was torpedoed 150 miles off the Irish coast on the 13th of this month, arrived here on a British steamer that picked them up nine hours after the Coronda went down. Nine men were lost by the capsizing of their lifeboat. The survivors reported that they had scarcely reached the deck of their rescuing steamer than they witnessed a thrilling battle between another tramp steamer and a submarine in which the submarine probably received its death blow.

Submarine Eluded By The Tuscania

New York.—Passengers on the Anchor line steamer Tuscania, British, which has arrived from Glasgow, said that on March 12, when 300 miles out from the Scotch coast, the ship encountered a German submarine. The Tuscania escaped by steering a zigzag course.

Emergency Peace Men Denounced

Washington.—Secretary Redfield has wired the Emergency Peace Federation in New York that its doctrines were directly promoting an attack on American citizens and property. "To accept your policy," he said, "would, in my judgment, mean more ruthless slaughter. You are those who are doing more than any one else to bring about war." The secretary's message was in reply to one from the federation asking him to approve settlement of the relations between Germany and the United States by a commission.

Blue-Gray Reunion On Vicksburg Field

Washington.—The war department has ordered Lieut. Col. Willard D. Newbill to proceed to Vicksburg to arrange for the national memorial celebration and peace jubilee of the blue and gray on Vicksburg battlefield next October. Plans are being made to care for 20,000 veterans of the battle, it is said, in addition to many visitors. Congress has appropriated $150,000 for the celebration, and it is understood $200,000 more will be asked in order to have a full reunion of Civil war veterans.

'CLEAN UP' AN ANCIENT IDEA

Hercules Cleaned the Augean Stables by Using River as Broom, Long, Long Ago.

Nowadays Health and Beauty Demand Sanitation in Home and Town—More Than 6,000 Communities Are Busy This Year.

By HAROLD G. BLODGETT.

"Clean-up" effort is of prehistoric origin. Ask the school children and they will tell you that in Greek mythology they read of a "clean-up day" that for colossal endeavor and results probably beats any renovating job of the rapid-fire sort undertaken since. It is not a pretty story, but here it is: Augeas, the king of Elis, was not strong on sanitation.

For decades he had permitted filth to accumulate. He didn't care much about his people or his health, but he had a little herd of some 3,000 oxen of which he was considerably proud. For 30 years the stable which housed the herd had not been cleaned, when suddenly old Augeas awoke. He wanted the stable cleaned.

The job was so stupendous that ordinary mortals could make no headway against the piles of refuse, until Hercules, who had never before been famed as a sanitarian, stepped up and said he would clean it up. Two rivers, the Alpheus and the Peneus, flowed near by. Hercules changed the course of the rivers until they flowed through the Augean stables, and in a day the "clean-up" task was accomplished.

Hercules Emulated.

Since that day "clean-up" has had its place in the world's vernacular. With the spring the desire to refurbish comes subconsciously into the hearts of men and women, and communities. But without direction and sustained effort the expression of that desire, in the form of the ordinary "clean-up day" or "week," has resulted in such a superficial sally against filth that the more experienced and earnest civic workers have for long held such "days" in disrepute.

Hercules was of the gods. If he wanted to "clean-up" in a day the heavens backed him and he did it. Since that day men and women, mere mortals, have sought to emulate the original "clean-up" expert in speed, and they have failed. Communities for years have conducted "clean-up days" of the annual-bath order, only to find that the next day there was filth "behind the ears" and "between the toes." And a week later conditions generally were as bad as ever.

It remained for Allen W. Clark, publisher of a St. Louis trade paper, to turn the "spring clean-up" interests into permanent and constructive channels. Years ago Mr. Clark made up his mind that this could be done; that real campaigns, working toward definite ideals and accomplishing real results, could be organized everywhere to take the place of the old hit-or-miss "clean-up" methods.

In May, 1912, he founded a "clean-up" and "paint-up" organization. He hoped that a thorough-going movement, national in its scope and practical in its principles, might take the place of the "annual bath" idea as expressed in the old-time "clean-up day" or "week."

Movement Growing.

For four years the scope of this movement has been rapidly extended until this year it is co-operating with more than 6,000 local communities in the organization and direction of real "clean-up and paint-up" campaigns, not "days" or "weeks."

Continuous campaigns for homes and home towns beautiful, sanitary and safe, conducted by permanent committees, and involving the co-operation of city and town officials, clubwomen, commercial organizations, the schoolchildren, fire prevention interests, all business men and property owners and the press, and the goal aimed at by all of the "clean-up" propaganda. And this solid success is being achieved in thousands of cities and towns throughout the country today. In fact, requests for "clean-up" assistance have come from South America, the Philippines, Australia, India, Canada, England and France. The slogan, "Clean up and paint up" has indeed become the battle cry of earnest and practical civic workers 'round the world.

Such magazines as Outlook, Pictorial Review, Every Week, Associated Sunday Magazine, the American City, Kansas Municipalities, Journal of Michigan Municipalities have printed extensive editorials and feature articles on the practical value of the work.

OPPORTUNITY FOR BOY SCOUT

"Wonderful progress has been made during the past year in developing in Boy Scouts a recognition of their opportunities for service to others and of their community obligations. For instance, specific reports of such civic help as co-operation in "safety first," antifly, antimosquito and "clean-up' and paint-up" campaigns, improving school gardens, planting trees, protecting parks and acting as emergency police have been received from more than 200 different places which have been actually recorded.

STORMING the TRENCHES of the HOUSE FLY

Now is the time to begin your summer fight on the deadly, dirty fly pest:: Read our article and act on the information given :: Take no chance on having a case of typhoid in your family this year



DO YOU remember the story of your fairy-tale days about the little tailor who was so proud of his success of killing seven flies, all at one fell swoop, that he made for himself a belt with the words upon it, "Seven at one blow?" This was long before the days of "Swat-the-fly" campaigns, so after all, the little tailor did a greater thing than he realized.

It was not so very long ago that the common house fly was held up as a pattern of harmlessness—hence the phrase, "He wouldn't hurt a fly."

Now all this has been changed. Health officers everywhere are doing everything possible to make everyone realize it is his imperative duty to kill every fly that comes within his reach. A war of extermination has been declared against the house fly. This summer greater forces than ever are being prepared to storm the trenches of the common enemy of mankind, and rout him forever. It is realized that it is within the power of the house fly, apparently such a feeble creature, to slay more human beings than can the most modern artillery of the heaviest caliber!

Year by year the war on the house fly is gaining in strength. It started only a few years ago, when the vitally important matter of the dangers of what Ecclesiastes refers to as "the fly in the ointment" was made plain.

Prof. L. O. Howard, chief of the bureau of entomology, United States department of agriculture, has made an extensive study of flies. The results of Professor Howard's investigations are given in a recently issued government bulletin, which contains much valuable information that will enable communities to wage effective warfare on flies.

Death-Bearing House Fly.

"There are several species of flies which are commonly found in houses," says Professor Howard, "although but one of these would properly be called the house fly. This fly, which is found in nearly all parts of the world, is a medium-sized grayish fly, with its mouth parts spread out at the tip for sucking up liquid substances. On account of this conformation of its mouth parts the house fly cannot bite, yet no impression is stronger in the minds of some people than that this insect does bite.

"The house fly lays its eggs upon all kinds of filth. The number of eggs laid by an individual fly at one time is undoubtedly large, probably averaging about 120, and a single female will lay at least two and possibly four such batches. Under the most favorable conditions of temperature and moisture the egg state may last hardly more than eight hours. The maggots which issue from the eggs are very small and transparent. They grow rapidly.

"As the larvae attain full size they gradually assume a creamy white color. Just before pupation they become very restless and migrate from their feeding ground in search of a favorable place in which to pass the pupal stage. They will often congregate at the edges of piles of filth near the ground or burrow into the soil beneath, or they crawl considerable distances away to pupate in the ground or in loose material under the edges of stones, boards, etc. The pupae or 'sleepers,' are more or less barrel-shaped and dark brown in color. In mid-summer this stage lasts from three to ten days, four to five days being the usual duration.

How Fly Spreads Disease.

"The adult fly, upon emerging from the puparium, works its way upward through the soil or filth and upon reaching the air it crawls about while its wings expand and the body hardens and assumes its normal coloration. In a very few days the female is ready to deposit eggs.

"The body of the house fly is thickly covered with hairs and bristles of varying lengths, and this is especially true of the legs. Thus, when it crawls over infected material it readily becomes loaded with germs, and subsequent visits to human foods result in their contamination. When we realize that flies feed upon the most filthy substances the necessity and importance of house-fly control is clear.

"In army camps, in mining camps and in great public works bringing together large numbers of men for a longer or shorter time, there is not always proper sanitation, and the carriage of typhoid germs to food by flies is common and often results in epidemics of typhoid fever. And such carriage of typhoid is by no means confined to temporary camps. In farmhouses, in small communities and even in badly cared for portions of large cities, typhoid germs are carried to food by flies.

"In the same way other intestinal germ diseases are carried by flies. Asiatic cholera, dysentery and infantile diarrhea are all so carried. Nor are the disease-bearing possibilities of the house fly limited to intestinal germ diseases. There is strong circumstantial evidence that tuberculosis, anthrax, yaws, ophthalmia, smallpox, tropical sore and parasitic worms may be and are so carried.

"In the effort to destroy flies the use of sticky fly papers is very common. Another way is to expose in shallow dishes a mixture of formalin and milk or water, sweetened with a little sugar (one teaspoonful of commercial formalin to one teacupful of water or milk). This is most effective when no other liquids are accessible to the flies. Formalin diluted in this manner is not poisonous to man and will not injure fabrics. In this respect it is much safer than the fly poisons containing arsenic.

Methods of Destroying Flies.

"Burning of fresh pyrethrum powder is also effective in killing flies in rooms.

"Flytraps may be used to advantage in decreasing the number of flies. As a rule the larger ones are the most effective. These should be placed on the outside of houses, stores, stables, etc. Bananas, sugar and vinegar, milk and beer will be found to be attractive baits under most circumstances.

"The most logical method of abating the fly nuisance is the elimination or treatment of all breeding places. It would appear from what we know of the life, history and habits of the common house fly that it is perfectly feasible for cities and towns to reduce the numbers of these annoying and dangerous insects so greatly as to render them of comparatively slight account.

"The bureau of entomology has for some years advised that all refuse and filth in which flies are likely to breed be kept in fly-tight pits or bins. There is no doubt as to the effectiveness of this method when the necessary precautions are taken.

"Fly-breeding in accumulations of filth can be prevented by the use of chemical substances which will kill the eggs and maggots of the house fly. We have conducted a series of experiments during the last two years in which a large number of chemicals were applied to infested manure and observations made on their efficiency in killing the maggots. Of the numerous substances tried the one which seems best to fulfill these conditions is powdered hellebore. For the treatment of manure a water extract of the hellebore is prepared by adding one-half pound of the powder to every ten gallons of water and after stirring it is allowed to stand 24 hours.

"The simple and effective stock mixture thus prepared is sprinkled over the manure at the rate of ten gallons to every eight bushels (ten cubic feet) of manure. From the result of 12 experiments with manure piles treated under natural conditions it appears that such treatment results in the destruction of from 88 to 99 per cent of the fly larvae.

"Another chemical found to be even more effective as a larvicide is powdered borax. The best results are obtained when the borax is applied in solution, or when water is sprinkled on after the borax has been scattered evenly over the filth. Borax is not only effective in killing the larvae of flies, but when it comes in contact with the eggs it exerts a toxic action which prevents them from hatching.

"Antifly crusades have been very numerous in recent years, and some have been noteworthy both as to methods and results. However, it is not amiss now to emphasize the importance of concerted organized effort on the part of whole communities, not only cities, but suburban and rural neighborhoods as well. By the most painstaking care one may prevent all fly breeding on his premises, but it will avail him little if his neighbors are not equally careful. Some sort of co-operation is necessary. One of the first and most important elements in any antifly crusade is a vigorous and continued educational campaign to bring the people to a realization of the dangers from flies and the possibility of getting rid of them."

Romance of a Statue.

Of all Robert Burns' statues scattered over the world, one of the finest, and the one with the most romantic history, is that in Washington park, Albany, N. Y. It is the work of a local artist born of English parents, but the cost was defrayed by an eccentric and close-fisted old maid, Mary McPherson, who, with her false hair and the gay colors and fine clothes in which she arrayed her weary old body, was an object of ridicule to the thoughtless youth of the town.

She put aside her gaudy clothes only when she went into mourning for her father and brother. From them she inherited a considerable fortune, and, through the persistence of two old Scottish friends of her father, she was induced to leave the greater part of $40,000 for the erection of a worthy memorial to the poet of her native land. Albany, which used to make fun of "poor Mary McPherson," is today proud of her.

Austrians Contribute Coin.

Vienna says every one of the 13,000,000 German-Austrians within the empire is represented by 1,154 kronen ($231) in the war loans that have been raised in Austria. These loans have amounted to 18,000,000,000 kronen, of which the German subjects have subscribed some 15,000,000,000. The 6,000,000 Czechs have subscribed 1,250,000, while the remaining 13,000,000 inhabitants, including 8,000,000 citizens of Galicia and the Bukowina, have subscribed 1,750,000,000.

Biggest Oil Well Capped.

Word comes of the successful capping of what is probably the biggest oil well ever known. This well is in the Tampico field in Mexico, whence the British navy gets most of its fuel oil. The biggest well flows 260,000 barrels a day. It was estimated that the stream first flowed with a pressure of 1,200 pounds to the square inch. When the gusher was struck it blew a two ton drill 150 feet into the air. The oil spouted 600 feet high. Over a million barrels were lost before the flow was under control.

Irish Harps.

Evidently the Hawaiian ukelele is not the only musical instrument that is becoming more popular in the United States, for the annual report of a North American harp manufacturing company, just issued, shows that the sales of Irish harps during the past year were more than twice those of 1915, and were distributed among 35 states. It may be added that harps were also sent to Hawaii, which fact shows that the people there, however, partial they may be to their native ukulele, are not unwilling to supplement it with an instrument of very different character.—Christian Science Monitor.

Japan's Camphor Monopoly.

The camphor production of the island of Formosa is one of Japan's monopolies. The present area of camphor afforestation is 10,650 acres, and some of the trees are said to be from 500 to 1,000 years old. During the next few years the area will probably be greatly extended.

ALL WORK TO CLEAN UP TOWN

Monkeys imitate. And there's a lot of "monkeys" in most of us.

Imitation is bad for the monkey if his model is bad, but the climber who follows a good example keeps out of a lot of trouble. Just so with us mortals. Inspired by environment, we can think great thoughts and do things worth while. Depressed by environment, we can sink into the depths.

But thanks to the human power of initiative, we can shape our environment—we can make it what we will, if we will. And so intimate are our own interests linked up with those of our neighbors that when we improve our own surroundings, be it ever so little, we improve theirs.

Right there the "monkey" in man asserts itself.

The fact that we are "our brother's keeper," responsible to a certain extent for the example we set him, may not weigh heavily on our shoulders. But the "monkey" in man keeps right on working just the same.

Today your neighbor slicks up his yard, cleans the alley, removes rubbish, plants flowers, trims his hedge, paints his house.

Tomorrow you will find that your own place looks sick. You never noticed before that a little cleaning up and painting up and greening up would accomplish so much in making home life happy and healthy through the long outdoor months of summer. So you get busy with the pruning shears, the rake, the lawn mower, the garden hose and the spade. You start a painter working on your house and outbuildings. Forthwith you, your wife and the kiddies begin to realize more fully the joy of living in this community through the good old summer time.

Day after tomorrow other neighbors will begin to "perk up" their premises and their persons. Then others will follow their example, and so the spirit of spring's generation will spread from house to house and block to block.

But let's not wait for this creeping regeneration.

Let's each start something today that will help make our own little corner of the community sanitary and more safe.

If there is unsightly advertising on your property see that it is removed.

Clean up your property, business and residence, inside and outside, front and back.

Help the authorities keep streets and alleys clean. Do not throw papers or rubbish in streets or yards.

If your ash pit is full have it cleaned out. If it is out of repair and a fire risk have it repaired.

See that manure is removed from stables once a week.

See that garbage is kept only in metal containers, with tightly-fitting covers. Vermin and flies will pester you if you don't.

Clean up your vacant lots and turn them into flower or vegetable gardens.

Study the smoke that comes from your chimney and eliminate it.

If there are old shacks on your property, which are unsightly and fire risks, have them removed.

If you have no yard for a garden plant flower boxes for your windows.

If you own vacant property make it look at its best. A tenant will move in so much the sooner.

Let's make "Clean Up and Paint Up and Keep It Up" a real slogan hereabouts by living up to it.

TRAINING FUTURE CITIZENS

The boys and girls of today are the men and women of tomorrow. Boys and girls live in a very real world. It is a world of present activity, not future activity. The boy may be "president" or the girl may be "a great lady" some day—but the work and play of every day is the serious "business" at hand. It is serious business to the young people—talk with one of them for a minute and see. And it may be serious business in fact, just as worth while in human progress as the larger part of the daily activity of the "grown-ups." All that is necessary is that adults give the boys and girls real business to do, something worth while—that they consider the young people "junior citizens" rather than "future citizens."

"Clean up and paint up" effort, wisely directed, gives the boys and girls something important and definite to do for themselves and the community. Their part in the local campaign should be important.

SELF-RESPECT AND PAINT

The towns that have made themselves a part of the "clean-up and paint-up" movement are cleaner and better because of it. Naturally the paint dealer, the carpenter, florist and others profit by such campaigns. None but the pessimist will object to this. They give value received and more. The house that is painted and repainted is the better for it. A neighborhood that has cleaned up and painted up is a better one in which to live. Paint makes for self-respect and justifiable pride.

CLEAN-UP POET BUSY

Little beds of flowers,
Little cans of paint,
Make attractive neighborhoods
Out of those that ain't.

"CASCARETS" FOR SLUGGISH BOWELS

No sick headache, sour stomach, biliousness or constipation by morning.

Get a 10-cent box now.

Turn the rascals out—the headache, biliousness, indigestion, the sick, sour stomach and foul gases—turn them out to-night and keep them out with Cascarets.

Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never know the misery caused by a lazy liver, clogged bowels or an upset stomach.

Don't put in another day of distress. Let Cascarets cleanse your stomach; remove the sour fermenting food; take the excess bile from your liver and carry out all the constipated waste matter and poison in the bowels. Then you will feel great.

A Cascaret to-night straightens you out by morning. They work while you sleep. A 10-cent box from any drug store means a clear head, sweet stomach and clean, healthy liver and bowel action for months. Children love Cascarets because they never gripe or sicken. Adv.

East Indian Rulers.

Saint Nihal Singh, writing in the Southern Workman, says: "Without a single exception I have found the Indian rulers to be men of great administrative ability and statesmanship, all devoted to the welfare of their subjects and interested in all sorts of reform movements."

GREAT PRAISE FOR GOOD MEDICINE

Eight years ago we commenced selling Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and during this time it has found many friends among our customers who speak in the highest terms regarding the benefits obtained from the use of Swamp-Root. We have never heard a single criticism.

Very truly yours,
MEIGS DRUG STORE,
June 15, 1916. Centerville Ala.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

A Wise Precaution.

"Yes, sir," said the station master. "Safety first has spread all over this country. And nobody that comes to Beaver Hill will ever git in no accident fer want o' warnin' signs about. Jest look at that now."

The stranger gazed appreciatively at the sign nailed on a near-by telegraph post. Its stern message was:

"It is dangerous to walk or stand on these tracks while a train is passing."
—Everybody's Magazine.

YES! MAGICALLY! CORNS LIFT OUT WITH FINGERS

You say to the drug store man, "Give me a small bottle of freezone." This will cost very little but will positively remove every hard or soft corn or callus from one's feet.

A few drops of this new ether compound applied directly upon a tender, aching corn relieves the soreness instantly, and soon the entire corn or callus, root and all, dries up and can be lifted off with the fingers.

This new way to rid one's feet of corns was introduced by a Cincinnati man, who says that freezone dries in a moment, and simply shrivels up the corn or callus without irritating the surrounding skin.

If your druggist hasn't any freezone tell him to order a small bottle from his wholesale drug house for you.—adv.

Keeping Youthful.

"She's a fascinating widow of only thirty-six summers."

"Umph! What became of the winters?"

"Oh, she spent those at such gay resorts, they hardly added a day to her age."

CUTICURA HEALS ECZEMA

And Rashes That Itch and Burn—Trial Free to Anyone Anywhere.

In the treatment of skin and scalp troubles bathe freely with Cuticura Soap and hot water, dry and apply Cuticura Ointment. If there is a natural tendency to rashes, pimples, etc., prevent their recurrence by making Cuticura your daily toilet preparation.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

In the Four Hundred.

Caller—Is my wife home?

Maid—Who may I say called?—Puck.

To keep clean and healthy take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They regulate liver, bowels and stomach.—Adv.

Don't rest at night "from" your labors—but "for" those ahead.

THE UNION-BANNER

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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

FAVORING THE BOND ISSUE.

Had you thought about why it is that Chilton County hasn't any money with which to meet its current expenses? And why it has not a single dollar in the treasury to expend for keeping up the roads and bridges?

The reason is very plain. The commissioners court, while building the "highways," issued warrants and they were discounted to brokers in order to obtain money to advance the contractors doing the work . The county is held under a contract made by the court to pay off these warrents as they become due.

The time on the warrants has already begun to expire on some of them, a certain amount each year. They must be paid as they expire, and they accumulate by expiration, faster than the funds accumulate with which they are to be paid. Consequently it takes all the road and bridge money to be applied on these warrants, and even then, there is not enough paid in to pay all the warrants that come due each year.

Therefore, when all the road tax each year is paid on the warrants the expiring debt is not all paid, all the money is used, and so you see, there is nothing left to pay for the roads and bridges that are decaying, washing out and otherwise deteriorating, while the county is helplessly struggling under the financial burden of the ever accruing warrants.

Now, think about this question. How would a bond issue better these conditions? How would it give us money with which to pay these current expenses of roads and bridges?

Why would an indebtedness on bonds be better than the present indebtedness under the county warrants?

Well, in the first place, the bonds would not expire in thirty years. So the money obtained on the bonds could be used in paying off the warrants that are already due, and others not yet due, which the holders would be willing to surrender upon payment of the face value. Or if they would not surrender those not due, and prefer to hold them till maturity, the bonds could be held by the county and not issued until the warrants expired and were ready for collection by the holders. But of course it is the more probable that all who hold these warrants, even tho they be not due till years, would right now be glad to surrender them for the cash.

In this instance the bonds would postpone the debt, or in other words, extend the maturity date for thirty years. And indeed, it is a very great accommodation for one who owes a debt to receive a liberal extension of time, when he has not the money to pay the obligation. So it is with Chilton County. The advantage of time received by bonds is indeed worth very much, as it is evident that there is no money to pay off the debt which we owe.

Now, the bond issue would give the county money with which to pay its current expenses, roads and bridges etc. In what way will it do this?, you ask, when it is said that the bonds are to be issued strictly for the purpose of refunding the warrants.

Well, at present, all the tax money that is paid into the county is going to apply on the warrants. If the bonds are issued to pay the warrants, then the tax money can be put in the ordinary channels of usage to take care of these obligations. It could be kept in the treasury to pay our people for work done for the county, for serving on Juries, for holding elections, etc.

In our opinion, this fact that bond issue would give us a means to pay our current expenses as we go, is the greatest argument in favor of the issue.

If Judge Reynolds and the Commissioners are given the cash to work with, think how much they can save each year, over what they are having to pay under the present uncertain credit system. Besides saving the county over $2,000 a year in interest on its indebtedness, the bonds would save thousands by the fact that we would have cave cash to operate on. When a county, firm or individual buys for cash the price is made with a certain discount taken off. When it is bought on credit, an interest is added which is equal to the discount which on the other hand was taken off.

If you would see a return of the times that used to be, when you did a job for the county, fixed a bridge, came to court, or held an election, and then received cash for what you did, then you should vote for the bond issue on April 16th. That is what the issuance of bonds will bring us.

While we are waiting for the Federal Farm Loan Banks to get in working order and to help us get easier credit with our home banks it will be interesting to read the following clippings from R. L. Bennett of Texas in "System on the Farm:"

"Bankers are glad to loan to farmers because loans to them are the safest a bank can carry if these farmers are engaged in safe farming.

"A safe basis for farming is laid when not exceeding one half of the cultivated land is planted in one crop, and when sufficient acres are planted in food and feed crops, including the necessary poultry, milch cows, and hogs, to supply the family and stock on the farm with food and feed and to maintain the soil. The balance of the cultivated land may be planted in crops for market or for feeding stock for market.

"Safe farming will also enable us to borrow money at lower rates.

"An excess acreage in one crop, or total dependence upon one kind of live stock, is speculation. The man who speculates in this way is not entitled to credit and will not get it very long."

MORAL, Be careful of putting too much of your acreage in any new money crop, DIVERSIFY.

Yes, it would have been the height of folly for the Democrats to ask for a bond issue. The people of Chilton county have so little confidence in them that they will not even risk them in office any longer, to say nothing of giving them two hundred thousand dollars of the cash to handle.

The Clanton Press says it is for the bond issue, and we are glad it is, but it tickles us to see how they are itching to get back into their same old pre-election plan of biting and annoying those who are with the people of the county and trying to redeem the financial reputation that has gone to the bad.

HEARD TAFT SPEAK

J. E. Robinson, Sr., returned Saturday from a business trip to Atlanta He was in that city on business for his fertilizer house, and while there enjoyed the unusual privilege of being a guest of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce when Ex-President Taft appeared before them to present his lecture relating to this country and her attitude toward the European fighting powers. Mr. Robinson says the Ex-President is strictly behind President Wilson in favor of the protection of American rights against German atrocities.

J. Stealey Jones of Lomax was in Clanton Tuesday on his way to his farm at Mt. Creek.

TO ORGANIZE SUNDAY SCHOOL

Next Sunday at 10:00 o'clock, a.m. we will organize a Sunday School at Jackson's Chapel. Everybody's requested to come out and help us.

Rev. A. C. Wells will preach at eleven o'clock.

J. BICE.

Break your Cold or LaGrippe with a few doses of 666.

COTTON PLANTING TIME TO BEAT BOLL WEEVIL

"Successful cotton crops in weevil infested territory must be made rapid," says Dr. W. E. Hinds in a recent publication by the Alabama Extension Service. "This means that everything possible must be done to force the setting of the largest possible number of bolls within the shortest possible time after squares begin to form, so that weevils can begin to reproduce therein. This involves more factors besides mere earliness of planting.

"Unquestionably, moderately early planting is safest and best as a rule. This means that the planter should wait ten days or two weeks after the average date for last killing frost in this section. That date ranges from about March 24 in southern Alabama to April 5th in northern Alabama.

"Make certain that the ground is well prepared, with sufficient moisture to bring the young plants along rapidly after the seed is put into the ground. Proper fertilization will be found essential to the best crops under weevil conditions.

"Extremely early planting runs the the preparations for the Army and ed or completely killed by cold, and in either case, the crop will be late at best. Uniform planting at moderately early dates gives the plants the best possible chance.

"It should be clearly understood that there is no chance whatever to beat the boll weevil by exceptionally late planting. This has been tried by many thousands of planters with disastrous results. Neither should cotton be planted on poorly drained or cold bottom land under weevil conditions.

"As a general rule, therefore, plant cotton as quickly as it can be done after thoroughly prepared soil has been settled by good rains falling in South Alabama during the first week in Central Alabama during the second week, and in North Alabama during the third week in April."

Mr. J. C. Brown plans to begin traveling over North Alabama, giving attention to the promotion of his insurance business.

Apply a cotton cloth wet with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT to all wounds, cuts, burns, sores or blisters, and note its wonderful healing power. It is prompt and very effective. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Eggs for Hatching.

White Leghorn and Wyandottes Laying Strain.

Price reduced to $1.00 per 15, $5.00 per 100, for rest of the season.

DR. O. C. MASTIN
Thorsby, Ala.



Save several dollars per ton on roughage

NO matter how much or little you are paying for old style hulls you always can save several dollars per ton by buying

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

You pay more for the old style hulls because you are paying for about a pound of lint to every three pounds of hulls.

You pay less for Buckeye Hulls because you pay only for hulls. The lint is sold separately.

Other Advantages

Buckeye Hulls are 100 per cent roughage.	Every pound goes farther.
They do not contain lint which has no food value.	They allow better assimilation of other food.
You get 2000 lbs. of real roughage to the ton—not 1500.	No trash or dust.
	Sacked—easy to handle.
	They mix well with other forage.

R. S. Parkham, Greenville, Ga., says:
"I feed about fifty cows and calves and use Buckeye Hulls very successfully. I consider Buckeye Hulls as good feed and cheaper feed than the old style hulls."

To secure the best results and to darken the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K *The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.* Dept. K

Atlanta, Augusta, Birmingham, Charlotte, Greenwood, Jackson, Little Rock, Macon, Memphis, Selma

MORTGAGE SALE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

Whereas default having been made in the term of a mortgage executed to G. Higgins by Elias Hopkins and wife Alvira Ann Hopkins, on the 8th day of July, 1912, which said mortgage is duly recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in Mortgage Record Book 121, page 552, and whereas said mortgage and the debt thereby secured was by the said G. Higgins an wife, Mrs. Elizabeth F. Higgins, duly transferred and assigned to the undersigned W. W. Fox, on the first day of March, 1917, and wheeas said default is continuing I, the said W. W. Fox, the assignee of said mortgage, will sell at public outcry for cash to the highest bidder, in front of the South door of the Court House of said County, between the legal hours of sale, on the 14th day of April, 1917, the following described property, lying and being in Chilton County, Alabama, to-wit:

That tract of land bounded and decsribed as follows:

Begin at a beginning point which is South 27 degree east 7 feet from another point, which other point is west 28 degrees south 40 feet from the southwest corner of lot No. 8 in block No. 18 according to the map of P. D. Wilson's addition to the city of Clanton, Alabama, and from said beginning point thus found and established, run thece west 28 degrees south 175 feet, thence south 28 degrees east 150 feet, thence east 28 degrees north 175, thence north about 27 degrees west 150 feet to said beginning point, and containing one-half acre, more or less, and being situated in the north west ¼ of the south east ¼ of Sec. 35, Tp. 22, Range 14 east, in the Town of Clanton.

Said sale is made for the purpose of paying the mortgage debt and the costs and expenses of foreclosure.

This the 12th day of March, 1917.

W. W. FOX,
Assignee of said mortgage.

By F. B. Collier, Attorney for Assignee of said Mortgage.

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed whereby I, as Sheriff of said County, was commanded to make the sum of One hundred seventy-one & 36-100 Dollars, principal and interest, and Eight & 10-100 Dollars, costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the Spring Term, 1917, of said Court of said County, Alabama, in favor of Carolina Portland Cement Co. against E. Hopkins, I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the Court House door of said County, between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., on Monday the 9th day of April 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named E. Hopkins in and to the following described real estate, viz:

That tract of land bounded and described as follows: Begin at a beginning point which is south 27 degrees, east 7 feet, from another point which other point is west 28 degrees south 40 feet from the southwest corner of Lot No. 8, in Block No. 18, according to the map of P. D. Wilson's addition to the City of Clanton, Ala., and from said beginning point thus found and established, run thence west 28 degrees, south 175 feet, thence south 28 degrees, east 150 feet, thence east 28 degrees, north 175 feet, thence north about 27 degrees, west 150 feet to said beginning point, and containing one-half acre, more or less, and being situated in the north-west fourth of the south-east fourth, Sec. 35, Tp. 22, Range 14, East, in the Town of Clanton.

Sale to be made subject to mortgage executed on the 8th day of July 1912, by Elias Hopkins and wife, Alvira Ann Hopkins, to Guy Higgins, recorded in Book of Mortgages 121, page 554, on which said mortgage there is now due about $1,800.00.

This 6th day of March 1917.

H. A. HARRIS,
Sheriff.

Posted at Cuort House door 6th day of March, 1917.

BUCKEYE INCUBATOR



It hatches more Chicks and Better Chicks.

L. D. Popwell

White Leghorns and Plymouth Rocks—Eggs to sell

The Cost of Living is High

BUT I HAVE SOME BARGAINS WHICH I CAN OFFER AT MONEY-SAVING PRICES.

I have some Rice which I can sell at 25lb for $1.00.
Just received a full line of SHOES. Easy walkers, etc.
Nice new line of Spring Clothing for Men and Boys.
Ladies Skirts and Ready-Made Waists.
A FULL LINE OF DRESS GOODS.
Guano, Cotton Seed Meal, and all kinds of Fertilizer.
I want you to come to see me before you buy.
I will buy all kinds of Cattle, either fat or poor.
I carry a full ljne of Automobile tires, casings and Tubes.
I will buy your old worn out casings.

L. H. REYNOLDS
CLANTON, ALA.

Get at The Source of Your "Skin Diseases"

Don't be misled by this term, for the appearance of pimples, boils or rashes indicate something more serious than a mere "breaking out" of the skin. These eruptions are, in reality, signals from nature that the blood is impoverished, debilitated and in need of help. Of course you can sometimes drive away the infected places by applying a salve or lotion, but unless you treat them through the medium of the blood, they will occur again and again.

S. S. S. has proven its wonderful building and tonic properties in thousands of cases arising from disorders of the blood. It washes the poisons from the system and aids the blood in its work of cleansing and invigorating the body organs, throwing off waste matter, and keeping the body in a normal, healthy condition.

Prove these facts for yourself by taking a bottle of S. S. S. and write to our Medical Department for information about your case. Swift Specific Co., 304 Swift Building, Atlanta, Ga.

CLANTON GRAMMAR SCHOOL NEWS

Miss Fleming.—Sam, you were absent yesterday; what is the reason and where is your excuse?

Sam.—It ain't my fault. I tried hard enough to think of it but I just couldn't.

The C. G. S. baseball team has begun their practice, and will play some games soon.

Elmer Baker.—When is coffee like the earth?

I don't know. Suppose you tell us.

Elmer.—When it is ground.

Lee Wilson says he will probably join the Giants this summer.

"Boss" Gore says he has made a new discovery—how to cure the head ache in twelve hours. The dose consists of two drams of talcum powder, one quart of sweet milk and a tablespoonful of Capudine.

The C. G. S chewing cum factory has chewed enough gum the past month to buy out Lomax.

Bro. Jones, the Methodist preacher made a very interesting talk to the school last Friday.

Mascott Collins has recently taken a shave in the C. G. S. barbershop. (His eye brows.)

B. B.—Three men came out of the theatre and all got under an umbrella, and none of them got wet.

How's that.

It wasn't raining.

Baseball, Friday, March 30. C.C. H.S. vs. C. G. S., on latter's ground. 3:30, p.m., admission free.

LEGAL SALE

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage executed by J. W. Gaylor and wife, A. M. Gaylor and M. E. Gaylor, to J. C. Johnson on the 5th day of April, 1916, which said mortgage is recorded in the Probate Office of Chilton County, Ala., in book 154 of Mortgages, page 301, default having been made in the payment of same, the undersigned will proceed to sell at the courthouse door of Chilton County, between the legal hours of sale, on

Tuesday, May 1st, 1917,

to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property situated in Chilton County and the State of Alabama, to-wit:

The west half of the Southeast quarter, Section thirty-one (31), Township twenty-one (21), Range seventeen (17), containing eighty (80) acres, more or less.

Said sale will be had for the purpose of paying the indebtedness secured by said mortgage and the expenses of foreclosure.

J.C. JOHNSON, Mortgagee.
FRANK W. LULL, Atty. 3-29-4t

George Polk went hunting one day last week and brought back a couple of curious looking things, that belong to be classed with the "bird gang." Believe George said they answered to the name of "sheit-polk" (poke). One of them was alive.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in Hopkins Bldg.
Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women & Surgery
CLANTON, ALA.

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

F. B. COLLIER
Attorney at Law
Office in the Johnson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

C. REESE MULLINS
—Agent—
For Life and Fire Insurance, Accident and Health Insurance, Auto and Windstorm Insurance, Liability and Plate Glass Insurance. Bonding.
Singer Sewing Machines.
Regular office days Mondays and Saturdays.
Third door east of Post office.
CLANTON, ALA.



WHOSE HEAD WILL FALL?

The report that ex-Senator Kern is to be made a member of the boundary commission causes wonderment as to which of the three men who now hold down those well paid jobs is to retire. The sole Republican member of the board is ex-Congressman Tawney of Minnesota and the two Democrats are ex-Gov. Glenn of North Carolina and ex-Senator Gardner of Maine. It is, of course, inconceivable that a North Carolina Democrat should be severed from the payroll during this administration; but there is no such friendly feeling in White House circles for a Maine Democrat since that State went so strongly Republican last fall. So maybe Mr. Gardner's head will go in the basket in order to make a place for Kern. It is by no means impossible that the President might displace Mr. Tawney for this purpose. The law creating the commission does not provide, we believe, for mandatory minority representation, and the administration has never shown itself very keen either in keeping Republicans in office or in putting Republicans into office, even when the law required it.

Bill Goodgame pays highest prices in cash for eggs and chickens. See him before you sell.

FOR SALE CHEAP

A brand new piece of large sewer pipe. Just paid $2.85 for it about a week ago at Clanton Hardware Co. Will sell for $1.50 cash. Apply to J. B. Wells at the Banner office.

Judge L. H. Reynolds is in Dothan this week taking part in the big celebration of the Shriners.

SHOE SHOP

I HAVE OPENED UP A SHOE AND HARNESS REPAIR SHOP AT THE BROWN OLD STAND IN THE KICKER BUILDING, AND AM PREPARED TO DO THE BEST CLASS OF WORK AT THE MOST REASONABLE PRICES. YOUR WORK IS SOLICITED UNDER A POSITIVE GUARANTEE OF SATISFACTION IN BOTH PRICES AND WORKMANSHIP.

Jim Huckabee
CLANTON, ALA.

THE BURNETT HORSE

To the Public:
I have bought the Burnett horse and will stand him for service this season at my place, 3 miles east of Thorsby, and other nearby places.
3-29-4t ALBERT GORE.

Pure Bred Duroc Jerseys
Pigs, both sexes. Service boar Bred Gilts. Barred Plymouth Rock Chickens, the Thompson Strain. Eggs in season.
W. Y. NIX, Maplesville, Ala.

NATIONAL Chero-Cola day APRIL 18TH

MARRIAGES

Marriags license have been issued by the Probate Judge the past week to Sam Connell and Miss Laura Mims, both of Clanton; also to Joe Rachels of Calera and Miss Lizzie Cobb of Jemison.

Calvin Wilson went to Dothan Wednesday to attend a Shriner's "blow out".

Pay your subscription to this paper.

Take your chickens and eggs to Bill Goodgame. He pays highest cash market prices. 3-8-1t.

A good treatment for a cold settled in the lungs is a HERRICK'S RED PEPPER PORUS PLASTER applied to the chest to draw out inflamation, and BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP to relax tightness. You get the two remedies for the price of one by buying the dollar size Horehound Syrup; there is a porus plaster free with each bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Some Pointed Truths

For the People of this community.

TRUTH No.1.—We have one of the largest stocks of Dry Goods ever assembted in this town.

TRUTH No. 2.—Our goods are all new, clean, seasonable, and ub to now. No seconds or culls in the stock.

TRUTH No.3.—The prices are as low as they can be made, in view of conditions of business in this country.

TRUTH No. 4.—Yo will find at our store the quality of service that makes the responsible house.

TRUTH No. 5.—That service is extended to every customer. We want to extend it to you.

The Clanton Mercantile Company

"The Big Bargain Store."

ADVANTAGES AFFORDED TO YOUNG MEN IN THE NAVY.

Many Recruits are Needed at This Critical Time in the Relations of Uncle Sam and Germany.

Washington, D.C., March 27.—Since the rising of a real war cloud the colors of the United States. Facts Navy have been speeded because it has been possible for executive officers to put into being plans definitely adopted long since, but up to this time, kept unused on account of lack of legal authority to employ them. It is the first thought to speed recruiting in both arms of the service. There are several reasons why many young men have refrained from joining the Navy. These reasons are not sound. They are based on false beliefs. In the first place it seems to have been a fairly general opinion that the men in the Navy, as a class were not of the highest standard socially, and that there was a great percentage of foreign-born wearing sitions are mostly from the Island poas explained to a representative of the Navy League by one of the higher officers in the Navy are these:

Statistics show that of all the enlisted men 95.5 per cent are citizens of the United States. Of this number, 92 per cent were born in this country; and of all branches of the Naval service about 4.5 per cent are mess attendants and men in such positions prinsipally from the Island posessions. No man is received in the Navy unless he is first of all an American citizen, then he must be of the character and type of man to be welcomed in any trade or profession.

The advantages offered to young men in the Navy are more than the average person realizes. This fact is strikingly illustrated by a canvass recently made for the reasons given for enlistment of 230 men. These men were the first ones received at the Great Lakes Station, Illinois. The results were as follows:

Ninety-three men gave as their reason their desire to learn a trade, or that thew had always intended to enter the Navy, and simply waited until they were old enough; 67 men were persuaded to enlist by relatives informed regarding the conditions; 63 men enlisted because of the reasons men enlisted because of the reasonn furnished by the literature issued by the department and newspaper articles. 6 men enlisted because they were out of work, and one man because he took this means of entering the Naval Academy at Annapolis.

Since the enactment of the law making it possible for 100 men every year to be admitted to the Naval Academy at Annapolis, more men entered there than have ever entered the service. While some of these men do not reach the goal of their ambition, the great majority are none the less contented because the same work which would prepare them to enter the Academy puts them in line for billets as petty officers.

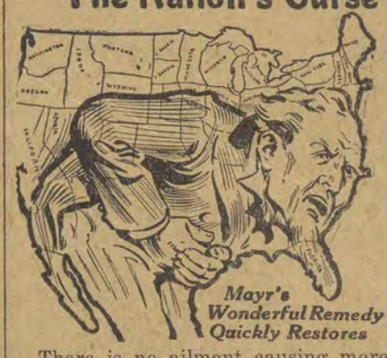
J. Dudley Smith of Rome, Ga., was in Clanton last week visiting friends and relatives.

A pain in the side or back that catches you when you straighten up calls for a rubbing aplication of BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It relaxes the contracted muscles and permits ordinary bodily motion without suffering or inconvenience. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchuch Drug Co.

M. F. Lett of Highland was in Clanton Saturday.

Leo Sterns, the Montgomery hardware salesman, was in town Monday selling goods to the merchants, and passing some of his jollification around among his various friends.

STOMACH Ailments The Nation's Curse



There is no ailment causing more woe and misery than Stomach Trouble. Often Gall Stones, Cancer and Ulcers of the Stomach and Intestines, Constipation, Acute Indigestion, Auto-Intoxication, Yellow Jaundice, Appendicitis and other serious and fatal ailments result from it. Thousands of Stomach Sufferers owe their complete recovery to Mayr's Wonderful Remedy. It is unlike any other remedy. It sweeps the poisonous bile and catarrhal accretions from the system. Soothes and allays Chronic Inflamation. Many declare it has saved their lives, and prevented serious surgical operations. Try one dose today. Watch its marvelous results. Contains no alcohol—no habit-forming drugs. Book on Stomach Ailments FREE. Address Geo. H. Mayr, Mfg. Chemists, Chicago. Better yet—obtain a bottle of Mayr's Wonderful Remedy from Upchurch Drug Co, or any reliable druggist, who will refund your money if it fails.

To the Lady of the House:

If you are interested in cutting the high cost of living, then you must buy right.

I buy for cash and sell for cash at the smallest profits.

And by letting me supply your family table the high cost is muchly reduced.

Full measures and weights and prompt delivery guaranteed.

J. W. Littlejohn

The Coming Baby

Every help that will tend to aid the expectant mother and foster the well-being of the tiny infant should be promptly rendered.

The time before childbirth is one of much discomfort. This is caused in a large measure by the tightening and straining of the abdominal tissues, as well as the network of cords, ligaments and muscles in that part of the body.

For many years thousands of women have successfully used the preparation known as "Mother's Friend." It is safe and dependable to be used by every prospective mother. A famous physician formulated the preparation. "Mother's Friend" is for external use, and is composed of special oils and other ingredients which have a penetrating and softening effect. Relief from much of the pain at the crisis is found.

Any woman awaiting childbirth should secure a bottle of "Mother's Friend" from her druggist, when the abdomen first begins to expand. No time should be lost in beginning its use. Apply it night and morning without fail. Address Bradfield Regulator Company, Dept. B, 554 Atlanta, Ga., for valuable guide book; it is free.

LET'S CLEAN UP

Even if we are about to have a war, and everybody is shaping up their potriotism and learning the national hymns, let us not forget the sanitation and purification of our domestic life.

As a matter of fact, we could prepare for war in no better way than to first carry out a most decisive campaign of extinction of the disease germs and the deadly agents of these fearful enemies of our vitality and perseverance.

We invite our readers to give special attention this week to the page of the Banner (page 7) which is devoted to the "clean-up" idea.

Be sure to read the article on that page entitled, "Storming the Trenches of the House Fly."

The house fly is as dangerous to our homes as an invasion of the Germans. Let's make a more vigorous campaign against his strongholds this year than ever before. Let us as citizens of our individual communities, see that no harbor is left in our neighborhood for this deadliest enemy of our lives.

Read page 7 of this issue of the Banner and take heed in due time.

CIRCUIT COURT DATES

Second Monday in February, and continue two weeks (Jury cases.)

Second Monday in April, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

Second Monday in June, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

Second Monday in August and continue two weeks (Jury ceses.)

Second Monday in October, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

Second Monday in December, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

The Grand Jury will be organized on the Second Monday in February, and Second Monday in August.

The Equity docket will be called on the second Monday in April, and the Second Monday in June, the Second Monday in October and the First Monday in December.

County Court

The regular term of County or Probate Court is held on the first Monday of each month of the year.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the 5th day of February on the estate of J. W. Warren, deceased, by the Hon. Probate Court of Chilton County Alabama, all persons having claims against said estate are required to present the same within the time required by law or the same will be barred.

J. D. WARREN,
Administrator of the estate of J. W. Warren, deceased. 3-22-3t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SETTLEMENT NOTICE

The State of Alabama, Chilton County. Probate Court. March 22, 1917: In the matter of the estate of Mrs. Sallie E. Wood, deceased.

This day came H. C. McDonald, Administrator of the estate of the said deceased, and files his account, vouchers, evidence, statement for final settlement of his said administration.

It is ordered that the 21st day of April, 1917, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, and at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

Witness my hand, this 22nd day of March, 1917.

3-29-3t L. H. REYNOLDS, Judge of Probate.

"Don't suffer from train headaches"

When traveling, attending a Theatre or some Social Function, or if Shopping, don't forget to have



DR. MILES' -Anti- **PAIN PILLS** with you. They are invaluable for Headache and all other Pains.

25 Doses, 25 Cents.

IF FIRST BOX IS NOT SATISFACTORY, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

BRING DESIRED RELIEF.
"I have used Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills for some time and find them an invaluable remedy for headache. I have always taken great pleasure in recommending them to my friends, being confident that they will bring the desired relief. I am never without them and use them for all attacks of pain, knowing that they will not disappoint me."
MRS. W. H. BENSON,
West Haven, Conn.

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

The Antiseptic Powder to Shake Into Your Shoes



and sprinkle in the Foot-Bath. Don't suffer from Bunions, and Callouses; or from Tender, Tired, Aching, Swollen Feet, Blisters or sore spots. The troops on the Mexican border use Allen's Foot-Ease and over 100,000 packages have been used by the Allied and German troops in Europe. Allen's Foot-Ease is known everywhere as the greatest comforter ever discovered for all foot aches. Makes new or tight shoes feel easy by taking the friction from the shoe. Sold everywhere, 25c. **Don't accept any substitute.**

FREE TRIAL PACKAGE sent by mail. Address ALLEN S. OLMSTED, Le Roy, N. Y.

PREVENTION better than cure. Tutt's Pills if taken in time are not only a remedy for, but will prevent SICK HEADACHE, biliousness, constipation and kindred diseases.

Tutt's Pills

"ROUGH on RATS" Ends Rats, Mice, Bugs. Die outdoors. 15c and 25c.

Cross Andes in Balloon.

The mighty Andean mountain range of South America, the highest in the western hemisphere, has just been crossed by aeronauts for the first time. The feat was accomplished by two men in a balloon. The aeronauts left Santiago, Chile, on the Pacific side, and descended five hours later in Mendoza, on the eastern slope of the range, in the Argentine Republic. They report a very difficult trip, and had to rise to a great height to catch a favorable air current. So far the Andes have not been crossed by airplane.

STOMACH MISERY GAS, INDIGESTION

"Pape's Diapepsin" fixes sick, sour, gassy stomachs in five minutes.

Time it! In five minutes all stomach distress will go. No indigestion, heartburn, sourness or belching of gas, acid, or eructations of undigested food, no dizziness, bloating, or foul breath.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in regulating upset stomachs. It is the surest, quickest and most certain indigestion remedy in the whole world, and besides it is harmless.

Please for your sake, get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any store and put your stomach right. Don't keep on being miserable—life is too short—you are not here long, so make your stay agreeable. Eat what you like and digest it; enjoy it, without dread of rebellion in the stomach.

Pape's Diapepsin belongs in your home anyway. Should one of the family eat something which doesn't agree with them, or in case of an attack of indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis or stomach derangement at daytime or during the night, it is handy to give the quickest relief known. Adv.

Enough.

"Frank," said the teacher sternly, "you were late this morning."

"Yes'm" replied the boy, blushing to the roots of his hair. "I had to get up in the middle of the night and run for the doctor."

"I'll excuse you this time, Frank, but I hope it will never happen again."

"That's what pa said, too," was the unexpected answer.

BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP

Why take ordinary cough remedies when **Boschee's German Syrup** has been used for fifty-one years in all towns in the United States, Canada, Australia, and other countries, for coughs, bronchitis, colds settled in the throat, especially lung trouble. It gives the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectoration in the morning, giving nature a chance to soothe the inflamed parts, throw off the disease, helping the patient to regain his health, assisted by pure air and sunshine when possible. Trial size 25c, and 75c family size. Sold in all towns in the United States, Canada, Australia, and other countries.—Adv.

Force of Habit.

Cop—You're drunk. I'll have to lock you up.

Auto Fan—No, I'm not, officer. It's just my steering gear out of order.

If your child is pale and thin, notwithstanding a voracious appetite, it may be because of Worms or Tapeworm. A single dose of Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" will expel the Worms or Tapeworm, and set digestion right again. Adv.

There were 23,500,000 persons attending schools of some kind in the United States in 1916.

Spartan Women Suffered Untold Tortures but who wants to be a Spartan? Take "Femenina" for all female disorders. Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

You cannot clap with one hand.—Chinese proverb.

After the Movies Murine is for Tired Eyes. Red Eyes—Sore Eyes—Granulated Eyelids. Rests—Refreshes—Restores. Murine is a Favorite Treatment for Eyes that feel dry and smart. Give your Eyes as much of your loving care as your Teeth and with the same regularity. CARE FOR THEM. YOU CANNOT BUY NEW EYES! Sold at Drug and Optical Stores or by Mail. Ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, for Free Book

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of the Sunday School Course in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR APRIL 1

JESUS GIVES SIGHT TO BLIND.

LESSON TEXT—John 9:1-11, 35-38. (Read entire chapter.)

GOLDEN TEXT—I am the light of the world.—John 9:5.

This, another of the signs which Jesus performed, is recorded only by John. It probably occurred in October, six months before the crucifixion, while Jesus was attending the Feast of the Tabernacles. There are six other cases of blindness recorded as having been cured. Look them up.

I. **The Case** (vv. 1-4). It was absolutely hopeless. No human skill could touch it, but Jesus "passed by," and that changed everything. What men cannot do Jesus can. Jesus is passing today, and we may expect things quite as wonderful to happen (John 14:12). This blind man illustrates the unsaved sinner (I Cor. 2:14). He never had seen. He was beyond human help (v. 32). He had doubtless given up all hope of seeing. He was without sympathy, suspected and despised (vv. 2, 34). Poor—he was a beggar. He is also a type of the nation of Israel (Rev. 3:17). We must not attempt to explain all sickness (v. 3). God frequently uses it for the advancement of his kingdom (John 11:4). Jesus not only passed by but he "saw." The feeling of the crowd was that of curiosity and contempt. His feeling was that of compassion (vv. 2, 4 and 6). Sickness sometimes manifests God's sustaining grace (II Cor. 12:8-10). It is doubtless true that a large percentage of sickness is the direct result of sin (John 5:14; Mk. 2:5; Acts 12:23), some, of course, indirectly (Job 23:14-30).

II. **The Cure** (vv. 4-11). The word "must" in verse four is a strong one. The time for us to do our work is "now." This word "must" carries with it the idea of a divine imperative, and the reason for that imperativeness is the approaching "night." Night is coming fast, when no man can work. Notice the works we are to do are not our own, but "the works of him that sent me." Compare carefully verses two and four, and see that Jesus considered delivering the man from evil far more important than speculating about the origin of his complaint. Too much time is spent in investigation. Let us have more of action. The means used in this cure were clay and spittle. The miracle was performed in plain view of all who might see. The man did not ask Jesus to help him, but Jesus had gone where he was (v. 5). His words, "Go wash" were a test of the man's faith (II Kings 5:10-14), and his part in the transaction was a testimony that it was Christ who worked the cure. The use of the material means in this ceremony made the man more willing to go and wash. It gave him something to do, and doing is always an end to faith. Siloam means "sent," and was a type of Jesus himself (v. 4; John 10:36; Rom. 8:3; Gal. 4:4). If we wish to receive sight for our blind eyes, we should go to him and bathe (John 8:12).

III. **The Controversy** (v. 12 to end of chapter). This controversy gave opportunity for testimony, as we have already seen, first of all upon the part of the man whose testimony was progressive. At first he merely spoke of the fact. He was not acquainted with Jesus, for he calls him "The man called Jesus." Later on he is moved to call him a "prophet." He is a prophet (v. 17), and later still he recognizes him as "The Son of God" (vv. 35-38). This controversy established beyond question the fact of the cure. It brought out the deity of Christ (v. 33). The man was excommunicated, but for that matter he was already outside because of his physical infirmity, but, best of all, he became truly Christ's disciple.

IV. **Comments.** This lesson with its vivid contrasts of belief and unbelief gives us a wonderful opportunity to urge upon pupils a decision to live the Christian life. Has Christ opened the eyes of our scholars to the love of God, to the awfulness of sin, to the need of a Savior, our divine Leader and Brother? Urge them, in the class and out, to be as outspoken and courageous for Christ as was this man who had never before perhaps seen or heard of Jesus, and whose gratitude at once called forth this wonderful confession.

Being cast out by the rules of the synagogue brought this man into closer and deeper fellowship and communion with Jesus.

He had believed far enough to obey his bidding, and had thus been healed.

Now he is brought to a great saving, transforming faith, viz., that Jesus is the Son of God.

Do we take advantage of our privilege of confession?

Before Christ came there were no hospitals.

He is the inspiration of all charitable institutions, but healing of the body is of secondary importance; the healing of the soul is primary. "Whereas I was blind, now I see."

Start with what you know—your own experience—and he will reveal himself according to your developing and progressive needs.

GAME FISHING



by DIXIE CARROLL

Author of LAKE and STREAM GAME FISHING

© STEWART & KIDD CO.

HIS MAJESTY, THE BROOK TROUT.

My Dear Buck:

Without a doubt, oldtimer, I feel like tacking the blue ribbon on the brook trout for being the wisest, liveliest and gamest of the fresh-water fish. For downright nerve and fight, he is in a class by himself and he carries more tricks in his tail than any other fish. He is truly an American and of a sturdy type that can forage a living in any stream or spring-fed lake that is cool. Although he does not grow as large as his cousin, the rainbow trout from the West, or his foreign relative, the brown, or German trout, for his small size and weight he puts up the keenest fight of the trout family.

The trout is a trim-built fish with graceful lines and his constant battle with swift currents makes him a strong, husky youngster. As a general thing he is found in the small flowing streams where the water is cool and fresh, while the rainbow and brown trout can thrive in warmer and deeper streams as well as lakes. As a rule I have found the rainbow and brown trout in the roily waters below falls, in the swift rapids, and the brook trout in the quieter pools, especially those with grassy beds. The trout is a rapacious feeder, and takes his food from the surface, in midwater and at the bottom; he is, however, mostly a surface feeder and dotes on flies, grasshoppers, insects, worms, small minnows and even small frogs.

Trout Has Keen Sight.

Undoubtedly he has the keenest sight of any fish, and he evidently watches his prey before it strikes the water, as he will close his jaws on a fly the instant it hits the water, often leaping up and catching it on the wing. It's a pretty good guess that he watches the flies or insects as they fly over the water and this same sight makes it necessary for the rod wielder to match his wits against those of Mr. B. Trout.

Trout are caught with artificial flies, grasshoppers, worms, minnows, crickets, grubs and almost any small insects that are found along streams, also with very small spoons. When fishing with a fly it should be kept in motion, imitating as near as possible the movements of a fly that has dropped on the surface and is struggling to rise again. This can be accomplished by a slight broken twitching of the wrist. When a trout takes the fly, strike quickly, but not with a heavy jerk, only a slight move of the wrist is necessary. In taking a fly he snaps his jaws together over the fly, but is quick to throw out the artificial feathery substitute for a square meal.

Lot Depends on Rod Work.

The sport begins with a rush right after you hook your fish and you sure have to work your gray matter, Buck, before you can creel a trout. He seems to know every rift, rooted hold, snag or windfall in the stream, and you got to keep your mind on the game to hold him from reaching cover, which means a lost fish and a snagged line. Let your rod do most of the work, that's what a good fly rod is for—keep your line tight, at no time give any slack, as the trout may not be securely hooked, and a slack line gives him a chance to cough out the fly. You will find the trout is more quickly landed if worked down stream, especially with a large fish, as the current is in your favor. Keep the rod well up and the line shortened, as a short line gives better control over the fish and you need every extra bit of advantage, as the sole object of the trout is to get away and at that game he is some little getter.

Fish Both Up and Down Stream.

If you are fishing a slow running stream it is best to fish up stream and on swift-running streams fish down, making it a point to walk around pools and fish them from the lower end up to the head. In fishing up stream the fly comes quickly down with the current, this can be slowed up by casting diagonally up and across.

Trout Gorge Angleworms.

Early in the season the common angleworm is considered a delicacy by the trout and this bait if floated down stream under a shelving bank or around a log, which makes an ideal hiding place for trout, it's a twenty-to-one shot that another fish will be added to the creel. Hook the worm so that the entire hook is covered, using a No. 6 or 8 snelled hook. Always fish down stream with worms, as the natural action of the current carries the worms down stream. Let the bait float from about thirty feet above the spot where you anticipate the trout are lying and throw in the shut-off or all noise.

DIXIE.

FARM POULTRY

LAYING QUALITIES OF HENS

American Breeds, Most Desirable for Producing Winter Eggs, Should Be Hatched in April.

Experience has taught that the laying qualities of any breed of fowls can be much improved by always breeding from the best layers as well as can the milking qualities of cows be brought to high standard by always breeding from the best milkers. In selecting your flock for winter laying get a good bred-to-lay strain of whichever breed you choose to keep. Fowls of the American breeds, which are perhaps the most desirable for producing winter eggs, should be hatched in April. They then will have ample time to mature before winter sets in. If possible the pullets should have free range during the summer to enable them to grow strong and hardy frames. The parent stock must, of course, be healthy and it is better if they have a reputation as winter layers. Select the earlier hatched pullets and one-year-old hens that molt early in the season so their new feathers will get ripened up by November. This is the foundation of your winter egg production.



Silver Laced Wyandotte Hen.

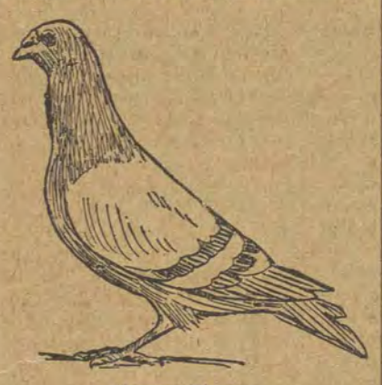
RAISING PIGEONS FOR PROFIT

Unless Houses Are Comfortably Warm It Is Not Wise to Grow Squabs in Cold Weather.

It is not best to attempt to grow squabs during the colder months unless your houses are warm enough to prevent the freezing of the eggs, or the young after being hatched.

When the young are hatched during the cold months they are very likely to become chilled when the parent bird leaves them for food. Once they are chilled through, they are quite likely not to seek a food supply, and, chilled through, they are a lost product which cannot be regained or replaced.

"I wouldn't raise pigeons, they're too dirty," is the complaint often made against these beautiful birds; while, as a matter of fact, it is far less work to keep a pigeon loft and fly free from ill-smelling odors than a poultry house. Step into a pigeon loft where litter has been allowed to accumulate two or three weeks and you will notice merely a slight ammonia odor; but allow the same condition in your poultry house and—well, you'll fully realize that it is time to clean up.



Homer Pigeon.

The color of the feathers of a pigeon has little to do with its utility value; but the color of its skin is of much importance, as the dark-skinned squabs are sold at a very low figure. It pays to watch one's flock very carefully and cull out all pairs producing such birds.

LOOK FOR RUNNING NOSES

Colds Usually Caused by Poor Ventilation, Overcrowding and Drafts—Good Cure Given.

Do your chickens have running noses? Look at the flock as they eat and note whether the nostrils are clogged with dirt or show a slimy ooze. If they do, and if the under side of the wing is soiled, you may know that the birds have taken a slight cold, and conditions need changing.

Sometimes these colds come from poor ventilation; sometimes from overcrowding and piling up; sometimes from drafts. Whatever is the cause, these running noses must be cleaned up and the cause removed, or there will be constant trouble with roup and roupy colds.

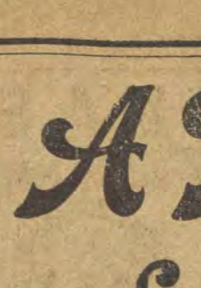
Get a dime's worth of permanganate of potash crystals and dissolve in a pint of boiled water for a stock solution, using enough each day to color all the drinking water, a rose tint.

A Medicine for Women

For Forty Years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has Relieved the Sufferings of Women.

It hardly seems possible that there is a woman in this country who continues to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial after all the evidence that is continually being published, proving beyond contradiction that this grand old medicine has relieved more suffering among women than any other medicine in the world.

Mrs. Kieso Cured After Seven Month's Illness.



Aurora, Ill.—"For seven long months I suffered from a female trouble, with severe pains in my back and sides until I became so weak I could hardly walk from chair to chair, and got so nervous I would jump at the slightest noise. I was entirely unfit to do my house work, I was giving up hope of ever being well, when my sister asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took six bottles and today I am a healthy woman able to do my own housework. I wish every suffering woman would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and find out for herself how good it is."—MRS. KARL A. KIESO, 596 North Ave., Aurora, Ill.

Could Hardly Get Off Her Bed.

Cincinnati, Ohio.—"I want you to know the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I was in such bad health from female troubles that I could hardly get off my bed. I had been doctoring for a long time and my mother said, 'I want you to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.' So I did, and it has certainly made me a well woman. I am able to do my house work and am so happy as I never expected to go around the way I do again, and I want others to know what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—Mrs. JOSIE COPNER, 1668 Harrison Ave., Fairmount, Cincinnati, Ohio.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Let the mind soar with the eagle rather than crawl with the snake.

DON'T GAMBLE that your heart's all right. Make sure. Take "Renovine"—a heart and nerve tonic. Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

The airship is preferable to the auto. The joy-flier can't fall and strike somebody without getting hurt.

"BRIGHTEN YOUR SHABBY CAR." One application of BLAXSHINE, the quick drying flexible rust preventing black auto enamel will make old cars like new. Anyone can apply it. Enough BLAXSHINE for any size car, and equipment for applying, costs only $2.85, delivered parcel post. BLAXSHINE is guaranteed. A postal will bring you sample of work and complete description. Twin City Varnish Company, established thirty years, 338 River St., Chicago, Ill. FREE with each package your initials in gold which you can apply yourself with BLAXSHINE. Adv.

His Move Next.

A woman in a railway waiting room the other day had a great deal of trouble with one of her children, a boy of seven or eight, and a man who sat near her stood it as long as possible and then observed:

"Madam, that boy of yours needs the strong hand of a father."

"Yes, I know it," she replied, "but he can't have it. His father died when he was six years of age, and I've done my best to get another husband and failed. He can't have what I can't get."

A Little Skeptical.

"As I was walking through Central park, in New York, when I was there last summer," the fat plumber remarked, "I saw a round, shallow sort of vessel on top of a short post and I have been wondering ever since what it was."

"Where was it located?" the thin carpenter asked.

"Right out in the middle of a lawn."

"And don't you know what that was?"

"Nope."

"Well, I'll tell you. It was a bird bath."

"Quitcher kiddin'."

"It's the truth."

"I don't believe it for a very good reason."

"What is the reason?"

"Because I don't believe there is a bird on earth that can tell Saturday night from any other time."—Youngstown Telegram.

The soul will not travel the better, or straighter, for blind bridles.

THIS IS THE AGE OF YOUTH. You will look ten years younger if you darken your ugly, grizzly, gray hairs by using "La Creole" Hair Dressing.—Adv.

Her Experience.

Temperance Worker—Does Mr. Milligan live here?

Mrs. Milligan—Sure. Carry him in.

Important to Mothers Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Fired.

"Is this gun working now?"

"No, sir. It's discharged."—Harvard Lampoon.

Realizing His Importance.

Louis is the only boy, not only in the immediate family, but also in the collateral branches. One night at his nurse's knee he said his prayers loud:

"Now I lay me down to sleep,

"I pray the Lord my soul to keep.

"If I should die—"

Pausing, he reflected a moment, and then broke out:

"Golly!" Wouldn't there be a row in this family if that 'ud happen!"—Harper's Magazine.

Victor Hugo's Grandson.

George Victor Hugo, the grandson of the great Victor Hugo, is now showing in Paris about 100 sketches which are attracting great attention. At the beginning of the war he was a censor, an occupation in which he appreciated too keenly the humor of exercising such a function by the grandson of his grandfather. So, in spite of his white hair, he gave up the censorship and set out for the army. He did not become a general, but he is a lieutenant. After a year and a half at the front he has returned from Champagne with a hundred choice acquarelles, which al Paris is running to see. He has added somewhat to the splendor of the name of Hugo, as he has been twice in the course of the war cited in the orders of the day for meritorious conduct.



There's a good way to keep growing boys and girls healthy and happy and that is to give them

Grape-Nuts *for breakfast.*

This wonderfully nourishing food has a sweet, nutty flavor that makes it popular with children.

One of the few sweet foods that does not harm digestion, but builds them strong and bright.

At grocers everywhere.

W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

$3.50 $4 $4.50 $5 $6 $7 & $8 FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas Shoes. For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers. The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the Fashion Centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.



Ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you with the kind you want, take no other make. Write for interesting booklet explaining how to get shoes of the highest standard of quality for the price, by return mail, postage free.

LOOK FOR W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom.

W. L. Douglas

President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., 185 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

Boys' Shoes Best in the World $3.00 $2.50 & $2.00

Freedom.

"Young man, do you favor professional freedom of speech?"

"Sure, let 'em say what they think without thinking what they say."

IS CHILD CROSS, FEVERISH, SICK

Look, Mother! If tongue is coated, give "California Syrup of Figs."

Children love this "fruit laxative," and nothing else cleanses the tender stomach, liver and bowels so nicely.

A child simply will not stop playing to empty the bowels, and the result is they become tightly clogged with waste, liver gets sluggish, stomach sours, then your little one becomes cross, half-sick, feverish, don't eat, sleep or act naturally, breath is bad, system full of cold, has sore throat, stomach-ache or diarrhea. Listen, Mother! See if tongue is coated, then give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food passes out of the system, and you have a well child again.

Millions of mothers give "California Syrup of Figs" because it is perfectly harmless; children love it, and it never fails to act on the stomach, liver and bowels.

Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Adv.

Dieting by Compulsion.

"Doing anything these days to reduce your waist measure?"

"No," replied the corpulent person. "I no longer find it necessary. The food barons are attending to that."

Plenty There.

"The British in the East will have no trouble with natives."

"Why not there?"

"Because their troops are cooking up a Turkey stew."

Hunger is sharper than the sword.—Beaumont and Fletcher.

It doesn't really matter what we "might have done"—and didn't.

Constipation generally indicates disordered stomach, liver and bowels. Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills restores regularity without griping. Adv.

Money is, of course, the cream of commerce—and the average youth is a willing separator.

AVOID A DOCTOR'S BILL on the first of the month by taking now a bottle of Mansfield Cough Balsam for that hacking, hollow cough. Price 25c and 50c.—Adv.

Contraries.

"That young fellow is a coming man."

"Yes, he has lots of go."

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

No Hope.

Pansey—Isn't it tragic that John fell down on his job?

Lily—Well, he still can make good.

Pansey—No, he can't; he was a steeplejack.—Jester.

ELIXIR BABEK WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD IN THE PHILIPPINES. "I contracted malaria in 1896, and after a year's fruitless treatment by a prominent Washington physician, your **Elixir Babek** entirely cured me. On arriving here I came down with tropical malaria—the worst form—and sent home for **Babek**. Again it proved its value—It is worth its weight in gold here." Brasie O'Hagan, Troop E, 8th U. S. Cavalry, Balayan, Philippines. **Elixir Babek**, 50 cents, all druggists or by Parcel Post, prepaid, from Kloczewski & Co., Washington, D. C.

Embarrassing for Daddy.

A clergyman's small daughter, going to church for the first time, sat very still until her father came in, then she sprang up with a gleeful laugh and shouted:

"Oh, there's daddy in his nighty!"

Patient.

"Is he a patient man?"

"Very. Even the telephone service doesn't annoy him."

'Tis not intelligent industry to chop at the roots of Hope.

You Can Make Excellent Cake With Fewer Eggs

Just use an additional quantity of Royal Baking Powder, about a teaspoon, in place of each egg omitted.

This applies equally well to nearly all baked foods. Try the following recipe according to the new way:

CREAM LAYER CAKE

Old Way	New Way
1 cup sugar	1 cup sugar
½ cup milk	1 cup milk
2 cups flour	2 cups flour
2 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder	4 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
3 eggs	1 egg
½ cup shortening	2 tablespoons shortening
1 teaspoon flavoring	1 teaspoon flavoring

Makes 1 Large 2-Layer Cake

DIRECTIONS—Cream the sugar and shortening together, then mix in the egg. After sifting the flour and Royal Baking Powder together, two or three times, add it all to the mixture. Gradually add the milk and beat with spoon until you have a smooth pour batter. Add the flavoring. Pour into greased layer cake tins and bake in a moderately hot oven for twenty minutes. This cake is best baked in two layers. Put together with cream filling and spread with white icing.

Booklet of recipes which economize in eggs and other expensive ingredients mailed free.

Address ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. 125 William St., New York

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

made from Cream of Tartar, derived from Grapes

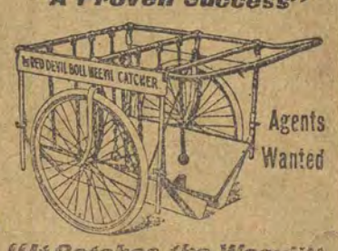
No Alum No Phosphate

No Bitter Taste

The Red Devil Boll Weevil Catcher

Catches the Weevil

"A Proven Success"



Agents Wanted

Write for Information

Cotton States Farm Implements Mfg. Co., Birmingham, Ala.

"It Catches the Weevil"

CLAIMS GERMANY VIOLATED TREATIES

GOVERNMENT EXPLAINS WHY INSTRUMENTS WERE NOT OBSERVED.

ABROGATED BY VIOLATIONS

United States Could Not Do Otherwise Than Refute the Old Agreement.

Washington.—Germany's "clear violations" of the treaties of 1799 and 1828 and her "disregard of the canons of international courtesy" were assigned by the United States as reasons for refusal to reaffirm these agreements.

The note of refusal to Germany, transmitted through Dr. Paul Ritter, the Swiss minister, was made public by the state department and discloses that this government "is seriously considering" whether Germany's conduct has not in effect abrogated these treaties.

"In view of the clear violations by the German authorities of the plain terms of the treaties in question, solmenly concluded on the mutual understanding that the obligations thereunder would be faithfully kept, in view further of the disregard of the canons of international courtesy, and the comity of nations in the treatment of innocent American citizens in Germany, the government of the United States cannot perceive any advantage which would flow from further engagements, even though they were merely declaratory of international law, entered into which the imperial German government in regard to the meaning of any of the articles of these treaties, or as supplementary to them. In these circumstances, therefore, the government of the United States declines to enter into the special protocol proposed by the imperial government."

ANOTHER CALL MADE BY NAVY.

Marine Corps Will Be Brought to Full Strength.

Washington.—War preparations by the government included calling into the federal service a score of additional National Guard regiments for police service in the western and middle western states, and an order for the immediate recruiting of the marine corps to full war strength of 17,400 men.

With both the navy and the marine corps ordered up to full strength, the only step remaining to increase the navy personnel without action by Congress is the calling out of the naval militia. It has been understood that the militia will be needed to fill out crews for the many vessels to be added, but no announcement on the subject has ben made.

Secretary Baker said no further call upon the National Guard was in prospect. More than 32 regiments have been summoned to federal duty to guard industries or other property which might be threatened by internal disorder growing out of the German situation.

The order to increase the marine corps from its present authorized maximum of 14,981 to 17,400 was announced by Secretary Daniels.

WILL ORGANIZE HOUSE.

Representative Randall Says Democrats Will Be in Control.

Washington.—Orgnization of the new House by the democrats was declared to be assured by Representative Randall of California, prohibitionist, and one of the five so-called independents, upon whom the political complexion of the House has seemed to hinge.

Mr. Randall returned to Washington from Los Angeles. On reading a statement issued by Republican Leader Mann, offering to retire from the race for the speakeship in favor of Speaker Clark if a bipartisan or nonpartisan organization was agreed upon, he said Mr Mann was too late, that he was in a position to say that enough of the independents would vote with the democrats to give the latter a majority and assure the administration of control by its party of both houses of Congress

Democrats and republicans go into the organization fight with 214 members each and 218 votes are required to elect the speaker

First American Armed Ship Safe

Washington.—The American liner St. Louis, first armed American ship to cross the Atlantic, has arrived at her destination, Secretary Daniels announced.

New York.—The St. Louis, owned by the American line, left here March 17 with 31 passengers, of whom 14 were American citizens. Among he crew of 394 persons were 131 Americans.

Three Killed, 8 Hurt in Explosion.

New York.—Premature explosion of a blast set in the new Queensborough subway at the point where it crosses Blackwell's island penned several men in a section of the tunnel. Police reported three or four men were believed to have lost their lives, and that eight were injured. Twelve hundred prisoners on the island were thrown into a state of excitement which led the police to concentrate heavy bodies of reserves on the island. Many workmen were covered by the debris

SAMFORD MEMBER COURT OF APPEALS

WINS APPOINTMENT OVER FIELD OF APPLICANTS SAID TO NUMBER 21.

AT THE STATE'S CAPITAL

Interesting News Budget of Happenings in Various Departments of State.

—Montgomery.

William H. Samford of Montgomery, confidential adviser of Governor Henderson since his administration began, will succeed John Pelham as a member of the court of appeals. Governor Henderson announced that he had named Mr. Samford to take the position vacated by Judge Pelham's death. Mr. Samford will be sworn in at once and will hold office until the general election in 1918, when a successor for the full unexpired term will be named. It is believed that he will be a candidate to succeed himself.

Mr. Samford won the appointment over a field of applicants said to have numbered 21.

Judge Samford will sit for the first time April 2, when the court takes up the second call of the first division for the term of 191617.

Rogers Heads Prisor System.

P. J. Rogers of Bilmingham was reappointed president of the state board of convict inspector and J. M. Kyser of Albertville and Dr. Russell A. Smith of Brewton were reappointed associate members of the board by Governor Henderson. They will serve two years and will rtire shortly after the end of Governc Henderson's term unless reappointedby the next governor.

In reappointing he board, Governor Henderson annouced that their services had been satisfactory and that if he had searched the State he could not have found ay others who would have shown and greater interest in the State' busines. All terms will expire during the month as the board is appointed everytwo years.

Paroles Granted.

Paroles were recommended in 12 cases and 14 petions were reused by the State boai of pardons at the March meetin according to the board's annourement. Ten cases were postpone until the next meeting in order th the views of the trial judge and solicor might be obtained.

Those whose petitions received the favorable consideration of the board were: Clanton Holborn, Montgomery, murder; Caesar Daniels, Montgomery, forgery; Arthur Drane, Lee, burglary and grand larceny; Joseph Foster, Tuscaloosa, murder; Wince Garth, Morgan, murder; Jim Gohlson, Jefferson, murder; John Horn, Lee, burglary; Arthur Jones, Choctaw, grand larceny; Sam Mathews, Pike, murder; Jim Nelms, alias Bug, Lee, larceny; Manuel Toswell, Pullock, assault to murder; Ural Gowin, Dallas, grand larceny.

Governor Revokes Parole.

Efforts of the state convict department and the executive department to eliminate illiteracy from the state prisons received a temporary setback when Governor Henderson was forced to revoke the conditional parole of Arthur A. Strock who had been in charge of the women under the supervision of Dr. W. D. Hubbard, chaplain of convicts. Governor Henderson revoked the privilege of Strock and ordered him return to the state's regular service.

Little information has been given out about the affair, but it is known that during the past few days charges have been brought against Strock in connection with his methods. An investigation has been made of the matter connecting Strock with trouble at the prison at Wetumpka and Governor Henderson and officials of the convict department decided it would be better for the state to return Strock to the regular service and to entrust the work to other persons.

Col. Bibb Graves Succeeds Steiner.

Following the promotion of Col. R. E. Steiner from the command of the First Calry, National Guard of Alabama, to be brigadier-general for Alabama, Lieut.-Col. Bibb Graves has been elected by the officers of the regiment Colonel, and Major Vaiden, ranking major of the regiment, has been elected Lieutenant-Colonel. Captain Marne, of Troop M, was named Lieutenant Colonel.

Bond Permitted.

Governor Henderson remitted the forfeiture bond, signed by four Jefferson County men, W. H. Parker, John B. McCarty and W. E. Cornish.

Incorporation Papers Filed.

Papers of incorporation were filed with the Secretary of State by the French Grain Company, of Selma, with capital stock of $10,000 paid in. The Gadson Grain Company, of Dothan, is organized to buy and sell farm products and to manufacture feed from grain. The announces its incorporation with a capital stock of $6,000.

Papers of incorporation were filed by the Talla Realty Company with a capital stock of $25,000 of which $7,500 has been paid in.

CALOMEL IS MERCURY, IT SICKENS! STOP USING SALIVATING DRUG

Don't Lose a Day's Work! If Your Liver Is Sluggish or Bowels Constipated Take "Dodson's Liver Tone."—It's Fine!

You're bilious! Your liver is sluggish! You feel lazy, dizzy and all knocked out. Your head is dull, your tongue is coated; breath bad; stomach sour and bowels constipated. But don't take salivating calomel. It makes you sick, you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel crashes into sour bile like dynamite, breaking it up. That's when you feel that awful nausea and cramping.

If you want to enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone. Your druggist or dealer sells you a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone under my personal money-back guarantee that each spoonful will clean your sluggish liver better than a dose of nasty calomel and that it won't make you sick.

Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and your bowels regular. You will feel like working; you'll be cheerful; full of vigor and ambition.

Dodson's Liver Tone is entirely vegetable, therefore harmless and cannot salivate. Give it to your children! Millions of people are using Dodson's Liver Tone instead of dangerous calomel now. Your druggist will tell you that the sale of calomel is almost stopped entirely here.—Adv.

Prickly Pear Makes Fodder.

The utilization of the prickly pear in the production of feeding cakes for cattle is reported by the British and South African Export Gazette as engaging the attention of South African agriculturists. For this purpose it is said to have food values of high quality. Its value was demonstrated during a recent drought, when only by its use were the farmers able to keep their cattle, sheep, goats and ostriches alive. The result is that many are now actually planting what they formerly tried to exterminate.

TAKES OFF DANDRUFF HAIR STOPS FALLING

Girls! Try This! Makes Hair Thick, Glossy, Fluffy, Beautiful—No More Itching Scalp.

Within ten minutes after an application of Danderine you cannot find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable luster, softness and luxuriance.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store, and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all—you surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine. Adv.

Quiet Girl.

Caller—That new girl of yours seems nice and quiet.

Hostess—Oh, very quiet! She doesn't even disturb the dust when she's cleaning the room.

PROMPT RELIEF. can be found in cases of Colds, Coughs, La Grippe and Headaches by using Laxative Quinidine Tablets. Does not affect the head or stomach. Buy your winter's supply now. Price 25c.—Adv.

When a fellow "breaks his word," it's might hard to get the pieces fitted back smoothly.

Only One "BROMO QUININE" To get the genuine, call for full name LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. 25c.

The inventor of a French monoplane modeled it after a winged maple seed.

Granulated Eyelids, Stiles, Inflamed Eyes relieved over night by Roman Eye Balsam. One trial proves its merit. Adv.

Oil of cedar is one of the antimosquito drugs.



Don't fuss around half drenched when the FISH BRAND REFLEX SLICKER $3.50 will keep you dry and comfortable.

DEALERS EVERYWHERE

OUR 80th YEAR

A. J. TOWER CO BOSTON



ABSORBINE TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

Reduces Bursal Enlargements, Thickened, Swollen Tissues, Curbs, Filled Tendons, Soreness from Bruises or Strains; stops Spavin Lameness, allays pain. Does not blister, remove the hair or lay up the horse. $2.00 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Book 1 M free.

ABSORBINE, JR., for mankind—an antiseptic liniment for bruises, cuts, wounds, strains, painful, swollen veins or glands. It heals and soothes. $1.00 a bottle at druggists or postpaid. Will tell you more if you write. Made in the U. S. A. by W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

STOCK LICK IT—STOCK LIKE IT



For Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Contains Copperas for Worms, Sulphur for the Blood, Saltpeter for the Kidneys, Nux Vomica, a Tonic, and Pure Dairy Salt. Used by Veterinarians 12 years. No Dosing. Drop Brick in feed-box. Ask your dealer for Blackman's or write

BLACKMAN STOCK REMEDY COMPANY CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE

FROST PROOF CABBAGE PLANTS Early Jersey and Charleston Wakefield, Succession and Flat Dutch, 500 for $1.25; 1,000 for $2.00; 5,000 at $1.50, f. o. b. here; postpaid 35c per 100. Satisfaction Guaranteed. SWEET POTATO PLANTS—immediate shipment. Nancy Hall and Porto Rico, 1,000 to 9,000 at $2.00; 10,000 up at $1.50, f. o. b. here. Tomato plants 500 75c; 1,000 for $1.35; Egg and Pepper plants 500 for $1.00; 1,000, for $1.50; 5,000 and up at $1.25, f. o. b. here. Postpaid 40c per 100. D. F. JAMISON, SUMMERVILLE, S. C.

COTTON SEED—Addison's heavy fruiter. Selected and culled. Earliest big boll. Free from disease or boll weevils. 45% lint. 1¼ inch staple. Record three bales per acre. Excellent for planting under all conditions. Special price $2.00 per bushel. Prompt shipment. Walter P. Addison, Blackwells, Ga.

DIE? NO; EXCEPT OF OLD AGE
DIE? NO; EXCEPT OF OLD AGE
DIE? NO; EXCEPT OF OLD AGE
Investigate this. S. S. BUTLER, M. D., Los Gater, Cali

10,000 A MINUTE will drink prohibition tea, instead of whiskey. One drink sells 1,000 packages. Write for terms. Dollie Mfg. Co., Box, 22, Ballentine Station, Norfolk, Va.

BEAUTIFUL DAHLIAS No war prices. 20 named varieties labeled, $1 postpaid, catalogue free, write for it (mention paper). Enterprise Dahlia Farm, Atco, N. J.

20,000 Receipts Can furnish receipts for anything that is made. Write, naming what you want. D. G. Watkins, Dunnellon, Florida

LIVE AGENTS to sell guaranteed article to Auto Owners. Write for territory. Thumb Supply House, St. Clair, Mich.

AGENTS WANTED—To sell plant inoculation to farmers. Splendid and growing oppor. for a worker. W. B. Gadsden, Charleston, S. C.

W. N. U., Birmingham, No. 13--1917.

Healthy Skin Depends On Kidneys

The skin and the intentines, which work together with the kidneys to throw out the poisons of the body, do a part of the work, but a clean body and a healthy one depends on the kidneys. If the kidneys are clogged with toxic poisons you suffer from stiffness in the knees in the morning on arising, your joints seem "rusty," you may have rheumatic pains, pain in the back, stiff neck, headaches, sometimes swollen feet, or neuralgic pains—all due to the uric acid or toxic poisons in the blood. This is the time to go to the nearest drug store and simply obtain a 50c. package of Anuric (double or triple strength), the discovery of Dr. Pierce of Buffalo, N. Y. Then drink a cup of hot water before meals, with an Anuric Tablet, and notice the gratifying results. You will find Anuric more active than lithia.

WHAT NEIGHBORS SAY



Hampton, Ga.—"I have used Dr. Pierce's medicine in my home for over 40 years, and can say to those suffering with torpid liver, it will pay you to use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. You will find it all he claims it to be." —THOMAS C. JONES, Hampton, Ga.

Golden Medical Discovery has had a fine reputation for the past 40 years, and indorsed by many well-known people. It contains no alcohol or narcotics. Put up in both liquid and tablets.

If not obtainable at your dealer's, send $1.00 to Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., and he will mail large package of tablets.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores.

Millinery

While in town call and see our line of Millinery, Spring Dresses, Coats and Coat Suits, Waists, Childrens Dresses and Middies. It will surprise you to see such low prices in comparison with others.

Prices from 50c Up.

Miss Minnie Muse

CLANTON, ALA.

These Shoes are Great

Correct Style
Perfect taste
Comfort
Service and
Right Price.

These fine recommendations go to make up an argument hard to resist if you be looking for *satisfactory shoes.*

Your shoes are one of the most important parts of your costume, and require good judgment in their selection if you would secure the best results.

If you would be sure of shoe efficiency, select from our stock of 1917 models. Nothing better.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Moneys Worth or Your Money Back"

CLANTON, ALA.

POTATO PLANTS FOR SALE

In May and June I will have potato plants of the following varieties for sale: Nancy Hall, Dooley Yam, Bunch Yam, Porto Rica, Cuban Yam and Triumph. Prices $1.50 per thousand, or in ten thousand lots, $1.40 per thousand.

J. L. WINSLOW,
3-15-8t. Thorsby, Ala.

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week ending March 24, 1917.

Names—WOMEN

Miss Varrie Simmons, Mrs. Alice E. Price, Mrs. Lula Stunks, Mrs. Corene Mims, Mrs. Fannie Finley.

Names—MEN

R. T. Coogen, Tom Smith, Willie Vienson, Jimmie Dixie, Jim Hill, E. W. Killingsworth, Rev. Job Walker.

W. F. Deshazo of Muiberry was here Saturday. He reports lots of rain and muddy roads out his way.

Muscovy Duck eggs for sale, $1.00 per dozen. LERA SORRELL,
3-22-2t. Route 1, Verbena, Ala.

Recommended by Doctor Cothram

Dr. T. E. Cothram is a well-known pharmacist of Alexis, Ala. And when he gets bilious or needs a purgative medicine, what do you suppose he does? Out of his whole big stock of liver medicine he selects and uses Granger Liver Regulator. He says "There is none better." That's a pretty strong endorsement, don't you think, from a man who knows all about the merits of the different medicines on the market? Granger Liver Regulator is purely vegetable, does not gripe nor irritate the delicate lining of the stomach and bowels and always gives quick and pleasant results. It is the best system purifier known. Your druggist can supply you—25c for large box. Accept no substitute.

Buy your Coffee at Hodges and get a Prize Piece of China Ware with each Package. Price 30c for a one-pound package.

Jos. M. Mims and J. H. Benson of Collins Chapel were at the Banner office last Friday concerning business.

Your Last Summer Suit Needs a Good Cleaning

Before you begin to wear it again.

Just say the word and I will do the rest. That's my business---to clean and press 'em for you. If you live out of town, bring or send 'em by parcel post. I do the balance.

SUITS MADE TO ORDER

I carry samples from three tailoring houses, and am prepared to take your measure now for a summer suit. Come and look through. I guarantee perfect satisfaction.

KIN VINSON

Telephone 64-48, Kicker Bldg. Clanton, Ala.

THORSBY ITEMS

Mr. Robert Anderson of Lock 12 spent a few days last week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Magne Anderson.

Mrs. Magne Anderson left Saturday for South Amboy, N. J., to spend a few weeks with her daughter, Mrs. Ivy Horn.

The people of Thorsby and vicinity will have an unusual opportunity in the privilege of hearing Mr. Karl Lehman on April 6th and 7th, in connection with the Christian Endeavor Institute, which will be held at the Congregational Church. Mr. Lehman will be of interest to those not only connected with the Christian Endeavor work, but to all young people and to all who are interested in work with young people. The Montgomery Advertiser in speaking of Mr. Lehman, said, "Mr. Lehman possesses that rare attribute, unostentatious enthusiasm that convinces those who hear him that they can do wonderful things." The LaPorte (Ind) Herald says, "Mr. Lehman is a whirlwind. He is full of fire. He talks rapidly and he utters a truth every time he opens his mouth." Sessions at which Mr. Lehman will speak will be held at 11:00, a.m., Friday, April 6th, 2:30 and 7:30, p.m., and also in the forenoon and afternoon of Saturday, April 7th.

A large audence listened with much interest to the address of Rev. Brooks Lawrence, Sate Supt. of the Anti Saloon League, at Bates Hall Sunday night. Over two hundred people were present. Following some selections by the band and other musical numbers provided by the joint committee of the young people's societies, Mr. Lawrence spoke at length of the prohibition situation in Alabama, the United States and the World, urging that everyone interested be not satisfied until the victory is secured throughout the whole world. His address was enlivened by many apt illustrations and humorous stories, among the being one which illustrated his advice to the citizens of Alabama, that they get together and stick together. In response to Mr. Lawrence's address, something like $50 was subscribed for the work of the league.

Mrs. L. F. Geral of Clanton spent last week with relatives in Thorsby.

The pie social at Bates Hall Saturday night was largely attended and was a decided sucess in every way. About $26 was secured for the benefit of the public school. The members of the School Improvement Association wish to extend their thanks to all who helped us tomake it a success.

Rev. Brooks Lawrence spoke at chapel at the Institute Monday morning on "Thoroughness." The students will not soon forget his illustration of the fact that it takes five hundred times more power to make light than to make a noise.

Mr. H. H. Grove is spending a few days in Birmingham.

Mr. John Husby left for his home in St. Elmo, Ala., where he will visit for a few days before going North to spend the summer.

Usual services at the Congregational Church next Sunday. The morning service will be comunion service with the receptn of members. The evening service will consist of a lecture on Sunday school work in different parts of the country, illustrated with stereoptic views.

HERBINE cures constipation and re-establishes regular bowel movements. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

HONOR ROLL THORSBY PUBLIC SCHOOL

First grade.—Cathleen Gaines, Ethel Peterson, Meryl Freeman, Neel Woolley.

Second grade.—Hobbie Adams, Helen Bushenldher, Vivian Carlson, Ragnor Ekblad, Frank Harald.

Third grade.—Russell Peterson, Bernice Williams, Edwin Gaines,

Fourth grade.—Clarence Bushenlehner, Curtis Billingsley, Carl Berlin.

Fifth grade.—Edith Hinson, Esther Johnson, Pearl Olson, Lola Horn, Mary Ella Gerald, Wilbur Peterson, Walter Mastin.

Sixth grade.—Margute Homer, Louise Adams, Walter Person, Earl Leary, Thorwald Larson.

Seventh grade.—Arno Littleton, Robert Carlson.

It is reported that the storm Monday was more severe in the Fairview community than it was in Clanton.

The limit has been reached. Dr. "Si" Hayes has laid aside his Cadillac and taken up the "Univeral" Ford.

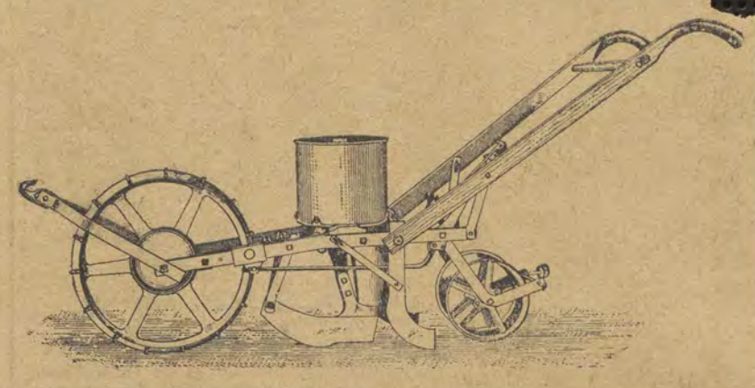
Upchurch Drug Co., is investing heavily this week in some high class gold leaf signs on its plate glass front.

T. F. Patterson of Verbena was in Clanton Tuesday.

Don't forget your Subsotion.

PLANTERS

Ledbetter,
Hoosier,
John Deere



We have the LEDBETTER, the JOHN DEER, and the HOOSIER Planters. The Ledbetter has the distinction of being the only Machine that drops one cotton seed in a place, and is equally satisfactory in planting other grain.

The John Deer and Hoosier Planters have been sold here a number of years. All seed are high price now, and you can well afford to buy a planter that will not waste them.

We have points, slides and wings for the Syracuse plow. We are the only people here who can furnish you the Genuine Oliver Chilled Plows and Repairs.

CLANTON HARDWARE CO.

METHODIST JUVENILES TO BE ENTERTAINED

Miss Warrene Spigener and her mother, Mrs. W. D. Spigener, invite the junior division of the Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist Church, including its Cradle Roll Department, to hold its quarterly social meeting at their home on Saturday afternoon, March seventh.

Mrs. Jesse Chandler was the delightful hostess to the Social Meeting of the Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist Church on Monday afternoon. Mrs. J. C. Jones presided and interesting papers were read by Miss Mabel Thomas and Mrs. Thos. E. Jones. Miss Dovie Roper effectively rendered the solo "Face to Face," while Mrs. Sam Johnson played the piano accompaniment.

Mrs. W. D. Spigener and Mrs. W.M. Adams were appointed program committee, instead of Mrs. F.V. McQuaig, resigned.

The guests were conducted to the dining room and were served delicious refreshments. The hostess was assisted by Mrs. F. B. Collier.

Mrs. J. E. Robinson hase been quite sick for the past week.

Take HERBINE for indigestion.It relieves the pain in a few minutes and forces the fermented matter which causes the misery into the bowels where it is expelled. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

AFTER THE GRIPPE

Vinol Restored Her Strength

Canton, Miss.—"I am 75 years old and became very weak and feeble from the effects of La Grippe, but Vinol has done me a world of good. It has cured my cough, built up my strength so I feel active and well again."—Mrs. LIZZIE BALDWIN, Canton, Miss.

Vinol is a constitutional remedy which aids digestion, enriches the blood and creates strength. Unequalled for chronic coughs, colds or bronchitis. Your money back if it fails.

Upchurch Drug Co., and all leading Druggists in Alabama towns.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

Circuit Court in Equity. Martha Jane Rogers Complaniant vs. Jim Rogers Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit on file of Martha Jane Rogers that the Defendant, Jim Rogers, is a non-resident of the state of Alabama and resides in a place unknown to affiant, and further that in the belief of said affiant the Defendant, Jim Rogers, is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Union-Banner, a newspaper published in Clanton, Chilton County, Ala., once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said Jim Rogers to answer, plead or demur to the Bill of Complaint in the above cause, on or before the 19th day of April 1917, and failing so to do within thirty days after the service of this summons, a Decree Pro Confesso may be taken against him in said cause.

Witness my hand, this 19th day of March 1917.

H. M. SIMPSON
Register.

3-22-4t.

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed whereby I, a sSheriff of said County, was commanded to make the sum of Sixty-two and 80-100 Dollars, costs of suit the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at theSpring Term, 1912, of said Court of said County, Alabama, in favor of J. T. Rockett against Lula Dennis Sanders, I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the Court House door of said County, between the hours of 11 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., on Monday, the 16 day of April 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named Lula Dennis Sanders in and to the following described real estate, viz:

West ½ of North west ¼, Sec. 35, Tp. 21, Range 15. Undivided interest in and to the above described real estate.

This 15 day of March 1917.

H. A. HARRIS,
Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed whereby I, as Sheriff of said County, was commanded to make the sum of One hundred thirty and 45-100 Dollars, costs of suit the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the Spring Term, 1912, of said Court of said County, Alabama, in favor of W. C. Robinson, against Lula Dennis Sanders, I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the Court House door of said County, between the hours of 11 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., on Monday, the 16 day of April 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named Lula Dennis Sanders in and to the following described real estate, viz:

West ½ of North west ¼, Sec. 35, Tp. 21, Range 15. Undivided interest in and to the above described real estate.

This 15 day of March 1917.

H. A. HARRIS,
Sheriff.

FARMERS ORGANIZE

Everybody is invited to meet at Verbena next Saturday, March 31, at 2:00, p.m., to organize a Farmers and Truck Growers Association. The object is to incourage diversification to such an extent that we will have crops to market every month of the year. Also to systematize the selection, growing, grading and marketing the products of the farm that we may obtain the best prices possible.

Don't forget your Subscription.

BEST FOR ALL CROPS

SOUTH ATLANTIC GUANO COMPANY

(SUBSIDIARY MORRIS FERTILIZER CO.)

ATLANTA — MONTGOMERY

A poor crop never pays. A farmer is not living up to his opportunities when he fails to make a good profit on his year's work. Outside of actual Providential casualties, there is no excuse for crop failure in these days of scientific methods of feeding the crop so that each plant is nursed and nourished from the time of sprouting till final maturity.

The methods of mixing and blending the *South Atlantic Brands* and the excellent class of materials used in them as actual food for the plant make them a *scientifically perfect fertilizer.* Their mechanical condition is so fine and free from lumps that each plant gets its full share of each element of plant food, thus insuring better stands and vigorous growth.

Their liberal use means larger yields, better profits and eminent satisfaction.

Give your order early to your dealer for the *South Atlantic Brands.*

FOR SALE BY

TOM KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

REAL CROP SECURITY

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME V I — CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., APRIL 5, 1917. — NUMBER 1

JUDGE REYNOLDS IN REPLY TO QUESTION ON THE BOND ISSUE

Answer is Made to Writer of Letter in Clanton Press of Last Week.

A full explanation of legal Details and Expenses of Issuing Bonds.

Clanton, Ala., April 4, 1917.—There appeared in last week's Clanton Press an article dated March 25, 1917, signed a "County Voter," in which he asked this question, "How much does it usually cost in legal advice, broker's fees, advertising fees, etc. necessary to the issuance of bonds?" In answer tothis question, I will state that it will not cost Chilton County one cent for any fees, whatsoever, pertaining to this bond issue if the election carries.

I have seen every point has been guarded and that there is no possible chance for the county to have to pay such fees. I have even provided in contract that there shall not be any charge for printing of bonds.

The question is asked, "Is there any any other way to take care of the county's credit besides the bond issue?" I will state that I do not know of any, and I speak abvisedly because I have endeavored to find some authority to refund these time warrants or extend the time of payment from the very day I went in office on January 15th, 1917, because there was over $16,000.00 in time interest warrants due at the time I went into office, and less than $10,000.00 to pay it with; besides we owe to our people here at home something over $50,000.00 past due. If the person asking the question, or any other person can offer any suggestion to take care of the debts, I shall be glad to have the suggestion, because I have always been opposed to bonds, and would be now to make a debt, and the only reason on earth I am going to vote for bonds is to save the county's credit, keep it out of bankruptcy, stop paying the exorbitant prices for material that we have to buy, and so we can take care of our roads and bridges.

The question is asked,"Can the Probate Judge give evidence that he can sell the bonds at par?" I here by publish a contract signed by Steiner Brothers of Birmingham, which speaks for itself. You will see that the contract even provides for the printing of the bonds and provides, that should a bond be issued and have to stay in the bank for some time before we could take up some debt, that the accrued interest would have to be paid back to the county, before they could get the bond.

The question is asked, if the tickets of the election of this kind does not state, what the lowest rate of interest shall be. It will not be the fact in this case, but first, exactly the contrary. The tickets state that the highest rate of interest shall be 5 per cent. I will print the full ballot just as it will appear at the election for your information.

Copy of Ballot.

"Official Ballot of Chilton County Funding Road and Bridge Bond election, April 16th, 1917."

Shall Chilton County issue $200,000.00 of Funding Road and Bridge Bonds, to run 30 years, with interest not to exceed 5 per cent.

Make a cross mark before or after the proposition of your choice.

——For funding road and bridge bond issue——. ——Against funding road and bridge bond issue——

The question is asked, "Is it not an amazing fact that the very set of men, who only two years ago, including the Board of Commissioners, and the present Probate Judge, was opposed to the bond issue, but now they are for it. Yes, as I have stated above, I have always been opposed to bond issue and would be now, to make a debt.

I served this county six years as Judge of Probate, and my policy was to pay cash for everything we bought and to buy it as cheap as we could, and it would be the happiest day in my life today if our county were out of debt and could pay cash for what we have to buy, but the debts have been made, and I am looking to the future and to what I believe to be for the best interest of Chilton County, and if I live to go to the election on April 16th, and vote for the bond issue, I will vote not to make a debt, but to reduce one already made and to save our county's interest, and put our people at home on an equal footing with foreign creditors, which is not the fact now; for the bankers, who hold the time interest warrants have a contract that their debt and interest is to be paid first, which contract has been held valid by the Federal Court recently in Shelby County's case, just exatcly the same as ours.

In a hurried manner I have tried to answer every question asked by the "County Voter," and if there is any other information that anyone wants, I shall be pleased to give it; and if the bond issue is not the best for the county, I hope someone will suggest a better remedy, because any other plan other than bonds that would answer the purpose, would suit me better than bonds.

In conclusion, I will state that this is a matter for the people to decide, and if the bond issue is voted down, I pledge the people that I will do the best I can in managing the county's affairs.

If there be any parties in Chilton county, who would like to see the original contract with Steiner Brothers, in which they agree to take the above bonds at par, the same may be seen on application at the Probate office, and the original contract will be gladly shown to any person, who may desire to see the same.

I am now preparing a road law for the County, which provides that any money to be spent on public roads shall be appropriated equally between the beats, according to the number of miles of public road in each beat.

L. H. REYNOLDS.

Read the Following Contract, Which Speaks for Itself.

Clanton, Ala., March 3rd, 1917.—
Hon. L. H. Reynolds,
Clanton, Ala.
Dear Judge:

In accordance with conversation and agreement had with you and your Court today, we hereby agree to purchase such amount of Chilton County, Alabama 5 per cent, 30 year road bonds, as may be issued during the next ninety days, the said bonds to be part or all the funding bonds to be voted upon on Monday, April 16th, 1917, for which bond issue an election was today authorized by your Commissioners Court, at a price of par and accrued interest, we to pay all the expenses of having the bonds printed, prepare the necessary proceedings, etc., incident to calling an election, it being understood and agreed, however, that we are likewise to have the privilege of purchasing at the same price and under the same terms any and all bonds of said issue that may be issued within twelve months time from the delivery to us of the first lot of bonds.

We are also to use our best efforts in having as many of the long time warrants of said county heretofore handled by us surrendered by our clients to whom we sold them, as we can, we, however, not agreeing to have any special amount surrendered, we merely to do the best we can in this respect.

The said bonds are to be approved as to legality by our attorneys, before being tendered delivery of any part of them, and this agreement is made conditioned upon the bond election above referred to carrying in favor of the issuance of said bonds.

STEINER BROTHERS.
By J. M. Levine, Ass't Cashier.

Clanton, Ala., March 3rd, 1917.

Upon motion made by R. J. Williams, duly seconded by W. T. Herrod, the above and foregoing proposition was ordered accepted, all Commissioners voting on the affirmative.

S. E. Waldrup, W. T. Herrod, R. J. Williams, A. P. Vinson, Commissioners.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

Dr. Hayes is remodeling his new building on Seventh Street, fitting it out to be used as a hotel.

Misses Mollie and Lummie Murrah, Vedie Retherford, Mattie Mims, and the Editor of the Union-Banner spent

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eral of the State of Alabama was in Clanton last Friday.

Several people from Clanton attended the dance at Thorsby Saturday night.

County Commissioner W. T. Herrod of Plantersvile, was here Monday attending court.

YOU GET A PRIZE WITH EVERY PACKAGE

Buy "Hodges Special" pure Coffee, put up in pound packages and selling for 30c.

With each package you get a ticket, which is good for a various number of pieces of China Ware.

Whatever prize your ticket calls for is given to you with the Coffee.

The Coffee is the very best Grade, ground and pure.

Call for it next time.

W. Z. HODGES,
Clanton, Ala.

ABLE MAN FOR THE COMMERCE COMMITTEE

Washington, April 4.—(Special Correspondence)—Another instance of the recognition of the special ability in assigning Republican Senators to Committees was in the case of Hon. Frank B. Kellogg of Minnesota, who was given a place on the great interstate commerce committee. Mr. Kellogg probably knows as much about the administration of the railroads of the country as any other man. He acted as special council for the Interstate Commerce Commission in the investigation of the Harriman roads, and as special council for the United States in the action to dissolve the Union Pacific and the Southern Pacific merger. The experience he gained in those cases will render his opinions on the enterstate comerce matters invaluable to the Senate. Senator Kellogg has served as president of the National Bar Association, and is considered one of the foremost lawyers of the country. This fact gained for him a place on the Joint Committee on Revision of the Laws of the United States, where he *is* sure to render efficient service.

ANNUITY FOR CIVIL WAR OFFICERS

Congressman Charles H. Roland, of Pennsylvania, was the author during the last congress of a bill proposing to create a "Civil War Officers' Annuity Roll". In his measure he fixed a monthly payment of from $45 to $75 per month, according to rank, for officers who served two years or more, and correspondingly less pay down to $35, for those who served not less than six months, or received certain specified injuries. Such officers would be entered on the "Annuity Roll" and not be entitled to a pension. Mr. Roland discovered that in 1828 and 1832, about fifty years after the close of the Revolution, Congress passed a law, providing that surviving officers of that war should receive full pay for life. A similar time has elapsed since the Civil War, and Representative Roland is of the opinion that we should make a general provision for the surviving officers of that war.

PREPARATION FOR TRADE COMPETITION

With an eye to insuring industrial prosperity of this country after the war, Congressman Charles A. Nichols of Michigan proposes that all consular officers of the United States shall be entrusted by the Secretary of State to gather information regarding the trade conditions in the countries at war, as they are likely to be affected by the restoration of peace. In a resolution which he introduced in the last Congress, Mr. Nichols also provides that such information shall be published and distributed to American manufacturers in order that they may be advised of what to expect following the industrial readjustment. Representative Nichols believes that such a course would go far to anticipate the tremendous changes that are bound to take place when peace is declared.

COLLINS CHAPEL

Health is fairly good at present.

Mrs. W. P. Lowery spent Sunday at Mrs. J. H. Collins'

Uncle Jack Robinson was in this community Sunday.

Misses Delene and Andell Burnett dined with Mattie Collins Sunday.

Messrs Herlie Mims, Julius Smith Orvelle Martin and Willie Bean, and Misses Lummie Murrah and Mattie Mims attended the singing at Columbiana Sunday.

Mr. Reuben Jackson is at home from the army.

Messrs Manley, Ross and Newton Foshee were in this community Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Bill Benson spent Friday night at Mr. Tom Collins'

Mr. Julius Smith and Misses Mary, Mattie and Lucile Mims and Lummie Murrah attended the play at Thorsby Saturday night.

Misses Ada and Flossie Burnett and Genie Collins dined with Pearl Oslin Sunday.

Master Earl Martin of Jemison is spending a few days with his grandmother, Mrs. W. P. Murrah.

Much success to the Union-Banner and its many readers.

INTERNAL REVENUE LICENSE

Birmingham, Ala., April 2, 1917.
Hon. H. A. Harris, Sheriff of Chilton County, Clanton, Ala.
Dear Sir:

No Internal revenue license have been issued to your (Chilton) County in March, 1917.

I hereby certify that I have carefully examined the record of the Collector of Internal Revenue and the above is complete and correct.

Very truly yours,
SAM P. JONES.

Sworn to and Subscribed before me this 2nd day of April, 1917.

J. B. MOSLEY,
Notary Public.

PROF. W. T. BEAN IS RE-ELECTED SUPERINTENDENT

County Educational Board Unanimous for his retention in office.

At the meeting of the County Board of Education last Thursday, Prof. W. T. Bean was unanimously re-elected to fill the office of County Superintendent of Education.

In view of the fact that Prof. Bean in the administration of his duties of office in the past term has made such a pleasing record with the people of the county, and owing to the spirit of progress which he has put into our educational system in the county, his re-appointment will be received with universal approval all over the county.

Mr. Bean has rendered us a wholesome and efficient administration in the past, and he highly deserved to be kept in the work. Our schools, themselves were due the consideration and good judgment which the board exercised in retaining him.

MR. FRANK HIGGIN'S VIEWS ON THE BOND ISSUE TOPIC

First, I will say I have no axe to grind, and I am a full grown Democrat and never have been any thing else. Now, as to the other set of County Officials, they are my friends and I was never treated better by any crowd, and what I shall say will not be any reflection on their administration. I will say further that when they took charge financial times were not so good as they are now, and they had to pay what interest they were asked then for money. Now, it seems that we have a chance to make a better deal for money.

Now, we propose to issue $200,000 worth of bonds for the purpose of taking up $200,000 debts we now have out. We are paying 6 per cent and have a guarantee to sell the bonds at 5 per cent, which is a saving of $2,000 a year alone. Any purchase that we make now can't be paid for in three years. We owe over $6,000 on time warrants past due, and they are drawing 6 per cent interest; and as they have a preferred claim, theirs comes first. We are over $50,000 behind with our own people who do not get any interest, neither can they be paid until these time warrants are out of the way. We owe something near $150,000 on time warrants and you can see how long it will take to get through with them, unless we get immediate relief.

A warrant issued and payable out of the road and bridge funds cannot be paid in ten years, because it will take all the tax coming in to pay the time warrants. I understand the present administration has a contract to sell these bonds dollar for dollar.

The actual expense for the county for the year is about $15,000 leaving off court cost. Under the present condition it will cost about $30,000. Now, if we go to buy a bill of lumber, of hardware, or to have a bridge put in, or a blacksmith job done, they will charge us two prices, and you can't blame for they don't get but about half what they charge. Now, you see the county affairs are only like a personal business after all. I would not be in favor of issuing bonds if we were not already in debt. We are only issuing these bonds to pay the debts we already owe. I am tickled over the plan the county has fallen on, if it is so, and that is this: they are arranging to put any tax money that is to be put on the public roads, to be divided equally among the beats of the county, according to the number of miles in each beat. Now, if anyone has a better plan, let us have it, as we need to get in a better shape.

B. F. HIGGINS.

J. F. Poole of Route 7 was in town Monday. He says he is having a time at his house. All his folks are sick with measles.

L. F. Gerald visited Thorsby last Sunday.

J. L. McDowell of Route 2 was hauling fertilizer Monday.

P. O. West of Beat 13 was here Monday at Commissioners Court.

NATIONAL
Chero-Cola day
APRIL 18TH

CIRCUIT COURT DOCKET FOR NON-JURY TERM NEXT WEEK

The following is a list of the cases on the docket of the Circuit Court of Chilton County which convenes here next Monday. The term lasts only one week, and the cases will be tried without jury.

Sudie Garner vs. W. M. Traywick.
Chilton Fertilizer Co., vs. W. M. Oden.
Agnes Gerald, pro ami, Hattie M. Gerald, vs. John Patton, Jr. A. E. Walker, Supt of Banks, Garnishee.
H. C. Lathem vs. W. M. Larwence.
J. K. Johnson, pro ami, vs. A. O. Thomas.
C. F. Chandler vs. T. J. Marcus.
So. Ry. Co., vs. Twin Tree Lbr. Co.
G. A. Langston vs. T. J. Marcus.
J G. Hays, vs. G. W. Freeman, W. M. Parnell, and J. R. Parnell.
A. E. Walker vs. J. B. Hardy, Jr.
First National Bank vs. E. A. Matthews et als.
John W. Mims, vs. P. O. Barrett.
Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co. vs. W. D. Dunlap.
Armstrong Cator Co., vs. Clara Mullins.
Little Bros. Co. vs. S. J. Reynolds.
A. E. Walker vs. N. W. Henson.
L. J. Duncan vs. R. E. Fitts.
L. J. Duncan vs. E. M. Barnes.
L. J. Duncan vs. J. P. Funderburk.
C. R. Russell vs. C. G. Glenn.

MT. PLEASANT

Health of this community is very good at present, and everybody seems to have the hustling spirit.

Mrs. Nancy Vickers who has been for several months in Talladega county has returned home.

W. B. Giles and family recently visited at J. Wiley Foshee's.

J. H. Duncan and wife of Clanton spent Sunday here with friends and relatives.

M. C. Williams of near Enterprise spent last Thursday night with L. O. Vickers.

Mrs. B. F. Baxley spent Sunday night with relatives at Verbena.

Jack Dozier and Bert Hall of Elmore spent Saturday and Sunday with relatives.

Ella Culpepper is visiting her sister, Mrs. George Daniel.

J. A. Duncan and family spent Sunday at J. P. Cost's near Lomax.

B. H. Duke and family recently visited his brother, C. D. Duke.

T. C. Sharbutt and wife recently visited Mrs. Tennie Lindsey.

Prof. A. B. Baxley recently visited at G. H. Massey's.

We are very glad to say that Mrs. A. R. Aldridge, who underwent an operation for weeks ago, is at her home now and improving.

Mrs. Will Duke and Children spent Sunday with Mrs. I. R. Lindsey.

J. Wiley Foshee and wife spent Tuesday with Rev. and Mrs. A. R. Aldridge.

Come to our prayer meeting every Sunday night. I am sure you won't regret it.

CARRIED DEMOCRATIC DISTRICT

One of the most popular men in Congress among his constituents is Representative Edgar R. Kiess of the Fifteenth Pennsylvania District. That District was formerly very Democratic, being represented in the three Congresses preceding Mr. Kiess' election, by no less a politician and labor man than, William B. Wilson, now Secretary of Labor. In the 63rd Congress, however, Mr. Keiss was able to defeat Mr. Wilson by 568 votes, and since that time he has so strengthened his hold on his people that he was elected to the 64th Congress, and again to the 65th Congress by 7,712 plurality. Mr. Keiss is next to the ranking Republican member of the Committee on Pensions, and takes a deep interest in legislation for the relief of the old soldiers and their dependents.

"THE SHIELDING SHADOW" A MYSTERY SERIAL PLAY

Thrilling Picture of Romance Said to Rival the "Iron Claw," to be Shown at The Ideal Fridays of Each week until the Last Episode.

Characterized by a greater mystery than the Laughing Mask in "The Iron Claw", a greater love interest than that of the "Red Circle" and greater thrills than those of "The Perils of Pauline and "The Exploits of Elaine," Pathe's Wonder Serial will open at the "Ideal" Friday, April 6th. There is a mysterious character called "Ravenger", who will baffle the audiences, then there is the mystery of "the shielding shadow". There are more thrills—real thrills, developing logically from powerful situations, than have ever been in any other serial.

"The Shielding Shadow" is a thrilling story of flesh and blood people, the novelization of which, by Randall Parrish, will be read by millions. It is based upon a scientific fact and a remarkable discovery.

See it at the Ideal Friday 3:30, 7:30 and 8:30.

Matinee, Friday, April 6th, free to ladies and children.

COMMISSIONERS CUT SALARIES AND OTHER EXPENSE OF THE COUNTY BUSINESS

They are hewing to the line of promises to people; Determined to cut Expenses.

The Commissioners Court of Chilton County has been in session for the past two days, with Judge L.H. Reynolds presiding, and the four other members of the Court present, viz: S. E. Waldrup, R. J. Williams, W.T. Herrod, and A. P. Vinson.

Several minor matters were taken up and disposed of on Monday morning. At 10:00 o'clock, the time previously appointed by the court to take up and decide the matter of salaries and appropriations by the county to various officials and institutions, a large number of citizens were present by invitation of the court to see and hear and to participate in the proceedings.

The purpose of the meeting was to find some way to reduce the expenses of the county, and it was evident that the court had determined to make a long stride in that direction.

The first salary coming to the consideration of the court was that of the County Health Officer. After some discussion motion was made and duly carried, providing that the salary of said official be reduced from $1,000 per year to $500 per year, The change becoming effective on the first day of April, 1917.

The compensation of each member of the Board of Equalization which has heretofore been $6.00 a day was cut down to $3.00 a day.

No further donations by the Court will be made to the Chilton County Fair. A motion was made and duly carried in the court providing that no further donations be made for this purpose.

After July 1st, the county will discoutinue its contribution to the girls canning club work, in the county, according to the order of the court Monday. This is the work that has been and is yet in the charge of Mrs. Lida Jones.

The county donation to the farm demonstration work under Mr. W.H. Conway was reduced from $350 a year to $250 a year.

There was a motion made and unanimously carried to discontinue the appropriations for the boys corn and pig club work in the county.

The policy displayed by the court in cutting salaries and appropriations as they have is in keeping with their pledge to reduce the public's expense. The idea seems good in the face of the present financial condition with which they are confronted.

In the cutting of salaries and reducing appropriatnons, no regard was given to the constitutional provision of the state, nor the acts of the 1915 Legislature.

PLEASANT GROVE

All persons who are interested in a Sabbath School at this place, are requested to meet here next Sunday, April 8th, at 9:30, a.m. for the purpose of organizing a Sabbath School.

A MEMBER.

G. W. Edwards of Route 6 was a visitor to town Monday.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

The State of Alabama, Chilton County. Probate Court. March 29, 1917.

In the matter of the estate of M. P. Robinson, deceased.

Letters of Administration on the estate of John P. Robinson, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 29th day of March, 1917 by Hon. L. H. Reynolds, Judge of Probate of said county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

JOHN S. ROBINSON, Adm.

P. R. Devaughn of Route 2 was in town Monday on business.

R. N. Wilkins of Billingsley was a visitor to Clanton Monday.

MONEY TO LOAN

WE ARE IN TOUCH WITH AN UNLIMITED SUPPLY OF MONEY, AND CAN NEGOTIATE LONG-TIME LOANS ON FARM LANDS UPON EASY TERMS. IF YOU ARE INTERESTED, CALL ON US.

Middleton & Reynolds.

GERMANS DRIVEN AT MANY POINTS

General Haig's Forces Are Pounding Stronghold Which Is Key To Hindenburg Line

GERMAN DEFEAT ADMITTED

Announced That British Have Penetrated German Positions To Depth Of Two Miles

New York.—The British forces in France are gradually creeping up on the important town of St. Quentin, considered one of the German strongholds. Also to the northwest of the town they are swinging their line forward at various points in a straightening out movement that is making good strides eastward.

Meanwhile the French forces under General Nivelle are keeping up their offensive to the south and southeast of St. Quentin and again have made good progress north and south of the Aillett river. They have captured several German trench systems and organized points of support east of Neuville-Sur-Margival. Inflicting heavy casualties on the Germans and driving them back to the outskirts of Vauxaillon and Laffaux.

West of St. Quentin the British have thrust their line through the village of Savy and the Wood of Savy, and now are resting only three miles from St. Quentin. Near Savy the Germans resisted tenaciously, but finally were beaten off, losing heavily in killed and wounded. To the north of this region the villages of Vendelles, on the St. Quentin-Croisilles road and Tpehy, and Peiziere, on the Roisel-Cambrai road, have been taken by Field Marshal Haig's forces.

The German war office admits that the German line for a distance of from one and a quarter to two miles was forced to give way before the British in the region bounded by the Peronne-Gouzeacourt road and the Omignon brook, but says the British suffered heavy losses.

AMERICANS LOSE LIVES WHEN U-BOAT IS TORPEDOED

Two Citizens Of United States Known To Be Dead As Result Of Torpedoeing Vessels

Washington.—Destruction without warning of four merchant ships carrying Americans in their crews was reported to the state department in official dispatches indicating that several Americans lost their lives.

The vessels were the British steamer Crispin, on which two American negroes probably perished and from which eighteen other Americans are reported missing. The Portuguese sailing ship Argo, from which three American negroes are missing, and the British steamers Eptafolos and Snowden Range, on which there apparently was no loss of life, though Americans in the crew suffered.

Consul Frost at Queenstown, England, reported the arrival of a boat with survivors from the Crispin, and says:

"Only [illegible] 19 survivors landed at Queenstown, including captain, chief steward, veterinarian and Americans, R. H. Elser, Newport News; Carl Larkenson, Augusta, Ga.; James Smith, Baltimore; Bland Tinsley, Philadelphia; R. L. Hayes, Covington, ——; James Franklin, New York City; George Keilly, Baltimore; George St. Armand, Worcester; Marry Davis, Baltimore; John Williams, Newport News."

Walked Forty Miles To Enlist In Navy

Little Rock, Ark.—At a patriotic mass meeting held here, Governor Brough, who presided, led forward Harvey Etheridge, who left his plow standing in a field near Morrillton and walked forty miles to Little Rock to enlist in the navy as soon as he heard that recruits were needed.

German Republic Demanded In House

London.—There were stormy scenes in the reichstag according to a dispatch from Amsterdam, when Socialist deputies foreshadowed the establishment of a republic and demanded that the reichstag have large powers in the foreign policy.

Patriots Break Up "Peace" Meeting

Baltimore.—After the greatest patriotic demonstration this city has seen since the Spanish-American war, a crowd of four thousand persons stormed the Academy of Music, swept a cordon of police aside and smashed a big pacifist meeting, stopping Dr. David Starr Jordan in the middle of his speech and refused to allow other speakers to talk. Police reserves were called out and dispersed the crowd. Clubs were used freely and several men were badly injured. Douglas G. Ober was seriously beaten.

Teutons Planning Supreme Effort

Copenhagen.—Germany, according to information reaching here from Berlin, now is gathering to the colors every available man for a supreme military effort to bring the war to a victorious conclusion in this year's campaign—a goal which Field Marshal von Hindenburg and his advisers consider by no means impossible of attainment. Without altering formally the law of military service the German authorities have in practice extended the period of service beyond the forty-fifth year.

ALLIES MAKE GREAT GAINS

British And French Troops Occupy Many Villages And Press Forward In Northern France

New York.—The British and French troops have made additional important gains against the Germans on the line running from Arras to Soissons. On the British center at several points Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig's men have pushed forward, occupying the villages of Longavesnes, Lieramont and Equancourt, and in addition have captured from the Germans a position north of Beaumetz-lez-Cambrai, which the Germans took from them in an attack.

The gains of the French were made in the region to the south of La Fere, where they drove the Germans completely out of the lower forest of Coucy and also captured the villages of Petit Barisis, Vereuuil and Coucy-la-Ville, bringing the French line in this region to the western outskirts of the forest of St. Gobain and the upper forest of Coucy. In the Soissons sector further progress was made north of Neuville-sur-Margival and northeast of Leuilly.

The German war office admits the capture by the British of the town of Roisel, about eleven miles northwest of St. Quentin, and the falling back of the German forces before the French at several points in the forest region south of La Fere, in order to avoid bing outflanked.

Submarine Sinks Hospital Ship

London.—The British hospital ship Asturias was torpedoed without warning, it is officially announced here. Thirty-six persons are reported killed and missing. The statement says:

"The British hospital ship Asturias, while steaming with all navigating lights and with all proper distinguishing Red Cross signs visible illuminated, was torpedoed without warning on the night of March 20. The following casualties occurred: Military, dead, 11; missing, 3, including one female staff nurse; injured, 17. Crew, dead, 20, with nine missing, including one stewardess; crew, injured 22."

It is understood that when the Asturias was torpedoed she was carrying no wounded. She had disembarked a considerable number of wounded at a certain British port and was on a return voyage with some 300 persons aboard.

It is said that the Asturias was torpedoed about midnight.

PLEA TO THE FARMERS FOR PREPAREDNESS

Secretary Houston Urges Mobilization Of Agricultural Resources To Meet The International Crisis

Washington.—The farmers of America have been appealed to by Secretary Houston to join in agricultural preparedness measures so that the country may not be handicapped by food shortage in its effort to meet the international crisis. Elimination of waste, conservation of surplus and attainment of maximum crop returns were outlined as imperative steps for strengthening agricultural resources.

"Both for economic and patriotic reasons," the secretary said in a formal statement," the American farmer should strive this year for the highest standard of efficiency in the production and conservation of food.

"Under the conditions in which this county now finds itself it is important that everything practicable be done to increase the efficiency of agricultural activities during the coming season."

The secretary's appeal is part of the campaign undertaken by the department of agriculture to mobilize the country's agricultural resources.

Moses Ezekiel, Noted Sculptor, Dies

Rome, Italy.—Moses Ezekiel, the American sculptor, died of pneumonia. In his will he asked to be buried among his old Confederate comrades in the National cemetery at Arlington, Va., U. S. A.

British Ship Fought German Raider

London.—The fight which the German raider Moewe had with the British steamship Otaki was not the only one on the cruise. A dispatch from Copenhagen says the captain of the Norwegian bark Staut, which was sunk by the St. Theodore after it had been fitted out as a raider by the Moewe, states that on the way home the Moewe had a stubborn fight with the armed British steamer Governor. The second officer of the Governor was killed and both arms of a gunner named Huddoth were shot off. The Governor eventually was sunk.

8-Hour Work Day Goes Into Effect

New York.—An eight-hour work day will be put into effect by the Western Union Telegraph company beginning May 1 in its principal offices, it is announced here. A statement issued by the company says that all traffic and commercial department employees at functional main and functional branch offices, operators and other employees at non-functional offices, wherever it can be arranged, and plant department gang employees and others whose work admits of definite hours of duty will be paid on the 8-hour basis.

Shells For Bombs Made On Vessel

New York.—After a statement had been admitted in evidence that 250 shells for five bombs had been manufactured in twelve days on board a German merchant steamship tied up at Hoboken, N. J., the government closed its case against Capt. Charles von Gleist and five other Germans on trial for conspiracy to destroy vessels carrying munitions from American ports to the entente allies. Counsel for the defendants moved for dismissal, butJudge van Fleet said there was "ample evidence of conspiracy

WILSON WRITES WAR MESSAGE

Responsibility Is Placed On The German Government For General Terrorism And Hostile Acts Committed

CABINET HOLDS CONFERENCE

Part The United States Will Play In War Is Not Yet Fully Determined

Washington. — The administrative branch of the American government has determined definitely upon a course of action to meet the hostility of Germany.

The president had a thorough discussion with his cabinet on the subject. The meeting lasted only an hour and a half, but with conclusions quickly made known time was found for attention to individual departmental matters. Later the president conferred briefly with Secretaries Baker and Daniels, heads of the war and navy departments.

There is said to have been no difference of opinion in the cabinet on the great question. The president's advisers as well as official Washington generally have long since accepted it as a fact that war actually is being waged against the United States.

Officials believe that Germany in making war on this nation because she has taken more than 240 American lives on the high seas, because she has destroyed American ships by the wholesale, because millions of dollars' worth of damage has been done as a result of German plots in the United States, because she attempted to set on foot a conspiracy with Mexico and Japan to dismember the republic, and finally because of the belief that Germany triumphant will constitute a future menace to the peace of the world in general and of the United States in particular.

The United States, it is emphasized in official quarters, has not in the past and does not now desire war with the German people, but on the German government responsibility is placed for terrorism on land and sea, which now that it has been directed against American citizens and American interests, must be actively combatted.

ARMY ON WATCH TO DETECT SPIES

United States Calls 500,000 Civilian Employees To Aid Secret Service

Washington.—Virtually the entire force of the federal government's civilian employees, approximately 500,000 men and women, engaged in every branch of service, has been summoned to aid the bureau of investigation and the secret service in the detection of spies and the apprehension of persons engaged in plots, intrigues or other activities against the interests of the United States.

In addition the government has sought the active co-operation of the police and detective forces of every town and city of consequence throughout the country. Hundreds of letters requesting such co-operation have been mailed broadcast by the department of justice, and replies pledging unstinted aid are coming back in great numbers by telegraph and mail.

The largest single force which the government has enrolled in its nation-wide spy hunt, with the possible exception of the municipal police and detective force, is the army of postmasters, all of whom have been instructed to permit no clew as to the identity of suspected individuals and their activities to go unreported. Under the postmasters are working the letter carriers in the cities and the rural free delivery carriers in the country, a force all told of about three hundred thousand men.

Bandit Villa Attacks Chihuahua City

Chihuahua City, Mexico.—Francisco Villa, at the head of a cavalry force of 3,500 men, made a determined attempt to capture Chihuahua City, but was driven back with the loss of 500 prisoners and 350 in killed and wounded. The battery on Santa Rosa hill, the key to the city, which Villa took by a rush in his successful attack last November, repulsed the attack.

Cuban Rebels Yield To Government

Havana.—Virtually all the soldiers and civilians comprising the rebel forces of Rigoberto Fernandez in Oriente province, between 500 and 600 in number, have surrendered to Colonel Varona at Guantanamo. In surrendering the rebels gave up 30,000 pounds of rifle ammuntion and 20 rounds of machine gun ammunition, together with 16 dynamite bombs. Fernandez himself is still at large. The forces that surrendered include two and one-half squadrons of cavalry, two companies of infantry and 100 citizens.

Over 40 Americans Held By Germany

Copenhagen.—More than forty Americans were among the prisoners taken to Germany by the German commerce raider Moewe, according to Jack Benson, an American seaman, who has arrived here. The Americans, he says, now are held as prisoners of war in Germany. Benson, who, for a time, was a fellow-prisoner of the men now held in Germany, says that nearly all of the ferty men were horsemen on board the horse transport Esmeraldas, which was sunk by the Moewe.

GERMANY TO HOLD WHITLOCK

Germany Proposes To Remove Whitlock And His Fellow-Americans To Some German City

The Hague.—It is reported from an absolutely authentic source that the German government will ask American officials and relief workers of the American commission for relief in Belgium to submit to a period of "news quarantine," the time not to exceed four weeks, in order to prevent military information from leaking out.

The time would count from the day the men lay down their present charges and notify the authorities in Brussels of their readiness to depart. They will be asked to asesmble at some central point, like Liege, or preferably a German city, such as Cologne, Karlsruhe or Munich, which they would not be allowed to leave for the period mentioned.

The "news quarantine" would apply equally to Brand Whitlock, the American minister to Belgium, and his staff, whom the German government, since the break in diplomatic relations, regards on the same footing as relief workers, although personally in the case of Mr. Whitlock the period of detention, as a matter of courtesy, might be shortened. After the "quarantine" has ended, it is stated that no obstacles will be placed in the way of the departure of the officials and relief workers by any route they may choose.

U. S. Will Protect Life And Property

Washington.—The United States government is steadily pushing preparations to protect American lives and property against German ruthlessness.

As part of this preparedness program the twelve federal reserve banks have made a 90-day loan to the government of $50,000,000 at the rate of 2 per cent per annum.

More National Guardsmen were also called into the federal service, the number now under orders of the war department totaling five thousand.

Excep for information concerning German plots against American interests, it was learned, the public in a general way knows as much as the government about everything directly affecting the present crisis. Concerning German intrigues in this and other countries, the government has much information which up to the present it has not thought it wise to make public.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE COMING TO BRITAIN

Premier Lloyd-George Tells Commons Women Must Have The Ballot

London.—The house of commons by a majority of 250 expressed approval of legislation on the lines of the speaker's conference recommendations for franchise reform. The small minority against such a measure represented not the actual opponents of reform, but rather members who were desirous of postponing legislation of such a contentious character until after the war.

The great feature of the debate was the frank acceptance by ex-Premier Asquith and Andrew Bonar Law, the chancellor of the exchequer, of women's right to vote as a result of their war sacrifices and services, and Premier Lloyd-George's whole-hearted acceptance of the conference recommendation. He was even willing to go still further and make the qualifying period three instead of six months.

Left Americans At Mercy Of Waves

Halifax, N. S.—The survivors of the steamer Vigilancia, one of three American vessels torpedoed by German submarines, March 16, arrived here, homeward bound. Fifteen of the crew, including several Americans, were drowned in the launching of the boats, and Capt. Frank A. Middleton, and the 26 saved, navigated in open boats 150 miles before land was reached at the Scilly Islands. A German submarine, believed to be the one which launched the torpedoes at the Vigilancia, followed the crew in their boats through the night. Captain Middleton would make no statement after his arrival, saying that he had given an account abroad of his experiences.

8 Persons Injured In Memphis Storm

Memphis.—Eight persons were injured, several buildings were wrecked and a score or more were unroofed or otherwise damaged in a windstorm that skirted this city and struck Binghamton, a suburb.

Oliver For Governor Of The D. W. I.

Washington.—Rear Admiral James H. Oliver, chief of naval intelligence, was named by Secretary Daniels as governor of the Danish West Indies which are to be taken over by the United States. The ceremonies of transfer will take place at St. Thomas and in Washington on the same day. Secretary McAdoo will deliver the government warrant for $25,000,000 in payment for the islands, to the Danish minister. Important fortifications will be constructed and the islands used as a naval base.

No German Drive Against Russians

Petrograd.—An early spring thaw on the Russian front, from the Baltic sea to the Carpathian mountains, has rendered impossible for the present any attack in force by the Germans against the Russians. This seemingly put at naught, for the time being at least, the reported intentions of the Germans to attempt to force their way from the Riga region toward Petrograd. Minor operations are in progress, however. In Roumania the fighting continues hot in the Uzul valley region.

WILSON ASKS DECLARATION OF WAR AGAINST GERMAN EMPIRE

Tells Joint Session of Congress of Germany's Misdeeds. Characterizes Present German Submarine Warfare as a Warfare Against Mankind.

Washington.—President Wilson urged Congress, assembled in joint session, to declare a state of war existing between the United States and Germany.

In a dispassionate and unmeasured denunciation of the course of the Imperial German government, which he characterized as a challenge to all mankind and a warfare against all nations, the President declared that neutrality was no longer feasible or desirable where the people of the world was involved; that armed neutrality had become ineffectual enough at best and was likely to produce what it was meant to prevent, and urged Congress to accept the guage of battle with all the resources of the nation.

"I advise that the Congress declare the recent course of the Imperial German government to be in fact nothing less than war against the government and people of the United States," said the President; "that it formally accept the status of belligerent which has thus been thrust upon it, and that it take steps not only to put the country in a more thorough state of defense, but also to exert all its power and employ all its resources to bring the government of the German empire to terms and end the war."

When the President had finished speaking, resolutions to declare a state of war existing were introduced in both houses of Congress, and referred to appropriate committees.

The objects of the United States in entering the war, the President said, were to vindicate the principles of peace and justice against "selfish and autocratic power." "Without selfish end, for conquest or domination, seeking no indemnities or material compensations for the sacrifices it shall make, the United States must enter the war," the President said, to make the world safe for democracy, as only one of the champions of the rights of mankind, and would be satisfied when those rights were as secure as the faith and freedom of nations could make them."

The President's address was sent in full to Germany by a German official news agency for publication in that country. The text also went to England, and a summary of its contents was sent around the world to other nations.

To carry on an effective warfare against the German government, which he characterized as a "nautral foe to liberty," the President recommended:

Utmost practical co-operation in counsel and action with the governments already at war with Germany.

Extension of liberal financial credits to those government so that resources of America may be added so far as possible to theirs.

Organization and mobilization of all the material resources of the country.

Full equipment of the navy, particularly for means of dealing with submarine warfare.

An army of at least 500,000 men based on the principle of universal liability to service, and the authorization of additional increments of 500,000 each as they are needed or can be handled in training.

Raising necessary money for the United States government, so far as possible without borrowing and on the basis of equitable taxation.

All preparations, the President urged, should be made so as not to check the flow of war supplies to the nations already in the field against Germany.

Measures to accomplish all these ends, the President told Congress, would be presented with the best thought of the executive departments, which will be charged with the conduct of the war and he besought consideration for them in that light.

Wilson's Appearance Cheered.

President Wilson's appearance before Congress was marked by a scene of the greatest enthusiasm ever shown since he began the practice of delivering his address in person. Crowds on the outside of the capitol cheered him frantically as he entered and as he left. Congress roared cheer after cheer in an outburst of patriotic enthusiasm.

From the galleries the President was loudly cheered, and there was no division of spirit between republicans and democrats.

Referring only briefly to the long diplomatic correspondence with Germany in his effort to bring her back to the bounds of the laws of humanity and nations, the President launched into his denunciation of the course of the German government, which he declared had forced the United States to become a belligerent.

The wrongs against which we now arm ourselves, he said, "are no common wrongs; they cut to the very roots of human life."

Disclaiming any quarrel with the German people and anything but a feeling of friendship and sympathy for them, the President declared their government had not acted upon their impulses in entering the war, nor with their previous knowledge or approval.

"It is a war," he said, "determined upon as wars used to be determined upon in the old unhappy days when peoples were nowhere consulted by their rulers and wars were provoked and waged in the interest of dynasties or of little groups of ambitious men who were accustomed to use their fellow men as pawns and tools."

In scathing terms the President referried to German plots against the United States.

"One of the things that has served to convince us that the Prussian autocracy was not and never could be our friend is that from the very outset of the present war it has filled our unsuspecting communities and even our offices of government with spies and set criminal intrigues everywhere afoot against our national unity of council, our peace within and without, our industries and our commenrce."

It was evident, the President added, that the spies were here even before the war began. That the German government means to stir up enemies at the very doors of the United States was eloquently proved, he said, by the revelation of the plot to embroil Japan and Mexico in war with the United States.

"We are accepting this challenge of hostile purpose," said the President, "because we know that in such a government, following such methods, we can never have a friend; and that in the presence of its organized power always lying in wait to accomplish we know not what purpose, there can be not assured security for the democratic governments of the world."

The 'whole force of the nation," if necessary, the President declared, would be spent against "this natural foe to liberty" and to "check its pretesnions and its power."

Toward Germany's allies, the President said, the United States was taking no action at this time, because they were not engaged in warfare against Americans on the seas.

The United States, he said, was moving only against "an irresponsible government which has thrown aside all considerations of humanity and of right and is running amuck."

The President expressed his confidence in the loyalty of naturalized citizens and declared that if disloyalty did lift its head it would be only from a "lawless and malignant few" and would be sternly suppressed.

AMERICANS ARE DROWNED WHEN SHIP IS TORPEDOED

Paris.—A French patrol picked up 19 of the crew of the Aztec. Twenty-eight men are reported missing.

New York.—The American steamship Aztec, owned by the Oriental Navigation Company, the first armed ship to sail from an American port, was sunk by a German submarine, according to advices received here by the company from the United States consul at Brest, France.

The cable message gave no information as to the fate of the crew. There were 49 men aboard the vessel, 16 of them Americans.

The Aztec sailed from New York March 18 for Havre. She was commanded by Captain Walter O'Brien. Sixteen members of the crew were native born Americans.

The Oriental Navigation Company, owner of the Aztec, also owns the Orleins, one of the first American vessels to run successfully Germany's submarine blockade. The Aztec carried a full cargo of food stuffs and general supplies valued at more than $500,000.

CHAMP CLARK ELECTED SPEAKER OF HOUSE

Washington.—Speaker Champ Clark was re-elected by a vote of 217 to 205 over his Republican opponent, Representative Mann, as the first step in organization of the House of Representativs—the necessary preliminary to the delivery of President Wilson's war address.

I. W. W. to Order Strike.

Virginia, Minn.—Refusal to bear arms for the United States in the event that it should go to war with a foreign nation and the purpose to declare a strike among miners on the Mesaba iron range May 15, were considered in resolutions presented at a conference of 40 executive officials of the Industrial Workers of the World. Voting on the resolutions was deferred. The meeting was secret and none but holders of I. W. W. membership cards was admitted

More Soldiers Are Caied Out.

Washington.—The war department called into the federal service for police purposes the following National Guard organizations:

Second West Virginia infantry.

Fourth Virginia infantry.

Battery D, Field artillery, Virginia.

The war department also called into the federal service the first and second companies, Coast artillery of the Virginia National Guard. They will be added to the forces already employed for police protection.

"CASCARETS" FOR LIVER, BOWELS

For sick headache, bad breath, Sour Stomach and constipation.

Get a 10-cent box now.

No odds how bad your liver, stomach or bowels; how much your head aches, how miserable and uncomfortable you are from constipation, indigestion, biliousness and sluggish bowels—you always get the desired results with Cascarets.

Don't let your stomach, liver and bowels make you miserable. Take Cascarets to-night; put an end to the headache, biliousness, dizziness, nervousness, sick, sour, gassy stomach, backache and all other distress; cleanse your inside organs of all the bile, gases and constipated matter which is producing the misery.

A 10-cent box means health, happiness and a clear head for months. No more days of gloom and distress if you will take a Cascaret now and then. All stores sell Cascarets. Don't forget the children—their little insides need a cleansing, too. Adv.

If you think you can't it's a cinch you won't.

Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" is not a "lozenge" or "syrup," but a real old-fashioned dose of medicine which cleans out Worms or Tapeworm with a single dose. Adv.

Bad temper it its own punishment, but that does not appease its victim.

WOMAN'S CROWNING GLORY

is her hair. If yours is streaked with ugly, grizzly, gray hairs, use "La Creole" Hair Dressing and change it in the natural way. Price $1.00.—Adv.

If people told only what they know there would be less talking.

To Drive Out Malaria And Build Up The System

Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC. You know what you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out malaria, the Iron builds up the system. 50 cents.

ECONOMIC RULE IS UNBROKEN

The More Money, the Higher the Prices, Has Been the Law Since Earliest Days of World.

When the Indians of New England found plenty of seashells out of which to make their money called wampum, the more of it they would give for a blanket, basket, kettle, pair of moccasins or feather bonnet, says Girard in the Philadelphia Ledger.

The political economy of King Phillip's race and time still prevails. Every day this year the rest of the world has dumped a cool $3,000,000 of gold upon the United States. Now we have nearly $1,000,000,000 more gold than we had when the war began.

If we had cheap wheat, shoes, overcoats, vegetables, or coal after having added nearly 50 per cent to our gold hoard, we should be obliged to tear up all those fine-spun and dusty political economy books we were taught in school.

But the books stand, and rightly so, for the very paper they are printed on has been boosted upward by this colossal wave of gold. When this unmatched crest of yellow metal breaks and recedes, after the war—well, we shall follow King Phillip and his wampum and pay a smaller amount of it for what we buy.

You miss getting many good things by failing to ask for them.



Steady Those Nerves!

If it's caffeine—the drug in coffee—that's causing shaky nerves, the remedy is perfectly plain—

Quit coffee, and for a pleasant, healthful table beverage, use—

POSTUM

Postum is a delicious cereal drink, pure and nourishing and absolutely free from any harmful ingredient.

There's a big army of Postum users who are enjoying better health and comfort since joining the ranks.

"There's a Reason"

STATE TEACHERS MEET IN CAPITAL

SEVERAL HUNDRED PEDAGOGUES ATTEND ANNUAL CONVENTION IN MONTGOMERY.

WELCOMED BY THE GOVERNOR

President James J. Doster Presides—Addresses Delivered By Several Well Known Educators.

Montgomery.—Approximately twenty-five hundred public school teachers are here attending the thirty-sixth annual convention of the Alabama Educational Association, which began at the Grand Theatre April 5 and will continue through April 7. Governor Henderson and Mayor Robertson delivered the addresses of welcome, while the response was made by P. W. Hodges, superintendent of the city schools of Dothan. President James J. J. Doster presided and addresses were delivered by several well known educators of this and other states.

Among persons from other states who are on the programme for addresses and papers of Dr. H. L. Whitfield, president of the Mississippi Industrial Institute and College; Dr. Samuel C. Mitchell, president Delaware College; Miss Eleanor M. Lally, University of Chicago; Dr. Charles H. Judd, University of Chicago; P. P. Claxton, United States commissioner of education, and C. J. Brown, supervisor of rural schools for Louisiana.

Several departmental meetings were held during the convention, among the most important being that of the Alabama Association of Teachers of English, which has been making a campaign during the past year for speech improvement. The annual dinner of the English Association will be held at the Exchange Hotel.

Prizes Are Awarded.

Gadsden.—The prize winners in the Etowah County Boys' Pig and Corn Clubs for last year were announced by E. S. Page, county agent. Finas Hill, of Attalla, won first prize in the corn club and Ernest Anderson of Gadsden, first in the pig club. The prizes in the corn club were farm implements. The trip to the Auburn Summer school was the first prize in the pig prize, the other prizes being pigs.

Guardsman Dies.

Montgomery.—J. E. Sikes, a private in Company I, First Regiment, died at a local infirmary from pneumonia contracted at Nogales, Ariz., and his body was sent to Enterprise, his former home, for burial. This is the first death among the members of the Alabama brigade since its return from the border. Sikes was brought home in charge of the hospital corps, and carried from the train to the infirmary.

Fire Damages Hotel.

Selma.—Management of the Arcada hotel, which suffered damage estimated at $3000 from fire, announced that a new Arcadia will be the result of the blaze. The house will not close, but will be remodeled, renovated and refurnished throughout. The fire was caused from falling chimney sparks. The building was covered by insurance.

Houlditch Found Guilty of Murder.

Montgomery.—The jury in the case of Ed Houlditch, charged with the murder of M. L. Bates, watchman at the river bridge of the Mobile and Ohio railroad, returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree, and fixing the punishment at life imprisonment.

Record Rainfall This Year.

Montgomery.—Rainfall thus far this year totals almost half the average rainfall for the entire year. A total of 22.89 inches has fallen during January, February and March, while the average for the year is 51.12 inches. During March the rainfall totals 10.65 inches.

Leads Son to Recruiting Office.

Mobile.—Declaring that she feels all true American mothers should be willing to make some sacrifice for their country, Mrs. R. M. Powell, of 317 St. Joseph street, has led her eighteen-year-old boy to the local recruiting station, according to Captain James B. Hutchinson, of Birmingham, to enlist him in the navy. The new recruit is Carl L. Powell.

Four Counties Swept by Storm.

Montgomery.—Eleven persons were killed and three probably fatally injured in the storm that swept a portion of Central Alabama. Six of the known dead were negroes. Crenshaw, Pike, Hale and Chilton counties were swept by the storm, but the heaviest loss of life occurred at Petrey, a small town in Crenshaw county, where four persons were killed.

Sewerage System for Dadeville.

Dadeville.—The contract has been let for the construction of a sanitary sewerage system for the town of Dadeville. Work will begin at once and when completed will give a modern system of sewerage.

Big Suit Is Filed.

Mobile.—Suit for $50,000 against the Home Telephone Company was filed in the Circuit Court here by Mrs. Harry Windley, for the death of her husband, Joseph Windley. Windley was on top of a pole on June 16, last, that broke.

Overton Policies to Be Contested.

Huntsville.—Fraternal insurance societies that carried $7000 of insurance on the life of David D. Overton, slayer of Judge W. T. Lawler, who was shot to death by deputies at Birmingham, after he had escaped from the Jefferson county jail, have taken preliminary steps to fight payment. It is stated that these orders all have a clause in their policies specifying that it becomes void when the insured is convicted of a felony. Overton had been convicted of murder, and was under death sentence, but his heirs claim that inasmuch as the case had not been decided by the supreme court, the conviction of the lower court did not invalidate the life policies. Overton also carried $12,000 of insurance in old line life companies, and it is not believed any of them will make a contest.

May Become Munitions Center.

Birmingham.—Alabama will become one of the greatest centers for the manufacturers of munitions in the United States in the event of war, and plans are now being worked out whereby the Alabama Power company, its subsidiary companies and other manufacturing enterprises of this section of the state will be utilized by the government, according to information obtained in industrial circles. Officers of many of the big steel manufacturing plants, iron plants and electric plants have been called to New York and Washington recently, and it is stated that North Alabama will become a beehive of industry in the event that war is actually declared.

Try to Take Liquor from Sheriff.

Girard.—A party of armed men attempted to break in and take approximately $7000 worth of confiscated liquor, which had been stolen from the state warehouse and recaptured by the Russell county sheriff. The men came in an automobile, but were discovered and shot at by deputy sheriffs on guard. A number of shots were fired, but no one was hurt. This is the fifth raid since the goods have been in possession of the state.

Selma Boy Shot By Playmate.

Selma.—Fred Hillmand, aged twelve years, was shot at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Tim O'Flinn, by Ralph O'Flinn, a young playmate. Ralph was looking for his trousers to get a quarter from a pocket when he saw a pistol in a dresser drawer. He picked it up and pulled the trigger, and the weapon went off. Fred was shot through the side and was rushed to a hospital, and it is believed he will recover.

Dadeville Man Found Dead in Bed.

Dadeville.—Funeral service for Owen Johnson, a prominent citizen of Dadeville, who was found dead in bed at his room in a local hotel from a pistol shot in the right temple, were held here. Mr. Johnson had been confined to his bed several weeks and it is believed he became so despondent of his condition that he ended his life.

Coke Sales Are Active.

Birmingham.—Coke sales for the week are very active. The announcement of the sale of 1000 tons of coke for a smelter interest, the coke to be shipped to Laredo, Tex., is followed with announcements of renewal of contracts for 15,000 tons of coke, delivery during the next six months.

Graphite Company Sued.

Anniston.—W. H. Hanna and Lee Hanna have brought suit against the Crucible Flake Graphite company to recover damages in the sum of $100,000 for the detention of land in Clay county, said to belong to the Hannas, who seek to recover possession of the property.

Many Radishes Shipped.

Mobile.—Shipment of over a million radishes raised here on the Carol plantation, was made by the Produce Exchange. The shipment went to Kansas City, Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and Chicago for distribution.

Canning Plant Planned.

Birmingham.—Efforts of the citizens of McCalla to organize a canning plant have been successful, as evidenced by articles of incorporation of the McCalla Canning and Manufacturing company, filed in the probate court.

Large Land Deal Is Made.

Mobile.—Perhaps the largest land deal made within recent years was recorded in the Probate Court when the transfer of 5,000 acres at Wilmer, by the Wilmer Land Company to the Alabama Oil and Development Company was made. The price was $325,000, cash to the amount of $175,000.

Suffrage Is Urged By Dr. Shaw.

Montgomery.—A large audience heard Dr. Anna Howard Shaw deliver a lecture at the Sidney Lanier High school in favor of universal suffrage of all citizens of the United States.

Young Woman Burned to Death.

Huntsville.—Miss Zelma Toms, aged 21, is dead as the result of the explosion of a coal oil lamp at the home of her father, Albert Toms, near Madison.

Madison to Vote on Tax.

Huntsville.—The Madison county commissioners have called an election for April 23, to allow the voters to vote on a proposition to levy an additional school tax of three mills. Petitions asking that the election be called were liberally signed in all parts of Madison county, having been sent out by the county Board of Education. If the new tax is authorized the additional money will be expended in improvement of school buildings and equipment.

INSURANCE SHOWS LARGE INCREASE

PRELIMINARY REPORT GIVES TOTAL GAIN IN STATE FOR 1916 OF $76,548,918.36.

NEWS FROM STATE CAPITAL

What the State's Servants Are Saying, Doing and Undoing—Official Acts Disclosed.

—Montgomery.

The preliminary report of the commissioner of insurance for the year ending December 31, 1916, shows the total amount of fire and marine insurance written in the State for the year to amount to $350,950,490.36, an increase of $76,548,918.36 over the previous year, when the figure stood at $274,407,572. Figures compiled for the period since 1898 failed to show a single year in which the amount of insurance written was equal to that of 1916, the nearest approach being in 1913, when the figure was $328,449,491.00.

During 1916 the fire losses incurred was $2,025,165.86, a falling off from the year before of more than a hundred thousand dollars, which is attributed to the activity of the insurance department in catching and prosecuting "fire bugs." In 1916 the premiums received was $3,798,802.54 which showed a falling off from the years before, when the figure stood at $3,901,171.79. The ratio of losses to premiums in 1916 was 77 per cent and in 1915 79.58 per cent.

Receiver Wanted For Bank.

State Superintendent of Banks Alex E. Walker, has filed in the Circuit Court here application or the appointment of a receiver for the Montgomery Bank and Trust Company. The application shows the company has not been in the active banking business since 1913, confining itself to the functions of a trust company since that period. The reduction of the capital stock from $250,000 to $50,000, the petition says, constitutes a violation of the State banking laws, which prohibit a capitalization of a bank and trust company of less than $100,000.

Governor Orders An Investigation.

Impeachment proceedings against T. J. Batson, sheriff of Jefferson county, will be started immediately by Attorney General W. L. Martin, who is now preparing charges that will be filed in the Supreme Court as soon as possible.

On direction of Governor Charles Henderson, the Attorney General is preparing a bill charging incompetency and wilful neglect of duty, constitutional provisions for the impeachment of a Sheriff, in permitting the escape of David Overton and six other prisoners March 18.

Election in Nine Counties.

Nine counties will hold election during April and May to determine whether or not a local tax for public schools shall be levied under the constitutional amendment adopted last November. If all favor the tax, 15 counties will have levied it since the amendment became a part of the constitution. The last county to vote it was Winston, which gave a majority of 223 for a 3-mill tax which will continue during the next 50 years.

Dates for the local tax elections follows: Houston, April 2; St. Clair, April 3; Madison, April 23; Escambia, April 24; Calhoun, May 8; Etowah, May 15; Randolph, May 21; Covington, May 21; Morgan, May 22. All propose to levy a 3-mill tax except Calhoun, which proposes 2-mill, and Escambia, which contemplates the levy of a 3-mill district tax.

Counties which have levied the local tax since November are Colbert, Franklin, Geneva, Jefferson, Walker and Winston. Only one county, Marshall, has voted in the negative.

Vouchers Approved.

Governor Henderson has approved vouchers for the salaries of Perry W. Turner and Lawrence E. Brown, assistant attorney general, for the three months beginning January 1, thus officially recognizing the legality of the contracts between the state and the assistant attorneys general. Following the recent decision of the supreme court which held that contracts approved by the governor whereby Mr. Turner and Mr. Brown were employed at stipulated salaries were binding.

Storm Sufferers Need Assistance.

Governor Charles Henderson issued a proclamation calling upon the people of Alabama to aid the citizens of the little town of Petrey, swept by a cyclone, where the entire residence portion and most of the business portion of the town were destroyed and nine persons killed.

Martin Finally Loses.

Attorney General Martin lost his fight to show that the act of approving his express accounts by the governor was purely ministerial when the supreme court denied applications for rehearings in the cases of the state rel William L. Martin vs. Governor Henderson and the state ex rel James R. Daly vs. Governor Henderson. The supreme court two months ago held that the governor had a discretion in approving expense accounts, and that he might refuse to attach his signature if he so willed.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of the Sunday School Course in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR APRIL 8

JESUS RAISED LAZARUS FROM THE DEAD—EASTER LESSON.

LESSON TEXT—John 11:17-27, 43, 44. (Read 17 to 44).

GOLDEN TEXT—Jesus said unto her, I am the resurrection, and the life.—John 11:25.

This lesson occurred about two months before the crucifixion, Jesus being in Bethabara at the time of this call (See John 10:40; 1:28). There are four recorded cases of resurrection from the dead: Jairus' daughter (Matt. 9), the son of the widow of Nain (Luke 7), Lazarus, and also Jesus after his crucifixion (John 20).

I. The Lesson of Unbelief. Bethany, the home of Lazarus, is on the southeastern slope of Mt. Olivet, two miles from Jerusalem. Christ and his disciples were on the east side of the Jordan, having been driven there by the hostility of the Jews (John 10:31). He purposely delays his stay in that place that this event might give an opportunity for the manifestation of his wonder-working power. This delay was in face of his supernatural knowledge that Lazarus' sickness had been fatal, for he said plainly to his disciples, "Lazarus is dead." Philosophers have often called death a sleep, but always one from which there was no awakening; hence the skepticism of these sisters is not surprising. (1) They limited the power of Jesus to his person—"If thou hadst been here." (2) They also limited his power to a certain place, "If thou hadst been here" (v. 21).

II. The Lesson of Pain. The suffering of these sisters produced sacrifice and self-devotion. Suffering brings blessing to others. It is also a means of self-culture. Suffering drives us to the Christ, and reveals to us the unrealized side of Christ's character (v. 25). Jesus is often never more kind than when he seems to be least kind. In the midst of her skepticism and pain Jesus gave Martha a new and glorious thought about the resurrection. "I am the resurrection and the life." If we desire that, all we have to do is to get Jesus himself (I John 5:12). Resurrection has to do with the body, and life has to do with the spirit (John 17:3). All will ultimately experience resurrection, but only those who believe on him receive life (John 3:36). There is a resurrection of life and there is a resurrection of damnation (John 5:29). Martha answered, "Yea Lord, I believe that thou art the Christ, the Son of God." It is all-important that we should really believe that (John 20:31; I John 5:1-5).

III. The Lesson of Love. Love always manifests itself in deeds. Martha secretly and quickly arose and left the wailing friends to go and meet the waiting Master. "The Master is come." He still comes, and calls to us, and, if, like Martha, we spring up gladly to meet him, he will fill our lives with blessing and joy. Jesus came to these sisters individually (vv. 21, 28). He had entered the danger zone in order to be there (v. 8), and it was Thomas, the doubter, who wanted to accompany him (v. 16). "Jesus wept," not with the wailing of professional mourners, but with the silent, grief-stricken sisters.

IV. The Lesson of Power. Jesus had let natural causes work to their fullest extent. Coming to the tomb, Jesus said (v. 39), "Take ye away the stone." It was four days after the death of Lazarus before he came forth. Jesus was soon to die and rise in three days after his entombment. The stone had to be removed from the tomb of Lazarus; it rolled itself away from the tomb of Christ. The restrictions which Christ placed upon his exercise of power, viz., that he allowed Lazarus to die, to be buried, and his body to reach the point of putrefaction, and not to come forth until Jesus himself, in his body, was present at the tomb, emphasizes the lesson of the restraint of power for the glory of God. Out of such extreme circumstances of seeming impossibility God manifested his glory (Rom. 8:28).

Browning has given us a wonderfully imaginative picture of his renewed life on earth:

And oft the man's soul springs into his face
As if he saw again and heard again
His sage that bade him rise,
And he did rise.

The effect of the miracle was twofold. Many who were present believed on Jesus, others did not.

Some went to the Pharisees to relate what they had seen, only to meet with rebuff.

The remainder of the chapter is occupied with the plotting of the Pharisees against Jesus, and from this grave there stretches the shadow of a cross upon the path of Jesus.

This miracle ranks next to Christ's own resurrection as a demonstration of immortality.

Are we on resurrection ground? Has the stone been rolled away?

The resurrection of Lazarus proves that our earthly existence is only temporary, that our real existence is eternal.

Why That Lame Back?

Morning lameness, sharp twinges when bending, or an all-day backache; each is cause enough to suspect kidney trouble. Get after the cause. Help the kidneys. We Americans go it too hard. We overdo, overeat and neglect our sleep and exercise and so we are fast becoming a nation of kidney sufferers. 72% more deaths than in 1890 is the 1910 census story. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. Thousands recommend them.

A Mississippi Case



J. P. Sheppard, contract painter, 404 S. Chestnut St., Aberdeen, Miss., says: "I strained my back and from that time on suffered from pains through it. Often when I got up or stooped, a sharp twinge seized me and I couldn't straighten. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me and I am glad to say that the cure has lasted."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Let 'er Rain



FISH BRAND SLICKERS will keep you dry as nothing else will

POMMELS $4.00
BUTTONS $4.00
BUCKLES $4.50
REFLEX SLICKERS $3.50

DEALERS EVERYWHERE
A. J. TOWER CO. — — BOSTON.

STOCK LICK IT—STOCK LIKE IT



For Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Contains Copperas for Worms, Sulphur for the Blood, Saltpeter for the Kidneys, Nux Vomica, a Tonic, and Pure Dairy Salt. Used by Veterinarians 12 years. No Dosing. Drop Brick in feed-box. Ask your dealer for Blackman's or write

BLACKMAN STOCK REMEDY COMPANY
CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE

PELLAGRA

G. S. is a guaranteed remedy for Pellagra, Rheumatism, Syphilis, Scrofula, Eczema, Constipation and all Blood, Liver or Kidney diseases. My guarantee is good to you. At druggists', or post paid, $1.00 per bottle, or 6 for $5.00. Write me for testimonials and mention this paper.

L. M. GROSS
721 Spring Street Little Rock, Ark.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 60c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

Ajax may have defied the lightning, but he never bumped into a "U" boat.

SKIN-TORTURED BABIES

Sleep, Mothers Rest After Treatment With Cuticura—Trial Free.

Send today for free samples of Cuticura Soap and Ointment and learn how quickly they relieve itching, burning skin troubles, and point to speedy healment of baby rashes, eczema and itchings. Having cleared baby's skin keep it clear by using Cuticura exclusively.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

With the advent of a correspondence barber school the end must be near.

YES! LIFT A CORN OFF WITHOUT PAIN!

Cincinnati man tells how to dry up a corn or callus so it lifts off with fingers.

You corn-pestered men and women need suffer no longer. Wear the shoes that nearly killed you before, says this Cincinnati authority, because a few drops of freezone applied directly on a tender, aching corn or callus, stops soreness at once and soon the corn or hardened callus loosens so it can be lifted off, root and all, without pain.

A small bottle of freezone costs very little at any drug store, but will positively take off every hard or soft corn or callus. This should be tried, as it is inexpensive and is said not to irritate the surrounding skin.

If your druggist hasn't any freezone tell him to get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.—adv.

If life hands you a lemon adjust your rose-colored glasses and start to selling pink lemonade.

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy

No Smarting—Just Eye Comfort. 50 cents at Druggists or mail. Write for Free Eye Book. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

THE UNION-BANNER

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W. M. WYATT AND J. B. WELLS
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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

THE NEW ROAD LAW

We have heard much satisfactory comment upon the new road law for Chilton County that has been under consideration of the Commissioners Court at the session this week. The law was read before the open meeting in the court house in the presence of many citizens, and all with whom we have talked were of the opinion that it is a highly deserving document.

We hope it is not only a good law to listen to and contemplate over, but also one that will bring us a substantial firm and reliable public road system.

It has long been the opinion of this paper that the courts could not render a better piece of service to our people than to draft, adopt and to actually enforce some measures that would put our public roads upon a reliable and dependable system of maintenance.

The establishment of such a law, along with the many other good things they are doing, would entitle the present court of Cimmissioners and Probate Judge to much credit. It would be the addition of another star to their crowns.

A little later, the Judge informs us the law will be published and distributed in book form.

Rev. F. B. Ticknor, former Editor of the Union-Banner, has been in Clanton this week. Mr. Ticknor has just given up newspaper work down in Georgia to return to active engagement in the ministry. He will be stationed in North Carolina.

Stoughton Bice, son of Treasurer J. Bice, has been at home from the army camp at Montgomery this week on a furlough. He is a member of Fourth Regiment Band.

WHAT IS THE DIFFERENCE

What is the difference between Popwell's bond issue in 1911 and Reynold's bond issue of 1917? Some fellow writing in the Clanton Press last week wants to know that.

Well, to our mind, there is a vast difference. Not a difference, however, in the real effects or substance of the bonds themselves. We suppose bonds were issued in 1911 about the same way they are in 1917.

But we find a mighty difference between then and now in the causes underlying the proposition.

The people in 1911 opposed a bond issue because the county was out of debt, had some money and was going along all right. The fact that they opposed the proposition was brought about by its being a form of debt. The people opposed debt. In like manner they opposed the debt that was made by the county warrants to build roads.

Now the situation is altered. We already have the debt which was made by the last administration of the Commissioners. And as a matter of fact, the people are as much as ever opposed to the debt. But we have the debt, however much we oppose one. Our people should be glad and willing to put the public debt into the form that will bring us the most good: into the form that will allow us the most privilege and the most circulation and freedom.

We believe that the bond issue is a better form of debt than the interest bearing warrants. Hence, our reason for favoring the bond issue. It is not the making of a debt, but the shaping of one already made into a better form.

Popwell's bond issue was for creating a debt at a time when we had no debt. Reynold's bond issue is for taking care of a debt that is at the present represented by the unsatisfactory time warrant system.

Yes, we have already heard it said by some that they (the Commissioners) will cut everybody's salary but that of the "'Big Boss." The allusion was to Judge Reynolds, and the idea that Judge Reynolds himself, or even the Commissioners would take any steps or show any preference to the Probate Judge or any one county officer over another is preposterous and in fact most riduculous. Such fellows as those who stand around and blow off hot air like that haven't much pride in the welfare of the county, and still less respect for the people of the county who endorse the reduction in expenses which is being made. If these ignoble commentators will reflect a moment, we think they will find out that Judge Reynolds and the Commissioners will run the county's business quite successfully without having to ask them about what to do. And all the smart things they say will not alter the wise course of the Commissioners Court very much after all.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS

The next state examination for teachers will be held at Clanton at the Courthouse, beginning at 10:00, a.m. on the 3rd Monday in April, 1917. All applicants should be present by 9:00 a.m. for registration, except those who intedd to file a second grade and stand for first, and they must be present by 1:00 p.m. on Tuesday.

All applicants who are not personally acquainted with me must be identified before they can be admit. ted to the examination.

Each applicant is required to take the examination in the county, in which he is living, teaching or attending school, If any applicant wishes to take in any other county, he should write the county superintendent for the necessary blank to make application to the state board of examiners for the desired change.

W. T. BEAN,
Co. Supt. Ed.

DELINQUENT TAXES

The State of Alabama, Chilton County. To whom it may concern:

Take notice that the Tax Collector has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax payers, and of read estate upon which taxes are due, and therein reported assessed to the following named persons, as here shown for real estate, to-wit:

Beat 2.

No. 180—Creel, J. R. E½ of SE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 14, T.P. 24, Range 13; SW¼ of SE¼, Sec. 14, T.P. 24, Range 13; SW¼ of NW¼, Sec. 13, T.P. 24, Range 13; SW¼ Sec. 13, T.P. 24, Range 13; Tax and Cost, $12.70.

No. 197—Mrs. H. L. Durbin. W½ of NE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 22, T.P. 23, Range 13; E½ of NW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 22, T.P. 23, Range 13; Tax and Cost, $7.88.

No. 198—Durbin, C. H. One house and lot in Jemison, Ala., Lot 3, Block B. Tax and Cost, $11.22.

No. 253—Hatcher, Mrs. Sallie est. S½ of NW¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 23, Range 12; SE¼ and S½ of NE¼, Sec. 3, T.P. 23, Range 12; All east of Mahan Creek in SE¼ of NW¼ and in E½ of SW¼, Sec. 3, T.P. 23, Range 12; Tax and Cost, $29.41.

Wilson, G. P., No. 2. NE¼ of NW ¼ and SE¼ of NE¼ and NE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 29, T.P. 24, Range 15; SW¼ of NW¼ and W½ of SW¼, Sec. 28, T.P. 24, Range 15; All of E ½ of NE¼ lying east of Montgomery road, Sec. 29, T.P. 24, Range 15; All east of Jordon Dowery line; All east of Jordon Dowery line and S½ of Waxahatchie Creek, Sec. 28, T.P. 24, Range 15; All of NE¼ lying S of Waxahatchie Creek and west of Akin Branch, Sec. 33, T.P. 24, Range 15; All south of Waxahatchie Creek, Sec. 20, T.P. 24, Range 15; All W½ of NE¼ and all E½ of NE¼ lying west of Montgomery road and south of Waxahatchie Creek, Sec. 29, T.P. 24, Range 15; W½ of NW¼, Sec. 33, T.P. 42, Range 15; NE¼ of NE¼ and N½ of NW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 6, T.P. 23, Range 15; (less 72 a. below water line of Ala. Power Co.) Tax and Cost, $51.88.

Beat 4.

Lunsford, Mrs. N. L. S. Mineral and mineral right only, NE¼ and E ½ of SE¼ and NW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 1, T.P. 23, Range 14; N½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NW¼ and S½ of NW ¼ and N½ of S½ and SW¼ of SW ¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 23, Range 14; S½ of NE¼ and S½, Sec. 3, T.P. 23, Range 14; N½ of Sec, 10, T.P. 23, Range 14; S½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of SW ¼ and E½ of SE¼, Sec. 12, T.P. 23, Range 13; S½ of SE¼, Sec. 13, T.P. 24, Range 13; N½ of NE¼, Sec. 27, T.P. 24, Range 13; NE¼ and S½ of NW¼ and S½, Sec. 15, T.P. 24, Range 14; S½ of NE¼ and S½ of NW¼ and NE¼ of NW¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 24, Range 14; SE¼ and W½ of SW¼ and NE¼, Sec. 19, T.P. 24, Range 14; NE¼ and E½ of NW¼ and S½, Sec. 21, T.P. 24, Range 14; All of Sec. 23, T.P. 24, Range 14; SE¼ and E½ of SW¼ and NW¼ of SW¼ and N½, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 14; All of Sec. 27, T.P. 24, Range 14; NE¼ of NE¼ and S½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NW¼ and W ½ of NW¼ and NE¼ of SE¼ and SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 31, T.P. 24, Range 14; NW¼ of NW¼ and SE ¼ of NE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼ of SW¼ of NE½, Sec. 35, T. P. 24, Range 13; S½ of NE¼ of NE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼ and N½ of SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; SE¼ of SW¼ of NE¼ and SW¼ of NW¼ of NE¼ and N½ of NW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; S½ of NE¼ of SW¼ and NW¼ of SW¼ and E½ of SW¼ of SW¼ and SW¼ of SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; SE¼ of SW¼ and NE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; Tax and Cost, $43.45.

Stanfield, Miss Kate. 1 hous and about 3 acres of land, west of L. &N. R.R. in town of Clanton, Ala., known as the old Stanfield place; Tax and Cost, $21.27.

No. 4692—Wilson, Simpson. 3 acres on west side of SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 12, T.P. 21, Range 14; Tax and Cost, $5.90.

Beat 6.

No. 2132.—Peavey, T.S.(Col.) E ½ of NW¼, Sec. 22, T.P. 21, Range 14; Tax and Cost, $10.05.

Beat 7.

No. 2270—Durden, Morgan. W ½ of NE¼, Sec. 10, T.P. 21, Range 12; Tax and Cost, $7.02.

No. 4793—United Realty Co. SW ¼ of SW¼ less mineral rights, Sec. 17, T.P. 21, Range 12; Tax and cost, $6.36; less mineral right.

Beat 8.

No. 2451—Baker, Wiley. NW¼ of SE¼, Sec. 34, T.P. 20, Range 11; Tax and Cost, $4.90.

No. 2568.—Hurst, Mrs. E.M. All that portion of NW¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 20, Range 12, lying between Bogles and Big Mulberry Creek; also all of NE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 18, T.P. 20, Range 12, lying between said creeks, also a strip on south side of SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 7, T.P. 20, Range 12; Tax and Cost, $20.96.

No. 2681.—Patterson, D. P. N½ of NW¼ and E½ of SE¼ of NW¼ and W½ of NE¼ and NW¼ of SE ¼, Sec. 31, T.P. 20, Range 11; 3 acres on south side of SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 30, T.P. 20, Range 11.

Beat 9.

No. 3146—Mary Smith (Col.) NE ¼ of NE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 22, T.P. 22, Range 13; Tax and Cost, $4.25.

No. 3172.—Thompson, Lucy B. Lots numbered one to ten, both inclusive, according to map of Thorsby in Chilton County, said lots being in Block 6 of said town of Thorsby, Alabama; Tax and Cost, $4.86.

Beat 13.

No. 3876—Hardy, F.H. NE¼ of SW¼ and S½ of SW¼, Sec. 18, T.P. 24, Range 13; Tax and Cost, $8.18.

Beat 14.

No. 3995.—Birmingha mFarm and Garden Co. SE¼ of SW¼ and SW ¼ of SE¼, Sec. 4, T.P. 23, Range 12; E½ of NW¼ and W½ of NE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼ and SE¼ and E ½ of SW¼, Sec. 9, T.P. 22, Range 12; W½ of SW¼, Sec. 10, T.P. 23, Range 12; E½ and E½ of NW¼ and E½of SW¼, Sec. 16, T.P. 23, Range 12; W½ of NW¼ of Sec. 15, T.P. 23, Range 12; E½ of NW¼ and E½ of SW¼ and SE¼, Sec. 21, T.P. 23, Range 12; W½ of SW ¼, Sec. 22, T.P. 23, Range 12; NE ¼ and E½ of NW¼ and E½ of SE¼, Sec. 28, T.P. 23, Range 12; NW¼ of NW¼, Sec. 27, T.P. 23, Range 12; NW¼ of NW¼, Sec. 34, T.P. 23, Range 12; NE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 33, T.P. 23, Range 12; W½ of SW¼ of SW¼, and 5 chains off north side of E½ of SW¼ of SW¼ and twenty-six and one-half chains off SE¼ of SW¼ lying on west side of Montgomery road; Tax and Cost, $214.05.

This is to notify you to appear before the Probate Court of this county at the next term thereof commencing the first Monday in May, (May 7th,) 1917, then and there to show cause, if any you have, why a decree for the payment of taxes assessed upon same, fees, and costs.

This the 2nd day of April, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Pribate.

Read Elmore's Easter announcement on a page of this paper. He is showing the finest line of goods in town.

EASTER ABOUT HERE

Means the buying of new Wearing Apparel for the Summer Season.

And this is to once more remind you that we have on hand the very best line of General Merchandise, from which to make your selections.

Our Shoes and Slippers for men and women, boys and girls, cannot be surpassed both for appearance, quality and reasonableness of price.

Ladies who desire the latest in the way of Dress Goods and Notions, will find our stock pleasing and up-to-date.

Gents furnishings and clothing for men and boys. A full line containing anything you need or want.

Farmers, remember too, that we handle whatever you need in your house or on the farm. A big line of heavy groceries and provisions. We invite your patronage and guarantee to please you, or your money back.

W. A. KEMP

Your Money's Worth, or Your Money Back.

CLANTON, ALA.

GULLEDGE FOR BOND ISSUE AND FOR TICK ERADISATION

Verbena, Ala., April 2, 1917.—

The Union-Banner:—I am writing especially on the bond issue and incidentally on tick eradication.

As to bond issue to be settled by the coming election on the 16th, I stand squarely FOR IT, just as I was years ago. I have never changed, while some I know have had change of heart. I say, let them change if it is for the best. Let us have no politics in it, and go to the polls and vote as we see it (if honestly). Let the right rule.

I see no other proper way out of our present financial trouble. (Did I say trouble? If so, let me retract that, we got into debt in a good cause. Good Roads even at the loss of a few thousand dollars is a good investment.)

Don't call it "Deason's debt," nor "Reynolds' relief," for neither —— ——— the minds of honest, thoughtful men. Both are right. Judge Deason and I too, think that he was right in his broad view of our needs. And Judge Reynolds thinks his bond issue is our quickest relief. So do I.

No big thing of which I have knowledge, was ever financed by individual or community finances. Morgan, Rockfellow and other world- renowned financiers use the money of others and profit by so doing. Bonds give us cheap cash, not warrants. Our outstanding present debt must be paid. If we have an over-plush, the county will have the cash for it.

To me, (and I pride myself on being no small tax-payer) I would favor $500,000.00 bond issue for road building. Let us ave good roads, even if it does cost heavily. They are cheap in the end.

The man who usually kicks most about his increased tax is the one who pays least ratio on his property.

So I say again, give me the bond issue.

As to tick eradication, will say, How can any sensible person oppose it in the face of accounts of its good effects from every other county that has tried it?

Think of the vast profits we lose by not now having tick-free cattle. Ship a car of cattle north, and they are billed and sold as southern cattle, "Tick Zone." Thus you lose 1 to 2 cents per pound on each cow.

And why the tick question was not included in this bond election is a question. To me the answer is POLITICAL COWARDICE.

On January 15th, past, I had raised and bought of tenants on their debts, 30 milch cows. During past fall and winter I missed the sale of not less than 15 milch cows in Elmore and Autauga counties to people who needed them, and their children suffered for milk and butter on account of the fact that I was in a county, which is saying by word and acts, "Let us keep the cattle tick."

My cattle carry no ticks, nor have they for years past. yet I am in the tick zone and must suffer the tick penalty.

Following is a clipping from the Birmingham Age-Herald of last Sunday, which covers all the ground, and should convince the most skeptical:

"War on Cattle Ticks.

"Mississippi has the biggest tick-fighting army in the world, says Dr H. H. Chadwick of the State Live Stock Sanitary Board, 500 men being employed in the work of eradication, and 500 concrete dipping vats being required to accommodate the more than half-million cattle in that state. On the first of April the state-wide tick eradication law will be put in force in every county, and millions of ticks will be killed with the first broadside. The cattle will be dipped every two weeks and those who do not dip their cattle will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law. Vats have been dynamited in several counties during the past two weeks, and some arrests have been made, but this does not stop the dipping in any county, as the cattle are simply driven to the next vats. The campaign is costing a lot of money, but all sensible farmers are enthusiastic advocates and are obeying the law to the letter. For one charge of the vats 200,000 pounds of arsenic are required, and arsenic is costing 16c per pound, or double that it cost a year ago. The charge also requires 400,000 pounds of sal soda and 15000 gallons of pine tar. These ingredients cost heavily, the county paying that expense, and for the construction of the vats. The counties also employ and pay some of the men, but the inspectors are paid and sent here by the government, and thus one-third the burden is lifted off the state and county authorities."

Yours for the bond issue and tick eradication.

F. A. GULLEDGE.

P.S.—As many as can should attend the good roads meeting in Birmingham.

DEATH OF MRS. LOWE

The sad death of Mrs. W. E. Lowe occurred at the home of the family in Clanton at an early hour Tuesday morning. She had been ill for several weeks, and her death was not unexpected. She leaves a husband and four children. Her remains were buried Tuesday afternoon in the Clanton Cemetery.

Mr. E. H. Smith, a Confederate veteran of Mt. Creek was in Clanton Tuesday. Mr. Smith is seeking to organize a Camp of Canfederate Veterans here. There will be a meeting in regard to the movement July 1st.

H. T. Littlejohn, who is engaged in the timber business at Chelsea, came down to Clanton Sunday on a short visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Marshal Baker of Birmingham are visiting relatives here this week.

The Ideal Theatre, Mr. P. C. Smith Manager, is inviting its friends to see the initial number of the serial picture story on Friday afternoon.

Don't forget about the bond issue. You should vote for it because it is the best for the county. Read the letter in this issue of the Union-Banner from the Campaign Committee. They outline the reasons for the bond issue.

Wonder if Georgia voted against beer because it is Teutonic.

A Letter Regarding the Bond Issue by the Committee in charge of the Campaign.

Clanton, Alabama, March 29, 1917.

To the People of Chilton County:

The Commissioners Court has ordered an election for April 16, 1917, to submit to the qualified voters of Chilton County, the question of whether or not there should be a bond issue. Every observant person in the county is familiar with the county's financial condition. Patriotic and thoughtful citizens, who are tax-payers of the county, who have given the matter careful consideration, and whose judgment is entitled to respect, have reached the conclusion that the only salvation for the county is the bond issue. Your Probate Judge has declared for the bond issue; your County Commissioners have declared for the bond issue; in fact every officer in the county is unequivocally in favor of the bond issue.

We desire to submit to your careful consideration the following reasons why you should vote for and support the bond issue:

1. We get a lower rate of interest on the bonds than we are paying on the warrants. We are now paying 6 per cent interest; we will get money on the bonds at 5 per cent; no discount, no commissions, no fees; thereby saving the county about $2,000 a year on interest.

2. The bond issue will place the county on a cash basis. We now pay from 50 to 100 per cent above the cash price for all goods and materials bought for the county.

3. If the bond issue is defeated, all work on the public roads and bridges will stop; they will continually go down and become impassible, for we will have no money to care for them.

4. All the road and bridgetax for the next ten years has been contracted to the parties holding the time and interest bearing warrants, and under the law, it must be paid to them.

5. The county now owes over $200,000.00, and an amount of about $60,000.00 is past due, not counting the accrued interest.

6. The bond issue does not increase the present indebtedness one cent; it pays and extends the debt already created. No bond can be issued for any other purpose than to take up the county warrants already issued. The burden is not increased but lightened.

7. If we fainl to vote for the bond issue, and the bond issue fails to carry, we have not hurt the larger creditors of the county, for they are holders of the interest bearing warrants, and get inteest on their claims, but we do hurt our own people here at home, whose claims do not bear interest, and who are having to discount their bills at from 25 to 50 per cent.

It is unfair to ourselves and to our county, for us to consider whether or not it was best to create the indebtedness of the county. That is a consideration with which we are confronted and now cannot be changed. As patriotic citizens, the only question for us to determine now is whether or not the bond issue will be to the best interest of the county. When all prejudice is laid aside, and the matter is considered from a business and patriotic standpoint, we feel that you will be brought irresistably to the conclusion that the bond issue is the only solution of our present financial ills, and that you will give the same your vote and support.

Faithrully yours,

W. T. BEAN, Chairman,
J. H. GULLEDGE,
W.Y. NIX,
J. WILEY LITTLEJOHN,
J. C. JONES.
Committee.

YOUNG MOTHERS

The young expectant mother has the right to know more about those secret processes of nature which mean so much to her and her child. The discomfort which precedes the birth of the child is due to a great extent to the tension on the drawn skin of the abdomen.

By simple applications of "Mother's Friend," night and morning, the fine network of nerves are soothed; the muscles expand easier; the skin becomes softer; the period of expectancy is passed in comfort and a great share of the pains so much dreaded at the crisis may be avoided.

"Mother's Friend" is the prescription of a famous physician.

All husbands are more than glad to get it from the druggist.

Apply it yourself, night and morning. Write for a book every mother should read. It is free to users of "Mother's Friend." Address Bradfield Regulator Company, Dept. C. 554 Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

Your Chance for Easter Bargains

Some Prices that will Open Your Eyes.



The New GOSSARD CORSETS for Spring

WHILE retaining all those qualities that have characterized and famed Gossard corsets in past seasons, they strike a new note in corsetry—a subtle change that is reflected in a more delicately beautiful outline and in an even more graceful flat back.

Youth is the keynote in the style of these new Gossard models.

Without any undue pressure you are assured absolute comfort and freedom of movement because the Gossard secret of scientific boning assures the most perfect support where it is needed; proper breathing is induced and the whole body thrown into the healthful poise advocated by your physician.

This is the
Thirty-second Announcement and Proclamation of Gossard Corset Styles for Spring and Summer, 1917

The new models vary in height of bust and length of skirt—as they should—to meet the individual requirements of the various figure types, but the general tendency is toward less corset, lower bust and shorter skirts with a smaller waistline indicated by skillful designing rather than actually expressed.

Be fitted today to one of the many models designed for your figure type at $2.00, $2.50, $3.50, $4.25, $5.00 and up. An expert corsetiere who *understands* your corset problems will deem it a pleasure to fit you without obligation.

EASTER SPECIALS

10c Lace for 5 cents per yard in all widths. Also big line of Round Thread and Val Lace.

CAMISOLES

Beautiful line in all materials. Big Values. Prices range from **25c** to **98c**

EASTER MUSILNWARE

Just received a new line of Ladies Muslin Gowns cut in neck and beautifully trimmed. Price **75c** to **$1.50**

UNDERWEAR

Knit Underwear for Ladies in All Styles. Per Suit **50c**

MUSLIN TEDDIES

Beautiful Line of Spring Teddies, in all sizes for **98c**

CHILDRENS WARE

Children's Easter Dresses for **35c** up to **$3.98**

MIDDIE BLOUSES

In all the New Styles. Prices **49c** and **98c**

SILK DRESSES

New Silk Dresses for Easter. **$14.95** - **$22.50**

COAT SUITS

Big Lins of Coat Suits for Easter in all the new Shades for **$9.50** to **$22.50**

FANCY HANDKERCHIEFS

Big Sale of Fancy Handkerchiefs at 7 for **25c**

Spring Modes



The House of KUTZ Atlanta

Millinery

DIFFERENT HATS FOR EASTER. WE ARE SHOWING THE LARGEST LINE OF LADIES HATS THAT HAVE EVER BEEN SHOWN THROUGH THIS PART OF THE COUNTRY. MRS. CLARA MULLINS IS STILL AT THE HEAD OF THIS DEPARTMENT, AND WILL BE GLAD TO SHOW YOU THROUGH.

PRICES FROM **25c** to **$18.00**

1000 yds. Striped Voil worth 15c; for Easter, 10c a yard. 500 yds. Flowered Muslin worth 15c; for Easter selling at 10 cents a yard.

Note from Mr. Elmore.

Elmore's is now ready for you in a bigger and better way than ever before. This old and tried policy of one fair price to all, and that spot cash, will be our policy of today and tomorrow and always. I want you to come here knowing full well that Elmore's will stand between you and high prices, as it has done for the past six months. The Easter adornment for Fashions is here and reflects the very latest styles of the season. I invite you to come here and shop.

VIRGIL J. ELMORE.

The Famous May Manton Oxfords for Ladies.

Prices from $3.95 to $5.50.

"The Belle of Broadway" Big line of medium price Ladies Slippers Selling Price **$2.85**

Our low cut shoes in the cheaper grades range from **$1.98 to $2.85**

CHILDRENS SLIPPERS

We have them in all the styles at prices from **75c to $2.95**

Sport Oxfords, Leather & rubber bottoms. Prices ***$1.45 to $1.75***

White canvas slippers all kinds, low and high heels **$1.45 to $3.95**

We are well fixed on ladies and childrens slippers as we bought early, and we can save you money. Will gladly show you.

We are Offering Big Values in Silks.

At Reduced prices for Easter.

$2.00 Colored Taffeta, a yd. **$1.50**

$2.00 Georgette Crepe, a yd. **$1.50**

Sports Goods of all kind. Price per yard, Ranges anywhere from **10c** to **98c**

Voils in big wide Stripe **10c** to **49c**

Bed Spreads All Makes **$2** - **$3.50**

White Goods—40 inch White Lisle, Thread Voil, Per yard, **25c**

40 inch white Organy **35c** to **75c**

36 inch English Nainsook only **30c** yd.

We are carrying a large line of Sun Hats. Prices from **10c** to **50c**

Little Boys' Hats.—We have bought very heavily in this Line, and have already received about forty dozen. Now is the time to buy. Prices are from **25c** to **98c**

We wish to impress the fact that we have surely made every effort to secure the goods which our patrons demand, not only in the lines mentioned here, but also in many other lines which we do not describe. And we shall put forth every possible effort to please those who come to our store to purchase their goods.

You are especially invited to come and let us show you through our stock at any time which is convenient to you.

SHIRT WAISTS

Crepe de chine and Silk greatly underpriced Easter week. Colors moize, flesh, pink, blue, and white.

98c to $3.25

STRICTLY CASH TO ALL

Elmore's
LADIES & GENTS FURNISHINGS

ONE PRICE TO ALL

We have just received by express large shipment of separate skirts in new plaids and stripes; best grad no two alike. Prices **98c to $7.50**

WOMAN'S STRANGE EXPERIENCE MORE THRILLING THAN FICTION

Mrs. E. O. Wilson's Husband Tells Story Filled With Human Interest.

HAD TO SACRIFICE HOME

Friends and Neighbors Called and Offered Encouragement and Sympathy.

HOME, hope and money gone. A loving husband and a little daughter tearfully waiting for the dread summons which would take away wife and mother.

That, in brief, describes the scene enacted one October day, a year ago, when E. O. Wilson and his little daughter sat in a darkened room awaiting the end they thought near.

This chapter in the story of the Wilson family is one of sorrow and suffering, pathos and human interest. It is one which touched the hearts of friends and caused them to pour out sympathy to a sorrowing husband.

Five years ago E. O. Wilson, his wife and child were a happy family. They moved to Atlanta from Abbeville, S. C., so Mr. Wilson could accept a position on a newspaper.

Mr. Wilson prospered and the family moved into a little home of their own. Mrs. Wilson took an interest in church work and in the Woman's Auxiliary of the Typographical union. Her future looked bright.

It was in the early part of 1913 that the blow fell. But let Mr. Wilson tell the story. He can do it better, because every detail is indelibly stamped upon his memory.

Mr. Wilson's Story.

"MY name is E. O. Wilson and I live at 197 Bass street, Atlanta, Ga., with my wife and seven-year-old daughter. I have been a printer for sixteen years and am a member of the Typographical Union.

"It is with a sense of gratitude for being permitted to have with me today my dear wife that I am voluntarily making this statement. I want everybody interested to know that it comes from the bottom of my heart.

"During the spring of 1913 when I thought that nothing could impair my happiness, the blow fell. My wife, until that time healthy and strong, was stricken with illness. She was weak and nervous and at times had dreadful smothering sensations to the point of fainting. She would have fearful headaches, pains in her back and over her kidneys and her joints ached all the time. She got so bad off that she couldn't do her housework and had to take to her bed. She didn't know what it was to get a good night's sleep.

"I called a doctor who treated her eight weeks and she showed no improvement. I took the advice of another doctor and my wife was operated upon twice and spent 17 weeks in two hospitals with several weeks of nursing at home between operations.

"She got weaker and weaker. I was desperate. My savings were gone. I was in debt. So I sacrificed my home.

"Driven frantic by my thoughts, I called in three Atlanta specialists. This was along in October, 1915. My wife was a shadow of her former self. They told me she could not possibly live more than five days.

"The five days passed and, although she still lived, she grew weaker and weaker and finally I was told she would die within the next few days. She got where she was too weak to talk and could not eat. I looked for the end at any time.

SHE LIVED TO TELL STORY



Mrs. E. O. Wilson of Atlanta, Ga., Whose Experience Amazed Friends.

Had Lost All Hope.

"YOU will get an idea of her desperate condition when I tell you that the members of the Woman's Auxiliary of the Typographical union had arranged for a floral offering for my wife's funeral.

"I am now going to tell you the remarkable part of my story.

"I had seen an advertisement for Tanlac and had heard of the remarkable results being accomplished by this new medicine, but never thought I would have need for any. One day as I sat in the swing on our little front porch I thought of this advertisement and somehow or other I got a ray of hope. With one of the few remaining dollars I had, I bought a bottle.

Doctors Are Amazed.

"MY wife was so weak I only gave her half the amount recommended. In a few days I noticed a strange improvement in her condition. I could have wept for joy. After I had given her one bottle of Tanlac the doctors called one day and were surprised to find her sitting up in bed eating some toast and drinking some milk. They were amazed.

"When my wife had taken two bottles of Tanlac she was able to sit in a rolling chair and she continued to improve rapidly. Those were indeed happy days. I forgot my previous suffering. I forgot that our little home was gone. I thought of nothing except that my wife was alive and rapidly recovering her health and I thank God for letting me do what I did.

"Today she is a perfect picture of health. She can eat anything she wants. Such things as meat, turnips, and hard-boiled eggs do not bother her a particle and she sleeps as well as she did when a girl in her teens. She took eleven bottles of Tanlac and gained 30 pounds.

"So, this is my statement. It is true that I spent all that I had saved trying to restore her health. I don't know until this day what actually ailed my wife, but I do know how healthy and happy she is today and I can truthfully say that nothing on earth did this but Tanlac."

There is a Tanlac dealer in your town.—Adv.

Not Hard to Do.

"They spend their money faster than they make it."

"Well, that's no trick nowadays."

A KIDNEY MEDICINE WITH THOUSANDS OF FRIENDS

Several years ago I suffered from Kidney and Bladder trouble. I was completely run down in health and lost twenty-eight pounds in weight. I suffered nearly all the time. I could not bear to ride in a buggy and could not walk over one hundred yards without having to sit down. I could not eat hardly anything. I had several doctors working on me several years. They tried everything and I did not gain in health. A Swamp-Root Almanic was left at my house and after reading it, I resolved to try your remedy. I obtained six bottles through the druggist and had taken five of them when I was entirely cured. Gained thirty pounds in weight in a few weeks and was a new man in every respect. I always keep Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root in the house, and recommend it to my friends as I have not the slightest doubt of its ability to cure Kidney trouble in its worst form.

Yours very truly,
T. J. CARLISLE,
Enterprise, Alabama.

State of Alabama }
Coffee County }

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this the 13th day of July, 1909.
S. N. ROME,
Notary Public.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

The Likeliest One.

"Whom shall we send to write up this bear story?"

"Why not send a cub reporter?"

The Hint Sufficient.

"Pa, why do you insist on my singing when Mr. Rimley calls?"

"Well, I don't like the fellow, and yet I hate to come right out and tell him to go."

DEATH LURKS IN A WEAK HEART, so on first symptoms use "Renovine" and be cured. Delay and pay the awful penalty. "Renovine" is the heart's remedy. Price $1.00 and 50c.—Adv.

Couldn't Suit Her.

"Do you guarantee these colors fast?" asked the customer at the hosiery counter.

"Certainly not, madam," replied the new clerk in the fullness of his knowledge. "Black is never considered a fast color, you know. But I can show you something pretty swift in stripes."

GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER

Few persons can be sick who use **Green's August Flower.** It has been used for all ailments that are caused by a disordered stomach and inactive liver, such as sick headache, constipation, sour stomach, nervous indigestion, fermentation of food, palpitation of the heart from gases created in the stomach, pains in the stomach, and many other organic disturbances. **August Flower** is a gentle laxative, regulates digestion, both in the stomach and intestines, cleans and sweetens the stomach and whole alimentary canal, and stimulates the liver to secrete the bile and impurities from the blood. Try it. Two doses will relieve you. Used for fifty years in every town and hamlet in the United States and in all civilized countries.—Adv.

In the Trenches.

"No blankets, captain."

"Well, boys, we'll just have to cover ourselves with glory."

THROUGH THE VALLEY

Only Temporarily Closed Are the Gates Between Mortal and Immortal Life.

THERE came a day when the lilies were glad. They two had met and their souls were one. It was a high time for him, for he was loving another better than himself. It was a high time for her, for it was the great day of faith. They said the one to the other: "Surely heaven is bending low. This is more than life." The moonlight dreamt on the lilies, and the world was young—so young.

* * *

Then came a day when the lilies trembled, and then were still. They two went to the valley of tenderness and of death. He stayed at the gate, but she went in. And the lilies were still. And lo, the gates swung wide and she came back. Wrestling with the enemy had made her pale; talking with God had made her white. In her soul were things that never could be said, and in her arms was God's gift to her and her gift to men. It was a wondrous high time for them, for they were three. The twain were giving themselves in order that another might be. And they walked together through the lilies, saying the one to the other: "Miracle of miracles! That which was perfect has been made more perfect. The other was happiness, but this is rapture." And the lilies were glad—so glad.

* * *

Then came a day when all the lilies in the garden trembled, and then were still—so still. The three wrestled in the darkness. They three were swept into the valley. They two fought and prayed to have and to hold their own. They two stood and waited and watched. Then the two came back. And the gates were closed. And the lilies were still—yet still.

Then the two went away, hand in hand, through the lilies. They were lonely—so lonely. The sun was gray, and the heart of life was dead. But they said, the one to the other: "God was good to send the little messenger, even though the message was so soon said. Let us be glad."

And lo, from the lilies came their spirit child to walk with them. And they shall have their own forever and forever. There shall be no fear, and their tears shall grow sweeter and sweeter.—Henry M. Edmunds in Indianapolis News.

Glad Tidings

What tidings of reverent gladness are voiced by the bells that ring
A summons to men to gather today in the courts of Christ, the King!
We come to our dear Lord's altar; what brightness greets us there!
The gloom of the winter has vanished and beauty is everywhere.
O beautiful, beautiful lilies, what truths you typify!
You seemed to die in the autumn, and yet you did not die.
"Alleluia!" the choir is chanting, with joyous, jubilant voice.
"The Lord is risen, is risen! Rejoice, rejoice, rejoice!"
"He is risen!" O glorious message! "He lives who once was dead!"
And hearts that were heavy with sorrow hear and are comforted.
From the censer cups of the lilies rise scents of myrrh and balm,
And the soul, like a lark, soars upward, winged with the Easter psalm.
And on the Easter morning, while joyful voices sing,
You repeat to all the lesson of the miracle of spring.
From the tomb in which men laid him the stone is rolled away,
And lo! the Christ they sing of is here in our midst today.
—Eben E. Rexford in the Christian Herald.

Significance of Easter Water.

It is said to be a preservative against illness for the whole year to wash oneself in snow or rain water fallen on Easter. In Saxony the peasants also bring their horses into the water to ward off sickness from them. The Easter water, however, has virtue only when, while drawing it, the wind is due east. So far is this carried in the northern parts of Europe that, when the spring is backward, and the Easter waters still ice-bound, the pious folk break through the ice in order to bathe in the streams. Often great numbers gather on the banks and encourage the bathers with shouts and cheers.

New Life, Hopes, and Expectations.

Various as are the interpretations of those profound meanings lying behind the historic observance of the church, the essential feeling of Easter is of resurrection, of new life, of new hopes and expectations, and to this spiritual prophecy the springtime lends its physical reality, graciously pictorializing the promises of faith.



THE OLD ROAD TO PARADISE

Ours is a dark Eastertide and a scarlet spring,
But high up by heaven's gate all the saints sing,
Glad for the great companies returning to their King!

Oh, in youth the morn's a rose, dusk an amethyst,
All the roads from dusk to dawn gayly wind and twist—
The old road to paradise, easy is it missed!

But out on the wet battlefields few the roadways wind
(One to grief, one to death, no road that's kind),
The old road to paradise, plain it is to find!

(St. Martin in his colonel's cloak, Joan in her mail,
David in his robe and sword—none there be that fail—
Down the road to paradise they stand to greet and hail!)

Where the dark's a terror-thing, morn a hope doubt-crossed
Where the lads lie thinking long out in rain and frost,
There they find their God again long ago they lost.

Where the night comes cruelly, where the hurt men moan,
Where the crushed forgotten ones whisper prayers alone,
Christ along the battlefields comes to lead His own.

Souls that might have withered in world's hot glare,
Blown and gone like shriveled things dusty on the air,
Rank on rank they follow Him, young and strong and fair!

Ours is a sad Eastertide and a woeful day,
Yet high up at heaven's gate all the saints are gay,
For the old road to paradise—'tis a crowded way!

—Margaret Widdemer in Good Housekeeping.



CALOMEL IS MERCURY, IT SICKENS! STOP USING SALIVATING DRUG

Don't Lose a Day's Work! If Your Liver Is Sluggish or Bowels Constipated Take "Dodson's Liver Tone."—It's Fine!

You're bilious! Your liver is sluggish! You feel lazy, dizzy and all knocked out. Your head is dull, your tongue is coated; breath bad; stomach sour and bowels constipated. But don't take salivating calomel. It makes you sick, you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel crashes into sour bile like dynamite, breaking it up. That's when you feel that awful nausea and cramping.

If you want to enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone. Your druggist or dealer sells you a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone under my personal money-back guarantee that each spoonful will clean your sluggish liver better than a dose of nasty calomel and that it won't make you sick.

Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and your bowels regular. You will feel like working; you'll be cheerful; full of vigor and ambition.

Dodson's Liver Tone is entirely vegetable, therefore harmless and cannot salivate. Give it to your children! Millions of people are using Dodson's Liver Tone instead of dangerous calomel now. Your druggist will tell you that the sale of calomel is almost stopped entirely here.—Adv.

W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

$3 $3.50 $4 $4.50 $5 $6 $7 & $8 FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers. The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the Fashion Centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.



Ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you with the kind you want, take no other make. Write for interesting booklet explaining how to get shoes of the highest standard of quality for the price, by return mail, postage free.

LOOK FOR W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom.

W. L. Douglas
President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co.,
185 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

Boys' Shoes Best in the World $3.00 $2.50 & $2.00

A good man's light shines day and night.

MOTHER! LOOK AT CHILD'S TONGUE

If cross, feverish, constipated, give "California Syrup of Figs."

A laxative today saves a sick child tomorrow. Children simply will not take the time from play to empty their bowels, which become clogged up with waste, liver gets sluggish; stomach sour.

Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, or your child is listless, cross, feverish, breath bad, restless, doesn't eat heartily, full of cold or has sore throat or any other children's ailment, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," then don't worry, because it is perfectly harmless, and in a few hours all this constipation poison, sour bile and fermenting waste will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. A thorough "inside cleansing" is ofttimes all that is necessary. It should be the first treatment given in any sickness.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Adv.

Let us tarry awhile at the sign of the smile.

There Is No Art In Taking Medicine.

Just follow directions on every bottle of "Plantation" Chill Tonic and see how quickly those dreadful chills will leave you. It leaves the liver in healthy condition and yet contains no Calomel. Price 50c.—Adv.

One seldom has the price of a man who is worth buying.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect The Head
Because of its tonic and laxative effect, Laxative Bromo Quinine can be taken by anyone without causing nervousness or ringing in the head. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

We never know how happy we are until we aren't.

A torpid liver condition prevents proper food assimilation. Tone up your liver with Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. They act gently and surely. Adv.

He who runs may read his opponent's inaugural address.

Faint heart may sometimes win a fair lady, but it takes a stout heart to hold her.

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription othine — double strength — is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

Many a man is rich in experience who can't raise the price of a meal.

WHAT IS LAX-FOS

LAX-FOS IS AN IMPROVED CASCARA

A DIGESTIVE LAXATIVE

CATHARTIC AND LIVER TONIC

LAX-FOS is not a Secret or Patent Medicine but is composed of the following old-fashioned roots and herbs:

CASCARA BARK
BLUE FLAG ROOT
RHUBARB ROOT
BLACK ROOT
MAY APPLE ROOT
SENNA LEAVES
AND PEPSIN

In LAX-FOS the CASCARA is improved by the addition of these digestive ingredients making it better than ordinary CASCARA, and thus the combination acts not only as a stimulating laxative and cathartic but also as a digestive and liver tonic. Syrup laxatives are weak, but LAX-FOS combines strength with palatable, aromatic taste and does not gripe or disturb the stomach. One bottle will prove LAX-FOS is invaluable for Constipation, Indigestion or Torpid Liver. Price 50c.

IF YOU CAN

Invest $25 cash and a few dollars monthly, you can become associated with a company that should return big profits. You will recognize the truth of this statement when it is presented to you. This is not oil, mining or a scheme. Your banker or lawyer can O. K. our business. Address P. O. BOX 875, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FROST PROOF CABBAGE PLANTS
Early Jersey and Charleston Wakefield, Succession and Flat Dutch, 500 for $1.25; 1,000 for $2.00; 5,000 at $1.50, f. o. b. here; postpaid 35c per 100. Satisfaction guaranteed. SWEET POTATO PLANTS—Immediate shipment. Nancy Hall and Porto Rico, 1,000 to 9,000 at $2.00; 10,000 up at $1.50, f. o. b. here. Tomato plants 500 75c; 1,000 for $1.35; Egg and Pepper plants 500 for $1.00; 1,000, for $1.50; 5,000 and up at $1.25, f. o. b. here. Postpaid 40c per 100. D. F. JAMISON, SUMMERVILLE, S. C.

To Prevent Old Age Coming Too Soon!

"Toxic poisons in the blood are thrown out by the kidneys. The kidneys act as filters for such products. If we wish to prevent old age coming too soon and increase our chances for a long life, we should drink plenty of pure water and take a little Anuric," says the world-famed Dr. Pierce of Buffalo, N. Y.

When suffering from backache, frequent or scanty urine, rheumatic pains here or there, or that constant tired, worn-out feeling, the simple way to overcome these disorders is merely to obtain a little Anuric (double strength) from your nearest druggist and you will quickly notice the grand results. You will find it many times more potent than lithia, and that it dissolves uric acid as hot water does sugar.

TENNESSEE NEWS

Brownsville, Tenn.—"It is my pleasure to let others know how much good Dr. Pierce's medicines have done me. I suffered with woman's trouble. Finally I was advised to use Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I took about six bottles in all and was perfectly well. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the only medicine I ever need. Any woman who wants to get well and stay well should try 'Favorite Prescription.'—MRS. CLARISSA ENIX.

Any medicine dealer can supply the Prescription in either liquid or tablet form. The cost is modest, the restorative benefits truly remarkable. Write Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., for free book on woman's diseases. You can also have medical advice without cost.

Pleasant Pellets for stomach, liver and bowels, are made up of the May-apple, aloe leaves and jalap, and can be obtained from any apothecary.

WRIGLEY'S

A New and Tempting Taste:



As toothsome as the name implies.

The third of the **WRIGLEY** trio of refreshing, long-lasting confections.

Good for teeth, breath, appetite, digestion.

Have it always with you—it's a boon to the parched mouth in hot work or on long auto trips.

The Flavor Lasts!

Chew it after every meal

An Optimist.

He—Good heavens, the clock just struck one, and I promised your mother I'd leave at twelve.

She (comfortably) — Good! We've eleven hours yet.

A QUEERNESS IN HER HEAD

Caused This Lady Much Suffering Which She Says Cardui Finally Relieved.

Chadbourn, N. C.—Mrs. M. D. McPherson, of R. F. D. No. 1, this place, says: "My first trouble was monthly misery, ever since I was a girl. I had headache, backache, and would stagger . . . with a queerness in my head. I would faint, and could not stand on my feet. Would suffer so, I would just get down on my knees by a chair at . . . time. We would have the Dr. and take things to relieve me, but without result.

"I read of Cardui—took 6 bottles and was cured of this painful trouble. Since that I have taken it a bottle at a time as a tonic and find it all or more than recommended. Have taken it before child birth which strengthened me, but my suffering before I heard of Cardui, at . . . was equal to . . . pains. I would have to go to bed for 2 or 3 days each month.

"I am strong and well today. I believe Cardui saved my life, for it is wonderful medicine.

"My sister used Cardui. She too knows the great good derived from it. . . . I praise it every day."

Cardui may be the very medicine you have long been needing. Get a bottle from your druggist today. Composed of purely vegetable ingredients, it cannot harm you, but should surely do for you, what it has done for others—help you.—Adv.

A Sensitive Barber.

"You can't please my barber."

"Wouldn't you buy his hair restorer?"

"I did buy his hair restorer. And now because my hair won't grow he seems to think I'm putting up a job on him."

A Good Description.

"What does a shad consist of, anyhow?" asked the Western man who had never eaten that kind of fish.

"Well," replied the Eastern expert, "it is mostly backbone, wishbone, funnybone, and then some."

GAS, DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION

"Pape's Diapepsin" settles sour, gassy stomachs in five minutes—Time it!

You don't want a slow remedy when your stomach is bad—or an uncertain one—or a harmful one—your stomach is too valuable; you mustn't injure it.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in giving relief; its harmlessness; its certain unfailing action in regulating sick, sour, gassy stomachs. Its millions of cures in indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis and other stomach trouble has made it famous the world over.

Keep this perfect stomach doctor in your home—keep it handy—get a large fifty-cent case from any dealer and then if anyone should eat something which doesn't agree with them; if what they eat lays like lead, ferments and sours and forms gas; causes headache, dizziness and nausea; eructations of acid and undigested food—remember as soon as Pape's Diapepsin comes in contact with the stomach all such distress vanishes. Its promptness, certainty and ease in overcoming the worst stomach disorders is a revelation to those who try it.—Adv.

Perfectly Harmonious.

"Do their lives blend well?"

"Very. She has the gray matter and he has the long green."

STOP THOSE SHARP SHOOTING PAINS "Femenina" is the wonder worker for all female disorders. Price $1.00 and 50c. Adv.

Quite True.

Teacher—What did Esau do about his pottage?

Pupil—He made a mess of it.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets are best for liver, bowels and stomach. One little Pellet for a laxative—three for a cathartic.—Adv.

A little salt rubbed on earthenware pudding dishes will take away brown spots.

The Red Devil Boll Weevil Catcher

Catches the Weevil

Write for information

Cotton States Farm Implements Mfg. Co., Birmingham, Ala.

"A Proven Success"



Agents Wanted

"It Catches the Weevil"

SUGGESTIONS ON TURKEY CARE AND FEED

(Clemson College Bulletin.)

Turkeys mature slowly, and for this reason it is preferable to select for breeders hens from two to four years old mated with two or three year toms. Old hens lay larger eggs, and their poults are not only larger but stronger than poults from immature stock. Do not inbreed, or mate related stock together. Medium-sized birds, plump, fine in bone, active and vigorous are best. Mate one tom with about ten hens.

A shed open on the south side, and closed otherwise to afford protection from the weather, is an ideal house. Do not keep turkeys with chickens in close, poorly ventilated houses.

Feed the Clemson egg mash dry in a box or hopper, and once daily scatter in litter a mixture of grain consisting of equal parts by weight of cracked corn, wheat and cowpeas. The latter is an excellent grain for maintaining turkeys (or common chickens) in good breeding and laying condition. Give buttermilk, or thick, sour skim milk to drink. The birds should be kept active and ready to forage at all times, and where there are plenty of bugs on the range the dry mash is really unnecessary.

Nesting Places.

To induce turkey hens to lay near home, provide nests of loose straw in empty barrels laid on the side, or in dry weather make nests of leaves and straw in secluded places and cover the place loosely with branches. From 12 to 20 eggs are laid at a clutch, and one service fertilizes all. Gather these eggs as fast as laid and replace them with a couple of china or hard-boiled hens' eggs. Keep the eggs in a cool place not to exceed ten days before setting them under a common hen.

Select a fat, broody hen, as she must sit from 28 to 30 days before the eggs hatch. Grease her as recommended in bulletin 16, "Poultry Culture for South Carolina," to kill the lice. Make earth nests. Immerse the eggs in water warm to the hand (106 degrees) for two minutes on the eighteenth and twenty-fifth days. Remove the poults from the nest to a warm basket as soon as they become dry and strong, so that the hen will remain on the nest until the hatching is completed. Feed and water the hen and let her move about for a short time.

Then take mother and poults to a large-sized packing box, covered with roofing paper, with laths two and one-half inches apart in front. In front of the coop inclose a grass plot six feet square with boards 12 inches wide to prevent the poults wandering away. The coop should have a board floor and both coop and run should be moved to fresh ground not less than once a week, and more often if necessary.

Feed for Poults.

Feed the poults when they are placed in the coop a mixture of equal parts of hard-boiled eggs, rolled oats and dry bread crumbs. Cut the eggs fine and make the mixture crumbly. Feed five times daily. Give clabbered milk or cottage cheese. Soak light bread in sour skim milk and squeeze dry. Alternate this with the egg mixture. Twice a week feed finely chopped cooked liver or waste meat, as much as they will clean up quickly. After the second week scatter a mixture of chick feed or cracked wheat twice daily.

It is important to provide an abundance of fresh water, clean grit and succulent green food. As soon as the poults jump over the 12-inch boards allow them free range. They need exercise on a clean range to obtain flies, grasshoppers, grubs and worms, and the seeds that are provided by nature in order to develop a healthy constitution.

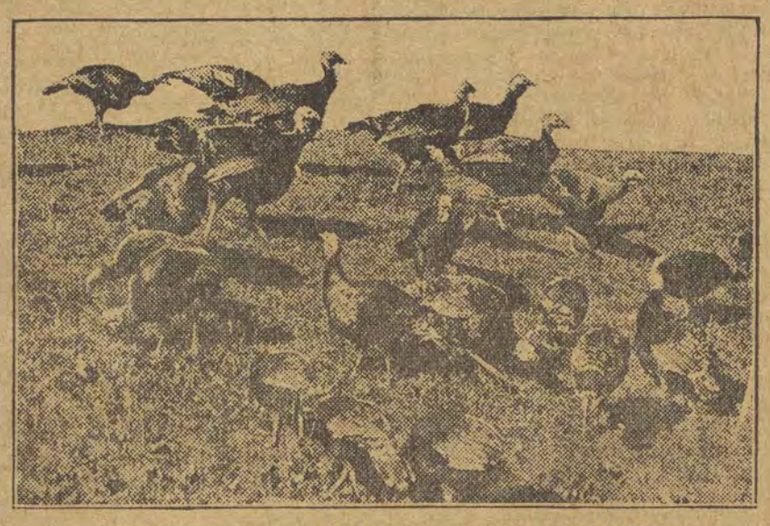
Little turkeys require more animal food than baby chicks, and hard-boiled eggs, buttermilk and cooked liver are the best substitutes for flies and bugs. Dry cornmeal swells in their crops, ferments and kills more poults than all other foods combined. Young turkeys need foods to develop a big frame and large organs—eggs, milk, and meat will do this, but corn, sorghum seed or grain of any kind fed to excess will kill them every time.

Feed and Range.

Do not leave food on the ground to sour or mold. Remove what is not eaten. After two weeks let the hen take the poults and range; see that she returns to the coop at night. Keep the hen and poults free of lice by greasing and dusting them with yellow insect powder. Moisten the head, under the wings and around the vent with a little cottonseed oil. Do not permit poults to run on ground that chickens or pigs have made filthy. Plow up such ground, or fence it in.

The turkey hen may be profitably used as a mother when she has laid out her second clutch of eggs, as she rarely lays a third. Call the hens home to roost by feeding them the mixture of cracked corn, wheat and cowpeas every night.

Further information in reference to turkeys can be obtained from the extension division of Clemson college.



PRIZE FOWLS RAISED FOR STOCK BREEDERS.

AVOID LIVE STOCK DISEASES

Better to Prevent Than Attempt to Cure Disorders—Be Careful in Feeding Animals.

Once a hog has cholera, all the "doctoring" in the world is not likely to do much good; but if the proper sanitary precautions had been observed and the herd inoculated on the appearance of cholera in the neighborhood, in all probability the hog would never have contracted the disease. Carelessness in feeding or watering may give rise to troubles that will temporarily or even permanently impair the usefulness of an animal; a barb-wire cut, unattended to, may become infected and ruin a fine horse.

And so, in dealing with live-stock diseases, prevention is the great thing to seek. Few diseases in men or animals are really "cured" by medicines; but proper feed and care and sanitation, killing the germ before it has a chance to get in its deadly work, have saved millions of lives.—The Progressive Farmer.

VELVET BEAN MEAL FOR COWS

Florida Station Finds Ration Almost Equal to Cottonseed Meal—Much Cheaper to Grow.

The Florida station found that cows produced as much milk when fed a ration of 4.3 pounds of velvet beans in the pod, 10 pounds wheat bran and 24.5 pounds Japanese cane silage as when given a ration of 3 pounds cottonseed meal, 10 pounds bran, and 34 pounds cane silage. Hence 4.3 pounds of velvet beans in the pod were fully equal to 3 pounds of cottonseed meal. The average Southern farmer can produce about 5 tons of velvet beans for the cost of 1 ton of cottonseed meal.

It is reported that velvet beans in the pod can be produced at $14 per ton in Alabama and in Georgia.

IRRIGATION TO HELP COTTON

Might Make Possible Yield of Two Bales to Acre—Deficiency in Rainfall in South.

H. M. Cottrell, agriculturist of the Memphis chamber of commerce farm bureau, says that irrigation might make possible a yield of two bales of cotton to the acre, the present average being less than one.

The rainfall of the lower Mississippi valley is ample for general agricultural needs, but during certain periods in the summer there is a deficiency of moisture for cotton growing.

PLAN THREE-YEAR ROTATION

Scheme Outlined by Progressive Farmer for Obtaining Larger and Better Crops.

Where oats or wheat are grown to a considerable extent a three-year rotation consisting of oats and peas or soy beans, or wheat and peas or soy beans, crimson clover sowed on the pea or bean stubble, to be plowed under for corn the following spring, peas or beans to be planted in the corn, the land going in cotton the third year, is good, and will result in larger crops.—Progressive Farmer.

GROW POTATOES FOR MARKET

Bulletin Issued by Department of Agriculture Gives Information Valuable to Farmers.

Farmers who intend to plant Irish potatoes for market this year should write the department of agriculture, Washington, D. C., and get a copy of Farmers' Bulletin No. 753 on the Commercial Handling, Grading and Marketing of Potatoes. This bulletin gives information on the best methods of gathering, grading, packing and shipping, and is well worth a careful study by the potato grower.

A FRIEND IN NEED.

For instant relief and speedy cure use "Mississippi" Diarrhea Cordial. Price 50c and 25c.—Adv.

For a practical illustration of economy watch a small boy when he has occasion to use soap.

"MOTORISTS' PROBLEM SOLVED."

Automobiles that have lost their luster, become shabby looking, or rusty, can be re-enameled to look like a new car by applying a coat of BLAXSHINE, the new, black, flexible Auto enamel. Dries over night. Enough BLAXSHINE for one car is put in a package with complete outfit for applying and your initials in gold. Price per package, $2.85 delivered. Write for folder and sample of work. Satisfaction guaranteed. Twin City Varnish Company, 840 River St., Chicago, Ill. Established 30 years.—Adv.

To clean enamelware rub well with dry salt and rinse in cold water, then wipe dry with a piece of cloth.

REMARKABLE LETTER FROM A WELL KNOWN WASHINGTON DRUGGIST.

In reference to **Elixir Babek** the *great remedy for chills and fever* and all *malarial diseases.* "Within the last five months I have sold 3,600 bottles of **Elixir Babek** for Malaria, Chills and Fever. Our customers speak very well of it." Henry Evans, 922 F St., N. W., Washington, D. C. **Elixir Babek** 50 cents, all druggists, or by Parcel Post, prepaid, from Kloczewski & Co., Washington, D. C.

A new clothesline, if boiled for a short time, will become tougher, will last longer and will not tangle.

Eczema Seven Years—Cured by Tetterine.

"I had Eczema on my chest for seven years and the torture was almost unbearable. One of your salesmen offered to pay for the Tetterine if it did not cure me. I used less than three boxes and am entirely well." Clem Kinard, Ruffin, S. C. Tetterine cures Eczema, Itching Piles, Dandruff, Ring Worm and every form of Scalp and Skin Disease. Tetterine 50c. Tetterine Soap 25c. Your druggist, or by mail from the manufacturer, The Shuptrine Co., Savannah, Ga.

With every mail order for Tetterine we give a box of Shuptrine's 10c Liver Pills free. Adv.

A salad always depends on the dressing, in which connection a woman is a bit like a salad.

THICK, GLOSSY HAIR FREE FROM DANDRUFF

Girls! Beautify Your Hair! Make It Soft, Fluffy and Luxuriant—Try the Moist Cloth.

Try as you will, after an application of Danderine, you cannot find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most, will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is immediate and amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable luster, softness and luxuriance, the beauty and shimmer of true hair health.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all. Adv.

To cut new bread try using a knife which has been dipped in very hot water.

Anoint the eyelids with Roman Eye Balsam upon retiring at night, and in the morning observe the refreshed and strengthened sensation in your eyes upon arising. Adv.

If you have a little success don't camp on it for the rest of your life.

PAINS SHARP AND STABBING

Woman Thought She Would Die. Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Ogdensburg, Wis.—"I suffered from female troubles which caused piercing pains like a knife through my back and side. I finally lost all my strength so I had to go to bed. The doctor advised an operation but I would not listen to it. I thought of what I had read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and tried it. The first bottle brought great relief and six bottles have entirely cured me. All women who have female trouble of any kind should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound." — Mrs. ETTA DORION, Ogdensburg, Wis.



Physicians undoubtedly did their best, battled with this case steadily and could do no more, but often the most scientific treatment is surpassed by the medicinal properties of the good old fashioned roots and herbs contained in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If any complication exists it pays to write the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for special free advice.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by **CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.**



Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores.

AGENTS

Sell to Photographers, Kodak Finishers, Camera and Kodak owners. "Chromolene" makes colored Photographs in First development. Five to twenty-five dollars a day, easily made. Copyrighted work "To Kalon Colored Photographs and How to Make Them," sent postage prepaid for One Dollar. Information Free.

W. T. TRAPP & CO., OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA.

ECZEMA!



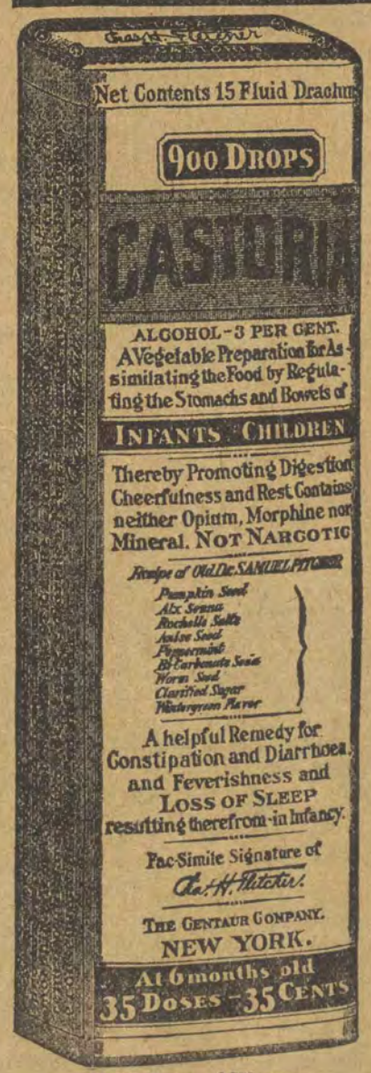
Money back without question if HUNT'S CURE fails in the treatment of ITCH, ECZEMA, RINGWORM, TETTER or other itching skin diseases. Price 50c at druggists, or direct from A. B. Richards Medicine Co., Sherman, Tex.

COTTONSEED—Addison's heavy fruiter. Selected and culled. Earliest big boll. Free from disease or boll weevils. 45% lint. 1⅛ inch staple. Record three bales per acre. Excellent for planting under all conditions. Special price $2.00 per bushel. Prompt shipment. **Walter P. Addison, Blackwells, Ga.**

Wanted Live, hustling agents to simply show "ONWARD" The Negro's national picture in frames, and other subjects. Every Colored family buys on sight. Rapid Seller. Big profits, sample 25c. **Frey's Jobbing Agency, Weatherford, Okla.**

Wanted Old postage stamps, coins, Confederate bills, any kind of old paper money, documents, relics and etc. D. M. Hubbard, Centralia Ill.

W. N. U., Birmingham, No. 14--1917.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Free Show
At the IDEAL

Friday Afternoon, April 6th.

One show only, beginning promptly at 3:30. Free for ladies and children, including boys under twelve. Gentlemen and older boys will be admitted for 10 cents.

Opening episode of the greatest of all Serials:

"THE SHIELDING SHADOW"

A wenderful picture of Love, Mystery, Adventure and Thrills.

Also "Luke Foils, the Villian," and "A Boob Weekly," two other pictures of fun and interest.

[*Friday night 7:30 and 8:30 the above program will be repeated, at regular admission price, to all 10 cents.*]

THORSBY ITEMS

Miss Helen Jenkins, who has been teaching some classes in Thorsby Institute this year, while carrying on her work of raising funds for the school, left Thorsby on Thursday of last week. She will spend a few days in Demorest, Ga., with her parents, Dr. and Mrs. Jenkins, and then go north the balance of the year soliciting funds for the school.

Mr. J. D. Flummer came down from Birmingham Saturday and spent Sunday with his family in Thorsby.

The School Improvement Association of Cedar Grove District presented a play at the Bates Hall in Thorsby on Tuesday night of last week. A small sum was secured for the treasury of the school.

The Camp Fire Girls entertained their young gentlemen friends on a "hike" last Saturday. Those present were Misses Jennie Robinson, Lois Abernathy, Freda Peterson, Olga Soberg, Agnes and Ruth Gerald, Mary Lizzie Hughes, Lorena Graham, and Luella Winslow, Messrs Raymond Kicklighter, Walter Morgan, Uriel Williamson, Kinsler Farrell, Albert Linderman, Orville Mastin, Frank Mastin, Almon Graham, Jno. W. Ward, and Bernard Landrum. Chaperones: Mrs. Alice McLean, Miss Flora Rice and Miss Nono Akard.

Everyone enjoyed a delightful time.

Miss Elizabeth Hoops, Miss Mae Stoddard, and Mr. Harvey Maddox were guests of Kent Roebuck at his home near Adams Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. A. L. Gaines is wearing a broad smile these days. The explanation is the arrival of a healthy pair of twin boys at his home on March 28.

Mr. John Husby spent a couple of days in Thorsby on his way from his home at St. Elmo, Ala, to Deerfield, Wis, where he has accepted a position for the summer with Mr. Andrew Soberg, brother of Mr. M. J. Soberg.

Mr. Harry Swan left last week for Archer, Iowa, to spend the summer with his Uncle, Mr. Ole Johnson.

Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Horn, who have been renting rooms from Mrs. H. M. Gerald, have rented a house belonging to Mrs. Lloyd, and recently moved. Mrs. Loyd will remain with them until May 1st.

A number of delegates from other communities are expected to attend the Young Peoples' Rally at Thorsby Friday and Saturday of this week. Sessions will be held at 11 o'clock in the morning, 2:30 and 7:30 in the afternoon on Friday and during the day on Saturday. Plans are being made for dinner on the grounds in connection with Saturday's meeting. Everyone interested in religious work for young people is invited to be present. Mr. Lehman will be the principal speaker of the meetings, and is a man with a vital message of interest to all.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Congregational Church will meet with Mrs. S. H. Herbert, Thursday afternoon, April 5, at 2:30.

Misses Zettie and Mae Belle McJunkin visited at the home of Miss Velvie Mims, Sunday and attended Christian Edneavor at the Cedar Grove Church Sunday afternoon.

Miss Clara Soberg spent Saturday of last week in Clanton shopping.

The Thorsby public school will close its session for this year with a picnic on Thursday of this week.

The play, "Mrs. Tubbs of Shantytown" which was presented by the pupils of the Chilton County High Schooy at Bates Hall, Saturday night of last week, was well rendered and deserved a much larger audience than was present.

Mr. T. E. Thompson, president of the Thompson-Mayfield Publishing Co., of Chicago, Ill., visited Thorsby Wednesday of last week, and in connection with his visit, the Helen Keller Literary Society contracted for a ten-volume set of the "School and Home Reference work" which will add another valuable reference work to the library already available for the students of the Institute.

The Helen Keller Literary Society will hold its regular meeting next Saturday night, April 7th, at which time a nice program will be rendered.

A Christian Endeavor Social and business meeting was held at the Girls Dormitory last Thursday evening by the Ladies Guild. All the members assembled at the Teachers College at 5:00, p.m., then sent for Miss Jenkins to come. Miss Jenkins had suspected nothing, but was pleasantly surprised. A delightful supper was served, after which a number of short talks of appreciation for Mrs. Jenkins and her work for Thorsby Institute were given.

Miss Nell Werness entertained for the Institute teachers on Wednesday night of last week.

An auto party from Stony Point community near Deatsville, motored to Thorsby on Friday of last week and spent the day visiting the Institute and other points of interest in Thorsby, returning that evening. The members of the party were: Mrs. A. W. Gordon, Mrs. J. T. Tatum, Misses Ruby and Innellia Myrick and their mother, Mrs. Myrick.

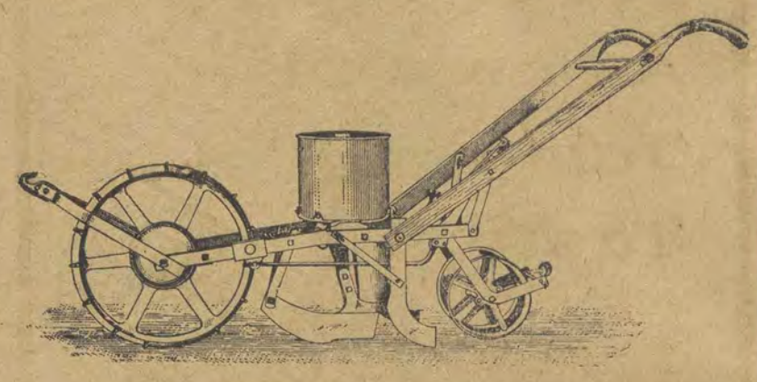
Editor Frank Norris of the Peoples Advocate, Columbiana, and his wife, spent last Friday in Clanton. Mr. Norris was down here on business with the Union-Banner, and Mrs. Norris spent the day with Mrs. J.Q. Wade.

PLANTERS

Ledbetter,

Hoosier,

John Deere



We have the LEDBETTER, the JOHN DEER, and the HOOSIER Planters. The Ledbetter has the distinction of being the only Machine that drops one cotton seed in a place, and is equally satisfactory in planting other grain.

The John Deer and Hoosier Planters have been sold here a number of years. All seed are high price now, and you can well afford to buy a planter that will not waste them.

We have points, slides and wings for the Syracuse plow. We are the only people here who can furnish you the Genuine Oliver Chilled Plows and Repairs.

CLANTON HARDWARE CO.

Saves Doctor's Bills

Instead of calomel and other violent purgatives, which are dangerous as well as nauseating, it is better to use a reliable medicine like

Granger Liver Regulator



Under date of Oct. 27, 1916, J. W. Clark, Lafayette, Ala., R. F. D. No. 4, writes: "I have been using Granger Liver Regulator in my family for years and find it to be a fine family remedy which has saved numerous doctor's bills. I always keep it in my house and would not be without it." **Sold by druggists, 25c a box.** Refuse all substitutes.

Granger Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

POTATO PLANTS FOR SALE

In May and June I will have potato plants of the following varieties for sale: Nancy Hall, Dooley Yam, Bunch Yam, Porto Rica, Cuban Yam and Triumph. Prices $1.50 per thousand, or in ten thousand lots, $1.40 per thousand.

J. L. WINSLOW,
3-15-8t. Thorsby, Ala.

Mrs. J. C. Jones, Missionary Secretary of the Prattville District, visited Verbena last Thursday in the interest of her work The Ladies Aid Society of the Verbena Methodist Church responded heartily to her suggestions, and re-organized into the Womans Missionary Society with a large membership. Mrs. Baldwin, who is esteemed for her zeal in every good undertaking, was elected President of the Society.

IN MEMORIAM

The death angel visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lee Cox, on Sunday night, March 18, and took from them their darling little baby, which was about two and one half pears old.

Mother and father, weep not, for little J. E. is gone to rest, and is out of his trouble. He is gone to rest forever and ever, where he will reap the golden grain, in that land of no sickness or pain.

He was laid to rest at Chestnut Creek, Rev. J. D. Hughes conducting the funeral services.

Father and Mother, try to meet him in the sweet beyond.

"Nearer my God to Thee" and "Asleep in Jesus" were the closing hymns.

A LOVED ONE.

Rev. Job Reynolds, from Dry Valley, father of Judge L. H. Reynolds, was in Clanton Mondey.

TOM KEMP has your Easter suit wrapped, awaiting for you to come and get it.

EVERGREEN ITEMS

Here are a few items from Evergreen, Mr. Editor.

April is here and everybody is feeling fine.

We are glad to see one of our young men, Mr. Byron Patterson, at home again from the army in Arizona.

Joe Wells of Pletcher is visiting in this community.

Misses Vervie and Minnie Huett spent last Saturday night with Miss Clemmie Beaird.

The singing at W. S. Beaird's last Saturday night was enjoyed by all present.

Sunday School and singing at Floyd was fine last Sunday. Hope to see all of the visitors here again.

Brother Taylor is being bothered again with throat trouble.

The large rain here Monday morning will delay cotton planting several more days.

Mrs. W. S. Beaird has installed an incubator for hatching chickens, and it is working fine.

Don't forget to go to TOM KEMP when in town and get your Easter Suit.

RUB-MY-TISM—Antiseptic, Relieves Rheumatism, Sprains, Neuralgia, etc.

F. J. and Kin Vinson were visitors to Montgomery Sunday.

Prof. J. W. Moore was a visitor to his daughter at Anniston Sunday.

J. W. Patterson of Route 2 was in to see us Monday and subscribed for the Union-Banner.

J. B. Moore, a prominent citizen of Dry Valley, Beat 13, was in town Monday on business.

Misses Mary Curry, Willie Belle Sartor, Bertha, Rilla and Mae Smith motored to Montgomery Sunday.

R. J. Downs of Route 2 was a visitor to the city Monday.

G. W. Melton of Mt. Pleasant, one of our old subscribers, came in Monday and enrolled his name on our list again.

Mr. H. Z. Barnes of Mars Hill was in Clanton Monday to meet the Commissioners. Mr. Barnes is an old Confederate veteran. To hear him tell some of his experiences makes one dread to see our country enter again into hostilities.

Mr. M. D. L. Miller, of Verbena, another Confederate soldier, was here Monday. The old gentleman who went through the sixties says he regrets to see us declare war again.

J. B. Wiggins of Dry Valley was a visitor to Clanton Monday.

PASSED PHARMACY BOARD

Three months ago Mr. Newton W. Askins, who has been with the Upchurch Drug Co. for several years, went to Macon, Ga. and took up the study of Pharmacy. After he completed the three months course, he was awarded a diploma of graduation, from the school. He also took examination from the Georgia State Board of Pharmacy Examiners, and succeeded in obtaining a license to practice his profession. His many friends are glad to see him return, and also to know that he obtained such splendid success in his study and examinations.

PROMINENT MINISTER COMING

Rev. O.C. McGehee of Montgomery, Presiding Elder of this District, will hold the quarterly conference at the Methodist Church in Clanton next Saturday, and will preach at 11:00 o'clock, Sunday, also at the service Sunday night. He is a great preacher with a powerful record. All are urged to come out and enjoy his discourse.

J. P. Dykes of Dry Valley was a caller at our office Mondey.

W. F. Deshazo was in town Monday on business.

T. F. Patterson of Verbena, R. 1, was in town Monday. He was accompanied by his son, Byron, who is a member of the National Guard and has been doing service on the Border.

J. T. Rockett of Cooper was in Clanton Monday on business.

Uncle John McDowell of Poplar Springs was in town Monday.

Miss Mary Brockmon spent last week on a visit to Bessemer, Ensley, and Talladega. She returned Sunday and resumed her work at the Western Union Telegraph Office.

Sam Edwards of Thorsby Route 1 was a visitor to Clanton Mondey. Mr. Edwards is interested in the county situation.

N. L. Gray of Route 4 was in Clanton Monday.

J. W. Foshee of Route 2 was in town Monday on business.

W. S. Beaird of Evergreen was a visitor to Clanton Monday.

Go to TOM KEMP'S Saturday and get your Easter suit.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the 5th day of February on the estate of J. W. Warren, deceased, by the Hon. Probate Court of Chilton County Alabama, all persons having claims against said estate are required to present the same within the time required by law or the same will be barred.

J. D. WARREN,
Administrator of the estate of J. W. Warren, deceased. 3-22-3t.

MAYR'S WONDERFUL REMEDY for STOMACH trouble

ONE DOSE WILL CONVINCE

Gall Stones, Cancer, and Ulcers of the stomach and intestines, Auto-Intoxication, Yellow Jaundice, Appendicitis and other fatal ailments result from stomach troubles. Thousands of stomach sufferers owe their complete recovery to Mayr's Wonderful Remedy. Unlike any other for stomach ailments. For sale by Upchurch Drug Co., and Druggists everywhere.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

Circuit Court in Equity. Martha Jane Rogers Complaniant vs. Jim Rogers Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit on file of Martha Jane Rogers that the Defendant, Jim Rogers, is a non-resident of the state of Alabama and resides in a place unknown to affiant, and further that in the belief of said affiant the Defendant, Jim Rogers, is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Union-Banner, a newspaper published in Clanton, Chilton County, Ala., once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said Jim Rogers to answer, plead or demur to the Bill of Complaint in the above cause, on or before the 19th day of April 1917, and failing so to do within thirty days after the service of this summons, a Decree Pro Confesso may be taken against him in said cause.

Witness my hand, this 19th day of March 1917.

H. M. SIMPSON
3-22-4t Register.

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed whereby I, a sSheriff of said County, was commanded to make the sum of Sixty-two and 80-100 Dollars, costs of suit the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at theSpring Term, 1912, of said Court of said County, Alabama, in favor of J. T. Rockett against Lula Dennis Sanders, I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the Court House door of said County, between the hours of 11 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., on Monday, the 16 day of April 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named Lula Dennis Sanders in and to the following described real estate, viz:

West ½ of North west ¼, Sec. 35, Tp. 21, Range 15. Undivided interest in and to the above described real estate.

This 15 day of March 1917.

H. A. HARRIS,
Sheriff.

Don't forget your Subscription.

DANCE GIVEN BY THE THORSBY CONCERT BAND

The private dance given by the Thorsby Concert Band last Saturday night, proved not only to be a grand success, but showed the Thorsby Band boys that the people of Chilton County were willing to turn out and help the Band on an occasion of this kind.

The affair Saturday night was enjoyed by all present, and the Thorsby Band hopes to be able to put on a private dance at least once a month.

The Band as a whole wishes to thank all those who were present for their kind attendance, and the next time we will please you with some new music, such as one-steps, etc.

(Signed) THORSBY BAND.

HONOR ROLL FOR THORSBY PUBLIC SCHOOL

First Grads—Iola Gerald, Thomas Adams, Irchel Mastin, Ethel Peterson, Eugene Littleton.

Second Grade—Frank Gerald, Mabel Howard, Palmer Lefstead, Jerome Wilson, Richard Butler.

Third Grade—Edward Gaines, Sidney Davenport, Russell Peterson, Ernie Littleton, Roy Kendrick, Bernice Edwards, Edith Baker.

Fourth Grade—Jewel Wilson, Rosa Nelson, Vera Edwards, Curtis Billingsley.

Fifth Grade—Lola Horn, Wilbur Peterson.

Seventh Grade—Rebert Carlson.

S. S. CONVENTION

The Verbena District Sunday School Convention will be held at Floyd Church, the Fourth Sunday in April.

All schools in the District are requested to send delegates.

BETTIE M. GARDNER, Secy.

AFTER THE GRIPPE

Vinol Restored Her Strength

Canton, Miss.—"I am 75 years old and became very weak and feeble from the effects of La Grippe, but Vinol has done me a world of good. It has cured my cough, built up my strength so I am active and well again."—Mrs. LIZZIE BALDWIN, Canton, Miss.

Vinol is a constitutional remedy which aids digestion, enriches the blood and creates strength. Unequalled for chronic coughs, colds or bronchitis. Your money back if it fails.

Upchurch Drug Co., and all leading Druggists in Alabama towns.

Your Last Summer Suit Needs a Good Cleaning

Before you begin to wear it again.

Just say the word and I will do the rest. That's my business---to clean and press 'em for you. If you live out of town, bring or send 'em by parcel post. I do the balance.

SUITS MADE TO ORDER

I carry samples from three tailoring houses, and am prepared to take your measure now for a summer suit. Come and look through. I guarantee perfect satisfaction.

KIN VINSON

Telephone 64-48, Kicker Bldg. Clanton, Ala.

This Invites You

We have just opened up a new line of

New Spring Clothing

For Men and Boys,

And invite you to call in and look them over.

SHOES and SLIPPERS

We have a complete stock of Shoes and Slippers for the entire family at live and let live prices.

Also a nick line of Dry Goods, all new and at the right prices. Come and make your selections.

TOM KEMP

CLANTON, ALA.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME V I — CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., APRIL 12, 1917. — NUMBER 2.

JUDGE REYNOLDS WRITES MORE ABOUT BOND ISSUE

Voters are urged to give to the question honest and Unprejudiced thought.

Clanton, Ala., April 7, 1917.—Well, we have reached the end of the campaign for bonds, and I suppose it will be one election which will be the sentiments of the voters, as everyone has been left to think for himself. I felt it my duty to let the people know exactly the condition of the county, and I believe it would be better for the general interest of all the people for the bond issue to be carried, but if a majority of the voters want matters to stand as they are, and for us to keep on paying the extortionate prices we are, and let our home people keep still discounting their warrants at 50 per cent, and the county keep on paying two prices for what they are compelled to have. We will have to have some things, regardless of the price.

I have listened for someone who is opposed to the bond issue to offer something better, but I have not heard one ward in the way of suggestions to take the place of bonds.

There are some few people here who are opposing the bond issue on my account, and they are trying to make me the issue, as they always try to do in every campaign, and this is about all the argument they offer. Now, I am sure it will not hurt me any worse than it does any other person that wants to see the county progress, and get out of debt as fast as it can.

The Commissioners and myself are trying to do all we can for the county, and I want to say here and now that I expect to try and do what I said I would do when I was a candidate. We have saved a considerable sum already, and we are going to try and save more.

We have a road law ready to publish, but could not get it in the paper this week as it was crowded for space, but it will be published next week for your consideration, and the Commissioners will meet the 28th to consider the law. They want as many as can to meet them there. If you cannot come, write and give us your suggestions if you have any, and I will put pour ideas before the court.

We need your advice, we need your influence, we need your presence and we will be glad to have as many as can to come out to our metings. We want to see what is being done. It is your business. You have to pay for the bills we make and if we make mistakes you suffer for them.

I hope everybody will turn out and vote just as they please. Vote for convictions, but do not come prejudiced politician that has for the last twenty years opposed everything that the people wanted in this county, and have made it a specialty of opposing any and everything that was for the interest of a majority of the people.

This bond issue is not to make debts but to reduce them to put our county on a cash basis, and to save the people's money.

So far as I have been able to see, the only parties here that are opposed to the bond issue are the same ones that have been wanting bond issues all the time and have advocated issuing bonds when a large number of us thought that bonds were not necessary, but now, we have to do something.

I would oppose a bond issue to make debts, but we cannot afford to let our county go backward. We must push to the front—we must look to the future. What has been done is past, and we cannot help that.

Respectfully
L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

Circuit Judge, Leon McCord of Montgomery was here at Circuit Court Monday.

RUB-MY-TISM—Antiseptic, Relieves Rheumatism, Sprains, Neural-

YOU GET A PRIZE WITH EVERY PACKAGE

Buy "Hodges Special" pure Coffee, put up in pound packages and selling for 30c.

With each package you get a ticket, which is good for a various number of pieces of China Ware.

Whatever prize your ticket calls for is given to you with the Coffee.

The Coffee is the very best Grade, ground and pure.

Call for it next time.

W. Z. HODGES,
Clanton, Ala.

EXPERIENCED REPUBLICAN RE-ELECTED TO THE HOUSE

Another of the former Republican members who have returned to their seats as a result of the last election is Hon. Harry C. Woodyard of West Virginia. Mr. Woodyard served for eight years in the House his principal work being in connection with the committees on Militia and on Rivers and Harbors. Mr. Woodyard is engaged in the wholesale grocery and lumber business in private life, but in the past twenty years has given most of his time to public matters. In 1898 he was elected a member of the Senate of his home state, and while there rendered valuable service on committees on raildoads and judiciary. Mr. Woodyard is a friend of old soldiers, and during his former service in the House was the means of securing relief to many who, because of some technicality were unable to gain recognition at the Pension Bureau.

DETACHMENT OF SOLDIERS ARE SENT TO LOCK 12

Last Sunday following the arrest of the supposed German spy at Lock 12 Saturday, a small detachment of the national guard from Montgomery were dispatched to the big plant of the Alabama Power Co., twelve miles from here to do guard duty.

The action is taken as a protection against any intrigue or conspiracy that might arise among enemies of the United States to destroy the power plant, which furnishes power for the manufacture of munitions of war in the Anniston, Gadsden and Birminghams district.

The soldiers came to Clanton on the morning train from Montgomery and were transported from here to the dam in automobiles.

SPEAKING AT CLANTON REGARDING BOND ISSUE

Next Saturday at eleven o'clock at the court house the voters of the county who may be present will have a chance to hear a full discussion of the merits of the bond issue for the betterment of Chilton county's financial condition.

Able speakers, well informed as to the county's conditions, and thoroughly arquainted with the details and workings of a bond issue will present the subject, and every voter who can should be present.

If you will come and hear the speeches it will help you to see just what the county is facing. under time warrants and the hope that lies in bonds.

You will have a better decision with which to determine your vote next Monday.

Come if you can.

COLLINS CHAPEL

The farmers are not hustling much with their crops on account of so much bad weather.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Mims are the proud parents of a fourteen pound baby boy.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elijah Mims entertained a host of friends with an egg hunt Sunday afternoon, and everyone seemed to enjoy it fine.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Martin spent Sunday at Thorsby.

Messrs Orville and Dalton Martin, Hrbert Lowery, Herlie Mims and Valie Littleton motored to Poplar Sunday afternoon.

Misses Lummie Murrah and Mattie Mims spent Friday in Jemison.

Messrs Sammie Mims and Miles Benson spent Saturday night and Sunday at Clanton with Mr. J. D. Collins.

Miss Nora Mims spent Sunday afternoon with Ada Burnett.

Miss Mae Dorminey spent Sunday with Miss Lummie Murrah.

Mr. J. M. Mims attended court at Clanton Monday.

CONVENTION POSTPONED

The next Verbena District Sunday School Convention will not be held on April 22, as announced last week. The date will be given later.

Bettie M. Gardner, Secty.

Visit the Clanton Chero-Cola plant on April 18th and see how the best drink in the world is made.

Sheriff Harris has prepared the ballot boxes for the bond election next Monday, and is sending them out to the various voting places over the county.

Messrs Porter Plier and Bob Giles, who recently enlisted in the United States army, were in Clanton a few days this week visiting relatives.

A prudent mother is always on the watch for symptoms of worms in her children. Paleness, lack of interest in play, and peevishness is the signel for WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE A few doses of this excellent remedy puts an end to the worms and the child soon acts naturally. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

TO THE VOTERS OF CHILTON COUNTY

Take notice that I am publishing this week a list of qualified voters of Chilton County, Alabama, as shown by the records of said county.

This list is published for the purpose of accertaining any errors therein, and to provide for the correction of such errors on the books of the County.

Any voter whose name has been inadvertently omitted from this list, or whose name appears wrong on the list, and who has paid all poll taxes due, and who is legally entitled to vote, shall have ten days from the publication hereof, to have his name correctly entered upon said list of qualified voters.

If it is not convenient for you to call at my office in person, please write a letter or call by telephone.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

MAN ARRESTED AS A GERMAN SPY

Last Saturday the deputies from the sheriff's office arrested a fellow out at Lock 12, whom they presumed to be a German spy, and placed him in the county jail for safe keeping till more of his case could be determined.

He had been hanging around the power plant for some days, and the officials there had become suspicious of him. When brought before Probate Judge Reynolds, he gave his nationality as Austrian, stating that he was not a naturalized citizen of the United States, and that he has a brother fighting in the Austrian army.

He was remanded to jail. Monday information was conveyed to the officials from Alexander City that the man was wanted there for some suspicious conduct, with instructions to hold him in jail till further notice. The man is still here in jail.

OBITUARY

At her home near Union Springs on April 6, death occurred to Mrs. Margaret Gothard, wife of Mr. Geo. Gothard. Her remains were laid to rest at Mars Hill, Rev. Lowery conducting the funeral.

She leaves a husband and four children. She was a noble woman, and is gone not forever, but as before our eyes a resurrection is going on in the opening of flowers and the budding trees, without noise or confusion; so Mrs. Gothard will.

To have a fine, healthy complexion the liver must be active, the bowels regular and the blood pure. All this is brought about by using HERBINE. It thoroughly scours the liver, stomach, liver and bowels, puts the body in fine condition and restores that clear, pink and white complexion so much desired by ladies. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Billl Benson, the famous singer of Collins Chapel, was here Monday. Everybody will remember Bill for the splendid singing that he did at Clanton one night last November.

G. W. Wilson of Route 2 was in town Monday.

NATIONAL
Chero-Cola day
APRIL 18TH

EASTER WAS A GREAT DAY FOR ONE MAN IN TOWN.

He must have thought that it was Christmas from the way he acted.

Wherein the Demon, Rum Plays the Leading Part.

Last Sunday morning a young man by the name of Robert McKinnon, who was employed out at the power plant on the river came to Clanton, driving a team from the dam to help transport the provisions of the soldiers who had been sent up to guard the power company's property.

In some way or other, the young man became heavily intoxicated with something so vicious that he could not sit on his wagon very steadily as it came along the road toward town. Consequently, he fell off, and the result was some slight bodily injuries.

He came on to town on his wagon, and upon arriving at the station, where the loading of the soldiers' outfits was to be made on his wagon he incurred the severe wrath of one of the privates by his drunken and unruly mood. Soon the soldier was forced to put the young man aside till the work of loading the goods was accomplished. In doing this a fight ensued wherein the young man McKinnon got decidedly the worst of the deal at the hands of Uncle Sam's uniformed lad.

After all were ready to start on the return to the river, McKinnon was placed on his wagon and instructed to drive back to the power plant. All along the way he was very boisterous and unruly, and someone telephoned to the officers here to come out and arrest him and put him in jail till his fit was over.

Forthwith, the officers of the law started in qursuit, and soon had the young man in their automobile headed for the jail.

He was placed behind the bars, still as drunk and crazy as ever. He piled up all the papers, beds, rags, etc., that he could get his hands on in the cell and set it on fire.

Later he was placed in the cell with the German, who was arrested here last Saturday, with whom he became mixed in another fight.

The poor fellow had an awful time. He must have thought that his luck for that day was the most terrible that could be visited upon a man. It didn't cost him very much to get into all that trouble, but there is no telling where he will end before he gets out of it. He is still in jail charged with fighting, public drunkenness, setting the jail on fire,etc.

The First and the Last

THE FIRST STORE COMING IN TOWN FROM THE WEST AND THE LAST STORE GOING OUT WEST. I SELL CHEAP FOR CASH. I HANDLE MEAT, LARD, FLOWER, SUGAR, COFFEE, TOBACCO, AND SNUFF, ALSO MIXED FEED—IN FACT NEARLY EVERYTHING TO BE FOUND IN A GROCERY STORE I ALSO PAY THE MARKET PRICE FOR CHICKENS, EGGS, BUTTER, BEAS WAX, HIDES, TALLOW, AND BRIGHT RIBBON CANE SYRUP. WHILE IN TOWN CALL ON ME AND GET ACQUAINTED WITH MY LINE... I GUARANTEE A FAIR AND SQUARE DEAL TO ALL.

W. A. Huckabee

FEED YOUR FACE AT BILLY'S PLACE

We didn't mean to say it like poetry, but just wanted to tell you where you could get a good square meal when you come to town.

Bring along your chickens and eggs too, and I will pay you the best market prices. Don't forget to call around to see me when in Clanton.

W. H. GOODGAME
Across Street from Post Office.

NEW PARTNERSHIP FORMED IN PRACTICE OF LAW HERE

Mr. B. Guy Smith of Montgomery Associates with Col. A. C. Smith.

Announcement is made this week of the formation of a partnership for the practice of law in Clanton between Col. A. C. Smith of this city and Mr. B. Guy Smith of Montgomery.

Col. Smith, the senior member, needs no introduction to the people of the town and county. He has been engaged in the practice of law here for many years, and has made a reputation that is familiar in every section of the county.

The junior member of the firm, Mr. B. Guy Smith, comes from Montgomery where he has been engagd in the practice of law for some time. He is a sturdy, self-made young man, who by his own force of will and perseverance has climbed into a prominent rank as an expounder of the arguments of law.

He was educated for his profession at Cumberland University in Tennessee, graduating with the degree of L. L. B.. In addition to the honor of his diploma from the college, he was surprised to know that he had been awarded the distinction of Bachelor of Oratory, complimentary by the college.

Mr. Smith is a forceful and convincing orator. He has been before the public in the capacity of lecturer from the platform, and has acquired the valuable art of presenting an argument to an audience of hearers.

For the new firm, which has the advantage of the senior member's knowledge and experience in law, and the power of such forceful presentation through the junior member, we predict a good portion of success and extend to them the right hand of welcome.

OBITUARY

On th 5th of March, God in his great wisdom saw fit to take from us Mrs. Jane Popwell, wife of J. S. Popwell.

She was born April 5th, 1849. She leaves a husband, five children, several grandchildren and a host of friends to mourn her loss.

She was a devoted wife, a loving mother and grandmother.

Having realized that Jesus Christ was the Redeemer and Saviour of the world, she gave her life to Him and joined the Primitive-Baptist Church on the Saturday before the Second Sunday in May, 1870, and was constantly in His service, being a faithful member until her death when she crossed the Dark Stream to become a member of the great church, around the throne at God's right hand.

She was laid to rest in Bethsalem Cemetery.

All possible was done for her that earthly hands could do, but God said, "Thou hast fought a good fight. There is laid up for thee a crown of righteousness. Enter thou into the joys of thy life."

She was sick about five months and bore her pain very patitntly, but loinging for God to say, "Tis enough, come up higher." Just before she died she said, "When I can read my titles clear to mansions in the sky."

A vacancy can be made in our home that can never be filled by anyone, only God can be loving, tender, and kind as she was.

He is ever able and willing if we will but trust.

We know it is sad to see the old arm-chair, in which she sat while sick, in its place but vacant, although we must ask God to help us out to fill the vacancy with his love and mercy, that we may meet her some day in the pearly portals of God.

A Loving Grandson.

UNION SPRINGS

Heavy rains! Farming backward!

Preaching here next Sunday at 10:30 by Rev. Abercrombie. On the night of the 5th inst, the sacrament of the Lord's Supper was administered here, it being the anniversary of the institution of that ordinance, which was observed at the same time throughout the whole world. The chilly weather and the moon near full were gentl reminders of the institution of the holy rite. All Christians were invited to participate in the services.

Preaching will be held here on the Fourth Sunday afternoon in April, at 3:00 o'clock by Rev. Mr. Gothard. On Monday, April 30, Mr. Hersee, V. D. M., of the I. B. S. Association will lecture in this community on Bible subjects one day only.

Support the Union-Banner and get the news. It is working for you. Obituaries of your loved ones appear in its columns. Happenings in your homes, your visits,etc. are on its pages and no where else. Your name too, is often there. Don't you think it merits your support?

Break your Cold or LaGrippe with a few doses of 666.

Don't forget your Subscription.

A MOST CONCISE STATEMENT OF THE FACTS

As observed by Judge S. M. Adams on the Question of a Bond Issue.

Clanton, Ala., April 9th, 1917.—What are the people going to say about the bond issue? I will say that if the bond issue were to create debt, I would vote against it, but as I understand it, it is not to add one dollar of indebtedness to the county; but on the contrary, is to pay off some of the debts already due. If we are paying 6 per cent interest on warrants, and can get the money at 5 per cent on bonds, certainly the county will save money by voting bonds, and in addition, there is a difference of one per cent in favor of Chilton County, as between the warrants and the bonds. The difference on bridges and road repairs will perhaps be 50 per cent in favor of the county.

The total indebtedness of Chilton County is something over $200,000.00. There is over $60,000.00 past due. We owe about $140,000.00 on time warrants bearing 6 per cent. interest and the parties holding these time interest warrants have a prefered lien on all of the Road and Bridge Tax received by the county until they are paid. And the entire Road and Bridge Tax of our County is only about $12,000.00. So you see it will be some 15 years or more before we can have any money to build bridges or repair public roads with unless we get some relief.

Now I am for Chilton County without regard to who is in office, I may be a very small part of the County, as to taxes, but I am a citizen, and I stand now where I have always stood for the greatest good to the greatest number of our citizens, and as I see it will be for the best interest of the people to vote for the bonds and cut our expenses by so doing.

Sincerely,
S. M. ADAMS.

NOTICE OF ELECTION

Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Court of County Commissioners of Chilton County, Alabama, an election will be held on the 16th day of April, 1917, at the various polling places in the several beats of said County, for the purpose of voting upon the question of issuing bonds to the amount of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars, bearing interest not to exceed five per cent per annum, and to run for a period of thirty years from date of issue, for the purpose of paying debts created for constructing roads and bridges in said County.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama.

WISHES TO RETAIN HOME DEMONSTRATION AGENT

Mr. Editor:—Please give space to the following:

Resolved that it is the sense of this body that the County Board of Revenue has made a serious mistake in discontinuing the work of the County Home Demonstration agent, and we respectfully ask said board to re-consider the matter and retain Mrs. Lida Jones as agent.

Done by order of the Evergreen Tomato and Poultry Clubs, this, April 4th, 1917.

Mrs. W. T. JOHNSON, Pres...
Mrs. H. S. Irvin, Secy.

Free Chero-Cola on National Chero-Cola day, April 18.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

The State of Alabama, Chilton County. Probate Court. March 29, 1917.

In the matter of the estate of M. P. Robinson, deceased.

Letters of Administration on the estate of John P. Robinson, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 29th day of March, 1917 by Hon. L. H. Reynolds, Judge of Probate of said county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

JOHN S. ROBINSON, Adm.

MONEY TO LOAN

WE ARE IN TOUCH WITH AN UNLIMITED SUPPLY OF MONEY, AND CAN NEGOTIATE LONG-TIME LOANS ON FARM LANDS UPON EASY TERMS. IF YOU ARE INTERESTED, CALL ON US.

Middleton & Reynolds.

WAR PROCLAMATION EXHORTS THE U. S.; ALIENS ARE WARNED

Last Step to Active Hostilities Taken When President Signs.

CALLS FOR VOLUNTEERS

Subjects of Kaiser Enjoined to Keep the Peace and Will Be Held Liable for Disobedience—Barred From Entering Certain Localities.

Washington, April 7.—President Wilson signed a proclamation formally declaring a state of war between the United States and Germany. In the proclamation he called upon American citizens to give support to all measures of the government.

The Proclamation.

The war proclamation follows:

"Whereas, The congress of the United States in the exercise of the constitutional authority vested in them have resolved by joint resolution of the senate and house of representatives bearing date this day "that a state of war between the United States and the imperial German government which has been thrust upon the United States is hereby formally declared;

"Whereas, It is provided by section 4,067 of the revised statutes as follows:

Under War Conditions.

"Whenever there is declared a war between the United States and any foreign nation or government, or any invasion of predatory incursion is perpetrated, attempted or threatened against the territory of the United States by any foreign nation or government and the president makes public proclamation of the event, all natives, citizens, denizens or subjects of hostile nation or government being males of the age of fourteen years and upward who shall be within the United States and not actually naturalized, shall be liable to be apprehended, restrained, secured and removed as alien enemies.

To Watch Conduct of Aliens.

"The president is authorized in any such event by his proclamation thereof, or other public acts, to direct the conduct to be observed on the part of the United States toward the aliens who become so liable; the manner and degree of the restraint to which they shall be subject and in what cases and upon what security their residence shall be permitted, and to provide for the removal of those who, not being permitted to reside within the United States, refuse or neglect to depart therefrom; and to establish any such regulations which are found necessary in the premises and for the public safety;

"Whereas, By sections 4,068, 4,069 and 4,070 of the revised statutes, further provision is made relative to alien enemies;

Proclaims State of War.

"Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, president of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim, to all whom it may concern, that a state of war exists between the United States and the imperial German government.

"I do specially direct all officers, civil or military, of the United States, that they exercise vigilance and zeal in the discharge of the duties incident to such a state of war; and I do, moreover, earnestly appeal to all American citizens that they, in loyal devotion to their country, dedicated from its foundation to the principles of liberty and justice, uphold the laws of the the land and give undivided and willing support to those measures which may be adopted by the constitutional authorities in prosecuting the war to a successful issue and in obtaining a secure and just peace; and acting under and by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution of the United States and the said sections of the revised statutes, I do hereby further proclaim and direct that the conduct to be observed on the part of the United States towards all natives, citizens, denizens or subjects of Germany, being male of the age of fourteen years and upwards, who shall be within the United States and not actually naturalized, who for the purpose of this proclamation and under such sections of the revised statutes are termed alien enemies, shall be as follows:

As to Alien Enemies.

"All alien enemies are enjoined to preserve the peace towards the United States and to refrain from crime against the public safety and from violating the laws of the United States and of the states and territories thereof, and to refrain from actual hostilities or giving information, aid or comfort to the enemies of the United States and to comply strictly with the regulations which are hereby or may be from time to time promulgated by the president, and so long as they shall conduct themselves in accordance with the law, they shall be undisturbed in the peaceful pursuit of their lives and occupations and be accorded the consideration due to all peaceful and law-abiding persons, except so far as restrictions may be necessary for their own protection and for the safety of the United States; and towards such alien enemies as conduct themselves in accordance with law, all citizens of the United States are enjoined to preserve the peace and to treat them with all such friendliness as may be compatible with loyalty and allegiance to the United States.

"And all alien enemies who fail to conduct themselves as so enjoined, in addition to all other penalties prescribed by law, shall be liable to restraint, or to give security, or to remove and depart from the United States in the manner prescribed by sections 4069 and 4070 of the revised statutes, and as prescribed in the regulations duly promulgated by the president.

"And pursuant to the authority vested in me, I hereby declare and establish the following regulations, which I find necessary in the premises and for the public safety:

"1. An alien enemy shall not have in his possession at any time or place any firearms, weapons or implements of war or component parts thereof, ammunition, maxim or other silencer, arms or explosives or material used in the manufacture of explosives;

Bars Wireless Use.

"2. An alien enemy shall not have in his possession at any time or place or use or operate any aircraft or wireless apparatus or anyy form of signaling device or any form of cipher code or any paper, document or book, written, or printed in cipher, or in which there may be invisible writing.

"3. All property found in the possession of an alien enemy in violation of the foregoing regulations shall be subject to seizure by the United States.

"4. An alien enemy shall not approach or be found withing one-half of a mile of any federal or state fort, camp, arsenal, aircraft station, government or naval vessel, navy yard, factory or workshop for the manufacture of munitions of war or any products for the use of the army or navy.

Making of Threats Barred.

"5. An alien enemy shall not write, print or publish any attack or threat against the government or congress of the United States or either branch thereof, or against the persons or property of any person in the military, naval or civil service of the United States or of the states or territories or of the District of Columbia or of the municipal governments therein.

"6. An alien enemy shall not commit or abet any hostile acts against the United States or give information, aid or comfort to its enemies.

"7. An alien enemy shall not reside in, or continue to reside in, to remain in or enter any locality which the president may from time to time disignate by an executive order as a prohibitive area in which residence by an alien enemy shall be found by him to constitute a danger to the public peace and safety of the United States, except by permit from the president and except under such limitations or restrictions as the president may prescribe.

Detention Provided.

"8. An alien enemy whom the president shall have reasonable cause to believe to be aiding, or about to aid, the enemy, or to be at large to the danger of the public peace or safety of the United States, or to be about to violate any of these regulations, shall remove to any location designated by the president by executive order, and shall not remove therefrom without permit, or shall depart from the United States is so required by the president.

Must Get Permission to Leave.

"9. No alien enemy shall depart from the United States until he shall have received such permit as the president shall prescribe or except upon order of a court, judge or justice, under sections 4,069 and 4,070 of the revised statutes,

"10. No alien enemy shall and in or enter the United States except under such restrictions and at such places as the president may prescribe.

"11. If necessary to prevent violation of the regulations all alien enemies will be obliged to register.

May Be Arrested Upon Suspicion.

"12. An alien enemy whom there may be reasonable cause to believe to be aiding or about to aid the enemy, or who be at large to the danger of the public peace or safety or who violates or attempts to violate or of whom there is reasonable grounds to believe that he is about to violate any regulation to be promulgated by the president or any criminal law of the United States, or of the states or territories thereof will be subject to summary arrest by the United States marshal or his deputy or such other officers as the president shall designate, and confinement in such penitentiary, prison, jail, military camp or other place of detention as may be directed by the president.

"This proclamation and the regulations herein contained shall extend and apply to all land and water, continental or insular, in any way within the jurisdiction of the United States."

Wilson Asks Volunteers.

The president also issued a call for volunteers to bring the army and navy up to war strength, and gave his indorsement to the general staff army bill designed to obtain men by selective conscription.

"The necessary men," said the president in a statement, "will be secured for the regular army and the National Guard by volunteering, as at present, until, in the judgment of the president, a resort to selective draft is advisable.

"The principles embodied in the legislation presented by the war department to the military committee of the senate and house have my entire approval, and its specific recommendations embody the best judgment of the officers of the war department. It proposes to raise the forces necessary to meet the present emergency by bringing the regular army and the National Guard to war strength and by addition the additional forces which will now be needed so that the national army will comprise three elements."

COAL PRODUCTION RECORD IS BROKEN

ALABAMA TONNAGE FOR THE PAST YEAR AMOUNTED TO 18,234,623 TONS.

BEST IN HISTORY OF INDUSTRY

Next Highest Output Was in 1913 When Official Figures Show Output of 17,907,284 Tons.

Montgomery.—Alabama produced 18,234,623 tons of coal in 1916, breaking its record in the history of the industry, according to official figures given out by Chief State Mine Inspector C. H. Nesbitt.

The next highest output in the past was in 1913 when the official figures show an output of 17,907,284 tons. The production in 1914 went to 15,525,903 tons, and in 1915 the output was 15,266,831 tons, or just 2,977,794 tons less than during 1916.

H. G. Webb Makes His Escape.

Birmingham.—Henry Grady Webb, recently sentenced in West Virginia to a term in the penitentiary for train robbery, escaped from guards at Charlotte, N. C., while being taken to the federal prison in Atlanta, according to information received by federal officers here. Three deputy United States marshals were guarding Webb and another prisoner. While the train was standing in the shed at the passenger station Webb jumped through a window and escaped. City and county police of Charlotte are searching for him. The chase of Webb, which began at Birmingham, Ala., in March, 1916, and ended in Kansas City, Mo., in January, was as pretty a man hunt as the government ever engaged in, and when the story was told it equaled anything in the whole range of detective literature.

Road Models to Be At Convention.

Birmingham.—Senator John H. Bankhead, president of the United States Good Roads Association, wires that he is in receipt of a message from Secretary of Agriculture David N. Houston stating that he has directed the United States good roads models at Washington to be shipped at once to Birmingham for the purpose of being exhibited at the fifth annual session of the United States Good Roads association, which meets April 17 to 21. Secretary Houston also told Senator Bankhead that he has detailed one of the best government engineers and road experts to be present and take part in the convention.

Alabama Troops to Memphis.

Birmingham.—Two companies of Alabama National Guardsmen passed through Birmingham enroute for Memphis over the Frisco. Nothing official is known here as to the purpose of sending the troops to Memphis, but it is said to be for the purpose of guarding the bridge over the Mississippi river at Memphis, and other important railroad properties in the vicinity. The troops are part of the First batallion of the Second infantry and are commanded by Carl Seals, with Lieutenant Julian Smith as adjutant.

3-Mill School Tax Wins in St. Clair.

Montgomery.—St. Clair county followed in the footsteps of Houston county and gave a majority of 81 for the 3-mill tax for public school purposes, according to a telegram received by the state department of education. The vote was 672 for the tax and 591 against it. Houston county gave a majority of about 1000 in favor of the tax. Only Marshall county has voted against the tax since the constitutional amendment was adopted in November. Several elections will be held during the next 60 days.

Brown Heads Alabama Teachers.

Montgomery.—With only two dissenting votes the Alabama Educational Association at the closing session of the thirty-sixth annual convention went on record as favoring equal suffrage. Dr. Charles A. Brown of Birmingham was elected president of the association as the successor of Dr. James J. Doster of the university who served one term.

Tax Election to Be Called.

Decatur.—The county commissioners will order a special election immediately on the proposed 3-mill school tax, allowed under a recent amendment to the state constitution. A petion asking for the election and signed by nearly 1000 voters has been filed with the court.

Albany Entertains Y. M. C. A.

Albany.—The meeting of the State Young Men's Christian Association was largely attended. An interesting and varied program was carried out.

Many to Attend Meeting.

Mobile.—At the annual convention of the Alabama Bankers' association to be held in this city May 10-12, between 250 and 300 members are expected to be here, many of whom will be accompanied by their wives and families. The entertaiment features will consist of the annual banquet, a boat ride on the river and bay, a reception at the Country Club and automobile rides for the women. The convention will be held at the Battle House.

TEN-YEAR-OLD GIRL WINS.

Montgomery Child Receives Prize Offered by Anti-Tuberculosis Association.

Montgomery.—The $10 prize offered by the Anti-Tuberculosis Association for an essay on "How to Prevent the Spread of Tuberculosis," has been awarded to Annie Sue Helms, Mathews, Montgomery County, Ala., the daughter and only child of Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Helms, is 10 years old and formerly lived at Clayton, Ala., in Barbour County. The prize was offered to children in the 4th, 5th and 6th grades of small schools. A new $10 gold piece was sent to Miss Annie Sue by the League. Following is the essay:

"How to Prevent the Spread of Tuberculosis."

The spread of tuberculosis may be prevented by destroying the germ and by keeping sound healthy bodies. The germ may be destroyed by allowing plenty of fresh air and sunshine to enter our rooms.

Do not stay in the house all the time; get out and take plenty of outdoor exercise. Wash your teeth night and morning; keep your nails clean; do not eat with soiled hands. Hold up your chest. Keep your face and hands clean. Do not drink out of public vessels, or drink after any one else. Do not chew or smoke. Never drink any kind of liquor. When you cough or sneeze be sure to hold your handkerchief over your mouth. Do not brethe in any one's face.

Do not dust with a duster or sweep with a dry broom. Be sure to keep your dishes and cooking vessels clean.

"To be neat and clean we must take great care,
Have plenty of sushine and breathe pure air
Eat nourishing food to make good blood and then
We all become strong women and men."

Court Decides Asessment Case.

Montgomery.—One member of a county board of equalization has no authority to make an essessment unless at least one other member agrees with him, according to the supreme court, and as a result of this decision the Empire Mining Company has lost its case in the Jefferson circuit court and must pay taxes on a heavier assessment than was agreed upon by one member. The company sought a writ of mandamus requiring the Jefferson board of equalization to accept an assessment made by one member. The board declined to sanction the assesment and made another one. The circuit court granted the writ, but the supreme court reversed the case, holding that one member might make the investigation and recommend the assessment, but it would not be legal until another member had approved it.

All Counties Must Limit Indebtedness.

Montgomery.—Counties can become indebted only to the extent of 3 1-2 per cent of the assessed valuation of property, which means that they must limit their indebtedness to 3 1-2 per cent of 60 per cent of the total valuation under a decision of Judge Gaston Gunter of the Fifteenth judicial circuit, rendered in granting an injunction which prevented the board of revenue of Elmore county from borrowing $30,000 from a Wetumpka bank. The case was brought by T. L. Austin, probate clerk, in testing the contention. Elmore county is already indebted to the amount prescribed by law, provided the law means the assessed valuation instead of the full valuation.

School Teacher Wins Suit.

Anniston.—Teachers all over Alabama probably will be glad to know that Miss Bessie Alexander, school teacher of Jacksonville, was well within the law, when she whipped Melvin Prater, one of her pupils. The case was tried before a Calhoun County jury in the Circuit Court. Melvin Prater, a minor, seeking to recover damages from Miss Bessie Alexander in the sum of $2,500. The jury decided the case in favor of the defendant, assessing the costs against the plaintiff.

To Vote on Bonds.

Clanton.—April 16 has been specified as the date for the special election in Chilton County for the proposed bond issue of $200,000 to take up an old indebtedness and provide revenue for the betterment of the road system of the county. A bid by a Montgomery firm, representing an eastern corporation, to take the entire issue of bonds, already has been filed here.

State Dentists Meet In Birmingham.

Birmingham.—Approximately 200 delegates, representing every section of the state, attended the annual convention of the Alabama Dental Association held here. In addition to the State Association members, there were several noted dental authorities from adjoining states, who delivered addresses and participated in the discussions.

Dock Plans Submitted.

Mobile.—Plans for the ceration of docks and terminals on the property of the city of Mobile at Arlington on the bay front, were presented to the City Commission by Mayor and Commissioner of Docks Harry Pillans. The plans call for a bulkhead and pier, an apron wharf and breakwater pier, retaining wall, dredging of a 30-foot channel and railroad tracks to connect with the railroad system of the city. The city engineer, who drew the plans, estimates that the cost is $503,475.

The text of the joint resolution adopted by congress declaring a state of war between the United States and Germany, was as follows:

Whereas, The imperial German government has committed repeated acts of war against the government and the people of the United States of America; therefore, be it

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the state of war beween the United States and the imperial German government which has thus been thrust upon the United States is hereby formally declared; and that the president be, and he is, hereby authorized and directed to employ the entire naval and military forces of the United States and the resources of the government to carry on war against the imperial German government; and to bring the conflict to a successful termination, all of the resources of the country are hereby pledged by the congress of the United States.

UNITED STATES FORMALLY AT WAR WITH GERMANY

Congress Declares That a State of War Exists.

SENATE IS FIRST TO ACT

Six Members of Upper House Vote Against Resolution After Heated Debate—Representatives Adopt Measure by Overwhelming Majority.

Washington, April 6.—Responding quickly to President Wilson's stirring message and to the evident demand of the people of the United States, congress has formally declared that a state of war exists between this country and Germany, due to the hostile acts of the imperial government.

The senate was the first to act on the war resolution and adopted it by a vote of 82 to 6. The six senators who voted against the resolution for war were:

ASLE J. GRONNA, Republican, North Dakota.
HARRY LANE, Democrat, Oregon.
R. M. LA FOLLETTE, Republican, Wisconsin.
G. W. NORRIS, Republican, Nebraska.
WILLIAM J. STONE, Democrat, Missouri.
J. K. VARDAMAN, Democrat, Mississippi.

There were eight senators absent or paired. They were: Bankhead, Goff, Gore, Hollis, Newlands, Smith of Maryland, Thomas, and Tillman. Of those absent it was announced that all except Senator Gore of Oklahoma would have voted for the resolution if present.

All six of the senators who voted against the resolution were members of the group of twelve which defeated the armed neutrality bill at the last session. There was no attempt to filibuster this time, however.

Thirteen Hour Debate.

Thirteen hours of heated debate preceded the vote. Party lines disappeared in this discussion and Republicans joined with Democrats in sounding the call to the nation to support the president unitedly.

The little group opposed to the resolution drew fire from every side. Senator La Follette, defending Germany and heaping blame upon England, was informed by Senator Williams that Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the German chancellor, would have made the same speech in the reichstag had he been imbued with sufficient effrontery.

Senator Norris, charging that the United States is going to war at the behest of the munition barons of Wall street, drew from Senator Reed the retort that such an accusation is "almost treason."

The assertion that the nation was going to war on the demand of gold, he said, was "an indictment of the president of the United States, an indictment of congress, of the American people, and of the truth."

"The president is not calling America to arms for the sake of a few paltry dollars," Senator Reed continued, "but for the life, honor, and integrity of this country."

Introduced by Hitchcock.

In introducing the resolution into the senate, Senator Hitchcock made a brief statement in which he said that the present time was one "for action, not discussion."

"The time for discussion has passed," he said. "The president has stated clearly, effectively, more conclusively the reasons which make this grave step necessary. The resolution provides for war against the imperial German government. It places responsibility for the war squarely upon the shoulders of the German government, charged with repeated acts of war against the United States.

"We want no more territory. We will demand no indemnity. We have no grudge to settle, nor racial antipathy. We will spend our treasure and our blood and sacrifice our lives without the thought of gain.

"Such quarrel as we have with Germany is not of our choosing. It was forced upon us and we did much to avoid it. For nearly three years the president, congress, and the American people have hoped to avoid it. But one desperate act by the imperial German government has followed another."

German Pledges Broken.

Senator Hitchcock was followed by Senator Swanson of Virginia, who said the German government "has repeatedly and grossly violated its treaty obligations to us, and wantonly broken solemn assurances."

"The issue is not peace or war," Senator Swanson continued. "War has already been declared upon us. The issue is whether we shall accept war or abject and cowardly submission."

Reciting the sinking of American ships, German plots, and outrages in this country, Senator Swanson said the Zimmermann plot to incite Mexico against this country "reaches the lowest depths of national turpitude."

"We have long suspected a disposition by Germany to dispute the Monroe doctrine," he added. "Now is the time to teach this mischief-making German government that our territorial sovereignty cannot be made a subject of war bargaining.

"What else can Germany do to wage war against us? When the war-made autocracy that now rules Germany has been chastened or overthrown, ties of friendship now severed will be reunited."

Many other senators took part in the debate, Gronna, Stone, Vardaman, Norris and LaFollette, all opposing the resolution.

Senator Smoot made the last speech—a short prayer that God would "hasten the day when liberty will be enjoyed by all the peoples of the earth."

The roll call was taken while the senators and spectators sat solemn. A few cheers greeted the result and then all filed quietly out of the chamber.

House Vote, 373 to 50.

The house, after a debate lasting about seventeen hours, adopted the joint resolution by a vote of 373 to 50. Nearly a hundred representatives made speeches.

In offering the senate resolution as a substitute for its own, the house foreign affairs committee submitted a long report reviewing the history of submarine warfare and America's futile protests against it, German intrigues and bomb plots in this country, the effort to ally Japan and Mexico against the United States and the mistreatment of American officials and citizens in Germany.

"It is with the deepest sense of responsibility for the momentous results which will follow the passage of this resolution," said the report, "that your committee reports it to the house, with the recommendation that it be passed.

"The conduct of the imperial German government toward this government, its citizens and its interests, has been so discourteous, unjust, cruel, barbarous, and so lacking in honesty and practice that it has constituted a violation of the course of conduct which should obtain between friendly nations.

"In addition to this the German government is actually making war upon the people and commerce of this country, and leaves no course open to this government but to accept its gage of battle and declare that a state of war exists."

Flood Opens the Debate.

Under the unanimous consent rule by which the resolution was considered Representative Flood could move the previous question at any time after one hour and, if sustained, bring the measure to a vote. He was disposed, however, to give members every opportunity to speak throughout the day. The debate began without any limitation.

"War is being made upon our country and its people," Representative Flood said in opening. "Our ships are being sunk. Our noncombatant citizens, including men, women and children, are being murdered, our merchantmen are denied the freedom of the seas. There is no choice as to our course. We are compelled by the acts of the German government to enter into this most colossal war.

"The time for argument has passed; the time for heroic action is here, and our people will rally to the support of their government in this high and patriotic hour and meet war's sacrifices and war's perils as a brave and patriotic people should.

"We should take our stand by the side of the allied nations who have been fighting humanity's battles for two and one-half years, determined that our power shall be so employed that complete victory shall crown their efforts and that Prussian militarism shall be crushed and the world shall be delivered from the threat and danger of the Hohenzollern dynasty."

INDIGESTION, GAS OR SICK STOMACH

Time it! Pape's Diapepsin ends all Stomach misery in five minutes.

Do some foods you eat hit back—taste good, but work badly; ferment into stubborn lumps and cause a sick, sour, gassy stomach? Now, Mr. or Mrs. Dyspeptic, jot this down: Pape's Diapepsin digests everything, leaving nothing to sour and upset you. There never was anything so safely quick, so certainly effective. No difference how badly your stomach is disordered you will get happy relief in five minutes, but what pleases you most is that it strengthens and regulates your stomach so you can eat your favorite foods without fear.

You feel different as soon as "Pape's Diapepsin" comes in contact with the stomach—distress just vanishes—your stomach gets sweet, no gases, no belching, no eructations of undigested food.

Go now, make the best investment you ever made, by getting a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any store. You realize in five minutes how needless it is to suffer from indigestion, dyspepsia or bad stomach. Adv.

A Sport.

"How would you like to risk a little money in a game of chance?" asked the insinuating stranger.

"Don't mind risking 25 or 30 cents," answered Uncle Hiram Waybacker. "By gum, trot out your checkerboard!"

BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP

Why take ordinary cough remedies when **Boschee's German Syrup** has been used for fifty-one years in all towns in the United States, Canada, Australia, and other countries, for coughs, bronchitis, colds settled in the throat, especially lung trouble. It gives the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectoration in the morning, giving nature a chance to soothe the inflamed parts, throw off the disease, helping the patient to regain his health, assisted by pure air and sunshine when possible. Trial size 25c, and 75c family size. Sold in all towns in the United States, Canada, Australia, and other countries.—Adv.

Might Help.

She chatted gayly while he tinkered with a balky motor.

"Yes, the story gave me quite a start."

"Um," he growled, I wish you'd tell it to this automobile."

SAVE A DOCTOR'S BILL

by keeping Mississippi Diarrhea Cordial handy for all stomach complaints. Price 25c and 50c.—Adv.

Not Surprising.

"He passed away very calmly."

"Naturally; he was an easy-going man."

CRISIS OF WOMAN'S LIFE

Change Safely Passed by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



Wagoner, Okla.—"I never get tired of praising Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound because during Change of Life I was in bed two years and had two operations, but all the doctors and operations did me no good, and I would have been in my grave today had it not been for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which brought me out of it all right, so I am now well and do all my housework, besides working in my garden. Several of my neighbors have got well by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. VIOLA FINICAL, Wagoner, Okla.

Such warning symptoms as sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, backaches, dread of impending evil, timidity, sounds in the ears, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness and dizziness should be heeded by middle-aged women. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has carried many women safely through the crisis.



TO KILL RATS AND MICE

always use

Stearns' Electric Paste

Full directions in 15 languages

Sold everywhere—25c and $1.00

U. S. GOVERNMENT BUYS IT

The PEORIA Ford Starter

Representatives wanted in unoccupied territory for Peoria Ford Starters, costing only $31.50. Merely push the pedal with foot and motor starts. Guaranteed. Write quick for your territory to Lyons Sales Co., 4146 Olive, St. Louis, Mo.

PAN-AMERICA IS AGAINST GERMANY

Several Countries Of South America To Follow Lead Of The United States In War

BRAZIL PREPARES FOR ACTION

Guatemala Expected To Lead The Way For The Central American Republics

Washington.—Early entrance of several of the South and Central American nations into the war against Germany is regarded here as practically certain.

Brazil, aroused by the sinking of her steamship Parana, is expected to become a belligerent, and it is assumed that her lead will be followed promptly by other countries.

Reports of divided opinion in Argentina have given officials here little encouragement to look for aggressive action by that country.

Active support of the United States by at least two of the five Central American republics and possibly by four would not be surprising. Official and unofficial reports that Estrada Cabrera, president of Guatemala, is contemplating seriously a break with Germany have been received.

So long as Mexico's course is undefined, unsual interest is attached to the position of the Central American governments, especially that of Guatemala, controlling the southern frontier of Mexico. In the event of the development of an unfriendly situation in Mexico it is realized that Guatemala's role would be far from unimportant.

In Guatemala Estrada Cabrera has built up what is regarded generally as the most efficient army in Central America, and with it he would be in a position to lend valuable assistance to the United States. Antipathy between the Guatemalans and the Mexicans there has existed for years.

It is known that earnest efforts have been made by counsellors of Cabrera to induce him to enter promptly into the war. If he does place his country in the list it is expected that Nicaragua will quickly follow and that the long-standing difficulties between these two countries and Salvador and Honduras may be swept away in a desire to present a united Central America.

Cuba Declares War On Germany

Havana.—Cuba, not yet out of her teens as a republic, is at war with Germany—the first of the Latin-American countries to range herself alongside the United States, her liberator and protector.

President Menocal affixed his signature to the joint resolution passed unanimoulsy by both the senate and house without a dissenting voice being raised, thus putting into effect the declaration that a state of war exists between Cuba and the imperial German government.

GERMAN RULER MAKES PROMISES TO REFORMERS

Direct And Secret Election Of Prussian Deputies Promised By The Kaiser At End Of War

Amsterdam, Holland.—Direct and secret election of deputies in Prussia at the end of the war is provided for by Emperor William in his order to Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, directing reform in the Prussian electoral law. He declares that "in view of the gigantic deeds of the entire people there is no more room in Prussia for elections by the classes." In connection with this phase of his proposal, Emperor William said:

"Reform of the Prussian diet and liberation of our entire inner political life are especially dear to my heart. For the reform of the electrola law of the lower house preparatory work already had been begun at my request at the outbreak of the war.

"I charge you now to submit to me definite proposals of the ministry of state so that upon the return of our warriors this work, which is fundamental for the internal formation of Prussia, be carried out by legislation. In view of the gigantic deeds of the entire people there is, in my opinion, no more room in Prussia for election by the classes."

Increase Coming In Taxes For War

Washington. — President Wilson's policy of paying America's war bill, so far as possible, while the war is being waged, was reflected in a virtual decision by leaders in the house and senate to raise fifty per cent of the first year's expenditures by taxation. Under this program congress will be called upon to raise war revenue to the extent of $1,750,000,000 through new and increased measures of taxation during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1918. This is exclusive of the $5,000,000 bond issue.

Ninety Aairplanes Lost In One Day

New York.—Destruction of forty-four British and French airplanes on the Franco-Belgian front in one day's fighting was announced by the German war office, which added that the artillery duel continues with great intensity along the battle line from Lens to Arras. London admits twenty-eight machines are missing, but says forty-six German airplanes were destroyed or damaged. The French have been violently bombarding the German lines at St. Quentin and south of that city in the region of Lallon and Gruigies.

GERMAN POLICY UNCHANGED

Announced That Germany Will Not Take Steps To Wage War Against The United States

Berlin.—The press report of President Wilson's "state of war" message having reached Berlin at ten o'clock on the morning of April 3, it is declared that there will be no change in the German attitude—Germany will not declare war nor take any steps to wage war against the United States.

The submarine war will be continued as it has been conducted since February 1, but this, declare the officials, is not directed more against the United States than any other neutral.

It is also declared that there will be no change in the treatment of American citizens in Germany, who now have the same freedom as all other neutrals. But Germany expects that the United States will continue the same treatment of Germans in that country.

German Protest To All Neutrals

London.—An Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Amsterdam says that it is reported there from Berlin that the German government contemplates sending to all neutrals a firm protest against the expected American declaration that a state of war with Germany exists. It is hoped in Germany, the dispatch says, that the protest will influence South American republics, as it will denounce President Wilson's policy as perilous to the neutrality of the republics of Central and South America.

American Policy Towards Germans

Washington.—While President Wilson indicated the benevolent policy the government will pursue towards Germans in this country, legal officers of the administration directed attention to a law already on the statute books under which as soon as congress declares war existing every unnaturalized male German 14 years of age or over may by presidential proclamation be confined or removed as alien enemies.

STRINGENT SPY LAW EARLY WAR MEASURE

Wilson Says Germany Has Had Spies Even In United States Government Offices

Washington.—The significance of President Wilson's warning of German spies "even in our offices of government" became apparent when it was learned that on several occasions trails of the German secret service have been discovered within some of the most closely guarded precincts of the executive departments.

Although officials do not believe that access has been gained by the foreign agents to any information of any great importance, they are understood to be convinced that not even the state department, with its highly confidential diplomatic facilities, has been free from invasion.

No evidence on which prosecutions can be based has been found, it is said, but enough has been revealed to prompt a sweeping official investigation and precautions which the department believes will safeguard its interests more adequately in the future.

Brazil Prepares To Enter The Fray

Rio Janeiro, Brazil.—The Brazilian government has received official confirmation of press reports of the sinking by a German submarine of the Brazilian steamship Parana, with the loss of three lives. The situation is regarded as most serious, and in view of the definite declarations of the foreign minister, Dr. Lauro Muller, a rupture of diplomatic relations with Germany is regarded in some quarters as inevitable. The public received the news calmly and it was assumed that the government would take energetic action, as indicated by the note sent to Germany in February. The police established guards over the Austrian and German consulates and business houses as a measure of precaution.

Submarine Secrets For United States

Washington.—All the closely guarded secrets of submarine catching, developed by the entente navies, are expected to come into possession of the American navy now that the United States is ready to enter the war. As the capacity of German navy yards—now that a standard of construction has been developed—is said to be two submarines a week, the suppression of the campaign would seem to depend only on development of efficiency in submarine catching.

Sentenced To 25 Years In Atlanta Pen

Martinsburg, W. Va.—Henry Grady Webb, charged with having been a member of the gang which held up and robbed an express train on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad near Central Station, W. Va., on October 9, 1915, and escaped with $100,000 in unsigned currency, pleaded guilty in federal court here. He was sentenced to serve twenty-five years in the Atlanta penitentiary. Eugene Liez, also an accomplice in the robbery, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment.

Britons Acclaim Entry Of U. S. In War

London.—President Wilson's message aligning the United States with the nations fighting against Germany was warmly welcomed and unanimously acclaimed by the British people. They recognize that no decision with a weightier influence upon the result of the world struggle has been given since Great Britain, after a few days of consideration, resolved to march with France. No news of the last year has so stirred the country, save only the Russian revolution.

UNITED STATES IN WORLD CONFLICT

President Wilson Signs The Resolution Of Congress Declaring The Existence Of State Of War

GERMAN SHIPS ARE SEIZED

Complete Mobilization of Navy Ordered—Naval Militia And Naval Reserves Called To Service

Washington.—The United States accepted Germany's challenge to war and formally abandoned its place as the greatest neutral of a world in arms.

President Wilson signed the resolution of congress, on Good Friday, declaring the existence of a state of war and authorizing and directing the chief executive to employ all the resources of the nation to prosecute hostilities against the German government to a successful termination.

The act was done without ceremony and only in the presence of members of the president's family. The act was accomplished in the executive mansion.

Word was flash immediately to all army and navy stations and to vessels at sea, and orders for further precautionary steps withheld until the last moment were dispatched.

By proclamation the president announced the state of war, called upon all citizens to manifest their loyalty and assured Germans in this country that they would not be molested as long as they behaved themselves. Orders were issued soon afterward for the arrest of sixty ringleaders in German plots and intrigues.

Navy Placed On War Footing

Complete mobilization of the navy, calling all reserves and militia to the colors was ordered by Secretary Daniels as soon as the war resolution was signed. The war department, already having taken virtually every step contemplated before raising of a real war army is authorized, waited on congress. Secretary Baker conferred with Chairman Dent of the house military committee, and arranged to appear before the committee to discuss the general staff army plans and consider the war budget of more than three billions.

The president went over all of the great preparatory measures with the cabinet, discussing what has been accomplished and dwelling, it is understood, upon arrangements for co-operation with the entente allies against the common enemy. Plans for co-operation are said to have taken very definite shape, although there will be no announcement on the subject for the present.

The seizure of German ships laid up in American harbors was the subject of interested comment, and legal officers of the government began consideration of the question of whether the United States can confiscate the ships outright or must pay for them after the war. In any event, as soon as they can be made seaworthy the fine merchant fleet thus acquired will give America a merchant marine that could not be duplicated in several years and add more than six hundred thousand to the tonnage available for the transportation of supplies and munitions to the allies.

William J. Bryan Tenders Services

Tallahassee, Fla.—William Jennings Bryan, three times candidate for president, and former secretary of state, sent this message to President Wilson: "Believing it to be the duty of each citizen to bear his part of the burden of war and his share of its perils, I hereby tender my services to the government. Please enroll me as a private whenever I am needed. Assign me to any work that I can do until called to the colors. I shall, through the Red Cross, contribute to the comfort of soldiers in the hospital and, through the Young Men's Christian Association, and in guarding the morals of the men in camp."

German U-Boat Sunk By Allied Ship

St. John, N. B.—The sinking of a German submarine which attacked their ship 90 miles off Queenstown, Ireland, was reported by officers of a British steamer on arrival here. In a running fight the merchantman scored a direct hit, officers said, and the underseas boat went to the bottom

Kaiser Facing Trouble At Home

Copenhagen.—American's entry into the war evidently has had an immediate and strong effect upon the reform movement in Germany. The conviction that the instant modernization of the Prussian constitution and the proclamation of a more democratic basis of government and diplomacy in the empire, without waiting for the end of the war, is necessary as a military and political measure to counteract the "tempest of the world's public opinion," as The Vorwaerts puts it, is evidently gaining ground

German Plotters Ordered Arrested

Washington.—The arrest of sixty alleged ringleaders in German plots, conspiracies and machinations in the United States is ordered by Attorney General Gregory. This action follows in the wake of the signing of the war resolution by the president. Every man citizen, is known by the department of justice, it is authoritatively stated, to have participated actively in German intrigues in this country, and is regarded as a dangerous person to be at large.

WAR RESOLUTION IS PASSED

Action Came In Senate At Close Of Debate, Which Lasted Continuously For Eleven Hours

Washington.—The resolution declaring that a state of war exists between the United States and Germany was passed by the senate April 4 by a vote of 82 to 6.

The resolution, drafted after consultation with the state department and already accepted by the house committee, says the state of war thrust upon the United States by Germany is formally declared, and directs the president to employ the entire military and naval forces and the resources of the government to carry on war and bring it to a successful termination.

The resolution declaring that a state of war exists between the United States and Germany, already passed by the senate, passed the house by a vote of 373 to 50.

The passage of the resolution was not marked by any outburst from the galleries. The senators themselves were unusually quiete. Many of them answered to their names in voices that quivered with emotion.

Text Of War Resolution

The text of the war resolution follows:

"Whereas, the imperial German government has committed repeated acts of war against the government and the people of the United States of America; therefore, be it

"Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America, in congress assembled, that the state of war between the United States and the imperial German government which has thus been thrust upon the United States is hereby formally declared; and that the president be and he is hereby authorized and directed to employ the entire naval and military forces of the United States and the resources of the government to carry on war against the imperial German government; and to bring the conflict to a successful termination, all of the resources of the country are hereby pledged by the congress of the United States."

In the senate patriotic speeches of support for the president and a determination to press the war with all vigor were made by Democrats and Republicans, with pledges of non-partisan consideration for all war questions.

In the diplomatic gallery was Secreary Lansing, Counsellor Polk of the state department, Minister Calderon of Bolivia and Minister Ekengren of Sweden. Earlier in the evening Doctor Ritter, the Swiss minister, in charge of German interests of this country, had been there.

ARMY PLANS PLACED IN PRESIDENT'S HANDS

Two Million Men To Be Trained And Fighting Machine Will Be Built Of Men In Their Twentieth Year

Washington.—Detailed plans of the war department for raising an army numbering millions if that is necessary "to bring the government of the German empire to terms," were placed in the president's hands, April 4, in the form of a bill, prepared by the general staff and reviewed and revised in part by Secretary Baker and the general officers who are his military advisers. The president, as commander-in-chief, already has approved the basis adopted for the war army.

The scope of the war department's army plan is gradually becoming clear, although the details are being withheld from the public. Included in the scheme must be the funds and equipment necessary to establish military training on a basis never before attempted in the United States. Warfare has changed mightily in the European struggle. There is no open fighting of consequence. Trench fighting is the predominating feature of the battles raging there.

Government Seizes All Radio Stations

Washington. — Seizure of all radio stations in the United States and its possessions, operations of those needed for naval communications and closing of others is authorized by President Wilson. Enforcement of the order has been delegated to Secretary Daniels, and preliminary steps toward carrying it out have been perfected. It is understood that all plants for which no place can be found in the navy's wireless system, including amateur apparatus, for which close search is being made, will be put out of commission instantly.

Russians Cheer For The United States

Petrograd.—News of the impending intervention of the United States was first received at Tauride palace, where a council of soldiers and workingmen's deputies was in session. The announcement, made from the tribune, evoked a storm of applause and soon the entire palace echoed with shouts and hurrahs. Impromptu meetings were at once held in the foyer, where orators explained to the soldiers the enormous importance of President Wilson's declaration.

Henry Grady Webb Escapes Guards

Charlotte, N. C.—Henry Grady Webb, recently sentenced in West Virginia to a term in the penitentiary for train robbery, escaped from guards here, while being taken to the federal prison in Atlanta, Ga. Three deputy United States marshals were guarding Webb and another prisoner. While the train was standing in the shed at the local passenger station Webb jumped through a window and escaped. City and county police are searching for him.

BILIOUS, HEADACHY, SICK "CASCARETS"

Gently cleanse your liver and sluggish bowels while you sleep.

Get a 10-cent box.

Sick headache, biliousness, dizziness, coated tongue, foul taste and foul breath—always trace them to torpid liver; delayed, fermenting food in the bowels or sour, gassy stomach.

Poisonous matter clogged in the intestines, instead of being cast out of the system is re-absorbed into the blood. When this poison reaches the delicate brain tissue it causes congestion and that dull, throbbing, sickening headache.

Cascarets immediately cleanse the stomach, remove the sour, undigested food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out all the constipated waste matter and poisons in the bowels.

A Cascaret to-night will surely straighten you out by morning. They work while you sleep—a 10-cent box from your druggist means your head clear, stomach sweet and your liver and bowels regular for months. Adv.

Described.

"Pa, what is temperament?"

"Just a fancy name for cussedness."

NO MALARIA—NO CHILLS.

"Plantation" Chill Tonic is guaranteed to drive away Chills and Fever or your money refunded. Price 50c.—Adv.

No Wonder.

"What did your husband think of that twenty-dollar hat you bought?"

"Oh, he just raved over it."

CLEARS AWAY PIMPLES

Does Cuticura Ointment—Assisted by Cuticura Soap—Trial Free.

On rising and retiring smear the affected surfaces gently with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. When the skin is clear keep it so by using Cuticura for every-day toilet and nursery purposes.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

An Illustration.

"Birds of a feather flock together."

"Yes, I've often noticed that swallows generally go along with larks."

A SUPERIOR KIDNEY MEDICINE

The repeated sales on Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root keep up very nicely. We have been handling it only two years but during that time we have never heard a single complaint from our customers; all of them speak very favorably regarding Swamp-Root. Swamp-Root stands equal to the best remedies on the market today.

Very truly yours,
MIZELL DRUG CO.,
June 15, 1916. Clio, Ala.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

Subterfuge.

"What sort of a fellow is Green?"

"Oh, he's all right when you get to know him."

"That I presume is a polite way of telling me that he's disagreeable."

FALLING HAIR MEANS DANDRUFF IS ACTIVE

Save Your Hair! Get a 25 Cent Bottle of Danderine Right Now—Also Stops Itching Scalp.

Thin, brittle, colorless and scraggy hair is mute evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff—that awful scurf.

There is nothing so destructive to the hair as dandruff. It robs the hair of its luster, its strength and its very life; eventually producing a feverishness and itching of the scalp, which if not remedied causes the hair roots to shrink, loosen and die—then the hair falls out fast. A little Danderine tonight—now—any time—will surely save your hair.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store, and after the first application your hair will take on that life, luster and luxuriance which is so beautiful. It will become wavy and fluffy and have the appearance of abundance; an incomparable gloss and softness, but what will please you most will be after just a few weeks' use, when you will actually see a lot of fine, downy hair—new hair—growing all over the scalp. Adv.

Wichita, Kan., has adopted city manager form of government.

Sore Eyes Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Druggists or by mail 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye FREE ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
W. M. WYATT AND J. B. WELLS
Publishers and Proprietors.

W. M. WYATT, Editor.
J. B. WELLS, Business Manager.

Subscription price $1.00 per year, payable in advance.

Entered April 15, 1913, at Clanton Ala., as second class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

Vote for the Bond Issue.

It will give the county a lower rate of interest on its indebtedness.

It does not increase the county's debt. It puts the present debt into a better form.

The bond issue will place the county on a cash basis ,so it can pay for what it must buy and get it at half what it must pay under the present system.

By voting bonds to take care of the warrants, then the road and bridge funds can be used next year and each succeeding year, to improve the roads of the county, where necessary.

If bonds are not voted to pay the warrants, all the road and bridge tax for more than ten years will have to be applied to the payment of the warrants, with nothing to put on the roads and bridges for needed repairs.

By voting bonds you vote to the interest of every man in the county. By voting against bonds, you vote in favor of the moneyed men, who hold the interest bearing warrants.

Lay aside any and all petty ideas you may have about the present debt; remember we have the debt upon us, and must meet it some way. Bonds are the only possible way, and we hope you will see it that way and vote accordingly next Monday.

Next week the Union-Banner will publish the complete road laws of Chilton County. The laws are new and revised, and will be adopted by the Commissioners Court of Chilton County at its next meeting. You ought to secure a copy of the paper which contains this valuable document. We will have a number of extra copies of the paper which may be obtained at 5 cents per copy.

The present administration of the county officers was elected on the promise that they would reduce the cost of running our county business. We are, together with the people of the county, glad to see them living up to their promises. The way the Commissioners have cut down salaries and appropriations shows that they are watching the county's finances.

IN UNION THERE IS STRENGTH

The people last November elected 215 Republicans and 215 Democrats to the House of Repdesentatives. They also chose five representatives under independent classification, and since then one Democrat and one Republican have died.

The day that Congress organized there were three Republican Representatives absent for sickness and other sufficient reasons. This reduced the total possible Republican number to 211.

Upon the vote for Speaker, only 205 members gave their support to Mr. Mann of Illinois, the nominee of the Republican caucus; two members voted "present"; two each voted for Mr. Lenroot of Wisconsin and Mr. Gillett of Massachusetts.

The 205 who stood by the nominee of their caucu merit the praise of all militant republicans everywhere. They did much to demonstrate that the great mass of Republicans, whom they represent are mindful of the party's cause and mindful that the party cannot exist and maintain public confidence without solidity, If Republicanism is to consist of only a disassociated group of ambitious individuals, Republicans cannot expect to succeed. But if Republicanism is to embody a disciplined force, of political co-thinkers, wherein a majority—fairly secured and freely expressive of itself—it is to settle mooted questions, then the 205 who voted for Mr. Mann have given a pledge for the future of Republicanism, in the next congress, and in the campaign, which will encourage the party to elect not 215 but 250 members of the Congress of 1918.

THE FARMER AND PROTECTION

Imports and food stuffs and food animals for the first eight months of the present fiscal year ended February 28, totaled $381,000,000—over $47,000,000 a month. Does that statement carry any warning to the farmer who today is realizing the high prices caused by the European War? That is an increase of $103,000,000 over the similar period of 1912-13, when this country operated under a protective tariff law, the imports for that period paying a health revenue into the Federal treasury. At the same time, the food producing countries of the world were shipping a large share of their harvests to Europe, where 18,000,000 are destroying instead of producing, and who have to be fed. Yet, our imports from Argentina, chiefly agricultural products, increased during the 1916-17 period 333 per cent over the 1912-13 period; those from Canada 125 per cent.

The figures of the Department of Commerce also show that imports of products in the manufacture groups shows an increase over 1912 period, in spite of the fact that Germany, Belgium, and Austria are closed out of our market, and the rest of Europe is spending more or less of its energy toward supplying the demands of war. Oriental competitors are making large strides in the commercial conquest of the American market. Europe will join in the rush after the war. Every American workman who is laid off as a result of post-war competition means much loss in the purchasing power of the farmers' products. More, even than the manufacturer, is the farmer concerned with the protective policy, because under free trade he gets the foreign competition in his own products and loses a customer in the laid-off laborer.

FAVORS CONSISTENT ECONOMY

Congressman James P. Glynn of Connecticut believes in the application of practical efficiency in the management of the Government and deprecates the sporadic outbursts of economy on the part of the Democrats in inconsequental matters while spending tens of millions on useless activities. Mr. Glynn does not hesitate to give expression to his principles by vote. He recorded his objection to unwise appropriations in the public buildings bill, the river and harbor bill, the armor plate factory bill and other measurer recklessly disposing of the people's money, and also registered his disapproval of the provision dictated by Mr. Gompers, and included in several big appropriation bills, prohibiting time measurements of work in government arsenals, etc. which Representative Glynn declares has resulted in the saving of thousands of dollars to private manufacturers, and would do the same for the government if allowed to be applied.

IS YOUR NAME THERE?

Look over the list of qualified voters which we are publishing in this weeks issue of the paper, and see if your name appears in it.

If you are a qualified voter, have paid all your poll taxes and are entitled to vote and your name does not appear on this list, or if it appears listed in the wrong precinct, you should see the Probate Judge and have correction made of the error. You have ten days in which to have the correction made.

If your name is in error, don't fail to have it corrected in the prescribed time. The list, when corrected, is the official voting list of the county, and will be the guide in determining qualified voters in elections this year.

Statement of the Ownership, Management, Circulation, Etc., Required by the Act of Congress of August 24, 1912.

Of the Union-Banner, published weekly at Clanton, Alabama, for April 1st, 1917.

State of Alabama, County of Chilton.

Before me, a Clerk of the Circuit Court in and for the state and county aforesaid, personally appeared W. M. Wyatt, who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the Editor and Manager of the Union-Banner, and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in Sestion 443, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed on the reverse of this form, to wit:

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business managers are:

Publisher, Union Publishing Company, Clanton, Alabama.
Editor, W. M. Wwatt.
Managing Editor, W. M. Wyatt.
Business Manager, W. M. Wyatt.

2. That the owners are:

Union Publishing Company, Clanton, Ala.
W. M. Wyatt, Clanton, Ala.
J. B. Wells, Clanton, Ala.

3. That the known bondholders, mortgagees and other security holders, owning or holding one per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities are:

Merganthaler Linotype Co., New York, N.Y.

4. That the two paragraphs next above, giving the names of the owners, stockholders, and security holders, if any, contain not only the list of stockholders and security holders as they appear upon the books of the company but also, in cases where the stockholder or security holder appears upon the books of the company as trustee or in any other fiduciary relation, the name of the person or corporation for whom such trustee is acting, is given; also that the said two paragraphs contain statements embracing affiant's full knowledge and belief as to the belief and circumstances and conditions under which stockholders and security holders who do not appear upon the books of the company as trustees, hold stock and securities in a capacity other than that of a bona fide owner; and this affiant has no reason to believe that any other person, association, or corporation has any interest direct or indirect in said stock, bonds or other securities than as so stated by him.

W. M. WYATT.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 31st day of March, 1917.

M. D. FOSHEE,
Clerk Circuit Court.

My commission expires Jan. 15, 1923.

If you caugh all night, you get no rest, nor does anyone else ni the house. Keep within reach of a bottle of BALLARD'S HOUSEHOLD SYRUP. It is then easy to stop the tickling, which causes the cough, whenever it appears. Price 25c, 50c and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Arrival of Spring

Means the buying of new Wearing Apparel for the Summer Season.

And this is to once more remind you that we have on hand the very best line of General Merchandise, from which to make your selections.

Our Shoes and Slippers for men and women, boys and girls, cannot be surpassed both for appearance, quality and reasonableness of price.

Ladies who desire the latest in the way of Dress Goods and Notions, will find our stock pleasing and up-to-date.

Gents furnishings and clothing for men and boys. A full line containing anything you need or want.

Farmers, remember too, that we handle whatever you need in your house or on the farm. A big line of heavy groceries and provisions. We invite your patronage and guarantee to please you, or your money back.

W. A. KEMP

Your Money's Worth, or Your Money Back.

CLANTON, ALA.

DELINQUENT TAXES

The State of Alabama, Chilton County. To whom it may concern:

Take notice that the Tax Collector has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax payers, and of read estate upon which taxes are due, and therein reported assessed to the following named persons, as here shown for real estate, to-wit:

Beat 2.

No. 180—Creel, J. R. E½ of SE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 14, T.P. 24, Range 13; SW¼ of SE¼, Sec. 14, T.P. 24, Range 13; SW¼ of NW¼, Sec. 13, T.P. 24, Range 13; SW¼ Sec. 13, T.P. 24, Range 13; Tax and Cost, $12.70.

No. 198—Durbin, C. H. One house and lot in Jemison, Ala., Lot 3, Block B. Tax and Cost, $11.22.

No. 253—Hatcher, Mrs. Sallie est. S½ of NW¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 23, Range 12; SE¼ and S½ of NE¼, Sec. 3, T.P. 23, Range 12; All east of Mahan Creek in SE¼ of NW¼ and in E½ of SW¼, Sec. 3, T.P. 23, Range 12; Tax and Cost, $29.41.

Beat 4.

Lunsford, Mrs. N. L. S. Mineral and mineral right only, NE¼ and E½ of SE¼ and NW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 1, T.P. 23, Range 14; N½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NW¼ and S½ of NW¼ and N½ of S½ and SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 23, Range 14; S½ of NE¼ and S½, Sec. 3, T.P. 23, Range 14; N½ of Sec, 10, T.P. 23, Range 14; S½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of SW¼ and E½ of SE¼, Sec. 12, T.P. 23, Range 13; S½ of SE¼, Sec. 13, T.P. 24, Range 13; N½ of NE¼, Sec. 27, T.P. 24, Range 13; NE¼ and S½ of NW¼ and S½, Sec. 15, T.P. 24, Range 14; S½ of NE¼ and S½ of NW¼ and NE¼ of NW¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 24, Range 14; SE¼ and W½ of SW¼ and NE¼, Sec. 19, T.P. 24, Range 14; NE¼ and E½ of NW¼ and S½, Sec. 21, T.P. 24, Range 14; All of Sec. 23, T.P. 24, Range 14; SE¼ and E½ of SW¼ and NW¼ of SW¼ and N½, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 14; All of Sec. 27, T.P. 24, Range 14; NE¼ of NE¼ and S½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NW¼ and W½ of NW¼ and NE¼ of SE¼ and SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 31, T.P. 24, Range 14; NW¼ of NW¼ and SE¼ of NE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼ of SW¼ of NE½, Sec. 35, T. P. 24, Range 13; S½ of NE¼ of NE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼ and N½ of SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; SE¼ of SW¼ of NE¼ and SW¼ of NW¼ of NE¼ and N½ of NW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; S½ of NE¼ of SW¼ and NW¼ of SW¼ and E½ of SW¼ of SW¼ and SW¼ of SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; SE¼ of SW¼ and NE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; Tax and Cost, $43.45.

Stanfield, Miss Kate. 1 hous and about 3 acres of land, west of L. &N. R.R. in town of Clanton, Ala., known as the old Stanfield place; Tax and Cost, $21.27.

Beat 8.

No. 2451—Baker, Wiley. NW¼ of SE¼, Sec. 34, T.P. 20, Range 11; Tax and Cost, $4.90.

No. 2568.—Hurst, Mrs. E.M. All that portion of NW¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 20, Range 12, lying between Bogles and Big Mulberry Creek; also all of NE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 18, T.P. 20, Range 12, lying between said creeks, also a strip on south side of SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 7, T.P. 20, Range 12; Tax and Cost, $20.96.

No. 2681.—Patterson, D. P. N½ of NW¼ and E½ of SE¼ of NW¼ and W½ of NE¼ and NW¼ of SE¼, Sec. 31, T.P. 20, Range 11; 3 acres on south side of SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 30, T.P. 20, Range 11.

Beat 9.

No. 3146—Mary Smith (Col.) NE¼ of NE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 22, T.P. 22, Range 13; Tax and Cost, $4.25.

No. 3172.—Thompson, Lucy B. Lots numbered one to ten, both inclusive, according to map of Thorsby in Chilton County, said lots being in Block 6 of said town of Thorsby, Alabama; Tax and Cost, $4.86.

Beat 13.

No. 3876—Hardy, F.H. NE¼ of SW¼ and S½ of SW¼, Sec. 18, T.P. 24, Range 13; Tax and Cost, $8.18.

Beat 14.

No. 3995.—Birmingha mFarm and Garden Co. SE¼ of SW¼ and SW¼ of SE¼, Sec. 4, T.P. 23, Range 12; E½ of NW¼ and W½ of NE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼ and SE¼ and E½ of SW¼, Sec. 9, T.P. 22, Range 12; W½ of SW¼, Sec. 10, T.P. 23, Range 12; E½ and E½ of NW¼ and E½of SW¼, Sec. 16, T.P. 23, Range 12; W½ of NW¼ of Sec. 15, T.P. 23, Range 12; E½ of NW¼ and E½ of SW¼ and SE¼, Sec. 21, T.P. 23, Range 12; W½ of SW¼, Sec. 22, T.P. 23, Range 12; NE¼ and E½ of NW¼ and E½ of SE¼, Sec. 28, T.P. 23, Range 12; NW¼ of NW¼, Sec. 27, T.P. 23, Range 12; NW¼ of NW¼, Sec. 34, T.P. 23, Range 12; NE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 33, T.P. 23, Range 12; W½ of SW¼ of SW¼, and 5 chains off north side of E½ of SW¼ of SW¼ and twenty-six and one-half chains off SE¼ of SW¼ lying on west side of Montgomery road; Tax and Cost, $214.05.

This is to notify you to appear before the Probate Court of this county at the next term thereof commencing the first Monday in May, (May 7th,) 1917, then and there to show cause, if any you have, why a decree for the payment of taxes assessed upon same, fees, and costs.

This the 2nd day of April, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Pribate.

TEACHERS EXAMINATION

The next state examination for teachers will be held at Clanton at the Courthouse, beginning at 10:00, a.m. on the 3rd Monday in April, 1917. All applicants should be present by 9:00 a.m. for registration, except those who intedd to file a second grade and stand for first, and they must be present by 1:00 p.m. on Tuesday.

All applicants who are not personally acquainted with me must be identified before they can be admitted to the examination.

Each applicant is required to take the examination in the county, in which he is living, teaching or attending school. If any applicant wishes to take in any other county, he should write the county superintendent for the necessary blank to make application to the state board of examiners for the desired change.

W. T. BEAN,
Co. Supt. Ed.

LEGAL SALE

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage executed by J. W. Gaylor and wife, A. M. Gaylor and M. E. Gaylor, to J. C. Johnson on the 5th day of April, 1916, which said mortgage is recorded in the Probate Office of Chilton County, Ala., in book 154 of Mortgages, page 301, default having been made in the payment of same, the undersigned will proceed to sell at the courthouse door of Chilton County, between the legal hours of sale, on

Tuesday, May 1st, 1917,

to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property situated in Chilton County and the State of Alabama, to-wit:

The west half of the Southeast quarter, Section thirty-one (31), Township twenty-one (21), Range seventeen (17), containing eighty (80) acres, more or less.

Said sale will be had for the purpose of paying the indebtedness secured by said mortgage and the expenses of foreclosure.

J.C. JOHNSON, Mortgagee.
FRANK W. LULL, Atty. 3-29-4t

The April non-jury term of the Circuit Court of Chilton county has been in session here this week. The docket was small and no cases of importance have been considered.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in Hopkins Bldg.
Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women & Surgery
CLANTON, ALA.

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

F. B. COLLIER
Attorney at Law
Office in the Johnson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

C. REESE MULLINS
—Agent—
For Life and Fire Insurance, Accident and Health Insurance, Auto and Windstorm Insurance, Liability and Plate Glass Insurance. Bonding.
Singer Sewing Machines.
Regular office days Mondays and Saturdays.
Third door east of Post office.
CLANTON, ALA.

Pure Bred Duroc Jerseys
Pigs, both sexes. Service boar Bred Gilts. Barred Plymouth Rock Chickens, the Thompson Strain. Eggs in season.
W. Y. NIX, Maplesville, Ala.

Book of Mixed Feeds

FREE!

Useful to every owner of dairy cows, beef cattle, work oxen, horses and mules



TELLS you how to prepare mixed feed scientifically. Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells the percentage of protein and carbohydrates. Directs what amount of each mixture to feed for maintenance, for milk production, for fattening and for work.

This book also contains an interesting chapter on

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

Shows why these delinted hulls have greater forage value than the old style hulls, why they allow better assimilation of food, why they go farther, why they take less space for storage, why they are easy to handle, why they mix well with other food, why cattle relish them, why they cost much less than old style hulls and why thousands of feeders are enthusiastic about them. The mixed feed formulas show how to combine Buckeye Hulls properly with concentrates and other feeds.

Mr. W. B. Lifford, Troy, Ala.,
prefers Buckeye Hulls to old style hulls. He says that they are less trouble to feed, are better for the digestive organs and seem to agree with the cows better.

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Send to the Nearest Mill for Your Copy of the Book

Dept. K ***The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.*** *Dept. K*

Atlanta, Augusta, Birmingham, Charlotte, Greenwood, Jackson, Little Rock, Macon, Memphis, Selma

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A List of the Qualified Voters of Chilton county, Alabama.

Beat No. 1.

Bates, R. F.
Burnett, J. L.
Burnett, Willie
Burnett, W. L.
Cox, C. B.
Depoister, J A
Ellisoy, John M.
Ellison, Ellis
Ellison, Andrew.
Foshee, E. H.
Gandy, W. M.
House, W. L.
Jones, B. G.
Jones, D. F.
Jones, Grover
Kilgore, M. A.
Knox, W. C.
Littleton, W. L.
Littleton, Louis
Littleton, J. W.
Little, J. M.
Littleton, Oscar
Mullins, H. F.
Mullins, Oliver
Marcus, M. H.
Mahan, R. J.
Mims, H. L.
Mullins, O. R.
McKee, T. L.
Mahan, J. M.
Mahan, W. T.
Rhodes, Tom
Smith, J. O.
Smith, H. L.
Smith, H. E. C.
Smitherman, J. E.
Traywick, George
Vines, Ben
Vines, Jim
Vines, Madison
Williams, E. T.

Beat No. 2.

Abbott, W. T.
Atkinson, F. T.
Atkinson, W. G.
Attoway, A. M.
Abbott, J. W.
Anderson, Joseph
Aldrich, J. M.
Armstrong, W. F.
Atkinson, A. J.
Beasley, J. W.
Brantley, J. M.
Brantley, I. M.
Barnes, H Z
Barnett, R. A.
Brown, L. A.
Bean, L. H.
Barnett, A. S.
Blankenship, G. C.
Braneley, L. M.
Blackmon, O. C.
Bean, J. M.
Barnett, W. A.
Conwey, C. C.
Canthem, S. G.
Cobb, V. T.
Cofer, E. G.
Cofer, H. G.
Cobb, T. J.
Cobb, J. E.
Cobb, D. W.
Compton, J. H.
Compton, W. M.
Collum, W. A.
Collum, B. E.
Cooper, J. D.
Collum, D. W.
Conway, A. A.
Cobb, James E.
Collum, G. M.
Cobb, Joseph E.
Cobb, B. L.
Cofer, J. M.
Cofer, T. C.
Crysell, J B
Crumpton, J. O.
Carlee, Walter J.
Cobb, G. W.
Cofer, W. P.
Clements, W. R.
Cobb, A. L.
Childress, J. T.
Cameron, J. T.
Crumpton, Onley
Dennis, J. A.
Devore, W. A.
Dubose, J. C.
Davenport, T. S.
Dawson, G. A.
Davis, W. J.
Ellison, G. B.
Edwards, J. H.
Edwards, I E
Ellison, T. G.
Ellison, D. E.
Ellison, C. S.
Edwards, J. E.
Erving, J. N.
Freemon, Y. O.
Franklin, A. T.
Glasscock, A. J.
Gothard, H. W.
Gothard, E. N.
Gothard, G. W.
Gothard, J. M.
Glasscock, J. M.
Glasscock, C. L.
Glasscock, A. H., Jr.
Glasscock, W. H.
Glasscock, A. H., Sr.
Glasscock, Joseph M.
Glasscock, E. L.
Glasscock, W. A.
Glasscock, John
Gentry, J. P.
Gentry, Louis
Garner, L. E.
Gentry, J. E.
Gibson, W. L.
Gibson, C. C.
Green, C. R.
Garner, H. A.
Gray, W. M.
Horsley, W. D.
Horsley, G. B.
Haywood, J. E.
Hayes, C. L.
Hayes, J. M.
Hankins, J. H.
Headley, T. J.
Henry, Pat
Honeycutt, H I
Hubbard, R. N.
Hyman, E. G.
Hobson, W. J., Sr.
Hamilton, J. A.
Hays, M. C.
Jones, L. L.
Johnson, W. N.
Johnson, J. M. B.
Jones, W. C.
Jones, J. L.
Keitt, J. M.
Killingworth, R. F.
Killingworth, W. H.
Killingworth, L. L.
Kelley, J. A.
Key, R. J.
Kincaid, J. L.
Kincaid, R. L.
Langston, F. M.
Langston, C. L.
Langston, C. W.
Langston, W. E.
Langston, I. N.
Langston, W. F.
Lowery, W. E.
Lowery, J A
Leach, R. L.
Latham, W. R.
Latham, Monroe
Langston, E. B.
Langston, R. F.
Lucas, S. J.
Lowery, W. M.
Little, H. O.
Littleton, Joseph.
Lowery, W. R.
Lowe, E. H.
Littleton, J. P.
Marlar, J. R.
Marlar, G. W.
Merchant, F. F.
McGraw, L. A.
Martin, J. H.
Martin, L. F.
Martin, J. W.
Martin, L. G.
Martin, I. B.
Martin, W. C.
Martin, W. A.
Martin, H. C.
Martin, L. P.
Martin, P. M.
Martin, W. P.
Martin, L. G.
Misskelly, H.
Millstead, J. N.
Miller, H.
Matthews, T. L.
Marlar, E. E.
Maudling, D F
Martin, I. N.
Martin, H. N.
Northcutt, C. N.
Northcutt, N. M.
Patton, J. H.
Patton, J. W.
Poll, J. W.
Posey, D. A.
Pate, Albert
Prim, J. C.
Parker, T. J.
Payne, J G
Patton, John, Jr.
Posey, J. M.
Poe, M.
Posey, H. G.
Prim, J. W.
Rayborn, W. H.
Reynolds, W. A.
Reynolds, S. J.
Robinson, C. H.
Reynolds, W. J.
Ray, C. C.
Rodgers, E. F.
Robinson, Dock
Robinson, A. L.
Robinson, A. D.
Rodgers, John A.
Robinson, H. M.
Rodgers, H. B.
Rodgers, M. L.
Robinson, J. W.
Robinson, J. H.
Reynolds, C. W.
Scott, G. W.
Shelby, W. C.
Smitherman, D. C.
Shaw, H. B.
Scott, L J
Shaw, E. N.
Scott, R. R.
Scott, J. D. C.
Smith, W. M.
Smith, Caleb
Smitherman, H. C.
Shaw, S. C.
Scott, J. W.
Scott, W. V.
Scott, G. W.
Scott, A. J.
Shaw, C. N.
Shaw, G. W.
Shaw, G. C.
Shaw, W. L.
Shaw, W. H.
Shaw, G. S.
Sims, J. A.
Sims, J. B.
Sims, T. C.
Sammons, L. S.
Skaggs, J. A.
Smith, W. M.
Smith, D. C.
Smith, W. E.
Smith, J. L.
Smith, Onley S.
Sutley, J. D.
Skinner, J. L.
Scott, J. N.
Shaw, S. P.
Splawn, W H
Sims, J. F.
Sammons, A. L.
Shaw, H L
Sims, W. A.
Terry, J. N.
Terry, J. D. H.
Thomas, J. L.
Thomas, W. N.
Thomas, W. E.
Thomas, J. W.
Thomas, W. H.
Thackston, S. R.
Thomas, C. M.
Thrash, M. E.
Upshaw, J. A.
Whitaker, W. T.
Webb, J. L.
Webb, J. M.
Waddell, J. H.
Watson, D. W.
Watson, W. J.
Watts, D. B.
Webbs, W. H.
Wallace, William
Whitaker, Ira
Watkins, J. T.
Warden, J. D.
Willis, D.
Williams, R. W.
Williams, J. W.
Watson, J. C.
Waldrup, S. E.
Wallace, J. W.
Williams, T. H.

Beat No. 3.

Atkinson, C. F.
Atkinson, J. T.
Atkinson, R. Y.
Brown, W. L.
Broadhead, D.
Baker, W. R.
Bates, F. A.
Broadhead, S. L.
Bates, J. F.
Calfee, O. O.
Cox. M. T.
Crumpton, J. E.
Culp, R. L.
Childress, M. F.
Cooper, W. V.
Childress, B. F.
Cooper, C. H.
Coburn, J. T.
Davenport, J. H.
Davenport, R. L.
Davenport, B. L.
Davenport, J. M.
Davenport, P. W.
Deshazo, W. M.
Deshazo, W. F.
Deshazo, W. A. D.
Davenport, O. F.
Durbin, O. C.
Deshazo, J. C.
Durbin, A. J.
Durbin, H. D.
Edwards, J. C.
Edwards, E. C.
Edwards, Perry S.
Frost, M. J.
Frith, A. B.
Fox, J. W.
Frith, G. W.
Freeman, E. C.
Gibson, E. J.
Giles, Joseph
Gibbons, W. H.
Headley, P. H.
Hayes, E. C.
Honeycutt, L. A.
Headley, W. P.
Headley, Ira
Hayes, J. H.
Jackson, E. F.
Jones, C. P.
Jones, T. C.
Jones, A. S.
Jones, C. C.
Jones, Sam
Jones, B. H.
Jones, E. S.
Kincaid, J. F.
Lenore, C. B.
Lenore, Lee
Lenore, J. M.
Lecroy, T. L.
McKary, B. H.
Mims, G. W., Sr.
Mims, Joseph A.
McCraw, W C
Manning, D. O.
Manning, A. R.
Oates, H. S.
Palmer, J. L.
Rasberry, J. H.
Smitherman, Jones
Smith, M. C.
Sims, S. O. Y.
Thomas, J. W.
Thomas, A. M.
Veasey, R. L.
Veasey, G. W.
Veasey, H. W.
Varden, J. W.
Vaughn, W. T.
Veasey, W. H.
Williams, L. F.
Williams, C. C.
Wallace, B. H.
White, W. T.
Wooley, J. N.
Williams, J. S.
Williams, B. E.
Wright, G. E.
Wright, T. W.
Walker, William
Williams, R. J.
Williams, J. M.
Williams, R. A.
Williams, H. A.

Beat No. 4, District 1.

Adams, S. M.
Adams, William M.
Armstrong, J. J.
Armstrong, W. J.
Armstrong, James, F.
Adams, A. R.
Brown, J. C.
Baker, Jesse
Baker, E. C.
Bruce, S. E.
Bell, W. E.
Baker, E. R.
Baker, Mm. R.
Baker, Claude M.
Bean, W. T.
Baker, Joe
Baker, S. L.
Baker, W. A.
Bates, M O
Curlee, J. M.
Cleckler, H. E.
Cleckler, W. M.
Cleckler, Tom
Cleckler, T. C.
Cleckler, Monroe
Cleckler, Andrew C.
Callen, W. T.
Callen, F. J.
Connell, J. W.
Calloway, N. J.
Calloway, W. J.
Curry, Thos. A.
Carter, T. L.
Castleberry, J. S.
Coker, W. A.
Collins, J. D.
Cooper, J. W.
Caton, Cornelius
Culver, W. G.
Cooper, A. R.
Culver, M. C.
Connell, R. N.
Collins, J. L.
Cleckler, Monroe
Downs, J. B.
Denty, F. W.
Driver, J. H.
Driver, J. W.
Downs, H. F.
Dennis, A. J.
Dennis, J. N.
Devaughn, H. W.
Downs, J. G.
Driver, S. J.
Dykes, J A
Easterling, A. J.
Easterling, J. E.
Evans, J. E.
Easterling, W. J.
Easterling, T. N.
Easterling, Bennett
Easterling, D. D.
Ellison, F. A.
Easterling, William
Foshee, W. J.
Foshee, W. H.
Fox, W. W.
Franklin, J. W.
Farley, A. L.
Foshee, G. O.
Farley, J. B.
Farley, M. J.
Franklin, W. A.
Fuller, John P.
Foshee, B. G.
Foshee, R. L.
Giles, E. M.
Giles, John
Gore, J. L.
Gore, H. T.
Gore, M. A.
Gore, J. P.
Golden, R. C.
Goodgame, F. B.
Gowan, A. M.
Goman, J. E.
Goodgame, W. H.
Grant, J. D.
Gore, J. H.
Gore, William
Gerald, L. F.
Grant, E. F.
Gillespie, W. H.
Gulledge, J W E
Goddard, J. H.
Grant, J. M.
Giles, Lomer
Higgins, G.
Heard, V. J.
Hilyer, E M
Hilyer, S. H.
Harris, H. A.
Harris, H. A. J.
Harris, G. C.
Harris, G. F.
Hart, Eric
Harris, E. H.
Harris, C. E.
Hayes, J. P.
Hinsdale, R. R.
Hick, I. N.
Hancock, R. A.
Hawkins, T. F.
Harris, J. L.
Jones, J. Hugh
Jones, D. F.
Jones, W. C., Jr.
Jones, W. C., Sr.
Johnson, N. S.
Johnson, B. G.
Johnson, D. Y.
Johnson, T. S.
Jones, Alvin
Johnson, Arthur
Johnson, S. E.
Jones, A. J.
Jones, G. B.
Jacks, J. A. M.
Jones, G. W.
Jones, J. T.
Jones, E. M.
Jones, R. T.
Jones, E. M.
Johnson, A. R.
Kanjutzky, H.
Lowe, W. E.
Lowe, D. B.
Lowe, J. L.
Minor, T. N.
Minor, John
Mims, F. M.
Minor, E. D.
Mims, A. L.
Miller, T. U.
McDowell, J. W.
Mims, R. W.
Mims, J. M.
Mims, E. H
Mims, G. D
Mims, W. M.
Mlms, E. P.
Mims, J. J.
Mims, G. T.
Mims, E. J.
Mims, P. W.
Minor, Daniel
Minor, Nathan
Moates, John
McDowell, W. L.
Moates, C. C.
Minor, W. G.
McDowell, B. L.
Mullins, Ross
Miller, G. W.
McDowell, F. A.
Mims, J. M.
Miner, N. L.
Miner, John
Mims, Elijah
Maddox, T. S.
McDowell, J. E.
McSwain, T. C.
Minor, R. N.
Melchor, J. N.
Mims, A. N.
Mullins, W. K.
McDonald, H. C.
McDowell, O. H.
McKee, B.
McDowell, J. J.
McDowell, J. L.
Mahan, H. M.
Mahan, J. A.
Moore, J. Watts
Moore, W. R.
Mullins, J. R.
Mullins, W. I.
Maddox, J. W.
Maddox, J. J.
Maddox, W. E.
Maddox, J. A.
Marcus, G. W.
Marcus, P. G.
Mims, A. H.
Miner, W. J.
Marlar, Joe
Mims, W. J.
Miller, Henry
Parrish, T. M.
Parker, J. M.
Price, J. C.
Powell, O. J.
Powell, W. L.
Pickens, J. J.
Potts, J. M.
Powell, T. J.
Parrish, J. M.
Plier, E. E.
Parker, J. T.
Pinckard, E. M.
Parrish, E. H.
Parrish, J. Sam
Popwell, Alfred
Parrish, W. H.
Popwell, L. D.
Plier, C. H.
Popwell, John R.
Popwell, R.
Patterson, J. W.
Pembleton, J. P.
Parrish, W. L.
Powell, J. L.
Rich, W. O.
Rich, J. T.
Rutland, R.
Robinson, J. E., Sr.
Robinson, J. W.
Robinson, Dock
Retherford, G. D.
Raspberry, J P
Raspberry, G. S.
Robinson, John M.
Robinson, James M.
Reynolds, L. C.
Rainwater, J. P.
Smith, A. C.
Smith, J. D.
Smith, R. N.
Smith, M. F.
Smith, L. C.
Spigener, W. D.
Simpson, H. M.
Sanford, W. L.
Smith, L. W.
Stonecipher, J. W.
Teel, J. W.
Teel, W. F.
Teel, T. J.
Teel, A. E.
Teel, R. A.
Taylor, E. F.
Thomas, W. H.
Thomas, J. P.
Thomas, J. F.
Thompson, J. A.
Thompson, J. T.
Thompson, G. P.
Thompson, W. E.
Thompson, B. D.
Thomas, F. W.
Taylor, J. M.
Thompson, H. F.
Tippett, J. W.
Taylor, L. M.
Taylor, Roland W.
Taylor, T. M.
Traywisk, J. H.
Thompson, H L
Teel, F. G.
Taylor, T. G.
Traywick, W. M.
Teel, J. H.
Thompson, Wm. P.
Vines, David
Wilson, P. C.
Wade, J. Q.
Wells, Ben M.
Wagner, W. M.
Wagner, J. M.
Willis, G. W.
Willis, W. S.
Wyatt, J. D.
Wyatt, R .F.
Wyatt, W. M.
Wyatt, G. M.
Wyatt, T. G.
Wilson, J. L.
Wade, A. C.
Wilson, E. R.
Willis, W. A.
Wells, Joseph,
Wilson, J. L.
Wells, C. R.
Wyatt, M. D.
Wells, J. B.
Wilson, J .M.
Wright, G. S.
Weldon, J. T.

Beat No. 4, District 2.

Aldrigde, J. S.
Aldridge, W. T.
Aldridge, G. P.
Aldrigde, R. A.
Ayers, A. A.
Aldridge, H. L.
Alred, J. C.
Alred, J H
Askins, N. W.
Aldridge, Newton
Atkinson, J. B.
Aldridge, F. C.
Blackmon, W. A.
Baker, John Jr
Baker, J. W.
Baker, J. M.
Baker, Alfred
Baker, A. S.
Baker, T. J.
Baker, J. A.
Baker, James
Baker. J. W.
Bates, F. A.
Best, J. D.
Bone, J. F.
Broadhead, M. C.
Broadhead, G. D.
Broadhead, J. R.
Baker, A. T.
Bryant, E. L.
Baker, J. R.
Blankenship, J. D.
Baker, A. D.
Blassingame, S. A.
Best, L. P.
Blankenship, W. J.
Butler, R. M.
Baker, E. M.
Blalock, W. A.
Brown, W. A.
Brown, Ben
Brown, Allen
Branch, C. L.
Baker, J. A.
Culp, J. A.
Carroll, E H
Culver, G. A.
Culver, A. J.
Culp, A. J.
Culpepper, W. F.
Cox, Arthur
Carwile, J. W.
Culpepper, E. B.
Chandler, H. F.
Culp, J. L.
Culp, C. M.
Culver, H. E.
Culp, W. G.
Candler, W. A.
Crumpton, J. P.
Collins, A. H.
Collins, J L Sr
Childress, W. Q.
Davis, Horace W.
Deason, E. B.
Durbin, A. J.
Dykes, A. J.
Davis, J. M.
Davis, C. J.
Duke, A. D.
Davis, H. J.
Davis, H. L.
Duke, C. D.
Duke, G. R.
Duke, W. J.
Duke, G. W.
Duke, B. H.
Deason, C. R.
Daniel, J. K. T.
Duncan, J. H.
Duncan, J. A.
Daniel, J. T.
Dupree, J. L.
Driver, F. M.
Driver, M. H.
Davis, S. E.
Ellison, W. J.
Edwards, J. W.
Edwards, W. A.
Eiland, C. M.
Foshee, J. Wash
Foshee, F. M.
Foshee, Wiley
Foshee, J. L.
Foshee, W. B.
Foshee, A. L.
Foshee, G. W.
Foshee, Walter H.
Foshee, J. Wiley
Foshee, O. C.
Foshee, G. M.
Foshee, M. D.
Gragg, V. J.
Gray, W. W.
Gray. J. Y.
Gray, John G
Gray, W. A.
Grear, E. F.
Giles, J. P.
Gray, N. A.
Green, W. E.
Headley, A. T.
Headley, W. J.
Hinkle, P. T.
Haynes, J. P.
Hayes, J F
Hubbard, C. W.
Henley, J. C.
Holley, J. L.
Hand, D. D.
Holley, J. R.
Hester, J. A.
Higgins, B. F.
Huckabee, J. W.
Headley, S. J.
Hayes, R. M.
Headley, Travis
Higgins, David
Hopkins, Elias
Headley, E. H.
Harris, G. F.
Hayes, J. W.
Hayes, H. H.
Hayes, Clarence
Hayes, W. A.
Huckabee, W. A.
Jones, J. P.
Jones, Walter C.
Jones, B. E.
Jones, W. C.
Jones, W. W.
Johnson, H. C.
Johnson, J. A.
Jackson, J. H.
Jones, C. F.
Jones, J. C., Jr.
Jones, G. S.
Jones, B. L.
Jones, James C.
Jones, J. H.
Jones, W. H.
Knox, R. H.
Kicker, N. A.
Kemp, T. W.
Kemp, W. A.
Kelly, Silas
Kennedy, W. H.
Logan, J. A.
Little, H. B.
Little, J. B.
Lockhart, J. W.
Littlejohn, Joe W.
Jittlejohn, H. T.
Littlejohn, J. E., Sr.
Littlejohn, J. M.
Littlejohn, Noah
Littlejohn, J. Wiley
Littlejohn, R. W.
Littlejohn, J. E., Jr.
Littlejohn, W. A.
Littlejohn, W. F.
Littlejohn, T. J.
Littlejohn, J. N.
Littlejohn, J. V.
Littlejohn, F. M.
Littlejohn, E. R.
Littlejohn, Marion
Lewis, J. D.
Lowery, Zack
Lockhart, James
Lenore, J. L.
Littlejohn, Robert
Littleton, Lawrence
Littlejohn, J. N., Jr.
Luckey, R. E.
Middleton, J. O.
Massey, B. F.
Massey, G. H.
Martin, John D.
Morris, W. J.
Melton, G. W.
Melton, L. P.
Mullins, C. Reese
Marcus, J. F.
Mims, Durwood
Mims, J. M.
Melton, G. D.
Moore, J. W.
Murphy, J. W. P.
Mims, J. W.
Mims, W. A.
Mims, J. W.
Nabors, T. H.
Nix, J. M.
Patterson, A.
Polk, G. C.
Parrish, J. B.
Popwell, Willie L.
Pyron, T. M.
Pyron, T. S.
Popwell, J. M.
Popwell, A. W.
Popwell, J. R.
Prim, P. S.
Price, J. F.
Parrish, J. P.
Price, L. H.
Presley, W. P.
Pounds, E.
Parrish, W. H.
Price, Lonnie
Popwell, W. L.
Robinson, A. C.
Rhodes, G. M.
Rhodes, W. P.
Ruffin, J. L.
Ruffin, McD.
Robinson, J E Jr
Roberts, J. H.
Roberts, H. C.
Reynolds, Grady
Riggins, R. C.
Robinson, J. P.
Roper, H. B.
Roper, O. O.
Riggins, S. H.
Raspberry, C. N.
Ray, H. E.
Richards, A. S.
Roy, Charles
Riggins, J. W.
Riggins, W. G.
Ramsey, Wiley
Robinson, D. P.
Reynolds, L. H.
Smith, W. J.
Sartor, W. H.
Stanfield, John W.
Smith, J. W.
Sessions, B. J.
Seroggins, J. L.
Scarbrough, W. C.
Smith, J. M.
Shaw, I. P.
Smith, T. J.
Smith, J. Lee
Sims, J. M.
Smith, E. H.
Smith, T. P.
Stanley, C. W.
Sims, R. F.
Smith, P. C.
Tyus, B. W.
Tyus, A. J.
Thomas, Jno. A.
Teel, T. B.
Traywick, B. C.
Thomas, B. L.
Upchurch, E. E.
Vines, J. H.
Vines, H. C.
Vickers, B. H.
Vickers, L. O.
Varden, E. F.
Vines, B. F.
VanDerveer, J. P., Sr.
VanDerveer, J. P., Jr.
VanDerveer, J. M.
Vance, P. A.
Vance, W. B.
Williams, T. L.
Williams, A. L.
Williams, T. E.
Williams, J. R.
Wood, W. A.
Watson, W. J.
Wesson, J. O.
Woodyard, F. R.
Wright, W. H.
White, M. L.
Wilson, P. D.
Wagoner, Ed.
Weldon, O. C.
Weldon, O. T.
Walker, G. C.
Ward, W. T.
Ward, R. W.
Weldon, G. S.
Ward, R. E. L.
Wilson, A. J.
Wilson, W. H.
Wilson, E. N.
Wilson, G. W.
Wood, J. G.
Ward, D. W.
Ward, C. C.
Ward, N. G.
Yeargen, I. V.

Beat 5.

Andress, S. J.
Anderson, J. W.
Armstrong, G. C.
Abernathy, R. B.
Baker, W.E.
Bland, J. T.
Brown, C. L.
Baxley, J. A. T.
Bell, Wm.
Bullard, M. C.
Barnett, E. E.
Baxley, B. G.
Baxley, W. H.
Bogan, G W
Beshears, J. D.
Bell, W. H.
Caffey, H. W.
Caffey, G. H.
Catts, J. S.
Claughton, W. F.
Claughton, W. M.
Connell, J. N.
Clark, W. S.
Casey, N. B.
Copeland, E. W.
Cannon, Geo. W.
Champion, V. B.
Calloway, Fred
Calloway, J. C.
Carter, E.
Crowell, J. A.
Cook, O. B.
Christian, J. C.
Cooper, Wesley,
Colly, J. A.
Cooper, John T.
Culver, A A
Cooper, Charles
Cobern, W. W.
Coburn, G. W.
Clark, R. L.
Culver, E. F.
Calloway, W. A.
Dennis, L. J.
Dennis, A. J.
Dennis, Newton
Dennis, J.
Dennis, Joel Mc.
Dennis, E. T.
Dawson, F. C.
Dawson, Noah W.
Dawson, R. L. W.
Davis, W. G.
Daniel, J. J.
Daniel, H. T.
Dansby, W F
Dubose, J. F.
Dansby, C. H.
Dansby, Jacob B.
Deramus, W. N.
Dennis, I. J.
Elsberry, J. P.
Esco, J. H.
Ezekiel, John
Eiland, Z. A.
Eiland, O. J.
Forney, W. F.
Forney, W. T.
Ferrier, W. H.
Ferrin, W. W.
Forney, W. T.
Gaylor, W J
Gulledge, W. A.
Gulledge, F. A.
Gulledge, J. H.
Gulledge, C. E.
Gentry, L. H.
Gulledge, T. J.
Gulledge, T. B.
Gray, J. B.
Garrot, J. E.
Grooms, J. M.
Gay. G. B.
Green, C. A.
Gibson, S. L.
Goss, B. J.
Guy, B. T.
Gray, W. J.
Gray, B. G.
Gray, G. B.
Gray, George W.
House, L. H.
Henderson, L. N.
Hurt, L. F.
Hasselvander, Oden
Henderson, W. C.
Howard, C. F.
Howard, J. W.
Hudson, R. C.
Hubbard, J. S.
Hobdy, J. P.
Harrison, John I.
Hall, J. I.
Hudson, S. R.
Hudgins, A. M.
Hudson, J. D.
Hughes, B. J.
Hood, C. F.
Hall, R. L.
Henderson, T. J.
House, L. J.
Hurt, James M.
Jones, W. B.
Jones, G. W.
Jones, J. P.
Jones, J. A.
Jones, E. L.
Jenkins, R. M.
Jones, C. P.
Jones, H. L.
Jones, T. J.
Jones, C. P.
Jackson, W. J.
Joncs, W A
Jones, A. M.
Jones, J. G.
Jones, J. S., Sr.
Jones, N J Sr
Jones, J S Sr
Keiths, J. M.
Kelley, J. A.
Kendrick, D. E.
Kennon, R. B.
Kelly, J. F.
Long, J. L. B.
Lake, T. G.
Ledbetter, T. J.
Leitaker, J. A.
Mitchel, C. W.
Manning, E. L.
McDonald, T. J.
Matthews, J. C.
Messer, W. A.
Messer, D. F.
McKinney, J. R.
Maddox, T. T.
Moorehead, T. E.
Morgan, H. E.
Moroney, Q. C.
Misslewhite, J. W.
Marion, I. N.
Miller, I. T.
Morrow, D. L.
Moore, D. F.
Mosley, J. J.
Matthews, I. B.
Morgan, R. H.
Mims, W. T.
McDaniel, W. M.
McEavory, J. H.
Norris, E. A.
Nelson, B. H.
Norris, J. T.
Norris, Dave
Newman, C. O.
Nations, H. L.
Oliver, H. B.
Price, W. L.
Penton, O. O.
Penton, C. J.
Penton, A. J.
Pearson, W. M.
Pearson, W. T.
Parker. H. W.
Parker, A. W.
Patillo, J. C.
Powell, S. B.
Roy, W. J. D.
Ropp, John
Robinson, A. L.
Raines, J. A.
Rhodes, J. D.
Ratliff, J. W.
Reyne, James
Riley, I. O.
Reynolds, Stark
Rainwater, F. B.
Scott, S. S.
Strock, W. H.
Sims, W. B.
Scott, J. R.
Strock, C. S.
Strock, Judson
Smith, G. W.
Simpson, J. M.
Smith, T. R.
Scott, B. B.
Scott, Sam'l.
Strock, W. B.
Speer, E. V.
Sorrell, R. M.
Saws, T. J.
Swans, F. A.
Stone, G. R.
Scroggins, D. P.
Teel, J. W.
Toner, J. H.
Wilson, R. N.
Wamble, W. T.
Wilson, F. M.
White, H. C.
Whitsworth, T. D.
Whitsworth, W. J.
Whitsworth, W. L.
White, W. C.
Weldon, G. C.
Williams, H. T.
Wilson, L. D.
Winston, E. N.
Winningham, S. E.
Williamson, J H
Ward, W. C.
Williams, Emory T.
Williams, O. A.

Beat No. 6.

Adams, S. B.
Atkinson, R. F.
Blackmon, I C
Bice, I
Boockholdt, J
Boockholdt, Lee
Boockholdt, J A
Billingsley, J E
Bishop, W W
Brigance, Raymond
Billingsley, T J
Burnett, W L
Burnett, H M
Culp, W E
Culp, Clark
Cagle, J W
Courtney, J C
Culp, J O
Clark, J F
Chandler, W L
Chandler, J L
Cagle, L P
Deloach, S D
Deloach, E A
Deavers, A T
Dobbs, W F
Dobbs, H J
Davis, W C
Deason, T J
Durbin, G M
Davis, Luther
Dees, N D
Edwards, E E
Edwards, T J
Edwards, J M
Edwards, John
Edwards, B F
Eiland, Frank
Foshee, C D
Friday, H W
Gray, J M
Gray, A J
Gray, G G
Gray, Omar
Gray, C C
Gray, G W
Gray, C W
Garden, A G
Green, J H
Headley, J J
Huett, J T
Huett, C B
Hicks, G E
Huett, J A
Huett, Ivy D
Hammonds, Ed
Henderson, N H
Hill, J M
Johnson, F W
Jones, R
Jones, Walter
Keil, W Y
Killpatrick, J F
Lett, M F
Lett, B T
Mims, J J
Moore, James
Maddox, N J
Mullins, G W
Moore, J E
Mims, J Z
Moore, G M

Neeley, F E
Nobles, J B
Owens, J H
Owens, E B
Owens, J R
Owens, H B
Owens, J J
Powell, A W
Pierce, G H
Pierce, J W
Popwell, J H
Popwell, Walter
Popwell, Madison
Popwell, J
Poole, W A
Poole, E H
Price, L H
Popwell, L A
Pierce, J P
Popwell, F I
Poole, J F
Popwell, E C
Roland, D J
Ray, J E
Robbins, T W
Rainwater, J A B
Roland, W J
Scott, G C
Smith, J M
Smith, D F
Smith, J L
Stroud, C D
Stroud, N O
Shaver, J A
Shaver, H M
Smith, J W
Traywick, Robert
Vinson, C C
Vinson, E J
Vinson, W J Jr
Vinson, W J Sr
Vinson, J H
Wilkins, R N
Wilkins, C L
Wilkins, R D
Williams, J C
Wilkins, A E
Wilson, A N
Wyatt, J M
Wyatt, E
Wyatt, A J
Williams, J M
Watts, S W
Williams, A E
Williams, M C
Wilson, Irving
Washam, W A
Williams, A J
Yeargin, R F

BEAT NO. 7

Andrews, N Q
Atchinson, W J
Atchinson, Dolby
Atchinson, W M
Abney, Z T
Atchinson, Jesse
Adams, J F
Atchinson, R Y
Bearden, George
Bawline, W A
Bearden, W
Bearden, J E
Bearden, J S
Burnett, L O
Burnett, J L
Boosier, H J
Burnett, M N
Barrett, J R
Broadhead, N L
Bearden, J T
Cobern, C J
Cobern, C C
Christian, W E
Calloway, R
Chambers, J W
Chambers, Oliver
Cooper, B G
Cochran, A C
Chambers, J C
Chambers, J O
Coleman, J A
Deramus, E E
Dawson, A T
Deason, A B
Day, R A
Ellis, J E
Ellis, F A
Ellis, J A
Ellis, R E
Foshee, G W
Foshee, H J
Fox, G W
Fox, J N
Foshee, J W
Frith, E T
Giles, C H
Glover, B O
Green, J H
Green, F N
Gentry, J N
Givin, J W
Green, W B
Groom, H J
Hicks, J J
Hall, C
Hall, E
Hayes, J J
Huff, W I
Harris, C B
Hicks, J B
Hambrick, George
Hicks, H S
Ingram, John
Johnson, S L
Jeffcoat, C P
Johnson, J L
Johnson, A J
Klinner, A M
Kelly, S C
Kemp, G C
Kay, W E
Keen, C A
Keen, L C
Keen, E O
Lawrence, E C
Latham, H C Sr
Latham, H C Jr
Latham, G T
Latham, N W
Letcher, J J
Lawrence, N M
Langston, J A
Lawrence, H J
Littlejohn, C J
Lawrence, J A
Latham, G C
Merchant, J M
McCormick, Thos.
Moore, G M
McAfee, J R
Mize, J O
Merchant, J C
Merchant, C F
Minor, J G
Minor, John G
Nix, W Y
Nix, H M
Northcutt, J R
Oden, W M
Oden, H R
Perry, T C
Poor, A J
Parnell, L E
Perry, M O
Peagler, W L
Mullins, E G
Moore, Lee
Moates, C R
Moore, John
Neeley, J A

Parnell, C N
Patrick, L W
Ramsey, Monroe
Richardson, R P
Smitherman, Ed
Smitherman, J G
Seals, L F
Smith, Jack
Sammons ,J H
Sanderson, J S
Smith, S B
Sexton, S J
Stanford, W R K
Sanson, S W
Teel, W W
Teel, L A
Tyler, E L
Tucker, E P
Teel, Henry
Wallace, T W
Whiteside, W M
Wyatt, Newton J
Wood, T W
Walker, C T
Wilson, J A

Beat No. 8

Abram, M M
Apperson, D M
Binion, E B
Bleacher, E M
Bell, J S
Binion, M C
Binion, O C
Brasher, R R
Barnes, A K
Cole, B T
Chandler, S S
Carter, W T
Chambers, J T
Cox, W X
Chandler, J T
Connell, W H
Campbell, A B
Dyer, W C
Dyer, L O
Dunsmore, M E
Dyer, A R
Dubose, J J
Dean, C W
Edmond, C S
Evars, I S
Foshee, W Hamp
Friday, D A
Friday, W R
Friday, W H
Friday, Joel
Fitts, H O
Friday, J L
Friday, J D
Fuller, R T
Fox, M C
Friday, L R
Fitts, R E
Frith, A B
Ferguson, G A R
Gregory J F
Griffin, S M
Green, G W
Gandy, B C
Gandy, W W
Gay, J G
Gregg, E W
Gregg, G W
Gay, O T
Garner, S T
Giles, C H
Gay, C C
Harris, W H
Harris, J F
Harris, C
Harris, P E
Harrison, J M
Huff, J M
Haigler, J B
Hooks, O C
Hayes, J F
Harroll, E J
Huff, J W
Harbin, P G
Harrison, W B F
Harrison, James
Harris, R A
Haigler, J G
Huston, H C
Huston, J C
Johnson, S L
Johnson, W A
Jones, A B
Jones, R M
Johnson, L W
Johnson, T J
Jones, John T Sr
Jones, John T Jr
Klinner, H T
Kemp, T W
Lenoir, R C
Lenoir, W C
Lester, L L
Longs, J G
Moore, J H
Moore, W B
McCarkle, J M
Mull, Moses
Milam, D M
McCarthy, W
Mitchell, J H
McGee, O P
Milling, T G
Mitchell, R J
Moore, I W
Mason, D A
Marrow, G W
Marrow, O W
Martin, J E
Nelson, S T
Nichols, J W
Osborn, H C
Oneal, W M D
Ousley, R L
Ousley, T H
Parnell, T D
Parnell, W J
Perry, W C
Perry, L J
Poole, J A
Poole, W M
Poole, J F
Price, W M
Parnell, W L
Prichard, J H
Raspberry, T M
Reynolds, W F
Reynolds, J W
Reynolds, J T
Roper, W L
Rider, John B
Roebuck, R M
Roebuck, W M
Roebuck, R N
Ramsey, J H
Ruddick, W J
Reed, G B
Shurter, H R
Smitherman, Will
Sewell, J N
Sewell, A H
Sansom, J C
Sample, J A
Sexton, J B
Sewell, J A
Sanders, R M
Sanders, W A
Smith, J H
Self, T M
Thrash, J D
Walker, J C
Walker, R K
Williams, J N
Weaver, W A
Whatley, W D

Wilkins, D W
Wright, John O
Walker, R
Wooley, G M
Wright, L M
Wooley, J C C
Walker, D W
Yarn, G H

Beat No. 9

Allen, W J
Adams, E H
Allen, L W
Anderson, Magne
Anderson, Arne
Anderson, Nels
Aldridge A R
Billingsley, W J
Blow, J T
Billingsley, J G
Bean, J A
Bean, H O
Bean, E M
Bean, W J
Bice, C E
Burnett, G W
Burnett, E L
Bice, J A
Butler, E W
Berling, Gust
Bean, Wilbur
Burnett, C B
Benson, G S
Bean, A Z
Bean, R H
Barrow, T J
Burnett, W C
Bean, J D
Bosworth, Thos
Ballow, G W
Bastrum, E
Benson, W M
Benson, R N
Bice, J
Barnett, R L
Billingsley, J R
Boockholdt, C J
Benson, G M
Benson, J W
Burnett, R S
Benson, J H
Bussey, A
Barrett, M J
Burnett, S D
Blow, T H
Bentley, L A
Champion, J A
Christianson, Louis
Cleckler, J D
Collins, S P
Collins, J L
Collins, J W
Collins, J R
Collins, S W
Collins, C D
Cox, E C
Childress, A F
Childress, R B
Childress, C R
Childress, T W
Childress, H T
Childress, David
Caton, W D Sr
Caton, W D Jr
Carlson, H T
Collins, T J
Collins, W L
Carter, R L
Collins, D A
Collins, J H
Collins, J S
Cleckler, J A
Collins, Zebb
Davenport, E C
Dahl, H H
Dryhood, E N
Dawson, E C
Dawson, Charlie
Davis, B F
Diefenderfer, L E
Driver, N L
Eiland, Felix
Edwards, R E
Edwards, S M
Edwards, G D
Edler, W C
Ericson, E W
Franklin, B F
Franklin, J P
Franklin, James
Foshee, Manley
Franzen, Andrew
Foss, J L
Freeman, G W
Foreman, C W
Foss, C R
Franklin, B F
Foshee, R M
Gibson, H W
Gore, W
Gore, G W
Gore, W A
Gentry, D H
Gore, L A
Gore, Green
Gore, Perry
Gore, J W
Gore, Robert
Gore, J S
Gustason, Peter,
Goddard, S J
Gentry, A
Gerald, G H
Gore, Alfred
Gronquist, F E
Gore, J H
Gentry, D
Hayes, J G
Hayes, C C
Horn, A
Heaton, G R
Henson, E E
Hanson, E G
Hubbard, M
Howard, L H
Harris, J L
Herbert, S H
Howard, Fred
Henley, C J
Henley, F L
Howard, Charlie
Henley, J W
Horn, T W
Howard ,C S
Honeycutt, W A
Hamilton, H C
Jones, W H
Jackson, T J
Johnson, J O
Jackson, W L
Jones, A H
Johnson, Andrew
Jones, Gust
Johnson, A M
Krahm, Fred
Littleton, A
Littleton, J W
Littleton, L K
Lowery, C H
Linquist, J A
Langston, A J
Lenoir, W L
Littleton, R F
Leary, W L
Lowery, H M
Lowery, W P
Merchant, F F
Mims, W H
Maddox, W F
Mims, Peyton
Mims, G W

Mims, A M
Mims, J M
Mims, J T
Mims, A F
Martin, W F
Martin, J R
Martin, W C
Martin, William
Martin, T J
Martin, B N
Meade, E F
Maddox ,T A
Maddox, W F
Maddox, Alex
Maddox, G W
Martin, N L
Maddox, W H
Mims, J E
Marshall, Robert
McClain, W A J
Marcus, A R
Martin, W E
Martin, Avey
Murrah, George
Mims, Sam
Maston, O C
Maddox, O L
Michelson, G C
Maddox, J O
Manning, M
Melton, G T
Manning, D Z
Norton, Sereno
Neal, W M
Nelson, J L
Oslin, J P
Peterson, Edward
Peterson, C A
Peterson, P W
Price, F M
Price, Reuben
Price, Huston
Price, Ed
Parker, F J
Poole, J M
Peterson, Martin
Price, W G
Price, Ben
Parnell, W M
Pate, S M
Popwell, E B
Price, Tilton
Parnell, J R
Pate, Lee
Pate, W R
Pate, J E
Pate, Stephen
Peterson, C C
Popwell, J S
Prim, R L
Robinson, L C
Robinson, A J
Robinson, M B
Roberts, J A
Riggins, S H
Robinson, L W
Robinson, J T
Robinson, H E
Robinson, A T
Roper, J C
Robinson, T W
Stanley, J J
Snider, J K
Soberg, M J
Scott, R W
Scott, J N
Scott, W P
Schieve, Olaf
Souetsman, F F
Smith, Manley
Thacker, W G
Thurnquist, C P
Vines, J L
Villadsen, P K
Vance, H C
Williams, B F
Whattley, V A
Winslow, J L
Ward, J M
Whatley, Pink J
Wilson, W H

Beat No. 10

Askins, J A
Allen, J T
Allen, M N
Allen, A H
Allen, Arden
Allen, G A
Burkhalter, J A
Burkhalter, J G
Blalock, G B
Burkhalter, R C
Beaird, Arthur
Blalock, W C
Blalock, W S
Brown, N M
Cox, W S
Cox, J H
Cox, J L
Calolway, L A
Cooper, W A
Culp, W N
Connell, F M
Courtney, A H
Courtney, J M
Courtney, L L
Culver, G P
Dennis, N A
Duffey, N L
Devaughn, O L
Devaughn, E H
Downs, R J
Downs, W J
Downs, J L
Devaughn, W W
Davis, J A
Dennis, C C
Dennis, B L
Driver, E
Driver, S
Dennis, J C
Devaughn, P R
Dennis, B D
Davis, J S
Davis, Willie
Driver, J M
Edwards, J H
Eiland ,J J
Eiland, J M
Eiland, C J
Eiland, R J
Edwards, J P
Edwards, G W
Fiquett, F J
Grant, W F
Grant, L T
Grant, R T
Grant, L J
Gardner, B F
Gardner, J P
Gardner, N L
Gardner, J D
Gray, S L
Gillespie, J H
Hughes, J D
Headley, A C
Holley, R F
Hagins, C D
Hudman, W J
Hudman, John
Hughes, C D
Ingram, J W
Jones, G C
Jones, W F
Jones, J L
Jones, N J Jr
Johnson, N T
Jacks, W J
Johnson, R L
Jones, J C

Jones, D J P
Jones, G Wash
Kelly, O Z
Kelly, J S
Kelly, J M
Kelly, Ed
Lett, J E
Lansford, J L
Martin, W A
McKee, M
Moore, Curtis
Minor, G S
Miller, M D L
Mitchell, J R
Moore, Alfred K
Moore, H H
Mims, Wille J
Mims, Ellis
Mims, J A
Nations, H J
Nelson, W D
Nelson, J W
Nelson, J F
Patterson, J R
Patterson, J R
Patterson, T F
Prickett, E B
Prickett, T A
Pinson, M A
Partridge, S F
Ray, W A
Rockett, J T
Rockett, J B
Rushing, J P
Ray, O L
Ray, J H
Robinson, D S
Robinson, W C
Scott, J T
Smith, H M
Smith, S H
Smith, S J
Sorrell, J L
Smith, O D
Sharbutte, T C
Taylor, A L
Thomas, J E
Taylor, H J
Thomas, J M
Taylor, A O
Traywick, J J
Traywick, T C
Vinson, Isaac J
Vinson, J H
Vinson, N A
Vinson, A P
Vinson, I S
Vinson, W E
Vinson, W G
Williams, S D
Williams, T J
Williams, J F
Wise, W T
White, J B
Williams, C
Wright, J H
White, J W G
Wells, R L
Williams, A Y
Wright, R H
Yates, S M Jr
Yates, S M Sr

Beat No. 11

Baker, A
Burton, W C
Brand, K J
Burnett, C C
Baker, James
Cleckler, J H
Cleckler, Lindsey
Cleckler, William
Cleckler, Jim
Cleckler, John
Cleckler, Jadie
Cherry, D F
Cleckler, John
Connell, T C
Connell, W M
Cleckler, W M
Davis, J E
Dennis, John S
Dennis, S
Edwards, Jim
Ellison, M F
Giles, M M
Giles, W M
Giles, D C
Giles, C J
Giles, J M
Gentry, W J
Giles, W C
Giles, L J
Giles, M F
Headley, Lee
Hadnot, Luke
Hagins, J C
Littleton, J M
Heath, William
Headley, J A
Henton, J M
Hammond, J B
Jones, R E
Knox, R H
Knox, J H
Knox, J C
Lambert, W J
Lembrick, W E
Littleton, John
Littleton, J T
Littleton, Sam
Littleton, Joseph
Littleton, James
Littleton, J T
Lambert, W J
Mims, J B
Moates, J H
Mims, J A
Mahan, G W
Mims, Peyton
Mims, John
Minor, William, Jr
Mims, Monroe
Pembleton, J H
Robinson, J R
Retherford, J T
Stephens, W S
Smith, W L
Smith, Walter
Stephens, J M
Tracey, E N
Thompson, J M
Traywick, G W
White, L
Wagoner, A C
Wagoner, S I
Weldon, J D
Weldon, T E
Williamson, A C
Weldon, P C
Wagoner, S J

Beat No. 12

Arledge, S L
Avory, Z Z
Avory, J W
Argo, E E
Arledge, E A
Arledge, E H
Anderson, J P
Anderson, John W
Bean, Wiley M
Blow, J R
Bean, J P
Barnett, J G
Burnett, J T
Bolton, A F
Bratton, J M
Brand, A J
Bowles, C C
Baxley, A B
Cofer, J A

Cofer, Robert
Cofer, W H
Collum, J W
Cost, J R
Chandler, R S
Conway, W H
Campbell, G W
Chandler, J T M
Conway, E F
Cost, N R
Chandler, Joseph
Campbell, J A
Campbell, J B
Cleckler, W P
Cleckler, J M
Collins, J W
Cleckler, F F
Dobbs, W H
Davis, F B
Dorminy, W G
Dorminy, T J
Davis, J M
Davis, J A
Davis, A J
Driver, S H
Dorminy, S Y
Depoister, J A
Davis, A D
Duton, Z T
Dunson, C M
Davis, E G
Dupriest, S J
Driver, T M
Davis, C L
Davis, J T
Davis, C J
Ellison, J M
Ellison, Tom
Glasscock, O N
Gore, M
Glasscock, G L
Glasscock, B L
Glasscock, J E
Glasscock, J N
Gentry, H G
Hamilton, W T
Hamilton, G L
Honeycutt, W L
Honeycutt, E W
Headley, G W Sr
Headley, S E
Headley, C N
Headley, J D
Honeycutt, J G
Heflin, J W
Hedgepeth, J N
Lowery ,Dan
Littleton, J M
Littleton, L F
Littlefield, H T
Littlefield, L F
Littlefield, J H
Little, J M
Martin, J M
Mims, Dock
Martin, J H
Martin, B A R
McKee, Jonah
Martin, G W
Merrell, A Z
Marlar, J A
Northcutt, C M
Northcutt, W C
Northcutt,M V
Northcutt, J B
Osteen, R H
Osteen, J O
Porter, W M
Porter, R N
Porter, Rick
Porter, Dock
Porter, T M
Plier, G A
Partridge, T J
Retherford, C A
Robinson, W W
Robinson, M
Robinson, J M
Robinson, M C
Robison, J W
Robinson, A B
Retherford, J H
Robinson, A P
Robinson, W A
Russ, S M
Robinson, P G
Robinson, R T
Retherford, I O
Robinson, T M Sr
Robinson, W L
Sorrell, J W
Sorrell, L E
Smith, J T
Sorrell, Joshua
Smith, W A
Thomas, John
Thrash, J P
Vinzant, F H
Varden, R W
Vinzant, W J
Varden, J A
Vinzant, W E
Vinzant, W T
Vinzant, A C
Vinzant, J A
Williams, Forest
Wilson, A R
Williams, T H
Wilson, J R
Williams, H J

Beat No. 13

Aldridge, W M
Adams, Bob
Armstrong, B B
Anderson, W H
Blankenship, J W
Bradford, John H
Busby, J R
Busby, R P
Busby, F M
Busby, T R
Busby, H M
Broadhead, J M
Blankenship, J F
Broadhead, L F
Blackmon, N C
Broadhead, W E
Barefield, John
Birch, W H
Busby, F H
Burnett, J L
Conway, W G
Crim, W A
Crumpton, S F
Curry, Rush
Curry, B B
Curry, S A
Crim, R L
Daniels ,Dan
Denson, J B
Dykes, J P
Dykes, H M
Eddings, Jeff
Glasscock, W G
Glass, E L
Glasscock, A E
Horton, A G
Holdrich, W R
Henry, Frank
Hill, J B
Harroll, J D
Holmes, L W
Killingsworth, S R
Killingsworth, Burney
Killingsworth, D W
Killingsworth, Ge W
Killingsworth, J B
Lucas, S J
Moore, J B
Moore, George R

Milstead, W T
Mitchel, D H
Martin, F L
Martin, C R
Norris, C S
Nichols, F M
Oaks, J W
Parrish, Grady
Rachels, Alex
Rachels, W M
Reynolds, J W Sr
Reynolds, J W Jr
Rachels, J W
Randall, B F
Raspberry, F N
Robinson, C L
Shaw, G S
Shaw, W G
Shaw, J W
Shaw, A
Satterwhite, W J
Satterwhite, J W
Skaggs, G E
Upshaw, J A
Vernon, J P
Virgil, H F
Watson, T L
Wooley, R L
Wiggins, J B
Walker, T D
Watson, Eunice
West, J C
Wooley, Louis
Watson, Sam
Watson, Grady
West, P O
Williams, F P
Watson, W J

Beat No. 14

Armstrong, H H
Armstrong, G W
Atchinson, W Y
Abney, William
Abney, Sam
Bearden, B L
Brown, L N
Brazier, G W
Bearden, E
Brantley, Charlie
Childress, M C
Cost, J C
Cofer, W R
Cost, W M
Cost, C
Cost, Tom
Crumpton, John
Crumpton, M C
Childress, J N
Childress, W E
Crumpton, Pat
Cofer, J N
Cox, M T
Dawson, G A
Dawson, W R
Davenport, L N
Elam, T L
Farris, J S
Franklin, S P
Glasscock, S G
Gibson, W M
Glasscock, B D
Glass, John
Gibson, F C
Glasscock, B G
Honeycutt, H
Hubbard, T J
Hodgins, D H
Hodgins, J D
Hodgins, J H
Hodgins, R M
Hayes, Stanley
Hodgins, G W
Jones, S D
Jones, Z J
Lenoir, E L
Langston, C C
Merchant, D Z
Merchant, J R
Manning, O B
Martin, L F
Merchant, W M
Morgan, J H
Milfort, R W
McBriden, J W
Nix, J P
Nix, J T
Nix, W J
Nix, W D
Nix, J M
Nix, J P Sr
Nix, E Z
Posey, L G
Posey, Napoleon
Posey, A O
Pate, Allen
Price, J M
Raspberry, W G
Raspberry, G C
XRasco, W H
Rollins, Wm
Raspberry, Fleetwood
Smitherman, H C
Spivey, G W
Smith, Jake
Trott, B F
Veasey, J C
Waldrup, I L
Waldrup, Joseph
Waldrup, S M
Ward, J A
Waldrup, J L Jr
Waldrup, J S
Wright, J S
Wright, J W
Waldrup, O

Beat No. 15

Atkinson, G W
Anderson, J F
Abbott, C H
Abbott, J T
Abbott, B F
Abbott, T C
Abbott, J L
Anderson, J P
Adams, J P
Askins, J M
Anderson, George
Barnes, M H
Barnes, W B
Broadhead, W M
Bone O D
Bone, J S
Bone, W J
Bone, J F
Burkhalter, J F
Burkhalter, J H
Burnett, W D
Bone, Elbert
Bell, J H
Broadhead, L B
Culp, J A
Culp, J C
Culp, J M
Cox, W S
Culp, J D
Culp, E H
Cox, J W
Caldwell, E G
Chandler, J E
Chandler, A L
Culp, R G
Donovan, Mose
Donovan, Tim
Donovan, R F
Deason, T J
Dickinson, G T
Deramus, J L
Durbin, W O
Dickinson, R H
Donovan, G C

Dickinson, W C
Donovan, D
Dickinson, T L
Deavers, A J
Dunlap, W D
Deramus, J L
Deason, J D
Deason, R F
Deason, I M
Edwards, E E
Edwards, C E
Edwards, John
Foshee, A B
Franklin, John
Franklin, J E
Franklin, W T
Fisher, Henry
Giles, C H
Gandy, Thomas
Gibson, F A
Houlditch, W L
Hayes, R W
Hayes, W E
Henley, S A
Headley, W N
Headley, W W
Hayes, W G
Headley, R O
Headley, E S
Headley, J T
Hayes, G A
Helms, W J
Helms, W E
Headley, E
Hayes, W Enoch
Henley, L W
Henley, W M
Hayes, J A
Herrod, W T
Hicks, A E
Hayes, J L
Hayes, J J
Jones, R J
Klinner, A V
Keen, C A
Klinner, T J
Klinner, W W
Klinner, J F
Klinner, J T
Klinner, C J
Kendrick, R P
Keen G A
Kendrick, J S
Kendrick, R W
Klinner, G B
Langston, J W
Langston, J C
Littlejohn, C J
Landers, Tyree
Langston, T P
Mims, A C
Murse, J
Murse, W J
Murse, J W
Miller, S J
Moore, R E R
Mills, R P
Milfort, W A
Milfort, J L
Mims, E C
Milfort, M L
Milfort, W A
Milfort, J P
Minor, T B
Owens, C B
Owens, W E
Owens, George
Poole, E J
Price, B A
Poole, W A
Pounds, L B
Ramsey, J M
Ratliff, H L
Rolison, O L
Rolison, Rasco
Roper, Howard
Rainwater, A B
Ratliff, C L
Rachel, G W
Roper, R E
Rollins, W M
Roebuck, W F
Roper, J M
Roper, W C
Ralifft, S B Sr
Ratliff, S B Jr
Ratliff, M M
Rolison, M C
Roper, R K
Roper, W M
Ratliff, J H
Roper, W L
Rolison, J A
Rainwater, T B
Rainwater, J B
Smith, F
Scott, O F
Smith, W O
Smith, J D
Smith, W D
Sexton, J B
Sims, J A
Smith, Jake
Smith, J L
Short, J B
Scott, J N
Sexton, J H
Turner, Sam
Traywick, H L
Traywick, J T
Williams, W W
White, L D
Williams, J P
Williams, A J
Williams, R L
Williams, W J
White, G R
White, C W
Williams W L
Williams, Grady
White, E M
Williams, J T
Walker, J M
White, G R
Williams, T L

Beat No. 16

Adams, L B
Bates, D
Bates, J D
Bates, T J
Boswell, J T
Bice, I W
Bates, J L
Calloway, M R
Collins, I V
Caton, J A
Connell, J E
Cleckler, J W
Driver, J K
Easterling, J L
Easterling, J A
Easterling, J B
Foshee, J H
Foshee, J W
Glenn, H B
Johnson, A J
Johnson, C C
Jones, Len
Jones, Willie
Lewis, W A
Mims, Peyton
Mims, J Mid
Mims, W E
Minor, Mathews
Mims, Sidney
Mitchell, J C
Mims, J A W
Mims, E M
Mims, J P
Mims, W A

1917 Vote List

BUILDING FOR THE FUTURE

THE L. & N. represents an investment of more than $250,000,000 devoted to the public interest in the South.

During the past sixteen years the L. & N. has spent $148,000,000 or more than 100 per cent, in creating new, and improving existing facilities, such as modernizing its stations, building double track, and installing devices to increase the safety, and facilitate the operation of its trains.

The L. & N. has spent, and contracted to spend, $12,162,742 during eighteen months, ending Dec. 31st, 1917, to meet the high standards which the public demands in Freight and Passenger equipment.

In sixteen years the L. & N. paid out for the operation of its trains $559,448,992.52, or an average of $34,965,000 per year, of which $324,870,160.41, or 58 per cent, or an average of $29,304,385.02 per year was paid to employes, the average number of whom was 30,112.

During that time L. & N. passenger rate decreased 7.7 per cent and L. & N. freight rate decreased 10.8 per cent.

Every piece of construction is with a view of the South's present and future preeminence. Adequate transportation is a fundamental business necessity. The L. & N. will be able to do its full share, provided it is permitted to earn a reasonable margin of revenue over expenses. The South is equally interested.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.

The Old Reliable

(1)





Millions Spent In Improvement

OBITUARY

Mrs. Sallie Spivey Wright died at the home of her sister, Mrs, Frank Langston, Jr., near Mars Hill on the night of the 6th inst.

She was born and raised in Chilton County. The greater portion of her life was spent near Union Springs. Her life was blameless, her record says she did all she could. She leaves a husband two sons and an adopted daughter.

How sad to see our friends going one by one. She was true to her convictions, and believed in living a pure and holy life. While she sleeps in death, her life is engraved on the tablet of her Creator's memory, and in the resurrection she will not be forgotten.

To her loved ones we extend our sympathy. Her body was laid away in Mars Hill Cemetery, funeral conducted by Rev. Honeycutt.

Death now reigns over her, but ultimately there will be no more death. Happy thought! Through the rift in the clouds we see the dawning of the beautiful day.

Read the big Chero-Cola advertisement in this paper.

BUCKEYE INCUBATOR



It hatches more Chicks and Better Chicks.

L. D. Popwell

White Leghorns and Plymouth Rocks—Eggs to sell

PAUNCHO REYAS

High class mule jack will make spring season at "Bird-Wood" farm near Bibb, Chilton, and Shelby County line. Colts to stand and suck, $10 Jack handled by owner.

K. C. MAHAN,
Brierfield, Alabama.

TONOLINE IS BEAUTY AID, ANNOUNCES SPECIALIST

Mildred Louise Talk of Interest to Women.

As health is a first aid to beauty this story, told by Mildred Louise, beauty specialist, of Boston, Mass., is of unusal interest.

"I can recommend no better health giver than tonoline," said Mildred Louise.

"I was for many months a victim of stomach trouble and nervousness. I had suffered terribly from pains that followed eating. Headaches would also add to my worries. Poor digestion finally brought on nervousness.

"Relief came, however, when I took the advice of several women who said, "Take tonoline.'

"Not long after I started the tonoline treatment, my patrons began to remind me of the improvement in my condition. And because health is the quickest way to beauty, the improvement was particularly noticeable in in my face.

"What tonoline really did for me I cannot say. I am so grateful that I am very willing to reccommend tonoline publicly."

Tonoline is a purely vegetable preparation which goes to the seat of common maladies—stomach and kidney troulble, catarrhal affections of the mucous membranes, liver ailments and impurities of the blood—and quickly restores proper action. Tonoline is being explained daily to many people at your druggist.

Notice:—As tonoline is a wonderful flesh builder it should not be taken by anyone not wishing to increase his weight ten pounds or more. Although many reports are received from those who have been benefitted by tonoline in severe cases of stomach trouble, and nervous dyspepsia, chronic constipation, etc.

—50c BOX FREE—

FREE TONOLINE COUPON
American Proprietory Co.,
Boston, Mass.
Send me by return mail a 50c box of your celebrated flesh builder. I enclose 10c to help pay postage and packing.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to thank our kind friends and neighbors for their kindness and assistance shown us during the recent death and illness of our wife and mother.

Sincerely,
W. E. Lowe and Children.

P. K. Villadsen of Thorsby was in Clanton last Saturday,

Subscribe for the Union-Banner and and get the county news every week.

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week ending April 7, 1917.

Names—Women.

Miss Mary Nelson, Miss Kathrine Kelbra, Mrs. Mary Headley, Mrs. Minnie B. Borner, Mrs. Kempie Floud Mrs. L. B. Butts, Miss Velma Pugh, Mrs. Lillian Belle Sanders, Miss Ella Mae Williams, Mrs. Lillie Winston, Mrs. Matila Williams. Mrs. G. W. Batson (2).

Names—Men.

Henry Cannieid, Willie Glen Hughes, Claud Headley, J. H. Lewis, Will Blanton, S. E. Headley, Jim Boothe, Luke Jones, Rev. J. W. Sosk, John Smith, Marzie Smith, Wilber Price, H.A.Mims, Jim Wilson, John Merberg

LEGAL SALE—REAL ESTATE

The State of Alabama, Chilton County. In Probate Court.

Application having been made on this day in due form by J. W. Foshee, Administrator of the estate of R.: A. Hancock, deceased, for an order authorizing the sale of the land described therein, belonging to the said estate, for the purpose of paying debts, on the ground that the personal property is insufficient therefor and to divide the residue thereof among the heirs, the 15th day of June, 1917, has been appointed for hearing of such application, at which time, all parties interested can appear and contest the same if they think proper.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
4-12-4t Judge of Probate.

Bill Goodgame pays highest prices in cash for eggs and chickens. See him before you sell.

SHOE SHOP

I HAVE OPENED UP A SHOE AND HARNESS REPAIR SHOP AT THE BROWN OLD STAND IN THE KICKER BUILDING, AND AM PREPARED TO DO THE BEST CLASS OF WORK AT THE MOST REASONABLE PRICES. YOUR WORK IS SOLICITED UNDER A POSITIVE GUARANTEE OF SATISFACTION IN BOTH PRICES AND WORKMANSHIP.

Jim Huckabee

LIST QUALIFIED VOTERS OF CHILTON COUNTY.

(Continued from preceding page)

Nations, S J
Parrish, J M
Powell, A J
Powell, G C
Parrish, G W
Robinson, Lee
Robinson, John M
Robinson, Moses
Robinson, W H
Robinson, E Jr
Robinson, W W
Robinson, Riley
Robinson, T L
Robinson, R M
Robinson, J R
Robinson, C H
Robinson, G C
Robinson, O R
Thomas, R M
Thomas, W E
Thompson, G W
Thompson, J M
Taylor, J M
Thomas, J L
Wyatt, W C B
Wyatt, E L
Williamson, G W
Williamson, J W
Willis, J M

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

I, L. H. Reynolds, Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, hereby certify that the foregoing list of names is a correct list of the voters of Chilton County, as shown by the records of said county.

Notice is also given that any person whose name has been inadvertently or through mistake omitted therefrom and who has paid all poll taxes due, and who is legally entitled to vote, shall have ten days from the publication thereof to have his name entered upon said list of qualified voters.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

G. H. Gerald of Thorsby has been here this week at circuit court.



You'll feel proud of your old floors

if you will take a few hours time and finish them with

Lowe Brothers VERNICOL
Floor and Varnish Stain

Then your old floors will not look old any longer, because Vernicol will cover up their ugliness and make them look bright and new. Vernicol does not show heel marks, is easily cleaned and holds its own under rough everyday wear. It's just the thing for floors.

Bring in the measurements of your floors. You will be surprised how little the cost will be.

Clanton Hardware Company

The Cost of Living is High

BUT I HAVE SOME BARGAINS WHICH I CAN OFFER AT MONEY-SAVING PRICES.

Just received a full line of SHOES. Easy walkers, etc.
Nice new line of Spring Clothing for Men and Boys.
Ladies Skirts and Ready-Made Waists.
A FULL LINE OF DRESS GOODS.
Guano, Cotton Seed Meal, and all kinds of Fertilizer.
I want you to come to see me before you buy.
I will buy all kinds of Cattle, either fat or poor.
I carry a full line of Automobile tires, casings and Tubes.
I will buy your old worn out casings.

L. H. REYNOLDS
CLANTON, ALA.

ADMINISTRATORS SALE

The State of Alabama, Chilton County.

In the matter of J. W. Foshee, Administrator of the the estate of R. A. Hancock, deceased, to sell the land of said estate for the purpose of paying the debts thereof, etc.

In this cause, it being made to appear to Judge of Probate of said County, by the affidavit of F. B. Collier, Solicitor for the administrator of said estate, that Pink Hancock and Joe Hancock, heirs of the said R. A. Hancock and interested in said estate, are non-resident of the state of Alabama, that the said Pink Hancock resides in the State of Michigan and said Joe Hancock resides in the city of Philadelphia, Pa., and further in the belief of affiant, they are each over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Union-Banner, a newspaper published in Clanton, Ala., once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring the said Pink Hancock and Joe Hancock, to file any objections, if any they have, to the sale of said land for the payment of said debts, by answer, plea or demurer to the petition in this cause by the 12th day of May, 1917, or thirty days, such objection will be taken as waived.

This the 7th day of April, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
4-12-4t Judge of Probate.

NEW CONGRESSMAN AN EDITOR

Hon. Stewart F. Reed of West Virginia, whose first experience in the House of Representatives in the present Congress, is a prominent writer and lecturer on educational subjects. He is president of the American Association of Secretaries of State, being eligible to that organization from having served as Secretary of State of West Virginia for Eight Years. Mr. Reed is prominent in newspaper work, having edited several papers in his home state, and was the founder and one of the Vice-Presidents of the National Republican Editorial Association . Crongressman Reed's prominence in Republican politics in his state and nation, and his work in previous national campaigns in the charge of literature bureas, makes him a valuable addition to the Republican organization of the present House.

CONGRESSMAN RETURNED

Washington, April 11—Representative James H.: Davidson of Wisconsin, who was chairman of the Republican National Congressional Committee for six years, has again taken his place with the Republicans of the House with whom he served for fourteen years. In his former service in the house, Mr. Davidson was a member of the great committee on Rivers and Harbors, and did his best to secure a connecting waterway between Lake Superior and the Mississippi River. Mr. Davidson is a lawyer of ability, having graduated at the head of his class in the Albany (New York) Law School, after for many years serving as county and city attorney in his home state. His former legislative experience will make him a tower of strength to the Republican side of the House in every contest that arises.

Bad breath, bitter taste, dizziness and a general "no acount" feeling is a sure sign of a turpid liver. HERBINE is the medicine needed. It makes the liver active, vitalizes the blood, regulates the bowels, and restores a fine feeling of energy and cheerfulness. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

FOR SALE—Two year old Jersey bull from the famous stock of Mr. J. W. Barrett.

Apply to C. L. FARSMAN,
Thorsby, Ala.

THE BURNETT HORSE

To the Public:

I have bought the Burnett horse and will stand him for service this season at my place, 3 miles east of Thorsby, and other nearby places.

3-29-4t ALBERT GORE.

Farmers and others who live at a distance from a drug store should keep in the house a bottle of BALLARDS SNOW LINIMENT. It may be needed at any time for cuts, wounds, cores, sprains or rhumatism. It is a powerful healing and penetrating remedy. Price 25c, 50c and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Bill Goodgame gives the bestservice at his restaurant, and invites you to come there to get your dinner when you are in Clanton.

Gretest Spring Bargains

Which will no doubt interest you.

We call especial attention to our new and handsome stock of Gents Furnishings, as Ties, Shirts, Collars, Hose, Underwear, etc.

A Large Stock of the Newest Spring Goods to make your selections from.

affording all that is new and stylish in Women's and Children's Apparel, and the important part is that we are maintaining our reputation for selling the season's latest and best at the cheapest prices obtainable. Come and let us show you.

The Clanton Mercantile Company

"The Big Bargain Store."

PROMINENT BANKERS COME OUT FOR TANLAC

Two Well-Known Bankers of the South Voluntarily Write Strong Letters of Indorsement to Tanlac Office at Atlanta on the Same Day Telling What It Had Done for Them.

ON MARCH 7th personal letters from prominent bankers in two southern states were received at the Tanlac office. These, like hundreds of thousands of other communications that have been pouring in with every delivery of the mail for the past year or more, express the writers' high appreciation of the merits of Tanlac, as proven by their own experience with it.

The first letter quoted comes through Eli W. Goode, druggist and local agent for Tanlac at Hawkinsville, Georgia, containing the statement of E. J. Henry, president of the Hawkinsville Bank and Trust company, which is one of the best known financial institutions in that part of the state. His letter follows, just as it was written:

"Hawkinsville, Georgia, March 5, 1917.
"Mr. G. F. Willis, Atlanta, Georgia.

"Dear Sir: Mr. E. J. Henry, president of the Hawkinsville Bank and Trust Company, came into my store a few days ago and said:

"'Eli, sell me another bottle of Tanlac.'

"I said 'All right, Mr. Henry. What do you really think of Tanlac?' His reply was so commendable to the virtues of the medicine, that I asked him if he would give me a signed statement about it. He said 'yes, of course I will,' and this is his statement:

"'Last spring I was all wrong some way or other, and couldn't get right. I came to you and bought a bottle of Tanlac and began to improve. Two more bottles put me all right, and I felt perfectly well. A few weeks ago I had the grippe and was beginning to get down and out again, and about a week ago I bought another bottle and have taken it and am perfectly well again.

"'I unhesitatingly recommend Tanlac to anyone who is sick and worn-out, as I believe that if anybody will take Tanlac when they first begin to feel bad it will prevent and keep off sickness. It certainly is a great remedy.

(Signed)
"'E. J. HENRY, President,
"'Hawkinsville Bank and Trust Co.'"

The other letter referred to comes from the cashier of the Hornbeck Branch of the West Louisiana Bank, at Hornbeck, La., and is as follows:

"Hornbeck, Louisiana, March 5, 1917.
"Mr. G. F. Willis, Atlanta, Georgia.

"Dear Sir: I wish to say that I have taken five (5) bottles of Tanlac and have gained fifteen (15) pounds in three weeks. I think it is a great medicine.

(Signed)
"W. C. M'ELVEEN, Cashier,
"Bank of Hornbeck, Hornbeck, La."

It is nothing unusual for men of prominence to endorse Tanlac, as over twenty-five thousand endorsements have been given Tanlac within the past year alone. These endorsements have come from people representing practically every walk of life, including Bankers, Lawyers, Judges, Doctors, prominent Government, State and County officials, prominent men of affairs, etc., but it is a noteworthy fact that in this particular instance two well-known bankers of the South have on the same day voluntarily written an expression of their gratitude for publication, telling what Tanlac has done for them.

In this connection one of the best known newspaper publishers of the South recently said:

"I know that there are at least a thousand people in this city who would be glad to endorse Tanlac," and what is true of that city is true of practically every other city of the South and West; in fact, throughout the entire country wherever this medicine has been sold.

The fame and popularity of Tanlac, as everyone knows, has swept over the whole country like wildfire and is now a household word from coast to coast.

Although placed on the market a little over two years ago over seven million bottles have already been sold, and the demand is constantly increasing.

There is a Tanlac dealer in your town.—Adv.

United States contains 25,426,136 Catholics.

Spartan Women Suffered Untold Tortures but who wants to be a Spartan? Take "Femenina" for all female disorders. Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

Yale college seniors in four years have earned $53,352 and expended $1,500,000.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

Unjust Taxes.

"Gertrude," asked the teacher, "what were the causes of the Revolutionary war?"

"It had something to do with automobiles, but I do not understand just what," replied Gertrude.

"Oh, no!" said the teacher, "that was before the day of automobiles."

"Well, it said it was on account of unjust taxis," said Gertrude firmly.

Good writers are luminous, but not voluminous.

Anuric cures Backache, Lumbago, Rheumatism. Send 10c. Dr. V. M. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for large trial package.—Adv.

United States 1916 exports to China were valued at $31,515,000.

Cuban revolution property losses will exceed $25,000,000.

Good health depends upon good digestion. Safeguard your digestion and you safeguard your health. Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills provide the safeguard. A medicine as well as a purgative. Adv.

She Qualified It.

The fortune-teller was sending cold streams of horror down her victim's back as she predicted the bad things in store for him in the immediate future.

"You will die in a year!" she hissed, at last. "This line in your palm tells me so."

"Help!" gasped the victim. "It surely cannot be as bad as that?"

"As I said," continued the seer, "you will die in a year—but in what year I cannot say."

No Eggs, Milk or Butter

The following recipe shows how an appetizing, wholesome cake can be made without expensive ingredients.

In many other recipes the number of eggs may be reduced one-half or more by using an additional quantity of ROYAL Baking Powder, about a teaspoon, in place of each egg omitted.

EGGLESS, MILKLESS, BUTTERLESS CAKE

1 cup brown sugar	1 teaspoon nutmeg
1¼ cups water	1 teaspoon cinnamon
1 cup seeded raisins	½ teaspoon salt
2 ounces citron	2 cups flour
⅛ cup shortening	5 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder

The old method (fruit cake) called for 2 eggs

DIRECTIONS—Put the first eight ingredients into saucepan and boil three minutes. When cool, add the flour and baking powder which have been sifted together; mix well. Bake in moderate oven in loaf pan (round tin with hole in center is best) for 35 or 40 minutes. Ice with white icing.

Booklet of recipes which economize in eggs and other expensive ingredients mailed free. Address Royal Baking Powder Co., 125 William Street, New York.

ROYAL
BAKING POWDER

Made from Cream of Tartar, derived from grapes, adds none but healthful qualities to the food.

No Alum No Phosphate No Bitter Taste

SWATH OF TERROR CUT BY DEAD EYE

Youth With Water Gun Garners Gold and Jewels From Frightened New Yorkers.

TIRES OF TENDING BABY

Thirteen-Year-Old Desperado Does Thriving Business Until Callous Hand of the Law Cuts Short His Career.

New York.—The callous hand of the law, which wots not of those glorious days when highwaymen strode abroad and garnered gold and jewels from fat and frightened burghers, summarily ended the newly fledged career of "Dead Eye," the boy terror, by carrying "Dead Eye" off to the donjon keep of the Children's society.

"Dead Eye," be it known to those whose prosaic minds know only material names and addresses, is Frank Kraus, who lives at 34 East Seventy-sixth street, and who is thirteen remarkably desperate years old. In about an hour and a half after he had determined to doff the drab garb of respectability and dish washing and baby tending to take up the parlous career of a highwayman with "Dead Eye" for his sobriquet, the youth made a record that will live long after he has reformed.

"Dead Eye" Sets Forth.

Armed with a water gun, a pocket full of nails, a red bandanna handkerchief twisted about his neck, a couple of novels recounting the lives of other bold highwaymen and a flashlight, "Dead Eye" set forth one night at nine o'clock. His first sally was to the tenement of Mrs. Palma Manning.

Mrs. Manning answered an innocent knock at the door to face the diminutive terror, who had the water gun pointed at her and who leered briskly from behind the black mask.

"Hands up and beware!" whispered "Dead Eye," and Mrs. Manning, with a scream, backed into a corner.

"Silence and yer valuables," the impassive "Dead Eye" added, "or you get killed."

With trembling hand, while the light from the flashlight flared in her eyes, Mrs. Manning handed over to "Dead Eye" $100 in cash, a gold watch, two gold bracelets, a diamond ring and a gold chain. "Dead Eye" seemed astonished at this lavish rain of wealth and as he stuffed the last of the booty into a frayed trousers pocket with a grimy hand, he said:

"Gosh!" but he recovered his aplomb quickly and, backing away with the water gun still pointed menacingly at Mrs. Manning, "Dead Eye" scurried to the street.

Hand of Law Descends.

A casual workman passed on his way home, and "Dead Eye" flashed the light in his face. The workman yelled and departed hurriedly. This cemented "Dead Eye's" determination that the



"Hands Up and Beware!"

bold and free life was indeed the career for a man of sporting instincts.

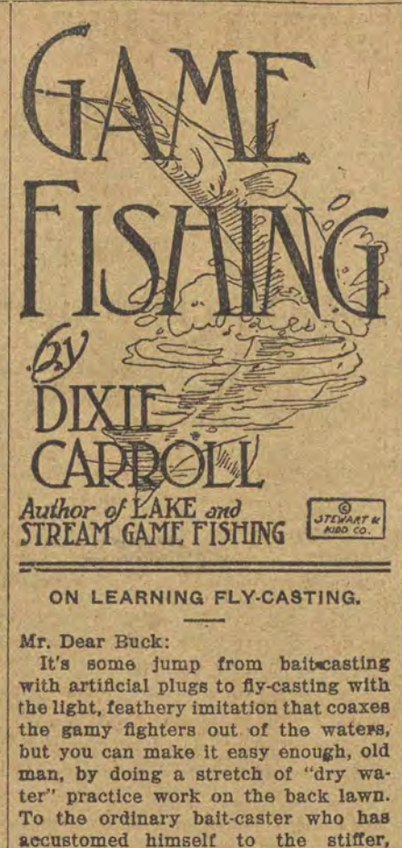
So he wandered down the street to Seventy-fifth street and First avenue, where a group of boys were playing. Hitching his mask over his face, he sallied into the gathering and motioning with his water gun he backed the terrified youngsters against a wall and commenced to rifle their pockets.

Then as he turned in triumph to bid the cravens depart, Policeman Shea of the East Sixty-seventh street station laid a heavy hand on his shoulders and "Dead Eye" the terror, faded into the oblivion of yesterday's triumph and Frankie Kraus was marched away to the Children's society.

In the meantime a squad of police men with night sticks and pistols ready searched the neighborhood for the "big thief" of whom Mrs. Manning weepingly told.

They Both Blushed.

Milwaukee.—Esther Wright blushed. So did the judge. And Esther's pretty rounded shoulders turned pink as she bared them in open court. She wanted to show where Oscar Teweles, deaf mute, had made advances by bruising her in the sign language.



ON LEARNING FLY-CASTING.

Mr. Dear Buck:

It's some jump from bait-casting with artificial plugs to fly-casting with the light, feathery imitation that coaxes the gamy fighters out of the waters, but you can make it easy enough, old man, by doing a stretch of "dry water" practice work on the back lawn. To the ordinary bait-caster who has accustomed himself to the stiffer, short rod, fly-casting with the nine or ten foot rod weighing from five to six and a quarter ounces seems like the impossible. Many are the yarns he has heard about the "fine art of fishing," fly-casting; much has been written about the "science" of this end of the game, in fact, the average every-now-and-then, week end fisherman who has become proficient in bait-casting has been scared to a fare-you-well at the thought of learning to toss the light flies and he has stuck to bait-casting as the "safety-first" of fishing, thereby missing many pleasant hours whipping streams.

Practice Makes a Fly-Caster.

Right down to rocks, Buck, you can learn fly-casting by a little practice with the right tackle—of course, you must not get the bug in your tackle-box that this practice makes you an expert fly-fisherman, but it gives you a start at an angle of the game to which you will become a regular member as soon as you have whipped a stream or two. You can learn the action of fly-casting quite easily, practice will make you in a short time a good fly-caster, but there is nothing whatever to make you bring home a well filled creel, except the study of fish, the streams you fish and the exercising of care and alertness of mind while after the game fish that rise to the fly.

You can whip a stream all day with any variety or selection of flies without creeling a fish if you don't know the habits and loafing places of the fish and how to cast without scaring them to death.

Tackle Necessary to Start.

Probably the best all round fly rod for all except the smallest of mountain brooks, is a split bamboo from nine to ten feet, weighing from five to six ounces, my preference is the nine and a half footer for general casting, with 25 yards of waterproof enameled silk line, size E or F, according to the weight of the rod, E for the heavier and F for the lighter one. An ordinary single action click reel of 100 yards capacity is necessary. Don't bother with a leader for the lawn practice, save it for the real fishing, although you can tie a very small piece of white string on the end of the line to locate the end easily to note the distance from your target.

Trying Out the Cast.

Peg down a newspaper or small cloth on the lawn, take a position facing it, say 25 feet away, place the reel on the underside of the rod with the handle to the right and keep it there at all times. Grasp the rod in the right hand, reel under, with the thumb straight along the top of the grip—never curved around the grip. Cast out about ten feet of line letting it fall in front of you on a line with the target, with the left hand unreel about fifteen feet of line—but do not pass this line through the guides and out the tip, but let it drop to the ground at your feet, retaining a hold on the line about a foot this side of the first guide. Point your rod at the target, keeping your arm as far as the elbow close to the body (this is essential, the forearm and wrist must do the work) swing the rod up to a vertical position slowly at first, taking up loose line and ending with a strong, quick wrist and forearm motion. This throws the line in the air and the swing of the rod carries it back over the shoulder, but be sure of this point, stop the cast when the thumb along the grip shows that the rod is vertical; more casts are killed by too much of a swing over the shoulder than any other way. This is the first half of the cast and is called the back cast. This cast causes the line to fly out behind you and the instant you feel the slightest tug on the rod you know that the line has straightened out behind and at this point start the forward cast. Make the forward cast beginning it with an easy swing putting the steam on at the windup, stopping the cast with a snap when parallel with the ground.

Big Points to Remember.

The main points to watch are: Make the back cast forcibly. Not to swing the rod back too far on the back cast, keeping it at vertical rather than back farther—start forward cast at the slightest pull of the line—start forward cast mildly, finish it strong, and not to lower the rod too near the water at the wind up.

DIXIE.

HEALTH FIGURES FOR 1916 GIVEN

TOTAL NUMBER OF DEATHS GIVEN AT 24,306, AGAINST 54,190 BIRTHS.

AT THE STATE'S CAPITAL

Interesting News Budget of Happenings in Various Departments of State.

—Montgomery.

The annual report of the state board of health for the calender year of 1916 has just been issued. The report was gotten up while the department was under the control of Dr. W. H. Sanders, who resigned as state health officer later. The report shows that there were 24,306 deaths in Alabama during the year, a rate of 4.14 per cent. The number of births were 54,190, a rate of 23.04 per cent.

Henderson Urges More Food Crops.

Governor Henderson issued a formal proclamation to the citizens of the State, stressing the imperativeness of conserving the food supply of Alabama and urging that every available acre of land be planted in food and feedstuff.

The seriousness of the food supply and the assured food shortage, unless precautions are taken and provisions made are impressed strongly.

Lee Cowart Must Serve Sentence.

Lee Cowart of Birmingham, former commissioner of immigration, must serve a term of two years in the state penitentiary, according to a decision of the court of appeals, on a charge of embezzlement of state funds. The court of appeals in its decision in the case of Cowart against the state, appealed from the Montgomery city court, affirmed the decision of the lower court. Cowart, while state commissioner of immigration, had issued a handbook of the resources of the state, and had, it is alleged, embezzled money collected from advertisements which appeared in the handbook. He was convicted on a charge of embezzlement in the Montgomery city court, and appealed the case, his defense being based on the claim the money which he received did not come into his possession as bailee or trustee of the state, as he had no authority to receive money for the state under the provisions of his office. The court of appeals held i na previous case, that of Lacy vs. the state, that "Any fund or property belonging to the state, coming into the hands of a public officer of the state by virtue of his office, constitutes such officer as trustee for the state."

Bricken's Salary Ordered Paid.

In response to a question from the state auditor early in March as to whether he should draw his warrant in favor of Judge R. C. Bricken of the court of appeals, for salary in February the attorney general answered in the affirmative. Auditor M. C. Allgood declined to issue the warrant on the ground that during a part or all of the month in question the latter had also drawn pay from the federal government as commander of the Alabama brigade. He held up the payment of the salary while questioning the attorney general on the point of law, resuming the salary payment with the first of April when Judge Bricken received his salary for services on the bench, but was known to be receiving no compensation from the federal government.

Killing Bystander Not Murder.

That a man who shoots another and at the same time kills an innocent bystander accidentally, is not legally responsible for the death of the bystander was the principle laid down by the court of appeals in its decisions in the case of Andy Moss, alias Anthony Moses, vs. the state, appealing from the Jefferson county criminal court. In revising this decision the court of appeals points out that a man may commit two criminal acts at the same time, "but each act must necessarily have all the elements of a crime and each must be a separate act. But if a person, by the act of defending himself, fires four shots as one continuing attack, with the same purpose and intent and in so doing accidentally kills an innocent bystander, he can only be tried for one offense."

Prisoners Get Parole.

Five paroles were issued by Governor Henderson. One to M. S. Kerley of Jefferson county, sentenced to 18 months for passing false checks; Lucile Colemanof Bullock county, convicted of bigamy; Charles Caldwell of Randolph county, sentenced to life imprisonment for murder; James D. Clump of Jefferson county, convicted of forgery, and George Russell of Lowndes county.

Served Time; Case Remanded.

An unusual circumstance surrounds the life of Joe H. Kramer, the former employe of the German bank of Cullman, for his handling of the funds which were in his charge as assistant cashier. The unusual feature that has developed is the fact that the court of appeals reversed and remanded the decision of the Cullman circuit court which sentenced him to three years penal servitude, two and a half years of that time which have already been served

SYRUP OF FIGS FOR A CHILD'S BOWELS

It is cruel to force nauseating, harsh physic into a sick child.

Look back at your childhood days. Remember the "dose" mother insisted on—castor oil, calomel, cathartics. How you hated them, how you fought against taking them.

With our children it's different. Mothers who cling to the old form of physic simply don't realize what they do. The children's revolt is well-founded. Their tender little "insides" are injured by them.

If your child's stomach, liver and bowels need cleansing, give only delicious "California Syrup of Figs." Its action is positive, but gentle. Millions of mothers keep this harmless "fruit laxative" handy; they know children love to take it; that it never fails to clean the liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach, and that a teaspoonful given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on each bottle. Adv.

In Jungle Land.

Giraffe—Don't be afraid to come in, Mr. Monk, it isn't deep; why, it's only up to my shoulders.

NOTHING SO EFFECTIVE AS ELIXIR BABEK For Malaria, Chills & Fever.

Chief of Police, J. W. Reynolds, Newport News, Va., says: "It is a pleasure to recommend **Babek** for chills and fever. Have used it when necessary for 20 years and have found no remedy as effective." **Elixir Babek** 50 cents, all druggists, or by Parcel Post, prepaid, from Kloczewski & Co., Washington, D. C.

A Good Move—**Babek Liver Pills.** 50 pills - - - - 25 cents

Some men never accomplish anything because they are unable to find an easy mark to put up the money.

If your eyes smart or feel scalded, Roman Eye Balsam applied upon going to bed is just the thing to relieve them. Adv.

The rail journey from Constantinople to Bagdad requires 54 hours.

Keep Young



Just as well be young at seventy as old at fifty.

Many people past middle age suffer lame, bent, aching backs, and distressing urinary disorders, when a little help for the kidneys would fix it all up. Don't wait for gravel, dropsy or Bright's disease to get a start. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. They have helped thousands, young and old. They are the most widely used remedy for bad backs and weak kidneys in the whole world.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
50¢ at all Stores
Foster-Milburn Co. Props. Buffalo, N.Y.

Have You Any Of These Symptoms

If you feel tired, have no energy, suffer from weakness, have a foul tongue and bad breath, are dizzy, have spots before your eyes, are rheumatic, and are easy to take cold, your troubles are brought about by imperfect digestion and defective elimination. The waste matter remaining in your system produces Toxic poisons, which will prevent your being well and strong and will eventually lead to serious trouble.

REVIL TABLETS

There is an easy and modern method of relieving this trouble.

These tablets do not make you sick and are free from the nauseating effect of other remedies. **Try Them at Our Expense.**

Write for free sample and testimonials.

REVIL MEDICINE CO., Atlanta, Ga.

$1.00 LEGAL ADVICE CONFIDENTIAL

Are you troubled—Seeking legal advice? For only one dollar we will confidentially advise you upon any subject of law as governed by the laws of any State. Divorce, wills, corporation, patents, collections, partnership, etc.

INSTRUCTIONS—State briefly circumstances. Set out question. Enclose currency or stamps (no checks). All business strictly confidential. Write now and be advised by return mail, under plain envelope.

NATIONAL LEGAL BUREAU, Dept. A. 600 Fifth Avenue, New York City

ADVICE TO THE AGED

Age brings infirmities, such as sluggish bowels, weak kidneys and torpid liver.

Tutt's Pills

have a specific effect on these organs, stimulating the bowels, gives natural action, and imparts vigor to the whole sytsem.

Sweet Potato Plants!

Shipment April 15th and thereafter. Varieties: Porto Rico and Pumpkin Yam, Nancy Halls and Triumph. Prices by express: 1,000 and over $1.75 per 1,000; 10,000 and over $1.60 per 1,000. Order today. Write for prices on tomato, pepper and collard plants.

JENKINS PLANT CO., Box 6, Sumner, Ga.

FROST PROOF CABBAGE PLANTS

Early Jersey and Charleston Wakefield, Succession and Flat Dutch. 500 for $1.25; 1,000 for $2.00; 5,000 at $1.50, f. o. b. here; postpaid 35c per 100. Satisfaction guaranteed.

SWEET POTATO PLANTS—Immediate shipment. Nancy Hall and Porto Rico, 1,000 to 9,000 at $2.00; 10,000 up at $1.50, f. o. b. here. Tomato plants 500 75c; 1,000 for $1.25; Egg and Pepper plants 500 for $1.00; 1,000 for $1.50; 5,000 and up at $1.25, f. o. b. here. Postpaid 40c per 100. D. F. JAMISON, SUMMERVILLE, S. C.

GIGANTIC NEW GUINEA BEANS!! Unique Edible Vegetable Novelty Pods, 3 to 5 feet long, weighs 10 to 16 lbs. Full instructions, photo circular, 30 seeds, $1.00 money order. ALLAN HARLEY, Annerley, Brisbane, Queensland, Australia

Make Money Selling something new. Great demand; no competition; large profits. Write quick. Sanford Co., 45 E. Alexander St., Atlanta, Ga.

EYES TESTED and glasses fitted by mail; best spectacles, lowest prices. Free particulars. Dollar Optical Co. Shreveport, La.



106 Fly Poison Cases Reported in 3 Years

A Large Percentage Fatal

Appalling as this record seems, it is only a fraction of the real number. The symptoms of cholera infantum and arsenical poisoning are almost identical. Diagnosis is extremely difficult. Many actual fly poison cases are unrecognized and unreported.

The Government recognizes this danger to childhood and issues this warning, in supplement No. 29 to the Public Health Report:

"Of other fly poisons mentioned, mention should be made, merely for the purpose of condemnation, of those composed of arsenic. Fatal cases of poisoning of children through the use of such compounds are far too frequent, and owing to the resemblance of arsenical poisoning to summer diarrhea and cholera infantum, it is believed that the cases reported do not, by any means, comprise the total. Arsenical fly-destroying devices must be rated as extremely dangerous, and should never be used, even if other measures are not at hand."

TANGLEFOOT

catches flies and embalms their disease-bearing bodies with a disinfecting varnish. It is safe, efficient, non-poisonous, and your protector from both fly and fly poisons.

THE O. & W. THUM COMPANY
Grand Rapids, Mich.

(104)

Possibly.

Said he: "Why do women, as a rule, talk more than men do?"

She said: "Oh, I suppose it's because they have the men to talk about."

Rats and Fires.

At a time when everyone is complaining of the high cost of living it might be well to see if we cannot eliminate two great sources of waste—fires and rats.

Most fires are needless. All rats are so. Some years ago a study of the rat problem in Philadelphia arrived at the conclusion that the rodents of that city ate more than a million dollars' worth of food each year. At that rate, the disgusting creatures can hardly cost less than $100,000,000 per year to the whole country. This is a pretty high price to pay for the companionship of impish pests which, besides their other bad habits, undermine floors and carry the most dreaded of all diseases, bubonic plague.

Yet fires are more expensive than rats. In 1915—the last year for which figures are at hand—the American people paid out in premiums for fire insurance $419,361,346. Of this vast sum at least three-fourths could be saved by reducing our fire record to the rate prevailing in England, France or Germany; and even in our time and nation $300,000,000 per year is a saving worth noting, and one which would have a perceptible effect on the cost of living.

More to the Purpose.

"Register gloom!" bellowed the movie director. "You look as if you were going on a picnic."

"I don't understand your meaning," answered the screen star, haughtily.

"Hang it! Try to look the way people do when they are coming back from a picnic."

An Equivalent.

"What is the English equivalent of 'raconteur?'"

"Bore."

From 1904 to 1913 Costa Rica exported $739,436 worth of cocoa beans.

Grape-Nuts

contains the rich supplies of phosphate of potash grown in wheat and barley.

Its mission is therefore clear and plain—it supplies what ordinary food lacks.

And it does its work in a sturdy, straightforward, dependable way, as tens of thousands of its users can testify.

"There's a Reason"

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of the Sunday School Course in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR APRIL 15

JESUS THE GOOD SHEPHERD.

LESSON TEXT—John 10:7-17.

GOLDEN TEXT—I am the good Shepherd: the good Shepherd giveth His life for the sheep.—John 10:11.

This lesson probably occurred at the Feast of the Tabernacle in October, A. D. 29. The place was Jerusalem, perhaps in or near the temple. Facts, pictures and illustrations regarding eastern shepherd life can be used effectively in teaching the lesson. The true teacher must impart, develop and protect. Jesus does all of these things.

I. Jesus, the Door (vv. 1-9).. Anyone who tries to get access to the sheep any other way than through Jesus the door is a thief and a robber (v. 1). A door is an invitation to enter, to investigate, to purchase, to learn, to meet others. It is the proper entrance. To go in through any other way arouses suspicion. It is also a means of safety to control those who enter; it can be closed in case of danger, and is strong to protect against storms and thieves. It is a means of separation, to insure privacy, and to furnish a means of egress. Jesus says we are to "go in" for communion with God, and to "go out" for service, to "go in" for strength and to "go out" for conflict. Verse nine is a wonderful verse. In it we have the simplicity of the Gospel, "I am the door;" the exclusiveness of the Gospel, "By me," the conditions of the Gospel, "Enter in;" the certainty, "Be saved;" the liberty, "Go in and out;" the provision, "Find pasture."

The true acceptance of Jesus leads not to a life of fear and constraint but to the perfect liberty of a child, satisfaction in green pastures (Ps. 23; 2) that never fail (Rev. 7:16-17). The world's richest pasture lands are bleak and barren wildernesses in comparison with this. Christ is the door to other things not mentioned in this lesson (See John 14:6; Eph. 2:18; Rom. 5:1-2; Heb. 10:19-22). By him we enter the room of the knowledge of God. The Christian's business is to know God and to make him known.

II. Jesus, the Good Shepherd (vv. 10-18). It is not enough to be a door. A door has no volition. It cannot leave its place. A shepherd can go in and out. A false Christ and false shepherd are really thieves and robbers who come to "Steal and kill and destroy." On the other hand, Jesus' mission was a glorious one, "I came that they might have life, and that they might have it more abundantly." As a good Shepherd (1) he has courage (v. 12). Jesus was not only willing, but actually did give his life for the sheep. He had love for all of the sheep, and was willing to seek the lost (Matt. 18:12). He also had confidence, due to his knowledge of God (v. 14). This is not audacity but quiet confidence due to experience. He knows the proper pastures. He knows where to find water for the sheep. He knows the dangers and pitfalls along the pathway. He knows how to direct our efforts. Sunday school teachers who are following in the steps of the master, and who perform the acts of a good shepherd, must pay the price of knowledge. (2) Jesus had character (v. 15). He was right in the sight of God, but in order to be right in the sight of God he must also be right in the sight of men. God expects results. The church expects results from us. The parents who trust their children to our teaching expect results. A sheep does not live for itself. It lives for others. Unless it produces wool, and is good for meat, it has existed in vain; so God, man and the church expect of us, as undershepherds, that we shall produce results. This we do not have to do in our own strength for any of us may have the life which is "abundant" and "exceeding" and "beyond measure." The question is, have we this superabundant life? (See I Pet. 1:8; John 1:15; Col. 1:19; Eph. 3:16-19).

Doctor Torrey has called our attention to ten points about the good Shepherd. (1) He knows the sheep. (2) He is known by his sheep. (3) He has a personal interest in his sheep, calls each by name (v. 3). (4) He leadeth them on. (5) He thrusts forth the laggard sheep (v. 4). (6) He overlooks none; all are his own (v. 4 R. V.). (7) He goeth before them. He has trodden every step of the way that they must take. (8) He careth for the sheep (v. 13). (9) He layeth down his life for the sheep (vv. 11 and 15). (10) Giveth eternal and abundant life to the sheep (vv. 10, 28, 29).

Jesus has sheep outside of Israel (v. 16). When these are brought in they will all become one fold (Eph. 2:14, 15; Gal. 3:28). It is through hearing his voice that they are to be brought. The laying down of his life was a voluntary act on his part, but it was performed in obedience to the father's will (See Chap. 6:38; 15:10). Jesus intended that his relation to his followers should be exactly like that which bound himself to the Father (See Chap. 17:21-23).

This love of the Good Shepherd led him to die for our sins, and to be raised for our justification.

AUSTRIA BREAKS WITH AMERICA

UNDER PRESSURE OF GERMANY DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH U. S. SEVERED.

WAR DECLARATION TO FOLLOW

Following Break All Austrian Merchant Vessels in American Harbors Were Seized.

Washington. — Austria - Hungary, ranging herself unreservedly with Germany, has severed diplomatic relations with the United States, precipitating a situation which generally is expected here to lead to war.

Baron Erich Zwiedinek, the Austrian charge, asked the state department for passports for himself, his staff and the Austrian consular force in this country, and simultaneously American minister Stovall reported from Berne that Austria had announced the break in relations to the American embassy.

Immediately the department ordered the seizure of all Austrian merchant vessels in American harbors. The Austrian crews were taken off and sent to immigration stations and American guards put on board. The measure was explained as purely one for police caution, but it is realized that it may be interpreted by Austria as an act of war. In a similar situation after the break with Germany no ships were seized until a state of war actually had been declared.

Whether Bulgaria and Turkey are preparing to follow is unknown, but officials generally believe that sooner or later they will follow. Bulgarian Minister Panaretoff called and Secretary Lansing to ask if this government had any information from Sofia, but was told none had been received. Both Bulgaria and Turkey are believed here to be weary of the war, but German domination of the central European alliances is expected to drive them, as it drove Austria, to a break with Germany's new enemy.

RICHARD OLNEY IS DEAD

Once Secretary of State Passes Away at Age of 82.

Boston.—Richard Olney, statesman, once Secretary of State and always a noted student of international affairs, died at his home in the Fenway.

The end came after a protracted period of intense suffering which had failed, however, to shake the courage of good humor that had marked his 82 years, or to divert his mind from the intense interest which he had maintained in America's quarrel with Germany. Three days ago he lapsed into semi-consciousness with a smile on his face. He had just been advised of the President's war message to Congress and his joy was unbounded. It was the consummation of his most earnest hope.

TO INSIST ON CONSCRIPTION

Summoning Men to Colors By Draft Necessary, Says Wilson.

Washington. — President Wilson threw the weight of his personal influence into the scales in an effort to overcome opposition in Congress to the administration army plans based on the draft system.

Summoning Chairman Dent of the House military committee to the White House, the President made it clear that he believes the safety of the nation hangs on the action of Congress in this regard.

In his action the President recognized the fact that there may develop a strong feeling in Congress in favor of adhering to the old volunteer system and sought to bring home to Mr. Dent, one of those who holds that view, the lesson to be drawn from the great war into which the United States now has been plunged and which all point, military advisers of the government declare, to the absolute necessity of facing the issue squarely and summoning men to the colors by draft.

Jacksonville Pier Burns.

Jacksonville, Fla.—One of the New Piers of the Clyde Line Steamship Company was destroyed by fire here. A second pier damaged, and a lighter laden with rosin and considerable freight burned. The steamer Huron, lying in the slip, was moved to safety. The origin o fthe fire was unknown and, although there were many rumors as to how it started, the police could find no one who could give a clear account of its cause. The loss was estimated by company officials at $150,000.

STOP CALOMEL! TAKE DODSON'S LIVER TONE

New Discovery! Takes Place of Dangerous Calomel—It Puts Your Liver To Work Without Making You Sick—Eat Anything—It Can Not Salivate—Don't Lose a Day's Work!

I discovered a vegetable compound that does the work of dangerous, sickening calomel and I want every reader of this paper to try a bottle and if it doesn't straighten you up better and quicker than salivating calomel just go back to the store and get your money.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your thirty feet of bowels of the sour bile and constipation poison which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable.

I guarantee that one spoonful of this harmless liquid liver medicine will relieve the headache, biliousness, coated tongue, ague, malaria, sour stomach or any other distress caused by a torpid liver as quickly as a dose of vile, nauseating calomel, besides it will not make you sick or keep you from a day's work. I want to see a bottle of this wonderful liver medicine in every home here.

Calomel is poison—it's mercury—it attacks the bones, often causing rheumatism. Calomel is dangerous. It sickens—while my Dodson's Liver Tone is safe, pleasant and harmless. Eat anything afterwards, because it can not salivate. Give it to the children because it doesn't upset the stomach or shock the liver. Take a spoonful tonight and wake up feeling fine and ready for a full day's work.

Get a bottle! Try it! If it doesn't do exactly what I say, tell your dealer to hand your money back. Every druggist and store keeper here knows me and knows of my wonderful discovery of a vegetable medicine that takes the place of dangerous calomel.—Adv.

He Knew.

A supervising principal recently was testing some children in reading and, in order to know whether they interpreted correctly, asked the meaning of different words. One word which promised difficulty was "christened." When asked, none could tell its meaning. In order to lead up to its meaning the supervisor asked: "Well, what do they do when a baby's born?"

One urchin, whose home must have had a recent visit from Mr. Stork, popped up and said, "They weigh it."

WOMEN! IT IS MAGIC! LIFT OUT ANY CORN

Apply a few drops then lift corns or calluses off with fingers—no pain.



Just think! You can lift off any corn or callus without pain or soreness.

A Cincinnati man discovered this ether compound and named it freezone. Any druggist will sell a tiny bottle of freezone, like here shown, for very little cost. You apply a few drops directly upon a tender corn or callus. Instantly the soreness disappears, then shortly you will find the corn or callus so loose that you can lift it right off.

Freezone is wonderful. It dries instantly. It doesn't eat away the corn or callus, but shrivels it up without even irritating the surrounding skin.

Hard, soft or corns between the toes, as well as painful calluses, lift right off. There is no pain before or afterwards. If your druggist hasn't freezone, tell him to order a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.—adv.

Probably an Idle Rumor.

"What effect will this shortage of dyes have?"

"I don't know."

"But what do you hear?"

"Some say it's going to throw a lot of brunettes back on the matrimonial market."

"BRIGHTEN YOUR SHABBY CAR."

One application of BLAXSHINE, the quick drying flexible rust preventing black auto enamel will make old cars like new. Anyone can apply it. Enough BLAXSHINE for any size car, and equipment for applying, costs only $2.85, delivered parcel post. BLAXSHINE is guaranteed. A postal will bring you sample of work and complete description. Twin City Varnish Company, established thirty years, 338 River St., Chicago, Ill. FREE with each package your initials in gold which you can apply yourself with BLAXSHINE. Adv.

Fatal Delay.

Boycotting the potato would be all right if the potato had not beaten us to it.—Birmingham (Ala.) News.

LADIES CAN WEAR SHOES

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder for the feet. Shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the foot-bath, Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight shoes feel easy and gives instant relief to corns and bunions. Try it today. Sold everywhere, 25c. For FREE trial package address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.—Adv.

Woman lawyers are not numerous, yet almost every married man knows at least one woman who is capable of laying down the law to him.

DON'T GAMBLE

that your heart's all right. Make sure. Take "Renovine"—a heart and nerve tonic. Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

A broad-minded man never loses any sleep because another man's opinions fail to agree with his own.

Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" is powerful and prompt but safe. One dose only is enough to expel Worms or Tapeworm. No castor oil necessary. Adv.

No man ever lost his self-respect by acting on the square.

W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

$3 $3.50 $4 $4.50 $5 $6 $7 & $8 FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers. The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the Fashion Centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

Ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you with the kind you want, take no other make. Write for interesting booklet explaining how to get shoes of the highest standard of quality for the price, by return mail, postage free.



BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTES

Boys' Shoes
Best in the World
$3.00 $2.50 & $2.00

LOOK FOR W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom.

W. L. Douglas
President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co.,
185 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

FREE FOR APRIL—If you want a surprise in the way of De Luxe finishing—the very best that can be produced—send us a trial roll of films with 5c in stamps for postage. Absolutely no charge for developing and printing pictures from this roll. The exceptional beauty of these prints will guarantee us your future orders at 3c, 4c and 5c. BROMBERG'S KODAK SHOP. 20th Street and 3rd Ave., Birmingham, Ala.



Better Still.

"Experience is the best teacher."

"Perhaps so, but time gives you a great many more wrinkles."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

It's not what the player does in a baseball game, but what the umpire says, that counts.

New York state will pay about $75,000,000 for various governmental purposes in 1917.

THIS IS THE AGE OF YOUTH.

You will look ten years younger if you darken your ugly, grizzly, gray hairs by using "La Creole" Hair Dressing.—Adv.

His Ability.

"That actor is an artist."

"I notice he can draw very well."

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

To get the genuine, call for full name LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. 25c.

St. Louis, Mo., has 163,000 registered voters.

PELLAGRA

G. S. is a guaranteed remedy for Pellagra, Rheumatism, Syphilis, Scrofula, Eczema, Constipation and all Blood, Liver or Kidney diseases. My guarantee is good to you. At druggists', or post paid, $1.00 per bottle, or 6 for $5.00. Write me for testimonials and mention this paper.

L. M. GROSS
721 Spring Street Little Rock, Ark.



ABSORBINE
TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

Will reduce **Inflamed, Strained, Swollen Tendons, Ligaments,** or **Muscles.** Stops the **lameness** and **pain** from a **Splint, Side Bone** or **Bone Spavin.** No blister, no hair gone and horse can be used. $2 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Describe your case for special instructions and interesting horse **Book 2 M Free.**

ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces **Strained, Torn Ligaments, Swollen Glands, Veins** or **Muscles; Heals Cuts, Sores, Ulcers. Allays pain.** Price $1.00 a bottle at dealers or delivered. Book "Evidence" free. W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple Street, Springfield, Mass.

MEN, WOMEN—Every locality; profitable home work spare time. Kearns, 3629-A Hills Park, Chicago

W. N. U., Birmingham, No. 15--1917.

Old Looks?

(BY DR. L. H. SMITH)

Persons suffering from too much uric acid in the system frequently look older than they should. They age faster and the appearance of gray hair or baldhead in early years is, indeed, often a sign of uric acid. The face appears lean and haggard, lines and wrinkles appearing in young men or women.

The best way to combat this premature age and the obstruction to the arteries and faulty circulation is of the simplest: Drink copiously of pure water between meals. This will not make you fat, as it is only the water taken with the meals that fattens. Obtain at any drug store a package of Anuric, double strength, which is to be taken before meals, in order to expel the uric acid from the system. The painful effects of backache, lumbago, rheumatism, gout, due to uric acid in the blood should quickly disappear after treatment with Anuric.

MISSISSIPPI NEWS

Smithdale, Miss.—"I was suffering with kidney and bladder trouble and I sent and got a box of Anuric Tablets and they relieved me. I recommend them to all suffering with kidney trouble."—JOHN KING.

Every package of Anuric is sure to be Dr. Pierce's. You will find the signature on the package just as you do on Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, the ever-famous friend to ailing women, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, proven by years to be the greatest general reconstructor, and Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, the original little Liver Pills.

If you wish to know your condition, send a sample of your water to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., and describe your symptoms. It will be examined without any expense to you, and Dr. Pierce or his staff of assisting physicians will inform you truthfully.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills & Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic.

50c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores.

National Chero-Cola Day

April 18th.--You are cordially Invited--April 18th.

TO BE OUR GUEST FROM 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.

All Chero-Cola plants throughout the United States will celebrate "National Chero-Cola Day," April 18th. We will serve every visitor with a cold bottle of Chero-Cola free. Our Clanton Chero-Cola plant will be in operation all day. We want every man and woman within 25 miles of Clanton to be our guest on that day. Come and inspect one of the best sanitary plants in the South.

CLANTON CHERO-COLA BOTTLING CO.

J. B. AMPHLETT, Manager.

Auto-Intoxication Causes Death

Do you know why you have sick headache, diabetes, neuralgia, rheumatism and liver or kidney troubles? It's because you are being poisoned by products of your own body. Your organs of elimination are not working properly. Waste material that should be thrown out is being retained to poison and intoxicate your system. That could not happen if the bowels were kept open with Granger Liver Regulator. This splendid preparation is purely vegetable and non-alcoholic. Demand Granger Liver Regulator at your drug store—25c a box—and take no other. There is nothing "just as good."

POTATO PLANTS FOR SALE

In May and June I will have potato plants of the following varieties for sale: Nancy Hall, Dooley Yam, Bunch Yam, Porto Rica, Cuban Yam and Triumph. Prices $1.50 per thousand, or in ten thousand lots, $1.40 per thousand.

J. L. WINSLOW,
3-15-8t. Thorsby, Ala.

NOTICE OF INSOLVENCY

The State of Alabama, Chilton County, Probate Court; April 7, 1917.

In the matter of the estate of P. E. Coleman, deceased.

The estate af said deceased having been reported Insolvent the 19th day of May, 1917, has been appointed to hear and determine upon the same, at which time all presons in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper.

Witness my hand this, 7th day of April, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
4-12-3t Judge of Probate.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SETTLEMENT NOTICE

The State of Alabama, Chilton County. Probate Court. March 22, 1917: In the matter of the estate of Mrs. Sallie E. Wood, deceased.

This day came H. C. McDonald, Administrator of the estate of the said deceased, and files his account, vouchers, evidence, statement for final settlement of his said administration.

It is ordered that the 21st day of April, 1917, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, and at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

Witness my hand, this 22nd day of March, 1917.

3-29-3t L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

Men Welcome Mother's Friend

The husband is often worried over the condition of his wife during her period of expectancy. The thought that he is helpless to relieve her physical suffering and discomfort causes him great distress.

"Mother's Friend" is a safe external lubricant which penetrates to the fine network of nerves beneath the skin of the abdomen. It has a marked tendency to relieve the muscular strain to which these broad, flat abdominal muscles are subjected.

If husbands will secure for the expectant mother a bottle of "Mother's Friend" from their druggist, they will find that they have aided to a very great degree in relieving much of the discomfort during pregnancy and pain at the crisis.

The mother should apply "Mother's Friend" every night and morning, right up until the time of giving birth to the child. By aiding nature in its pre-natal work the mother will experience much less pain.

Every mother should have the free book prepared for users of "Mother's Friend." It concerns her health and well-being during and after the crisis. Write to Bradfield Regulator Company, Dept. D. 554 Atlanta, Ga. Get a bottle of "Mother's Friend" today.

Don't forget your Subscription.

CLANTON LOCALS

Mr. John W. Ford, a young man, student of Thorsby Institute, was in Clanton last Friday on business with the Union-Banner. He is the manager of the "Institute Journal" a monthly publication which will soon be launched by the students of the Institute.

Supt. W. T. Bean attended the Alabama Educational Association in the State Capital a few days last week.

That the boys in Uucle Sam's army have the real fighting spirit was quickly demonstrated here Sunday morning. One of the young fellows had not been in town but a short while until he became mixed up in a real fist and skull scramble.

Prof. R. A. Smith, who hs been teaching this year at Princeton in Jackson County, came home last Friday to attend the funeral of his mother, who died Friday. Mr. Smith finished his school on the day his mother died. He will remain here during the summer months.

We want every reader of the Union-Banner to notice carefully the article of Judge S M. Adams, published in this issue. Judge Adams has made one of the best and most concise statements in regard to the bond issue that we have yet seen.

James Moses Robinson has removed his family to his old home place in the county since the death of his father a few weeks ago. He will reside there with his mother in the future.

Mrs. J. W. Moore is spending this week with her daughter, Mrs R. W. Taylor of Anniston, whe recently underwent an operation for appendicitis.

HIGH SCHOOL NEWS

The play, "The Elopment of Ellen" that was to be given by the Senior Class was postponed on the 4th of April until the 12th of April. It will be put on on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at the high school auditorium. Public is cordially invited. Admission, 10c and 15c.

Mr. McDonald—Kathleen, what does Piedmont mean?

Kathleen—It means tobacco.

Wilburt Hays says that he wishes the teachers would have a meeting at Montgomery once a month anyway. Guess Dick must like holidays.

Erle—Say, Aaron, did you know we had to plant flowers again this afternoon?

Aaron—Looks to me like Miss Durrett would just have "Fancy" to stand in front of the building. I see he is bloomed out.

Erle—Well, she's afraid he will fade.

The high school was well represented at Poplar Springs Sunday at the singins. Horace Popwell and John Allen being especially worth mention, as they were the only ones out of the bunch that were lucky enough to find them a girl.

Clifford Mullins—Say, Johnie, why is that you did not pass the examination to become a soldier?

Johnie—Because my feet were too straight on the botton.

Clifford—If that keeps a fellow out I'll jump till I get flat footed.

Kate—Erle Honeycutt sure would make a fine soldier, he's so tall.

John Patton—That don't make any difference, if he is tall he wouldn't make a soldier.

Kate—Why?

John—Because he's "gun shy."



Cheap and big can Baking Powders do not save you money. Calumet does—it's pure and far superior to sour milk and soda.

MISS SPIGENER ENTERTAINS

Miss Warrene Spigener and her mother, Mrs. W. D. Spigener, delightfully entertained the Junior Missionary Society, including its cradle roll department, of the Methodist Church at its regular quarterly social meeting Saturday afternoon.

Annie Mae Harper, President of the Society presided over the meeting. Warrene Spigener, Secretary, called the roll and read the minutes of the previous meeting. Alice Stanfield played the piano for the children to sing. Words of welcome were given by Katherine Killebrew. The audience appreciated the beautiful solos sung by Sarah Adams and Alice Stanfield.

A Missionary play, "Imigration party" was presented, all the members of the society participating. The amusement feature of the occasion was pinning the tail on a realistic donkey, which had been drawn and presented to the children by Miss Winnie Reynolds.

At the conclusion of the entertainment delicious cream and cake were served in bounty to the guests.

WOMANS MISSIONARY SOCIETY

The Womans Missionary Society of the Methorist Church met at the home of Mrs. W. M. Adams, on Monday afternoon. The members present led by Mrs. Adams, freely discussed the subjects on the program. Papers on Missionary work among the Italians in New Orleans were read by Mrs. Thos. G. Jones, Mrs. W. D. Spigener and Mrs. W. W. Fox.

L. H. Gentry of Mt. Creek was a visitor to Clanton Monday.

THORSBY ITEMS

Miss Nona Akard and Mr. Bernard Landrum accompanied Rev. Mr. Graham, to his appointment for Saturday and Sunday at Stony Point near Deatsville. They furnished considerable special music for the services.

Misses Madge Cooper and Kate McNeil, students of the Chilton County High School, whose homes are at Jemison, spent last Thursday visiting friends in Thorsby.

Mr. Carl Lehmann of Birmingham, Secretary of the Southern States for the United Society of Christian Endeavor, conducted a Christian Endeavor institute in Thorsby at the United Protestant Church on Friday of last week. He gave addresses of great interest and value at 11 and 2:30 o'clock. Rev. L. E. Brubaker of Ensley, President of the Alabama Christian Endeavor Union, spoke on Friday night.

Rev. C. H. Rogers, Messrs J. A. Graves, L. W. Johnson, and Miss Ruth Price of Marbury, spent Friday and Saturday in Thorsby.

Mr. Herbert Hughes of Greenville, Ala, spent a few days of last week in Thorsby visiting his sister, Miss Bessie of the Institute.

Miss Lois Abernathy spent three days of last week at the home of her brother at Oxmoor.

Miss Etta Crawson spent a few days of last week visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jno. R. Crowson near Calera.

Mr. Harvey Maddox spent Sunday at the home of his brother, Rev. Allan Maddox near Clanton.

Miss Alice Dippery, a student of Wheeler's Business College, Birmingham, is home for a couple of weeks with her mother. She will assist in the work at Thorsby Institute during the absence of Prof. Herbert.

Mrs. Matson and her daughter, Mrs. Pierson, of Chicago, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Carlson.

The last number of this Winter's entertainment course will be presented next Saturday night, April 14th at Bates Hall. This number will be an illustrated lecture on the beauties of Yellow Stone National Park. 100 or more views of the park will be thrown on the screen. Admission for those not holding season tickets will be 10 and 20 cents.

Prof. S. H. Herbert left on Monday evening for a two-weeks visit in Chicago and vicinity in the interest of Thorsby Institute.

The Christian Endeavor Society of the United-Protestant Church expects to send five delegates to the State Convention at Mobile the latter part of this week.

Five students from the Thorsby Public School entered the Institute last Monday. They are Leona Brant Inga Erdahl, Robert Carlson, Edward Howard and Earl Leary.

The members of the primary and junior Sunday School classes of the united protestant church met on the grounds back of the Institute on Monday afternoon for an easter egg hunt. According to reports they had e very nice time with their teachers, Mrs. Norton, Mrs. Williams and Miss Rasmussen.

Mrs. G. Berlin entertained a number a number of ladies on Friday afternoon, April 6th. Those present were Mrs. Pierson and Mrs. Mattson from Chicago, Mrs. Jno. Carlson, Mrs. J. O. Johnson, Mrs. H. H. Gerald, Mrs. M. J. Soberg, Mrs. Conrad Carlson, Mrs. C. R. Ross, Mrs. James Bosworth and others. Delightful refreshments were served and all present spent a very pleasant evening.

Miss Naemi Turnquist, who has been visiting in Birmingham for some time, returned to her home last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Turnquist had a happy family reunion Sunday, the 8th. Their daughter, Mrs. Reagen of Selma was here for the day, also Mrs. carl Peterson and husband of Ensley.

Mr. D. J. Flummer of Ensley spent Sunday of last week with his family in Thorsby.

Watch your label.

A SMOOTH, HAIRLESS SKIN FOR EVERY WOMAN

From Beauty Secrets.

With the aid of a plain medcl paste it is an easy matter to rid the skin of unsightly haiary growths. The paste is made by mixing some water with powdered medol. This is applied to the hairs not wanted and after 2 or 3 minutes rubbed of and the skin washed, when every tarce of hair will have vanished. When you go to your druggist for medol be sure you get the genuine article, and if he will not supply you, the American Proprietary Co., of Boston, will send you a 50c or $1.00 package by mail.

CHILDRENS PLAYGROUND PARK

The Civic Improvement Club has opened a park and playground for the children.

At the Peanut Hunt Saturday afternoon many took part and all had a good time.

The Club plans to have the playgrounds ready for formal opening about May 5th.

Help us to swell the fund, for we expect to have swings, slides, seats, etc.

Mr. James M. Mims of Collins Chapel was down to Clanton Monday on business matters.

Pay your subscription to this paper.

A DELICATE CHILD

Made Strong By Our Vinol

Fayetteville, N. C.—"My little daughter was in poor health, delicate and so weak it made us very uneasy. I heard about Vinol and decided to try it and the results were marvelous; her appetite improved, she gained in weight, and is now one of the healthiest children in town. Mothers of delicate children should try Vinol."—MRS. GORDON JESSUP.

Vinol is a constitutional remedy which creates an appetite, aids digestion and makes pure, healthy blood. All children love to take it. Try it on our guarantee.

Upchurch Drug Co., and all leading Druggists in Alabama towns.

POPLAR SPRINGS

The Annual Singing at this place was a grand success last Sunday. It was opened with a song by Prof. O. L. Devaughn, and prayer by Bro. J.W. McDowell. Bro. H. W. Devaughn was appointed chairman for the day.

J. L. McDowell, R.A. Smith and Jessie Jones were appointed as program committee.

Directors for the day were, R. A. Smith, L. T. Grant, Jesse Jones, Lee J. Grant, J. W. Lowery, R. T. Grant, O. L. Devaughn, J. A. W. Mims, Lee Robinson.

Organists for the day were Precious Caton, Lee Grant, Lee Robinson, Dovie Jones, Beatrice Mims, Mrs. C. D. Norrel nad Mrs. J. W. Caton.

Refreshments were served at noon. Everybody enjoyed the day.

SECRETARY.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

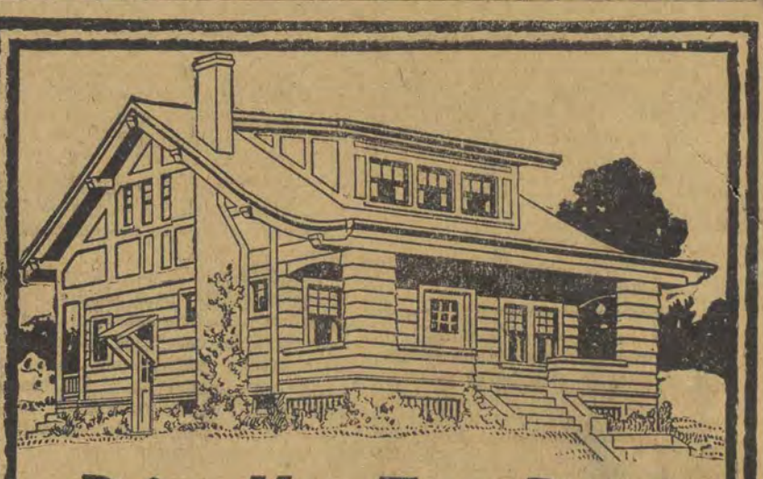
Circuit Court in Equity. Martha Jane Rogers Complaniant vs. Jim Rogers Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit on file of Martha Jane Rogers that the Defendant, Jim Rogers, is a non-resident of the state of Alabama and resides in a place unknown to affiant, and further that in the belief of said affiant the Defendant, Jim Rogers, is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Union-Banner, a newspaper published in Clanton, Chilton County, Ala., once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said Jim Rogers to answer, plead or demur to the Bill of Complaint in the above cause, on or before the 19th day of April 1917, and failing so to do within thirty days after the service of this summons, a Decree Pro Confesso may be taken against him in said cause.

Witness my hand, this 19th day of March 1917.

H. M. SIMPSON
3-22-4t Register.



Paint Has Two Duties to Perform

One is to protect—the other to beautify. Paint that doesn't do both is not good enough for your buildings.

Lowe Brothers
HIGH STANDARD LIQUID · PAINT

—the investment paint—both protects and beautifies. It also covers more surface than hand-mixed or ordinary paints, goes on easier, wears from two to three years longer and holds its color. You will get best results with this good paint. Ask for the HIGH STANDARD color card and see your painter soon.

Clanton Hardware Company



THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME V I | CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., APRIL 19, 1917. | NUMBER 3.

Aims And Ideals of the High School Teacher

An Address Delivered Before the Alabama Educational Association, Montgomery, April 5th.

H. Clifford McDonald.

Our education has become universal so far as individuals are concerned, but it is yet far from universal with the respect to the interests represented in the courses of study.

The inclination of all people of all classes is to be educated. The recent and growing demand that the policy of this education shall be administered with at least some reference to the probable occupation of the student, and to the development of the major activities, has raised new and fundamental questions as to the real object of our education. What are we educating for? What ideal is the goal to be attained? These questions must be answered in the platform of our educational policies, and in the administration of our schools.

Among all the purposes that our education may be expected to serve, it is perfectly clear that individual and community efficiency is paramount; and in order to attain that we must vitalize and idealize our courses of study to the end that we may have few schools with many courses of study rather than money schools with few courses of study. We must in our teaching get away from the fossilized ideal that we are training our boys and girls to live at some future time. They are living now. They must work and are at work now. They are confronted by real life conditions now. They are citizens of the kingdom of humanity now. Their life touches their real problems now. They must meet responsibility now just as truly as when they shall have attained their three score and ten years. Let the teacher not strive to live before and on a plane above his pupils, but if he loves and praises the greatest opportunity given to men to serve, let him live with his pupils.

The modern high school is a new institution and its function is to educate its natural and local constituency in the duties of life. It is thoroughly a public institution, and it should serve its community directly through the masses of men and women who constitute their constituency. Their service to education is primary and fundamental.

The modern high school cannot rise above the aims and ideals of the high school teacher. As these schools are the most powerful educating and elevating agencies known to our complex and growing civilization, the supreme glory of opportunity is today first of all and above all, to the high school teacher. But if we do not rise to the occasion and meet and satisfy the demand, the civilization that we represent will hand over to another that which is ours, and another system of schools will rise that will do it.

It seems to me that, to put thought into our work, and then to put work into our thought and to make sure that both the work and the thought shall be in direct touch with the active life around us, to idealize existence, and to preserve these ideals by living and teaching them every day, this is both culture and the end of education.

Therefore, what are some of the ideals; what are some of the aims to actuate the life, to direct the energies of the teacher in this, the university of the masses? That his aim ought to be his ideal, and that the attainment of his ideal ought to be his aim, we all agree, but these aims and ideals must be both comprehensive and practical that they may be workable, to the end that while aiming at ideals, and idealizing aims we may not forget the very necessary compliment of every school, THE PUPIL AND HIS GROWTH. That this may be, every ideal ought to be shot through and through with the burden of thought concerning both teacher and pupil. Every aim must be projected into the future just far enough to guarantee progress but not far enough to sever connection with the life which moves the mind and spirit to do and to dare.

So then, as these are self-evident truths, what are some of the aims of the teacher for himself?

First, I would say a rich personality; second, an adequate professional equipment; third, a vitalized leadership; fourth, a reproachless life.

Some of the aims of the teacher for the student:

First, a living and lasting interest in the student; second, a quest for the student's needs and limitations; third, a sympathetic and thorough presentation of the subject; fourth, make truth and duty compelling to the student.

Ideals of the teacher for himself:

First, a vision of a transformed and unified humanity; second, a vision of universal truth; third, a complete and realized efficiency.

Ideals of the teacher for the pupil:

First, discovery and growth in every worthy possibility; second, a thorough and rational adaptation; third, life investment for humanity.

Now, it is evident that Icannot attempt in any measure to discuss this subject in the light of this outline. I can but touch it here and there. Perhaps the outline itself may worth more than what is being said from it. But in its larger aspects this subject touches vitally the whole race. Has humanity come limping through the ages of its present place in the sun? Why are we halt? why are we lame? It is for the want of a knowledge of ourselves and of the world in which we live? Knowledge is power and truth is freedom's handmaiden. Can we see a race cured of its ailments and superstition, ehibiting the image of God, in which man was made? The claims of ignorance and superstition forged in the centuries past and gone, can be made to give way to the unified effort of men and women with a vision of the perfect day. That day cannot be ushered in upon a race unprepared to receive it. But if we are to believe in any measure the revelation brought about in the last few years through the study of biology, we may hope in the near future to be able to evaluate the elements which make up the measure of existence, namely: heridity, environment, and personal effort.

From the wonderful strides made in invention, scientific research, economic achievement, and phylanthropy, in the last few decades, we are reminded that we have only just touched the hem of the garment that has shrouded nature's resources during the centuries. The wonderful resources and the adaptibility of earth and air and sea to man's needs and enjoyment, speak of God's beneficent kindness. These are but a feeble prophecy of what God has in store for His people, when they shall reach out and compel nature to yield out her secrets. God never intended for man to walk recumbent on the earth, but to be sun-crowned and to live above the fog, to think the thoughts of God and to march on toward the perfecting of the race.

The President of the great University said to me in conversation last year, "The man or woman who has not the missionary spirit ought not to attempt to teach school." Oh! brother teacher, how far are you willing to go that the other fellow may have a better chance than you. How much are you willing to sacrifice that the generation to follow may receive the interest on your investments? How much of time and of prayer and of thought do you give beyoud the demands of the law? Are you willing to invest your life with all its assets for humanity? Have we a message to carry? What does that message mean? Does it proclaim the birth of a new era? Does it shout forth to those in darkness that the new day, just being born, is freedom's greatest gift to any nation since people heard the message of the shepherds among Judea's hills some two thousand years ago. The golden dawn is upon us and as we grope in the uncertain amber light the quest is for leaders. Who shall lead us into the glorious dawn? 'Tis the teacher who sees the opportunity there is time and strives to be ready as the hour strikes. Another Moses must lead the hosts through the morasses of incompetency to the promised land where efficiency reigns. Man must and shall be free. God has decreed and the power of darkness can never succeed in thwarting the plans of the eternal God.

"The years of man are the looms of
God let down from the place of
the sun;
Wheron we are weaving always until
the appointed task is done.
Weaving blindly but weaving surely,
each man for himself his fate.
We may not see how the right side
looks, we can only weave and wait.
But looking above for the pattern,
no weaver need have fear;
Only let him look clear into heaven—
the perfect patern is there.
If he keeps the face of the Master
forever and always in sight,
His weaving is sure to be perfect,
his work is sure to be right.
And at last when the task is ended,
and the web is shown and turned,
He shall hear the voice of the Master;
It shall say unto him, "Well done".
And the white winged angel of heaven to bear him thence shall come
down;
And God for his wage shall give him
not coin but a golden crown."

RELATIVE TO HOME DEMONSTRATION AGENT

Whereas the Fairview Tomato and Poultry Club esteem the services of our County Home Demonstration Agent as the most valuable aid to the progress of the county, and whereas we feel honored to have had such an intelligent Christian lady visit our homes and come in touch with our children, thereby inspiring and training them in many valuable undertakings; Resolve, therefore that we are sorely disappointed at our county board of revenue, and we respectfully ask said board to reconsider the matter and retain Mrs. Lida Jones, as said agent.

Done by the Fairview and Poultry Club, this April 17, 1917.

Mrs. R. J. Jones, Pres. Poultry Club.
Mrs. G. M. Durbin, Sec. Poul. Club.
Miss Theodora Headley,
President Tomato Club.
Miss Willie Popwell,
Secy. Tomato Club.

TO COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Gentlemen: We, the undersigned members of the Minooka Home Demonstration and Poultry Club, wish to say that you have made a serious mistake in taking from us Mrs. Lida Jones, our Home Demonstration and Canning Club Agent, at the time she is most needed by the Club girls.

Mrs. Jones has been doing a grand and noble work among the girls and women of our county, and with the exception of the good roads, is the most influential work done in the county for the upbuilding of the people.

Mrs. H. F. VIRGIN, Pres.
Mrs. W. A. HOWARD, Secy.

SINGING CONVENTION

The Chilton County Christian Harmony Singing Convention will be held at Center Hill Church, 2 miles north-west of Jemison on the fifth Sunday and Saturday before, April 28 and 29, 1917. Everybody is invited to come and help us sing the good old songs of olden days.

J. N. SCOTT.

GRAIN SEED TO FARMERS

Through the joint cooperation of business and government channels, it is expected to control the situation in each county in the state and throughout the entire South, so as to supply each former in the different counties, who is short of seed, with sufficient grain seed, to plant his 1917 crop, upon proper guarantee that the seed will be used for the specific purpose in hand.

An inquiry on this subject, addressed to Post Office Box 332, Clanton, will place the individual farmer in possession of information in this connection.

Eric Hart made a business trip to Deatsville Wednesday.

BOND ISSUE CARRIED BY SMALL MAJORITY

Voters Approve Plan to Issue Bonds To Care for County Debt.

Vote is Small in County Farmers Busy at Work

At the election held in the county Monday, to determine whether or not the Commissioners Court should be authoried to issue $200,000.00 of bonds to take up the outstanding interest bearing time road warrants, the proposition was voted favorably by the people. The vote for bonds was 653, and the number against bonds were 558. The majority in favor of the proposition was 95.

The above figures are taken from the returns that were brought in with the boxes as they came in Tuesday to the Sheriff's office. They are not official figures, however they are authentic, and will not vary to any noticeable degree from the official count, which will be made on Friday of this week.

The following table will show the vote as it was cast both for and against the bond issue at the various voting places in the county:

BEAT	For	Against
1.-Mullins Schoolhouse	10	7
2.-Jemison	24	25
2.-Mars Hill	11	12
3.-Benson	24	11
4.-Court House	97	63
4.-Masonic Hall	86	58
5.-Verbena	35	22
5.-Mt. Creek	33	8
6.-Kincheon	3	32
6.-Enterprise	18	11
7.-Maplesville	16	28
7.-Shoults	12	0
8.-Stanton	22	11
8.-Riderville	12	6
9.-Thorsby	87	38
10.-Coopers	45	41
10.-Evergreen	7	8
11.-Cane Creek	15	24
12.-Mineral Springs	18	18
13.-Cofer's Gin	6	13
13.-Minooka	2	14
14.-Concord	8	3
14.-Macedonia	8	21
15.-Culp Schoolhouse	6	27
15.-Pletcher	30	48
16.-Providence	18	9
Total	653	558

TO THE MOTHERS

Kindly remind your physician or mid-wife to put your address on birth certificates in order that your County Health Officer may have valuable literature on "Care of the Child" Mailed to you.

SAMUEL E. JOHNSON, M. D.
County Health Officer.

Subscribe for the Union-Banner and and get the county news every week.

TEACHERS TAKING THE STATE EXAMINATION

Thirty-five applicants, all white, took the state examination for teachers certificates at the court house this week. Following are the names:

Eula Foshee, Regent Barrett, John Mac Foshee, Arthur Burnett, Precious Caton, DeLene Mims, Lee A. Popwell, Samuel Mims, Mattie Mims, Alice McLean, Helen Gerald, Maude Bratton, May Morgan, Martha J. Mims, Cora Baldwin, Lortta Kilingsworth, Rufas A. Smith, Foster B. Williams, Celestia Bratton, Ada Mae McDonald, Jewel Bratton, C. F. Stephenson, Prilla Woodham, Rosa Brackin, Flossie Manning, Anna Rosmussen, Odie Lee Arthur, W. Z. Dennis, Walter G. Vinson, Rena Childress, Margaret Graves, Ruben Williams, Emmett Cox.

This is the first examination in fifteen when there were no negroes seeking licenses.

A WISE MEASURE

Modern warfare is conducted in a manner far different from that practiced in 1776. Equipment, provision and transportation have become such an important feature in war, that executive ability in handling of large problems is of no less importance than strategy and bravery upon the battle field. This fact has been recognized in the recent effort of the administration to call to its assistance some of the leading business men of the country. There should be similar recognition of present needs in congress by the appointment of a special committee, such as that proposed in the Weeks-Madden resolution, composed of men of both houses and of both political parties, but made up of men of experience in handling large enterprises which committee should give attention to war needs and war politics. During the Civil War a committee of that kind rendered the Lincoln administration valuable service in coordinating the work for the legislative and executive branches of the government, and now there should be no delay in effecting the organization of a similar committee.

THE GRAIN SITUATION OF INTEREST TO FARMERS

The marketing of the grain crop after it is produced is of the highest importance to our farmers. The national and state governments in these times of stress are cooperating to accomplish this result at satisfactory prices.

In this connection, it will be of interest to farmers and everyone who is raising even a little grain, that sufficient arrangements for works to handle all grain brought to Clanton, have been completed.

At a later date the Union-Banner will make further announcement, which will doubtless be of interest to all farmers. 4-9-4t.

WORK, FIGHT OR STARVE SAYS WADE

Raise Food Crops and Thereby Help Win the War for the U. S. A.

Wade's Weekly Letter, April 16, 1917

Food is the most important asset to the successful termination of war. History shows that more wars have been lost at the point of starvation than by the sword. Our country is at war and we must realize from the beginning that a well fed nation will be victorious and a starved nation is doomed to defeat, great privations and distress. Do not idle away your opportunities but get busy now, utilize all your spare time producing everything you can to feed yourself and to contribute your part to the ultimate success of the nation. This appeal is not only to the farmers and the common laborers but to the dignitaries as well. Lay aside your dignity and be a producer or shoulder a rifle and answer to your country's call. Are you a jelly fish or a patriot? If the red blood of patriotism flows through your heart, you will become either a priducer or a fighter.

"In the broad field of battle, in the bivouac of life, be not like dumb driven cattle, be a hero in the strife."

The high prices and scarcity of food products at present make it imperative that we begin at once to increase production. One of the first things to begin with is garden vegetables and potatoes. Such products can be matured in the shortest period of time and should be grown in abundance. Sweet potato plants can be had now at $1.50 per thousand. If now set, the vines will furnish cuttings for additional acreage within a very few weeks. Cuttings may be set from now until July but the earlier the better.

The Irish potato is one of the country's best food crops. It is rather late for spring but a fall crop can and should be produced. The culls from the spring crop when harvested may be spread in a cool dry place. After they have seasoned about 3 weeks, they should be spread in a cool damp place until germination begins. They can be cut and planted in moist fertile soil and a splendid fall crop may be expected. The fall crop is not hard to keep over winter and makes ideal seed for the following spring.

It is estimated that the wheat crop will be fifteen million bushels short as compared with last year. It will be necessary to increase the corn crop in order to prevent a bread shortage, when the effect of the wheat shortage is added to the present high price of flour. By all means, increase your corn crop, using the best seed at your command. Plant velvet beans, peanuts and cow peas in abundance. They can be used as food or converted into meat through live stock.

Increase your poultry, hogs, and cattle by better care and breeding. Increase the supply of meat by producing larger and better animals. This can be done by growing more feed and better feeding.

Every idle man and every idle day is a loss to you and your country. Work, fight or starve. It is up to you.

JAMES A. WADE.
Comm. Agri. & Ind.

PROGRAM

For Fifth Sunday Meeting at Alpine Church, April 28 and 29, 1917.

Saturday, April 28.

10:00, a.m. Devotional exercises, J. T. Jones, Sr.
10:30. The purpose of the Fifth Sunday Meeting, W .H. Connell.
11:00. Sermon, J. M. Smoke.
12:00. Dinner.
1:30, p.m. Devotional exercises, A. C. Wheeler.
1:45. Christian giving, R.R. Brasher
2:15. What are the distinctive principles of the Baptists? J. L. Moulder.
2:45. How Baptist people work together, W. J. Ruddick.
3:00. Adjournment.

Sunday, April 28.

9:00, a.m. Sunday School and short talks by visitors.
10:15. The greatest work for Baptists. F. W. C. Bice.
11:00. Sermon, W. J. Ruddick.
12. Dinner
1:15. Devotional exercises, John Deramus.
1:30. Women's Missionary Union work, R. R. Brasher.
2:00. The importance of family religion, W. O. Perry.
2:30. Has it been worth while to attend this meeting? J. E. Moon and others.
Adjournment.

A large attendance is desired as we hope to have a profitable meeting.

J. C. WALKER.
Committeeman.

GOOD RESULTS OF WISE POLICY

Reports from Havana report that there will be a large crop of "Cuba Libre" for exportation. The seed sown by McKinley was futile. The plant hoed by Roosevelt yields its bounty to Wilson. Cuba will assist us in freeing the German people from Hohenzollern despotism.

Better Farming in the South

WILLIAMSON PLAN OF CORN CULTURE

Has Proven Successful in Coastal Plains And Sandy Loam Soils



J. N. HARPER, Agronomist

E. McIver Williamson, of Darlington, S. C., has originated a plan of corn culture which has been adopted by a great number of farmers residing in the Coastal Plains of South Carolina and Georgia with excellent results.

Since a number of inquiries have come to the Farm Service Bureau about methods of corn culture it is considered advisable to recommend the Williamson method to farmers in the coastal region or those who have sandy loam soils. The following is an outline of the method in Mr. Williamson's own words:

"Break the land broadcast during the winter, using a two horse plow or, better, a disc plow. Bed with turnplow six-foot rows, leaving a five-inch balk. When ready to plant, break this out with a scooter. Plow deeply in the bottom of this furrow, using a Dixie with wing taken off. Ridge then on this furrow with same plow still going deep. Run the corn planter on this ridge, dropping one grain every five or six inches.

"Plant early, as soon as frost danger is past. Early planting is especially needful on very rich lands where stalks can not otherwise be kept from growing too large.

"Give the first working with a harrow or any plow that will not cover the plant. For second working use ten or twelve inch sweep. Corn should not be worked again until the growth has been so retarded, and the stalk so hardened that it will never grow too large. This is the most difficult point in the whole process. Experience and judgment are required to know just how much the stalk should be stunted, and plenty of nerve is required to hold back your corn when your neighbors, who fertilized at planting time and cultivated rapidly, have corn twice the size of yours.

"When you are convinced that your corn has been sufficiently humiliated, you may begin to make the ear. The plants should now be from twelve to eighteen inches high.

"Put half your fertilizer (this being the first used at all) in the old sweep furrow on both sides of every other middle and cover by breaking out this middle with turn plow. About one week later treat the other middle the same way. Within a few days side corn in first middle with sixteenth-inch sweep. Put all your nitrate of soda in this furrow, if less than 150 pounds. If more, use one-half of it. Cover with one furrow of turn plow, then sow peas in this middle broadcast at the rate of at least one bushel to acre, and finish breaking out.

"In a few days side corn in other middle with same sweep, put balance of nitrate of soda in this furrow, if it has been divided, cover with turn plow, sow peas, and break out. This lays by your crop with a good bed and plenty of dirt around your stalk. This should be from June 10th to 20th, unless the season is very late, and corn should be hardly bunching for tassel.

"Lay by early. More corn is ruined by late plowing than by lack of plowing. This is when the ear is hurt.

"The stalks thus raised are very small, and do not require anything like the moisture even in proportion to size than is necessary for large, sappy stalks. They may, therefore, be left thicker in the row. Stalks can not make large yields except extremely favorable seasons, for they cannot stand a lack of moisture. Corn raised by this method should not be over seven feet high, and the ear should be near the ground."

For Piedmont Section.

For the Piedmont section the Williamson Plan can not be closely followed but must be modified. Half of the fertilizer should be applied before planting. The other half should be applied not later than when corn is knee high. The nitrate of soda should then be applied when the corn is waist high.

Raise Corn As War Measure

In response to the call for food supplies in view of war condition, the Southern farmer should plant as large a crop of corn as possible. He should fertilize liberally and cultivate thoroughly so that maximum crops may be produced. It is recommended that from 500 to 600 pounds of fertilizer be applied on Piedmont soils and from 800 to 1,000 to coastal plain soils.

CIRCUIT COURT DATES

Second Monday in February, and continue two weeks (Jury cases.)

Second Monday in April, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

Second Monday in June, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

Second Monday in August and continue two weeks (Jury ceses.)

Second Monday in October, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

Second Monday in December, and continue one week (Non-Jury cases.)

The Grand Jury will be organized on the Second Monday in February, and Second Monday in August.

The Equity docket will be called on the second Monday in April, and the Second Monday in June, the Second Monday in October and the First Monday in December.

STATEWIDE MOVEMENT FOR INCREASED PRODUCTION

Governor Henderson has named Mr. W. M. Adams, of Clanton, to act in conjunction with others, to be selected by him, in promoting in Chilton County, the statewide movement of increased production in all channels of commercial and indusrial and agricultural activity. The central committee for this purpose in Chilton County will be promptly completed and announced.

Suggestions from anyone on a postal card, addressed either to Mr. Adams or to the Union-Banner, giving the names and post office address of five farmers, in each Beat of Chilton County to act as Beat Committeemen, will greatly aid in this work.

It is hoped that through these channels, necessary seed may be procured for those, who in good faith, are absolutely in need of them for the purpose of 1917 planting.

The aid and encouragement and cooperation of everyone interested in commercial and industrial and agricultural work is desired and solicited in this movement.

High class mule jack will make spring season at "Bird-Wood" farm near Bibb, Chilton, and Shelby County line. Colts to stand and suck, $10 Jack handled by owner.

K. C. MAHAN,
Brierfield, Alabama.

PRESIDENT MAKES APPEAL TO NATION

Every Man and Woman Urged To Strive To Make Country a Unit For Preservation Of Ideals

SUPREME TEST FOR CITIZENS

Urges People To Show Patriotism By Planting Food Crops To Help Feed The Allies

Washington.—President Wilson, in an address to his fellow-countrymen, called upon every American citizen—man, woman and child—to join together to make the nation a unit for the preservation of its ideals and for triumph of democracy in the world war.

"The supreme test of the nation has come," says the address. "We must all speak, act and serve together."

The president urges all the people to concentrate their energies, practice economy, prove unselfishness and demonstrate efficiency.

He appealed to the farmers, with emphasis on his words, and particularly to the farmers of the South, to plant foodstuffs. The Southern farmers, he said, "can show their patriotism in no better or more convincing way than by resisting the great temptation of the present price of cotton and helping feed the nations and the peoples everywhere fighting for their liberties and our own." Among other things, the president said:

"The entrance of our own beloved country into the grim and terrible war for democracy and human rights which has shaken the world creates so many problems of national life and action which call for immediate attention and consideration and settlement that I hope you will permit me to address to you a few words of earnest counsel and appeal with regard to them.

"We are rapidly putting our navy upon an effective war footing and are about to create and equip a great army, but these are the simplest parts for the great task to which we have addressed ourselves. There is not a single selfish element, so far as I can see, in the cause we are fighting for. We are fighting for what we believe and wish to be the rights of mankind and for the future peace and security of the world. To do this great thing worthily and successfully, we must devote ourselves to the service without regard to profit or material advantage and with an energy and intelligence that will rise to the level of the enterprise itself. We must realize to the full how great the task and how many things, how many kinds and elements of capacity and service and self-sacrifice it involves.

"These, then, are the things we must do, and do well, besides fighting—the things without which mere fighting would be useless."

AMERICAN GUNBOAT INTERNED BY TURKS

Scorpion Given 24 Hours To Leave Constantinople; Failing To Do So, Was Seized

Amsterdam.—The American guard ship Scorpion has been interned at Constantinople by the Turkish government, according to a news dispatch from the Turkish capital. It says that the Scorpion was given twenty-four hours to leave the harbor, but was unable to do so and was therefore interned "in accordance with The Hague convention."

The Scorpion is a converted yacht and has been stationed at Constantinople as a dispatch boat for the American embassy since November, 1900. A year ago members of the Scorpion's crew were reported to have clashed with German soldiers in Constantinople, and in March of this year the Italian newspapers printed reports that the Scorpion had been blown up. Constantinople dispatches denied this report. The commander of the Scorpion is Commander J. P. Morton.

Makes Attack On German Legation

Buenos Aires.—The German legation and consulate here have been attacked by a mob, as have the newspapers Deutsche la Plata Zeitung and La Union. The police dispersed the manifestants.

Publicity Board Created By President

Washington.—Control of publicity in connection with the government's war activities was placed by President Wilson in the hands of a committee of public information, whose task will be to safeguard secrets of value to the enemy and at the same time to see that all affairs of the nation are laid before the people as fully and frankly as possible. The committee named by the president is made up of Secretaries Daniels, Lansing and Baker, who recommended the step, with George Creel, as civilian chairman.

American Airplanes Equal The Best

New York.—American airplanes, type for type, are "equal to the best European products," while American fighting machines are much safer than the European, according to an official report made public here of an investigation conducted by the advisory committee on aeronautics which is co-operating with Rear Admiral Usher in the organization of the reserve forces of the third naval district. The investigation forms the groundwork of a plan providing for aerial defenses, which cannot be divulged.

MUNITIONS PLANT WRECKED

112 Persons Meet Death And Many Injured When Ammunition Factory Blows Up

Chester, Pa.—One hundred and twelve persons — most of them women and girls — are known to have lost their lives and 121 were injured by a series of terrific explosions in the shrapnel building of the Eddystone Ammunition corporation at Eddystone, one mile from Chester. Many of the injured were fatally hurt, and it is feared the final death list will reach one hundred and fifty.

How any of the three hundred or more employees in the building, in which was stored approximately thirty thousand shells, escaped, is a mystery, as there was scarcely a fragment of the structure left intact. Fire added to the horror and most of the bodies were so badly charred that identification was impossible.

Rumors of plots and arrests were numerous after the disaster, but all lacked confirmation. Detectives reported the explosion apparently was purely accidental and advanced the theory that shrapnel placed near a radiator might have caused it. An official of the company, however, said there never was more than half a ton of powder in the building and that this never was in bulk.

The explosion occurred in what is known as the "10-F" building, a two-story structure, 75x300 feet. In this building time fuses were prepared, more than eighty per cent of the workers being women and girls. Probably fifty men and boys were employed in the building at the time of the blast and most of them escaped.

The utmost confusion followed the explosion. A heavy pall of smoke darkened the entire town which has a population of about 5,000, but this was soon lightened by the flames from the burning building.

Rescue squads formed and a call for assistance was sent to Philadelphia, Chester, Wilmington and other nearby points.

The entire Chester fire department responded and ambulances from Philadelphia and Chester were soon at the scene.

A strong guard of Pennsylvania militiamen and cadets from the Pennsylvania Military academy was thrown around the plant and every one except those assisting in the rescue work were forbidden to approach.

Fifteen minutes after the explosion the dead and injured were being taken out. Several bodies were fished out of the marshes two hundred yards from the destroyed building and it is feared that others may have been blown into the river, still farther away.

The Eddystone Ammunition corporation, which was organized originally by interests identified with the Baldwin Locomotive works and operated by those interests, was taken over last September by a commission representing the British and Russian governments. Since that time this commission has been carrying on the manufacture of munitions for the entente allies.

Governors To Name Defense Councils

Washington.—The council of national defense has requested state governors to name state defense councils to work with the national council in furthering preparedness plans. At the same time it asked the governors to delay starting military censuses until uniform measures are prepared by the war department and the census bureau. Already some states have named defense councils and some have begun taking censuses of their citizens liable for military service. Their value to the war department, it is said, will depend on their uniformity, and uniformity plans probably will not be worked out for some time little time. State defense councils, Director Gifford of the national council said, can give invaluable assistance in organizing for effective prosecution of the war. The governors were asked to give the councils broad powers and to make them representative of the state's resources.

Russ Government Grateful To Wilson

Washington.—President Wilson received a cablegram from Foreign Minister Milukoff of Russia, declaring that the active participation of the United States in the world war will accelerate the victory of the entente allies. He expressed gratitude for the prompt recognition by the United States of the new Russian government.

Great Losses For Germans In Battle

London.—In two days' fighting along the front from Lens to the southeast of Arras, the Germans suffered great losses in men and guns. More than eleven thousand prisoners, among them 235 officers, were taken, and 100 guns, 60 trench mortars and 163 machine guns have fallen into the hands of the British. Some of the larger guns are of 8-inch caliber. The advance of the British over the entire front was made to a depth of from two to six miles, the penetration being greatest east and southeast of Arras.

"New York" Hits Mine Off Liverpool

Liverpool.—The American line steamer New York bound from New York for Liverpool struck a mine when nearing her destination. The explosion occurred on the port bow of the vessel and distress signals were immediately sent out. Nearby vessels went to the assistance of the liner and all her passengers were taken off and brought to the landing stage here. It is found that the damage, confined to the forefront of the vessel, is not serious, and the New York went into the pier under her own steam.

BRITONS STORM GERMAN DEFENSES

Fiercely Striking On Wide Front General Haig's Troops Sweep All Before Them Near St. Quentin

MANY LARGE GUNS TAKEN

British Gains, According To The Military Experts, Almost Certain To Result In German Retreat

New York.—On a twelve-mile front northeast of Arras and one a nine-mile front northwest of St. Quentin, the forces of Field Marshal Haig have shattered the German defenses and forced the Germans to retire.

North and east of the Vimy ridge in the Arras region the British seized six villages from the Germans during a successful move forward from the Scarpe northward to near Loos. London says a footing also has been gained in the German trenches northeast of Lens, a mining and railroad center.

Vimy, Petit Vimy, Givenchy-en-Gohelle and Angres, all north of the Vimy ridge, and the villages of Willeval and Bailleul, east of the ridge, were taken in the advance All these villages are on the slopes of the ridge.

South of the Arras-Cambral road it is announced the British forces have gained ground east of Wancourt and are astride the Hindenburg line as far as a point seven miles southeast of Arras.

Prisoners taken since the beginning of the battle of Arras total more than thirteen thousand, says London. Field Marshal Haig also has captured 166 guns and other war material.

Northwest of St. Quentin the British advanced on a line between Hargicourt and Metz-en-Couture, capturing two woods, the Sart farm and the village of Gouveacourt. This advance enlarged the salient in the German lines between St. Quentin and Cambrai, and outflanked the Havrincourt wood on the south.

GERMAN SUBMARINE SINKS ARGENTINE SAILING SHIP

Vessel Shelled And Member Of The Crew Wounded—Great Excitement In Buenos Aires

Buenos Aires.—The Argentine sailing ship Monte Protegido has been sunk off the European coast, according to an official announcement made here.

The announcement was made by the minister of foreign affairs, who said he had received official information to this effect.

The government has ordered a complete inquiry into the sinking of the ship.

According to the newspapers, the ship was sunk by a German submarine.

It is announced that the ship was twice fired on by the guns of the submarine and that one member of the crew was wounded.

After the news became known an excited crowd marched through the streets shouting "Down with the German assassins." Groups of students paraded the streets singing patriotic songs.

Two German newspapers published in Buenos Aires, in view of threats by the crowds, closed their offices.

Bolivia Breaks With Germany

La Paz, Bolivia.—The German minister and his staff have been handed their passports by the Bolivian government with a note declaring that diplomatic relations between Bolivia and Germany have been severed.

The Bolivian government in replying to the note of the United States respecting its entrance into war, will say that the United States was completely justified in taking up the defense of the rights of neutrals.

24 Bombs Found Under S. C. Capitol

Columbia, S. C.—Twenty-four bombs were discovered under the steps of the state capitol building here by State Electrician T. Q. Booser. The explosives were of iron, about the size of grapefruit and very heavy. They had copper wires attached for connection with other electrically-charged wires to produce the explosion.

Brazil To Arm Merchant Ships

Rio Janeiro, Brazil.—It is officially announced that the government has decided to arm Brazilian merchantmen which purpose to make voyages into the German submarine zone. The ships, however, will be provided with instructions of a purely defensive character. It has been decided to seize for their own protection from damage German ships interned in Brazilian ports. The foreign minister has cabled the Brazilian minister in Berlin to urge all Brazilians to leave Germany to leave.

Serbians Rising Against Bulgarians

London.—An uprising of Serbians against the Bulgarians who are now occupying their country is reported in an Athens, Greece, dispatch. As a result of pressure exerted by the Bulgarians, the Serbian population revolted and took to the hilly country. The insurgents divided into battalions and companies, and are engaged in destroying bridges, railways and other means of communication. The Bulgarian government has dispatched troops to Nish to suppress the disorders, which are said to have reached grave proportions.

WAR COMMISSION TO U. S.

Foreign Minister Balfour Of Great Britain, Heads The Commission To Visit This Country

Washington.—Assembly in Washington within a few weeks of a great international war council was foreshadowed by an announcement from the state department that a British commission, headed by Arthur J. Balfour, minister of foreign affairs, is expected to arrive within ten days to discuss with the government here questions connected with the conduct of the war. In addition to the foreign minister, the commission will include Admiral de Clair of the British navy, General Bridges of the army and the governor of the Bank of England, attended by a numerous staff.

This was as far as the announcement made by the state department goes, but it was learned authoritatively that a French commission composed of officials and officers equally as distinguished as the British representatives also will be in Washington about the same time.

It is not known definitely whether any other of the allied powers will send commissioners to Washington, but it is assumed that owing to the difficulties in passage and the probable delay, the interests of these governments will be confided to their resident ambassadors.

Beyond the statement that the object of the commission is to discuss generally questions of policy connected with the war no information was given at the state department. It was made clear, however, that in no way will the United States government depart from the traditional policy of avoiding anything in the nature of political alliances, though of course, that does not exclude full and intimate military and naval co-operation in the prosecution of the war.

UNITED STATES ARMOR PLANT TO WEST VIRGINIA

The $12,700,000 Concern For Which Many Cities Fought Will Be Located At Charleston

Washington.—The government's armor plate and projectile factories, for which congress appropriated $12,700,000, will be built at Charleston, W. Va., a location recommended by a special navy board as offering an ideal combination of military safety and easy access to manufacturing materials.

In announcing the selection Secretary Daniels said construction work would begin at once and would be hurried to completion. He also made public the report of the board personally inspected facilities of 29 cities chosen out of more than one hundred which offered sites.

For the armor plant an appropriation of $11,000,000 is available, but a greater sum may be asked of congress before construction is finished. The initial appropriation for the projectile plant is $1,700,000. Charleston offered several acceptable sites free of cost to the government, and one of these will be selected for the factories themselves while one of the protected gorges nearby will be taken over as a proving field.

Strikes Are Barred During The War

Washington.—No strikes or labor disputes of any kind during the war is the program of the labor committee of the Council of National Defense's advisory commission, headed by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor. In a report made public the committee declares the "defense and safety of the nation must be the first consideration of all patriotic citizens," and proposes that whenever emergencies arise requiring a change of standards, such changes should be made only after investigation and approval by the Council of National Defense.

Seven Billions Of Dollars To Fight

Washington.—Without a dissenting voice, the house, amid plaudits of members and the galleries, passed the seven-billion dollar war revenue authorization measure. The measure had been described as the greatest authorization for bonds ever contained in a bill submitted to any legislative body in the world.

Frank Rockefeller Passes Into Beyono

Cleveleand.—Frank Rockfeller, 72 youngest brother of John D. Rockefeller, died in his apartments in a hotel from a stroke of paralysis.

Diabolical Plot Causes Explosion

Chester, Pa.—A statement by a high official of the Eddystone Munition corporation placed the blame of the disastrous explosion, the worst in the history of the state, on a disloyal employee, who is thought to have sacrificed his life with the 116 known dead, most of whom were girls and young women. This amazing development spurred on the investigations of the catastrophe already under way by federal, state, county, local officials and officers of the company. Numerous suspects were rounded up here.

Two More Countries Join The U. S.

Washington.—Without formally announcing abandonment of their neutrality, two more Latin-American republics, Argentine and Costa Rica have given assurances of their moral support for the United States in the war against Germany. Argentina, choosing a middle course between those of Brazil and Chile, her sister nations in the influential A B C trio, has notified the state department that she "recognizes the justice" of this country's stand against German aggression.

WILSON WARNS ALL TRAITORS

SAYS VIOLATORS OF LAW WILI BE PROSECUTED TO THE FULLEST EXTENT.

DEATH PENALTY FOR TREASON

Bomb Plotters May Now Be Gripped With Iron Hand—Subject to Heavy Penalties.

Washington.—All persons in the United States, citizens and aliens, are warned in a proclamation issued by President Wilson that treasonable acts or attempts to shield those committing such acts will be vigorously prosecuted by the givernment.

At war, the United States is in a Bomb plotters now may be gripped with an iron hand.

The proclamation follows:

"Whereas, all persons in the United States, citizens as well as aliens, should be informed of the penalties which they will incur for any failure to bear true allegiance to the Unted States;

"Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, hereby issue this proclamation to call especial attention to the following provisions of the constitution and laws of the United States:

"Seition 3 to Article III of the constitution provides, in part: 'Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort.'

"The criminal code of the United States provides:

"'Section 1. Whoever, owing allegiance to the United States, levies war against them or adheres to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort, within the United States or elsewhere is guilty of treason.

"'Sec. 2. Whoever is convicted of treason shall suffer death; or, at the discretion of the court, shall be imprisoned not less than $10,000, to be levied on and collected out of any or all of his property, real and personal, of which he was the owner at the time of committing such treason, any sale or conveyance to the contrary notwithstanding; and every person so convicted of treason shall, moreover, be incapable of holding any office under the United States.

"'Sec. 3. Whoever, owing allegiance to the United States and having knowledge of the commission of any treason against them, conceals and does not, as soon as may be, disclose and make known the same to the President or to some judge of the United States, or to the governor, or to some judge or justice of a particular state, is guilty of treason and shall be imprisoned not more than seven years and fined not more than $1,000.

"'Sec. 6. If two or more persons in any state or territory, or in any place subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, conspire to overthrow, put down, or to destroy by force the government of the United States, or to levy war against them, or to oppose by force the authority thereof or by force to prevent, hinder or delay the execution of any law of the United States, or by force to seize, take or possess any property of the United States contrary to the authority thereof, they shall each be fined not more than $5,000 or imprisoned not more than six years, or both.'

"The courts of the United States have stated the following acts to be treasonable:

"The use or attempted use of any force or violence against the government of the United States or its military or naval forces:

"The acquisition, use or disposal of any property with knowledge that it is to be, or with intent that it shall be, of assistance to the enemy in their hostilities against the United States.

"The performance of any act or the publication of statements or information which will give or supply in any way aid and comfort to the enemies of the United States:

"The direction, aiding, counseling or countenancing of any of the foregoing acts.

"Such acts are held to be treasonable whether committeed with the United States or elsewhere; whether committed by a citizen of the United States or by an alien domiciled, or residing in the United States, inasmuch as descendant aliens, as well as citizens, owe allegiance to the United States and its laws;

"Any such citizen or alien who has knowledge of the commission of such acts and conceals and does not make known the facts to the officials named in section 3 of the penal code is guilty of misprission of treason.

"And I hereby proclaim and warn all citizens of the United States, and all aliens owing allegiance to the government of the United States, to abstain from committing any and all acts which would constituted a violation of any of the laws herein set forth; and I further proclaim and warn all persons who may commit such acts that they will be vigorously prosecuted thereby.

"In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

"Dne at the city of Washington, this 16th day of April

"WOODROW WILSON.

"By the President,
"ROBERT LANSING,
"Secretary of State."

Big Bond Issue Passes House.

Washington.—Without a dissenting voice the House, amid plaudits of members and the galleries, passed the $7,000,000,000 war revenue authorization measure. One member, Representative London of New York, the only socialist in Congress, voted "present." Owing to general pairs and absentees only 389 votes were recorded for the bill, but both Democratic Leader Kitchin and Republican Leader Mann announced that all of their members would have voted affirmatively if they had been present.

WOMAN SICK TWO YEARS

Could Do No Work. Now Strong as a Man.



Chicago, Ill.—"For about two years I suffered from a female trouble so I was unable to walk or do any of my own work. I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in the newspapers and determined to try it. It brought almost immediate relief. My weakness has entirely disappeared and I never had better health. I weigh 165 pounds and am as strong as a man. I think money is well spent which purchases Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. Jos. O'Bryan, 1755 Newport Ave., Chicago, Ill.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, is unparalleled. It may be used with perfect confidence by women who suffer from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, and nervous prostration. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the standard remedy for female ills.

No Doubt About That.

"What! Paid fifty dollars for a hat. Woman, are you mad?"

"No, but it's plain to be seen that you are."

ENDS DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, GAS

"Pape's Diapepsin" cures sick, sour stomachs in five minutes —Time It!

"Really does" put bad stomachs in order—"really does" overcome indigestion, dyspepsia, gas, heartburn and sourness in five minutes—that—just that—makes Pape's Diapepsin the largest selling stomach regulator in the world. If what you eat ferments into stubborn lumps, you belch gas and eructate sour, undigested food and acid; head is dizzy and aches; breath foul; tongue coated; your insides filled with bile and indigestible waste, remember the moment "Pape's Diapepsin" comes in contact with the stomach all such distress vanishes. It's truly astonishing—almost marvelous, and the joy is its harmlessness.

A large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin will give you a hundred dollars' worth of satisfaction.

It's worth its weight in gold to men and women who can't get their stomachs regulated. It belongs in your home—should always be kept handy in case of sick, sour, upset stomach during the day or at night. It's the quickest, surest and most harmless stomach doctor in the world.—Adv.

The Point of View.

The Piano Man—How's business?

The Scissors Grinder—Fine! I've never seen things so dull.—Puck.

The reader who can't get enough exciting news now must be somewhat difficult to overfeed with sensations in print.

Not only, as the controller of the currency says, does practically all the world owe us money, but it shows a decided tendency to keep right on borrowing.

After the censor gets through with some of those Russian newspapers, they sometimes have more white space than printed matter. In view of the cost of white paper, the censor should be more considerate.

"There will be little change in men's clothes this year," says a fashion paper. She will probably not take the word of the publication for it, but will no doubt insist on going through them as usual to make sure.

They weren't New Year's resolutions, perhaps, but just the same a good many householders have hereby resolved that two things are sure to be on their program for the coming summer: A full coal bin and a garden.

PELLAGRA

G. S. is a guaranteed remedy for Pellagra, Rheumatism Syphilis, Scrofula, Eczema Constipation and all Blood, Liver or Kidney diseases. My guarantee is good to you. At druggists', or post paid $1.00 per bottle, or 6 for $5.00. Write me for testimonials and mention this paper.

L. M. GROSS
721 Spring Street Little Rock, Ark

ECZEMA!



Money back without question if HUNT'S CURE fails in the treatment of ITCH, ECZEMA, RINGWORM, TETTER or other itching skin diseases. Price 50c at druggists, or direct from A. B. Richards Medicine Co., Sherman, Tex.

Knock the high cost of living, save you eggs in warm weather. My receipt beats water glass. Receipt 50c. Money back if not satisfied. GROVER WILSON, Greenville, Mo

"CASCARETS" ACT ON LIVER; BOWELS

No sick headache, biliousness, bad taste or constipation by morning.

Get a 10-cent box.

Are you keeping your bowels, liver, and stomach clean, pure and fresh with Cascarets, or merely forcing a passageway every few days with Salts, Cathartic Pills, Castor Oil or Purgative Waters?

Stop having a bowel wash-day. Let Cascarets thoroughly cleanse and regulate the stomach, remove the sour and fermenting food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out of the system all the constipated waste matter and poisons in the bowels.

A Cascaret to-night will make you feel great by morning. They work while you sleep—never gripe, sicken or cause any inconvenience, and cost only 10 cents a box from your store. Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never have Headache, Biliousness, Coated Tongue, Indigestion, Sour Stomach or Constipation. Adv.

Luck.

"How did he win promotion?"

"By being pleasant and accommodating to all people who didn't appear to be of much consequence."

"They all praised him, I suppose."

"Not exactly. The little old man in the shabby suit that he was courteous to yesterday happened to be one of the directors of the company—the lucky guy."

RED FACES AND RED HANDS

Soothed and Healed by Cuticura—Sample Each Free by Mail.

Treatment for the face: On rising and retiring smear affected parts with Cuticura Ointment. Then wash off with Cuticura Soap and hot water. For the hands: Soak them in a hot lather of Cuticura Soap. Dry, and rub in Cuticura Ointment.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Tuberculosis Publication.

The National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis announces that it will presently begin publication of a monthly magazine devoted exclusively to the subject of tuberculosis. It will be printed in New York and will be called The American Review of Tuberculosis.

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription othine — double strength — is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

Natural Deduction.

Teacher (eliciting information from a class)—Now, children, tell me what minerals are found in England.

Small Girl—Coal and iron and water.

Teacher—Not water, dear. What makes you say so?

Small Girl—Well, all the restaurants say "Mineral Waters for Sale."

"MOTORISTS' PROBLEM SOLVED."

Automobiles that have lost their luster, become shabby looking, or rusty, can be re-enameled to look like a new car by applying a coat of BLAXSHINE, the new, black, flexible Auto enamel. Dries over night. Enough BLAXSHINE for one car is put in a package with complete outfit for applying and your initials in gold. Price per package $2.85 delivered. Write for folder and sample of work. Satisfaction guaranteed. Twin City Varnish Company, 340 River St., Chicago, Ill. Established 30 years.—Adv.

Right.

Teacher—What is the capital of France?

Johnnie—Guess they haven't got any. Dad says they're in debt to beat the cars.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Going Abroad.

"Are the Grabcoins still trying to break into society?"

"No. They have decided to wait until the war is over and conquer Europe first."

A HINT TO WISE WOMEN.

Don't suffer torture when all female troubles will vanish in thin air after using "Femenina." Price 50c and $1.00—Adv.

A Difference.

"How much are potatoes worth now?"

"They're worth no more now than they ever were, but they're costing about six times as much."

Disagreeable and Dangerous Trouble is diarrhea, but a speedy and certain cure is found in Mississippi Diarrhea Cordial. Price 25c and 50c.—Adv.

As a locomotive puffs, the ear can count up only to ten a second—then all that is heard is a continuous roar.

ANNUAL SESSION GOOD ROADS BODY

FIFTH ANNUAL MEETING OF NATIONAL BODY IN MAGIC CITY IS WELL ATTENDED.

MANY STATES REPRESENTED

Value of Good Roads Vigorously Sressed in the Several Addresses Made.

Birmingham.—The Fifth Annual Session of the United States Good Roads Association convened in Birmingham April 17 to continue through the 20th. Delegates from nearly every state in the Union are in attendance and taking part in this gathering of good roads boosters. This association was organized in Birmingham April 11th and 12th and is credited with having started the movement to secure Federal Aid for the building of good roads throughout the nation. It passed the first resolution declaring for the Bankhead Federal Appropriation measure and waged an active campaign to secure the passage of the same, which was accomplished at the last session of Congress.

This association has been quite active in pushing a propoganda in every State in the Union to have a day set aside as "Good Roads Day" for the purpose of building and maintaining roads that have already been constructed.

The value of good roads to the individual, the State and the nation was vigorously stressed in the several addresses made by men who have been prominent in the good roads movement.

The Association plans to push the campaign already started to induce the next Congress to make an annual appropriation of fifty million dollars for good roads on a continuous basis, thereby eliminating the necessity of going before every session of Congres to make a fight for an appropriation for good roads.

Soldier Killed at Coosa Bridge.

Anniston.—The body of a soldier, said to be Walter Adams, a private of the First cavalry, national guard of Alabama, was brought to a local undertaking establishment from Riverside, where he had been doing guard duty at the bridge across the Coosa river. It was reported here that Adams had been shot, but an examination of his body failed to verify this. His jaw was broken and he had some scratches and contusions on his face and head, but they were such as led to the conclusion that he had fallen from the bridge, or had been knocked from it by a passing train.

Albany Seeking Three New Industries.

Albany.—If the plans of a finance committee that began work in Albany are successful this city will have a trio of new industries. The committee named by President W. R. Hall of the board of commerce, will endeavor to raise $27,000 to be paid as bonuses and as stock subscriptions to three northern concerns that propose to begin operations here, giving employment to about 200 persons. Negotiations with the three plants were opened recently by Secretary Archibald of the commerce board, on a trip through the east.

Wallace to Run For Governor.

Montgomery.—At a mass meeting held here, John H. Wallace, Jr., announced that at the proper time he will enter the race for Governor as the successor of Charles Henderson, and will publish a platform insisting upon the restoration to this state of local self-government in the handling of the liquor or prohibition question and setting forth his views on other issues.

Land Appraisers Announced.

Montgomery.—According to a dispatch from Washington the following Alabamians have been appointed appraisers for the Federal Farm Loan bank: Hugh M. Wilson of Opelika, John R. McCain of Lineville, Charles H. Pulley of Huntsvile and S. J. Wright of Clayton. The salary is $2400 a year.

Equalizers Finish Work.

Gadsden.—The county board of equalization has finished the work for the year. They have been in session since January and an increase of $800,000 in tax values has been made according to unofficial reports. Last year the board of equalization increased the tax values $250,000.

Farmers Working Hard.

Clanton.—Farm work in this section is being pushed and the plows are running full time every day the ground is dry enough to plow. Corn, beans, forage and food crops are being planted and planned for.

H. Grady Webb Caught at Badin.

Birmingham.—Henry Grady Webb, chased by Federal officers from Birmingham all over the United States, caught, sentenced to 25 years in the Federal prison for train robbery, only to escape from the custody of the marshals at Charlotte, N. C., has been caught again, and is on his way to Atlanta to serve his prison term. Webb was arrested at Badin, near Salisbury, N. C. He is supposed to have been hiding in North Carolina since his escape from the train last week.

Wants Flood Bill Applied in Alabama.

Washington.—The first bill asking for the application of the flood control law enacted by the last Congress to Alabama has been filed in the House by Representative W. B. Oliver of the Sixth district. The bill of the Sixth district congressman asks for an appropriation of $10,000 for a survey to be made of the Cahaba and Sipsey rivers with a view to ascertaining the cost to dredge and otherwise clean out these streams in order that they will carry freshets without overflowing the country roundabouts. Mr. Oliver proposes that the Cahaba shall be surveyed in Perry and Bibb counties and the Sipsey in Tuscaloosa, Pickens, and Greene counties.

Greenville Ships Train of Produce.

Greenville.—Almost a trainload of Butler county products left Greenville in one day over the Louisville and Nashville railroad. Three carloads of hogs, one carload of velvet beans, two carloads of stave bolts, one carload of cattle, three carloads of velvet bean feed, two carloads of radishes and one carload of peas made up the shipment. These shipments will average $750 per car, which will bring more than $11,000.

Attempt to Dynamite Benzol Plants.

Bessemer.—An attempt was made to blow up the benzol plants of the Woodward Iron company and the Thomas A. Edison company near Bessemer. The attempt was unsuccessful, and no damage resulted because of prompt action by night watchmen. The men were discovered hiding behind a smal house inside the yard enclosing the plants. When discovered by the night watchman the men opened fire with revolvers and he returned the fire.

Stave Mill Being Built.

Sylacauga.—Sylacauga is to have a stave and head mill. The Pensacola Cooperage company will begin work at once on their plant here. It was agreed some weeks ago to put the mill here if Sylacauga would guarantee 1000 cords of staves at a stated price. At a mass meeting held at Fraternal Hall building this arrangement was made.

Coosa to Get Big Graphite Plant.

Goodwater.—A quarter of a million dollar graphite company has recently been incorporated in Alabama, that of the Graphite Company of America, for mining properties in Coosa County, within a couple of miles of Goodwater. On the large holdings of this company a 720-tone mill will be constructed at once. This tonnage will exceed by something like 50 per cent that of any other American graphite mill.

Demopolis Girl Gets Hero Medal.

Demopolis. — Miss Nellie McCoy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. B. H. McCoy, of Demopolis, has been presented with a Carnegie medal for a deed of heroism when she saved the lives of two Demopolis people who were drowning. The medal was presented to Miss McCoy by Rev. I. W. Chalker, o fthe Methodist church of Demopolis.

Farmers Badly Delayed.

Fort Payne.—The farmers in this county are much behind with their plowing, and a great many are beginning to plant without breaking their ground, depending on cultivation making the crop. The recent rains have delayed the work not only on the farm, but have badly damaged the roads.

Pig Iron Again Being Sold.

Birmingham.—Pig iron is again being sold for first half of next year's delivery, and while some sales have been made on a basis of $32.50 per ton, No. 2 foundry, standard, bookings are noted at between $33 and $35 per ton, in fact, two or three companies are holding back for the $35 per ton price.

Fitts Appointed to Higher Place.

Birmingham.—William C. Fitts of Birmingham was named by President Wilson assistant attorney general, according to an announcement from the President. Mr. Fitts, for a number of years, was a practicing attorney in Birmingham.

Seek Army Camp.

Huntsville.—The Chamber of Commerce of Huntsville has made application to the war department at Washington for one of the mobilization camps to be stationed in the south, and it is believed this city has a good chance of obtaining such a camp.

New Masonic Home.

Huntsville.—The Masonic order, Helion lodge No. 1, has let the contract for a new home to cost $15,000, work on the new building to begin immediately. The old Masonic temple, as it is familiarly called here, is one of the oldest fraternal houses in the south, and the first one built in Huntsville.

Select Capital As Meeting Place.

Birmingham.—The forty-ninth annual sessions of the Alabama Dental association in 1918 will be held in Montgomery, and Dr. J. A. Blue of Birmingham, who was elected president will preside.

State B. Y. P. U. Meets.

Albany.—Approximately 25 delegates attended the annual convention of the Alabama Baptist Young People's Union, which met here.

Hamilton Votes Bond Issue.

Hamilton.—At the municipal election held here to determine whether bonds should be issued to the amount of $6,000 for the erection of a school building in the town, the issue carried.

NALLS CASE IS TO BE NOLLE PROSSED

RECOMMENDATION OF SOLICITORS PROSECUTED CASE IS LILED IN MONTGOMERY.

NEWS FROM STATE CAPITAL

What the State's Servants Are Saying, Doing and Undoing—Official Acts Disclosed.

—Montgomery.

The case against Charles M. Nalls, former Clerk of the Circuit Court of Madison Count, in connectnion with the murder of Probate Judge Lawler several months ago, will it was stated, be nol prossed by the attorney-general. Recommendations have been made to this effect by the solicitors who attended the Grand Jury sessions that investigated the tragedy, and who have been prosecuting the cases growing out of the killing of the Madison county official.

Girard Liquor is to Be Destroyed.

The Supreme Court decided the Girard liquor cases recently, holding that the liquor seized there last summer is contraband and shall be publicly destroyed, affirming the decision of the Russell County Circuit Court in each of the six cases tried.

The defendants were: A. L. Goulat, C. C. Phelps, the Theatrical Club, Ben Edmonds, E. L. Richards and J. E. Kittrell. The total value of the liquor which is condemned is given at $250,000.

In considering the question of a possible appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States, it is believed that the only case in which a hearing might be granted by that court, would be in that of the Theatrical Club against he State, which based its defense on the theory that the liquor seized in Girard was in transit between Columbus, Ga., and Jacksonville, Fla.

The Circuit Court of Russell County will be promptly notified of the decision by the Clerk of the Supreme Court. The destruction of the liquor probably will follow shortly.

Pardon Board Meets.

Twenty-six cases were presented to the board of pardons for a recommendation as to executive clemency. Two of these were brought from Jefferson county, one the case of Mrs. Carrie Trent, which, after being in the courts for a number of years, was decided with the sentence of two years and Mrs. Trent's entrance upon her term at Speigner. The aleged offense for which she was convicted is performing a criminal operation. Dave Coplon's case, which involves the receipt of stolen property.

Insurance Policies Not Affected.

C. Brooks Smith, state insurance commissioner, has received innumerable inquiries from persons in Alabama who are policyholders with United States branches of German insurance companies and whom he wishes to assure that the status of these branches is unchanged by recent decisions of this country in regard to war.

Escaped Convict Captured.

Tom Roach, who was convicted of grand larceny in Colbert county in 1906 and sentenced to three years' imprisonment, was captured in Cincinnati according to advices reaching the state convict department, after ten years of freedom. He escaped from Speigner in 1907, after enduring his imprisonment a year, and has been free ever since. The circumstances of his recapture are not yet known.

High Court Ousts Jury Commission.

In case of the State ex rel W. W. Brandon and others against A. L. Prince and others ,appealed from the Tuscaloosa Circuit Court, the Supreme Court reversed the decision of the lower court and gave a decision ousting the present jury commissioners of Tuscaloosa County and turning over their duties to the County Board of Revenue.

Urge More Food Crops.

State Commissioner of Agriculture Wade, who recently returned from a conference in St. Louis held at the call of Secretary Houston of the Department of Agricultulre, announces that the mobilization of the farm forces of the country and conservation of the food supply was strongly urged in the conference, which was attended by agricultural leaders from all parts of the United States.

It was proposed at the meeting that all men rejected for army service for physical defect and all men who are unemployed to be included in the conscription bill, and those who at the same time are able to do farm labor shall be mobilized by the government placed in uniform and sent to work the farms.

Food Crops Planned.

Goodwater.—Never has there been such a demand for cattle, hogs and other livestock in this section. A number of farmers have sold hogs and cattle in such numbers to receive more cash that will be gotten from the crop that they have planned. But little cotton is going to be planted. The general cry that is going out for foodstuffs is causing a majority of the planters in this section to decide on foodstuffs as a crop. Corn is now being sold here for $1.65 a bushel, and with the price daily advancing

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of the Sunday School Course in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR APRIL 22

JESUS ANOINTED AT BETHANY.

LESSON TEXT—John 12:1-11.

GOLDEN TEXT—She hath done what she could.—Mk. 14:8.

This is a lesson of Jesus in the home. It occurred at the beginning of passion week. We have before us the master; the worker, Martha; the worshiper, Mary; the witness, Lazarus; the traitor, Judas, and the people without. An unconscious bit of wisdom fell from the lips of that good housewife who exclaimed, "How much better my neighbors' houses look when I have my windows clean." Too much we are looking through the eyes of selfishness. Out of this lesson let us learn to look through unselfish eyes.

I. Unjust Criticism (vv. 1-6). It is six days before Jesus' last Passover. The accounts of Matthew and Mark suggest it to have been within two days, because they mentioned this feast after telling of the conspiracy of the chief priests and elders with Judas, who came to his determination to sell his Master after the reprimand given him on this occasion.

(1) The Value of Good Deeds. Jesus did not forget, in the supreme hour of his life, the friends whom he loved. To bring them some further spiritual gifts, he had come to their home in Bethany. Doubtless he also had in mind the desire to nourish the faith which had been kindled in the hearts of all by the resurrection of Lazarus, just as he returned to Cana after having performed his first miracle (John 4:54). Jesus was Very God of Very God, yet he was very much of a real man; therefore he enjoyed the pleasures of home as much as other men, and the joys of kinship and brotherhood.

(2) The Wealth of Good Deeds. Out of her love Mary expended $51, probably her whole treasure, in the purchase of this alabaster box, and put it aside to use it upon him at the proper time. We do not think that she stopped to calculate the cost of this ointment. Love never estimates value. Her deed proved a safer guide of conduct than the calculating prudence of Judas and the other disciples (see Matt. 26:8). Such deeds are always looked upon with suspicion. The Iscariots usually are the leaders in criticizing the actions of others. Envy lay at the bottom of their criticism, but good deeds are unconscious, for we read that "the house was filled with odor."

(3) A Standard of Good Deeds (Mark 14:8); "She did what she could," and we have also the record of good deeds, a memorial to her (Mark 14:9). A large number of people who never give of their own to the poor nor to the kingdom of God are willing to criticize others who do give out of the gratitude of their loving hearts.

II. Gracious Commendation (vv. 7-11). Jesus praised where his disciples and Judas criticized. The poor they always had with them (Mark 14:7). This must have been a challenge that evidently they had not attended to the poor as they should. Jesus also tells them frankly that whatever they do for him they must do speedily. Jesus' judgment upon Judas is a rebuke of the disciples; his exposure of the sophistry of the critics and of their subtlety is suggestive. Upon Mary's act he bestowed the highest possible praise. "She hath done what she could." That is all that is asked of anyone (II Cor. 8:12). Such commendation as Jesus bestowed upon Mary he bestowed upon no other, and his wonderful predictions concerning her (Matt. 26:13) have been literally fulfilled. Jesus' judgment upon Mary is also suggestive. He shielded her, "let her alone;" He approved her works as being good, and he interpreted her innermost purpose in the act which she had performed. This outward act was literally the pouring forth of her heart's adoration and worship. Martha was in part taken up with her household service. Lazarus was in part taken up with his enjoyment of the presence of Jesus, but Mary was wholly taken up with Jesus himself. Does the record surprise us: "Wheresoever this gospel shall be preached throughout the whole world, this also which she hath done shall be spoken of for a memorial of her?" Judas, under the judgment of Jesus, was stung (Matt. 26:14) and hurries at once to the enemies of Jesus to strike a bargain with them for the betrayal of his Lord though he did not secure from these enemies the equivalent of what she had poured upon him. Christ will be no man's debtor. He takes the poor offerings we lay before him, and crowns them with the richest reward. Mary's gift of ointment received words of commendation of which she never dreamed, and a reward far beyond her fondest hope, and has been the fount of countless deeds rich with love. Many people had gathered, not only for Jesus' sake, but that they might see Lazarus also. He drew people because of what Jesus had done for him, yet he drew them to Jesus. This brought him also under condemnation, for we must share the bitterness of the foes of Jesus.

FRUIT LAXATIVE FOR SICK CHILD

"California Syrup of Figs" can't harm tender stomach, liver and bowels.

Every mother realizes, after giving her children "California Syrup of Figs" that this is their ideal laxative, because they love its pleasant taste and it thoroughly cleanses the tender little stomach, liver and bowels without griping.

When cross, irritable, feverish, or breath is bad, stomach sour, look at the tongue, mother! If coated, give a teaspoonful of this harmless "fruit laxative," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food passes out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. When its little system is full of cold, throat sore, has stomach-ache, diarrhoea, indigestion, colic—remember, a good "inside cleaning" should always be the first treatment giv

Millions of mothers keep "California Syrup of Figs" handy; they know a teaspoonful today saves a sick child tomorrow. Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and grown-ups printed on the bottle. Adv.

Explains.

"What made you so bowlegged?"

"Father was a charter member of the Prevention of Disease association."

"Well?"

"He used to swat flies on my head."

PRAISES CARDUI AS GOD-SEND

To Women. This Alabama Lady's Sincere Expression of Her Experience Will Interest You.

Quinton, Ala.—Mrs. Rebecca Cox, of this place, writes: "About 22 years ago I had been in bad health for a year or more, and it didn't look as though I could get well. . . . The beginning of this trouble, I overdid myself. I began suffering with my back . . . it hurt so. . . . The doctors said it was change of life . . . and an operation was all that would help me. I felt I couldn't have that and my husband did not believe in patent medicines. When I asked him to get Cardui, he said, 'that's just a dollar thrown away,' but to please me, he would get it. I suppose there was a year I was never hungry and after taking Cardui, my husband said 'I had better order a carload of corn and meat with it.' After one bottle I felt better. I took about a dozen bottles. I have never had an operation . . . I have worked in the fields, done our washing, ironing and cooking; we have two orhpan children added to our family for which I do as my own. I can praise Cardui as a God-send to women."

Cardui, the woman's tonic, is for sale at all druggists. Get it when in need of a good, reliable, strengthening tonic. Give it a fair trial.—Adv.

Needs a Guardian.

Host—That pianist has no control over himself.

Guest—No; he plays whenever he is asked.

What the Doctor Knows

KIDNEYS MUST BE RIGHT TO INSURE HEALTH.

Few people realize to what extent their health depends upon the condition of the kidneys.

The physician in nearly all cases of serious illness, makes a chemical analysis of the patient's urine. He knows that unless the kidneys are doing their work properly, the other organs cannot readily be brought back to health and strength.

When the kidneys are neglected or abused in any way, serious results are sure to follow. According to health statistics, Bright's Disease, which is really an advanced form of kidney trouble, caused nearly ten thousand deaths in one year, in the State of New York alone. Therefore, it is particularly necessary to pay more attention to the health of these important organs.

An ideal herbal compound that has had remarkable success as a kidney remedy is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

The mild and healing influence of this preparation, in most cases, is soon realized, according to sworn statements and verified testimony of those who have used the remedy.

When your kidneys require attention, get Swamp-Root at once from any pharmacy. It is sold by every druggist in bottles of two sizes—50c and $1.00.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper. Adv.

The supports for a recently constructed New Zealand wharf include 20-ton concrete piles 100 feet long.

Send 10c to Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, for large trial package of Anuric for kidneys—cures backache.—Adv.

Three crops a year may be grown in the Canal zone.

THE UNION-BANNER

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Publishers and Proprietors.

W. M. WYATT, Editor.
J. B. WELLS, Business Manager.

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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

WILL THEY EVER LEARN?

Are there some persons in Chilton County who can or will never learn that they can't accomplish any creditable or decent success at anything by their devilish methods of kicking at all measures from the standpoint of personal prejudice or political enmity?

Such statistics are base and unsound and are indeed not bringing their promoters a very fair dividend on their investment. Why don't they see the weakness and wrong of such a way and muster the manhood and moral courage to quit it?

There are men in this county who conducted themselves in such a way on the recent bond issue question that it has proven a matter of disgust to the others in their own party. The individuals referred to made the serious mistake of trying to turn the matter into a partisan fight altogeher.

These erratic and unscruplous individuals believed that they could muddy the waters a little, holler, "Reynolds" and "Bossism" a few times, and literally set the woods on fire, and burn up bond issue, commissioners court and all, with Reynolds and Adams thrown in. But bless your soul, brothers, the people of this county are not such fools as you wish they were. There are things which are right or wrong, it matters not how Reynolds and Adams looks at them.

(But we will say here that on this question, as well as many others, they have seen the right way, and had courage enough to stand to the principles of justice.)

The fact that Judge Reynolds is today at the head of the county government it due to his broad view of the principles of right. He has always seen the proper things for the people in the correct light, and has had manhood enough to fight for them on a sound and sensible basis.

But the right or wrong of any proposition does not hinge on Reynold's magic word, as some try to make folks believe. If he had taken the wrong step on many questions as some have had the misfortune to do, he would today be sitting at the same seat of obscurity as other transgressors. The people of this county are, we are glad to say, free and independent. They are glad to follow the lead of Reynolds or any other man who will take up the banner of right and march in the ranks of the common interests. But they have got courage enough to very soon play the devil with those fellows who flop about here and yonder, toot any kind of old horn, just so it stinks with prejudice and malice. They have been giving such scheemers the black eye for a long time, and may God bless them with courage to continue in the same course from generation unto generation.

Men who are so tanked up with malace as some in this county are not worthy citizens. They are a dishonor to any political party under the sun, and are veritable hypocrits, mocking at any and everything for the sake of venting their spleen with jealousy and hatred.

The bond issue is right, therefore the people voted for it. We venture that there are as many in one party as in the other in either the advocates or opponents of the measure. Reynolds never made it right; neither did Judge Adams. True, they, together with many others, had the courage to declare themselves in favor of it, without any thought as to personalities, politics, or prejudice. The question would not have been made wrong if they had happened to be on the opposite side from what they were.

Truth, right, honesty and courage are all made by powers higher than the ability of any man in Chilton County. He who would come out in his might and espouse these things will always be received by the common mind of the multitude with approval. He who would seek to damper these things by prejudice and malice will be cast away by the same common opinion with scorn and disgraceful repudiation.

"THE ELOPMENT OF ELLEN"

The Senior Class play of the above title which was exhibited at the high school last Thursday night was indeed a most delightful specimen of amateur dramatic art. Attendance was good, and everyone present was intensely pleased with the performance. A nice sum was realized for the promotion of the high school annual.

Don't forget your Subscription.

THE MAJORITY CONSENT

In the result of the Bond Issue election Monday, we do not see any reason why there should be any tooting of horns for any particular party, on the one hand; nor for the drastic condemnation of any one on the other. We rather think we should devote ourselves to the congratulation of the whole people of the county in their good fortune of having a majority of the people express themselves in favor of giving the commissioners the requested privilege of issuing bonds to take care of the county's indebtedness.

While we do not indorse the views of those who voted against the proposition, we do respect their opinions in the matter ,and trust that their contentions were honest and conscientious. We believe the gravity of such a matter calls for no trifling; the proper handling of the affairs of Chilton County in future is a matter that calls for more than personal prejudice mixed with political spitefulness.

Now, that the people by a majority vote, have given the commissioners what they asked for, further procedure lies in their hands and likewise the responsibility of redeeming their promises and causing the interests of the county to be better served than they would have been without the bond issue.

We entertain not even the slightest doubt that they will make good their promises. The court has given ample study to the conditions of the county's finances, and have carefully completed their plans.

They asked the permission of the people to issue bonds on the promise of better business for the county. The people have given their consent, and the court will forthwith render to their people ample returns in good service, yea, better service, to the satisfaction of every citizen who rejoics in seeing the county reach a better financial condition.

REASON FOR MORE EFFICIENCY

Some favorable comment has been made of the fact that the affairs of the Navy Department are now being conducted with more efficiency. As a matter of fact Secretary Daniels has improved, the improvement consisting in his permitting his chief of naval operations to handle the Department. Daniels has accepted and is acting on the old saying, "Little children should be seen and not heard by others." He is to be congratulated.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that on the 9th day of April, 1917, letters of administration were granted to the undersigned Anna G. DuBose on the estate of Nancy Elizabeth Goodwin by the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama. All persons having claims against said estate aer hereby notified to present same within the time and in the manner required by law or the same will be barred.

ANNA G. DuBOSE,
Admx. for Estate of Estate of
Nancy Elizabeth Goodwin.
Craig & Brown, Attorneys.

PROF. McDONALD'S ADDRESS

We print in this issue of the Union-Banner, an address delivered by Prof. H .C. McDonald before the Alabama Educational Association in Montgomery recently.

Prof. McDonald is recognized as one of the ablest men in the teaching profession in the state, having won for himself a high standing in the organization before the members of which he delivered this splendid speech.

As principal of our county high school, we should be, and are justly proud if him. Feeling that our readers are entitled to know of some of the thoughts of his master mind, many of which are laid out forcibly in this address, we gladly give space to its publication and trust that the thoughtful people of the county will not pass it up because it is a bit lengthy, but read and study every thought which he expresses.

It is for your good that Mr. McDonald studies and devotes himself and it is for your enlightenment, Mr. Citizen, that we bring his message to you.

We want you to give enough of your time in turn to do your part of the transaction, viz: Read the address, study it, and apply it unto yourself that your mind may touch with his on common ground of the transcending thought, dwell together in the consideration of the theme and emerge from the brief union, bigger, broader and better by having absorbed the elements of truth and goodness which he has refined and prepared for you.

FOOD SUPPLY FIRST PROBLEM

Discussing the problem of agriculture and food supply both for home and entente consumption, Dr. Graham Lusk, of Connell Medical College, advocates sending our troops to Europe, but believes this would be impractical unless the government could provide food in sufficient quantities both to maintain national welfare and to supply the entente. Americon soldiers must be supplied from the American commissariat. The United States army commissary has evolved the best and most comprehensive army ration in the world. Our soldiers would not thrive on the rations issued European troops, and a poorly fed army is a dangerous animal. As the American troops were in China during the Boxer rebellion, our commissary was the wonder of the allies. Spring planting is here, and it behooves every food producer in the land to do his best in meeting the heavy drafts for foodstuffs which we will have to meet. The American woman will be no slower than her European sister in donning jumpers and laboring in the fields. It is a healthy work and fine patriotism.

OUR NEW ADMIRAL

In this momentous hour Rear Admiral Grayson treads with measured step the hurricane deck of the White House his scalpel and pill box rattling a warning to the Central Powers.



How many pounds to a ton—2000 or 1500?

HOW many pounds of real roughage are you getting to a ton? If you are buying old style hulls you are getting about 1500 pounds because they are about one-fourth lint which has no food value.

If you are buying

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

you are getting 2000 full pounds because they are free from lint and are practically 100 percent roughage. Try them and see how much farther they go.

Other Advantages

Cost much less per ton than old style hulls.
Allow better assimilation of other food.
No trash or dust.
Sacked—easy to handle.
They mix well with other forage.

Mr. W. C. Owens, Charlotte, N. C.,

feeds thirty cows. He considers Buckeye Hulls the cheapest feed and gets the best results.

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K *The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.* Dept. K

Atlanta Birmingham Greenwood Little Rock Memphis
Augusta Charlotte Jackson Macon Selma

WAR TIME PRICES

Don't Stay Away on Account of High Prices. Come and let us Convince you That Our Prices are Nearest Normal.

We have the Most Complete Line of Hats, Shoes, Dry Goods, Groceries, etc., that we have ever handled, Most of them purchased a good while ago, before Goods were advanced to such high prices.

Also Deal in all kinds of Farming Implements. We specialize in all kinds of Plows and Spring Tooth Harrows.

Clanton Mercantile Co.

Clanton, Alabama.

DELINQUENT TAXES

The State of Alabama, Chilton County. To whom it may concern:

Take notice that the Tax Collector has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax payers, and of read estate upon which taxes are due, and therein reported assessed to the following named persons, as here shown for real estate, to-wit:

Beat 2.

No. 180—Creel, J. R. E½ of SE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 14, T.P. 24, Range 13; SW¼ of SE¼, Sec. 14, T.P. 24, Range 13; SW¼ of NW¼, Sec. 13, T.P. 24, Range 13; SW¼ Sec. 13, T.P. 24, Range 13; Tax and Cost, $12.70.

No. 198—Durbin, C. H. One house and lot in Jemison, Ala., Lot 3, Block B. Tax and Cost, $11.22.

No. 253—Hatcher, Mrs. Sallie est. S½ of NW¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 23, Range 12; SE¼ and S½ of NE¼, Sec. 3, T.P. 23, Range 12; All east of Mahan Creek in SE¼ of NW¼ and in E½ of SW¼, Sec. 3, T.P. 23, Range 12; Tax and Cost, $29.41.

Beat 4.

Lunsford, Mrs. N. L. S. Mineral and mineral right only, NE¼ and E ½ of SE¼ and NW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 1, T.P. 23, Range 14; N½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NW¼ and S½ of NW ¼ and N½ of S½ and SW¼ of SW ¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 23, Range 14; S½ of NE¼ and S½, Sec. 3, T.P. 23, Range 14; N½ of Sec, 10, T.P. 23, Range 14; S½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of SW ¼ and E½ of SE¼, Sec. 12, T.P. 23, Range 13; S½ of SE¼, Sec. 13, T.P. 24, Range 13; N½ of NE¼, Sec. 27, T.P. 24, Range 13; NE¼ and S½ of NW¼ and S½, Sec. 15, T.P. 24, Range 14; S½ of NE¼ and S½ of NW¼ and NE¼ of NW¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 24, Range 14; SE¼ and W½ of SW¼ and NE¼, Sec. 19, T.P. 24, Range 14; NE¼ and E½ of NW¼ and S½, Sec. 21, T.P. 24, Range 14; All of Sec. 23, T.P. 24, Range 14; SE¼ and E½ of SW¼ and NW¼ of SW¼ and N½, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 14; All of Sec. 27, T.P. 24, Range 14; NE¼ of NE¼ and S½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NW¼ and W ½ of NW¼ and NE¼ of SE¼ and SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 31, T.P. 24, Range 14; NW¼ of NW¼ and SE ¼ of NE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼ of SW¼ of NE½, Sec. 35, T. P. 24, Range 13; S½ of NE¼ of NE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼ and N½ of SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; SE¼ of SW¼ of NE¼ and SW¼ of NW¼ of NE¼ and N½ of NW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; S½ of NE¼ of SW¼ and NW¼ of SW¼ and E½ of SW¼ of SW¼ and SW¼ of SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; SE¼ of SW¼ and NE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; Tax and Cost, $43.45.

Stanfield, Miss Kate. 1 hous and about 3 acres of land, west of L. &N. R.R. in town of Clanton, Ala., known as the old Stanfield place; Tax and Cost, $21.27.

Beat 8.

No. 2451—Baker, Wiley. NW¼ of SE¼, Sec. 34, T.P. 20, Range 11; Tax and Cost, $4.90.

No. 2568.—Hurst, Mrs. E.M. All that portion of NW¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 20, Range 12, lying between Bogles and Big Mulberry Creek; also all of NE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 18, T.P. 20, Range 12, lying between said creeks, also a strip on south side of SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 7, T.P. 20, Range 12; Tax and Cost, $20.96.

No. 2681.—Patterson, D. P. N½ of NW¼ and E½ of SE¼ of NW¼ and W½ of NE¼ and NW¼ of SE ¼, Sec. 31, T.P. 20, Range 11; 3 acres on south side of SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 30, T.P. 20, Range 11.

Beat 9.

No. 3146—Mary Smith (Col.) NE ¼ of NE¼, Sec. 22, T.P. 22 [illegible] and Cost, $4.25.

No. 3172.—Thompson, Lucy B. Lots numbered one to ten, both inclusive, according to map of Thorsby in Chilton County, said lots being in Block 6 of said town of Thorsby, Alabama; Tax and Cost, $4.86.

Beat 13.

No. 3876—Hardy, F.H. NE¼ of SW¼ and S½ of SW¼, Sec. 18, T.P. 24, Range 13; Tax and Cost, $8.18.

Beat 14.

No. 3995.—Birmingha mFarm and Garden Co. SE¼ of SW¼ and SW ¼ of SE¼, Sec. 4, T.P. 23, Range 12; E½ of NW¼ and W½ of NE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼ and SE¼ and E ½ of SW¼, Sec. 9, T.P. 22, Range 12; W½ of SW¼, Sec. 10, T.P. 23, Range 12; E½ and E½ of NW¼ and E½ of SW¼, Sec. 16, T.P. 23, Range 12; W½ of NW¼ of Sec. 15, T.P. 23, Range 12; E½ of NW¼ and E½ of SW¼ and SE¼, Sec. 21, T.P. 23, Range 12; W½ of SW ¼, Sec. 22, T.P. 23, Range 12; NE ¼ and E½ of NW¼ and E½ of SE¼, Sec. 28, T.P. 23, Range 12; NW¼ of NW¼, Sec. 27, T.P. 23, Range 12; NW¼ of NW¼, Sec. 34, T.P. 23, Range 12; NE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 33, T.P. 23, Range 12; W½ of SW¼ of SW¼, and 5 chains off north side of E½ of SW¼ of SW¼ and twenty-six and one-half chains off SE¼ of SW¼ lying on west side of Montgomery road; Tax and Cost, $214.05.

This is to notify you to appear before the Probate Court of this county at the next term thereof commencing the first Monday in May, (May 7th,) 1917, then and there to show cause, if any you have, why a decree for the payment of taxes assessed upon same, fees, and costs.

This the 2nd day of April, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Pribate.

ADMINISTRATORS SALE

The State of Alabama, Chilton County.

In the matter of J. W. Foshee, Administrator of the the estate of R. A. Hancock, deceased, to sell the land of said estate for the purpose of paying the debts thereof, etc.

In this cause, it being made to appear to Judge of Probate of said County, by the affidavit of F. B. Collier, Solicitor for the administrator of said estate, that Pink Hancock and Joe Hancock, heirs of the said R. A. Hancock and interested in said estate, are non-resident of the state of Alabama, that the said Pink Hancock resides in the State of Michigan and said Joe Hancock resides in the city of Philadelphia, Pa., and further in the belief of affiant, they are each over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Union-Banner, a newspaper published in Clanton, Ala., once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring the said Pink Hancock and Joe Hancock, to file any objections, if any they have, to the sale of said land for the payment of said debts, by answer, plea or demurer to the petition in this cause by the 12th day of May, 1917, or thirty days thereafter, such objection will be taken as waived.

This the 7th day of April, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.
4-12-4t

No. 666

This is a prescription prepared especially for MALARIA or CHILLS & FEVER. Five or six doses will break any case, and if taken then as a tonic the Fever will not return. It acts on the liver better than Calomel and does not gripe or sicken.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

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General Practice
Clanton, - - - - - Alabama.

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Office over Upchurch's Store
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Office in the Johnson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

Proposed New Road Laws of Chilton County, Alabama.

Court of County Commissioners:

Whereas the Legislature of Alabama did on the 22nd day of September, 1915, by an act known as the Good Roads Law, authorize the said Court of County Commissioners of Chilton County to make, enact, establish, and promulgate such rules and regulations as are necessary and proper for the efficient building and maintenance of public roads and bridges in said County, and regulate the use thereof.

Now, therefore, under authority of Law and compliance therewith the following rules, regulations and orders, are hereby enacted, established and promulgated by the said Court of County Commissioners of Chilton County, Alabama, to-wit:

Sec. 1. The Court of County Commissioners shall have at all times full and complete charge and control of all matters affecting the cnstruction, building and maintenance of Public Roads and Bridges in said County, and all officers provided for herein, and shall have full power to discharge any or all of said officers at any time and appoint their successors when in the opinion of the said Court it is to the best interest of the County.

Sec. 2. The Engineers, Apportioners, Overseers, and Road Hands hereinafter referred to shall at all times be subject to the direction of the said Court of County Commissioners, and shall obey the orders of the said Court when not in conflict with the general road Law of Alabama, or the provisions of these regulations; and any one of said officers or persons who violate any of the provisions hereof, or any order of said Court not in conflict herewith or with the general road Law of Alabama, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and punished as provided in the general Road Law of Alabama.

Sec. 3. Each Election District in Chilton County, as now established, or which may hereafter be established shall be and constitute a road precinct, except Beats 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9 and 10. All of Beat 2 East of the L & N R R shall be known as Road Precinct No. 2. All of said Beat West of the L & N R R shall be known as Road Precinct No 2½. All of Beat 4 East of the L & N R R shall be known as Road Precinct No. 4. All of said Beat West of the L & N R R shall be known as Road Precinct 4½. All of Beat 5 East of the L & N R R shall be known as Road Precinct No. 5. All of said Beat West of the L & N R R shall be known as Road Precinct No. 5½. All of Beat 7 East of the Southern Ry. shall be known as Road Precinct No. 7. All of said Beat west of the Southern Ry. shall be known as Road Precinct No. 7½. All of Beat 8 east of the Southern Ry. shall be known as Road Precinct No. 8. All of said Beat West of the Southern Ry. shall be known as Road Precinct No. 8½. All of Beat 9 East of the L & N R R shall be known as Road Precinct No. 9. All of said Beat West of the L & N R R shall be known as Road Precinct No. 9½. All of Beat 10 East of the L & N R R shall be known as Road Precinct No. 10. All of said Beat West of the L & N R R shall be konwn as Road Precinct No. 10½.

Sec. 4. The Court of County Commissioners shall on or before the first day of July appoint a road apportioner for each road precinct in Chilton County whose term of office shall be until the first day of January 1920, or until his successor is appointed and qualified; and on or before the first day of January 1920, and every two years thereafter, said Court shall appoint apportioners who shall serve for a period of two years or until their successors are appointed and qualified. Each apportioner shall during the month of July 1917 and Jan. 1st 1919, and Jan. 1st of each year thereafter, list on proper blanks to be furnished him by the County, each and every male person resident in his precinct between the ages of 18 and 45 inclusive, entering after the name of the person, his age, color, and post office, provided, however, that this provision shall not apply to persons resident within an incorporated city or town. The apportioner shall within the first ten days of July 1917, and first ten days of Jonuary of each year, file with Court of County Commissioners such list of persons, and the apportioners shall meet the Court of County Commissioners on the first Monday of August 1917, and first Monday in Feb. 1919, and each year thereafter for the purpose of assigning to each road overseer in each precinct the persons subject to work under him and on the road or roads under his overseership. He shall also file a complete list of all public roads in his precinct.

Sec. 5. The Judge of Probate shall deliver to the Sheriff a copy of the appointment of Apportioners and Overseers, and the Sheriff shall within 30 days after the delivery of such copies and statements to him, deliver a copy of each to the apportioners and overseers if practical, and if not, leave the same at their residence and return the original, with his endorsement of service, to the Judge of Probate.

Sec. 6. All persons are liable to work on public roads except women, and all men under the age of eighteen and over the age of forty-five; all persons who have lost an arm or a leg and all persons who by nature or disease are rendered incapable of hard labor who shall procure a certificate from the County board of health are exempt from working on the public roads. Such certificate must be filed with the Judge of Probate who shall pass on validity of same, and if he decides that it is a lawful excuse he shall forthwith notify overseer to whom the hand is apportioned that such hand is exempt from public road duty. Any person qualified for road duty over the age of twenty-one and under the age of fifty is subject to be appointed overseer, or apportioner.

Sec. 7. The Court of County Commissioners shall as soon as may be after the adoption of these rules and regulations divide the public roads of the County, other than graded roads, into Sections, and shall appoint an overseer for each section, but a section may be composed of more than one road. The terms of office of the overseer first appointed hereunder shall be until Jan. 1st 1919 or until their successors are appointed and qualified, and on or before the first of Jan. 1919, and every year thereafter overseers shall be appointed, whose term of office shall be one year or until their successors are appointed and qualified. Each overseer shall work his road in an intelligent and skillful manner to the end that the work done upon the road shall be of a permanent nature, and all work done on the roads of the County shall be under the direction of the County Commissioners, precinct apportioner, or overseer, the overseer being in actual charge of the work.

Sec. 8. No person shall be required to work on any public road out of the road precinct of his residence, and shall be required to work and shall work on the public roads of the county five days of ten hours each, each year, that is to say from Jan. 1st, to Jan. 1st; provided that if after the 1st day of January, and before the 1st day of April, of any year, any person subject to road duty, may pay to the Judge of Probate of the County, taking receipt therefor, the sum of $5.00, the payment of which shall exempt him from further road duty for the year in which it is paid.

Sec. 9. The Judge of Probate shall keep in his office receipts with proper stubs or in duplicate, and on the payment to him of the $5.00, commutation fee provided for herein, he shall give to the person buying the same a receipt keeping a stub or duplicate of the same showing the facts and file the same in his office. He shall immediately after the 1st day of April 1918, and each year thereafter notify each overseer the amount of money each road hand has paid on their respective roads and said overseer may hire laborers or teams to the amount of said money so paid. Said money to be paid for said work by order of Commissioners Court as provided by law. The Judge of Probate to keep account of money so received and pay it out by order of Commissioners' Court.

Sec. 10. Any persn appointed apportioner, or overseer, may send his written excuse for not accepting, or after he has accepted, may resign his appointment to the Judge of Probate.

Sec. 11. The Judge of Probate with the concurrence of the Court of County Commissioners, may pass upon the sufficiency of such excuse or resignation of any person for not accepting the appointment of overseer, apportioner or any person who may resign his commission as overseer, or apportioner of any road in Chilton County.

Sec. 12. The road hands apportioned to each overseer shall at all times be subject to the call of such overseer unless he shall have worked his required time, or paid his commutation fee, and when notified by said overseer one day in advance that his services on the road are required, shall work the road as required by said overseer, and shall bring with him such tools, implements, machinery, teams, wagons, and other things, as the overseer shall require provided that the Court of County Commissioners shall direct from time to time that the overseer shall allow a cerain number of days time for use of teams, or wagons and teams, such allowances to be uniform over the County.

Sec. 13. If any person subject to road duty, in any road precinct shall escape apportionment, or if any person moves into a precinct after the said apportionment is made, any overseer may warn or call on such person or persons and work him or them as if duly apportioned on his road, and the first overseer calling on said person or persons to work is entitled to have said person or persons exclusively on his road.

Sec. 14. The overseer shall give to each person working on his road a certificate showing the day the work was performed, the kind of work, and the number of hours keeping a stub or duplicate, and shall file the same with the Court of County Commissioners annually on or before the 1st day of each January. Whenever any person apportioned to any overseer removes to another district of the County without having worked his full time on the public road under this act, the overseer shall immediately report to the Court of County Commissioners the name of the person and the number of hours worked and the precinct to which he has moved, and the Probate Judge shall immediately notify an overseer of the precinct to which he has moved and this notice shall be deemed to be sufficient apportionment of said persons to said overseer.

Sec. 15. The overseer of the several road sections may from time to time report to the Court of County Commissioners the condition of his road or roads and requisition, money, materials, tools, machinery or rights of way, or for additional time for the better working, repairing or maintaing of his road or roads; said requisition to be filed in writing, and the Court may in its discretion, allow or reject in full or in part such requisition, and the allowance or rejection shall be evidenced by the minutes of the Court. The Court of County Commissioners may from time to time, with the road and bridge funds of said County or any other money, not otherwise expended, repair, construct, or maintain all or any part of any road section, and in that event, the overseer shall be in actual charge of the work subject to the provisions hereof.

Sec. 16. The overseers and apportioners shall devote to the public roads composing their sections and precincts as much time and labor as the Court of County Commissioners may require of them and shall receive the sum of $2.00 per day for each and every day so worked in excess of five days per year; the same to be paid on the filing and allowance of the claim, in accordance with the general law governing the allowance of claims against the County.

Sec. 17. It is the duty of each overseer to report to the County Solicitor the violation of any part of these rules and regulations which occur in his precinct, or on his section, and begin prosecutions in a Court of Competent jursdiction for the same.

Sec. 18. The Court of County Commissioners shall as soon as may be after the adoption of these rules and regulations designate by name or other appropriate description, all the mileage of graded roads in the county, and the roads designated as graded roads shall not be maintained by overseers and road hands as provided for herein. The Court of County Commissioners shall from time to time as the same may be constructed withdraw roads or parts of roads from the provisions of these rules and regulations, providing for the working of roads by overseers.

Sec. 19. Public roads of the county shall be classed as follows, as to the right of way: First Class, 50 feet; Second Class, 30 feet; Third Class, 20 feet. All graded roads shall have a right of way of 50 feet in width.

Sec. 20. All public roads of the county designated as public roads, shall be improved, repaired and maintained out of the road and bridge funds or any other money not otherwise appropriated, expended judiciously and wisely by the Court of County Commissioners, by the employment of foremen, laborers and teams, and the same shall be paid on approved pay rolls in the nature of force accounts; and the Court has full authority to do and perform any and all acts and make all expenditures necessary to the end that such roads shall be kept in proper repair.

Sec. 21. The Court of County Commissioners shall have full power and authority to buy, rent, lease, have and dispose of all necessary implements, tools, machinery, wagons, teams, motors, materials and rights of way, for the building, construction, improvement, repair and maintenance of public roads and bridges within the county and pay for the same out of the road and bridge funds, or any other funds not otherwise expended.

Sec. 22. The Court of County Commissioners shall have full power and authority to buy and pay for out of the road and bridge funds, or any other funds not otherwise expended, all necessary equipment paraphernalia, supplies, and necessities for the practical working of convicts on the public roads of the county, and may exchange convicts with other counties according to the laws of Alabama; but in the event of the placing of any convict on the roads of Chilton or any other county, the costs of the case, legally chargable against the fine and forfeiture funds shall be paid out of the road and bridge fund of the county, or any money not otherwise expended, to the persons authorized to accept the same.

Sec. 23. The Court of County Commissioners shall provide all blanks, books and all other stationery necessary for the use of the officers for the proper carrying into effect of the provisions of these rules and regulations, the same to be paid for as other office supplies are by law payable. All appointments of apportioners and overseers shall be made by proper commission, in duplicate signed by the Chairman of the Court of County Commissioners, the original to be delivered to the officer so appointed and the copy kept on file in the office of the Court, with the acception of the officer and his oath in writing that he will faithfully and without fear or favor discharge the duties of his office.

Sec. 24. The Judge of Probate shall keep a well bound book in his office in which he shall enter annually before the fifteenth day of April of each year the reports of the apportioners herein provided for; the same to be kept separately by road precincts, against the name of each person shall be entered his age, color and post office; and in the event of the removal of the person from one road precinct to another the same shall be marked, "moved to precinct ——," and his name entered on the list of persons residing in the precinct to which he has moved. If the

(Continued to next page.)

PROMINENT BANKERS COME OUT FOR TANLAC

Two well known Bankers of the South voluntarily Write Strong letters of endorsement to Tanlac Office at Atlanta on same day, telling What it had done for them.

On March 7th, personal letters from prominent bankers in two southern states were received at the Tanlac office. These, like hundreds of thousands of other communications, that have been pouring in from every delivery of the mail for the past year or more, express the writers' high appreciation of the merits of Tanlac, as proven by their own experience with it.

The first letter quoted comes thru Eli W. Goode, druggist and local agent for Tanlac at Hawkinsville, Ga., containing the statement of E.J. Henry, president of the Hawkinsville Bank and Trust Company, which is one of the best known financial institutions in that part of the state. His letter follows just as it was written:

"Hawkinsville, Ga., March 5, 1917. Mr. G. F. Willis, Atlanta, Ga.

"Dear Sir: Mr. E. J. Henry, president of the Hawkinsville Bank and Trust Company, came into my store a few days ago and said:

"'Eli, sell me another bottle of Tanlac.'

"I said 'all right, Mr. Henry. What do you really think of Tanlas?' His reply was so commendable to the virtues of the medicine, that I asked him if he would give me a signed statement about it. He said 'yes, of course I will,' and this is his statement:

"'Last spring I was all wrong some way or other, and couldn't get right. I came to you and bought a bottle of Tonlac and began to improve. Two more bottles but me all right, and I felt perfectly well. A few days ago I had the grippe and was beginning to get down and out again, and about a week ago I bought another bottle and have taken it and am perfectly well again.

"'I unhesitatingly recommend Tanlac to anyone who is sick and worn out, as I believe that if anybody will take Tanlac when they begin to feel bad, it will prevent and keep off sickness. It certainly is a great remedy.

(Signed)

"'E. J. HENRY, President, Hawkinsville and Trust Co.'"

The other letter referred to comes from the cashier of the Hornbeck branch of the West Louisiana Bank at Hornsbeck, La., and is as follows:

"Hornbeck, La., March 5, 1917. "Mr. G. F. Willis, Atlanta, Ga.

"Dear Sir: I wish to say that I have taken five (5) bottles of Tanlac and have gained fifteen (15) pounds in three weeks. I think it is a great medicine.

(Signed)

"W. C. M'ELVEEN, Cashier Bank of Hornbeck, Hornbeck, La."

It is nothing unusual for men of prominence to endorse Tanlac, as over twenty-five thousand endorsements of Tanlac have been given within the past year alone. These endorsements have come from people representing practically every walk of life, including bankers, lawyers, judges, doctors, prominent government, state and county officials, prominent men of affairs, but it is a noteworthy fact that in this particular instance two well-knowkn bankers of the South have on the same day voluntarily written an expression of their gratitude for publication, telling what Tanlac has done for them.

In this connection one of the bect known newspaper publishers of the South recently said:

"I know that there are at least a thousand people in this city who would be glad to endorse Tanlac," and what is true of that city is true of practically every city of the South and West; in fact, throughout the entire country, wherever this medicine has been sold.

The fame and popularity of Tanlac, as everyone knows, has swept over the whole country like wildfire, and is now a household word from coast to coast.

Although placed on the market a Drug Co.; in Riderville by E. E. Jack son Lumber Co.; in Stanton by W. C. Dyer and in Maplesville by Maplesville Drug Company.

little over two years ago, over seven million bottles have already been sold, and the demand is continually increasing.

Tanlac is sold in Clanton by Upchurch Drug Co.; in Mt. Creek by J. E. Deon; in Jemison by Langston Drug Co.; in Thorsby by A. K. Horn & Son; in Cooper by McSwain Mercantile Co; in Verbena by Gulledge Brothers; in Marbury bythe Plateau

SINGING AT SALEM

Please allow me space to give note of the praise services at this place Sunday, April 15.

After the regular Sunday School recitations, the singing was organized and R. Robinson was appointed Ccairman, G. C. Powell, Secretary, W. H. Robinson, J. W. Cleckler and J. R. Robinson Arranging Committee.

The following singers directed in the forenoon: T. L. Robinson, G. C. Powell, W. H. Robinson, L. F. Cleckler. The directors for the afternoon were: Lee Robinson, J. W. Cleckler, Jasper Robinson, C. H. Robinson, L. F. Cleckler, Lee Robinson.

Organists for the day were C. H. Robinson, Lee Robinson, Mrs. C. H. Robinson, Mrs. G. C. Powell, Mrs. Fannie Belle Connell.

The crowd was not large and the deportment was excellent. The services were rendered from the heart. Thanking one and all for their help and attendance.

G. C. POWELL, Sec.

If you caugh all night, you get no rest, nor does anyone else ni the house. Keep within reach of a bottle of BALLARD'S HOUSEHOLD SYRUP. It is then easy to stop the tickling, which causes the cough, whenever it appears. Price 25c, 50c and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

LEGAL SALE

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage executed by J. W. Gaylor and wife, A. M. Gaylor and M. E. Gaylor, to J. C. Johnson on the 5th day of April, 1916, which said mortgage is recorded in the Probate Office of Chilton County, Ala., in book 154 of Mortgages, page 301, default having been made in the payment of same, the undersigned will proceed to sell at the courthouse door of Chilton County, between the legal hours of sale, on

Tuesday, May 1st, 1917,

to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property situated in Chilton County and the State of Alabama, to-wit:

The west half of the Southeast quarter, Section thirty-one (31), Township twenty-one (21), Range seventeen (17), containing eighty (80) acres, more or less.

Said sale will be had for the purpose of paying the indebtedness secured by said mortgage and the expenses of foreclosure.

J.C. JOHNSON, Mortgagee.
FRANK W. LULL, Atty. 3-29-4t

MINOOKA

Our school will close next Friday night with the following program:

Recitations and dialogs by all the pupils, a negro marriage and negro sermon etc., school songs.

We will do school work Thursday all day. All interested come out and take dinner with us and see the pupils

F. B. WILLIAMS.

Farmers and others who live at a distance from a drug store should keep in the house a bottle of BALLARDS SNOW LINIMENT. It may be needed at any time for cuts, wounds, cores, sprains or rhumatism. It is a powerful healing and penetrating remedy. Price 25c, 50c and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.



Just the thing for old floors

You can get attractive effects on old kitchen and bedroom floors with

Lowe Brothers

Hard-Drying
FLOOR PAINT

This paint is made especially for inside floors where an economical finish is desired.

Easy to use—dries hard and firm. Many attractive colors. Ask for color card.

CLANTON HARDWARE COMPANY

CLANTON, ALA.

The New Road Laws.

(Continued from preceding page.)

person leaves the county, or dies, that fact shall be entered. If the person shall present proof of exemption, under the laws of Alabama, or shall pay his commutation fee as provided for herein, that fact shall be entered in said book on or before the fifteenth day of April of each year, to the end that on the first Monday of May of each year, said book shall show by road precincts, all the persons subject to road duty in said precincts.

Sec. 25. The overseer shall count as time worked on the roads such time as he is actually engaged in warning or carrying out the hands to work on the roads, and shall not work on the road with less than five hands, except in emergency cases, or by permission of the Commissioners Court.

Sec. 26. When an overseer receives from the county any tools, implements, machinery, or materials for the working of his road, he shall give his receipt therefor, and shall use care in preventing the loss or destruction of the same, and in the event he returns same to the county or delivers the same to another overseer, he shall take receipt therefor.

Sec. 27. On or before the first day of January and at the same time he files his stubs or duplicates of time certificates with the Court he shall also file all such receipts together with the inventory of the tools, implements, machinery and materials on hand, and on turning same over to his successor he shall take his receipt for the same.

Sec. 28. No tolls, implements, machinery, or materials mentioned in Section 27 hereof, shall be used for any other purpose than for road work or use, and any person or persons violating this provision shall be guilty of misdemeanor and punished as provided by law.

Sec. 29. When the apportioner herein provided for, shall request a list of employees of any mine foreman, quarry foreman, industrial foreman, manufacturing foreman, or other foreman, or person in charge of any person subject to road duty, said foreman or person in charge shall forthwith furnish the same, and in failing so to do shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and punished as provided by law.

Sec. 30. The Court of County Commissioners shall have full power and authority to employ and pay out of the road and bridge fund or any other funds of the county, competent engineers, who shall at all time be under the direction and control of the Court.

Sec. 31. Any community desiring to establish a new road may file with the Court of County Commissioners a petition signed by five or more citizens interested in said road, said petition to be accompanied by a map or plat showing the location of the proposed road, and evidence that all necessary rights of way have been secured, shall be marked, "filed," and if in the opinion of the Court the said proposed road is a necessity, the said papers shall be recorded on the minutes of the Court followed with an order, allowing the same said order or allowance shall be sufficient authority to the persons interested to open up said road and put the same in a passable condition; when said road shall have been opened up and put in a passable condition, which shall be evidenced to the Court by an affidavit of three citiezns resident on said road, the Court shall record all such evidence on the minutes of the Court and follow the same with an order establishing the said road, by proper name as a public road, and the same shall be treated thereafter as all other public roads of the same character and grade.

Sec. 32. The Court of County Commissioners shall have full power to establish of its own initiative and action or change, or discontinue any road or part of road, and to that end may purchase, buy, obtain, pay for, and dispose of any and all necessary rights of way. They may in the name of the County of Chilton condemn rights of way for roads and bridges, and in the manner now provided, or which may hereafter be provided for the condemnation of lands for public use under the general laws of Alabama.

Sec. 33. Private roads may be established and maintained in the way and manner provided for in the Code of Alabama. 1917.

Sec. 34. Mile posts and sign boards shall be erected on and along all graded roads in the county and paid for out of the road and bridge fund or other funds of the county, not otherwise expended. The same may be erected on all other public roads of the county and paid for in the same manner as provided for in the case of graded roads.

Sec. 35. Any person or persons who injures or destroys any mile posts or sign boards erected by order of the Court of County Commissioners along any public road, shall be guilty of a violation of the law and punished for the same as the law provides.

Sec. 36. If any part or parts of these rules and regulations should hereafter be declared unconstitutional or in conflict with the state law, or otherwise declared void, it shall not effect the enforcement of the other provisions hereof.

Sec. 37. The Court of County Commissioners, at the expense of the county shall have printed sufficient copies of these rules and regulations in pamphlet or booklet form for general distribution in the county and shall have printed in said booklet the preceding rules and regulations, which said pamphlet or booklet shall constitute the Road Law of Chilton County, Alabama, together with the parts of the Code of Alabama, which have not been expressly repealed by law; and the said booklet shall be prima facie evidence of the legal enactment and existence of the said rules and regulations, and laws of Chilton County, Alabama, concerning public roads and bridges.

Sec. 38. Provided that each road apportioner and overseer shall be responsible for the condition and the upkeep of the public roads in their respective precinct and if they fail to discharge any of their duties, and on the account of such failures the roads in said precinct are damaged or get in such condition as to make it inconvenient for the public to travel, they shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction be fined as provided by law, however, the court trying the case may take into consideration the grade of the road, the condition said road was formerly in and the territory over which said road runs.

It is the duty of the overseer to keep all bridge floors and railings in order and to do any work which they can do on bridges to protect the public from accidents.

Sec. 39. All persons hauling logs, lumber, timber, turpentine, rosin, naval stores, or cord wood over the roads of the county to sell or for another for hire, and not for their own use or for the improvement of their farms, and persons regularly engaged in the business of hauling over the roads of the county shall pay a license of one dollar per month for each two-horse wagon, two-mule wagon, or two-ox wagon. He shall pay a license of one dollar and fifty cents per month for each three-horse wagon, three-mule wagon or three-ox wagon. He shall pay a license of two dollars per month for each four-horse wagon, four-mule wagon or four-ox wagon. He shall pay a license of two dollars and a half per month for each five-horse wagon, five-mule wagon or five-ox wagon. He shall pay a license of three dollars per month for each six-horse wagon, six-mule wagon or six-ox wagon. The licenses to be paid for wagons so used in such hauling.

Parties using such teams on public highways shall apply to the Judge of Probate for such license quarterly, i.e. to say, January 1, April 1, July 1, and September 1. And it is the duty of the Judge of Probate to issue such license and to keep a correct statement of the money received from such license, which money shall be as near as practicable expended on the particular roads where such teams have been hauling. Said money to be paid out by the order of the Commissioners Court as provided by law. It is not intended to require a license for private hauling connected with or usual to ordinary operation of a farm nor any one hauling stove wood or kindling, whether for sale or not. It shall be unlawful to do hauling forbidden without first procuring such license. The Judge of Probate shall furnish proper tags where licenses have been paid, said tags to be fastened on rear axle of the wagon where they may be seen by the public.

Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction shall be fined as provided by law. Such fine to be applied as the licenses are applied in this section.

Sec. 40. Any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this law shall be guilty of misdemeanor and punished as provided by law.

Sec. 41. That all laws and parts of laws not in conflict with this Act, shall remain in full force and effect, and all laws and parts of laws of laws, in conflict with this Act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 41. Any money received from the taxes that is to be appropriated shall as near as practicable be appropriated equally between the several road precincts of the county according to the number of miles of public roads in each precinct.

Sec. 43. All drivers of carriages or other vehicles, whether of burden or pleasure, using any public road, when met by another carriage or vehicle, shall keep to the right hand, so as in both cases, to permit the carriage so meeting or overtaking to pass freely and uninterruptedly; and any person willfully and without good cause offending against this provision shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five dollars for each offence; and if injury result therefrom, the person offending shall be subject to an action for damages at the suit of the party injured.

Sec. 44. All money received by the county as its pro rata share from automobile license shall be paid to the County Treasurer and kept by him separate from all other funds and shall be applied only for work and labor done on the public roads of the county and to be paid out by the order of theCommissioners Court, as provided by law.

Sec. 45. All tax money to be appropriated by this law for the building of roads and bridges, shall be preferred claim against the county, and shall be paid as such, and in preference or all other claims that are not preferable claims by law.

Sec. 46. Shooting Along or Across Public Land.—Any person who discharges a gun or any other kind of fire arms along or across any public road, must, on conviction, be fined not less less than ten and not more than fifty dollars.

Sec. 47. Engaging in Racing on Public Highways.—Any persons who engage in a horse race, automobile race, motorcycle race, or bicycle race, or who recklessly run or drive any animal or machine named herein, on any public highway, must on conviction, be fined not less than ten and not more than fifty dollars.

Sec. 48. Streets of Town Out of Order for More Than Ten Days; Penalty.—In all towns or cities incorporated under any law of this State, if the inhabitants are exempt from working on the public roads within the limits thereof, and any of the streets therein are out of repair for more than ten days at any one time, without a reasonable excuse therefor, to be determined by the court, the corporate officers of such town, or any one or more of them, are guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 49. Failure of Corporation, Etc., to Keep Road or Bridge in Good Order.—If any corporation or person, authorized by any law of the State to charge toll on any turnpike, plank or macadamized road, water course, or bridge, or ferry, allows the same to be out of repair or order contemplated by its charter or such law, for ten days at any one time, without a sufficient excuse, to be determined by the court, the president and directors of such corporation, or the person so authorized, are guilty of a misdemeanor; and on the trial, proof that such road, bridge or water course has been out of such order for ten days at one time, and that such corporation or person, or any one on the part thereof, charged toll for such road, bridge or water course, and that such president and directors act, or claim to act in that capacity, is presumptive evidence of the existence of such corporation, of a charter or law authorizing toll to be charged, and that the persons so acting or claiming to act, are the president and directors of such corporation.

Sec. 50. Permitting Bridge to Remain Out of Repair.—When a bridge or causeway has been erected by contract with the County Commissioners, with a guarantee by bond or otherwise, that it shall continue safe for the passage of travelers and other persons for a stipulated time, and the contractor knowingly suffers any such bridge or causeway to remain out of repair and unsafe for the passage of travelers and other persons, for more than ten days at any one time, during the period stipulated for its safety by the terms of his contract, he must, on conviction, be fined for the use of the county in a sum not less than double the value of the materials and labor necessary to put such bridge or causeway in the state of safety required by the terms of his contract.

Sec. 51. Changing, Obstructing and Injuring Public Roads.—To change a public road except by order of the Court of County Commissioners, founded on a report of viewers appointed by the court, unless it straightens the same through enclosures, or renders it more convenient for the public; to obstruct a public road by a fence, bar or other impediment, except by gates erected across the same by leave of the Court of County Commissioners, obtained as provided by law; to cut or place a tree, brush, or other obstacle across or along a public road so as to impede travel, and not remove the same within six hours; wilfully to deface, injure or destroy any mile post, indexboard, bridge or causeway; or wilfully to injure or obstruct any public road in any way, is a misdemeanor.

Sec. 52. Failing to Keep in Repair, and to Keep Closed Gates Erected Across public roads.—Any person, who, having erected a gate across a public road by authority of the Court of County Commissioners or board of county revenue, or by authoriay of any act of the legislature, or any person who succeeds such person in the ownership, control or possession of such gate, or in the benefits to be derived therefrom, or whose duty it is to keep the same in good repair, fails for three or more days to keep such gate in good repair, or any person who leaves open such gate, must on conviction, be fined not more than twenty dollars.

Sec. 53. To Protect Bridges from Floating Logs, Etc., by Bond to County.—Any person, firm or corporation who floats any logs, timber, or lumber down any of the streams flowing through any county of this State, over which bridges have been built or shall hereafter be built by contract with or by order of the Court of County Commissioners or board of revenue of such county, unless such person, firm or corporation first execute a bond in the sum of five hundred dollars, with at least two good and sufficient surities, or in some guaranty company doing business in Alabama, payable to the Judge of Probate of the county or counties through which such streams flow, conditioned as required by law for similar bonds approved by such Judges of Probate and recorded and kept in their respective offices, to secure and idemnify such county or counties against loss, injury, or damage to such bridge over such streams by reason of floating logs, timber, or lumber down such stream, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, must be fined not less than twenty-five or more than five hundred dollars, and may be sentenced to the county jail or to hard labor for the county for not more than twelve months.

The foregoing comprises the new road laws recently drafted for Chilton County, and which are at present, pending consideration and adoption by the Court of County Commissioners. Said laws and regulations hereinabove set out are published by order and authority of the Commissioners Court, in order that the people of the county may read and study the same, and be able to offer some suggestions on any points they may see fit, before the laws are finally adopted by the Court.

For the hearing of any suggestions by any citizen of the county who may be so disposed, the Court of Commissioners has set a meeting to be on the 28th of April.

All citizens are urged to meet with the Court on that day to discuss the foregoing laws before they are finally adopted and put into force and effect.

L. H. REYNOLDS, Judge of Probate.

The Cost of Living is High

BUT I HAVE SOME BARGAINS WHICH I CAN OFFER AT MONEY-SAVING PRICES.

Just received a full line of SHOES. Easy walkers, etc.

Nice new line of Spring Clothing for Men and Boys.

Ladies Skirts and Ready-Made Waists.

A FULL LINE OF DRESS GOODS.

Guano, Cotton Seed Meal, and all kinds of Fertilizer.

I want you to come to see me before you buy.

I will buy all kinds of Cattle, either fat or poor.

I carry a full line of Automobile tires, casings and Tubes.

I will buy your old worn out casings.

L. H. REYNOLDS

CLANTON, ALA.

LEGAL SALE—REAL ESTATE

The State of Alabama, Chilton County. In Probate Court.

Application having been made on this day in due form by J. W. Foshee, Administrator of the estate of R.: A. Hancock, deceased, for an order authorizing the sale of the land described therein, belonging to the said estate, for the purpose of paying debts, on the ground that the personal property is insufficient therefor and to divide the residue thereof among the heirs, the 15th day of June, 1917, has been appointed for hearing of such application, at which time, all parties interested can appear and contest the same if they think proper.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
4-12-4t Judge of Probate.

Bill Goodgame pays highest prices in cash for eggs and chickens. See him before you sell.

SHOE SHOP

I HAVE OPENED UP A SHOE AND HARNESS REPAIR SHOP AT THE BROWN OLD STAND IN THE KICKER BUILDING, AND AM PREPARED TO DO THE BEST CLASS OF WORK AT THE MOST REASONABLE PRICES. YOUR WORK IS SOLICITED UNDER A POSITIVE GUARANTEE OF SATISFACTION IN BOTH PRICES AND WORKMANSHIP.

Jim Huckabee

FEED YOUR FACE AT BILLY'S PLACE

We didn't mean to say it like poetry, but just wanted to tell you where you could get a good square meal when you come to town.

Bring along your chickens and eggs too, and I will pay you the best market prices. Don't forget to call around to see me when in Clanton.

W. H. GOODGAME

Across Street from Post Office.

BUCKEYE INCUBATOR



It hatches more Chicks and Better Chicks.

L. D. Popwell

White Leghorns and Plymouth Rocks—Eggs to sell

THE BURNETT HORSE

To the Public:

I have bought the Burnett horse and will stand him for service this season at my place, 3 miles east of Thorsby, and other nearby places.

3-29-4t ALBERT GORE.

Bad breath, bitter taste, dizziness and a general "no acount" feeling is a sure sign of a turpid liver. HERBINE is the medicine needed. It makes the liver active, vitalizes the blood, regulates the bowels, and restores a fine feeling of energy and cheerfulness. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Subscribe for the Union-Banner and and get the county news every week.

PAUNCHO REYAS

High class mule jack will make spring season at "Bird-Wood" farm near Bibb, Chilton, and Shelby County line. Colts to stand and suck, $10 Jack handled by owner.

K. C. MAHAN,
Brierfield, Alabama.

To the Directors and Depositors of the Union State Bank of Thorsby, Jemison, and Maplesville, Alabama:

It appears that there is considerable dissatisfaction among the depositors of the Union State Bank for the reason that they are not receiving payment of such dividends as they think could be reasonably collected and paid; and many of them are also unable to discover that the liquidation is being conducted in the best manner possible and for the best interests of all concerned. I am now frequently asked questions about the situation, and have also spent a considerable part of my time and thought for over a year on efforts to do what could be done to help insure an honest and efficient liquidation. During the past year committees have been appointed, attorneys retained, hearings had, etc., in the effort to help the depositors and stockholders but it appears to me that all these efforts on the part of the committeemen and others are likely to be of no avail. I have been studying the situation and have concluded that matters are in a dangerous condition unless the depositors can make arrangements with Supt of Banks, whereby they may be assured of a fair liquidation or unless they can in some other way protect their interests.

During the fifteen months since the bank closed the demand depositors have been paid twenty per cent of their claims. Of this amount, I suppose, without having the exact figures, that about one half of that amount was on hand and in other banks at the time of closing, in other words that probably ten per cent in dividends has been paid above the amount on hand at the time of the closing. It is it also reported that there has been on hand since about the middle of November, 1916, about 15 or 20 per cent, but none of this has been paid out in dividends, even though the depositors are anxiously awaiting payment.

I have studied the situation carefully and can find no good reason why we should not have an efficient and satisfactory liquidation unless someone connected with it wants to prevent such a result, and my conclusion is that a party connected with the liquidation has often shown, and does now show, a disposition to handle matters and to work in a manner not good for the interests of the depositirs. On account of the position I hold in the bank and my efforts in cooperation with the other committeemen and on account of the troubles and disagreements there had been in bank matters, I went to this party twice last week, and, in presence of a witness, discussed matters and tried to get him to agree that he and I use our efforts to secure a satisfactory arrangement for the protection of all interests and that we should then both retire from all connection with the liquidation; and in reply to his insinuation that I would still want to butt in, I offered to put my part in writing, which, I held, would deprive me of any influence if I went back on the agreement. His final conclusion and the limit to which he was willing to go, was that he will get out when it is shown to him that he constitutes a danger to the depositors and that his remark would be beneficial to the trust. Now, who in all the world could be shown anything on such a proposition, with the accused party as the judge.

This party, Lawrence F. Gerald, attorney for the Supt of Banks, can have no interest in the liquidation so far as I can discover, except the attorney fee to be earned from now until the end of the liquidation (unlss he is after something which he has not disclosed to the public) for he states that he does not expect for the stockholders to receive anything.

As I see the situation there is a great probability that the depositors will not get all their money. The agent recently assured a depositor that he thought that the depositors would surely get 60 to 75 per cent of their money, perhaps all. This party had a demand deposit, which must, of course be paid, before the savings depositors get a cent. When the day comes, as I think it will come, when the liquidation is completed and the depositors are not paid in full, then, in my opinion, is the time when indictments will be found against the directors of the Union State Bank including myself, for permitting deposits to be received when the bank was insolvent. In that contingency, what evidence can they present to show that the bank was solvent, and it actually was? Will the attorney and the Supt of Banks, as experts on the question, swear that there was plenty to pay the depositors if it had been handled properly, or will they swear that it was such a mess that they could not pay the depositors? What evidence could a director produce to counteract the fact of lack of full payment to depositors? Which would convince a jury, non-payment of the directors arguments? When I am tried on this charge, I expect to come clear because of the fact that I stated the condition of the bank to the board of directors and asked them for instructions, and they told me to go ahead and run it. I even told them that I would not accept another single deposit. If I had set up my judgment against that of the board of directors, the bank would have been closed by my action instead of by the run which closed it. It would in my opinion, be a great wrong to try to punish any director for doing his part to keep the bank running and to save the depositors and stockholders, but he might be made to appear guilty. It is made to appear to some of the stockholders that the Supt of Banks is likely to have the whole bunch of directors indicted if some individual displeases him, but they need not anticipate any danger in that way. I think, however, that I can well anticipate that John Patton, Jr., R. M. Smith and Olaf Schive will continue their efforts to have me indicted, and I do not see how I can be indicted alone. There is one thing about this part that makes me sore, and it is that two native Southerners can work on the same scheme with a foreigner who has continually been in the habit of calling the southern people "damned southerners" and "damned natives" and has continually belittled the education, honesty, and morality of the southern people. I have all respect for the right kind of a foreigner who comes to this country, but I have little time for one who comes to this country and abuses the privileges he finds here.

As I understand the situation the fight on the interests of the depositors and stockholders is conducted largely as a personal fight on me, because I have been instrumental in getting committees organied for the protection of depositors and have given freely of my time and much more of my small earnings than I could well afford. It was but right and proper that I should take a leading part in action of this kind, because of the position I had occupied and because I had such a knowledge of the facts in the matter that it would have taken a great deal of study on the part of anyone else to take my place, but I have been greatly handicapped by the fact that I was financially ruined by the closing of the bank. I had no employment and very little business to give me a living and I have known of no employment which I could accept because of the time required for bank matters.

For the reason that the fight on the depositors is conducted largely as a personal fight against me, and because of the impression, which is given out, that a party on the other side has a personal interest in my welfare, I mention some personal matters which should really not be in such a discussion at all, but are presented to correct this false impression.

To get the gist of liquidation matters, leaving more elaborate explanations to later articles, I want to ask Lawrence F. Gerald, attorney for the Supt of Banks to answer the following questions:

1. Have the depositors' and stockholders' private committees, whose work and efforts you belittle, done anything injurious to the interest of the trust, (Union State Bank interests)? If so,how ?

2. Have the committees made any unfair or unjustifiable attacks on any person whatever? Kindly give details?

3. Why do you belittle the work of the committees?

4. Do you convert members of the committees so that they will take no further interest in protecting the depositors or stockholders?

5. Why did you try to run a hearing over the committees last summer after warning that it would probably be impossible for any attorney to be there on account of official duty elsewhere? Did you expect to get an expense account allowed by jamming the hearing through as proposed until I made so much fuss that you dropped the plan?

6. Why did you oppose having your attorney fee fixed in advance, as the law requires? Was it because of your extreme regard for the depositors, thinking that their delicate feelings might be jarred by the mention of a reasonable or unreasonable sum as an attorney's fee, or was it for some other reason?

7. Have you any reason in the world to suppose that any member of the committees would have objected to the fixing of even a liberal fee in advance? If so, what the reason and who is the member?

8. Is it not true that, if the attorney's fee were made unreasonable in the beginning, there would be a chance to get it corrected, but if placed unreasonably high at the close it will be practically impossible to do anything about it?

9. Have my efforts so far as you know, resulted in any loss to the stockholders or depositors? If so please give details.

10. Why have you repeatedly expressed the desire that I get out of the liquidation (not that I have any official authority, but that sales, compromises, etc., must be referred to me before they can be put through) and that I remove from this section of the country? Have you done this because of a desire to benefit the depositors? Do you wish to put something through in my absence which you would not put through while I remained?

11. In your desire to get rid of me on account of my fights for the rights of the depositors or for other reasons, did you not arrange with a director of the bank, who had been a good friend of mine, that he should write me a letter, when it came, advise me to move myself and family from this section of the country?

12. Did you represent to this director that he would be in danger of indictment and prosecution if I, personally, took action against the Supt. of Banks in a perfectly legal and proper manner?

13. Have you not repeatedly told me that if I took action unfriendly to the Supt. of Banks, it meant a criminal prosecution for me? Do these threats correctly represent the Supt of Banks, or are you misrepresenting him?

14. Have you ever used your efforts to obtain any arrangement whereby the Supt. of Banks and the depositors or stockholders or their representatives, could agree on such measures as would result in a liquidation which would be honest, efficient and satisfactory to all parties concerned.

16. Did you not insinuate or report made, would it not prevent the payment of excessive attorney's fees and guard against loses and leaks?

16. Did you not insiinuate or report that the protective committees had a voice in the selection of an agent to succeed John Patton, Jr., and that they favored the selection of G. C. Walker?

17. Did you not state at about the time of the removal of John Patton, Jr., as agent, that the Supt. of Banks was in such a raging state of mind (or words to that effect) that it would be very unwise and harmful to endeavor to have him select an agent satisfactory to the committees?

18. Do you not claim that the committees have accomplished practically nothing, and that, when they have gone into court or made answers against the Supt. of Banks, they have given up their contentions and withdrawn?

19. Suppose, for the sake of argument, that the banking department should propose to sacrifice the interests of the depositors, would you or could you, in your present position, oppose the proposition? In other words, are you personally, any protection to the depositors?

20. Did you not tell me when discussing a proposed compromise, which I had opposed and which was not accepted, that it was your duty to present the proposed compromises to the court? If this is true, and you must present petitions for other compromises as for this one, who is going to protect the trust, unless someone outside the banking department does it?

21. Are you so intent on holding your job that you will try to hold on to it, if your course precipitates a fight resulting in the impeachment of the Supt. of Banks?

22. Have you ever subordinated your own personal interests in any manner whatever, to the interests of the trust in this case? If so, kindly give details?

Now, let's have a fair and square reply to this article and these questions. Kindly show the people and me wherein I am wrong, as I do not want to do you any injustice whatever, but I am only trying to work, in the only effective manner I know of, to protect the depositors, and incidentally, myself and my reputation. I am not, however going to shrink from an unpleasant duty just because someone is in the way or because threats are made. I have been threatened with the pennitentiary for about fifteen months, and I still hear, "We will get him yet." My protection since the bank closed has been that I have stood for what was right, and no man, be he attorney, official or anyone else, is as big as right. I am glad to say that others have stood with me in these things which are right and will still stand for them.

I expect at an early date to publish as much more information as is necessary to inform the depositors and the people of Chilton County of the condition of things.

GUY H. GERALD.

Thorsby, Ala., April 16, 1917.

(Paid adv. by Guy H. Gerald, Thorsby, Ala.)

Better Farming in the South

FOOD AS WELL AS COTTON THE NATION ASKS OF DIXIE

South May Be Face to Face With Disaster If Food As Well As Cotton Is Not Grown by Farmers—Home Guards of Defense In Great Army, Is Position of the Farmer.

From the Farm Service Bureau.

In time of war the interests of the army come first. Regular commerce must give way to troop trains, ammunitions and army freight in general. At such times the wants of people cannot be readily supplied. Forethinking people will, therefore, prepare against it.

The Southern farmer is facing this situation. What ought he to do?

Railroads have been hauling millions of dollars' worth of food products to the South each year. Recently there have been occasional "famines" in some of these articles because of the inability of the railroads to haul all they were offered. In fact, serious situations have been narrowly averted.

What then might be the result of a car shortage more acute than has ever been experienced?

How would Southern cities be fed? Where would the Southern farmer who raises only cotton, get food? Grave possibilities are, therefore, confronted. They are probabilities if immediate steps are not taken.

How can such a disaster be forestalled? Only by the Southern farmer growing foodstuffs as well as cotton. He can do it. It is his duty to do it. It is his patriotic service. In doing this piece of work he will be one of the most useful units in the army of defense.

At this time it is as important for the Southern farmer to enlist to produce food crops as it is for the young men of the South to enlist as soldiers. It will be easy to get men for the army. It should be easy to get men to raise farm crops. Let Southern farmers rally to the call. Let them become Home Guards by producing this summer such crops as corn, cowpeas, sweet potatoes, beans, sorghum, peanuts, soy beans, velvet beans and such garden crops as tomatoes, turnips, cabbage, onions, Irish potatoes — by raising hogs, poultry — by producing eggs, milk, butter — by preserving berries, fruits, vegetables — and do all this not only for themselves, but produce enough to have some to sell.

Efficiency and maximum crops are what the national leaders are calling for. This means making every lick count to the utmost. It means good preparation, liberal fertilization, thorough cultivation, and crop conservation.

Emergency Crops

As a guide in meeting the crisis, which is now confronting the South, the Farm Service Bureau suggests the following, which of course, must be modified to suit local conditions:

Those crops which can be used for food for man or beast, and which can be planted at once should be given immediate attention. The acreage of cotton per plow may be maintained, and all possible efforts should be put forth to increase the yield. Lint will bring a good price, and seed will prove valuable because of their oil. On a 25-acre tract, in ten or eleven acres of cotton may be given each plow, and it is recommended that seven or eight acres be given to corn in which should be planted peas, soy beans or velvet beans. The corn can be harvested, and the beans or peas given over to pasture or gathered for feed. At least two acres should be given to soy beans or cowpeas and sorghum for hay. One acre for grazing; one acre for sorghum syrup; one acre for sweet potatoes, and one for different kinds of vegetables. This will give a total of 25 acres, and represents only the crops for summer planting. Winter grains may be seeded immediately after some of these are harvested.

Everything bearing upon large yields should be given emphasis. The land should be thoroughly prepared; the best known varieties used; the right kind and liberal amounts of fertilizer applied, and thorough cultivation given.

This is of special importance over much of the South where the soils are lacking in soluble plant foods. Not less than 400 to 600 pounds of fertilizer should be used per acre on the crops suggested.

On account of the car shortage and the farmers' inability to secure ample fertilizer to put under their crops at the time the land was being prepared, it is recommendd that a liberal side application of fertilizer be used on all crops already planted. Increase of crop yields will come with increase in quantity of fertilizer used.

The Storks Arrival

Are you looking forward, dear prospective mother, with a shuddering dread, to the wonderful, beautiful event of childbirth? You can avoid to a great extent, the strain and discomfort by preparing your system and putting yourself in splendid condition to meet the time.

"Mother's Friend" is easily applied by yourself. It softens and makes elastic the ligaments, muscles and skin of the abdomen. Thousands of mothers who have used "Mother's Friend" testify to its value in relieving much of the pain and distress at childbirth. They make special mention of the relief from nausea or morning sickness.

There is in "Mother's Friend" that direct and immediate help which all expectant mothers need.

Get "Mother's Friend" from the druggist and begin to apply it night and morning. Write for the interesting book for users of "Mother's Friend." It contains valuable advice to expectant mothers and is absolutely free. Address Bradfield Regulator Co. Dept. E. 555 Atlanta, Ga.

? Do you have Kidney trouble ? SIGNS OF DANGER

Backache, dizziness and headache, with "specks before the eyes," irregular heart action and liver trouble. The severity of the early symptoms depending upon the amount of poisons which the kidneys have allowed to remain in the system.

SYMPTOMS

Aching Pains over Hips, Backache, Sediment or Deposit in Urine, Irritation of the Bladder, Pain in Urinating, Rheumatism (uric acid in blood), Sudden Stoppage of Urine, Highly Colored or Milky White Urine, Pass Blood or Mocus in Urine, Retension of Urine, Straining after Urinating, Thick or Sluggish Urine, Stone in the Bladder, Cystitis (inflamation of bladder,) Catarrh of Bladder or Bowels, Puffiness under Eyes, Voracious Appetite, Thist, Gall Stone, Gravel, Pain in Urethra, Swollen Ankles, Dimmed Vision, Specks before the Eyes, Scanty Urine, Frequent Calls, Mouth Dry, Billiousness, Dribbling, Lumbago, Loss of Flesh, Weakness, Irregular Heart Action, Ulceration of the Bladder, Skin pale, Waxey and Dry, Bad odor of Perspiration.

Simple Test For Kidney Disease

Fill a bottle with urine; let it stand for twelve hours; if there is a sediment or cloudiness of any kind you have kidney or bladder trouble, and you should begin taking KIDNECO treatment today. Don't delay until the disease is to far advanced.

KIDNECO is put up in 25, 50c and $1.00 pks.

FREE KIDNECO COUPON

THIS COUPON with ten cents in silver for Postage, etc., entitles the holder to one 25c Package of Kidneco FREE. Address Dept. M The Kidneco Co., Boston, Mass.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Two year old Jersey bull from the famous stock of Mr. J. W. Barrett.

Apply to C. L. FARSMAN, Thorsby, Ala.

Will Keep You Well



When you get a terrific sick headache, become constipated or have any stomach or liver trouble, a dose or two of

Granger Liver Regulator

will put you in good shape, It is a purely vegetable preparation, non-alcoholic and acts pleasantly and effectively.

Concord, N. H., Jan. 17, 1917

I was sick six months last year and the Doctor told me to go to Florida. I got some Granger Liver Regulator in Florida and it did me good. I brought four boxes home with me and now I am feeling a great deal better.

(Signed) R. J. Rowland

Sold by all druggists---25c a box

Granger Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

YOU GET A PRIZE WITH EVERY PACKAGE

Buy "Hodges Special" pure Coffee, put up in pound packages and selling for 30c.

With each package you get a ticket, which is good for a various number of pieces of China Ware.

Whatever prize your ticket calls for is given to you with the Coffee.

The Coffee is the very best Grade, ground and pure.

Call for it next time.

W. Z. HODGES, Clanton, Ala.

SHERIFF SALE—REAL ESTATE

The State of Alabama, Chilton County.

By virtue of an order issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama, and to be directed, whereby, I, as Sheriff of said county, was commanded to sell the property described below to make the sum of forty-three and 85-100 dollars principal and interest and seven and 40-100 dollars, cost of suit, the amount of a certain judgment, and cost therein obtained at the Justice of A. F. Childress at the January 20th Term, 1917, of said court of said county, in favor of J. J. Stanley, and against Hunter Nix, and which property was levied upon by H. T. Childress, Constable. Now, therefore, I, H. A. Harris as Sheriff will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the court house door of said county, between the hours of 11 o'clock, a.m. and 4 o'clock, p.m. on

Monday, the 21st day of May, 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named Hunter Nix in and to the following described real estate, viz:

Southeast ¼ of the Southeast ¼ of Section 10, Township 22, Range 13, in Chilton County, Alabama.

This, the 18th day of April, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at Court house door, April 18, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Bill Goodgame gives the bestservice at his restaurant, and invites you to come there to get your dinner when you are in Clanton.

M. D. Foshee, T. G. and W. M. Wyatt spent a few days this week fishing on the river.

Pale Faced Women Take Phosphates to Make Rosy Cheeks and Beautiful Forms. Men need Phosphates to Make Strong, Healthy, Vigorous Bodies.

Athletes increase their strength, energy and endurance 200 per cent or more by simply taking a few weeks treatment of Argo-Phosphate.

Atlanta, Ga. Dr. F. A. Jacobson says that phosphates are just as essential to any man or woman who tires easily, is nervous, or irritable, worn out, or looks haggard and pale to make a strong, robust, vigorous, healthy body, as they are to cotton to make it grow. The lack of phosphate is the cause of all enemic conditions and the administration of 5-grain Argo-Phosphate tablets will increase the strength of weak, nervous, care worn men and women 300 per cent, in two or three week's time in many instances, and their continued use will build up the whole nervous system, and give new life, vim, vigor and vitality to the whole body. I always prescribe Argo-Phosphate to patients who are pale and colorless, and it is surprising to see how quickly a few week's treatment will transform a pale face to a rosy cheeked beauty. There can be no rosy cheeked, healthy beautiful women without their system is sufficiently supplied with phosphates. In recent interviews with physicians on the grave and serious consequences of a deficiency of phosphate in the blood of American men and women. I have strongly emphasized the fact that doctors prescribe more phosphates in the form of Argo-Phosphates for the weak, worn-out, haggard looking men and women. When the skin is pale, and flesh flabby, it is a sign of anema. When the phosphates go from the blood, the pink cheeks go too. The muscles lack tone. They become nervous, irritable, despondent, melancholy, the brain frags, and the memory fails. Therefore, if you wish to preserve your youthful vim, vigor and vitality to a ripe old age, you must supply the deficiency of phosphates lacking in yaur food by using Argo-Phosphate, the form of phosphates most easily assimilated.

NOTICE: Argo-Phosphate which is recommended and prescribed by physicians in all enemic cases, is not a secret or patent medicine, but one that is sold and recommended by well known druggists everywhere, and physicians are daily subscribing the constituents contained in it. Being entirely unlike many other phosphates, it is easily assimilated and will be found effective in the treatment of indigestion and stomach troubles, as well as for care worn, nervous conditions. The manufacturers of Argo-Phosphate will forfeit to any charitable institution $200.00 if they can not treat any man or woman under 65 years who lacks phosphates, and increase their strength and endurance from 100 per cent to 300 per cent. or more in a month's time, if they are free from organic trouble. It is dispensed by all reliable druggists.

If your druggist will not supply you, send $1.00 to the ArgoLaboratories, 10 Farsyth St., Atlanta, Ga., and they will send you a two-week's treatmen by return mail.



Ask Grandfather— He'll Tell You—

You Want To Be Strong And Well

Keep your blood pure; that's the only way. Don't wait until you feel badly, but begin NOW. Impurities in the blood put unnecessary work upon all the organs, making weakness and old age come quicker. Do as Grandfather did; take S. S. S., the best of all blood tonics, proven for 50 years. Take it now; take it often, and you will have strength, health and happiness. At your druggist's.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

S.S.S. Will Strengthen You

EAT SKINNER'S THE BEST MACARONI



TWO LARGE PACKAGES 25¢
MADE FROM THE HIGHEST GRADE DURUM WHEAT
COOKS IN 12 MINUTES. COOK BOOK FREE
SKINNER MFG. CO. OMAHA, U.S.A.
Largest Macaroni Factory in America

Sweet Potato Plants!

Shipment April 15th and thereafter. Varieties: Porto Rico and Pumpkin Yam, Nancy Halls and Triumph. Prices by express: 1,000 and over $1.75 per 1,000; 10,000 and over $1.60 per 1,000. Order today. Write for prices on tomato, pepper and collard plants.
JENKINS PLANT CO., Box 6, Sumner, Ga.

Buy the Best Breeds

Any hog or poultry breeder can get a start in the best breeds without spending a cent of cash. State what you want fully and write promptly to The State Sentinel, Birmingham, Ala.

Frost Proof Cabbage Plants

Early Jersey and Charleston Wakefield, Succession and Flat Dutch, 500 for $1.25; 1,000 for $2.00; 5,000 at $1.50, f. o. b. here; postpaid 35c per 100. Satisfaction guaranteed. SWEET POTATO PLANTS—Immediate shipment. Nancy Hall and Porto Rico, 1,000 to 9,000 at $2.00; 10,000 up at $1.50, f. o. b. here. Tomato plants at $1.35. Egg and Pepper plants at $1.50 per 1,000, f. o. b. here. Postpaid 40c per 100. D. F. JAMISON, SUMMERVILLE, S. C.

United States in 1916 built 1,066 new large boats, mostly wooden.

Why buy many bottles of other Vermifuges, when one single bottle of Dr. Peery's Vermifuge "Dead Shot" will act surely and promptly? Adv.

Your personal history doesn't have to repeat itself. Your neighbors will attend to that.

IMITATION IS SINCEREST FLATTERY but like counterfeit money the imitation has not the worth of the original. Insist on "La Creole" Hair Dressing—it's the original. Darkens your hair in the natural way, but contains no dye. Price $1.00.—Adv.

Battlefield Mascots.

An Irish soldier who had come out of the recent fierce fighting with a severe scalp wound had the following collection of charms: Piece of bog oak; prayer written by a French girl; withered shamrock; piece of wood from a saint's cell.

While many mascots are presents from mother, sister or sweetheart, some possess no sentimental associations. Quaint little idols carved in wood and lead, moonstones, bent coins and teeth of small animals are among the treasured charms. Most soldiers are shy of confessing their faith in mascots, says the London Chronicle, but hospital nurses soon learn of these hostages of luck.

Soldierly.

General Bliss was relating reminiscences of sham battles.

"I had a young friend, Captain Exe, who could never be worsted in sham warfare," he said.

"Exe one day started to lead his valiant company at double speed across a bridge to storm a height, but a young captain belonging to the opposite side rushed up and shouted:

"'Hi, Exe! You mustn't cross that bridge! Don't you see the notice? The bridge is supposed to be destroyed.'

"'It is, hey?' roared Exe. 'Well, then, we're supposed to be swimming across. On, boys, and at 'em.'"

Bugville Athletics.

Bettie—Hey, you grasshopper, if you enter in the jumping events nobody else will.

It is easy to make apologies for other people, as the job does not have to be first class.

HEALTH
POSTUM
There's a Reason
FIRST

Scientific facts prove the drug, caffeine, in coffee is harmful to many, while the pure food-drink—

POSTUM

is not only free from drugs, but is economical, delicious and nourishing.

Made of wheat and a bit of wholesome molasses, Postum is highly recommended by physicians for those with whom coffee disagrees.

Postum is especially suitable for children.

"There's a Reason"

Sold by Grocers.

Kin Hubbard Essays

Miss Fawn Lippincut on a Sweet Disposition an' Other Things

Th' follerin' trite an' pertinent notes are from th' pen o' Miss Fawn Lippincut, long regarded as th' last word on th' human liver, an' a wart an' mole writer o' marked ability:

Th' season fer tub dresses, freckles, white shoes an' goat knee elbows is almost at hand, an' milady is hereby reminded that a good handy bathtub an' a sweet disposition are indispensable in successful combatin' th' trials an' vississitudes that go hand in hand with a long tortuous summer. In cultivatin' a sweet disposition it is first necessary t' git th' liver tidied up. While th' winter's tangoin' has kept that organ on th' jump, much o' the actual benefit derived therefrom has been counteracted by th' loss o' sleep, thereby leavin' much t' be desired. Nothin' so rejuvenates th' liver as dandelion greens interspersed with horseradish tops, lamb's quarter, curly dock an 'tender mustard leaves. With th' bustlin' activity o' th' liver comes a sweet cherry disposition. Then all else is easy.

Now is th' time t' make up your book list fer th' summer. Many light, frothy novels suitable fer th' hammock are shown.

Never eat a thick steak or a Welsh rarebit after a nine o'clock film. If you retire at night sluggish from overeatin' you awake in th' mornin' peevish an' fretful. Quarrelin' with your mother wrinkles th' brow prematurely an' endanger your chances fer an early proposal.

Th' girl who has jest finished college an' is eager fer knowledge will find a course in th' care o' aluminum ware interestin' an' healthful.

Only a few weeks left fer June brides' t' git ther teeth filled. Nothin' takes th' ginger out of a young husband like his wife's first dental bill.

Th' waistline may use its own judgment th' comin' summer.

It is no longer proper fer a woman t' drop out o' th' game when she reaches th' port side o' fifty. Let her dress so as t' exclude all hint o' youthful caprice an' stick around an' give th' world th' benefit o' her experience.

Th' success o' a formal luncheon depends entirely on th' hostess' ability t' disguise an' arrange th' eatables temptin'ly. Beets are often taken as food when properly decorated.

Some folks remind me o' robins. They make a great fuss when they git married, then they hustle around awhile an' then they split up.

Mothers who expect t' lose ther daughters in June should begin t'day t' plan fer a summer vacation.

Th' honeymoon ends when th' first beauty pin gits stubborn.

One helpin o' warmed over fried p'taters will often destroy a husband's interest in th' home.

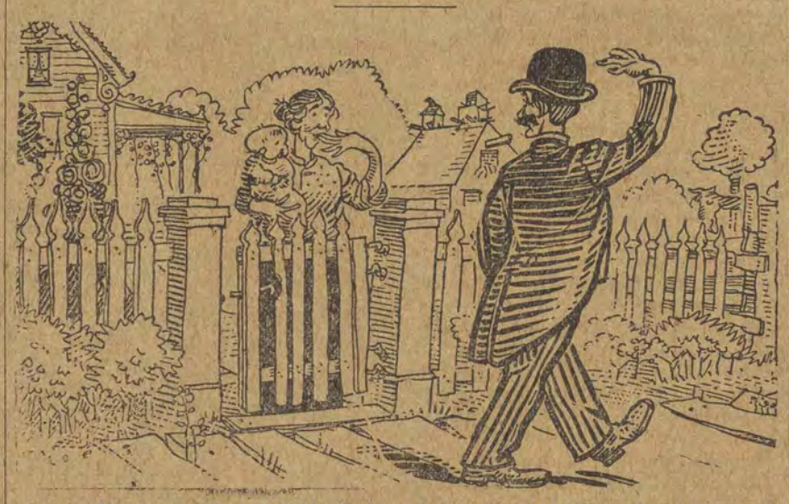
Th' engagement o' Miss Bunnie Pash of th' optical counter o' th' ten-cent store, an' Mr. Lon Meadows, night clerk o' th' O. K. livery barn has been announced by th' dressmakers.

White shoes 'll look as big as ever this season.



Miss Bunnie Pash o' th' Optical Counter o' th' Ten-Cent Store, an' Mr. Lon Meadows, Night Clerk o' th' O. K. Livery Barn.

SHORT FURROWS



In th' Ole Days When a Wife Followed Her Husband Out t' th' Sidewalk Ever' Mornin' an' Was at Home t' Meet Him in th' Evenin' It Wuz All a Lodge Could Do t' Rake Up a Quorum.

"Languishin' Home Life" is th' title o' a recent article from th' versatile pen o' Miss Fawn Lippincut, an' th' follerin' little peppery excerpts are released fer general publication thro' th' courtesy o' th' author, an' with th' hope that they may in some measure encourage, stimulate an' promote home life in th' middle west, an' serve as a controvertin' influence on th' general trend:

* * *

Th' wild oats crop is allus a failure.

* * *

Elopin' daughters come home t' roost.

* * *

A girl should allus dance with one arm free.

* * *

Divorce is unknown where ever'buddy's workin'.

* * *

The' easier somethin's prepared th' less a husband likes it.

* * *

A father allus wants his wife t' be responsible fer his son-in-law.

* * *

Ther's no longer any doubt as t' why a chicken crosses th 'road.

* * *

A father never likes t' give his daughter money after she's married.

* * *

It's a lucky husband that has a mother-in-law in easy hailin' distance.

* * *

A husband's fondness fer breakfast foods generally terminates with th' honeymoon.

* * *

It used t' be "Where is my daughter t'night?" Now it's "Have you seen my child today?"

* * *

Th' only substitute we have fer th' dear ole grandmother o' yisterday is th' hole proof sock.

Frozen nesselrode puddin' is not essential t' an ideal home, but, like ever'thing else, it has its friends.

* * *

A debutante should not let th' study o' nursery stencilin' interfere with th' many health buildin' exercises in th' open air.

* * *

Durin' th' long, dull, uneventful days follerin' th' honeymoon a young wife may secretly experiment with bakin' powder biscuits.

* * *

Even durin' th' roller skatin' craze years ago, an' long before the auto arrived, a mother at least knew where her daughter wuz.

* * *

It takes very little more gasoline t' enjoy an exhilaratin' season o' motorin' than is required in th' upkeep o' a pair o' white kid gloves.

* * *

If your wants are few an' you have little occasion t' spend, a half pint o' dry coffee grounds in th' pocket will keep your money from rustin'.

* * *

A young an' inexperienced wife should allus remember that a husband will often say things in a burst o' hunger that he fully regrets after he has bought his breakfast down town.

* * *

In th' ole days when a wife follered her husband out t' th' sidewalk ever' mornin' an' wuz at home t' meet him in th' evenin' it wuz all a lodge could do t' rake up a quorum.

* * *

With th' comin' o' th' first warm, sluggish days o' May it is not uncommon fer a pre-Lenten bride t' harbor a little tinge o' regret. Dandylion greens, er any tonic actin' directly on th' liver will brighten up th' horizon.

(Copyright, Adams Newspaper Service.)

GAME FISHING

by DIXIE CARROLL

Author of LAKE and STREAM GAME FISHING

© STEWART & KIDD CO.

JUST ORDINARY OL' PICKEREL.

My Dear Buck:

If there is one of the fish family that we remember from the knee-pants and bent-pin stage of the fishing game, it sure must be Ol' Judge Pickerel and the young "picks." It certainly made your heart do a double-quick and started the cold creeps up your spine, the first time you hooked a pickerel, after a kindergarten course on chubs and sunnies. You probably had a long cane pole or a young sapling cut from the nearby wooded shore; anyway, from that time on you realized that there was "some sport" to the game. Since then, of course, the ol' pickerel has been sorta dropped into the discard, and it takes trout, bass or muskie, perhaps, to start the joy trips up along your vertebrae. But let me tip you off straight, Buck, there's many a good fighter left in the pickerel outfit, regardless of the many slurs cast upon his fighting qualities by some of the ultra-exclusive highbrows in the angling derby.

Find Pickerel Most Anywhere.

The pickerel is one of the fish that you can fish for nearly anywhere, and you don't have to make a five hundred to one thousand mile trip to his "home grounds." He is a common, ordinary cuss that can pick up a living on next to nothing, and at the same time raise a mighty big family. In nearby "civilized" waters he will even make a sure-enough professional fisherman sit up and take notice at his ability to evade the bait and make said fisherman use all his skill and wits to induce him to take the lure. The more he is fished for the wiser he gets, and to land a few fair-sized pickerel in much-fished waters takes keen work, more so than for the gamer fish in the usual fish haunts of the North woods. As a rule the pickerel found in local waters does not grow to excess size, say an average of two or three pounds. Some are larger, of course, but not the general run.

Where the Pickerel Hangs Out.

The pickerel from the running streams, like all other fish, puts up the best fight, while those from the warmer waters of the lakes and sluggish streams are dull and slow fighters. The pickerel is found in nearly all rivers and lakes or ponds, his preference being for shallow, grassy lakes. His main hunting grounds are along the edge of lily and weed beds and on the outskirts of the grassy growth that is often called "pickerel grass." Here he lurks, waiting for the smaller fish to swim past, often striking his prey with a snap of the jaws that cuts the victim in twain. He is a sure-enough barbarian, and is a destroyer of the weaker fishes, all of which points to the fact that he will be with us for many a day. He is vicious to the core, and at times will strike a trolling spoon with force enough to bend it double. In spring-fed lakes he is often found around the spring-holes, and deep fishing here will bring him out. You can feel reasonably sure of landing him any time from the first of the season to the windup, and then take a rap at him through the ice in winter.

Needs Dentist in August.

August is about the poorest month for pickerel fishing, caused, no doubt, by the soreness of the gums, as claimed by many of the old-timers. The "muskie," a cousin of the pickerel, loses his teeth in August, while the pickerel itself has a swelling of the gums during dogdays that does not put him in a humor to bite on anything. Late September and early October is about the best all-round pickerel season, at which time he is found in the shallows, at the mouth of outlets or inlets, where the feed is good.

Troll and Cast for Him.

Although trolling is the surest method of landing the pickerel, much sport can be had by casting for him, using light bass tackle. A weedless hook with a small frog, shiner or minnow for bait, and a single spinner is all you need. Row along the weed-beds, about seventy-five feet out and cast in toward the edge, landing your bait about five feet from the edge. Give the pickerel a little time before striking as he grabs the live bait and darts back to his lair, there to turn it around in his mouth and swallow it head first. Strike sharply and row away from the weeds. Bear this in mind: he may come up to the boat with ease, but he makes his big effort for liberty after you bring him up to the boat.

The usual way to get him is by trolling with a spoon or spinner. Take a No. 4½ tandem spinner with a treble hook bucktailed or feathered, or a No. 4 spoon and you have an excellent trolling rig. A chunk of pork rind adds to the attractiveness of the lure.



He's telling her that nothing he received from home brought more joy, longer-lasting pleasure, greater relief from thirst and fatigue, than

WRIGLEY'S
THE FLAVOR LASTS

She slipped a stick in every letter and mailed him a box now and then.

Naturally he loves her, she loves him, and they both love WRIGLEY'S.

CHEW IT AFTER EVERY MEAL

Three of a kind — Keep them in mind



Solicitude.

"Charley, dear," said young Mrs. Torkins, "I want you to promise that if you decide to enlist you will tell me all about it without delay."

"What for?"

"I want to speak to the general, so that he won't let you forget your overshoes and eat things that disagree with you. You know, Charley, you are so careless!"

GIRLS! GIRLS! TRY IT, BEAUTIFY YOUR HAIR

Make It Thick, Glossy, Wavy, Luxuriant and Remove Dandruff—Real Surprise for You.

Your hair becomes light, wavy, fluffy, abundant and appears as soft, lustrous and beautiful as a young girl's after a "Danderine hair cleanse." Just try this—moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. This will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt and excessive oil and in just a few moments you have doubled the beauty of your hair.

Besides beautifying the hair at once, Danderine dissolves every particle of dandruff; cleanses, purifies and invigorates the scalp, forever stopping itching and falling hair.

But what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use when you will actually see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp. If you care for pretty, soft hair and lots of it, surely get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store and just try it. Adv.

Wise Ma.

Mabel—Rainbow chaser, is he?

Ma—Why, he'd chase a cloud for the silver lining.

A fish diet may not strengthen the brain, but a little fishing trip invigorates the imagination.

Life Preservers Improved.

Submarine warfare has resulted in numerous improvements in life preservers and the buoys. The passengers on any ship that sails the Atlantic today are likely to find themselves bobbing about in the icy water with no support but a cork jacket. Some time ago a number of sailors on a torpedoed ship saved their lives at night by signaling to the rescuers with little electric flash lamps. This principle has now been incorporated into the latest life buoy by an attachment which carries electric flash lamps as a part of its equipment. The lamps burn steadily as soon as the buoy hits the water, and serve to indicate the position of the person supported to any boat that may be searching for survivors.

To Drive Out Malaria And Build Up The System

Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC. You know what you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out malaria, the Iron builds up the system. 50 cents.

Too Slow.

"How do you like your new chauffeur, Chugwitz?"

"He seems a reliable fellow."

"Yes?"

"Still, I'd rather pay a fine for speeding occasionally than miss every train I try to catch on ten minutes' notice."

BABIES AND GROWING CHILDREN need a tonic to tone up the system and regulate the liver. Mothers are constantly using with wonderful success, our "Plantation" Chill and Fever Tonic. Pleasant to take—contains no Calomel. Price 50c.—Adv.

Its Class.

"Wasn't it a scene when the Smiths brought all their old battered furniture out of the house?"

"Yes, quite a moving picture."

The occasional use of Roman Eye Balsam at night upon retiring will prevent and relieve tired eyes, watery eyes, and eye strain. Adv.

Scotland devotes 4,000,616 acres to oats growing.

Died of Premature Old Age!

How many times we hear of comparatively young persons passing away when they should have lived to be 70 or 80 years of age. This fatal work is usually attributed to the kidneys, as, when the kidneys degenerate, it causes auto-intoxication. The more injurious the poisons passing thru the kidneys the quicker will those noble organs be degenerated, and the sooner they decay.

It is thus the wisest policy, to prevent premature old age and promote long life, to lighten the work of the kidneys. This can be done by drinking plenty of pure water all day long, and occasionally taking Anuric, double strength, before meals. This can be obtained at almost any drug store. You will find Anuric more potent than lithia for it dissolves uric acid as water does sugar.

A Georgia Mother Speaks



Atlanta, Ga.—"It is indeed a pleasure to tell what Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription did for me during gestation. I was so nervous I would shake almost like anyone with a chill and could not eat anything without being nauseated. My husband got me one bottle of the 'Favorite Prescription' and I began to take it. The nausea ceased after the first dose. I took only two bottles of the Prescription and was surprised and gratified at the marked improvement in my condition. I have also used this medicine for other troubles with good results."—MRS. DORA E. DONEHOO, R. F. D. 5.

The Prescription is put up in both liquid and tablets. All druggists.

DEMAND FOR TANLAC ALMOST INCREDIBLE

Big Laboratories at Dayton Unable to Supply Enormous Demand—Capacity Increased to Thirty Thousand Bottles Daily—Dealers and Jobbers Clamoring for It—Branch Plants to be Established Throughout United States and Canada.

"JUST tell the people to have a little patience and we will soon be able to supply the demand for Tanlac."

This was the message recently flashed from the offices of G. F. Willis, the Southern and Western distributor of Tanlac at Atlanta, Georgia.

The message was sent out in response to the urgent telegrams, letters and long distance phone calls which have been pouring into his offices from the leading dealers and drug jobbers from all parts of the South and West, complaining that the demand for Tanlac was greatly in excess of the supply.

In a later statement Mr. Willis said: "This condition was brought about not only by the enormous demand for Tanlac but by the congested condition of the railroads.

"When it seemed almost certain that the threatened nation-wide railroad strike would go into effect we made arrangements to keep our principal distributors supplied by express. Over one thousand ($1,000.00) dollars was spent for express charges in a single day on Texas and Oklahoma orders alone.

Working at Top Speed.

"Although the big Tanlac laboratories at Dayton, Ohio, have been running at top speed turning out their full capacity of approximately twenty-five thousand bottles per day, we have been wholly unable to meet the demand for Tanlac which has been created during the past two years.

"In addition to the Dayton laboratories with their enormous output the Cooper Medicine Company is now planning to establish branch plants in the Central West, on the West coast and in the Dominion of Canada, and unless international complications make it impossible for us to secure the numerous ingredients in the way of roots, herbs, barks, etc., many of which come from remote parts of the globe, we will be able to take care of any future demand."

The wonderful growth and development of Tanlac has been the marvel of the commercial world and the amazing success achieved by the preparations seems almost incredible.

What Dealers Say.

In only two years' time over seven and one-half million bottles have been sold and the demand is constantly increasing. Although placed on the market in Texas and Oklahoma but a few months ago practically a third of a million bottles have already been sold and thousands have been unable to obtain it on account of the inability of the laboratory to supply it.

Dealers and jobbers have been almost frantic because of their inability to fill the thousands of orders they have been receiving and the following letters and telegrams from well known firms gave ample evidence of the wonderful growth and popularity of Tanlac:

"Dallas, Texas, Feb. 21, 1917.
"G. F. Willis, Atlanta, Georgia,
"Please ship car Tanlac. The car now in transit will only last two or three days.
(Signed)
"GREINER-KELLY DRUG CO."

"Ft. Worth, Texas, March 12, 1917.
"G. F. Willis, Atlanta, Georgia,
This Tanlac proposition will run us crazy unless we can get more goods. we distributed our last car, which was received only yesterday, and this morning have no goods at all. You certainly have a wonderful medicine.
"Very truly yours,
(Signed)
"MAXWELL-CLARK DRUG CO."

"Houston, Texas, Feb. 22, 1917.
"We are out of Tanlac and are urgently asking for some relief. Start another car by your old routing at once and please get some goods to us from nearby point.
(Signed)
"SOUTHERN DRUG CO."

"San Antonio, Tex., Feb. 26, 1917.
"G. F. Willis, Atlanta, Georgia,
"Must have more Tanlac immediately. When may we expect car load shipment. Stock exhausted. Rush 10 gross from Houston.
(Signed)
"SAN ANTONIO DRUG CO."

"Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 20, 1917.
"G. F. Willis, Atlanta, Georgia,
"About when may be expect car of Tanlac. Customers are complaining because we cannot supply them.
(Signed)
"HESSIG-ELLIS DRUG CO."

"Oklahoma City, Okla., March 7, 1917.
"G. F. Willis, Atlanta, Georgia,
"Rush our car of Tanlac. We are entirely out again. Orders piling up.
(Signed)
"ALEXANDER DRUG CO."

"Georgetown, Texas, March 12, 1917.
"G. F. Willis, Atlanta, Georgia,
"We could have made twice as many sales if your jobbers could only have gotten the Tanlac to us.
"POST OFFICE DRUG CO."

As can readily be seen, it is nothing unusual for dealers to order a car load of Tanlac and have every bottle of it sold before it arrives. In fact, many of the Tanlac jobbers and distributors invariably order the second and third cars before the car en route has time to reach them.

What is the answer to all this? There is only one explanation, and that is very simple. The inherent purity and wholesomeness of the medicine has confirmed it in the minds of the people and made it a household word throughout America.

There is a Tanlac dealer in your town.—Adv.

He Explains.

"You were mumbling in your sleep about Augusta. Now, who is this Augusta?"

"A city, my dear. I may have to go there on a business trip."

Nature contributes the substances. Spring provides the opportunity. Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills present Nature's gifts to aid Nature's work, thus producing the ideal Spring medicine. They are tonic as well as laxative. Adv.

Unusual clearness of the atmosphere, unusual brightness or twinkling of the stars, indicate rain.

PUZZLE GET A LOT



Here are 9 squares. Can you put a figure (no two alike) in each square so as to make a total of 15 by adding them up and down and crossways? As an advertisement, we will deed a lot 25 x 100 ft. at Atlantic City, Md., which has one of the finest beaches in the world, to any one (white race) solving this puzzle. Small fee for deed and expenses. Send your solution, with 4c in postage, for copy of prospectus to

THE ATLANTIC REALTY CO.
206 N. Calvert St. Baltimore, Md.

STOCK LICK IT—STOCK LIKE IT



For Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Contains Copperas for Worms, Sulphur for the Blood, Saltpeter for the Kidneys, Nux Vomica, a Tonic, and Pure Dairy Salt. Used by Veterinarians 12 years. No Dosing. Drop Brick in feed-box. Ask your dealer for Blackman's or write

BLACKMAN STOCK REMEDY COMPANY
CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

BLOODHOUNDS, Deer, Foxhounds, 50 p. catalog for stamp. Rookwood Kennels, Lexington, Ky.

Didn't Correct Her.

"That dame asked me for some consummated lye," said the grocer's new boy, with a grin.

"You didn't correct her, did you?" asked the grocer.

"Aw, nix! I'm onto me job better dan dat. I jest handed her a can of consecrated lye an' said nothin'."

GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER

Used All Over the Civilized World for More Than 50 Years.

Stomach troubles seem to be almost universal the last few years; I mean indigestion in many forms, internal nervousness, caused by incompatible food fermentation, coming up of food, sour stomach, headache, apparent palpitation of the heart, habitual constipation, intestinal indigestion, caused by a torpid liver, and a general breakdown with low spirits and depressed feeling. Green's August Flower was introduced in this and foreign countries fifty years ago with wonderful success in relieving the above complaints. Sold by dealers everywhere at 25c trial bottles or 75c family size. Sole manufacturer, G. G. Green, Woodbury, N. J., U. S. A., Australia and Toronto Canada.—Adv.

Natural Consequence.

"Which of the actors was it in that stage wait?"

"I suppose it was the heavy man."

No Weapon.

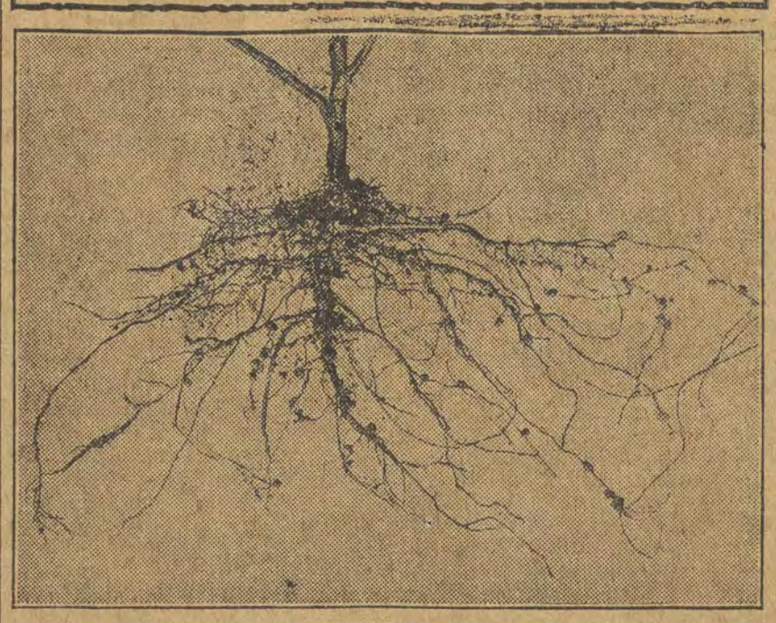
"I am trying in this article to cut through the bars of prejudice."

"Then don't use hacksaws."

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy

No Smarting—Just Eye Comfort. 60 cents at Druggists or mail. Write for Free Eye Book. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

HIGH VALUE OF LEGUMES IN ROTATIONS



NODULES ON ROOTS OF SOY BEAN PLANT.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

From the earliest days of agriculture farmers have observed that the clovers, alfalfa, beans and peas enriched the soil so that wheat, corn, cotton and similar crops gave better yields following them than when planted after the grains or grasses. The reason for this benefit to the soil, however, is of recent discovery and the broader practical application of the knowledge is just beginning to be effective.

Leguminous plants are readily distinguished, in most instances, by the characteristic form of their flowers, of which the garden pea is typical, and by the seed-bearing pods which split upon ripening, at both edges or sutures. The most important difference, however, between leguminous and nonleguminous crop plants as they affect the fertility of soil is the formation of nodules or tubercles, normally attached to the roots of thriving plants of the legume family. These nodules vary greatly in size and shape. On the roots of red clover they are about the size of a pinhead and ovoid in form; on alfalfa they are somewhat larger and irregular in shape, frequently forming in egg-shaped masses, the aggregate of which may be the size of a very small marble, while on soy beans the nodules resemble the seeds of the common pea both in size and shape. For many years and until comparatively recent times these nodules were thought to be a form of root-gall disease. In 1886 the scientists Hellriegel and Wilfarth discovered their real function in relation to the plants and to the soil.

Function of Root Nodules and Nodule Bacteria.

If a nodule on a living plant be cut open and some of the juicy substance in it be spread thinly upon a glass slide, examination under a high-power microscope will reveal an immense number of living single-celled organisms of the kind called bacteria. These nodule-forming bacteria, when in the soil, pass into the minute root-hairs of leguminous plants during their early growth and establish themselves in the outer layer of cells of the true roots, where they multiply rapidly and form the enlargements called nodules.

The nodule bacteria and the host plant are mutually helpful. The plant furnishes a home for the bacteria and the bacteria in turn manufacture food for the plant.

Plants, like animals, require food materials for growth. Among the most important plant foods are compounds of the element nitrogen, which as an invisible gas comprises about four-fifths of the atmosphere. Nitrogen cannot be taken in directly by the leaves of plants as is carbon dioxid, but must first be combined with other elements to form soluble compounds of nitrogen which can be readily absorbed by the roots. The nodule bacteria of leguminous plants use nitrogen directly from the air as it circulates in the soil and convert it into nitrogenous compounds which are utilized in the growth of the plants.

Nonleguminous Crops.

Nonleguminous crops, including corn and other grains, cotton, and the grasses, secure all of the nitrogen for their growth from the soil. All leguminous crops, under normal conditions, obtain a large part of their nitrogen through bacterial action directly from the air, and in general they contain a larger percentage of nitrogen and consequently make richer feeds than nonlegumes.

Soil-Transfer Method.

A practical and effective method of introducing inoculation is to transport soil from a field containing the bacteria needed. Soil from fields of alfalfa, sweet clover and bur clover is interchangeable as regards inoculation; likewise from fields of red, alsike, crimson and white clovers; also from fields of the vetches and field peas. In the case of cowpeas and soy beans, however, each requires its particular strain of bacteria for inoculation. Soil for inoculation should be free from obnoxious weeds. It should be taken from the first five or six inches of the surface and spread at the rate of 200 to 400 pounds per acre on the field to be sown. Nodule bacteria are killed by much strong sunlight, so the inoculating soil should be spread during cloudiness, early morning, or late afternoon, and harrowed in soon after.

Soil-Coating Method.

Where inoculating soil is scarce, economy may be practiced by making a thin mixture of chip glue and water, sprinkling this over the seed to be sown at the rate of about a quart of the liquor to a bushel of seed, then mixing enough of dry, inoculated soil with the seed to make it sufficiently dry to sow well. The inoculated soil thus becomes coated over the surface of the seed and is carried into the soil with the seed.

Legumes and Cropping Systems.

Leguminous plants, because of their relation to nitrogen-fixing bacteria, are called nitrogen gatherers. If leguminous crops are not grown as a part of the cropping system of a farm, the nitrogen supply of the soil is apt to become depleted, especially where nitrogenous fertilizers are not purchased and freely used. The latter way of keeping up the nitrogen is expensive and is seldom profitable, except for truck gardening or other intensive farming. The safer and more practical way in most instances is to maintain the supply of nitrogen by growing legumes, which, besides furnishing nitrogen, keep up the needed humus supply in the soil. Every second to fourth crop in the rotation should be leguminous, depending upon whether the soil is generally fertile; whether the crops of the farm are chiefly sold or fed, and, in the latter case, whether the manure produced is carefully preserved and returned to the soil.

The place which leguminous crops should occupy in any cropping system must depend upon the crops of the rotation, the length of the growing season, and the legumes grown. The best returns are realized, as a rule, by following legumes with strong-growing cultivated crops, such as corn, cotton, potatoes or tobacco. Winter grain crops may well follow cowpeas or soy beans, and the nitrogen which is fixed in the soil by the legumes is valuable to the early growth of these grain crops.

From the farming standpoint leguminous crops may be classified in three groups: (1) Warm-season annuals, which include cowpeas, soy beans, peanuts and velvet beans; (2) cool-season annuals, such as crimson clover, bur clover, hairy vetch and field peas; and (3) biennials and perennials, including alfalfa, sweet clover, alsike clover, red clover and white clover. The purpose which the legume is to serve on the farm must determine from which group it should be selected



SPLENDID FIELD OF SPANISH PEANUTS

CALOMEL MAKES YOU SICK, UGH! IT'S MERCURY AND SALIVATES

Straighten Up! Don't Lose a Day's Work! Clean Your Sluggish Liver and Bowels With "Dodson's Liver Tone."

Ugh! Calomel makes you sick. Take a dose of the vile, dangerous drug tonight and tomorrow you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel, when it comes into contact with sour bile crashes into it, breaking it up. This is when you feel that awful nausea and cramping. If you feel sluggish and "all knocked out," if your liver is torpid and bowels constipated or you have headache, dizziness, coated tongue, if breath is bad or stomach sour, just try a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone.

Here's my guarantee—Go to any drug store or dealer and get a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone. Take a spoonful tonight and if it doesn't straighten you right up and make you feel fine and vigorous by morning I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Dodson's Liver Tone is destroying the sale of calomel because it is real liver medicine; entirely vegetable, therefore it cannot salivate or make you sick.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your bowels of that sour bile and constipated waste which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable. I guarantee that a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone will keep your entire family feeling fine for months. Give it to your children. It is harmless; doesn't gripe and they like its pleasant taste.—Adv.

W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

$3 $3.50 $4 $4.50 $5 $6 $7 & $8 FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers. The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the Fashion Centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

Ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you with the kind you want, take no other make. Write for interesting booklet explaining how to get shoes of the highest standard of quality for the price, by return mail, postage free.



LOOK FOR W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom.

W. L. Douglas
President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., 185 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

Boys' Shoes Best in the World $3.00 $2.50 & $2.00

Her Hint.

Bob—Do you thing that raw material should be taxed?

Belle—Only bachelors.

LIFT YOUR CORNS OFF WITH FINGERS

How to loosen a tender corn or callus so it lifts out without pain.

Let folks step on your feet hereafter; wear shoes a size smaller if you like, for corns will never again send electric sparks of pain through you, according to this Cincinnati authority.

He says that a few drops of a drug called freezone, applied directly upon a tender, aching corn, instantly relieves soreness, and soon the entire corn, root and all, lifts right out.

This drug dries at once and simply shrivels up the corn or callus without even irritating the surrounding skin.

A small bottle of freezone obtained at any drug store will cost very little but will positively remove every hard or soft corn or callus from one's feet.

If your druggist hasn't stocked this new drug yet, tell him to get a small bottle of freezone for you from his wholesale drug house.—adv.

Academically Defined.

The professor of mathematics in the college had been married, and now the problem of subsistence upon a small salary beset him sore. He and his wife put into effect all sorts of economies and efficient methods to make ends meet.

"And does your wife help you to save?" a friend inquired.

"Indeed she does," replied the professor. "In fact, I might call her my co-efficient."

Dangerous Ignorance.

"What people don't know won't hurt them."

"Is that so? What about the man who didn't know the gun was loaded?"

Lumber Consumption

St. Louis has one factory which will this year consume 100,000,000 feet of lumber.

ON FIRST SYMPTOMS

use "Renovine" and be cured. Do not wait until the heart organ is beyond repair. "Renovine" is the heart and nerve tonic. Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

It is the emission of waste steam through the stack that causes a locomotive to puff.

Kill the Flies Now and Prevent disease. A DAISY FLY KILLER will do it. Kills thousands. Lasts all season. All dealers or six sent express paid for $1. H. SOMERS, 150 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. Adv.

Men who have been crossed in love think that the joke is on the girl.

Makes Hard Work Harder

A bad back makes a day's work twice as hard. Backache usually comes from weak kidneys, and if headaches, dizziness or urinary disorders are added, don't wait—get help before the kidney disease takes a grip—before dropsy, gravel or Bright's disease sets in. Doan's Kidney Pills have brought new life and new strength to thousands of working men and women. Used and recommended the world over.

An Alabama Case



A. L. Womack, painter and decorator, 2222 Ave. F, Birmingham, Ala., says: "I had attacks of kidney complaint, my kidneys being weakened by the fumes from the turpentine. My back ached and I had sharp twinges through my kidneys. The kidney secretions were irregular in passage and discolored. Finally, I used Doan's Kidney Pills and they soon rid me of the backache and put my kidneys in good shape."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Carter's Little Liver Pills For Constipation

The Great Vegetable Remedy



Puts You Right Over Night

Genuine bears signature

Brent Good

Small Pill Small Dose Small Price

Colorless or Pale Faces usually indicate the absence of Iron in the blood, a condition which will be greatly helped by **Carter's Iron Pills**

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores

BE CAREFUL WHAT YOU EAT

As Wheat Advances mills and millers are looking for Cheaper Wheat and Cheaper methods of milling Flour. Some mills are blending flours, some mixing other ingredients than the pure, soft, red, May Winter Wheat.

Highland Beauty Flour is milled by a Fine Mill, their reputation is at stake as well as ours, and nothing but pure, soft, red May Winter Wheat is put in "Highland Beauty."

Try this Flour and Be Satisfied.

W. A. KEMP

CLANTON, ALA.

CLANTON LOCALS

Miss Beverly Hester of Judson College at Marion spent the week-end with her parents here.

To have a fine, healthy complexion the liver must be active, the bowels regular and the blood pure. All this is brought about by using HERBINE. It thoroughly scours the liver, stomach, liver and bowels, puts the body in fine condition and restores that clear, pink and white complexion so much desired by ladies. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Miss Bertha Smith spent Sunday with friends in Stanton.

Carl C. Peterson of Thorsby was in Clanton Saturday.

W. Q. Childress of Route 4 was a visitor to the Union-Banner office Saturday.

A prudent mother is always on the watch for symptoms of worms in her children. Paleness, lack of interest in play, and peevishness is the signel for WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE A few doses of this excellent remedy puts an end to the worms and the child soon acts naturally. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Ross Mullins, and Mr. and Mrs. Jake Shepherd of Gadsden spent Sunday with the family of Mr. Oliver Mullins at Jumbo.

B. G .Foshee of Route 2 was a pleasant caller last Saturday.

POTATO PLANTS FOR SALE

In May and June I will have potato plants of the following varieties for sale: Nancy Hall, Dooley Yam, Bunch Yam, Porto Rica, Cuban Yam and Triumph. Prices $1.50 per thousand, or in ten thousand lots, $1.40 per thousand.

J. L. WINSLOW,
3-15-8t. Thorsby, Ala.

NOTICE OF INSOLVENCY

The State of Alabama, Chilton County, Probate Court; April 7, 1917.

In the matter of the estate of P. E. Coleman, deceased.

The estate af said deceased having been reported Insolvent the 19th day of May, 1917, has been appointed to hear and determine upon the same, at which time all presons in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper.

Witness my hand this, 7th day of April, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
4-12-3t Judge of Probate.

J. N. Gentry of Lawley was here Tuesday to bring the returns of the bond issue election from his voting place.

Uncle George Shaw of Jemison came down Tuesday morning to bring the election box to the Sheriff.

B. L. Cobb of Beat 2 was here Tuesday bringing election returns.

Mr. and Mrs. Jake Shepherd of Gadsden spent Sunday here with relatives and friends.

The fire alarm caused a good bit of excitement in the crowd at the picture show on Friday night in spite of the efforts of Mr. Smith to prevent any demonstration. Persons in a crowded building should always think to remain orderly.

HIGH SCHOOL NEWS

The Senior Class play was pulled off Thursday evening with all its glary. We are glad to say that the affair was a success, and we thank the people greatly for the $24.85 which we received toward paying the expenses of the high school annual.

The Sophomores are glad to have Lucile Adams back in school after an illness of several weeks.

Miss Leona Pipes of the Junior Class has returned after her great tour of the great cities of the west. The Juniors welcome her return.

Dr. Demmitt, the high school inspector, was at the high school Monday, and we are glad to say that he left the impression on us that our school was in good condition.

The Business Manager of the Annual will turn all the work over to the press this week, so now it will be only a short time before we can have a look at the 1917 Cantrolla.

Mr. Alred.—How are you getting along in school, Tom?

Tom.—Oh, all right. I am trying awfully hard to get ahead, you know.

Mr. Alred.—Well, heaven knows you need one.

Barber.—I can't shave you sir, unless you hold up your head.

Dewey.—All right, just give me a hair cut then.

Dr. Hayes.—Son, don't believe you washed your face at all.

Dick.—If you don't believe it, look at the towel.

Roberta.—And what are you doing nowadays?

Kathleen.—Looking out for No. one. And you?

Roberta.—Oh, I am looking out for No. two.

To the ones who wish to know the proper length of dress for a young lady of eighteen to wear, the Bureau of Information wishes to reply that it should be "a little above two feet."

Break your Cold or LaGrippe with a few doses of 666.

Groceries

NEWEST, FRESHEST AND BEST LINE OF STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

Farmers are Cordially invited to Trade With Us and to Make Our Store Yours While in Town for Spring Buying.

Best Market Prices Paid for all your Country Produce.

WE WILL APPRECIATE YOUR PATRONAGE AND GUARANTEE A FAIR TREATMENT.

J. W Littlejohn.

CLANTON, ALA.

MASS MEETING AT THE HOTEL WILSON

Apropos the recent ruling of the County Commissioners, in discontinuing the work of our various farm demonstrators, there was a mass meeting of women representatives from nearly every home in the county at the Hotel Wilson, on the afternoon of April 11.

Upon being nominated Mrs. Lee Vickers of Mt. Pleasant and Mrs. Thos. A. Curry of Clanton occupied the positions of chairman and secretary respectively of the meeting.

The purpose of this meeting was to devise ways and means by which the work of the various food-conserving organizations might be continued without interruption. The wisdom of these women assembled amasse, directed them to form and to pass resolutions presenting to the county commissioners. These resolutions presented herewith are a resume of the work that has been accomplished by our farm demonstration agents, and by reading between the lines, any one with even ordinary intelligence can form a conservative estimate of what can be done in the branches of home economics, tomato, corn and pig club work under expert leadership. The resolutions also contain the urgent request that our county commissioners be made mindful of the benefits that might accrue by the retaining of our present officials in this branch of work, in order that they may help weigh their own responsibility to their constituents and abide by the unanimous decision of the majority of our citizenship, and refrain from resorting to such method of what they, the commissioners, conceive to be economy.

It is the general opinion of our citizens that it is not only to the best interests of our county that the services of our present demonstrators be retained, but that it will be positively detrimental to the interests of our county, of our state and of our country for the invaluable service of these officials to be dispensed with at this precarious period.

Resolutions.

Whereas, in view of the imminently satisfactory and useful work of Mrs. Lida Jones for some time past in her field of endeavor in Household Economics, Tomato, Pig and Corn Club work, and

Whereas, in view of the great interest of the whole people, and especially the young girls of the county, in this beneficial and practical work, and

Whereas, it is a fact that for each dollar invested last year, there were material returns of $11.00, and

Whereas, in view of the proved efficiency of Mrs. Jones in this work, and the practical results to be obtained in the future,

Be it resolved, by the ladies of Chilton County, in mass meeting assembled on this, the 11th day of April, 1917, that the past work of Mrs. Jones in her department is heartily endorsed.

2. That the Court of County Commissioners be memorilized to continue the employment of Mrs. Jones in this indispensible work. That to this end, a copy of this resolution, signed by all the members of this mass meeting, be presented to and filed with the Commissioners Court at its next ensuing term.

3. That a copy of this resolution be forwarded to each food conserving organization throughout the county for the signature of its members, then to be returned to Mrs. T. A. Curry, Secretary of this meeting for final presentation to the Board of County Commissioners.

4. That a copy of this resolution be deilvered to Mrs. Jones by the Secretary of this meeting.

This, the 11th day of April, 1917.

MRS. LEE VICKERS,
Chairman of Meeting.

MRS. T. A. CURRY,
Secretary.

Emmett McKee, better known as "Red Mike" was at home from the army a few days this week. Red says he is just back from "catching Villa" and is resting up a few days before going after "Kaiser Bill."

WEDDING ANNIVERSARY

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Mullins came into town Tuesday of last week to celebrate with their children and grand children, the fifty-second anniversary of their wedding. The day was spent at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Jones, where all enjoyed a day spent in tribute to the past years of the beloved father and mother, who are yet, even at their advanced age, young in spirit, pleasant, joyful and happy.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

The State of Alabama, Chilton County. Probate Court. March 29, 1917.

In the matter of the estate of M. P. Robinson, deceased.

Letters of Administration on the estate of John P. Robinson, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 29th day of March, 1917 by Hon. L. H. Reynolds, Judge of Probate of said county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

JOHN S. ROBINSON, Adm.

RUB-MY-TISM—Antiseptic, Relieves Rheumatism, Sprains, Neural-

AT CANAL ZONE COUNTRY WITH AN ALABAMA BOY

Culebra, C. Z., April 4, 1917.—The Union-Banner, Clanton, Ala:

As it has been some time since I was in good old Alabama, and as I am forever thinking of that state and longing to once again be back, I have finally decided to drop a line to the Banner and endeavor to tell its many readers a little of my experiences and climate and the nature of the people of the Sheltering Palm.

I left Fort Jay, New York on March 17, 1917, and arrived here on 26th of the same month. The most of the county and especially this camp was surrounded with tall grass, nearly as tall as the soldiers. However, after several months we succeeded in cleaning away the grass and other cast-off material which had collected there for many years. At the present time, this camp is as clean as the rest of the country.

There are two seasons here—the wet and the dry. Each lasts six months of the year. During the wet season rain falls almost continually, stopping only time enough to get a fresh start again. It seems at times it will never stop raining, but finally it does, and the soldiers are always glad to see the sun's face again. In the dry season the days are very hot and the nights damp. We all sweat an enormous amount, but are becoming more used to the heat now.

I am looking forward to July when my enlistment expires and I will be able to return one more time to dear old Alabama.

The people here are mostly all negroes and Spaniards. The Spaniards on the whole are a dirty set of people and the "twags" are not allowed to mingle with them.

This is indeed a beautiful country to one who has never before had the pleasure of visiting the Canal Zone, but after remaining here two years and having done many hard days labor with pick and shovel, the scenery loses all its beauty, and things do not appear as lovely as when we first set foot on this siol.

Panama City, situated 12 miles from this camp is a real pretty city, but hasn't the beauty and charm of a city in the good old U. S. A. Colon and is the largest city in the Zone. It is situated 45 miles from the camp, it a noted resort and large boats arrive and leave there every day. It is strange but equally true that there are no street cars in this city, but a movement is under way to build a line in and about the city.

There are many kinds of wild animals to be found here in the Jungles. Mountain lions are plentiful and very dangerous. A number of soldiers have already been killed by them. There are also some very large snakes here including the boa constrictor, which although is very seldom seen, except many miles within the depth of the forest.

Many different kinds of fruits may be found here, among them being the mango, which resembles the peach but is much larger and contains a rich mellow meat and is a delightful desert. Oranges are plentiful, also bananas and lemons. Coffee is grown on large farms here.

I could continue to write and tell the readers of the dear old Banner about many different things which are found here, but as this is my first letter I will close for this time.

Hoping to see my letter in print, and trusting that it may prove interesting, with best regards to my old friends and home, I remain,

THOS. E. JONES.
Co. G, 29th Inf.

SINGING CONVENTION

The Chilton County Singing Convention using the Sacred Harp and Christian Harmony music books will be held at Bethel church, about 2 miles southwest of Flakto, on the First Sunday in May and Saturday before. All are invited.

T. J. JACKSON, Pres.
Z. J. JONES, Secy.

FIFTH SUNDAY MEETING

Program to be held at New Cedron church, April 28 and 29th, 1917.

Saturday, 10:00, a.m. Devotional exercises.

10:30. Purpose of Fifth Sunday Meetings by Rev. S. M. Adams and others.

11:15. Sermon by Rev. M. C. Crumpton.

12:00. Adjourn for dinner.

1:30. Report of pastors as to the spiritual condition of the churches.

2:30. Report of deacons as to the financial condition of the churches by Rev. J. I. Bice and others.

3:30. Adjourn.

Sunday, 9:30, a.m. Devotion by B. M. Deason.

10:00. The needs of the church by Rev. S. M. Adams and Prof. McDonald.

11:15. Am I my brother's keeptr? by Rev. R. D. Beavis.

12:15. Adjourn for dinner.

1:30. 15 minutes song service.

1:45. The young people, the hope of the warld, Prof. McDonald and others.

2:30. Why maintain a Missionary Baptist church by S. M. Adams and others.

3:30. Odjourn.

Executive Committee.

The regular term of County or Probate Court is held on the first Monday of each month of the year.

Don't forget your Subscription.

COCOTONE

SKIN WHITENER

25c BOX FREE

A skin bleach or whitener for dark or brown skin, removing all blemishes and clearing swarthy or sallow complexions and causing the skin to grow whiter. Do not envy a clear complexion, use Cocotone Skin Whitener and have one.

What Users Think of Cocotone.

Macon, Ga.

Cocotone Co.

Dear Sirs: Send me by return mail two boxes of Cocotone Skin Whitener and three cakes of Cocotone Skin soap. They are fine and I do not care to be without them. Enclosed is money order for $1.25.

Yours truly,
CLARA M. JACKSON,
Waycross, Ga.

Cocotone Co.

Dear friends: Your Cocotone Skin Whitener is the finest thing I ever saw. My skin is very dark and the first box made it many shades lighter and my friends all ask me what I have been using. Enclosed you will find $2.00. Please send me six boxes of skin whitener and two cakes of soap.

Yours truly,
ANNA M. WHITE,

Montgomery, Ala.

Cocotone Co.

Dear Sirs: I find that Cocotone Skin Whitener is the best preparation I have ever used to clear the skin, and wish you would mail me two boxes at once.

(Signed) Mrs. C. P. JOHNSON.

Accept no substitutes or imitations.

CUT THIS OUT

THE COCOTONE CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.

I heve never used Cocotone Skin whitener, but if you will send me a 25c box free, will be pleased to try it. I enclose six 2c stamps to cover cost of mailing, packing, etc.

Name .....

Address .....

AGENTS WANTED

FOR SALE

Be patriotic. Show your colors. Large American flag for sale. 18 x 10 feet. All wool bunting.

Address or call

THORSBY INN,
Thorsby, Ala.

The First and the Last

THE FIRST STORE COMING IN TOWN FROM THE WEST AND THE LAST STORE GOING OUT WEST. I SELL CHEAP FOR CASH. I HANDLE MEAT, LARD, FLOWER, SUGAR, COFFEE, TOBACCO, AND SNUFF, ALSO MIXED FEED—IN FACT NEARLY EVERYTHING TO BE FOUND IN A GROCERY STORE I ALSO PAY THE MARKET PRICE FOR CHICKENS, EGGS, BUTTER, BEAS WAX, HIDES, TALLOW, AND BRIGHT RIBBON CANE SYRUP. WHILE IN TOWN CALL ON ME AND GET ACQUAINTED WITH MY LINE... I GUARANTEE A FAIR AND SQUARE DEAL TO ALL.

W. A. Huckabee

CANE CREEK.

Say, you folks ought to have been out to our singing Sunday afternoon. There was a large crowd and those who were not present missed a treat. We will have another singing before long and we want you all to come.

Crops are growing fine in spite of the war. We will soon have abundance of greens and English peas. All the gardens are fine. We intend to make Chilton lead this year sure.

Miss Pearl Giles spent Sunday afternoon with Miss Nomie Williamson.

Miss Essie Williamson visited Miss Pearl Moore Sunday.

Misses Essie and Mae Williamson and Miss Pearl Moore visited Miss Mary Ellison Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. Martin Giles spent the day with Mrs. Dan Moore Sunday.

Mrs. Maggie Jones spent Sunday with Brs. Charlie Williamson.

Miss Pernie Gentry went home from Sunday School with Miss Bessie Burnett.

Miss Ida Thompson of Sylacauga is visiting Miss Sarah Lambert.

Well, so long for this time.

HOW THIS MOTHER

Got Strength To Do Her Work

Fair Haven, Vt.—"I was so nervous and run down that I could not do my housework for my little family of three. I had doctored for nearly two years without help. One day I read about Vinol, and thanks to it, my health has been restored so I am doing all my housework once more. I am telling all my friends what Vinol has done for me." —Mrs. JAMES H. EDDY.

Vinol is a combination of famous tonics which we guarantee to build up the weak and run-down.

Upchurch Drug Co., and all leading Druggists in Alabama towns.

Commissioners Court

The regular sessions of the Commissioners Court of Chilton County is held on the following dates:

The second Monday in February.
The first Monday in April.
The second Monday in August.
The first Monday in November.

MONEY TO LOAN

WE ARE IN TOUCH WITH AN UNLIMITED SUPPLY OF MONEY, AND CAN NEGOTIATE LONG-TIME LOANS ON FARM LANDS UPON EASY TERMS. IF YOU ARE INTERESTED, CALL ON US.

Middleton & Reynolds.

CLANTON GRAMMAR SCHOOL NEWS

Herbert—Why do you ask such foolish questions?

Benjamin—Why do you answer them?

Mr. Cox—Where is Novia Scotia?

Annie Mae—To my best recollection, it is in Halifax

The Seniors are glad to say that Anice Kemp and Mary Kennedy have returned to school after having spent several weeks with the measles.

The C. G. S. chewing gum factory has chewed ten per cent more gum this month than the preceding one. Earl is general manager.

Driving the brain starts the pain



Over-work, worry and the constant strain of a business life are often a cause of much trouble.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is highly recommended for all Nervous disorders. It is particularly invaluable to business women. Regulate your bowels by using

DR. MILES' LIVER PILLS

IF FIRST BOTTLE, OR BOX, FAILS TO BENEFIT YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

NERVOUS ATTACKS.

"I suffered with nervous attacks and headaches. Then my liver got out of order and it seemed as though my whole system was upset. I commenced using Dr. Miles' Nervine and also took Dr. Miles' Liver Pills and now I feel perfectly well in every way. My bowels also are in good shape now."

MRS. AUGUSTA KEISER,
1149 Portland Ave.,
Rochester, N. Y.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., MAY 3, 1917. NUMBER 5.

Circuit Clerk, 1 Jan 16

COUNTY ISSUES AN ORDER FOR SALE OF BONDS TO STEINER

Issue to be Effected June 1st, and sold at par, to run for 30 years at 5 per cent.

RELIEF TO BE COMING SOON

PAST DUE ROAD AND BRIDGE DEBTS WILL BE TAKEN UP BY BOND MONEY AND OTHER FUNDS WILL BE RELEASED.

Following is a complete Record of the Proceedings of the Commissioners Court last Friday, relative to the Matter of the Bond Issue:

At a regular adjourned meeting of the Court of County Commissioners of Chilton County, held at the Courthouse of said County, at Clanton, Ala., at 10:30 o'clock A.M. this 27 day of April, 1917, the following were present to-wit:

L. H. REYNOLDS, Judge of Probate, presiding, and S. E. WALDRUP, W. T. HEROD, R. J. WILLIAMS, A. P. VINSON, Commissioners. Absent: None.

A full quorum being present the Court announced itself ready for business.

The following resolution was introduced by Commissioner R. J. Williams, and seconded by Commissioner W. T. Herrod, to-wit:

WHEREAS, at an election held by the qualified electors of Chilton County, in said county on April 16, 1917, this Court aws authorized by vote of more than a majority of the qualified electors of said county voting at said election, to issue bonds in the amount of Two Hundred Thousand ($200,000.00) Dollars, bearing 5 per cent interest, payable 30 years after date, to be known as Funding Road and Bridge bonds, for the purpose of paying debts created for construction public Roads and bridges in said County, according to law. And,

WHEREAS, said election was duly and legally called, held and conducted, returns made, the results canvassed and certified and a record of the result of said election as returned by the board of canvassers, was recorded in the Minutes of said Court, all in full compliance with the laws of the State of Alabama. And,

WHEREAS, no contest of said election has been made by any qualified elector, or any other person, and whereas, no election for the same purpose was held within one year of said eletcion held on April, 16th, 1917. And,

WHEREAS, Steiner Brothers, Bankers of Birmingham, Ala., have submitted a written proposition to purchase the said bonds at par and accrued interest, net to the county, the said Steiner Brothers to furnish the bond blanks, and do all legal work incident to the issuance of these bonds, free of cost to the county, which said proposition, in the judgement of the Court, being for the best interest of the County to accept, that the said proposition of Steiner Brothers, be and the same is hereby accepted; all members voting in the affirmative.

Be it further ordered ,adjudged and decreed that negotiable, coupon bonds of the County of Chilton, State of Alabama, be issued to the amount of Two Hundred Thousand ($200,000.00) Dollars, to be known as Funding Road and Bridge Bonds, to be in denominations of One Thousand ($1,000.00) Dollars, each, and to be numbered from One (1) to Two Hundred (200), both inclusive; to be dated June 1st, 1917, and to be due and payable on June 1st, 1947; to bear interest at the rate of Five per cent. per annum, interest payable semi-annually on June 1st and December 1st, of each year; to be represented by coupons attached to the bonds; both principal and interest of said bonds to be payable in gold coin of the United States of America of the present standard weight and fineness, at the National Park Bank, in the City of New York, State of New York, and payable to bearer.

Said bonds shall be signed by the Probate Judge of Chilton County and countersigned by the Treasurer of said County, and the official seal of the said Judge of Probate shall be affixed to, or impressed upon each of said bonds, and the interest coupons shall be signed by the facsmile engraved or lithographed signatures of said Judge of Probate and said County Treasurer. And the said bonds and coupons shall be in substantially the following form, to-wit: United State of America, State of Alabama, County of Chilton. Funding Road and Bridge Bond. No..... $1000.00.

Know all men by these presents, that the County of Chilton, in the State of Alabama, hereby acknowledges itself indebted and promises to pay to the bearer hereof on the first day of June, 1947, the sum of One Thousand ($1000.00) Dollars, together with interest thereon until paid at the rate of five per centum per annum, payable semi-annually on the first day of December and June in each year, upon presentation and surrender of the proper interest coupons hereto annexed, both principal and interest of this bond being payable in gold coin of the United States of America of the present standard weight and fineness at the National Park Bank, in the City of New York, State of New York.

This bond is issued for the purpose of paying debts created for constructing public roads and bridges in said County of Chilton, under and in full conformity with the Constitution and Statutes of the State of Alabama, including among others ,Article 8 Chapter 11 of the Code of Alabama, 1907, and pursuant to the vote of more than a majority of the qualified electors of said County, voting at an election duly and regularly called, held and conducted for that purpose.

It is hereby certified, recited and declared that all acts, conditions and things required to exist, happen and be performed precedent to and in the issuance of this bond have existed, have happened and have been performed in regular and due time, form and manner as required by law; that this bond and the coupons hereto attached evidence a valid and legally binding obligation of said County of Chilton; and that the amount of this bond, together with all other indebtedness of said County does not exceed any limit prescribed by the Constitution or Statutes of said State; that provision has been made by the said County of Chilton, for the levy and collection annually of such taxes as may be necessary and sufficient to pay the interest on this bond and the principal thereof when due; and for the punctual payment of the principal and interest of this bond the faith and credit of said County of Chilton are herby forever irrevocably pledged.

In Witness Whereof, the County of Chilton in the State of Alabama, has caused this bond to be signed by the Judge of Probate of said County, countersigned by the Treasurer of said County, and the official seal of the Probate Court to be impressed hereon, and has caused the coupons hereto attached to be signed with the engraved or lithographed facsimile signatures of said Judge of Probate and said County Treasurer, and this bond to be dated the first day of June, 1917.

Judge of Probate, Chilton County Alabama.
Countersigned:
Treasurer of Chilton County.

Coupon

On the first day of June December 19..... $.....

The County of Chilton, Alabama, will pay to the bearer at the National Park Bank, in the City of New York, State of New York, the sum of..... .....Dollars, in gold coin of the United States of America of the present standard weight and fineness, being six months' interest then due on its Funding Road and Bridge bond, dated June 1st, 1917. No.....

Judge of Probate.
County Treasurer.

It is further ordered, that all of the recitals contained in the foregoing form of bond are true, and for the punctual payment of the principal and interest of said bonds, the faith and credit of said County of Chilton are hereby forever irrevocably pledged.

It is further ordered, that there be and there hereby is levied upon all the taxable property in the county of Chilton, Alabama, for each of the years 1917 to 1947, both inclusive, a special tax sufficient in amount to pay the interest on all the said bonds as the same falls due and to provide a proportionate part of the principal thereof, and the proper officers of said county are hereby commanded annually to extend, assess, levy and collect said taxes, or that there shall be reserved out of the general tax levied each year, a sum sufficient to pay the interest on all the said bonds and to provide a proportionate part of the principal thereof, which said sum so levied or reserved shall be set aside and placed in a separate fund and be used only for the purpose of paying the interest and principal of the said bonds; and the said County of Chilton hereby declares that the forgoing provision for the levy, assessment and collection of taxes to pay the interest and principal of said bonds is made for the benefit of each and every person who may be or become the owner or holder of any of the said bonds or coupons.

The foregoing resolutions or orders were duly put to a vote and all members of the Court voting in favor thereof, the Judge of Probate declared the same duly adopted.

Mrs. W. P. Crump of Birmingham has been on an extended visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Moore the past few days.

BEAT COMMITTEES ON INCREASED PRODUCTION

Organization for the county perfected at meeting at Clanton Saturday.

Beat 1. Oliver Mullins, J. Mat Mahan, Ben Vines, Mrs. Tom McKee, Mrs. Ross Mahan.

Beat 2. I. N. Langston, J. N. Scott, L. A. McGraw, Miss Addie Horsley, Mrs. Rogers, Mrs. McGraw, Miss Ivy Suttley.

Beat 3. R. J. Williams, D. O. Manning, W. F. DeShazo, R. L. Veazy, Mrs. D. O. Manning, Miss Eula LeCroy.

Beat 4. John H. Duncan, A. L. Williams, J. L. McDowell, Mrs. J. N. Dennis, Mrs. P. T. Hinkle, Mrs. L. O. Vickers, Mrs Wiley Foshee.

Beat 5. Pauley Jones, W. T. Johnson, Willard Davis, Mrs. W. T. Johnson, Mrs. H. B. Oliver, Mrs. H. S. Irvin.

Beat 6. Charlie Foshee, Robert N. Wilkins, Dock DeLoach, Miss Ada M. McDonald, Mrs. Walter Popwell, Mrs. A. W. Pool.

Beat 7. W. Y. Nix, C. J. Cobern, Mr. McAfee, Mrs. Annie Latham, Mrs. Daisy Jarrett, MissNora Wallace.

Beat 8. W. C. Dyer, J. H. Mitchell, D. M. Apperson, T. G. Milling, Miss Mitchell, Mrs. Hamp Foshee, Miss Gregg, Miss Weaver

Beat 9. Robert Scott, P. K. Villadsen, M. J. Barrett, Mrs. N. L. Martin, Mrs. J. E. Pate, Miss Bama Jones, Mrs. Sam P. Collins, Miss Johnnie Burnett

Beat 10. R. T. Grant, Tom Rockett, T. F. Patterson, Miss Emma Jones, Mrs. L. A. Calloway, Miss Georgia Rutland.

Beat 11. R. E. Jones, Jack Gentry, A. Baker, Miss Stevens, Gurvice Stevens, Miss Sara Lambert.

Beat 12. S. J. Dupriest, T. J. Dorminey, Richard Robinson, Mrs. Carrie Scroggins, Mrs. W. H. Conway, Mrs. J. W. Collum.

Beat 13. William Broadhead, J. H. Anderson, J. P. Dykes, Mrs. H. F. Virgin, Mrs. Annie Aldridge, Mrs. Bertha Howard.

Beat 14. Z. J. Jones, L. G. Posey, T. J. Hubbard, Mrs. Clint Veazy, Mrs. William Nix.

Beat 15. W. T. Herrod, I. M. Deason, J. R. Short, Miss Vonnie Johnson, Mrs. R. L. Edwards, Mrs. E. G. Caldwell, Miss Mary Deason, Miss Gertie Klinner, Mrs. W. C. Roper, Mrs. R. J. Jones, Mrs. R. O. Headley,

Beat 16. T. L. Robinson, Joseph W. Foshee, Mrs. W. W. Robinson, Mrs. Jasper Robinson.

Each Beat Committee is authorized to organize further by the addition of such names as they deem fit and proper, and report the same to the General Committee at Clanton.

From time to time, the General Committee will revise the Beat Committees by the addition of other names, to meet suggestions made in and given instance.

Instructions to the Beat Committees on Increased Production in Chilton County:

The Beat Committee in each precinct is especially urged to convene and organize, by the election of a chairman and secretary. Each Beat Committe is requested to forward to the Central Committee at Clanton, or to any member of the Central Committee, the following information:

First—The number of cleared acres unplanted or unused on each farm in each Beat, and the name of the owner or renter of said farm .

Second—What number of acres if any number, the owner or tenant plans or expects to plant of the vacant acreage.

Third—In what crops do they expect to plant the vacant acreage.

Fourth—Under what conditions would the owner or tenant let the vacant lands be cultivated.

Fifth—Find out what available seed can be obtained in each Beat, and what seed, and the kind, that are for sale or exchange.

Sixth—The amount of acreage planted, and the number of acres planted to each crop, on each farm in each Beat.

DR. IGNORANCE DROPS SCOTT HAS A FEW WORDS TO SAY

Jemison, Ala., April 30, 1917.

Editor Union-Banner:—Here I am with a few more doses of "drops."

First, I will say that everything in and around our town is moving on smoothly.

Everybody is at work these beautiful days. It is right amusing to see Mr. Wallace Hand plowing old Dock, and Mr. Tom dropping corn. I tell you there is a great interest among people here in farming.

Uncle W. B. Scott has rented him some land and is going to try to make him some corn and peas.

Mr. G. C. Shaw and Sons are going to do some farming this year.

There are a lot of us old benchwarmers who have got to go to work to help feed the soldiers.

I want to say a few words about the singing held at Center Hill last Sunday. It was good, and it seemed that all who went in the house enjoyed it. The holy spirit seemed to be in the hearts of those who took part in the singing. We had a lot of directors and among them were Prof. Lawley from Shelby, and also Miss Wallace Our old friend, Homer Lowe, of Birmingham, was there.

There are a lot of people who go to such occasions to sit around out of the house in buggies and automobiles till dinner time comes, in the hope of getting their craws filled.. And I am sorry to say that these are mostly all young people too.

But I have never seen such a stir among parents to educate their children. And I wonder why they don't teach them better than to carry on such conduct at occasions like this. Much money is being spent to educate children these days; but as I see it many parents could give their children some very valuable lessons that would not cost them any money. The education that is most needed is being overlooked by most parents.

My father and mother never sent me to school but a little bit, but at home by the fireside, they graduated me in the lesscns of how to behave myself when out to public meetings. They taught me to go in the house when I went to church or any other kind of services, and to keep quiet I was not allowed to stay out and to play around the house and on the yard, sit in buggies and autos, and to keep a great noise going on all the time of services.

This is a progressive age, and many are the new ideas and improvements; but I tell you there are many who would do well to have a little of the good old fashioned "larning."

Mr. Editor, I notice that you almost filled a whole page of your paper last week with solid truths. I am sure our county officers are going to do what they promised us they would do, at least as nearly as they can. I know they will not act Democrats on us. Four years ago Wilson said he wouud bring down the high cost of living. He put on so many Demonstrators on good fat jobs until he has robbed the farm of its labor and everything has gone up till we are now on the verge of starvation.

I am proud of the fact that we have some good level headed people all around over the country who want to see the right things done without any regard to party. We have some of those good Democrats around Jemison. They want to see our county prosper under any sort of officers.

I will close for this time, and come again when the spirit moves me.

DR. J. N. SCOTT.

Hats Cleaned and Blocked

As a special for this week

Vinsons Pressing Shop

Bring your old hats and have them fixed up by a Specialist Hat Doctor.

Panamas . . $1.00
Straws . . 50c.

We guarantee satisfaction, or you can keep your money.

Let us know if you want your hat fixed up, or leave it at the shop.

FITTING MEMORIAL SERVICES FOR THE VETERANS

Brandon and Governor and Mrs. Henderson present and Address the Audience.

Memorial day was observed at the Old Alabama Soldiers Home on Sunday, April 29th, by an immense number of visitors and prominent people from different sections of Alabama. By count there were 41 automobiles parked on the Home grounds, and numerous vehicles in which people from the surrounding country had traveled miles in order to be present to honor the memory of the dead soldiers who are sleeping in the cemeteries.

Visitors, until the hour arrived for the exercises in the auditorium, called at the cottages and the hospital to speak friendly words with the old soldiers, who were cheered by their presence. At the noon hour little groups were scattered over the campus delving into well-filled lunch baskets.

On the sound of the bell the crowd gathered in the auditorium building until it was necessary for Mr. O'Reily the librarian, to refuse permission in the main hall.

At 1:30, that "grand old man," Capt. J. M. Simpson, was requested by Dr.Eiland, the Commandant to act as chairman.

Rev. J. D. Rudd, the Chaplain of the Home, asked God to bless all who had assembled to do honor to the soldiers of the Confederacy.

Hon. W. W. Brandon was introduced by Rev. J. R. Hornady, and he proceeded to deliver one of the most eloquent addresses that an audience ever listened to. Mr. Brandon was, in his remarks, eulogistic and painstakingly appropriate.

Mrs. Charles E. Mitchell of Montgomery, surrounded by a quartette composed of excellent voices, furnished the music for the occasion.

Governor Henderson and Mrs. Henderson both delivered short addresses to the assemblage. They were well received and amply appreciated.

Capt. Rich, with his forty Clanton Boy Scouts, and a number of the scout boys from Verbena, were in the hall.

Hon. F. A. Gulledge ,Sheriff H. A. Harris, Judge L. H. Reynolds, Tax Assessor, J. N. Dennis, and Mr. M. D. Foshee were there and all of them had cheerful words to say to the old veterans during their visits among the different cottages.

As to attempting to mention all of the Chilton county people who were present, fairness suggests that we say that there were no less than 400 of them were present.

As to our scouts and Capt. Rich and Mr. Atkinson and Prof. Johnson, they surely did much towards the making of the day pleasant for the veterans and visitors alike.

The Banner deems it appropriate to make mention of the fact that five daily newspapers were represented on the occasion.

Dr. J. D. Eiland and his wife, assisted by Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland Kicker, made it pleasant for all in attetndance.

The flower garden, attended by Prof. B. J. Hughes, the neat appearance of the park, and a visit to see Mr. Scott's pretty Jersey and Holstein cattle, all were pleasant and appreciated.

During the exercises Miss Pearson, daughter of the late beloved Judge W. W. Pearson, recited choice selections of a patriotic tenor.

Rev. J.D. Rudd thanked God for the day and the occasion.

At 3:30 visitors and old veterans and children scattered flowers over the graves of the near 200 heroes who are sleeping in the cemetery.
of the worst famine we have ever had in this country.

M. D. McQUEEN APPOINTED CHILTON COUNTY SURVEYOR

At the first meeting of the Commissioners Court in April, Mr. M. D. McQueen was appointed as County Surveyor of Chilton County.

Mr. McQueen lives in the west side of the County, on the Autauga line. He was in Clanton Wednesday arranging his bond, and plans to locate in Clanton in a short while to take up his work in the county.

He is a well known and experienced surveyor, having been in the business a long time. Some years ago he was located in Clanton anddid surveying around here for many people.

J. Tom Jones was in our office Tuesday and was telling the editor about his last years crop of peas. Mr. Jones says he has sold $160.00 worth of peas which he raised last season. He sold $100 worth in one lot to a man in Clanton this week.

Bill Goodgame gives the bestservice at his restaurant, and invites you to come there to get your dinner when you are in Clanton.

EAT LESS, GROW MORE, OR WE WILL LOSE WAR IS OPINION OF THE EXPERTS

The country must be Aroused to necessities that are in the face of people of America.

HERBERT C. HOOVER MAKES AN APPEAL TO THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES.

Herbert C. Hoover, the great American success as chairman of the American Commission for Relief in Belgium, did his work so well that the people say he is more efficient than the Germans themselves. President Wilson has called him home to be head of the American Food Board. He is still in London, but he sends a call from there to the American people to get ready for starvation. This call every patriotic American should hear—eater, farmer and college student alike. The man who plants another acre of corn this spring, or the student who helps him cultivate it, is surley a patriot meeting our greatest need.

London, April 21.—The first and most important duty of the American people to their allies is to economize on foodstufls. This is the appeal of Herbert C. Hoover. "If we do not do it," he declared today to the Associated Press, "we stand a grave chance of losing the war, because our allies cannot fight without food. Our enemies are calculating that America will fail in this and our allies will need to give in. America can upset these calculations."

Mr. Hoover's observations were made after [illegible] forks' consultation with members of the British, French and Italian cabinets. He also investigated the food and shipping situation and plans for American cooperation. The net result he arrived at was that between now and the next harvest it would require a supreme effort by the American people.

Of "Utmost Gravity."

"I feel it my duty to emphasize," Mr. Hoover continued, "that the food situation is one of the utmost gravity, which, unless it is solved, may possibly result in the collapse of everything we hold dear in civilization.

"The total stock of food today available in the allied world is simply not sufficient to last until September if America continues its present rate of consumption. We are now face to face with last year's poor harvest, the diversion of man-power from agriculture all over the world, the unavailing efforts of European women to plant available fields fully, the isolation of Russia, the sinking of food ships and many other causes.

"England, France and Italy are reducing consumption by drastic steps, but even with all this reduction they must have from us during the next three months more than twice as much food as we should have exported normally or than we can send if we consume as usual.

"The only hope of providing the deficiency is by the elimination of waste and actual and rigorous self-sacrifice on the part of the American people.

What Allies Must Have

"To carry the Allies over until the next harvest we must reduce our wheat consumption 30 per cent. This means that every man, woman and child must forego at least one loaf of wheat bread per week and eat something else or less generously.

More than 70 per cent. of American homes already are places of thrift economy and a clean plate. In the remaining 30 per cent. no one can deny that there is profligate extravagance and waste. Temperance in entertainment, food and drinks is likely to become no longer an ethical question among this class, but a grim imposition of war.

"I do not believe that there will be any necessity to rigidly ration the American people, for if democracy is of any value as a spiritual and political faith the personal initiative and willingness to volunteer self-sacrifice of every member of the greatest democracy in the world will be ample to solve the problem."

As an answer to this call the University of Pennsylvania is forming its students into Food Growers' Battalions. Columbia University, New York, is doing the same thing. These students are sent to farms where thereis land and equipment sufficient to make them effective in increasing acreage. These universities are giving college credit for this work, which is the most vital thing in the world today. There is no danger of low prices on this crop. Plant more and write to your nearest college or high school asking for help to make the crop. The Department of Agriculture at Washington has already called on them to help, as the Universities of Pennsylvania and Columbia are doing.

CONGRESS PASSES CONSCRIPTION BILL

By a Great Majority The House And Senate Orders The Drafting of Men To Fight Germany

CONFERENCE ON AGE LIMIT

House Passed Conscription Bill By 397 To 24 And Senate By 81 To 8

Washington.—By an overwhelming majority both the senate and house passed the administration bill to raise a war army by selective draft.

The final roll calls brought into line behind the bill many senators and representatives who had fought for the volunteer system until routed by decisive defeat of volunteer amendments earlier in the day in both houses.

The senate, which had voted down the volunteer plan 69 to 18, passed the bill by a vote of 81 to 8. In the house the vote against the volunteer plan was 313 to 109, and that by which the bill itself passed was 397 to 24.

As passed by the senate the measure provides for the draft of men between the ages of 21 and 27 years, while in the house measure the age limits are fixed at 21 and 40. This and lesser discrepancies will be threshed out in conference early so that the bill may be in the hands of the president as quickly as possible. The war department already has completed plans for carrying it into effect.

Congress will go to work to smooth away differences between the drafts of the war army bill as passed by the senate and house. With the administration's plan of raising the country's millions of fighting men by selective draft accepted in both houses by overwhelming majorities, it is regarded as certain that points in dispute can be disposed of in conference so that the measure may go to the president for his signature as soon as possible.

The parliamentary tangle resulting from the almost simultaneous action by the two houses requires the next move to be made on the senate side. The bill must be repassed there, with unlimited opportunity, under strict interpretation of the rules, for further debate and amendment. It then will go to conference, with the principal task that of harmonizing the two houses on the maximum conscription age, fixed by the senate at 27 and by the house at 40.

Upon disposing of the army bill the senate leaders plan to resume consideration of the administration's espionage measure, with interest centered on its presidential expert embargo provision. Many other food questions are before both houses and the administration bills to deal with various food supply questions may be introduced in both houses shortly.

MANY COUNTER ATTACKS LAUNCHED BY GERMANS

Kaiser's Troops Charged In Mass Formation And Were Slaughtered By British Artillery

New York.—The three-mile stretch of territory from Aleux-en-Gohelle to Gavrelle is the scene of great battles for supremacy between the British and Germans.

Another trench system—a barrier to the forward march of Field Marshal Haig's forces toward Douai—has been taken in most sanguinary fighting.

The Britishers went into the fray with their usual intrepidity. The Germans resisted strongly, but King George's men would not be denied and soon drove out the defenders of the position and entered it. Counter attacks launched by the Germans were unavailing.

When dawn broke over the battlefield April 28 it found the Canadians holding tenaciously to Arleux-en-Gohelle, which they had captured in a thrilling battle. The preceding night had not been a restful one, for the Germans threw a heavy counter attack against them that required hard work to put down with rifle and machine gunfire — a task which, however, the Canadians successfully accomplished and inflicted heavy casualties upon the Germans.

State Of War Ignored By Germany

Berlin.—Although the police circular, ordering Americans to report daily to the police stations and to remain indoors between 10 p. m. and 6 a. m., sets forth that Americans are to be treated henceforth as enemy foreigners, officials of the foreign office says this is only in modified form. At the foreign office it is still said Germany has not recognized the American declaration of the existence of a state of war and that, therefore, Americans are not enemy foreigners but merely non-neutrals.

Homage Paid To Gen. Washington

Mount Vernon, Va.—The flags of Great Britain, France and the United States floated proudly together here over the tomb of George Washington. Beneath them spokesmen of the three great democracies paid homage to America's soldier and statesman, and pledged themselves, each to the other in the name of the dead, to prosecute the present mighty struggle against autocracy on the lines he himself had followed in bringing America into being.

SPAIN THREATENS GERMANY

Declared If Ruthless Warfare Continues Spain Will Take Steps To Protect Herself

London.—The Spanish government's note to Germany regarding German's submarine campaign contains a paragraph stating that if Germany continues in its determination to sink all vessels in order to defend its life, Spain must take a like step to defend her life. This portion of the note says:

"If the imperial German government persists in declaring that it adhered to its determination in order to defend its life, it must not be astonished if Spain, for the same reason, must emphasize her right to defend her own life.

May Modify Submarine Warfare

Christiana.—The Norges Handels Siofartstidende says that as a result of reports by German ministers and consuls in neutral countries to the German government, the latter probably will draft new regulations governing the ruthless submarine war upon neutral shipping. Spain, the newspaper adds, already has obtained concessions.

Copenhagen.—The National Tidende says it learns that the German ministers in neutral states, including Count von Brookdorff-Ratnzau, minister to Denmark, have gone to Berlin to participate in conference of the bundeserat on questions connected with Germany's submarine warfare.

BRITONS ARE STRONG FOR ARMY CONSCRIPTION

General Bridges, Member Of Balfour Party, Tells What Volunteer System Cost England

Washington. — Lieutenant General Bridges, a member of the British commission, declares that the British democracy had become "almost fanatical" over universal military service.

The volunteer system under which the empire entered the war, General Bridges says, has cost the lives of the most valuable citizens, crippled industrial mobilization and immeasurably set back England's efforts in the war.

"War," says General Bridges, "is no longer a war of expeditions, but is a case of nation against nation. Men, women and children are equally drawn into its vortex, the women and children being forced into industry and fed on half rations in order to supply the men at the front.

"War has become an immensely democratic business and needs the full effort of every member or community directed along the lines most necessary to be served."

GOD WILL HELP FURTHER, SAYS GERMAN EMPEROR

In Announcement Claiming "Fresh English Storm Has Been Broken"

Amsterdam.—A Berlin official statement says that the German emperor has sent the following message to Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria, commanding the Artois army group:

"The fresh English storm on the battle field of Arras has been broken by our troops. To the heroes of Arras and their trustworthy leaders, who, in capacity, ability and success, have equaled their comrades on the Aisne and in Champagne, I send my thanks and those of the fatherland. God will help further."

Millionaire Hurries To Pay Taxes

New York.—Some patriotic American with a fortune in excess of $64,000,000 has paid his income tax six weeks in advance, thereby losing $3,750 in interest. The tax payer's name is withheld in accordance with the law, but the fact that he had handed a check for more than five hundred thousand dollars to the collector of internal revenue here has been made public. Collector Edwards believes that this man's example will give impetus to the patriotic movement started here for the payment of federal taxes ahead of time.

Many Russ Generals Have Been Fired

Petrograd.—As a result of the visit of War Minister Guchkoff to the southwestern front, twenty-three generals, including some generals of division, have been replaced. On all fronts not fewer than 114 officers have been removed.

Greece Going To War For The Allies

New York.—A cablegram quoting an Athens newspaper with the statement that Grece is on the point of entering the war as an ally of the entente powers has been received here by a Greek daily newspaper. The Greek daily newspaper, Embros, Athens, in an inspired leading article, states that Greece is about to enter the war on the side of the allies," the cablegram read. "The new prime minister will be Alexander Zaimis, who has made proposals to the entente powers which have been accepted.

French Commission Arrives In U. S.

Fortress Monroe, Va.—France's war commissioners to the United States have arrived in Washington on board the presidential yacht Mayflower. The mission, of which Rene Viviani, vice premier and minister of justice, is the official head, and Marshal Joffre, a member, brings no written instructions from the French government, the ministry having decided to give its members unlimited powers to negotiate with the United States on all subjects, military, naval and financial.

U. S. MUST SMASH U-BOAT BLOCKADE

Growing Success Of Submarine Campaign Forces Problem Of Supplying Allies With Food To The Front

QUICK ACTION IS NEEDED

More Merchant Ships To Be Put In Commission And Steps Taken To Insure Foodstuffs

Washington.—Evidence of growing success for the ruthless German submarine blockade has forced the problem of supplying the entente quickly with food and other necessities sharply into the forefront of the American government's war program.

Aroused by information brought to this country by the British and French war missions, President Wilson and his cabinet set about to launch with its full force as speedily as possible their campaign to break down the blockade, planned by the administration as the nation's first physical stroke against Germany.

The food problem occupied the cabinet meeting almost to the exclusion of all other important war questions before the government. Afterwards it was indicated that the recent German submarine ravages were considered so successful that the United States must marshal its resources immediately to put more merchant ships in commission to help devise some means of fighting submarines and to insure a greater yield of foodstuffs to offset the increasing destruction of food cargoes in the war zone.

Members of the cabinet took to the meeting a great quantity of information given by the visiting missions, including a plea by some members of the French commission that America must act quickly if the world is to be saved from famine. Recent declarations in the British parliament were reviewed as supplementing this evidence. There was no attempt to conceal the impression that the food problem had taken on an aspect making it incomparably the most pressing question facing the United States in its efforts to stem the progress of the enemy.

Although details of the steps to be taken were not revealed, there were indications that more energetic measures might be expected to speed up the work of relieving the food situation in the entente countries. These measures, it was predicted, would be the first to take form as a result of the international war conferences here.

FRANCE AND ITALY TO GET BIG LOANS

United States To Let Two Countries Have $200,000,000 To $300,000,000 To Carry On War

Washington.—President Wilson has approved requests from France and Italy for immediate financial aid and from two hundred million to three hundred million dollars will be lent by the United States.

In the case of Italy arrangements already have been made for the transfer of the money. While the amount has not been divulged, it is understood to be between fifty million and one hundred million dollars.

France will receive between one hundred and fifty million and two hundred million dollars, probably the larger amount.

With the completion of these transaction the total of the government's loans to the allies will approximate five hundred million dollars. There is every indication that at least five hundred million dollars more will be lent the allies before the end of the fiscal year, June 30, and the amount may run to one billion dollars more, bringing the grand total of America's loans during the first three months of the war up to one billion five hundred million dollars. At this rate six billion dollars a year would be put out.

German Steamers Have Been Repaired

Colon.—Repairs to the four German steamers recently seized here are virtually complete. The steamers are the Grunewald, Prinz Sigismund, Sachsenwald and Savoia.

120 Men Killed By Mine Explosion

Trinidad, Colo.—Hope that any of the 120 men thought to be entombed in the Hasting mine, near here, may be rescued has been abandoned by rescue crews. The men were caught behind a wall of fire which followed an explosion in the main stope early in the morning and cannot be reached. The first bodies of victims have been found by the rescue squads, according to Charles Dalrymple, chief inspector of the state mining bureau. He said the rescuers penetrated 2,000 feet in to the workings.

Mississippi Postpones Her Exposition

Gulfport, Miss.—The general commission of the Mississippi Centennial Exposition at a meeting here decided to postpone the opening date of the exposition, which had been set for December 10 next, until February 22, 1919. Should peace be gained by February 22, 1919, the anniversary of the birth of George Washington, the commission announces there will be celebrated not only the one hundredth anniversary of Mississippi's statehood, but "the triumphs of international democracy."

AMERICANS SINK SUBMARINE

First Gun Of War Fired For United States Sinks German Under-Sea Craft

London.—Captain Rice of the American steamship Mongolia, which has arrived at a British port, says that the Mongolia fired the first gun of the war for the United States and sank a German submarine.

The submarine, Captain Rice says, was about to attack the great liner in British waters on April 19. He declares there was absolutely no doubt that the U-boat was hit and that there is every reason to believe it was destroyed.

The naval gunners on board made a clean hit at 1,000 yards. The periscope was seen to be shattered.

Even more pertinent a fact, as regards the ultimate fate of the submarine, was that the shell disappeared immediately after the hit was scored. The captain states that a shell always ricochets in the waters and can be seen again unless it finds the mark. Oil was seen on the water after the disappearance of the submarine.

The Mongolia was going at full speed and was a long distance away when the spray and foam subsided, but, from the bridge the officers observed the spot through their glasses, and they are confident the submarine was sunk.

The periscope was sighted dead ahead on the last afternoon of the voyage. The captain gave the order for full speed ahead with the intention of ramming the submarine.

The periscope disappeared and a few minutes later reappeared on the ship's broadside. The gunners fired, hitting the periscope squarely and throwing up a mountain of water.

Captain Rice outlined the incident with modesty, but could not quite conceal the pride he felt in the achievement of his ship. He paid a high tribute to the gunners and especially to the manner in which they were handled by the officer who directed the firing of the telling shot.

BRITISH AND GERMAN DESTROYERS IN BIG FIGHT

Ships Became Locked And Men Clashed Hand To Hand—British Middy In Heroic Role

London.—Two British destroyers on patrol duty in the English channel off Dover on the night of April 20 came upon a flotilla of six German destroyers and then ensued an encounter that will live long in the history of naval engagements. German destroyers were torpedoed and rammed; every gun on board the combatants was working, sweeping the decks and tearing gaps in the sides of the opposing craft. There was the locking together of a British and German destroyer and the men fought furiously in a hand-to-hand battle.

The British destroyers were the Swift and the Broke, and although they had received many wounds they returned to port.

123,000 MEN VOLUNTEER TO FOLLOW COL. ROOSEVELT

60 Per Cent From The Southern States, And Of Total 10,000 Are Negroes

New York.—Approximately one hundred and twenty-three thousand men have applied thus far and been found to meet the requirements for membership in Colonel Roosevelt's proposed army division, it is anonunced at enrollment headquarters here, which have been open for some time with the former president's approval. Sixty per cent of the volunteers are from Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and other Southern states. Only fifty of the applicants, it is said, are under twenty-five years old. Now below this age are being accepted. Of the total ten thousand are negroes.

Censorship Ordered On Mexican Wires

Washington.—President Wilson has signed an executive order providing for the censorship of cables out of the United States and of telegraph lines into Mexico. Arrangements for the censorship already have been made with the cable and telegraph lines, which officials say will prevent the sending of information which may be of value to the enemy with as little interference as possible to ordinary business and personal communications.

$100,000 Proposed As Income Limit

Washington.—Members of the United States war finance committee are here to lay before the ways and means committee of the house facts and figures to support their propaganda to permit no income of more than $100,000 a year durin gthe war. Their argument is that the average American citizen is in no position to stand any additional burdens of taxation and that war taxes should be borne by a class which has profited by the extraordinary increase in the country's wealth.

High Wages Paid To Merchant Crews

New York.—What is said by marine men to be the topmost price ever paid for service on an American or any other merchant vessel was recorded with the signing of a crew of an American ship that is to sail through the submarine zone. The first mate will get $300 a month, the chief engineer $250, second mate $200, first assistant engineer $200 and so on down the line to firemen and coal passers at $60 to $75, with mess boys at $45. But in addition a war bonus of 100 per cent is promised

Y. M. C. A. OF STATE TO RAISE $25,000

MONEY TO BE USED TO MAINTAIN SUITABLE Y. M. C. A.'S IN UNITED STATES ARMY.

HOLD REUNION AS PLANNED

Commander of Confederate Veterans Issues Proclamation on Annual Meeting.

Birmingham.—Alabama will furnish $25,000 of the $3,000,000 to be raised in America to build and maintain suitable Y. M. C. A.'s in the United States army during 1917. This was announced following the meeting in Birmingham. The International Work Council of the Y. M. C. A. was assured the co-operation of the Birmingham and all the Alabama branches of the organization. Several Alabama cities are expected to provide separate brigade buildings. These buildings cost, including a year's expenses of the institution, from $10,000 to $12,000.

Reunion Will Be Held As Planned.

Opelika.—Gen. George P. Harrison, commander-in-chief of the United Confederate Veterans, has announced positively that the reunion this year will not be postponed, but will be held in Washington, beginning June 5, as planned.

Ordered to Shoot to Kill.

Montgomery.—Soldiers doing sentinel duty in Alabama are ordered to shoot to kill if the order to halt is not obeyed by suspicious characters approaching their outposts. One of the cavalrymen, following his instructions, killed a negro near Hull, a small station in Tuscaloosa county. Captain McMeans reported to General Steiner Tuesday that a negro having the identification card of the Vredenburgh Sawmill company, bearing the name John White, was killed by Sentinel Fred Campbell at a bridge over Big Sand creek. The negro was running under the bridge and refused to halt.

Montgomery Gets Templar Meeting.

Tuscaloosa.—With selection of Montgomery as the next meeting place, the fifty-seventh annual grand conclave of the Knights Templar of Alabama came to a close. It was the unanimous opinion that the entertainment in Tuscaloosa this year was one of the most enjoyable that has ever been had by the grand commandery. The following officers were elected for the next term: Grand commander, J. F. Spearman of Anniston; deputy grand commander, D. C. Carmichael of Dothan; grand efneralissimo, J. V. Flack of Mobile; grand captain general, William A. Trimby of Selma; grand senior warden, Lawrence H. Lee of Montgomery; grand junior warden, J. P. Melvin of Tuscaloosa; grand prelate, J. W. Johnson of Birmingham; grand treasurer, F. M. Sullivan of Selma; grand recorder, George A. Beauchampe of Montgomery; grand standard bearer, Woolsey Finnel of Tuscaloosa; grand sword bearer, Lawrence Gellerstedt of Troy; grand warden, R. H. Walcott of Albany; grand captain of the guard, W. H. Cooper of Montgomery.

Birmingham Gets 1918 Meeting of S. S.

Birmingham. — Birmingham was unanimously chosen as the place for the meeting of the 1918 State Sunday School convention. During the past year the general secretary visited 41 counties, traveling a distance of 16,561 miles, in attending 110 meetings, at which he made 340 addresses. In these meetigs 1085 Sunday schools were represented, while the total attendance was 15,452. In addition to this work within the state, the general secretary made 28 speeches at various conventions and meetings at places beyond the confines of Alabama. During the year he mailed 46,459 letters, 6076 packages, 752 volumes for the general library and 2,139,000 packages of printed matter, nearly double the record of the year before.

Captain Grayson Dead.

Huntsville. — Funeral services for Capt. John W. Grayson, for many years one of the foremost citizens of Madison county, who died at his home in the eastern part of the county, from the effects of a stroke of paralysis, were held here. Captain Grayson was a Confederate veteran and commanded a troop of cavalry in the Fourth Alabama regiment.

Leaves Note to Bondsmen.

Tuscaloosa.—It developed that J. S. Cameron, the circuit clerk of Greene county, who has disappeared, left a note in his safe to his bondsmen, telling them where they could find all of his vouchers and receipts and stating that his accounts gere in good shape; that he was leaving for parts unknown, and not to attempt to find him.

Additional Bonus Given Employes.

Gadsden.—The Gulf States Steel company has granted an additional 10 per cent bonus to their employes. The increased bonus will become effective May 1. The company now pays a bonus of 20 per cent and the latest bonus increases this to 30 per cent.

Farm Work Caught up.

Ashland.—Farm work in this county is almost caught up in the past two weeks of fair weather.

MISS WILSON SINGS.

Daughter of the President Gives Concert in Birmingham.

Birmingham.—Miss Margaret Wilson, daughter of the President, visited Birmingham May 2, accompanied by Mrs. J. Ross David, pianist, and gave a voice concert at the Jefferson theatre to benefit the American Red Cross. Miss Wilson, who is a most enthusiastic worker in the Central Chapter of the Red Cross in Washington, came to Birmingham in the interest of the membership campaign for a strong Birmingham chapter. The money from all concerts given by Miss Wilson is used for the advancement of the American Red Cross.

Mrs. Mathis Plans Tour of State.

Birmingham.—Alabama completely organized, every county busily at work to solve its own particular problems of food production, and all together a composite whole attacking the problem of feeding the state and having a surplus for the nation, is the plan of Mrs. G. H. Mathis, who is in the Birmingham district for two days, planning with the various committees of the civic and commercial organizations in the interest of her food compaign. Mrs. Mathis has just completed a tour of seven counties, which resulted in the complete organization of food production committees in each of them. Morgan, St. Clair, Calhoun, Cleburne, Talladega, Walker and Cullman counties are the latest scenes of her campaign. She now contemplates a general tour covering 45 cities and towns in northern and central Alabama under the auspices of the local Rotary club.

New Publications on Farm.

Auburn.—A series of publications under the title, Home and Farm Conveniences, are now being prepared by Thomas Fullan, of the Alabama Extension Service. Several members of the series are now ready for distribution. Each publication is prepared in the form of a leaflet, and gives instructions in detail on how to make at home, at slight expense, some useful implements, utensils, or piece of furniture. The instructions are accompanied by drawings.

Postmasters Recruiting Many.

Decatur.—The postmasters of north Alabama are making the recruiting officers for the army look to their laurels. At the local station one-fourth of all the recruits enlisted to date have been sent in by postmasters. Miss Elizabeth Simpson, postmaster at Hartselle, and R. L. O'Neal, postmaster at Huntsville, have four each to their credit. Postmaster Claude McMillan has one. The postmasters receive $5 for each man accepted.

Lang Accepts Position.

Anniston.—The synod of the North Alabama Presbyterian church, held in Birmingham, confirmed the action of the board of directors of the Alabama Presbyterian college in offering Dr. George Lang the presidency of that institution. Dr. Lang, who is now acting president of the University of Clarksville, Tenn., will assume his duties as president of the Alabama Presbyterian college in this city July 1.

Tuscaloosa to Invite Editors.

Tuscaloosa.—Tuscaloosa will ask to entertain the next meeting of the editors of Alabama when they meet in Gadsden this month. A representative will go to the meeting backed with invitations from all of the civic bodies of Tuscaloosa, City Commission and newspapers asking that the pen pushers be the guests of the Druid City in 1918.

Finger Valued at $1000.

Birmingham.—A little finger is worth $1000. So the jury in the case of D. M. Hall vs. the Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron company decided when it rendered a verdict for the plaintiff. The case was heard before Judge H. A. Sharpe. The plaintiff declared that he lost a finger while in the employ of the Sloss company.

Court to Convene.

Goodwater.—The spring term of the Coosa county circuit court will begin at Rockford May 7. Judge S. L. Brewer, the judge of this circuit, will try the cases and the state will be represented by Circuit Solicitor W. B. Bowling and Felix L. Smith, newly appointed county solicitor.

State Labor Meeting Planned.

Anniston.—Labor organizations of Anniston have begun the work of preparing for the reception and entertainment of delegates to the conference of the State Federation of Labor, which fill meet in this city May 21, for a three days session.

Farmers Making Good Time.

Goodwater.—Farmers in this section have been putting in busy days with farm work in this section and the continued fair weather is giving them opportunity to make up for time lost by the rainy weather of some weeks ago.

Tin Can Famine Felt.

Anniston.—There is a tin can famine, according to statements made by some of the hardware dealers in Anniston. One dealer, who had about 80,000 cans, left over from last year, has disposed of nearly all of them.

Horticulturists Meet.

Mobile.—The Gulf Coast Horticultural Association, representing three states, held a long session here. More than 100 delegates were present. Dr. O. F. E. Winburg was re-elected president.

THE SHIELDING SHADOW

AUTHOR OF "BEYOND THE FRONTIER," "MAID OF THE FOREST," "MY LADY OF THE NORTH," ETC.

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BY RANDALL PARRISH

SYNOPSIS.

Adventurous Jerry Carson embarks in search of hidden treasure with the promise of Leontine Walcott to be his wife on his return. Her father favors Sebastian Navarre. Jerry's ship is burned; he is reported lost. Sebastian presses his attentions. Jerry suddenly turns up to confront charges of the Navarres against him. In a struggle for a forged paper Diego Navarre is killed and Jerry is convicted of the murder. He escapes, and finds the treasure and a wonderful chemical pellet. Leontine is forced to marry Sebastian. On the honeymoon, he attacks her in a rage. Suddenly he is confronted by a weird apparition. Leontine meets One Lamp Louie. Ravengar saves her from fire. Sebastian, driven to desperation, threatens her again but the Shadow intervenes. She hears it speak of Jerry. Ravengar forces a confession from Louie. Sebastian attempts to get it. An earthquake occurs; in the excitement Red Finn steals the confession and flees.

FIFTH EPISODE

Bianca Deals.

"Red" Finn had almost forgotten the fact that nature had assigned him many parts to play. He was so good an actor that he identified himself with every part completely. For five years he had been "Red" Finn, the name of a man he killed in a Montana Gambling house. He spoke like a Western desperado, his verbs and nouns were seldom upon nodding acquaintance with each other, and he forgot all about his other roles.

When he emerged, dripping and shaken, from the river, clutching the stolen confession in his hand, he made his way hastily to his shack. He found it unharmed after the earthquake, changed his clothes, ate a meal, and hurried toward the nearest station.

In the train he shook off "Red" Finn entirely. "Red" had outplayed his part. He became Ludwig Romanoff, a role he had filled in Germany, with great success, six years before. His nouns and verbs made up; and as the rough desperado became a sleek, polished crook, the very expression of the man ceased to change.

Arriving in the East, he quickly found his level among the denizens of the underworld. He soon came to realize that Louis Lamb's confession, for which Sebastian had offered Ravengar ten thousand dollars, must still be worth at least that sum.

Sebastian, having returned with Leontine from White's Village, had resumed his old life with all the burden of his latest experiences added to it. He knew now that detection of his part in the conspiracy against Jerry Carson was imminent. He knew that Louis and Ravengar were leagued together to hunt him down. He guessed that Leontine suspected. And he did not know what to do.

It was while he was in this uncertainty that Ludwig Romanoff called with Louis' confession in his pocket.

Sebastian, who did not know that the confession had been stolen from Ravengar, started nervously, nevertheless, when the strange name was announced. He had been breakfasting with Leontine. She saw him start and looked after him in wonder as he left the room and went into his library.

Overcome with curiosity, Leontine [illegible] into the hall. The library door [illegible] not quite closed, and the two men [illegible]re standing in such a position that Leontine could see them reflected in the mirror that hung in the hall. She



He Snatched It Out of Her Hand.

saw Sebastian, looking nervously at his visitor, and in the visitor she recognized, to her surprise, the man who had stolen the confession from Ravengar.

Unable to stir, she could not but hear the ensuing conversation:

"Mr. Navarre, your name is mentioned in a certain confession," said Romanoff. "I have it here." He drew it from his pocket and held it in his hand.

"I know all about that," answered Sebastian, swallowing hard. "A man in my position is naturally the victim of conspirators and blackmailers. If you have come here to blackmail me, you have mistaken your man. However, my time is valuable, and rather than waste it in having you arrested, I am willing to pay you a hundred dollars for that confession."

Leontine did not see the mocking look on Romanoff's face. She burst into the room.

"And I will pay you a thousand!" she cried.

Sebastian flushed and moved threateningly toward her. "With my money?" he sneered.

"A thousand dollars," cried Leontine again.

Romanoff smiled. "It seems to be going up in value. I think I'll keep it," he announced, pocketing the paper.

He was nearing the door when, with an oath, Sebastian whipped out a revolver from the desk beside him and leveled it.

"You'll hand that over or you'll never leave this room alive!" he shouted.

Romanoff, taken aback, could only stare into the muzzle of the weapon. He saw that Sebastian was desperate.

He put his hand into his pocket and drew out the confession.

Suddenly the revolver was dashed from Sebastian's hand. Sebastian went reeling back across the room, as if he had received a stunning blow in the face. Yet there was nobody in the room except himself, Leontine, and Romanoff.

Next instant, as Sebastian recovered himself, he was picked up and hurled to the ground. He lay there as if stunned.

And Leontine, gazing in terror at her husband, saw, at a height of nearly six feet from the ground, a pair of eyes fixed on the prostrate man. It was the mysterious defender who had championed her,

Romanoff, with an exclamation of terror, turned and bolted from the room. He hurried into the street and leaned against the wall of the house, trembling.

He held the precious paper in his hand. He tried to replace it in his pocket, but his hands shook

Suddenly his hand dropped as if the wrist were broken. The invisible antagonist was upon him, and Romanoff fought in his grasp, feeling a sensation of power opposing him.

It was a weird struggle in the sunny street. A policeman, across the road, looked in amazement at a man reproducing all the features of a battle for life—alone.

At last, leaping back, Romanoff managed to wrench his arm free and delivered a blow with all his strength at the invisible antagonist.

It was efficacious, for all at once Romanoff felt that he was free. He thrust the paper into his pocket.

* * * * * * *

Romanoff hurried away, glancing back furtively in the fear that the invisible presence was pursuing him.

Once aboard a street car, he felt safe from pursuit. He gradually recovered his nerve, until, by the time he reached his destination, he felt ready to laugh at the episode.

He jumped from the car and made his way to a private residence on the side street near by. The blinds were drawn, and there was nothing to indicate that this was other than a respectable private house whose occupants were away.

As a matter of fact, however, the house was connected with the one adjoining and was one of the most celebrated gambling establishments in the city.

The adjacent house was occupied by Bianca, the most notorious woman of the underworld that the city had known.

Romanoff tapped at the door of the gaming establishment, flung a word to the woolly-headed attendant, and entered through the grilled door. He made his way along a passage and entered the room in which, even at that hour, the gamblers were assembled. Bianca ran the place night and day.

Romanoff cast a glance about him. The players, intent upon their game, took no notice of him. But Romanoff saw one man whose presence filled him with consternation.

It was Ravengar, unknown to Romanoff by name, but the man with whom he had fought for the confession in White's Village, the man to escape whom he had made his desperate leap from the high bridge.

Romanoff stared at him in momentary terror. What was he doing here?

He stood and watched the players for a few moments, and then made his way quietly from the room. Entering a passage, he pushed back a curtain, disclosing a paneled wall. Romanoff touched a spring and one of the panels slid back, forming a little doorway into an anteroom of the next house. He closed the door behind him and passed on into a larger room, where a woman was seated upon a divan covered with Persian draperies, listening to the remarks of two men who were talking to her in low and eager tones.

As Romanoff entered the men sprang to their feet quickly; then, recognizing him, they nodded. Bianca smiled at him.

"You've been away a long time, Mr. Romanoff," she said, smiling at him.

"Yes, but I've been away for good reasons," Romanoff answered. "I've got something in view that's worth considering."

"Sit down and tell me about it," said Bianca.

About one minute after Romanoff had left the gambling room, Ravengar rose from the table. He pocketed his winnings with a yawn and strolled into the hall. Pushing back the curtain, he, too, touched the spring, and the panel opened. He entered the anteroom noiselessly and turned to close the panel behind him.

He could hear the low conversation in the next room. As he moved stealthily forward, he became conscious that his coat had caught in the panel.

He turned to free himself. The sliding panel jarred slightly. In an instant one of the men in the next room, alarmed by the sound, appeared in the doorway. Ravengar had just managed to free himself when the man was upon him, grasping him roughly by the arms.

"What are you doing here?" he demanded.

Something in Ravengar's look frightened him, for, releasing his captive, the man stepped back and drew a revolver from his pocket. Ravengar caught him by the arm. The weapon was discharged, the bullet passing into the ceiling. A chip of plaster fell to the floor.

At the sound, Romanoff, Bianca, and the third man rushed into the room. They found Ravengar struggling with the "look-out" man.

At Bianca's command the men fell back, leaving Ravengar in possession of the revolver which he had wrested from the other. Bianca and he looked at each other for a moment in silence. Then Bianca smiled.

"Put that away, please," she said quietly. "I don't allow weapons in my house."



"I Will Pay a Thousand," She Cried.

Ravengar smiled back at her, but he did not put down his weapon.

A moment afterward she reached behind the portieres and pulled a cord. A trap-door opened under Ravengar's feet, and he slid down a chute.

As he disappeared, the spring door, released of his weight, sprang up again. Bianca looked at the men with her and laughed.

"An interesting fool," she said. "What were you telling me, Mr. Romanoff?"

* * * * * * *

Could free herself from the man who was her husband in name alone? That was Leontine's thought as she sat miserably in her room alone.

Suddenly she sprang to her feet as a new idea came to her. It brought the flush to her cheeks; it seemed a shameful thing—yet it might mean her freedom from Sebastian.

No sooner had the idea come to her than it assumed mastering force. She dressed hurriedly and slipped out of the house.

She took a street car downtown. She must have sat brooding in her room for hours, for it was already late and the crowds were pouring out of the theaters. She reached the one to which her husband had gone just in time to see the first of the audience leave.

Drawing into the doorway of a little shop adjacent, she scanned the crowds keenly. Presently her attention was directed toward a black-haired woman of singularly attractive appearance, who was just getting into her motor. There was something about her that made Leontine watch her every movement.

Then, just as the woman had seated herself within the car, Leontine saw Sebastian leave the theater with a companion. At that moment the woman dropped her fan.

The act was done with a certain deliberation. Of that Leontine was sure. She knew, too, that it had been done to attract Sebastian; she knew all this as only a woman understands the motives of other women.

Sebastian picked it up, bowed, and handed the fan to the woman in the motor. She thanked him with a smile and pressed something into his hand. Leontine saw the flutter of a piece of paper.

The motor drove away, but Sebastian stood reading the note under the light. A moment afterward he bade his companion good-night and hurried away.

Leontine followed him. The chance that she had sought seemed to be at hand. Sebastian called a taxicab and, giving a brief direction to the chauffeur, entered it. Leontine summoned another vehicle.

"Follow that cab," she said.

The driver, who was used to such situations, obeyed with alacrity. Presently he stopped and came running to open the door. "The gent's just gone into that house with the barred windows," he said to her.

"Whose house is it?" asked Leontine.

"Madame Bianca's," said the man, with a grin. "They won't let you in unless they know you, missus. It's the swellest gambling place in town today."

Leontine thanked him and paid him, just in time to see the house's door close upon her husband.

As she hesitated, the grilled door opened and two men came down the steps. They passed her, staring hard at her. One of them hesitated and then came back to her.

"Anything I can do for you?" he asked, raising his hat, uncertain what sort of woman she was.

"I want to get into that house. It's Madame Bianca's, isn't it?" she asked.

"Why—yes," said the man in hesitation. "Want to try a round or two of baccarat?" he continued.

Leontine nodded. "They don't know me," she said.

He escorted Leontine into the gambling room. Sebastian was not there. Leontine realized it and turned sick with disappointment.

"Are there any more rooms where they play?" she asked her escort.

He shook his head. "But you can get a good game here," he said, and as a man rose from the table he held the chair for her.

Leontine looked at the man who had risen. He was a dissolute youth with a pasty complexion, and the air of one who was at the end of his resources.

An instant later the sound of a revolver shot was heard, followed by the thud of a falling body.

Leontine sprang to her feet in terror. The others followed suit.

Half hidden by the curtain behind which he had fallen, lay the young man.

Peering into the dead man's face was a man whom she seemed to remember. Yes, it was little Louis Lamb.

"I guess Madame Bianca won't like this sort of a job going on next door," he said with a grin.

"What do you mean by 'next door?'" asked Leontine.

"Why, through the door behind those curtains," answered Louie. "Say, you're green, ain't you?"

"You must go, you must go at once, madame!" said a negro attendant, pushing through the excited throng. "Kindly leave the house immediately."

Leontine, with two or three other women, was being jostled roughly toward the door. She was in despair, for Louie's words had given her a clue. Suddenly she saw that the curtains had been drawn. The suicide's body was being carried into Madame Bianca's house through the secret entrance.

Instantly she threw up her arms and fell to the floor in a simulated faint.

Through her half-closed eyes she saw the commotion about her. Two attendants came hastily up to where she lay.

"We'll have to run her in, too," they said. "Say, ain't them women the limit!"

Taking her by the head and feet they pushed their way back to the curtains.

A glare of lights burst on her closed eyelids. Cautiously she opened them. She saw Sebastian and the woman known as Madame Bianca, with Romanoff, standing about the body of the suicide.

She sprang to her feet and faced them. At the sight of her Sebastian winced, started, and whitened. Into Romanoff's eyes there came a look of understanding. Madame Bianca looked at her steadily and inquiringly. And suddenly Leontine realized the purpose of Sebastian's presence there. For there was a paper in the woman's hand and it was the confession of Louis Lamb.

* * * * * * *

Sebastian had certainly been attracted by Bianca's appearance in the foyer of the theater, as she had meant that he should be.

The note that she had thrust into his hand when he gave her back her fan said simply:

"Follow me if you are interested in obtaining a certain paper."

Sebastian had needed no second invitation, and when he had followed her to the door of her house he had found Bianca waiting for him.

"Won't you come in, Senor Navarre?" inquired Bianca, smiling.

In her sumptuously furnished reception room Bianca had coffee served by a Chinese servant.

"Senor Navarre," she said, "a certain paper has come into my hands in which I believe your are interested. It is a matter of business. How much is it worth to you?"

"I offered a hundred dollars for it this morning," answered Sebastian

"Suppose we say fifty thousand dollars," she said.

Sebastian shrugged his shoulders. "Madame, let us put business aside," he said. "I like to leave these matters to my lawyer."

"Come, senor, let us finish this deal," she said. "Is it fifty thousand? I do not bargain."

He saw that he was dealing with a woman of stronger character than he had imagined.

"Well, I'll give you ten thousand," he said, decisively. "That is positively my last word."

"No," answered Bianca, rising.

That was the moment when the pistol shot sent them hurrying into the anteroom. A moment afterward the attendants entered, bearing the body of the suicide.

Sebastian's eyes fell upon Romanoff. At once he realized that Romanoff and Bianca were in the deal together.

Then it was that Leontine was carried in and placed on the couch. The combination of circumstances overwhelmed him. He started back in terror as his wife sprang to her feet and stepped forward toward Bianca.

"Give me that paper," said Leontine.

Bianca stepped back and nodded imperceptibly to one of the attendants, who seized Leontine by the arm. And then a strange thing happened. Suddenly the paper was wrested from Bianca's hand by some invisible agency and transferred to Leontine's.

Bianca sprang forward to snatch it, but then she staggered and then reeled back; at the same instant the hand of the attendant was torn from Leontine's arm and he was hurled to the floor. A stream of blood poured from his cut lip.

Leontine, clutching the precious document, moved toward the door. She was half way toward it when Bianca recovered her self-possession.

"Stop her!" she cried. "Don't let her go! Get that paper from her!"

The second attendant and Romanoff leaped forward. Just as the attendant was about to pinion Leontine, he, too, went reeling back under the impact of a terrific blow which knocked him, stunned, to the ground. Romanoff seemed lifted bodily and cast upon the prostrate form of the other man.

The room was in an uproar. Two Chinese servants ran between Leontine and the doorway. The attendants, rising from the floor, at Bianca's signal, flung themselves upon Leontine again.

Then it seemed as if an invisible devil were at work in the room.

Leontine stood beside the door, untouched, the precious paper still in her hand. She alone had kept her self-possession.

Quietly she stepped toward the secret panel, pushed it open, and passed into the gambling house. Thence she made her way leisurely toward the head of the flight of steps that led down to the street.

She went down slowly, and, believing herself safe, stopped under the nearest street lamp to read the rest of the confession, in order to learn the truth.

As she did so, a man came down the steps behind her.

Louis Lamb, or "One-Lamp Louie," had made his way back to New York with his hoard after the earthquake devastated White's village.

On reaching the metropolis he immediately got in touch with the underworld; and that in itself required a certain habit of mind.

Bianca, recognizing that he had money to spend, permitted him to spend it. Romanoff, who had planned to rob him, did not recognize in the frequenter of the gambling house the hermit of White's Village.

And Louie had not the slightest recollection of the confession of forgery which he had committed in company with Sebastian,

When he spoke to Leontine at the side of the suicide he had not the least idea that he had ever seen her before. He drifted back to the table and waited impatiently for the game to begin again.

After hovering round for some time, however, he accepted the assurances that the game was ended for the night.

At the bottom of the steps he saw a strikingly beautiful woman and recognized in her the woman who had addressed him a little earlier in the evening beside the body of the dead man.

Halting at the top of the steps, Louie looked right and left cautiously. The woman was plainly alone, for she moved quietly along the street and, standing under a street light, began to read a paper that she held in her hand.

Softly he stole up behind Leontine as she stood under the light. There was no need for this, however; Leontine was wholly absorbed in the nature of the document.

She learned for the first time how Sebastian and his brother had conspired to convict Jerry.

With the aid of Louie, a forgery had been effected, being a transfer of certain property held by Jerry in America to Sebastian, in return for ready money to finance his treasure-finding expedition. Of course, Jerry had never executed such a paper.

Sebastian and his brother Diego had then accused Jerry to Leontine, alleging that instead of transferring the property, he had sold it and pocketed the proceeds. It was Jerry's unexpected return and his discovery of the paper that had led to the quarrel that ended in Diego's death.



"You'll Hand That Over, or You'll Never Leave This Room Alive!"

Jerry, although innocent of the death of Sebastian's brother, had been placed in compromising circumstances. He had been tried before an Argentine court of law, found guilty and sentenced to life imprisonment. Soon afterward she had learned that he had died.

As she read the whole story, Leontine felt a deep and rebellious rage against her husband fill her heart.

She stood like a statue underneath the lamp, incapable for the time of movement; she knew nothing, but lived again in the past. She saw Jerry starting on his wonderful voyage, which was to bring them fortune, and she heard again her own parting pledge of loyalty to him. The paper fluttered loosely in her hand.

That was the moment when the magpie, Louie, stealing up behind Leontine, saw his own signature at the bottom of the paper. With a swift, deft movement, he snatched it out of her hand.

"I know that name," said Louie, rubbing his hand across his forehead. "Why—why, it's my own!"

Leontine, recognizing Louie, looked at him in wonder.

"Give me that paper," she said quietly. "Yes, it is your own confession, Mr. Lamb. And I thank you a thousand times."

"Don't mention it," said Louie, making an ironical bow.

Louie, holding the confession high in the air, took his station beneath the light, and began reading it. He read on in profound astonishment. Leontine waited. She knew the situation was a difficult one, but she knew that she was more likely to get back the paper by diplomacy than by force.

Louie's brows wrinkled as he continued to read. He had not the faintest recollection of having ever written such a thing. What had been the matter with him? Well, it was a lie, anyway, and probably a forgery.

"Let me have it now," pleaded Leontine, as Louie came to the end.

Louie, still holding the paper above her head, grinned mischievously.

"What's the game?" he demanded. "Going to send me to the penitentiary, eh? What's the game? Who put you up to it?"

"Mr. Lamb, please listen to me. You wrote that confession and it's very valuable to me. Jerry Carson, whom you wronged, meant a good deal to me. I want that paper now. You won't go back on your word?"

Louie grinned, and suddenly lowering the paper, tore it in two.

With a scream Leontine flung herself upon him, trying to wrest the paper out of his hand. So unexpected was her movement that at first Louie was quite taken aback. Her fingers closed on his clenched fist which held the two halves of the document. She was trying with all her might to force his hand open. And all the while she pleaded.

"Give it back to me, please—please!" she implored. "It is worth everything to me. It is worth a thousand dollars—all that I have. Listen, then! Bring it to my house tonight, and I will give you a thousand in cash tonight."

"A thousand dollars!" grinned Louie contemptuously. "Say, I reckon to drop as much as that any night in Madame Bianca's."

He flung her off and deliberately tore the two halves across, and again and again. He hurled the fragments of paper into the roadway. The breeze caught them and sent them flying in all directions. They rose into the air like a minature snowstorm, fluttered and drifted away.

So Jerry's honor was scattered to the winds again; and Leontine's hopes were dissipated into the night air.

"Think I'm a fool?" sneered Louie. "Think I'm going to put myself in the penitentiary for a thousand dollars? It's a fake, anyway, I never wrote it."

And, raising his hat with magpie malice, the little crook took his nonchalant departure.

Leontine sank down upon the steps and sobbed her heart out.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

ENFORCING LAWS.

The most important thing about a law is the execution of it.

A law that might not be regarded as very good in some ways possibly, would, if rigidly enforced, be worth more than a very good law poorly carried into effect.

In the new road laws that are being framed for Chilton county, we sincerely hope that both good qualities may be found.

Having read the text of the document as proposed for adoption, we are already convinced that it is a splendid embodiment of the principles of proper local handling of the road question. We regard it as completely covering the problems of public road construction and maintenance in every detail.

But we must remember that all its good qualities are hinged upon its full and proper enforcement after it is adopted. It matters not how complete and explicit its provisions are, it will not make us good roads nor maintain them after they are secured, if the law is merely written on the records and printed in a few pamphlets to be scattered around the court house to finally land in the trash pile. The things which the law sets out must be made real and active forces toward the ends purposed.

The enforcement of the law lies in the hands of two groups of persons, viz: The county executive officials and the county citizens. One group cannot bring about enforcement without the aid and vigorous concurrence of the other.

We hope the people will meet the officials on half-way ground and all do their proper share toward the best solution of the great question of roads.

Under the relief that is going to come out of the bond issue some time soon the commissioners are going to be able to go far toward their part of the duties in an official way, and they will do their part as best that lies in their power. Likewise, citizens, overseers, apportioners and all, should prepare to go their full length, and leave no duty undone in giving our county the very best roads at the expense of the most reasonable means.

HOES AND RIFLES

The agitation for an enlarged crop of staple foods which is being carried on so energetically—and we hope successfully—in all parts of the country, has a basis in sound theory. Napier, the great military commentator, has graphically compared an army to a snake in that it moves upon its belly. The provisioning of the armies which we must raise as our just contribution to the fighting side of the war, is of prime consideration. In addition we must continue our stream of supplies to the armies of our allies already in the field. And at the same time we must provide for our own population at home when so many hundreds of thousands of workmen are taken from productive pursuits and put into the ranks. Just now the man with the hoe is of equal importance with the man with the rifle.

PENDING QUESTION IS UNIVERSAL SERVICE

There is a good deal of apparent confusion in many minds between universal training and universal service. If we had universal training, we would have universal service, of course. But the question which has been agitating Congress and over which the President and his party split was that of universal service in a limited sense—for selective conscription is merely a recognition of the principles of universal liability to service, and not a direct application of it. Universal training has not yet been debated, though it is contained in the measures now before Congress. This means the accustoming of every boy to the use of firearms, to the military manual, to camp duty, to manoeuvering, to all that goes to make up the life of a soldier. This means that when another call comes for men there will be no wasting of months in training the men who will be ready to respond under the call of universal service which has been made ready by universal training.

The suggestion that Col. Roosevelt could duplicate in this country what Lord Derby did for England in filling up the ranks of the army is one worth considering and applying. Roosevelt as chief recruiting officer would put pep into the whole situation.

REPUBLICANS SUPPORT VIGOROUS WAR POLICY

Honest criticism of the administration in the conduct of the war will not be productive of evil. It should be followed by suggestions offered in good faith and with a view of improving the situation. Had not the earlier war policies af Great Britain been subjected to a criticism that was merciless, John Bull would never have been kicked into the efficiency which he has developed in two sanguinary years. Cowed as they have always been by the leader of their party, it is impossible that the democrats will have the hardihood to criticise anything which he may do in directing the course of war with Germany. It will remain for others to point out defects and weakness. It is a thankless role, but not an unpatriotic one, nor should it be shirked because it is painful. So long as Mr. Wilson shows the capacity for national leadership he will have the unqualified support of the Republicans. Should we waver, they will endeavor to sustain him. Should he retreat, they will push forward. This fight is to finish.

LIME REQUIREMENTS OF SOME ALABAMA SOILS

By M. J. Funchess, Professor of Agriculture.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

In the writer's laboratory during the past year, quantitative soil acidity determinations were made on eighty soil samples, collected at random from fifty-four counties in Alabama. Out of this number, sixty-eight samples were found to be sour, and twelve not sour, of the twelve samples not sour, six came from the limestone region of Central Alabama. Fifty-one percent of the sour samples had a lime requirement ranging between a few hundred and twenty-five hundred pounds per acre; while the remainder, or forty-nine percent, had a lime requirement ranging between twenty-five hundred and fifty-five hundred pounds per acre.

It is very likely that clovers would make a very poor growth on at least half of the soils represented in this study, unless the land be liberally limed before planting to clover; it is also very probable that liming would pay good profits on most of the other half of the soils studied, especially where the lime requirement was above fifteen hundred pounds per acre.

At the same time that the above study was in progress, another investigation was made on the soils of Baldwin County, Alabama. In this latter case ninety samples from various parts of the county were tested, with the following results: only one or two of the ninety soils were found to be not sour; and the average lime requirement of all samples was found to be well over one ton per acre, calculated on a depth of six inches of soil.

If these two lines of investigation give a reliable indication of the need for lime in Alabama, then certainly at least half of the common cultivated soils of the State should be greatly benefitted by the application of lime, if clovers are to be successfully grown. And it is very possible that lime will prove profitable on seventy-five or eighty percent of the soils usually classed as upland soils. What is true for Alabama should hold true for most of the Cotton Belt soil east of the Mississippi River, since most of the soils of this area have the same geological origin. However, it is not intended here to convey the impression that clovers cannot be grown at all, unless lime be used; on many fields in Alabama, good crops of bur and crimson clover have been grown without the use of lime. But it is hoped that we may come to understand that it is only through the use of lime that maximum crops may be obtained, and obtained very profitably.

Usually, crushed lime will be found the cheapest and most desirable form of lime to use. The price f. o. b. the crusher usually ranges between seventy-five cents and $1.25 per ton, in bulk. Add to this the freight, and it will be seen that lime can be delivered at most points in the State at a cost not to exceed $2.50 per ton. An increased yield of five hundred pounds of dry clover per acre will about pay for a ton of lime at $2.00 per ton, if we value only the nitrogen at present commercial values. Doubtless there are but few acres in the eastern half of the Cotton Belt from which several times the above increase would not be realized if at least one ton of lime were applied.

If, in the South, we are to produce our main crops cheaper; if we are going to improve our soils; if we are going to grow more livestock; if we are to do these much needed things, then we must grow more clovers, etc. And if we are to get the maximum crops of these clovers, we cannot afford to leave off the use of lime.

Commissioners Will Meet Again on June the 1st.

The Commissioners Court adjourned last Saturday to meet again on the first day of June.

Marquette (Mich.) Chronicle—The United State is not going into this war for glory. We are going in to help get the Kaiser's "goat."

BUSINESS MEN ARE URGED TO GIVE FARMERS ASSISTANCE.

Chief Knapp Asserts that Farmers Are Patriotic, and Exhorts Merchants, Bankers and Business Men to Come Across with their Loyalty.

Just a final word before we get to the end of the planting season in the South. The Southern farmer is fully aroused; there is now no necessity for TALKING to him about the growing of food crops. The only thing to be done now is to help with financial credit. Action, not words, will count now. The farmer has not had an easy time and in some sections unless there is help instead of mere talk, acres will remain unplanted which otherwise would grow some food crop for this season. The farmer is willing to run some risks for his country's sake; are merchants and bankers any less patriotic?

In my letter of April 5 I attempted to impress upon the business men the necessity of loking after seed. Now there are three things you can do:

1. Take hold and act. Find out the farmers' needs in the way of seed by making careful canvass of the situation, as many counties are doing, then go out and buy the seed and furnish it to the farmer on credit at cost.

2. A good many acres are remaining unplanted because of lack of team power and implements. You can finance the farmer so he can purchase needed implements and team power; you can assist by purchasing plows and other machinery and renting them to the farmers at reasonable rates, or you can purchase tractors and plows, as some are doing, put a crew on them and plow the land for the farmers at so much an acre. You can also see that every available plow and team is being used, and then if there is a shortage take some action.

3. You can look up the idle labor about town and see that it gets out into the country to help the farmer who is ready to put in crops and needs the finances pointed out above and the labor to do the job. Get all unnecessary road work and improvement to stop until the needs of the farms are supplied.

The season has been late and much may yet be done. This is no time for the holding of meetings to which the farmers must be called out of the field. You must go out and look this situatioin over yourselves and furnish the credit, the finances and the power of your business organization for the service of the farmers. The President appealed to all. He said, "This is your opportunity for signal service, efficient and disinterested."

Many sections in the South are taking hold of the problems mentioned in this letter. ARE YOU DOING YOUR PART?

Yours very truly,
BRADFORD KNAPP,
Chief.

EARLY VARIETIES OF COWPEAS

By J. F. Duggar, Director Alabama Experiment Station and Extension Service.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

Unfortunately, cowpeas for planting are scarce and high priced. Yet even more than the full acreage of this legume is needed this year, largely for human food.

For this year, with high priced meat and meal, we need a large increase in the supply of human food grown on the farm. We need these substitutes at the earliest practicable date.

Early cowpeas is one of the crops that should be grown for this purpose. Moreover, early varieties have special advantages in a year when seed are expensive. This is because two crops of early cowpeas can be grown in a single season in the central and southern parts of the Gulf States. That is, a bushel of some early variety planted in drills on 2 acres or more late in April should ripen a part of its crop by the middle of July, at which time, with fair yields, the mature half of the crop should amount to about 16 bushels. This in turn would be sufficient to plant about 30 additional acres in drills for seed production, or half that amount broadcast for hay.

The Experiment Station at Auburn has repeatedly picked mature New Era cowpeas about the middle of July, has sunnned them for about a week, and then planted on other land in time to obtain mature peas before a late fall frost, or a hay crop before an early frost.

Another early variety is the California Blackeye, also called Six-weeks and Ramshorn, which is less productive than New Era, but which, being white, sells at a higher price for table use.

Let us not forget that green cowpeas constitute one of the most nutritious vegetables, and at less expense for seed than either English peas or snap beans.

LOST—One tan calf skin pocket book old and worn, containing one 5-dollar bill and four 1-dollar bills, with some small change. Lost on highway between Robinson's Planer Mill and Flakto. Finder will return to the Union-Banner office and get 50c reward. 2t.

Farmers, Let us Help you Increase your Productions this Season. We are Ready.

Everybody is urging the Farmer to Increase Production. The Merchant can help the farmer to accomplish more if he will give them the right kind of a deal in business. Farmers should get the aid of their merchants.
Our help and assistance is ready for those on the farm. We ask you to let us help YOU.

Clanton Mercantile Co.
Clanton, Alabama.

PROVIDENCE BEAT 16.

Dear editor:

Through your columns I would like to say a few words about the services held at this place Sunday, April 29.

We were called to order at 9:30 for introduction and for Sunday school which was held at 10 o'clock.

Thirty minutes were devoted to songs. At 11 o'clock Rev. M. J. Parrish preached an able sermon after which we were dismissed until 1:30 p.m.

At noon an excellent dinner was spread.

At 1:30 the house was called to order and Bro. T. L. Robinson was appointed Chairman for the song service, G. C. Powell Secretary, and W. W. Robinson, J. W. Cleckler, and J. A. W. Mims arranging committee.

Directors were: T. L. Robinson, Lee Robinson, J. W. Cleckler, L. F. Cleckler, R. T. Grant, W. H. Robinson, J. A. W. Mims, C. H. Robinson, R. M. Robinson, G. C. Powell, J. R. Robinson, and R. Robinson.

Organists were Misses Alice Wyatt, Lillian Robinson, Beatrice Mims, and Martha Jane Mims, and Messrs. Lee Robinson, C. H. Robinson.

Dismissal by Rev. W. W. Robinson

The day was beautiful and well spent. We had many visitors present. We thank you for your help, by your service you show that you did not come for the loaves and fishes.

Come back to Providence again, we will do you no harm.

G. C. POWELL,
Secretary.

Sallow complexion is due to torpid liver. HERBINE puriles and strengthens the liver and bowels and restores the rosy bloom of health to the cheek. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Dr. Frederic Jacobson says, 75 per cent. of women need Phosphates to give them Strong, Healthy, rounded figure and to avoid Nervous break down. Thousands of women grow strong in Nature's way.

"Consider the Lillies of the Field, How They Grow."

The life of the lilly is but a few weeks or months. The life of man is "three score years and ten." But to live one's life in its fulness, women like the lily, must be nourished by those same vital elements which nature provides for nourishing every living thing; and these include the valuable phosphate so often lacking in the usual food we eat today. Argo-Phosphate is rich in these wonderful elements. It contains them in concentrated tablet form which is easy to take and quickly assalimated and absorbed into the system, and from youth to old age, builds and rebuilds body and brain in beautiful harmony with Nature's perfect plan. "That's why" Argo-Phosphate makes good solid flesh and muscles.

Special Notice: Argo-Phosphate contains the Natural phosphates which thousands of physicians are prescribing daily to build up thin, pale colorless women to give them rosy cheeks, red lips, and a beautiful complexion. Many cases have been reported where women have increased their weight from 15 to 25 pounds with a few weeks treatment, and any woman who desires a well rounded and developed form, should secure from her druggist, this new drug which is inexpensive and is dispensed by any reliable druggist with or without a doctor's prescription. If your druggist will not supply you, send $1.00 to the Argo Laboratories, 10 Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga., and they will send you a two weeks treatment by return mail.

MARRIED WOMEN

Women who bear children and remain healthy are those who prepare their systems in advance of baby's coming.

The surest course is to aid nature by using "Mother's Friend." By its use the muscles expand easier. The tension is relieved. The breasts are kept in good condition. Much comfort is had throughout the period.

Thousands of mothers have learned from experience the true value of "Mother's Friend" during the period preceeding childbirth. They advise its use by all mothers.

Send to the nearest drug store now and get a bottle of "Mother's Friend." Apply it externally, yourself, night and morning.

A great deal of useful and timely information for mothers is contained in a book which will be sent you immediately. Address Bradfield Regulator Company, Dept. G, 554 Atlanta, Ga. The book is free.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

BULLETIN ON SPRAYS FOR FRUIT TREES

The Extension Service of the Alabama Polytechnic Institute, Auburn, Alabama, has recently published its circular No. 7, which gives not only spray directions in detail, but describes how to make all the spray solutions used and gives the life history of each of the principal insects and fungous diseases which attack our fruit crops. This bulletin should be in the hands of every farmer in Alabama who has as many as a half-dozen fruit trees, because this number of trees, well cared for, will provide enough fruit for the average Alabama family, and an acre of fruit trees, well cared for, may almost supply and entire family.

Watch your label.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that on the 9th day of April, 1917, letters of administration were granted to the undersigned Anna G. DuBose on the estate of Nancy Elizabeth Goodwin by the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama. All persons having claims against said estate aer hereby notified to present same within the time and in the manner required by law or the same will be barred.

ANNA G. DuBOSE,
Admx. for Estate of Estate of
Nancy Elizabeth Goodwin.
Craig & Brown, Attorneys.

In the whole field of medicine there is not a healing remedy that will repair damage to the flesh more quickly than BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. In cuts, wounds, sprains, burns, scalds, and rheumatism, its healing and penetrating power is extraordinary. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

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The Shielding Shadow

by Randall Parrish

AUTHOR OF "BEYOND THE FRONTIER," "MAID OF THE FOREST," "MY LADY OF THE NORTH," ETC.

NOVELIZED FROM THE PHOTOPLAY SERIAL OF THE SAME NAME BY GEORGE B. SEITZ, RELEASED BY PATHE

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FIRST EPISODE

Treasure-Trove

Porto Delgado slept in the burning afternoon. The white house fronts, which reflected the sun's intolerable rays, looked down on the empty street that wound from the brown grasses of the Argentine pampas into the pampas again. The green jalousies were drawn fast. Nobody stirred, except a few fishermen upon the wharf, where lay a trim, Yankee-built schooner, the Portland Girl.

Upon her deck, a patch of white against the blue of the sky, a girl was standing. Beside her was a young man, eagerly watching her face.

It was a great moment for each of them. Leontine Walcott, the only daughter of an American business man settled in the little Argentine port, had come to bid farewell to her lover, who was about to sail on one of the strangest cruises that man has ever made.

Jerry Carson, who had chartered the schooner, was a successful American writer. He had met Leontine in the United States two years before, when her father had taken her there on one of his infrequent business trips. He had always been interested in marine exploration. A few months earlier he had made a discovery while gathering material for a novel in the Bahamas. On the strength of it he had chartered the schooner and gone to Porto Delgado, which was not only the starting point for his strange quest, but also the home of the woman whom he had come to love more than anything in the world.

"I shall look across the sea every day in the hope of seeing your ship come sailing home, laden with treasure," said the girl softly.

Jerry Carson hung upon her words eagerly. He took Leontine's hands in his.

"You believe in me," he said half wistfully. "Do you know you are the only human being who does? All the rest have called me a fool. Even my captain thinks I am a fool. And your father—"

He looked at her questioningly. Leontine laughed happily.

"My father is a man of business," she answered. "It is natural that he should put no faith in your idea."

"I suppose it does sound impossible," he admitted. "But that bottle with the message in it, which I picked up on the shores of the Bahamas, was unquestionably genuine. It was signed by Joseph Dexter—the message, I mean. You have heard of him?"

"No, Jerry," said Leontine frankly.

"Dexter was a big man in his day. His ideas were often derided as erratic; nevertheless, they sometimes proved practical, and he was recognized as the master of synthetic chemistry. Even his worst enemies granted that he knew more than the lot of them put together. What they sneered at was his lack of practicality. Well, perhaps they were right. Anyway, he disappeared."

"When?"

"Nine or ten years ago. You were a mere child, but it made a sensation at the time. He had left port in a ship—like myself—to explore the South Atlantic. The ship was wrecked. He was never heard of again. His will was probated, and—that was the end until I picked up his message."

"Jerry, many people have sailed to find Sir Henry Morgan's treasure," said Leontine.

"And failed to find it. But it is found, dear. Dexter wrote that it was found—found on the deserted South Atlantic rock known as Ravengar's Ledge. Not to be found, but found."

Leontine laid her hand impulsively on Jerry's arm.

"Never mind what father thinks or what the others think, Jerry," she said. "I believe in you absolutely. I know that you will find the treasure, and that you will bring it back to me. And that you will come home with all the untold millions of the old buccaneer and—and marry me," she added softly, with downcast eyes.

"How about Sebastian Navarre?" he asked.

"He is nothing to me," answered Leontine.

"Au revoir, Leontine, then," he said, "till I come back to marry you."

"I shall always watch till the day when your ship comes sailing in," said the girl. "I shall watch for you and hold you in my heart always."

* * * * * * *

"Fire!"

Jerry heard the words through his dreams and thought they were part of them.

He heard the shouts more faintly, the running of feet upon the decks; then he was out of his berth and pulling on his clothes.

He dashed out of the little cabin, to meet a wall of smoke that coiled about him, the thick, acrid smoke of a burning ship, composed of particles of all the chemicals that have impregnated the timbers during the course of years of many cargoes.

He staggered back, but now the little cabin itself was filled with the fumes. He grabbed a blanket from the bed, moistened it in water, and wound it about his head. Thus protected, he dashed again into the smoke-clouds.

He tore the blanket from his face and drew in a gulp of air. Then he saw that already the entire after part of the vessel was wreathed in flames. There was no hope of saving her.

In the far distance rose the rugged slopes of upper Patagonia, an inhospitable shore, abandoned to the elements and the wandering savages who inhabited it. Toward this he saw a boat making its way through a turbulent and rising sea.

He realized then that he was alone. The cowardly Levantine crew, which had replaced the New England seamen of former days, had hastily let down the boats and fled in them.

A little boat still hung from the davits.

Hand over hand he swung down the davit ropes. He gained the rocking boat and, with his clasp-knife, cut the ropes that held it.

Suddenly, with a roaring detonation, the burning ship seemed to split into halves. There was a last flicker of red and gold on the surface of the water; then nothing but the level top of the sea, split by the undulating waves.

Jerry pulled with all his might.

Late in the afternoon, with his last ounce of strength, he drove his boat ashore upon a rocky beach, pulled out the cask, and, flinging himself down above the tide level, slept.

At the same hour Leontine, seated upon the cliff, was looking seaward and breathing out a prayer for his safe return.

She breathed a prayer that filled her soul with yearning for her absent lover. Jerry had been gone five months, and her position in Porto Delgado had become increasingly difficult.

So long as her father's business affairs prospered, Sebastian Navarre, the young planter, about whom Jerry had questioned her, had hardly troubled her life.

Two unlucky shipments, which had gone to the bottom uninsured, had almost ruined the once wealthy export merchant. Day by day John Walcott looked into the eyes of a future increasingly grim. Day by day the thoughts of maturing notes perplexed him. For a long time he had been living on a gamble. He had extended his operation with borrowed capital, never doubting their success. Now he saw himself encircled by the creditors who, already surmising his distress, looked dubiously at him as he walked down the sunlit street between his house and his office.

John Walcott had weathered many a storm as a young man. But the future of Leontine was an increasing concern to him. He had never liked Jerry, he did not believe that a professional man's income could be a stable one; again, he was practically denationalized, and liked the people of the Argentine and their ways. Above them all he liked Sebastian Navarre.

Sebastian lived with his brother Diego on a huge ranch ten miles away in the pampas. It covered possibly as large a territory as Wales. It was one of the largest in the country, a hacienda of the old time, where the vaqueros wore silver spurs and herded cattle by the hundred thousand.

He knew, too, that as Sebastian's father-in-law he would have access to capital sufficient to renew his hold on ent he had not dared broach a subject of which Sebastian was perfectly aware. John Walcott argued himself into the conviction that Leontine's interests, not his, were his chief care.



"Rich Man and a Decent Man Wants You to Be His Wife."

He had laughed Jerry Carson to scorn. He could hardly bear to be civil with him when he brought his schooner into Porto Delgado upon his foolish quest.

The only thing that made it bearable, having the American in his house, seeing him engrossed with his daughter, was the thought that Jerry would return a discredited bankrupt.

Daily, after Jerry's departure, her father praised Sebastian and disparaged her absent lover. Leontine grew to hate Sebastian, who did not fail to avail himself of his opportunity to press his suit.

Then came the day when she returned to find a sailor standing in her father's hall, and her father listening eagerly to his story. Sebastian was present as well; he was generally there nowadays. As Leontine entered she saw an inscrutable look upon her father's face.

"You must prepare to hear bad news, dear," he said.

"What is it?" she cried.

"I'm sorry, ma'am," said the sailor. "I thought it was my duty to come here. The Portland Girl is lost, with all hands."

"It's false!" cried Leontine instinctively.

"No, ma'am, it can't be false," the sailor answered.

"Jerry is safe," said Leontine gravely. "If he were dead my heart would tell me so."

John Walcott, who felt sorry for his daughter, made no answer. It was not for two or three days that he spoke to her. Meanwhile, by preconcerted agreement, Sebastian had remained away.

"Leontine," said her father, "you know that my affairs are not in the best shape just now?"

"Yes," she replied listlessly.

"I am very sorry about Jerry Carson's death, but don't you think it is as well to consider it in its proper light?"

"What do you call its 'proper light?'" she asked.

"A happy dispensation," answered John Walcott. "Leontine, you are old enough to stop dreaming and to face the facts of life. You are past twenty. A rich man and a decent man wants you to be his wife. My future is precarious. I will not urge the fact that a marriage with Sebastian would restore my business affairs. I only ask that you will accept this chance."

"Never!" she cried, flushing angrily.

"Why not?"

"Because I love Jerry. And I have promised to be true to him."

"Jerry is dead. There is not one chance in a million of his having survived. Both the ship's boats were found, one destroyed, one empty."

"I will never give up believing in him," said Leontine.

"In his survival?"

"In that and in him. I do not love Sebastian."

John Walcott looked at her in his aggrieved way. He did not pretend to understand the obstinacy of his daughter's nature. But he understood human nature well enough to realize that she was not at present to be overcome.

He told Sebastian, who set himself out to be as sympathetic as his nature would permit. With the exercise of a good deal of self-control he discarded the lover and spoke of his acceptance of her decision, and his wish that they should be friends. Weeks rolled on, turned into months, and vanished. It was nearly a year after Jerry's departure that Sebastian lifted—not threw off—the mask.

He told her that, if he could never win her love, he wanted her companionship. Would she not marry him as a formality and nothing more? She should be free, merely the gracious mistress of his hacienda. He would lay everything at her feet.

Leontine refused, but she was touched by the man's offer. His seeming devotion had affected a heart softened by the death of Jerry.

That night her father told her that unless she married Sebastian he was a ruined man. Otherwise he could not bring himself to ask the loan which would convert failure into success.

Leontine was shaken. What did it matter, so long as she took only Sebastian's name, now that Jerry was dead?

On the next day Sebastian renewed his suit. This time he got a tentative acceptance. Leontine was weakening; she said that she would consider and tell him later.

* * * * * * *

Jerry Carson, picked up by a passing tramp ship from the rock on which he had lived so long, landed at the nearest port to Porto Delgado and made his way afoot to the place which held all his heart's aspirations.

The villagers stared in amazement at the man who had seemingly returned from death. They crowded round him.

"In truth, Sebastian will not be pleased, now that he will find himself in rivalry again with this Gringo," said an old crone to her neighbor.

Jerry heard and demanded an explanation. Soon he had it. Reluctantly—for the Spaniard hates to retail unpleasant news—they confessed that Sebastian was a daily visitor at the house of the merchant, and that his engagement to Leontine was an article of faith in the village.

Burning with anger, which he strove to keep down because of his faith in his beloved, Jerry made his way up the street. The villagers watched him and shrugged their shoulders. "A woman is fickle," they murmured to one another.

Meanwhile the last act of the conspiracy was being performed in the merchant's house. Diego Navarre, Sebastian's brother, was pleading Sebastian's cause. He had tried to disparage Jerry before, but had repented quickly. Now he hoped to overturn the last scruple in the girl's mind.

"This Mr. Carson," said Diego, in his soft, well-modulated voice, "in order to defray the expenses of his schooner trip, he sold some property which had come to him from his late father, did he not?"

"Really, senor, why should you ask me about Mr. Carson's affairs?" inquired the girl.

"Nevertheless, it is true, senorita?"

"Well, what if it is?"

"Well, senorita, you know my brother is an honorable man, and would never have taken an unfair advantage. Let the blame of what may happen to your opinion fall on my devoted head," he added, patting his sleek curls.

"I do not understand you," said Leontine, looking Diego straight in the face.



Faced Diego With the Upraised Iron Ornament.

"Simply, senorita, that when a man gives a note, or an I. O. U., or receipt for moneys advanced, on the strength of the existence of a piece of property, how does one describe his actions in afterward pocketing the proceeds instead of paying his debt?"

"Are you insinuating anything against Mr. Carson?" Leontine asked.

"Yes, senorita," answered Diego boldly. "You are aware that when my brother was in New York last year he took with him an introduction from Senor Walcott to Mr. Carson?"

"No, I did not know it," said Leontine. "Well?"

"My brother knew Mr. Carson well. Mr. Carson, in fact, borrowed a considerable sum of money from him in order to defray the expenses of this journey. And then—well, when the property was sold the money went into the schooner instead of going back to my brother."

Leontine could not help laughing at the flimsy trick.

"If you understood Mr. Carson," she said, "you would know that such a thing is impossible."

Diego Navarre put his hand into his pocket and pulled out a document.

"Do me the honor to look at that senorita," he said.

It was a receipt for a large sum of money, advanced by Sebastian to Jerry Carson on the security of the property which he had inherited from his father. Of course, the signature was a fraud. Sebastian had never seen Jerry in America, but John Walcott, who did not understand the ramifications of the plot, had agreed to say that he had given a letter of introduction in case Leontine questioned him.

The signature was a clumsy fraud, too clumsy for Leontine, who had half a hundred of her lover's letters.

"It is fraudulent," she said calmly, handing it back to the man. "Mr. Carson is not a thief."

At that moment Jerry, in burning anger, entered the room. Hot, dusty, travel-stained, his skin burned to a deep bronze, he confronted the pair.

But whatever doubts may have been in his mind were speedily dissolved. For, with a cry of thankfulness, Leontine tottered toward him and fell into his arms.

His kisses were on her lips, and Diego, standing baffled at this unexpected turn of affairs, was completely helpless. He did not know what to do.

Jerry released the girl and turned upon Diego. He had mistaken him for his brother, whom he somewhat resembled; now, seeing his mistake, he was for the moment equally at a loss. But he saw Diego trying to conceal the piece of paper, and he remembered Leontine's words which he had heard as he entered.

"I think you made the suggestion that I was a thief?" he inquired.

Diego did not answer; he tried to pocket the paper, but his hand shook so from fear that he was unable even to fold it. His eyes sought the door. Leontine interposed.

"Jerry, he says you gave a receipt for a loan of money to his brother, Sebastian," she cried. "He says you borrowed from his brother in America, and that you pledged your father's property, and put the money for its sale into your ship instead of repaying him. That is your receipt."

Jerry, stung to the quick, stepped quickly before the door just in time to intercept Diego.

"Let me see that receipt," he said.

"It doesn't matter," answered Diego.

"If that is my signature I claim the right to look at it. Perhaps I shall honor it."

The Argentine, suddenly realizing that Jerry meant business, stepped back quickly. He ran into a desk which had been used by the merchant formerly for the transaction of domestic affairs, and, stumbling, saw and caught hold of a heavy iron ornament which John Walcott had kept there. He raised it threateningly in his hand and stood confronting Jerry, a sneer on his face, which was, nevertheless, pale from fear.

Jerry turned toward the girl.

"Dearest, will you leave us for a moment?" he asked.

Suddenly he saw Leontine's eyes dilate with fear. She stared over his shoulder.

"Jerry!" she shouted.

Jerry turned just in time to see Diego with the upraised iron ornament standing behind him.

Jerry leaped upon Diego and snatched the implement from his hand. He turned to Leontine.

"Go, dear," he said.

The girl came uncertainly toward her lover. "Jerry, you won't hurt him?" she asked.

"Not if he hands over that forgery," he answered grimly. "I am just going to talk to him, my dear."

She left the room. At the door she caught a last glimpse of Jerry, standing with the iron ornament in his hand, and Diego, with a panther's snarling face, leaning against the desk.

When the door closed behind her Jerry turned to the Argentine.

"I want that receipt," he said. "I want to see it. You came here to lie to my fiancee and intimidate her. What action I shall take upon that shall be decided later. For the present, I want that receipt."

With a curse and a snarl Diego flung himself upon the American. So wild was the fury of his impulse that at first he drove Jerry before him. His hands, with the sinewy strength of the Latin American, twined themselves about Jerry's throat. Jerry felt himself choking.

Jerry let the iron ornament slip from his hand and dashed both his fists into his opponent's face. But Diego's hands still caught at his throat. The room was turning black. The world swam round him. His face, covered with blood from Jerry's blows, Diego fought like the panther he was.

Round and round the room they wrestled. Leontine, who had not gone very far from the door, heard the sounds and flew back in terror to the library, where her father was chatting with Sebastian.

John Walcott, although not privy to the plot, suspected that something was in the wind. When Sebastian sent Diego into the room across the hallway to talk with Leontine, he was sure of his suspicions. He read them, also, in Sebastian's nervous manner and his shaking hands.

Nobody had seen Jerry enter. The big door of the house was always open by day, and communicated directly with the hall.

The two rose to their feet as Leontine entered. She sprang to her father's side, her face white with fear.

"Come and help! Come and help!" she cried. "He is fighting him; he tried to murder him."

Now, for the first time, Walcott and Sebastian could hear the sounds of the fight.

"Who is trying to murder whom?" he asked.

"Diego is murdering Jerry."

"What! You are talking nonsense!" shouted John Walcott.

"I tell you Jerry has come back—back from the dead. Come! Come!"

She pulled her father toward the door, while Sebastian, who was of much more courageous make-up than his brother, and alarmed for his safety, took the initiative. At the door were the house servants, white, terrified, and shaken, jabbering in excitement.

The rumor of Jerry Carson's return had already reached them.

Inside the room Jerry had, by a supreme effort, contrived to shake Diego's hands from his face. The Argentine was badly battered. Jerry released him and stooped to pick up the forged receipt, which had fallen to the ground. As he did so, Diego, misinterpreting the action, and thinking that Jerry was about to attack him again, stumbled as he tried to escape, slipped and fell backward, striking his head upon the heavy ornament which Jerry had thrown down.

His head crashed on the knobbed metal. He threw up his hands and struggled to rise. A singular change passed over his face; he opened his lips, muttered, and then fell back and lay still.

Jerry stooped over the prostrate man. Diego was dead.

Horrified, Jerry rose to his feet and stood staring down at the dead man.

He picked up the iron ornament, now stained and splotched with blood.



"I Tell You Jerry Has Come Back."

Holding it in his hand, he became aware that the door had opened and that a crowd of men and women was with him.

He turned dully. There stood Leontine and her father, side by side with the crying, gesticulating house-servants. Sebastian darted from the group and ran toward his brother's side.

Disregarding Jerry, he raised the dead man's head upon his knee and raised the eyelids. They fell again. He tried once more, and they remained open. Sebastian burst into uncontrollable weeping.

He got up. He approached Jerry. "Murderer!" he cried, shaking his fist in his face. "You have killed him. The law and God shall avenge him."

At the words Leontine darted between them. She flung her arm's about her lover's neck and stood there, facing Sebastian in hot defiance.

"You lie!" she cried. "It was you who planned your brother's coming to me with that forged document in order to trick me. It was he who tried to kill Jerry, coming upon him from behind with the paperweight. If he is dead, he was the would-be murderer."

"I did not kill him," said Jerry. "He had forged my name to a receipt. I demanded the paper. He refused it. I tried to take it from him and he attacked me and nearly strangled me. In falling he struck his head upon the paperweight."

"You lie!" screamed Sebastian, leaping forward and shaking his first again, while the tears streamed down his cheeks. "It was no forgery. It was true. It was your receipt for the money which I lent you in New York last year, to be repaid out of your father's property. And you embezzled the money and invested it in the crazy ship in which you sailed upon your madman's error. Here it is!"

He snatched the paper from the ground, where it had fallen, and held it out before the merchant. Jerry saw John Walcott read the signature and nod his head slowly; and suddenly it dawned upon him that he stood on treacherous ground, that everything was being misinterpreted.

"There is his reason for the murder! Is it not good? Is it not sound?" shouted Sebastian, still beside himself with passion.

"I tell you he fell and struck his head on the paperweight," shouted Jerry. "Look at the back of his head where he bruised it."

"Look at his face!" screamed Sebastian, "where you struck him again and again. No fist could strike a face and leave such scars as those."

He stopped suddenly and cast his eyes toward the middle of Jerry's breast. A malignant smile crept across his features."

"Where is the paperweight?" he shouted.

And suddenly Jerry understood why all had turned against him, why John Walcott had heeded Sebastian's impassioned words and his own not at all.

He was holding in his own hand the blood-stained paperweight.

In the dreadful silence that followed the servant who had gone out returned. Behind him walked two policemen. They looked at John Walcott, who nodded toward Jerry once more. They strode toward him and ranged themselves, one upon either side.

Jerry saw the averted or menacing faces; he turned to Leontine. He said nothing, but looked into her face in question.

And he saw there the old love still, but, mingled with it, wonder, and doubt and fear. Her eyes flinched before his and sought the paperweight beside him.

Jerry squared his shoulders and held out his hands to the policemen.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

The Shielding Shadow

by Randall Parrish

AUTHOR OF "BEYOND THE FRONTIER," "MAID OF THE FOREST," "MY LADY OF THE NORTH," ETC.

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SYNOPSIS.

Adventurous Jerry Carson embarks in search of hidden treasure with the promise of Leontine Walcott to be his wife on his return. Her father favors Sebastian Navarre. Jerry's ship is burned; he is reported lost. Sebastian presses his attentions. Jerry suddenly turns up to confront charges of the Navarres against him. In a struggle for a forged paper Diego Navarre is killed and Jerry is charged with the murder.

SECOND EPISODE

Into the Depths.

"The sentence of this court is that the prisoner be confined in penal servitude for the duration of his life!"

Leontine rose from her place among the spectators. Her tall, slender figure, robed in black, attracted the instant attention of the assemblage.

"He is not guilty! He is not guilty!" she cried, in tones that rang through the packed court.

There was a sympathetic stir among those who were present. Although the supposed murder of Diego Navarre, brother of the richest man in the district, had aroused violent antagonism



"Leontine, There's Got to Be an End of This."

toward Jerry, Leontine's championship of her lover had somewhat changed public sentiment.

"Put that woman out!" thundered the judge who had pronounced the sentence.

But the command was superfluous. Leontine reeled and fell unconscious into her father's arms.

Jerry's first thought when he heard the verdict was of pity for Leontine. His second was that somehow he would escape to her.

She went to see him the following day before he was removed to the penal institution.

"Jerry—Jerry, darling, I shall devote my life to setting you free," she said. "You were not spared in the wreck to be lost to me in this way."

He urged her to forget him, to be happy with another, but he knew that the words signified nothing to either of them. Their lips met through the lattice. Then she was gone, and Jerry looked into the blackness of a death in life.

A few weeks after the trial, when Jerry had already been removed to the up-country prison, John Walcott approached his daughter again upon the subject of Sebastian.

"It means the difference between wealth and ruin," he told her bluntly. "If you become his wife, he will advance me enough money to retrieve my affairs. If you refuse, we shall be penniless beggars."

Leontine consented. Before the month was out Sebastian had again asked her to be his wife. He had been very patient, very gentle with her for a long time past. Leontine felt trapped and helpless. She promised him his answer soon.

* * * * * * *

"As well rot there as here!"

The speaker, an old convict who had served the greater part of his life in the penitentiary, looked at Jerry hopelessly as he spoke.

Orders had come that all life prisoners were to be removed from the mainland and transported to a lonely island in the Atlantic.

Jerry ground his teeth with helpless rage when he heard it. He had never abandoned the hope of effecting his escape.

A week later the prisoners were manacled and marched down to the wharf, where the convict ship lay ready to transport them. They were marched aboard and taken into the hold.

Only for a brief half-hour each day were the prisoners allowed on deck in batches, for exercise.

They were chained in couples. By good luck Jerry's chain companion was the old convict who had expressed indifference as to their destination.

Jerry and the old man often discussed the possibilities of escape. The elder convict ridiculed these. Jerry felt sure that escape was feasible anywhere.

"If we could lower that boat, for instance," he suggested, indicating a little craft swung out near the stern.

"If you could escape the bullets of the guards, you'd die of thirst," said the other.

"There's a water cask inside," said Jerry.

"How about food?" sneered his companion.

During succeeding days Jerry saved scraps of the coarse food that was flung to the prisoners. During the course of their walks on deck he managed to slip these scraps inside the craft.

On the third morning after Jerry had spoken about the boat the old man, attempting to rise, fell back with a groan. Jerry laid his hand upon his forehead and found that he was in a burning fever.

Half a dozen similar cases had developed among the convicts. The ship's doctor knew at once what the trouble was. It was the dreaded prison fever, or typhus.

The epidemic ran riot. Weakened by their hardships and privations, the sick men were unable to resist the ravages of the disease.

Two more men died that day. Toward nightfall it was evident to Jerry that his friend was sinking fast. The old man called him to his side.

"Bend over me, lad," he said. "I'm gone. Thanks be to God, I'm going to a better place than the world has been."

"Thirty years ago," whispered the old man, "I—I killed a man. That's what I have suffered for. A man who insulted my daughter. If he hadn't been a government employee I'd have gone free. Curse him!

"Lad, I don't know what you've done, but it can't have been worse than me. The time will come when you'll grow resigned, too, as I did. The time will come when it'll have seared your heart numb like mine. I'm going now. You'll stay by me till it's over."

Jerry promised. And suddenly there came into his brain a hope, so weird and so grotesque, that at first he flung it from him as the dream of a madman.

It returned with renewed force. It was the most desperate scheme that had ever entered a human brain.

Toward midnight the old man, who had been muttering in his delirium ceaselessly since sunset, sat up suddenly, shouted, and pointed into the darkness.

"Maria Angela!" he cried exultantly.

Next moment he fell back dead into Jerry's arms.

The body would be buried at night, after it had been placed in the rough-hewn coffin.

All Jerry's schemes depended on whether the coffin was flung from the bow or from the stern. The former event meant life; the latter death.

He raised the hardly yet cold body of the old man in his arms and laid it on the bench where the dead were placed. None of the guards would penetrate more than a few feet beyond the door, and then they drove back the prisoners with whips and curses.

About half an hour later the door was opened, and two men appeared, carrying the coffin, a mere shell of wood. They took the old man's body and thrust it within, afterward fastening down the lid with nails.

It was fortunate for Jerry's scheme that some interval occurred between the nailing down of the coffin and the burial. This was due to the fact that the two functions were performed by different men; the first by the guards, the second by the seamen, who had refused to enter the plague-hole.

As soon as the guards had withdrawn Jerry set to work to remove the lid with a flat piece of wood which he had found in the hold. It was not a difficult task, for the nailing had been a task hurriedly performed, and the wood was flimsy. Within a short space of time, working in the dark, he had managed to open the coffin.

Gently he took out the body of his friend and deposited it in a corner of the hold. Then he entered the coffin and pulled on the lid again.

To fasten it in any way was a difficult task, but by inserting his fingers into the rough edges of the under part of the lid, he contrived, after much effort, to secure it in some degree. And he lay there, choking in the narrow space, with his mouth against a crack between the lid and the casket.

Then he saw the glimmer of a lantern near him and heard the voices of the guards.

"Get hold of your end!"

"Say, this lid ain't on. Where's the hammer?"

"Hurry up! Do you want us to die of the plague?" yelled one of the two sailors at the door.

The guards raised the coffin and, panting under their efforts, carried it to the seamen, who, taking it in turn, bore it along the passage to the stairs, and began to ascend them.

Jerry was dimly aware that the coffin had been set down. He wondered, without very much interest, whether it was at the bow or at the stern end.

"Let her go!"

He had a horrible sense of falling; he heard the splash of the coffin against the waves, felt the stream about him, and, with the thought of Leontine in his mind, roused himself with a mighty effort and burst off the lid.

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The falling coffin spilled him into the depths of the ocean. He felt himself falling as the plummet falls. Down, down he went; then his progress was arrested, and he struck madly upward, to seek the air of night, and to die under the stars if need be.

With a leap like that of the mullet he gained the surface of the water. He drew in a breath of air till his lungs seemed to crack. The great bulk of the convict craft was just ahead of him.

The whole incident had occupied no longer than was required for the slow-going vessel to traverse her own length of distance. The coffin had been swung clear from the bow.

It was, in fact, a jest of the coarse-minded sailors to heave the coffin in the track the ship was to make, in the hope that her own bow would catch it and cleave it in the descent.

Jerry had been swung from the bow, but the ship's stern was passing him. Hand over hand he tried to catch her—the most hopeless task ever essayed by any man.

But he caught sight of a rope that hung from the stern, trailing in the water. It was, in fact, the log rope. Jerry seized it and clung, exhausted, while the ship dragged him through the water.

He looked up in despair. It might be possible to gain the deck, but how could he lower the little boat he had prepared and make his escape?

As if in answer to his question, he saw that the east was lighting. The last chance of darkness had abandoned him. There was no hope. At best, he could return to that life which he had escaped.

Then, as he watched, he saw the dawn mist begin to creep across the waters. It would shroud everything until the sun came up. And instantly he began to swarm up the log rope. Battered by waves that flung him against the side of the ship, bruised and aching, at last he stood upon the deck.

The fog was closing in; the sea was invisible, but the deck was clear from end to end.

He rushed to the davits and hauled alternately on both ropes. The little boat began to descend, first by the stern, then by the bow. The creaking sound was heard upon the bridge. Jerry heard the man at the wheel shout, and then another. He worked wildly. At last he got the bow into the water. The boat swung through the waves grotesquely. He got the stern down. The boat began to fill.

He had no knife, and there was no way to cut the ropes, no means except to let them run out, which meant untying the knots. There was no time for this.

No time, for a seaman was already rushing toward him, and, seeing the convict clothes, he doubled his fists and dashed at him with curses on his lips.

Jerry's fist shot out and floored him. As the seaman toppled Jerry stooped down and, seizing his clasp-knife from his pocket, cut the ropes.

Half a dozen seaman were upon him now. One, the first mate, was flourishing a revolver. He fired, and the bullet sung past Jerry's head.

Jerry did not hesitate to fight, but plunged toward the boat, already a good distance away. As he plunged he heard a second shot strike the water.

Then he was mercifully hidden in the shrouding fog and the ship glided like a phantom thing into the distance.

He struck out in the direction of the boat, and, by a miracle, he found it. It was floating upon its keel, and, though a little heavy with water, in no danger of sinking.



Jerry Battles With the Sailor Who Tries to Prevent His Escape.

He clambered in, and, to his delight, found that the oars and water cask, as well as the scraps of food, had rolled beneath a thwart. He took the oars and pulled.

And he laughed as he reflected that it made no difference in which direction he pulled. Death confronted him every way upon the breast of the South Atlantic, with no land within four hundred miles in any direction.

Jerry set his course in a southerly direction.

All through the day he drove the craft forward. All day he searched the horizon to find some trace of a passing ship, but always in vain. He was far out of the course of ocean travel. And night fell, and the scraps of food were gone.

Dawn found him half delirious from want of sleep and fatigue. The sea was running heavier, and he had to bail ceaselessly. The third day he pulled like an automaton. The heaving waves, across which he had to set his course to keep the boat from foundering, the gray sky that never admitted sunlight, seemed like an eternity in monotone engulfing him. Often he lost consciousness of his whereabouts, and in fancy was back in Porto Delgado with Leontine again, and the man who had endured his privations was another.

What awakened him from a lethargy which would have been ended by drowning was the sudden discovery that his water supply was gone.

He had drunk without knowing that he was drinking; mechanically his hands and lips and throat had gone through the acts necessary to retain life within the body. But suddenly he realized that he was crouching in a choppy sea above the empty cask. And with this realization the dreams faded. Clear-headed, but weak, Jerry looked death in the face as he thought before the monster's final spring.

Then, with a cry of joy, he realized that not five miles distant, to port, and disappearing behind him, was a spit of land, hardly elevated above the surface at that distance.

He had been passing it; in another half hour he would have missed it.

With eager hands he pulled the boat around, and, putting about, began to pull with all his might toward the ledge.

Suddenly, with a crash, the boat went hard and fast upon a rock. A needle fang pierced her. She began to fill. Jerry sprang out, clung to the rock, felt bottom, and began to wade through the icy water until he emerged, high, but not dry, upon the shelving sand.

A little cave in the base of the low cliff gaped at his side. He crept into it and never knew he fell asleep.

* * * * * * *

When he opened his eyes the sun, appearing for the first time in many days, was high in the sky. The warm sunshine flooded the island and a beam, entering the cave, danced on the jagged rock.

Jerry did not at first remember what had happened. It took some minutes before the recollection of that nightmare in the boat had filtered through the gates of his mind.

He was apparently upon a tiny uncharted island in the Atlantic, pounded incessantly by the great waves that spent their fury on the shelving sands. What he had thought a line of cliffs was merely groups of rocks, divided by rillets of fresh water that bounded down from the acclivity above. Upon the other side of the islet the beating of the breakers could be heard plainly.

He ascended the low slope, and saw the Atlantic lashing at the strip of shore beyond. The isle was barely a quarter of a mile in breadth, and perhaps a mile long. It was the summit of a submerged mountain, bare, treeless, thinly covered with sparse grasses, and absolutely uninhabited.

Stumbling down toward his cave, Jerry had his wits almost shaken by an amazing discovery. Upon the hard sand, in a wind-sheltered nook between two rocks, he saw the imprint of a naked foot.

Jerry went back to the cave, and here his second surprise waited him. It sent the blood coursing tumultuously through his veins. It made him want to shout in ecstasy.

No savage, but a white man, or, at least, a civilized man, had tenanted those shores. Within the cave were packing cases, containing a supply of food which must be sufficient for two years! He saw canned beef, biscuit of the army kind, piled from the sandy floor to the rocky roof; jams, dainties, rations, which must have been carried there for a party of scientific explorers rather than ships' crews or settlers.

He gaped in amazement at the condensed milk, the sugar, the flour, tea, coffee, matches. Near by were scattered some rusty instruments resembling theodolites.

He thought he understood. This island was not unknown, then. A party from some observatory had come here, probably to watch a solar eclipse.

But there was food enough to last a whole party six months and more. And there was a pile of empty cans behind him, where the cave narrowed to a fox-hole.

He could not understand. He left the cave and paced the sands, trying to solve the problem. Who had been here, and why had they brought food in such quantity?

It was then that the third surprise afforded him an answer to his questions.

Stretched out upon the sand was a whitened skeleton—a man's, Jerry thought, and an old man's, for the spine was curved at the region of the shoulders, and the teeth, which had not all gone from the jaws, were worn and crooked.

Yet still he did not understand.

He sat there, puzzling. He paced the strip of sand once more, until, feeling the pangs of hunger rise as his strength returned, he went back into the cave to procure food.

In a large packing case which had been opened he found some rusty implements of aluminum—a saucepan, a teakettle, a frying pan. Searching about he came on some stores of compressed peat, used for fuel. It was nearly all gone, evidently the dead man had lived a long time on the island.

He made a meal and ate as sparingly as his ravenous appetite would permit. Afterward he stretched himself in the sun to sleep. His hands groped idly in the sand.

The left hand closed upon a bottle, buried there by the wind-drifts. Idly he picked it up. Within it was a manuscript.

Jerry was wide awake in an instant. He knew that this was the clue, the answer to his perplexities.

As he drew out the roll his eyes fell upon the name written at the bottom. It was Joseph Dexter! And now everything was made clear.

Fate had brought him to Ravengar ledge, the almost unknown islet in the South Atlantic, to find which he had fitted out the schooner, the place where Morgan, the buccaneer, had hidden his treasure hoard. The skeleton was that of Dexter.

Feverishly he unrolled the manuscript and began to read:

"To Whom It May Concern: Be it known that here, on the Ledge of Ravengar, there are two treasures—one of gold, the other of far more value. The first I have found—it is that of Sir Henry Morgan, buccaneer; the other I have made. Here in my dead hand you will find it—three black pellets. To the finder they mean power beyond all dreams of men—"

Jerry laid down the manuscript and hastened to the skeleton. There, clutched in the bony fingers, he found the pellets which old Dexter had held grasped tightly, even in death.

Jerry picked them up and started back to the cave. Suddenly, out of the rising tide, a snakelike arm protruded, sought him, and grasped him about the leg.

Another and another followed. Struggling, shouting, Jerry felt himself being dragged into the water. And now, held fast in the fleshy, clinging tenacles, he looked, waist-deep in the sea, into the cruel eyes and parrotlike beak of a huge octopus.

Unnerved but desperate, he thrust his fists into the creature's face. He fought with all the fury of his despair. It was the irony of fate that at this moment, when life, which had taken all away, had restored more than she took, death in such hideous form should have beset him.

But the creature, squirming on the sandy bottom, moved toward the deep water. The ocean level reached Jerry's shoulders, the little shore waves lapped his neck, they closed over his mouth. For an instant he fought free and filled his lungs with air; then the waves closed silently above him.

* * * * * * *

Leontine did not give Sebastian his answer soon, and he, coming to realize that if he demanded one it would be adverse, ceased to press her. He aided John Walcott in his business with a substantial loan, in return for the merchant's promise to assist him in his suit to the best of his ability. Sebastian settled down for a long siege.

About six months after the verdict a letter came to Leontine from the prison authorities. Having satisfied themselves that Jerry had escaped from the ship, and being certain of his death, these gave out the information that he had died in the epidemic, in order to cover their own negligence.

Jerry was dead! That was the one fact that burned itself into Leontine's brain. He was dead, and now life itself was worthless. The best that she could do was to be of use to others. That was her resolution in the days that followed the numbing shock of the intelligence.

Thus the day came when, at her father's pleading, she placed her hand in that of Sebastian Navarre.

"I consent, upon our understanding," she said to the Argentine.

John Walcott had continued to represent to his daughter that his finances were in a critical state. He had said nothing of Sebastian's loan, which had actually so far improved his position that he saw prospects of repaying it and resuming his old status. To save her father Leontine had consented.

Her consent was coupled with the restriction that the marriage was to be one in name only, until Sebastian had won her love. That, she knew, would never happen. But Sebastian, infatuated with the girl, believed that, once he had her as his wife, the path to happiness would be a smooth one.

They were married at the American consulate in Porto Delgado, and sailed for New York, where Sebastian was establishing a branch of his business. They secured a splendid apartment on Riverside drive, and Leontine found herself with all that money could command.

Sebastian was very patient for the first month after her arrival. Leontine, though she knew that she could never love him, felt her heart softening.

Then came what she had long dreaded. Sebastian resolved to use other means than those he had adopted, which seemed impossible of success.

Leontine was amazed and terrified at the transformation in his appear-



Jerry Takes the Pellets From the Skeleton's Hand.

ance as he entered the apartment that evening. He seemed a different man. Sebastian had always appeared a gentleman at least in externals. Now he came in violently, his hat on the back of his head, his steps uncertain. To her horror, Leontine saw that he had been drinking.

"Leontine, there's got to be an end of this," he said thickly.

She rose and stood before him in dumb terror, staring into his flushed face.

"I've married you, I've given you everything you want, and I've tried to make you happy. What's your game? What are you holding out for, eh?"

"Sebastian, you—you know your promise," faltered the girl.

He caught her fiercely by the wrist and thrust his face into hers. The smell of brandy on his breath nauseated her.

"A ruse, my dear," he mumbled. "See here, Leontine, you might as well give in. You know you haven't any legal rights in the matter. What's enough, isn't it? If you know how I love you, Leontine—"

A maudlin fit overcame him. He burst into tears, while the girl looked at him in ever-increasing disgust.

"I love you, Leontine," he babbled. "What have I done to deserve this treatment? I'll be your slave and do anything you ask me if only you'll try to love me a little. Promise me you'll try, Leontine."

He grasped her in his arms and pressed his kisses upon her lips and throat and brow. Leontine, writhing helplessly in his clutch, felt herself impotent.

Sebastian, dragging her across the room suddenly released her. An inarticulate cry broke from his lips. Leontine opened her eyes, reeling as she strove to keep her foothold. She saw upon Sebastian's face stupefaction, and fear, frantic fear.

He was pointing across the room and muttering. His gestures were those of a madman.

Leontine's gaze followed his. In a far corner, at the height of the head of a man, she saw two burning eyes, and, close beneath them, two white hands, one of which clutched a dagger.

That was all. There was no body, nothing but the two eyes and the white hands that clutched the steel.

But the Thing was alive. The eyes glowed with hatred that made them orbs of fire. Leontine saw one of the hands raise the dagger and move toward the Argentine.

Sebastian saw that too. His first shock of terror had sent him staggering back against the wall, numbed, dazed and palsied. Now he screamed in mortal fear, turned, and dashed from the room. Leontine heard him running down the hall. The hall door opened and slammed. Sebastian was gone.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

The Shielding Shadow

by Randall Parrish

AUTHOR OF "BEYOND THE FRONTIER," "MAID OF THE FOREST," "MY LADY OF THE NORTH," ETC.

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SYNOPSIS.

Adventurous Jerry Carson embarks in search of hidden treasure with the promise of Leontine Walcott to be his wife on his return. Her father favors Sebastian Navarre. Jerry's ship is burned; he is reported lost. Sebastian presses his attentions. Jerry suddenly turns up to confront charges of the Navarres against him. In a struggle for a forged paper Diego Navarre is killed and Jerry is convicted of the murder. He escapes, and finds the treasure and a wonderful chemical pellet. Leontine is forced to marry Sebastian. On the honeymoon, he attacks her in a rage. Suddenly he is confronted by a weird apparition. Leontine meets One Lamp Louie. Ravengar saves her from fire. Sebastian, driven to desperation, threatens her again but the Shadow intervenes. She hears it speak of Jerry.

FOURTH EPISODE

The Earthquake.

Since the luminous hands and eyes had appeared in the corner of Leontine's room for the second time, Sebastian had ceased to persecute her. Ostensibly they lived amicably together, yet Sebastian's heart was forever filled with gnawing jealousy of the dead Jerry, who still, as he well knew, possessed the soul of the woman who was his wife in name alone.

He had expected that the deadlock of this difficult situation would be broken long before. But the phenomenon of the burning eyes, which Sebastian attributed to the supernatural, had shocked and stunned him. Then he had been terrified by the sudden apearance of One Lamp Louie, alias Louis Lamb, his confederate in crime.

Another thing that had frightened him was the appearance of the mysterious stranger, Ravengar. Sebastian



The Newspaper Announced That Louis Lamb Had Suddenly Become a Millionaire.

felt instinctively that Ravengar's entrance into his life boded evil for him.

Finally, there was Louie's strange disappearance. Sebastian knew that the fellow had not perished in the fire.

It was nearly four months after Louie's disappearance when Sebastian, passing behind his wife's chair as Leontine sat reading the newspaper, found himself staring into a photographic reproduction of Louie's face. Underneath the photograph was a title referring to Louis Lamb, the hermit of White's Village, Western Canada, who had been made a millionaire in a day by the discovery of gold on a claim which he had staked out on a mountain side.

The article went on to say that a recent earthquake had disrupted a considerable part of the mountainside, uncovering a rich alluvial deposit, drained, doubtless, from a mother lode of incalculable richness somewhere in the heart of the mountain.

Sebastian stared at the photograph in silence.

Leontine looked up at her husband, instinctively drawing away from him. Sebastian noted the movement.

"We're going west tomorrow," he said curtly.

"West? Where?" asked Leontine.

"White's Village. The place you're reading about. Did you ever see that man before?"

"Yes. He looks like that queer friend of yours whom we saw in the cabaret on the night of the fire, but I have forgotten his name."

"Well, that's he, and I staked him to his claim," answered Sebastian.

He left her abruptly, and, returning to his own room, began to pace to and fro restlessly, planning for the future.

He would end Louie's reputation. He would terrify the little man, if not into sharing his wealth, at any rate into a promise never to see him again.

With the fear of Lamb gone, he could concentrate his mind upon the winning of Leontine's love.

And suddenly he stiffened where he stood, and his eyes fixed themselves upon a corner of the room. There was the strange apparition which had haunted him, no hallucination now, he could swear. He had never expected to see it again. It burned itself upon his eyeballs, that vision of the flaming eyes and the two dead-white hands beneath them.

One of the hands raised itself and traced the letters of a word upon the air in luminous letters that flickered, wavered and disappeared.

"Confess!" was written there.

With a groan Sebastian dropped into a chair and put his hands across his face.

When at last he looked up, the vision had vanished.

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There were quite a few things that Mr. Louis Lamb knew. He knew his name, and also his nickname, "One Lamp Louie," which had followed him to White's Village, Western Canada, in the way that nicknames do. He knew that he was prospecting for gold, and that he was one of an assorted mining population drawn to that place by the uncovering of gold deposits following upon an earthquake. He knew that he had properly staked out a claim, and that he lived in a little shack near by, remote from the village.

He knew that a scar ran along the top of his head, and he surmised that he must have got it in some accident or brawl. But beyond these elementary facts his mind was extremely hazy about his past.

The simple cause of his forgetfulness was not absence of mind, in its ordinary aspect, but the fact that he had been struck across the head by a falling beam in the cabaret fire.

How Mr. Lamb had made his way to Western Canada and engaged in the prospecting profession, how he had managed to build up some sort of coherent personality out of the remnants that were left uninjured is a matter for neurologists to explain. Suffice it that at a certain moment he found himself staring with unusual interest into the debris of a pan of earth and pebbles, which he had washed with water from a mountain stream.

In the bottom of this, in place of the few canary-colored flakes that he had expected to find, were three nuggets the size of lima beans, lying in a little mound of gold dust.

Louis Lamb emptied them into the little bag of dust which he wore about his body. Then he scooped up another panful of debris and started to wash it too. But no washing was needed. Nuggets of several shapes and sizes were lying in it. And nuggets of various shapes and sizes lay in the gravel at his feet.

There was no possibility of mistaking what had happened. The recent seismic disturbances had uncovered an alluvial deposit washed down through the course of ages by the streams from the great lode somewhere in the mountain side.

Louie had staked off this angle of the river bed, just where the torrent, sweeping past, had deposited its wealth, the heavier gold, leaving the pebbles to strew themselves anywhere along the river's further course.

After the first shock of the discovery had passed, he looked cautiously about him. Nobody was near. Nobody wanted to spy upon his claim, which was supposed to be worthless.

He worked with intense secrecy for weeks, always increasing his store of gold, which he concealed in a hole dug in the ground beneath the plank floor of his cabin. Then, somehow, the secret became common property.

It was impossible for Louie to keep it in such a place as White's Village. Besides, other strikes had been made. The whole side of the disrupted mountain teemed with gold.

"Red" Finn was interested in the hermit's mysterious journeys to and fro between his hut and his claim. "Red" had "felt" the presence of money in White's Village. He had gone to investigate, and, after satisfying himself that the bees were gathering in a store for him, he summoned two or three of his colleagues at present hiding in various remote villages from the inquisitiveness of the Northwest mounted police.

When they arrived, "Red" pointed out Louie's shack and indicated that there was probably a fortune inside it.

The hoard had increased to a veritable fortune when one evening Louie decided to go downtown. He had his provisions to purchase; but the instinct which had sent him there took him to the railroad depot instead of to the store. On the platform, waiting for the train to come in, stood a tall, well-dressed, athletic man, with grayish hair and a strange look of mystery upon his face.

"Well, Mr. Lamb, this is a pleasure," said Ravengar.

Louie looked at him. "I don't know you; I never saw you before," he growled suspiciously, his mind reverting to his store.

"No?" laughed Ravengar. "Perhaps we may get better acquainted with each other later."

Louie snarled at him and slouched away. He was turning back into the village when the train was heard, and the same instinct that had taken him to the platform now caused him to wait for the passengers.

Sebastian and Leontine, descending from their carriage, were amazed to see Ravengar waiting for them. Leontine looked on him with fear; Sebastian with frantic terror.

"Welcome to White's Village," said Ravengar, raising his hat.

"What are you doing here?" demanded Sebastian uneasily.

"Seeking my fortune—the same as yourself, my dear Navarre," Ravengar answered.

Before Sebastian could think of a reply his eyes lit on Louis Lamb, who, standing behind a post, watched the party with a dour grimace. He staggered an instant; then, associating the presence of the two men with some conspiracy, he blazed into anger. He strode toward Louie.

"How do you do!" he said curtly, offering him his hand.

Louie's eyes blazed. "I don't know you, I tell you," he shouted. "I never saw you in my life before—none of you."

As Sebastian stood staring at him helplessly, One Lamp Louie slouched off in the direction of his shack; and, realizing that he had left it for nearly an hour he broke into a terrified amble.

Sebastian, looking back, saw Ravengar helping Leontine into the carriage.

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Once within his shack, Louie rushed to the place where he hid his gold and pulled up the board. He breathed a sigh of relief. It was untouched.

But the memory of the two strangers who had greeted him terrified him.

He stared out of his little window. The sweat dripped from his face. In his arms he hugged the loaded shotgun, and he fancied that he saw an enemy beneath each bush, and in every quivering shadow.

As he crossed the floor his sharp ears seemed to tell him that somebody was near. He almost thought he heard a sound within the shack. He clutched his shotgun tighter and peered about him. But nobody was there.

Then suddenly, out of the shadows of the far corner of the room, two luminous eyes and two dead-white hands seemed to materialize themselves. Louie's eyes widened. He stared at the fiery eyes which fixed themselves on his.

The eyes burned themselves into his brain. Louie began to stiffen like a cataleptic.

And in his half-dead brain the following words were registered:

"Write out the statement you have to make concerning your forgery, on behalf of Sebastian Navarre, which sent Jerry Carson to the penitentiary for a murder which he never committed."

Louie's hand went out automatically toward a pencil and a pad of paper upon the pine table in the shack. Louie had not placed them there. They were there now, and it did not surprise him, because he was living upon a plane where nothing is surprising.

"I wish to confess my part in the forgery which ruined Jerry Carson," wrote Louie's hand, in obedience to his docile, subconscious mind. Louis himself sat rigidly at the table, motionless and stiff, except for the pliant right forearm and fingers. Or perhaps it was the real Louie who wrote, and only the shell, with its history of crime and weakness, that sat stiff in the chair.

The door of the shack opened. Sebastian appeared. But Louie sat stiff and motionless, and his fingers slowly formed the words with the pencil.

Sebastian, driven to desperation by Ravengar's appearance and Louie's strange behavior, had resolved to have it out with his partner that night.

Peering over Louie's shoulder, to his horror Sebastian saw the complete confession of the crime.

"So that's your game, is it?" he demanded through his teeth. "I guessed something was wrong. You pitiful fool, why didn't you come to me? Who's backing you? Don't you know that if that gets out it will mean punishment to you as well as to me?"

Louie stared into the man's face wonderingly. He had gone to sleep, as he thought, and now had awakened in the clutches of this stranger.

"Who are you?" he snarled, dodging out of Sebastian's grasp. "What do you want? My gold, that's what you want!"

With a spring he had reached the loaded shotgun, and he clasped it in his arms as a child clutches a doll.

Sebastian leaped forward and tried to snatch the gun out of his hands.

"Whom are you confessing to?" he shouted. "What do you want to confess for? Aren't you in this game as deep as I am?"

He grasped the barrel with both hands, but little Louie seemed possessed by a demon. The fear of losing his hoard gave him preternatural strength.

"Get out or I'll shoot!" he screamed, wresting the gun from Sebastian.

"I'll have that fake confession of yours first," Sebastian shouted.

He darted to the table. The pad was there, and the pencil, but the confession was gone. Sebastian, forgetful of his danger in the terror that came over him, went down on hands and knees, and began hunting upon the floor.

"Get out!" screamed Louie, hammering him with the butt of his weapon.

"Give up that confession!" screamed Sebastian, attempting to close with him again.

For answer Louie stepped back and aimed the gun at the intruder's head. Sebastian dodged, sought the shack door, opened it, and ran outside.

Louie was mad. That was the only possible explanation.

* * * * * * *

By the time Sebastian had reached the hotel he was outwardly calm again.

Passing beneath the window of the room in which Leontine sat, he saw that Ravengar was still there. The two were seated together in front of a table, on which a lamp was burning. Upon the table was an envelope.

As he halted uncertainly beneath the window, he saw Leontine look at the table. Her glance fell upon the envelope. Half in wonder, she turned it over. Nothing was written on it, and the flap was unsealed.

She offered it to Ravengar, who shook his head. It was not his.

"I wonder whether it is meant for me," Sebastian heard Leontine say.

She drew a folded sheet of paper from within. Sebastian, creeping close beneath the window, could see that it was a closely written page.

Leontine slightly raised the shade of the lamp to read it. The light fell full on the page.

"I wish to confess my part in the conspiracy which ruined Jerry Carson," Sebastian read.

For the moment his knees shook under him. So the plan had advanced thus far already! A copy had already been made and left with Leontine!

He clung to the window sill and trembled like a man in an ague. Everything seemed lost. Then came the reaction of fury. He ran into the hotel, dashed open the door of the room, and entered.

"Give me that paper!" he shouted to Leontine.

Leontine, startled by his sudden appearance, hesitated. Then she put the hand which held the paper behind her.

"It is not yours, Sebastian," she answered.

Sebastian sprang at her and caught at her arm, but Leontine was too quick for him. She held the paper out to Ravengar.

"Keep this for me," she said.

Ravengar took the paper, and Sebastian, gnawing his lip, looked from one to the other alternately.

"Give me that paper," he demanded of Ravengar.

"I received it from Mrs. Navarre. I shall return it to her when she requests it from me," said Ravengar calmly.

He moved toward the door, bowed to Leontine, and went along the passage in the direction of his room. Sebastian flung himself out of the room and strode along the passage.

A party of men in shirt sleeves were gambling in one of the rooms. They were drinking, and their voices rose angrily as they quarreled and slammed down the cards. Sebastian strode past them. In the next room he saw Ravengar, standing, the paper in his hand. He entered without knocking.

"Give me that paper, damn you!" he shouted.

Ravengar only looked at him fixedly. Sebastian hesitated. He could not decide what to do.

"You see, Mr. Ravengar, that is an important business paper," he continued, in a quieter voice. "It is the confession of a former partner of mine who cheated me out of some property. I have promised not to prosecute him provided he returns the money. It is worth ten thousand dollars to me, and since it has come into your hands I am willing to pay you that much for it."

"You must apply to Mrs. Navarre," answered Ravengar.

Sebastian hesitated an instant.



The Flaming Eyes and the Two Dead White Hands Beneath.



"Get Out or I'll Shoot You!" He Screamed.

Then he sprang at him like a tiger and locked his arms about him, the hands reaching toward the throat.

The suddenness of his leap surprised Ravengar, who reeled and went staggering back against the table.

In the flash of an interval before they closed Ravengar freed his right hand and sent the fist crashing into Sebastian's face. As Sebastian released him and staggered back Ravengar followed with a second blow from his left, which caught the Argentine beneath the chin. Sebastian dropped with a moan and crumpled up on the floor.

As Ravengar stood over him a picture fell from the wall beside him. A moment later the water bottle upon the table went crashing down in splinters of broken glass.

Ravengar looked about him in wonder.

Shrieks and cries resounded through the hotel. Through the darkness outside a sudden stream of light shot up.

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The volcanic eruption had blown the top off the mountain, had rent the ground into deep fissures from which the subterranean fumes, ascending, sent up a cloud of inky smoke that, added to the darkness of a moonless night, made the panic universal.

Leontine was standing in her room when the catastrophe occurred.

Suddenly she was flung off her feet by the force of the earthquake. Stunned, she mercifully escaped knowledge of its first horrors. When she recovered she found herself unhurt, but pinned between two scantlings that had fallen one on either side of her.

Cries and groans came to her ears from all sides.

Then through the darkness she heard a man's voice calling. "Leontine! Leontine!" he was saying.

And a thrill of joy leaped into her heart and set it to beating fast. It was Ravengar.

She answered faintly, and presently, guided by her voice, he found her.

"You are not hurt?" he inquired anxiously. She could not see his face, even though he stood beside her.

"No," she replied. "And you?"

"I think not," he answered, placing one arm around her to support her.

"You had better let me carry you," he continued. "You will fall over the beams. I know the way out—at least, I found the way in. There has been an earthquake." He raised her into his arms, and she lay there, one arm about his neck, her hair drifting across his face.

Carefully he picked his way toward the door. Then he set her down.

"I am going back for your husband," he said. "Stay there till I return."

Leontine looked about her. Several people lay half-buried in the debris of the hotel. A voice was calling pitifully from what had been the dining room. A man came stealthily across the fallen beams, guided by the sound of the voice.

It was "Red" Finn, who had been gambling with his companions in the next room to Ravengar's. He had heard the sounds of the quarrel, and Sebastian's offer of ten thousand dollars for a certain paper. Then, as the fight began, he had peered cautiously into the room and had seen Ravengar slip the paper into his pocket.

Now he was prowling among the ruins of the hotel, having almost miraculously escaped injury in the catastrophe.

At length his watch was rewarded. He saw Ravengar come staggering along the ruined wall, bearing Sebastian in his arms. He carried him to the porch and set him down beside Leontine. Sebastian groaned and opened his eyes. He tried to rise, Ravengar bent over him.

"Red" Finn crept cautiously nearer. Then something happened which convinced him that this was his lucky day.

The paper which he contemplated snatching from Ravengar's pocket dropped out as he bent over Sebastian. In an instant "Red" had leaped upon it and possessed himself of it and taken flight.

Only Leontine saw the action. She placed her hand on Ravengar's arm. "The paper!" she cried.

Ravengar started and felt in his pocket. It was not there.

"He has stolen it!" cried Leontine frantically, pointing to the disappearing figure of the fugitive.

Instantly Ravengar understood. He left Sebastian lying on the ruined porch and raced after the fleeing crook.

It was much lighter. The rising moon illuminated the land. Ravengar saw his quarry distinctly, racing along the wagon road that led toward the mining ground.

Ravengar felt that he was gaining.

In front of them the railroad line ran at a right angle to the wagon road. Just where they intersected was the brawling mountain stream, which now raged, a torrent, under the high bridge that lay before them. Beneath the bridge the railroad ran along the embankment cut beside the river.

It was a leap of forty feet to the raging torrent below. "Red," looking back, saw that his pursuer was close upon him.

He thrust the paper into his pocket and turned at bay. The two men closed. Ravengar sent the crook reeling.

"Red" dodged and recovered himself. He sprang at Ravengar like a panther. A chance blow caught Ravengar under the ear. Ravengar stumbled and fell.

Before he had recovered his footing "Red," spurred to frenzy, had sprung to the parapet of the bridge and leaped into the stream.

As he struck the icy water he was all but unconscious. He felt it close over his head. The shock revived him. He flung his hands upward, choking, until he reached the surface.

The bridge already lay in the distance behind him. The force of the current was carrying him swiftly away. He could not battle with it. He was drifting helplessly in the boiling eddies.

Suddenly he felt the ground beneath his feet.

In a moment he was scrambling up the bank and he flung himself, exhausted and shaking with cold, among the rushes.

Presently, feeling the return of circulation, he got up and thrust his dripping, palsied hand into his pocket. He drew out the envelope and, opening it, took the paper from it. In the rays of the moon he read:

"I wish to confess my part in the conspiracy which ruined Jerry Carson . . ."

He read it to the end, as best he could. A spasm of disgust crossed his face.

He crumpled it and made to throw it away. On second thought, however, he changed his mind and thrust it into his pocket. Then he started doggedly along the road.

When "Red" leaped, Ravengar followed him without hesitation.

He swam with all his strength, reached the bank, and pulled himself ashore. Then he looked up and down along the river. "Red" had disappeared.

He was, as a matter of fact, hidden by a little rise of ground, too slight to be perceptible from where Ravengar stood. Ravengar strode furiously up and down the bank.

The fellow must have perished instantly in the water, he concluded. Feeling that his search was hopeless, he crossed the bridge and returned to the village.

By this time the stunning effects of the earthquake had begun to subside. The inhabitants were running hither and thither, helping the injured. As Ravengar reached the hotel he saw that nearly all the inmates had already been rescued. Leontine still stood on the broken porch, where he had left her.

"He leaped into the stream," he said. "I plunged after him, but the current had already swept him under. I am afraid there is no chance of recovering your paper, unless the body is cast ashore."

"It doesn't matter," answered Leontine.

"You intrusted it to me. I have proved faithless."

"No, you have done your best."

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THE SHIELDING SHADOW

AUTHOR OF "BEYOND THE FRONTIER," "MAID OF THE FOREST," "MY LADY OF THE NORTH," ETC.

NOVELIZED FROM THE PHOTOPLAY SERIAL OF THE SAME NAME BY GEORGE B SEITZ. RELEASED BY PATHE.

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By RANDALL PARRISH

SYNOPSIS.

Adventurous Jerry Carson embarks in search of hidden treasure with the promise of Leontine Walcott to be his wife on his return. Her father favors Sebastian Navarre. Jerry's ship is burned; he is reported lost. Sebastian presses his attentions. Jerry suddenly turns up to confront charges of the Navarres against him. In a struggle for a forged paper Diego Navarre is killed and Jerry is convicted of the murder. He escapes, and finds the treasure and a wonderful chemical pellet. Leontine is forced to marry Sebastian. On the honeymoon, he attacks her in a rage. Suddenly he is confronted by a weird apparition.

THIRD EPISODE

The Mystic Defender.

Leontine staggered back against the couch, and fell, shrinking from the Thing in the corner, which still remained, the hands upraised, although they held the dagger now as if to hide it from her sight. Whatever the apparition meant, it was a friendly one. It had come to save her.

Then it spoke. The low voice thrilled her, and it reminded her of Jerry's own accents.

"Be true to your love and courageous, and all will be well," it said.

And it seemed to her as if this were indeed the soul of her lover, returned from the haunts of death, to save her honor at the critical moment.

Then, as the last tones of the voice died away, the Thing was gone—gone with the clatter of the falling blade.

Leontine managed to rise shakily to her feet, and cross the room.

Upon the rug lay the dagger. She picked it up. It was no ghostly mechanism, but a very substantial blade of steel set into a handle of bone. It was, moreover, a dagger such as she had seen wielded by Argentine vaqueros frequently.

And a wild, hopeless hope entered her heart that Jerry was still alive.

* * * * * * * * *

Jimmy Mason, a sallow, unhealthy-looking lad, stepped out of the elevator in a rather sumptuous apartment house and with unsteady fingers inserted a key in the lock of one of the doors. As he entered the hall a pretty, attractive young woman came hurriedly out of the living room.

"Jimmy!" she cried, and flung her arms round his neck.

Jimmy Mason released himself from this bond of sisterly affection and went into his den. There, taking his seat at a desk, he immersed himself in what looked like intricate mathematical complications.

"All right at the office, Jimmy?" inquired his sister, putting her head in at the door.

"As right as ever it will be," growled her brother.

"Then I'm off for the cabaret," answered the girl, pinning a becoming hat upon her pretty dark hair.

Half an hour later Miss Muriel Mason, just then the rage among the frequenters of the handsome cabaret in



Seized Louis by the Collar.

the white-lights district where she ...ed, came out of the dressing room ...he hall.

... and solid individual with a ...ace confronted her. The ... his expression was rem... ...oolboy's. In one hand ... red rose.

... Mr. Bang?" in... ...nded astonish... ...umble ...Muriel ...yer, ...nd ...ts ...e.

a corner of the room she saw two men who were, she knew, newcomers. One of them, a tall man with grayish hair, and an air of distinction about his features, at once arrested her attention. The second, who was evidently a stranger to the first man, was a little, wizened man, in an ill-fitted tuxedo, and was watching her every movement with hungry attention.

"You seem interested in Miss Mason, my friend," remarked the tall man to the other.

"Well, she ain't bad," answered the second. Then peering curiously at his companion, he remarked:

"Haven't I seen you before, Mr. ——"

"Ravengar is my name," answered the first man.

"Mine's Louis Lamb," said the second, letting his hand lie passive in that of his companion. "You ain't an American, though?"

"I come from anywhere," Ravengar answered.

"I asked, because I almost thought I'd seen you."

"In your dreams, your bad ones, perhaps," returned Ravengar lightly. "But since the dancer seems to interest you, how would you like to meet her?"

Louis Lamb turned his startled eyes on the other's face. At that moment he could imagine nothing that he would like better. Ravengar saw the look and smiled.

"Come along, then," he said, as Muriel, her number ended, left the stage.

They hurried through the swinging doors in time to intercept Miss Muriel on her way to her dressing room. Ravengar bowed.

"Miss Mason," he said, "I want you to meet Mr. Lamb, who is a warm admirer of yours."

Muriel took Mr. Lamb's hand without very much enthusiasm. "I'm pleased to meet him," she said. "But you've surely got a nerve to introduce us, when I've never seen you before."

And, nettled by Ravengar's easy, tolerant smile, the girl upbraided him angrily.

At the door of the cabaret Ravengar left his companion with a curt "good-night." Mr. Lamb, a little dazed by the suddenness of his adventure, stood uncertainly in the crowded street, looking about him.

As he stood there he saw a man leave the cabaret, at the sight of whom he emitted a low whistle. Then he began to hurry after him. He caught him at the corner of the block.

"Ah, Senor Navarre!" he exclaimed to Sebastian, with a mock bow.

Sebastian turned, saw and recognized the other, and uttered an oath.

"Well, haven't you a word for an old pal?" asked Lamb, with an unamiable grin.

"What now? What do you want, and what are you doing in New York?" Sebastian demanded.

"I'm making the grand tour, as our friends the French would say," returned Mr. Lamb. "Come, Senor Navarre, haven't you a friendly word for your old friend, One-Lamp Louie?"

"Yes, you can go to—" Sebastian began. Then he checked himself. "See here, now, what do you want?" he asked. "Money?"

"Oh, I can get that from you at any time," answered the other. "I did think of looking you up; funds running a little low. But I want more than that."

"Well, out with it," growled the other.

"Company," said Louie, grinning again. "I'm lonesome. I'm a little stranger in this wicked city. I want to meet your amiable wife."

"Do you think I'll admit you into my home?" shouted Sebastian.

"Now, partner," remonstrated the other, "don't take it so hard. Maybe you'll have a check for me in a day or two, and I can wait till I'm more presentable. Besides, of course, you'll get to know me at your club first."

"And then?" queried Sebastian, with ominous calmness.

"I guess we don't need to cross bridges till we come to them," replied the other. Suddenly he dropped his sneer. "Say, now, I'll talk straight to you," he said. "You're going to do the right thing by me, and you ain't going to forget who I am, or who put that name to a certain receipt in Porto Delgado. See?"

* * * * * * * * *

Muriel Mason lived with only her younger brother, Jimmy.

The boy had a small position in a wholesale house, which promised ultimately to become satisfactory. He had been playing the races of late, and losing steadily. Then he had taken the fatal step: He had "borrowed" money, as he called it, intending to pay it back when the favorite won.

Needless to say, the favorite did not win. And now, after weeks of agony, Jimmy Mason saw that discovery was inevitable.

It was all hopeless. He had read the suspicion in the manager's face that afternoon.

Since he had come home that night Jimmy had been making desperate calculations concerning the possibility of raising the amount of the deficit. But it had been hopeless from the beginning.

Presently, hearing a ring at the hall bell, and thinking that Muriel had forgotten her key, Jimmy went to open the door. He recoiled with a smothered shriek from the two men who stood confronting him. One of them displayed his detective badge.

At the first words of inquiry he stammered out a full confession. The two men heard him in silence.

"I've got it all," he wept. "Only give me time. I'll get it by the day after tomorrow."

"You can have till the day after tomorrow to make good," they informed him. "Else it's Sing Sing. Don't leave the house or you'll be arrested."

They left him, passing Muriel in the hall of the apartment house. The girl had hurried home, quite ignorant that she was being followed.

As a matter of fact, Ravengar had only stepped a few yards away from Mr. Lamb, and, hidden in a secluded niche, had waited for the singer to leave the cabaret. Then he had followed her. Whatever had been his motives, however, he made no attempt to speak to her. At the door of the apartment house Ravengar—vanished.

The moment the detectives had left, Jimmy went to the decanter and helped himself to a long drink of whisky. He had just swallowed it when his sister entered. She saw at once that something was wrong.

"Jimmy! What is it, boy?" she asked.

And then, bit by bit, the pitiful story came out.

"But you have the money, Jimmy, and will return it."

"I've spent a thousand dollars of it," answered the boy.

She clasped her hands in despair. A thousand dollars to be raised within two days! Muriel had perhaps twenty dollars in the world. She was being pressed with bills. She had never had a bank account in her life; she drew her pay on Saturday night and brought it home, where it was promptly pounced upon by the waiting creditors of the week.

"We'll find a way, we'll find a way," she kept repeating.

Muriel went into her room. The triumphs of the evening were forgotten now. She sank down listlessly in



There Was a Wild Rush for the Door.

a chair and, leaning her face upon her hands, gave herself up to desperate imaginings. How could the money be raised? She must raise it.

Suddenly she started up with a low cry. Something was in the room, something appearing out of the corner in which her desk was placed. It was a hand—nothing but a hand.

Out of the hand there dropped a roll of bills. At the same time a pencil materialized in the fingers and began to write on the pad.

Then the hand vanished, and Muriel rushed to the pad and read:

"Lure the confession of a certain forgery from Louis Lamb tomorrow night and the thousand dollars necessary to save your brother shall be yours. Here are five hundred in advance, as evidence of good faith."

Muriel picked up the roll of bills. They totaled five hundred dollars.

* * * * * * * * *

Since her dramatic protection from Sebastian's advances a few nights before Leontine had lived in terror of the man whose nominal wife she was.

Sebastian, with the superstition of the Spaniard, firmly believed that Leontine had been saved by some supernatural protector.

Meanwhile he had assumed again his attitude of civility toward her. They went about together; and Leontine was glad to have him take her from the apartment into public places, where at least she was safe from him.

On the evening after Muriel's discovery of the apparition, Sebastian had suggested that she accompany him to see the dancer, who had become the talk of the town.

Louie Lamb had decided to play a waiting game with Sebastian. Meanwhile he had gone to the cabaret to see the beautiful dancer.

At the same table he saw the same man who had been there the night before—Ravengar. The two men nodded. Louie, finding that Ravengar was not disposed to be communicative, watched him curiously.

Why had Ravengar come back to the cabaret, and what was the meaning of his watchful investigation of Muriel's face?

He looked from Ravengar to Muriel, and, to his astonishment and joy, realized that Muriel was looking at him. Moreover, there was an invitation in her glance. She seemed, in fact, to have eyes for him alone.

Louie licked his lips. He knew. He was not mistaken.

The thought that this beautiful dancer was interested in him almost overcame him. He was so absorbed in his reflections that he hardly noticed the man and woman who came to the table and sat down until the dancer had disappeared.

She was to dance again later that evening. Afterward Louie would go to her.

When he looked at the newcomers he discovered that they were Sebastian and Leontine.

The recognition between Louie and the Argentine was simultaneous.

"Won't you introduce me to madam?" inquired the little crook blandly.

"Leontine, let me introduce Mr. Lamb, an old acquaintance of mine," muttered Sebastian.

"A business acquaintance," said Louie, smiling. "Let me, in turn, introduce my friend, Mr. Ravengar."

Sebastian, introduced, in turn, looked dubiously at Louie's distinguished companion.

In the dressing room Muriel Mason waited for her final turn. The thought of her project filled her with very mixed emotions.

The second turn came, and Muriel, dismissing her troubles, hurried onto the stage.

When the dance was over Muriel waited in the hall.

A cluster of chorus girls, each carrying a lighted brazier, came out of the dressing room and stood chattering together, waiting for their turn. Muriel drew back a little from them. She wished her meeting with Louis to appear as accidental as possible.

A moment later she saw Louie come quickly through the swinging doors and glance about him. He saw her. The dancer drew back toward one of the lounges and stood there, apparently absorbed in thought.

Louie hurried up to her and took her by the hand, urging her to sit down beside him.

Bill Bang, who had no eyes but for her, saw the look of involuntary disgust cross her face.

That was enough for him. With a growl he started toward them, stopped, reached down deliberately, took Louie by the collar, and flung him several yards away.

As Louie sprawled to the floor, one of the chorus girls, who had been late, came hurrying out of the dressing room, her lit brazier in her hand. Louie's fall sent it spinning. The coals lay strewn along the floor and upon the silken hangings before the swinging doors. Instantly a flame shot up.

Muriel leaped from the couch in fury. All her shame, all her plans had come to nothing. The act of the big fool had ruined Jimmy.

"Fire! Fire!" someone was yelling.

The whole cabaret was afire. The flames were streaming from the windows, and the air was filled with smoke.

Muriel, panic-stricken, had instinctively run for the emergency exit. She gained it and stood in the street, uncertain what to do. She wanted to help, yet she could not go back into that inferno.

Then she was aware of Bill Bang at her side.

"They don't know this way out," he yelled above the crowd. "Go home, Miss Muriel. I'm going back for the others, to tell them—"

He had plunged back into the smoke again, and, filled with remorse for her words to him, Muriel looked after him in an agony of fear.

Firemen, dashing through the smoke, were carrying out those injured in the melee. Bill Bang saw a man lying half pinned under a fallen beam.

Bang raised the fallen man in his arms and began to stagger out with him toward the emergency exit. But the man struggled free and stood upon his feet. Then only did Bang realize that it was Louie Lamb.

Side by side they made their way to where Muriel was standing. At the sight of Louie Muriel shuddered; then, controlling herself, she said, gently:

"I'm glad you are not hurt, Mr. Lamb." She took a step forward.

Louis Lamb looked at her vacantly.

"I don't know you. I don't know you," he muttered.

And in his empty glance Muriel read the extent of the disaster that had befallen him. Louie Lamb stared out at Broadway.

"This isn't Buenos Aires," he cried. "Where am I? What has happened to me?"

He looked vacantly about him and began stumbling through the coiling smoke into the heart of the district. Muriel knew that her plan had gone awry; that whatever the secret might be which Louie had once possessed, it had gone from him forever.

Terrified, she hurried out of the place, caught a street car and made her way homeward. There was no way of saving Jimmy now!

She found the boy lying back in his chair in the living room, sunk into a dull apathy. She ran to him, kneeled at his side, and placed her arm about him.

"Oh, Jimmy!" she wept.

Then Muriel screamed and stared into the corner of the room where stood her brother's desk. His eyes followed her own; his teeth began to chatter.

The pencil which lay on Jimmy's desk had begun to poise itself in the air, as if held by invisible fingers. Then an invisible hand picked up the pad that had lain beside it and scribbled on it.

Out of the air a second roll of bills dropped. It fluttered to the desk. The hand laid down the pencil and the pad. The vision vanished. Muriel ran to the desk, picked up the pad and read:

"You tried your best. Better luck next time. Here is the balance of the thousand dollars."

Muriel snatched up the bills. There were five hundred more. She thrust them into her brother's hands, and brother and sister clung to each other fearfully, wondering, fearing, but happy in this mystic intervention.

* * * * * * * * *

Ravengar, left alone with Sebastian and Leontine, dropped his attitude of absorption and became communicative. His manners were fascinating, and soon the three were engaged in an animated conversation. Suddenly the cry of "Fire!" rang through the cabaret.

They started up with the crowd, which stood uncertainly, looking toward the entrance, through which a thin wisp of smoke was curling. The manager ran upon the stage.

"Keep your seats, ladies and gentlemen. It is only a brazier that has been overturned," he said.

But as the audience was resettling itself doubtfully, while ladies grasped their cloaks and men felt for their hat checks, screams rang out, and the coil of smoke suddenly became a whirling cloud that drifted in and filled the cabaret.

Instantly confusion reigned. There was a wild rush for the door. The band struck up a lively march in vain; then suddenly the members threw down their pieces and ran for safety.

The fearful crush in the hall was repeated inside the cabaret. Ravengar and Sebastian, linking hands, harried Leontine along between them. They had nearly reached the door, where the crush was thickest, when Leontine stumbled and fell. At the same moment Ravengar, torn away by the crowd, was almost hurled through the doors.

He strove with all his might to return to her, but he might as well have struggled against an avalanche. With difficulty he managed to retain himself in an upright position, instead of falling among the writhing bodies; and thus he was forced bodily out of the hall into the street.

When Leontine stumbled, Sebastian stooped to pick her up, but a man staggered, cursing, into him. Sebastian hesitated. If he bent down for his wife, he saw that it would be impossible to regain his footing. He let her go with a curse and sought safety in flight.

Leontine had fallen before a window near the elevator shaft. Somewhat protected by the bodies that were piled about her, she lay there, half conscious, gasping in the acrid fumes of the burning woodwork that coiled about her.

Suddenly, out of the fog of unconsciousness, she heard her name called. There was a shattering of glass. A breath of wind dispersed the smoke. She opened her eyes, to see Ravengar at the window.

He scrambled through, pulled her from under the fallen and, lifting her in his arms, helped her to safety. His hands were bleeding from the broken glass and his face stained with smoke. He set her down, gasping, upon the sidewalk and bent over her.

"Thank God you are alive!" he exclaimed fervently.

The devotion in his manner was evident to the girl even then. She staggered to her feet and stood facing him, incapable of speech. The tears came into her eyes. She thought of Jerry and the old days in Porto Delgado, and the tenderness upon her face might have been for Ravengar.

An interested spectator of this episode was Sebastian, who, having recovered from his fright, was slinking in front of the burning building when he came upon his wife and her rescuer. For a full minute he stood watching them, his features distorted into an ugly scowl.

Then he saw Leontine extend Ravengar her hand, and Ravengar raise it to his lips, and, lifting his hat, turn away.

Sebastian hurried up. "Thank heaven your are safe, Leontine!" he exclaimed.

"No thanks to you," answered Leontine curtly.

Sebastian bit his lip, but did not answer, and, side by side, they made their way to a taxicab. They did not speak during the drive homeward. But Sebastian's brain was burning.

He realized that a critical point in their relationship had been reached. And he brooded over the memory of what he considered his wrongs. He thought of the long years he had loved her in Porto Delgado.

She had loved Jerry Carson, the young American author, with his crazy device for discovering buried treasure, and Jerry had sailed away, and Sebastian had waited patiently and not



Ravengar Lifted Her in His Arms and Helped Her to Safety.

pressed his suit too hard. Then Jerry had returned, to discover Sebastian's brother Diego in the act of showing Leontine that forged receipt with Jerry's name attached to it. That had been a trick, justified by all the rules of war.

Jerry had killed Diego, as Sebastian firmly believed, and had afterward died on the convict ship. At last Leontine had consented to become Sebastian's wife, to save her father from bankruptcy.

What if there had been an agreement that their relationship should be one in name only? Sebastian felt that he had been gulled. He had squandered thousands on the girl, and never had she shown a particle of affection toward him.

Now the sight of Leontine and Ravengar was the touch of flame to tow. He would never permit the man to win her from him. He made that resolution before the taxicab stopped at their apartment house.

He followed Leontine into the reception room, where she took off her wraps. When she turned, she saw by the look on the man's face that she would again have to fight for the observance of his pledge.

"Leontine!" began Sebastian, taking her by the arms.

"Sebastian, you—you—"

"I have had enough of this," Sebastian answered. "You are my wife, and you treat me like a dog. You pretend to be incapable of love, that your love is bound up with that dead convict—"

"You shall not call him that! Jerry was innocent!" cried Leontine, with flaming eyes.

"Well, he's dead now," sneered Sebastian. "And you have married me."

He seized her in his arms, but she broke away from him and ran into a corner of the room. "Sebastian, I trusted to your honor!" she cried. "Sebastian, perhaps I can learn to love you if you will give me time—"

She did not know what she said in her terror of him. He caught her in his arms again.

Then, once again, there came the mystic intervention. Nearer now than before, at the height of a man's head, and this time in the center of the room, the two eyes glared at Sebastian. And underneath the eyes were the two white hands clutching the dagger.

Leontine screamed, and again Sebastian, looking up, saw the fearful apparition. As he looked the dagger flashed toward him.

Thoroughly cowed, he screamed and bolted for his room, in which he locked himself. Leontine stood in no further danger from him. He knew now that his wife was guarded by this messenger from the supernatural.

Again Leontine heard the voice speak.

"Be true to your love of Jerry and be brave. All will be well," it said.

Her heart leaped up with thankfulness. This time the name of her lover had been spoken, whereas before the phrase had been ambiguous.

As she gazed at the apparition she prayed: "Let me look at your face! Are you indeed Jerry, come back from the dead to save me from that man?"

But there was no answer. Slowly the apparition faded, only it seemed to the girl that the look of burning hate in the eyes had been succeeded by one of love.

And somehow she seemed to see in them the glance that Ravengar had given her that evening, when they stood side by side outside the burning cabaret. And she felt as if she loved Jerry the more because of Ravengar.

(To Be Continued.)



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BUCKEYE HULLS are real roughage in every particle. They are free of everything that has no value as forage. They are free of lint. They are free of trash. They are free of dirt and dust. When you buy

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They are sacked—easy to handle.
They take half the space for storage.
They mix well with other forage.
Every pound goes farther.
2000 pounds of real roughage to the ton—not 1500.

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"I have been feeding my dairy cows Buckeye Hulls and find that they do as well on Buckeye Hulls as on old style and that they like the Buckeye Hulls better than the old style."

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

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Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K ***The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.*** *Dept. K*

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SHERIFF SALE—REAL ESTATE

The State of Alabama, Chilton County.

By virtue of an order issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama, and to be directed, whereby, I, as Sheriff of said county, was commanded to sell the property described below to make the sum of forty-three and 85-100 dollars principal and interest and seven and 40-100 dollars, cost of suit, the amount of a certain judgment, and cost therein obtained at the Justice of A. F. Childress at the January 20th Term, 1917, of said court of said county, in favor of J. J. Stanley, and against Hunter Nix, and which property was levied upon by H. T. Childress, Constable. Now, therefore, I, H. A. Harris as Sheriff will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the court house door of said county, between the hours of 11 o'clock, a.m. and 4 o'clock, p.m. on

Monday, the 21st day of May, 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named Hunter Nix in and to the following described real estate, viz:

Southeast ¼ of the Southeast ¼ of Section 10, Township 22, Range 13, in Chilton County, Alabama.

This, the 18th day of April, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Commissioners Court Vote To Discontinue Road Machine

An order was passed by the Commissioners Court last Friday to have the county road machine finish the work on it has begun at Jemison. Then to run over the highway from Clanton to Maplesville. After completing this they will discontinue the work of the machine for the present.

WANTED TO BUY—Boilers in good shape, from 5 to 15 horse- power. See or write, R. M. FOSHEE, Clanton, R. No. 4.

URGENT NEED FOR THE GROWING OF FOOD CROPS

By J. F. Duggar, Director of Alabama Experiment Station and Extension Service.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

Faced as this nation is by present foreign problems and by the world-wide scarcity of food crops, there was probably never before a greater need for the planting of every crop suitable for human food that will mature promptly. Every farm should grow more than enough vegetables for the maximum use of the dwellers on that farm. The surplus is usually good hog food.

While caution is needed in the growing of perishable truck crops for market by those unaccustomed to such ventures, yet no such risk is involved in growing a larger acreage than usual of the staple farm products. Among these we should rank corn, sweet potatoes, and cowpeas, as possibly the most generally practicable summer crops suitable for human food, as well as being suitable for feeding livestock.

To these should be added peanuts and the usual garden vegetables.

As necessary for increasing the supply of meat, especially of pork, the South needs this year a larger acreage than ever before, not only of corn but also of velvet beans, soy beans, sorghum, and all the other well known forage crops.

Barbed wire cuts, ragged wounds, collar and harness galls, heal up quickly when BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT is applied. It is both healing and antiseptic. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Bill Goodgame pays highest prices

FEED YOUR FACE AT BILLY'S PLACE

We didn't mean to say it like poetry, but just wanted to tell you where you could get a good square meal when you come to town.

Bring along your chickens and eggs too, and I will pay you the best market prices. Don't forget to call around to see me when in Clanton.

W. H. GOODGAME

Across Street from Post Office.

INCREASING PRODUCTION OF FOOD CROPS IN ALABAMA

By J. F. Duggar, Director Experiment Station and Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.)

Community Organization for Immediate Needs.

The Extension Service most heartily upports the plans for increased food production which were set in motion under the leadership of the United States Department of Agriculture through the Atlanta and St. Louis conferences. These plans provide for the appointment, by the Governor of each State, of committees or committee chairmen in every county. The Governor of Alabama has already issued a proclamation urging increased agricultural production.

To this end the Alabama Extension service suggests to county and community chairmen that they appoint committees on such subjects as the following.

Production of Staple Crops and Livestock.
Gardening and Canning.
Seed Supply.
Women's Work.
Health and Sanitation.
Employment and Distribution of Labor.
Rural Police.
Markets.
Work Among Negroes.
Education and Social Welfare.
Boys and Girls' Clubs, etc.

It is also vitally necessary that all committees or agencies for increased food production, of whatever source or authority, should either merge with or cooperate fully with the contemplated state and county organizations.

To aid in furthering these plans the staff of the Extension Service at Auburn and its local representatives, the farm and home demonstration agents in the several counties, are at the call of any community needing assistance in perfecting its organizations and in working out its own peculiar problems.

The Seed Supply

In the meantime, the need in certain sections for planting seed is so pressing as to demand immediate attention. If the maximum of food production is to be attained all farmers, whether landowners or tenants, must be enabled to secure at once an ample supply of seed for crops that now most need to be grown.

Furthermore, in the Black Belt especially, there is no surer means of arresting the migration of farm labor than to place in the hands of the negro tenant sufficient seed to enable him to feed himself and family by planting a garden and the necessary food crops.

As the men who lack the seed are not likely to have either the foresight or the confidence to make their needs widely known, they must therefore, be sought and provided for by others. In communities not already organized, a few public-spirited men, say three to five, without waiting for appointment should constitute themselves a seed committee and proceed at once to meet the emergency.

Such committees should first ascertain by systematic inquiry and visitation the amount and the kinds of seed needed by all persons in their respective communities. Immediate steps should then be taken to purchase and distribute the seed as needed.

In this connection the local seed merchant and all farmers of the community having surplus seed should be asked to cooperate by selling to needy farmers on convenient terms of payment. Where this is not sufficient, a fund should be raised by popular subscription, or the committee may be able to make other arrangements for providing the means necessary to purchase an ample supply, or for securing an option on the necessary seed.

In all cases where the farmers are unable to pay cash, it will be wiser to sell seed on time rather than to give them away. The risk, in such cases, may be greatly reduced by requiring as security the joint note of at least two or three purchasers of seed. Wherever a tenant is the purchaser his note should be endorsed by his landlord. The committee should urge upon all landowners the necessity of cooperating in this worthy endeavor.

On application, the Extension Service at Auburn, or the county farm demonstration agent, will attempt to furnish to committees the addresses of parties having a surplus of the kinds of seed desired.

An Agricultural Program For the Next Few Months.

It is too late for any outline of a complete cropping system for 1917 to be worth much. Hence the following are intended merely as suggestions to supplement steps already taken.

I. CORN. The acreage in corn should be increased at least 50 per cent on an average. This means more than the doubling on many farms of last year's acreage. As a means to this end, let us continue this year to plant corn throughout the month of May on upland as well as on bottoms, and even to plant in corn some rich bottoms early in June, if it cannot be done before.

II. VELVET BEANS. Every acre of upland corn and most of the poorer acres of bottom land should have velvet beans (Early Speckled variety, also called 90-day and 100-day bean) between the corn hills or in the corn middles. Cowpeas, peanuts, or other legume, may be substituted. The velvet bean is the most practicable legume for general planting, because it requires the least investment for seed (25 to 40 cents per acre), it will grow on even the poorest land, and will afford not only returns in seed but also in winter pasturage, and in fertility for next year's crop.

III. SORGHUM or "SUGAR MILLET." The man who is most likely to need seed this year is the man who most needs a patch of sorghum. It is one of the quickest feed crops for work stock and hogs, and a dollar invested in sorghum seed will afford more syrup than any similar investment in sugar cane. As minimum amounts of this seed, now high priced, plant, for syrup, a peck to two acres; for forage, a peck to one acre. The cost, if bought at once, is about one dollar per peck.

IV. PEANUTS. There is practical certainty that whoever grows peanuts this year will find them in demand next fall at profitable prices. The oil is needed not only for human food and for many industrial purposes, but also for making high explosives used in modern warfare. Throughout the war, therefore, and probably for a considerable time afterwards, we may expect all oils or fats and the agricultural products from which they are manufactured to continue high in price.

V. SWEET POTATOES. The need for growing sweet potatoes for home use is so universal that if any sweet potatoes are still being used for feed this late in the season such use should be discontinued, and every obtainable bushel of sweet potatoes bedded.

Fortunately the use of sweet potato vine cuttings makes it possible for each neighborhood to provide for a considerable increase in the sweet potato acreage. This can be done as follows: Let each person who has bedded sweet potatoes set out a patch of slips at the earliest possible date, fertilize them well, and cultivate them frequently, all with a view to getting vine growth in the shortest possible time; then give or sell the vine cuttings to neighbors who have bedded no potatoes. This year the vine cuttings should be as short as practicable in order to increase the acreage. The setting of vine cuttings may proceed even up to the middle of July in the central and southern parts of the State.

VI. GARDENS. Continue the planting of the usual garden vegetables suitable for growth during the hot season, and make preparation for the planting of rutabagas and turnips in July; and also for planting in August of most of the vegetables suitable for use in the fall. The latter list is longer than many suppose. On this point address inquiries to Horticultural Department, Erperiment Station, Auburn, Alabama.

VII. BREEDING STOCK. Keep on the farm or in the neighborhood every cow or heifer suitable for breeding purposes, and sell no desirable stock of this character to butchers or shippers without first offering them to neighbors or advertising them, so that farmers needing breeding cattle may be supplied. The greatest hindrance to the rapid growth of the cattle industry throughout Alabama is the inadequate supply of cows and heifers.

VIII. AVOIDING DISEASES OF ANIMALS. As a part of the program of conserving and increasing the State's supply of livestock, every possible step should be taken to reduce the losses by disease, consulting, when necessary, a local veterinarian or a county agent. Especially should cattle be protected against tick fever, by the extermination of ticks. In regions where blackleg is a common cause for the death of cattle under two years of age, vaccination twice a year, under proper direction, should be a part of the regular farm operations.

Most important of all in avoiding losses of livestock should be care to promptly prevent the spread of cholera which is so generally spread by leaving dead hogs unburned, by permitting hogs to run at large, by allowing buzzards to come to the hog lots and pastures for water or for carcasses of poultry and larger animals, and by the passage of men and animals from farms having cholera to those free from it. Of course prompt examination by a competent party (veterinarian, county agent, or instructed farmer), should be made of every hog that dies, with a view to burning those attacked by cholera, and the immediate inoculation of all remaining hogs in the herd. For further information on this and other diseases of livestock address State Veterinarian, Auburn, Alabama.

IX. SURPLUS VEGETABLES. Waste of vegetables may be avoided by putting them up in cans or glass, or by drying them, or by selling or giving away the surplus, or by feeding them to hogs and other livestock.

X. INSECT AND PLANT DISEASE PESTS. Endeavor to prevent or reduce such losses due to insect enemies, as weevils in corn and cowpeas, bugs on the Irish potato plant, boll weevils on cotton, etc.; prevent or reduce, by spraying or otherwise, those plant diseases injurying food crops, especially such diseases as the late and early blight in Irish potatoes, the various rots of apples, etc. Address questions about insect pests to Entomologist, Experiment Station, Auburn, Alabama, and about plant diseases to Plant Pathologist, Experiment Station, Auburn, Alabama.

The Experiment Station and the Extension Service stand ready, on application, to furnish literature regarding the treatment of each of these and many other pests, and to answer inquiries along these lines.

XI. WINTER CROPS. Plan well in advance for next year's crops, especially for a liberal acreage in oats, to be sown in the fall, and for other winter crops suitable to the conditions of each farmer. Doubtless before fall the Alabama Experiment Station or the Extension Service at Auburn will issue other publications calling attention to the crops most important for planting throughout the fall.

"Inside" Information About Eczema

Washing the skin, rubbing salves and lotions on it, will not cure your Eczema. You may temporarily relieve the constant itching, but if you want to get at the seat of the trouble, you must purify your blood.

Infected blood is dangerous, and when the watery sores and pimples appear, you should lose no time in procuring a bottle of S. S. S.

This great remedy, which was discovered over fifty years ago, will wash out and strengthen your blood, and the annoying and disfiguring eruptions of the skin will disappear, and you will soon feel healthy and vigorous again.

S. S. S. being purely vegetable, is entirely free from all "dope" and drugs; get it at your druggist's and insist upon the genuine. For free, expert advice, write to our Medical Department, Swift Specific Co., 307 Swift Building, Atlanta, Ga.

ADMINISTRATORS SALE

The State of Alabama, Chilton County.

In the matter of J. W. Foshee, Administrator of the the estate of R. A. Hancock, deceased, to sell the land of said estate for the purpose of paying the debts thereof, etc.

In this cause, it being made to appear to Judge of Probate of said County, by the affidavit of F. B. Collier, Solicitor for the administrator of said estate, that Pink Hancock and Joe Hancock, heirs of the said R. A. Hancock and interested in said estate, are non-resident of the state of Alabama, that the said Pink Hancock resides in the State of Michigan and said Joe Hancock resides in the city of Philadelphia, Pa , and further in the belief of affiant, they are each over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Union-Banner, a newspaper published in Clanton, Ala., once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring the said Pink Hancock and Joe Hancock, to file any objections, if any they have, to the sale of said land for the payment of said debts, by answer, plea or demurer to the petition in this cause by the 12th day of May, 1917, or thirty days thereafter, such objection will be taken as waived.

This the 7th day of April, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
4-12-4t Judge of Probate.

SHERIFFS SALE—REAL ESTATE

The State of Alabama, Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed, whereby I, as Sheriff of said County, was commanded to make the sum of four hundred, twenty-two and 90-100 dollars, principal and interest, and nine and 15-100 dollars, costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and the cost therein obtained at the Fall Term, 1916, of said Court of said County, Alabama, in favor of A. E. Walker, as Supt of Banks against John Patton, Jr., and J.H. Patton, Sr., I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the courthouse door of said county, between the hours of 11 o'clock, a.m. and 4 o'clock, p.m.

On Monday the 28 day of May, 1917 all the right, title and interest of the above named J. H. Patton, Sr., in and to the following described real estate, viz:

Lot numbered two (2) in Block numbered "M" and Lot numbered (6) in Block numbered "A", both of said lots being situated in the Town of Jemison, and being as shown by the map of the Town of Jemison made by C. A. Pickett.

Also Lots numbered thirteen and fourteen (13 and 14) in Block "A" in "Park Place" in the town of Jemison as shown by the map of said Park Place.

All the above property situated in the Town of Jemison, Chilton County, and State of Alabama.

This 28th day of April, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at Courthouse door April 25, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Dizziness, vertigo (blind staggers,) sallow complexion, flatulence are symptoms of a torpid liver. No one can feel well while the liver is inactive. HERBINE is a powerful liver stimulant. A dose or two will cause all bilious symptoms to disappear. Try it. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

LEGAL NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Governor to remit or set aside the forfeiture taken against T. L. Parkinson on December 6, 1916, and made final on February 20, 1917, in the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama.

J. M. C. PARKS.

New County Road Law Unanimously Adopted

The new road laws of Chilton county, as published in the Union-Banner week before last, were adopted unanimously by the Court of County Commissioners on last Friday.

The time in which to pay the commutation fee was changed from the first day of April to the first day of March. The new law meets the approval of the people of the county and promises to give us a better and more effective road construction and maintenance system.

When the baby takes too much food the stomach turns; the result is indigestion, sourness and vomiting. Frequently the bowels are involved and there is colic pains and diarrhoea. McGEE'S BABY ELIXIR is a grand corrective remedy for the stomach and bowel di orders of babies. It is pure, wholesome and pleasant to take. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

LEGAL SALE—REAL ESTATE

The State of Alabama, Chilton County. In Probate Court.

Application having been made on this day in due form by J. W. Foshee, Administrator of the estate of R.: A. Hancock, deceased, for an order authorizing the sale of the land described therein, belonging to the said estate, for the purpose of paying debts, on the ground that the personal property is insufficient therefor and to divide the residue thereof among the heirs, the 15th day of June, 1917, has been appointed for hearing of such application, at which time, all parties interested can appear and contest the same if they think proper.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
4-12-4t Judge of Probate.

High class mule jack will make spring season at "Bird-Wood" farm near Bibb, Chilton, and Shelby County line. Colts to stand and suck, $10 Jack handled by owner.

K. C. MAHAN,
Brierfield, Alabama.

YOU GET A PRIZE WITH EVERY PACKAGE

Buy "Hodges Special" pure Coffee, put up in pound packages and selling for 30c.

With each package you get a ticket, which is good for a various number of pieces of China Ware.

Whatever prize your ticket calls for is given to you with the Coffee.

The Coffee is the very best Grade, ground and pure. Call for it next time.

W. Z. HODGES,
Clanton, Ala.

The Cost of Living is High

BUT I HAVE SOME BARGAINS WHICH I CAN OFFER AT MONEY-SAVING PRICES.

Just received a full line of SHOES. Easy walkers, etc.
Nice new line of Spring Clothing for Men and Boys.
Ladies Skirts and Ready-Made Waists.
A FULL LINE OF DRESS GOODS.
Guano, Cotton Seed Meal, and all kinds of Fertilizer.
I want you to come to see me before you buy.
I will buy all kinds of Cattle, either fat or poor.
I carry a full line of Automobile tires, casings and Tubes.
I will buy your old worn out casings.

L. H. REYNOLDS

CLANTON

NOTICE TO SICK WOMEN

Positive Proof That Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Relieves Suffering.



Bridgeton, N.J.—"I cannot speak too highly of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for inflammation and other weaknesses. I was very irregular and would have terrible pains so that I could hardly take a step. Sometimes I would be so miserable that I could not sweep a room. I doctored part of the time but felt no change. I later took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and soon felt a change for the better. I took it until I was in good healthy condition. I recommend the Pinkham remedies to all women as I have used them with such good results."—Mrs. MILFORD T. CUMMINGS, 322 Harmony St., Penn's Grove, N. J.

Such testimony should be accepted by all women as convincing evidence of the excellence of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a remedy for the distressing ills of women such as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, backache, painful periods, nervousness and kindred ailments.

PELLAGRA

G. S. is a guaranteed remedy for Pellagra, Rheumatism, Syphills, Scrofula, Eczema, Constipation and all Blood, Liver or Kidney diseases. My guarantee is good to you. At druggists', or post paid, $1.00 per bottle, or 6 for $5.00. Write me for testimonials and mention this paper.

L. M. GROSS
721 Spring Street Little Rock, Ark.

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills allflies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers, or 6 sent by express prepaid for $1.



HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Misunderstood.

She—Does Doctor Cutter treat many people?

He—No; he's notoriously stingy.

To Drive Out Malaria And Build Up The System

Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC. You know what you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out malaria, the Iron builds up the system. 50 cents.

Beating High Cost of Living.

"Merry Ann," said Hi X. Penses to his second wife last night, "this here high cost of living thing is hurting my pocket like a toothache.

"I've been thinking up ways for beating the thing for a year or two and at last I've discovered just how to do it.

"Years ago we lived better when I made less money.

"Now, why not apply the rule to household expenses?

"So hereafter I'll just cut your household allowance 50 per cent and you see to it that we live better, see?"

His doctor says he will recover and all the lawyers in Bunkville City have refused to handle his divorce proceedings.—Exchange.

Her First Journey.

Margaret, five years old, was traveling for the first time. She sat as if entranced by the view from the car window.

Her father, noticing the rapt expression on her face as the train sped along, said:

"What do you think of it, Margaret?"

She replied: "Oh, father! It is just like a picture book, only you don't have to turn the pages."

Sad Stories, Mostly.

"He's a great reader."

"Of what?"

"Gas meters."

The answer to the Health Question often lies in a change of table drink

HEALTH Drink POSTUM There's a Reason

AMERICAN TANKER VICTIM OF U-BOAT

ARMED STEAMER VACUUM OF NEW YORK TORPEDOED BY GERMAN SUBMARINE.

NUMBER OF CREW PERISH

Was En Route Home—Chief Mate and Seventeen Men, Including Three Gunners Landed.

London.—The American oil tank steamer Vacuum has been sunk. The captain and part of the crew and the naval lieutenant and nine American naval gunners are missing.

The Vacuum was sunk by a German submarine on Saturday whle she was on the way to the United States

The chief mate and 17 men, including three of the Amercan navy gunners, have been landed.

A boat containing the master of the ship and the remainder of the crew, together with the lieutenant and nine naval gunners and assistants are missing.

New York.—The American steamship Vacuum, commanded by Capt. W. McKay of this city, left New York on March 30 for Birkenhead, England, carried a crew of 34 men, of whom 15 were American citizens, including nine native born.

Assigned here before the United States entered the war, with Captain McKay, were: Oscar Gailes, mate, Russian, naturalized; Frank J. Yerney, second made, Belgain, naturalized; E. D. Husted, third mate, Mount Vernon, N. Y.; John Kirk, chief engineer, Scotch, naturalized; John Simpson, assistant engineer, English naturalized, 364 West Fifty-fifth street, this city; Francis J. Davidson, alized; R. Williams, assistant engineer, born in Wisconsin; J. Witkjens, born in New York; W. H. Crane, steward, 411 Eighteen street, Brooklyn; Thomas Ellis, Albany, N. Y.; L. J. Hatton, wireless operator, Nigara, Wis.; Joseph Mullen, Brooklyn, and R. Punzie, and ——. McD. Log, both of San Juan, P. R.

TAKE GERMAN VESSELS

Senate Passes Bill Taking Over Ships Seized From Germany.

Washington.—The Senate by a unanimous vote passed a resolution providing for the transfer of title and possession of enemy ships in American ports and their use in commerce under direction of the shipping board.

There are about 100 German and many Austrian ships in American ports and all are under repair, though the Austrian ships are not included in the resolution, as the United States and Austria are not at war.

The resolution was debated in the Senate for more than four hours behind closed doors. The discussion centered on questions of damages for the seized vessels after the war, but all efforts to provide a method by which the owners of the property would be given a right to sue in courts of the United States were defeated. Legislation of this kind will be left to a later date.

$75,000 Bushels Grain Destroyed.

Chicago.—Fire destroyed two grain elevators of the Hales & Edwards Co., which housed approximately 75,00 bushels of oats and wheat, here causing a loss estimated at $500,000. Police and federal officers began an attempt to determine the origin of the blaze before the flames were under control. Experts furnished by the fire insurance companies began an inspection of al Chicago grain elevators, packing plants, mills and warehouses containing foodstuffs, in order to prevent their destruction by fire.

Bakers Strike in Chicago.

Chicago.—Chicago grappled vainly with the bakers striqe and it seemed that prospects of an immediate settlement and the alleviation of the threatened bread strike were remote. Representatives of thes trikers, whose action has closed 15 of the city's leading bakeries and about 70 smaller ones wit ha resultant decrease of about 1,000,000 loaves in Chicago's daily bread supply, and a delegation of employes conferred with Mayor Thompson. After the conference it was announched taht both sides had asserted an intention to fight it out.

Brewers Fined for Corrupt Practices.

Pittsburg.—A total of $50,000 in fines was assessed against 33 Pennsylvania brewing corporation on their pleas of no defense to charges of violating the federal corrupt practices act, before Federal Judge Thomson. The fines ranged from $500 to $3000. The United States Brewery association was fined $10,000.

U. S. To Ascertain Seed Supply.

Washington. — Appointment of a committee of department of agriculture experts to gather full information regarding available supplies of seeds for staple food crops was announced by Secretary Houston. The committee will ascertain the quantities and prices of available seeds and under questions relating to production and distribution. The committee is headed by L. M. Estabrook, chief of the department's bureau of crop statistics and R. A. Oakley, of the bureau of plant industry.

TELLS COURT WIFE WON'T KISS HIM

Denver Judge Grants Man's Plea After Listening to Tale of Domestic Woe.

Denver, Colo.—"My wife refuses to kiss me or recognize me as her husband," Frank I. Gillings, contractor, told the Denver district court in appealing for an annulment of his marriage to Clara A. Gillings.

"Why?" queried Judge Mullins.

"Because her mother, who holds similar views," replied the plaintiff, "has made her believe that it is wrong for a husband to even kiss his wife."

The court was interested to the extent of allowing Gillings to introduce a portion of a letter written to him



Refuses to Kiss Him.

by his wife shortly after their marriage and after their separation. In this letter Mrs. Gillings made the following statements:

"We are not living in the age of slaves or heathen, nor 100 years ago, nor even 50 years ago. Women are waking up. They are no longer considered a 'white slave of man.' You will receive no sympathy from any well read man or woman of today."

Another passage read:

"Not only I refuse on religious or conscientious grounds, but my own personal feelings and the welfare of the future generation of my children. You are to be pitied, surely—you, with your century-ago ideas of the duty of wife to man, usual 'marital relations,' etc."

Mrs. Gillings had written this letter in response to his appeals that she live with him and make a home for him.

"And she was a June bride, too," exclaimed Gillings. The court granted the annulment.

WON $5,000,000 OFF $200

Texas Land Taken for Puny Debt Has Proved to Be Rich in Quicksilver.

Chicago.—F. H. Perry, of this city, is receiving a revenue of nearly $50,000 a month from his quicksilver mine in the Big Bend country of Texas, which he was forced to take over several years ago to satisfy a debt of $200. In fact when Mr. Perry came into possession of this 1,280 acres of land he regarded it as worthless. He did not even take the trouble to go to see it, knowing the region to be barren and almost uninhabitable. However, fate had decreed that fortune should smile on Mr. Perry.

Since the price of quicksilver mounted from $45 to $80 per flask of 75 pounds because of the war in Europe, Mr. Perry's mine has produced $3,000,000 worth of the material. What the mine is worth today no one ventures to estimate, but, figuring on its revenue producing basis, it ought to have a value of not less than $5,000,000.

PAIR OF SHOES DOES TWO ONE-LEGGED MEN

Dalton, Ga.—There are two men in Dalton who are not worrying over the price of shoes. They are both named Joe—Joe Fain and Joe Carter. Both are mill operatives and both are one-legged. However, there is a difference in the legs, as Carter has a right leg and Fain a left leg. They wear the same size shoe and "split" their footgear between them as ordinary men would split a bottle of beer.

Not That Way.

New York.—If you want to flirt with a girl in the subway, don't try Oriental methods on her. An esteemed citizen from Bombay, India, tried this method. He is repining in the workhouse.

Girl Died From Swallowing Pins.

Los Candelarias, N. M.—Miss Cleotilde Gallegos, aged twenty years, died here as the result of having swallowed several pins while dressing for a dance.

JAIL NOT A CURE SAYS HENDERSON

WOULD DISCOURAGE PRACTICE OF JAILING MEN FOR PETIT OFFENSES.

AT THE STATE'S CAPITAL

Interesting News Budget of Happenings in Various Departments of State.

—Montgomery.

When urged to instruct peace officers to wage a campaign against vagrants as is being done in some of the other states, Governor Henderson said he did not believe this was the remedy. "Putting men in jail will not increase production, nor will it increase enlistment in the army," said the governor. He expressed the opinion that the men who get fees for it do not need encouragement to put people in jail. He has discouraged the practice of jailing men for petit offenses.

Compiling Data to Raise Army.

The drector of the census has requested John Purifoy, secretary of state, to give him the number of voting precincts in Alabama and the number of wards in Birmingham, Mobile and Montgomery. This means tht plnsa are lready being made by the census bureau to take the military census which will be necessary before nay men are conscripted into the new army. Under the plan of conscription a census will be taken of all men betw een the ages of draft in order that the war department may call them out by ages when needed. Secretary Purifoy replied that this state, according to the returns of the November election, had 1351 precincts.

State to Help Market Crops.

The state intends to be active in seeing that foodstuffs grown in Alabama will have markets. Governor Henderson wrote Clarence Lloyd, secretary of the Birmingham Commission, that he, with representative citizens, contemplated "organizing the state and making a complete survey of the situation. This organization that is being projected means the organization of each precinct, and I am urging upon the central county committees where there is a shortage of seed to raise funds to procure them for those who are unable to procure them for themselves. It is our expectation to assist in the distribution of these products when grown, because that is just as important as the planting and growing of the same," he writes.

Railroads Lose in Franchise Cases.

The circuit court of Montgomery county decided against the Louisville and Nashville Railroad company in the additional franchise tax case. Between $30,000 and $35,000 per year revenue was added for the state by Judge Gunter's decision. Attorney General Martin acting for the state equalization boar, brought suit to increase the assessed value of the L. and N. in Alabama $43,000,000 in addition to what it had been previously assessed; the N. C. and St. L., $2,000,000; Central of Georgia, $8,000,000; the Seaboard, $3,000,000; the Southern $17,000,000, and the A., B. and A. $2,000,0000. All of these were determined by the case decided. The railroads involved will appeal to the supreme court. The franchise tax levied by the state board of equalization is 40 cents per $1,000 on the capital employed in Alabama by foreign corporations. If the state wins before the supreme court this case will determine the status of values for future payment of franchise taxes of railroads under the Alabama revenue laws.

Asked to Pretermit Court Terms.

A movement was started here to have the summer terms of circuit court pretermitted for the farmers all over the state to have more time for their crops. Emmet Jones, secretary of the Alabama Chamber of Commerce, called upon Chief Justice John C. Anderson with these suggestions. The Chief Justice took it under advisement.

Warrants to Be Issued.

Pickens county is making its plans to issue $130,000 county warrants for good roads, and has called upon State Highway Engineer W. S. Keller to advise with the county commissioners on the subject. There will be a meeting at Carrollton May 8 to act on the proposal.

Orders 31,000 Tags for Automobiles.

A contract for the automobile tags to be used by the state during the coming fiscal year was awarded to a St. Louis concern. The original order calls for 25,000 private car tags, 6000 commercial and 2500 motorcycles

Commission Approved.

Col. W. P. Screws, of the Fourth Alabama infantry, now wears the spreaeagle that denotes his new rank, his commission having been approved by the war department. His commission, however, dates from the time of his election, April 21. The war department has issued a memorandum requiring all officers of the regular army and the National Guard to wear uniformh appropriate to the occasion whether ahey are on duty or not. If they are compelled to wear the uniform.



No Gasoline Required.

"They say we will soon have a machine that will run without gasoline."

"I've got one that will run without gasoline now."

"What kind of a machine is it?"

"A typewriter."

GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER

Has a Record of 50 Years of Success

Correcting impurities in the stomach, gently acting on the bowels. Stirs up the liver and makes the despondent dyspeptic enjoy life. It is highly recommended for biliousness, indigestion, etc. Always keep a bottle of August Flower handy for the first symptom of these disorders. You may feel fine today, but how about tomorrow? Remember that "an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and that it is both painful and expensive to be sick. For sale by druggists in all parts of the civilized world in 25 and 75 cent bottles.—Adv.

He Sowed Too.

"The Sewing Society met at our house yesterday."

"And were you at home?"

"Sure thing."

"And what did you do?"

"Sowed garden seeds."

With the Fingers! Says Corns Lift Out Without Any Pain

Sore corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn can shortly be lifted right out with the fingers if you will apply on the corn a few drops of freezone, says a Cincinnati authority.

At little cost one can get a small bottle of freezone at any drug store, which will positively rid one's feet of every corn or callus without pain or soreness or the danger of infection.

This new drug is an ether compound, and dries the moment it is applied and does not inflame or even irritate the surrounding skin. Just think! You can lift off your corns and calluses now without a bit of pain or soreness. If your druggist hasn't freezone he can easily get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.—adv.

Where did we ever get the notion that Adam and Eve ate an apple?

STOP THOSE SHARP SHOOTING PAINS "Femenina" is the wonder worker for all female disorders. Price $1.00 and 50c. Adv.

Being fit for the best society enables one to keep out of it.

Backyard Information.

"Cats are very sensitive animals."

"I suppose that is why they are always taking a fence."

Eczema? Use Tetterine.

"I have been troubled with Eczema on the face for nearly two years, and a few applications of Tetterine and the use of Tetterine Soap has entirely cured me. I cannot say too much for its praise."
Myricks, Mass. Mrs. S. A. Haskins.
Tetterine cures Eczema, Dandruff, Itching Piles, Ring Worm and every form of Scalp and Skin Disease. Tetterine 50c; Tetterine Soap 25c. At druggists, or by mail direct from The Shuptrine Co., Savannah, Ga.
With every mail order for Tetterine we give a box of Shuptrine's 10c Liver Pills free. Adv.

Contrary Compensation.

"This is an ugly matter."

"Yes, but somebody will have to pay handsomely for it."

WOMAN'S CROWNING GLORY is her hair. If yours is streaked with ugly, grizzly, gray hairs, use "La Creole" Hair Dressing and change it in the natural way. Price $1.00.—Adv.

If people knew all their "in-laws" beforehand, many a match would be prevented.

EAT SKINNER'S THE BEST MACARONI



TWO LARGE PACKAGES 25¢
MADE FROM THE HIGHEST GRADE DURUM WHEAT
COOKS IN 12 MINUTES. COOK BOOK FREE
SKINNER MFG. CO. OMAHA, U.S.A.
Largest Macaroni Factory in America

STOCK LICK IT—STOCK LIKE IT



For Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Contains Copperas for Worms, Sulphur for the Blood, Saltpeter for the Kidneys, Nux Vomica, a Tonic, and Pure Dairy Salt. Used by Veterinarians 12 years. No Dosing. Drop Brick in feed-box. Ask your dealer for Blackman's or write

BLACKMAN STOCK REMEDY COMPANY
CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE

ECZEMA!



Money back without question if HUNT'S CURE fails in the treatment of ITCH, ECZEMA, RINGWORM, TETTER or other itching skin diseases. Price 50c at druggists, or direct from A. B. Richards Medicine Co., Sherman, Tex.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

MANY PEOPLE REPORT BIG GAINS IN WEIGHT

THOUSANDS OF THIN, FRAIL PEOPLE ARE RESTORED TO HEALTH BY TAKING TANLAC.

FIGURES ARE ASTONISHING

People of Prominence and Unquestioned Integrity Tell What Celebrated Medicine Has Done for Them.

ONE of the most noteworthy features in connection with Tanlac and the one that stands out more prominently than any other, perhaps, is the very large number of well-known men and women from all parts of the South who have recently reported astonishing and rapid increases in weight as a result of its use.

When so many well-known people of unquestioned integrity make statement after statement, each corroborating the other, the truth of such statements can no longer be doubted.

Thousands have testified that this famous medicine has completely restored them to health and strength, after every other medicine and the most skilled medical treatment have failed.

One of the most remarkable cases on record is that if Mrs. Viola Ives, of 315 Cross Street, Little Rock, Ark., whose statement appears below.

"In May of 1913," said Mrs. Ives, "I suffered a complete breakdown of my nerves and my entire system gave way. About six weeks afterwards I was carried to the hospital. I became perfectly helpless—couldn't move any part of my body and just lay there in bed for five months, not knowing anything or anybody. I was brought home in October, 1913, and tried all kinds of medicine and everything I was told about.

"I read about so many people getting relief by taking Tanlac and my husband got me a bottle. After taking three bottles I began to feel better. I have taken several bottles of Tanlac now and I can walk anywhere and sleep like a child. When I took my first dose of Tanlac I weighed only one hundred and twenty-two pounds. I now weigh one hundred and sixty-two—an actual gain of forty pounds since I started on Tanlac."

Texas Man Testifies.

Another remarkable case was that of John M. Crabtree, a general merchant at Five Mile Station A, Dallas, Tex.

"I have actually gained thirty-four pounds on three bottles of Tanlac and I now know what it is to enjoy good health after suffering for twenty years," said Mr. Crabtree.

"I suffered with catarrh of the stomach and indigestion for twenty years and for eighteen months, before I started taking Tanlac, I had to live almost entirely on cereals. I spent nearly all of one whole year in bed and was unable to do anything at all and I fell off in weight to 118 pounds.

"After using my third bottle of Tanlac I found I had increased in weight from 118 pounds to 152 pounds, making an actual gain of thirty-four pounds—all my troubles were gone, and I was feeling like another man."

Captain Jeff D. Riggs, popular Y. & M. V. engineer, running between Vicksburg and New Orleans and residing at 920 Pearl Street, Vicksburg, in speaking of his experience with Tanlac, said: "Yes, sir, it's an actual fact, I have gained twenty-five pounds on Tanlac."

"When I began taking the medicine," continued Captain Riggs, "I was simply a nervous and physical wreck and had dropped down in weight from one hundred and forty to one hundred and ten pounds.

"I have just finished my second bottle of Tanlac, have gained twenty-five pounds and I feel like a new man."

Old Engineer Talks.

Engineer Chas. J. Weeks, who runs the Seaboard Air Line fast train "Fox" between Jacksonville and Tampa, bears the distinction of being the second oldest engineer in point of service with this road, having been with the company for thirty-three years.

"I've gained twenty pounds on seven bottles of Tanlac and feel as well and happy as I did when a boy," said Mr. Weeks.

"For twenty years I suffered with nervous indigestion of the worst sort," he continued, "and at times during the past fifteen years I didn't think I would last much longer. To tell you the truth, I finally reached the point where I didn't much care whether I lived or died.

There is a Tanlac dealer in your town.—Adv.

MRS. CHAS. PEDEN GAINS 27 POUNDS

WAS TWICE EXAMINED AND TOLD OPERATION WOULD BE HER ONLY HOPE.

"I HAVE just finished my third bottle of Tanlac and have gained twenty-seven pounds," was the truly remarkable statement made by Mrs. Charles Peden, residing at 55 Mill street, Huntsville, Ala.

"When I commenced taking the medicine," she continued, "I only weighed ninety-eight (98) pounds; now I weigh 125 pounds, and never felt better in my life. For years I have suffered with a bad form of stomach trouble, constipation and pains in my side and back. At times the pains took the form of torture, and I was twice examined and each time I was told that I had appendicitis and that an operation would be my only hope.

"I had made all preparations for the operation and called in my sister to tell her good-by, as I did not know whether I would live to see her again or not. My sister begged and pleaded with me not to allow them to cut on me and told me to wait and try a good tonic for awhile. The next day, as I returned from the consultation room, I thought of what she said, and as I had heard so much about Tanlac, I decided to try it and got a bottle.

"I never returned for the operation, but just kept taking the Tanlac. Right from the start I began to feel better. The medicine seemed to take hold right at once.

"I was so happy over the wonderful improvement in my condition that I sent for my neighbors to tell them how much better I felt. I sent and got another bottle of Tanlac, and have just finished taking my third bottle and feel as if I have been made all over again into a new woman.

Early Opportunity.

"...ame to this country and took ...ocent red man's land away from ...

"Yes," replied the man who has been having trouble with real estate; "and in some cases the innocent red man was lucky to unload just when he did."

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription othine — double strength — is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

Logical Result.

"Will you have any outings this summer?"

"That depends on my innings now."

DEATH LURKS IN A WEAK HEART, so on first symptoms use "Renovine" and be cured. Delay and pay the awful penalty. "Renovine" is the heart's remedy. Price $1.00 and 50c.—Adv.

The gladness of heart is the life of the man, and the life of a good man is the heart of gladness.

If Worms or Tapeworm persist in your system, it is because you have not yet tried the real Vermifuge, Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot." One dose does the work. Adv.

Sometimes a genius fools people by wearing good clothes.

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy

No Smarting—Just Eye Comfort. 50 cents at Druggists or mail. Write for Free Eye Book. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

Favored by Nature.

"That old horse seems to have a peculiar fascination for you."

"I can't help admiring him. He is one of the few who have free of cost all the leather they can possibly use."

Don't Neglect Kidneys

Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Prescription, Overcomes Kidney Trouble

It is now conceded by physicians that the kidneys should have more attention as they control the other organs to a remarkable degree and do a tremendous amount of work in removing the poisons and waste matter from the system by filtering the blood.

The kidneys should receive some assistance when needed. We take less exercise, drink less water and often eat more rich, heavy food, thereby forcing the kidneys to do more work than nature intended. Evidence of kidney trouble, such as lame back, annoying bladder troubles, smarting or burning, brick-dust or sediment, sallow complexion, rheumatism, maybe weak or irregular heart action, warns you that your kidneys require help immediately to avoid more serious trouble.

An ideal herbal compound that has had most remarkable success as a kidney and bladder remedy is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. There is nothing else like it. It is Dr. Kilmer's prescription used in private practice and it is sure to benefit you. Get a bottle from your druggist.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper. Adv.

The oyster can hold up a weight of forty pounds before its shell will open.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the original little liver pills put up 40 years ago. They regulate liver and bowels.—Adv.

Male crows are said to be much more intelligent than females.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of the Sunday School Course in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR MAY 6

JESUS THE SERVANT OF ALL.

LESSON TEXT—John 13:1-15.
GOLDEN TEXT—And whosoever of you will be the chiefest, shall be servant of all.—Mk. 10:44.

This lesson is really a continuation of the latter part of the lesson of last week, for the glory of Jesus is his unselfishness whereby he wrought out redemption for mankind.

I. Selfishness Amid Holy Surroundings (vv. 1-11). The world does not appreciate Jesus. It never has. "His own," the Jews, did not appreciate him. We are considering him today as he was about to depart from the world that had despised and rejected him to one that appreciated him (Heb. 1-6). The development. Verse 2 tells of the Satanic suggestion that came to the heart of Judas. In it was personal desire, and, connected with it, human conspiracy. The coming to this upper room has been pointed out by a man bearing a pitcher (Mk. 14:12-16), the pitcher being suggestive of the Holy Spirit which was about to come in the place of the visible Christ, and it is in the midst of such sacred surroundings as this that Satan enters the hearts of students. This is a suggestion as to the power of environment. Environment is an aid, but it does not produce effective safety. No moment is too holy for Satanic suggestion. Jesus knew that the hour was come when he was to depart out of the world. "Having loved his own, he loved them to the end." Even though the Father had given all things into his hands, still it was necessary for him to teach the disciples once more, and finally, the lesson of humility. He knew and remembered the strife among the disciples (Luke 22:24-28). Doctor Bonard's famous dream, analyzing zeal as being made up of ambition, pride and elements other than the love of God is worthy of consideration in this connection. We need to realize the danger of selfishness even in our service for God. Have we examined our motives? If the consequences of our superiority, either of rank or ability, tempts us to shirk the lowliest of services, it is time for God's children to recall this scene, and remember that "the servant is not greater than his Lord." Peter's strong protest (v. 8) brings out the fact that the washing by Christ of the disciples' feet was deeper than merely the outward application of water (See Rom. 8:9).

II. Service, the Evidence of Divine Humility (vv. 12-15). (1) This service was tender. Jesus had all things (v. 3), yet he became the servant of all. (2) It was for all. All needed a washing. All the disciples needed to learn, and all servants must learn, to obey. (3) It signified sanctification. We are saved once for all, but we are constantly being stained by our contact with sin in the world; hence the need of renewed cleansing. New light reveals new need of cleansing. (4) It signified deity. Jesus read the thoughts of his disciples. He became their servant that in years to come they might know the meaning of service. He became their example, and in years to come they remembered his knowledge and service. (6) It was for "his own." The disciples did not know what it was he had done to them. Little do we understand oftentimes what it is the Lord has done to us. Jesus set them an example whereby he would remove the dirt of crime, self-seeking and every manifestation of selfishness from their sin-stained souls. We may call Jesus Lord and Master, and it is well that we do so, for Master and Lord he is indeed, but, if we call him so, let us not do aught than make him in our lives what we call him with our lips. The idea here emphasized has given rise to much religious literature. "The Imitation of Christ" by Thomas a'Kempis, is the most popular book in the world next to the Bible.

"Verily, verily, I say unto you" (v. 16). This introduction shows how important Christ considered his teaching at this point. "The servant is not greater than his Lord" (See Matt. 10:24; Luke 6:40; 22-27). If the Lord bent to this lowly service, certainly they, the servants, should not think it beneath them to do likewise, nor should the one that is sent (an apostle) consider himself greater than he that sent him. John, who wrote this epistle, was one of the apostles guilty of an unholy strife for power and position, and desirous of bringing fire down upon those who did not acknowledge and follow Jesus, but he became a marvel of love and tenderness.

Knowing and doing are the twin pillars of the Christian faith upon which the house of happiness is built. Such service is not egotistical.

It is this that has proved the superiority of Christianity over all the religions of the world.

If we seek to do service for others, then we have the right to call Jesus Master and Lord, but if we seek honor rather than to be humbly useful, we shall have no right to call him thus.

This instance made a deep impression upon Peter, as can be seen from the striking illusion in his first epistle (I Pet. 5:5 R. V.).

TAKES THE PLACE OF DANGEROUS CALOMEL

New Discovery! Dodson's Liver Tone Acts Like Calomel But Doesn't Gripe, Salivate or Make You Sick—Don't Lose a Day's Work—Harmless Liver Medicine for Men, Women, Children—Read Guarantee!

Ugh! Calomel makes you sick. It's horrible! Take a dose of the dangerous drug tonight and tomorrow you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel, when it comes into contact with sour bile crashes into it, breaking it up. This is when you feel that awful nausea and cramping. If you are sluggish and "all knocked out," if your liver is torpid and bowels constipated, or you have headache, dizziness, coated tongue, if breath is bad or stomach sour, just try a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone tonight.

Here's my guarantee—Go to any drug store and get a 50 cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone. Take a spoonful and if it doesn't straighten you right up and make you feel fine and vigorous I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Dodson's Liver Tone is destroying the sale of calomel because it is real liver medicine; entirely vegetable. therefore it can not salivate or make you sick.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your bowels of that sour bile and constipated waste which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable. I guarantee that a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone will keep your entire family feeling fine for months. Give it to your children. It is harmless; doesn't gripe and they like its pleasant taste.—Adv.

A Different Thing.

"Sally, do you work by force of conscientious impulse?"

"No'm; I work by the day."

COULDN'T STAND ANY EXCITEMENT

Suffered From Nervousness and Weakness and Would Just Go to Pieces, If Excited, Writes Georgia Lady.

Winston, Ga.—"I am taking Cardui right now," writes Mrs. Alice Green, of R. F. D. 1, this place. "I suffer very much at my . . . and from nervousness and weakness. This is the third time I have taken it. The first time was about four years ago. . . . Had a great deal of headache and was so nervous all the time that I couldn't stand any excitement at all.

"If I got excited I would just all give way and go to pieces. My sister-in-law told me first about Cardui and I began to take it. I could tell a big difference in my strength before I had taken a whole bottle. I was about well by the time I had taken 3 or 4 bottles and I soon got so I could do all my work.

"The second time I took it was last fall. . . . I think I overworked picking cotton and doing my housework. I got so bad that I suffered very badly at my . . . So I began taking Cardui again. I took 3 bottles and I immediately began to improve and felt better than I had in a long time. I weighed 154 when I finished taking it, more than I had in a long time."

Cardui, the woman's tonic, has won the confidence of its users by the results which they obtain. Try it.—Adv.

A woman can never understand how it is possible for a smart man like her husband to get the short end of it in a lawsuit.

THE BEST BEAUTY DOCTOR

Is Cuticura for Purifying and Beautifying the Skin—Trial Free.

For cleansing, purifying and beautifying the complexion, hands and hair, Cuticura Soap with touches of Cuticura Ointment now and then afford the most effective preparations at the minimum of cost. No massaging, steaming creaming, or waste of time.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

The man who works hardest and sleeps best is the man who has the best health and the most wealth.

There Is No Art in Taking Medicine.

Just follow directions on every bottle of "Plantation" Chill Tonic and see how quickly those dreadful chills will leave you. It leaves the liver in healthy condition and yet contains no Calomel. Price 50c.—Adv.

Every path about the farm is a path of duty—also a path of pleasure—and a path of safety.

Infections or inflammations of the Eyes, whether from external or internal causes, are promptly healed by the use of Roman Eye Balsam at night upon retiring. Adv.

Not in the Running.

"Did you ever try the ukelele?"

"No; it isn't one of the new home makes, is it?"

What has been your favorite Spring Medicine? Suppose you try Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills this Spring? They are tonic as well as laxative. Adv.

Be up and doing if you would not be down and done.

W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

$3 $3.50 $4 $4.50 $5 $6 $7 & $8 FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers. The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the Fashion Centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

Ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you with the kind you want, take no other make. Write for interesting booklet explaining how to get shoes of the highest standard of quality for the price, by return mail, postage free.

LOOK FOR W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom.



BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTES

Boys' Shoes Best in the World $3.00 $2.50 & $2.00

W. L. Douglas
President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co.,
185 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

There is an old saw about still waters running deep. But, ahem! Is it water that usually runs from a still?

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

The quiet wedding may be the calm before the storm.

A FRIEND IN NEED.

For instant relief and speedy cure use "Mississippi" Diarrhea Cordial. Price 50c and 25c.—Adv.

Other people's faults are always conspicuous.

LAX-FOS

A digestive liquid laxative, cathartic and liver tonic. Combines strength with palatable, aromatic taste. Does not gripe or disturb stomach. 50c.

Have your own opinions; do not let them have you.

DRIVE MALARIA OUT OF THE SYSTEM

BABEK for That Tired Feeling

A GOOD TONIC AND APPETIZER

SWEET POTATO PLANTS—Immediate delivery, Nancy Hall, Porto Rico and Golden Beauty; 1,000 to 9,000 at $2.00 per 1,000; 10,000 and up at $1.60 per 1,000, f. o. b. here. Tomato plants 500 for 75c; 1,000 for $1.35. Egg and Pepper plants, 500 for $1.00; 1,000 for $1.60; 5,000 up at $1.25 per 1,000, f. o. b. here. Postpaid 40c per 100. D. F. Jamison, Summerville, S. C.

Big Future as motion picture camera man, $50 to $250 weekly. Places waiting. You can't afford to miss this. Write United M-P Interests, Chapin Block, Buffalo, N. Y.

25c Each paid for Buffalo Nickels and Lincoln Pennies. Certain kinds. Send dime for coin catalog. BOX 1, GARNETT, ARK.

$20 DAILY Wonderful Old English Formula. Repeat sales Price $1. B. G. Rogers, Summerside, P. E. I., Canada

FOR SALE or trade for Auto; lot central addition Oklahoma City, also 10 acres Florida. J. OSCAR SMITH, MOBERLY, MO.

ALWAYS in the market for standing walnut timber, logs or lumber. Give full description. J. O. Wheadon, Box 122, Bloomington, Ill.

W. N. U., Birmingham, No. 18--1917.

Kidney & Co.

(BY DR. J. H. WATSON)

The kidneys and the skin work in harmony. They're companions, the skin being the second partner. If we are anxious to keep well and preserve the vitality of the kidneys and, also, free the blood from noxious elements, we must pay special attention to a good action of the skin and to see that the kidneys are flushed so as to eliminate the poisons from the blood.

Sweating, by hard work or in a bath, at least once a week, helps to keep the skin and kidneys in good condition. Flush the kidneys by drinking plenty of pure water with meals and between meals. Occasionally obtain at the drug store Anuric, double strength, which will help flush the kidneys and the intestines. You will find that Anuric is many times more active than lithia and that it dissolves uric acid as hot water does sugar.

WHAT NEIGHBORS SAY

Hibernia, Fla.—"I was run-down in health, suffered severely at times and could not stand on my feet but a short time. After taking five bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and four of Golden Medical Discovery, using a box each of Lotion Tablets and Suppositories and three vials of Pleasant Pellets, I am completely cured.

"Any one who disbelieves this can write to me and enclose stamps and I will answer."—MRS. ELLA R. JACKSON, Hibernia, Fla.

Hazelwood, Ky.—"I have taken Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets and found them a great help to me. I have told some of my friends about them. I think they are fine."—MRS. MARGARET WILLETT, Route 2, Box 198-E.

Pleasant Pellets for stomach, liver and bowels, are made up of the May-apple, aloe leaves and jalap, and have been sold by druggists for fifty years.

Carter's Little Liver Pills

You Cannot be Constipated and Happy

Small Pill Small Dose Small Price



A Remedy That Makes Life Worth Living

Genuine bears signature

Brent Good

ABSENCE of Iron in the Blood is the reason for many colorless faces but CARTER'S IRON PILLS will greatly help most pale-faced people

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills & Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic.

50c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores.

New Goods.

I Have Received a Complete Line of Spring and Summer Dry Goods and Notions.

Have a Full Stock of Mens' and Boys' Ready Made Suits, Also Hats, Shoes, Hose, and Ties, in fact anything you may need to wear.

Also have a Nice Line of Ladies' Dress Goods—Latest Out, and Worth Buying.

It Will Pay You to Visit My Store Before You Buy.

I BUY EGGS AND ETC., AND PAY THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back."

CLANTON, ALA.

HIGH SCHOOL NEWS

Most people say that love affairs interfere with school work, but Otto Jones says that his school work "slightly interferes with his love affairs."

The other afternoon Kate and Eula Mae were in the cloak room. Eula Mae turned on the light.

Kate—"Oh! did you see that lightning?

"I am very glad Flem," said Miss Durrett, "to see that you are polite enough to offer the oranges first to your sister, Inez."

"Yes'm," responded Flem, "cause then she's got to be polite, too, and take the little one."

"Aren't you ashamed, Dixie," exclaimed Miss Key, "to hit a boy smaller than yourself"?

"Well I don't know," said Dick, who was a bit of a philosopher. "I guess I'd rather be ashamed to hit a smaller boy than to be sorry I hit a bigger one,"

Thomas Jones and Conradine Lane were walking down the street the other day, and just as they passed by a peanut stand Conradine said, "Oh, don't those peanuts smell good!"

Tom said, "Yes, lets walk back and smell them again."

"I'm very much afraind that Harold isn't trying enough," wrote an anxious person to Miss Durrett.

"You are quite wrong," wrote back the tired teacher, "for I assure you that Harold is the most trying boy in the class."

All of the classes are regretting the loss of the students that are leaving school to go to work on the farms. That is the ones that are going out to try and produce something to help out in the crisis that is now upon the entire country.

The soldier boys that visited the High School Monday attracted very much attention. Well so much that a bunch of Juniors purchased themselves ten demerits apiece for leaving their seats to talk to them.

We are glad to say that the "Cantrolla" staff can at last say that the work has all been turned over to the printing Company, and that the Annuals will be ready for sale in a course of two weeks.

FOR SALE

One Gasoline Engine, one steel frame and tank, all in good condition, for sale by Chilton County. If interested apply to L. H. REYNOLDS, Judge of Probate.

PREACHING AT BAPTIST CHURCH NEXT SUNDAY

The Board of Deacons of the Clanton Baptist Church announce that on next Sunday morning at 11 o'clock the Rev. R. D. Bevis will preach from the pulpit of the church.

Immediately after the sermon the church will enter into conference for the purpose of calling a pastor.

The public is invited to hear Rev. Bevis and especially are the members of the church urged to be present to participate in the election of the pastor.

For several days the Clanton Chero-Cola Bottling Company has been displaying a large United States flag in front of their plant in Clanton. Recently some ungrateful fellow came along in the night and tore the flag down and supposedly destroyed it. If anyone can give any information as to who the parties were, it would be an act of patriotism. Any miscreant who is so disrespectful of our country as to haul down the stars and stripes and bring reproach on its fair name can and should be dealt with rigidly by the laws of the land.

LUMBER BURNED AT GEORGE JONES' MILL

One night last week, a dry kiln caught fire at the saw mill of George Jones, three miles east of Clanton, and the result was the destruction of over $400.00 worth of lumber. The fire was held in check and prevented from spreading and consuming the mill.

The Womans Club of Clanton will observe Baby Day at the home of Mrs. L. C. Reynolds today (Thursday) from 3 to 5 o'clock p.m. Members of the other clubs in town are invited to attend.

GIRLS HAVE PRETTY FACE AND BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION

An Atlanta man makes new discovery that makes an old face look years younger. If your skin is dark brown, or covered with freckles or blemishes, just use a little Cocotone Skin Whitener; it's made with cocanut oil and is perfectly harmless. A few days' use will improve your looks 100 per cent. The wornout skin comes off evenly, leaving no edidence of the treatment, the new healthy under-skin appearing as a lovely new complexion.

Just ask your druggist for an ounce of Cocotone Skin Whitener, and if he will not supply you send twenty-five cents to The Cocotone Co., Atlanta, Ga., and they will send you a box by return mail.

If your hair is hard to comb, is kinky, nappy and will never stay straight, just use Cocotone Hair Dressing and it will become straight, long, soft, glossy and beautiful in a few days, mail orders filled, 25c for large box.

Groceries

NEWEST, FRESHEST AND BEST LINE OF STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

Farmers are Cordially invited to Trade With Us and to Make Our Store Yours While in Town for Spring Buying.

Best Market Prices Paid for all your Country Produce.

WE WILL APPRECIATE YOUR PATRONAGE AND GUARANTEE A FAIR TREATMENT.

J. W Littlejohn.

CLANTON, ALA.

THORSBY ITEMS

Prin. S. H. Herbert returned last Thursday from a short visit to points in Illinois, Iowa and Wisconsin. He reports that the spring is very backward in these localities and that the green trees and grass of Alabama look very good to him.

Saturday night, April 28th, the students of Thorsby Institute and a number of the townspeople gathered at Bates Hall for a Patriotic Rally. The room was prettily decorated with U. S. flags and the thought of the evening was the flag and its significance in the present situation. Patriotic songs were sung, and brief speeches were made by several of the students and by Mr. P. K. Toksvig and Rev. J. M. Graham. All present felt that the occasion had enabled them to understand more clearly the present situation and to appreciate more highly the U. S. Flag. During the evening a collection was taken for the purpose of purchasing a flag for the Institute. The total of the offering including what the students had made earlier in the day was $20.00.

The Boy Scouts of Thorsby entertained their lady friends at a party held last Friday night at the rooms of Assistant Scout Master, John W. Ford. A pleasant time was enjoyed by all. Scout Master, S. H. Herbert, Miss Rice and Miss Akard were chaperons for the occasion.

Mr. Clarence C. Hamilton of Boston, Mass., representing the United Society of Christian Endeavor will be in Thorsby Saturday May 12, and will speak at a time to be announced later. Mr. Hamilton is a very interesting speaker and will be well worth hearing.

Mr. W. L. Leary and family accompanied by Miss Nona Akard motored to Elmore last Sunday where they spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. I. E. Sarber.

Mr. J. R. Wilks was a visitor to Thorsby Monday of this week.

Mrs. Laura M. Lloyd left on Wednesday of this week for an extended visit with friends and relatives in St. Louis, Minneapolis, Sioux Falls and other points in the north.

Miss Vera Peterson came down from Birmingham a few days ago and is spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Peterson.

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Mead motored to Billingsley last Thursday where they spent the day.

Prof. Foster Williams of Minooka spent the week end with his brother Prof. C. M. Williams.

Mr. R. L. Skov of Cleveland, Ohio, spent a few days in Thorsby this week visiting relatives and friends.

Mr. Louis Guth of Memphis spent last Sunday i nThorsby with friends.

Thorsby citizens made their first carload shipment of strawberries this week. The strawberry crop will suffer seriously unless we can get a good rain in a few days.

UNION STATE BANK

A meeting of the depositors, stockholders and directors of the Union State Bank is hereby called, to be be held at the public school house at Thorsby, Ala., at two o'clock, p.m., on Saturday, May 5th, 1917. All are urged to come as the meeting may be of great importance.

M. J. BARRETT,
E. N. DYREHOOD,
J. J. STANLEY,
B. F. FRANKLIN
A. M. ATTOWAY
R. B. McNEIL & CO.,
AUG. JOHNSON,
J. H. PATTON, Sr.,
JOHN PATTON, Jr.

Quite a number of ladies of all the churches of Clanton attended the Federated Missionary meeting at the home of Mrs. and Mrs. W. A. Reynolds on Monday afternoon. Misses Annie and Myrtle Reynolds and Mrs. J. O. Middleton served ice frappe to the guests as they intered the beautiful reception hall. The speeches and readings given by Mrs. J. C. Jones, Mrs. J. A. Hester, Mrs. W. W. Fox, Mrs. W. I. Mullins, Mrs. Ross Mullins, Mrs. Thos. G. Jones Mrs. Claude Reynolds, Mrs. N. S. Johnson, and Mrs. J. P. Hayes were interesting and helpful. The duet "The Shepherd Song" rendered by Misses Lathram and Wood and the Hymns sung by the assembly with Mrs. Amzi Gowan at the piano added greatly to the inspiration of this meeting.

Subscribe for the Union-Banner and and get the county news every week.

Pays 25c a Month for Perfect Health

For 15 years, E. A. Little, Bessemer, Ala. has paid 25c a month to keep in perfect health. Read what he says:

"I desire to add my endorsement of Granger Liver Regulator. I have not used any other medicine for fifteen years, I know it is the best for all liver complaints, and will cure any case of indigestion known. When I first commenced to take your Granger Liver Regulator the Pegram-Patton Drug Co, was buying it by the dozen. Now I am told they buy it by the gross. I use one box each month and would not be without it for anything."

Granger Liver Regulator

is strictly vegetable, non-alcoholic preparation, and is highly recommended for sick headache, indigestion, biliousness and all stomach and liver complaints. Your druggist can supply you—25c a box.

Granger Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

CLANTON HARDWARE COMPANY SHOWS GOOD HOME SPIRIT

In their dealings in fruit cans this season, the Clanton Hardware Company have shown a very highly commendable spirit of loyalty to the people of Chilton county in preference to foreign trade, and in fact have made a sacrifice of many dollars to the firm itself in order that the people of the county might be saved some dollars. This one firm has virtually given to the people of the county who will use fruit cans this season, over a thousand dollars in cash, which they could have had now in their own coffers but for the splendid spirit of loyalty to the home people, and the local policy outlined by Mr. C. F. Jones, the President of the Company. Here's how they have done it:

Last season the Clanton Hardware Company bought and stored away about 75,000 fruit cans, about 60,000 of which were carried over to this season. In the meantime, the price of cans on the market increased enormously. When the season this year opened up and the cans began to come into demand, the firm announced that they would not sell the cans at the present prices of the season, but would still hold the price to the consumer down to the basis upon which they bought last season.

Thus the saving to the people who use the cans can be easily estimated to go above a thousand dollars.

On different occasions merchants in Birmingham and other cities have sought to buy the cans here from Mr. Jones, but he refused to sell them out of the county, always holding to his policy that our local people should have the cans at the lowest prices possible. He deserves commendation for his loyalty to the home people of the county.

D. H. Gentry and H. O. Bean of the Collins Chapel community were down to Clanton last Friday on business.

Commissioners Court was in session last Friday and Saturday. All four of the commissioners were in attendance.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Kemp motored down to the Soldiers home last Sunday to attend memorial exercises.

J. O. Middleton went down to visit the old soldiers at the Home last Sunday. Mr. Middleton has many friends among the old vets.

The Clanton Boy Scouts were in attendance at the memorial day exercises at the Soldiers Home last Sunday. The company was directed by Messrs. Rich, Johnson and Atkinson.

RUB-MY-TISM—Antiseptic, Relieves Rheumatism, Sprains, Neural-

Frank Thomas spent last Sunday in Montgomery.

William M. Adam visited Motgomery last Sunday.

Wiley M. and Andrew Z. Bean were in Clanton a short while Tuesday morning on business.

Miss Minnie Kittrell of Notasulga has been visiting relatives and friends in Clanton the past week.

REWARD

Last Friday night some person tore down the large American flag from the Clanton Chero Cola plant. We will pay $5.00 for information that will convict the guilty party. Clanton Chero Cola Bottling Co.

The Methodist District Conference, of the Prattville District convenes at Verbena, May 10 and 11th.

The following are delegates from the Methodist Church here. Messrs. J. O. Middleton, J. C. Jones and W. T. Callen. The pastor, Rev. Thos. G. Jones will also attend. The Clanton church will make a splendid report. Under the leadership of the present pastor all departments are growing in zeal and activity, and the whole congregation manifests increasing interest.

We are glad to note that Miss Minnie Muse is able to be out again and at her place of business after a very serious illness of several weeks.

The First and the Last

THE FIRST STORE COMING IN TOWN FROM THE WEST AND THE LAST STORE GOING OUT WEST. I SELL CHEAP FOR CASH. I HANDLE MEAT, LARD, FLOWER, SUGAR, COFFEE, TOBACCO, AND SNUFF, ALSO MIXED FEED—IN FACT NEARLY EVERYTHING TO BE FOUND IN A GROCERY STORE I ALSO PAY THE MARKET PRICE FOR CHICKENS, EGGS, BUTTER, BEAS WAX, HIDES, TALLOW, AND BRIGHT RIBBON CANE SYRUP. WHILE IN TOWN CALL ON ME AND GET ACQUAINTED WITH MY LINE... I GUARANTEE A FAIR AND SQUARE DEAL TO ALL.

W. A. Huckabee



Paint your auto the latest style

Many of this year's models are painted in colors—one color for body, another color for wheels. If your car looks dingy and unattractive, repaint it in colors with

Lowe Brothers

Auto-Carriage Gloss Paint

Made in nine standard automobile colors and a clear varnish. Produces a rich, lustrous finish that will make the old car look good as new. Sold ready to use—easy to apply. Ask for information about repainting your auto.



Clanton Hardware Company.

MT. PLEASANT

Please allow me space in your paper to say a few words.

Health in this community is very good at present.

For the last three weeks the farmers have been very busy preparing for a new crop, but they are needing rain very badly.

Last Sunday the people met at the church and organized a Sunday School at this place with a nice number present.

Our prayer service is progressing nicely with a large attendance every Sunday night.

Misses Tessie Baxley of Mt. Creek and Freddie Baxley of Marble Valley are visiting at Mr. G. H. Massey's this week.

Mr. A. B. Baxley was in this community Saturday night and Sunday.

Mr. Johnny and Miss Myrtle Askins of New Cedron spent last Thursday night at Mr. G. H. Massey's.

Mrs. Ann Eiland of Cross Roads community is visiting at J. Wiley Foshee's this week.

Mr. John Collum of Birmingham is at home now.

Messrs. Dewey and John Mac Foshee, Aaron Massey, Benard Graves and A. B. Baxley and Misses Tessie and Freddie Baxley all motored to New Cedron Sunday to the all day service and reported a nice time.

Come on you good writers and lts make The Union-Banner a success.

Among the visitors from Clanton to the Soldiers Home Sunday were Mr. H. C. Roberts an old Confederate veteran, and his wife, accompanied by two of Mr. J. H. Roberts' daughters, Misses Lola and Myrtle.

FARMS WANTED

To sell your farm address Northwestern Business Agency, Minneapolis, Minn.

Mr. J. M. Levine representing the Banking firm of Steiner Brothers of Birmingham, Ala., was in Clanton last week, and closed with the Chilton County Commissioners for the purchase of the Two Hundred Thousand Thirty year 5 per cent. Chilton County Bonds.

Mr. Levine said that his firm would be ready to place the Bonds in the hands of the Commissioners on July 1st.

HOW THIS MOTHER

Got Strength To Do Her Work

Fair Haven, Vt.—"I was so nervous and run down that I could not do my housework for my little family of three. I had doctored for nearly two years without help. One day I read about Vinol, and thanks to it, my health has been restored so I am doing all my housework once more. I am telling all my friends what Vinol has done for me." —Mrs. JAMES H. EDDY.

Vinol is a combination of famous tonics which we guarantee to build up the weak and run-down.

Upchurch Drug Co., and all leading Druggists in Alabama towns.

Don't forget your Subscription.

MONEY TO LOAN

WE ARE IN TOUCH WITH AN UNLIMITED SUPPLY OF MONEY, AND CAN NEGOTIATE LONG-TIME LOANS ON FARM LANDS UPON EASY TERMS. IF YOU ARE INTERESTED, CALL ON US.

Middleton & Reynolds.

"That miserable pain—don't you want relief?"



Close attention to work is the cause of much Pain and many Headaches. Obtain relief by taking one or two

DR. MILES' ANTI-PAIN PILLS

Then tone up the Nervous System by using

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine

AWFUL SUFFERING.

"I suffered untold agony with neuralgia. I thought I would go mad with pain. A friend of mine advised me to take Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. I did so and the pain stopped almost at once. Then I commenced using Dr. Miles' Nervine and before long I was so that I did not have these pains any more." E. J. WINTER, 561 E. Platte Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo.

IF FIRST BOTTLE, OR BOX, FAILS TO HELP YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., MAY 17, 1917. NUMBER 7.

THE ALIEN AND THE FLAG

At a recent meeting held under the auspices of Thorsby Institute, having for its object stimulation of the knowledge about the respect for our flag, and incidentally to raise funds to secure a suitable flag for the Institute, one of the principal speakers was Mr. P. K. Toksvig who emigrated to this country from Denmark in 1915 and has for many years been a resident of Thorsby. Mr. Toksvig spoke substantially as follows:

A flag is a symbol! If a flag is not a symbol, what is it? It is only a piece of cloth! but a flag is more than that. It is the sign of all those things that bind a nation together! If the ties are broken, the nation itself disappears. Probably that is the reason why there is punishment for discretion of the flag. No man with any degree of tact will desecrate the flag of the land wherein he dwells, where he is protected and where he makes his living. Only people with low moral standards can do a thing like that, but when we judge them we must remember that there are many who do not understand the nature of a symbol. In spite of the fact that symbols have been used in all ages, both in the Pagan and in the Christian world. One of the earliest symbols of Jesus as a savior was a fish of the church, a ship of immortality, the peacock, of the resurrection of the phoenix, of satan and the dragon or the serpent of the soul thirsting for baptism the stag. But we do not need to go to history or mythology to find symbols. We can find many of them in our daily life—the wedding ring for example.

There is yet a further reason for the lack of understanding about the flag. Many people have an incomplete comprehension of what a nation is and consequently they have little or no use for the symbol of the nation. Their intellectual life is bounded by their own personal interests and often reaches no further than their immediate environment. They have no understanding at all that their own welfare is concerned in any degree with the welfare of the nation, yes is even dependent upon it. We must not judge such people harshly. Maybe their lack of understanding is not their fault. This incomplete comprehension of the meaning of the flag prevails in all countries, both among natives and foreigners. Many of the foreigners in the United States are well acquainted with the national symbols of other lands, hence it is easy for them to appreciate the value of the American flag. The symbol of the flag is to them something concerning their daily bread. In general it can be said that any man who knows the language of his own flag will soon appreciate what the American flag means to him. It did not take long for LaFayette to understand the meaning of the American revolution, as revealed by the inscription on the pedestral of the LaFayette Statue in New York City. "When I heard of the American Revolution, my heart was enlisted." And when a man's heart is enlisted the man usually goes with it. LaFayette fought for America and its cause as bravely as many Americans, and far better than some in that day. He did more, He borrowed money on his own accord to provide necessities for his soldiers. It is not so important where a man was born as WHAT there is born in him. It is not the accent of a native language that makes him a genuine American, so much as it is the willingness and the zeal of the man to express in deeds what he understands to be his moral obligations.

The American who lets the accent of a man's speech be the line of separation between the genuine and the false American, thereby shows that he is on the wrong side of the line himself. I have been asked as a foreigner, "What do you think the American flag stands for?" It is a difficult question to answer. It may be reasonable to say that it stands for what the American President stands for, and that he stands for what the Congress stands for, and that the Congress stands for what the Nation stands for. If the President, the Congress and the nation were of one mind, it would be easy to answer. But that is not the case. We need but to look at the many different views of the members of Congress and to the varity of opinions expressed by the people all over the nation. The president seems to look further and have a broader vision than many of the people.

Let me ask one or two questions that may be helpful to an understanding of what I am talking about. Were the American colonies aware of what they were getting into by opposing the Stamp Act and other simialr measures of the British Crown? Did they see what the new Revolutionary spirit of the American Colonies would bring about as to their independence, their possibilities and their relation to the rest of the world?

To both these questions we can say "By no means."

If the American Colonies had possessed a common flag, and they had been asked what the flag stood for, there would certainly have been given many different answers, but very few of them would likely indicate the final great outcome of the American Revolution.

Are we more able today to answer a similar question as to the world drama in which we expect to play our part. I do not think so! The American flag stands for what you and I stand for when we offer the nation our best service, our best efforts, our best thought, our best feelings. The meaning of the flag cannot be expressed in words. The spirit and the life itself must express its meaning. In the light of the past, we have reason to expect that the stars and stripes stand for equal opportunity to get an honest living, a good education, human liberty and universal democracy, both political and industrial. That it stands for humanits, and for free and unrestricted development of the will of the people. And last but not least, I believe the American flag stands for laying a foundation for lasting peace.

TEACHERS PASSED EXAMINATION

The following is a list of the teachers who successfully passed the last examination held in Chilton county:

For Life Grade—Rufus A. Smith.

First Grade—Hilda Mae Johnson, J. M. Parrish, Jr.

Second Grade—Celestia Bratton, Jewell Bratton, Emmett Cox, W. Z. Dennis, Martha J. Mims, C. F. Stephenson, F. B. Williams, Prilla Woodham.

Third Grade—Odie Lee Arthur, Cora Baldwin, Maud Bratton, Mrs. H. M. Gerald, Mrs. Alice McLean, McMae McNeal, L. A. Popwell, Anna Rasmussen.

There were 18 passed, 1 extension, and 19 rejected.

SINGING CONVENTION

The Chilton County Singing Convention convened at Bethel Church last Saturday and Sunday. Audiance was large. Much interest was manifested. It was one of the most impressive session ever attended.

The singing was enthusiastic and nicely rendered.

A goodly number of diectors were present among them, one of the U.S. volunteers.

The young ladies rendered valuable assistance in the music. The skilled J. H. Williams did fine work.

Messrs Conway and J. N. Scott were there and did their part well. We noted with interest the impressive directing of Profs. T. C. Jackson and J. H. Scott and other young men present. The convention was royally entertained by the Bethel people. Their hospitality was unstinted. The memorial service just before noon Sunday was interesting. It was a really good session.

THE SECRETARY.

HARRISON-PICKERING

Hosts of friends will read with interest of the marriage of Miss Nora Harrison of Stanton and Mr. Lester Pickering of Plantersville, which was quietly solemnized on Thursday afternoon, May 3rd, at the courthouse in Clanton.

The bride wore a handsome taffeta suit of blue with blue hat, white crepe de chine waist and white boots.

The couple were accompanied to Clanton in cars by Miss Nettie Weaver, Mr. Oliver Gay and Mr. Vergil Rush. and were met in Clanton by Judge and Mrs. Francis Perry, Dr. Payne and Miss Marjorie Gayle, the friends of the bride of Birmingham.

After the ceremony the contracting parties left for Birmingham, Atlanta and other places of interest, before returning to their home in Plantersville.

PROGRAM

Of Verbena Disctrict Sunday School Convention to be held at Floyd Church, May 20, 1917.

10:00. Sunday School.

11:00. The teachers qualification, Prof. A. E. Davis.

11:30. What it takes to make a Banner school, Prof. R. L. Duffee.

11:45. Roll call. Reports from Sunday Schools.

12.00. Adjourn.

1:00. Devotional and song service, Rev. A. L. Taylor.

1:15. The duties of the Superintendent, Lucian Calloway.

1:35. Efficiency, Prof. H. C. McDonald.

2:00. The relation of the Sunday School to the church, Rev. J. D. Hughes.

2:20. Primary work, Mrs. Lida Jones.

2:40. Work with the boys, Prof. J. L. Johnson.

3:00. Miscelaneous business.

Adjourn.

W.A. CALLOWAY, President.
BETTY M. GARDNER, Secy.

FOR SALE

One Gasoline Engine, one steel frame and tank, all in good condition, for sale by Chilton County. If interested apply to L. H. REYNOLDS, Judge of Probate.

FARMERS ARE URGED TO PLANT MORE POTATOES

Cost less to Plant, Produce more food Per acre than Irish Potatoes.

Washington, D. C.—Seed to plant an acre of Irish potatoes cost about $40 this spring. Seed sweet potatoes will not cost more than $4 per acre when vine cuttings are taken from early set plants and used. The yield of sweet potatoes per acre is usually greater than that of Irish potatoes and as a fod they are as nutritious. Sweet potatoes may be grown throughout the South, and of course, in certain other sections. Specialists in the U. S. Department of Agriculture are urging an increased acreage of this crop wherever it can be easily grown.

Sweet potatoes, it is pointed out, are the South's chief instrument for a quick and effective increase of the food supplies. Seed is plentiful; last years crop was the second largest ever produced. By means of a vine cutting it is possible to plant almost unlimited acrets of this crop, and at the same time conserve the present supply. That is, a farmer who wishes to plant 10 acres will bed enough seed—say eight or ten bushels— to get slips for one acre. Vine cuttings from this acre would plant many more acres, plantings being possible until the first of August in the lower South. This system, now widely used in the South, enables the utilization of land from which early potatoes, cabbage, and other truck crops have been taken.

Sweet potatoes are not expensive to grow. The main limiting factor to the production of vast quantities by this plan is labor. Yields from fields set with vine cuttings are as large as from plants grown from slips. The method has the further advantage of preventing the transfer of diseases which are carried on the tubers.

The South doesn't need to learn how to grow sweet potatoes, the specialists point out. Farmers know how to produce large yields of this crop. But the farmer must be impressed with the necessity of increasing his acreage of this crop, and then, when harvest comes, to prevent the enormous loss from improper handling and storing. The best way to keep sweet potatoes is to store them in well ventilated storage houses, not "dug outs." Storage houses should be made ready as soon as possible. In farmers bulletin 548, "Storing and Marketing Sweet potatoes," instruction for building such houses and for converting old and unoccupied buildings are given.

THE CHILTON COUNTY SINGING CONVENTION

The Chilton County Singing Convention will meet in special session on the Third Sunday in May (20) at Pleasant Grove Church, five miles west of Jemison.

R. A. SMITH, President,
F. IVEN POPWELL, Sec.

BETTER BABIES CAMPAIGN CLOSED WITH CONTEST

As a fitting close to the better babies campaign in Clanton, the Better Babies Contest was held at the court house on Saturday, May 5, beginning at nine o'clock. Thirteen prizes were awarded as follows:

Girl babies under one year old—first prize, Augusta Roper, second prize Peggy Mullins, third prize, Rosemary Pickens, fourth prize Kathleen Powell.

Boy babies under one year old—first prize, Hal Broadhead, second prize, Sidney Louis Reynolds, third prize, Grady Reynolds, Jr.

Girl babies between one and two years—first prize Violet Hamrick, second prize Viola Mahan, third prize Mary Louise Robinson, fourth prize Elizabeth Eubanks.

Boy babies between one and two years—first prize Robert Kenneth Ervin, second prize Thomas Hamrick.

After the contest three very interesting and instructive papers were given by Drs. Arthur Johnson, V. J. Gragg and A. M. Gowan.

We hope that our baby week celebration has brought before the public a realization of some of the facts relating to baby welfare in our community and the need of greater efforts on the part of our community to protect its babies.

In our follow-up campaign let our slogan be:

"Chilton County rest,
'Till her babies are best."

We wish to thank all who contributed anything toward making "Baby Week" a success, especially do we thank the merchants who allowed us window display, the doctors who ably assisted us in every possible way, and last but not least the "Banner man".

Mrs. AMZI GOWAN, Chm.,
Mrs. F. B. COLLIER,
Mrs. J. C. JONES,
Mrs. H. A. REYNOLDS.

WARRANT HOLDERS ARE TO BE PAID BY JUNE 1

Officials urge holders to Deposit their Warrants with Treasurer Bice.

All parties holding warrants against Chilton County will deposit the same with J. Bice, Treasurer. He will be able to pay the same about June 1st.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

RELATIVE TO COUNTY HOME DEMONSTRATION AGENT

Editor Union-Banner:

Dear Sir:—Please allow me space in your paper to say a few words in regard to our home demonstration agent, Mrs. Lida Jones.

Now, in the first place, let me say that owing to the financial condition of the county, I have no kick coming at the Commissioners Court, but I do say that if they are going to dispose of the one and retain the other of the two agents in the county, let's have Mrs. Jones, or someone in her stead. I make the above statement with all due regard to Mr. Conway and his field of work. But still I think Mrs. Jones' branch of the work is more needed in this county at the present than Mr. Conway's.

As was shown by the ballot last Saturday at the Court House, about 85 per cent. of those present had plenty of corn and meat to do them till fall, and when we have corn, meat hay, oats and so on for the market we can get the highest market price for it, without someone to show or tell us which end of the ear of corn to put in the sheller first to make it shell easily. But when it comes to canning fruits and vegetables for the market, we have not had much experience in this line we must have someone who is experienced to show us and teach us and if it be necessary help us do the initial work, so that we may be properly trained in this work and make our products salable and bring the highest price on the market. Some will say that they can can as good as Mrs. Jones or any one else. No doubt in my mind as but they can, but then if what they do put up is not thoroughly sterilized and decomposed, then the person who canned this stuff has not only lost the vegetables but has lost their time in fooling with it also, and if it by mere accident does not spoil, will it be as delicious, as pretty a pack and bring as high a price on the market as that goods which complies with the standard of perfection? I say it will not. You must have your goods standardized or else you will be left wanting when the time comes to sell.

There are lots of people who think the "good old-fashioned way" of doing things is just as good as any. But, friends, if you always stick to that "good old-fashioned way" you will never rise above the level till Gabriel blows his trumphet. "The good old-fashioned way was all right in its time, but its time has gone and we must find something to take the place of it.

The Editor said in last week,s Union that the people ought to be at home pinching the daylight out of those potato bugs. Well, I am in favor of getting the daylights out of the potato bug but I do not care to pinch them out. Give Mr. "Tater Bug" some of the best delicious Paris Green which you can buy at the drug store and Mr. "Tater Bug" will fix himself.

I, like Mr. Wyatt, think that the club members should stop running after the Commissioners and get out and make up the money we need for the retention of Mrs. Jones. I heard Judge Reynolds tell my father that ift he people would get up the money and turn it over to the Commissioners Court, that they would see that Mrs. Jones got it. Now, I think there are some few in the county who thought that if the bond issue were carried, it would give us money for everything that we wanted to spend it for, but according to my idea that is a mistake that they have gotten into their cranium, for as I see it, the bond issue can't be used for anything but road and bridge purposes, therefore everything else must wait till the fall taxes come in. Now, the county has already gone beyond its limit on county warrants and it therefore cannot make a legal debt till some of the ones they already owe are paid off. My understanding is that the majority of the court is not opposed to the work of Mrs. Jones, but they can't make a legal debt, and therefore have nothing whatever to pay with but county warrants which are not legal, and she couldn't get more than 60 cents on the dollar if they did keep her. Now, as most of us know, the state will not let her stay here without the approval of the Commissioners Court, but if we will make up the required amount and donate it to the county with the understanding that they are to use this money to supplement Mrs. Jones' solary, it will be perfectly legal and Mrs. Jones will still be with us.

J.F. DUGGAR ENDORSES VELVET BEANS AS CROP FOR THE SOUTH

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

SOIL AND CLIMATE—They grow on practically any soil, but are most helpful to poor s[illegible] especially suited to sandy [illegible] Speckled, the Osceola, and the Yokohama may be grown to maturity at least as far north in Alabama as the Tennessee line.

Circuit Clerk 1 Jan 16

VARIETIES—The Early Speckled, also called 100-Day Velvet Bean and even 90-Day Velvet Bean, is the one generally grown, and the one that should be chiefly relied upon in 1917. It makes a rather luxuriant growth of vine, or sufficient to pull down corn if planted too thickly, too early, or on very rich land. It has a short round pod densely covered with fuzz; the bean keeps well even if not harvested until consumed by stock in winter.

The Yokohama is the earliest velvet bean tested, and hence may be planted somewhat later than the Early Speckled, or even immediately after oat harvest in central and south Alabama. The Yokohama has flattish, grayish-white seed, and a flattish pod. These pods, when exposed in the early part of winter to alternate sunshine and moisture, pop and shatter the beans, which is also true of other flat-pod beans, such as the Osceola, making this flat-podded class less useful to leave on the field for winter consumption, but quite satisfactory for hand gathering of the clusters for winter feeding in the barn.

The Osceola is a flat-pod bean with large clusters, and about the same maturity as the Early Speckled. Its chief advantage over the latter is the lack of a stinging effect on the hands during the harvesting of mature clusters

The Chinese is a variety with luxuriant growth of vines, matusity later than the Early Speckled, and has large flat pods.

CULTURE—A variety of methods of planting the Early Speckled and similar velvet beans has given satisfaction. Among them are the following:

(1) Planting of velvet beans, one to the hill, along the line of every corn row where the rows are wide and the land poor;

(2) Planting of velvet beans in every middle where the rows are wide and land poor;

(3) Planting of velvet beans along the line of every other corn row where the corn rows are narrow to medium in width;

(4) Planting of velvet beans, more thickly, in every third row where the rows are narrow and the land rather fertile.

TIME OF PLANTING—In order that the corn may not be pulled down any more than is necessary to the production of a good crop of mature beans, the writer prefers to plant velvet beans at least a month after the corn has been planted, provided this gets the velvet beans into the ground by or before May 15 in the southern half of Alabama, and by May 1 in the northern half. However, for convenience, some farmers, especially those accustomed to the Late Speckled variety, prefer to plant velvet beans at the same time as corn.

FERTILIZATION—In the corn fields velvet beans are not separately fertilized, but utilize some of the fertilizer applied to the corn. It may be profitable to make a separate application of 200 pounds of acid phosphate per acre to velvet beans when planted on rows to themselves, or not along the line of the corn rows.

Joe Littleton of Cane Creek was here Monday attending county court.

We are glad to call the attention of the people to the fact that Dr. A. B. Baxley has located in Clanton, and that he is prepared to do everything of merit in the optical line. See his card in this paper.

I would suggest that the club members get busy and raise this money at once and show Mrs. Jones that we appreciate what she has done for the county. Let everyone of you carry a sobscription list like this:

To the Commissioners Court of Chilton County: We, the undersigned members of the Home demonstration clubs of Chilton County, and the non-members of the county, donate to your honorable body for the supplementing of Mrs. Jones' salary—— We donate this money to your honorable body with the understanding that you are to approve of her and her work here.

We club members can almost pay the $250 that is needed if we only give fifty cents each, and I am most sure that there are some who will pay more, and lots of outsiders will help us I am sure. All right now, everybody ready and lets go. Hurrah for Mrs. Jones, I am with best wishes,

Yours for success,
GUY H. DeSHAZO.

THORSBY ITEMS

Miss Elizabeth Hoopes, Matron of Thorsby Institute, spent Tuesday of last week in Clanton.

On Thursday, May 2rd, Mrs. Chas. R. Marshall addressed the Ladies Aid Society of the Congregational Church at the home of Mrs. E. W. Butler on the work of the Red Cross.

Mr. Henry S. Schriver who has been the efficient clerk in the store of Mr. A. M. Johnson for some time past, returned to his home in Racine, Wis. last Friday. His place in the store will be filled by Mr. Leon Peterson.

Mr. Clarence Hamilton of Boston, Mass., is expected in Thorsby on Saturday, of this week. Watch the post office bulletin for definite annauncement of the time and place of the meeting.

Misses Clara Peterson and Olga Grinley came dawn from Birmingham and spent the week end with their parents in Thorsby.

Mr. Hans Hanson and his son of Manchester, Ala., have been in Thorsby for the past few days. They report themselves favorably impressed with the locality and may move here within the next year.

Miss Etta Crowson spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John R. Crowson near Calera.

Mr. Harvey Maddox left Thorsby Wednesday of last week. He is gone to join Mr. Arthur Villadsen in Coal Valley, Ala.

Thorsby Institute sent its first contingent to join the army on Monday of last week when Messrs Uriel Williamson, John Ford, Kinsler Farrell and Bernard Landrum left for Birmingham to enlist with the ambulance corps, Fourth Regiment Alabama National Guard. The best wishes of the school and community follow these young men as they go forth to the call of their country. A large delegation was present at the train to bid them Godspeed.

Mrs. Sereno E. Norton spent last Thursday in Birmingham.

A party of about forty students and teachers from Thorsby Institute made a merry company as they went to Lock 12 last Saturday for a day's outing.

Misses Anna Rasmussen, Odie Lee, Arther and Prillie Woodham are rejoicing over the gaining of the teachers certificates secured as a result of the April examination.

Mr. F. M. M. Richardson, State Secretary of Y.M.C.A., spent last Friday night in Thorsby and spoke to a number of young men about the work of the Y.M.C.A. in army camps and other places. Mr. Richardson is a very pleasant personality and interesting speaker, and we wish to have him again with us in Thorsby when school opens next fall.

The rain last week helped strawberry situation somewhat, but the crop as a whole will be far below the average. So far, only one car load has been shipped, other shipments being made by express.

COMMENCEMENT PROGRAM OF CHILTON COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

Graduating Recital, Department of Music—Thursday evening, May 17.

Undergraduate Recital—Friday evening, May 18.

Commencement Sermon, by Dr. Hendricks, Howard College—Sunday morning, May 20.

Sermon, Dr. Hendricks—Sunday evening, May 20.

Undergraudate Entertainment—Monday evening, May 21.

Seventh Grade Commencement—Tuesday morning, May 22.

Graduating exercises, High School Seniors—Tuesday evening, May 22.

Baclalaureate Address, Geo. H. Thigpen, President District Agricultural School, Sylacauga, Ala.

All exercises will be held in the high school auditorium. No admission will be charged.

YOU GET A PRIZE WITH EVERY PACKAGE

Buy "Hodges Special" pure Coffee, put up in pound packages and selling for 30c.

With each package you get a ticket, which is good for a various number of pieces of China Ware.

Whatever prize your ticket calls for is given to you with the Coffee.

The Coffee is the very best Grade, ground and pure.

Call for it next time.

W. Z. HODGES,
Clanton, Ala.

FIERCE FIGHTING ON WEST FRONT

Over Six Thousand Prisoners Taken By The French Forces In Two Days' Fighting In France

GUNS TAKE HEAVY TOLL

General Nivelle's Men Have Advanced On An 18-Mile Front Northeast Of Soissons—Holding Gains

New York.—The Germans have hurled counter attacks against the French forces in their newly-acquired positions northeast of Soissons, taken in their advance toward Laon and eastward along the Chemin-des-Dames, but their efforts were useless. General Nivelle's men clung tenaciously to them, and inflicted heavy casualties on the Germans.

The greater portion of the 18-mile front has been consolidated and, as a result of two days' fighting, 6,100 Germans were taken prisoner. Not content with the gains northeast of Soissons, the French enlarged their holdings by capturing isolated operations, important German points of support to the north of the Moulin de Laffaux and north of Braye-en-Laonnois.

The Berlin official communication, in referring to the battle, declares that the French attempt to break through the German line was unavailing, and that the gigantic thrust was entirely repulsed. It admits, however, that the intense fire of the French guns destroyed completely the German positions on the Winterburg and that this eminence and several adjacent sectors were occupied by the French. It is asserted by the Berlin war office that the French, "after their sanguinary defeat" did not repeat their attack later.

To the east of Bullecourt, which lies midway between Arras and Cambrai, where the British and Germans engaged in sanguinary encounters, with the advantage lying with Field Marshal Haig's forces.

CUBAN NEGRO REBELS BURN AND PILLAGE PROPERTY

Americans And Other Foreigners Being Driven From Several Districts In Oriente Province

New York.—Charges that Cuban negro rebels are burning and pillaging the homes and properties of Americans and other foreigners in the districts of Palmarito, Bayate and Miranda, Oriente province, were made by twenty-four American and British refugees who arrived here. They predicted that there will be a massacre of the white residents remaining unless the United States intervenes and asserted that the Cuban government is powerless to cope with the situation. Most of the refugees escaped with only the clothes they wore.

The accusations were substantiated by an appeal for aid signed by 116 Americans remaining in the territory occupied by the rebels. The appeal, the refugees said, will be forwarded to the state department at Washington.

H. J. Spanell Is Convicted Of Murder

Coleman, Texas.—A verdict of guilty of murder was returned by the jury in the case of Harry J. Spanell, charged with the killing of Lieut. Col. M. C. Butler. Punishment was fixed at five years' imprisonment. Spanell all but collapsed when the verdict was read. Counsel for the defense announces that a motion for a new trial will be filed immediately, and if it is not granted an appeal will be taken. The plea for reversal, they say, will be based specifically upon the refusal of the court to sustain defense's plea of "former acquittal."

Reforms Demanded By Hungarians

Copenhagen.—The ferment among the Hungarian working classes caused by Premier Count Tisza's refusal of an effective reform of the franchise is far more serious than appeared in the censored telegraphic account of the demonstration strike. All the Buda Pest factories, it now is learned, were then closed. A resolution was presented by the workmen after the closing which demanded in the firmest of language a liberal electoral reform.

Swedish Food Rioters Are Suppressed

Stockholm.—Women who stood in line to buy potatoes in the southern part of Stockholm became unruly when informed that the stock was exhausted and began a demonstration which assumed proportions that kept the police busy until after midnight. Several policemen were injured by stones thrown, and a number of the rioters received scalp wounds from the police sabers. Sixteen arrests were made. Serious rioting also occurred in Guthenburg.

American Troops Wanted At Front

Washington.—Great Britain has formally joined France in expressing the hope that an American expeditionary force soon would take its place on the western front in Europe. Foreign Secretary Balfour told the council of national defense that the British would be overjoyed to welcome an American force in France and that its early dispatch could not but have an enormous psychological effect both on the allies and on their enemies.

TO SEND ARMY TO FRANCE

Americn Soldiers To Be Put On The Firing Line On The Western Front Very Soon

Washington. — The United States stands ready to send an army to Europe whenever the allies deem it wise to divert the necessary shipping from transporting food to transporting men.

It became definitely known here that the government has offered the allies troops, but has suggested that the alarming shortage of world shipping may make it impractical to send them at once. In spite of objections of the general staff to putting any American force on the firing line before the great army has been raised and trained, the administration has determined that the small contingent earnestly desired by France for moral effect shall be sent as soon as possible.

Whether the force first to carry the Stars and Stripes into battle in France shall be made up of regulars or National Guardsmen, or both, has not been worked out.

Little doubt exists that the French will gladly put up with any sacrifice necessary to have American troops in France, as the great plea of their mission has been for troops with the American flag. They have pointed out that this is needed to convince the Germans beyond doubt that all America's resources have been thrown into the battle.

The British also are known to be anxious to have American troops in France as a final earnest of American participation, but there is reason to believe that they have taken a somewhat more detached view than the French. Overcome by the whole-heartedness of American co-operation in the war, they believe that the one essential is to marshall the common resources to the greatest advantage. With their responsibility for tonnage, their decision about the advisability of sending an expeditionary force is uncertain.

ENSIGN VANKIRK FALLS TO DEATH IN AN AIRPLANE

Navy Officer Drops One Thousand Feet Into Pensacola Bay And Caught In Wreckage And Drowned

Pensacola, Fla.—Ensign D. P. Vankirk, U. S. N., fell a thousand feet in an airplane into Pensacola bay here and was drowned before he could be extricated from the floating wreckage of the machine.

Ensign Vankirk's fall, which occurred off the naval aviation training station here, was seen by Lieutenant Stone of the coast guard, who also was in an airplane. Lieutenant Stone brought his machine above the point where Vankirk's wrecked flyer floated and, dropping into the water, swam to aid his comrade. It was forty minutes before Vankirk's body could be released from the wreckage. All effort to resuscitate him proved futile.

RIOTS IN PETROGRAD; BOMBS ARE THROWN

Outbreak Caused By Enemies Of Liberty, But Was Soon Quelled—May Day Marked With Parades

New York.—The possibility of peace terms being advanced by Germany; the internal political situation in that country arising from dissatisfaction of the workmen over present conditions, and a recrudescence of rioting in Petrograd, in which bombs were thrown and the disturbers were fired upon, are features in the news of the world war, which for the moment take precedence over the military operations on the fighting fronts.

Press Censorship Greatly Modified

Washington.—The espionage bill was passed by the house with a modified censorship provision after administration leaders had lost an insistent fight for retention of the original section aimed at the publication of news of value to the enemy. The final vote was 260 to 105. Consideration of a similar measure continued in the senate during the day, and there, too, the administration suffered a defeat. An export embargo amendment, about which the fight in the senate has centered, was modified so as to substitute for the general authority proposed in a provision to empower the president to restrict exports in specific cases where American goods are reaching the enemy.

Gigantic Meteor Passes Over Georgia

Atlanta.—A meteor, which lit up the heavens almost as bright as day, those who saw it reported, shot over Atlanta at 11:20 o'clock Tuesday night, May 1. It was witnessed by hundreds of people in and around Atlanta, who described it as one of the most splendid spectacles ever seen in the heavens. It came from a southwesterly direction, being first seen at Macon. Reports from that town say it lit up the entire city. The telegraph operator at Bolingbroke, Ga., stated that a terrific roaring accompanied the meteor.

Germans Plotted Against J. P. Morgan

New York.—Confesison was made in court by Wolf Hirsch, arrested with George Merringer, both Germans, that they were on their way to blow up the offices of J. P. Morgan & Co. Hirsch told the court that the explosion of a bomb at the Morgan office was a part of a scheme to create a stock market reversal from which he and Merringer could profit. He told the court he had made the bomb under the direction of Merringer and another man in a laboratory at the Roosevelt hospital.

NATION POURING OUT ITS WEALTH

Response To Offering Of $2,000,000,000 Loan Indicates Greatest Subscription In History Of World

OFFER IS OVER-SUBSCRIBED

Less Than 2 Per Cent Of Banks Alone Took $138,674,000 Of Loan The First Day

Washington.—Subscriptions to the liberty loan poured into the treasury department at the rate of nearly $20,000,000 an hour. The greatest outpouring of national wealth in the history of the world was foreshadowed by the first day's response to the offering of the loan.

The sheaf of telegrams from every section of the country grew larger as the day progressed. Five hundred telegrams, less than two per cent of the total number of banks from which replies are expected, had been classified by states and tabulated when the office closed the first day. These 500 responses carried offers of subscriptions to the amount of $138,674,000.

The greatest flood of responses came between 4 and 6 p. m., after the offices had closed. It was estimated that 500 more banks were heard from within the two hours.

The $138,674,000 of subscription tabulated representing less than two per cent of the banks alone, indicated that the $2,000,000,000 offer will be oversubscribed at least 100 per cent. Should the ratio of the first responses be maintained in replies from the other banks, the banks and their customers alone would offer subscriptions totalling approximately $7,000,000,000.

One subscription of $20,000,000 was received from a bank in New York. Another was for $5,000,000. The smallest subscription was $5,000. New York led the list of statese with subscriptions aggregating approximately $72,000,000, more than half the total amount.

18,538 OFFICERS AND 528,659 MEN WILL BE STRENGTH

Of First Army Organized Under The Draft Plan, For Which All Details Have Been Worked Out

Washington.—The full strength of the first war army organized under the selective draft bill will be 18,538 officers and 528,659 enlisted men, making up eighteen war strength divisions complete in every arm and supplemented by sixteen regiments of heavy field artillery, equipped with large caliber howitzers.

A revised list of officers' training camp districts issued by the department indicates that the divisions of the first half million new fighting men will be formed as follows:

First Division—Troops from all New England states.

Second—New York congressional districts 1 to 26 (including Long Island, New York City and a strip north of the city).

Third—Remainder of New York state and Pennsylvania congressional districts 10, 11, 14, 15, 16, 21, 25 and 28.

Fourth—Remainder of Pennsylvania state, including Philadelphia and Pittsburg.

Fifth—New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia and District of Columbia.

Sixth—North and South Carolina and Tennessee.

Seventh—Georgia, Alabama and Florida.

Eighth—Ohio and West Virginia.

Ninth—Indiana and Kentucky.

Tenth—Illinois.

Eleventh—Michigan and Wisconsin.

Twelfth—Arkansas, Mississippi and Louisiana.

Thirteenth—Minnesota, Iowa, North and South Dakota and Nebraska.

Fourteenth—Missouri, Kansas and Colorado.

Fifteenth—Oklahoma and Texas.

Sixteenth—Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, California, Nevada, Utah, Wyoming, Arizona and New Mexico.

In addition there will be two separate cavalry divisions which probably will be situated in the southwest near the Mexican border.

Haiti Joins War Against Germany

Port-au-Prince, Haiti. — President Artiguenave has sent a message to the senate and chamber of deputies of congress demanding a declaration of war against Germany and a commission has been appointed to consider the question. This action was taken in consequence of the fact that among the victims of the torpedoed French steamer Montreal were five Haitien members of the crew, and three Haitien passengers. The Montreal was plying beteween Bordeaux and Haiti.

China Prepares To Enter The War

Pekin. — The entry of China into the war at an early date seems inevitable. President Li Yung Hung and the senate are opposed to such a step, but the house of representatives, the premier and the conference of military governors are urging war. A dissolution of parliament is threatened if parliament fails to declare a state of hostilities. Owing to the great power exercised by the military party, the senate probably will yield to the war party.

U-BOATS MENACE TO WORLD

Many Thousands Of Tons Of Foodstuffs With Ships Sunk During Last Days Of April

Washington.—That Germany's submarine arm, not her military arm, is the menace which for the moment is greatest for the future welfare of the United States and the entente allies is recognized by the chancellories of all the powers which are at war with Germany.

The last days of April saw the underwater boats send to the bottom hundreds of thousands of tons of shipping, which means that huge quantities of ammunition and foodstuffs, the receipt of which would have greatly heartened Great Britain and France, have been irretrievably lost to them and made the pinch of want to those countries, their soldiers and their people more acute.

These undersea monsters of the underseas from April 20 to 27 had their share with mines in sending beneath the waves some of them unwarned and with tolls of death, thirty-eight British vessels of over 1,600 tons and thirteen others of less than 1,600 tons—the aggregate in each category being only two vessels less than the British admiralty reported the previous week, when the high point in the sinking of British merchantmen since the reports have been issued was reached.

In fair weather or foul the submarines are working mountainous seas seeming not even to impede their thrusts whenever a vessel comes within range of their guns or torpedoes.

Impetus is being given to the plans to combat the menace by all the countries at war with Germany, and hopes are expressed that shortly a check may be put to the inroads of the submarines into commerce.

TURKS ARE DRIVEN BY BRITISH TROOPS

Ottoman Forces Again Defeated In Mesopotamia—British Cavalry Pursuing And Making Captives

New York.—The military activities on all fronts in France and Belgium are still in a stage of apparent deadlock, but the big guns everywhere continue roaring in violent duels, and doubtless new phases of infantry actions are developing. On none of the other fronts have there been engagements of great importance, although the British in Mesopotamia have driven forward their lines against the Turks and made captures of men, guns and stores, while the Turks have forced out the Russians from Mush, in Turkish Armenia.

Amends To Argentina Promised

Buenos Aires.—The Argentine government has received a note from the German government expressing regret for the sinking of the Argentine ship Monte Protegido, and adding that in view of the fact that the Monte Protegido left Pernambuco on January 31 and was in consequence ignorant of the new German measures, the imperial government is disposed to give reparation. The German minister has sent to the Argentine minister a note declaring that an imperial squadron will salute at the first opportunity the Argentine flag as a mark of respect.

Trade Little Affected By State Of War

Washington.—General business conditions through the country, the federal reserve board announces in its monthly review, have not been materially affected by the entrance of the United States into the war, although in every district there is going on a process of readjustment which is reflected in many lines. In no section of the country, the board finds, has there been industrial, financial or commercial distress because of the changes incidental to placing the country on a war footing.

Pro-Germans Cause Riot In New York

New York.—When the chairman of a mass meeting, held here, in Cooper Union, by thirty-two organizations, composed of Americans of Irish birth or descent, refused to receive a resolution calling upon President Wilson and congress to intercede in behalf of Irish independence, a riot broke out which resulted in the ejection of more than thirty persons from the hall and which was not quelled until 200 policemen made free use of their clubs.

First Bond Issue For Two Billion

Washington.—Secretary McAdoo announces that the first offering of bonds authorized under the war finance law would be a two billion dollars "liberty loan" issue, open to popular subscriptions would be received till June 15 next. The bonds will be dated July 1, and will be ready for delivery on that date. Although many organizations in addition to the banks of the country will be utilized in floating the bonds the twelve federal reserve banks will be designated to receive subscriptions.

1,300,000 Germans Have Lost Lives

Amsterdam.—One million three hundred thousand Germans have perished in the war, according to a statement made by Joseph Friedrich Nauman, formerly a Conservative member of the reichstag. Herr Naumann, lecturing on the "Influence of the War on Population," said in part: "Until now the war has caused a loss of 1,300,000 dead. This, together with the decrease in birth, gives a reduction of 3,800,000. The surplus of females has increased from 800,000 to far more than 2,000,000."

OPERATION OF NEW DRAFT LAW

Official Instructions Concerning the Raising of Military Forces Determined On.

POLLING PLACES TO BE USED

All Persons Within the Age Limits Prescribed by the Law Must Present Themselves There—Governors of States at Head of Registration Work.

Washington.—With the object of stimulating publicity to the work of raising the military forces called for under the army draft law the war department has issued the following instructions, which will govern the work:

> There was a time in the country's history when military enumerators, backed by bayonets, went out among the people to take a compulsory service census. Today, under the principle of universal liability to service, the execution of the law is put into the hands of the people.

The approval of the new national army bill and the president's proclamation thereunder have been coincident. All persons within the age limits prescribed are required to present themselves for registration at the customary voting places in the voting precincts in which they have their permanent homes, on a day which the president will announce.

The governor of each state is the chief of registration therein. The machinery of registration in each county is in charge of the sheriff, the county clerk, and the county physician, acting ex officio, unless a different board shall be announced by the governor. In cities containing populations of more than 30,000, the registration will be under the control of the mayor and selected boards of registration. In order that the disignated county and city officials, and the people generally, can get a clear understanding of the census methods the following brief outline is given:

The sheriffs, or other designated officials, immediately upon receiving notice from the governor, shall appoint registrars for each voting precinct.

Apportionment of Registrars.

The proportion of registrars shall be one for each 170 persons to be registered. Each age to be registered will comprise about 1 per cent of the population.

If, for instance, all men between nineteen and twenty-five years of age, inclusive, are to be registered, the registrar would have to enroll about 7 per cent of the precinct population.

It is desirable to accept the services of competent volunteer registrars to serve without compensation. All registrars must be sworn.

The voting place in each precinct must be prepared for registration. Full printed instructions covering every detail of registration will be in the hands of sheriffs and mayors on the fifth day after the president's proclamation.

Cities of Over 30,000 Population.

The mayor of a city containing more than 30,000 inhabitants, or the officials designated by the governor therein, shall, with approval of the governor, appoint for each ward or convenient minor subdivision containing about 30,000 people one registration board, and shall designate one officer of each board to perform duties similar to those imposed on the sheriff, as heretofore outlined. If the mayor desires, he may appoint a central board to coordinate the work of minor boards.

Duties of County Clerks, and of Clerks of Cities of Over 30,000 People.

On the fifth day after the president has issued his proclamation, clerks of counties and cities of over 30,000 must secure a supply of blanks and copies of the registration regulations from the sheriff or from the mayor. Absentees and the sick will apply to such clerks to have their registration cards filled out. In no case shall such persons be given registration certificates. They are to be instructed by the clerk that the burden is on them to see to it that the cards reach the registrars of their home precincts by registration day.

Absentees and the Sick.

Persons absent from their home counties may be registered by mail. If so absent, a man should go to the clerk of the county where he may be staying, on the sixth day after the date of the president's proclamation. If he is in a city of over 30,000 population, the city clerk is the official to whom to apply. The absentee will be told how to register, but he must mail his card in time to reach his precinct by registration day.

Persons too sick to present themselves for registration must send a competent person to the county or city clerk on the sixth day after the issuing of the proclamation. The clerk will give instructions for registration.

Colleges, Universities, Homes and Other Institutions.

Officials of educational, charitable and other institutions should apply for instructions to the county or city clerk on the sixth day after the date of the proclamation for instructions as to a convenient method of registration.

The wardens of jails, penitentiaries, and reformatories should apply to the county or city clerk for instructions on the sixth day.

Five days after the date of the president's proclamation complete regulations will be in the hands of all sheriffs and of the officials of cities of over 30,000 population.

The president is authorized to call upon all public officers to assist in the execution of the law. The plan is, however, to rely on the people for the proper execution of the law. It is expected that patriotic citizens will offer their services free as registrars. Such services will be gratefully acknowledged. Volunteers for this service should communicate immediately with the proper official.

BANKS ASKED TO CO-OPERATE

Secretary Authorizes Financial Institutions to Receive Subscriptions for the Bond Offerings.

Washington.—Secretary McAdoo telegraphed the entire list of 27,513 national and state banks and trust companies in the United States, authorizing them to receive subscriptions for the $2,000,000,000 bond offering, enlisting their co-operation, and requesting them to telegraph a rough estimate of the amount of bonds each would take for itself and its patrons.

"You can render an invaluable service to your country," Mr. McAdoo told the banks, "by receiving subscriptions and co-operating with the federal reserve bank in your district."

Loan Subscriptions Pour In.

To all clearing house associations in the country Mr. McAdoo sent a telegram in which he said:

"The amount of the initial loan has been determined by the needs of the government and not arbitrarily. The enthusiastic and patriotic co-operation of the banks and bankers of the country will guarantee the success of the undertaking."

The result of the first announcement of the loan has been a deluge of subscriptions, aggregating many millions. Most of these came in by wire to the treasury. Virtually every large city and every state in the Union was represented.

Lend $100,000,000 to Italy.

Negotiations continued today with representatives of the nations to which the United States is extending credit. Count di Cellere, the Italian ambassador, received the full amount of the first $100,000,000 loan made by this government to Italy.

Subscriptions to the second offering of treasury certificates were received during the day by the federal reserve banks. Indications are that the secretary will call for the proceeds within a week, possibly a few days.

The $100,000,000 loan to France will be turned over to Ambassador Jusserand, in whole or part, within a day or so.

MAY CENTER IN WASHINGTON

Probability That One Committee Will Purchase All Supplies Needed by the Allied Countries.

Washington.—Creation of a central purchasing committee in Washington for all supplies bought in the United States for the allied governments was forecast here by Sir Hardman Lever, financial expert of the British war mission. The committee will supplant J. P. Morgan & Co.

Discussing the world financial situation, the British expert expressed the opinion that Germany will be practically bankrupt in the credit markets after the war.

"Our enemies," he said, "for all their boasted efficiency, have never had the courage to face their financial problems, with the result that when the war is over they will be hard put it."

The Teutonic governments pyramided one internal loan upon other, he explained, their interest charges would be so great that he believed they would either have to repudiate a large part of their debt or face inability to buy the enormous quantities of material they would need for reconstruction.

The allies, he added, had paid their way in the war "by the straightforward and natural means, by pouring out their gold, by selling enormous masses of American securities, by raising loans." As a result, he predicted that the end of the war would find the allies in good shape financially, despite their enormous permanent debts.

Agree on Paying Men in Training.

Washington.—Conferees on the army bill agreed on a provision to pay $100 a month to men in training camps seeking to qualify as members of the officers' reserve corps.

Although the full allotted quota of 40,000 men probably will be enrolled in the officers' training camps when they open May 15, there still is "plenty of room for men of the right qualities," the war department announced.

In a statement saying that each of the sixteen camps seemed assured of its full allotment of 2,500 applicants for commissions, the department appealed for further recruits among men of proved ability.

Chicago to Furnish Chasers.

Chicago.—This city is now mobilizing its naval resources. Acting under orders from the navy department, Capt. W. A. Moffett, commandant of the Great Lakes naval training station, began rounding up hundreds of small power boats preparatory to equipping them as submarine chasers. Captain Moffett expects to rush them "to the seaboard" as rapidly as possible.

The Shielding Shadow

by Randall Parrish

AUTHOR OF "BEYOND THE FRONTIER," "MAID OF THE FOREST," "MY LADY OF THE NORTH," ETC.

NOVELIZED FROM THE PHOTOPLAY SERIAL OF THE SAME NAME BY GEORGE B SEITZ, RELEASED BY PATHE

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SYNOPSIS.

Adventurous Jerry Carson embarks in search of hidden treasure with the promise of Leontine Walcott to be his wife on his return. Her father favors Sebastian Navarre. Jerry's ship is burned, he is reported lost. Sebastian presses his attentions. Jerry suddenly turns up to confront charges of the Navarres against him. In a struggle for a forged paper Diego Navarre is killed and Jerry is convicted of the murder. He escapes, and finds the treasure and a wonderful chemical pellet. Leontine is forced to marry Sebastian. On the honeymoon, he attacks her in a rage. Suddenly he is confronted by a weird apparition. Ravengar forces a confession from Louie. Sebastian attempts to get it. An earthquake occurs; in the excitement Red Finn steals the confession and flees. He appears in New York as Romanoff and enlists the aid of Madame Bianca. Leontine confronts her husband in the gambling house. The Shadow battles for her and she escapes with the confession. One-Lamp Louie follows her and takes the paper from her.

SIXTH EPISODE

The Disappearing Prisoner.

"And he has given her the Rajah necklace!"

Romanoff ended his speech and waited for Bianca's approbation. She had listened quietly while the man discoursed, and now regarded him with an ironical smile.

"Next time you bring me information, Mr. Ranonoff, why not tell me something I did not know?" she asked.

"How?" demanded Romanoff.

"How? Why, by bringing me the necklace tonight, of course," answered Bianca sharply. "The job won't be so difficult. I have all the plan detailed, and you'll take Reddy along to act as lookout."

* * * * * * *

"For the love of Mike, look, Bill!"

Policeman Casey, who had been sleeping in the station house, while his comrades off duty played dominoes, started up in his berth, his teeth chattering.

They looked where he pointed. In a far corner of the station house, luminous against the half gloom, appeared two burning eyes and two white hands, which, as they watched, traced in fiery letters the following message:

"An attempt will be made tonight to steal the Rajah necklace from the home of the millionaire, Sebastian Navarre!"

The men started from their seats and stared at each other in consternation as the message slowly faded. Then with one accord they rushed into the corner.

There was nothing there. The room was empty, except for their presence. So vigorous was Officer Casey's rush that he ran his head full tilt into the wall. But only a bump developed.

"It's a warning," muttered Casey, rubbing his head. "Let's tell the captain."

"And get called down."

"I tell you it's a warning."

"You tell him, Casey."

"You'll back me up?"

"I guess so. I saw it sure enough."

"Say, what's eating you boys?" demanded Captain O'Shaughnessy an-



Bianca Leaned Over and Touched Him.

grily, as the policemen stood before him with their story told. "You go and lie down, Casey."

"It's true," said Officer Logan. "I saw it with my eyes."

"For the Lord's sake! You, too, Cohen?"

"Sure I saw it," said Policeman Cohen, shifting uneasily beneath his superior's glare.

"You did, hey? All of you did? Then I tell you what we'll do. You four'll go out to Mr. Navarre's house, and don't come back until you get the burglars. See?"

Four dogged but rather shamefaced men left the station house five minutes later in the police automobile. Captain O'Shaughnessy had relented at the last moment. Besides, with four men swearing to the apparition, he had begun to think that there might be something in it after all.

There certainly was something in it. At half past twelve Reddy, the lookout, saw Romanoff stand inside the bathroom and signed to him that he found the coast clear. The maid had left the window open, as had been arranged. Romanoff entered the passage and crept cautiously toward Leontine's boudoir.

The door of Leontine's room was slightly ajar. Romanoff halted, and, listening, heard her even breathing as she slept. He crept back into the bathroom and looked down. Reddy was still standing at the foot of the fire escape, up which he had come.

Coward as he was, Romanoff knew that unless he brought back the necklace his occupation would be gone, so far as Bianca was concerned. He went back softly, and, taking a skeleton key from his pocket, unlocked the door at the end of the passage leading into the other rooms of the apartment. With an escape thus assured, he entered the boudoir, took his station before the safe, and began to manipulate the handle in accordance with the formula penciled upon his shirt cuff.

It was at this juncture that Casey, Cohen and Logan, leaving their automobile round the corner in charge of the fourth policeman, came quietly upon the scene by diverse routes. A glance showed Casey the familiar form of Reddy, standing at the foot of the fire escape and looking pensively upward.

Instinct brought Reddy's attention to Casey's presence. He did not stop to pass the time of night, but bolted—into the expansive arms of Cohen, at the other corner of the block.

Cohen welcomed him with his nightstick, and promptly led his subdued and battered prisoner toward the automobile.

Romanoff had got the safe open. Inside he saw the jewel case with the necklace. He stretched his hand out longingly. As he did so the two policemen entered the hall.

Romanoff dropped the case and scrambled for the door which he had unlocked so providentially. He smashed it open—to encounter Sebastian, who, hearing the noise in the bathroom, had slipped on his dressing gown and had come to investigate.

Romanoff dodged like an eel, for Casey and Logan were hard at his heels. The two policemen tripped over his outstretched foot and tumbled upon Sebastian. Romanoff darted into Leontine's bedroom.

The girl, awakened by the sounds, sat up in alarm. She caught a hasty glimpse of the crook's face. That was all. Romanoff dashed for the window, smashed it with one blow of his elbow, and clambered upon the sill, just as Logan and Casey fired simultaneously from the doorway.

One bullet went wild, the second struck Romanoff a glancing wound across the upper part of the thigh. With a yell he leaped into the darkness.

Romanoff went through the yard, scrambled upon a projecting roof, ran up the roof like a monkey, slid down a fire escape, and reached an empty street. As he did so he heard Casey shouting from the yard.

The trail of blood he left behind him would betray him in a few moments.

Romanoff bound up his wound with his handkerchief, let down his trouser leg, and then made his way, moaning, toward the street cars.

Half an hour later, weak and frenzied with pain, he staggered into Bianca's house.

* * * * * * *

"He's the only man who knew of our plan to get the necklace. He gave it away."

"Nonsense!" said Bianca angrily. The miscarriage of this second scheme against Navarre had, in fact, exasperated her. "It was your own stupidity and Reddy's."

"That fellow Ravengar is at the bottom of it, anyway," he snarled. "Ever since we had him in the cellar things have been going wrong. He heard us, anyhow, Bianca—"

"If you don't mind your manners you'll leave this house instantly!" snapped Bianca.

"Well—madame," muttered Romanoff, abashed. "He heard us laying our plans, and even if he didn't give the tip to the police he ought to be killed."

Bianca mused for a while. Then she touched her bell, and Wong Lee came shuffling in.

"Where is Mr. Ravengar?" inquired Bianca.

"In cellar, missis. All tight. No can get out again."

"I'll take a look at him," said Bianca thoughtfully. "Do you think you are able to accompany me, Mr. Romanoff?"

Romanoff hobbled at her side, and they went downstairs, preceded by the Chinese, who ostentatiously withdrew the heavy bolts of the great oaken door one by one. Stretched full length upon a bench, his hands under his head, was Ravengar, asleep. Bianca leaned over him and touched him. Ravengar started, opened his eyes, and then sprang to his feet with a bow.

"You see, Mr. Romanoff," said Bianca.

"He's faking!" screamed the crook, thoroughly exasperated, and frightened, into the bargain, by the amused smile upon Ravengar's face. "He warned the cops about our little game."

"Get out of here!" snapped Bianca, "or you'll be thrown out by Wong Lee. Come, now, march!"

Scowling and muttering, Romanoff beat a retreat. Bianca hesitated a moment, then said to Wong Lee:

"Help him upstairs and make him comfortable—but not in my boudoir, please."

When the door of the cellar had closed behind them Bianca stood looking in silence at Ravengar. The anger had disappeared from her face. She was smiling gently. It was the Bianca whose charms had lured a score of men to their ruin, the woman who thought her power irresistible.

There was no mistaking the inviting gesture, slight as it was. Bianca had recognized in Ravengar a man unlike any of her other easy conquests. His indifference had piqued her, then he had fascinated her. The woman of a hundred conquests, she had met her match at last.

"You perhaps don't realize that I saved your life just now!" she cried. "I am half inclined to reconsider my decision."

"It is a woman's privilege to change her mind, madame," replied Ravengar suavely.

Bianca clenched her fists and glared. But the look of amusement in Ravengar's eyes was too much for her equanimity. She swung about and hurried from the cellar in fury. However, she did not forget to bolt the door behind her, shooting each one home as if it were a dart to the heart of the man who had scorned her.



Bianca's Men Capture Leontine.

Upstairs in her boudoir she flung herself down on a lounge and reviewed the situation. The humiliation stung her like fire; her face, which had been scarlet, was now ashen. She trembled. She rose and paced the floor. She threw herself into a chair and burst into hysterical sobbing. It was the most incredible thing that had ever happened to her.

Suddenly, looking up, she saw something in the farthest corner of the room that sent her faint with terror. There again were the luminous eyes, and the dead-white hands beneath them. The eyes were fixed steadily on hers.

Then, as she watched, terror-stricken, she saw letters appear in the air beneath the hands, traced as if in phosphorescent fire.

"Only in one way can you win Ravengar's love," the writing ran. "Sebastian Navarre has committed a crime of which you are well aware. The confession has been destroyed. Draw a confession from him and Ravengar's feelings will change."

The writing quivered and disappeared, leaving Bianca staring at the blank wall opposite. And through the windows crept the first pale gray of the morning.

* * * * * * *

"Leontine!"

Sebastian Navarre stood before his wife in her boudoir. She rose nervously and looked at him in uncertainty; she was afraid that he had come to renew his protestations of love, but there was only contrition upon Sebastian's face.

"Leontine, I have come to make a proposal to you," said Sebastian. "I have wronged you in the past, but the past cannot be changed. Let us be happy in the future."

Leontine looked at him steadily. "You forget one thing," she answered. "The forgery that still asperses the honor of the man whom I love."

"He is dead, Leontine."

"His name is not dead. He is under a cloud. Dead or alive, his reputation must be cleared. That confession of Louie implicated you."

Sebastian fidgeted uneasily; he could not understand Leontine's stubbornness about the matter.

"It implicated you, Sebastian, and you behaved like a guilty man. You tried to get that paper."

"It was a lie," he burst out. "Don't you see, Leontine, that every wealthy man such as myself is at the mercy of a hundred blackmailers? Throw mud, and some of it sticks. 'No smoke without a fire,' the public cries. Louis Lamb wrote that confession of forgery, which implicated me, at the behest of a gang of blackmailers."

"He was rich; he had no need to incriminate himself."

"He wrote it before he found that gold mine in White's Village. That crook Romanoff who came here that morning wanted to sell it to me. Is that not evidence enough? Perhaps if I were a stronger man I should have taken the matter to law, had the fellow arrested and fought it out. But you would have been drawn in as a witness, and no man is willing to have his wife baited by thieves' lawyers upon the witness stand. If I acted foolishly I am to blame, but I am clean of the dishonor which you impute to me, and it was for your sake that I acted as I have done."

"Very well," said Leontine, making up her mind swiftly. "You shall have your chance, Sebastian. You have a right to ask that."

And she extended her hand frankly, which Sebastian took and raised deferentially to his lips.

"And now," he said, assuming a gayety which he was far from feeling, "what do you say to a little auto trip with me? Let us go out on the Plainfield road and have dinner together at Smith's roadhouse? We'll be back by evening."

"As you wish," answered Leontine.

"We'll start in half an hour, then," said Sebastian, rising. "I'll telephone the garage to send the car around."

He left her. And all the while she was putting on her cloak and hat and veil Leontine felt intuition struggling against reason. Sebastian could be fascinating when he chose. His manners were perfect; but in her heart she knew that these fair words were only a mask for his designs.

As the auto whirled away Leontine's maid, Marian, hurried to the telephone and rang up Bianca.

At that moment Bianca was holding a session in her house with Romanoff and three other of her adherents. She took down the receiver from the telephone at her side as she sat on the lounge, listened, and then hung it up.

She turned to Romanoff. "Now's our chance," she said. "They are off for the day to Smith's roadhouse on the Plainfield road. Does anyone know it?"

"I do!" cried Romanoff. "It's near the top of the Ramapo mountains, in the midst of the woods, and miles from anywhere."

"Well, boys, then here's your chance to get Senor Navarre," said Bianca. "Get him out of the house without his wife's knowing. Tell him—let me see!—tell him that One-Lamp Louie is waiting to speak to him. That will fetch him. Hustle him into the auto and take him into the mountains. There you'll get a confession from him about the forgery. And see that it duplicates the one which we had before."

"What's the use?" demanded Romanoff. "He won't buy back a confession that we got from him by force."

"Will you do as I tell you?" demanded Bianca.

"Well, boys!" said Romanoff, rising.

"And don't come back until you have it," Bianca added.

She watched them drive away and sank back upon the lounge again in despair. What was the use? There was no money in the project, and not much chance of success, Bianca knew. She, whose well-laid schemes had failed her, had descended to this wild scheme in order to win the love of Ravengar, the first man who had possessed her heart since she entered upon her life of crime.

* * * * * * *

Sebastian could certainly be charming when he set himself out to be. Leontine was forced to acknowledge that. The personality of the man thawed the ice of her reserve, and the little point of doubt sank deeper and deeper down in the recesses of her soul.

Who was this man Ravengar? Three times he had interposed to aid her in her perplexity and distress. She had come to expect him to appear in such times. If Jerry had never entered her life. . . .

Suddenly she became aware that a stranger had entered the roadhouse garden. He was standing beside Sebastian, who looked up at him impatiently.

"Excuse me, but are you not Mr. Sebastian Navarre?" he asked.

"Well, sir?" demanded Sebastian, annoyed at the interruption.

"There is a man of this name waiting outside to speak to you."

He handed him a dirty piece of paper. Sebastian glanced at it and turned white. Then, with an energetic gesture, he tore the paper into pieces and flung them down upon the floor. Without a word to Leontine he clapped on his hat and followed the stranger.

Leontine stared after her husband in wonder. Then, moved by a sudden impulse, she stooped and picked up the scraps of paper. She pieced them together upon the table and made out the name, "One-Lamp Louie."

What Leontine saw vividly was the face of the little crook who had torn the confession from her hands and destroyed it outside the gaming house. At once her suspicions leaped into life. She ran out of the garden.

Sebastian was nowhere to be seen, but she heard a faint cry for help coming from a lonely spot some distance below the summit of the hill, among the dense bushes.

Hurrying forward along a little trail, she saw presently the automobile, standing beside a gypsy wagon. Beside this her husband was wrestling with three men. It was a distant picture; she could discern Sebastian only by his characteristic pose of anger, and again his cry came to her, sounding faint and far away.

Instantly Leontine dashed through the trees, tripping over roots, forcing her path through brambles, her mind intent on loyalty to the man she called her husband.

The kidnapers had whisked Sebastian into the auto and pushed it down the mountain path before he was well aware of what was happening to him. The trail connected, some distance down the hill, with a disused road, which, in turn, ran into the main road two miles further away. This road led into the mountains, and it was there that the crooks meant to extort Sebastian's confession.

An unexpected interruption in the shape of a fallen tree compelled the car to slow down. Instantly Sebastian seized his opportunity to leap to the ground. It was then that Leontine heard his cry for aid.

"Shut up!" yelled Romanoff, dashing his fist into Sebastian's face.

But Sebastian, whose fears were stronger than his cowardice, broke away from his pursuers, again crying for help. And it was at this juncture that Leontine, breathless and dishevelled, appeared upon the scene.

At the sight of her the men hesitated. Then Romanoff had an inspiration. Behind Leontine stood the empty gypsy van, whose owners were doubtless picking blueberries upon the mountains. He caught the girl in his arms, bundled her inside, and locked the door on her.

"Now we've got 'em, I guess," he said, baring his teeth in a grin.

And he started as his own words left his mouth, for out of the bushes broke—Ravengar, who had been left securely locked in Bianca's cellar.

With blows right and left, Ravengar felled two of the crook's companions. While Romanoff dodged the third swing of his right arm, Ravengar unlocked the door of the van.

He dashed inside. "Leontine!" he called.

Romanoff's inspiration did not desert him. Before Ravengar had caught Leontine from the interior of the van he had turned the key on him. He drew back, panting, while his companions, who had picked themselves up from the ground, stared dazedly about.

Then, turning round, he realized that Sebastian had made good his escape in the confusion. Far up the hillside he saw Sebastian running.

He ground his teeth in rage.

"I guess we'd better beat it home and think out what we are going to say," said one of the gang.

"And leave him in there with her?" grinned Romanoff, jerking his thumb toward the van, from within which came the sound of Ravengar's fruitless blows. "Not if I know it. Look."

He pointed down the hill. Some fifty yards away the steep declivity ended in one of those precipices common in that country—a sheer drop of not more than thirty feet, perhaps. But thirty feet is as good as a hundred for a heavy gypsy van.

"All we've got to do is to start her," said Romanoff with a grin.

* * * * * * *

Leontine, faint with terror, saw a man bound into the van. She looked up—to see Ravengar.

At that moment both heard the door click behind them. The light was again cut off abruptly.

The man flung himself with his full force against it. It did not yield a particle. He smashed with his fists against the heavy wood. But the door of the van was without panels, hewn from the living tree, and he might as well have attacked cast iron.

Then he was conscious that the van was moving.

In fact Romanoff and his companions had picked up the shafts and had given the vehicle the primary impetus that was to start it on its way down the mountain side. The wheels would revolve faster and faster until the edge of the precipice was reached Then . . .

The van was half way down the descent when Leontine's companion, groping about him in the darkness, felt his hand close on something that set



The Forward Impetus Precipitated Him to the Ground.

his heart beating wildly. It was an iron crowbar, such as the gypsies carry in their tinkering and shoeing outfits.

He grasped it, snatched it up, and battered furiously upon the door. It splintered. Again and again he delivered thunderous blows with all his power.

Suddenly the whole door gave. It cracked and swung from the hinges, and toppled to the ground, falling beneath the van. It arrested one of the hind wheels. The van stopped dead for an instant and began to topple over. The forward impetus precipitated him to the ground.

He scrambled upon his feet and saw the awful precipice beneath him. Had not the van swerved at that moment, it would have precipitated him down thirty feet below, among the rocks and bowlders.

He stretched out his arms. "Leontine!" he called wildly.

And Leontine tumbled into them. For a second they swung and swayed upon the very edge of the precipice. Then, with almost superhuman strength, he pulled her backward, and they fell exhausted among the bushes.

Sick and giddy, Leontine rose to her feet and looked at her rescuer. Was this Ravengar? Or was it a phantasy of a disordered brain that seemed to see him standing at her side, one hand outstretched.

"Come, Madame Navarre," he said ceremoniously. "I will conduct you to your husband."

* * * * * * *

Bianca leaped to her feet as the auto stopped in front of her house. She had fallen asleep, dreaming of Ravengar, the man locked in the cellar beneath. She had dreamed that her emissaries had returned, bringing with them news of success, and Sebastian's written confession.

She had dreamed that the mystic prophecy had been fulfilled, and that Ravengar loved her. In this love somehow she had found herself; she had shaken free from the old Bianca; she was once more an innocent girl beside her lover.

She looked through the window. The men were descending from the auto. She read their failure in their dejected faces. And the dream was all a lie.

Romanoff and his friends received the worst rating that had ever passed Bianca's lips. For once she met them on their own level. She tonguelashed them until they were ready to sink through the floor. Bianca knew how to wield the whip.

"If you'd accepted my advice and had that Ravengar killed, this wouldn't have happened," burst out Romanoff.

"You fool!" said Bianca angrily. "You were dreaming, all of you. Some tramp came along, I suppose."

"I tell you it was that Ravengar," cried Romanoff furiously. "He busted up the show, and he got Leontine out of the van in the nick of time."

Bianca looked from one to another, speechless.

"Are you prepared to swear it was Ravengar?" she asked. "Are you ready to come to the cellar with me?"

"You won't find him there, unless he's got a double," answered Romanoff.

Bianca rang for Wong Lee. "Where is Mr. Ravengar?" she asked the Chinaman.

"All in cellar, missis."

"Lead the way, then, Wong."

They followed the servant with a consciousness of increasing tension. Wong Lee threw back the bolts. Upon the bench Ravengar lay, his head on his arm, asleep. He started up as the door opened, and, seeing Bianca, bowed.

"I tell you he was there!" screamed Romanoff, almost beside himself. "He was at Smith's roadhouse in the Ramapos this afternoon and busted up the show."

Ravengar laughed gayly.

"I wish I had been," he remarked cheerfully.

(END OF SIXTH EPISODE.)

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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

The Clanton Press attempts to answer our charge against them for not allowing Judge Reynolds' letter in favor of the bond issue to appear in its columns, by making the fabrication that the Union-Banner was closed to discussions against the measure. When they say that the columns of this paper were closed against those who desired to express opinions against the bond issue, they state an absolute falsity as a matter of fact, and they have not even as much as a shadow of fact in which to clothe the nakedness of the misrepresentation.

We ask them to name one instance wherein anyone wrote an opinion either for or against the bond issue, and submitted it to us for publication, and failed to get the absolute free and unhampered use of our columns. Can they prove that our space was closed to those against the bond issue, without showing that we refused to allow such articles to appear, that is, that we actually rejected them?

If they can point to an article against the bond issue that we refused to publish, we will willingly submit to having our whole attitude judged by the one instance and accept the verdict that our position was a one-sided one. We will then be willing to say that we did not allow a full and unhampered discussion in fairness to both sides of the issue.

We have shown already the fact that they refused Judge Reynolds' article, and they can't justify their actions substantially by any other way than to admit that they did not offer their columns to freedom of expression on the side favoring the issue.

The whole thing shows that down in their hearts they opposed the bond issue, and desired that those in favor of it should not reach the people with their arguments. and we don't see why the Press did not have "legs" enough to come out against the thing if it were against it. Such action would have been better sustained than attempting to blow both hot and cold at one and the same time.

In the matters of the county appropriating money for this, that and the other, it seems to us that many are looking at the question too much from a personal standpoint. They seem to be arguing for appropriations just because it will be of value to them from a direct and specific standpoint.

As an example of instances of this kind, some say that they have planted a large quantity of seeds that will produce a great quantity of fruit and vegetables, and they contend that they will be lost unless they can get Mrs. Jones to can them.

In such cases as this, it seems that the necessity for getting somebody to can the produce does not devolve as a duty upon the county, but upon the individual. Even if the county should employ Mrs. Jones or anyone else to demonstrate canning, it would not mean that they were employing her to render service to people who were in turn directly commercializing her work. She would only demonstrate briefly the work to them, and then they would place on the market the results of their own hands!

If any body has planted more tomatoes or okra than they can get ready to put on the market before it rots, they should be hustling around to hire somebody to help them. It is not the duty of the county to look after such cases as that, even if it were able to, and did employ a demonstrator.

What would you think of a fellow if he were to come before the Commissioners and tell them he had planted more corn than he could harvest and put on the market, and ask the county to hire a man to come and help him save it?

If some would stop and think for a moment, they would find that they have done about the equivalent of such a thing in the request of the commissioners to give them a canning demonstrator.

But in spite of all the confusion and misconstruction that anyone may have in regard to the canning club work, the movement is organized and defined close enough by the government departments controling it, to keep it strictly within its own sphere, and render good service. But the question is can the county lay out extensive appropriations further right now until it "finds itself" financially?

This week we are publishing a letter from Mr. Guy H. DeShazo, in regard to the canning club work. The letter was intended for publication last week, but did not reach us in time for that issue. We gladly give space to it this week.

We believe, with all conscientious sincerity, that in spite of the arguments in favor of the agricultural extension work, home demonstration, canning clubs, etc., for the sake of the torn, tattered, "busted" and riddled poceket book of Chilton county, the people should not demand any extra layout of appropriations until the Commissioners have a little more chance to compose the conditions and find a position of definiteness in the public money matters. It seems to us that it would be a better plan right at present to operate our home necessities the best we can on the means we can get up by personal effort until the county is better able to take up the work.

The integrity and confidence of the court of county Commissioners with the people of the county is worth contending for. The members of that body have public duties and obligations to fulfill. They cannot sacrifice the trust the people put in them to heed the call of every fellow who comes along preaching some little something as the only proper and sensible thing for them to do. When the people lose confidence in the stability of a governing body, all is lost. As a proof of this fact, w ecite you to the past administration in Chilton county.

What pride could our people have in hordes of gold, or mountains of canned tomatoes, or any other individual or private attainments, with the county disgraced by a hopeless debt, "busted" and ruined by extravagant appropriations, and dishonored by a spineless administration of public officials? Give us safe, sane, wise and economical progress in public aspects, as well as in private and individual instances.

Last week we received a letter from "West Chilton," in regard to the canning club work. There was no name accompanying the letter, and we had no way of ascertaining who the author was, therefore we could not publish it. We would have been glad to use it if we had known who it was from.

FOOD EMERGENCY

"The world is on fire; we are in the conflagration."—Woodrow Wilson.

Ninety per cent. of the worlds' population are engaged in this war, whether directly or indirectly.

Ninety-five per cent. of the land of the earth is in the fire of distress.

The cry of food, food, food comes from every land; we must answer the cry of humanity.

"Alabama must feed herself," completely without receiving one carload of anything from anywhere.

We must turn loose the $100,000,000 of feed and food that has been coming to us, and let it go to feed the needy.

We have twelve months of a growing season, and we must "cash out" on that and produce our own food and feed.

The government advises that the South must feed herself or starve. We must be an asset instead of a liability. We can grow the stuff. Everybody get busy and do his part.

PLANT ALL THE FOOD CROPS POSSIBLE FROM NOW ON

Be sure and grow all the vegetables that you and your family can use during the present year, but do not increase your crops for canning until you ascertain whether or not you will be able to secure the cans you need. Cans and glass jars are very high in price, and you might not be able to get them at all.

Plant crops that can be kept without canning. For late summer use recommendations are made for green glazed and Carolina cabbage, long rooted beets, Hubbard squash, both bush and running butter beans, as well as pole and cornfield beans. Also grow a supply of okra, and on all land in the garden not otherwise used, grow some kind of cow peas.

Grow all the food and feed possible. If you do not need it, there are others who will; and they will be willing to pay you for it.

Uncle Tom Bates, the veteran blacksmith of Providence, Beat 16, was a visitor at the Union-Banner office Saturday. Uncle Tom is an old friend of the Editor, and he just dropped around to have a chat with us. To see him and hear his familiar words brings back the picture of those days when the editor was a bare-foot boy, and hung around his shop, in the shade of the old oak tree by the woodside, and played and froliced to the sound of his big sledge as he pounded upon the anvil. Great were the mysteries of those days—The vibrating bellows, the red-hot iron, the vice and the multitude of other things which Uncle Tom had taught us were not made to be handled by hands like ours. Such recollections bring to us sighs and pangs of heart, and are an empty vision that can never again be refilled.

POTATO PLANTS FOR SALE

In May and June I will have potato plants of the following varieties for sale: Nancy Hall, Dooley Yam, Bunch Yam, Porto Rica, Cuban Yam and Triumph. Prices $1.50 per thousand, or in ten thousand lots, $1.40 per thousand.

J. L. WINSLOW,
3-15-8t. Thorsby, Ala.



Cheap and big can Baking Powders do not save you money. Calumet does—it's pure and far superior to sour milk and soda.

Sallow complexion is due to torpid liver. HERBINE puriles and strengthens the liver and bowels and restores the rosy bloom of health to the cheek. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

DR. A. B. BAXLEY
Optitionist
Office in Mullins Bldg.
Clanton, Ala.

C. REESE MULLINS
—Agent—
For Life and Fire Insurance, Accident and Health Insurance, Auto and Windstorm Insurance, Liability and Plate Glass Insurance. Bonding.
Singer Sewing Machines.
Regular office days Mondays and Saturdays.
Third door east of Post office.
CLANTON, ALA.

In the whole field of medicine there is not a healing remedy that will repair damage to the flesh more quickly than BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. In cuts, wounds, sprains, burns, scalds, and rheumatism, its healing and penetrating power is extraordinary. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Looking Forward to Motherhood

Well Known Preparation Relieves Much Suffering.

The greatest crisis in the life of a woman is when she becomes a mother. All her physical strength is taxed to the limit at such a time. It is necessary that she prepare her system for the great event in order to preserve her future health.

Thousands of mothers have placed safe reliance upon "Mother's Friend." This preparation is applied externally and is composed of special penetrating, softening oils which prepare the muscles and tendons for the unusual strain. Naturally the tendency is to relieve the pain and danger at the crisis, leaving the mother in a healthy condition.

The expectant mother should procure a bottle of "Mother's Friend" from her druggist, apply it night and morning, and after beginning its use, write for free book for users. Much practical information is contained in it. Just address Bradfield Regulator Company, Dept. H 554 Atlanta, Ga., and the book will be mailed to you at once.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

A. C. Smith B. Guy Smith
SMITH & SMITH
Attorneys At Law
General Practice
Clanton, - - - - - Alabama.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials. free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Farmers, Let us Help you Increase your Productions this Season. We are Ready.

Everybody is urging the Farmer to Increase Production. The Merchant can help the farmer to accomplish more if he will give them the right kind of a deal in business. Farmers should get the aid of their merchants.
Our help and assistance is ready for those on the farm. We ask you to let us help YOU.

Clanton Mercantile Co.

Clanton, Alabama.

BERMUDA GRASS

By D. J. Burleson, Agronomist for Extension.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

There is no better summer pasture grass for the Southern States than Bermuda. It thrives on a variety of soils, but is better adapted to sandy loam, sandy, and alluvial soils, than to stiff clays. As a pasture grass Bermuda will stand more grazing, more abuse and neglect than any other of the pasture grasses; is but slightly injured by floods; and drought only checks its growth. It is a hot weather plant and can not endure the shade. While Bermuda will endure neglect it will pay well for any attention given it.

While the chief use of Bermuda is for pasturage, it may be cut for hay on rich sandy loam or alluvial soils It should be cut just before the tops break out. If cutting is delayed much beyond this time the lower leaves fall and the upper part dies.

Bermuda should be on most permanent pastures in the Gulf States For sandy and loam soils Lespedeza, white and bur clover make a good combination for a permanent pasture with Bermuda. The white and bur clover furnish grazing in the winter and early spring, while the Bermuda and Lespedeza furnish grazing from mid-spring to frost.

Bermuda may be started by planting seed or pieces of sod, but the latter method is much surer, and is in nearly all cases to be recommended. Break the land as for corn, cut the Bermuda sod into small pieces and drop in furrows two feet apart and two feet in drill. In March or April is the best time to do this, but it may be done in summer or early fall by covering the pieces of sod deeply.

The seed may be sown in the spring after danger of frost is over, at the rate of five pounds per acre. The land should be thoroughly prepared, leaving the surface pulverized. The seed should be sown after a smoothing harrow, and brushed in, or followed by a heavy roller

COCOTONE
SKIN WHITENER
25c BOX FREE

A skin bleach or whitener for dark or brown skin, removing all blemishes and clearing swarthy or sallow complexions and causing the skin to grow whiter. Do not envy a clear complexion, use Cocotone Skin Whitener and have one.

What Users Think of Cocotone.

Macon, Ga.
Cocotone Co.
Dear Sirs: Send me by return mail two boxes of Cocotone Skin Whitener and three cakes of Cocotone Skin soap. They are fine and I do not care to be without them. Enclosed is money order for $1.25.
Yours truly,
CLARA M. JACKSON,
Waycross, Ga.

Cocotone Co.
Dear friends: Your Cocotone Skin Whitener is the finest thing I ever saw. My skin is very dark and the first box made it many shades lighter and my friends all ask me what I have been using. Enclosed you will find $2.00. Please send me six boxes of skin whitener and two cakes of soap.
Yours truly,
ANNA M. WHITE,

Montgomery, Ala.
Cocotone Co.
Dear Sirs: I find that Cocotone Skin Whitener is the best preparation I have ever used to clear the skin, and wish you would mail me two boxes at once.
(Signed) Mrs. C. P. JOHNSON.
Accept no substitutes or imitations.
CUT THIS OUT

THE COCOTONE CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.
I heve never used Cocotone Skin whitener, but if you will send me a 25c box free, will be pleased to try it. I enclose six 2c stamps to cover cost of mailing, packing, etc.
Name .....
Address .....
AGENTS WANTED

Will you wet down your roughage and save several dollars on every ton?



SOME farmers are still paying top prices for old style cottonseed hulls because they prefer a bulky filler. Others are paying much less for

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

and are making them as bulky as old style hulls by wetting them down a half hour or so before using.

By adding an equal part of water to Buckeye Hulls and stirring thoroughly they will swell and give you as bulky a roughage as you want. Most important, the bulkiness will be due to water which is of value to your cattle —not to lint which has no food value whatever.

Other Advantages

Buckeye Hulls go farther.
They allow better assimilation of other food.
No trash or dust.
Sacked—easy to handle.
They mix well with other forage.
Take half as much space in the barn.

Mr. Benjamin Thompson, Baldknob, Ark., is feeding Buckeye Hulls to stock cattle. He says that he gets more food value per ton with less waste. He has bought five tons and has them stored in barn. He says that they occupy less space than old style hulls.

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage oder, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K *The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.* Dept. K
Atlanta Birmingham Greenwood Little Rock Memphis
Augusta Charlotte Jackson Macon Selma

EVERY DAY

the L. & N. distributes $148,300 throughout the South for operation of its trains and up-keep of its property.

This daily distribution is made possible through the successful management of a constructive railroad which is an important factor in Southern progressive development and commercial supremacy.

Because the L. & N. realizes that its interest and the interest of the people are mutual, it co-operates in every possible manner for better farms, (the foundation of all prosperity); for better industrial conditions; for better commercial cooperation; for better educational facilities; for more cordial social relations.

Through their share in the L. & N's daily distribution of $148,300 many individuals and enterprises are able to realize their desire for business prosperity and personal happiness.

A considerable portion of the $7,200.00 paid daily for taxes is devoted to Southern education.

One out of every ten people derives his or her means of livelihood directly or indirectly from the railroad industry. The L. & N. operates in nine Southern states. Therefore the ability of the L. & N. to operate successfully is a matter of vital concern to Southern prosperity.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.

The Old Reliable





EVERY time the sun sets on the Southland, the L. & N. pays out $148,300 in the operation and upkeep of its line of road.

It costs every day—
$69,900 for wages.
$47,700 for material and supplies,
$23,500 for interest and rent,
$7,200 for taxes.

L&N

SHERIFF SALE—REAL ESTATE

The State of Alabama, Chilton County.

By virtue of an order issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama, and to be directed, whereby, I, as Sheriff of said county, was commanded to sell the property described below to make the sum of forty-three and 85-100 dollars principal and interest and seven and 40-100 dollars, cost of suit, the amount of a certain judgment, and cost therein obtained at the Justice of A. F. Childress at the January 20th Term, 1917, of said court of said county, in favor of J. J. Stanley, and against Hunter Nix, and which property was levied upon by H. T. Childress, Constable. Now, therefore, I, H. A. [illegible] as Sheriff will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the court house door of said county, between the hours of 11 o'clock, a.m. and 4 o'clock, p.m. on

Monday, the 21st day of May, 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named Hunter Nix in and to the following described real estate, viz:

Southeast ¼ of the Southeast ¼ of Section 10, Township 22, Range 13, in Chilton County, Alabama.

This, the 18th day of April, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.



Ask Grandfather—He'll Tell You—

Stop Rheumatism Before It Takes Hold

You can do it by keeping your blood clean. The kidneys filter about 500 grains of uric acid and other salts from the blood every 24 hours. When there is more than the kidneys can remove, it is deposited in muscles and joints, and painful rheumatism follows. S. S. S., for 50 years the most efficient of all blood tonics, will keep the blood pure and prevent disease. At your druggists.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

S. S. S. Will Stop Disease

Dr. Baxley is located in the Mullins Building, prepared to treat all errors of refrection.

Watch your label.

WANTED TO BUY—Boilers in good shape, from 5 to 15 horse- power. See or write, R. M. FOSHEE, Clanton, R. No. 4.

Barbed wire cuts, ragged wounds, collar and harness galls, heal up quickly when BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT is applied. It is both healing and antiseptic. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Bill Goodgame pays highest prices

SHERIFFS SALE—REAL ESTATE

The State of Alabama, Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed, whereby I, as Sheriff of said County, was commanded to make the sum of four hundred, twenty-two and 90-100 dollars, principal and interest, and nine and 15-100 dollars, costs of suit the amount of a certain judgment and the cost therein obtained at the Fall Term, 1916, of said Court of said County, Alabama, in favor of A. E. Walker, as Supt of Banks against John Patton, Jr., and J.H. Patton, Sr., I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the courthouse door of said county, between the hours of 11 o'clock, a.m. and 4 o'clock, p.m.

On Monday the 28 day of May, 1917 all the right, title and interest of the above named J. H. Patton, Sr., in and to the following described real estate, viz:

Lot numbered two (2) in Block numbered "M" and Lot numbered (6) in Block numbered "A", both of said lots being situated in the Town of Jemison, and being as shown by the map of the Town of Jemison made by C. A. Pickett.

Also Lots numbered thirteen and fourteen (13 and 14) in Block "A" in "Park Place" in the town of Jemison as shown by the map of said Park Place.

All the above property situated in the Town of Jemison, Chilton County, and State of Alabama.

This 28th day of April, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at Courthouse door April 25, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Dizziness, vertigo (blind staggers,) sallow complexion, flatulence are symptoms of a torpid liver. No one can feel well while the liver is inactive. HERBINE is a powerful liver stimulant. A dose or two will cause all bilious symptoms to disappear. Try it. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

FEED YOUR FACE AT BILLY'S PLACE

We didn't mean to say it like poetry, but just wanted to tell you where you could get a good square meal when you come to town.

Bring along your chickens and eggs too, and I will pay you the best market prices. Don't forget to call around to see me when in Clanton.

W. H. GOODGAME

Across Street from Post Office.

SALE OF LANDS FOR TAXES IN CHILTON COUNTY, ALABAMA

The State of Alabama, Chilton County.

Under and by virtue of several decrees rendered in and by the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, on the 7th day of May, 1917, for the sale of real estate for the payment of taxes due for the year 1916, I will on Monday, the 11th day of June, 1917, sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door of said county, in Clanton, Ala., within the legal hours of sale, the following described real estate, for the state and county taxes, fees, costs, and charges to-wit:

Beat No. 2.

No. 198—Durham, C. H. One house and lot in Jemison, Ala., Lot 3, Block B. Tax and cost, $13.72.

No. 253—Hatcher, Mrs. Sallie est. S½ of NW¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 23, Range 12; SE¼ and S½ of NE¼, Sec. 3, T.P. 23, Range 12; all east of Mahan Creek in SE¼ of NW¼ and in E½ of SW¼, Sec. 3, T.P. 23, Range 12; Tax and Cost, $35.00.

No. 436 and 437—Dennis Singletery. NW¼ of NW¼ of Sec. 34, T.P. 23, Range 13; Tax a nd cost for 1915 and 1916, $7.92.

No. 249.—Henson, N. W. House and lot in Jemison, Ala., Lot 3; B.U. 14 lots in Thorsby, Ala., in Henson subdivision 5 to 18 B.T. Inc. Tax and costs, $14.55.

No. 4676.—Wells, C.W. SE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 34, T.P. 23, R. 13; NW¼ of NW¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 22, Range 13; 1 house and lot 3, block J, in town of Jemison, Ala. Tax and costs, $28.50.

Beat No. 4.

No. 736—Chandler, H.F. One house and lot in West Clanton, Ala., on west side of 10 St., bounded on north by 5th Ave., and south by Palmer's property. Also one house and lot 4, Block 9, in East. Tax and costs, $38.00.

No. 1119—Latham, Mrs. M.F. One house and lot 7, Block 1, in town of Clanton, Ala., west of L. & N. Railroad. Tax and Costs, $20.50.

Lunsford, Mrs. N.L.S. Mineral and mineral right only, NE¼ and E ½ of SE¼ and NW¼ øf SW¼, Sec. 1, T.P. 23, Range 14; N½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NW¼ and S½ of NW ¼ and N½ of S½ and SW¼ of SW ¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 23, Range 14; S½ of NE¼ and S½, Sec. 3, T.P. 23, Range 14; N½ of Sec. 10, T.P. 23, Range 14; S½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of SW ¼ and E½ of SE¼, Sec. 12, T.P. 23, Range 13; S½ of SE¼, Sec. 13, T.P. 24, Range 13; N½ of NE¼, Sec. 27, T.P. 24, Range 13; NE¼ and S½ of NW¼ and S½, Sec. 15, T.P. 24, Range 14; S½ of NE¼ and S½ of NW¼ and NE¼ of NW¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 24, Range 14; SE¼ and W½ of SW¼ and NE¼, Sec. 19, T.P. 24, Range 14; NE¼ and E½ of NW¼ and S½, Sec. 21, T.P. 24, Range 14; all of Sec. 23, T.P. 24, Range 14; SE¼ and E½ of SW¼ and NW¼ of SW¼ and N½, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 14; all of Sec. 27, T.P. 24, Range 14; NE¼ of NE¼ and S½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NW¼ and W ½ of NW¼ and NE¼ of SE¼ and SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 31, T.P. 24, Range 14; NW¼ of NW¼ and SE ¼ of NE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼ of SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 35, T.P. 24, Range 13; S½ of NE¼ of NE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼ and N½ of SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; SE¼ of SW¼ of NE¼ and SW¼ of NW¼ of NE¼ and N½ of NW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; S½ of NE¼ of SW¼ and NW¼ of SW¼ and E½ of SW¼ of SW¼ and SW¼ of SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; SE¼ of SW¼ and NE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; tax and costs, $43.45.

Stanfield, Miss Kate. 1 house and about 3 acres of land, west of L & N R. R. in town of Clanton, Ala., known as the old Stanfield place; tax and costs, $45.52.

No. 1198—Matthews, E. A. SW¼ of NE¼, Sec, 15, T.P. 22, Range 14; W½ of NE¼ Sec. 21, T.P. 22, Range 15; E½ of NW¼, Sec. 21, T.P. 22, Range 15; W½ of SW¼, Sec. 21, T.P. 22, Range 15; W½ of NE¼, Sec. 20, T. P. 22, Range 15.

NW¼ of SE¼, Sec. 24, T.P. 22, Range 13; SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 23, Range 13; 2½ acres in NE corner SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 30, T.P. 22, Range 16. The following described real property, lying and being situated in the Town of Clanton, Alabama, to-wit: a certain parcel of land west of the S & N Alabama Ry., described as follows, to-wit: commencing at a point on the line of the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., 210 feet south of the intersection of said right of way and the main street, now known as Second Ave. and running thence in a westerly direction, parallel with the main street, 485 feet, more or less, to the line of W. D. Sartor's land, said line of W.D. Sartor's land was known or existed on the 10th day of August, 1893, thence in a southerly direction along the line of said Sartor land line, and a continuation thereof 300 ft., thence in an easterly direction parallel to said main street, 485 ft., more or less to said right of way, thence in a northerly direction along said right of way 300 feet to a point of beginning, being a part of land which was conveyed to John Randolph on the 12th day of February, 1902, by deed which is recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in vol. 24 of record of deeds, on page 387; the said lot or parcel of land above described is known by the official map of the town of Clanton, Alabama, and marked upon said map, "E.Y. McMorris, University School." (The words, "main street" wherever they appear in the foregoing description, refer to the street now known as Second Avenue). And also a tract or parcel of land described as follows, to-wit: beginning at the NE corner of a certain lot, west of South and North Alabama Ry., and south of and bordering on Second Ave., marked on the official map of the town of Clanton, "W.M. Wilson and Bro." and running thence east along Second Ave., 40 feet; thence south 210 feet to the the lot marked on said official map, "E.Y. McMorris University School" thence west 40 feet thence north 210 feet to the point of beginning; and also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described and bounded as follows, to-wit: beginning at the SE corner of the lot marked on the official map of the town of Clanton, Alabama, "E.Y. McMorris University School" and running thence west 160 feet, thence south 80 feet, thence east 40 feet, thence south 280 feet, thence east to the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry., thence north to the point of beginning, also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the NE corner of the lot marked on the official map of Clanton, Alabama, "E.Y. McMorris University School," and running thence west 30 feet, thence north 60 feet to the lot of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., thence east 30 feet to the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., thence south along the said right of way to the point of beginning; and also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described as follows: beginning at the SW corner of the lot marked on the official map of Clanton, Alabama, "E.Y. McMorris University School" and running south 20 feet, thence east to within 160 feet of the right of way of the South and North Alabama Railroad Company, thence north 20 feet, to the south line of said "E.Y. McMorris University School" lot, thence west along said line to the point of beginning, also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Railroad, described as follows: Beginning at the NW of the Episcopal Church lot on the south side of Second Ave, and running thence west along said Second Avenue, and running thence west along said second Avenue 120 feet, thence south 210 feet, thence east 120 feet, thence north along said Episcopal church lot 210 feet to the point of beginning. Dwelling house in West Clanton lot 1; B. 2 dwelling house West Clanton lot 3, B 2, 55 feet north side lot 6; B 2, South 2-3 of B 4 east side lot 11 and 14 B 7. One acre in Sec. 35, T.P. 22, Range 14, west of the J. M. Morgan lot; one house and lots 9, 10, 15 and 16 in Gowan addition in Clanton, Ala. Tax and costs, $377.22.

No. 1364—T.M. Pyron. One house and lot 4, B. 2, in Clanton, Ala., on west side of L.&N. R.R. Tax and cost, $28.20.

No 1425—Sims, R.F. NW¼ of NE¼, less two acres in NW corner and 2 acres in SE corner of NE¼ of NW¼, Sec. 21, T.P. 22, Range 14; tax and costs, $11.47.

No. 1447—Smith, Ophelia (col) Begin at a SE corner of NE¼ of NW ¼, Sec. 12, T.P. 21, Range 14, run thence west 227 yards and north 50 yards and west 20 yards and north 229 yards and east 107 yards south 120 yards and east 140 yards to a land line, 160 yards to point of beginning; also beginning at SW corner of the above described land and run E 200 yards to public road and north 7 feet and west 200 yards to point of beginning in NE¼ of NW¼; tax and costs, $12.50.

Beat No. 7.

No. 2316.—Hicks, Henry S. S½ of Sec. 4, T.P. 21, Range 11; SE¼ of NE¼ and E½ of SW¼, Sec. 8, T.P. 21, Range 11; SE¼ of Sec. 8, T.P. 21, Range 11; SW¼ of NW¼, Sec. 9, T.P. 21, Range 11; E½ of SE ¼, Sec. 22, T.P. 21, Range 11; NE¼ of NW¼ of SE½, Sec. 26, T.P. 21, Range 11. Tax and costs, $62.85.

No. 2320—Hicks, Mrs. M. F. W½ of NE¼ and W½ of SE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 4, T.P. 21, Range 11; E½ of NW ¼, Sec. 4, T.P. 21, Range 11; tax and costs, $18.75.

No. 2453—Bailey, Manuel. SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 8, T.P. 20, Range 11; tax and costs, $7.37.

No. 4793—United Realty Co. SW ¼ of SW¼, less mineral right, Sec. 17, T.P. 21, Range 12; tax and costs, $7.36.

Beat No. 8.

No. 2636—McElwin, J.D. SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 34, T.P. 20, Range 11; tax and costs, $7.94.

No. 2681.—Patterson, D.P. N½ of NW¼ and E½ of SE¼ of NW¼ and W½ of NE¼ and NW¼ of SE ¼, Sec. 31, T.P. 20, Range 11; 3 acres on south side of SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 30, T.P. 20, Range 11; Tax and costs, $41.50.

Beat No. 9.

No. 3146—Mary Smith (col) NE¼ of NE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 22, T.P. 22, Range 13; tax and cost, $7.10.

No. 3172.—Thompson, Lucy B. Lots numbered one to ten, both inclusive, according to the map of Thorsby in Chilton County, said lots being in Block 6 of said town of Thorsby, Ala.;tax and cost, $8.25.

No. 2976—Henry Joseph. NE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 35, T.P. 23, Range 13; All of NE¼ of SW¼, Sec. 36, T.P. 23, Range 13; lying west of railroad, NW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 36, T.P. 23, Range 13;tax and costs, $21.43.

Beat No. 10.

No. 3228—Burkhalter, J.A. SW¼ of SE¼, Sec. 8, T.P. 20, Range 15; 12 acres in north side of NW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 20, Range 15; 10 acres on the E side of NW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 20, Range 15; 15 acres on E side of SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 20, Range 15; tax and costs, $15.29.

Beat No. 13.

No. 3876—Hardy, F.H. NE¼ of SW¼ and S½ and SW¼, Sec. 18, T.P. 24, Range 13; tax and cost, $11.18.

Beat No. 15.

No. 4226—Deason, A.B. SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 6, T.P. 20, Range 13; 10 acres on south side of NE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 6, T.P. 20, Range 13; 10 acres on south side of NW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 5, T.P. 20, Range 13; SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 5, T.P. 20, Range 13; tax and costs, $10.98.

Wintess my hand this 7th day of May, 1917.

J. D. COLLINS,
Tax Collector of Chilton County.

Break your Cold or LaGrippe with a few doses of 666.

Pale Faced Women Take Phosphates to Make Rosy Cheeks and Beautiful Forms. Men need Phosphates to Make Strong, Healthy, Vigorous Bodies.

Athletes increase their strength, energy and endurance 200 per cent or more by simply taking a few weeks treatment of Argo-Phosphate.

Atlanta, Ga. Dr. F. A. Jacobson says that phosphates are just as essential to any man or woman who tires easily, is nervous, or irritable, worn out, or looks haggard and pale to make a strong, robust, vigorous, healthy body, as they are to cotton to make it grow. The lack of phosphate is the cause of all enemic conditions and the administration of 5-grain Argo-Phosphate tablets will increase the strength of weak, nervous, care worn men and women 300 per cent, in two or three week's time in many instances, and their continued use will build up the whole nervous system, and give new life, vim, vigor and vitality to the whole body. I always prescribe Argo-Phosphate to patients who are pale and colorless, and it is surprising to see how quickly a few week's treatment will transform a pale face to a rosy cheeked beauty. There can be no rosy cheeked, healthy beautiful women without their system is sufficiently supplied with phosphates. In recent interviews with physicians on the grave and serious consequences of a deficiency of phosphate in the blood of American men and women. I have strongly emphasized the fact that doctors prescribe more phosphates in the form of Argo-Phosphates for the weak, worn-out, haggard looking men and women. When the skin is pale, and flesh flabby, it is a sign of anema. When the phosphates go from the blood, the pink cheeks go too. The muscles lack tone. They become nervous, irritable, despondent, melancholy, the brain frags, and the memory fails. Therefore, if you wish to preserve your youthful vim, vigor and vitality to a ripe old age, you must supply the deficiency of phosphates lacking in yaur food by using Argo-Phosphate, the form of phosphates most easily assimilated.

NOTICE: Argo-Phosphate which is recommended and prescribed by physicians in all enemic cases, is not a secret or patent medicine, but one that is sold and recommended by well known druggists everywhere, and physicians are daily subscribing the constituents contained in it. Being entirely unlike many other phosphates, it is easily assimilated and will be found effective in the treatment of indigestion and stomach troubles, as well as for care worn, nervous conditions. The manufacturers of Argo-Phosphate will forfeit to any charitable institution $200.00 if they can not treat any man or woman under 65 years who lacks phosphates, and increase their strength and endurance from 100 per cent to 300 per cent. or more in a month's time, if they are free from organic trouble. It is dispensed by all reliable druggists.

If your druggist will not supply you, send $1.00 to the ArgoLaboratories, 10 Farsyth St., Atlanta, Ga., and they will send you a two-week's treatmen by return mail.

MONEY TO LOAN

WE ARE IN TOUCH WITH AN UNLIMITED SUPPLY OF MONEY, AND CAN NEGOTIATE LONG-TIME LOANS ON FARM LANDS UPON EASY TERMS. IF YOU ARE INTERESTED, CALL ON US.

Middleton & Reynolds.

BROKEN DOWN IN HEALTH

Woman Tells How $5 Worth of Pinkham's Compound Made Her Well.



Lima, Ohio.—"I was all broken down in health from a displacement. One of my lady friends came to see me and she advised me to commence taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash. I began taking your remedies and took $5.00 worth and in two months was a well woman after three doctors said I never would stand up straight again. I was a midwife for seven years and I recommended the Vegetable Compound to every woman to take before birth and afterwards, and they all got along so nicely that it surely is a godsend to suffering women. If women wish to write to me I will be delighted to answer them."—Mrs. JENNIE MOYER, 342 E. North St., Lima, Ohio.

Women who suffer from displacements, weakness, irregularities, nervousness, backache, or bearing-down pains, need the tonic properties of the roots and herbs contained in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Kill All Flies! THEY SPREAD DISEASE

Placed anywhere, Daisy Fly Killer attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, and cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Ask for



Daisy Fly Killer

Sold by dealers, or 5 sent by express, prepaid, $1.40.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DE KALB AVE., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

The Best Sort.

"Does this new speaker have to have someone to set him going?"

"Oh, dear, no; he's a self-starter."

The purgative forces within the body sometimes slow up through Winter and need stimulating in Spring. Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are just the thing to make Nature's efforts easy. They are tonic as well as laxative. Adv.

Arras Before the War.

Tapestries are no longer woven in Arras, but the city was a thriving industrial community at the outbreak of the war, its chief articles of manufacture being hosiery, ironware, oil products, beet sugar and agricultural implements.

In the Petite place and the Grand place Arras boasts some curious architectural relics of the period of Spanish occupation in the seventeenth century—houses of hewn stone whose upper stories project beyond the foundation walls and are supported by pillars which form arcades over the sidewalks. Beneath the streets are huge cellars or magazines which were originally quarries. The Hotel de Ville is an interesting sixteenth century building with a belfry 245 feet high, in which hangs a great nine-ton bell called "Joyeuse."

Vegetables Fill Window Boxes.

A great many London people have followed the example of Sir Samuel Evans, and are planting turnips in their window boxes instead of spring flowers, or, if not turnips, then some other useful vegetable. Those who won't forego their flowers are planting carrots in white sand in large boxes in their cellars or unused rooms, and mustard, cress, parsley and other herbs, are being grown in kitchen windows or in sheltered places in the areas.

Perhaps you have noticed that when a woman says "there's no use talking" she keeps right on talking.

Tin cans are used extensively in the manufacture of toy soldiers by Japanese toymakers.

Economy! Flavor! Nutrition!

Grape-Nuts FOOD FOR Breakfast Lunch or Supper



GULF CITY HOST TO ALABAMA BANKERS

ATTENDANCE UPON ANNUAL CONVENTION OF STATE ASSOCIATION WAS GOOD.

PRESIDENT THOMAS PRESIDES

Efforts of the Association Along Agricultural Lines Told by Chairman Agricultural Committee.

Mobile.—The Twenty-fifth annual meeting of the Alabama Bankers' association convened here May 10, and will continue in session through the 12th. The convention opened at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon at the Battle House auditorium, official headquarters. After being called to order by the president, Judge C. E. Thomas of Prattville, and after prayer by Rev. J. W. Phillips of Mobile, Mayor Pillans of Mobile formally welcomed the bankers in the name of the city and its various business and social organizations. The association's response was made by Oscar Wells, president of the First National bank of Birmingham.

After the appointment of committees, James Keith, Jr., of Anniston, chairman of the agricultural committee, made his report. This, perhaps, is one of the most important subjects tee, made his report. This, perhaps, was expected that the scope of the association's agricultural work will be enlarged the coming year on account of the world shortage of food, co-operative effort being made all along the line for increase in live stock and forage crops production.

The report of the committee on legislation was made by its chairman, Val Taylor, and the report of the committee on warehouses by A. M. Baldwin, its chairman.

Says South Solid for Army Bill.

Washington.—That the south is overwhelmingly for the army bill was the statement made here by Colonel Hilary Herbert, Secretary of the Navy under President Cleveland, and Confederate soldier and statesman. Colonel Herbert has just returned from a trip through Alabama and Florida, and is firmly convinced that the people are with the President. "Looking at this matter as I do," said Colonel Herbert, "it could not well be otherwise with either the union or the Confederate soldier, for there is no better school in which to quicken the intelligence and broaden the understanding than an army in time of war. General Chas. Francis Adams, in his autobiography, said that his three years in the union army were of more value to him educationally than his three years at Harvard.

Big Fire in Gadsden.

Gadsden.—The interior of the brick building occupied by the Tri-Cty Ice and Supply company was destroyed by fire. The fire is thought to have originated in some feed stored in the rear of the building and is thought to have caused by an electric light wire. The damage is estimated at $1000. The building was owned by the Coosa Land company and was insured, but there was no insurance on the contents of the building.

Sheriff Wants Relief.

Selma.—Sheriff John Doherty wants some relief for the sheriffs. On May 1 he compared a bill for food supplies for prisoners with an old bill on the same date last year. It was for the same amount and same kinds of foodstuff. Last year on May 1 the bill was $60.58. This year on May 1 the same bill of goods cost the sheriff $121.08.

Federal Court Convenes.

Jasper.—Federal court convened here with Judge W. I. Grubb of Birmingham presiding. No cases of special importance were on the docket except a blackmailing case. Two negro men and one woman are charged with attempting to blackmail two young white women school teachers here several weeks ago.

Drunkenness No Longer Leads.

Montgomery—Habitual drunkenness, once among the leading causes for divorce proceedings in Montgomery, now has fallen from its former eminence. As shown by the records of the divorce court, the grounds for divorces, in order of their predominance, are: Abandonmbent, cruelty, adultery and habitual drunkenness.

Tuscaloosa May Get Plant.

Tuscaloosa.—If Tuscaloosa can raise the money to pay for the interest on a bond issue of $15,000, the combined pasteurizing plant, creamery and abattoir is assured. A committee of the Tuscaloosa Board of Trade went before the city commission and asked for the bond issue for the plant. The matter was turned over to thec ity attorney.

Hubbard Is Endorsed.

Washington.—Alabama members of Congress are endorsing Adjutant General G. J. Hubbard of the Alabama Natioinal Guard for Brigadier General in the new army to be formed.

Big Can Order Placed.

Albany.—Hartselle community expects to feed itself, and is planting large quantities of vegetables. An order has been placed with a local concern for 25,000 three-pound tin cans, which will be filled with home-grown products for winter use.

Alabama's Wettest Spot Is Found.

Huntsville.—What is believed to have been the wettest spot in North Alabama, a place where beer and whiskey flowed as in the days of old, has been reported to the authorities by Chief of Police John Childress who was appointed as a special deputy to raid a place on the Tennessee river. Liquor in large quantities has been brought down by steamboat and private launches from Chattanooga, and hundreds of empty bottles which were found i nthe rear of the place gave evidence of the fact that a thriving business had been carried on, says Chief Childress, but only two cases of whiskey were found on the premises.

U. D. C. Holds Annual Session.

Selma.—The interesting event of the annual convention of the United Daughters of the Confederacy in session here, was the unveiling exercises of the boulder which was erected on the site of the historic ordnance and foundry site of the Confederacy. The ordnance plant was destroyed in 1865 by Wilson's raiders and the women of the Confederacy have erected a handsome boulder to mark the spot. Major D. M. Scott made the address of the occasion and the affair was preceded by a parade in charge of Clarence M. Boggs as marshal in chief, assisted by George H. Craig. Mrs. J. A. Rountree of Birmingham, first vcie president of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, was chosen president.

No Lives Lost in Storm.

Albany.—Reports received from Hartselle were to the effect that the disastrous cyclone which struck near there claimed no lives. Mrs. Sallie Gray, the aged woman who was seriously injured, is reported to be recovering. Her son, A. T. Gray, wife and nine children, all of whom were hurt, are also said to be out of danger. Citizens of Hartselle are raising funds with which to alleviate the distress caused by the loss of household effects and homes. The damage to the exhibit hall at the Hartselle fair grounds is placed at $1000.

$3,000,000 Firm Formed in Mobile.

Mobile.—To construct merchant ships in Mobile, Solomon F. Glenn, lawyer of Philadelphia; Thomas W. Barnes, president of the Pennsylvania Securities company, Philadelphia, and H. C. Murnan, who operates marine ways on Blakely island, and others have formed the Murnan Shipbuilding Corporation of Delaware, with an authorized capital stock of $3,000,000.

Bond Purchase Is Appreciated.

Birmingham.—Birmingham was the first city to subscribe for a portion of "The Liberty Loan of 1917," according to a telegram from W. C. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury, to President Ward. The subscription is highly appreciated. Secretary McAdoo wires, and he adds "no doubt your example will be followed very generally by other municipalities."

Meeting of Press Association.

Birmingham.—The meeting of the Alabama Press Association, which was scheduled to be held in Gadsden on May 10 and 11, has been postponed for one week and will be held on May 17 and 18. The reason for the change is that on the 10th and 11th instant the convention of the Alabama bankers was held in Mobile.

$205,000 For Alabama Streams.

Washington.—The House rivers and harbors committee made the following recommendations for Alabama streams and ports: Mobile harbor and bar and channel, maintenance, $115,000; Alabama and Coosa rivers, continuing improvements and maintenance, $50,000; Tombigbee river, $40,000.

Meets Death in Pursuing Squirrel.

Gadsden.—A squirrel caused the death of Lee Dutton, who resided near Brisco. While hunting he climbed a tree in pursuit of the little animal. A branch broke, and Dutton fell, breaking an arm, and a leg. He was rushed to a Gadsden hospital but died shortly after reaching there.

Etowah Man Killed.

Gadsden.—Sol Garrison of Oleander was killed by the accidental discharge of a gun. His son started to take the gun down to shoot a hawk, when it was accidentally fired, the load hitting the elder Garrison.

Negro Held on Murder Charge.

Tuscaloosa.—George Peebles, a negro, has been arrested, charged with the murder of his 12-year-old daughter, who was found in a cabin near Coker with the top of her head shot off.

Many Cattle Shipped.

Huntsville.—A well known firm of cattle dealers of Huntsville announce that they have shipped nearly half a million dollars worth of cattle out of Madison county during the last 12 months.

Many Make Application.

Huntsville.—Quite a number of young men of military age have made application to enter the officers' training camp for the department of the southeast.

Commencement Date Set.

Attalla.—The eighth annual commencement of the Etowah County High school will begin May 18, and continue until May 23. There are 19 graduates, 13 girls and six boys. The commencement sermon will be delivered by Rev. George Lang of Anniston.

SEND RAILROADERS TO FRANCE AT ONCE

EXPEDITION WILL NUMBER SOME 12,000 MEN; BUILDERS AND OPERATORS.

BROTHERHOODS WILL HELP

Expected to Encourage and Aid in Organization of the Force of Workers.

Washington.—Nine new regiments of army engineers, to be composed exclusively of highly trained railway men, will be the first American troops to be sent to France. They will go "at the earliest possible moment," the war department announced for work on communication lines, but special announcement as to exactly when or to what points they will be sent is forbidden because of the submarine menace.

The new forces will be volunteers, raised at nine great railway centers of the country. Each regiment will be commanded by an engineer colonel of the regular army, aided by an adjutant. All other officers will be railway engineers or officials.

The expedition will have a total strength of between 11,000 and 12,000 men, each regiment being composed of two battallions of three companies each. Every branch of railway workers necessary to the building or operation of lines will be represented in the ranks and the war department expects a response to the call that will permit a carfeul selection to be exercised and insure a force already trained to the minute, an army of experts in railway operation.

Recruiting for the regiments and the organization of each force will be directly under the colonel of each regiment. Recruiting machinery of the regular service or the National Guard will be placed at their service and it is hoped the enrollment of the troops will take little time. The recruiting points will be New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Boston, Pittsburg, Detroit, Atlanta, San Francisco and Philadelphia.

Officials believe the great railroad brotherhoods will co-operate, throwing the strength of the unions behind the recruiting efforts. The railway companies already are so organized under the council of national defense that their co-operation is assured. The engineers and officials of the lines who offer themselves will be selected in such manner as not to cripple the operating forces of any company.

The decision to send the engineers is understood to have grown out of conferences here between government officials and members of the French and British war missions. One of the greatest problems of the war has been that of maintaining adequate supply lines and the railroads are the vital element of the system that feeds men, shells and food toward the fighting front.

2000 AMERICAN DOCTORS WANTED

Head of Medical Division, Council National Defense, Issues Call for This Number.

Chicago.—England and France are in immediate need of 2000 medical officers and 5000 ambulance attendants, according to a statement issued by Dr. Franklin Martin, head of the medical division of the council of national defense. Dr. Martin's appeal is addressed "to the doctors of America."

Train Bearing French Mission Derailed

Ancola, Ill.—Members of the French mission to the United States were severely shaken up but otherwise uninjured when the special train aboard which they were returning east from their middle western tour was derailed one and one-half miles from here. William Nye, in charge of the United States secret service detail attached to the party, made a thorough investigation of conditions surrounding the wreck and announced as his opinion that it was entirely accidental.

Ex-Slaves Lose Big Wage Case.

Washington.—The Supreme Court dismissed a suit brought by former negro slaves and their heirs to collect $68,072,388 from the government for labor upon crops in the South from from 1865 to 1868. The money was collected as internal revenue taxes on cotton. The claim was made that the money was due for work performed while in a state of involuntary servitude.

To Pass Food Laws.

Washington.—The American people—producer, distributor and individual consumer—are to be put on their good conduct as to food. Duly authorized by congress, the government will urge production on producers; punish extortion by distributors and punish "preventable waste" by consumers. Legislation conferring the most drastic regulatory power is now before Congress. Its passage appears certain. But the power is to be used only where necessary. The people—on probation—are to be left to conform in good spirit.



Is Your Back Stiff, Lame and Achy?

Do Weak Kidneys Keep You Sick, Tired and All Worn Out?

IF YOU have a constant, dull ache, or sharp pains whenever you bend or twist your back, and the kidney secretions seem disordered, too, don't waste time plastering or rubbing the bad back. It's likely that the cause is kidney weakness, and delay in treating the kidneys may invite uric acid poisoning, gravel, dropsy or fatal Bright's disease.

Get *Doan's Kidney Pills*, a special remedy for weak kidneys, used around the world and publicly recommended by 50,000 people in the U. S. A.

Personal Reports of Real Cases

RESTORED TO HEALTH.

Mrs. J. A. Shute, 621 Main St., Greenwood, Miss., says "My kidneys became badly disordered and my health was run down. I had severe pains in my back, felt tired and was hardly able to do my housework. My head ached constantly and my body was all bloated up. Sometimes I could hardly see. I tried one remedy after another, but without success until I took Doan's Kidney Pills. Doan's rid me of the pain in my back and I gained wonderfully in health and strength. Since then, kidney complaint has not bothered me."

DOESN'T SUFFER NOW.

T. J. Barrow, Box No. 14, Jackson, Ala., says: "I was injured when young and for weeks after was helpless with my back. After that, I had spells of backache that got worse as I grew older, I wasn't able to move when I got up in the morning without suffering severe pains. I could hardly stoop to lace my shoes and couldn't put my hands to the floor. For twenty years I suffered that way. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised and got three boxes. I wouldn't take five hundred dollars for the good they did me. I can now get around without pain and I feel and look better than I have for years."

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

50c a Box at All Stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., Mfg. Chemists

Not So.

"Oh, grandma," exclaimed little Margaret, who had been rummaging through an old bureau drawer in the attic. "What a curious old key this is!"

"Yes, dear," replied her grandmother. "That was your grandfather's latchkey."

"And you keep it in memory of the old days?"

"No, my dear. In memory of the old nights."

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

The Minister Argues His Case.

"So you don't go to church because you don't like the minister?"

"Yes."

"I suppose, then, you'd rather die than let a skillful surgeon you didn't happen to like operate on you and save your life?"

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

A Severe Proposition.

"What are your political sympathies?"

"My friend," replied Senator Sorghum, "out in the part of the country where I learned the game, there is no sympathy in politics."

THIS IS THE AGE OF YOUTH.

You will look ten years younger if you darken your ugly, grizzly, gray hairs by using "La Creole" Hair Dressing.—Adv.

When a young widow begins taking dancing lessons it is a sign that she is going to grasp another opportunity.

Granulated Eyelids, Sties, Inflamed Eyes relieved over night by Roman Eye Balsam. One trial proves its merit. Adv.

Friends who are a disappointment in trouble are something else.

A New Excuse.

Mary—If you please, ma'am, may I go—

Mistress—Since you've been with me, you have gone to the funerals of two mothers, four uncles, six aunts and nine cousins. I want you to understand that I will have no more deaths in your family.

Mary—Very well, ma'am. I was going to ask you if I couldn't have an hour off this afternoon to see my sister's new baby.

In No Position to Learn.

"What is the latest news?"

"I don't know," replied Mr. Meekton. "The newspapers are all censored, and Henrietta has quit going to teas."

SAVE A DOCTOR'S BILL

by keeping Mississippi Diarrhea Cordial handy for all stomach complaints. Price 25c and 50c.—Adv.

One chance in a thousand is even a sporting chance.



COCKROACHES

are easily killed by using

Stearns' Electric Paste

Full directions in 15 languages
Sold everywhere—25c and $1.00

U.S. Government Buys It

YOU CAN'T CUT OUT A

Bog Spavin or Thoroughpin

but you can clean them off promptly with



ABSORBINE TRADE MARK REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

and you work the horse same time. Does not blister or remove the hair. $2.00 per bottle, delivered. Will tell you more if you write. Book 4 M free. ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Varicose Veins, Ruptured Muscles or Ligaments, Enlarged Glands, Wens, Cysts. Allays pain quickly. Price $1 and $2 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Made in the U. S. A. by W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

W. N. U., Birmingham, No. 19--1917.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores.

HIGH SHERIFFS OF THE SOUTH NOW CONVINCED

Sheriff Mangum of Atlanta, Ga., Sheriff Anderson of Houston, Tex., Sheriff Lewis of Marion, Ark. and Sheriff Kelley of Odessa, Tex., Come Out With Strong Statements and Tell What Tanlac Has Done for Them.

FOUR leading Sheriffs of the South—in widely separated states—have recently given their unqualified indorsements to Tanlac. The word of men whose records for honesty and unrightness has won and held for them the highest county office in the gift of the people of their own communities, cannot be doubted, for if there is any office that demands a man of unimpeachable integrity, it is the office of Sheriff.

"Tanlac has certainly helped me and I recommend it for the good it has done in my case," said Hon. C. W. Mangum, ex-sheriff of Fulton County, Georgia, who resides in Atlanta and who has been one of the most popular officials in the state, having served three terms as sheriff. "I am seventy years old," he continued, "and have most always been a pretty healthy man until here lately. I have been in a nervous wornout, rundown condition. Most always after eating I would have a full uncomfortable feeling which would last several hours.

"After taking the second bottle of Tanlac the fullness and all the disagreeable symptoms disappeared and my condition is now that of a well man. Tanlac seemed to be just what I needed to put my system in shape and it has toned me right up. Naturally I would recommend it to my friends and I know of fifteen or twenty families that are taking it now on my say-so."

Arkansas Official Testifies.

Hon. Chas. I. Lewis, ex-sheriff of Crittenden County, a merchant and a large plantation owner of Marion, Arkansas, said: "I am convinced from the benefits that my wife and myself and many of our friends have received from Tanlac, that it is without an equal. Mrs. Lewis suffered for ten years. She couldn't digest anything and gas forming in her stomach caused severe pains and shortness of breath. We both started taking Tanlac at the same time and have had the most gratifying results. Mrs. Lewis can now eat and enjoy her food for the first time in many a day. She is not nervous and her sleep is sound and refreshing and she is like a different woman. "I suffered with biliousness and malaria and the two bottles of Tanlac have fixed me up in fine shape."

Ex-Sheriff Anderson's Statement.

"Money couldn't buy the good Tanlac has done me and I gladly recommend it to others for what it has done in my case," said Hon. Archie R. Anderson, ex-sheriff of Harris County, Texas, who was re-elected to this high office seven times and served the people of his country for fifteen years as sheriff. Mr. Anderson was chief of police of the city of Houston, where he resides, for several years, and there is not a better known man in Harris County.

"I was continually belching up undigested food," he continued, "and I would bloat and swell up like I was poisoned and suffered from neuralgic pains of the worst sort and nothing relieved me. I began to feel better after taking the first bottle of Tanlac and have just started on my third and feel like a different man already. I sleep like a log now and can eat any and everything I want without the slightest discomfort afterwards."

Texas Sheriff's Indorsement.

"I needed a general all around building up for the last seven months and Tanlac has done that very thing for me," said Hon. S. A. Kelley, sheriff of Ector County, Texas, who resides at Odessa, Texas, and who is one of the most popular officials in that section of the state. "I'm mighty glad now that I took Tanlac, for I had been in a badly rundown condition for several months. I had no appetite and didn't enjoy what I did eat and at times I suffered terribly with rheumatic pains. My back ached all the time and my liver was so sluggish and out of shape that I had a dull headache continually.

"I have taken only two bottles, but I feel like a different man already. My appetite is fine and what I eat gives me nourishment and strength. The rheumatism is much better and my liver is in good condition. I am relieved of the headaches and feel more active and energetic than I have in months."

There is a Tanlac dealer in your town.—Adv.

Help Straighten the World.

The world is topsy-turvy today, but a normal and permanent equilibrium must and will be restored in time. It is going to be a big task to accomplish this. Whether this restoration be what it should be, the new order of things will affect every country in the world, every nation, this nation; every individual, you. It is incumbent upon you to be a factor, an influence, in the right result, no matter whether as human values are rated you are small or great. And the time to begin is now, now, now; for the way is long, the problems ahead are almost insuperable, and the world is in sorry need of the combined thought and wisdom of all.—The Three Partners.

NO MALARIA—NO CHILLS.

"Plantation" Chill Tonic is guaranteed to drive away Chills and Fever or your money refunded. Price 50c.—Adv.

Too many people think they have fed the hungry when they have told the hungry how to make an omelet.

Take a microscope to look for the average man's sense of duty and the average woman's sense of humor.

Many people imagine that Worms or Tapeworm cannot be gotten rid of entirely. Those who have used "Dead Shot"—Dr. Peery's Vermifuge, know that they can. Adv.

If milk be used to soften shoe polish it will improve the gloss.

STOCK LICK IT—STOCK LIKE IT



For Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Contains Copperas for Worms, Sulphur for the Blood, Saltpeter for the Kidneys, Nux Vomica, a Tonic, and Pure Dairy Salt. Used by Veterinarians 12 years. No Dosing. Drop Brick in feed-box. Ask your dealer for Blackman's or write

BLACKMAN STOCK REMEDY COMPANY
CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE

Men and Women

Women as well as men are made miserable by kidney and bladder trouble. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney medicine, is highly recommended by thousands.

Swamp-Root stands the highest for the reason that so many people say it has proved to be just the remedy needed in thousands of even the most distressing cases.

At druggists in 50c and $1.00 sizes. You may receive a sample size bottle of Swamp-Root by Parcel Post, also a pamphlet telling you about it. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents, also mention this paper.

To cure costiveness the medicine must be more than a purgative; it must contain tonic, alterative and cathartic properties.

Tutt's Pills

possess these qualities, and speedily restore to the bowels their natural peristaltic motion, so essential to regularity.

Luminous Radium Paint.

A luminous compound containing radium has been developed by an American manufacturer for use in locating electric-light switches in the dark, marking watch dials, etc. In powder form the compound is of about the same fineness as ordinary talcum powder, and is nearly as white, says Electrical Merchandising. This powder may be mixed with adhesives or varnishes and used as a paint. The compound is also furnished in flexible sheets which can be cut and shaped as desired, and can be applied to uneven or broken surfaces. This form can be used in making self-contained brass-backed buttons to glue on electric switches already installed and for manufacturers to fit into the hard rubber portions of new switch buttons. The enamel is said to be waterproof and immune to damage from vibration, and may be applied to watch dials and indicating devices of all sorts.

ANY CORN LIFTS OUT, DOESN'T HURT A BIT!

No foolishness! Lift your corns and calluses off with fingers—It's like magic!

Sore corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn, can harmlessly be lifted right out with the fingers if you apply upon the corn a few drops of freezone, says a Cincinnati authority.

For little cost one can get a small bottle of freezone at any drug store, which will positively rid one's feet of every corn or callus without pain.

This simple drug dries the moment it is applied and does not even irritate the surrounding skin while applying it or afterwards.

This announcement will interest many of our readers. If your druggist hasn't any freezone tell him to surely get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.—adv.

Always the Way.

"I know a man who wants to take out fifty thousand dollars' worth of life insurance."

"You do. Who is he?"

"A friend of mine who tried to get a thousand dollars' worth the other day and was rejected by the doctors."

Duration of Affection.

"Did she love him long?"

"Well, until he was short."—Baltimore American.

DON'T GAMBLE

that your heart's all right. Make sure. Take "Renovine"—a heart and nerve tonic. Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

Leather waste is an important ingredient of the best grade wallpaper

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director o the Sunday School Course of the Moody Bible Institute.)
(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR MAY 13

JESUS THE TRUE VINE.

LESSON TEXT—John 15:1-13.
GOLDEN TEXT—I am the vine, ye are the branches.—John 15:5.

This lesson chronologically follows that of last Sunday. Christ had risen with his disciples from the supper table (14:31), and the remainder of his discourse may have occurred in an upper room, or in the courtyard of the house before they left the city, or on the way to the garden of Gethsemane.

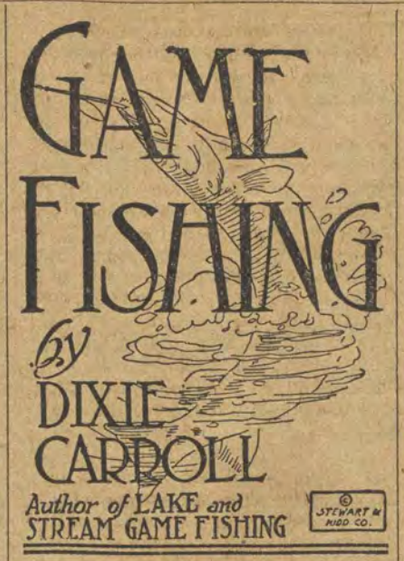
I. THE ABIDING LIFE (vv. 1.4). Under the figure of the vine Jesus teaches spiritual truth by natural analogy. The vine is composed of roots, stem, branches, tendrils, and fruit. There is no separate life: the branches are one with the vine. Christ is the head of that body which is the church to its least member. The life lived by the Christian is Christ's life humanized, the purpose of which is fruit bearing. Discipline is in order to fruitfulness. "He (My Father, the vine-dresser) cuts away any branch on me which is not bearing fruit, and cleans every branch which does bear fruit, to make it bear richer fruit" (Moffat's translation). Paul tells us that "no chastening for the present seemeth to be joyous but grievous: nevertheless, afterward it yieldeth the peaceable fruit of righteousness unto them which are exercised thereby." The Word is the cleansing agent (17: 17). Verse four suggests a double abiding—we in him, and he in us—the branch depending upon the vine for life, and the vine depending upon the branch for fruit. Jesus had just been talking about his approaching death, and his disciples were full of anxiety. He tells them not to be troubled, and by this figure assures them, that, though he would leave them, he would still be joined to them. Although they had been made clean, they are taught that the only way to keep clean is by "abiding," which is to be continued through the eternal spirit after his decease and ascent to the Father. "It is given to us to hold fellowship with both the root that twines itself about the cross and the tendrils which stretch upward to glory."—A. J. Gordon. So long as we think of ourselves, and not of Christ, as the source of power, we shall miss the secret of fruitfulness.

II. The Fruitful Life (vv. 5-8). If we abide in him we will bring forth much fruit. Note the progression: "fruit," "more fruit," "much fruit." If the branch does not bear fruit it is fit only for fuel (Isa. 27:11). "If ye abide in me, and my words abide in you, ye shall ask what ye will, and it shall be done unto you" (v. 7). Our first fruit is to glorify God (v. 8). The vine does not consume the fruit which it produces, though it does exist for its production, thus glorifying God through its fruit-bearing function. The Bible uses many figures to illustrate the intimate relationship between root and fruit. "Without me," emphasizes Christ, "ye can do nothing." The "word" of verse three is equivalent to the word "I" of verse four. "Now ye are clean through the word which I have spoken unto you" (v. 3). Our fruit bearing is for God's glory because it is an expression of his grace and power, and it is made possible through our identification with his dear son. Our fruitfulness attests our Christian character. We have not yet attained perfection in our conduct, but we are making progress. Progressive deliverance from the power of sin is counterbalanced by corresponding fruitfulness.

III. The Permanent Life (vv. 9-13). "Fruit," "more fruit," "much fruit." Even as the life of Christ has increasingly manifested itself through the ages, so our individual lives are to increase in the fruitfulness which assimilates them to his character and expresses his graces. As the Father has loved him, so has he loved us, and this love he communicates to those who abide in him. The evidence of our abiding is manifested by our joy in keeping his commandments, just as he delighted in keeping his father's commandments. Obedience and joy are correlated terms. The fuller the obedience the greater the joy. Bushnell said: "Heaven is nothing but the joy of a perfectly harmonized being filled with God and his love." Instead of minute, detailed instructions regarding their conduct, the disciples are here presented with love, the governing principle. Love was to be the one sufficient impulse for both divine and human relationships. Our Lord would have the world know his servants by the fruit they bear.

Three things are mentioned as resulting from the abiding life; power to bear much fruit; transform lives and change circumstances through answered prayer; and fullness of joy—a "joy unspeakable and full of glory." The world with its poor counterfeits has nothing like it to give, but all of these gifts are contingent upon our "abiding" in Christ, the source of every blessing. The personal pronoun suggests peculiarly intimate relationships: "My Father," (vv. 1, 8, 10); "My love," (v. 9); "My disciples," (v 8); "My commandments," (v. 10) "My joy." (v. 11).

GAME FISHING



FLY TACKLE FOR BEGINNER.

My Dear Buck:

You want to get into the fly-casting game, but you feel that the price of an outfit is high. That all depends, old man, on how you go about it. You have heard so much about rods at $25 to $50 and so on, that it makes you feel sick when you think of practicing on such high priced tackle. You expect to give the tackle some hard knocks before you get the hang of the sport and you see your bankroll with a healthy case of shrinkage during the operation.

For a starter there is no need of going deeper into the mint for an outfit than say $15 to $18 and if you do feel like playing her a little higher, $25 makes a limit, and at that you can get a good serviceable outfit that will take you through the season and give you a working practice that will make you a "stay-for-sure" fly-caster.

Select Rod With Care.

Of course every fellow wants as fine an outfit as he can select after he's in the game and has the rough edges worn off. A rod for instance should have the same consideration that one gives to the selection of a shotgun or rifle. It takes the same place in the fishing kit that the gun does in the hunting layout. A fellow pays a good price for a gun, he selects the best he can get and is mighty particular about the drop—the bore and all details, because he depends on his gun to stand him well at the right moment. Therefore as the rod holds the same value to the fisherman, the care in selection and the money put into the rod covers a big vital point in the outfit.

However, for a starter we can select a well made and serviceable line of tackle at a very moderate cost. Here is an outfit, from which a selection can be made at either end, as to price, and it will cover tackle good enough for any beginner. You can buy the $5 rod or the $10 one or go anywhere between, and you will get good value as far as service goes.

Outfit for the Beginner.

Fly rod of split bamboo or steel, $5 to $10.
Reel, single action, click, $1 to $5.
Enameled waterproof silk line, $1.50.
Half dozen 6 foot gut leaders, $1.25.
Two dozen artificial flies, about eight patterns, $3.
Fly book, $1.50.
Wicker creel or basket, $2.
Landing net (folding), $1.25.
Leader box, 25c.

In selecting your rod, make it a 9 to 9½ foot in length, 5 ounce weight, three piece with extra tip, snake guides, German silver ferrules and solid metal reel seat. The rod when together should turn around in the hand with exactly the same droop all around. It should show an even curve without lopping over to one side and have plenty of action when you whip or bend it.

The line should be enameled waterproof silk, level braided size E. Here you can go a little deeper if you wish and get a double tapered line, which being lighter at the ends makes less friction in going through the guides and enables you to shoot out the line for greater distance in your casts; however a level braided line will answer the purpose.

The reel is not as important in fly-casting as in bait-casting, as it is merely used to store surplus line. The featherweight, 60-yard size, weighing 3 ounces, makes a good all round reel, while the automatics are coming into use to a greater extent each season.

Flies You Swear By.

Whip a stream for a few hours trying every fly in your kit without a rise, when the fish are "off," and then pick a fly at the windup when they happen to be "on" and get a well-filled creel and you will play that fly clean across the board, until the same thing happens over again with another fly. One well-known fisherman who carries in his kit an assortment of about a dozen flies, admits that in the past five years he has seldom used other than three flies and he is some fisherman at that, not the porch variety.

For the eight patterns to go with the above outfit let it go at Coachman, Professor, Queen of Waters, Cow Dung, Brown Hackle, Silver Doctor, McGinty and Emerson Hough Bucktail. This last named fly is a new one to most trout fisherman, but it sure is a killer. It isn't a very fancy looking cuss, just an ordinary sort of a fly that don't shine up alongside of the dainty looking feathery affairs, but to those who have used it, it holds the first place in their fly book, because it is certainly some creel filler.

With the above tackle, Buck, you can have many pleasant days on the trout streams and feel that you are learning a game that has added attractions every time you play it.

DIXIE.

CALOMEL WHEN BILIOUS? NO! STOP! ACTS LIKE DYNAMITE ON LIVER

I Guarantee "Dodson's Liver Tone" Will Give You the Best Liver and Bowel Cleansing You Ever Had—Doesn't Make You Sick!

Stop using calomel! It makes you sick. Don't lose a day's work. If you feel lazy, sluggish, bilious or constipated, listen to me!

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel, when it comes into contact with sour bile, crashes into it, breaking it up. This is when you feel that awful nausea and cramping. If you feel "all knocked out," if your liver is torpid and bowels constipated or you have headache, dizziness, coated tongue, if breath is bad or stomach sour just try a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone.

Here's my guarantee—Go to any drug store or dealer and get a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone. Take a spoonful and if it doesn't straighten you right up and make you feel fine and vigorous I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Dodson's Liver Tone is destroying the sale of calomel because it is real liver medicine; entirely vegetable, therefore it cannot salivate or make you sick.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your bowels of that sour bile and constipated waste which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable. I guarantee that a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone will keep your entire family feeling fine for months. Give it to your children. It is harmless; doesn't gripe and they like its pleasant taste. —Adv.

W. L. DOUGLAS

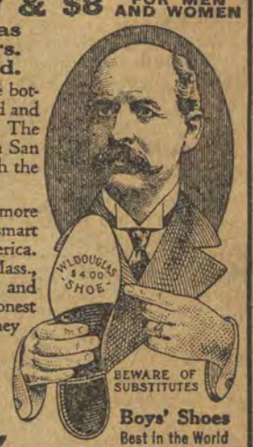
"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

$3 $3.50 $4 $4.50 $5 $6 $7 & $8 FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers. The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the Fashion Centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.



Ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you with the kind you want, take no other make. Write for interesting booklet explaining how to get shoes of the highest standard of quality for the price, by return mail, postage free.

LOOK FOR W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom.

W. L. Douglas
President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., 185 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

Boys' Shoes
Best in the World
$3.00 $2.50 & $2.00

He Couldn't Help It.

Sydney had been returning from school for several days with a naughty boy, so his mother said: "Sydney, I don't want you to associate with Stanley; I want you to select the nicest little boy in your school to walk home with."

Next day he returned with Stanley again.

"Why didn't you do as I told you, Sydney?" his mother asked.

"Well, mother, I think Stanley's mother must have told him to pick out the nicest little boy in school, because he always picks out me."

BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP

Panacea of the Home the World Over.

Why will you allow a cold to advance in your system and thus encourage more serious maladies, such as pneumonia or lung trouble, when by the timely use of a few doses of Boschee's German Syrup you can get relief. This medicine has stood the test of fifty years. It induces a good night's sleep with easy expectoration in the morning. For sale by druggists in all parts of the civilized world in 25 and 75 cent bottles.—Adv.

Had Brought Up Many.

The pert lift-boy in the big hotel was airing his views to a passenger on the proper conduct of children.

"What do you know about it?" laughed the passenger. "You're not married, are you?"

"Well, no," replied the boy, as he flung open the gate on the top floor for his passenger to step out, "but I brought a good many families up in my time."

CUTICURA STOPS ITCHING

Instantly in Most Cases—Write for a Free Sample.

Cuticura is wonderfully effective. The Soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal all forms of itching, burning skin and scalp affections. Besides these super-creamy emollients if used daily prevent little skin troubles becoming serious.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

No Danger.

"I have a mind of my own."

"Don't worry about anybody laying claim to it."

Spartan Women Suffered Untold Tortures but who wants to be a Spartan? Take "Femenina" for all female disorders. Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

Vacuum cleaners have been designed especially for cleaning school blackboards.

Sore Eyes Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Druggists or by mail 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye FREE ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Skeptical.

"Who's that old guy goin' around with a lantern in broad daylight?" asked the visitor from Sparta. "What kind of a nut is he, anyhow?"

"Oh, that's Diogenes," replied the Athenian. "He says he's looking for an honest man."

"And you poor hicks fall for that press-agent stuff?" sneered the Spartan. "Bet you ten to one he'll be doin' a turn in vaudeville at the Odeon next week."

Dan't judge a woman by the company she is compelled to keep.



Government Issues Warning Against Fly Poisons

Following is an extract from "The Transmission of Disease by Flies," Supplement No. 29 to the Public Health Reports, April, 1916.

"Of other fly poisons mentioned, mention should be made, merely for a purpose of condemnation, of those composed of arsenic. Fatal cases of poisoning of children through the use of such compounds are far too frequent, and owing to the resemblance of arsenical poisoning to summer diarrhea and cholera infantum, it is believed that the cases reported do not, by any means, comprise the total. Arsenical fly-destroying devices must be rated as extremely dangerous, and should never be used, even if other measures are not at hand."

106 fly poisoning cases have been reported by the press within the last three years. As stated above this number is but a fraction of the real number. Protect your children by using the safe, efficient, non-poisonous fly catcher

TANGLEFOOT



The O. & W. Thum Company
GRAND RAPIDS MICHIGAN

GREEN MOUNTAIN ASTHMA TREATMENT



Standard remedy for fifty years and result of many years experience in treatment of throat and lung diseases by Dr. J. H. Guild.

Free Sample and Practica Treatise on Asthma, its causes treatment, etc., sent upon request. 25c. & $1.00 at druggists J. H. GUILD CO., Rupert, Vt.

6 and 8% is what these stocks paid in dividends last year. I have 42 shares of Country Bank Stock which paid 6% and 26 shares of another bank that paid 8%. I will sell from 1 to 10 shares of either of these stocks at $50.00 per share, which is the par value of the stock. Write me for full particulars.
Dr. O. C. Ruben, Davisboro, Ga.

Agents and Mail Order Men
Both sex—write for our big proposition. Send 10c for 25c can of our instant Silver Polish. Sample free. Address The D. F. Hoover Co., New Bethlehem, Pa.

New Goods.

I Have Received a Complete Line of Spring and Summer Dry Goods and Notions.

Have a Full Stock of Mens' and Boys' Ready Made Suits, Also Hats, Shoes, Hose, and Ties, in fact anything you may need to wear.

Also have a Nice Line of Ladies' Dress Goods—Latest Out, and Worth Buying.

It Will Pay You to Visit My Store Before You Buy.

I BUY EGGS AND ETC., AND PAY THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back."

CLANTON, ALA.

When the baby takes too much food the stomach turns; the result is indigestion, sourness and vomiting. Frequently the bowels are involved and there is colic pains and diarrhoea. McGEE'S BABY ELIXIR is a grand corrective remedy for the stomach and bowel di orders of babies. It is pure, wholesome and pleasant to take. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Recommended by Doctor Cothram

Dr. T. E. Cothram is a well-known pharmacist of Alexis, Ala. And when he gets bilious or needs a purgative medicine, what do you suppose he does? Out of his whole big stock of liver medicine he selects and uses Granger Liver Regulator. He says "There is none better." That's a pretty strong endorsement, don't you think, from a man who knows all about the merits of the different medicines on the market? Granger Liver Regulator is purely vegetable, does not gripe nor irritate the delicate lining of the stomach and bowels and always gives quick and pleasant results. It is the best system purifier known. Your druggist can supply you—25c for large box. Accept no substitute.

Don't forget your Subscription.

G. D. Melton of Route 4 was in town Thursday.

B. F. Mims of Birmingham has been visiting relatives and friends near here this week.

Jack Gentry of Beat 11, was in Clanton Monday on business.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Clanton Post Office for the week ending May 5th, 1917.

WOMEN: Mrs. Matilda Woods, Miss Elen Bethle (2), Miss Irene Davis, Mrs. J. L. Bollard, Miss Ullar Jones, Miss Ida Adams, Mrs. Loler Martin, Beckie Smith, Miss Luler Hunt.

MEN: Ricket Smith, Jas. D. Mims, Tom White, Mat Turner, J. E. Nobles, J. A. Swindall, Tom Golson, Bud Clenner, J. W. Crayton, Henry Carter, C. H. Blackford, W. J. Goodger, Joe Swindall, Guy Nelson, Homer Young, Fred McDowell, Anthony Williams, J. D. Williams, Raymond Johnson.

These letters will be sent to the dead letter office May 19, 1917, if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "advertised," giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON, P.M.

"Stop that headache! it's stopping your work"



Pain and Ill Health rob you of all your efficiency.

DR. MILES'

ANTI-PAIN PILLS

quickly relieve Pain, but at the same time, when over-work or nervousness is the cause,

Dr. Miles'

Restorative Nervine

should be used to relieve the cause.

IF FIRST BOX, OR BOTTLE, FAILS TO BENEFIT YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

SEVERE HEADACHE.

"I once had terrible headaches and feared La Grippe. I could not attend to my work. I took some of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills and the pain was quickly gone. Then I started using Dr. Miles' Nervine and the trouble vanished completely and I felt well and active once more."

HENRY FARNHAM,
Spring Valley, Minn.

Groceries

NEWEST, FRESHEST AND BEST LINE OF STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

Farmers are Cordially invited to Trade With Us and to Make Our Store Yours While in Town for Spring Buying.

Best Market Prices Paid for all your Country Produce.

WE WILL APPRECIATE YOUR PATRONAGE AND GUARANTEE A FAIR TREATMENT.

J. W Littlejohn.

CLANTON, ALA.

HIGH SCHOOL NEWS

Miss Durrett told the Juniors to order an essay on Burns. Bug Pipes ordered an essay on Birds.

Miss Key—Roberta, you had better be careful, six demerits for eating in school.

Roberta—I would be willing to take six times six for a bite to eat.

The music class are collecting money for the purpose of having Mr. Tinsely's hat repaired. It was badly damaged by someone trying to use it for a sofa pillow.

Otto—Well, Briggs, old pal, its not quitting school that hurts me so bad, its the thoughts of having to leave my girl.

Briggs—Well, you can't help it; so don't take it so hard on your heart.

Otto—I'm not taking it hard on my heart, I'm taking it on the tail of my Sunday coat.

Cliffard—Arden, do you really prefer working on the farm rather than go to school?

Arden—Yes, I guess so, if a fellow doesn't care what he says.

Erle—Say, Dick, I believe I have got the chicken pox.

Dick—Why?

Erle W—Illeotg,r.

Erle—Well, I got up this morning and found a chicken feather in my bed.

Mr. Owen—Chester, give me a quotation from Shakespeare.

Chester—Recites:

Stretches there a boy with soul so dead,
Who never to himself hath said
As on the bed streamed morning light
"I hope the school burned down last night."

Final examinations start this week, so anyone can guess that all the students are cramming all into their heads that is possible to get into them for at the close everybody hopes to receive their promotion certificates.

THOMPSON AND HARRIS GRADUATE AT NORMAL

The Editor of the Union-Banner is in receipt of invitations from Messrs Cecil E. Harris and Osmond B. Thompson, to the graduating exercises of the State Normal School at Jacksonville to be held May 13 to 16.

These two men, members of the graduating class, are Chilton County boys, who have many friends here, and the announcement of their graduation will be received with pleasure.

W. M., T. G. and J. M. Wyatt are on the river fishing this week.

INTERNAL REVENUE LICENSE

Birmingham, Ala., May 1, 1917.
Hon. H. A. Harris, Sheriff of Chilton County, Ala.

Dear Sir: The following U. S. Internal Revenue Licenses have been issued to your (Chilton) County in the month of April, 1917: No Internal Revenue Licenses were issued to your county in April 1917.

I hereby certify that I have carefully examined the record of the Collector of Internal Revenue, and the above is complete and correct.

Yours very truly,
SAM P. JONES.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this first day of May, 1917.
J. B. Mosley, Notary Public.

Dr. Baxley has the quickest, safest and most accurate method of measuring the eyes known to science.

"THREE-OF-A-KIND" ARRESTED

Sheriff Harris sent Deputies Gillespie and Gore over to Maplesville and the officers arrested "three-of-a-kind." Frank Whaley, Columbus Whaley and Askin Whaley. Frank and Columbus are charged with selling "booze" and Askin with arson.

The "three-of-a-kind" are now in the Chilton County jail waiting to learn just what they will "draw" in order to "fill" when they appear for trial.

If your eyes are giving you trouble, call and sees Dr. Baxley, Mullins bldg.

The First and the Last

THE FIRST STORE COMING IN TOWN FROM THE WEST AND THE LAST STORE GOING OUT WEST. I SELL CHEAP FOR CASH. I HANDLE MEAT, LARD, FLOWER, SUGAR, COFFEE, TOBACCO, AND SNUFF, ALSO MIXED FEED—IN FACT NEARLY EVERYTHING TO BE FOUND IN A GROCERY STORE I ALSO PAY THE MARKET PRICE FOR CHICKENS, EGGS, BUTTER, BEAS WAX, HIDES, TALLOW, AND BRIGHT RIBBON CANE SYRUP. WHILE IN TOWN CALL ON ME AND GET ACQUAINTED WITH MY LINE... I GUARANTEE A FAIR AND SQUARE DEAL TO ALL.

W. A. Huckabee



This paint will save you money. now and next time—

Saves you money now because a gallon of Lowe Brothers HIGH STANDARD Paint covers a great deal more surface than a gallon of ordinary paint.

You will need fewer gallons of HIGH STANDARD.

It spreads easier, enabling your painter to do a better job in less time.

It is a long-wearing paint, too. You don't need to paint so often.

Saves you money next time because HIGH STANDARD fails only by gradual wear after years of service, and leaves a good surface for repainting.

CLANTON HARDWARE COMPANY

Clanton, Ala.

"THE INSTITUTE JOURNAL"

"The Institute Journal" a paper published by the faculty and students of Thorsby Institute, made its appearance on Thesday of last week. The paper is a four page monthly with departments devoted to school church and general community news. Miss Marion B. Clark is Editor-in-Chief, Raymond Carlson, Luella Winslow and Raymond Kicklighter are associate Editors. Mr. John W. Ford, Business Manager. The May issue of the paper will appear within the next few days and will contain full commencement program and other matters of special interest. The price for this issue will be five cents a copy, or '5 cents for the school year of nine months. Subscriptions may be sent to Miss Marion B. Clark, Thorsby, Ala.

J. E. Robinson, Jr., made a business trip to Montgomery the first of the week.

J. L. McDowell of Route 2 was in to see us Saturday.

J. R. Scott of Birmingham was in Clanton on Saturday.

MARRIAGES

The following marriage licenses have been issued through the Probate's office during the past week:

G. W. Hayes and Miss Edna Mullins.

J. L. Pickering and Miss Nora Harrison.

A. L. Williams and Mrs. Mattie Parrish.

Messrs H. A. and G. C. Harris were in Birmingham this week attending the Grand Encampment of I.O.O.F.

Subscribe for the Union-Banner and and get the county news every week.

RUB-MY-TISM—Antiseptic, Relieves Rheumatism, Sprains, Neural-

VIRGINIA GIRL

Gained 15 Pounds By Taking Vinol

Norfolk, Va.—"I suffered from nervousness, had no appetite and was very thin. Nothing I took seemed to help me until one day a friend told me about Vinol. I have now taken six bottles and have gained fifteen pounds; have a good appetite and can eat anything."—MATTIE DENNING, Norfolk, Va.

Vinol is a constitutional remedy with its formula on every bottle. It creates an appetite, aids digestion and makes pure, healthy blood. Try it on our guarantee.

Upchurch Drug Co., and all leading Druggists in Alabama towns.

No. 666

This is a prescription prepared especially for MALARIA or CHILLS & FEVER. Five or six doses will break any case, and if taken then as a tonic the Fever will not return. It acts on the liver better than Calomel and does not gripe or sicken. 25c

Everybody - NOTICE - Important

I have just received a large assortment of Shoes of all kinds, including Men's and Ladies' Low Cuts and Tennis Slippers which were bought last year before the Prices were so high. I have a full line of Dry Goods, too numerous to mention. In fact I have a full line of Everything which must be sold at once in order to raise Cash. I buy Cattle.

L. H. REYNOLDS

CLANTON, ALA.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., MAY 17, 1917. NUMBER 7.

CAN'T PRODUCE SURPLUS OVER THE BIG DEMANDS.

Can America Feed Herself, & England, France and Italy and the Submarines?

Many farmers seem to be tenderfooted and fear a big surplus of food and feed crops will be produced which will bear the prices to the extent of being unprofitable. Such an idea is unnecessary and and such a condition is impossible. An overwhelming crop of perishable products may become temporarily congested in some localities in which losses will occur from lack of transportation. America cannot produce enough wheat, corn, beans, peas, hay and meat to bear the present high prices very much. Congested, short transportation facilities and speculation are the greatest dangers to be encountered and the government is already laying plans to facilitate transportation and control speculation.

Can you imagine that America can feed herself, England, France, Italy and the submarines and then have a surplus large enough to bear prices very much? You will have to produce and conserve heroically to keep prices from going higher. Our great reserved supply of food is very low and getting much lower. Our production and cheap prices are an impossibility. It is your opportunity, Mr. Farmer, to do something for your country and to make money for yourself. If you fail to produce enough food and feed for yourself and some to sell, you will fail to help your country and find yourself distressingly in need a year hence. This is no boost or joke but just plain facts.

Staple Crops Safer.

Such crops as can be stored and are not immediately perishable, are safer and the kind that can be best exported to the Allies. The corn crop is the only assurance for bread in the South and should be increased to the limit. The Allies have never been trained to eat corn bread and for that reason wheat will be the principal export for bread purposes. We can only hold down prices of flour in America by producing and eating more corn bread.

Feeding stuff of all kind is a safe crop. An increased production is necessary to feed the meat producing animals to stimulate their numbers and increase the size and weight. Reports from sections of California and New Jersey are that young animals and some old ones are being killed to keep them from starving on account of the scarcity and high prices of feed stuffs.

We do not want to alarm you, but the war situation stands a chance to become serious and we may lose the victory unless every citizen does his utmost on food and feed production.

FILE YOUR COUNTY WARRANTS

County Treasurer, J. Bice, urges all holders of County warrants to file them with him as soon as possible, as he must have the warrants all in hand before bonds can be issued to cover them.

This applies to all classes of warrants, road and bridge claims and otherwise.

All who hold any warrants against county are urged to turn them to Mr. Bice, so that he can arge for payment June 1.

L. J. Duncan has the record this season on trout fishing. He hooked one out at Yellow Leaf Tuesday that tipped the scales at six and one-half pounds.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—A twin-Cylinder Motorcycle in good condition, equipped with Boch magneto. Call or write the Union-Banner.

McDONALD WILL REMAIN AT CHILTON HIGH SCHOOL

It is with much pleasure that we learn that arrangements have been made whereby Prof. H. C. McDonald will remain at the head of the Chilton County High School for the next year.

Mr. McDonald has been here two years already, during which time he has made a record which could be scarcely equaled and in no wise surpassed.

The school here could not afford to give him up, and the extra effort which was expended in keeping him is indeed worthy and well spent.

WARRANT HOLDERS ARE TO BE PAID BY JUNE 1

Officials urge holders to Deposit their Warrants with Treasurer Bice.

All parties holding warrants against Chilton County will deposit the same with J. Bice, Treasurer. He will be able to pay the same about June 1st.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

DR. HERSEE'S LECTURE

On the 30th inst. Dr. Hersee of the I.B.S.A., under the direction of the Watchtower Tract Society of Brooklyn, N. Y., lectured at the school house near Macedonia to a large audience. His sugject was "The world on Fire"—not a literal fire, but the fire of trouble, of Jehovah's jealousy. "The earth adrift forever," in 1914 the gentle times expired. Since then the nations are tearing each other to pieces, prparing to usher in the kingdom of peace and love. He claimed that the present world war would be followed by a great revolution and anarchy, and the present order of things would be changed. He alluded to the large nations as mountains, the smaller ones and hills. Those hills would melt like wax, Belgium for instance, done melted. But just beyond this imparalleled struggle would appear the silver lining of the cloud, universal peace, the sweet by and by, the beautiful land, the golden age, the great jubilee.

He handled his subject in a masterful manner from a Biblical standpoint. He is a man of fine intelligence and a fine reasoner. It was a treat to hear him.

Tell the whole world these tidings,
Speak of the time of rest that nears.
He who was slain on Calvary
Soon will reign a thousand years.

SHOULTS

We wish to thank the people of this community and others that attended the play at the Shoults School house Saturday night for their presnece and good behavior. Everything was a grand success and we had a large audience. Everybody seemed to enjoy it.

The exercises were opened with a welcome address by little Daisy Latham, next a recitation by Miss Lula Mae Mull, and the main play, a Suffragette Meeting by thirteen characters. The entertainment was closed with two tableaux: one Paul before Agrippa and the other the Dead Hunter and his little girls.

The amount of money we received was quite a large sum more than we expected. We again thank all of those who cooperated with us.

Miss Sarah Snead, her brother and his wife spent Saturday night and Sunday with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Walker.

Bro. Littlejohn preached an excellent sermon at his regular appointment Sunday which was enjoyed by all who heard him.

Mr. Leroy Oden, one of our many soldier boys, spent Saturday night and Sunday with his family.

Miss Lomy Mae Mull spent Saturday night with Miss Sula Mae Mull.

We are having some cool weather now and the farmers would like to see it change for the warmer and come a nice rain.

Miss Lettie Walker and Mr. Enoch Latham atended church at Pleasant Hill Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Perry Hicks spent Sunday with Mrs. C. T. Walker.

Miss Lois Collins from Lawley spent Sunday with Misses Ola and Lettie Walker.

HAS PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF SUBJECT

Few Congressmen bring to their committee work a more intimate knowledge of the subject matter than Representative Benjamin L. Fairchild of New York, who has been given a place on the District of Columbia Committee. Mr. Fairchild lived in the city of Washington during his boyhood and early manhood, and received his public school and university education in that city. His knowledge of local affairs will enable him to better represent the best interests of the people of Washington than any man who has been on that committee in recent years. Mr. Fairchild returns to Congress after a 20-year absence, but he has kept pace with the growth of the capital city through frequent visits to practice before the Interstate Commerce Commission, in which branch of the law he is a specialist.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining uncalled for in the Clanton post office for the week ending May 12th, 1917.

Women—Mrs. Lottie Daniel, Mrs. Mattie Chasteen, Mrs. Lula Allen, Miss Lee Johnson, Mrs. Annie Johnson, Miss Daisy Underwood, Miss Lindy Wilson.

Men—Dee Petty, Sander Cooper, Fred Bruton, S. D. Bates, H. R. Thomas, W. B. Williams, Houard Mims.

These letters will be sent to the Dead Letter office May 26th, 1917, if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "advertised" giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON, PM.

Dr. Baxley is located in the Mullins Building, prepared to treat all errors of refrection.

WANTED TO BUY—Boilers in good shape, from 5 to 15 horse- power. See or write, R. M. FOSHEE, Clanton, R. No. 4.

POSTMASTERS HAVE AUTHORITY TO TAKE YOU.

Location is Given of Various Recruiting Offices in the State.

The patriotism throughout Alabama is being shown by the additional number of applicants for enlistment in the Regular Army of the United States. All Postmasters of the second, third and fourth class have authority to accept applicants for enlistment, furnish them transportation to the nearest sub-recruiting station and give any information desired relative to enlistment for the Regular Army of the United States.

All Postmasters in the state of Alabama of the classes mentioned have been furnished information relative to recruiting and authority to act as agents for the Regular Recruiting Service, so that all persons, no matter where they may be living, will lnd a Postmaster who will assist them in gaining information relative to enlisting. Men are being enlisted now in the Regular Army of the United States in the following branches of service: Cavalry, Field Artillery, Infantry, Medical Department, Quartermasters Corps and Engineer Corps.

Men accepted for enlistment in Alabama are sent to their nearest sub-recruiting station and from there they are sent to Birmingham, Alabama, whence they go to Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia. Then they receive their uniform and equipment and some training. Also, at Fort Oglethorpe they receive their assignment to an organization, according to the branch of the service which they have selected themselves to join and are sent to their new organization whereever it may be stationed.

Postmasters are energentically engaged in furnishing information relative to enlisting. If there is any Postmaster who has not received the information and authority mentioned, it is because it has been lost in the mail or otherwise miscarried and he will receive his authority immediately upon applying to the Main Recruiting Station, 201 Clark Bldg., Birmingham, Alabama.

For the information of all concerned, so that no one may remain in ignorance of the location of a Recruiting Station of the Regular Army of the United States the following list of all such stations in Alabama is given:

Birmingham, Ala., Clark Bldg., 4th Ave & 20th Street.
Mobile, Ala., 108 St. Francis Street.
Montgomery, Ala., 25 Commerce Street.
Decatur, Ala., 412½ Bank Street.
Anniston, Ala., Post Office Bldg.
Florence, Ala., Post Office Bldg.
York, Ala., City Hall.

However, Postmasters, generally, will be the most accessable and should be applied to for information.

NOTICE

There will be memorial service held at New Salem Church on the Third Sunday afternoon in May, beginning at 1:30, o'clock.

All who have relatives or friends buried there are cordially invited to come, bring flowers, and take a part in the service.

T. A. MADDOX.

THE CHILTON COUNTY SINGING CONVENTION

The Chilton County Singing Convention will meet in special session on the Third Sunday in May (20) at Pleasant Grove Church, five miles west of Jemison.

R. A. SMITH, President,
F. IVEN POPWELL, Sec.

Willie Wilson is at home from college for the vacation season.

MASS MEETING TO BE HELD AT THE COURT HOUSE

Following a program to be delivered at the Court House on Monday night, May 28th at 8:00 o'clock:

Devotional Exercises conducted by Chairman; Music by Choir; Welcome address by Solicitor Victor J. Heard; Music by Choir. Following subject for discussion:—"Why Should we be loyal to the U. S?", opened by Prof. K. N. Draper, discussed by Prof. A.M. Pope of Calera, Rev. J. S. Prentice of Aldrich and Rev. W. H. Bowen of Columbiana; response by Judge L.H. Reynolds.

Everybody, both white and colored are urged to come.

"MOTHERS DAY" OBSERVED BY BAPTIST SUNDAY SCHOOL

Mothers Day was forcefully and appropriately observed at the Clanton Baptist Sunday School on last Sunday when a delightful program was rendered by the "tots" of the Sunbeam Society. The children were in the charge of Mrs. H. C. McDonald, who is Superintendent of the little ones' club.

HELP BRO. RUDDICK IF YOU CAN

The home of Rev. W. J. Ruddick at Stanton was destroyed by fire Tuesday. Very little was saved. They are too old to make another home unaided. We trust his friends and especially the Baptists and Masons will respond, as he has given them the best of his life. Anything you may be able to do will be appreciated by them and by us.

Respectfully,
W. O. PERRY.

MOUNT PLEASANT

Dear Editor: Please allow me space in your paper to say a few words. Health of this community is very good at present, although the people are needing rain very badly.

The Sunday School at this place is progressing nicely. We will have Sunday School next Sunday at ten o'clock and preaching at eleven. The prayer meeting is still going fine.

Mr. Albert Pounds is trying to stop the war in our country by his sincere prayers.

Mr. Dewey Foshee made a trip to Montgomery to join the army, but he failed. He now has a furlough from the "hobo gang" and is at home for a few days to have the measles.

Mrs. Nancy Vickers and her grandson have been visiting this week.

Mr. Charlie Oden and wife of Siluria visited at Mr. W. H. Foshee's Saturday night and Sunday.

Hoping the Banner much success,

Miss Bertha Littleton of Thorsby was a visitor in Clanton Tuesday.

If you are holding any county warrants file them with Treasurer Bice right away if you want to get the cash for them along with the rest about June 1.

Judge Reynolds and a party went down to Spigeners on a fishing trip Tuesday.

Mrs. James M. Parrish of Birmingham is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. McKee this week.

CARD OF THANKS

I wish to thank the people of Collins Chapel for their kindness during the sickness and death of my wife. God will bless each of you for helping me in time of need.

W. D. MARTIN.

Miss Marion B. Clark of Thorsby Institute, Editor in Chief of the "Institute Journal" was a visitor to this place Wednesday.

Regular Dinners

Our regular dinners can't be beaten. We serve vegetables and corn bread; also short orders at any time. Come in and try one.

BILL GOODGAME

OPERATION OF SCHOOLS BUSINESS PROPOSITION.

In same Essentials as Other of Business Enterprises, says Supt. Feagin.

We are at last coming to realize that the administration of schools, city and rural, is a business proposition and that the same business judgment essential to success in other enterprises is not out of place when applied to schools. It is gratifying to observe the readiness with which our new county boards have taken the matter in hand and are applying these business principles. The effect of such action is significant and far reaching and within a few years, Alabama will have a system of efficient rural schools.

In the administration of any business enterprise certain requirements are made of employees serving in the various capacities. The following summaries from resolution passed by several county boards are in harmony with the best educational thought and business methods. Other counties than those to which these quotations are accredited have adopted similar resolutions and they are worth the consideration of any board whose purpose is to obtain the best possible results.

1. All things being equal we will give preference to those teachers who have been especially trained for their work.—Conference of County Boards of Education.

2. All teachers are required to take Reading Circle Work, and teachers failing to do so will be ineligible to contract in the county next year. —Morgan County Board of Education.

3. In employing teachers in the future, preference will be given to those who have done or promise to do some form of extension work.—Crenshaw Cunty Board of Education.

4. When all things are equal, we will give especial preference to teachers who hold their positions more than a year.—Geneva County Board of Education.

1. No school in the county shall be permitted to open next year unless two outhouses built according to the plans submitted by the county health officer shall have been provided.—Talladega County Board of Education.

6. Attendance upon the regular Teachers' Association will be required of all teachers in the county. Those failing to attend will forfeit their salaries for one day.—Lowndes County Board of Education.

DEATH OF MRS. W. D. MARTIN

The wife of Mr. W. D. Martin was called to higher life Tuesday night, May 8th, at 11 o'clock. Mrs. Martin was a good wife and made many friends while she has been living in this community. She had been confined to her bed for about eight months suffering much agony, but she bore her pains with no murmering.

She was forty years old, and joined the Missionary Baptist church in her 17th year, and has lived a Christian life until her death. Her mother, father and all kindred have gone in before her; she only leaves a husband and a host of friends to live the life she has lived and meet her in that Great Beyond.

She was laid to rest in Collins Chapel cemetery Wednesday evening, May 9th, at 3 o'clock. Funeral services were conducted by Rev. W. P. Lowery.

PAY FOR MEN IN IN OFFICERS' TRAINING CAMP

The plea made to the House by Representative Cassius C. Dowell of Iowa that a compensation should be provided for the men entering the officers' training camps, is understood to have had much weight with the conferees on the army bill in insisting on a provision to that effect in their report. Mr. Dowell received a large number of communications from young men in his District indicating that it was impossible for them to attend the camps unless they received some pay that could be used in caring for their families. Their salaries, of course stop when they enter the service, and it is impossible for most young men to forego all their income for three months while they are in training. Congressman Dowell was impressed with the idea that the government was likely to lose some of the best available officer material unless some relief was provided, and he immedittely pressed the matter to its successful conclusion.

H. F. Chandler, C. J. Davis, John VanDerveer and Dr. J. P. Hayes motored to Montgomery last Sunday.

A number of people attended the singing and "Old Folks" day at Liberty Hall last Sunday.

Miss Helen Bishop is the guest of her grandmother, Mrs. J. T. Mullins this week.

TRUSTEES MEETING AT COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL.

Report is Given of Details of Busines Transacted at the Session.

The Trustee's Association of Chilton County met at its quarterly session at the Chilton County High School building on Saturday, May 12th, and was called to order by President W. A. Aldredge at 11 o'clock.

After devotional exercises conducted by Rev. M. F. Lett, our County Superintendent, Prof. W. T. Bean suggested that we have a round table duscussion first, on the new compulsory attendance law, and second on the local tax proposition.

Very interesting short talks on the compulsory attendance law were made by Messrs Bean, Peterson, Johnson, E. C. Popwell, J. Popwell, Lett, Aldridge, Roper and others.

The local tax proposition was discussed by Prof. Bean and others, and all the trustees and teachers present pledged themselves to support the tax proposition in case the county commissioners call an election on the question. During his discussion Prof. Bean assured the people that if the tax was levied in the county, the county board of education would guarantee every district in the county seven months free school and teachers enough to take care of the increased attendance under the compulsory law.

On motion by Mr. Lett, the president and secretary, and Prof. Bean were made a permanent program committee for the association.

On motion by Mr. Peterson, the next regular meeting was set for the Second Saturday in August.

On account of all the rural schools being out and the farmers being busy the attendance was not as large as usual, but all of those present were full of enthusiasm, and taken all in all, it was a great meeting. We believe that all present gained in zeal for greater effort and a broader view in educational matters. We feel that it was good to be there, and respectfully urge that every person who possibly can will come to the next meeting.

Respectfully,
W. M. ALDRIDGE, Pres.,
H OWARD ROPER, Sec'y.

MEETING OF COLORED FARMERS FOR INCREASED PRODUCTION

A meeting of the colored farmers of Chilton County will be held at Clanton, at some convenient point, on Saturday, May 19th, for the purpose of organizing the colored citizens to aid in the movement for Increased Production in Chilton County.

This call is made by some of the colored farmers ,to comply with the directions and request of the governor to call all citizens to join in this movement. It is expected that this call of the colored citizens will meet with ready response on their part.

The organization will be perfected on Saturday next, and it is expected that at some future date, this part of the citizenship of Chilton county will have a speaker of their own race of known reputation present to address them on this important question.

POTATO PLANTS FOR SALE

In May and June I will have potato plants of the following varieties for sale: Nancy Hall, Dooley Yam, Bunch Yam, Porto Rica, Cuban Yam and Triumph. Prices $1.50 per thousand, or in ten thousand lots, $1.40 per thousand.

J. L. WINSLOW,
3-15-8t. Thorsby, Ala.

R. O. Headley of Fairview was in town Monday.

Uncle Charley Plier har removed his family from Birmingham back to his home in Clanton.

W. A. Seals, a veteran from the Soldiers Home, was in Clanton last Tuesday.

YOU GET A PRIZE WITH EVERY PACKAGE

Buy "Hodges Special" pure Coffee, put up in pound packages and selling for 30c.

With each package you get a ticket, which is good for a various number of pieces of China Ware.

Whatever prize your ticket calls for is given to you with the Coffee.

The Coffee is the very best Grade, ground and pure. Call for it next time.

W. Z. HODGES,
Clanton, Ala.

OPERATIONS UNDER SELECTIVE DRAFT

Measures for Raising of Military Forces, as Agreed Upon by Congress.

AGE LIMIT, 21 TO 30 YEARS

Male Citizens, and Those Who Have Declared Their Intention to Become Citizens, of That Age, Liable to Draft—Classes That Are Excused.

Washington.—The selective draft under which the new United States army will be raised will be applied under the following provisions of the army bill:

"That the enlisted men required to raise and maintain the organizations of the regular army and to complete and maintain the organizations embodying the members of the National Guard drafted into the service of the United States, at the maximum legal strength as by this act provided, shall be raised by voluntary enlistment, or if and whenever the president decides that they cannot effectually be so raised or maintained, then by selective draft; and all other forces hereby authorized shall be raised and maintained by selective draft exclusively; but this provision shall not prevent the transfer to any force of training cadres from other forces.

Age Limits Are Fixed.

"Such draft as herein provided shall be based upon liability to military service of all male citizens or male persons not alien enemies who have declared their intention to become citizens, between the ages of twenty-one and thirty years, both inclusive, and shall take place and be maintained under such regulations as the president may prescribe not inconsistent with the terms of this act.

"Quotas for the several states, territories and the District of Columbia, or subdivisions thereof, shall be determined in proportion to the population thereof and credit shall be given to any state, territory, district, or subdivision thereof for the number of men who were in the military service of the United States as members of the National Guard on April 1, 1917, or who have since said date entered the military service of the United States from any such state, territory, district, or subdivision, either as members of the regular army or the National Guard.

Provides for Military Law.

"All persons drafted into the service of the United States and all officers herein provided for shall, from the date of said draft or acceptance, be subject to the laws and regulations governing the regular army, except as to promotions, so far as such laws and regulations are applicable to persons whose permanent retention in the military service on the active or retired list is not contemplated by existing law, and those drafted shall be required to serve for the period of the existing emergency unless sooner discharged, provided that the president is authorized to raise and maintain by voluntary enlistment or draft, as herein provided, special and technical troops, as he may deem necessary, and to employ them into organizations and to officer them as provided in the third paragraph of section 1 and section 9 of this act.

"Organizations of the force herein provided for, except the regular army, shall, as far as the interests of the service permit, be composed of men who come, and of officers who are appointed from, the same state or locality."

No person liable to military service will be permitted to escape therefrom by furnishing a substitute or the payment of money, and the payment of bounties for recruits is prohibited.

Men Who Are Exempt.

The persons who will be exempted from military service are thus designated by this provision of the bill:

"That the vice president of the United States, the officers, legislative, executive, and judicial, of the United States and of the several states, territories, and the District of Columbia, regular or duly ordained ministers of religion, students who at the time of the approval of this act are preparing for the ministry in recognized theological or divinity schools, and all persons in the naval service of the United States shall be exempt from the selective draft herein prescribed.

"Nothing in this act contained shall be construed to require or compel another person to serve in any of the forces herein provided for who is found to be a member of any well-recognized religious sect or organization at present organized and existing and whose existing creed or principles forbid its members to participate in war in any form and whose religious convictions are against war or participation therein in accordance with the creed or principles of said religious organization; but no person so exempted shall be exempted from service in any capacity that the president shall declare to be noncombatant.

Certain Classes to Be Excused.

"The president is hereby authorized to exclude or discharge from said selective draft and from the draft under the second paragraph of section 1 hereof, or to draft for partial military service only from those liable to draft as in this act provided, persons of the following classes: County and municipal officers, customhouse clerks, persons employed by the United States in the transmission of the mails, artificers and workmen employed in the armories, arsenals and navy yards of the United States, and such other persons employed in the service of the United States as the president may designate; pilots, mariners actually employed in the sea service of any citizen or merchant within the United States; persons engaged in industries, including agriculture, found to be necessary to the maintenance of the military establishment or the effective operation of the military forces or the maintenance of national interest during the emergency; those in a status with respect to persons degendent upon them for support which renders their exclusion or discharge advisable; and those found to be physically or morally deficient.

"No exemption or exclusion shall continue when a cause therefor no longer exists: Provided, that notwithstanding the exemptions enumerated herein, each state, territory and the District of Columbia shall be required to supply its quota in the proportion that its population bears to the total population of the United States."

How Exemptions Are Determined.

The machinery created for determining of exemptions is thus described by the bill:

"The president is hereby authorized, in his discretion, to create and establish throughout the several states and subdivisions thereof and in the territories and the District of Columbia local boards, and where, in his discretion, practicable and desirable, there shall be created and established one such board in each county or similar subdivision in each state, and one for approximately each 30,000 of population in each city of 30,000 population or over, according to the last census taken or estimates furnished by the bureau of census of the department of commerce. Such boards shall be appointed by the president and shall consist of three or more members, none of whom shall be connected with the military establishment, to be chosen from among the local authorities of such subdivisions or from other citizens residing in the subdivision or area in which the respective boards will have jurisdiction under the rules and regulations prescribed by the president.

Powers of Exempting Boards.

"Such boards shall have power within their respective jurisdictions to hear and determine, subject to review as hereinafter provided, all questions of exemption under this act, and all questions of or claims for including or discharging individuals or classes of individuals from the selective draft, which shall be made under rules and regulations prescribed by the president, except any and every question or claim for including or excluding or discharging persons or classes of persons from the selective draft under the provisions of this act authorizing the president to exclude or discharge from the selective draft 'persons engaged in industries, including agriculture, found to be necessary to the maintenance of the military establishment, or the effective operation of the military forces, or the maintenance of national interest during the emergency.'

Additional Boards Provided.

"The president is hereby authorized to establish additional boards, one in each federal judicial district of the United States, consisting of such number of citizens, not connected with the military establishment, as the president may determine, who shall be appointed by the president.

"Such district boards shall review on appeal and affirm, modify or reverse any decision of any local board having jurisdiction in the area in which any such district board has jurisdiction under the rules and regulations prescribed by the president. Such district boards shall have exclusive original jurisdiction within their respective areas to hear and determine all questions or claims for including or excluding or discharging persons or classes or persons from the selective draft, under the provisions of this act, not included within the original jurisdiction of such local boards.

"The decisions of such district boards shall be final except that in accordance with such rules and regulations as the president may prescribe, he may affirm, modify, or reverse any such decision."

All persons subject to registration must have attained their twenty-first but not their thirty-first birthday, and such persons as fail to register will be subject to imprisonment for not more than one year. Persons temporarily absent from their legal residence may register by mail under presidential regulations.

Provisions for Volunteers.

The provisions governing voluntary enlistment in the regular army and National Guard follow:

"That the qualifications and conditions for voluntary enlistment as herein provided shall be the same as those prescribed by existing law for enlistments in the regular army, except that recruits must be between the ages of eighteen and forty, both inclusive, at the time of their enlistment, and such enlistment, and such enlistments, shall be for the period of the emergency unless sooner discharged.

Plan Grouping by States.

"Provided, That all persons enlisted or drafted under any of the provisions of this act shall as far as practicable be grouped into units by states and the political subdivisions of the same; provided, further, that all persons who have enlisted since April 1, 1917, either in the regular army or in the National Guard, and all persons who have enlisted in the National Guard since June 3, 1916, upon their application, shall be discharged upon the termination of the existing emergency.

"The president may provide for the discharge of any or all enlisted men whose status with respect to dependents renders such discharge advisable, and he may also authorize the employment on any active duty of retired enlisted men of the regular army, either with their rank on the retired list or in higher enlisted grades, and such retired enlisted men shall receive the full pay and allowances of the grades in which they are actively employed.'

Provision for Increased Pay.

The army pay increases are set forth in the following provisions:

"That all officers and enlisted men of the forces herein provided for other than the regular army shall be in all respects on the same footing as to pay, allowances, and pensions as officers and enlisted men of corresponding grades and length of service in the regular army; and commencing June 1, 1917, and continuing until the termination of the emergency, all enlisted men of the army of the United States in active service whose base pay does not exceed $24 per month shall receive an increase of $10 per month; those whose base pay is $24, an increase of $8 per month; those whose base pay is $30, $36, or $40, an increase of $6 per month, and those whose base pay is $45 or more, an increase of $5 per month; provided that the increases of pay herein authorized shall not enter into the compilation of continuous service pay."

President's Powers Broadened.

An entirely new provision of the bill as drafted is:

"That the president is authorized to increase or decrease the number of organizations prescribed for the typical brigades, divisions, or army corps of the regular army, and to prescribe such new and different organizations and personnel for army corps, divisions, brigades, regiments, battalions, squadrons, companies, troops, and batteries as the efficiency of the service may require; provided further that the number of organizations in a regiment shall not be increased nor shall the number of regiments be decreased.

The president will officer the regular army and National Guard under existing law, and for the conscript force he is empowered:

"To provide the necessary officers, line and staff, for said force and for organizations of the other forces hereby authorized, or by combining organizations of said other forces, by ordering members of the officers' reserve corps to temporary duty in accordance with the provisions of section 38 of the national defense act approved June 3, 1916; by appointment from the regular army, the officers' reserve corps, from those duly qualified and registered pursuant to section 23 of the act of congress approved January 21, 1903 (thirty-second statutes at large, page 775), from the members of the National Guard drafted into the service of the United States who have been graduated from educational institutions at which military instruction is compulsory or from those who have had honorable service in the regular army, the National Guard, or the volunteer forces or from the country at large; by assigning retired officers of the regular army to active duty with such force with their rank on the retired list and the full pay and allowances of their grade; or by the appointment of retired officers and enlisted men, active or retired, of the regular army as commissioned officers in such forces."

DETAILS OF NEW CONSCRIPTION LAW

Washington, May 10.—[Special.]—Outstanding features of the universal service law as drafted by the senate and house conferees.

Ages of Draft, 21 to 30 inclusive.

Ages of Volunteers, 18 to 40 inclusive.

Number subject to draft..11,000,000

To be Obtained by Draft or Volunteers:

Number to be drawn by selective conscription 1,000,000
[In two drafts 500,000 each.]
Regular army 300,000
National Guard 625,000
Special and technical troops 76,000
Total strength provided....2,001,000

Term of Service: Period of Emergency.

Exemptions:

Federal and state officers.
Ministers of religion and theological students.
Members of religious sects opposed to war.

Liable to Exemption:

County and municipal officers.
Customhouse clerks, mail employees.
Employees of armories, arsenals and navy yards.
Persons engaged in industries, including agriculture.
Those supporting dependents.
The physically and morally deficient.

Method for Draft:

Proclamation by the president for registration.
Immediate registration by those of draft age.
Selection from register of men for service.
Dispatch of men drafted to nearest training camp.

Provision for Pay:

Second-class private $25
First-class private 31
First-class private 31
Corporal 32
Sergeant of the line.....$36 and 42
Quartermaster and hospital sergeants 46
First sergeant 50

Safeguards Thrown Around the Army:

Prohibition.
Suppression of the social evil.

WAR TARIFF BILL MAKES EVERYBODY PAY HIS SHARE

$1,800,000,000 To Be Raised in Year by Measure Reported to House.

BOOST DUTIES; NO FREE LIST

Limit on Incomes Reduced to $1,000 for Single Men and $2,000 for Married Men—Taxes for Heirs Are Increased—Tariff Raised 10 Per Cent and Articles on Free List Are Taxed 10 Per Cent.

Washington.—A war revenue bill designed to raise $1,800,000,000 by taxation during the coming year was approved finally in the house ways and means committee Tuesday by unanimous vote and reported to the house Wednesday.

In the meantime the senate finance committee is holding public hearings on the bill, with a view to being ready to report soon after the house acts.

To bring the amount to be raised up to the desired total, the house committee wrote into the bill a flat increase of 10 per cent in all existing tariff duties and 10 per cent duties on all articles now admitted free, all estimated to bring in $240,000,000, this more than doubling the present tariff revenues.

In addition it was decided to make all income-tax increases retroactive, beginning with the present calendar year. Other taxes provided for would become effective upon the signing of the bill.

The income-tax increases, applying to both personal and corporation incomes, are designed to produce $533,000,000 more than the present income-tax receipts.

Income and Profits.

Most of the new revenue will come from the income, excess profits, and inheritance taxes and additional tariff duties, but the levies of the bill would reach into many other sources.

Letter mail rates would be increased from two to three cents an ounce, and postal cards from one to two cents, while $19,000,000 would be added to charges against newspapers under a new system based upon the present parcel-post zones.

Internal-revenue taxes upon liquor and tobacco would be materially increased, and there would be taxes on amusements, and stamp taxes of wide scope.

Increase in Supertaxes.

The war income tax section would double the present normal tax of 2 per cent on individuals and 3 per cent on corporations. It would lower the exemption of individual incomes from $4,000 to $2,000 in the case of married persons and from $3,000 to $1,000 for the unmarried.

In addition, beginning with incomes of $5,000, graduated supertaxes would be imposed, in addition to the normal 4 per cent, ranging up to 33 per cent on all incomes over $500,000 a year.

The surtax schedule follows:

Income.	Tax.
From $5,000 to $7,500	1 per cent
From $7,500 to $10,000	2 per cent
From $10,000 to $12,500	3 per cent
From $12,500 to $15,000	4 per cent
From $15,000 to $20,000	5 per cent
From $20,000 to $40,000	6 per cent
From $40,000 to $60,000	8 per cent
From $60,000 to $80,000	11 per cent
From $80,000 to $100,000	14 per cent
From $100,000 to $150,000	17 per cent
From $150,000 to $200,000	20 per cent
From $200,000 to $250,000	24 per cent
From $250,000 to $300,000	27 per cent
From $300,000 to $500,000	30 per cent
On all exceeding $500,000	33 per cent

The provisions requiring the normal tax of individuals to be deducted and withheld at the source of income would not apply to the new normal tax prescribed in this bill until after January 1, 1918, and thereafter only to incomes exceeding $3,000.

Tax on Inheritance.

In addition to the inheritance tax now in force, the bill imposes a tax equal to the following percentages of its value upon the transfer of each net estate:

$50,000	One-half of 1 per cent
$50,000 to $150,000	1 per cent
$150,000 to $250,000	1½ per cent
$250,000 to $450,000	2 per cent
$450,000 to $1,000,000	2½ per cent
$1,000,000 to $2,000,000	3 per cent
$2,000,000 to $3,000,000	3½ per cent
$3,000,000 to $4,000,000	4 per cent
$4,000,000 to $5,000,000	4½ per cent
$5,000,000 to $8,000,000	5 per cent
$8,000,000 to $11,000,000	7 per cent
$11,000,000 to $15,000,000	10 per cent
$15,000,000 and over	15 per cent

The exemption is lowered from $50,000 to $25,000 and a new tax of 1 per cent levied on estates between $25,000 and $50,000.

The bill proposes to bring in $200,000,000 by doubling the present 8 per cent tax on excess profits.

On distilled spirits the present tax of $1.10 per gallon is doubled; to the rectifiers' tax 15 cents a gallon is added, and fermented liquors are assessed $2.75 per barrel instead of $1.50.

Tobacco Tax Doubled.

The tobacco tax is doubled, except as to cigars, which are graduated from 50 cents to $10 a thousand, according to retail value. Cigarettes, made in or imported into the United States, would be taxed an additional $1.28 per 1,000 if weighing less than three pounds per 1,000, and $3. 1,000 if more than three pounds.

Newspapers would be required pay 5 per cent on all advertising collections.

The second-class postage section says:

"After June 1 next the zone system applicable to parcel post shall apply to second-class mail matter, with rates of postage two cents a pound or fraction when for delivery within the first or second zones, four cents within fourth or fifth, five cents within sixth or seventh, and six cents for delivery within the eighth zone.

"It is provided, however, that postage on daily newspapers when deposited in a letter carrier office for delivery by its carriers shall be the same as at present; copies now entitled to free circulation in the mails within the county of publication shall retain that privilege, and the postmaster general may require publishers to separate for zones in mailing.

"Newspapers mailed to subscribers from an office other than that of publication shall pay the same rate as if mailed from its office.

"Religious, educational, agricultural, labor or fraternal publications, issued without profit, shall pay 1½ cents per pound irrespective of zones."

Theaters and Clubs.

The amusement tax is one cent for each ten cents or fraction paid for admission, applying to charges remitted in the cases of persons admitted free except bona-fide employees. Places where the maximum charge for admission is five cents or where the proceeds of the place admitted to are for religious or charitable purposes are exempt.

Clubs would be taxed 10 per cent of dues or membership fees (except initiation fees), the members individually to pay the tax. This is effective June 1, and the club receiving the payments or fees is required to collect the tax from the person so admitted and make the returns.

NEW AND ADDITIONAL TAXES PROPOSED IN $1,800,000,000 WAR REVENUE BILL

These figures are those of the house bill. When the measure goes to the senate it will be subject to amendment and doubtless in many cases there will be revision. The senate finance committee will hold hearings at which arguments and objections may be presented.

All tariff duties	Increase 10 per cent
All articles now admitted free	Tax 10 per cent
Letter postage	From 2 cents to 3 cents
Postal cards	From 1 cent to 2 cents
Excess profits tax	From 8 to 16 per cent
Corporation tax	From 2 to 4 per cent
Stock exchange transactions—On each sale future delivery for each $100, 2 cents; each additional $100 or fraction	2 cents
Capital stock on each original issue of $100, 5 cents; on transfers on each $100 face value	2 cents
Bonds, debentures, etc., each $100 face value	5 cents
Indemnity bonds, 50 cents; where premium is in excess of $100	1 per cent of premium charge
Drafts, checks, notes (and for each renewal or extension not exceeding $100), 2 cents; for each $100	2 cents
Deeds, conveying lands or realty, for first $100 to $500, 50 cents; for each $500 or additional or fraction, 50 cents.	
Proxy (except religious, charitable or literary societies or public cemeteries)	10 cents
Power of attorney	25 cents
Life insurance policies (except industrial or weekly)	8 cents on each $100
Marine, international and fire	1 cent on each $1 of premium
Cacualty policies	1 cent on each $1 of premium
Freight bills	3 per cent
Passenger tickets	10 per cent on tickets above 25c except initial commutation
Steamboat tickets for foreign port, up to $10, no tax; from $10 to $30, $1; from $30 to $60, $3; exceeding $60, $5.	
Seats, berths or staterooms, rail and water	10 per cent
Express rates	10 per cent
Automobiles and motorcycles	5 per cent on wholesale price
Automobile and bicycle tires	5 per cent
Electric power	5 per cent on bills
Telephone and telegraph	5 per cent on bills
Telephone (long distance)	5 cents on each toll message over 15c
Musical instruments	5 per cent on those costing over $10
Talking machines	5 per cent on those costing over $10
Jewelry	5 per cent of selling price
Cosmetics and proprietary medicines	5 per cent on wholesale price
Amusement tickets (theaters, baseball, etc.) except where maximum admission is 5 cents	Tax of 1 cent for each 10 cents charged
Moving picture film (not exposed), sold by manufacturer or importer	½ cent per linear foot
Moving picture film (ready for projection), sold or leased by manufacturer, producer or importer	1c per linear foot
Chewing gum or substitute therefor, imported	5 per cent of selling price
Distilled spirits	Doubled
Beer, ale	$1.20 for every barrel
Still and sparkling wines and cordials	Tax doubled
Grape brandy, product of fruit distilled	Tax doubled
Soda fountain and similar sirups, grape juice, mineral water, ginger ale and all soft drinks, carbonated water	2 cents per gallon
Natural mineral or table water (bottled)	10 cents per gallon
Carbonic acid gas	8 cents per pound
Tobacco tax	Doubled
Cigars	Increased from 50 cents to $10 per 1,000
Cigarettes (light weight)	Increase $1.25 per 1,000
Cigarettes (heavy weight)	Increase $3.60 per 1,000
Cigarette papers	¼ cent for each 25 papers
Tennis rackets, golf clubs, baseball bats, lacrosse sticks, balls of all kinds, including baseballs, footballs, tennis, golf, lacrosse, billiard and pool balls	5 per cent
Fishing rods, reels and lines	5 per cent
Billiard and pool tables	5 per cent
Chess and checkerboards and pieces, dice, games and parts of games	5 per cent
Playing cards: Upon every pack (in addition to present tax)	8 cents
Yachts, pleasure boats, motorboats	5 per cent of price
Club memberships	10 per cent of dues and membership fees
Oil pipe lines	5 per cent on charges
Postal rates (newspaper and magazines)—	
First zone	2 cents
Second to third zone	3 cents
Fourth or fifth zone	4 cents
Sixth or seventh zone	5 cents
Eighth zone	8 cents
Religious and educational papers	1½ cents a pound
Advertising	5 per cent of te

HOW INCOME TAX WORKS OUT

This table is based on an exemption of $2,000 for heads of families. For persons unmarried and not heads of families the exemption is $1,000.

Income.	Tax Under Original Law	Tax Under Law Sept. 8, 1916	Tax Under Proposed Revision
$ 3,000	.....	.....	$ 20
4,000	.....	.....	40
5,000	$ 10	$ 20	60
10,000	60	120	195
15,000	110	220	470
20,000	160	320	820
25,000	260	470	1,270
30,000	360	620	1,720
35,000	460	770	2,170
40,000	560	920	2,620
45,000	660	1,120	3,220
50,000	760	1,320	3,820
55,000	910	1,520	4,420
60,000	1,060	1,720	5,020
65,000	1,210	1,970	5,820
70,000	1,360	2,220	6,620
75,000	1,510	2,470	7,420
80,000	1,710	2,720	8,220
85,000	1,910	3,020	9,220
90,000	2,110	3,320	10,220
95,000	2,310	3,620	11,220
100,000	2,510	3,920	12,220
110,000	3,010	4,620	14,620
125,000	3,760	5,670	18,220
135,000	4,260	6,370	20,620
150,000	5,010	7,420	24,220
175,000	6,260	9,420	31,220
200,000	7,510	11,420	38,220
225,000	8,760	13,670	46,470
250,000	10,010	15,920	54,720
275,000	11,510	18,420	63,970
300,000	13,010	20,920	73,220
350,000	16,010	26,420	92,220
400,000	19,010	31,920	111,220
450,000	22,010	37,420	130,220
500,000	25,010	42,920	155,220
550,000	28,510	48,920	177,720
600,000	32,010	54,920	200,220
650,000	35,510	60,920	222,720
700,000	39,010	66,920	245,220
750,000	42,510	72,920	267,720
800,000	46,010	78,920	290,220
850,000	49,510	84,920	312,720
900,000	53,010	90,920	335,220
950,000	56,510	96,920	357,720
1,000,000	60,010	102,920	380,220
1,250,000	77,510	135,420	495,220
1,500,000	95,010	167,920	610,220
1,750,000	112,510	202,920	727,720
2,000,000	130,010	237,920	845,220
2,250,000	147,510	275,430	965,220
2,500,000	165,010	312,920	1,085,220
2,750,000	182,510	350,420	1,205,220
3,000,000	200,010	387,920	1,325,220

THE SHIELDING SHADOW

AUTHOR OF "BEYOND THE FRONTIER," "MAID OF THE FOREST," "MY LADY OF THE NORTH," ETC.

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BY RANDALL PARRISH

SYNOPSIS.

Adventurous Jerry Carson embarks in search of hidden treasure with the promise of Leontine Walcott to be his wife on his return. Her father favors Sebastian Navarre. Jerry's ship is burned, he is reported lost. Sebastian presses his attentions. Jerry suddenly turns up to confront charges of the Navarres against him. In a struggle for a forged paper Diego Navarre is killed and Jerry is convicted of the murder. He escapes, and finds the treasure and a wonderful chemical pellet. Leontine is forced to marry Sebastian. On the honeymoon, he attacks her in a rage. Suddenly he is confronted by a weird apparition. Ravengar forces a confession from Louie. Sebastian attempts to get it. An earthquake occurs; in the excitement Red Finn steals the confession and flees. He appears in New York as Romanoff and enlists the aid of Madame Bianca. Leontine confronts her husband in the gambling house. The Shadow battles for her and she escapes with the confession. One-Lamp Louie follows her and takes the paper from her. The Shadow saves Navarre from robbery. Romanoff attempts to kidnap Sebastian and Leontine, but Ravengar appears to thwart them. Bianca and her thugs are puzzled by Ravengar's repeated escapes and returns to his cellar prison.

Seventh Episode.

The Awakening.

Suddenly Bianca turned on Romanoff and his companions and ordered them from the cellar. Nothing loath to escape the anger of their employer, they filed away. Bianca closed the door behind them and seated herself upon the couch at Ravengar's side.

"Why don't you like me?" she asked.

Ravengar rose to his feet, with the suspicion of a mocking smile on his face.

"Indeed, madame, in spite of my imprisonment here I have conceived the highest respect for my jailor," he answered.

Bianca turned furiously upon him.

"It isn't often that I have practically told a man that I am interested in him," she cried. "This is the second time that I have—I have admitted it to you."

Ravengar looked at her so searchingly that Bianca, even in her angry humiliation, felt baffled.

She flung herself from the cellar and bolted the door on the outside. Then she went up to her boudoir and threw herself upon the lounge in an agony of humiliation.

Suddenly, as she raised her eyes, she saw in the far corner of the room the same mysterious vision as before. There were the two flaming eyes, the death-white hands; and, as she watched, she saw the hands trace, in phosphorescent letters upon the air, the message:

"If you would win Ravengar's love, obtain from Sebastian Navarre a confession of the forgery which blackens the name of a dead man."

She sprang to her feet and ran across the room. The writing faded out. The corner was empty.

She recoiled in terror. The same warning as before, and obviously a spirit warning! What did it mean?

She resolved to get the confession from Sebastian.

A ring! Woo Lee stood in the doorway. He indicated that a visitor stood in the hall.

"All right. I'll see him," said Bianca.

To her amazement, almost horror, Sebastian himself came into the room. He looked at her for a moment. Then he bowed and came forward, his hand answering Bianca's own.

"I'm sorry that business matter didn't go through," he said. "I might have bought that so-called confession from you. Of course it was blackmail, but my wife was making trouble for me."

"Wives generally do make trouble," said Bianca, with the wit of her kind. "Won't you sit down, Senor Navarre?"

He took his seat beside her. "I don't know what happened to that wretched paper," he continued, "but my wife lost it or had it stolen. Anyway, that's all over now, and this time I haven't come on business."

"On what, then?" asked Bianca very alluringly.

"Pleasure," answered Sebastian. "To see you. Bianca, I—"

Bianca leaned toward him, smiling; Bianca's face was very near his own. He clasped her in his arms and their lips met.

The charms of Bianca had supplanted the desirability for Leontine in Sebastian's mind. The woman whom he had married under so strange a compact, that she was to be his wife in name, whom he had pursued so relentlessly, now faded out of the man's mind. To her relief, almost gratitude, Leontine found that Sebastian cared for her no longer.

And this meant happiness to her. Since the death of her lover of long ago, Jerry Carson, in the convict camp, she had felt incapable of loving. Sebastian's new indifference enabled her to face life with tranquillity again. She went into society, with Sebastian's equal indifference; and that was how she found herself with Mr. Bob Hamilton on the grounds of the Dirigible club one bright spring afternoon.

They motored out together, with Sebastian's approval. Mr. Hamilton was a young balloon enthusiast; he was to fly in the long-distance race the following week.

Bob turned to Leontine. "I am thinking of asking a very daring request, Mrs. Navarre," he said.

"Don't be afraid," replied Leontine, laughing.

"You know each balloon is to carry a pilot and passenger. The passenger who was to have accompanied me—my sister-in-law, backed out yesterday. How would you like to come, Mrs. Navarre?"

"I should love it," said Leontine enthusiastically.

"May we regard it as settled," persisted Bob.

"If my husband doesn't object," said Leontine. "Oh, no, I don't believe he will."

"Why, there is Senor Navarre!" exclaimed Bob Hamilton suddenly turning. Following his look, Leontine perceived her husband, accompanying a flashily dressed woman of singular beauty—in fact, Bianca.

Sebastian had accepted Bianca's invitation to motor out to the grounds, in spite of the knowledge that his wife would be there. His infatuation for Bianca had grown steadily. Now, seeing himself observed, he left her and came to Leontine rather sullenly.

"Sebastian, Mr. Hamilton wants me to be his passenger in the balloon flight next week," said Leontine. "Shall I?"

"By all means, if you wish," answered Sebastian, mentally computing the chances of an accident.

She looked about her while the two men engaged in conversation. Her eyes fell upon a sportily clothed man of middle age, who, leaning against a rope, was watching the grounds.

Leontine started. She recognized the man. It was the little crook, Louis Lamb, or One-Lamp Louie.

Another man had recognized One-Lamp Louie. This was Avery, Mr. Hamilton's assistant in the shed, a sinister-looking individual—in fact, one of those typical hangers-on of all athletic and sports meetings. He stared at Louie in astonishment; then he flung the fag of his cigarette away and went up to him.

"Hello, One-Lamp!" he said easily. "Don't you remember your old pal Avery who did time with you three years ago?"

Louie gazed at him dully. "I never saw you in my life before," he answered.

And while Avery, completely taken aback, stared at him, Louie sauntered away through the thinning crowds in the direction of the roadhouse.

Since Louie had received the blow on the head from a falling beam in the cabaret fire, he had had no memories whatever of his past life.

Another man upon the grounds had recognized Louie. This was Romanoff, Bianca's chief accomplice. Romanoff knew all about Louie.

He followed Louie to the roadhouse and waited while Louie tossed down a glass of whisky. The little crook came out and glanced cautiously about him. and then made his way toward a secluded spot in the bushes near by.

Romanoff crept stealthily after him. He saw Louie leaning against a tree, counting out his bills. Romanoff drew a revolver from his pocket and sprang.

The butt descended on Louie's head. With a fearful cry Louie tumbled prostrate among the trees. Romanoff snatched the wallet from his hand and disappeared through the undergrowth.

A moment later the car containing Leontine and Bob Hamilton came from the grounds.

"What was that?" exclaimed Leontine, laying her hand on her companion's arm.

Bob stopped the car and sprang into the road. A faint moaning was heard among the bushes at one side. He pushed the overhanging shrubs apart and came upon Louie, half-conscious, with a gaping wound in his head. Looking up, he saw that Leontine had followed him.

"Why, it's—it's Louis Lamb!" exclaimed Leontine, suddenly remembering the little man's name.

"He must have been slugged. We'd better take him to a hospital," suggested Bob.

"No!" cried Leontine. "Take him to my home."

"But, Mrs. Navarre—" protested Bob.

"I mean just that, Mr. Hamilton," said Leontine.

Sebastian, returning later in the afternoon, was vaguely conscious of a stir in the apartment. Entering Leontine's boudoir, he discovered his wife seated beside the couch on which lay the figure of a man.

"Nothing happened to Hamilton?" he asked, hurrying forward.

The look in his wife's eyes frightened him. He advanced to the side of the couch. To his horror he found himself looking again into the face of his companion of the forgery, the man whom he had last seen at White's Village, in western Canada.

As he stood staring at Louie in mingled terror and rage he saw that Louie's eyes were open. And there was a look of recognition in them.

Leontine had left the room. Sebastian and Louie looked at each other. Then Louie spoke.

"I know you, Sebastian Navarre," he said. "You paid me to forge the paper which Jerry Carson was supposed to have given you in return for that money you never lent him."

Sebastian quivered, as if he were about to spring at Louie's throat.

He could not know that the stunning blow on the head had restored Louie's memory as it had been before he received the first blow from the falling beam at the cabaret fire.

Louis Lamb rose to his feet and staggered toward him, pushing out weakly with his hands.

"Lemme go!" he said, looking at Sebastian sourly. "Take your hands off me. You got no right to stop me."

He pushed past him and encountered Leontine in the doorway. She tried to stop him, but Louie evaded her and passed into the hall. Leontine and Sebastian, looking at each other, heard his lumbering footsteps pass along the floor, heard the door open and close. Louie was gone. And still they looked into each other's eyes.

"Did you hear what that fellow said?" Sebastian asked.

Leontine nodded quietly.

"What did he mean? Who is he? I don't remember seeing him before? He is lying, anyway."

"I don't believe it," she returned.

"Leontine," he said, "I guess we have made a mistake over our marriage. I was to blame. Will you agree to divorce me if I give you the opportunity?"

Leontine raised her head, and it was a long time before she answered him.

"You shall have your divorce," she said, "when you have confessed your crime and cleared Jerry Carson's name."

* * * * * * *

"So you did recognize me this morning, eh?"

One-Lamp Louie looked at Avery, Bob Hamilton's assistant, in astonishment.

"I don't know what you mean," he answered. "I never saw you this morning."

"What do you mean, One-Lamp? Weren't you on these grounds this morning, and didn't I speak to you, and didn't you tell me that you'd never seen me before?"

"I dunno," said Louie weakly. "I been sick. Somebody slugged me and picked my pocket. I can't remember much. I want to talk to you on business, Avery."

"I heard Mrs. Navarre saying that she was going up with your boss, Bob Hamilton."

"Maybe she is. Maybe she ain't. What business is it of yours?"

"Suppose Mr. Hamilton was taken sick. Wouldn't you go up with her then?"

"Maybe I would. Why?"

"And suppose there was an accident up aloft, what would happen?" persisted Louie. "Suppose a flare bomb was to be set off wrong and the balloon got burned—you'd have about half a minute to get away in your parachute, wouldn't you?"



"He Came Into My Room, Knocked Me Down, Gagged Me and Tied Me to the Bedpost!"

"What of it?"

"You couldn't both get away in the parachute? She'd croak, wouldn't she? Croak up there in the burning balloon, and then down she'd come—phut—like a rocket."

"Say, what are you driving at?" demaided Avery, rising to his feet and looking fixedly at Louie.

Louie extracted a wallet from his pocket.

"Fifteen hundred, and the same afterward," he said. "Now, am I talking sense, Avery?"

"I guess so," muttered the pilot, picking up the bills. "Sit down, One-Lamp. Tell me what the meaning of the game is and just what you want me to do."

* * * * * * *

At midnight Sebastian's telephone rang. Sebastian, who was brooding in his library, took down the receiver irritably. "Well?" he demanded.

"This is your friend, One-Lamp Louie," answered the voice.

"You—you—" sputtered Sebastian.

"Keep calm, old pal. I said 'your friend.' I guess she's got it on us all right, and she'll put it across unless we do something. Ever hear of her friend, Bob Hamilton?"

"Confound you, what do you want?"

"Have your friend Bob to lunch before you start for the ground. If he gets taken sick at your house everything will come out all right. Hey! Cut out the questions. I'll attend to the rest of the business. Good-by."

* * * * * * *

Bob Hamilton was in high spirits at the luncheon, and Sebastian showed all the graciousness of which he was capable.

Navarre poured out two liquor glasses of cordial. Bob raised his toward Leontine.

"To a successful flight, madame," he said smiling.

"Queer taste to that stuff," said Bob. "Pretty strong, though."

"It is strong," said Sebastian smiling. "My friend must have been joking when he told me it was like light wine. Well, I think I hear the auto at the door."

He went out. Leontine and Bob were together. The girl looked in astonishment at Bob's flushed face.

"I guess we'd better be—starting," said Bob, with something of an effort. He was watching her in perplexity. "Come along," he said offering her his arm. Only he offered it to space, beside her. He put his hand to his head.

"I guesh that cordial—pretty shtrong shtuff," said Bob.

"Mr. Hamilton! What is the matter?" asked Leontine, as he swayed and clutched at the table.

Sebastian appeared in the doorway, cool and suave as before. "We're ready," he said. "Ready, Leontine? Mr. Hamilton? Why—aren't you feeling well?"

"I'm all right," muttered Bob thickly. "Pretty—shtrong shtuff—"

He tumbled forward on the floor.

"Telephone the doctor! Quick!" insisted Leontine.

Sebastian ran to the telephone in the hall. Leontine kneeled beside Bob Hamilton, who opened his eyes and looked at her in a dazed way.

"Oh, what is the matter?" she cried.

"Wine—drugged," said Bob thickly. "Not old Sebastian's fault. Butler bribed, perhaps. Rivals hate my balloon."

"Never mind the balloon, Mr. Hamilton," cried Leontine, half crying.

Bob struggled up on the lounge. Outside Leontine could hear Sebastian telephoning. And she knew instinctively that he had drugged the cordial.

"Listen," muttered Bob, sitting up. "If I can't go—you must go with my man Avery. Promise me, Madame Navarre."

"Oh, I can't go up—I'm not thinking of that at all," said Leontine.

"You must. You must start at once. Promise me," persisted Bob.

"I promise, then," said Leontine.

"I'm all right now," said Bob, trying to rise as Sebastian came in. "I'm going—take you."

"Nonsense," said Sebastian, hurrying forward. "We must take care of you until you are better, Mr. Hamilton."

Bob leaned against the lounge and shook his head. "No. Got to go up in the balloon," he said.

At that moment the doctor entered. He was a Spaniard, a crony of Sebastian's, and Leontine knew that she would get no help from him. He made a swift examination of the patient.

"What is it?" Sebastian asked.

"I should say," said the doctor suavely, "that this gentleman has been dining not wisely, but too well."

"Nonsense!" exclaimed Leontine angrily. "Mr. Hamilton has been drugged."

The doctor looked at her quizzically. "Of that, madame, you are the only possible judge," he answered.

She looked at Sebastian defiantly. He opened his mouth as if to speak; then turned away and shrugged his shoulders again.

With some show of feeling he assisted Bob into the auto and watched it roll away.

* * * * * * *

Leontine had a curious sense of personal recognition when she met Avery at the grounds.

They were a little late, for the other balloons were ready to begin the flight. A long line of the giant spheres filled the grounds, and an immense crowd pressed and jostled about them.

Suddenly Leontine saw a sight which sent a shiver through her. Not far away among the crowd, were her husband and the woman Bianca.

Then Leontine perceived another thing which added to her disquietude. Approaching her car was the little crook Louie, the man whom she had carried to her home after the attack on him. He was coming straight toward her, and as Avery descended to test the ropes he saw Louie approach him and begin to speak to him.

Leontine's mind went drifting off, as was its wont, to the memories of Jerry in far-away Argentina, and she did not see the look of astonishment upon One-Lamp's face as he accosted Avery.

The mechanician, smiling grimly, climbed back into the car. At that moment Sebastian approached. He had decided to speak with Leontine.

"Leontine—" he began.

The girl saw remorse upon his face. Her husband seemed torn by some internal struggle. "Leontine," he began again, "if you decide not to go—"

Then Leontine saw Bianca, beautiful, alluring, smiling at Sebastian from where she stood among the crowd. The look of remorse disappeared from Sebastian's face.



"This Will Carry You Down Safely," He Said.

He bent toward her and kissed her. "I hope you'll have a pleasant trip," he said.

"Stand clear!" shouted the pilot.

Men were releasing all the ropes of the balloons simultaneously. The great gas spheres strained upward.

At that moment a man, hatless, coatless, and disheveled, came running out of the shed in which Hamilton's balloon had been housed. He rushed up to One-Lamp Louie and gibbered excitedly, pointing to where the balloon was already shooting upward into the sky, Louie stared at him in consternation.

"Avery?" he yelled, above the din of the applauding multitude. "Who—who—who's the man, your double, in the car?"

Avery, shaking with excitement, answered in Louie's ear:

"I don't know. I never saw him before. He came into my room an hour ago, knocked me down, gagged me, and tied me to the bedpost. I've only just worked free."

Louie gripped his arm fiercely.

"You've busted everything!" he screamed. "You've cooked my goose and yours too. Gimme back that money!"

"Well, I guess not," answered Avery with a grin. "It's all right, partner."

"What d'yer mean?"

"The flare bomb's hidden in the basket of the car, and it's set to go off at halfpast eight o'clock this evening. Ain't that what you wanted, One Lamp?"

* * * * * * *

Leontine felt no fear as the earth seemed to slip away beneath her. She leaned dreamily over the edge of the basket and watched the crowds grow smaller, until the black sea of heads beneath was only a blur.

She fell to watching her silent companion, who busied himself with his anemometer and hygrometer. Already, under his guidance, Avery's balloon had taken the lead, and the rest tapered off in a straggling line, the last disappearing in the mists of the horizon.

Slowly the sun dipped into the west. The fleet of balloons had vanished in the distance. They were high above the clouds now, floating in a transparent medium of palest blue. The gorgeous dying orb dipped on the horizon.

It disappeared in a veil of reddening clouds. These faded. The stars appeared. The moon shone, hard and brilliant, overhead. Night fell.

Leontine was aware that her companion was looking at her.

"Are you happier?" he asked gently.

Two tears stole down Leontine's cheeks. She could not answer him. Again the thought of the mysterious Ravengar came to her.

Who was this Ravengar? And who was this Avery?

Suddenly Leontine saw a look of horror in her companion's eyes. He was looking at the bottom of the car. Leontine perceived a small wisp of smoke coiling up among the basket-work.

Instantly the man had leaped forward to where a small fire extinguisher hung. He snatched it up, inverted it, and directed a steady stream from the nozzle upon the blaze. Leontine heard a sputtering sound. The smoke disappeared, to reappear in half a dozen other places. The whole bottom of the car was smoldering, and the fluid from the fire extinguisher seemed to have no effect upon it, unless to intensify the conflagration.

A little spurt of fire was seen. It seemed to lean into existence. It ran along the bottom of the basket. The fire extinguisher was empty.

The man in the car cast a frenzied look upward at the great balloon, its silken coat filled with inflammable hydrogen gas. Already the gas was expanding under the influence of the heat, and the balloon was shooting upward with prodigious rapidity.

"There's going to be an explosion in 15 seconds," said Leontine's companion, dragging the parachute from its rest. He thrust the handle into her hands. "This will carry you down safely," he said. "Don't let go. Understand me? Don't let go. Now, jump." And he drew her toward the edge of the car.

The basket was ablaze from end to end. Yet Leontine hesitated. It was fearful, standing there in the midst of the circling flames and looking down into those fleecy clouds beneath.

"Jump!" cried the man, and forced her over the car's edge.

Leontine fell into space. As she did so the other pulled the cord that opened the valve. The great balloon shot downward, passing her. Then she fell swiftly, and the parachute passed the balloon in turn. The dizzy rush downward turned Leontine faint. With all the intensity of which she was capable, she clung to the parachute handle. Then the swift descent ceased as the wind opened the parachute. She was falling earthward softly, as a feather might fall. Above her head was the black outline of the burning balloon. And standing in the midst of the flames Leontine saw her companion.

The parachute plunged down. The sea rushed up to meet it. Leontine felt the dazing shock of the icy water. She felt the surface close above her head. Then the parachute bobbed up like a cork, and, faint and dizzy, the girl found herself afloat on the waves, the parachute and cork supports holding her buoyantly.

Above her head she saw the fiery mass that hurtled downward.

As she watched, horror-stricken, she saw a column of flame shoot upward. For one moment the lurid light played about the balloon, gilding it against the sky. Silhouetted beneath the sphere she saw the figure of the pilot, standing bareheaded, a tiny outline that disappeared as, with a terrific explosion, the balloon burst and vanished.

Then something came falling from above. It was the long rope that hung from the bottom of the balloon. Leontine's companion was clinging to it. He had jumped for it at the moment when the explosion occurred. Now, from a height of 200 feet, he fell, plunging into the waves.

Leontine cried out in horror as he fell into the water, not a dozen paces from where she floated. She sprang to her feet, while the parachute tipped dangerously, and straddled the floats, peering downward with agonized gaze into the water.

Then the waves cast up their booty. She saw the upturned face of the man staring at her through the green, lapping crests of the ocean. She dragged him, with an almost superhuman effort, upon the float beside her.

The mustache which had hidden the upper lip had come loose from the flesh. It was a disguise. As Leontine stared into the pilot's face he opened his eyes and smiled at her.

And Leontine [illegible] into the [illegible] server, [illegible]

(END [illegible]

THE UNION-BANNER

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W. M. WYATT, Editor.
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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

"Will this war make a President of the United States?" asks the Philadelphia Ledger. We cannot say. But we are willing to make a small wager that this war will unmake at least one Secretary of the Navy.

"Cotton" Tom Heflin says build ships of cotton and thereby get by the submarine. Before we can do that, he should give us some way to get by the boll weevil with cotton. This cold weather is giving the boll weevil the down-hill pull on us.

According to authentic reports, Col. Roosevelt's volunteer army now numbers 180,000 men, including such notables as Senator Borah of Idaho, James A Garfield and Henry L. Stimson, who were members of the Roosevelt cabinet, Robert Bacon, former Ambassodor to France, and Prof. Hiram Bingham of Yale, the noted explorer. The Colonel has perfected arrangements that the entire force sould be mobilized in six weeks, and its first units started on the way to France for intensive training.

We have received a copy of that most useful and handy little volume of 48 pages, Booklet 272 "Roster of the Sixty-Fifth Congress of the United States," published by the American protectove tariff league, New York, and mailed with the compliments of the league to all of its connections. The Roster is a convenience which should be on every man's desk. It contains a full list of the Senators and Representatives of the Sixty-Fifth Congress, and the Congressional Tariff Committees. The large number of letters from congressmen and business men expressing unabated interest in protection as the right American policy in peace or in war are very interesting.

A MAN'S MAN

The finest example of leadership which has been exhibited to this country since the Civil War was contained in the news that Theodore Roosevelt, without the blare of a trumphet or the boom of a drum, has an army of 200,000 men, the flower of the country, at his beck and call, eager and willing to take the measure of the Huns on the battleground of Europe. This is better than the entire administration with its flamboyant posters, spread eagle oratory, appeals to patriotism, bands, banners, and bravos has been able to accomplish since the troops were sent to the Mexican Border. And the reason for it is plain: Roosevelt follows speech with immediate action. He says what he means and means what he says. He goes not around but over obstacles. He is a man's man. It is a judgment on the country for its action last November that we have not more such men as Theodore Roosevelt to handle a situation the gravity of which we are only beginning to appreciate.

GUARD FOREIGN RECRUITING

Washington, May 16.—While Congressman Louis W. Fairfield of Indiana was not opposed to the recent measure that passed the House authorizing foreign recruiting officers to work in this country, he considered it should have contained a selective provision similar to that embodied in the conscription act. Mr. Fairfield pointed out that the men employed in the sugar beet fields of the West are almost wholly foreign labor, many of whom have not yet been naturalized. Furthermore, Mr. Fairfield thinks that men who have been negligent in taking out their first papers should no tbe made liable to foreign military service when they are loyal at heart to this country and may have participated in municipal, state and national affairs. "The bill should be so explicit" said Representative Fairfield, "that these people, who are American at heart and who are perfectly willing to fight under the flag, should be amply protected."

ANOTHER TUNE LATER

The New York World estimates the banks of the country have saved the government at least $5,000,000 by their free service in helping to place the first enstallment of what Mr. McAdoo has christened the Liberty Loan. The war bases its estimate upon the commissions which were paid to Jay Cooke for his services in floating the bonds of the Civil War period; and the inevitable deduction is that [illegible] have done a highly patriot[illegible] have. But we [illegible]ny recogni[illegible] powers at [illegible]ry, there [illegible] of the country will continue to be looked upon as potential criminals to be hedged about with all sorts of ministerial restrictions such as John Skelton Williams is a past master of drawing.

NO STIGMA ON CONSCRIPTS

Congressman William J. Graham of Illinois is of the opinion that we ought to prevent in this country the disgraceful scenes that have too frequently attended the so-called volunteering in other countries. When the army bill was under consideration in the House, Mr. Graham offered an amendment making it unlawful to speak or publish anything in regard to a conscripted soldier "intending to bring such person into public disrepute or disgrace." "There ought not to be any stigma attached to persons who go into the military service under this act," declared Mr. Graham, "and we should so provide in the law"

Upon a vivi voce vote the Speaker ruled his amendment was lost, but Mr. Graham refrained from following the lead of certain other members and did not consume the time of the House by demanding a roll call.

REAL REASON FOR DELAY

There has been much criticism of the delay in Congress in bringing the war legislation to a conclusion. Especially has this criticism been directed against the committee on conference which dealt with the conscription bill; and its members have been accused of hampering the President in his plans for the war. This is unjust. The committee has had no means of knowing what the President's plans for the war may be. He did not tell the committee, he did not tell congress, he did not tell the country. He kept his own counsel and expected everyone else to do as he bade them He cannot justly complain if Congressmen have not moved as he would have them. In fact, if he finds congress slow motioned, he should know the reason. It is because there is no recognized channel thru which the opinions of the President and the deliberations of Congress can be coordinated and made effective. Such a channel would be offered by the joint committee on the conduct of the war which the Weeks-Madden resolution calls for. The President has shown reluctance to have such a committee named and he has thusfar been unable to restrain Congress from creating such a committee. He now finds that it is easier to influence congress not to do something—such as the force of inertia, political as well as physical—than it is to influence Congress to do something. It would only help procure the joint committee, he would find somewhat paradoxically, that he would be able to have many things done easily that now advance with great difficulty.

In the whole field of medicine there is not a healing remedy that will repair damage to the flesh more quickly than BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. In cuts, wounds, sprains, burns, scalds, and rheumatism, its healing and penetrating power is extraordinary. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

SUGAR CANE FOR SIRUP ON SOUTHERN FARMS.

Detailed Discussion of Problem Affecting the Industry are Published in Bulletin.

Washington, D. C.—The culture of sugar cane for sirup production is essentially a small farm industry. Limited areas only are devoted to it on each farm, but nevertheless cane syrup is an abundant article of food and a source of considerable income to the farmers of the gulf states. That the yields could be considerably increased, however, is pointed out in Department Bullein 486, a new publication of the United States Department of Agriculture.

The cost of producing syrup on the south Georgia farms under the conditions which prevailed in 1914, indicated that at that time the price of sugar cane sirup in bulk must be over twenty-three cents a gallon to allow the producer a profit. However, production costs have increased slightly since that date. In recent years the price of syrup in the general market has fluctuated widely. In the fall of 1914 it was abnormally low; a year later it advanced sharply to 40 cents per gallon and more, and recent advances in the price of sugar have been followed by higher prices for syrup.

The margin between cost of production and the market price can be supplanted, the bulletin points out, by a better utilization of the by-products. Of these there are three: (1) The leaves and tops (2) the bagasse (pomace or mash) and (3) the skimmings. With the practices prevailing at present very little use is made of any of these three.

When fresh the tops of the cane weigh approximately from three to four tons per acre. If left exposed, this material soon becomes worthless for feed. Recent eyperiments, however, have shown that the tops may be siloed successfully and that in nutritive value silage of this character is not greatly inferior to silage from whole corn. Moreover, in most of the cane sirup sections there is a shortage of available roughage for winter feeding, thus giving a value to such silage above that represented by its nutritive constituents, and the additional manure resulting from the feeding of these tops is an important consideration. The systems of farming in vogue in the sugar districts tend to deplete the soil of its humus so that the value of manure in these regions is unusually high. For these reasons, it seems that the siloing of sugar cane tops will more than repay the farmer for the labor of filling the silo. In this connection the bulletin already mentioned points out that it is essential to trampt the tops very thoroughly in the silo.

The bagasse—cane from which the juice has been extracted—also has some feeding value while fresh, but it is far lower than that of tops. In the open air it ferments very quickly. Whether or not it can be made into silage with profit is a subject for further tests. In small mills, such as those ordinarily used by the sirup producer, the juice is extracted too incompletely for the bagasse to be used for fuel, and in many cases farmers simply cart it off to some waste land where it will be out of the way. A more profitable disposal of the material is to use it as litter to mix with the barnyard manure. When rotted for about a year in this form it may be applied to potato land or some other lands not injured by fresh applications of manure. In this way needed humus may be supplied cheaply to the soil.

Like the bagasse, the skimmings are now largely wasted on most farms. With proper precautions it is believed that the clear portion of these could be used for sirup making without injuring the quality of the product. Another method is to feed the skimmings while fresh to hogs, or, if suitable apparatus is at hand, they may be boiled down to a thick molasses-like feed which is available for the stock at any time of the year and is greatly relinished.

The cost of producing cane for sirup is enhanced by the fact that the crop can be grown profitably on good ground. In the case of the farmer however who grows only a small acreage, it is impossible to select for the cane crop an area which has been favorably treated in previous years. A very good practice is to precede the cane crop with a crop of corn and cow peas, plowing the latter under. A four-year rotation now practiced in many sections consists of two successive years of corn and cow peas, plowing under the peas each time, then two years of cane. Very good results are also obtained from manuring a field heavily for sweet potatoes and in the succeeding year planting to cane. The quantity of manure available for this plan can be increased by working the cane bagasse into manure and leaving it to rot for the year. In general, it may be said that practically all of the soils used for sugar cane are very responsive to increase in the humus content and that the alert farmer will take every opportunity to add this by plowing under vegetable matter. Where this is done systematically, the cost of fertilization, now an important item in the total cost of producing syrup may be materially reduced.

Sugar cane, the bulletin points out, is not propagated successfully from seed. The commercial method is to plant the stalks either in whole or in part of the old plants. If the root-stalks are left in the ground, they will produce in the succeeding year, another crop known as a stubble or ratoon crop. That however rarely makes as good yield as the first or "plant cane" crop, and if the stubble is left another year the second ratoon crop is usually still smaller. In practice it has been found that it is rarely profitable to attempt to secure more than two crops from one planting and almost never profitable to secure more than three. The amount of cane required for planting is so great as to constitute a heavy drain upon the production. The bulletin points out that this is a strong incentive for undertaking experiments intended to develop cane varities that are more resistent to disease and that will consequently not require such frequent planting.

The bulletin also discusses in detail the methods of preparing the land, cultivating and harvesting the crop, and the cost of making the sirup.

Sallow complexion is due to torpid liver. HERBINE puriles and strengthens the liver and bowels and restores the rosy bloom of health to the cheek. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Congress has passed the bill authorizing Col. Roosevelt to raise his volunteer army to go into the trenches of France and fight the Germans.



Sacked hulls mean convenience and economy

PUTTING Buckeye Hulls in sacks is just one of the important little things that have been done to make this roughage an improvement over the old style. This makes

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BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

easier to handle when putting them in the barn and easier to measure out when mixing feed. It keeps them clean and makes your help think of them as forage—not as bedding.

Even though sacked, Buckeye Hulls sell for much less than loose old style hulls. It costs us money to sack them but we believe that anything that will help you use this product to best advantage is worth the expense.

Other Advantages

Buckeye Hulls are free of lint which has no food value.
2000 pounds of real roughage to the ton—not 1500.
Buckeye Hulls allow better assimilation of food.
No trash or dust.
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Every pound goes farther.

Kimbraugh Bros., Indianola, Miss., say:
"We are using Buckeye Hulls and are very much pleased with them. We think they are superior to old style hulls."

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

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Farmers, Let us Help you Increase your Productions this Season. We are Ready.

Everybody is urging the Farmer to Increase Production. The Merchant can help the farmer to accomplish more if he will give them the right kind of a deal in business. Farmers should get the aid of their merchants.
Our help and assistance is ready for those on the farm. We ask you to let us help YOU.

Clanton Mercantile Co.
Clanton, Alabama.

SAYS THAT PHOSPHATES MAKE BEAUTIFUL WOMEN AND STRONG HEALTHY VIGOROUS ROOBUST MEN

Physicians all over the World are prescribing Phosphates to build up run-down enemic conditions and those who have treated their patients with Argo-Phosphate are changing thin enemic women

With toneless tissues, flabby flesh, into the most beautiful rosy cheeked and plump round-formed women imaginable.

Atlanta, Ga.—Dr. Jacobson said in a recent interview that 90 per cent of enemia comes from nervous breakdowns which can only be corrected by supplying the necessary phosphates to the nervous system that is lacking in the food you eat, and this can be quickly supplied by taking one or two five-grain Argo-Phosphate tablets after each meal, and at bedtime. It will in many cases make a pale, scrawny face the picture of health in a few days, I have seen women that I expect would have to be kept under treatment for months restored to perfect health in one or two weeks time.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The Argo-Phosphates recommended by Dr. F.H. Jacobson contains phosphates such as are prescribed by leading physicians throughout the world, and it will be found the mose effective from for treating patients with nervous dyspepsia, stomach troubles, brain fag, nervous prostration. It will renew youthful vim and vigor and will build up the whole body. If your druggist will not supply you with Argo-Phosphate, send $1 for two weeks treatment, to the Argo Laboratiries, 10 Forsyth, St., Atlanta, Ga.

ANNOUNCEMENT THORSBY INSTITUTE COMMENCEMENT

Because of the necessity of releasing the pupils as soon as possible for their share in the "food campaign" the commencement exercises of Thorsby Institute will occur two weeks earlier than usual. The baccalaureate service will be held at Bates Hall, Sunday night, May 20 at 8:15 with sermon by Rev. Arnold Nelson. The commencement exercises will be held Wednesday night, May 23 at 8:15, p.m. The commencement address will be delivered by Rev. Dwight S. Bayley, Assistant Pastor of the Independent Presbyterian church of Birmingham. The graduates will be Miss Agnes Gerald and Mr. Raymond Carlson. The public is cordially invited to attend these exercises.

CONCERT AT THORSBY

The Thorsby Concert Band and the music department of Thorsby Institute will give a joint concert at Bates Hall Tuesday, May 22nd, at 8:00, p.m. An admission fee of 25c for adults and 15 cents for children will be charged.

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DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

Mr. Will G. Culp of Clanton, Route 4 was in town Tuesday.

MOTHERHOOD

Brides of 35, 38 and even 40 are becoming more numerous year by year. Late or postponed marriage is a serious handicap to motherhood because of changes in the birth canals. But the period may be passed in safety if proper care and attention is rendered.

"Mother's Friend," which is applied by the mother-to-be herself, relieves the strain always experienced when the abdomen expands. "Mother's Friend" has a softening, penetrating effect. The breasts are kept in good condition.

Thousands of women, who have used "Mother's Friend" during their period of expectancy testify to its beneficial effects and many refer to its value in relieving the morning sickness so prevalent during pregnancy.

Obtain a bottle from your druggist today and begin its use immediately.

A valuable book for expectant mothers will be sent free. Send name and address to Bradfield Regulator Company, Dept. J, 554 Atlanta, Ga.

SUDAN GRASS

By D. J. Burleson, Agronomist for Extension.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

In general appearance Sudan grass quite closely resembles Johnson grass, but a very important difference is that the former produces no rootstocks, and therefore does not come up from roots the next year as Johnson grass does, but must come from seed. Hence it can not become a pest in cultivated fields.

Sudan grass is killed by frost, therefore the seed should not be planted until danger from frost is past. However, planting should be done as early as the climate will permit, thus giving a longer growing season and a greater yield of hay. The seed may be planted in drills or broadcast. They are so expensive at present it is advisable to plant in drills about 30 inches apart using 2 to 5 pounds of seed per acre. Two or three cultivations should be given. When seed are not too expensive it may be profitable to broadcast at the rate of 20 pounds of seed per acre.

For hay, the grass should be cut as soon as it is headed out; for seed, when most of the seed are ripe. Three cuttings may usually be made after early plantings. In some sections four cuttings are made by cutting earlier than recommended above.

Sudan grass hay is palatable and is as nutritious as Johnson grass hay.

SCHEDULE OF WAR TAXES

In this issue of the Union-Banner you will find a schedule of the war taxes embodied in the revenue bill which is now pending before congress. This measure, if passed, will place on many lines of business heavy burdens of extra taxes in order to meet the demands upon the treasury caused by the war. Look on page two and read the schedule as it is proposed for adoption.

SHERIFF SALE—REAL ESTATE

The State of Alabama, Chilton County.

By virtue of an order issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama, and to be directed, whereby, I, as Sheriff of said county, was commanded to sell the property described below to make the sum of forty-three and 85-100 dollars principal and interest and seven and 40-100 dollars, cost of suit, the amount of a certain judgment, and cost therein obtained at the Justice of A. F. Childress at the January 20th Term, 1917, of said court of said county, in favor of J. J. Stanley, and against Hunter Nix, and which property was levied upon by H. T. Childress, Constable. Now, therefore, I, H. A. [illegible] as Sheriff will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the court house door of said county, between the hours of 11 o'clock, a.m. and 4 o'clock, p.m. on

Monday, the 21st day of May, 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named Hunter Nix in and to the following described real estate, viz:

Southeast ¼ of the Southeast ¼ of Section 10, Township 22, Range 13, in Chilton County, Alabama.

This, the 18th day of April, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

CANTALOUPE INSECTS

By W. E. Hinds, Entomologist, Alabama Experiment Station.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

In cantaloupe production upon a large scale, three different types of insects may need to be guarded against.

The first of these may be either one of two leaf eating species known respectively as the striped and the 12 spotted cucumber beetle. These beetles attack the young plants, feeding upon the underside of the little leaves especially, and laying their eggs at the surface of the ground where they hatch and the little grubs bore into and feed upon the roots. The beetles appear soon after the plants are up and their damage is most serious during the first month or six weeks. The methods of control consist in applying air slaked lime or dry ashes with which may be mixed powdered Arsenate of Lead at the rate of 1 pound to 10 pounds of the lime or ashes. It is even better if the plants can be treated with a spray containing one ounce of powdered Arsenate of Lead per two gallons of water. This may be applied with a knap-sack pump and an angle nozzle at the end of a 3 and one-half foot extension rod so that the spray may be applied to the underside of the leaves particularly.

The second type of insect is the common sap-sucking melon aphis or plant louse. This species occurs upon other plants also. On the melons the lice multiply on the underside of the leaves and by their feeding cause the leaves to curl about them. The vines should be watched closely for the beginning of this trouble and the first affected plants might have the tips of the vine carefully removed and destroyed, but be careful not to scatter the lice in doing this.

The third and most serious of the Cantaloupe insects is the so-called melon worm which bores into the ripening fruit. There are really two species of these which work in a similar manner. Fortunately the parent moths prefer to lay eggs upon the early squash rather than upon cantaloupes and the eggs may be concentrated therefore by planting a row of squash about every tenth row through the melon field. The young worms feed on the leaves and particularly in the flower buds and occur from the beginning of blooming through the season. The older worms bore into the ripening fruit. The squash row particularly, should be kept thoroughly sprayed with Arsenate of Lead solution as advised for cucumber beetles and it would be well to pick the buds once a week and burn them so as to destroy the forms within.

As a final method of control with all of these pests, stimulate the growth of the plant during the early part of the season especially and burn all remnants of the plants as soon as the commercial crop has been removed, then plow the land and put in some succeeding fall crop.

Barbed wire cuts, ragged wounds, collar and harness galls, heal up quickly when BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT is applied. It is both healing and antiseptic. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

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ONE BUICK ROADSTER

In good condition

Call and see it.

L. J. DUNCAN

Clanton, Ala.

CHEAP FEED NECESSARY FOR PROFITABLE DAIRYING

By J. P. Quinerly, Agent in Dairying.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

There are many factors which play an important part in successful dairying, but the most important one is cheap feed. We must raise the feed at home and feed our cows by the rule of plenty if we wish the dairy to make a satisfactory profit. Very few, if any, of the cows that we have or can buy are efficient enough to declare dividends on bought feed at present prices. For this reason, no farmer should go into the daily business unless he plans to raise practically all his feed at home. His product must be sold to the Creamery on a butter-at basis—and that means from 12 cents to 15 cents for the cream from a gallon of average milk. Even the city dairyman who receives 40 cents or 50 cents per gallon for his milk usually finds it difficult to make much profit on bought feed. The prices received in both cases are high enough. It is a problem of cheaper production—better cows and home raised feed. We must not expect the consumer to pay us a premium on our inefficiency.

Nature's feed for dairy cows is grass and other pasture plants, hence we should devote our best land and attention to pastures. Our long growing season makes it possible to utilize grazing much longer than can dairymen in many other sections. A piece of waste land full of gullies and bushes is not a pasture and cows will not produce profitably under such conditions.

Green, succulent feed is necessary all the year for profitable dairying. "Canned" pasture should therefore be provided for all seasons when field pastures are not good. Fill the silo with corn or sorghum, or both. No farm investment will pay as great dividends as a silo where dairy cows are kept. In fact many farmers who fed silage during the past winter report that they got excellent results and would not think of milking cows again without a silo even if they were sure of an abundance of velvet bean pasture. In many cases the silo has spelled the difference between profit and loss on dairy farms right here in Alabama this season.

We should feed our cows, first all the pasturage or silage they will eat; then what hay (preferably a legume such as cow-pea, peanut, soy bean, or alfalfa) they will clean up; and grain in proportion to their individual ability to produce milk. When on good pasture, a cow does not require much if any hay or grain unless she can produce over fifteen or twenty pounds of milk per day.

Very satisfactory results follow the feeding of velvet beans (in the pod or ground) alone as the grain part of a dairy ration, but it is more profitable to feed some corn meal (or corn and cob meal) and a small percent of cotton seed meal (not over one-fourth of each) with the beans. Experiments and practical experience show that velvet beans in the pod are worth practically half as much as prime cotton seed meal for milk production. They can be produced for $5.00 per ton or $10.00 for two tons—the equivalent of a ton of $40.00 meal.

Nowhere in the world is it possible to raise feed for dairy cows cheaper than in Alabama. And there is no place where the farmer who depends on bought feed will make much less than here.

Why not profit by recent experiences and "play safe" next summer and winter? Plan now for a plenty of raised-at-home feed—real pastures, good silage, and an abundance of velvet beans, corn, and hay. These mean PROFIT in the dairy business.

NEW BULLETIN OF FEEDING VALUE ON VELVET BEANS

The velvet bean is now one of the leading crops in South Alabama and is attracting considerable attention in other parts of the State. A bulletin on the feeding value of this crop has been prepared by G. S. Templeton, Animal Husbandman, and E. Gibbens, Assistant. It is issued by the Alabama Experiment Station as Bulletin No. 192, and is entitled "Cotton Seed Meal Compared with Velvet Beans for Fattening Steers."

The bulletin gives the result of an experiment to determine the value of the velvet bean as a concentrate for fattening steers, the experiment being part of the Local Experiment Work provided for by the Legislature of 1911.

Among other interesting conclusions it was found that the cost of 100 pounds of gain was practically equal, when cottonseed meal cost $35.00 per ton and unhulled velvelt beans $18.00 per ton.

The bulletin may be obtained free of charge by writing the Experiment Station, Auburn, Ala.

SALE OF LANDS FOR TAXES IN CHILTON COUNTY, ALABAMA

The State of Alabama, Chilton County.

Under and by virtue of several decrees rendered in and by the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, on the 7th day of May, 1917, for the sale of real estate for the payment of taxes due for the year 1916, I will on Monday, the 11th day of June, 1917, sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door of said county, in Clanton, Ala., within the legal hours of sale, the following described real estate, for the state and county taxes, fees, costs, and charges to-wit:

Beat No. 2.

No. 253—Hatcher, Mrs. Sallie est. S½ of NW¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 23, Range 12; SE¼ and S½ of NE¼, Sec. 3, T.P. 23, Range 12; all east of Mahan Creek in SE¼ of NW¼ and in E½ of SW¼, Sec. 3, T.P. 23, Range 12; Tax and Cost, $35.00.

No. 436 and 437—Dennis Singletery. NW¼ of NW¼ of Sec. 34, T.P. 23, Range 13; Tax a nd cost for 1915 and 1916, $7.92.

No. 249.—Henson, N. W. House and lot in Jemison, Ala., Lot 3; B.U. 14 lots in Thorsby, Ala., in Henson subdivision 5 to 18 B.T. Inc. Tax and costs, $14.55.

No. 4676.—Wells, C.W. SE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 34, T.P. 23, R. 13; NW¼ of NW¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 22, Range 13; 1 house and lot 3, block J, in town of Jemison, Ala. Tax and costs, $28.50.

Beat No. 4.

No. 1119—Latham, Mrs. M.F. One house and lot 7, Block 1, in town of Clanton, Ala., west of L. & N. Railroad. Tax and Costs, $20.50.

Lunsford, Mrs. N.L.S. Mineral and mineral right only, NE¼ and E ½ of SE¼ and NW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 1, T.P. 23, Range 14; N½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NW¼ and S½ of NW ¼ and N½ of S½ and SW¼ of SW ¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 23, Range 14; S½ of NE¼ and S½, Sec. 3, T.P. 23, Range 14; N½ of Sec. 10, T.P. 23, Range 14; S½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of SW ¼ and E½ of SE¼, Sec. 12, T.P. 23, Range 13; S½ of SE¼, Sec. 13, T.P. 24, Range 13; N½ of NE¼, Sec. 27, T.P. 24, Range 13; NE¼ and S½ of NW¼ and S½, Sec. 15, T.P. 24, Range 14; S½ of NE¼ and S½ of NW¼ and NE¼ of NW¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 24, Range 14; SE¼ and W½ of SW¼ and NE¼, Sec. 19, T.P. 24, Range 14; NE¼ and E½ of NW¼ and S½, Sec. 21, T.P. 24, Range 14; all of Sec. 23, T.P. 24, Range 14; SE¼ and E½ of SW¼ and NW¼ of SW¼ and N½, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 14; all of Sec. 27, T.P. 24, Range 14; NE¼ of NE¼ and S½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NW¼ and W ½ of NW¼ and NE¼ of SE¼ and SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 31, T.P. 24, Range 14; NW¼ of NW¼ and SE ¼ of NE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼ of SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 35, T.P. 24, Range 13; S½ of NE¼ of NE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼ and N½ of SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; SE¼ of SW¼ of NE¼ and SW¼ of NW¼ of NE¼ and N½ of NW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; S½ of NE¼ of SW¼ and NW¼ of SW¼ and E½ of SW¼ of SW¼ and SW¼ of SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; SE¼ of SW¼ and NE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; tax and costs, $43.45.

No. 1198—Matthews, E. A. SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 15, T.P. 22, Range 14; W½ of NE¼ Sec. 21, T.P. 22, Range 15; E½ of NW¼, Sec. 21, T.P. 22, Range 15; W½ of SW¼, Sec. 21, T.P. 22, Range 15; W½ of NE¼, Sec. 20, T. P. 22, Range 15.
NW¼ of SE¼, Sec. 24, T.P. 22, Range 13; SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 23, Range 13; 2½ acres in NE corner SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 30, T.P. 22, Range 16. The following described real property, lying and being situated in the Town of Clanton, Alabama, to-wit: a certain parcel of land west of the S & N Alabama Ry., described as follows, to-wit: commencing at a point on the line of the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., 210 feet south of the intersection of said right of way and the main street, now known as Second Ave. and running thence in a westerly direction, parallel with the main street, 485 feet, more or less, to the line of W. D. Sartor's land, said line of W.D. Sartor's land was known or existed on the 10th day of August, 1893, thence in a southerly direction along the line of said Sartor land line, and a continuation thereof 300 ft., thence in an easterly direction parallel to said main street, 485 ft., more or less to said right of way, thence in a northerly direction along said right of way 300 feet to a point of beginning, being a part of land which was conveyed to John Randolph on the 12th day of February, 1902, by deed which is recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in vol. 24 of record of deeds, on page 387; the said lot or parcel of land above described is known by the official map of the town of Clanton, Alabama, and marked upon said map, "E.Y. McMorris, University School." (The words, "main street" wherever they appear in the foregoing description, refer to the street now known as Second Avenue). And also a tract or parcel of land described as follows, to-wit: beginning at the NE corner of a certain lot, west of South and North Alabama Ry., and south of and bordering on Second Ave., marked on the official map of the town of Clanton, "W.M. Wilson and Bro." and running thence east along Second Ave., 40 feet; thence south 210 feet to the the lot marked on said official map, "E.Y. McMorris University School" thence west 40 feet thence north 210 feet to the point of beginning; and also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described and bounded as follows, to-wit: beginning at the SE corner of the lot marked on the official map of the town of Clanton, Alabama, "E.Y. McMorris University School" and running thence west 160 feet, thence south 80 feet, thence east 40 feet, thence south 280 feet, thence east to the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry., thence north to the point of beginning, also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the NE corner of the lot marked on the official map of Clanton, Alabama, "E.Y. McMorris University School," and running thence west 30 feet, thence north 60 feet to the lot of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., thence east 30 feet to the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., thence south along the said right of way to the point of beginning; and also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described as follows: beginning at the SW corner of the lot marked on the official map of Clanton, Alabama, "E.Y. McMorris University School" and running south 20 feet, thence east to within 160 feet of the right of way of the South and North Alabama Railroad Company, thence north 20 feet, to the south line of said "E.Y. McMorris University School" lot, thence west along said line to the point of beginning, also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Railroad, described as follows: Beginning at the NW of the Episcopal Church lot on the south side of Second Ave, and running thence west along said Second Avenue, and running thence west along said second Avenue 120 feet, thence south 210 feet, thence east 120 feet, thence north along said Episcopal church lot 210 feet to the point of beginning. Dwelling house in West Clanton lot 1; B. 2 dwelling house West Clanton lot 3, B 2, 55 feet north side lot 6; B 2, South 2-3 of B 4 east side lot 11 and 14 B 7. One acre in Sec. 35, T.P. 22, Range 14, west of the J. M. Morgan lot; one house and lots 9, 10, 15 and 16 in Gowan addition in Clanton, Ala. Tax and costs, $377.22.

No. 1364—T.M. Pyron. One house and lot 4, B. 2, in Clanton, Ala., on west side of L.&N. R.R. Tax and cost, $28.20.

No 1425—Sims, R.F. NW¼ of NE¼, less two acres in NW corner and 2 acres in SE corner of NE¼ of NW¼, Sec. 21, T.P. 22, Range 14; tax and costs, $11.47.

No. 1447—Smith, Ophelia (col) Begin at a SE corner of NE¼ of NW ¼, Sec. 12, T.P. 21, Range 14, run thence west 227 yards and north 50 yards and west 20 yards and north 229 yards and east 107 yards south 120 yards and east 140 yards to a land line, 160 yards to point of beginning; also beginning at SW corner of the above described land and run E 200 yards to public road and north 7 feet and west 200 yards to point of beginning in NE¼ of NW¼; tax and costs, $12.50.

Beat No. 7.

No. 2316.—Hicks, Henry S. S½ of Sec. 4, T.P. 21, Range 11; SE¼ of NE¼ and E½ of SW¼, Sec. 8, T.P. 21, Range 11; SE¼ of Sec. 8, T.P. 21, Range 11; SW¼ of NW¼, Sec. 9, T.P. 21, Range 11; E½ of SE ¼, Sec. 22, T.P. 21, Range 11; NE¼ of NW¼ of SE½, Sec. 26, T.P. 21, Range 11. Tax and costs, $62.85.

No. 2320—Hicks, Mrs. M. F. W½ of NE¼ and W½ of SE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 4, T.P. 21, Range 11; E½ of NW ¼, Sec. 4, T.P. 21, Range 11; tax and costs, $18.75.

No. 2453—Bailey, Manuel. SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 8, T.P. 20, Range 11; tax and costs, $7.37.

No. 4793—United Realty Co. SW ¼ of SW¼, less mineral right, Sec. 17, T.P. 21, Range 12; tax and costs, $7.36.

Beat No. 8.

No. 2636—McElwin, J.D. SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 34, T.P. 20, Range 11; tax and costs, $7.94.

No. 2681.—Patterson, D.P. N½ of NW¼ and E½ of SE¼ of NW¼ and W½ of NE¼ and NW¼ of SE ¼, Sec. 31, T.P. 20, Range 11; 3 acres on south side of SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 30, T.P. 20, Range 11; Tax and costs, $41.50.

Beat No. 9.

No. 3146—Mary Smith (col) NE¼ of NE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 22, T.P. 22, Range 13; tax and cost, $7.10.

No. 3172.—Thompson, Lucy B. Lots numbered one to ten, both inclusive, according to the map of Thorsby in Chilton County, said lots being in Block 6 of said town of Thorsby, Ala.; tax and cost, $8.25.

No. 2976—Henry Joseph. NE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 35, T.P. 23, Range 13; All of NE¼ of SW¼, Sec. 36, T.P. 23, Range 13; lying west of railroad, NW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 36, T.P. 23, Range 13; tax and costs, $21.43.

Beat No. 10.

No. 3228—Burkhalter, J.A. SW¼ of SE¼, Sec. 8, T.P. 20, Range 15; 12 acres in north side of NW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 20, Range 15; 10 acres on the E side of NW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 20, Range 15; 15 acres on E side of SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 20, Range 15; tax and costs, $15.29.

Beat No. 13.

No. 3876—Hardy, F.H. NE¼ of SW¼ and S½ and SW¼, Sec. 18, T.P. 24, Range 13; tax and cost, $11.18.

Beat No. 15.

No. 4226—Deason, A.B. SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 6, T.P. 20, Range 13; 10 acres on south side of NE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 6, T.P. 20, Range 13; 10 acres on south side of NW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 5, T.P. 20, Range 13; SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 5, T.P. 20, Range 13; tax and costs, $10.98.

Wintess my hand this 7th day of May, 1917.

J. D. COLLINS,
Tax Collector of Chilton County.



Ask Grandfather—He'll Tell You—

Stop Rheumatism
Before It Takes Hold

You can do it by keeping your blood clean. The kidneys filter about 500 grains of uric acid and other salts from the blood every 24 hours. When there is more than the kidneys can remove, it is deposited in muscles and joints, and painful rheumatism follows. S. S. S., for 50 years the most efficient of all blood tonics, will keep the blood pure and prevent disease. At your druggists.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

S.S.S. Will Stop Disease

SHERIFFS SALE—REAL ESTATE

The State of Alabama, Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed, whereby I, as Sheriff of said County, was commanded to make the sum of four hundred, twenty-two and 90-100 dollars, principal and interest, and nine and 15-100 dollars, costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and the cost therein obtained at the Fall Term, 1916, of said Court of said County, Alabama, in favor of A. E. Walker, as Supt of Banks against John Patton, Jr., and J.H. Patton, Sr., I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the courthouse door of said county, between the hours of 11 o'clock, a.m. and 4 o'clock, p.m.

On Monday the 28 day of May, 1917 all the right, title and interest of the above named J. H. Patton, Sr., in and to the following described real estate, viz:

Lot numbered two (2) in Block numbered "M" and Lot numbered (6) in Block numbered "A", both of said lots being situated in the Town of Jemison, and being as shown by the map of the Town of Jemison made by C. A. Pickett.

Also Lots numbered thirteen and fourteen (13 and 14) in Block "A" in "Park Place" in the town of Jemison as shown by the map of said Park Place.

All the above property situated in the Town of Jemison, Chilton County, and State of Alabama.

This 28th day of April, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at Courthouse door April 25, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Dizziness, vertigo (blind staggers,) sallow complexion, flatulence are symptoms of a torpid liver. No one can feel well while the liver is inactive. HERBINE is a powerful liver stimulant. A dose or two will cause all bilious symptoms to disappear. Try it. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

PATENTS

obtained through the old established "D. SWIFT & CO." are being quickly bought by Manufacturers.

Send a model or sketches and description of your invention for FREE SEARCH and report on patentability. We get patents or no fee. Write for our free book of 300 needed inventions.

D. SWIFT & CO.
Patent Lawyers. Estab. 1869.
307 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

COLORED PEOPLE DELIGHTED WITH NEW DISCOVERY TO BLEACH THE SKIN

Atlanta, G.—, —— says that recent tests have proven without doubt that swarthy or sallow complexions can be made light by a new treatment recently discovered by a man in Atlanta. Just ask your druggist for Cocotone Skin Whitener. People who have used it are amazed at its wonderful effect. Rid your face of that awful dark color or greasy appearance in a few minutes. It costs so little that you cannot afford to be without it. Just think how much prettier you whould look with that old dark skin gone and new soft light skin in its place. Men and women today must care for their complexions to enter soci[illegible]

If your drug[illegible] you with Cocot[illegible] send 25c for a [illegible] cotone Co., At[illegible]

EAT SKINNER'S THE BEST MACARONI



MADE FROM THE HIGHEST GRADE DURUM WHEAT
COOKS IN 12 MINUTES. COOK BOOK FREE
SKINNER MFG. CO. OMAHA. U.S.A.
Largest Macaroni Factory in America.

KIDNEY TROUBLE Is a deceptive disease—thousands have it and don't know it. If you want good results you can make no mistake by using Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney medicine. At druggists in fifty cent and dollar sizes. Sample size bottle by Parcel Post, also pamphlet telling you about it. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents, also mention this paper.

The Natural Procedure.

"How do they begin an airplane meet?" "I guess they do it with a flying start."

A HINT TO WISE WOMEN.

Don't suffer torture when all female troubles will vanish in thin air after using "Femenina." Price 50c and $1.00—Adv.

Just as Important.

It is a fine thing to cultivate the vacant lots in the city, but vacant spots in the country should not be overlooked.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

ELIXIR BABEK A GOOD TONIC
And Drives Malaria Out of the System.
"Your 'Babek' acts like magic; I have given it to numerous people in my parish who were suffering with chills, malaria and fever. I recommend it to those who are sufferers and in need of a good tonic."—Rev. S. Szymanowski, St. Stephen's Church, Perth Amboy, N. J. Elixir Babek, 50 cents, all druggists or by Parcel Post, prepaid, from Kloczewski & Co., Washington, D. C.

Dogs and the Dye-Pot.

The Chinese sleeve-dogs, called Pekinese, are so fashionable nowadays and fetch such high prices that breeders of them are making a lot of money in the business. Also dealers.

Unfortunately, the dealers are not always honest, and it is just as well to avoid buying such dogs from street venders and other nonresponsible persons. The animals may not be exactly what they seem.

The color specially desired for a Pekinese is a delicate shade of brown. Dogs of this kind are of various hues; but an unscrupulous dealer finds no serious difficulty in making them brown, to match any shade. He simply dips doggy into a pail of hydrogen peroxide a few times until his coat is well bleached and then dyes him, by like means, to the fashionable tint.

A Local Magnate.

"Are you the postmaster?"

"Yep."

"Gimme two stamps."

"Here ye are. I also sell dry goods, groceries, hardware an' coffins. Need anything of th' sort?"

"No. I'm just passing through here Fact is, I'm on my way to the station now."

"That so? I operate th' only hack line in town. Sam, my driver, will take yer to th' depo' for a quarter."

Lawyers Got It After All.

The inseparable Simpkinson brothers of Los Angeles decided that they would save the expenses of lawyers' fees in case of the death of one of them by making out checks to each other. One of them died recently and the other took the check for the amount of his estate to the bank. The bank refused payment because the author of the check had died, and the lawyers got the money after all.

Caught.

"Last night I looked through the keyhole into the parlor where sister was with her beau."

"What did you find out?"

"The gas."



WHAT!
NO SLEEP LAST NIGHT?
If coffee was the cause change to POSTUM and sleep!
Reason"

MOBILIZE TROOPS AT MONTGOMERY

CAPITOL CITY SELECTED AS MOBILIZATION SITE FOR CONSCRIPTED SOLDIERS.

MORE MEN FOR THE MILITIA

National Guard Ordered Recruited To Its Full War Strength by Wood.

Montgomery.—Simultaneously with the announcement of Gen. Leonard Wood that Montgomery would be selected as a mobilization camp for the conscripted soldiers organized in the southeast, came an official order from Washington for the extension of the Alabama National Guard to full war strength. This will mean an addition of between 2.000 and 3,000 men to the enlisted strength of the organization.

Gen. Robert E. Steiner will work out a plan so each company may establish a recruiting office at its home station. The cavalry regiment recently was enlisted to full peace stength, but the new order means an addition of about 50 men to each company.

The designation of Montgomery as a mobilization point means that about 5000 men will be stationed here during the training period.

School Tax Carries in Calhoun.

Anniston.—Education scored a triumph in the election and illiteracy was given a black eye by the patriotic voters of Calhoun county, who went to the polls and spoke in favor of wiping out the conditions that have too long prevailed to the hurt of Calhoun county. The two-mill school tax has been assumed by the voters and Calhoun county will henceforth march in the ranks of progressive element, who favor increasing the school facilities of the people in the rural districts.

Tallapoosa Bond Issue Carried.

Dadeville.—An election as to whether or not Tallapoosa county should issue $245,000 bonds for paying debts created for constructing public roads and bridges was held and the bond issue carried by a good majority. The returns show that 775 votes were cast for the bonds and 475 against. The bonds will mature 30 years from their date and will bear interest at a maximum rate of 5 per cent., payable semi-annually.

Court Term Cut Short.

Goodwater.—The spring term of the circuit court recessed to metet again some time in June. The grand jury was organized and charged by Judge S. L. Brewer, to only make an investigation of the jail cases, which was done, and the body adjourned, returning only two indictments. One negro was given a life sentence for murder and another given a four-year term for manslaughter.

Cold Retards Cotton.

Clanton.—The unusual cold winds from the north have retarded the growth of cotton in this section of Alabama. It is true that in the three counties of Elmore, Autauga and Chilton not more than 20 per cent of the usual acreage was seeded, and it is feared now that the yield for 1917 will not reach 20 per cent of a normal.

Training to Be Resumed.

Montgomery.—The army officers who have been busily engaged in examining applicants for the officers' reserve training camp assignments will now have time, it is stated, to resume the training of the volunteer military training class, which has been ably handled in their absence by a detail from the National Guard.

Morgan Suffragists Organize.

Hartselle.—Miss Lola C. Trax of Baltimore, Md., representing the National Woman's Suffrage association, made an address at the city public school auditorium. A local organization was formed to be known as the Hartselle No. 10 beat committee, Morgan county branch of the Alabama branch of the Alabama Equal Suffrage association.

Farmers Diversifying.

Dadeville.—Tallapoosa county is taking a great step toward feeding itself this year. Farmers around Dadeville are diversifying their crops as never before, and are not taking a long chance with the boll weevil again. Corn, peanuts, velvet beans, peas and sorghum are being planted largely.

Plant to Be Rebuilt.

Decatur.—The plant of the Decatur Box and Basket company, which was destroyed by fire, will be rebuilt, according to announcement, and the capital stock of the concern increased from $10,500 to $25,000. The plant employs 60 men.

Flag to Be Purchased.

Albany.—The 2000 employes of the local shops of the Louisville and Nashville railroad have started a subscription with which to purchase a huge American flag to fly over the shops. None of the employes will be allowed to contribute more than 10 cents.

State Normal Closes.

Jacksonville.—Forty-one seniors received their diplomas when the winter session of the State Normal school closed May 16.

Daugette Grand Master Odd Fellows.

Birmingham.—The seventy-seventh annual session of the grand lodge of Independent Order of Odd Fellows was brought to a successful close with the installation of Palmer P. Daugette of Star lodge, No. 288, as grand master, who, upon his installation into office, made a strong speech to the membership, urging upon them the necessity of continuing their interest in the order and asking them to institute at least one new lodge in each county in the State of Alabama during the next 12 months. He was pledged a hearty response from each member present. The feature of this session of the grand lodge was the resolution adjourning the grand lodge to the first Tuesday in August, 1919. This is the first time in the history of Odd Fellowship that the grand lodge has not met annually and Grand Master Palmer P. Daugette will be the first Odd Fellow in the state to serve two successive terms as grand master.

Jury Makes Sweeping Indictment.

Birmingham.—Making a sweeping indictment against thec ounty treasurer, the board of revenue, the circuit solicitors, ad advocating a series of changes, the report of the grand jury, read before Judge W. E. Fort, promises to cause a sensation. It recommends: The discharge of the three deputy circuit solicitors, James Davis, John McCoy and Wallace McAdory. The return by Prof. Moses Henry, county treasurer, of $637.50 to the American Trust and Savings bank paid as half of the premium of his bond. The raising of the county treasurer's bond to nearly a million dollars. The board of revenue to change its system, after indicting it for poor management and general laxity. Investigation of thec onvict camp situation, the accounts of the road tax collectors and other matters.

Vote Upon Aldermanic Form.

Sheffield.—Acting upon the petition filed with the president of the city commission of Sheffield by the probate judge of Colbert county, asking that an election be held for the return to the aldermanic form of government and the abandonment of the city commission form, an election has been called by President Sam C. Cocke for Tuesday, May 22. All qualified electors will participate in the election, at which a majority will decide the issue. If the commission form of government is defeated, the governor will appoint a mayor and an alderman from each of the five wards in thec ity to serve until the next regular city election.

Three-Mill Tax Is Winner.

Florence.—The result of the election as to whether Lauderdale county would endorse the three-mill tax was officially announced and the law carried by a majority of over 200. The vote was very light at all the voting precincts.

Crops Are Set Back.

Goodwater.—The cool weather of recent days has given a decided setback to the crop products and growth has been retarded fully a week. In addition to the injury caused by this weather, all corn in the county is suffering from the ravages of the bud worm as never before. Numbers of farmers are forced to plant again.

16,000 Acres in Beans to Be Planted

Albany.—Well pleased with experiments in growing the velvet bean conducted last year, Morgan county is this year tackling the new industry on a large scale. Sixteen thousand acres of the beans will be planted in Morgan county cornfields this year, according to the estimate of County Farm Demonstrator J. T. High.

Interest in Canning Clubs.

Dadeville.—Much interest is being taken by the women and girls of this community in planting vegetables for canning purposes. Numerous canning outfits have been purchased and the surplus vegetables and fruits will be conserved for winter use.

Despondent Girl Kills Herself.

Huntsville.—Miss Clara Owensby, aged 18, of Paint Rock, killed herself by shooting, following an alleged altercation with her stepmother. The young woman also was said to have been despondent over the departure of her sweetheart for service in the army.

Lodge to Buy Bonds.

Gadsden.—The local lodge of the Knights of Pythias were the first to take an organized step to purchase government war bonds. The local lodge has authorized the trustees to invest as much of the founds as is expedient in the war bonds. This will amount to about $1000.

Health Survey Rejected.

Gadsden.—The health survey of the county proposed under the auspices of the county and state health officers and the Rockefeller Institute, will not be held in this county. The county commissioners rejected the proposition because they did not think the county could afford it at this time.

Miss Wilson to Florence.

Florence.—Thursday, May 17, was "Margaret Wilson Day" in Florence. Miss Wilson came to Florence under the auspices of the Music Study club, and the proceeds of them usicale were donated to the newly organized Red Cross society.

Sewerage Being Installed.

Dadeville.—Work is rapidly progressing upon the installation of Dadeville's sanitary sewerage system. When completed it will be one of the most modern systems in the state.

GOVERNOR ISSUES PAROLES TO FOUR

CONDITIONED ON THE FUTURE GOOD CONDUCT OF THE CONVICTS.

NEWS FROM STATE CAPITAL

What the State's Servants Are Saying, Doing and Undoing—Official Acts Disclosed.

—Montgomery.

Four paroles were ordered issued by Governor Henderson. The governor announced that the paroles were conditioned on the future good conduct of the convicts and the observance of all laws in the future.

Those released are Clifton Trawick of Calhoun, convicted of grand larceny and sentenced to 15 months; Mattie Robison of Bullock, given two years for bigamy; Ed Gilchrist of Lowndes, sentenced to one year and one day for grand larceny, and Will Evans of Calhoun, convicted of grand larceny and given 15 months.

Rate Hearing Delayed 25 Days.

Decision in the petition of the Birmingham Civic Association, filed with the Alabama Public Service Commission and heard for the first time when J. J. Jackson, attorney for the association, sought to get from the roads a proportional freight rate from Birmingham to stations on the Warrior will be delyed for more than 25 days. The Commission allowed to the association fifteen days for filing its printed brief as amended to embody clearly the nine roads operating in the district, and to the railroads ten additional days for presenting their answer to this argument.

Every Convict Has Chance.

Governor Henderson paroled Will Dillis of Bullock county, charged with false pretenses on condition of his future good conduct. The records of the governor's office, recently reviewed, show that in the first two years of the Henderson administration, 500 state prisoners have been pardoned or paroled. The governor said when questioned on the subject ,that the number of paroles may be increased rather than diminished during the remainder of his term of office. Every individual that is within the walls, or under guard at the convict camps of the state, may cherish some hope of clemency, for the chief executive intends to make a survey of the record of each prisoner before he leaves the work to his successor, and those that are deserving of paroles will receive them.

Martin Rules on Licenses Cases.

In an opinion from the attorney general, State Auditor Allgood is informed that brokers in Alabama will not be required to pay the $14 per $1000 on their gross commissions, required under section 11 of the license act of 1915, provided the broker merely solicits business and sends his orders for approval to another state. A broker at Selma raised the question, having been required by the tax collector to file a statement for his commission. Auditor Allgood has also been advised that poolrooms are not entitled to a refund of any part of the license money paid the state, if they are put out of business by municipal ordinances during the time for which they have paid. The attorney general is of the opinion that section 18 of the license act, providing for a refund, in case any business licenses are stopped by law, does not apply, where it is stopped by ordinance.

School Fees Ruled Upon.

No school fees of any kind can be charged during the compulsory education period. This is an important decision rendered by the attorney general and given to Superintendent Feagin. "As the recent statute places the entire control of the public school founds of the county in the hands of the county boads of education and gives them the right to determine all incidental expenses, it results that whatever the county boards determine as to incidental expenses will be held valid; for in each instant they may examine what incidental expenses are to be paid out of the public revenue and what, if any, shall be assessed and collected from the pupils; provided taht any rule and regulation which they may invoke for the assessment and collection of incidental fees shall not place an assessment on those pupils whose circumstances are such that the imposition of the incidental fee would prove a hindrance," said the attorney general.

Prohi Violator Paroled.

Governor Henderson paroled Jim Williams, convicted in Clay County of violating the prohibition law.

Cases Taken Under Advisement.

The Birmingham packing house rate case and the Mobile molasses feed case were taken under advisement by the Alabama Public Service Commission and some decision in both of these petitions may be expected within the present month. The Heflin depot case was continued.

Waslace Files Announcement.

John H. Wallace, Jr., made his formal announcement required by law, with the Secretary of State naming W. A. Gunter, Jr., as his manager.

To Keep Tab on Housewives.

Housewives in the canton of Basel-City are in a fever of excitement, according to a Lausanne dispatch to the European edition of the New York Herald. The edict has gone forth that gendarmes in that canton can enter any private house on the meatless days, Tuesday and Friday, and inspect what is cooking in the "marmite!" One can imagine the welcome a gendarme will receive from a German-Swiss "frau" as he crosses the threshold of her kitchen.

There has been a perfect storm of abuse over it in the grand conseil of Basel-Ville, but the vote was 75 against 16. Cooking meat on Tuesday and Friday is punishable by fines up to 1,000 francs, and one month's imprisonment.

HEAL BABY RASHES

That Itch, Burn and Torture With Cuticura—Trial Free.

A hot Cuticura Soap bath is soothing to irritated skins when followed by a gentle application of Cuticura Ointment. Use Cuticura for every-day toilet preparations to prevent such troubles. After this treatment baby sleeps mother rests and healment follows.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Not Her Drink.

Little Isabel's mother had very injudiciously allowed her to drink weak tea with her meals instead of milk.

One day Isabel was taken out to lunch at a friend's house, and the friend, never dreaming that a child could drink anything other than milk, placed it before her in a broad, low, fancy cup.

The child gazed at the milk in silence for a while, and then astonished her hostess by remarking disdainfully, "I ain't a cat."—Buffalo Express.

YES! MAGICALLY! CORNS LIFT OUT WITH FINGERS

You say to the drug store man, "Give me a small bottle of freezone." This will cost very little but will positively remove every hard or soft corn or callus from one's feet.

A few drops of this new ether compound applied directly upon a tender, aching corn relieves the soreness instantly, and soon the entire corn or callus, root and all, dries up and can be lifted off with the fingers.

This new way to rid one's feet of corns was introduced by a Cincinnati man, who says that freezone dries in a moment, and simply shrivels up the corn or callus without irritating the surrounding skin.

If your druggist hasn't any freezone tell him to order a small bottle from his wholesale drug house for you.—adv.

Town Turns Back on Tramps.

On the ground that no man ought to be unemployed at the present time, the guardians of an English town have decided to ignore the existence of tramps and to provide neither food nor lodging for them. They will have their reward, for the fraternity will give the place a wide berth.

ON FIRST SYMPTOMS use "Renovine" and be cured. Do not wait until the heart organ is beyond repair. "Renovine" is the heart and nerve tonic. Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

Many a woman is perfectly happy if she succeeds in getting the neighbor's hired girl away from her.

AN OPERATION AVERTED

Philadelphia, Pa.—"One year ago I was very sick and I suffered with pains in my side and back until I nearly went crazy. I went to different doctors and they all said I had female trouble and would not get any relief until I would be operated on. I had suffered for four years before this time, but I kept getting worse the more medicine I took. Every month since I was a young girl I had suffered with cramps in my sides at periods and was never regular. I saw your advertisement in the newspaper and the picture of a woman who had been saved from an operation and this picture was impressed on my mind. The doctor had given me only two more days to make up my mind so I sent my husband to the drug store at once for a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and believe me, I soon noticed a change and when I had finished the third bottle I was cured and never felt better. I grant you the privilege to publish my letter and am only too glad to let other women know of my cure."—Mrs. Thos. McGonigal, 3432 Hartville Street, Phila., Pa.



STOCK LICK IT—STOCK LIKE IT



For Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Contains Copperas for Worms, Sulphur for the Blood, Saltpeter for the Kidneys, Nux Vomica, a Tonic, and Pure Dairy Salt. Used by Veterinarians 12 years. No Dosing. Drop Brick in feed-box. Ask your dealer for Blackman's or write

BLACKMAN STOCK REMEDY COMPANY
CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC
Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores

ECZEMA!



Money back without question if HUNT'S CURE fails in the treatment of ITCH, ECZEMA, RINGWORM, TETTER or other itching skin diseases. Price 75c at druggists, or direct from A. B. Richards Medicine Co., Sherman, Tex.

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers, or 6 sent by express prepaid for $1.00.



HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DE KALB AVE., BROOKLYN, N. Y.



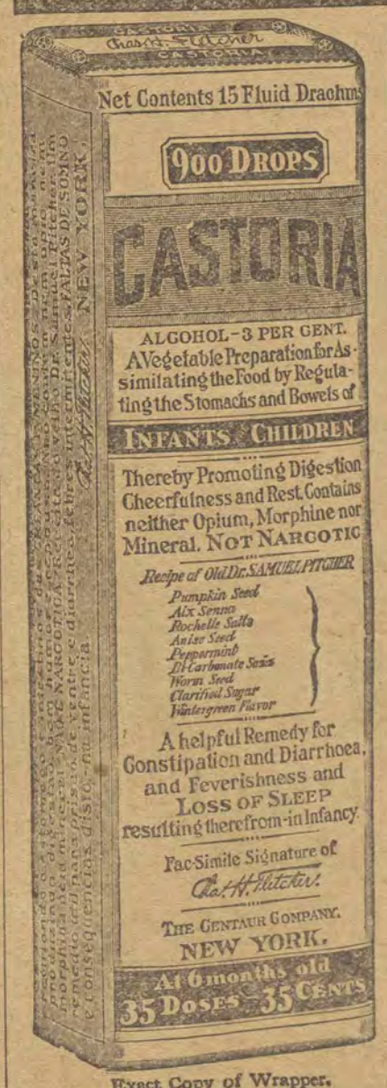
PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff.
For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair.
50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

Money If you wish to raise money for any purpose, present the play "The Suffragettes Convention." Easily staged, very humorous, big success. For particulars write Mrs. Joel S. Aiken, Greenwood, S. C.

Rats and Mice Quickly exterminated. No cats, poisons or traps needed. Learn secret and keep them away. Perfectly harmless except to rodents. Secret costs $1; will send it for 75c. Address Joe Dykes, Kingsland, Ark.

Lily Face Cream Prevents wrinkles; beautifies and preserves skin. As a powder is unexcelled. Box 75, Long Beach, Calif.

W. N. U., Birmingham, No. 20--1917.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria
Always Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

MINISTERS OF GOSPEL PUT TANLAC TO TEST

Well-Known Ministers of the South Come Out Openly and Fearlessly and Tell What They Know to Be the Truth About the Medicine That Has Helped Them.

RARELY will a minister of the Gospel indorse a proprietary medicine. The preacher's high calling, the influence he commands puts a grave responsibility on his every word. He will not jeopardize his reputation by commending a thing without first assuring himself it is all right. His word carries as much weight in the home, on the street, or in the public prints as in the pulpit.

When ministers of some of the greatest communions in the land indorse Tanlac their words carry conviction. They say what they know to be the truth. They have put Tanlac to the test of personal service and have not found it wanting.

The proprietors of Tanlac have received countless testimonials from people in every walk of life, earnestly commending it. Among them are a number from prominent ministers of various churches. A few of these are printed below.

Rev. W. C. Norton is pastor of the Wesley Memorial church of Jacksonville, Fla. He says:—"I suffered from chronic indigestion for years. I seldom slept well and had severe headaches. Since taking Tanlac I feel as well as ever I did—sleep splendidly and eat anything I want. Tanlac has restored my health and I feel it my duty to recommend it."

Rev. A. H. Sykes, pastor of Watkins Park Presbyterian church, Nashville, Tenn., says:—Mrs. Sykes suffered from stomach and kidney troubles and a nervous breakdown. Tanlac restored her health—she is gaining strength and flesh rapidly—her full restoration is but a question of time."

Rev. E. G. Butler, pastor of Central Baptist church, Muskogee, Okla., says:—"I had attacks of acute indigestion. Results from taking Tanlac have been most satisfactory—am glad to recommend it as the best medicine I have ever tried."

Rev. F. M. Winburn, Methodist, San Antonio, Tex., says:—"I had no appetite—suffered from weakness and general debility—could not work without quickly tiring. Found Tanlac just what my system needed. I consider Tanlac a good medicine to build up run-down systems."

Rev. R. J. Taylor, pastor St. Pleasant Baptist church, Franklin, Tex., says:—"Grippe left me in very bad shape—had indigestion, nervous headaches—could not sleep well. Tanlac gave me a good appetite, strengthened my nerves. I sleep well as ever—have gained five pounds."

Rev. A. L. Tull, Methodist, Atlanta, Ga., says:—"My granddaughter was a nervous wreck from indigestion. Tanlac gave her an appetite—she can eat anything. She is on the road to recovery."

Rev. Jas. H. New, Baptist, Clarkston, Ga., says:—My wife had severe cramps, headaches, and was very nervous, badly run down, weak and thin. Tanlac caused her troubles to disappear—she never complains now."

Rev. A. J. Vallery, former superintendent Bethany Home, Monroe, La., now of Memphis, Tenn., says:—"Three years ago I had a general breakdown with indigestion—had rheumatic pains in legs. Since taking Tanlac am relieved of indigestion—rheumatic pains have stopped—feel like a new man. I give Tanlac my unqualified indorsement."

Rev. John M. Sims, Baptist, Atlanta, Ga., says:—"I suffered from nervous indigestion and inactive liver—digestion badly impaired. Tanlac corrected these troubles entirely—gained ten pounds taking two bottles."

Rev. W. T. Roby, Pastor West Lonsdale Methodist church, Knoxville, Tenn., testifies from personal experience as to the great benefit he derived from taking Tanlac for disordered stomach.

No greater praise can be given a remedy than the unsolicited testimony of men whose lives are devoted to the betterment of their fellow men. Their integrity cannot be doubted. They serve their calling often at great personal sacrifice. Tanlac has helped them—they say so because they want to do you good.

There is a Tanlac dealer in your town.—Adv.

She Is Nemesis of Wildcats.

Miss Catherine Modine of northern Curry county, credited with being the champion bobcat huntress of the state, has filed application for one of Uncle Sam's homesteads in the timber reserve. Miss Nodine and her shepherd dog have accounted for more than 100 wildcats and lynxes, says a Brandon dispatch in the Portland Oregonian.

With her mother, she successfully conducts a stock and dairy ranch near Denmark, doing their own plowing, fencing and land clearing. There is not a man on the place and there is not a better-developed ranch for its size in that neighborhood.

To Drive Out Malaria And Build Up The System

Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC. You know what you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out malaria, the Iron builds up the system. 50 cents.

His Job.

"Judge, you know I ain't guilty; won't you give me another trial?" pleaded the frequent offender.

"Surely, I'll give you another if you get into this court again. Ten dollars and costs."

Mean Consolation.

"Dobbs has been stealing all my best ideas. Now, what would you call that?" "Petty larceny."

Bruises should be judged solely by the way they were obtained.

If your eyes smart or feel scalded, Roman Eye Balsam applied upon going to bed is just the thing to relieve them. Adv.

Many a man thinks himself a genius because he lives by his wits.

Looking Backward.

"Mrs. Gadder speaks of a spread that cost a thousand dollars or more as a 'little dinner.'"

"Yes, and did you ever notice the far-away look in Mr. Gadder's eyes sometimes when she makes a statement like that?"

"No. What do you suppose it indicates?"

"I guess he's thinking of the time when he was glad to get a cup of coffee and a dish of beans for his dinner."

He May Have Been, At That.

"I have heard that Mrs. Gailbird's husband is a literary man," said Miss Inna Sentte.

"Gee, that gives me some snappy news. Where did you hear it?" asked her friend.

"Why, it must be true. I heard father say he was a bookmaker."

IMITATION IS SINCEREST FLATTERY but like counterfeit money the imitation has not the worth of the original. Insist on "La Creole" Hair Dressing—it's the original. Darkens your hair in the natural way, but contains no dye. Price $1.00.—Adv.

Power of a Name.

"Don't call this play 'A Cloudy Night.'"

"Why not?"

"How then can you star in it?"

Speaking of economy, the only thing you will lose by using "Dead Shot" — Dr. Peery's Vermifuge, will be Worms or Tapeworm. One single dose sufficient, without castor oil in addition. Adv.

Nature and environment give every person a character, but they have to supply themselves a reputation.

Every policeman in Berkeley, Cal., now has an automobile.



Carter's Little Liver Pills For Constipation

A vegetable remedy that always gives prompt relief in constipation. Banishes that tired feeling altogether and puts you right over-night, stimulates the Liver gently, but quickly restoring it to full and healthy action, and the stomach and bowels to their natural functions. Making life worth living.

Small Pill
Small Dose
Small Price

Brent Good

Genuine bears signature

ROSY CHEEKS or colorless HEALTHY COLOR indicates Iron in the Blood. Pale or faces usually show its absence. A condition which will be much helped by CARTER'S IRON PILLS

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of the Sunday School Course of the Moody Bible Institute.)
(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR MAY 20

THE IMPORTANCE OF SELF-CONTROL—TEMPERANCE LESSON.

LESSON TEXT—Isa. 28:1-13.
GOLDEN TEXT—Every man that striveth for the mastery is temperate in all things.—I Cor. 9:25.

Wine in the Scriptures is spoken of under four aspects. First, social, that as illustrated by its use at the marriage in Cana. We must not, however, confuse this wine with the spirituous, strong drink of this present day. Second, medicinal (Prov. 31:6-7; I Tim. 5:23). These passages do not command us to use it as such, and God has very graciously revealed to us in modern medical research the futility of the use of alcohol in the matter of medicine as a remedy. Third, sacrificial wine (Matt. 26:27-29; Luke 22:17-20), and, fourth wine is spoken about as productive of the woes of men (See Amos 6:1; Heb. 2:15; Prov. 23:20). It is also mentioned by way of contrast (See Eph. 5:18).

The Scriptures speak of drunkards in four different ways: (1) They are to be stoned (Deut. 21:20); (2) Drunkards lead to poverty (Prov. 23:21); (3) Drunkards are to be separated from other men (I Cor. 5:11); (4) they are to be finally separated from God (I Cor. 6:9).

Abstinence from strong drink is enjoined in the Scriptures under three heads: (1) the priest and Nazarite (Num. 6:3; Luke 1:15); (2) the ruler (Prov. 31:4); (3) those who are to worship Jehovah (Lev. 10:3).

This particular lesson is taken from a portion of Isaiah's prophecy where he is anticipating what is about to happen to Samaria, and uttering his warnings unto Judah.

I. The Steps of Intemperance. First, **Disgrace and Dishonor** (v. 1). The city of Samaria is compared to a chaplet of flowers on a drunkard's brow, which shall be trodden under foot because of his inebriety. Drunkenness seemed to have been so widespread as to become a national sin. Second, **Disease and Degeneracy** (v. 2). The pride of beauty spoken of in verse one is to "fall to the earth." This glorious beauty was after all only a "fading flower" (I Pet. 1:24). The coming of the Assyrians upon Samaria is described in a three-fold way: (1) As a "tempest of hail"; (2) as a "destroying storm;" (3) as a "tempest of mighty waters overflowing." The thought contained is that of widespread and overwhelming destruction. Back of this work of devastation and destruction and desolation was the wrath of God against sin (Ch. 2:4-9). All earthly pride shall be trodden under foot. Samaria, "a fading flower," was to be greedily eaten up by the oncoming enemy.

II. Those Reached by Intemperance. Strong drink causes men to err in their conduct, in their moral insight, in their judgments. It reaches the beautiful (v. 1); it reaches the learned (v. 7); it reaches those in authority; in fact all classes. It leads men to the depths of degradation and to the loss of their wills (v. 8); it makes men to become beasts, wallowing in their own vomit. Not only Samaria, but "these also" (vv. 7 and 8), that is people of Jerusalem have erred through wine and strong drink. Even the priests and the prophets had and do so now (See Ch. 56:10-12; Micah 2:11). The priests were especially inexcusable because of the plain directness of God's word (Lev. 10:9-10; Ezekiel 44:21). The result of their intemperance was that they utterly failed in their official acts. They reeled in vision and stumbled in judgment. The use of wine and strong drink made their social gatherings filthy and disgusting. Temperance is the habit of abstaining from everything that destroys. It is the control and right use of God's good gifts for service. Intemperance is lack of control or the wrong use of God's gifts in self-indulgence.

III. The Lesson in Contrast. Jerusalem vs. Samaria. Samaria's crown of pride was not the glory of God. Its beauty was a fading flower (v. 4), his wisdom contemned through the ignorance of Samaria (vv. 6, 7, 12), his strength versus their weakness and wickedness (vv. 6, 13). God teaches by contrast as well as by direct precept. Verses nine and ten may be taken as a mocking answer of the people to God's prophet. Isaiah intimates that the time to begin our instruction is in childhood (v. 9), that precept must be upon precept, and line upon line, here a little and there a little. There never is a time when we can let up in this struggle against the mighty evil of intemperance.

Take as a reply (v. 9) this would seem to indicate that God took them to be babies just weaned. If the prophet, himself, is the speaker, then Jehovah is represented as teaching knowledge to babes and not to the self-sufficient. It is these whom he "makes to understand his message" (R. V.), and the method of his teaching is precept upon precept. If we will not hear God's loving and patient call to repentance he will speak to us through cruel enemies. If we will not teach our children, if we will not keep everlastingly agitating this question, he will use other means (v. 11).

SENATE PASSES ESPIONAGE BILL

SAID TO BE MOST DRASTIC EVER ENACTED IN CONGRESSIONAL HISTORY.

EMBARGO CLAUSE RETAINED

Efforts to Retain Provisions for Newspaper Censorship and Prohibition Are Defeated.

Washington.—After nearly three weeks of debate, ranging over innumerable problems of the war, the Senate, by a vote of 77 to 6, passed the administration espionage bill, pronounced one of the most drastic and all inclusive measures in American congressional history.

A similar bill has passed the House, and virtual redrafting of many of the most important provisions is expected in the forthcoming conferences.

During the final consideration, the Senate stripped the measure entirely of provisions for newspaper censorship and restriction upon manufacture of grain into intoxicating liquors; and rejected an amendment designed to curb speculation in food products, although sentiment obviously was overwhelming in favor of such legislation later.

As completed, the Senate bill's principal sections provide:

Authority for the President to embargo exports when he finds that "the public safety and welfare so requires" (not in the House measure);

Authority for the postoffice department to censor mails and exclude mail matter deemed seditious, anarchistic or treasonable, and making its mailing punishable under heavy penalties;

For punishment of espionage, defined in most detailed terms, including wrongful use of military information;

For the control of merchant vessels in American waters;

Punishment for conveyance of false reports to interfere with military operations, willful attempts to cause disaffection in the military or naval forces or obstruction of recruiting;

For the seizure of arms and munitions and prohibition of their exportation under certain conditions;

For penalizing conspiracies designed to harm American foreign relations or for destruction of property within the United States;

For increased restrictions upon issuance of passports, with penalties for their forgery or false procurement; and, for material extension of the power to issue search warrants for inspection of premises.

The clause giving the President power to embargo exports was retained in the bill virtually as drafted by administration officials. It was modified once, but the unqualified provision was restored after its necessity had been explained last week in a day's session behind closed doors.

FAMOUS DIPLOMAT DEAD

Joseph H. Choate, Former Ambassador to Great Britain, Dies Suddenly.

New York.—Joseph H. Choate, former United States ambassador to Great Britain, died at his home in this city.

Mr. Choate had been ill only a few hours. He had taken a very active part in the entertainment in this city of the British and French war missions and attended services at the cathedral of St. John the Divine with foreign minister Balfour.

Mr. Choate was referred to by Mayor Mitchell at one of the entertainments in honor of the war missions as "the foremost citizen of New York."

Mr. Choate was taken suddenly ill and was assisted to his bedroom and his personal physician, Dr. William G. Draper, was called, but Mr. Choate died before he arrived. With him at the time of his death were members of his family.

Dr. Draper announced that death was due to heart disease.

RECRUIT TO WAR STRENGTH.

Organization of 44 New Regiments. Total of 116,455 Men Needed.

Washington.—Orders to bring the regular army to its full war strength of 293,000 men were announced by the war department. Organization of 44 new regiments will begin with further efforts to stimulate recruiting and bring in the 116,455 men needed to fill up the ranks.

Since April 1, 67,443 men have accepted and officials are confident that the full number will have been enrolled as war time volunteers before June 15.

Cooperage Plant Destroyed by Fire.

New York—A four-story brick building, occupied by the Brooklyn Cooperage company, in what is known as the "eastern district freight terminal," was destroyed by fire with a loss estimated at $250,000. The flames were so menacing that all the fire fighting apparatus in Brooklyn and Queensborough, as well as 13 engines from Manhattan, was called out. The origin of the fire has not been determined.

The cooperage company makes all the barrels used by the American Sugar Refining company.

CALOMEL SICKENS! IT SALIVATES! DON'T STAY BILIOUS, CONSTIPATED

I Guarantee "Dodson's Liver Tone" Will Give You the Best Liver and Bowel Cleansing You Ever Had—Don't Lose a Day's Work!

Calomel makes you sick; you lose a day's work. Calomel is quicksilver and it salivates; calomel injures your liver.

If you are bilious, feel lazy, sluggish and all knocked out, if your bowels are constipated and your head aches or stomach is sour, just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone instead of using sickening, salivating calomel. Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and your bowels regular. You will feel like working. You'll be cheerful; full of vigor and ambition.

Your druggist or dealer sells you a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone under my personal guarantee that it will clean your sluggish liver better than nasty calomel; it won't make you sick and you can eat anything you want without being salivated. Your druggist guarantees that each spoonful will start your liver, clean your bowels and straighten you up by morning or you can have your money back. Children gladly take Dodson's Liver Tone because it is pleasant tasting and doesn't gripe or cramp or make them sick.

I am selling millions of bottles of Dodson's Liver Tone to people who have found that this pleasant, vegetable, liver medicine takes the place of dangerous calomel. Buy one bottle on my sound, reliable guarantee. Ask your druggist or storekeeper about me. Adv.

W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

$3 $3.50 $4 $4.50 $5 $6 $7 & $8 FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers. The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the Fashion Centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

Ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you with the kind you want, take no other make. Write for interesting booklet explaining how to get shoes of the highest standard of quality for the price, by return mail, postage free.

LOOK FOR W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom.



BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTES

Boys' Shoes
Best in the World
$3.00 $2.50 & $2.00

W. L. Douglas
President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co.,
185 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

Muffin Recipe.

A few weeks after Mr. Newlywed was married he said to his wife one morning: "Martha, I wish you'd write to that old colored cook your folks have in Atlanta, and find out how she makes the splendid muffins that we used to have there for breakfast."

Mrs. Newlywed did so, and about a week later received the following reply:

"Dear Missy: To make the muffins you-all spoke about take as much cornmeal flour eggs molasses sugar salt and butter as you think you need, cording to the number of persons you think you're going to have stir them all together and bake in a hot oven."—Mrs. Estelle Goodfellow, Maine.

HAS NEVER BEEN NERVOUS

Since Taking Cardui, and Does Not Now Suffer Any Pain Writes Georgia Lady.

Trenton, Ga.—Mrs. Ella Gifford, of this place, writes: "I have always suffered from painful . . . but was worse after marriage. I would have . . . pains and misery in my stomach and hips. I would have a bad sick headache every time, which would generally last two days. I had always heard what a good medicine Cardui was, so I thought I would try it. I used two bottles and it helped me.

"Fifteen months later I began to be nervous and was worse at my . . . But at these times I did not have any pain and do not now suffer any pain. But I was very nervous, so nervous that my hands would shake. Any noise would make me jump. So I took two more bottles of Cardui. I have never been nervous since . . . and do not have any pain. I think this is all due to Cardui and Black-Draught."

Cardui, the woman's tonic, is composed only of pure, vegetable ingredients, which have been recognized for many years by standard medical books as of great medicinal value.

With a wonderful record of over 40 years to its credit, Cardui has proven its merits in the treatment of ailments peculiar to women.

If you are weak and nervous, and need a good, reliable, female tonic, try Cardui. At any drug store.—Adv.

Testing the Soil.

Test your garden soil for acidity. Procure a dime's worth of blue litmus paper at a drug store. Make a slit or incision in the damp soil, put in a paper two-thirds its length and leave it for a half-hour. If the change of color is to red or deep pink your soil needs heavy liming. If there is no change of color liming will be of little value.

BABIES AND GROWING CHILDREN need a tonic to tone up the system and regulate the liver. Mothers are constantly using with wonderful success, our "Plantation" Chill and Fever Tonic. Pleasant to take—contains no Calomel. Price 50c.—Adv.

The annual loss in this country from hog cholera exceeds $50,000,000.

NEW EXPLOSIVE BEING USED

Rochambolite, Introduced by French on Western Front, Has Terrible Effect on Enemy.

Rochambolite is a new and terrible explosive that has recently been introduced on the western front by the French and employed in the defense of Verdun, says the Argonaut. The explosive, when tested in action at Verdun, was found to possess a most terrible and demoralizing effect upon the Germans.

The explosive is a powder which, upon ignition, changes into a molten metal and a very large volume of gas in an infinitely small space of time. This sudden change in volume and the terrific heat which is generated cause an immense pressure on the walls of the vessel that contains it, shattering the walls and hurling the molten metal and wall fragments in all directions, spreading death and destruction in their path.

The effect of this molten metal on the Germans can hardly be imagined. Pieces of metal upon striking them immediately burn their way deep into the flesh, even to the bone, causing intense pain and suffering to the victim. So deadly and so demoralizing have the French found this explosive to be that they are now utilizing it on the entire front.

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription othine — double strength — is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

Natural Elation.

Why the ecstatic frame of mind?" asked the man he met as he stepped off the car. "You seem supremely happy. Has the beauty of spring got into your blood; has a rich uncle died and left you a million; have you a new baby in the family, or has the boss raised your salary?"

"None of those things," answered the man who had the grin, "but something almost as nice. The conductor didn't take up my fare."

Nothing to Worry Over.

Guest—Gracious! You've spilt wine over my dress.

Host—So sorry, but luckily none of it has gone on the carpet.

Disagreeable and Dangerous Trouble is diarrhea, but a speedy and certain cure is found in Mississippi Diarrhea Cordial. Price 25c and 50c.—Adv.

No, you can't be a military genius by training your mustache to make you resemble a pig with a split nose.

The laxative properties of W[illegible]'S INDIAN V[illegible]TABLE PILLS are [illegible] ural result of their tonic action [illegible] why they are an ideal Spring M[illegible]

He who pursues two [illegible] succeed in catching nei[illegible]

When Your Eye[illegible] Try Murine [illegible] No Smarting — Just [illegible] Druggists or mail. [illegible] MURINE EYE [illegible]

New Goods.

I Have Received a Complete Line of Spring and Summer Dry Goods and Notions.

Have a Full Stock of Mens' and Boys' Ready Made Suits, Also Hats, Shoes, Hose, and Ties, in fact anything you may need to wear.

Also have a Nice Line of Ladies' Dress Goods—Latest Out, and Worth Buying.

It Will Pay You to Visit My Store Before You Buy.

I BUY EGGS AND ETC., AND PAY THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back."

CLANTON, ALA.

Saves Doctor's Bills

Instead of calomel and other violent purgatives, which are dangerous as well as nauseating, it is better to use a reliable medicine like

Granger Liver Regulator



Under date of Oct. 27, 1916, J. W. Clark, Lafayette, Ala., R. F. D. No. 4. writes: "I have been using Granger Liver Regulator in my family for years and find it to be a fine family remedy which has saved numerous doctor's bills. I always keep it in my house and would not be without it."

Sold by druggists, 25c a box. Refuse all substitutes.

Granger Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn

Col. and Mrs. A. C. Smith were visitors to Montgomery last Saturday and Sunday.

John Patton, Jr., of Jemison was in Clanton Monday.

J. J. Stanley of Thorsby was transacting business here Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Houston Rodgers dined at Mr. Durbins Sunday night.

OAK HILL NEWS

Sunday School at this place is progressing nicely under the leader, Mr. J. B. Northcutt.

Mr. and Mrs. Rodgers went to Union Grove Saturday and Sunday to preaching.

Misses Ola Rodgers, Gulda Williams Blanche Farris and Mary Howard took dinner with Misses Pearl and Florence Cullum, after which they went to the singing at Rocky Mount.

Miss Essie Parker had a singing Saturday night, and a large crowd was present.

Miss Essie Parker spent the day Sunday with Misses Gertrude and Ara Durbyn.

We have prayer meeting here every Sunday night with our leader, Uncle Jack Glasscock.

Mrs. L. K. Durbyn spent Sunday evening with Mrs. J. Parker.

We are progressing nicely with our Childrens Day practicing which will be given the Second Sunday in June.

Mr. Vesta Rodgers of Brighton came down Friday and spent the day with his mother.

We are glad to see Mrs. Dave Williams up again after a serious operation.

We are sorry to hear of the death of Mr. Jim Martin.

Watch your label.

"Sudden pain from over-strain"



Every Housewife or Mother is ever under that Nervous Strain which so often results in Headaches, Dizzy Sensations, Faintness, Depression and other Nervous Disorders.

Dr. Miles' NERVINE is Highly Recommended in Such Cases.

IF FIRST BOTTLE FAILS TO BENEFIT, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

BADLY RUN DOWN.

"I had become greatly run down and my nerves were in terrible condition. I had frequent headaches and became very weak and was unable to do anything. I bought a bottle of Dr. Miles' Nervine. I soon began to feel better, my nerves were quieted. I recovered my strength, and have since recommended Dr. Miles' Nervine to many of my friends who have used it with satisfactory results." MRS. FRANCES WHITLOCK, 179 Broadway, Schenectady, N. Y.

Groceries

NEWEST, FRESHEST AND BEST LINE OF STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

Farmers are Cordially invited to Trade With Us and to Make Our Store Yours While in Town for Spring Buying.

Best Market Prices Paid for all your Country Produce.

WE WILL APPRECIATE YOUR PATRONAGE AND GUARANTEE A FAIR TREATMENT.

W. Littlejohn.

CLANTON, ALA.

SOY BEANS FOR PORK PRODUCTION

By J. C. Ford, State Pig Club Agent.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

Soy beans are not nearly so well known or so generally grown in Alabama as they should be. In some sections of the State they are largely grown and a few farmers here and there in nearly all parts of the state grow them, but they should be grown on practically every farm.

There are many varieties of soy beans, but without a doubt the one best variety for Alabama is the Mammoth, sometimes called the Southern Yellow. This variety grows large and yields heavily, though it is later maturing than most others.

Soy beans may be planted in April, May or early in June. Early plantings usually make heavier growth and larger yields of seed than late plantings. For pork production two plantings are desirable, one in April and the other possibly after oats. A half bushel of seed will plant an acre in drills wide enough to permit cultivation. Do not plant when the soil is very dry, as they must come up quickly or they will not come at all. After they are up, however, they are quite drought resistant. Shoot a few rabbits and hang them in the soy bean fields just off the ground, or poison the rabbits by spraying the young plants along the outside rows with Paris green or arsenate of lead. After they get well started rabbits will not bother them.

Unlike cowpeas, soy beans complete their growth before beginning to fruit. They then bloom from bottom to top at one time and the pods ripen at practically the same time.

For best results in pork production, the hogs should be turned in to graze the beans when the pods are very small, about three-fourths of an inch long. They will then eat the soy bean leaves for a few weeks without doing much damage to the crop, unless too many hogs are turned in. If the beans are three feet high, six to ten hogs weighing 75 to 100 pounds each may be grazed on each acre. Be sure to feed one good feed of grain each day, for hogs can not do well on leaves alone. Even when the seed mature some grain should be fed. Soy beans are extremely rich in bone and muscle building compounds and really need some corn to balance them properly.

At Auburn an acre of soy beans has been found to carry 10 hogs from 40 to 60 days, the hogs gaining a pound or more each per day. With hogs selling at 7 cents the soy beans proved to be worth from $25.00 to $40.00 an acre.

Hogs do not get as fat on soy beans as on peanuts, but the fat is quite soft like that produced by peanuts. If a half ration of corn is fed while the hogs are on the beans and they are then put in lots and fed for three or four weeks on a slop of corn meal and cotton seed meal, in the proportion of two parts of corn meal to one part cotton seed meal, the carcass will be much improved, though not as firm as a straight corn-fed hog.

Soy bean seed may be bought from any seed house, or any County Agricultural Agent can furnish information as to where they may be had.

Newton Aldridge has gone to Marion, Ala., to take up a position as telegraph operator.

C. R. Foss of Thorsby was a visitor to Clanton Saturday.

R. T. Grant of Verbena was in town on Saturday.

Miss Bertha Smith was a visitor to Montgomery the latter part of last week.

A. F. Mims of Cross Roads was here Monday.

R. C. Riggins of Route 4 was in the Union-Banner office Monday and subscribed for the paper.

Hon. George Stewart of Montgomery, Referee in Bankruptcy, was in Clanton Wednesday morning on his way to Jemison where he was going ing on official business.

G. O. Foshee, J. H. Ducan and Uncle Dick Jones are spending this week on the river fishing.

If your eyes are giving you trouble, call and see Dr. Baxley, Mullins Bldg.

The First and the Last

THE FIRST STORE COMING IN TOWN FROM THE WEST AND THE LAST STORE GOING OUT WEST. I SELL CHEAP FOR CASH. I HANDLE MEAT, LARD, FLOWER, SUGAR, COFFEE, TOBACCO, AND SNUFF, ALSO MIXED FEED—IN FACT NEARLY EVERYTHING TO BE FOUND IN A GROCERY STORE I ALSO PAY THE MARKET PRICE FOR CHICKENS, EGGS, BUTTER, BEAS WAX, HIDES, TALLOW, AND BRIGHT RIBBON CANE SYRUP. WHILE IN TOWN CALL ON ME AND GET ACQUAINTED WITH MY LINE... I GUARANTEE A FAIR AND SQUARE DEAL TO ALL.

W. A. Huckabee

THORSBY ITEMS

Mrs. Lida Jones, County Demonstration Agent in home economics, spoke at the chapel at Thorsby Institute on Thursday of last week and gave a demonstration in canning at the Girls Dormitory Saturday evening. Mrs. Jones' work is certainly very important at this time and she deserves the full support of the county.

Rev. E. W. Butler spent Wednesday and Thursday of last week in Atlanta attending the Trustees Meeting of the Atlanta Theological Seminary.

Mrs. Wade, proprietress of the Hotel Wilson, Clanton, was in Thorsby last Saturday.

Misses Juanita Atkinson of Jemison, Agnes Leary, Lillian Pate and Mr. Edward Howard of Thorsby, were guests at the Girls Dormitory Sunday.

The Luther League of the Lutheran Church will give an ice cream social in the church park on Friday evening of this week. Everyone is invited and a good time is promised for all.

Rev. J. P. Leaf of Tennessee Ridge will conduct service in the morning and afternoon in the Sweedish Lutheran Church on Thursday of this week.

Mr. Clarence C. Hamilton of Boston, Mass., representing the United Society of Christian Endeavor, was in Thorsby Saturday of last week. He spoke to a fair sized audience at the Congregational church at three o'clock in the afternoon. Mr. Hamilton made his hearers feel personally acquainted with Father Endeavor Clark, Daniel Poling and other leaders of the world-wide movement by his description of them and their work.

Misses Mae Belle and Della McJunkin left for their home in Cullman county Saturday where they will help their parents in the food campaign.

Messrs Uriel Williamson and Kenslar Farrell, who have recently enlisted in the army, were in Thorsby Saturday night and Sunday in their new uniforms. Mr. John W. Ford was here Wednesday and Thursday last. Mr. Bernard Landrum spent Monday night in Thorsby.

Mrs. Sereno E. Norton leaves this week for a visit with relatives in Chicago, from which place she will go to Grinell, Iowa to witness the graduation of her son, Sereno G. Norton, from Grinell College.

Miss Elizabeth Hoopes, Matron of Thorsby Institute, accompanied Mrs. Lida Jones to Minooka Saturday afternoon where a meeting was held in the interest of home economics work.

Mr. Gus Berlin made a business trip to Birmingham on Thursday of last week.

Several representatives of the Poultry and canning club of Verbena attended the canning demonstration at the dormitory Saturday.

The Helen Keller Literary Society of Thorsby Institute held their last meeting for this term of school last Saturday night, when the following officers were elected for next year: Raymond B. Kicklighter, President; Lula Winslow, Vice-President; Agnes Leary, Secretary; Olga Soberg, Treasurer; and Walter Morgan, Custodian.

The Botany Class of Thorsby Institute went on a "hike" Friday afternoon and enjoyed a pleasant time eating their lunch by the camp fire and returning in the twilight. They were accompanied by Principal S.H. Herbert and Miss Marion B. Clark.

The Boy Scouts of Thorsby took a "hike" Saturday afternoon. After much fun and amusement in picture making, playing games, and other activities, lunch was prepared over the camp fire. They were accompanied by Scout Master Raymond B. Kicklighter.

A "MOTHERS DAY" PETITION

The following petition was presented and acted upon in each of the three churches of Thorsby Sunday, May 13, which was Mothers Day. Copies have been sent to the President, the two Senators from this State and the Congressmen from this District:

Thorsby, Ala., May 13, 1917.

On this "Mothers Day" the congregation assembled for worship in the (name of church) of Thorsby, believing that in no other way can we more truly honor our mothers or their memories, and the motherhood of the nation, than by taking action which aims to conserve the welfare of the children whom these mothers have borne, do hereby direct the officers of this church to petition in our behalf the president of the United States, or our representatives in Congress, or both for nation-wide prohibition of the liquor traffic, to be in force at least until the war shall end.

Our president has called upon us all to make great sacrifices for our country and for humanity. All must agree that in time of war the burden of sacrifice falls more heavily upon the mothers whose sons or whose husbands are bearing arms. The mothers have a right to demand and they are demanding, and we unite with them in demanding that our government give its largest protection to their boys and withdraw its protection from that business whose success means at the same destruction of millions of dollars worth of food products, and what is of infinitely greater significance the destruction of the moral character and of the physical welfare of the thousands of our own young men both within and outside of the army.

By vote of Church,

(Signed).....Pastor.

(Signed).....Clerk.

HIGH SCHOOL NEWS

Teacher, to a Senior—Can you tell me the five women's capes?

Senior—No, Sir, don't know what you mean.

Freshman—Well, I'd be ashamed, being in high school for four years and can't tell as simple a question as that.

Senior—Well, since you are so bright, lets hear from you.

Rreshman—Well, first, Cape of Good Hope (that's when she's sixteen); second, Cape Flattery (that's when she's twenty); third, Cape of Look Out (that's when she is twenty five); fourth, Cape Fear (that's when she is thirty); fifth, Cape Farewell (that's when she is forty).

Commencement exercises will start Thursday evening and last until the following Tuesday evening.

Thursday evening at 8:00 o'clock, exercises of the graduates in music.

Friday evening at 8:00 o'clock, exercises of undergraduates.

Sunday morning, 11 o'clock, Commencement sermon, also preaching at 8:00 Sunday evening.

Monday evening, 8:00 o'clock, Play by undargraduates.

Tuesday morning at 10:00 o'clock, graduating exercises Seventh grade students.

Tuesday evening at 8:00 o'clock, Graduating Exercises of the Senior Class.

This will probably be the last of the High School News for this term. I am glad that I had the honor of writing the News, and with the help of the reporters always tried to write something that would interest the readers. Hoping that you will have a better editor next term, I thank you all. REUBEN LOWE.

RUB-MY-TISM—Antiseptic, Relieves Rheumatism, Sprains, Neural-



Makes Wagons Last Longer

Get more years of service from your wagons and farm machines. Keep them painted with

Lowe Brothers

Wagon Paint

Seals the pores of the wood and keeps out moisture. Prevents decay and saves the iron parts from rust. You can do the work during spare time. Ask to see the Wagon Paint colors.

CLANTON HARDWARE COMPANY

CLANTON, ALA

VIRGINIA GIRL

Gained 15 Pounds By Taking Vinol

Norfolk, Va.—"I suffered from nervousness, had no appetite and was very thin. Nothing I took seemed to help me until one day a friend told me about Vinol. I have now taken six bottles and have gained fifteen pounds; have a good appetite and can eat anything."—MATTIE DENNING, Norfolk, Va.

Vinol is a constitutional remedy with its formula on every bottle. It creates an appetite, aids digestion and makes pure, healthy blood. Try it on our guarantee.

Upchurch Drug Co., and all leading Druggists in Alabama towns.

NOTICE TO SUNDAY SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT

I want to say to all Sunday School people in Beats 4 and 11, which is District No. 4, that Mr. S. L. Gibson of Verbena, Ala., will serve as President of your District from now on till the County Convention will be held about the 25th-26th of July. Please give him your cooperation, and if you need any help tell him about it. He is able and willing to help you.

A card from each Superintendent in your District with your name and address and the name of your school sent to him will help him and be appreciated very much.

DELLA WILLIAMS

FOR SALE

One Gasoline Engine, one steel frame and tank, all in good condition, for sale by Chilton County. If interested apply to L. H. REYNOLDS, Judge of Probate.

When the baby takes too much food the stomach turns; the result is indigestion, sourness and vomiting. Frequently the bowels are involved and there is colic pains and diarrhoea. McGEE'S BABY ELIXIR is a grand corrective remedy for the stomach and bowel disorders of babies. It is pure, wholesome and pleasant to take. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Everybody - NOTICE - Important

I have just received a large assortment of Shoes of all kinds, including Men's and Ladies' Low Cuts and Tennis Slippers which were bought last year before the Prices were so high. I have a full line of Dry Goods, too numerous to mention. In fact I have a full line of Everything which must be sold at once in order to raise Cash. I buy Cattle.

L. H. REYNOLDS

CLANTON, ALA.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., MAY 24, 1917. NUMBRE 8.

JUNE 5 REGISTRATION DAY FOR SUBJECTS TO SERVICE

All men between 21 and 31 will be compelled to Register for Selective Draft by Conscript Law.

The President has designated the 5th day of June as the day on which all male citizens between the ages of 21 and 31 must register for selective draft of service for the United States army under the new conscription law recently enacted by Congress.

There is no exceptions to the operations of the registration provisions. All who are past their 21st birthday, and have not yet reached their 31st birthday by the day of registration, will be subject to registration. There are no exemptions from registration at all. Every man within the age limits prescribed must go to his voting place, where he will find a person officially designated to register him. One registrar will be stationed at each voting place in the county.

The applicant for registration will be furnished with the necessary blank or blanks, upon which he will place the facts and information asked for by the government.

There are no excuses for misunderstanding of the requirements of the details concerning registration. There is but one thing to it. All within the specified age limits will be required to register, and they had as well go and do so according to law, without any trouble.

It will not be wise, if anyone should be so disposed, to attempt to evade the duties of registering. Heavy penalties have been set for those who might attempt such a course and there is not one chance for them to fail to register and not be caught up with.

ALL MUST REGISTER

Despite the clear statements as to the registration for the war draft, there are constant debates and differences of opinion as to the registration ordered for June 5. There is no need to err as to the order, but men do err.

Every man who is 21 years old, and every man who is 30 and not yet 31 has to register. Whether he be white or red or yellow or black, he must show up at the registration place. Whether he has one arm or two, whether he has one leg or none, he has to register. Furthermore, he cannot escape it for more than a few days, and he will be punished for dodging. The United States government government is in earnest, and it will get every man within the ages. The man who is one day over 21 and the man a few days under 31 will be caught and brought in if they do not appear on June 5 in the precinct in which they live. It is the law, and the law will be enforced. Make no mistake about that.

A family doctor may tell you that you are unfit for military service, but that does not excuse you from registering. It will take a verdict of the army surgeon to excuse any man for physical reasons. Nothing excuses a man from registering except real sickness on that day.

Not all who register will have to go. There are more than ten million men within the age limits and the government only wants two million. At registration, a man has only two chances of ten in getting in, After the unfit are excused, and after the exemption of farmers, mechanics, and others needed at home, the chances will get down to about even that a young man will be taken.

All that is government matter, however. All must register. Then the proper authorities will decide about the qualifications. It is the duty of every man inside the ages to go and register, or he will have trouble. A man under 21 does not have to go the registration at all, neither does a man who is 31 or older.

The Editor has had the pleasure of meeting Mrs. Henrietta Debrich, of Stevenville, Ohio, who has purchased the well known Fox Farm at the Gap of the Mountain, from the former owner and priprietor, Mr. W. W. Fox. Mrs. Debrich comes to Chilton County with all the enthusiasm and energy that characterizes the northern farmers, and plans to make her farm and home an idel one.

We are glad to welcome such citizens to dwell with us in the finest land of Dixie's wide domain.

WARRANT HOLDERS ARE TO BE PAID BY JUNE 1

Officials urge holders to Deposit their Warrants with Treasurer Bice.

All parties holding warrants against Chilton County will deposit the same with J. Bice, Treasurer. He will be able to pay the same about June 1st.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

MULBERRY NEWS

The farmers in this community are beginning to wish they had some rain.

Misses Alma and Eva Poole visited their sister, Mrs. Alphis Grooms recently.

Mr. Tom Carter, wife and sister, Mrs. Emma Wallace visited relatives in Maplesville Friday.

Mr. Will Houston from Kelmer has been visiting relatives in this community recently.

Rev. Beaves filled his regular appointment Saturday and Sunday with good sermons.

A few of our young folks attended the singing at Pleasant Grove Sunday.

Miss Ethel Raspberry is at home from Birmingham.

Mr. Bill Veazey and family visited relatives at Pleasant Grove and attended the singing Sunday.

Mr. Will White made a business trip to Coosa last week.

Mrs. Lida Jones met with our clubs last Tuesday afternoon and will meet again in June. We hope all our members will be present.

Mrs. Jack Grooms, who has been on the sick list is no better.

Ralph Manning is at home from Mt .Berry School in Ga., on a vacation.

Miss Inez Wright from Pleasant Grove is visiting relatives in this community.

Mr. Jim Raspberry and Mrs. Lula Lamar from Clanton attended services at Mulberry Sunday.

Mr. Ernest Edwards of Lawley visited home folks Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Tom Eilam and Miss Maggie Cox from Golden Ridge attended services at Mulberry Sunday.

LUCY

IMPORTANT FACTS ABOUT FERTILIZING CORN CROP.

Farmers should notice what is Said herein by Mr. Wade State Commissionerof Agriculture.

It is evident that the acreage planted to corn in the state has been increased forty to fifty per cent and farmers are to be congratulated for taking such a forward step. A large yield of corn is the greatest need and probably the most profitable crop that can be grown under the present food and feed emergency. A great part of the increased acreage is poor upland, which will make a profitable yield only by the use of commercial fertilizer. Farmers should fertilize their corn within the next two or three weeks. It has always paid me to apply about two or three hundred pounds of fertilizer around my corn at the second or third plowing or when the corn was between one and two feet high. Ordinary 12-2 fertilizer will pay but nitrate of soda or sulphate of amonia is best. Nitrate of soda is hard to obtain and almost prohibitive in price and for that reason heavily amoniated fertilizer like 10-4-0 is recommended. We do not recommend side fertilization for cotton under present conditions.

Cultivation of Corn.

It often happens that a yield of corn is unprofitable on account of the wrong kind of fertilization. A deep cultivation is injurious and it should have been done before the corn was planted. Plowing too close to the corn with the point of the plow is also injurious. All cultivations should be shallow and the point of the plow run further from the corn with each cultivation. I have seen good corn ruined by the last cultivation being too deep or wrapping up the rows with a turning plow to cover vegetation. Such plows as turning plows pick up all the top soil and the corn roots and pile them up around the stalk only to dry out and subject the corn to a quick stunned condition just before or at the time of the fruiting. Such methods of laying by corn do more harm than good. Cultivation should be shallow, regular and the soil should be worked toward the corn gradually.

It is not too late to plant corn on damp rich bottoms. This kind of land can be found along the creeks and branches much of which may yet be put into cultivation. The largest yields and cheapest corn ever produced in the state have been made on this type of land, planted in May or any time up to the middle of June. We have many opportunities and a plenty of time to further increase the acreage in corn. It is not advisable to plant dry, thin upland so late.

J. A. WADE.

CEDAR GROVE

I wish to announce through the columns of this paper that there will be a singing at this place every fourth Sunday morning and every second Sunday afternoon by Prof. Lowery and others. Everybody is cordially invited to come and bring their 1917 song books.

ROBERTA COLLINS

Don't forget your Subscription.

THE CHILTON COUNTY SINGING CONVENTION

Musical Organization Held an Important Session on last Sunday.

The Chilton County Singing Convention met with Pleasant Grove on May 20th and spent the day singing which was the best we have had in some time.

James Franklin led the opening song after which we were led in prayer by J. N. Scott. Vice-president then took charge (as our president was absent) and appointed Messrs W. G. Culp, James Franklin, and C. C. Coburn for program committee.

The following directors were placed on program with three songs each for the forenoon: J. W. Lowery, C. C. Coburn, W. G. Culp, James Franklin, F. Iven Popwell and O. L. Devaughn.

Refreshments were served in abundance at noon, perhaps by the good ladies of Pleasant Grove Community.

The afternoon directors were: J.C. Veazey, C. N. Oden, Akins Collins, A. H. Glasscock, R. A. Smith, and Freeman Scott, who directed three songs each. W also had two quartets by J. W. Lowery, James Franklin, W. G. Culp and C. N. Veazey and C. N. Oden which was fine.

Organists for the day were: W. G. Culp, Misses Mary Etta Walker, Eva Franklin, Mrs. Dummie Jones, and Freeman Scott.

Now, as a whole, this was a day spent in which everybody seemed to enjoy themselves. We had a class full of good singers all day, a house full of very attentive listeners and the very best of order of which the convention is very thankful. We were led with closing song by Vice-president, J. W. Lowery at 3:15, "I need thee every hour." Prayer by Rev. Champion.

F. IVEN POPWELL, Secy.

OAK HILL.

Dear Editor: Please allow me a space in your paper to say a few words. Our people are enjoying very good health just now.

We are glad to see Miss Essie Parker able to be up after a serious illness.

We are glad to have Mr Grady Hedley in our Sunday School again.

Mr. Argnus Robinson, a member of the National Guard, visited his sister, Mrs. Otis Rodgers, Saturday night.

We are sorry Miss Golda Williams can't be at home for a few days on account of sickness.

Mrs. Gertrude and Ola Durbin, Ala Rodgers, Florence and Pearl Collum visited Oak Grove Sunday evening.

Mr. L. K. Durbin's family spent Sunday with his daughesr, Mrs. Houston Rodgers.

Mrs. Mattie Howard spent Friday with J. A. Rodgers' family.

Mr. Vernon Northcutt left Saturday night for Bessemer, but returned Sunday evening.

We will have singing here the First Sunday evening. Everybody are invited to come. Also preaching in the morning.

Success to the Union-Banner.

A FRIEND.

SHALL WOMEN VOTE?

This up-to-the-minute topic will be forcibly discussed at a meeting held under the auspices of the Alabama Equal Suffrage Association on Friday, May 25 at 8:00, p.m. at the Court House in Clanton. The speaker is Miss Lola Carson Trax, of Baltimore, Md., representing the National American Woman Suffrage Association.

Come and bring your friends. No charges.

LOMAX LOCALS

As I haven't seen anything from this place in a good while, I thought I would write a few words to let the people know that we are not dead yet.

Health here is very good.

Our prayer meeting is simply doing fine under the careful management of Rev. Dock Wells.

Mr. Freddie Barrett and Misses Elma Daniel and Ella Barrett took a trip to Coosa County Saturday and returned Sunday.

Mr. Lonza Robinson and family have been visiting friends and relatives in this place recently.

Mr. and Mrs. John Sunberg of Shannon are visiting the latter's parents this week.

Mrs. John Cost, and Mrs. Carbet Riggins spent Sunday p.m. with Mrs. G. W. Robinson.

Mrs. I. V. Collins and family spent Saturday night and Sunday with Mrs. J. P. Robinson.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnie Baker, Sr., and little daughter spent Saturday night and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Jones.

Mr. Bradie Jones, who has been visiting friends and relatives in and around this place will return to Birmingham Tuesday to take up his occupation.

The musical entertainment given by Miss Lillie Walker Wednesday night was well attended and enjoyed by all present.

Miss Ellen Bice, who has been attending schol in Clanton has returned to her home in Talladega.

Mr. and Mrs. Rufas King of Marbury spent part of this week with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. King.

Misses Ruth Jones, Carrie Collins and Lutie Purle Robinson spent Sunday p.m. with Miss Lena Robinson.

Messrs Sloan Parker and Argnes Robinson of the army in Montgomery spent Sunday with friends and relatives of this place.

Messrs Chester and Stroughton Bice have been visiting their father, Mr. J. Bice.

The ladies of this place met last Wednesday and organized a Crochet Club, which will meet next Wednesday at Mrs. John Funderburk's, with hopes of having better attendance.

Mr. Phill Parker, who has been working in Sylacauga for some time, returned to Lomax for a while.

Mrs. A. Bussie spent Sunday in Clanton.

Mr. Melvin Walker called at Mr. A. J. Jones' Saturday afternoon.

Rev. Dock Wells and Mr. Clyde Henley spent Saturday evening in Clanton.

Mr. W. W. Jones spent Sunday afternoon with Mr. J. P. Robinson.

Mr. Wallace Jones was on the sick list but is better now.

Come on, all you good writers. We like to read letters from all our good old Chilton County people.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining uncalled for in the Clanton post office for the week ending May 19, 1917.

WOMEN—Mrs. Ida B. Bell, Miss Sallie Belle Stroud, Mrs. Daisy Howard, Lillian B. Ware, Mrs. Burley Adams.

MEN—John Holman, LeRoy Lewis, Wash Fields, C. F. Blackbury, Robert Jackson, Grady Gibson, Fred Walker, Charlie Lee, A. C. Collars, Wm. H. McDowgal, Mark Underwood.
Grady Huff.

These letters will be sent to the Dead Letter office June 2nd, 1917, if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "advertised" giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON, PM.

WANTED TO BUY—Boilers in good shape, from 5 to 15 horse- power. See or write, R. M. FOSHEE, Clanton, R. No. 4.

Regular Dinners

Our regular dinners can't be beaten. We serve vegetables and corn bread; also short orders at any time. Come in and try one.

BILL GOODGAME

UGLY BROS. MINSTRELS TO SHOW IN CLANTON

Famous comedians will be here at High School next Tuesday Night, May 29.

Arrangements have been made by which Clanton people will be accorded a rare treat on next Tuesday night by having the pleasant privilege of witnessing a performance of the famous Ugly Brothers Minstrels.

This is one of the very highest classed entertainments on the road this season. They have been showing at theaters in the cities like Birmingham and Atlanta, which speaks well for their reputation.

The entertainment is brought to Clanton through the activities of a committee working on plans to raise money to purchase a grand piano for the County High School. This is a worthy cause, and one that should command the support of everybody. But besides helping in this splendid work, you get the best entertainment possible at the same time.

Remember the date is next Tuesday night. The time is short, and everybody should talk to their friends concenring it and get all to attend that you can.

MOUNT PLEASANT.

Health here is fairly good at present.

Mrs. Enner Lee Campbell went to Birmingham last week.

Miss Daisy Robinson has returned from Clanton High School to spend the summer at home.

Mr. and Mrs. George Benson dined at Forest Williams' Sunday.

Misses Pearl and Vedie Avery spent Sunday afternoon with Miss Daisy Robinson.

Mr. Jack Glass and family dined with Rev. Stephenson Sunday.

Messrs Glenn Barnett and Alef Coffer went to the river fishing last week

Misses Ruby Northcutt and Mary Ellison took dinner with Mrs. Carrie Headley Sunday.

Rev. and Mrs. C. F. Stephenson spent Sunday night with Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Campbell.

Mr. Boyd Ellison and family spent Sunday with Mr. R. T. Robinson.

Mrs. John Avery and Miss Pearl Avery spent last Thursday night with Mrs. J. B. Campbell.

Miss Emma Thrash, dined with Grace Williams Sunday.

Mrs. Gustlee Campbell spent Saturday night with her mother, Mrs. Mary Ann Avery.

Everybody come and say something next Third Sunday, or come at least.

The farmers are very busy trying to make a crop to feed the U. S. soldiers and themselves on, but we are needing rain badly.

There was a large crowd at Prayer meeting last Sunday night.

Mr. Hill Sharbut from Texas is visiting at Mrs. Lindsey's this week. Also Mr. Cook Sharbut of Bethel was at Mrs. Lindsey's last Friday.

Mr. Dewey Foshee was at home Sunday evening.

Messrs Clarence Smith, Dewey Sims and Jno. Mc Foshee motored to Pleasant Grove last Sunday and reported a nice time.

Mrs. Julisa Foshee is visiting at Mr. Noah Littleton's this week.

Everybody come out to Sunday School next Sunday at 9:30, a.m.

Mrs. Callie Culp and children spent Saturday and Sunday at R. W. and Ed Ward's

W. J. Morris and family were visitors at L. O. Vickers' Sunday.

Stanley Jones and sister, Miss Ruby Jones spent Saturday night at J. J. Culp's

J. A. Duncan and family attended the singing at Pleasant Grove Sunday.

George Foshee and family spent Sunday at W. H. Foshee's.

Mrs. A. J. Duncan spent last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M.V. Joyner near Talladega Springs.

Mesdames L. Pounds and W. A. Blalock spent part of last week with their brother, Alfred Holley, who has undergone an operation in Montgomery.

"THE CANTROLLA"

The 1917 "Cantrolla," the Chilton County High School annual has just been received from press. This edition outclesses by far the former numbers of the publication, and much credit is due to the '17 Class for such a splendid accomplishment.

The annual contains 104 pages printed on first-class enamel paper, with sunburst cover. The matter consists mostly of halftone reproductions of the environments and contingents of the school, and of black-and-white descriptions of this year's work of the thriving institution.

The "Cantrolla" is scarcely equaled and never surpassed by any publication of its kind in the state. Copies may be had for 75 cents from Business Manager Joe Kanjutzky.

Break your Cold or LaGrippe with a few doses of 666.

Watch your label.

NEGRO MURDERER BURNT TO DEATH IN TENNESSEE.

Paid penalty for Brutal Murder of a Young White Girl after Confessing Guilt.

Memphis, Tenn., May 22.—While more than 10,000 persons looked on, Eli Persons, negro confessed murderer of pretty 16 year-old Antoinette Rappal, was burned to death by a mob of unmasked men.

The lynching took place in a steal cage, especially constructed for the burning of the negro, on the exact spot where the murder was committed.

Several hundred women and girls stood by and watched the death agony of the negro, who had confessed assaulting and chopping off the head of the young school girl.

After burning Eli Persons, a delegation of the mob left to capture two other negroes whom Persons implicated in his confession just before the match was applied to the funeral pyre.

Fifty men caught Dewitt Ford, one of the negroes implicated by Persons, and dragged him to the place where Persons had paid with his life for the crime. As he was about to be tied to a tree, a member of the mob rushed forward, attacked and mutilated the negro.

Is Delayed for Crowd.

The burning of the negro was delayed for several hours pending the arrival from Mississippi of a crowd of citizens who had sent word ahead that they desired to witness the ceremony. The city of Memphis was agog with excitement. Many business houses failed to open their doors and the newspapers closed their edtions early so that employees could go to the scene of the lynching.

Persons had been captured from a sheriff's party last night near Holly Springs, Miss. His arrival in Memphis was delayed by a storm which made the roads nearly impassible.

Once inside the steel cage, Persons was lashed fast to a stake. The fagots saturated with gasolins were piled so as to surround his legs and while the gathered thousands cheered the match was applied to the pyre.

As the flames reached into the air, the negro's screams could be heard for a distance of half a mile from the place of the occasion.

W.J.ARMSTRONG ELECTED GREAT SACHEM, I. O. R. M.

Clanton Gets Next Annual Session of Great Council of the Red Men in State of Alabama.

At the annual meeting of the Great Council of Alabama, Improved order of Red Men held in Birmingham Tuesday, W. J. Armstrong of this city was elected as Great Sachem, the highest official honor within the gift of the order in the state.

Mr. Armstrong is a big factor in the fraternal activities of Clanton, and particularly in the I. O. R. M. He has been for years a faithful and tireless worker in behalf or the Waxahatchie Tribe here, and is none other than justly deserving that he be given the high honor which has been bestowed upon him.

A bunch of past Sachems of the Waxahatchie attended the meeting of the Great Council on Tuesday, and in addition to the good news of Armstrong's election as Sachem, they report that Clanton will have the honor of entertaining and caring for the next meeting of the Great Council Three towns: Birmingham, Anniston and Clanton were bidding for the honor, but Clanton brought home the victory.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to thank our friends and neighbors in Clanton for their kindness and sympathetic assistance in the illness and death of our baby. May God richly reward each and every one is our prayer.

Sincerely,
Mr. and Mrs. G. O. McKee.

YOU GET A PRIZE WITH EVERY PACKAGE

Buy "Hodges Special" pure Coffee, put up in pound packages and selling for 30c

With each package you get a ticket, which is good for a various number of pieces of China Ware.

Whatever prize your ticket calls for is given to you with the Coffee.

The Coffee is the very best Grade ... and pure. ... next time.

... HODGES,
... Clanton, Ala.

PRESIDENT SIGNS DRAFT MEASURE; TROOPS TO FRONT

Division Under Command of Major General Pershing.

REGULARS FIRST TO FRANCE

Executive Sets June 5 as the Date of Registration for All Men Between the Ages of 21 and 31—Rejects Roosevelt Volunteer Army—Declares It Would Interfere With Present Plans.

Washington, May 21.—Flatly rejecting that section of the measure which would permit Colonel Roosevelt to organize volunteer divisions, President Wilson signed the conscription bill.

The president signed the army bill just after dinner at 8 p. m. on Friday, without formality, and set June 5 as the date of registration for all men between the ages of twenty-one and thirty-one for military service.

President Issues Proclamation.

President Wilson's proclamation, putting into effect the selective draft provision of the war army bill, signed last night, follows in part:

"A proclamation by the president of the United States:

"Whereas, Congress has enacted and the president has on the 18th day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seventeeen, approved a law which contains the following provisions:

"Section 5. That all male persons between the ages of twenty-one and thirty, both inclusive, shall be subject to registration in accordance with regulations to be prescribed by the president; and upon proclamation by the president or other public notice given by him or by his direction, stating the time and place of such registration, it shall be the duty of all persons of the designated ages, except officers and enlisted men of the regular army, the navy and the National Guard and naval militia while in the service of the United States, to present themselves for and submit to registration under the provisions of this act, and every such person shall be deemed to have notice of the requirements of this act upon the publication of said proclamation or other notice as aforesaid given by the president or by his direction; and any person who shall willfully fail or refuse to present himself for registration or to submit thereto as herein provided, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction in the district court of the United States having jurisdiction thereof, be punished by imprisonment for not more than one year, and shall thereupon be duly registered; provided, that in the call of the docket precedence shall be given, in courts trying the same, to the trial of criminal proceedings under this act: Provided further, that persons shall be subject to registration as herein provided who shall have attained their twenty-first birthday and who shall not have attained their thiryfirst birthday on or before the day set for registration, and all persons so registered shall be and remain subject to draft into the forces hereby authorized, unless exempted or excused therefrom as in this act provided.

Registration on June 5.

"Now, therefore, I Woodrow Wilson, president of the United States, do call upon the governor of each of the several states and territories, the board of commissioners of the District of Columbia and all officers and agents of the several states and territories, of the District of Columbia and of the counties and municipalities therein to perform certain duties in the execution of the foregoing law, which duties will be communicated to them directly in regulations of even date herewith.

"And I do further proclaim and give notice to all persons subject to registration in the several states and in the District of Columbia in accordance with the above law that the time and place of such registration shall be between 7 a. m. and 9 p. m. on the 5th day of June, 1917, at the registration place in the precinct wherein they have their permanent homes. Those who shall have attained their twenty-first birthday and who shall not have attained their thirty-first birthday on or before the day here named are required to register, excepting only officers and enlisted men of the regular army, the navy, the marine corps and the National Guard and naval militia while in the service of the United States, and officers in the officers' reserve corps and enlisted men in the enlisted reserve corps while in active service. In the territories of Alaska, Hawaii and Porto Rico a day for registration will be named in a later proclamation.

All Must Co-Operate.

"The power against which we are arrayed has sought to impose its will upon the world by force. To this end it has increased armament until it has changed the fa[illegible]. In the sense in which we [illegible]nt to think of armies the[illegible]nies in this struggle. The[illegible]nations armed. Thus, th[illegible]e-main to till the soil an[illegible] tories are no less a part[illegible] that is in France than the men beneath the battle flags. It must be so with us. It is not an army that we must shape and train for war; it is a nation. To this end our people must draw close in one compact front against a common foe. But this cannot be if each man pursues a private purpose. All must pursue one purpose.

"The nation needs all men, but it needs each man, not in the field that will most pleasure him, but in the endeavor that will best serve the common good.

"It is in no sense a conscription of the unwilling—it is rather selection from a nation which has volunteered in mass.

"The day here named is the time upon which all shall present themselves for assignment to their tasks.

"It is essential that the day be approached in thoughtful apprehension of its significance and that we accord to it the honor and the meaning that it deserves. Our industrial need prescribes that it be not made a technical holiday, but the stern sacrifice that is before us urges that it be carried in all our hearts as a great day of patriotic devotion and obligation when the duty shall lie upon every man, whether he is himself to be registered or not, to see to it that the name of every male person of the designated ages is written on these lists of honor.

"By the president:

"ROBERT LANSING,
"Secretary of State."

President Wilson directed that an expeditionary force of approximately a division of regular troops, under command of Maj. Gen. John J. Pershing, proceed to France at as early a date as practicable. General Pershing and staff will precede the troops.

A division contains approximately 28,000 men. It is understood that at least 20,000 will be infantry.

The war bill was carefully gone over during the day by Brigadier General Crowder, judge advocate general and provost marshal general.

It was announced that all existing regiments of the guard will be called into service by August 5, and officials estimate that with from a month to six weeks' intensive training these troops will be ready to go forward for final preparation behind the fighting lines in Europe for the fighting that is before them.

After the army bill had been perfected in both houses of congress and sent to President Wilson for signature the senate adopted an amendment to the war budget bill to put conscription out of force four months after the end of the war.

President's Statement.

The president issued the following statement at the White House:

"I shall not avail myself, at any rate, at the present stage of the war, of the authorization conferred by the act to organize volunteer divisions.

"To do so would seriously interfere with the carrying out of the chief and most immediately important purpose contemplated by this legislation:

"The prompt creation and early use of an effective army would contribute practically nothing to the effective strength of the armies now engaged against Germany.

"I understand that the section of this act which authorizes the creation of volunteer divisions in addition to the draft was added with a view to providing an independent command for Mr. Roosevelt and giving the military authorities an opportunity to use his fine vigor and enthusiasm recruiting the forces now at the western front.

"It would be very agreeable to me to pay Mr. Roosevelt this compliment and the allies the compliment of sending to their aid one of our most distinguished public men, an ex-president, who has rendered many conspicuous public services and proved his gallantry in many striking ways.

"Politically, too, it would no doubt have a very fine effect and make a profound impression. But this is not the time or the occasion for compliments or for any action not calculated to contribute to the immediate success of the war.

Seeks Advice From Both Sides.

"The business now in hand is undramatic, practical and of scientific definiteness and precision.

"I shall act with regard to it at every step and in every particular under expert and profession advice, from both sides of the water.

Says He Is Responsible.

"He named many of those whom he desired to have designated for the service and they were men who cannot possibly be spared from the too small force of officers at our command for the much more pressing and necessary duties of training regular troops to be put into the field in France and Belgium as fast as they can be got ready.

"The first troops sent to France will be taken from the present force of the regular army and will be under the command of trained soldiers only.

"The responsibility for the successful conduct of our part in this great war rests upon me. I could not escape it if I would. I am too much interested in the cause we are fighting for to be interested in anything but success.

"The issues involved are too immense for me to take into consideration anything whatever except the best, most effective, most immediate means of military action. What these means are I know from the mouths of men who have seen war as it is conducted, who have no illusions and to whom the whole grim matter is a matter of business. I shall center my attention upon those matters and let everything else wait. I should be deeply to blame should I do otherwise, whatever the argument of policy or of personal gratification of advantage."

RUSSIA WILL FIGHT TO RESCUE VICTIMS

Free Russia Will Not Leave Belgium, Serbia And Rumania Under German Yoke, Says Foreign Minister

NO DISHONORED REPUTATION

Armies Must Understand That Defeat Will Destroy Russia's New-Found Liberty

Petrograd.—Prince Lvoff, Russian premier, and M. Tereschtenko, the newly appointed foreign minister, has made long statements on the recent crisis and the policy of Russia. Prince Lvoff, after declaring that the nation had been brought to the edge of an abyss, said:

"The government considers that its first duty is to consolidate the fighting strength of the army, as well for safeguarding the conquests of restitution as for driving out the enemy and actively supporting the allies. The government considers that it is its duty to proclaim clearly and definitely its desire for the conclusion of a definite peace; but in speaking of peace without annexations or indemnities, the government declares it is not a question of passive defense. Free Russia will not consent to leave under the yoke of German militarism territories which were abandoned owing to the criminal negligence of the old regime. Neither can Russia remain indifferent to the fate of Belgium, Serbia and Roumania, nor forget its duties toward them. Russia cannot hand down to future generations a dishonored reputation.

"The existing armistice at the front, which gave the German chancellor a pretext to formulate his idea of a separate peace, dishonorable to Russia, must cease. The country must speak its imperious word and send its army out to fight."

Mr. Tereschtenko, in his statement of the policy of free Russia as outlined in the declaration of the provisional government, strongly emphasized the need of an indissoluble union with the allied democracies and the consciousness of the duty these ties impose upon her. He declared that it was a question of the honor of the revolution, which was more precious to Russia than ever.

Spain Is Menacing Toward Germany

Madrid.—The Spanish government's note to Germany concerning the attack by a German submarine on the Spanish steamer Patricio recalls that a number of notes of protest previously addressed to the German government still remain unanswered. It declares that the transaction of all diplomatic business with Germany will be suspended until replies are received to these, according to the newspapers.

It also demands the fulfillment of conditions agreed upon by the German government to prevent unwarned attacks by submarine on Spanish ships in safety zones and asks for an indemnity for the Patricio.

Does Not Mean Rupture

Paris.—Premier Prieto of Spain, speaking of the note addressed to the German government in connection with the submarine attack on the Spanish steamship Patricio, declared it was more energetic than has been customary, according to a Havas dispatch from Madrid, but that it does not mean a rupture of diplomatic relations.

SWEDEN IS BLAZING AGAINST GERMANY

Stockholm, Sweden.—News that the Swedish steamers Vesterland, Aspen and Viken, laden with grain from England, had been sunk by German submarines has been received here, and caused much indignation.

The arrival of the steamships, which were released under the recent reciprocal agreement freeing the entente allies' tonnage in the Bothnian gulf, had been eagerly awaited.

Former Minister of Marine Bostroem was the chief owner of the Vesterland while the Trans-Atlantic company of Gothenburg owned the Aspen and the Viken.

The message which told of the sinking said that eight members of the crew of the Viken and two of the men aboard the Vesterland had been lost.

U. S. Marines Will Go With Pershing

Washington.—Uniformed men, plotting America's war destinies behind barred doors, are hastening the labors that Old Glory might wave over France quickly and efficiently. Spurred by the fact that America's army raising is at last an accomplished fact, they planned the dispatch of the "first 25,000," under General Pershing's leadership and mapped matters of equipment and contingent forces. War wheels that had been stilled by congressional indolence whirred anew.

New York Germans Rush For Permits

New York.—New York Germans apparently believe the government is preparing for a wholesale internment of all enemy aliens. The rush for permits to enter barred doors around armories continues. If the present rate of 2,000 applicants a day continues, most of the Germans will soon be registered. Germans joining in the stampede for permits openly expressed fear that the restrictions will be extended until all are placed in internment camps.

RUSSIA GETS $100,000,000

U. S. Furnishing Powers At War With Central Empires With An Immense Amount Of Money

Washington.—The United States has loaned Russia one hundred million dollars.

The money was loaned to be spent as needed without stipulation or understanding further than Russia stand back of the obligation, that she will make it good and will spend the money in the country under the supervision of a representative of the treasury department or a commission to be named by the American government.

The latter stipulation was made in a spirit of co-operation, without intending to embarrass the Russian government or to curtail the purchasing powers, but with the end in view that Russia will secure the maximum result for the money she is to spend.

In this respect Russia stands on an equal footing with other entente governments to which the United States is making loans, the only distinction being that in application of the program Russia heads the list. Great Britain, France, Italy and other beneficiaries of American loans soon will follow, as plans mobilizing in American banks all purchases to be made here by the allies is rapidly nearing completion.

The purchasing board for all the allies, it was indicated, may be in operation within a month.

The loan to Russia, her first participation in the huge sum which the United States will lend the allies, was made, it was authoritatively stated, first to help the Russian government obtain supplies which she needs here and secondarily as an earnest manifestation to the Russian people that the United States places no credence in rumors that Russia is contemplating a separate peace with Germany.

A credit of forty-five million dollars to Belgium also was established by Secretary McAdoo, the sum to be withdrawn in six monthly installments of $7,500,000 each. The transaction brought the total of sums advanced and credits established by the government to entente nations up to $670,000,000 within weeks that have passed since President Wilson signed the war finance law.

UNITED STATES DESTROYERS ARE IN BRITISH WATERS

British Admiralty Reports One Of The American Vessels Has Encountered Submarine

Queenstown.—A squadron of American torpedo boat destroyers has safely crossed the Atlantic and is patrolling the seas in war service.

The American navy's actual entry into the war zone has already been productive of a bush between a destroyer and a German underwater boat, according to an announcement by the British admiralty, but the result of it has not been made public.

The destroyer squadron arrived in Queenstown after an uneventful voyage across the Atlantic, but almost immediately after a formal exchange of greetings with the British naval officials put to sea for the hard work that is before it.

A crowd of several hundred persons, some of them carrying tiny American flags, lined the water front and cheered the destroyers from the moment they first sighted the flotilla until it reached the dock.

ITALIANS ARE STRIKING AT THE AUSTRIAN LINES

Reported Considerable Ground Has Been Gained And Numbers Of Prisoners Taken

New York.—The Italians have assumed the offensive against the Austrians in the Isonzo region along a front of nearly 25 miles. Following extremely heavy bombardments the Italians loosed their infantry in frontal attacks and made considerable progress, at various points, according to the Italian official communication.

What had been everywhere thought to be a commencement of a strong offensive by the Germans against the British along the Lens-St. Quentin line and the French from the region northwest of Soissons into Champagne apparently was only one of the sporadic counter attacks which the Germans have been throwing against the fronts since the spring offensive began.

Losses By U-Boats Show Decrease

London.—The report of the week's losses through submarines is the most favorable in several weeks. The number of ships torpedoed is well below the average, while the number of ships escaping attack is very large. Those in touch with the anti-submarine campaign also are very cheerful over the results of actual attacks on submarines which have been pushed with the utmost vigor. According to one report, more submarines have been sunk in the last week than in the month previous.

Roosevelt Provision In Army Measure

Washington.—The war army bill will probably become a law within a few days, and the comprehensive plans of the war department for raising a force to fight Germany will be in motion. Conferees of senate and house agreed upon the bill deciding to retain the senate amendment under which Colonel Roosevelt may be authorized to raise not more than four divisions of infantry for service in France. The report will be taken up by the house, and its adoption there is expected to be followed quickly in the senate.

ATLANTA SWEPT BY FIRE; LOSSES HEAVY

SEVENTY-FIVE BLOCKS IN NORTH-EASTERN PART OF CITY IS DESTROYED.

MANY FAMILIES HOMELESS

Three Thousand Homes Go Up in Flames—Only One Fatality Reported.

Atlanta.—Fire that swept through approximately 75 blocks in the residence section of Atlanta, from Decatur street north and northeastward to Ponce de Leon avenue, caused a loss that Mayor Candler estimated at $3,000,000. One woman, Mrs. Bessie Hodges, died of shock and 60 were treated for minor hurts.

From 2500 to 3000 homes were destroyed, according to Mayor Candler and others who toured the littered zone around the burned district. The homes ranged from flimsy negro cabins to handsome residences along Ponce de Leon valued at $10,000 or more each. Many homes in this beautiful residence section were destroyed by dynamite which finally conquered the flames after the fire department, aided by fire fighters from half dozen nearby cities, had failed.

The burned area and a wide circle around it from which householders had been driven was guarded throughout the night by Georgia guardsmen and members of the officers' reserve training camp at Fort McPherson. Local police turned guard duty over to Colonel Noyes, U. S. A., in command of Fort McPherson training camp.

"German spies," was heard everywhere, and Fire Chief Cody intimated that he thought the flames might be incendiary. "I have made a thorough examinations of the entire section," Mayor Candler said in reply to questions on this subject, "and I can positively state the fire is not of incendiary origin."

Between Edgewood avenue and Decatur street at the start of the fire the flames confined themselves to the section between Boulevard and Hilliard street. At Edgewood they moved eastward as far as Prospect place in spots, wiping out a block now and then. Practically the entire section bounded by Hiliard street on the west, Prospect place in the east, Edgewood avenue on the north was laid to waste.

The blaze started in the Skinner Storage company's plant, which is almost surrounded by small frame houses.

When the flames had jumped across Edgewood avenue and were being driven with incrediable rapidity toward the better sections of the city, a general call for aid went out. Fire departments at Chattanooga, Macon, Augusta, Newnan, Ga., Marietta, Ga., and Griffin, Ga., were asked to send aid. Fort McPherson was called upon for all the men that could be spared; business houses were asked to send trucks to haul extra hose and any other supplies and private automobiles were offered by the score.

ANTI-TRUST SUITS HELD UP.

Supreme Court Orders Suits Against Big Corporations Reargued.

Washington—Anti-trust suits against the United States Steel corporation, the International Harvester company and the other big corporations were ordered reargued by the supreme court. As the court will adjourn for the term of June 11, court officials said it would probably be a year before decisions were returned.

The announcement apparently bears our reports current that opinions in the big antitrust suits would not be handed down at least until the country could readjust itself to war time conditions.

The other cases to be reargued are those against the United Shoe Machinery company and the Lehigh Valley and Reading railroads and affiliated coal companies, the so-called "anthracite coal trust."

PROPOSED COTTON TAX KILLED.

Under Rule Adopted Several Years Ago, Measure is Defeated.

Washington.—Congress will not tax cotton this year. The House, sitting as a committee of the whole, defeated the resolution of Mr. Moore of Pennsylvania. In regular session, on account of a rule of procedure, adopted under the leadership of Senator Underwood five years ago, the proposition cannot be reconsidered.

Wheels Used in Argentina.

Because some roads in Argentina have deeper dust in summer and deeper mud in winter than any others in the world, the wagons used on them have wheels from six to fifteen feet in diameter.

Work on Roads in 1915.

During 1915 the total road and bridge expenditures in the United States amounted to about $282,000,000, of which probably not over $15,000,000 represented the value of the statute and convict labor.

ROOSEVELT REFUSED FORCES

To Organize Volunteer Division Would Interfere With Purpose Of The Conscription Law

Washington.—President Wilson has accounted that Colonel Roosevelt will not be permitted to raise a division to go to France. He also announced at the same time that he will be unable to avail himself at this time of the authority given him by congress to organize volunteer divisions of any kind. This announcement was made after a conference with the French commission and American military experts.

Wilson's Statement

The president's statement is as follows:

"I shall not avail myself, at any rate at the present stage of the war of the authorization conferred by the act to organize volunteer divisions. To do so would seriously interfere with the carrying of the chief and most immediately important purpose contemplated by the legislation: The prompt creation and early use of an ineffective army would contribute practically nothing to the effective strength of the armies now engaged against Germany.

"I understand that the section of this act which authorizes the creation of volunteer divisions in addition to the draft was added with a view to providing an independent command for Roosevelt and giving the military authorities an opportunity to use his fine vigor and enthusiasm in recruiting the forces now at the western front. It would be very agreeable to me to pay Roosevelt this compliment and the allies the compliment of sending to their aid one of our most distinguished public men, an ex-president who has rendered many conspicuous public services and proved his gallantry in many striking ways. Politically, too, it would no doubt have a very fine effect and make a profound impression. But this is not the time or the occasion for compliment or for any action not calculated to contribute to the immediate success of the war. The business now in hand is undramatic, practical and of scientific definiteness and precision

"That advice is that the men most needed are men of the ages contemplated in the draft provisions of the present bill, not men of the age and sort contemplated in the section which authorizes the formation of volunteer units, and that for the preliminary training of the men who are to be drafted we shall need all of our experienced officers. Mr. Roosevelt told me when I had the pleasure of seeing him a few weeks ago that he would wish to have associated with him some of the most effective officers of the regular army. He named many of those whom he would desire to have designated for the service and they were men who cannot possibly be spared from the too small force of officers at our command for the much more pressing and necessary duty of training regular troops to be put into the field in France and Belgium as fast as they can be got ready. The first troops sent to France will be taken from the present forces of the regular army and will be under the command of trained soldiers only.

"The responsibility for the successful conduct of our own part in this great war rests upon me. I cannot escape it if I would. I am too much interested in the cause we are fighting for to be interested in anything but success. The issues involved are too immense for me to take into consideration anything whatever except the best, most effective, most immediate means of military action. What these means are I know from the mouths of men who have seen war as it is now conducted, who have no illusions and to whom the whole grim matter is a matter of business. I shall center my attention upon those means and everything else wait. I should deeply to blame should I do otherwise, whatever the argument of policy or personal gratification or advantage."

Warships Manned By Picked Crews

Washington.—Formal announcement that American destroyers manned by picked crews have carried the flag into the war zones of Europe and are operating against German submarines with British and French war vessels was made by Secretary Daniels after the news had come from London. The number and names of the vessels were not disclosed. It was made clear, however, that the fighting power of the nation was to be exerted to its utmost to stamp out the U-boat menace.

Draft Slackers Can Be Easily Detected

Washington.—Slackers who seek to evade registration for the war army on the day to be set by President Wilson can be detected easily. A war department statement explains that lists of persons registered will be posted and all citizens who know of evasions are expected to report them. In failing to register, says the statement, a citizen "places himself cross-current to the overwhelming sentiment of the country as voiced by its representatives in congress. He casts doubt upon his courage.

British Troops Drive Bulgars Back

London.—British troops in Macedonia have made an important advance on the Doiran front and captured the village of Kjapri on the Struma front, it is announced officially. Advanced trenches on a front of 3,000 yards southwest of Ernekel also have been captured. Enemy trenches on a front of 5,000 yards to an average depth of, 500 yards, near Krastali, southwest of Lake Doiran, also were taken by the British and consolidated. On the Doiran front the British advanced southwest of Krastali 5,000 yards.

The Shielding Shadow

by Randall Parrish

AUTHOR OF "BEYOND THE FRONTIER," "MAID OF THE FOREST," "MY LADY OF THE NORTH," ETC.

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SYNOPSIS.

Adventurous Jerry Carson embarks in search of hidden treasure with the promise of Leontine Walcott to be his wife on his return. Her father favors Sebastian Navarre. Jerry's ship is burned, he is reported lost. Sebastian presses his attentions. Jerry suddenly turns up to confront charges of the Navarres against him. In a struggle for a forged paper Diego Navarre is killed and Jerry is convicted of the murder. He escapes, and finds the treasure and a wonderful chemical pellet. Leontine is forced to marry Sebastian. On the honeymoon, he attacks her in a rage. Suddenly he is confronted by a weird apparition. Ravengar forces a confession from Louie. Sebastian attempts to get it. An earthquake occurs; in the excitement Red Finn steals the confession and flees. He apears in New York as Romanoff and enlists the aid of Madame Bianca. Leontine confronts her husband in the gambling house. The Shadow battles for her and she escapes with the confession. One-Lamp Louie follows her and takes the paper from her. The Shadow saves Navarre from robbery. Romanoff attempts to kidnap Sebastian and Leontine, but Ravengar appears to thwart them. Bianca and her thugs are puzzled by Ravengar's repeated escapes and returns to his cellar prison. Leontine consents to accompany Hamilton on a balloon ascension. Sebastian drugs Hamilton and arranges to have Leontine set adrift in the balloon. The balloon bursts into flame and Leontine finds that her companion is Ravengar.

EIGHTH EPISODE

THE HAUNTED HAND.

Sebastian Navarre, seated in his study, took the clipping from the hand of Louie Lamb. It detailed briefly how a man and woman had been rescued from the wreck of a balloon by McQuarrie, the keeper of Pilot Light, five miles off the coast.

"It's them," said Louie, as Sebastian finished reading and handed back the clipping.

"Curse them!" said Sebastian with much feeling. "Why can't we ever get out of this tangle, Louie?"

Louie Lamb only looked at him quizzically.

"It's your wife and that man Ravengar," said Louie. "There ain't no doubt of it. The balloon caught fire, just as I had arranged, but they escaped. I guess they're immortal and there ain't no way of killing them off."

"Louie, you'll have to investigate this," said Sebastian.

"I guess I might," said Louie with a meaning smile.

"Well?" demanded Sebastian impatiently.

"But I ain't settling the overhead expenses of this partnership, senor. The price, if you please."

Sebastian pulled out his pocketbook and peeled off five one hundred-dollar bills. Louie looked at them, counted them, and slipped them into his pocket.

"I'll go and see," he said, rising.

"And if you find any way of getting rid of them, don't wait to telephone me first," said Sebastian sarcastically.

When Louie had gone he began pacing his study with feverish anxiety. Everything seemed going wrong. Since he had sent his rival, Jerry Carson, to prison, and married Leontine, he had regretted his participation in the crime times without number. He had tired of Leontine, but she had refused to divorce him until he had confessed to his share in the conspiracy against Jerry, her dead lover.

Then there arose before his mental [illegible] the face of Bianca, the beautiful [illegible] for whose sake he had aban[illegible] his hopes of reconciliation with [illegible]ife. Bianca! His face softened. [illegible] would help him out of his trou[illegible]s. He would ask her to come away with him somewhere where they could both start their lives anew together.

He put on his hat and made his way toward Bianca's house.

Bianca, meanwhile, was in the midst of one of those domestic scenes that were so harrowing to her followers.

It was several days since she had trapped Ravengar in her cellar. The man's mysterious disappearances and reappearances had seemed to her superstitious mind proof of some occult power wielded by him.

She had gone down to the cellar to make him a final proposition, not less than the entire offer of her heart and fortune. His love seemed to her the only thing in life just then.

And she had found the cell empty. Ravengar had escaped, in spite of locks and padlocks, and a triple guard of Chinese attendants.

She called her followers and overwhelmed them with her fury.

In the midst of the scene Sebastian's card was presented to her. Instantly she grew calm. Bianca's head ruled her heart. Though she loved Ravengar, she was well aware that she could bring Sebastian to her feet at any moment.

She dismissed Ravengar from her mind temporarily and, a few minutes later was greeting Sebastian with an alluring smile that conveyed, in a woman's subtle manner, the possibility of more than the conventionality of the welcome disclosed.

"I am in trouble," began Sebastian.

Bianca seated herself upon the lounge beside him. "Tell me your trouble, Senor Navarre," she said, bending toward him.

* * * * * * *

Through the terrific storm that beat about the lighthouse Leontine was conscious only of supreme happiness in Ravengar's presence.

Now, fully restored after their experiences in the burning balloon, Leontine and Ravengar sat together in the little round room on the bottom floor of the lighthouse, while Keeper McQuarrie and his wife busied themselves with the meal that they were making ready for their guests above.

Ravengar had taken Leontine's hand in his and he was looking into her eyes.

"I'm glad you trust me," he was saying. "Madame Navarre, I know more of your life than you suppose. I know that you are nominally married to a man you detest, whose conduct has been unbearable. I know that he won your hand by fraud."

The tears streamed down Leontine's cheeks. "I have nobody to trust but you. I am always grateful to you for your kindness," she answered.

"Kindness?" asked Ravengar. "Dear Leontine, I am conscious of stronger feelings than those you attribute to me. I love you, Leontine."

She could not help but listen to him. There was that in his manner which robbed his words of insult, though she was a married woman. She knew that Ravengar would be faithful unto death, would be content to give all and to ask nothing.

Gently she withdrew her hand from his.

"Mr. Ravengar, you know that I am married," she said. "Unhappily married—yes, but legally bound. And I have a mission to perform. Until the memory of Jerry Carson is cleared I cannot even take the first steps toward securing a divorce from my husband. He alone can aid me by confessing the part he played in that tragedy. The clearing of Jerry Carson's memory means everything in the world to me, more even than life itself."

Ravengar remained silent for a moment.

"Leontine," he said presently, "I think I love you the more because of your loyalty to that lost sweetheart of yours."

Suddenly Leontine's eyes wandered toward the little slit of a window which gave upon the raging seas. In a blinding flash of lightning she distinctly saw the face of Louie Lamb pressed close against the pane.

She screamed. Ravengar ran over to the window. Nothing was to be seen there.

"Find him!" cried Leontine. "It is one of my husband's spies. He has tracked us here!"

With a bound Ravengar was at the door. He rushed out into the raging storm, slipping and stumbling over the sea-washed rocks. But there was nothing except the whipping wind and the raging sea. He turned back and reentered the lighthouse. Leontine was crouching, trembling, against the wall.

"It was nothing, Leontine," he said. "You were overwrought. There is nobody outside. There could be nobody."

Leontine had not been mistaken. Louie had started in an open boat from the mainland before the storm reached its height.

He beached his boat in a dry cave and started to investigate the lighthouse. A brief glance through the window had shown him that those whom he sought were inside.

Fascinated, he saw Ravengar take Leontine by the hand. This amused Louie. He watched them till the sudden flash of lightning revealed him to the girl.

Louie saw that he was discovered, and bolted for the cave. Fearing Ravengar, he crouched low there, hearing him pass and repass upon the rocks outside.

Suddenly he heard a rending noise without. In spite of his terror, Louie crawled through the wet shingle at the mouth of the cave to investigate. A bolt had struck the upper portion of the lighthouse, which had fallen into the water. And the lightning played about the ruined structure, in the basement of which Leontine cowered at Ravengar's side.

Suddenly another bolt hit the displaced stones and mortar at the top of the shaft. For an instant there was a profound silence; then Louie saw that the entire structure was leaning toward him.

He shrieked and dived for his cave. He was just in time. For, with a mighty roar the ruins of the lighthouse toppled, collapsed, and went crashing to the rocks, a mass of shapeless debris.

At dawn Louie stretched himself and went out of the cave.

He started to investigate. The lowest story of the tower was still intact. The bolt which had struck the lighthouse had snapped it off above that point bodily. But if anyone survived within that sealed chamber, escape was impossible for him.

Then Louie came upon the crushed bodies of Keeper McQuarrie and his wife, lying half-buried beneath the debris.

He was quite satisfied now. Leontine and Ravengar would trouble him no more.

* * * * * * *

"You swear that you saw their bodies in the ruins?" asked Sebastian of Louie eagerly.

"I saw them lying dead together," answered the little crook.

"Good Lord! It's terrible!" muttered Sebastian.

"Make yourself at home, Louie," cried Sebastian in exultation. "Help yourself to the cigars. I've got to go out. I'll be back in a couple of hours, and then we can go a little deeper into matters."

Sebastian hastened to Bianca's house. A little surprised at another visit from him so soon, Bianca nevertheless put on her prettiest dress and entered the reception room in which he was waiting.

"Bianca, I am free," he cried, catching her by the hands. "My wife has just been killed in an accident. Will you marry me now?"

"Yes, I will be your wife, Sebastian," she answered, putting her arms about his neck. Her head drooped forward upon his shoulder. She raised her face and smiled into his. Sebastian caught her in his arms and kissed her madly.

Suddenly a look of terror came over Bianca's face. She was staring into a far corner of the room. "Look there!" she almost screamed.

Sebastian started round. He saw a pair of eyes and a white hand that had apparently arisen out of nothing. The eyes were glaring at him, and the fingers of the hand, raised threateningly, were outstretched toward him. Then, as he watched, the vision was dissolved.

For a moment the man and the woman cowered in terror.

Bianca staggered to his side. "What does it mean?" she whispered, shaking with terror.

Sebastian put his arm about her. "I don't know, Bianca," he answered. "But I'm not afraid of it, whatever it is. It hasn't harmed me yet, and I guess it never will."

"Then—you have seen it before?" Bianca whispered.

"And you?" demanded Sebastian in astonishment.

And, as they looked at each other, the past of each rose up and confronted them, and the two lives seemed to be linked in the same destiny.

* * * * * * *

Louie was not in the house when Sebastian returned. Tired of waiting, the little crook had gone to his hotel. And there he, too, was linked in with the web now being swiftly woven about his confederate.

It was on the next night that Louie received a brief note from Sebastian announcing the latter's marriage on the following evening to Bianca, and inviting him to attend at his bride's house. Louie read the note and grinned.

"I guessed as much. Well, he ain't lost any time," he said to himself.

Nevertheless, he felt pleased at the invitation.

Suddenly his eye caught something in the opposite corner. It was the mystic hands and eyes, and the eyeballs moved as if strung on wires.

Louie rushed frantically into the corner, striking out right and left with his fists, dashing them fruitlessly against the walls. The eyes and hands had disappeared. He drew back and stared in amazement at the wallpaper.

Suddenly he saw the hand again—the hand, no longer the eyes. It seemed poised in the air above the table at which he had been seated. It descended, picked up a pen, and began to write something upon the letter from Sebastian.

Louie rushed over to the table. As he reached it the pen was flung down and the hand vanished. Louie picked up the letter. In a different writing he found the following postscript:

"If Sebastian marries Bianca you will die."

Louie shrank back in overwhelming terror. Then, assuming an air of bravado, he picked the letter from the table and crumpled it in his hand.

Suddenly a hand inserted itself in the back of his collar and forced him to his knees. Louie screamed as he fought in vain in the grasp of his invisible assailant. And as suddenly he was released and sent sprawling upon the floor.

As he tried to raise he saw the finger pointing to the postscript of the letter.

He rose from his knees and stood staring like one bereft of reason at the supernatural writing.

* * * * * * *

Nobody had missed Louie at Bianca's house, or thought anything of his absence. The invitation which Sebastian had flung to him in the exuberance of his happiness had already passed from Sebastian's mind. He was about to start with Bianca and the wedding party for the church when Louis Lamb was announced; and Bianca waited in poorly concealed impatience for the little man to enter.

"You two ain't going to get married," he announced truculently.

"Why not Louie?" inquired Sebastian, thinking that the crook had already begun to celebrate the occasion.

"I got my reasons, that's all," Louie replied. "If you try it I'll split everything. You're a forger, and you'll go to jail. See?"

Louie thrust his jaw forward almost into Sebastian's face. Sebastian took him by the arm.

"What's the trouble, Louie?" he inquired. "Go home, my boy. Take my advice, now, and go home."

"I tell you, you two ain't going to get married," shouted Louie.

Instantly Sebastian's anger was kindled in answer to the other man's. He seized Louie by the throat and flung him to the floor.

Bianca laid her hand lightly on Sebastian's arm.

"Let us be starting, dear," she said. "There is no need to pay further attention to this fool."

Then, seeing that Sebastian hesitated, she added:

"What is the matter? You don't really think he means any mischief?"

"He—he means what he says," answered Sebastian.

For the first time Bianca sensed some purpose in Louie's folly. She was a woman of determination. She glanced at the little crook and made a swift decision. She turned to one of her attendants.

Louie, glancing at her, saw a slight movement of her lips and fingers. Criminal as he was, and versed in the ways of crime, he knew what that sign meant. It was the death sign. Bianca was taking no chances on the threshold of her marriage.

Louie, staring at the man, saw him nod in answer to Bianca's signal. Bianca turned to Louie once more.

"Did you mean what you said?" she demanded, "about sending Senor Navarre to jail if he marries me?"

"Yes," snapped Louie.

The two men came forward and took Louie by the arms. He went with them quietly into the next room. One of them released his prisoner to open the secret panel. Instantly Louie struck the other in the face, felling him to the ground. Free for the moment, Louie drew a revolver and fired at the second man point blank.

The party in the inner room rushed in to see one of the two men struggling to his feet and the second writhing in his own blood. Louie had escaped through the open panel.

He found himself in Bianca's boudoir. He dashed for the door. But Sebastian was quicker. Before he could turn the handle he was upon him.

Louie was not a brave man, but had seen the sign, and fear rendered him desperate. He dashed his fists into Sebastain's face, knocking him to the floor. He bounded toward the window and flung it open. As Sebastian regained his feet the party, entering, saw Louie spring to the window sill.

Bianca, standing at the doorway, placed her fingers upon a little knob, apparently an electric bell. Instantly a huge shutter of steel snapped down into place before the window, blocking Louie's escape. Another inch or two, and Louie would have been decapitated.

"Get him now!" commanded Bianca in crisp tones of command.

Louie leaped for the nearest man and, with a strength which he had not known he possessed, swung him before him as a shield against the half-circle of revolvers covering him. He edged toward the door again, the man struggling helplessly in Louie's grip.

They fell to the floor together, clawing at each other like wild beasts. None of the others dared to shoot, so violent were their movements.

Bianca calmly watched the performance. The men were working their way toward the center of the floor, where was the trap door which had shot Ravengar into the cellar below. Bianca pressed another button, and the door disclosed a yawning cavity in the middle of the floor.

The watchers held their breath as the two men, still engaged in their furious struggle, neared the cavity. Louie was nearer, and it seemed incredible that he could escape. But he, maddened by the double fear that held him, seemed to have a hundred eyes and senses. With an adroit leap he bounded from the very edge of the cavity and pushed his companion down.

He rose with one eye blackened, bleeding and disheveled. He was covered by a circle of revolvers. Escape now seemed impossible. All waited for Bianca's signal to fire.

And the little crook, fairly cornered, stood defiant in the middle of the room, beside the open door, which would at any instant become the roof of his burial vault. There was only one chance in a million of Louie's escape.

But the one chance arrived. For, as Louie stood there, his eyes shifting from face to face, he became aware of an extraordinary phenomenon which nobody else perceived. A hand, and nothing but a hand, marble-white, mansize, was approaching the switch which controlled the electric lights in the room. And Louie, watching it out of the corner of his eye, was coolly calculating whether it would snap the button before Bianca dropped her hand.

He saw Bianca straighten herself. The hand wavered. An then, before it fell, the lights went out with a click that sounded like a pistol shot.

The pistol shots themselves followed the sudden plunging of the room into darkness. Louie heard them crack around him, heard the hiss of the bullets, and then he made with almost noiseless, catlike steps for the secret panel.

A moment later Bianca had found the switch, and the lights went on again. Louie was not in the room.

"To the panel!" she shouted furiously.

Louie, gaining the adjacent house, had slipped behind the curtains that hung beside the doorway. Crouching there, he saw the chase go past him.

One man had not followed the others in their fruitless chase through the gambling house. That man was Sebastian. He came out behind the others, and his mind was hard at work. What madness had animated Louie?

At any rate, the same madness had made his continued existence a constant peril to him.

Therefore Louie must die. And, leaving the chase to the others, he passed slowly through the panel after them, wondering whether Louie might not have found refuge in the inner room.

At that moment he saw fresh bloodstains on the wall, and the position and shape of the splashes indicated clearly the direction from which they had come.

He turned and opened the curtains, disclosing Louie crouching behind them.

Again Louie was too quick for him. As Sebastian stood there the little crook leaped forward, tearing down the curtains, flinging them over Sebastian, and winding them about his body.

Then, in a flash, while the shouts of the pursuers still echoed through the empty gambling rooms, Louie had darted up the stairs. At the head of the flight he paused and looked back for an instant, to see Sebastian freeing himself, and the party of his pursuers, headed by Bianca, appear from the gambling rooms. He saw Sebastian point after him.

A revolver cracked and a bullet chipped a piece of plaster from the wall beside Louie's head. Then Bianca's harsh voice sounded from below:

"Put back that gun! Do you want to draw the police down on us?"

They dashed upstairs, but Louie had the start of a whole flight, and fear lent him wings. He was on the top story now, and ascending the ladder which led to the scuttle in the roof. He had reached the scuttle when his pursuers arrived at the foot of the ladder.

Louie emerged into the open air. Without stopping to replace the scuttle he dashed across the roof. The night air beat upon his face and gave him courage. Below him he heard the myriad-voiced hum of the city. Freedom seemed assured at last.

The building was perhaps eighteen stories in height, one of the tall and ancient mansions of the past which still abound in the districts between the residential and the encroaching shops. It was separated from that adjacent by about twenty feet. This was not too far to leap, had Louie opportunity to make a running start. But as he looked back from the edge of the roof he saw Bianca leap to the top of the ladder.

Then Louie's eyes fell upon a long and narrow girder that ran from roof to roof. It was about four inches wide, a bridge, but such a bridge as tradition says the pious Moslem must cross after death on his journey heavenward.

It could hardly be negotiated by anyone but a steeplejack. And it could not be negotiated slowly. A man, to cross that bridge, must cross like a somnambulist, rushing it, so to speak, before giddiness overcame him.

Louie hesitated and glanced back. The little group of those pursuing him had begun to emerge. A man dashed past Bianca and toward him. It was Sebastian.

Louie dashed for the girder and began to cross, planting his feet sidewise, like a balancing acrobat.

Sebastian wavered half as long as Louie had done. In that moment he saw the entire situation. If he could stop Louie from crossing, the future was assured. If Louie crossed, he would be a ruined outcast.

Sebastian rushed at Louie across the girder.

Bianca and her companions stood like statues at the sheer horror of the scene. Upon that frail and narrow pathway, oblivious of their danger, the two men were fighting out their quarrel. It was their very heedlessness of the danger that for a few moments lent them security. They swayed and staggered, lost their footing and recovered it, balancing themselves in the most marvelous way; and all the while their hands sought each other's throats, and their bodies swung and clung and twisted.

Sebastian had Louie by the throat, and, forgetful of everything but his need for safety, was trying to fling him to the street below. Louie, of slighter build, was struggling desperately for life, trying to force away Sebastian's hands. And neither of them seemed to know where he was fighting.

For once Bianca was at a loss. There was nothing that she could do except to watch hopelessly. For it seemed impossible that either of the two men could return across that razor edge in safety.

She did not love Sebastian, but she respected him in a way, as far as one criminal can respect another; and she coveted the wealth and the position that he could bring her.

The seconds seemed hours, and still the furious battle raged. Louie had got Sebastian's hands from his throat, and, with an expression of the utmost frenzy, was endeavoring to trip him with his knee.

He jerked it upward spasmodically, standing on one leg like a crane; while Sebastian, with feet planted firmly, and a little outspread, was rocking backward and forward, balancing himself by his grip upon his enemy's body.

If he succeeded in throwing Louie over he must inevitably overbalance himself and fall likewise, even if Louie did not drag him with him.

A scream forced itself from Bianca's throat. She ran to the edge of the roof. "Sebastian!" she cried. "Sebastian! Louie! Come back, both of you. Louie, you shall come to no harm, I swear!"

Neither of the men heard her. There they wrestled, their faces set like those of marionettes. And yet the struggle seemed an even one, Sebastian's superior strength balancing Louie's fury.

Once Sebastian staggered, and both his feet seemed to slip from the girder; but he regained his purchase in time, and renewed his effort to force Louie's legs from under him. Then Louie suddenly doubled himself and shot his head forward like a battering ram. It struck Sebastian full in the chest. He gasped, staggered, swayed, and suddenly collapsed.

His both feet left the girder. He was falling through the air. Then with a miracle of dexterity, he caught at the girder with one hand, found it, pushed the other upward and tightened the fingers of this one too about the steel.

There he swung, high above the deserted street, moving to and fro with the rhythmical movements of a pendulum.

Now the way was free for Louie to cross. But the little crook saw and knew nothing except the face of his enemy beneath him. He stood still in the center of the girder, as calmly as if he were on level ground. He grinned into Sebastian's face and, very deliberately, raised his heel and stamped on Sebastian's fingers.

Sebastian's hands shifted as Louie's heel came down on them again and again. Fortunately for him the blows had little effect, for Louie's strength of muscle was absorbed in the unconscious maintenance of his balance. Sebastian's hands moved, and he would swing first by one hand and then by the other.

His brain alone seemed clear, and all thoughts for his fate had disappeared. It mattered nothing to him now what happened; his supreme desire was to fling Louie down, even if he died with him.

Suddenly he realized that the movements of Louie's foot had become perfectly automatic. Louie did not know whether he was stamping on Sebastian's hands or not, the heel always descending in the same place. Louie had, in fact, hypnotized himself, as is well known to be frequent among rope walkers. That accounted for his strange rigidity of body, the ease with which he sustained his purchase upon the girder.

Sebastian swung by his hands a little distance further along the beam. Louie had not moved to follow him, and always the heel went up and down.

Sebastian crooked his elbow and drew himself up. He gained the girder, got his foothold, and crept like a panther toward Louie. He seized him in his arms.

Louie awoke too late. A piercing cry left his lips. The next instant the body, flung from Sebastian's arms, hurtled through the air and rushed down toward the street below, while Sebastian tottered across the girder, reached the roof of the gambling house, and sank exhausted at Bianca's feet.

Bianca, who had been near to swooning, rushed to him, kneeled down, and bent over him.

"Well done!" she said. "Well done!"

At the sound of her voice Sebastian rose to his feet, glaring at her.

"I have killed a man tonight," he snarled. "If it had not been for you I should never have added murder to my other crimes."

"It was self-defense, Sebastian. We can swear to it if ever suspicion falls upon any of us. It is nothing, Sebastian."

But he broke down, sobbing, and the tears streamed down his face. In the reaction from the nervous tension Sebastian's emotional nature found full expression. "I have killed a man," he moaned, wringing his hands.

Bianca slipped her hand through his arm. But he shook her roughly away and gained the ladder, descended it, passed down the stairs, and found himself upon the street.

Now the episodes of the evening seemed like a dream to him. He had gone there to be married, a little more than an hour before; he was leaving as he had come, and, in the interval, he had committed murder.

He tried to brace himself, but he staggered drunkenly along the street toward his home. In that short walk all the man's past life seemed to walk in procession before him. There were women whom he had betrayed, men whom he had wronged; and, above all the rest, the most deeply implanted, the proud and loving face of Leontine whose life he had ruined.

The love upon that face had never been for him. It had been a dead man's love, and the thought had maddened him and driven him on and on in his career. Now Leontine was dead, and every scheme of his had come to ashes.

"It almost makes me believe in God," he muttered, as, gaining his house at last, he set his key into the door.

A single light burned in the study. The servants had been sent away, except the caretaker; Sebastian's baggage was awaiting him at the station with Bianca's. A bitter jest!

He flung himself down in his library chair and his mind went roving over the situation. Murder in place of forgery! Which was the worse?

Suddenly he started up, trembling violently. Out of the brilliance of the electrically-lighted room a white hand had appeared, the fingers holding a note scribbled on a sheet of his own writing paper. The hand laid down the message and disappeared.

Trembling in every limb Sebastian took up the paper and read:

"Think not your guilt will go unpunished."

He sprang to his feet, at bay now, as Louie had been. It seemed beyond reason, the fantasy of a brain disordered by all that had occurred that night. But had it occurred? Might he not be going insane? Might he not have dreamed it all? Was Leontine dead, or had he dreamed that too?

He tore the note to pieces and flung the scraps into the waste basket. He made his way to the library door and opened it, to recoil with a scream of terror.

In the chair beside the fire Leontine was seated, bending forward in a thoughtful attitude. As he entered she turned her face toward him.

Sebastian sprang forward toward her. "Leontine!" he screamed.

She raised her eyes to his.

"You are dead! You died when Pilot Light was struck by lightning!"

She shook her head, and Sebastian, incapable of speech, fell into the chair beside her.

(END OF EIGHTH EPISODE.)

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
W. M. WYATT AND J. B. WELLS
Publishers and Proprietors.

W. M. WYATT, Editor.
J. B. WELLS, Business Manager.

Subscription price $1.00 per year, payable in advance.

Entered April 15, 1913, at Clanton Ala., as second class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

Here is betting that Teddy can whip any three of the men who are keeping him out of war.

And still the government departments make announcements that they are making plans to begin preparations. It is to be hoped that the Germans will wait for us to get ready.

We are glad of the haul made by the Clanton bunch of Red Men at the Great Council meeting in Birmingham Tuesday. They did things in real spirit of Waxahatchie Tribe No. 9, viz: "Go after what you want, and don't stop till you get it." As the result of such a spirit instituted in the Tribe a long time ago, aside from many other things of merit, that have been accomplished from that time, our representatives to the Great Council return with the gratifying news that W. J. Armstrong was elected Great Sachem of the Order of Red Men in Alabama, without opposition. And also, they report that the next annual meeting of the Great Council was secured for Clanton. These two attainments are worth much of the long, streneous efforts that have been put forth here in the interest of the order. Clanton in general and the Red Men most particularly, are and should be proud of these two most remarkable destinctions.

MISJUDGED DURING LIFE.

Kinder judgment attended Joseph B. Foraker in death than followed him in life. He retired from tthe Senate under an unjust imputation that he had mingled his Senatorial position with his activity as a lawyer. There was no truth in it; but the charge came at a periood when to have been employed in any capacity by the Standard Oil Company was to receive the implication of illegality. The years have brought us a better knowledge, which while it did not benefit Senator Foraker politically, has nevertheless had a good effect upon the habit of hasty judgment of which he was a victim.

NO ROOM FOR JEALOUSY.

It is probable that Joe Leiter's distinguished brother-in-law, Lord Curzon, now a member of the British government, will not agree with Joe in his opinion that Col. T. Roosevelt should not take an American division to France. Both French and English are anxious to have American co-operation in the trenches at the earliest possible moment. There are military and moral results to be derived from American participation in the war; and it is axiomatic in warfare that moral and military advantages should be seized upon and utilized at the earilest possible opportunity. And the Colonel presents such an opportunity. Our Allies ask for it. Why should jealousy be permitted to stand in the way?

WISE END BY UNWISE MEANS

Senator Sheppard of Texas, a very good man in most ways, and a very loyal Democrat, recently introduced in the Senate a resolution starting out with the declaration that "development of manufacturing processes is one of the most important and powerful means of increasing the nation's efficiency, wealth and prosperity." because of which he asks for the creation of a 'Bureau of Manufactures.'

What Senator Sheppard says about the importance of manufactures is true—absolutely true. Quite likely there is need of a bureau of manufacturing. But the remarkable circumstance is that, although Senator Shep pard is impressed with the importance of manufacturing enterprises at the present time, he overlooks it at times when tariff laws are under consideration. The great purpose of a protective tariff is to develop not only manufacturing enterprises, but all other enterprises suited to the climate, resources, and other conditions prevailing in the United States.

It has been frequently remarked, and is undoubtedly true, that the Dem ocratic party exhibits little interest in any movement or legislation unless it promises to provide new offices for deserving democrats. It is not surprising therefore, that Senator Sheppard, who as above marked, is always a loyal Democrat, should turn to new offices as a means of aiding manufactures.

That ought to be the last recourse, for obvious reasons. In the first place, if we are to have such a bureau, it should be under the control of men who know manufacturing from the standpoint of successful experience. But men who have made a success in manufacturing are not likely to be attracted by the public payroll. Neither is the Democratic party, judging by its past record, likely to place on the payroll, men who have made a success in private productive industry. Moreover, if a man has demonstrated his capacity for successful management of manufacturing enterprises, he should be encouraged to continue therein, and teaching his subordinates how to be successful at similar undertakings of their own.

In the accomplishment of such a result, there could be nothing more effective than the re-establishment of a protective tariff, which would guarantee the American producer against ruinous competition from the cheap labor and materials of countries in which lower standards of living prevail.

A protective tariff would not require any new offices. It would require no aditional public building for the housing of public bureaus. It would take nobody out of the productive industry. It would help fill the public treasury. It would insure American workmen more constant labor. It would assure the stability of large investments in manufacturing. It would as Senator Shepherd desires, "develop the most important and powerful means of increasing the nation's efficiency, wealth and prosperity."

All these things are obviously true. The only reason why Senator Shepard and his colleagues in congress will not admit them and act accordingly is that the protective tariff is peculiarly a Republican doctrine and the Democrats are too intensely partisan to accept truth from Republican sources.

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FEAGIN'S NEWSLETTER NO. 69

War and Education.

There is a new compelling and unanswerable argument for education in the method of selecting commissioned officers for the new army. We trust that this object lesson will not be lost upon Alabama boys. No matter how wealthy a boy's parents might be he could not be admitted to the training school for officers unless he was educated. No matter how much influence his people might have a boy could not get in unless he had at least a high school education. And no matter how poor or obscure a boy might be, the first door was open to him if he could prove his education.

In these days to lead other men, a man must be educated.—Montgomery Advertiser.

Definitions of Education.

Sitting around a table not long ago was a group of school men from several different states. In discussing the objects of education, the following statements were made by different men:

"Education is that which trains us to do what we ought to do when it ought to be done, whether we want to do it or not."

"Education is the gumption one has when he has forgotten."

"Education is what trains us to do the right at the right time without thinking of it."

"Education is to train us to get along without a teacher."

"Education is to enlarge opportunity; to give capacity for work, not to relieve the necessity for it."

"Education is to train us to live among civilized people. Social efficiency is the test."

"The great exclusive end of high school education is to help the student to find his place in the world and to use that place as the vantage ground from which to make that world over into a better and fairer one."

"Every bit of education should be to make us more intelligent about the life we are to live."

"The supreme object of education should be to make the next generation better than the living generation."

"We must have ideals if our work is to lead anywhere. Have you any ideals or are you just 'keeping school' for the salary?"—High School Quarterly.

Montgomery, Ala., May 10, 1917—

Hon. W. F. Feagin, Supt. of Education, Capitol.

Dear Sir:

In reply to your inquiry of April 26th, as to whether or not pupils may be required to pay a reasonable incidental fee in the public schools during the compulsory attendance period, when the compulsory attendance law becomes effective, December 31st next, I have the honor to advise you as follows:

In the case of Bryant V. Whisenant, 167 Ala. decided May 12, 1917, the Supreme Court had under consideration a rule or regulation adopted by the County Board of Calhoun County, authorizing the district trustees of public schools "to assist an incidental fee from each pupil of not less than twenty-five cents, nor more than one dollar; provided the children of indignant parents may be excused from paying this fee." In commenting on the power to enforce this rule, Chief Justice, Anderson, speaking for the court, said:

"And when the statue makes no provision for a fund for this purpose, the county boards have the right to prescribe a reasonable method for the raising and collection of this fund, and to delegate the authority to the district board and teachers to enforce such rule. We also think that the requirement of a reasonable incidental fee for this purpose, as a condition precedent to attendance, is contemplated by the statute, in the absence of any special provision for same."

And the court further held that the provision in question was a reasonable one.

At this time this provision was adopted, there was in effect, as part of Section 1776 of the code of 1917, the following:

"And no school monies distributed to the various counties from the state school revenue shall, either directly or indirectly, be paid for the erection of schoolhouses, for the use of school room furniture, or any other contingent expenses of the schools."

But under the compulsory attendance statute, approved September 15, 1915, (Acts 1915, p. 534), after Oct. 1, 1917, the public policy of the state will be to compel attendance at a school of children who are within the school age; so that, after that time, any rule or regulation which will prevent the attendance of children, within the school age, from attending the public school, will be imperrative against the public policy of the state.

But it cannot be said that such a rule or regulation as that considered on the Bryant V. Whisenant case, supre, would have the effect of nullifying the compulsory attendance statute, because the rule of regulation there considered is saved from being inimical to the compulsory attendance statute by the proviso that children of indignent parents may be excused from paying incidental fees.

However, it must be remembered that when the supreme court held that a reasonable incidental fee might be charged, there was no provision of law providing the necessary fund for incidental purposes out of the public revenue; and that, when the compulsory attendance statute goes into effect, instead of the law prohibiting the use of any state school revenue for contingent expenses of schools, there will be in effect the act approved August 16, 1915 (Acts 1915, p. 281), which provides that county boards of education shall "erect, repair, and furnish schoolrooms, fix the wages of employees, determine all incidental expenses and have control of the public school funds of the county, except as otherwise provided for by law."

The authority of the county board to assess and collect an incidental fee, cannot therefore be passed for this purpose as in Bryant V. Whisenant case, supre.

Finally, as the recent statute places the entire control of the public school funds of the county in the hands of the county boards of education and gives them the right to determine all incideltal expenses, it results that whatever the county boards determine as to the incidental expenses, will be held valid; for in each instance they may determine that incidental expenses are to be paid out of the public revenue and what, if any, shall be assessed and collected from the pupils; provided that any rules and regulations which they may invoke for the assessment on these pupils, whose circumstances are such that the imposition of the incidental fee would prevent attendance.

Yours very truly
(Signed) W. L. MARTIN,
Attorney General.

Farmers, Let us Help you Increase your Productions this Season. We are Ready.

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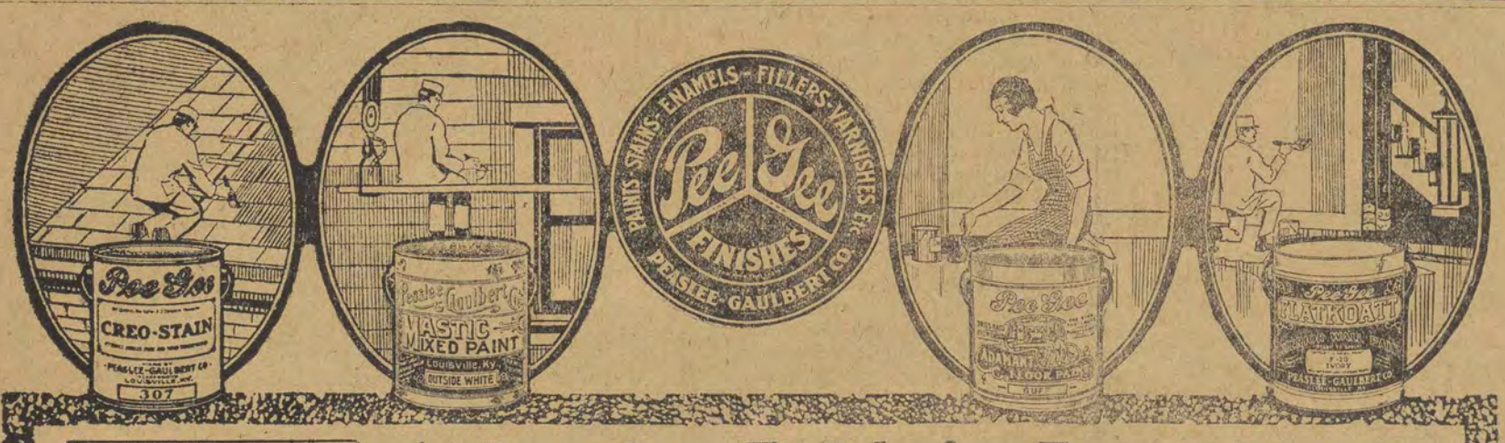
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SALE OF LANDS FOR TAXES IN CHILTON COUNTY, ALABAMA

The State of Alabama, Chilton County.

Under and by virtue of several decrees rendered in and by the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, on the 7th day of May, 1917, for the sale of real estate for the payment of taxes due for the year 1916, I will on Monday, the 11th day of June, 1917, sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door of said county, in Clanton, Ala., within the legal hours of sale, the following described real estate, for the state and county taxes, fees, costs, and charges to-wit:

Beat No. 2.

No. 253—Hatcher, Mrs. Sallie est. S½ of NW¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 23, Range 12; SE¼ and S½ of NE¼, Sec. 3, T.P. 23, Range 12; all east of Mahan Creek in SE¼ of NW¼ and in E½ of SW¼, Sec. 3, T.P. 23, Range 12; Tax and Cost, $35.00.

No. 436 and 437—Dennis Singletery. NW¼ of NW¼ of Sec. 34, T.P. 23, Range 3; Tax a nd cost for 1915 and 191[illegible] 7.92.

No. 2[illegible]—Henson, N. W. House and lot [illegible] Jemison, Ala., Lot 3; B.U. 14 lots in Thorsby, Ala., in Henson subdivision 5 to 18 B.T. Inc. Tax and costs, $14.55.

No. 4676.—Wells, C.W. SE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 34, T.P. 23, R. 13; NW¼ of NW¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 22, Range 13; 1 house and lot 3, block J, in town of Jemison, Ala. Tax and costs, $28.50.

Beat No. 4.

No. 1119—Latham, Mrs. M.F. One house and lot 7, Block 1, in town of Clanton, Ala., west of L. & N. Railroad. Tax and Costs, $20.50.

Lunsford, Mrs. N.L.S. Mineral and mineral right only, NE¼ and E ½ of SE¼ and NW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 1, T.P. 23, Range 14; N½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NW¼ and S½ of NW ¼ and N½ of S½ and SW¼ of SW ¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 23, Range 14; S½ of NE¼ and S½, Sec. 3, T.P. 23, Range 14; N½ of Sec. 10, T.P. 23, Range 14; S½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of SW ¼ and E½ of SE¼, Sec. 12, T.P. 23, Range 13; S½ of SE¼, Sec. 13, T.P. 24, Range 13; N½ of NE¼, Sec. 27, T.P. 24, Range 13; NE¼ and S½ of NW¼ and S½, Sec. 15, T.P. 24, Range 14; S½ of NE¼ and S½ of NW¼ and NE¼ of NW¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 24, Range 14; SE¼ and W½ of SW¼ and NE¼, Sec. 19, T.P. 24, Range 14; NE¼ and E½ of NW¼ and S½, Sec. 21, T.P. 24, Range 14; all of Sec. 23, T.P. 24, Range 14; SE¼ and E½ of SW¼ and NW¼ of SW¼ and N½, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 14; all of Sec. 27, T.P. 24, Range 14; NE¼ of NE¼ and S½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NW¼ and W ½ of NW¼ and NE¼ of SE¼ and SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 31, T.P. 24, Range 14; NW¼ of NW¼ and SE ¼ of NE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼ of SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 35, T.P. 24, Range 13; S½ of NE¼ of NE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼ and N½ of SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; SE¼ of SW¼ of NE¼ and SW¼ of NW¼ of NE¼ and N½ of NW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; S½ of NE¼ of SW¼ and NW¼ of SW¼ and E½ of SW¼ of SW¼ and SW¼ of SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; SE¼ of SW¼ and NE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; tax and costs, $43.45.

No. 1198—Matthews, E. A. SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 15, T.P. 22, Range 14; W½ of NE¼ Sec. 21, T.P. 22, Range 15; E½ of NW¼, Sec. 21, T.P. 22, Range 15; W½ of SW¼, Sec. 21, T.P. 22, Range 15; W½ of NE¼, Sec. 20, T. P. 22, Range 15.
NW¼ of SE¼, Sec. 24, T.P. 22, Range 13; SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 23, Range 13; 2½ acres in NE corner SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 30, T.P. 22, Range 16. The following described real property, lying and being situated in the Town of Clanton, Alabama, to-wit: a certain parcel of land west of the S & N Alabama Ry., described as follows, to-wit: commencing at a point on the line of the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., 210 feet south of the intersection of said right of way and the main street, now known as Second Ave. and running thence in a westerly direction, parallel with the main street, 485 feet, more or less, to the line of W. D. Sartor's land, said line of W.D. Sartor's land was known or existed on the 10th day of August, 1893, thence in a southerly direction along the line of said Sartor land line, and a continuation thereof 300 ft., thence in an easterly direction parallel to said main street, 485 ft., more or less to said right of way, thence in a northerly direction along said right of way 300 feet to a point of beginning, being a part of land which was conveyed to John Randolph on the 12th day of February, 1902, by deed which is recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in vol. 24 of record of deeds, on page 387; the said lot or parcel of land above described is known by the official map of the town of Clanton, Alabama, and marked upon said map, "E.Y. McMorris, University School." (The words, "main street" wherever they appear in the foregoing description, refer to the street now known as Second Avenue). And also a tract or parcel of land described as follows, to-wit: beginning at the NE corner of a certain lot, west of South and North Alabama Ry., and south of and bordering on Second Ave., marked on the official map of the town of Clanton, "W.M. Wilson and Bro." and running thence east along Second Ave., 40 feet; thence south 210 feet to the the lot marked on said official map, "E.Y. McMorris University School" thence west 40 feet thence north 210 feet to the point of beginning; and also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described and bounded as follows, to-wit: beginning at the SE corner of the lot marked on the official map of the town of Clanton, Alabama, "E.Y. McMorris University School" and running thence west 160 feet, thence south 80 feet, thence east 40 feet, thence south 280 feet, thence east to the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry., thence north to the point of beginning, also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the NE corner of the lot marked on the official map of Clanton, Alabama, "E.Y. McMorris University School," and running thence west 30 feet, thence north 60 feet to the lot of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., thence east 30 feet to the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., thence south along the said right of way to the point of beginning; and also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described as follows: beginning at the SW corner of the lot marked on the official map of Clanton, Alabama, "E.Y. McMorris University School" and running south 20 feet, thence east to within 160 feet of the right of way of the South and North Alabama Railroad Company, thence north 20 feet, to the south line of said "E.Y. McMorris University School" lot, thence west along said line to the point of beginning, also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Railroad, described as follows: Beginning at the NW of the Episcopal Church lot on the south side of Second Ave, and running thence west along said Second Avenue, and running thence west along said second Avenue 120 feet, thence south 210 feet, thence east 120 feet, thence north along said Episcopal church lot 210 feet to the point of beginning. Dwelling house in West Clanton lot 1; B. 2 dwelling house West Clanton lot 3, B 2, 55 feet north side lot 6; B 2, South 2-3 of B 4 east side lot 11 and 14 B 7. One acre in Sec. 35, T.P. 22, Range 14, west of the J. M. Morgan lot; one house and lots 9, 10, 15 and 16 in Gowan addition in Clanton, Ala. Tax and costs, $377.22.

No. 1364—T.M. Pyron. One house and lot 4, B. 2, in Clanton, Ala., on west side of L.&N. R.R. Tax and cost, $28.20.

No 1425—Sims, R.F. NW¼ of NE¼, less two acres in NW corner and 2 acres in SE corner of NE¼ of NW¼, Sec. 21, T.P. 22, Range 14; tax and costs, $11.47.

No. 1447—Smith, Ophelia (col) Begin at a SE corner of NE¼ of NW ¼, Sec. 12, T.P. 21, Range 14, run thence west 227 yards and north 50 yards and west 20 yards and north 229 yards and east 107 yards south 120 yards and east 140 yards to a land line, 160 yards to point of beginning; also beginning at SW corner of the above described land and run E 200 yards to public road and north 7 feet and west 200 yards to point of beginning in NE¼ of NW¼; tax and costs, $12.50.

Beat No. 7.

No. 2316.—Hicks, Henry S. S½ of Sec. 4, T.P. 21, Range 11; SE¼ of NE¼ and E½ of SW¼, Sec. 8, T.P. 21, Range 11; SE¼ of Sec. 8, T.P. 21, Range 11; SW¼ of NW¼, Sec. 9, T.P. 21, Range 11; E½ of SE ¼, Sec. 22, T.P. 21, Range 11; NE¼ of NW¼ of SE½, Sec. 26, T.P. 21, Range 11. Tax and costs, $62.85.

No. 2320—Hicks, Mrs. M. F. W½ of NE¼ and W½ of SE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 4, T.P. 21, Range 11; E½ of NW ¼, Sec. 4, T.P. 21, Range 11; tax and costs, $18.75.

No. 2453—Bailey, Manuel. SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 8, T.P. 20, Range 11; tax and costs, $7.37.

No. 4793—United Realty Co. SW ¼ of SW¼, less mineral right, Sec. 17, T.P. 21, Range 12; tax and costs, $7.36.

Beat No. 8.

No. 2636—McElwin, J.D. SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 34, T.P. 20, Range 11; tax and costs, $7.94.

No. 2681.—Patterson, D.P. N½ of NW¼ and E½ of SE¼ of NW¼ and W½ of NE¼ and NW¼ of SE ¼, Sec. 31, T.P. 20, Range 11; 3 acres on south side of SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 30, T.P. 20, Range 11; Tax and costs, $41.50.

Beat No. 9.

No. 3146—Mary Smith (col) NE¼ of NE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 22, T.P. 22, Range 13; tax and cost, $7.10.

No. 3172.—Thompson, Lucy B. Lots numbered one to ten, both inclusive, according to the map of Thorsby in Chilton County, said lots being in Block 6 of said town of Thorsby, Ala.; tax and cost, $8.25.

No. 2976—Henry Joseph. NE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 35, T.P. 23, Range 13; All of NE¼ of SW¼, Sec. 36, T.P. 23, Range 13; lying west of railroad, NW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 36, T.P. 23, Range 13; tax and costs, $21.43.

Beat No. 10.

No. 3228—Burkhalter, J.A. SW¼ of SE¼, Sec. 8, T.P. 20, Range 15; 12 acres in north side of NW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 20, Range 15; 10 acres on the E side of NW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 20, Range 15; 15 acres on E side of SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 20, Range 15; tax and costs, $15.29.

Beat No. 13.

No. 3876—Hardy, F.H. NE¼ of SW¼ and S½ and SW¼, Sec. 18, T.P. 24, Range 13; tax and cost, $11.18.

Beat No. 15.

No. 4226—Deason, A.B. SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 6, T.P. 20, Range 13; 10 acres on south side of NE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 6, T.P. 20, Range 13; 10 acres on south side of NW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 5, T.P. 20, Range 13; SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 5, T.P. 20, Range 13; tax and costs, $10.98.

Wintess my hand this 7th day of May, 1917.

J. D. COLLINS,
Tax Collector of Chilton County.

Dizziness, vertigo (blind staggers,) sallow complexion, flatulence are symptoms of a torpid liver. No one can feel well while the liver is inactive. HERBINE is a powerful liver stimulant. A dose or two will cause all bilious symptoms to disappear. Try it. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

SAYS THAT PHOSPHATES MAKE BEAUTIFUL WOMEN AND STRONG HEALTHY VIGOROUS ROOBUST MEN

Physicians all over the World are prescribing Phosphates to build up run-down enemic conditions and those who have treated their patients with Argo-Phosphate are changing thin enemic women

With toneless tissues, flabby flesh, into the most beautiful rosy cheeked and plump round-formed women imaginable.

[illegible]lanta, Ga.—Dr. Jacobson said [illegible]ecent interview that 90 per cent [illegible]nemia comes from nervous breakowns which can only be corrected by supplying the necessary phosphates to the nervous system that is lacking in the food you eat, and this can be quickly supplied by taking one or two five-grain Argo-Phosphate tablets after each meal, and at bedtime. It will in many cases make a pale, scrawny face the picture of health in a few days, I have seen women that I expect would have to be kept under treatment for months restored to perfect health in one or two weeks time.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The Argo-Phosphates recommended by Dr. F.H. Jacobson contains phosphates such as are prescribed by leading physicians throughout the world, and it will be found the mose effective from for treating patients with nervous dyspepsia, stomach troubles, brain fag, nervous prostration. It will renew youthful vim and vigor and will build up the whole body. If your druggist will not supply you with Argo-Phosphate, send $1 for two weeks treatment, to the Argo Laboratiries, 10 Forsyth, St., Atlanta, Ga.

Pay your subscription to this paper.

When the amateur gardener finds his soil suffering for moisture during some dry spell this summer, let him remember the old adage, "two cultivations are as god as one rain."

C. REESE MULLINS
—Agent—
For Life and Fire Insurance, Accident and Health Insurance, Auto and Windstorm Insurance, Liability and Plate Glass Insurance. Bonding.
Singer Sewing Machines.
Regular office days Mondays and Saturdays.
Third door east of Post office.
CLANTON, ALA.

Barbed wire cuts, ragged wounds, collar and harness galls, heal up quickly when BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT is applied. It is both healing and antiseptic. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

"Don't suffer from train headaches"

When traveling, attending a Theatre or some Social Function, or if Shopping, don't forget to have

DR. MILES' -Anti- PAIN PILLS

with you. They are invaluable for Headache and all other Pains.

25 Doses, 25 Cents.

IF FIRST BOX IS NOT SATISFACTORY, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.



[illegible]
"I have used Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills for some time and find them an invaluable remedy for headache. I have always taken great pleasure in recommending them to my friends, being confident that they will bring the desired relief. I am never without them and use them for all attacks of pain, knowing that they will not disappoint me."
MRS. W. H. BENSON.
West Haven, Conn.

Mother's Duty to Her Child

Science Shows Pre-Natal Suffering Has Later Effect.

The subject of childbirth has demanded the attention of the world's best physicians and surgeons for centuries. Later day investigations prove that in reducing the suffering of the mother during the period of expectancy, the health of the coming infant is greatly improved.

Women tell of the safe, dependable preparation known as "Mother's Friend," which is composed of special penetrating oils. It is the prescription of a famous physician and a preparation of such a helpful nature as to be absolutely necessary to the expectant mother.

"Mother's Friend" has been found by thousands of mothers to relieve much pain and suffering at the crisis. The period of expectancy is passed in comfort. All druggists supply "Mother's Friend."

Write to Bradfield Regulator Company, Dept. K, 554 Atlanta, Ga., for valuable guide book for expectant mothers. This book is free to users of "Mother's Friend."

Sallow complexion is due to torpid liver. HERBINE puriles and strengthens the liver and bowels and restores the rosy bloom of health to the cheek. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Lowest cost per pound of real roughage



OLD style hulls cost more per pound of roughage than the price per ton indicates. This is because they are one-fourth lint which has no food value. To know how much each pound of roughage in this form is costing you, you must divide the price per ton by 1500—not by 2000.

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

cost exactly what you pay for them. Every pound is all roughage—no useless lint. To really know the difference in cost between old style hulls and Buckeye Hulls you must know the cost per pound of real roughage.

Even though Buckeye Hulls do sell at a much lower price than old style hulls, you can't realize how much less they are costing you until you consider how much more real roughage a ton contains.

Other Advantages

Buckeye Hulls go farther.
They allow better assimilation of other food.
No trash or dust.
Sacked—easy to handle.
They mix well with other forage.
Take half as much space in the barn.

Mr. Dan Wolf, Hammond Bldg. & Mfg. Co., Hammond, La., says:
"I am feeding Buckeye Hulls to milch cows and find them a satisfactory filler when mixed with cottonseed meal and other concentrates. At the present price of feed stuff, Buckeye Hulls are the cheapest roughage on the market."

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K *The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.* Dept. K
Atlanta, Augusta, Birmingham, Charlotte, Greenwood, Jackson, Little Rock, Macon, Memphis, Selma

RAILROAD ENGINEERS OUT WITH STATEMENT

Men in the Cabs From Many States Declare That Tanlac Conserves the Health of Railroad Men and Makes Them Fit for Responsible Duties in Most Nerve-Racking Service.

NO calling demands a clearer brain, steadier nerves, a more perfect state of health than that of a railroad engineer. The safety of thousands depends on guarding his health, which is as important to the public as the efficiency of his engine. Every engineer realizes this enormous responsibility, he dares not take chances with so important a matter. That is why so many of them are using Tanlac—it steadies the nerves, clears the brain, corrects indigestion, strengthens the arm, insures the safety of the traveler, and keeps him on his job.

Railroad engineers everywhere indorse Tanlac because they have tried it and know. Read what they say.

W. L. Nabers, Atlanta, Ga., engineer Southern Railway, says: "I had lost appetite—liver and kidneys deranged—since taking Tanlac haven't had a pain—gained 14 pounds."

L. C. Bowers, 910 First avenue, south, Nashville, Tenn., engineer Tennessee Central, says: "Stomach trouble and nervousness overcome—nothing too good I can say about Tanlac—gained 8 pounds."

D. A. Middleton, 1717 Chenovert Street, Houston, Tex., engineer Southern Pacific, says: "Was in bad shape—couldn't walk—Tanlac built me up like new man—gained 11 pounds."

T. G. Ayers, 107 Raines avenue, Nashville, Tenn., engineer Louisville and Nashville, says: "Kidney trouble, nervousness, poor appetite—Tanlac put me in good shape—gained 7 pounds."

J. T. Toy, Atlanta, Ga., former engineer Seaboard, says: "Nervous indigestion—kidneys in bad shape—pains in back—am satisfied with what Tanlac has done for me."

R. H. Owens, 2700 Avenue G, Birmingham, Ala., engineer, says: "Run-down—indigestion—palpitation of heart—had to give up job—since taking Tanlac eat anything—have gone back to work."

T. G. Burrows, 3915 McKinney avenue, Houston, Texas, engineer St. Louis, Brownsville and Mexico, says: "Catarrh of head and stomach—headaches—nervous—Tanlac is railroad man's friend—feel like new man."

Lynn Sills, 440 North Bellevue avenue, Memphis, Tenn., engineer, Louisville and Nashville, says: "Headaches—pains in back and kidneys—strained every nerve to keep up—Tanlac relieved me entirely."

S. T. Watkins, Birmingham, Ala., engineer Southern, says: "Suffered 27 years—stomach troubles—Tanlac has ended my troubles."

G. G. Geiger, 133 East Linden street, Atlanta, Ga., engineer Georgia Railroad, says: "Tanlac relieved my wife of rheumatism—she gained 25 pounds from using it."

C. J. Weeks, 2139 Lydia street, Jacksonville, Fla., engineer Seaboard, says: "Suffered 20 years from nervous indigestion—Tanlac entirely relieved me—gained 20 pounds."

Jeff D. Riggs, 2020 Pearl street, Vicksburg, Miss., engineer Yazoo and Mississippi Valley, says: "Was nervous and physical wreck—since taking Tanlac am strong and active as ever—gained 25 pounds."

B. F. House, R. F. D., No. 5, Box 61, Atlanta, Ga., engineer Seaboard, says: "Lost weight and strength—was badly under the weather—Tanlac set me up—gained 22 pounds."

Jack Petrie, 54 Lindsley avenue, Nashville, Tenn., engineer, says: "Was pulled down till I had to give up my engine—Tanlac put me back in the cab—it's the best medicine I ever tried."

P. F. Hammill, 1192 Dunnavant street, Memphis, Tenn., engineer, says: "Rheumatism—tried everything, including trip to Hot Springs—Tanlac did more good than everything else combined."

P. C. Hooks, Rome, Ga., engineer Southern, says: "My wife was almost complete nervous and physical wreck—Tanlac set her crutches aside—she gained 16 pounds."

J. B. Watson, Mobile, Ala., engineer on Southern Railway between Selma and Mobile, says: "Was completely broken down—couldn't work—since taking Tanlac am working regularly—gained 68 pounds."

O. B. Hanes, Nashville, Tenn., engineer Louisville and Nashville, says: "Gave up engine account accident, bad health—Tanlac is fine—gained 8 pounds—sleep and eat fine."

G. T. Newman, Dalton, Ga., engineer Western and Atlantic, says: "Was tired and worn out—nervous—Tanlac only thing that gave me relief."

H. M. Telford, 617 Third avenue, Birmingham, Ala., engineer Louisville and Nashville, says: "Wife had nervous indigestion—splitting headaches—gave up all housework—Tanlac gave her new life and energy—she gained 7 pounds."

Evidence from such sources as these is unassailable. These men are exposed to all conditions of weather as no others are. Their runs take them from mountain to seashore, from swamp to highland through rain and storm, cold and sleet, and they never falter in their duty. They must always guard against disease. These men speak from personal experience; no wonder they pin their faith to Tanlac, for it has served them well.

There is a Tanlac dealer in your town.—Adv.

Patents for Poets.

"You are a spring poet, I believe?" began the intruder.

"I am," sadly responded the gentleman of the third-floor back; "although I must confess—"

"Exactly!" broke in the intruder. "That is why I called."

"You are a publisher?" cried the spring poet.

"No, sir," responded the caller; "but I am general agent of one of the greatest money-saving inventions of the age!"

"Alas! I have no money to save!" moaned the man of sonnets.

"But listen," replied the caller. "My invention is bound to suit you. It is a little rubber-stamp with the words 'Declined with thanks' upon it. You write your poem, put it in an envelope, slip in a piece of paper with those words on it, address the envelope to yourself, open the envelope, read the slip, throw the whole business into the waste-paper basket, and by these very simple means," concluded the man of genius, "you may save ten times the cost of my invention in a single week!"

Be Adaptable.

"Don't be obstinate."

"Huh?"

"Some men spend their lives trying to make silk purses from sows' ears."

"Well?"

"They might take the same material and get rich manufacturing leather specialities."

Dr. B. F. Jackson, Celebrated Physician, handed down to posterity his famous prescription for female troubles. Now sold under the name of "Femenina." Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

Men who try to achieve distinction by being no better than they ought to be always get lost in the crowd.

Don't think you can get rid of your typewriter by marrying her.

Only busy men find time to do the necessary things.

After the Movies Murine is for Tired Eyes. Red Eyes—Sore Eyes—Granulated Eyelids. Rests—Refreshes—Restores. Murine is a Favorite Treatment for Eyes that feel dry and smart. Give your eyes as much of your loving care as your Teeth and with the same regularity. CARE FOR THEM. YOU CANNOT BUY NEW EYES! Sold at Drug and Optical Stores or by Mail. Ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, for Free Book

Inded They Do!

Little Willie, although not much of a singer, has the spirit all right. He was rendering an especially erratic version of "Columbia, Gem of the Ocean," the other evening, and an entirely new, though suitable, interpretation of the words of the song. He began:

"O Columbia, gem of the ocean,
The home of the brave and the free—"

The listeners withstood several painful lines of this and there wasn't a break.

"A world offers homage to thee," he screamed.

Then came the triumph of the song:

"Thy banners make Germany tremble."

And the little group of listeners broke out into cheers.—Indianapolis News.

SOFT, CLEAR SKINS

Made So by Daily Use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment—Trial Free.

The last thing at night and the first in the morning, bathe the face freely with Cuticura Soap and hot water. If there are pimples or dandruff smear them with Cuticura Ointment before bathing. Nothing better than Cuticura for daily toilet preparations.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Their Predicament.

"It seems that the people in nations on short rations are not following the usual order."

"What is that?"

"They are whining but not dining."

Plan to See.

"There is something very transparent about that girl."

"I guess it is her glass eye."

One bottle of Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" will save you money, time, anxiety and health. One dose sufficient, without Castor Oil in addition. Adv.

The rain which falls upon the United States every year equals in amount the water in ten Mississippi rivers.

Bearing part of our neighbors' cares makes our own load lighter.

Hunger is the best sauce.

CALHOUN CAPITAL MILITARY CENTER

WORK ON ARTILLERY RANGE AT ANNISTON WILL BE BEGUN WITHIN TEN DAYS.

IS OFFICIALLY CONFIRMED

Announced That War Department Has Purchased Over 15,000 Acres for This Purpose.

Washington.—The transaction between the Chamber of Commerce of Anniston and the government, whereby the latter acquires for military purposes more than 15,000 acres of land lying between Anniston and Jacksonville, in Calhoun county, is officially confirmed.

Col. Charles P. Summerall, representing the war department, returned from Anniston. He admitted that the deal had been consummated and stated that within 10 days work would be initiated toward the completion of two artillery ranges on the site purchased. When the ranges are ready for service divisions of the regular army will be stationed in Anniston for the purpose of instructing southern units of the National Guard in the use of field guns.

Anniston.—Col. C. P. Summerall, U. S. A., formally closed the deal with the Chamber of Commerce for 16,000 acres of land adjoining the city limits and north of the city to be used as a training camp site and range grounds for artillery, infantry and machine gun companies of the army.

This means that at times there will be as many as 50,000 men encamped adjoining Anniston. And it is permanent. The property was purchased outright by the government.

Presbyterians Hold Meeting.

Birmingham.—With the delivery of the sermon of the retiring moderator, Dr. C. W. Grafton, and the administration of the sacrament of the Lord's Supper, the fifty-seventh general assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States was opened at the South Highlands Presbyterian church. More than 250 delegates were present, and the large church was crowded when the moderator delivered his last sermon in that official position. Dr. John Miller Wells, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church at Wilmington, N. C., was elected moderator.

Doty Heads Press Association.

Gadsden.—Ed Doty, of Tuscaloosa, was elected President of the Alabama Press Association, and Tuscaloosa was chosen as the next meeting place before adjournment. Other officers elected were: Oscar Dugger, Andalusia; First Vice-President; S. H. Oliver, LaFayette, Second Vice-President; J. H. Hard, Birmingham, Corresponding Secretary; Frank Julian, Recording Secretary; Miss Frances Golson, Wetumpka, Essayist; Mrs. Shipman, Poetess; Mrs. Mathis, Orator; J. C. Williams, Talladega, Historian.

North Carolina Judge to Address Bar.

Montgomery.—Judge H. G. Connor, of Wilson, N. C., has accepted an invitation extended by Col. Alexander Troy, secretary, to deliver the annual oration before the State Bar association meeting in Birmingham, July 12-15. Judge Connor was formerly associate justice of the North Carolina supreme court and is judge of the United States district court, eastern department of North Carolina. His subject will be "Justice Campbell."

Flames Destroy Graphite Plant.

Ashland.—The entire plant of the Crucible Flake Graphite Company, eight miles west of Ashland in the graphite district, was destroyed by fire, according to reports reaching here. The plant carried only $2,000 insurance, and it is understood, it was valued at between $15,000 and $20,000. The fire is said to have originated in the dryroom.

Red Tape is Removed.

Montgomery.—Dr. J. N. Baker, of Montgomery, has been appointed a major in the Medical Reserve Corps, and president of a board to examine applicants in that branch of the service. All of the red tape has been eliminated. Doctors licensed to practice medicine, who are between the ages of 22 and 35 years, can be accepted and commissioned within a week.

Negro Officers to be Designated.

Washington.—Representative Huddleston was informed by Adjutant General McKain of the army that the War Department had decided to designate Negro officers for Negro regiments to be recruited. Alabama's quota of officers will be about 200. An officers' reserve camp later will be located in some central portion of the country.

Red Cross Unit Formed.

Decatur.—Declaring that they will go to the front as war nurses if their services are required, women prominent in the social circles of Albany have formed a local unit of the Red Cross and have made application for a charter to the American Red Cross. Officers of the new organization are Mrs. W. E. Crawford, President; Mrs. William Watson, Vice-President; Mrs. Frank Lide, Secretary. Instruction will be given by Dr. Fonville, of the Medical Corps of the Alabama National Guard.

State Federation of Labor Meets.

Anniston.—State Federation of Labor held a busy session here. Several questions of momentous interest to organized labor were discussed at the sixteenth annual convention of the Alabama State Federation of Labor, which convened May 21, for a three days' session. The effect of the war on the labor and labor's part in the war was brought out in the speeches made by some of the leading orators of organized labor in the South. The meeting was held in the Woodmen's Hall. About 150 delegates were present.

400 Enlisted to Date.

Montgomery.—Recruiting in Alabama has taken on considerable impetus in the last few days, according to Capt. H. J. McKenney, recruiting officer for the army in Alabama, and by May 26 approximately 400 recruits will have been sent from the state since April 1. Capt. McKenney declared that he would like it to be known that the examinations for clerkships and other clerical positions in the army were the same as for regular enlistment as privates, and that promotion came to clerks just as it did to enlisted men—only by the enlisted man showing ability.

Farmer Burns to Death in House.

Opelika.—Home Colquitt Gullatte, aged 28, a farmer, of Beat Nine, Lee County, was burned to death when his house was destroyed by fire. Mrs. Gullatte and her two children, who were sleeping in a separate room from Mr. Gullatte, barely escaped. After Mrs. Gullatte had gotten her children out of the house she went back to awaken her husband but on account of the intensity of the fire could not get to his room. She could see him walking around in a dazed condition, unable to find a door or window by which he could get out. The roof was falling in before the screams of Mrs. Gullatte brought any of the neighbors.

Class is Graduated.

Troy.—The graduation exercises of the State Normal School occurred in the school auditorium. The largest class in the history of the institution received diplomas. The school reports the best enrollment for the past year of any preceding year, the number amounting to 592. Thirty-five counties in Alabama were represented in the enrollment and six different States, there being students from Georgia, Florida, Oklahoma, Virginia and Texas.

Form Efficiency Corps.

Montgomery.—Lieutenant Colonels Daiden and Bare and Major Moon have been appointed as an efficiency corps before whom duly elected second lieutenants of the national guard must appear to show their qualifications for commissions. The policies of the brigade commanders is to give commissions to men, who went into the trials of border life at Nogales and Camp Wilson.

Cold Damages Cotton.

Oeplika.—Cotton is dying in this section to a great extent on account of the recent cold weather. This, in connection with the boll weevil, has caused the prediction that little cotton will be made in Lee County this year. Last year the boll weevil did much damage and already reports from various sections of the County say that it has made its appearance.

Curtail Social Life as War Saving.

Decatur.—In urging rigid measures for aiding America in the war with Germany, the Federated Missions of Albany and Decatur, in annual meeting, adopted a resolution pledging the women of the Twin Cities to curtail social entertainment, to spend less for dress, to plant gardens, to guard against the waste of food and to serve plain and inexpensive meals.

Robbed of $1,000.

Centerville.—Sheriff J. S. Ward received a telephone message stating that robbers had broken into the house of P. D. Lee, a farmer, residing in the western part of Bibb County, about ten miles from Centerville, and had stolen $1,000. Lee trusted his sock as safety deposit, preferably to placing his money in the bank.

Can't Go to Reunion.

Mountain Creek.—The old veterans at the Soldiers' Home will not attend the Washington reunion. The distance and the cost will keep the old heroes close to home, where the "high cost of living" does not trouble them.

Half a Crop of Strawberries.

Thorsby.—The strawberry crop at this point has been cut one-half by the recent cool weather. But few shipments are being made to any other points except Birmingham and Montgomery.

Much Rosin Shipped.

Clanton.—Seventy barrels of rosin are ready to be shipped at the Louisville and Nashville freight depot here. It was taken from the turpentine fields about ten miles from Clanton, and by convict labor.

Graphite Plant Now Being Built.

Goodwater.—The Graphite Company of America, with large holdings within a couple of miles of Goodwater, has started work on the construction of a large mill. One of the largest mills in the United States will be erected by this company. Work will be pushed and it is planned to have the mill in operation by the end of Summer. The Goodwater Graphite Company, the other concern here erecting a mill has practically completed its plant, and will by the first or by the middle of June, have it in operation.

CALOMEL IS MERCURY, IT SICKENS! STOP USING SALIVATING DRUG

Don't Lose a Day's Work! If Your Liver Is Sluggish or Bowels Constipated Take "Dodson's Liver Tone."—It's Fine!

You're bilious! Your liver is sluggish! You feel lazy, dizzy and all knocked out. Your head is dull, your tongue is coated; breath bad; stomach sour and bowels constipated. But don't take salivating calomel. It makes you sick, you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel crashes into sour bile like dynamite, breaking it up. That's when you feel that awful nausea and cramping.

If you want to enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone. Your druggist or dealer sells you a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone under my personal money-back guarantee that each spoonful will clean your sluggish liver better than a dose of nasty calomel and that it won't make you sick.

Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and your bowels regular. You will feel like working; you'll be cheerful; full of vigor and ambition.

Dodson's Liver Tone is entirely vegetable, therefore harmless and cannot salivate. Give it to your children! Millions of people are using Dodson's Liver Tone instead of dangerous calomel now. Your druggist will tell you that the sale of calomel is almost stopped entirely here.—Adv.

W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

$3 $3.50 $4 $4.50 $5 $6 $7 & $8 FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers. The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the Fashion Centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

Ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you with the kind you want, take no other make. Write for interesting booklet explaining how to get shoes of the highest standard of quality for the price, by return mail, postage free.



BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTES

Boys' Shoes Best in the World $3.00 $2.50 & $2.00

LOOK FOR W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom.

W. L. Douglas
President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., 185 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

A Babylonian Epic.

In the midst of it all, a man in Philadelphia, a professor, is calmly translating a Babylonian epic. He has before him certain tablets which were buried in Mesopotamian ground thousands of years ago, upon which, in the time of Abraham, certain queer cone-shaped characters were inscribed. Not many years ago the key to these character was discovered, in the form of an inscription in two languages, one of which was known, and the meaning of the queer characters slowly emerged. The Philadelphia professor has discovered that the tablets bear an epic poem. He is translating the epic and finds it to be the story of the way in which a half-barbarous chieftain, named Enkidu, was redeemed from a career of tyranny and violence by the love of a woman. And day after day, while the papers are full of woes and wickedness, and the drums of war beat on the streets, indifferent to all the uproar this patient man goes on translating into good English the poem of Enkidu and his love.

YES! LIFT A CORN OFF WITHOUT PAIN!

Cincinnati man tells how to dry up a corn or callus so it lifts off with fingers.

You corn-pestered men and women need suffer no longer. Wear the shoes that nearly killed you before, says this Cincinnati authority, because a few drops of freezone applied directly on a tender, aching corn or callus, stops soreness at once and soon the corn or hardened callus loosens so it can be lifted off, root and all, without pain.

A small bottle of freezone costs very little at any drug store, but will positively take off every hard or soft corn or callus. This should be tried, as it is inexpensive and is said not to irritate the surrounding skin.

If your druggist hasn't any freezone tell him to get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.—adv.

A Suggestion.

"The English used to name their gunboats after birds. Now they ought to use those names for their airships."

"Of course. It is much more fitting for the latter to have names so suggestive of flights."

USE ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

The antiseptic powder to be shaken into shoes and sprinkled into the foot-bath. It relieves painful, swollen, smarting feet and takes the sting out of corns and bunions. The greatest comforter ever discovered for all foot-aches. Sold everywhere, 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.—Adv.

Correct.

"Now, Thomas, tell me what animal is web-footed."

"The spider."

IT IS IMPERATIVE that you keep a bottle of Mississippi Diarrhea Cordial in your medicine chest. In constant use for fifty years. Price 25c and 50c.—Adv.

A flower stand of German invention, normally of small size, can be extended to fill an ordinary-sized window.

A new cooking utensil that can be used on top of a stove will serve as roaster, steamer, broiler or toaster.

How lucky some men would be if they should lose their reputations!

An Alpine glacier has been converted into an ice mine by a practical Swiss, who mines and markets the ice.

The purgative forces within the body usually need help in Spring. WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS make Nature's efforts easy, because they are tonic as well as laxative. Adv.

No Result.

"Fishin', little feller?"

"Nope; jest baitin' and yankin'!"—Indianapolis News.

WHY HAVE CHILLS AND FEVER? "Plantation" Chill Tonic is guaranteed and will do the work in a week. Your money cheerfully refunded by dealers if it fails after giving it a proper trial. Price 50c.—Adv.

Too Much Gratified.

"They say the ex-czar of Russia is very fond of fish."

"Then he ought to be satisfied with the pretty kettle of it he's in just now."

Pass Onward, Auntie.

Time—Sunday morning. Place—Bridge near the old swimming hole.

Horrified Old Lady—I say, little boys, what's coming off down there?

Voice From Below—Why, my shirt and Jimmie's pants. We're the last ones in.

GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER has been the most successful family remedy for the last fifty-one years for biliousness and stomach troubles, to which the American people are addicted, causing sick headache, nervousness, indigestion, sour stomach, coming up of food and a general physical depression. 25 and 75c.—Adv.

Explosion Averted.

"I hear you have been a very sick man," said the manager of the garage.

"Yessur," replied Mr. Erastus Pinkley. "Dey mos' despaired of my recovery. But I never had no doubt about it myself. I jes' had to get well."

"Why?"

"Well, suh, I knowed I wasn't good enough to go to heaven. An' workin' in dis garage has got me soaked so chockful o' gasoline, dar wasn' a chance of deir wantin' me aroun' de other place."

Druggist's Customers Praise Kidney Medicine

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is the best seller on the market today in this locality. I believe it is all that is claimed, and during my experience of eight years in handling it as a kidney, liver and bladder remedy I have never heard a single complaint and know that it has produced very beneficial results in many cases, according to the reports of my customers who praise it highly.

Very truly yours,
HERBERT S. MAXWELL,
Druggist.
June 5, 1916. Plymouth, Mass.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

Too Much Noise.

"Why did they expel Mr. Crow from the Ariel club?"

"Oh, for caws."

Suitable Crew.

"How is that bark manned?"

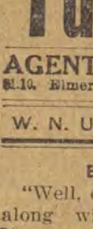
"As a bark should be manned—with old sea dogs."

STOCK LICK IT—STOCK LIKE IT



For Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Contains Copperas for Worms, Sulphur for the Blood, Saltpeter for the Kidneys, Nux Vomica, a Tonic, and Pure Dairy Salt. Used by Veterinarians 12 years. No Dosing. Drop Brick in feed-box. Ask your dealer for Blackman's or write

BLACKMAN STOCK REMEDY COMPANY
CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE



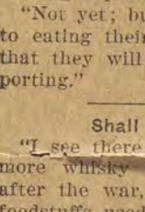
ABSORBINE
TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

Reduces Strained, Puffy Ankles, Lymphangitis, Poll Evil, Fistula, Boils, Swellings; Stops Lameness and allays pain. Heals Sores, Cuts, Bruises, Boot Chafes. It is a SAFE ANTISEPTIC AND GERMICIDE

Does not blister or remove the hair and horse can be worked. Pleasant to use. $2.00 a bottle, delivered. Describe your case for special instructions and Book 5 M free. ABSORBINE, JR., antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Strains, Painful, Knotted, Swollen Veins. Concentrated—only a few drops required at an application. Price $1 per bottle at dealers or delivered.
W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

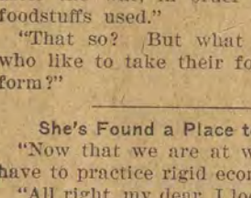
GREEN MOUNTAIN
ASTHMA
TREATMENT

This treatment is the result of many years of study and experience in the special treatment of diseases of the lungs and throat by the late Dr. J. H. Guild, graduate of New York Medical College and New York Chemical Laboratory, a practitioner in Bellevue and New York Charity Hospitals, and an eminent physician. 25c and $1.00 at druggists. Free Sample and practical treatise on Asthma, its causes, treatment, etc. Sent on request. J. H. Guild Co., Rupert, Vt.



Kill All Flies! THEY SPREAD DISEASE

Placed anywhere, Daisy Fly Killer attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, and cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Ask for



Daisy Fly Killer
Sold by dealers, or 5 sent by express, prepaid, $1.40.
HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DE KALB AVE., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

SAVE YOUR MONEY.

One box of Tutt's Pills save many dollars in doctor's bills. A remedy for diseases of the liver, sick headache, dyspepsia, constipation and biliousness, a million people endorse

Tutt's Pills

AGENTS 100 per cent profit selling instantaneous fire extinguishers; sample $1.10. Elmer Anderson, Elk River, Minn., Dept. 3.

W. N. U., Birmingham, No. 21--1917.

Encouraging Outlook.

"Well, old man, how are you getting along with your poultry raising? Making expenses?"

"Not yet; but the hens have taken to eating their own eggs, so I hope that they will soon become self-supporting."

Shall They Starve?

"I see there is a proposal that no more whisky should be made until after the war, in order to save the foodstuffs used."

"That so? But what of the men who like to take their food in liquid form?"

She's Found a Place to Start.

"Now that we are at war we shall have to practice rigid economy."

"All right, my dear, I looked at your last year's hat this morning, and I am sure it will do again for this summer."

Her Choice.

"What a fine carriage that man has!"

"Yes. But I'd rather know the man with the millionaire slouch who owns a limousine."

Nature of the Place.

"The British forces are fighting now in Champagne."

"Then I don't wonder they are putting so much spirit in it."

Being nice to his wife's family a man knows that he is acquiring virtue in his wife's eyes.

What to do for lost opportunities: Advertise and get new ones.

ECONOMY WITH GOOD LIVING

is excellently attained by adding to the daily menu a ration of

Grape-Nuts

Goodness—Energy—Ease of Digestion—Excellent Flavor—are all found in this truly remarkable wheat and barley food.



STATE COUNCIL OF DEFENSE IS NAMED

COMMITTEES NAMED BY GOVERNOR TO LEAD WORK—R. M. HOBBIE, CHAIRMAN.

NEWS FROM STATE CAPITAL

What the State's Servants Are Saying, Doing and Undoing—Official Acts Disclosed.

—Montgomery.

Carrying out the suggestion of the national government, Governor Henderson by proclamation created a state council of defense and appointed prominent citizens from all sections of the state as members of thec ouncil. Richard M. Hobbie of Montgomery was made chairman of the executive committee of the council and associated with him will be L. M. Hooper of Selma, L. M. Bashinsky of Troy, Ray Rushton of Montgomery, M. J. McDermott of Mobile, Oscar M. Wells of Birmingham, and J. M. Duggar of Auburn. W. E. Henderson, Governor Henderson's secretary, was named executive secretary of the council.

The state council will have charge of the campaign for the growing of more foodstuffs and for the protection of the people during war times. County councils will be organized in all counties and will make reports to the state council while district councils will make reports to the county councils.

Cullman Cashier Winner on Appeal.

Efforts of the state to keep Joseph H. Kramer, former assistant cashier of the German Bank of Cullman, in prison for embezzlement of funds of the bank before it failed were defeated in the court of appeals when the court overruled the state's application for rehearing. Kramer's case was reversed and remanded to the Cullman circuit court for another trial last month and he immediately returned to his home at Cullman to await further efforts of the state.

Kramer came to the penitentiary after his conviction and served on his sentence during the time the case was being considered by the court of appeals.

Convicts Not So Eager to Be Free.

The present number of Alabama convicts shows an increase of 19 during the last month, according to the files in the office of the state convict inspector. Many of the convicts, whose total number is something over 3000, are employed in the various projects leasing convict labor, and calls have been made on the department several times this year for more men than could be supplied for work in the mines and in the turpentine camps. Comparatively few requests for pardon or parole have been made since the declaration of war, and the supposition is that the desire for freedom is tempered by a fear of conscription. This fear, however, has not been voiced except by one convict, whose representative inquired of the convict department as to the likelihood of his being called for service in the army in the event of his release.

High Court Rules on Capital Cases.

The supreme court decided that the amendment to the state constitution, placing the Montgomery county probate judge on a salary instead of a fee basis was legally adopted and is in force.

The case of R. H. Jones, president of the board of revenue of Montgomery county vs. W. R. McDade, clerk in the probate judge's office, is reversed and remanded. This decision dismisses a bill to enjoin the board of revenue from paying out funds under the prohibition of the amendment proposed by the legislature of 1915. The purpose of which was to put the judge of probate, the sheriff and tax collector and assessor on salaries, and requiring that the fees of these officers be converted into the county treasury. The manner in which the bill of amendment passed the legislature was the chief ground for the suit.

To Treat Victims of Mad Mule.

Several heads of animals sent to the state laboratory showed on test to have been afflicted with rabies and patients have arrived for treatment as the result of bites from the maddened animals. A mule's brain from Cullman and a dog's head from Vinemont showed positive signs of rabies and W. S. Beck of Vinemont and a small boy from Cullman who were victims of the rabid animals will be given the Pasteur treatment.

Manslayer Paroled.

Bailey Miller, a Calhoun county convict, under a 10-year sentence for first degree manslaughter, was given a parole by order of Governor Henderson.

Two Are Paroled.

James Driggers of Barbour county and James Johnson of Madison county, both under sentence for grand larceny, were granted paroles by the governor, according to recommendations from various county officials.

School Commission Meets.

The high school commission met to certify the high school principals, named by the county boards. The commission is composed of the governor, superintendent of education and auditor.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of the Sunday School Course of the Moody Bible Institute.)
(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR MAY 27

THE HOLY SPIRIT AND HIS WORK —(PENTECOSTAL LESSON).

LESSON TEXT—John 15:26-27; 16:7-14.
GOLDEN TEXT—He shall teach you all things.—John 14:26.

This lesson follows chapter 15:1-4. The emphasis Jesus placed upon the new and deeper intimacy into which the disciples were about to enter, and which involved participation in persecutions (v. 20). However, as a garrison and helper when this persecution should come, the believers are to have in their lives the Holy Spirit.

I. The Believer and the Spirit (vv. 26-27). The "paraclete" (helper) was to proceed from the Father, but Jesus was to send him. He is called the "Spirit of Truth" because it is his work to reveal the truth, and it is through his teachings only that anyone may know the truth. Jesus is the truth (ch. 14:6), and the Spirit of Truth is to enable believers to testify concerning Jesus. It qualifies them for such testimony. The disciples also had the added qualification of experience for "ye have been with me from the beginning." The disciples were eye witnesses of what he did and what he was, and heard and knew all that he claimed for himself and what his life proved itself to be.

II. The Believer and Persecution (16:1-6). This section has not been selected by the committee, but as a part of the lesson we cannot overlook it. In it the Master enumerates specifically things that were to come to the disciples and that they might "remember." He also mentions the fact that these things are to come after he has gone away. As a relief from sorrow (v. 6), the Master goes on to show the relation of the Spirit to the world.

III. The Holy Spirit in the World (vv. 7-11). It was profitable for the disciples that Jesus should go, that another Divine friend was to take his place. This is the best section in all the Bible to teach the personality of the Holy Spirit. The personal pronouns in this section are very significant, there being seven in the thirteenth verse alone. The word "Comforter" here used means that and much more. It is the same word translated "advocate." In I John 2:1, it means one who is called upon to stand beside another as a helper, counselor, guide and friend. Jesus had been this to his disciples thus far, but he was going away, and another Friend was coming, who should not only be with them, but should dwell in them (Ch. 14:16, 17). The Comforter has come, and without him we can do nothing. He is the one who convicts the world "of sin, of righteousness and of judgment." Of sin, not because they have broken the moral code, but because they do not accept Jesus Christ as the Messiah (Hebrews 10:28. See ch. 3:18-20). In the second place, he is to convict the world of righteousness. The Holy Spirit has no other channel through which he can get at the world except through those who are already saved. He shows the world its error about righteousness; also that Jesus is the only righteous one, and righteousness is only possible to us in him (Phil. 3:9 R. V.). Because he has lived the right life, having fulfilled all righteousness, and gone on high, he therefore convicts men, but the Spirit does his work through the agency of the word. Man needs to know first of all that he is a sinner; second, that Jesus "the righteousness of God," has provided for us, and it is the Holy Spirit who alone can show these two things to men. In the third place, he convicts the world of judgment because "the prince of this world is judged." This judgment is past (see John 12:31), for Jesus has conquered Satan. Certainly this is a truth that needs to be emphasized in this day. The judgment of sin and punishment for sin, due to unbelief or rejection of Jesus Christ, is seldom preached in our day.

IV.—The Spirit and Truth (vv. 12-15). There was much more that the Master might say to the disciples, but they were not ready to bear it (v. 12). He, however, looks forward to the day when the Spirit shall come, and they will be ready to receive these things. The Spirit will guide them into truth, all truth, for he shall not speak of himself (he will not bear witness unto or speak "from" himself) but the things that he will speak of will be concerning Jesus. The real evidence of the presence of the Holy Spirit in a believer or in a congregation is the degree of exaltation given to Jesus Christ.

There is a progressive intimacy in John. Jesus first calls those who are at his side, servants (Ch. 13:13). He next calls them friends (Ch. 15:15), and lastly he calls them brethren (Ch. 20:17). This is the law of Christian experience.

Sunday school teachers should certainly take advantage of this lesson to bring out the work of the Spirit (vv. 8, 9, 10); the gifts of the Spirit (I Cor. 12); and the fruits of the Spirit (Gal. 5:22, 23). Let us be sure that our scholars know what it means to have a definite, intimate, personal relation with the all powerful one.

Girls! Use Lemons! Make a Bleaching, Beautifying Cream

The juice of two fresh lemons strained into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white makes a whole quarter pint of the most remarkable lemon skin beautifier at about the cost one must pay for a small jar of the ordinary cold creams. Care should be taken to strain the lemon juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, smoothener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any pharmacy and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It naturally should help to soften, freshen, bleach and bring out the roses and beauty of any skin. It is simply marvelous to smoothen rough, red hands. Adv.

An Unlooked-For Present.

Among little Willie's numerous birthday presents were a toy tomahawk, an air gun and a lasso—these being sent by a sport-loving uncle who knew the youth's proclivities.

Shortly after breakfast Willie's mother heard a crash in the greenhouse at the foot of the garden, and went to investigate. On the way she passed a few uprooted bushes and a flower-bed trampled out of recognition, and in the greenhouse itself many lassoed flower-pots. Following the trail she found Willie hiding behing a tree stump.

"What are you doing, Willie?" she cried in horrified tones.

"Looking for Redskins," replied the youngster.

With a grim look she took Willie by the ear and led him indoors.

"Looking for red skins!" she repeated ominously, as she took up a cane. "Well, I'll give you one."

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

Their Method.

"I see Indian regiments are to be recruited."

"Yes; when they get on the front and begin scalping the enemy the Germans are going to have some hair-raising experiences."

COVETED BY ALL

but possessed by few—a beautiful head of hair. If yours is streaked with gray, or is harsh and stiff, you can restore it to its former beauty and luster by using "La Creole" Hair Dressing. Price $1.00.—Adv.

It requires only from one-fifth to one-third as much acetylene gas as hydrogen to do a given piece of welding.

A detachable extension tube has been invented to lessen the noise of water falling from faucets into a bath tub.

If there is nothing in a man you can get nothing but failure out of him.

Attending to one's own business gives one a good steady job.

The
service,
land. He
"place" an
friend passi
leggins and
across a wide st
hailed him.

"Hallo, Smutty
came up. "What
this forsaken land?"

"Farming. I've gon
land."

"Any good at it?" grinned

"I should think so! See
of moorland? Before I can
going to waste—no use at all; bu
a lot of work I've turned it into
pin' golf links."—New York Globe.

Roman Eye Balsam is an antiseptic ointment, applied externally and not a "wash." Its healing properties penetrate the inflamed surfaces, providing prompt relief. Adv.

Hot weather philosophy is always effective except in hot weather.

You can't distinguish saints from sinners by their shiny hats.

W
can
hear

Ther
fate is
off the top

Women of Middle Age

Many distressing Ailments experienced by them are Alleviated by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Here is Proof by Women who Know.



Lowell, Mass.—"For the last three years I have been troubled with the Change of Life and the bad feelings common at that time. I was in a very nervous condition, with headaches and pain a good deal of the time so I was unfit to do my work. A friend asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which I did, and it has helped me in every way. I am not nearly so nervous, no headache or pain. I must say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the best remedy any sick woman can take."—Mrs. MARGARET QUINN, Rear 259 Worthen St., Lowell, Mass.

She Tells Her Friends to Take Lydia E. Pinkham's Remedies.

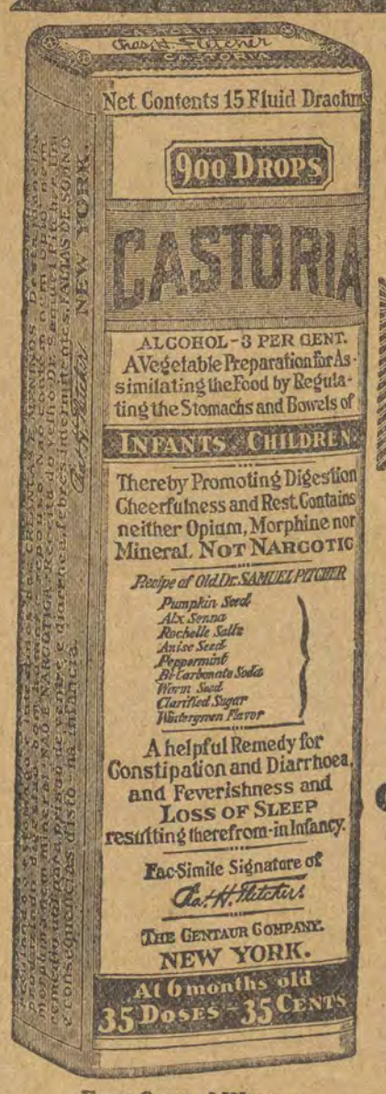
North Haven, Conn.—"When I was 45 I had the Change of Life which is a trouble all women have. At first it didn't bother me but after a while I got bearing down pains. I called in doctors who told me to try different things but they did not cure my pains. One day my husband came home and said, 'Why don't you try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash?' Well, I got them and took about 10 bottles of Vegetable Compound and could feel myself regaining my health. I also used Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash and it has done me a great deal of good. Any one coming to my house who suffers from female troubles or Change of Life, I tell them to take the Pinkham remedies. There are about 20 of us here who think the world of them."—Mrs. FLORENCE ISELLA, Box 197, North Haven, Conn.

You are Invited to Write for Free Advice.

No other medicine has been so successful in relieving woman's suffering as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Women may receive free and helpful advice by writing the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. Such letters are received and answered by women only and held in strict confidence.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills & Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Children Cry For Fletcher's CASTORIA

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

of Spring and Sum-

and Boys' Ready Made
and Ties, in fact anything

Ladies' Dress Goods—Latest

visit My Store Before You Buy.

D ETC., AND PAY THE HIGHEST
MARKET PRICE.

A. KEMP

r Money's Worth or Your Money Back."
CLANTON, ALA.

to-Intoxication Causes Death

Do you know why you have sick headache, diabetes, neuralgia, rheumatism and liver or kidney troubles? It's because you are being poisoned by products of your own body. Your organs of elimination are not working properly. Waste material that should be thrown out is being retained to poison and intoxicate your system. That could not happen if the bowels were kept open with Granger Liver Regulator. This splendid preparation is purely vegetable and non-alcoholic. Demand Granger Liver Regulator at your drug store—25c a box—and take no other. There is nothing "just as good."

COLLINS CHAPEL

We are still having singing the Second and Fourth Sunday evening. Everybody is invited tocome and bring your books—The Joyful Praise and Hozannas.

W. E. SMITH, Pres.

TAX NOTICE

Notice is hereby given, as required by law, that the County Board of Equilization of Chilton County, Alabama, has returned its report, and that the same is now open to inspection, in the office of the Tax Assessor of Chilton County, Alabama. And that the said board will convene at the courthouse, in Chilton County, Alabama, on the Third Monday in June, 1917, to correct any errors in the assessments or valuations.

This, May 15th, 1917.

J. N. DENNIS,
Tax Assessor, Chilton County, Ala.

NEW COMERS TO CHILTON

Rev. Henry Berg and sister, Mrs. Henrietta Debrich of Stevenville, O., have purchased a 190 acres farm, 5 miles eact of Clanton from W. W. Fox. Mrs. Debrich recently had a stock and dairy farm in Oregon State and will make that a specialty in Chilton County. We gladly welcome these thrifty Germans in Chilton and hope more will follow in the near future.

DEATH ON DELIVERY
(By R. A. Smith)

No longer can we discuss the fly with a contemptuous "shoo". He is an influence to be reckoned with. Black as he is painted, We must concede with him certain virtues.

From a worldly standpint, he is a hustler "from away back", perpetually on the job, and always delivers the goods.

He distributes samples of pestilence with a lavish hand, and the goods always match the samples, whether you have ordered them or not, and are marked: D.D.D.—Death on delivery.

We may admire the fly for his industry, pertenacity, and business enterprise.

We may even love him lukewarmly as one of God's creatures, but we had better wipe him gently but firmly out of existence, just the same.

The fly is the best traveling salesman known to humanity; carries a grip on his head.

His lines of samples is the most extensive and longest known, and will last you not merely from one year to next, but from time to eterity.

A fly in the house is as dangerous as a rattlesnake, as filthy as a louse and as disagreeable as a bedbug.

The time will come when any modern, clean home will feel itself shamed and disgraced by the presence of a fly, and when every householder upon whose premises a brood of flies is detected will be heavily fined or sent to jail.

Now is the time to wage war on the pests. Everybody can help. Destroy breeding places, clean up the corners, keep garbage cans covered.

When the baby takes too much food the stomach turns; the result is indigestion, sourness and vomiting. Frequently the bowels are involved and there is colic pains and diarrhoea. McGEE'S BABY ELIXIR is a grand corrective remedy for the stomach and bowel di orders of babies. It is pure, wholesome and pleasant to take. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Dr. Baxley is located in the Mullins Building, prepared to treat all errors of refrection.

Get at The Source of Your "Skin Diseases"

Don't be misled by this term, for the appearance of pimples, boils or rashes indicate something more serious than a mere "breaking out" of the skin. These eruptions are, in reality, signals from nature that the blood is impoverished, debilitated and in need of help. Of course you can sometimes drive away the infected places by applying a salve or lotion, but unless you treat them through the medium of the blood, they will occur again and again.

S. S. S. has proven its wonderful building and tonic properties in thousands of cases arising from disorders of the blood. It washes the poisons from the system and aids the blood in its work of cleansing and invigorating the body organs, throwing off waste matter, and keeping the body in a normal, healthy condition.

Prove these facts for yourself by taking a bottle of S. S. S. and write to our Medical Department for information about your case. Swift Specific Co., 304 Swift Building, Atlanta, Ga.

Groceries

NEWEST, FRESHEST AND BEST LINE OF STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

Farmers are Cordially invited to Trade With Us and to Make Our Store Yours While in Town for Spring Buying.

Best Market Prices Paid for all your Country Produce.

WE WILL APPRECIATE YOUR PATRONAGE AND GUARANTEE A FAIR TREATMENT.

J. W Littlejohn.

CLANTON, ALA.

CLANTON LOCALS

Miss Lucy Strickland of Braggs, Ala., spent the latter part of last week with Miss Vedie Retherford.

Bernie Thompson and Cecil E. Harris are at home from school at Jacksonville, where they graduated in the "art" of pedagogy last week.

Lee Wells of Bethel was a visitor to Clanton Saturday.

Bennett Easterling, one of our subscribers on Route 5, came in last Saturday and renewed his subscription.

E. E. Edwards of Fairview, was in town Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. G.O. McKee have moved to Garnsey, where they will reside in future. Mr. McKee occupies a position with the Galloway Coal Co.

WANTED TO BUY—Fresh, good milch cows—Holstein preferred.

Call or write Mrs. Henrietta Debrich, Phone 102, R.F.D. No. 1, Box No. 49, Clanton, Ala.

Joe Gore, Jr., has returned home from Niagara Falls, where he has been at work for some time.

STRAYED—Dark red Jersey cow. Left home on Monday morning. Reward is offered for information concerning her. J.E. ROBINSON, Sr.
Clanton, Ala.

Miss Dorothy Duncan lost her lace cap at the high school auditorium last Friday night. Finder please return to Dorothy's daddy's garage and be obliged.

Guy H. Gerald of Thorsby was here Wednesday on business.

Help the high school boys by buying a volume of the "Cantrolla". They deserve the support of the public in the publication of such a splendid annual.

D. H. Gentry of Collins Chapel, was in town Tuesday. He says he has bougha a fine thrushing machine and outfit and is now ready to get into somebody's "biscuit crop."

Dr. Geo. H. Thigpen, President of the Agricultural School at Sylacauga was the orator for the graduating exercises of the Chilton County High School on Tuesday night.

Mr. A. L. Reese of Birmingham was in Clanton Tuesday to address the Seventh Grade Commencement meeting at the High School.

Seventh Grade Commencement exercises for Chilton County were held at the high school Tuesday. A large class was graduated from the lower grammar grades to enter high school next year.

Read the ad of Mr. G. W. Marcus. He wants to buy your country produce.

Wallace C. Edler of Thorsby was here Wednesday.

Don't forget Ugly Brothers Minstrels at the High School next Tuesday night.

Joe Kanjutzky was announced at the Commencement Exercises on Tuesday night as the winner of the medal for the best composition on the subject of Southern Literature. The prize was offered by the Inter Se Club of Clanton.

Mrs. J. W. Grear of Georgia has been spending this week with her parents here. She has been attending the Commencement Exercises of the Chilton County High School, of which institution she is a graduate in music.

FOR SALE

One Gasoline Engine, one steel frame and tank, all in good condition, for sale by Chilton County. If interested apply to L. H. REYNOLDS, Judge of Probate.

RUB-MY-TISM—Antiseptic, Relieves Rheumatism, Sprains, Neural-

The First and the Last

THE FIRST STORE COMING IN TOWN FROM THE WEST AND THE LAST STORE GOING OUT WEST. I SELL CHEAP FOR CASH. I HANDLE MEAT, LARD, FLOWER, SUGAR, COFFEE, TOBACCO, AND SNUFF, ALSO MIXED FEED—IN FACT NEARLY EVERYTHING TO BE FOUND IN A GROCERY STORE I ALSO PAY THE MARKET PRICE FOR CHICKENS, EGGS, BUTTER, BEAS WAX, HIDES, TALLOW, AND BRIGHT RIBBON CANE SYRUP. WHILE IN TOWN CALL ON ME AND GET ACQUAINTED WITH MY LINE... I GUARANTEE A FAIR AND SQUARE DEAL TO ALL.

W. A. Huckabee

THORSBY ITEMS

The First Alabama ambulance corps camped on the Institute grounds at Thorsby last Saturday night on their way from Birmingham to Montgomery.

Rev. W. Claine of Birmingham, preached at the Lutheran church last Sunday in exchange with Rev. Arnold Nelson, who preached in Birmingham.

A large audience gathered at Bates Hall Sunday night for the Baccalaureate services of Thorsby Institute. The sermon was preached by Rev. Arnold Nelson, from Ecclesiastes 12: 15, "Fear God and keep his commandments for this is the whole duty of man." The speaker emphasized first the necessity of having an aim in life, second, the importance of choosing the right aim, and third, the aim given in the text as the only one that fully meets the requirements of life.

Rev. J. M. Graham preached at the Congregational church Sunday morning. The subject of his sermon was faithfulness.

Mr. S. E. Norton entertained the lady teachers of Thorsby Institute on Monday evening at a strawberry shortcake dinner.

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Barrett motored to Clanton one day last week. Miss Elizabeth Hoopes, and Miss Marion B. Clark were their guests for the trip.

Mr. J. M. Graham and family, Mr. Gowan Woodham, Miss Prillie Woodham, Miss Luella Winslow, Misses Mae and Gussie Parnell, were guests for dinner at the Girls' dormitory Sunday.

Miss Lillian Pate entertained at her home last Sunday for dinner Misses Lovie, Emma and Annolie Powers and Etta Crowson.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Gerald of Clanton, spent Sunday in Thorsby visiting their parents.

Mr. Kent Roebuck attended the all day singing at Pleasnt Grove Sunday.

Miss Thora Gerald has come down from Birmingham to spend commence ment week in Thorsby.

Misses Vergie Bearden and Lona Manning, were guests at the home of Mr. J. R. Parnell for dinner Sunday.

Mrs. T. W. Robinson visited her sister in Birmingham Monday.

NOTICE TO CANNING CLUB GIRLS

Thorsby Institute desires to co-operate with the young people of Chilton County who are anxious to secure an education for themselves by using their home products. I should like very much to hear from any member of the canning clubs who desire to pay part of their expenses in school next winter by means of her canned products. I should also like to learn of any groups of young people who are desirous of making arrangements to keep house and use home products while in school. In either case we will be glad to cooperate in making necessary arrangements.

S. H. HERBERT,
Principal Thorsby Institute.

FEEDING OUR ENEMIES.

Exports to the four German gateways—Denmark, The Netherlands, Norway and Sweden—for the first nine months of the current fiscal year ended March, were $23,000,000 in excess of the record for the same period of the preceding fiscal year, and nearly $100,00,00 in exces of the of the normal nine months period of 1913. That $100,000,000 excess diverted to our allies wold have been of great assistance to them as it consisted in the main of food products. And there seems to be no good reason why we should be solicitous of the stomachs of the Scandinavians and the Sutch so long as they persist in the giving of aid and comfort to our enemies, the Germans.

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES AT THE COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

The first program of this year's commencement was put on at the county high school auditorium last Thursday night.

Both Thursday night and Friday night of last week were occupied by Prof. Tinsely's music class, the first being the graduation recital of the music pupils and the second the undergraduates musical entertainment.

On Monday night of this week, the annual undergraduates play was presented under the direction of Miss Mary C. Key.

Tuesday morning was the Seventh Grade Commencement, in which all the seventh grade pupils of the county were allowed to take part.

The Series of entertainments was closed Tuesday night, when the members of the graduating class had the charge of the stage. There were ten graduates, six of which were literary, two literary and music and two in music alone.

This is the largest number that the school has ever graduated before, there being only nine last year.

ANNUAL SINGING AT SALEM

The eighteenth session of the Annual Singing will be held at Salem on the Fourth Sunday in May, 27, 1917. Everybody is invited to come and bring your books and baskets, book to be used, Joyful Praise.

Come on one and all, and let's enjoy the day in singing and praising the word of our master.

T. L. ROBINSON, Chm.

CENSORSHIP ESTABLISHED.

Without waiting for action by Congress, Secretary Lansing has instituted a censorship of news from the State Department which clamps down a lid far stronger than any which is to be found at any foreign office in Europe. Not only are under officials of the State Department forbidden to talk to any newspaper men about any matter, however insignificant of fact or detail, but any of them who utters a word upon which a criticism of the administration's war policy may be based will be instantly dismissed. The prevailing atmosphere in Washingtton just now is not conducive to the development of freedom. It is small wonder that when a Senator met a Congresman the other day and said, "How are you," the Congressman replied, "I would like to tell you, but the censorship forbids it."



Do your own paint testing

Get a small can of ordinary paint and a similar can of

Lowe Brothers
HIGH STANDARD LIQUID · PAINT

Apply the two side by side on the same kind of surface.

You'll see how much farther HIGH STANDARD goes.

Then figure how much less paint you'll need if you use HIGH STANDARD.

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CLANTON HDWE. COMPANY
CLANTON, ALA

VIRGINIA GIRL
Gained 15 Pounds By Taking Vinol

Norfolk, Va.—"I suffered from nervousness, had no appetite and was very thin. Nothing I took seemed to help me until one day a friend told me about Vinol. I have now taken six bottles and have gained fifteen pounds; have a good appetite and can eat anything."—MATTIE DENNING, Norfolk, Va.

Vinol is a constitutional remedy with its formula on every bottle. It creates an appetite, aids digestion and makes pure, healthy blood. Try it on our guarantee.

Upchurch Drug Co., and all leading Druggists in Alabama towns.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—A two Cylinder Motorcycle in good condition, equipped with Boch magneto. Call or write the Union-Banner.

I Want to Buy

Fresh Pork, and Beef Cattle

WHEN YOU HAVE ANY TO SELL, BRING THEM TO MY MARKET AND GET THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES.

I ALSO BUY HIDES, BUTTER, EGGS, AND OTHER PRODUCE.

MY PLACE IS NEXT TO THE PEOPLES BANK.

I HAVE A FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT NEXT TO MY MARKET, AND INVITE YOU TO CALL ON ME FOR MEALS.

G. W. MARCUS
Clanton, Ala.

Everybody - NOTICE - Important

I have just received a large assortment of Shoes of all kinds, including Men's and Ladies' Low Cuts and Tennis Slippers which were bought last year before the Prices were so high. I have a full line of Dry Goods, too numerous to mention. In fact I have a full line of Everything which must be sold at once in order to raise Cash. I buy Cattle.

L. H. REYNOLDS
CLANTON, ALA.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., MAY 31, 1917. NUMBER 9.

COMMENCEMENT AT THORSBY INSTITUTE

Closing of Eleventh Year of Work of the Institution. Big Active Program.

The eleventh year of Thorsby Institute closed with the commencement exercises of last week. The year has been in many ways the best in the history of the school, and although the commencement exercises were prepared on short notice, being somewhat earlier than had been planned, they were by no means inferior in quality. The baccalaureate sermon as mentioned in last week's paper, which was preached by Rev. Arnald Nelson on Sunday evening, May 20th. Examinations were the order of the day Monday and Tuesday and tennis tournaments were played Tuesday night and Wednesday, the results of which were: a victory of the seniors over the sophomores, and victory for the Lowells over the Longfellows.

On Wednesday at eleven o'clock the audience of 150 people gathered for the flag raising. After music by the band and prayer by Rev. J. M. Graham and a brief response service, the flag was raised to the top of the pole by the members of the graduating class, Agnes Gerald and Raymond Carlson.

The address by Rev. George Eaves of Birmingham was very impressive and appropriate. During the exercises several songs were sung by the students and music furnished by the band.

After the flag raising a goodly number enjoyed dinner on the ground and remained for the exercises of the afternoon, which consisted of tennis games, flag drill by fourteen girls under the direction of Mrs. C. M. Williams, and stories for the little folks by Miss Stoddard and Miss Akard.

For the evening exercises the auditorium of Thorsby Institute was full. The graduates each presented an essay showing original research and careful preparation. The address of the evening was delivered by Rev. Dwight S. Bayley, associate pastor of the Independent-Presbyterian church of Birmingham. His subject was "The other Man" and he emphasized the need in all life, not considering simply ourselves but the other man.

Following the address prizes for excellence in scholarship during the second semester were awarded to Luella Winslow and Waldemar Lefstead as having made the best record among the girls and boys respectively. Honorable mention was made of Odie Lee Arthur and Rosco Maddox, who were close seconds. Announcement was also made of the result of the essay contest in which ten members of the Institute had participated, the judges giving the first place to Raymond Carlson and second to May Bell McJunkin.

The following young women were awarded honor "T" pins for points won in athletics: Annolie Jowers, Olga Soberg, Lovie Jowers, Anna Rasmussen, Anna Erdahl, three girls, Lois Abernathy, Agnes Gerald and Etta Crowson, having earned honor "T" pins of previous years, were awarded "Red Cross Manuals" because of added points gained during the year.

Announcement was also made of the awarding of free tuition scholarship in Piedmont College to Miss Agnes Gerald and partial scholarship in Washington and Lee University to Mr. Raymond Carlson. Announcement will be made later of the awarding of full tuition scholarship in Augusta College, Rock Island, Ill.

It was announced that school would open Tuesday, September 11th, and that a catalogue giving the full announcement for next year would be issued within the next few days.

ALL DAY SINGING

Mr. J. A. W. Mims requests the Banner to announce that there will be an all day singing at Walnut Creek on next Sunday. All singers are especially invited to come. Bring your dinner with you.

Robert Teel was in Clanton Wednesday on business.

"MODERN NURSERY RHYME"

(By R. A. Smith.)

Baby by, here's a fly!
Let us kill him, you and I,
Ere he crawls up the walls,
And dire ill befalls.
I believe on those six legs
Are a billion Typhoid eggs!
There he goes on his toes
Tickling baby's nose!
Now we must run right away,
For the antiseptic spray,
To sterilize where the fly's
Little microbes stray;
Only think, neath his two wings,
Lurk all sort of hard-named things!
Every fly a fresh supply
Of these horrors brings!
So we have to analyze,
Naturalize and imminize,
Vaporize, Sterilize,
Just to fight the flies.

CLANTON COLORED PEOPLE LOYAL TO UNCLE SAMMIE

Resolutions adopted at a Public Meeting at Court House.

The colored people of Chilton County met in mass meeting May 28th, 1917 at the court house, Clanton, Ala. The meeting opened at 8:30 p.m. with Rev. R. C. Mixon as Chairman. Choir led in singing "My Country 'Tis of Thee." Chairman read for scripture lesson 28th Chapter of Duteronomy. Rev. J. S. Prentice led in singing "All hail the Power of Jesus' Name". He also led a fervent and timely prayer, followed with a selection by the choir. The next on program was a welcome address by Hon. Victor J. Heard, but Mr. Heard being absent, Chairman asked Mr. Curry to give words of welcome, which he did. Among the many things Mr. Curry said was that this meeting was the best thing the colored people of this county have ever done. Everyone enjoyed Mr. Curry's remarks.

Subject for discussion,—"Should the Negro be Loyal to the U. S. Flag, and why?" First speaker was Prof-K. N. Draper of Clanton, who made a timely talk which was enjoyed by all. Prof. A. M. Pope, of Calera was the next to speak. He also made a good speech. Next was Rev. J. S. Prentice, who made a strong and quite interesting talk, which was applauded by all. Rev. W. S. Turrentine, Rev. A. H. Gordon, and Bro. Ben Brown all made laudable talks. The program was concluded with a writing, namely a poem, which was fine.

Judge Reynolds was to respond, but he being absent the Chairman rose and thanked the speakers in Judge Reynold's stead.

This was one of the most interesting meetings of its kind ever had in the county. Resolutions were read and adopted at this meeting and ordered to be recorded on county record in the court house and also a copy sent to Montgomery to be recorded, and one to Washington, D.C. Resolutions are as follows:

Whereas, the intimate relation that formerly existed between the Imperial German Government and the Government of the United States, and

Whereas, the Government at Washington, D.C. and the United States Congress has declared that a state of war now exists between the aforesaid German Government and the Government of the United States of America and the same to be proclaimed by the president, whos eproclamation has gone forth to the world, and

Whereas, the president and Congress promoted the life and prosperity of her citizens on the land and sea, and,

Whereas, the president did exercise great patience in hope of peace and prosperity of the nation and all its citizens.

Therefore, be it resolved that we, the negro people of Clanton, Chilton County, Ala., desirous of expressing sympathy with and loyalty to our government and the flag of the nation and our love for America, do, unreservedly offer our services to be used in what ever way it can best be utilized by the government, whether it be industrial, military or otherwise,

Be it further resolved that we denounce as untrue, unfounded, and unwarranted any report to the effect that the negro, is in any way, in sympathy with the Germans, or any other foreign foe.

This ended an enthusiastic meeting.

Rev. R. C. MIXON, Chairman.
Rev. J. E. SLAUGHTER, Secy.

UNION SPRINGS

Had a much needed shower Sunday night. The gardens and crops are very backward, but wheat thus far is apparently good.

Elzie Brazwell and Miss Marjie Brown were happily married Sunday, then motored to Randolph leaving on No. 20 for Birmingham.

Rev. Mr. Abercrombie delivered a fine address here on the20th, on the subject, "Take ye away the Stone," naming different stones of obstruction—indifference, intemperance, etc. He will be here again the 3rd Sunday in June, when he will deliver a special message to the children. The parents will please have the children present at 10:30 o'clock.

Rev. Price of Montevallo delivered a good talk here on the 13th to a large crowd.

Singing next Sunday afternoon.

We are informed that a Baptist Sunday School will be organized for this place next Sunday, in the forenoon, we presume. Our people have been woefully indifferent along this line. We expect, however, the clear, searching preaching of our visiting ministers is causing our people to awake to the need of the hour.

Indifference is just horrible. Rev. Chilton of Montgomery has pronounced indifference the enemy's last resort.

Mr. Charles Glass has opened a new grist mill at his store.

Mr. Fisher is associated with Mr. Russ in the Turpentine work here.

THE FOURTH SUNDAY MAY SINGING AT SALEM

Eighteenth Year of Occasion Without Missing Session.

The eighteenth annual singing was held at Salem May 27, and the day was spent in singing, which we think was the best we have ever had.

T. L. Robinson led the opening song, after which we were led in prayer by S. M. Yates. T. L. Robinson was reelected Chairman and J. W. Cleckler Secretary.

By motion the Chairman appointed a program committee and was as follows: Messrs. H. A. Collins, D. S. Robinson, Lee Robinson,.

The following directors were placed on the program for fifteen minutes each: W. M. Devaughn, J. R. Robinson, J. C. Jones, L. F. Cleckler, followed by ten minutes recess; G.C. Culp, L. T. Grant, Jim Gulledge, A. C. Collins, J. A. W. Mims, and adjourned until 1:30 for dinner. Refreshments were then served in abundance by the good ladies of the community. The afternoon directors consisted of Lee Robinson, S. M. Yates, O. L. Devaughn, J. W. Cagle, Recess ten minutes; T. L. Robinson, J. W. Cleckler, C. H. Robinson, Elmer J. Raines. We also had one quartet by Bros. Lee Robinson, W. M. Devaughn, L. F. Cleckler, H. C. Collins, which was fine. Mr. H. C. Collins made us a good talk which we were very proud of. If everyone would go with an open heart, and go to work like Mr. Collins did we could go away realizing the fact that we had done something for the people to be proud of.

Organists for the day were: H. C. Collins, Lee Robinson, C. H. Robinson, Misses Beatrice Mims. This was a day spent in song service for the Lord. We had a good class of singers all day and a house full of attentive listeners. There was good order in the house all day for which we thank everybody present.

We were led in closing song by Chairman, "God Be with you till We meet again" and were dismissed with prayer by Bro. Ethen Jones.

J. W. CLECKLER. Sec'y.

BUY A CANTROLLA

The management of the 1917 Cantrolla reports that the sales are rather slow and are not measuring up to their expectations. The quality of this annual should not be ignored this way. The boys have worked hard this year trying to make for us the most up-to-date high school annual in the state, and we should not allow the task to become a burden upon them by refusing to buy their splendid product.

It is the duty of at least every family in the county who had children in the high school this year to purchase a copy of this book, for every pupil in school is represented in it, and would surely be interested in looking over the things that happened in their respective classes as well as in the whole school.

Let us not allow the boys who labored so untiringly in getting this annual out to get "stuck" by neglecting our duty toward it, namely:—buying at least one copy.

Those who cannot see Joe Kanjutzky, the business manager, at his father's store to buy a copy, respond to your duty by sending him 75 cents plus 8 cents for postage and ask him to mail a copy to you. It will be appreciated and you will never regret it.

ALL ABOUT REGISTRATION

Read page 2 of this issue of the Union-Banner, and you will get all the essential facts and details about Registering for military duty on next Tuesday, June 5.

GIRLS PLAY BASE BALL

The American Athletic Girls Base Ball Club, a distinct novelty, and the foremost attraction in the line of baseball that will be presented to us this season, will be played at Clanton on Monday, June 4, at 3:00 o'clock, p.m., against the local boys on the home diamond.

This club, according to their press notices are fast enough to give any semi-pro team a run for their money, and if the boys expect a "look in" they will have to get busy.

The American Girls team is composed of athletic girls who have made base ball a study and profession and know the game from A to Z.

The Club is organized in Chicago, and they make a tour of the country each year, and this is their first season in the South as they have been playing the past four seasons in Canada and the northwest, defeating some of the strongest semi-pro teams in that section.

Anyone expecting to see a burlesque on the game will be sadly disappointed as these girls play ball.

A large crowd will surely be on hand, and no one can afford to miss the chance of seeing a real ball club in action.

We want to see all the fans and fanettes there to root for the girls or the boys as they choose.

VARIETIES OF PEANUTS

By E. F. Cauthen, Associate Agriculturist, Alabama Experiment Station

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

The common varieties of peanuts may be divided into two great classes—those having an upright bushy habit of growth and those having a low spreading habit. The upright varieties are White Spanish, Red Spanish, Tennessee Red, Virginia Bush, and Bunch Jumbo. The running varieties are North Carolina Runner, sometimes called African, and Virginia Runner.

The bunch varieties may be planted in rows from 2½ to 3 feet wide—just wide enough for easy cultivation with ordinary cotton implements. They may be dropped from 4 to 8 inches apart in drill. The running varieties should be planted in 3 to 3½ foot rows and dropped from 12 to 15 inches apart in drill. To secure large yields it is necessary that they be planted thickly.

From 200 to 300 pounds of acid phosphate and from 500 to 1000 pounds of slaked lime per acre for most sandy soils seem advisable. However the lime should not be applied in the same furrow with the acid phosphote. Nitrogenous fertilizers do not seem to increase the yield of the peanut, which is a legume, in sufficient quantities to justify their use.

The practice of growing peanuts in the middle of wide corn rows has the advantage of making a peanut crop with no additional expense except for seed and planting. This system of farming is followed extensively where the crop is grown for hog feed, the hogs being allowed to harvest the crop If they are grown for oil mills, they should not be planted with crops that interfere with harvesting.

The planting of peanuts on high ridges is not desirable. A low bed or a flat surface secures good stands of plants and permits easy cultivation. Frequent shallow tillage by working a little soil around the growing plants until pods begin to form usually gives satisfactory yields.

The amount of seed of the White Spanish and the Red Spanish varieties required to plant an acre when the rows are 2½ feet wide and the hills 6 inches apart varies from 1½ to 2 bushels of unshelled peanuts.

For further information on varieties and fertilization of peanuts, ask for Bulletin 192 Alabama Experiment Station, Auburn.

Regular Dinners

Our regular dinners can't be beaten. We serve vegetables and corn bread; also short orders at any time. Come in and try one.

BILL GOODGAME

MANY OF BEST TEACHERS ENLIST IN THE U. S. ARMY

Effect of the War upon Our Public School System.

A large number of our school men will be out of the profession next year on account of the war. We may also expect to lose many of our high school boys who have taken a leading part in the various school activities. The loss of these young men coupled with the fact that all minds will be turned toward the East, will tend to cause our schools to become unnecessarily disorganized. The fact remains however, that boys and girls must be educated and there is going to be even a greater demand for educated minds during the period of readjustment that will follow after the close of the war in which we are now involved. Our problems will be greater problems; national problems will become international, and Americans as never before will need to think of world welfare. Many of those who would ordinarily be entrusted with these problems will have sacrificed their lives on the battle fields. Their places must be filled by young men with trained minds.

Effect of Economic Conditions.

Then, too, the economic conditions confronting us challenge the schools to prove their efficiency, to show their ability to meet an immediate need in time of crisis. Agriculture, domestic arts and sciences and all kindred subjects must be given especial emphasis. For those who are not prepared to meet this new condition, the various summer schools will prove a great help in the matter of training, while love for country in a time like this should inspire interest, enthusiasm and stick-to-it-iness so essential to the accomplishment of the best results. No true and loyal American citizen who has the opportunity for rendering patriotic service offered by the teaching profession, can fail to throw his heart, mind, and soul into the work.

Patriotism in the School.

The time is especially opportune for the teaching of genuine patriotism in our public schools. An American flag should grace every school building in the state on the opening day of school, and the principles that the flag represents should be enstilled in the minds of the pupils throughout the entire term. This is a time when the American people should think together. Unity of action and thought can be attained only by controling influence of a common ideal. The school must discover and teach the American ideal—the true spirit and principle of democracy.

School Men Should Redouble Efforts.

In spite of the natural tendency of educational work to lag on account of war, we should have an awakening of interest and enthusiasm. Every Superintendent, principal and teacher should redouble his efforts next year and thus prove his patriotism and loyalty to the state and nation. The present is no time for "slackers" in the teaching prifession.

SINGING AT WEAVERS

There was an all day singing at Weavers School House, four miles east of Jones on May 20 and a large crowd attended. The meeting was opened with prayer by F. A. Weaver at 10 o'clock and J. D. Huett was elected president. The singing began immediately led by Mr. O. B. White with Miss Bessie Wills at the organ followed by Mr. E. W. Patterson with Miss Willie Simmons acting as organist. Mr. R. W. Kendrick with Miss Bessie Wills, Mrs. Willie Simms with Miss Bessie Wills. Everyone present were invited to the long table and partook of a bountous dinner prepared by the good ladies of the community. The crowd was called back to the house at 1:30 and the singing was resumed. The leaders for the afternoon were: R. W. Kendrick, J. D. Huett, Miss Pearl White. The singing then closed with "Gid Be with You", and a short talk by Rev. J. L. Deramus. We are very grateful to the community for their generous hospitality and progressive spirit.

Respectfully submitted
G. M. WILLS, Secy.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

The State of Alabama, Chilton County.
Probate Court, May 19, 1917.

In the matter of the estate of P. E. Coleman, deceased.

The estate of the said deceased having been declared insolvent, the 23 day of June, 1917 is the time appointed for the administrator to make settlement of his administration, and for the creditors of said estate to meet and elect a new administrator, if they choose to do so, at which time all parties who are interested in said estate may appear and contest the correctness of the same if they deem proper.

Witness my hand this, the 19th day of May, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

LIST OF REGISTRARS FOR CHILTON COUNTY

The Follqwing Men will be at Voting Places to Register You Next Tuesday.

Let us say to you again, that it is well that those men who are over twenty-one and under thirty-one, shall make no mistake about his registering business on next Tuesday. It is going to be a long hot road for the fellow who attempts to shirk this duty which has been placed upon him by his government. Everyone should come up like a man and answer the call of his country by registering.

The following men will be at the voting places in the county on next Tuesday to attend to the matters of registration:

Beat 1—E. H. Foshee.
Beat 2—W. T. Hand, W.R. Clements.
Beat 3—W. F. DeShazo.
Beat 4—J. W. Stanfield, J. D. Collins, H. L. Davis, J. E. Robinson.
Beat 5—H. B. Oliver. E. V. Speer.
Beat 6—J. F. Poole, J. C. Wilkins.
Beat 7—Ralph Calloway, Joe Hicks.
Beat 8—M. C. Dyer, T. G. Milling.
Beat 9—W. C. Edler, E. W. Butler.
Beat 10—L. A. Calloway, J. F. Williams.
Beat 11—R. E. Jones.
Beat 12—J. P. Bean, E. W. Hunnicutt.
Beat 13—J. F. Anderson, J.B. Moore.
Beat 14—Z. J. Jones.
Beat 15—L. B. Pounds, W. H. Hayes.
Beat 16—J. W. Cleckler.

The Registration Card.

Upon applying to the Registrar at each of these places, the applicant will be requested to furnish the following information about himself, which composes the questions on the card:

1.—Name in full.
2.—Home address.
3.—Date of birth and age in years.
4.—Are you (1) a natural born citizen, (2) a naturalized citizen, (3) an alien, (4) or have you declare your intention (specify which).
5.—Where were you born?
6.—If not a citizen, of what country are you a citizen or subject.
7.—What is your present trade, occupation or office?
8.—By whom employed? Where employed?
9.—Have you a father, mother, wife, child under 12, or a sister or brother under 12, solely dependent on you for support, (specify which)?
10.—Married or single, (specify which)? Race, (specify)?
11.—What military service have you had? Rank, branch, years, nation, or state.
12.—Do you claim exemption from draft (specify grounds).

The above constitutes the main items about which you will be required to give information to the registrar, and everyone should study them and be prepared to give ready and accurate answers in order not to waste time at the place of registration. Have the date of your birth and your age written on a piece of paper ready to hand to the registrar the first thing.

UGLY BROTHERS RENDER SPLENDID MINSTREL SHOW

Best Evening of Entertainment At Clanton in long time.

The common saying is that if you don't see so and so, you just missed half your life; but speaking of the Ugly Brothers Minstrel Show, you missed a heap more than half your life if you did not see it. We do not hesitate to say that it was the most pleasing performance a Clanton audience has had the pleasure of witnessing in a long time.

The program was unique, original and interesting, consisting of songs, ballads, choruses, essays and declamations ranging all the way from the ridiculous to the sublime—from the veriest wit and humor to the profoundest and most sentimental patriotism.

While the whole company of players, about thirty in unmber, acquitted themselves with much favor at the hands of the audience, a few in particultr struck the highest response of their listeners. Henry Vance would indeed make the best nigger preacher in the world, and Tom Akers could never be better at himself than when he shouldered his budget of rags and starts on his journey "Alabama Bound."

Beauregard Vinston elicited the loudest cheers of the evening. But the reason is the old saying that a fellow gets out of a thing just what he puts into it. This talented and most accomplished player certainly gave the audience an abundance of his own laughter, and he in turn got much of the same thing from those to whom he gave it.

This is the best ameteur minstrel show that ever came down this pike, and there's no doubt about it.

A nice sum was realized, which will go toward the County High School Piano Fund. Over $45 was cleared.

STORM SWEEPS OVER ALABAMA

TORNADO VISITS JEFFERSON, WALKER OTHER COUNTIES. 32 DEAD.

VILLAGE SPRINGS WRECKED

Bradford, Sayre, Majestic, Grantt's Quarry and Sylacauga Hit. 100 Injured.

Montgomery.—A toll of approximately 32 lives, and more than 100 people injured, some of them fatally, is the result of tornadoes that visited portions of Walker, Jefferson, Shelby and other counties, while property damage will go above $150,000.

The greatest damage was done at Sayre, in the extreme western part of Jefferson county, where dozens and dozens of houses were blown down, eight lives taken and many hurt, and at Bradford, in the upper part of the county, and Village Springs, a short distance away, where 17 people are reported to be dead or fatally hurt and half a hundred hurt. The mining camp at Majestic, in the upper part of the county, was literally wiped off the map, and while no one was killed outright, several were very seriously injured.

Village Springs, the little town that nestles on the border line of Jefferson and Blount Counties, one side of the town in Jefferson and the other in Blount, was also swept off the map. A little colored baby was killed and thirty-five people were injured, some of them seriously.

Gantt's Quarry was struck by the tornado, and Sylacauga felt some of the effects, with one killed. Carbon Hill, in the extreme western part of Walker County, felt terible effects of the tornado, and four people were killed, one fatally hurt and several more or less seriously injured. Cordova, Dora and other places in Walker County, Edgewater in Jefferson County all felt the effects of the great wind.

Out of the mass of information that comes in. Figures on the number of dead and injured make the following showing:

Dead: Carbon Hill, four; Sayre, eight; Village Springs and Bradford, seventeen; Sylacauga, one; Gantt's Quarry, one; Bibbville, one.

Crop Report for Alabama.

Montgomery.—The Department of Agriculture has issued the following reports on crop condition in Alabama. The warm weather has been favorable, but all crops need rain. Cotton is growing slowly, the stands are generally poor; and much replanting is necessary. Some has been replanted in corn. Chopping is finished in some sections. Corn looks well, the stand being fair, but the growth is slow. Budworms are bad in some sections. Oats are poor. Pastures are fair. White potatoes are generally good. Sweet potatoes have progressed slowly. Velvet beans, peanuts, truck and gardens have improved.

Close Meeting.

Birmingham.—After clearing the docket of routine business, after the conclusion of several spirited fights over big church questions, and after the appointment of various committees to serve during the year, the General Assembly of the Southern Presbyterian Church finished its fifty-seventh session and has adjourned to meet next year at Durant, Okla. Moderator John Miller Wells of Wilmington, N. C., dissolved the Assembly.

Will Accept Canned Goods as Tuition.

Thorsby.—Prof. S. H. Herbert says that Thorsby institute desires to cooperate with the young people who are anxious to secure an education for themselves by using as far as possible their home products, and says that he should like very much to hear from members of the canning clubs who desire to pay part of expenses in school next winter by means of canned products.

Development to Start on River.

Dothan.—Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars will be spent in the next twelve months by the South Alabama Power Company in hydro-electric developments on the Omussee Creek about seventeen miles east of Dothan, near Columbia.

Birmingham Wins Next Convention.

Montgomery.—James B. Morton, of Bessemer, was elected President of the Alabama Retail Hardware Dealers Association in session at Montgomery. Birmingham was designated as the next convention city and the attendance is expected to exceed that of the Montgomery meet.

Red Cross Unit Formed.

Demopolis.—At a meeting of the local Red Cross branch the enrollment of 110 members was completed, Mrs. A. R. Smith is chairman and Mrs. L. W. George, secretary.

Ceremonial Planned.

Selma.—The Selma Shrine Club is getting ready for a big ceremonial here about the middle of June. They will have a class of fifteen to twenty-nine unregenerated novices, who will seek to become nobles at that time.

PROMOTIONS FOR ALABAMIANS.

Thach Goes to Aviation Corps—Five Get Lieutenancies in Army.

Montgomery.—Alabamians occupy a prominent place in the latest military announcements from Washington. Robert Thach, of Birmingham, has been accepted for the Aviation Corps, Charles Heyward Barnwell, son of Dean Charles Barnwell, of the University of Alabama, is gazetted as provisional lieutenant, as are the following Alabamians:

Oscar Blunt Ralls, Jr., and John Cooper Adams, Field Artillery, and John Downing Hill and Ashley Taylor, infantry.

Another announcement from Washington is that Francis G. Caffey, former Alabamian, has been appointed United States District Attorney for the Southern New York District.

Dr. James Kenan, of Selma, has been commissioned in the Medical Corps for immediate service in France.

Herbert Steiner, of Birmingham, has tendered his services to Food Administrator Hoover.

To Start Work on Practice Range.

Anniston.—Work on preparation of the second machine gun and field artillery ranges for the National Guard will begin at once at Anniston, Ala., according to an announcement by the war department. Quarters will be erected for six machine gun companies. The Anniston tract is one of the six artillery and machine gun ranges, each covering at least 25 square miles, provided for in the military bureau's plans for developing these two important arms of the National Guard. The ranges will serve as machine gun and artillery schools under instructors selected from regular officers and men who have graduated from the Fort Sill schools of the regular service. Care has been taken to clear each tract so that there will be no danger to civilians and in addition, the ranges are laid out so that low hills will catch wild shots. National guard artillery and machine gun companies will be sent from cantonments in the region of each range to get their firing practice at the nearest range.

Assistants to be Used.

University.—As a result of the numerous inquiries that have been made and the expectation of a heavy demand for military training during the Summer school of the University of Alabama, Captain Minnigerode has arranged for additional assistants besides the two sergeants who have been with him since the beginning of the work. The students who have captained the four companies organized a few months ago will likely remain through the Summer school to help in drilling the students, many of whom will come only for military training.

River Boats Are Stolen.

Florence.—All boats from Elk river, which enters into the Tennessee river at the eastern end of Lauderdale county to Muscle Shoals, have been stolen, presumably by the moonshiners who have their haunts in the islands of the Tennessee river along that route. These illicit distillers are preparing to satisfy the thirst that will fall on Alabama after July 1, and the removal of the boats is to prevent officers of the law from reaching the islands.

Hailstorm in Huntsville.

Huntsville.—Thousands of dollars' damage has been reported from various sections of the city and county, resulting when Huntsville was the victim of a terrific bombardment. The bombardment came in as a hailstorm, in which the hall stones were as large as marbles.

Uniforms Must Be Worn.

Montgomery.—No uniform but the olive drab service uniform may now be worn by any officers of the regular army or the national guard, and all must wear the uniform of their branch whenever they appear in public. The new order does away with all use of the blue uniform for dress and the white uniform for semi-dress.

Water Mains Being Laid.

Troy.—The city of Troy is endeavoring to take care of all portions of the city and furnish ample fire protection. Since the disastrous fire it has been made plain that additional piping was needed on Park and Thompson Streets, so the city is placing in an additional four-inch main along Thompson Street connecting with Park Street.

Much Interest in Crops.

Russellville.—It appears that Russellville and Franklin County is very much interested in the "feed yourself at home" spirit, as yards, lots and every vacant place available is being planted in some kind of eatables. Also the Commercial Club has a good sized lot in the main part of the city planted in tomatoes, pumpkins, corn and different other vegetables.

100 Bales of Cotton Destroyed.

Marion.—One hundred bales of cotton on the outside of the warehouse here were destroyed by fire. It is thought that a spark from a passing train was the origin of the fire.

Bargainer Heads State Federation.

Anniston.—Tuscaloosa was chosen as the next meeting place of the State Federation of Labor at the closing session of that body held here. M. E. Bargainer was chosen president, and Louis Bowen was elected secretary.

NO ONE EXCUSED FROM REGISTERING

All of Specified Age Must Respond on June 5 to Call of Nation.

QUERIES TO BE ANSWERED

Government Has Issued Circulars Making It Easier for Those Who Register to Respond to Interrogations That Will Be Made.

There is but one answer to every question asked regarding registration, and it is this:

"Every man between the ages of twenty-one and thirty years, inclusive, whether native born, an alien, or even an alien enemy, must register June 5. This applies also to invalids and persons who are ill. A man is thirty until his thirty-first birthday anniversary."

The government has adopted a plan to facilitate and simplify the filling in of conscription registration cards June 5. Circulars containing the twelve questions to be asked and advice as to how they should be answered have been prepared for distribution.

Answers to the Questions.

The circular, which bears the heading, "How to Answer Questions on Registration Cards," reads as follows:

"Questions will be asked for you to answer in the order in which they appear on this paper. These questions are set out below with detailed information to help you answer them.

"Do not write on, mark or otherwise mutilate these instructions. Do not remove them. They should be carefully read so that you will have your answers ready when you go before the registrar.

"All answers will be written on the registration card in ink by the registrar, who should be careful to spell all names correctly and to write legibly.

"1. Name in full. Age in years, ——

"This means all your names spelled out in full.

"State your age today in years only. Disregard additional months or days. Be prepared to say 'nineteen' or 'twenty-five,' not 'nineteen years three months' or the like.

"2. Home address.

"This means the place where you have your permanent home, not the place where you work. Be prepared to give the address in this way: '232 Main street, Chicago, Cook county, Illinois;' that is, give number and name of street first, then town, then county and state.

Have Birthday Date Ready.

"Date of birth.

"Write your birthday (month, day and year) on a piece of paper before going to the registrar and give the paper to him the first thing. Example: 'August 5, 1894.'

"If you do not remember the year, start to answer as you would if someone asked you your birthday, as 'August 5.' Then say, 'on my birthday this year I will be (or was) —— years old.' The registrar will then fill in the year of birth. Many people do not carry in mind the year they were born. This may be obtained by the registrar by subtracting the age in years on this year's birthday from 1917.

"4. Are you (1) a natural born citizen; (2) a naturalized citizen; (3) an alien; (4) or have you declared your intention to become a citizen (specify which)?

"(1) If you were born in the United States, including Alaska and Hawaii, you are a natural born citizen, no matter what may have been the citizenship or nationality of your parents. If you were born in Porto Rico you are a citizen of the United States, unless you were born of alien parentage. If you were born abroad, you are still a citizen of the United States, if your father was a citizen of the United States at the time you were born, unless you have expatriated yourself.

"(2) You are a naturalized citizen if you have completed your naturalization; that is, if you have 'taken final papers.' But you are not a citizen if you have only declared your intention to become a citizen (that is, if you have only 'taken out first papers'); in the latter case you are only a 'declarant.'

"You are also a naturalized citizen if, although foreign born, your father or surviving parent became fully naturalized while you were under twenty-one years of age, and if you came to the United States under twenty-one.

"(3) You are a declarant if, although a citizen or subject of some foreign country, you have declared on oath before a naturalization court your intention to become a citizen of the United States. Receipt from the clerk of the court of the certified copy of such declaration is often called 'taking out first papers.' You are not a declarant if your first paper was taken out after September 26, 1906, and is more than seven years old.

"(4) You are an alien if you do not fall within one of the three classes above mentioned.

5. Where were you born?

"First name the town, then the state, then the country, as 'Columbus, O.;' 'Vienna, Austria;' 'Paris, France;' 'Sofia, Bulgaria.'

"6. If not a citizen, of what country are you a citizen or subject?"

"This need be answered only by aliens and declarants. Remember that a 'declarant' is not yet a citizen of the United States. If an alien or declarant, state the name of your country, as 'France,' 'Japan,' 'China,' etc.

What Is Your Job Right Now?

"7. What is your present trade, occupation or office?

"This does not ask what you once did, nor what you have done most of the time, nor what you are best fitted to do. It asks what your job is right now. State briefly, as farmer, miner, student, laborer (on farm, in rolling mill, in automobile, wagon or other factory, etc. If you hold an office under state or federal government, name the office you hold.

"If you are in one of the following offices or employments, use one of the names hereafter mentioned: 'Custom house clerk, 'employed in the transmission of the mails,' or 'employed in an armory, arsenal or navy yard, 'mariner actually employed in the sea service of citizen or merchant within the United States.'

"8. By whom employed? Where employed?

"If you are working for an individual, firm, corporation or association state its name. If in business, trade, profession or employment for yourself, so state. If you are an officer of the state or federal government say whether your office is under the United States, the state, the county or a municipality. In answer to the question as to where you are employed give the town, county and state where you work.

"9. Have you a father, mother, wife, child under twelve or a sister or brother under twelve solely dependent upon you for support (specify which):

"Consider your answer thoughtfully. If it is true that there is another mouth than your own which you alone have a duty to feed do not let your military ardor interfere with the wish of the nation to reduce war's misery to a minimum. On the other hand, unless the person you have in mind is solely dependent on you do not hide behind petticoats or children.

"10. Married or single (which)? Race (specify which)?

"This does not ask whether you were once married, but whether you are married now. In answer to the question as to your race state briefly whether Caucasian, Mongolian, negro, Malayan or Indian.

Must State Past Military Service.

"11. What military service have you had? Rank? Branch? Years? Nation or state?

"No matter what country you served, you must give complete information. In answering these questions first name your rank, using one of the following words: 'Commissioned officer,' 'noncommissioned officer,' 'private.' Next, state branch in which you served in one of the following words: 'Infantry,' 'cavalry,' 'artillery,' 'medical,' 'signal,' 'aviation,' 'supply,' 'marine,' 'navy.' Next, state the number of years' service, not counting time spent in the reserve. Finally, name the nation or state you served. If you served under the United States or one of the states of the United States, name your service in one of the following terms: 'National Guard' (of such and such a state), 'militia' (of such and such a state), 'volunteers of United States' or 'regular army (navy) of United States.'

"12. Do you claim exemption from draft? Specify grounds.

"Because you claim exemption from draft, it by no means follows that you are exempt. For the information of the war department you should make a claim now if you intend to prosecute it. Some persons will be exempted on account of their occupations or offices, some on account of the fact that they have relatives dependent upon them for support. Your answer touching these things will be important in supporting the claim you now intend to make in your answer to the present questions. Be sure, therefore, that the grounds you now state are in conformity with your answers to questions 7 and 8.

"In stating grounds you claim as exempting you use one of the following terms: If you claim to be an executive, legislative or judicial officer of the state or nation, name your office and say whether it is an office of the state or nation. If you claim to be a member of a religious sect whose creed forbids its members to participate in war in any form, simply name the sect. If you are employed in the transmission of the United States mails or as an artificer or workman in an armory, arsenal or navy yard of the United States, or if you are a mariner employed in the sea service of any citizen or merchant within the United States, so state. If you are a felon or otherwise morally deficient and desire to claim exemption on that ground, state your ground briefly. If you claim physical disability, state that briefly. If you claim exemption on any other ground, state your ground briefly."

Only One Day to Register.

The war department wishes to impress upon the people that there is only one day for registration. All males between the designated ages must register on the day set. The fact that five days were allowed for the placing of the necessary blank forms in the hands of registrars appears to have misled some headline writers. One day only—the day fixed in the president's proclamation—will be devoted to registration.

States in Rivalry for Honor.

Not only has the individual citizenry of the country made a remarkable response to the registration call, but the states through their official heads have indicated such zeal that there is great rivalry among some of the commonwealths for the honor of making the first complete registration returns.

ONLY THOSE IN MILITARY SERVICE ARE EXEMPT FROM REGISTERING

All Between Ages of 21 and 30 Inclusive, Must Register.

Washington.—The following order covering those of the ages between 21 to 30, both inclusive, who are exempt from registering on June 5 has been issued from the office of the Provost Marshal General:

The President holds that Selective Service Act of May eighteen and proclamation and registration regulations of same date do not require registration of members of any duly organized and recognized force, military or naval, subject under other laws of United States to be called ordered or drafted into military or naval service of United States; and in order that this construction may be made plain he directs that Sections four and sixty-one of Registration Regulations of May eighteen be construed as if second sentence in each section read as follows:

"The only exceptions are persons in the military or naval service of the United States which includes all officers and enlisted men of the Regular Army, the Regular Army Reserve, the Officers' Reserve Corps, the Enlisted Reserve Corps, the National Guard and National Guard Reserve recognized by the Milita Bureau of the War Department, the Navy, the Marine Corps, the Coast Guard, and the Naval Militia, Naval Reserve Force, Marine Corps Reserve and National Naval Volunteers, recognized by the Navy Department."

Proclamation of May eighteen will be construed accordingly.

CROWDER,
Provost Marshal General

PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO REGISTER.

Washington.—The penalty for failing to register on June 5 is pointed out in the following from Provost Marshal General Crowder:

"Failure to register on June 5th renders one liable to a year's imprisonment. The fact that one is not entitled to vote does not excuse him from registration.

White and colored, between the ages of 21 and 30, both inclusive, must register on June 5th.

E. H. CROWDER,
Provost Marshal General.

The Immediate Duty.

The plain duty is the near duty. A very common weakness keeps many people from finding what is near them interesting; they see that only on its paltry side. The distance, on the contrary, draws and fascinates them. In this way a fabulous amount of goodwill is wasted. People burn with ardor for humanity, for the public good, for righting distant wrongs; they walk through life, their eyes fixed on marvelous sights along the horizon, treading meanwhile on the feet of passers-by, or jostling them without being aware of their existence. Strange infirmity, that keeps us from seeing our fellows at our very doors!—Charles Wagner.

Cutting Makes the Hair Grow.

According to Dr. William Allen Pusey, the hair grows a half an inch a month until it reaches its natural length. With men the natural length is from eight to twelve inches. With women it grows anywhere from eighteen inches to their heels.

The hair grows faster in summer than in winter because of the greater activity of the skin in warm weather. The hair also grows faster when cut off. The reason for this is based upon the general principle that whenever tissue is called upon to make up a deficit it generally comes to the rescue with added energy. If you cut off your hair there is the stimulus of increased demand placed upon nature to make your hair reach its natural length.

Refining Influence.

To be thoroughly imbued with the liberal arts refines the manners and makes men to be mild and gentle in their conduct.—Ovid.

And Pay Dearly.

The road to ruin is kept in good repair at the expense of those who travel over it.—Cincinnati Times-Star.

When the Fox Naps.

The fox nearly always takes his nap during the day in the open fields, along the sides of the ridges or under the mountain, where he can look down upon the busy farms beneath and hear their many sounds.

Cancer Not Contagious.

That cancer is not contagious and not hereditary is the opinion based on statistics carefully compiled by six of the largest life insurance companies in the United States.

EXEMPTION BOARD FOR EACH COUNTY

REGULATIONS TO GOVERN EXEMPTION BEING CAREFULLY WORKED OUT.

CIVILIANS TO COMPOSE BOARD

Every Man Between the Ages of 21 and 30, Inclusive, Must Register.

Washington.—Regulations to govern exemptions under the selective draft are being worked out by Provost Marshal General Crowder with a number of prominent lawyers. Although the plans are not yet complete, it is probable that the jury wheel system will be followed in selecting those who are to go into the first army of 500,000, and not until the names have been drawn and each registration district has provided the number apportioned to it, will exemptions be considered. As each individual drawn reports, his claims for exemption will be passed upon and if he is exempted, another will be drawn to fill the vacancy.

The law provides for local exemption boards in each county and for each 30,000 in city population. Boards of review also will be established on the basis of one or more to each federal judicial district. All the board will be composed of civilians, Secretary Baker said the process of selecting them had not been worked out.

General Crowder said that only confusion would result from the reported intention of men above the fixed age to register on June 5.

"This is mistaken patriotism," he said, "and registrars will be instructed to accept cards only of men between the ages of 21 and 30 inclusive."

Men will not necessarily be excluded from draft because they are married, General Crowder explained. "Only those whose dependents must rely solely on them for support should claim exemption," he said, "and of course all married men between the ages of 21 and 30, inclusive, must register whether or not they propose to claim exemption.

"The act establishing the selective draft authorizes the President to exclude or discharge from the draft 'those in a status with respect to persons dependent upon them for support which renders their exclusion or discharge advisable.' The census estimate shows that almost half the men available for draft are married and any sweeping exclusion of married men would therefore be inadvisable."

OBSERVE LIBERTY LOAN DAY.

Men, Women and Children Are to Be Given Chance to Aid the Government to Raise Money.

Washington.—Men, women and children in every walk of life are given places for active service in the programme for liberty loan week beginning June 2, made public by the treasury department.

Treasury officials also made public an appeal by Samuel Gompers to all members of the American Federation of Labor requesting them to aid the government in making the loan a success.

The liberty loan week programme follows:

Saturday and Sunday, June 2 and 3—Liberty loan days in the churches. Clergymen will preach sermons on behalf of the loan.

Monday, June 4—Merchants and manufacturers' liberty loan day on which the merchants and manufacturers will unite in aiding the sale of the issue.

Tuesday, June 5—Professional and insurance men's liberty loan day. Every insurance agent in the country will devote the entire day to soliciting subscriptions to the bonds, and much of their time to the same cause. professional men also will devote

Wednesday, June 6—Liberty loan labor day and automobilists' liberty loan day.

Thursday, June 7—Farmers' liberty loan day. Members of granges and other farmers' organizations throughout the country will make a concerted effort to secure subscriptions.

Friday, June 8—Women's loan day.

Saturday, June 9—Children's liberty loan day.

East St. Louis Mob Attacks Negroes.

East St. Louis.—A mob, estimated at 3000 persons, determined as they shouted, to rid the city of negroes imported to work in factories and munitions plants, swept through the streets attacking and beating negroes wherever found. Several negroes have been injured so severely they probably will die.

Railroad Commission Arrives in Japan

Tokio.—The United States railroad commission to Russia, headed by John F. Stevens of New York arrived in Tokio on its way to Petrograd. The Americans were entertained by the British and Russian ambassadors. George Post Wheeler American charge d'affaires issued a statement that no comercial or financial work was to be undertaken by the commission, whose sole purpose was to render the Russian people the greatest possible service in the war.

THE SHIELDING SHADOW

AUTHOR OF "BEYOND THE FRONTIER," "MAID OF THE FOREST," "MY LADY OF THE NORTH," ETC.

NOVELIZED FROM THE PHOTOPLAY SERIAL OF THE SAME NAME BY GEORGE B. SEITZ, RELEASED BY PATHE.

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By RANDALL PARRISH

SYNOPSIS.

Adventurous Jerry Carson embarks in search of hidden treasure with the promise of Leontine Walcott to be his wife on his return. Her father favors Sebastian Navarre. Jerry's ship is burned, he is reported lost. Sebastian presses his attentions. Jerry suddenly turns up to confront charges of the Navarres against him. In a struggle for a forged paper Diego Navarre is killed and Jerry is convicted of the murder. He escapes, and finds the treasure and a wonderful chemical pellet. Leontine is forced to marry Sebastian. On the honeymoon, he attacks her in a rage. Suddenly he is confronted by a weird apparition. Ravengar forces a confession from Louie. Sebastian attempts to get it. An earthquake occurs; in the excitement, Red Finn steals the confession and flees. He appears in New York as Romanoff and enlists the aid of Madame Bianca. Leontine confronts her husband in the gambling house. The Shadow battles for her and she escapes with the confession. One-Lamp Louie follows her and takes the paper from her. The Shadow saves Navarre from robbery. Romanoff attempts to kidnap Sebastian and Leontine, but Ravengar appears to thwart them. Bianca and her thugs are puzzled by Ravengar's repeated escapes and returns to his cellar prison. Leontine consents to accompany Hamilton on a balloon ascension. Sebastian drugs Hamilton and arranges to have Leontine set adrift in the balloon. The balloon bursts into flame and Leontine finds that her companion is Ravengar. They are rescued, but One-Lamp Louie reports that they perished in a hurricane. Sebastian arranges to marry Bianca. Louie prevents it to save himself and is thrown to death by Sebastian who changes his marriage plans. He sees Leontine alive and well.

NINTH EPISODE

The Incorrigible Captive.

In the attic of Sebastian's house Leontine kneeled beside an open trunk, a package of letters by her side.

They were Jerry's letters, written to her in the old days, years before, when they were lovers and their lives seemed destined to run smoothly together, when they expected to tread the path of life, hand in hand, until its close.



Memories of Far-off Days Revived in Her.

Then again she began thinking of Ravengar, the mysterious man who seemed to come so opportunely into her life. In many ways he reminded her of Jerry. She knew that if it had not been for the memory of her dead lover, she could have cared for Ravengar. But when she turned to Jerry's letters Ravengar faded into a phantom.

No, it was Jerry who possessed her heart, and soul, and memory, and must until life ended. But she thought tenderly of the other, too. He had saved her life when the lighthouse was struck, and that established a bond between them. If she could keep that bond one of friendship only!

And she began living over again those awful hours in Pilot Light, and the scene rose up vividly before her again.

The flash which had shaken the structure from its base and buried the lighthouse keeper and his wife deep in the ruins had passed them by owing to an extraordinary chance. While Leontine and Ravengar were seated in their room the lamps began to go out. Ravengar went down into the cellar to get more oil.

Reaching up for a can, he had inadvertently knocked down another can, and this brought down a third and a fourth. They fell into his arms, and he was caught like a man in the story with an armful of eggs. He could neither replace them nor set them down.

Laughingly, he shouted up to Leontine to come and assist him. She heard him, and went down to his aid, took the cans from him and placed them upon the shelf. As they turned to go up the stairs the lighthouse was struck.

As they crouched under the shock, Ravengar shielding Leontine with his arms, a huge piece of masonry came down, blocking the exit. The whole lighthouse was going to pieces. Then followed a final rending, and they were thrown to their knees and pinned under the wooden shoring.

Hours must have passed in the complete darkness. Leontine was half stunned by the fall of the props; she recovered consciousness under the ministrations of Ravengar, to realize that death by starvation was imminent. He had groped his way about the cellar again and again, seeking in vain for the smallest chance of egress. At last he seemed to abandon hope. He kneeled beside Leontine and they waited together for what seemed the inevitable end.

Perhaps it was twelve hours later when the rumbling was renewed. The structure was settling down again. Stones began falling about them; and suddenly there came a gleam of daylight, striking with blinding force upon their unaccustomed eyes.

They started up, to see a narrow chink in the roof, and, through that, immeasurably far away, the white wisp of a cloud floating against the blue.

In an instant Ravengar had motioned Leontine away, and was scrambling up the debris and pulling at the stones. At first he could accomplish nothing; after a long while, however, he succeeded in dislodging a small stone which held back another. The mass fell crashing into the cellar.

Leontine, seized by Ravengar's arms and thrust upward, caught at the opening. He pushed her through, and she found herself under the blue sky, beneath her the rocks, and the sea round about her. A minute later Ravengar joined her.

Their return to the mainland in one of the boats that came to investigate the disaster was untroubled by further dangers. Leontine had gone home; and that was how Sebastian happened to see her when he returned from the ghastly episode at Bianca's house.

She rose from her knees with a sigh and put away the letters. Jerry was dead, and she must not brood over the past.

As she rose she was startled to hear Sebastian's tread upon the stairs. She waited for him, but she could hardly bear to meet him.

He came into the attic and stood looking at her curiously. It was nearly half a minute before he spoke.

"Leontine," he said, "you have not told me how you and the handsome Ravengar escaped from the burning balloon and the lighthouse accident."

"Why do you wish to know?" she asked, shrugging her shoulders. "Is it not enough for you that your dastardy scheme failed, and must be tried again?"

"What do you mean by that?" he asked.

"I mean," replied Leontine, "that I am not unaware of your attempts upon my life. The balloon that landed us at Pilot Light was set on fire by you."

"If you think that," he answered, "why don't you accept my proposition and secure a divorce from me?"

"When you have confessed to the forgery that sent Jerry Carson to prison and to his death," she answered.

Sebastian shrugged his shoulders, sneered and moved toward the door. He passed out, and Leontine heard something click as the door closed.

She was trapped. She sank down helplessly into a chair and stared wildly about her.

Suddenly she started and gasped convulsively. Across the half-darkened room, seated in a chair, she saw the ghost of Jerry. It rose and smiled sadly at her.

It might have been an optical illusion, but never had Jerry seemed so real to the girl. A little older, sterner, yet he was the same as of yore; and Leontine, overcome, tottered toward him, weeping.

But as she drew nearer the specter held out its hands.

"Come no nearer," it said, "but have no fear. No harm shall come to you. Trust in the love of my memory."

Leontine hesitated only a minute, unable to obey, she ran toward him. As she drew near, the specter vanished. She saw only the empty chair.

With a wild cry Leontine fell swooning to the ground.

* * * * * * *

In her house, at that moment, Bianca was receiving a telephone message from Sebastian. She heard it with amusement, then with embarrassment.

"All right, I'll do it for you, Sebastian," she said, and hung up the receiver. She pressed a bell, and two of her followers came in.

"Go to this address tonight," she said, telling them the number, "and bring back the girl you'll find there in your auto. Pay no attention to anything she says. She's dippy."

* * * * * * *

Leontine had fallen asleep in her chair in the attic, hopeless of escape, and yet encouraged by the vision, which she did not doubt was that of Jerry himself, come back from the grave to solace her. She awakened with a start, to hear the bolt of the door withdrawn.

Three masked men were coming into the room.

They beckoned to her, without speaking. Leontine hesitated for a moment. Then she went bravely forward. She felt that she was safer in the hands of the three than in those of Sebastian.

One man preceded her, the others ranged themselves on either side of her as they went down the wide stairway. As they passed along the passage outside Sebastian's room, the door opened, and Leontine saw him standing there, watching her, a look of satisfaction upon his face.

And suddenly she saw the figure of her dead lover again. He was standing at the top of the stairs, gazing directly at her. At the same instant her captors and Sebastian saw the ghost, also, and they staggered back, leaving Leontine for the moment alone.

Jerry Carson's hand was upraised, as if to warn the party to proceed no farther.

One of Leontine's captors had a revolver in his coat pocket. He placed his hand to the trigger and fired through the cloth at the ghost.

The figure of Jerry staggered and then fell down the stairs. It tumbled over the balustrade and disappeared. Instantly the three, together with Sebastian, hurried in pursuit.

But when they reached the bottom of the stairs there was no sign of Jerry.

Leontine had not moved from where she was at the top of the stairs. They returned and led her, not ungently, down into the hall, and into the automobile that waited outside in an alley.

A few moments earlier a speeding auto had been held up by two policemen. The discussion waxed warm. The offender was about to be taken to the station when a figure came running out of Sebastian's house.

"Somebody wants help in there!" it cried to the policemen. "I heard a shot fired. Better go and see!" And he pointed toward the rear entrance.

Dropping their captive, the policemen leaped into the auto and drove to the rear entrance around the corner of the block, just in time to see the auto with the men and Leontine emerging.

The police yelled to the driver to stop. The auto sped faster. A wild chase followed through the suburban streets and toward the river, along the edge of the high cliff.

For a few moments the fugitives seemed to gain; then the police auto leaped forward and began to overhaul them.

"Stop or I fire!" yelled one of the policemen, standing up in his seat.

A bullet from the fleeing auto answered him. The chauffeur screamed, and his hand dropped from the wheel. The policeman fired in answer, but the car swerved and the bullet went wild.

Leontine, gazing back in terror, saw the police auto swerve toward the edge of the cliff. The chauffeur had fallen to the bottom of the car. One of the policemen tried to catch the wheel. But it was too late. The car was rushing on toward the precipice. It toppled over, the front wheels churning up the chalky edge of the cliff, hung there a moment, and suddenly went plunging downward into the depths below.

Leontine sank shuddering back in her seat, while the auto drove back, by devious ways, toward Bianca's house.

"Be gentler with her!"

The men who were leading Leontine into Bianca's boudoir, somewhat roughly, released their captive and took off their masks.

"It's all right for you to say that, Madam Bianca," sneered the man whom she had addressed. "But that's what you said about your last pigeon—that guy Ravengar—and where is he today?"

"Right here, friends," came Ravengar's crisp tones from a chair beside the fireplace.

All turned in terror at the sound and saw him seated in the chair.

With an oath the man who had spoken to Bianca leaped back. On Bianca's face were two expressions—terror at Ravengar's powers, joy that he had returned.

"Take her to the room upstairs and lock her up for the present," she said.

When she was left alone with Ravengar she looked at him in wonder.

"I am glad you have come back to me," she said softly.

An amused smile hovered about Ravengar's face. "I'm glad you are glad, little one," he answered lightly.

"I'll warrant you won't leave again in a hurry!" cried the woman in fury, which was accentuated by Ravengar's mocking bow. She pressed her bell. Two attendants entered promptly.

"Lock him in the strong room," she announced.

They frisked Ravengar hurriedly for weapons, but found nothing. Then, seizing him, one by either arm, they hurried him toward the door.

The strong room was in the hallway outside Bianca's boudoir. In this room were stored Bianca's stolen goods until they could be disposed of. As her plunder was considerable, it was a large room. It was built into the wall, and was, to all appearance, one with it, so that its discovery on the part of anyone who did not suspect its existence would be practically impossible. But the wooden exterior of the door was lined with a steel jacket, the walls were of steel, and the ceiling also. There was, in short, no possibility for anyone, securely shut in it, to escape.

"This time I've got you," soliloquized Bianca as the men went upstairs with their prisoner.

Meanwhile Ravengar accompanied his captors quietly to the door of the strong room. They thrust him inside.

"I guess this will hold him," said one to the other, leisurely turning the knob to the proper combination.

"If it won't, there's nothing will," answered the other.

They locked the door and went back to announce to Bianca the fulfillment of their mission.

* * * * * * *

Upstairs Leontine found herself a prisoner in an ordinary bedroom. It was preferable being here to being a prisoner of Sebastian.

She loathed him, and she would never set eyes on him again, save at the moment when she could wring the secret from him. And more and more she was coming to believe that in Ravengar lay the key to the mystery.

He had come back, he had been in Bianca's house when she was brought there. He would come to aid her. Unconsciously she spoke his name.

"At your service, Leontine," answered the well-known voice; and Ravengar stepped out from behind the curtains that hung before the window.

"Be brave and all will come out well," he said. "The play is nearly ended. I may have to leave you alone again, but never fear. The memory of Jerry will support you in every danger."

Suddenly the door opened. On the threshold stood Bianca. As she caught sight of Ravengar her eyes blazed with passion, and her voice shook as she asked:

"What are you doing here? How did you get here?"

Ravengar made his courtly, mocking bow, and replied: "My dear lady, to be here is the only reason why I returned to your hospitable house."

Bianca turned to her men, who were behind her. "Take him away!" she cried, stamping furiously.

They seized Ravengar and ran him down the stairs toward the strong room again, Bianca following, pouring out her wrath and fury against them.

"How did he get away?" she cried.

"We locked him in."

"You are lying. There is no way of getting out of the strong room if the combination is set properly."

One of the men turned upon her. "Say, madame, I guess you know there ain't no locks can hold him," he retorted.

Ravengar, meanwhile, thrust into the dark room, leaned back smiling against the wall. His mockery made Bianca almost frantic.

"You are a pack of fools!" she cried. "I'll set the combination this time."

And, slamming the heavy door, she adjusted her lock and clicked it. She called her men to her room.

"See that there is no further trouble with that woman upstairs," she said significantly. "Make a clean job of it, and, when you are through, you can carry her out of the old waterway gate."

Without compunction the two men nodded and started up the hall stairs.

The waterway was an old subterranean sluice under Bianca's house, which was very ancient and had been a country home before the advance of the encroaching city enmeshed it in its tentacles, together with the other scattered residences of the street. This water-duct had long ago become disused, and its existence forgotten. Bianca, in the course of the reconstructions which she had made, for the purpose of storing stolen goods, had come upon it and followed it down to the river, half a mile distant. She had discovered also that there still existed a connection with the city water supply by means of a large pipe in the wall of her cellar.

She had fitted a connection between this pipe and a bathroom on the floor where was her bedroom. Just outside the bathroom she constructed a trap-door with an iron ladder leading down to the sluice, in order to furnish herself with a safe and sure escape in case of need.

The switch in the bathroom was open, leaving the sluice full. But a turn of it would at once begin to empty it into the river beyond.

Bianca waited near the trap door for the accomplishment of her servitors' errand.

But presently she found the strain too much for her. She went into her boudoir and sank down upon a couch.

"Bring her down," said one of Bianca's men to the other. "I guess madame doesn't want it done in the bedroom."

"Who's going to do the trick?" the other retorted.

"I'll do it if you'll get her. Bring her along this way, without letting her suspect, and I'll be behind this curtain."

The second man made his way upstairs. He unlocked Leontine's door and stood for a moment hesitating.

As he stood there an arm slid round his neck and a hand was pressed over his mouth and nostrils, his knees gave under him and he fell unconscious to the floor.

Ravengar released him and looked into her purple face. He opened the door. Leontine, who had heard the lock unfasten, was waiting in the middle of the room. Ravengar entered, seized her hand, and kissed it.

"Come with me, Leontine," he said. "There is not a moment to be lost. Will you promise to keep composed and do exactly as I tell you?"

She gave a swift look at him, and nodded. Ravengar gave her his arm and led her out of the room, past the man on the floor, who was already beginning to recover consciousness.

He led her down the stairs hurriedly. Fortunately nobody was on guard. In her boudoir Bianca, whose keen ears heard the sound of footsteps, thought it was the men coming to tell her that the job was done.

Meanwhile the second of the murderers waited behind the curtains. He heard Ravengar descending with Leontine, but he thought the man was his confederate.

Ravengar, in his comings and goings, had learned all about the sluiceway. He stopped with Leontine outside the bathroom and hastily raised the trap-door, which lay beneath a piece of carpet, apparently one with that which ran along the passage, but in reality separate.

"Go down there," he whispered. "It leads to a sluiceway that opens upon the river. When you reach the bottom wait till the sluice empties; then run as fast as you can till you see daylight. Then you will be free."

Leontine looked at him. "You?" she whispered.

"I shall turn off the water; then I may follow. But don't wait for me."

The girl stepped down hurriedly, felt for and found the upper rungs of the ladder, and descended. Ravengar closed it, stepped into the bathroom, and shut off the supply. Then he emerged, just as the second confederate came from behind the curtain.

His mouth opened in amazement; then, with an oath, he whipped out a revolver and leveled it. Ravengar, smiling at him, waited. At that instant the half-strangled man came slowly down the stairway. He saw Ravengar and shouted. At the cry Bianca came running out of her room.

She stared at Ravengar as if she could not believe her eyes. Then, letting them fall for a moment, she saw something which arrested her attention. It was a fragment of Leontine's dress, caught in the trap door. And immediately the meaning of his presence there dawned on her.

She rushed into the bathroom and pulled the switch hard. Then she came back, breathing hard, but with a forced smile on her face.

"Well, I stopped that game in time," she said to Ravengar.

Leontine groped her way to the bottom of the ladder and saw, by faint light which filtered in through the cellar, the sluiceway before her. A great flood of water was pouring out through the pipe, filling the dark tunnel.

As she watched it the water gate went down. The flood of water, gurgling and rumbling on its way to the river, rapidly grew less. It was only a minute before the tunnel lay, empty and black, before her eyes.

She ran wildly, her feet splashing in the water. Once, reaching up, she felt the roof of the tunnel overhead.

Meanwhile Ravengar, above, was smiling into the face of his captor. He knew that every second gained was precious, and the man had not wits enough to think that he might have closed the watergate.

Leontine made her hurried progress below. It was a long time after she had started before she saw the tiny glimmer of light ahead of her which denoted the end of her journey.

But suddenly she heard a rumbling sound behind her. A rush of water almost swept her off her feet. Bianca had thrown over the lever.

Leontine guessed what had occurred. There ought to be time to gain the entrance.

The water was up to her waist. She almost despaired. A hundred yards to go, and every yard was made through deeper water. It swirled against her chest, it was up to her shoulders; it touched her chin.

Gasping, choking, struggling for life, Leontine suddenly became aware that she had been swept through the tunnel; a moment later she opened her eyes, to find herself cast upon the muddy bank of the river.

* * * * * * *

Ravengar had disappeared once more!

As Bianca ran back triumphantly from the bathroom, in which she had pressed the switch, she saw the two men staring about them in astonishment.

Bianca stamped her foot furiously. "Where is he?" she demanded.

"He's gone," muttered one of the men in awe-struck tones.

"Down the trap-door, you fool! Go down and bring him up. You," she continued to the second man, "stand at the top of the stairs and see that he doesn't pass you. I'm going to search the rooms."

Suddenly the man on guard at the head of the stairs screamed loudly, and Bianca came running out of one of the rooms. He cried again and pointed toward the bathroom. Bianca saw the head and shoulders of Ravenger as he leaned over the switch. She darted after him. The switch had been reversed.

She sprang at him, but he laughed and, catching her by the shoulders, pushed her back into the passage, slamming the door upon her. Every second was precious now.

That was the moment when Leontine, in the tunnel, was suddenly swept from her feet and carried out into the daylight.

Bianca raved and hammered at the door. For the second time he had thwarted her. She felt her love for him turn into deadly hatred.

"Open that door!" she called to her subordinates; and just then the head and shoulders of the man whom she had sent below emerged through the trap door.

"He isn't down there, and the sluice is full of water," he said lugubriously.

"Fool!" shouted Bianca, "he's in the bathroom. Open that door! Break it down, the pair of you!"

There was a key in the door, but it was on the outside, and Ravengar could not turn it. The two men dashed themselves against it. Their united strength was too great for Ravengar. They forced him back, still struggling desperately, and dragged him from the room.

"Hold him on your lives!" said Bianca, and, entering the bathroom, threw the switch over the second time.

It was too late. Leontine had recovered consciousness and staggered away just as the renewed flood began to pour through the tunnel.

Bianca darted back. "Now we've got him," she cried. "We'll put him where he won't be able to play any more of those tricks upon us."

"Back into the strong room," asked the first man.

"Shall I croak him?" inquired the second.

Bianca looked at Ravengar and nodded. The second man raised his revolver and aimed it at Ravengar's head; however, he waited upon the sign from his mistress before pulling the trigger.

Bianca hesitated, too. She watched Ravengar's face like a cat watching its prey. At the least sign of fear she would have nodded to the man who held the revolver; but Ravengar only smiled at her. She felt overawed; the man's moral power was something that she had never encountered before.

"Why don't you get away now?" she demanded tauntingly. "You seem able to go where you want to. Are you tired of your life or what?"

"Dear madame," answered Ravengar easily, "did I not come back to you of my own free will? I must say that this reception is the reverse of hospitable."

The mockery upon his face daunted her. If he were dead he would die triumphant, his will would have conquered.

"Stop!" she cried; and the men lowered their revolvers.

They stepped back, growling; their mistress' whims were inexplicable to them.

Ravengar bent down and kissed Bianca's hand. "I knew that you were too kind to kill a helpless prisoner."

There was still the mockery in his tone, and Bianca could bear it no longer. She burst into helpless tears, while her followers looked at her in amazement, and then at each other significantly.

She turned upon them. "Get out—the pair of you!" she cried.

Meanwhile Leontine, drenched by the flood, waited upon the river bank for the coming of the man who had saved her.

The minutes passed into hours. Still she crouched there. At last, however, a little hope began to dawn in her. If Ravengar had been in the tunnel he would have been swept out by the flood.

He was alive, unless he had been murdered in Bianca's house. She must find out and help him without a moment's delay. With renewed strength she gathered her draggled skirts about her and ran up the river bank.

(END OF NINTH EPISODE.)



"I Am Not Unaware of Your Attempts on My Life!"

THE UNION-BANNER

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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

Every man who has goods on a freight car can help in the war by unloading the car as quickly as possible so that it may be loaded again and sent on its way.

It is remarkable what reliance the democrats place on the views of the general staff with respect to send-T. R. to Europe, and how little the advice of the staff was heeded before war was declared.

"Strike while the iron is hot" is an old adage, so old that some people overlook it. But it is a slogan that might well be adopted in our war policy. Bonds will never again sell as readily as they would immediately after the declaration of war, Enthusiasm wanes with "watchful waiting."

"It is usually a poor workman who begins by complaining of his tools". If the Bureaus at Washington would use the powers they have, without delay, there would be more inclination to listen with sympathy to their pleas that they haven't power necessary to make them efficient.

During this time of scarcity of tin cans the frugal housewife can help out a lot by sun-drying many products that have heretofore been preserved in tin and glass. A few vegetables and many fruits can be cured by spreading in the sun, or by use of some simple process of hot air drying. The use of dried instead of canned fruits will make a big difference in the supply of tin.

Those people who think it is improper to discuss administration policies during the war should write a letter of commendation to Chairman Claude Kitchin, of the House Ways and Means Committee, who admits that his revenue bill contains provisions so ill-advised that he will vote for them "with his eyes shut."

TOO THIN-SKINNED

Some mollycoddles and a few dyed-in-the-wool Democrats are over fearful that something may be said that may be construed to be opposition to the administration war policy, and there is the intimation that such action and such criticism may be sinisterly pratisan on the part of the Republican Editors and speakers.

There is no ground for such fears, no cause for intimations.

Man for man, newspaper for newspaper, congressman for congressman, the support of Woodrow Wilson has been proportionately larger and undeniably stronger from Republicans than from Democrats. While the latter, many of them with an eye single to the loaves and fishes, were yelling their heads off to "stand by the president" during the last campaign, because "he kept us out of war," and were in great wrath when it was truthfully stated by the opposition press that a little more vim and vigor at the very outset of the Mexican troubles would have ended them speedily, and at the same time would doubless have been such an object lesson to Germany as would have prevented her numerous aggressions and insults that have led up to present war condition between Germany and the United States, it is mainly democratic congressmen and editors who have been leaders in the opposition to the administration war plans.

It is ill-timed as well as untruthful for anybody at this time to make a charge of unfair politics. There is nothing unfair in just and honest criticism. If an injection of partisan politics is introduced in the management of war affairs with an evident design to create a bureaucracy; to make additional places and jobs for "deserving democrats;" to reject the proffered services of a distinguished and patriotic citizen, an ex-president on account of political prejudices; to ask for unlimited public money to be used without special congressional authority and without any adequate board or commission on the conduct of the war to prevent the possible inefficiency, leaks, wastefulness, extravagance and perhaps dishonesty that have not been unknown in former years—the calling attention to these matters constitutes no element of opposition to the administration, no exploiting of mean partisanism and no disloyalty to government.

Directing attention to any inefficiency, any narrow partisanism, any apparent disposition to make the horrors and cost of war contributory to partisan advantage, or any evident attempt to anybody to profit dishonesty through war contracts, is so far from being dishonorable or disloyal that it is patriotic duty and a "standing by the president" that is worth while.—Mansfield (Ohio) News.

EXEMPTS WILL HAVE TO GIVE FULL REASONS FOR CLAIMS

Washington, May 29.—Men who claim exemption from army draft in their registration on next Tuesday will be required later to explain why they believe they should not be called Provost Marshal General Crowder announced to-day. Public authorities will determine the exemption of each individual on the basis of the second and more ample explanation, not on the briefly stated reason given the registrar Tuesday.

All men who are married or who belong to classes which may be exempted will not necessarily be subjected to exemption. Furthermore, every man between the ages of 21 and 30, inclusive, must register, regardless of his claim to exemption, unless he is now in the armry, navy, the national gdaid or naval militia.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF SETTLEMENT.

The State of Alabama, Chilton County. Probate Court. May 29, 1917.

In the matter of the estate of John W. Gullahorn, deceased, This day came H. A. Harris, Administrator of the Estate of said deceased, and files his account, vouchers, evidence, statement for final settlement of his said Administration.

It is ordered that the 7th day of July, 1917, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

Witness my hand this, 29th day of May, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
5-31-3t. Judge of Probate

MOUNT PLEASANT.

The singing Sunday was attended by a large crowd.

Our prayer meeting is progressing nicely. The house was crowded on last Sunday night.

Mr. Emmett Popwell of Unity was in this community last Sunday and Sunday night.

Mr. J. Wiley Foshee has got mighty good to his boys lately. He let them take his Ford out the other day and bring a couple of girls home with them.

S. W. Perdue and family spent Monday evening at Wiley Foshee's.

Dewey Foshee has got the measles this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Gandy of Lock 12 were visitors at J. Wiley Foshee's one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Berry Blalock spent Sunday night at E. Pounds's.

Martin Davenport and Aaron Vines were in this community Sunday and Sunday night.

Hill Sharbert has gone back to his home in Texas.

Come on boys and let's register on next Tuesday and get ourselves in readines to go after Mr. Kaiser's goat when we are sent over there.

THE GOVERNOR NAMES COUNTY COUNCIL OF DEFENSE

To Citizens of Chilton County:

In order that we may more fully rentralize our eforts for the development of the resources of the State, an executive proclamation was issued on May 17th, naming and constituting a state Council of Defense.

That the workings of the organization may be thorough and extend to every section, it was contemplated that the county Council of Defense be formed and coordinated with the State Board.

In furtherance of this idea, I hereby designate the central committee on Increased Production, as well as the precinct commitees as the Council of Defense of Chilton County, the Central Executive Committee being Wm. M. Adams, Chairman; W. H. Conway, J. N. Dennis, and Mrs. Lida Jones.

I request that those named, as well as the precinct committees, notify W. M. Adams, Chairman of the County Board, if they are willing to accept the appointment and cooperate with the county and state boards toward securing a greater efficiency in all material endeavors. All county officials are especially requested to aid the Council of Defense in this welfare work.

CHARLES HENDERSON
Governor of Alabama.

COLORED PEOPLE ORGANIZE TO INCREASE FARM PRODUCTS

On the 19th inst, the colored popplation of the County held an enthusiastic meeting at Clanton, composed of between 150 and 200 colored citizens, and organized for the purpose of urging their race to join in the movement to increase farm products.

The following Central Committee was named:

K. N. Draper, Chairman; Mary E. Norris, Will Allen, Charlie Spigener, A. F. Allison, E. B. Smith, Gilbert Kendrick, D. H. Hicks, and Carry Bedsoe.

Resoultions were passed endorsing the movement for increased production and called upon the colored people to join heartily in the work.

At some future date, it is expected to get a speaker of note either from Tuskegee Institute or elsewhere to address the colored people on this question, at a meeting to be held at Clanton.

The Central Committee will proceed to organize each Beat in the county.



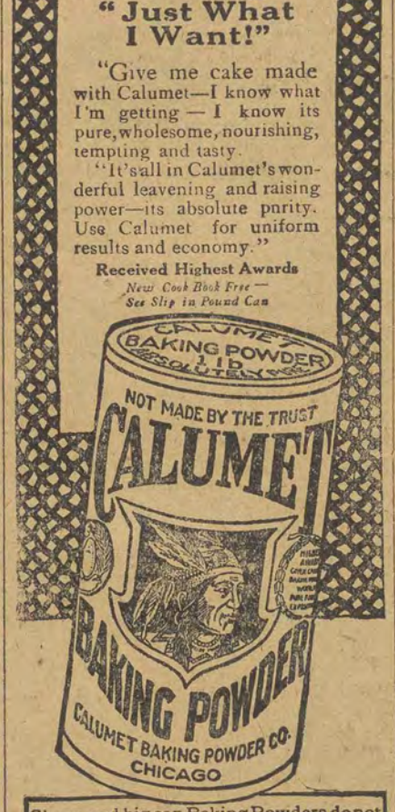
"Just What I Want!"

"Give me cake made with Calumet—I know what I'm getting — I know its pure, wholesome, nourishing, tempting and tasty.

"It's all in Calumet's wonderful leavening and raising power—its absolute purity. Use Calumet for uniform results and economy."

Received Highest Awards

New Cook Book Free — See Slip in Pound Can



Cheap and big can Baking Powders do not save you money. Calumet does—it's pure and far superior to sour milk and soda.

A CARD OF THANKS

I wish to thank the people for their kindness shown towards us at the death of my son. I wish especially to thank the soldier boys for their kindness towards him. God bless all for their help in time of need.

JOHN W. BAKER

Miss Haden Gullahorn of Birmingham is the guest of friends in Clanton this week.

Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Vaughn of Birmingham spent several days in Clanton the past week as guests of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Dillis.



L. D. POPWELL
CLANTON, ALA.

Just any time you may choose to come around

You may be assured that you will always find the things you want, and at prices that will save you the most money. Don't buy till you come to see.

Clanton Mercantile Co.

Clanton, Alabama.

NOTES FROM W. H. CONWAY ON WHEAT, OATS, AND SO ON

Harvest all wheat and oats as soon as they get in stiff dough. Do not wait for it all to get dry. Shock all grain in the field till danger of molding is past then house same till it can be thrashed.

Do not leav egraininthefieldshlq,e Do not leave grain in the field any longer than necessary, as it is likely to be damaged and some lost by storms and rain.

Save all the Alabama Blue Stem wheat possible for planting seed. It is earlier, more resistent to rust, usually makes better yields and makes better flour than the later and bearded wheats.

If you have bearded wheat, try to exchange enough for seed with some neighbor or with some one operating a thrash, in order that you may secure Blue Stem wheat to plant your crop with this fall.

Seed wheat will be scarce and high this fall, so secure yours now if possible.

Fulghum oats will also be scarce and very high this fall, and all these genuine oats grown in our county should be saved for seed purposes, even if you should have to buy oats to take their place.

One bushel of genuine Fulghum seed oats will sell for enough this fall to pay for from one and a half to two bushels of feed oats.

Do not neglect the gardens, continue to plant butter beans, poll beans, peas and sweet and Irish potatoes.

Save all the fruit and berries possible as we need them worse than usual and they will help out the food shortage very much.

W. H. CONWAY.

No. 666

This is a prescription prepared especially for MALARIA or CHILLS & FEVER. Five or six doses will break any case, and if taken then as a tonic the Fever will not return. It acts on the liver better than Calomel and does not gripe or sicken. 25c

In the whole field of medicine there is not a healing remedy that will repair damage to the flesh more quickly than BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. In cuts, wounds, sprains, burns, scalds, and rheumatism, its healing and penetrating power is extraordinary. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Thrashing Machine

Brand New Outfit Ready for Business

When your grain crop is ready to thrash out you should make arrangements to have the work done by my brand new and most up-to-date outfit.

I am ready for operation now, and am prepared to go where the people want me to.

I guarantee the work done by my machine and assure you perfect satisfaction.

Later in the season I will add a peanut and velvet bean thrash to my outfit.

Call on me when you need your grain thrashed.

D. H. GENTRY

CLANTON, ROUTE 4.

FREE! Paint Book



"Homes and How to Paint Them"

Contains illustrations of attractively painted homes, floor plans, specifications how to select the right colors, also information for painting roofs, barns, buggies, wagons, implements, refinishing woodwork and floors, decorating walls. Tells about

MASTIC PAINT

"The Kind That Lasts"

This old reliable paint protects and beautifies your property and enhances its value. **Mastic Paint contains highest percentage of ZINC.**

Peaslee-Gaulbert Co., Inc.
Louisville, Ky.

UPCHURCH DRUG CO.
CLANTON, ALA.

Half Your Living Without Money Co.

A right or wrong start in [illegible] make or break most farmers in the South. We are all facing a crisis. This war in Europe [illegible] such uncertainty that [illegible] foresee the future with any degree of clearness.

The sure and certain increase in cotton acreage means lower cotton prices next fall. Certainly food and grain products is going to be high than no one can afford to [illegible] and expect to pay out with cotton.

It's a time above [illegible] to play safe; to produce [illegible] food grain and forage supplies on your own acres; to cut down the store bill.

A good piece of garden ground rightly planted, rightly tended and kept planted the year round, can be made to pay half your living. It will save you more money than you made on the best five acres of cotton you ever grew!

Hastings' 1917 Seed Book tells all about the right kind of a money saving garden and the vegetables to put in it. It tells about the field crops as well and shows you the clear road to real farm prosperity. It's Free. Send for it today to H. G. HASTINGS CO., Atlanta, Ga.—Advt.

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CARDUI

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Wet Buckeye Hulls carry the feed perfectly



ROUGHAGE is of little value if it allows the concentrated foods to sift to the bottom of the trough and become separated from it. There is no danger of this with

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

when they are wetted down a half hour or so before using. Then they combine more thoroughly and uniformly with the other forage than the old style hulls.

Use Buckeye Hulls properly and you will find them a better roughage than old style hulls and far more economical.

Other Advantages

Buckeye Hulls cost much less than old style hulls.
They allow better assimilation of food.
No trash or dust. No lint.
2000 pounds real roughage to the ton—not 1500 pounds of roughage and 500 pounds of lint.
Sacked—easy to handle.
Take less space in the barn.

Mr. E. W. Leonard, Ellendale, Tenn.,
has been feeding Buckeye Hulls to three milch cows. He says that the cows are giving more milk and butter and are in fine condition. He prefers Buckeye Hulls.

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K ***The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.*** *Dept. K*

Atlanta, Augusta, Birmingham, Charlotte, Greenwood, Jackson, Little Rock, Macon, Memphis, Selma

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

MULBERRY NEWS

The farmers have still got the blues on account of having no rain.

Mrs. Jack Grooms who has been sick for a long time is now in heaven with our dear Father. She bore her pains with patience. We all hope to meet her in that land of rest.

Mr. Joe Deshazo and family visited Mr. Clanton Edwards Sunday.

Rev. Whitney filled his regular appointment at Isabella Sunday.

Dr. Hayes and family from Clanton visited Mr. Andy Jones Sunday.

Some of our young folks attended the singing at Mt. Nebo Sunday afternoon.

Mr. John Bowden and wife from Birmingham attended the funeral of their mother, Mrs. Jack Grooms last Thursday.

Misses U. L. and Irene Jones and Flossie Manning are at home from the C. C. H. S, at Clanton.

Mr. Lee, who has been on the sick list for a long time is no better.

LUCY.

Dizziness, vertigo (blind staggers,) sallow complexion, flatulence are symptoms of a torpid liver. No one can feel well while the liver is inactive. HERBINE is a powerful liver stimulant. A dose or two will cause all bilious symptoms to disappear. Try it. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

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For Life and Fire Insurance, Accident and Health Insurance, Auto and Windstorm Insurance, Liability and Plate Glass Insurance. Bonding.
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PATENTS
obtained through the old established "D. SWIFT & CO." are being quickly bought by Manufacturers.
Send a model or sketches and description of your invention for **FREE SEARCH** and report on patentability. We get patents or no fee. Write for our free book of 300 needed inventions.
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Patent Lawyers. Estab. 1889.
307 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

"Work-shop pains and their quick relief"



The constant strain of factory work very often results in Headaches, Backaches and other Aches, and also weakens the Nerves.

DR. MILES'
ANTI-PAIN PILLS
will quickly relieve the Nerves, or Pain, while
Dr. Miles'
Heart Treatment
is very helpful when the Heart is overtaxed.

IF FIRST BOX, OR BOTTLE, FAILS TO BENEFIT YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

SEVERE PAIN.

"I used to suffer a great deal with lumbago in my shoulders and back. A friend induced me to try Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills and I am only too glad to be able to attest to the relief that I got from these splendid pills. They form a valuable medicine and do all that it is claimed they will do."

LEWIS J. CUTTER,
Marietta, Ohio.

LITTLE CHILD IS ACCIDENTALLY KILLED

A small child of a Mr. Chandler, who lives on the Lock 12 road was accidentally run over and killed by a heavily loaded lumber wagon in the road in front of the house on Monday afternoon. The wagon was being driven by an uncle of the little victim. It is reported that the children ran out into the road to meet the wagon, and in some way the little one was caught under the wheels and its life crushed out.

Rufus L. Popwell, a Chilton County boy, who has been attending the University of Alabama, has enlisted for service in the United States army.
from the University.
Omar Reynolds returned this week

When the amateur gardener finds his soil suffering for moisture during some dry spell this summer, let him remember the old adage, "two cultivations are as god as one rain."

Sallow complexion is due to torpid liver. HERBINE puriles and strengthens the liver and bowels and restores the rosy bloom of health to the cheek. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week ending May 26, 1917.

WOMEN—Miss Ruby White, Mrs. Elie Dennis, Miss George Lee Love, Mrs. Vimmie Porter, Miss Melba Wilson, Mrs. M. C. Hicks.

MEN—George Wells, Sam F. Vann, L. J. Schnitz, Willie Walker, Frank Watley, Willie Brown, J. W. Gilmore.

These letters will be sent to the dead letter office May 9th, 1917, if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "advertised" giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON, P.M.

IN MEMORIAM

Last Tuesday the death angel came and took away Tolley Baker, the son of Mr. John W. Baker,

He was a boy whom we all loved dearly, and whom we were ever glad to be with.

He was about 21 years of age, and belonged to the Missionary Baptist Church at Liberty Hill.

Tollie Joined the army last October so as to be patriotic to his state and country. He went to the border of Mexico, where his health began to fail. Later he was sent to a hospital in Fort Sam Houston, Tex., where he died with endocarditis.

His remains were sent home and buried at Liberty Hill Church about 11, a.m. Saturday. Services were conducted by Rev. A. L. Foshee.

The love andf riendship toward Tollie was proven by the number that was present and by the beautiful wreathes that were presented at the grave. We know that Tollie has gone to an eternal place of rest to rejoice with the angels, but we cannot ever cease to be lonesome without him to love, cherish and have him show his kindness toward us.

A FRIEND.

EARLY VARIETIES OF COWPEAS

By J. F. Duggar, Director Alabama Experiment Station and Extension Service.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

Unfortunately, cowpeas for planting are scarce and high priced. Yet ever more than the full acreage of this legume is needed this year, largely for human food.

For this year, with high priced meat and meal, we need a large increase in the supply of human food grown on the farm. We need these substitutes at the earliest practicable date.

Early cowpeas is one of the crops that should be grown for this purpose. Moreover, early varieties have special advantagesin a year when seed are expensive. This is because two crops of early cowpeas can be grown in a single season in the central and southern parts of the Gulf States. That is, a bushel of some early variety planted in drills on 2 acres or more late in April should ripen a part of its crop by the middle of July, at which time, with fair yields, the mature half of the crop should amount to about 16 bushels. This in turn would be sufficient to plant about 30 additional acres in drills for seed production, or half that amount broadcast for hay.

The Experiment Station at Auburn has repeatedly picked mature New Era cowpeas about the middle of July, has sunnned them for about a week, and then planted on other land in time to obtain mature peas before a late fall frost, or a hay crop before an early frost.

Another early variety is the California Blackeye, also called Six-weeks and Ramshorn, which is less productive than New Era, but which, being white, sells at a higher price for table use.

Let us not forget that green cowpeas constitute one of the most nutritious vegetables, and at less expense for seed than either English peas or snap beans.

SALE OF LANDS FOR TAXES IN CHILTON COUNTY, ALABAMA

The State of Alabama, Chilton County.

Under and by virtue of several decrees rendered in and by the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, on the 7th day of May, 1917, for the sale of real estate for the payment of taxes due for the year 1916, I will on Monday, the 11th day of June, 1917, sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door of said county, in Clanton, Ala., within the legal hours of sale, the following described real estate, for the state and county taxes, fees, costs, and charges to-wit:

Beat No. 2.

No. 253—Hatcher, Mrs. Sallie est. S½ of NW¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 23, Range 12; SE¼ and S½ of NE¼, Sec. 3, T.P. 23, Range 12; all east of Mahan Creek in SE¼ of NW¼ and in E½ of SW¼, Sec. 3, T.P. 23, Range 12; Tax and Cost, $35.00.

No. 436 and 437—Dennis Singletery. NW¼ of NW¼ of Sec. 34, T.P. 23, Range 13; Tax a nd cost for 1915 and 1916, $7.92.

No. 249.—Henson, N. W. House and lot in Jemison, Ala., Lot 3; B.U. 14 lots in Thorsby, Ala., in Henson subdivision 5 to 18 B.T. Inc. Tax and costs, $14.55.

No. 4676.—Wells, C.W. SE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 34, T.P. 23, R. 13; NW¼ of NW¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 22, Range 13; 1 house and lot 3, block J, in town of Jemison, Ala. Tax and costs, $28.50.

Beat No. 4.

No. 1119—Latham, Mrs. M.F. One house and lot 7, Block 1, in town of Clanton, Ala., west of L. & N. Railroad. Tax and Costs, $20.50.

Lunsford, Mrs. N.L.S. Mineral and mineral right only, NE¼ and E ½ of SE¼ and NW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 1, T.P. 23, Range 14; N½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NW¼ and S½ of NW ¼and N½ of S½ and SW¼ of SW ¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 23, Range 14; S½ of NE¼ and S½, Sec. 3, T.P. 23, Range 14; N½ of Sec. 10, T.P. 23, Range 14; S½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of SW ¼ and E½ of SE¼, Sec. 12, T.P. 23, Range 13; S½ of SE¼, Sec. 13, T.P. 24, Range 13; N½ of NE¼, Sec. 27, T.P. 24, Range 13; NE¼ and S½ of NW¼ and S½, Sec. 15, T.P. 24, Range 14; S½ of NE¼ and S½ of NW¼ and NE¼ of NW¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 24, Range 14; SE¼ and W½ of SW¼ and NE¼, Sec. 19, T.P. 24, Range 14; NE¼ and E½ of NW¼ and S½, Sec. 21, T.P. 24, Range 14; all of Sec. 23, T.P. 24, Range 14; SE¼ and E½ of SW¼ and NW¼ of SW¼ and N½, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 14; all of Sec. 27, T.P. 24, Range 14; NE¼ of NE¼ and S½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NW¼ and W ½ of NW¼ and NE¼ of SE¼ and SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 31, T.P. 24, Range 14; NW¼ of NW¼ and SE ¼ of NE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼ of SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 35, T.P. 24, Range 13; S½ of NE¼ of NE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼ and N½ of SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; SE¼ of SW¼ of NE¼ and SW¼ of NW¼ of NE¼ and N½ of NW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; S½ of NE¼ of SW¼ and NW¼ of SW¼ and E½ of SW¼ of SW¼ and SW¼ of SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; SE¼ of SW¼ and NE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; tax and costs, $43.45.

No. 1198—Matthews, E. A. SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 15, T.P. 22, Range 14; W½ of NE¼ Sec. 21, T.P. 22, Range 15; E½ of NW¼, Sec. 21, T.P. 22, Range 15; W½ of SW¼, Sec. 21, T.P. 22, Range 15; W½ of NE¼, Sec. 20, T. P. 22, Range 15.
NW¼ of SE¼, Sec. 24, T.P. 22, Range 13; SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 23, Range 13; 1½ acres in NE corner SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 30, T.P. 22, Range 16. 1½ acres in NW corner, SE¼ of SW¼, Sec. 30, T.P. 22, Range 16. The following described real property, lying and being situated in the Town of Clanton, Alabama, to-wit: a certain parcel of land west of the S & N Alabama Ry., described as follows, to-wit: commencing at a point on the line of the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., 210 feet south of the intersection of said right of way and the main street, now known as Second Ave. and running thence in a westerly direction, parallel with the main street, 485 feet, more or less, to the line of W. D. Sartor's land, said line of W.D. Sartor's land was known or existed on the 10th day of August, 1893, thence in a southerly direction along the line of said Sartor land line, and a continuation thereof 300 ft., thence in an easterly direction parallel to said main street, 485 ft., more or less to said right of way, thence in a northerly direction along said right of way 300 feet to a point of beginning, being a part of land which was conveyed to John Randolph on the 12th day of February, 1902, by deed which is recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in vol. 24 of record of deeds, on page 387; the said lot or parcel of land above described is known by the official map of the town of Clanton, Alabama, and marked upon said map, "E.Y. McMorris, University School." (The words, "main street" wherever they appear in the foregoing description, refer to the street now known as Second Avenue). And also a tract or parcel of land described as follows, to-wit: beginning at the NE corner of a certain lot, west of South and North Alabama Ry., and south of and bordering on Second Ave., marked on the official map of the town of Clanton, "W.M. Wilson and Bro." and running thence east along Second Ave., 40 feet; thence south 210 feet to the the lot marked on said official map, "E.Y. McMorris University School" thence west 40 feet thence north 210 feet to the point of beginning; and also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described and bounded as follows, to-wit: beginning at the SE corner of the lot marked on the official map of the town of Clanton, Alabama, "E.Y. McMorris University School" and running thence west 160 feet, thence south 80 feet, thence east 40 feet, thence south 280 feet, thence east to the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry., thence north to the point of beginning, also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the NE corner of the lot marked on the official map of Clanton, Alabama, "E.Y. McMorris University School," and running thence west 30 feet, thence north 60 feet to the lot of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., thence east 30 feet to the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., thence south along the said right of way to the point of beginning; and also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described as follows: beginning at the SW corner of the lot marked on the official map of Clanton, Alabama, "E.Y. McMorris University School" and running south 20 feet, thence east to within 160 feet of the right of way of the South and North Alabama Railroad Company, thence north 20 feet, to the south line of said "E.Y. McMorris University School" lot, thence west along said line to the point of beginning, also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Railroad, described as follows: Beginning at the NW of the Episcopal Church lot on the south side of Second Ave, and running thence west along said Second Avenue, and running thence west along said second Avenue 120 feet, thence south 210 feet, thence east 120 feet, thence north along said Episcopal church lot 210 feet to the point of beginning. Dwelling house in West Clanton lot 1; B. 2 dwelling house West Clanton lot 3, B 2, 55 feet north side lot 6; B 2, South 2-3 of B 4 east side lot 11 and 14 B 7. One acre in Sec. 35, T.P. 22, Range 14, west of the J. M. Morgan lot; one house and lots 9, 10, 15 and 16 in Gowan addition in Clanton, Ala. Tax and costs, $377.22.

No. 1364—T.M. Pyron. One house and lot 4, B. 2, in Clanton, Ala., on west side of L.&N. R.R. Tax and cost, $28.20.

No 1425—Sims, R.F. NW¼ of NE¼, less two acres in NW corner and 2 acres in SE corner of NE¼ of NW¼, Sec. 21, T.P. 22, Range 14; tax and costs, $11.47.

No. 1447—Smith, Ophelia (col) Begin at a SE corner of NE¼ of NW ¼, Sec. 12, T.P. 21, Range 14, run thence west 227 yards and north 50 yards and west 20 yards and north 229 yards and east 107 yards south 120 yards and east 140 yards to a land line, 160 yards to point of beginning; also beginning at SW corner of the above described land and run E 200 yards to public road and north 7 feet and west 200 yards to point of beginning in NE¼ of NW¼; tax and costs, $12.50.

Beat No. 7.

No. 2316.—Hicks, Henry S. S½ of Sec. 4, T.P. 21, Range 11; SE¼ of NE¼ and E½ of SW¼, Sec. 8, T.P. 21, Range 11; SE¼ of Sec. 8, T.P. 21, Range 11; SW¼ of NW¼, Sec. 9, T.P. 21, Range 11; E½ of SE ¼, Sec. 22, T.P. 21, Range 11; NE¼ of NW¼ of SE½, Sec. 26, T.P. 21, Range 11. Tax and costs, $62.85.

No. 2320—Hicks, Mrs. M. F. W½ of NE¼ and W½ of SE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 4, T.P. 21, Range 11; E½ of NW ¼, Sec. 4, T.P. 21, Range 11; tax and costs, $18.75.

No. 2453—Bailey, Manuel. SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 8, T.P. 20, Range 11; tax and costs, $7.37.

No. 4793—United Realty Co. SW ¼ of SW¼, less mineral right, Sec. 17, T.P. 21, Range 12; tax and costs, $7.36.

Beat No. 8.

No. 2636—McElwin, J.D. SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 34, T.P. 20, Range 11; tax and costs, $7.94.

No. 2681.—Patterson, D.P. N½ of NW¼ and E½ of SE¼ of NW¼ and W½ of NE¼ and NW¼ of SE ¼, Sec. 31, T.P. 20, Range 11; 3 acres on south side of SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 30, T.P. 20, Range 11; Tax and costs, $41.50.

Beat No. 9.

No. 3146—Mary Smith (col) NE¼ of NE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 22, T.P. 22, Range 13; tax and cost, $7.10.

No. 3172.—Thompson, Lucy B. Lots numbered one to ten, both inclusive, according to the map of Thorsby in Chilton County, said lots being in Block 6 of said town of Thorsby, Ala.;tax and cost, $8.25.

No. 2976—Henry Joseph. NE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 35, T.P. 23, Range 13; All of NE¼ of SW¼, Sec. 36, T.P. 23, Range 13; lying west of railroad, NW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 36, T.P. 23, Range 13;tax and costs, $21.43.

Beat No. 10.

No. 3228—Burkhalter, J.A. SW¼ of SE¼, Sec. 8, T.P. 20, Range 15; 12 acres in north side of NW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 20, Range 15; 10 acres on the E side of NW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 20, Range 15; 15 acres on E side of SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 20, Range 15; tax and costs, $15.29.

Beat No. 13.

No. 3876—Hardy, F.H. NE¼ of SW¼ and S½ and SW¼, Sec. 18, T.P. 24, Range 13; tax and cost, $11.18.

Beat No. 15.

No. 4226—Deason, A.B. SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 6, T.P. 20, Range 13; 10 acres on south side of NE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 6, T.P. 20, Range 13; 10 acres on south side of NW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 5, T.P. 20, Range 13; SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 5, T.P. 20, Range 13; tax and costs, $10.98.

Wintess my hand this 7th day of May, 1917.

J. D. COLLINS,
Tax Collector of Chilton County.

Barbed wire cuts, ragged wounds, collar and harness galls, heal up quickly when BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT is applied. It is both healing and antiseptic. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

You Need Not Suffer From Catarrh

You have probably been in the habit of using external treatments to relieve your catarrh. You have applied sprays, washes and lotions to the mucous surfaces of the nose and throat, have been temporarily relieved, and then wondered a short time after, why you were troubled with another attack of catarrh.

You should realize that catarrh is an infection of the blood. This fact has been agreed upon by specialists in catarrh troubles, and has been proven in the laboratories of the Swift Specific Co. S. S. S., which was discovered over fifty years ago, will cleanse your blood of the catarrhal poisons and will thereby relieve you of the dripping in your throat, the sores in your nostrils, spitting, hawking and bad breath.

All druggists carry S. S. S., and the physicians of our Medical Department will cheerfully answer any letters which you may write them in regard to your case. Swift Specific Co., 305 Swift Building, Atlanta, Ga.

DELCO-LIGHT



Electricity for Every Home and Farm

Prices Advance July 1

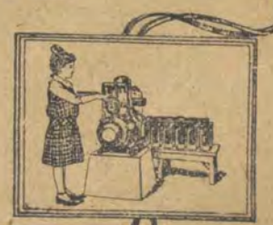
	PRICE NOW	AFTER JULY 1
With Standard Size Battery	$275	$350
With Extra Large Battery	$325	$420

Buy Now and Save $75 to $95

DELCO-LIGHT is a complete Electric Light and Power Plant, operated either with gasoline or kerosene. It furnishes Electric Lighting for the House and Barn; furnishes Power to pump water and operate Small Machinery; does away with Domestic Drudgery, and brings City Conveniences to the Rural Home. It is economical and soon pays for itself in time and labor saved. Already 16,000 satisfied users.

FOR ACTUAL DEMONSTRATION WRITE, PHONE OR WIRE TO BLOCH BROTHERS, DEALERS, SELMA, ALA.

The Domestic Electric Company,
Distributors, Atlanta, Ga.



NERVOUSNESS AND BLUES

Symptoms of More Serious Sickness.

Washington Park, Ill.—"I am the mother of four children and have suffered with female trouble, backache, nervous spells and the blues. My children's loud talking and romping would make me so nervous I could just tear everything to pieces and I would ache all over and feel so sick that I would not want anyone to talk to me at times. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills restored me to health and I want to thank you for the good they have done me. I have had quite a bit of trouble and worry but it does not affect my youthful looks. My friends say 'Why do you look so young and well?' I owe it all to the Lydia E. Pinkham remedies." —Mrs. ROBT. STOPIEL, Sage Avenue, Washington Park, Illinois.



If you have any symptom about which you would like to know write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for helpful advice given free of charge.

WHO IS TO BLAME Women as well as men are made miserable by kidney and bladder trouble. Thousands recommend Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney medicine. At druggists in fifty-cent and dollar sizes. You may receive a sample size bottle by Parcel Post, also pamphlet telling about it. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents, also mention this paper.

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers, or 6 sent by express prepaid for $1.00.



HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DE KALB AVE., BROOKLYN, N. Y.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 60c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

Do Your Feet Sweat? "SULPHEDINE" shaken into your shoes will cure sweaty, swollen and burning feet. Large box 25c. H. Patton Co., 114 McGill Bldg., Washington, D. C.

PUNCH IN ADVERTISING We rewrite any advertisement for $1.00 (cash with order) Reprint or manuscript; expert service. Brewton Business Builder, Dept. 5, Washington, D.C.

PRESERVE EGGS for future use and beat the Egg Trust. Positively no expense to you. Secret process, 25c. H. G. Proudfoot, 8 So. 60th St., Phila., Penn.

National Detective Agency Wants young men in each county to learn and do detective work. Write P. O. Box 367, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Make Herb Medicine from roots, herbs, bark and flowers. All revealed in our Herb Doctor Recipe Book for 10 cents. J. GREINER, Ogden, Utah.

Salted Fish Popular Food.

How to conserve the fish supply is one of the subjects receiving careful attention by the British board of trade, in conjunction with the board of agriculture. One of the methods which will probably be adopted is the drying or salting of a much larger proportion of the daily catch than at present, so as to prevent waste by the fish getting out of condition. Salted haddock are already being placed on the market in considerable quantities as an experiment. They sell at about 12 cents a pound retail, and are very palatable. One method of preparing is to boil the fish, throw away the water, and boil up again, but if it is washed to get rid of practically all the salt the haddock should also be soaked in cold water for 24 hours before cooking.

FIERY RED PIMPLES

That Itch and Burn Are Usually Eczematous—Cuticura Quickly Heals.

It needs but a single hot bath with Cuticura Soap followed by a gentle application of Cuticura Ointment to the most distressing, disfiguring eczemas, itchings and burnings to prove their wonderful properties. They are also ideal for every-day toilet use.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Something Uunusual.

"Well, was there anything unusual at the dinner last night?" asked the talkative wife.

"Yes, dear, I spoke," replied the mere man.

"Oh, you did, did you."

"Yes, dear. You know I don't get a chance to speak often."

One of Fixtures.

He—Your brother is one of the fixtures in the gas works, I suppose?

She—I guess so—anyhow they're going to turn him off.—Judge.

STOP THOSE SHARP SHOOTING PAINS "Femenina" is the wonder worker for all female disorders. Price $1.00 and 50c. Adv.

Gilding refined gold is what people do when they try to polish up the truth with a little agreeable deceit.

Why buy many bottles of other Vermifuges, when one single bottle of Dr. Peery's Vermifuge "Dead Shot" will act surely and promptly? Adv.

Many a man who thinks he is a politician is really a joke.

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy
No Smarting—Just Eye Comfort. 50 cents at Druggists or mail. Write for Free Eye Book. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

DEADLY STORMS IN MANY STATES

Over 200 Dead And 1,000 Injured By Tornadoes Which Sweep Through Various Sections

PROPERTY LOSS $5,000,000

South Dyersburg, Tenn., Ravaged And Six Killed And 32 Injured—Nine Killed In Arkansas

Chicago.—More than one hundred and fifty persons were killed, a thousand or more injured and millions of dollars' worth of property destroyed by tornadoes which swept through Kansas, Illinois and Indiana and parts of Alabama, Tennessee, Arkansas, Kentucky and southern Illinois. Reports indicate that a large number of farm implements, needed to produce the bumper crop desired this year, were ruined, although the spasmodic wind struck onlp here and there in its frightful play through the rural regions. Crop damage is said to be not heavy in grains.

The heaviest toll of life was taken at Mattoon, Ill., a city of 10,000 people, in the broomcorn country of central Illinois, where 54 are known to be dead and 500 injured, with a property loss of $2,000,000.

Charleston, Ill., ten miles east of Mattoon, was also partly wrecked with a loss of of thirty-eight lives and one hundred and fifty injured. The property loss there is a million dollars.

The next most serious loss was at Andale, Kans., where twenty-six were killed and a score injured. Dublin, Kentucky, suffered three dead and seventeen injured.

South Dyersburg, Tenn., was reported to have lost six killed and thirty-two injured in a tornado that swept Dyer county. Near Blytheville, Ark., nine persons were reported killed and a dozen hurt and reports receivd in Birmingham said several were killed and many injured when a tornado struck Sayre, Ala.

Reports from Indiana show at least seven persons killed at Hebron, Kouts and other places and the death list may reach twenty. More than two hundred were injured in the Indiana territory swept by the storm.

Smaller towns in Illinois lost a dozen dead and two score injured.

U-BOAT OUTRAGES HURRYING BRAZIL INTO WORLD WAR

President Braz Sends Message To Congress Declaring Measures Must Be Taken Against Germany

Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.—The committee on foreign relations in the Brazilian congress drafted a measure recommending the cancellation of the decree of April 25, 1917, which declared the neutrality of Brazil in the war between Germany and the United States. President Braz, under the bill, would be authorized to take necessary steps for carrying out of this law and to put into practice the acts which result from the cessation of neutrality.

The Brazilian foreign minister presented to congress a message signed by President Braz in which it is stated that the sinking of Brazilian merchantmen by German submarines obliges the government to take measures against the Teuton U-boats. The utilization but not confiscation of German vessels interned in Brazilian seaports is suggested.

Criminal To Urge Non-Registration

Washington.—Criminal prosecution awaits persons who attempt to prevent registration under the war army bill by propaganda or otherwise. Attorney General Gregory announces that his attention has been called to the circulation of propaganda designed to discourage registration, and he states that the government will deal vigorously and summarily with all such cases.

Drastic Move To Lower Coal Prices

Washington.—Drastic action will be taken by the government at an early date to bring down to a fair basis the soaring prices of coal and to punish under the criminal sections of the anti-trust statutes and the national defense acts the operators who are proven guilty of undue inflation of prices.

German Airships Raid England Again

London.—German airships to the number of about sixteen raided southeast England, according to an official statement issued here. Seventy-six persons were killed. One hundred and seventy-four persons were injured. Three of the German airships were shot down. The raiding aircraft which were brought down were airplanes. Nearly all the damage occurred in one town where some bombs fell in the streets, causing casualties among the civilian population, killing many women and children.

133 Lives Are Lost When Ship Sinks

London.—Forty-eight passengers and 85 members of the crew of the Spanish steamer Ci de Eizaguirre, 4,376 tons, are reported to have perished as a result of the sinking of the vessel. A dispatch says that, according to the second officer, the steamer sank in five minutes. He was awakened by a great noise and rushed to the deck and tried to get passengers into his boat, but the boat was swept away and almost simultaneously the steamer broke in half, and went down.

PRESIDENT STATES POSITION

Impossible For U. S. To Stay Out Any Longer And Maintain Self-Respet, Says Wilson

Washington.—No nation that respected itself or the rights of humanity could longer have borne the overwhelming wrongs that Germany inflicted on the United States, President Wilson declared in a letter re-stating the reasons for this nation's entrance into the war, written to Representative Heflin of Alabama and made public at the white house.

Mr. Heflin had written to the president, saying some of his recent utterances on the war apparently had caused confusion over the issue with Germany. In re-stating his position, the president again made it clear that the United States has no quarrel with the German people, but with an autocracy "which acts upon purposes to which the German people have never consented."

President's Letter

The letter follows:

"It is incomprehensible to me how any frank or honest person could doubt or question my position with regard to the war and its objects.

"I have again and again stated the very serious and long continued wrongs which the imperial German government has perpetrated against the rights, the commerce and the citizens of the United States. The list is long and overwhelming. No nation that respected itself or the rights of humanity could have borne those wrongs any longer.

"Our objects in going into the war have been stated with equal clearness. The whole of the conception which I take to be the conception of our fellow countrymen with regard to the outcome of the war and the terms of its settlement, I set forth with the utmost explicitness in an address to the senate of the United States on the 22d of January last. Again in my message to congress on the 2d of April last those objects were stated in unmistakable terms.

Disloyal To Becloud Issue

"I can conceive no purpose in seeking to becloud this matter except the purpose of weakening the hands of the government and making the part which the United States is to play in this great struggle for human liberty an inefficient and hesitating part. We have entered the war for our own objects, clearly stated, and shall forget neither the reasons nor the objects.

"There is no hate in our hearts for the German people, but there is a resolve which cannot be shaken even by misrepresentation to overcome the pretensions of the autocratic government which acts upon purposes to which the German people have never consented."

No American Warships Have Sunk

Washington.—A categorical denial that any American naval vessels have been sunk in the war was issued by Secretary Daniels to counteract a "campaign of vicious rumors that is being carried on so industriously by persons unknown." It was the first official notice to be taken of a flood of reports of naval disasters that started almost as soon as it was known that American destroyers were in the war zone. "It is with deep regret," said the secretary in a formal statement, "that I note the daily stream of false reports with regard to the sinking of American ships."

Goethals Says Wooden Ships Hopeless

New York.—Maj. Gen. George W. Goethals, speaking informally at the annual dinner of the Iron and Steel institute, declared that the proposal to build one thousand 3,000-ton wooden ships in eighteen months "is simply hopeless." For that reason, he said, it has become necessary to turn to steel as well as wood. "As I need assistance and co-operation in my work," said General Goethals, "I concluded to tell you my troubles and ask your help. On the principle of the selective draft, I have been again called to build 1,000 3,000-ton wooden ships.

Claims Cure Found For U-Boat Evil

New York.—Hudson Maxim announces that he has invented and perfected a device which will make ships immune from the dangers of the submarine. He says that torpedoes, even when fired at close range and striking their targets, will explode harmlessly against the hulls of their intended victims.

Sweeping Powers For Food Control

Washington.—The second of the administration's food bills, revised to create an emergency agency to control, under the president's direction, distribution and sale of the necessaries of life, was introduced in the house by Chairman Lever of the agricultural committee. The first bill aims at stimulation of production and calls for a general survey of the country's food resources. The regulatory measure was redrawn after President Wilson had held a series of conferences with Herbert C. Hoover

$50,000 Is Subscribed For Relief Work

Atlanta.—Almost before the ashes of the fire were cold, plans were being made in Atlanta for the rebuilding of the burned area along lines of great civic beauty, and for replacing the destroyed residences with even handsomer homes than those that stood in this district before the fire. At the same time steps were taken to help the sufferers from the flames, and with this end in view a relief fund was started attended by prominent business men, which, in one day, had exceeded fifty thousand dollars.

GERMAN SPIES GET U. S. WAR SECRETS

Kaiser Knew Flotilla Was Coming Four Days Before American Destroyers Arrived In British Waters

MINES PLACED BY U-BOATS

Before Vessels Steamed Into Queenstown Submarines Had Mined Harbor Entrance

Washington.—Four days before the American destroyer flotilla arrived abroad Berlin knew it was on the way and to what port it was going and the day before the little vessels steamed into Queenstown German submarines had strewn mines about the harbor entrance.

This startling information, revealing that German spies not only still are at their work in this country, but that they have a swift and sure means of communicating America's war secrets to Germany, came to the navy department in a cablegram from Admiral Sims at London.

Information Is Positive

The admiral said his information was positive. His dispatch was not made public and for obvious reasons nothing will be given out concerning how the news came into his possession nor about the precautions which defeated the German plans and enabled the flotilla to speed safely through the mine fields.

Immediate publicity was given the salient fact, however, the department making clear that its purpose was to let the people know of the activity and success of Teutonic spies and to emphasize the necessity for absolute secrecy in connection with naval operations or shipping movements.

The destroyers, now aiding in the hunt for submarines in European waters under the direction of Admiral Sims, put into port at Queenstown on May 4. How long they were in crossing the Atlantic and from what port they sailed never has been announced and until word of their arrival came by cable only a few people in the United States even knew of the government's decision to send warships to Europe.

ITALIANS SMASHING AT TRIEST DEFENSES

Austrian Troops Making Counter Attacks, But Repulsed With Very Heavy Losses

New York.—From Plava, on the Isonzo, to the Adriatic sea, the Italians and Austrians are fighting bitterly and the troops of General Cadorna are making steady progress, especially on the southern end of the twenty-one mile front.

North and south of Jamiano, eight miles south of Gorizia, the Italians have driven the Austrians back and taken additional important positions. The gains here are a direct menace to the defenses of Triest. Notwithstanding the difficulties of terrain and the stubbornness of the enemy resistance, Cadorna's men have taken two strongly fortified hills north of Jamiano and reached the outskirts of Versio.

The number of prisoners taken by General Cadorna's command has increased to 10,245, including more than three hundred officers.

EFFECTIVE BLOWS BEING DEALT GERMAN U-BOATS

Lloyd George Tells Commons Shipping Losses Are Decreasing And That U-Boats Cannot Win The War

London.—Premier Lloyd George, on announcing in the house of commons that more effective blows had been dealt submarines in the last three weeks than during any corresponding period of the war, paid a tribute to the assistance of the American navy, saying:

"We owe a very considerable debt of gratitude to the great American people for the effective assistance they have rendered and the craft they have placed at our disposal. Now that the American nation is in the war it is easier to make arrangements for the protection of our mercantile marine than it was before." The statement was loudly cheered.

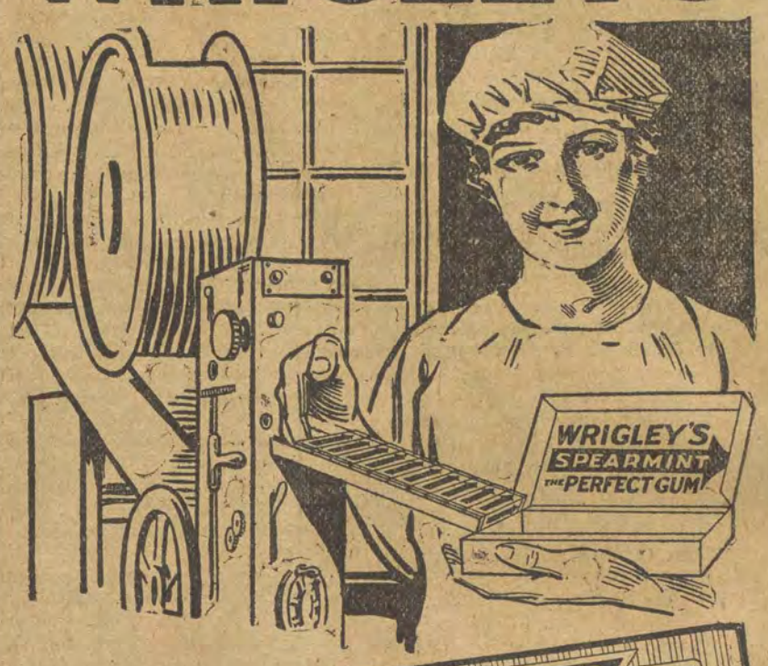
Japan Drawing American Gold Flow

Washington.—Treasury officials engrossed in the far-reaching program of international financing upon which this country has entered, turned their chief attention to the unexpected and somewhat disconcerting discovery that for the past month Japan has been withdrawing gold from the United States at the rate of $150,000,000 to $200,000,000 a year. Gold exports to Japan within the past three or four weeks, it is stated authoritatively, have been between $10,000,000 and $15,000,000.

$745,000,000 Loaned To Entente Allies

Washington. — Treasury officials closed the international ledger for May with another debit to the British government of $75,000,000, bringing the total thus far loaned Great Britain up to $400,000,000. A payment of $75,000,000 also was made to Italy, on her credit of $100,000,000 previously announced. Exactly thirty days have elapsed since this government made its first loan to the allies. During this period the amount placed at the disposal of the five allied nations has reached a total of $745,000,000.

WRIGLEY'S







Made by machinery—filtered—safe-guarded in every process:

Factories inspected by pure food experts and highly praised:

Contented employes, of whom perfection is the pride:

Such is *WRIGLEY'S*—the largest selling gum in the world.

Helps appetite and digestion. Keeps teeth clean—breath sweet.

WRAPPED IN UNITED PROFIT-SHARING COUPONS

The Flavor Lasts

No Photos in London.

Photographers were forbidden to take pictures of the scenes incident to the dedicatory services at St. Paul's Cathedral in honor of the entry of the United States into the war, a fact which has aroused the indignation of newspapers and photographers. Press photographers who attended the ceremonies were placed on their honor not to take pictures of any feature of the service, either inside or outside St. Paul's Cathedral. The only picture of the king and queen was secured by an amateur photographer who was concealed behind a chimney on the roof of a building along the parade route.

"I BEGAN TO TAKE CARDUI

And Soon Saw That It Benefited Me," Writes This Kentucky Lady. Read Her Statement.

Clifton Mills, Ky.—Mrs. C. W. Woods, of this place, writes: "About 5 years ago I got in very bad health. I got thin, weighed only 91 lbs., and I am tall, too. I had dreadful pains in my left and right sides. . . . I then had in attendance Dr. ——, who gave medicine for about a year, which did me no good. He then told me to take Cardui. He said he thought it would benefit me more than anything I could take.

"I would get so bad off I couldn't do my work at all, and I was confined to my bed part of the time, and suffered most of the time; sometimes awful . . . I then began to take Cardui and I soon began to see that it benefited me. It eased my pains and the enlargement went out of my . . . and I have been steadily getting better ever since.

"I am now in better health than I have been since I first took sick, am stout and can work all day long. . . . I certainly am getting my former health back and I have a good color and feel better than since I got sick. I now weigh 113½ lbs."

If you suffer from any of the ailments so common to women, try Cardui, the woman's tonic.—Adv.

Trapshooters in United States.

It is estimated that there are more than 500,000 trapshooters in the United States.

A FRIEND IN NEED.
For instant relief and speedy cure use "Mississippi" Diarrhea Cordial. Price 50c and 25c.—Adv.

What a lot of perfect children there are who don't bring home perfect report cards from school!

How Careless.

"Say young feller," said Broncho Bob, "have you got a gun on you?"

"No, sir!" replied the man with the brand-new cowboy uniform. I was told that it was better to be unarmed, so as to avoid any impression that I was seeking a quarrel."

"Well, that's a big disappointment. I needed a brand-new gun an' thought you'd be bringing along at least a pair of 'em. Don't you let anything like this occur again."

FARMERS ARE WORKING HARDER
And using their feet more than ever before. For all these workers the frequent use of Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the foot-bath, increases their efficiency and insures needed physical comfort. It takes the Friction from the Shoe, freshens the feet, and prevents tired, aching and blistered feet. Women everywhere are constant users of Allen's Foot-Ease. Don't get foot sore, get Allen's Foot-Ease. Sold by dealers everywhere, 25c.—Adv.

The Color Scheme.

"Has your wife started that bank account of which you were telling me?"

"Not yet, but she has collected sample checks from all the banks and is trying to decide which makes the most harmonious combination with her new embossed stationery."

Habitude.

"Have you a chill?"

"No," replied Mr. Chuggins. "You know how a sailor's sea legs stay by him for a while after he has gone ashore. It's the samé with some of us automobilists. I always keep shaking for a while after I've been out with my motorlet."

WOMAN'S CROWNING GLORY
is her hair. If yours is streaked with ugly, grizzly, gray hairs, use "La Creole" Hair Dressing and change it in the natural way. Price $1.00.—Adv.

Our little misfortunes would not amount to much were it not for the unnecessary comments of our friends.

Don't trust your future happiness with a woman who has no sense of humor.

EAT SKINNER'S THE BEST MACARONI



MADE FROM THE HIGHEST GRADE DURUM WHEAT
COOKS IN 12 MINUTES. COOK BOOK FREE
SKINNER MFG. CO. OMAHA, U.S.A.
Largest Macaroni Factory in America

HAD NO HOPE OF RETURNING ALIVE

Mrs. Cason Left Home for Atlanta Propped Up on Pillows—Was Only a Shadow.

ONLY WEIGHED 60 POUNDS

After Taking Tanlac Has Gained Thirty-five Pounds and Expects to Return to Home and Husband Well and Happy.

"About six weeks ago I left my home on our farm near Acworth, Ga., to come to my sister's home here in Atlanta, and I left with only a shadow of hope of ever returning alive.

"I left Acworth in a comfortable automobile, propped up on pillows, coming through the country. I had almost as much medicine as baggage—a big box full of all kinds that had been prescribed for me. I reached here very weak and with scarcely enough strength to walk to the door. This trouble from which I had suffered so long and which I was told was pellagra, had reduced me to almost a shadow, as I only weighed sixty pounds.

"My brother-in-law, Mr. Battle, said, 'Well, you have tried everything else with no relief, now I want you to lay aside your "drug shop" and take Tanlac.' Well, he got it for me and I started on my first bottle that day.

"When I had taken about half the first bottle I began to feel stronger and encouraged. I continued to take it and it is nothing short of marvelous how I improved day by day. My appetite returned and my food seemed to nourish me and agree with me. My skin and complexion began clearing and I improved in every way possible until I am now a well woman, and when I say well I mean absolutely what I say. I want to tell the whole world that I thank God for Tanlac.

"I weigh ninety-five pounds now and feel as well as I ever felt in my life. I am going back to my husband and home on the little farm, five miles from Acworth, tomorrow, and won't it be a joyful meeting, returning absolutely well and happy—and won't I tell everybody about what Tanlac has done for me."

The above remarkable statement was made recently by Mrs. O. C. Cason of Acworth, Ga., while at the home of her sister, Mrs. J. B. Battle, English Ave., Atlanta, Ga.

There is a Tanlac dealer in your town.—Adv.

Equal to It.

Husband (at office telephone)—Hello! Is this you, Henrietta?

Wife (at home telephone)—It is.

"You know that matter we were talking about this morning at breakfast?"

"I do."

"Well, there's a lot to be said on that subject, I find."

"Well, come on home and let me say it."

Using His Feet.

"Whom in the world did you take dancing lessons from?"

"Professor Glide. And I must say he didn't complain like you of my stepping on his feet."

"No, because you were paying him for the use of his feet and you're not paying me."

To Drive Out Malaria And Build Up The System

Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC. You know what you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out malaria, the Iron builds up the system. 50 cents.

The Dangerous Uninformed.

"There will be a great restraint on conversation if all news is withheld."

"Why?" inquired Miss Cayenne. "The most reckless conversationalist on earth is the person who doesn't know what he is talking about."

Chicken Killers.

Mistress—I want to kill a couple of chickens for dinner.

Chaffer—Yes, mum, which car shall I do it with?

Orders Courtesy to Public.

The New York postmaster has ordered clerks to be courteous to the public.

The occasional use of Roman Eye Balsam at night upon retiring will prevent and relieve tired eyes, watery eyes, and eye strain. Adv.

Formosa will this year produce 814,625,000 pounds of sugar.

CZAR'S ANSWER TO PEOPLE

"Forget Your Senseless Dreams," Was Reply to Modest Request for Chamber of Representatives.

An incident which occurred at the very beginning of Nicholas II.'s reign is very characteristic of the attitude of the former emperor toward any share of the people in the government of Russia, writes A. N. Sakhnovsky, in World's Work.

A deputation of the foremost representatives of the Russian nobility was sent to bring congratulations to the new emperor. Very bright hopes were connected with the ascendance to the throne of the young monarch, after a period of gloomy reaction during the reign of his father, Alexander III, and in consequence, it was decided to present to him through a delegation of the nobles an extremely modest supplication in favor of an embryo chamber of representatives, the only proposed right of which was the "right" to be consulted by the emperor whenever it pleased him.

The delegation, composed of highly respected and venerable elderly gentlemen, numbering several hundred, was lined in the big hall of the Winter palace in Petrograd and kept standing in a military order and in complete silence for more than two hours.

At last a detachment of dismounted horseguards, in top-boots and with huge swords, hurriedly entered the hall with a terrific noise and placed itself in front of the awe-stricken delegation.

Then the tiny emperor, in wild excitement, rushed in and, pacing up and down the hall in the midst of the giant soldiers and shouting at the venerable gentlemen, delivered a brief but very definite speech, the gist of which consisted of the following expression: "Forget your senseless dreams!"

Lemon Juice For Freckles

Girls! Make beauty lotion at home for a few cents. Try it!

Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white, shake well, and you have a quarter pint of the best freckle and tan lotion, and complexion beautifier, at very, very small cost.

Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply three ounces of orchard white for a few cents. Massage this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, arms and hands each day and see how freckles and blemishes disappear and how clear, soft and white the skin becomes. Yes! It is harmless. Adv.

One-Sided Recognition.

They passed on the street without speaking—but their eyes held mutual recognition and challenge. She was accompanied by a female friend, and he had a male companion. When they had passed, the girl said:

"That was poor Jack Jurgens. He didn't speak, but you noticed his look, didn't you? Poor boy—it hurts me to think how he has never got over my refusal to marry him? Of course, he was all broke up at the time, but I thought he would soon get over it. He's thinner, isn't he? I do hope that he hasn't plunged into dissipation. He couldn't trust himself to speak, could he? Oh, dear!"

And the man was saying:

"Did you see how that dame gave me the eye? I suppose I should have spoken to her, because I can't help thinking I've met her somewhere—her face is familiar, but I can't place her."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

It Depends.

"So you are the applicant for position as chauffeur?"

"I am, sir."

"Are you a careful driver?"

"I am, sir."

"Do you smoke?"

"No, sir."

"Drink?"

"No, sir."

"Do you swear?"

"Well, it depends on what kind of a car you've got, sir."

Special.

Tramp—Have you a piece of cake, lady, to give a poor man who hasn't had a bite for two days?

Lady—Cake? Isn't bread good enough for you?

Tramp—Ordinarily, yes, ma'am; but this is my birthday.

DEATH LURKS IN A WEAK HEART, so on first symptoms use "Renovine" and be cured. Delay and pay the awful penalty. "Renovine" is the heart's remedy. Price $1.00 and 50c.—Adv.

India's 1917 cotton crop is 22 per cent larger than that of 1916.

What is Castoria

CASTORIA is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhœa; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-Good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

Genuine Castoria always bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of the Sunday School Course of the Moody Bible Institute.)

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR JUNE 3

JESUS BETRAYED AND DENIED.

LESSON TEXT—John 18:1-11, 15-17.

GOLDEN TEXT—He was despised and rejected of men.—Isa. 53:3.

In teaching this lesson to some of the younger classes, emphasis might be placed upon the dramatic scene in the garden of Gethsemane, and Peter's denial at the fire. In some of the intermediate classes the scholars might be asked to write short, one-minute essays, describing the scene as though they, themselves, were present. For the adult classes of course the central theme is the way that Christ's followers neglect him today even as the disciples slept in Gethsemane, and betrayed him like Judas or denied him like Peter.

I. The Place of Retreat (vv. 1-3). In his emphasis upon the spiritual grandeur of the deity of Jesus, John does not dwell upon the agony in the garden. He, however, gives us that noblest passage in the New Testament (chs. 14-17), the like of which cannot be found anywhere else in the world's writings. Having spoken these words, Jesus and his disciples went over the Brook Kedron (v. 1) to the garden, there to bear the awful weight of agony that was crushing him (Matt. 26:38), while at the same time he must strengthen his disciples, and fortify them against the coming trials. That this place was a place of frequent resort for Jesus, Judas was aware. It was a sanctuary in which Jesus met the Father, and those who knew him knew it as a place of prayer, and the most likely place to find him at that time of night (v. 3). Rebuffed at Mary's prodigality, Judas had consorted with the priests, and now covetousness is to reap its reward. Judas was not hardened in a day. His greed for money, while at the same time listening to the teachings of Jesus, had gradually hardened his heart.

II. Protecting and Protesting (vv. 4-11). (See Matt. 26; Mark 14; Luke 22). Jesus went forth in order to concentrate the attention of the soldiers upon himself, and to prevent a general attack upon the disciples. In answer to his question, they said they were seeking "Jesus, the Nazarene," a term of contempt which Jesus answered by saying, "I am he." John adds, "and Judas also which betrayed him stood with them." Greed for money, growing into theft and falseness of life, ended with the blackest crime the world has ever known. His salutation sent them backward (v. 6). Perhaps among the officers were some who had failed to arrest him on a former occasion (ch. 7:46), and who were now overawed by his marvelous words and majestic bearing. Again he answered, "Whom seek ye?" (v. 7), and they said, "Jesus of Nazareth," the same words as before, but probably in a changed tone, showing that they were prepared to listen with respect, though certainly not with reverence, to what he might have to offer. What a dramatic picture—the brazenness of sin, Judas who stood among the enemy, and the fearlessness of virtue, Jesus, facing his accusers. Augustine, commenting on this verse, says, "What will he do when he comes as a guest, if he did this when giving himself up as a prisoner?" His act, however, shielded his disciples, for not one of them was to be lost (v. 9 R. V.), and he knew they were not strong enough yet to stand the test of arrest and trial. At this point Peter attempts to defend Jesus (v. 10).

III. Peter Denying (vv. 15-17). As Jesus was led away, his disciples forsook him. They all left him, and fled, but Mark adds that a certain young man followed Jesus. It is conjectured that this young man was Mark. With quickness of action we are now transported to the judgment hall. There we see him bound, with his hands shackled behind his back, and led first to Annas (v. 13), which was an illegal transaction, "as though some reformer should be tried at Tammany hall in New York" (Robert E. Speer). Annas was now very old. From him he was taken to Caiaphas, followed by Peter "afar off," now in a different mood than when he smote the high priest's servant's ear. With him was that other disciple (John's way of referring to himself). Now John was known to the high priest, and he went in with Jesus into the palace, but Peter was standing without at the door. Notice the steps of his failure; First, he "slept" in the garden; second, he followed "afar off" (Luke 22:54); third, he "stood" without; fourth, he "sat" in the midst.

Patriotism of Americans.

"Malign us (Americans) as you will, we are a home-loving people and the things of the home we understand. Our patriotism centers itself about our homes, and our reverence for the past around the hearthstones of our forebears."—Walter A. Dyer.

Maybe So.

Justice is blind. That may be why so many people want to whisper to her.—Kansas City Journal.

PRESIDENTS FOR SCHOOLS NAMED

AGRICULTURAL BOARD MEETS AND APPOINTS HEADS FOR EIGHT SCHOOLS.

NEWS FROM STATE CAPITAL

What the State's Servants Are Saying, Doing and Undoing—Official Acts Disclosed.

—Montgomery

Reports that there would be a shake-up in the presidencies of the state agricultural schools at the annual meeting of the board of trustees proved well founded and when the meeting adjourned, two presidents had been transferred to other schools, one president was retired while the election of one president was postponed until a later meeting.

H. O. Sargent, who has been president of the Sixth district agricultural school at Hamilton for many years, and is the oldest president of an agricultural school in the state, was transferred to the Ninth district school at Blountsville, and J. R. Kimbrough, head of the Blountsville school, was sent to Hamilton.

R. O. Dykes, who has been president of Third district school at Abbeville, was transferred to the Fifth district school at Wetumpka, while C. V. Thompson, of the Fifth district school, was sent to the Third district.

Gordon Watley was elected president of the Second district school of Evergreen as the successor of W. C. Wilburn, retired, while the selection of a president of the First district school of Jackson, as the successor of J. J. Moore, was postponed until the next meeting.

G. H. Thigpen was re-elected president of the Fourth district school of Sylacauga; S. L. Gipson, president of Seventh district school of Albertville, and J. M. Atkinson, president of the Eighth district school of Athens.

Although the board gave no reason for making the changes, it has been known for some time that much dissatisfaction had arisen in some districts over the work of agricultural schools, the claim being that they were not doing the work which was in their power. An effort was made at the last meeting to bring about several dismissals and transfers.

Train Service May Be Cut.

The Southern Railway has applied for permission to reduce passenger service on some of its lines in Alabama. G. H. Chapman, Vice President of the Southern Railway System in charge of operation, has written the Alabama Public Service Commission for permission to make restrictions in passenger service, effecting the State of Alabama, and will appear personally before the commissioners when the petition will be heard at the June meeting.

The Vice President asks the commission to allow the Southern Railway to discontinue the schedule of trains 25 and 26 between Atlanta, Ga., and Heflin, Ala., for the reason that 25 is a duplication of the facilities of train 39 and train 26 is a duplication of train No. 12. Also to discontinue trains 46 and 45 between Anniston and Rome, Ga., for the reasons that traffic does not sustain the expense; to discontinue trains 13 and 12 between Selma and Thomasville, and 21 and 22 between Thomasville and Mobile on account of insufficient business.

The Southern also proposes to discontinue trains 25 and 26 between Huntsville and Memphis on account of duplication of schedule and insufficient business. The notice states that it probably will be necessary to discontinue trains 21 and 22 between Birmingham and Chattanooga on the A. G. S., but the hope is held out that this will not be necessary.

Two Counties Go Against Tax.

Two more counties have joined the ranks of others opposing the special three mill school tax. Returns reported to the office of the State Superintendent of Education, show that Morgan County defeated the measure by a majority of more than 100 votes. Only about 1,500 votes were polled.

Randolph County also went on record as opposing the measure by a majority opposition vote of 250.

These two counties, added to DeKalb and Marshall, make four counties in the State that have voted the special tax down.

National Guard Wants Recruits.

More than 3,000 men are needed to bring the Alabama Brigade to war strength, and recruits are coming in at such a slow rate as to cause surprise among officers of the National Guard of Alabama, who expected a rush of applicants before the conscription act is to go into effect.

Adjutant General G. J. Hubbard stated that no new units of the National Guard will be organized until those now in the Federal service are recruited to full war strength. This will probably mean that the new regiment of artillery and engineers will not begin organization until after the draft measure goes into effect.

"While the conscription act will include men from 21 to 30, inclusive, the National Guard is authorized to enlist those otherwise qualified, who are between the ages of 18 and 35 years," said Brigadier General R. E. Steiner.

UGH! CALOMEL MAKES YOU SICK! CLEAN LIVER AND BOWELS MY WAY

Just Once! Try "Dodson's Liver Tone" When Bilious, Constipated, Headachy—Don't Lose a Day's Work.

Liven up your sluggish liver! Feel fine and cheerful; make your work a pleasure; be vigorous and full of ambition. But take no nasty, dangerous calomel, because it makes you sick and you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver, which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel crashes into sour bile like dynamite, breaking it up. That's when you feel that awful nausea and cramping.

Listen to me! If you want to enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone. Your druggist or dealer sells you a 50 cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone under my personal money-back guarantee that each spoonful will clean your sluggish liver better than a dose of nasty calomel and that it won't make you sick.

Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning, because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and your bowels regular.

Dodson's Liver Tone is entirely vegetable, therefore harmless and cannot salivate. Give it to your children. Millions of people are using Dodson's Liver Tone instead of dangerous calomel now. Your druggist will tell you that the sale of calomel is almost stopped entirely here.—Adv.

W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

$3 $3.50 $4 $4.50 $5 $6 $7 & $8 FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers. The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the Fashion Centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.



Boys' Shoes Best in the World $3.00 $2.50 & $2.00

Ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you with the kind you want, take no other make. Write for interesting booklet explaining how to get shoes of the highest standard of quality for the price, by return mail, postage free.

LOOK FOR W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom.

W. L. Douglas
President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., 185 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

But the Question Returns.

As the stage coach careened toward the edge of the cliff the timid tourist gazed anxiously down at the brawling stream 300 feet below.

"Do people fall over the precipice often?" she asked.

The driver chuckled to his bronchos. "No, madam," he returned placidly; "never but once."—Christian Herald.

WOMEN! IT IS MAGIC! LIFT OUT ANY CORN

Apply a few drops then lift corns or calluses off with fingers—no pain.



Just think! You can lift off any corn or callus without pain or soreness.

A Cincinnati man discovered this ether compound and named it freezone. Any druggist will sell a tiny bottle of freezone, like here shown, for very little cost. You apply a few drops directly upon a tender corn or callus. Instantly the soreness disappears, then shortly you will find the corn or callus so loose that you can lift it right off.

Freezone is wonderful. It dries instantly. It doesn't eat away the corn or callus, but shrivels it up without even irritating the surrounding skin.

Hard, soft or corns between the toes, as well as painful calluses, lift right off. There is no pain before or afterwards. If your druggist hasn't freezone, tell him to order a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.—adv.

Gas From Old Rail Ties.

Old railway ties are used in Sweden in the manufacture of illuminating gas.

Soldiers Clad in Steel.

Getting its inspiration from the valuable service already performed by the steel helmet, La Nature of Paris suggests that the soldier's entire body should be incased in armor. It proposes, says Popular Science Monthly, that the sides of the head, neck and upper part of the chest be covered with a gorget, a kind of collar, and the loins with a kind of skirt, like the lower part of a habergeon, both in chain mail. A cuirass, or breastplate, of movable plates of steel would protect the chest and back, and hinged steel elbow pieces and knee pieces would cover the joints. A face mask and goggles would complete the suit. The armor would be light enough to afford perfect freedom of action.

The New Provocation.

"A man told me he was in favor of peace at any price," remarked Mr. Dolon.

"And then what happened?" replied Mr. Rafferty.

"I never answered him. I knew he was only tryin' to start a row an' make it look like I was to blame."

There Is No Art In Taking Medicine. Just follow directions on every bottle of "Plantation" Chill Tonic and see how quickly those dreadful chills will leave you. It leaves the liver in healthy condition and yet contains no Calomel. Price 50c.—Adv.

Mean Brute.

"All women are fond of animals," remarked Mrs. Gabb.

"Maybe that's why they try to make monkeys of their husbands," growled Mr. Gabb.

Medicine is occasionally necessary to help the system recover its normal functions. That is especially true in Spring. Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are an ideal medicine. They combine tonic and laxative properties. Adv.

There is a lot of foolishness in the world and we all contribute to the output.

Straw hats can be easily cleaned with dampened cornmeal.



Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

Your Liver Is the Best Beauty Doctor

A dull, yellow, lifeless skin, or pimples and eruptions, are twin brothers to constipation. Bile, nature's own laxative, is getting into your blood instead of passing out of your system as it should. This is the treatment, in successful use for 50 years — one pill daily (more only when necessary).

Carter's Little Liver Pills For Constipation

Genuine bears signature Brent Good Puts You Right Over Night

Pallid, Pale, Putty-Faced People Need Carter's Iron Pills

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores.

MORE GOODS for LESS MONEY

We have a complete line of Slippers, Shirts, Felt and Straw Hats, Ties and Collars, Hosiery and Underwear, Kool Krash Suits, in both plain and pinch back, and Ladies Dress Goods.

We have an unusually nice stock of goods for you to make your selection from. You will benefit yourself by looking at our goods before buying elsewhere.

We want your trade and we are going to have it if the lowest possible Prices, High Grade Goods and a firm determination to please and satisfy you can get it. We invite you to give us a call.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back."

CLANTON, ALA.

PRETTY MOTHERS

No woman, in the joy of coming motherhood, should neglect to prepare her system for the ordeal she is to undergo. Experienced mothers say that it is much better to keep your health and good looks during the period of expectancy than try to regain them afterwards.

"Mother's Friend" is a preparation for just this purpose. By its use the muscles of the abdomen become pliant; the strain on the cords and ligaments is lessened; the breasts are kept in good condition, and great comfort is had throughout all the period.

Thousands of happy mothers say that "Mother's Friend" is the greatest aid they know to relieve the pain and distress at childbirth. Secure a bottle of "Mother's Friend" from your druggist now. The complete directions are to be had with every bottle. Write for a special book for the expactant mother. Address Bradfield Regulator Co., Dept. L, 554 Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Municipal Court of the 3rd Division of Birmingham, Jefferson County, Ala., and to me directed whereby, I, as Sheriff of said county, was commanded to make the sum of forty-one and 25-100 dollars, principal and interest, and seven and 55-100 dollars cost of suit the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the January term, 1917, of said court of said county, Alabama, in favor of Mrs. W. E. Burns, against A. M. Williams, I, have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the court house door of Chilton County, between the hours of 11 o'clock, a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., **On Mondey, the 18 day of June, 1917** all the right, title and interest of the above named A. M. Williamson in and to the following described real estate, viz:

An undivided interest in and to the west half of the northwest quarter, Section 24, Township 24, Range 14, and northeast quarter of the southeast quarter, Section 14, Township 24, Range 14. all in Chilton County, Alabama. (W½ of NW¼, Sec. 24, T.P. 24, Range 15; NE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 14, T.P| 24, Range 14.)

This, the 10 day of May, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at courthouse door, May 10, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

TAX NOTICE

Notice is hereby given, as required by law, that the County Board of Equilization of Chilton County, Alabama, has returned its report, and that the same is now open to inspection, in the office of the Tax Assessor of Chilton County, Alabama. And that the said board will convene at the courthouse, in Chilton County, Alabama, on the Third Monday in June, 1917, to correct any errors in the assessments or valuations.

This, May 15th, 1917.

J. N. DENNIS,

Tax Assessor, Chilton County, Ala.

WRITING SCHOOL

Prof. J. E. Thornton, of Carrolton, Ga., one of the finest pensmen in the United States, will teach a writing school at Concord, two and one-half miles east of Clanton, to start July 9. He will teach at Billingsley, Ala., starting Aug. 6. Prof. Thornton will teach in the place of J. C. Brown, 20 days at each place. Tuition, $2.00 per pupil. Patronage respectfully solicited.

Dr. Baxley is located in the Mullins Building, prepared to treat all errors of refrection.

When the baby takes too much food the stomach turns; the result is indigestion, sourness and vomiting. Frequently the bowels are involved and there is colic pains and diarrhoea. McGEE'S BABY ELIXIR is a grand corrective remedy for the stomach and bowel di orders of babies. It is pure, wholesome and pleasant to take. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Miss Celia McMillan, a charming and lovely young lady of Columbiana has been visiting the Wades for the past week.

Will Keep You Well



When you get a terrific sick headache, become constipated or have any stomach or liver trouble, a dose or two of

Granger Liver Regulator

will put you in good shape. It is a purely vegetable preparation, non-alcoholic and acts pleasantly and effectively.

Concord, N. H., Jan. 17, 1917

I was sick six months last year and the Doctor told me to go to Florida. I got some Granger Liver Regulator in Florida and it did me good. I brought four boxes home with me and now I am feeling a great deal better.

(Signed) R. J. Rowland

Sold by all druggists---25c a box

Granger Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Quality and Service

Is My Motto.

The reason my line of Groceries leads is because they are the Best.

That's perfectly natural, aint it?
Well, come on over here an' buy 'em from me.

J. W Littlejohn.

CLANTON, ALA.

CLANTON LOCALS

Rev. J. F. Gable, pastor of the Clanton Baptist Church will preach from his pulpit next Sunday morning at eleven and Sunday night at eight. The membership, are especially urged to attend the first service. The public is cordially invited.

Mr. J. C. Brown has gone to Texas to accept a position in the insurance business with a company doing business from offiecs and headquarters at Dallas. His many friends here regret to see him leave, and wish him success.

Prof. J. E. Thornton of Carrollton, Ga., one of the best penmanship teachers in the country will be in Clanton some time next month, and will teach schools at Concord and other places over the county.

The editor of the Union-Banner is in receipt of an invitation from Dr. W. L. Parrish, to the graduating exercises of the Senior Class of the Alabama Polytechnic Institute at Auburn. Dr. Parrish this year finishes the course in Veterinary Medicine, graduating with his degree of V.D.M. His friends here will be gratified to learn of his success in the completion of the course.

If you are of the age for registration, you had better not fail to apply to the registrar at your voting place next Tuesday and tell Uncle Sam all he wants to know abount you.

FOR SALE

One Gasoline Engine, one steel frame and fank, all in good condition, for sale by Chilton County. If interested apply to L. H. REYNOLDS, Judge of Probate.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Mullins, Mr. and Mrs. Amzi Gowan, and Mrs. W. I. Mullins spent last Sunday visiting at the home of Mr. Oliver Mullins at Jumbo.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Popwell of Fairview were in Clanton on Tuesday and Wednesday.

Miss Izora Callen has returned to her home for the summer. She has been attending Judson College at Marion.

Wesley Adams who has been taking a law course at the University of Alabama, is at home for his summer vacation.

Messrs J. C. Jones, Will Reynolds, and Claud Reynolds motored to Montgomery Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Gowan left last Wednesday in their auto for Mississippi, where they will spend several days visiting Mr. Gowan's parents. They will go to Kosciusco, via Meridian.

Mrs. J. D. Collins was carried to the Infirmary in Birmingham last week for treatment. She has returned much improved.

Misses Mollie Murrah, Nora Mims, and Mr. Monroe Benson, of Collins Chapel, were visitors to the Minstrel at the high school Tuesday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Peterson of Thorsby werei n Clanton on Wednesday.

Miss Beverly Hester who has been attending the Judson College at Marion, is at home for the summer vacation.

See the girls baseball team play here on next Monday. They promise an interesting game.

Miss Bessie Thomas who has been away teaching for the past year, has returned to spend the summer vacation.

WANTED—Collector and Salesman. Salary and Commission to right man. Experinece unnecessary. Place now open in Chilton County.

Singer Sewing Machine Co.,
J. B. Colley, Mgr.,
Montgomery, Ala.

The First and the Last

THE FIRST STORE COMING IN TOWN FROM THE WEST AND THE LAST STORE GOING OUT WEST. I SELL CHEAP FOR CASH. I HANDLE MEAT, LARD, FLOWER, SUGAR, COFFEE, TOBACCO, AND SNUFF, ALSO MIXED FEED—IN FACT NEARLY EVERYTHING TO BE FOUND IN A GROCERY STORE I ALSO PAY THE MARKET PRICE FOR CHICKENS, EGGS, BUTTER, BEAS WAX, HIDES, TALLOW, AND BRIGHT RIBBON CANE SYRUP. WHILE IN TOWN CALL ON ME AND GET ACQUAINTED WITH MY LINE... I GUARANTEE A FAIR AND SQUARE DEAL TO ALL.

W. A. Huckabee

Dr. D. B. Strickler, the government veterinarian, who had charge of the tick eradication work in Shelby and Chilton Counties last year, has been transferred from his Montgomery assignment back to this territory. He is located at Columbiana. Anyone desiring his assistance in Chilton County with dipping vats, can secure his services by writing him at Columbiana.

Miss Bertha Smith was a visitor to friends at Stanton the latter part of last week.

It is reported that Buck Hart has put on a pair of overalls and gone to work.

Miss Libbie McKee left Wednesday on a visit to friends and relatives in Birmingham.

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court in Equity of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed, whereby I, as Sheriff of said county, was commanded to make the sum of one hundred, eighty-four and 75-100 dollars, costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the May 22 term, 1917 of said court of said county, Alabama, in favor of W. I. Mullins, against Ed Wilson, Sarah Love et als, I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the court house door of said county, between the hours of 11 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m. **On Mondey, the 25 day of June, 1917** all the right, title and interest of the above named Sarah Love, in and to the following described real estate, viz:

The east half of the southeast fourth of Section 8, Township 21, Range 14, situated, lying and being in Chilton County, Alabama.

This the 25th day of May, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at the Court House door, May 25, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Women!

Here is a message to suffering women, from Mrs. W. T. Price, of Public, Ky.: "I suffered with painful...", she writes. "I got down with a weakness in my back and limbs...I felt helpless and discouraged...I had about given up hopes of ever being well again, when a friend insisted I

Take

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

I began Cardui. In a short while I saw a marked difference... I grew stronger right along, and it cured me. I am stouter than I have been in years." If you suffer, you can appreciate what it means to be strong and well. Thousands of women give Cardui the credit for their good health. It should help you. Try Cardui. At all druggists. E-73

THORSBY ITEMS

Miss Ora Angel, librarian at the Thorsby Institute, left on Thursday of last week to spend the summer at her home in Cottage Hill, Fla.

Mrs. E. W. Butler and Miss May Stoddard spent Friday and Saturday of last week in Montgomery.

Miss Nona Akard and Miss Flora B. Rice, who have been teaching in Thorsby Institute this year, left for their respective homes Friday morning, Miss Rice going to Natick, Mass. and Miss Akard to Weatherford, Texas.

Mr. Guy Gerald spent Friday and Saturday of last week in Montgomery.

Mr. John W. Ford was up from the camp of the Ambualnce corps in Montgomery to spend last Saturday night in Thorsby.

Mrs. Emma Gordon, Miss Myrick, Mr. John Ross, Mr. Roy and Hollon came up from Stony Point community exercises at Thorsby Institute on Wednesday of last week.

Thorsby is rather quiet since the students left the Institute dormitories. Messrs Walter Morgan and Raymond Kicklighter will be here through the summer months and Miss Lois Abernathy is remaining for a couple of weeks.

Messrs Herbert and Wilson Hughes and Miss Maud Bass of Pigeon Creek in Butler County, attended commencement in Thorsby last week.

Prof. C. M. Williams left on Saturday of last week for a brief visit at his home in Clay County. He expects to be back the latter part of this week.

Mrs. Bertha Abernathy was up from Montgomery to visit her daughter, Lois, and attended commencement exercises last week,

Mrs. Maggie Teel, accompanied by her son, Lloyd and daughter, Ruth were in Thorsby for the flag raising last Wednesday.

Mr. Clarence Graham who has been attending Piedmont College at Demorest, Ga., came home Thursday night of last week. He expects to be in Thorsby for a fortnight or so.

Mr. D. J. Flummer and son, Guy of Ensley, spent last Sunday in this place.

Mrs. Martha Hunter was the guest of Miss Velvie Mims for dinner last Sunday.

W. L. Houre of Beat 1 was in town on Wednesday.



Stain Your Woodwork

—with a stain that doesn't fade. Use

Lowe Brothers Non-fading OIL STAIN

It is made of permanent pigments and does not fade out even when used on woodwork exposed to sunlight.

Gives lasting beauty and richness on floors, woodwork and furniture. Easy to use, dries quickly, preserves the grain of the wood.

Made in all desirable wood finishes. Ask for color card.

CLANTON HDWE. COMPANY

CLANTON, ALA

The School Improvement Association of the high school realized over $45 out of the proceeds of the minstrel show Tuesday night, to be applied to the fund to purchase a baby grand piano for the high school.

I Want to Buy

Fresh Pork, and Beef Cattle

WHEN YOU HAVE ANY TO SELL, BRING THEM TO MY MARKET AND GET THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES.

I ALSO BUY HIDES, BUTTER, EGGS, AND OTHER PRODUCE.

MY PLACE IS NEXT TO THE PEOPLES BANK.

I HAVE A FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT NEXT TO MY MARKET, AND INVITE YOU TO CALL ON ME FOR MEALS.

G. W. MARCUS

Clanton, Ala.

Everybody - NOTICE - Important

I have just received a large assortment of Shoes of all kinds, including Men's and Ladies' Low Cuts and Tennis Slippers which were bought last year before the Prices were so high. I have a full line of Dry Goods, too numerous to mention. In fact I have a full line of Everything which must be sold at once in order to raise Cash. I buy Cattle.

L. H. REYNOLDS

CLANTON, ALA.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., JUNE 7, 1917. NUMBER 10

SERMON PREACHED BY REV. S. M. ADAMS OF CLANTON

Before the Chilton County Baptist Association on October 7, 1907, and published by request of the Association.

Text: Matthew 28:18, 19, 20.

Our Savior impressed his disciples with the thought of his authority when he said "All power is given unto me in heaven and in earth." As much as to say, do not fear, do not question; I have all power in the world above and in the earth beneath. I will look after the powers that be if the powers that are of men are against you, and I will see to that. I will be with you. There is no power that I cannot control. If the powers of the Roman Government thrusts you into prison, I will be with you while you sing songs and pray. I will open the prison doors. All power is given unto me in heaven and in earth, go ye therefore into all nations and preach the gospel, baptising them in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost, teaching them to observe all things whatsoever I have commanded you, and I am with you always, even unto the end of the world.

First: The gospel is addressed to intelligent beings and to individuals, —not to parents for their children, but to every individual for himself. We have God's call in the gospel through repentence, "Repent ye, for the Kingdom of God is at hand."

The gospel reveals to us that man in his natural state is out of harmony with God. Man lives, thinks, acts hears, sees and feels, but he, in his fallen state, is alienated from God. I need not spend time in proving this; I only desire to say if you doubt, go with me back through the ages past and let us walk the path of blood made by man, listen to the cry of widows and the helpless, see the iron heel of oppression as it is placed on the neck of the weak and helpless and tell me if you will, that man is in harmony with God. Most assuredly man's history will confirm the truth that he is not. So, then God has revealed the plan of man's reconciliation in the new birth,—in the regeneration. Our Savior taught this to Nicodemus, the rich master of Israel. Hear Christ when he says, "Verily, verily I say unto you, except a man be born again, he cannot see the Kingdom of God."—John 3 and 33. This was a strange doctrine to Nicodemus and he said, how can a man be born again when he is old. Our Savior did not explain, but he said, "Marvel not in that I say unto thee, ye must be born again. The wind bloweth where it listeth and thou hearest the sound hereof but canst not tell whither it cometh or whither it goeth, so is everyone that is born of the spirit." And this man repeats, how can these things be, and since that day, brethren, strangers to grace hav all joined in the inquiry, "How can these things be." The doctrine has in all ages been a mystery to the world. It has been rejected by the world. Multiplied thousands continue to ask how can a man be born when he is old, and for that strange doctrine, Baptists have ever stood. We preach and we insist that before men join the church they shall have some evidence of their relation to God thru and by the power of his spirit, and spirit being the spirit of love, love for Christ, love for his word, love for his church and love for the lost world. Not love alone for my own kin but for all the world. We become like him who loved us, and love our enemies, and this love is unbounded by geographical lines.

Second: And now the new man or regenerated man will inquire of the Lord what will thou have me to do, for we are taught in the text that these are to observe all things whatsoever I have commanded you. Not a part but all things, and the giver of this commission commands all who believe in him to be baptised and he had a purpose, a great purpose, in commanding believers to be baptised and that purpose was not to save, for Christ saves, but it was to be an answer to good conscience, the conscience of evidence; 1st Peter 3 and 21.

The act of baptism is to express our faith in him who died that we might live, and more to publicly express faith in the doctrinal resurrection and of the new life of the new man. Baptised? How? By being buried as expressed by the apostle Paul in Romans 6 and 5, therefore we are buried with him by baptism into death that like as Christ was raised up from the dead by the glory of the Father, even we also should walk in newness of life. Here we have the symbol of the burial of the old man under Adam and out of harmony with God, not subject to his law, neither indeed can be the old man symbolically buried. The new man symbolically resurrected.

To live a Christian life on earth, the apostle as if to emphasize this symbol of a burial and resurrection, said, if we have been planted together in the likeness of his death we shall also be in the likeness of his resurrection.—Romans 6 and 5.

Brethren, we have symbols under the old law, pointing to Christ's coming and of his sacrifice, then may I ask if we should wipe out baptism. Where in all the world can be found one symbol of his burial and resurrection? The Christian sees in baptism a grave and resurrection. Can we doubt the form when God says it is a burial when he declares it is a planting, a covering up, also he declares it is a likeness, not the Savior's death and burial, but a likeness of it. What is a likeness? All thinking people know that a likeness is a copy, a picture of the real or original. The expression most commonly used by the older people, speaking of a picture or photograph is "likeness." Some years ago an old lady handed me the photograph of her father and said, "Here is my father's likeness."

Brethren, I have in my home, one little tin-type, the photograph of my mother, her picture. It is not handsome, but it reminds me of mother. No one else would care for it, but money could not buy it from me. Unbelievers may not care for the picture of our Savior's burial and resurrection in baptism, but should we not contend for it? The photograph would be gone from earth if we did not. I could not afford to give the photograph of my mother or have it taken from my home, neither can the church of God afford to remove the picture of our Lord's burial and resurrection by baptism. It is true, it stands as a monument and symbol of his death and resurrection and as an answer to a good conscience to a believer. Thousands of God's children suffer in their conscience today because they have suffered this picture removed and have never obeyed.

Third: One other thing, our Lord gave us in symbols and he gave it to those who are in harmony with him. Having been born of the spirit and scripturally baptised on a profession of faith. What is it? It's a commemoration of his death in the use of bread and wine in the church. Luke 22:19-20. Our Lord said of this supper, "this do, in remembrance of me." Who was to be remembered? Listen at those whose minds have been filled with prejudice to the truth. They say that baptists are close, that they are selfish, they say we are inconsistent in as much as we invite them to sing and pray, and then we refuse to invite them to the Lord's supper. And now for the very reason that it is the Lord's table and set in the Lord's house, baptists feel that the Lord shall preside and govern by his law, and thus his law gives special directions as to how and who shall come to his table. If it was the table of baptists it would be quite a different proposition. No one has the right to say that baptists would not be as liberal with their own as any other people. Baptists, as a rule, are as sympathetic and as liberal with their means, as broad in mind and heart as any other people on earth. Their sympathies are as great, like the good Samaritan, they would bind up the bruises of the downtrodden of this world, and we would, in partaking of the bread and wine remember him only who poured out his blood on Calvary. He said do this in remembrance of him. Some people object and say if I were a baptist I could not commune with my mother. Christ never said one word about communing with your mother, nor your father nor your children. This supper was instituted as a commemotive service and for the expressed purpose of commemorating the death of our Lord, Jesus Christ. Not to express our love for loved ones, not to express our confidence in Christian men and women. The one thing should never be forgotten—"Do this in remembrance of me."

My hearers, God's idea is that in honoring him, we are to forget the world and worldly ties. The thought should be I would see Jesus. See him as he bled and died for me. I would remember no friend, no other god but Jesus, the sinner's friend, I would hear his voice. There may have lived some on earth whose voices are sweet to me and upon whose words my soul would delight to dwell, but in this service I must hear the voice of Jesus. He says this is the new testament of my blood, remember me, and as oft as you do this, you show my death until I come. These are some of the fundamental principles for which baptists have stood in the ages past. Shall these principles be proclaimed to the world? You give your sanction by the bow of the head to those great principles. What will you say, will you give them to the world? This text says go, go and go into all nations of the earth.

One other thought, with these principles firmly fixed in the heart, the soul is freed, not licensed, but freed.

If the Son make you free, you are free indeed. In a baptist church we have no ruling elders, no legislative bodies of men, no organization of baptists in the use of any power or authority over churches but all our associations and conventions are simply advisory, therefore, we have but one master, our Lord, Jesus Christ, and the Bible, the supreme law and the church, the highest eclesiastical authority, from whose renderings there is no appeal. So mote it be; amen.

J. N. Ervin of West Chilton was in Clanton Monday.

WEEKLY NEWSLETTER FROM MR. W. F. FEAGIN

Conditions Demand Efficient High Schools. Principals to Discuss Plans June 25th to 29th.

It has been the custom of the State Department of Education for some time to call together the workers along various lines for a general conference each year. These meetings are great factors in bringing together men and women with common interests for the purpose of secruing unified action in their work.

The annual conference of the high school principals will be held at Auburn June 25-29th inclusive. The members of the conference will be the guests of the Alabama Polytechnic Institute, and will profit not only by the deliberations of the conference, but also from observations of this educational institution in action. The summer school will be in session at this time.

There are now fifty-seven high schools in the state, only ten counties having failed to take advantage of the county high school law. The bringing together of the heads of these fifty-seven schools for outlining plans and for discussions will accomplish ends that could be secured in no other way.

Some of thetopics suggested for discussion at this meeting are as follows:

(1) Standardization of official high school records.
(2) Devices for improving buildings, equipment and sanitation, at small cost.
(3) Laboratory equipment.
(4) Text books and course of study.
(5) Extension work.
(6) Accrediting Schools.
(7) Elimination of pupils.
(8) Uniform policies for principals in administration.
(9) Professional improvement of teachers while in service.

CHILDRENS DAY AND SINGING

There will be a childrens day exercises at Chestnut Creek church near Cooper, next Sunday morning, and singing in the afternoon. Everybody is invited to come and participate in the song service, and enjoy the childrens program with us.

NANNIE ROBINSON,
Sunday School Secretary.

SPECIAL BARGAIN, EASY TERMS

House and lot located in Gowan Addition, for sale at a bargain, and on easy terms. Equipped with lights, water and all modern conveniences. For particulars address, Sam J. Davis, 424½ Broad Street, Rome, Ga. tf

Don't forget your Subscription.

PAY YOUR DOG TAX AND AVOID FURTHER COSTS

Two Cases in Court for Failure to Pay Dog Tax. Cost Much More Than Tax Levied on Them.

In the County Court held Monday, two cases for non-payment of the dog tax were tried. The first case, Sol Hicks, resulted in a cost to the defendant of $22.90; the second case, Nath Bailey, cost him a total of $21.75. There are other cases of like nature pending in the courts, to be tried in July.

It will be seen by the outcome of these cases that it is useless for anyone to try to evade the payment of the tax. In fact, it is much more costly than to go ahead and assess the dogs and pay the tax.

The tax oficials of the county are compelled to enforce the dog tax laws as rigidly as they do taxes on other things, and those who have dogs subject to taxation are running a risk of having to pay many times the amount of tax if they do not comply with the law.

LANE GRAPHICALLY TELLS WHY AMERICA WARS ON KAISERISM

Washington, June 4.—On the eve of war registration day, Secretary Lane, in a speech before the Home Club of the Interior Department tonight answered the question, "Why are we fighting Germany?"

"America is at war," Mr. Lane said, "in self defense, she is at war to save herself with the rest of the world from the nation that has linked itself with the Turk and adopted the method of Mahomet.

"Tomorrow is registration day. It is the duty of all to register if within the class called. There are some who have not clearly seen the reason for that call. To these I would speak a word.

War of Self-Defense.

"Why are we fighting Germany? The brief answer is that ours is a war of self-defense. Germany made the attack upon us; on our ships, our lives, our rights, our future. For two years and more we held to a neutrality that made us apologists for things which outraged man's common sense of fair play and humanity.

"At each new offense we said, 'This is war—archaic, uncivilized war, but war, all rules have been thrown away, man has come down to the primitive brute. And while we cannot justify we will not intervene. It is not our war.'

"Then, why are we in it? Because we could not keep out. The invasion of Belgium led to the invasion of the United States by slow, steady, logical steps.

"We talked in the language and in the spirit of good faith and sincerity, until we discovered that our talk was construed as cowardice.

War to Save America.

"And so we came into this war for ourselves. It is a war to save America, to preserve self-respect, to justify our right to live as we have lived, not as some one else wishes us to live. In the name of freedom, we challenge with ships of men, money, and an undaunted spirit, that word, 'vervoten', which Germany his written upon the sea and upon the land.

"It is more precious that this America should live than that we Americans should live. And this America as we now see it, has been challenged from the first of the war by the army of a power that has no sympathy with our purpose, and will not hesitate to destroy us if we stand across her set will to make this world bow before her policies. The world of Christ has come again, face to face with the world of Mahomet, who willed to win the force.

"With this background of history and in the sense, then, we fight Germany:

"Because of Belgium—invaded, outraged, enslaved, impoverished Belgium.

"Because of France—invaded, desecrated France, a million of whose heroic sons have died to save the land of Lafayette.

"Because of England—from whom came the laws, traditions, standards of life and inherent love of liberty, which we call Anglo-Saxon civilization.

"Because of Russia—New Russia. She must not be overwhelmed now. Her peasants must go to school to Washington, to Jefferson, and to Lincoln until they know their way about in this new, strange world, of government by the popular will. And,

"Because of other people, with their rising hope that the world may be freed from government by the soldier.

"We still hear the pitious cries of children coming up out of the sea where the Lusitania went down.

"We saw ship after ship sent to the bottom—ships of mercy bound out of America for the Belgian starving—ships carrying the Red Cross and laden with the wounded of all nations, ships flying the Stars and Stripes—sent to the bottom hundreds of miles from shore, manned by American seamen, murdered against all law, without warning.

"We believed Germany's promise that she would respect the neutral flag and the rights of neutrals, and we held our anger and outrage in check. But now we see that she was holding us off with fair promises until she could build her huge fleet of submarines. For when spring came she blew her promise into the air, just as at the beginning she had torn up the 'scrap of paper.'

"We are fighting Germany because she violated our confidence. Paid German spies filled our cities. Officials of her government, received as the guests of this nation, lived with us to bribe and terrorize, defying our law and the law of nations.

"We are fighting Germany because while we were yet her friends—the only great power that still held hands off—she sent the Zimmerman note, calling to her aid Mexico, our Southern neighbor, and hoping to lure Japan, our Western neighbor, into war against this nation of peace.

"The nation that would do these things procalims the gospel that government has no conscience. And this doctrine cannot live, or else democracy must die.

Last Stand of Feudalism.

"We are fighting Germany because in this war Feudalism is making its last stand against on-coming democracy. It is a war for democracy—the right of all to be their own masters. Let Germany be Feudal if she will. But she must not spread her system out over a world that has outgrown it.

"With poison gas that makes living a hell, with submarines that sneak through the seas to slyly murder noncompatants, with dirigibles that bombard men and women while they sleep, with a perfected system of terrorization that the modern world first heard of when German troops entered China —German Feudalism is making war upon mankind.

Let this old spirit of evil have its way and no man will live in America without paying toll to it, in manhood and in money. This spirit might demand Canada from a defeated, navyless England, and then our dream of peace on earth would be at an end. We would live as France has lived for forty yars—in haunting terror.

Speaks for the World.

"America speaks for the world in fighting Germany.

"We fight with the world for an honest world in which nations keep their word, for a world in which nations do not live by swagger or by threat, for a world in which men think of the ways in which they can conquer the common cruelties of nature instead of inventing more horrible cruelties to inflict upon the spirit and body of man, for a world in which the ambition of the philosophy of a few shall not make miserable all mankind for a world in which the man is held more precious than the machine, the system of the state."

Better Farming in the South

Pushing Crops Up To Maximum Yields

Best Way to Increase Food Crops of the South Now Is to Cultivate Thoroughly and Make Side Applications of Fertilizers.

By J. N. Harper, Director Farm Service Bureau, Atlanta, Georgia.



Not a day passes that the farmer is not reminded of the vital necessity of producing more food crops, and he is urged to put forth his best effort in doing his "bit," but the question is—"How?"

It is now too late to increase the acreage devoted to food crops, as practically all of the land has been planted, but large yields can be obtained just the same, provided good cultivation is given and fertilizers are liberally applied as side applications.

Potatoes have advanced 250 per cent, corn 100 per cent, hay 33 per cent, beef and pork 100 per cent, whereas the cost of fertilizer has advanced only 25 per cent.

The wheat crop this year is short, and it has been estimated that 300,000,000 bushels of the 1917 wheat crop has been bought by European countries for future delivery. Unless the corn crop of the South is a "bumper," bread will be a luxury instead of the staff of life.

The farmer is being advised on every hand to increase production, but he is limited in his credit and he finds it hard to obtain sufficient labor. The best way to increase the production of corn and other food crops, as well as cotton, is to cultivate thoroughly and often and make side applications of fertilizers. If the farmer hasn't the money to hire labor, under present conditions, it will pay him to borrow money on his crop to pay sufficient labor to cultivate and fertilize his crops adequately. After each rain a dust mulch should be made with the cultivator. We need not expect a bountiful harvest unless the soil moisture is conserved. As a general rule, the amount of corn produced is in direct proportion to the amount of water conserved in the soil by thorough cultivation.

Hon. J. A. Wade, Commissioner of Agriculture of Alabama, in a circular letter issued to the farmers makes this statement,—"It is evident that the acreage planted to corn in the State of Alabama has been increased 40 to 50 per cent and the farmers are to be congratulated for taking such a wise step. A large yield of corn is greatly needed and is probably the most profitable crop that can be grown under the present food and feed emergency. A great part of the increased acreage is poor upland which will make a profitable yield only by the use of commercial fertilizer. It has always paid me to apply 200 or 300 pounds of fertilizer around my corn the second or third plowing, or when the corn was between one and three feet high."

The corn crop is the bread of the South, and its yield should be increased to the limit. This fall and next winter the southern people should eat more corn bread and less wheat bread.

Our farmers must not fail to produce all the hay possible, and it will pay to fertilize a patch of sorghum and peas with a fertilizer containing from 10 to 12 per cent phosphoric acid and 1½ to 2 per cent nitrogen.

Cotton is not generally recognized as a food crop, but the country must not overlook the fact that an acre of cotton that will produce a bale will yield almost as great a food and feed value in the seed as the same land planted to corn. Therefore, an increased yield in that crop means increased food and feed products.

Fertilizers are used for the plant food they contain, and it will be impossible to produce profitable yields without ample plant food. Just what fertilizer to apply and how much to use as a side application will depend on the soil type, the crop planted, and the kind and amount of fertilizer used at the time the land was prepared. On Piedmont soils and clay soils we would recommend from 200 to 300 pounds of fertilizer for cotton and corn ,analyzing 6 to 8 per cent phosphoric acid and 2 to 4 per cent nitrogen. For field crops in the coastal plain, we would recommend from 300 to 400 pounds of a fertilizer analyzing from 4 to 7 per cent phosphoric acid and from 4 to 6 per cent nitrogen. This fertilizer should be applied to corn when it is from knee to waist high and to cotton at the time the first squares are forming.

For the silt loams in Alabama, Louisiana and Mississippi, we would recommend for cotton or corn 100 to 200 pounds of a fertilizer analyzing 12 per cent available phosphoric acid and 2½ per cent nitrogen. This is to be applied to the corn when about knee high and to the cotton when squares begin forming. Under most favorable conditions a pound of fertilizer means three pounds of seed cotton. From this we can see that $1.00 invested in fertilizer at this time means from $6 to $8 next fall, and a badly needed commodity is brought into existence.

APPORTIONERS APPOINTED BY COMMILSSIONERS COURT

At the adjourned term of the Court of County Commissioners last Friday the court apointed apportioners for the several road precincts of the county, who will act under the new Road Law.

Following are the names of those who were appointed:

Beat 1—J. Mat Mahan, Clanton, Route 1.
Beat 2—J. F. Waldrup, Jemison, Route 2.
Beat 2½—J. T. Childress, Jemison, Route 3.
Beat 3—C. B. Lenoir, Thorsby, Route 1.
Beat 4—T. G. Wyatt, Clanton, Route 5.
Beat 4½—J. H. Duncan, Clanton, Ala.
Beat 5—Jeff Mims, Verbena, Route 3.
Beat 5½—John Scott, Verbena, Route 1.
Beat 6—C. L. Wilkins, Billingsley, Route 1.
Beat 7—Monroe Ramsey, Maplesville, Route 2.
Beat 7½—C. T. Walker, Lawley.
Beat 8—W. H. Harris, Stanton.
Beat 9—W. M. Benson, Clanton, Route 4.
Beat 9½—E. B. Popwell, Thorsby, Route 1.
Beat 10—J. T. Rockett, Coopers.
Beat 11—R. E. Jones, Clanton, Route 5.
Beat 12—R. S. Chandler, Jemison, Route 4.
Beat 13 J—.B. Wiggins, Montevallo, Route 2.
Beat 14—J. D. Ward, Jemison.
Beat 15—W.E. Hayes, Maplesville, Route 2.
Beat 16—R. M. Robinson, Verbena, Route 2.

$23,000 RAISED IN BIRMINGHAM FOR Y. M. C. A. WAR WORK FUND

Birmingham raised $23,000 in four days last week toward Alabama's part of $50,000 of the three million dollar Y. M. C. A. war work fund for 1917. Contributions for this fund may be forwarded to W. H. Manly, treasurer for Alabama. Mr. Manly is cashier of the Birmingham Trust and Savings Company.

IN MEMORIAM

On last Friday morning, June 1, the death angel visited the home of R. M. Butler and took from him his darling wife. She was 56 years of age.

We know it is hard to give up a loved one, but God saw fit to take her home. We realize that our Father's will must be done. All was done for her that willing hands could do, but nothing seemed to do her any good. She was sick only a few days.

Weep not for her, children, for the one that bore such pain; for if we only trust Jesus, we know we shall meet her again. We know 'tis hard to give her up—it reaches our very hearts; but we shall meet her over yonder, where we never more shall part.

She leaves a husband and three children.

Why should we grieve for those we love when we know that Jesus has taken them to live with the angels above in the brighter and happier home?

Why should we shed such bitter tears, for we know she is at rest? She will never be troubled with the idle things of this earth, but all of us that loved her will never forget her memory.

The remains were laid to rest at Salem Cemetery. Funeral services were conducted by Rev. Nelson.

Her friend,
GRACIE DUNCAN.

BUSY DAY IN COUNTY COURT LAST MONDAY

The June term of the County Court was held on Mondey, and it was a busy session. Several cases were on docket and disposed of by Judge Reynolds.

Following is a list of the cases brought up and the disposition that was made of each:

Jim Hardaman, petit larceny, continued to July term.

Dave Hubbard, grand larceny, continued by State.

A. V. Klinner, larceny, nolle prossed.

Sam Baskin, train riding, plead guilty and fined $20.

James Armstrong, train riding, nolle prossed.

Edlar Atchison, larceny, nolle prossed.

Coon Sammons, petit larceny, sentenced ninety days hard labor.

Sal Hicks, failure to pay dog tax, plead guilty and fined $1 and costs.

Naith Bailey, failure to pay dog tax, fined $1 and costs.

Tom Mitchell, failure to pay dog tax, continued to July term.

Leonard Martin charged with R.O., pronounced not guilty.

Leonard Martin, charged with A.L., pronounced not guilty.

Leonard Martin, charged with public drunkenness, plead guilty, fined $20 and costs.

Frank Whatley, violating prohibition laws, continued to July term.

PHARMACISTS TO TO HOLD MEETING

SIXTH ANNUAL CONVENTION OF ASSOCIATION TO BE HELD IN TUSCALOOSA.

VOLUNTEERS TO BE REGULARS

Conscription Will Not Affect Regular Army—Will Continue to be Made up of Volunteers.

Pharmacists of State to Meet.

Tuscaloosa.—The thirty-sixth annual convention of the Alabama Pharmaceutical association will be held in Tuscaloosa June 20 and 21, this year. Committees of the local druggists have organized and are preparing to give the druggists of the state one of the best entertainments thaat it has been their pleasure of attending in the history of the association.

Volunteers Go to Regular Army.

Birmingham.—The Regular Army, which still needs 100,000 recruits, will not be affected by conscription. It still will continue to be made up of volunteers. This, Captain H. J. McKenney, Alabama recruiting officer, believes is a fact little understood. He declared that by enlisting now a man has the advantage of quick training, more thorough instructions. The navy army and marines are making better records for recruiting in Alabama than at any time for the past six weeks. Recruits are coming at a lively pace.

Chambers County Votes School Tax.

Montgomery.—Despite heavy opposition from prominent men, Chambers county gave a majority of 120 for the 8-mill public school tax according to returns received by the educational department. It is the twenty-second county to vote the tax. Only five have defeated it.

Shop Men Get Raise.

Birmingham.—Twenty-five hundred men, employed in the shops of the Louisville and Nashville in Birmingham, are enjoying an increase in pay which will amount to $40,000 per month on the local payroll, an unasked and vountary increase granted by the railroad management. At the same time the working day was shortened from 9 to 8 hours.

Memorial Arch Unveiled.

Selma.—An event of state-wide importance was the dedication of the handsome memorial arch to the memory of Gen. John Tyler Morgan, and Gen. Edmund Winston Pettus, which took place here. Contributions from over the State swelled the memorial fund, most of which, however, was contributed by Selmians.

Submarine Chaser Arrives.

Mobile.—A submarine chaser of the type approved by the United States government as a vessel which would eventually rid the seas of the submarine menace arrived in the harbor. The vessel is painted gray and is about 40 feet in length. One two-inch gun is visible on the prow.

Williams Named Solicitor.

Washington.—William G. Williams has been appointed solicitor of the department of agriculture, and will enter upon his duties at once. He is a native of West Point, Ga., but has lived the greater part of his life in Alabama.

School Debt to Be Paid.

Attalla.—The Chamber of Commerce has started a move to clear the Etowah High School of debt. At present there is an indebtedness of $1,100. A measure was adopted requesting the bankers of Gadsden and Attalla to cooperate with H. A. Pettus, principal.

Activity in Graphite Industry.

Mountain Creek.—Unprecedented prices on graphite products is responsible for considerable activity in the graphite industry here. Large shipments are being made by the Flaketown Graphite Company.

Tax May Be Voted On.

Decatur.—Morgan County will probably vote again on the proposed 3-mill tax for school purposes. School authorities have announced that the second election would be held probably early in the Fall.

Auto Dealers to Meet In Mobile.

Mobile.—Automobile dealers from Alabama will be present at the quarterly session of the Automobile Dealers' Association which is to be held here July 9, 10 and 11.

$5,000 of Liquor to be Destroyed.

Mobile.—One hundred seizures of liquor valued at $5,000 were ordered destroyed by the Inferior Criminal Court.

Rice Mill Almost Complete.

Clanton.—The rice mill being built by G. H. Rawlinson on White Water Creek, near Vida, is almost complete. He will be able to handle all the rice raised in this section.

L. & N. to Aid Employes.

Albany.—The Louisville & Nashville Railroad has announced to its employes here that it will assist them in financing the purchase of a Liberty Bond, by accepting payment of the purchase price in twelve monthly installments.

Birmingham Gets Next Convention.

Anniston.—Birmingham was awarded the next convention of the United National Association of Postoffice Clerks at the eighth annual convention held in Anniston and an adjourned session of the body will also be held there the third Sunday in September. The meeting was called to order by President D. C. Springfield, of Gadsden, with delegates from all over the State in attendance. Drastic resolutions were passed adversely criticising the national officers of the association, and the delegate to the national convention was instructed to use his efforts to effect a change in administration. Much time was devoted to this feature of the work, and the delegates from all branches were united in their desire for a shakeup in the national organization.

To Start Work on Camp.

Anniston.—Work will begin here by July 1 on the construction of the 200 buildings that will be needed for the mobilization camp that has been authorized for Anniston, in addition to the artillery training camp obtained some time ago. The camp town proper will cover about one mile square, in addition to which there will be several thousand acres of land for drilling and military operations. Railway tracks will also be constructed to the camps, and it is probable that the Alabama Power Company will extend its car lines. About 20,000 men will be mobilized here. The mobilization camp is separate and distinct from the training camp. It will, in no wise, affect the number of men that will be sent to Camp Blackmon for training in the various branches of the art of war.

Pig Iron Production Record.

Birmingham.—Statistics being compiled on pig iron production for May point to the largest output for a month in the history of the industry in Alabama, a production upwards of 260,000 tons.

If this production is reached, and conservative interests believe it will, the production for the first five months of 1917 will be 1,235,128 tons. This pace is to be increased as the Trussville furnace is being gotten into shape rapidly ,the Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad Company will increase its make at Bessemer ,the Shelby Iron Company will increase its make by the blowing in the second furnace at Shelby, coke iron to be produced there, and possibly before the end of the third quarter of the year the Jenifer and Talladega furnace will be going.

Huntsville Man Invents Machine Gun.

Huntsville.—Robert M. McLain, a rural mail carrier, of this city, has invented a rapid fire machine gun that uses liquid explosive instead of powder and by using only bullets reduces the transportation requirements for ammunition. Experiments were first made with a pipe attached to an automobile cylinder and later the gun was perfected on the same principles. Local capital has become interested and the inventor has been called to Washington, where he will direct the building of a gun at the government arsenal for demonstration before the ordinance board. McLain claims that his gun will fire from 600 to 800 shots per minute, the calibre being one-half of an inch.

Court Sensation Caused.

Selma.—Judge B. M. Miller, of the Circuit Court of Dallas County, created something of a sensation in his court when the case against George Gray, negro boy, was called. He was charged with Sunday gaming. He was indicted by the grand jury which adjourned Saturday morning. Judge Miller said he had decided to order that the case be nol prossed in consideration of the fact that the grand jury had not seen fit to indict any business man of the city keeping his mercantile place open on Sunday and making thousands of dollars or transacting thousands dollars worth of business.

Carbon Hill In Bad Condition.

Birmingham. — William McGrath representative of the American Red Cross, has made a thorough investigation of conditions growing out of the tornado at Carbon Hill. He reprts as follows: One hundred and five houses totally destroyed, valued at $50,000; three churches, $9,000; one school house, $3,000; damage to store $10,000; Water, Light & Power Company, $2,000; personal effects, $22,000; total, $87,000. It is estimated that the individual losses of the whole amounts to $48,000. About 100 people now are being given meals daily. The relief fund has reached $4,500.

Plans for Extending Railroad.

Mobile.—Plans for the construction of an extension of the Alabama and Mississippi railroad, which will enable it to run trains to Laurel, Miss., has again been taken up. It is proposed to build an extension of about 38 miles out of Leakesville, Miss., in a northwest direction to connect with a railroad which the Wausau Southern Lumber Company has built for 11 miles eastward out of Laurel, Miss.

McAdoo to Visit Birmingham.

Birmingham.—It was announced that W. G. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury, and W. P. G. Harding, Governor of the Federal Reserve Board would spend Saturday, June 9, in Birmingham, boosting the sale of the bonds. The decision of Secretary McAdoo to visit Birmingham was in response to an invitation extended him by the Liberty Loan Bond Committee the Birmingham Civic Association, the Birmingham Clearing House Association, the Chamber of Commerce and the City Commission.

TORNADOS SWEEP THROUGH THE WEST

Sections Of Kansas, North Central Oklahoma And Southern Missouri Are Devastated By Storms

21 PERSONS MEET DEATH

400 Houses Wrecked In An Oklahoma Town—200 Houses Destroyed At Coffeyville, Kansas

Kansas City, Mo. — Twenty-one known deaths, more than one hundred injured and unestimated property damage resulted from a series of tornadoes that swept several towns and sections of southeastern Kansas, north central Oklahoma and southern Missouri.

At least twenty-five oil derricks are reported to have been blown away, between Tilton and Drumright, in the Mid-Continent oil field, about forty miles west of Tulsa, Okla. Hundreds of oil field workers are employed in the district in the storm's path.

With four hundred houses reported destroyed at Coalgate, Okla., a town of 3,500 inhabitants, and possibly two hundred at Coffeyville, Kans., it was feared that the death total at these two places would be high. One message said that thirteen bodies had been counted at Coalgate and that the business section of the town was virtually destroyed.

Three persons were killed, several seriously injured and much property was damaged by a tornado which struck Moore, five miles southeast of Olathe, Kans.

Unconfirmed reports from Buffalo, Mo., told of considerable damage there. Another storm was reported to have passed between Springfield and Lebanon, Mo. All wires were down in both directions.

At Drake, Okla., five known deaths were reported. That many school children were not killed in the demolition of the Drake schoolhouse was due to the presence of mind of a young school teacher, who marshalled her charges into a storm cellar.

Nine persons were injured, two perhaps fatally, by the tornado which passed north of the town of Seminole. Much live stock was killed and crops in the path of the storm were badly damaged.

RUSSIAN RADICALS DEFIANT, AND SEIZE KRONSTADT

Council Of Workmen's And Soldiers' Delegates Have Taken Control Of The Great Fortress

New York.—The taking over of the government of the great fortress of Kronstadt by the local council of workmen's and soldier's delegates and strike outbreaks in many of the large munition factories of Petrograd, indicate that the new provisional government of Russia is meeting with increased internal opposition.

Kronsadt, 20 miles west of Petrograd, is the main fortress guarding the Russian capital and is the main port of entry to the capital from the Baltic sea. The workmen's and soldiers' delegates there not only have taken charge of the town, but have declared that they do not recognize the provisional government. The council announced that all relations between Kronsadt and Petrograd hereafter will be carried out only through the Petrograd branch of the workmen's and soldiers' delegates, which recently caused the overthrow of several members of the Russian cabinet.

1,000 More Germans For McPherson

Atlanta, Ga.—The construction of forty new buildings at Fort McPherson is expected to start in the very near future for the purpose of accommodating approximately 1,000 additional interned German sailors who are to be sent here. The new buildings will be similar to the wood cantonment buildings of the officers' reserve corps training camp, at the fort, and as soon as completed will be occupied not only by the new interned sailors to be brought here, but also by the sailors already at Fort McPherson. The brick barracks now occupied by the German sailors at the front will then be occupied by recruits.

Quick Peace Asked By Hun Socialists

Stockholm, Sweden. — Immediate peace on the basis of no annexation and no indemnities and complete political restoration of occupied territories are advocated by the delegation of Hungarian Socialists here to attend the meeting of Socialists from various belligerent countries. Regarding Belgium the Hungarian group at the conference urged that the cost of restoration should be borne by Germany, although if persistence in this demand meant prolongation of the war the cost should be shared by all.

Unwritten Law Fails To Save Strong

Knoxville, Tenn.—Rush Strong, who has been on trial here since May 27 for the killing of Sam B. Luttrell, Jr., in July, 1916, was found guilty of voluntary manslaughter by the jury after twelve hours of actual deliberation. Under the laws of the state the verdict carries with it an indeterminate sentence in the penitentiary of two to ten years. Strong pleaded the unwritten law in justification. He claims that Luttrell had drugged and assaulted Mrs. Strong.

MILLIONS FOR FOOD SURVEY

House Passes Administration Measure For An Immediate Investigation Of U. S. Food Resources

Washington.—The administration's food survey bill, first of the food control measures, was passed by the house without a record vote. It appropriates $14,770,000 for an immediate investigation of the country's food resources and for measures to stimulate production. A similar bill is under debate in the senate.

The agriculture department expects to present a fairly accurate estimate of food resources within three weeks after the bill is signed by the president, Secretary Houston says. As soon as the measure becomes law, the department will start its 17,000 employees and the 150,000 voluntary crop reporters to work on the investigation. The preliminary report to be made within the three weeks will be supplemented with monthly reports and probably by a further complete report within six months if necessary.

Material gathered will be turned over to Herbert C. Hoover, who will be named to head a food administration as soon as the pending regulatory food measure becomes law.

The survey bill passed virtually as it came from the committee. Miss Rankin, the woman representative from Montana, inserted an amendment which requires the department of agriculture to use women in the survey work whenever practicable. An amendment by Representative McKenzie of Illinois would make all persons employed under the bill liable to military service and another would permit citizens to refuse to go more than three hundred miles from their homes or places of business to testify in a food inquiry.

As originally drawn the bill carried more than eighteen mill dollars, but the changes in committee reduces the total somewhat. These are the principal amounts appropriated:

For seeds, $5,778,000; education for increasing production by waste elimination and conservation, $4,348,000; general survey, $2,522,000; eradication of live stock diseases and live stock improvement work, $885,000; miscellaneous items, $547,000, and eradication of plant diseases and insects, $441,000.

LABOR DEMANDS MAY FORCE RUSSIA TO ECONOMIC RUIN

Demands Of Workingmen So Enormous It Seems Impossible To Keep The Industrial Wheels Going

Petrograd.—The industrial crisis in Russia is so acute that, according to a recent utterance of the minister of finance, M. Shingaroff, only a miracle can save the country from economic ruin. The demands of the workingmen are so enormous, he declares, it seems impossible to keep the industrial wheels going for any great length of time.

The Socialist ministers at a recent ministerial council said the only possibility they saw of settling the difficulty was to bring the war to a close.

Neither the coalition cabinet nor the newly appointed commission to regulate the difficulties between capital and labor has yet found a way to settle the industrial crisis. The commission is composed of the ministers of finance, trade and industrty and labor, but since there is a wide divergence of views between the minister of finance and the new Socialistic minister of labor it seems probable that this commission will be confronted with the same difficulties that attended the previous efforts at reconciliation.

Big Liquor Seizure At Richmond, Va.

Richmond, Va.—Probably the largest liquor raid here since the state went dry was made when police seized about five hundred or more quarts of whiskey in a leading hotel. The liquor is reported to be worth about two thousand dollars. The police have seized twenty-five hundred quarts of whiskey in Richmond this month.

Maryland Convict Buy Liberty Bonds

Washington.—Prisoners at the Maryland penitentiary have bought $2,150 worth of Liberty Loan bonds with savings from their small wage allowances. Warden John F. Leonard sent in the subscription. One man serving a long term spent $250 of the $278 to his credit. A former West Virginia train robber put all but a few dollars of his savings into bonds.

Arrested For Opposing Conscription

Roanoke, Va.—According to information, William Velon McCoy and his partner, "Gen." J. W. Phipps, who were arrested at St. Paul, in the mountains of southwest Virginia, and brought here, are charged by government agents with attempting to organize mountaineers to resist the draft act. Information in possession of government officials show McCoy and Phipps had about three hundred followers. Government officials allege that the band planned to raid St. Paul, kill revenue agents and landowners

100,000 Americans For Fighting Front

London.—An official statement issued here says that counting the Americans serving in the British and French armies and the additional units ordered to France, there will be 100,000 Americans in France shortly. The statement says 3,500 war airplanes will be constructed, and 6,000 aviators trained in the United States this year. The official statement was issued by the British war office with the object of showing America's complete participation in the war.

STRUGGLE IS CALL TO WORLD LIBERTY

President Wilson Declares In His Address At The National Memorial Exercises In Arlington Cemetery

AMERICA TO ATTAIN DIGNITY

Wilson Says America Will Show Herself Greater Than Ever Because She Will Rise To Greater Things

Washington.— America's response to the call of liberty in the struggle of the world will hold the attention of all mankind, President Wilson said in a Memorial day address at Arlington national cemetery. In observing the day, he said, the natural touch of sorrow is tinged with reassurance because, knowing how the men of America have responded to the call of liberty, there is perfect assurance that the new responses "will come again in equal measure, with equal majesty."

The president spoke in the national amphitheater in the cemetery at a meeting arranged by the G. A. R. and attended by a crowd of thousands. He said he did not pity the men in whose honor the ceremonies were held.

"I envy them rather," he went on, "beacuse theirs is a great work for liberty accomplished and we are in the midst of a work unfinished, testing our strength where their strength has already been tested." The time for action, he said, has come, "and in the providence of God, America will come once more to have the opportunity to show the world that she was born to serve mankind."

TOWN OF OJINAGA TAKEN BY THE FORCES OF VILLA

Bandit's Followers Drive Carranza's Men From Border Town—U. S. Troops Patrol Opposite

Presidio, Texas.—Francisco Villa holds a border port opposite an American town and again United States troops are patrolling the border while Villa cavalrymen are opating on the southern bank of the Rio Grande.

At 5 o'clock in the morning approximately 200 Villa followers dashed into the little town of Ojinaga, opposite here, shouting "Viva Villa" and shooting as they rode. Only a handful of Mexican government forces ocupied the town, Generals G. Figueroa and Garcia and Colonel Rojas having gone out to engage the Villa command which has encampepd in La Mula pass, 35 miles south of the border. These forces are expected to return in an effort to drive the Villa troops from the town.

Fifty of the government forces of seventy-five men in Ojinaga succeeded in escaping across the river to Presidio. Women and children followed behind their men, carrying babies and bundles. Of the twenty-five government soldiers remaining sixteen were killed during the fighting, six were taken prisoners and three were wounded.

German U-Boats Losing Cunning

London.—Eighteen British merchant vessels of more than sixteen hundred tons were sunk during the past week, it is officially anonunced. Summer weather and the long days favor warfare on the submarines, and the admiralty is taking full advantage of these conditions. It is the belief of naval men that as long as these conditions prevail there is little likelihood that the submarines will make any better showing than in past months.

Fight To Be Made On Name "Berlin"

Berlin, Wis. — A movement to change the name of this town is expected to assume definite form when steps are to be taken to place the question before the voters in the near future. The Indian name "Mascoutin" is said to be favored by many, this being the name of the tribe of Indians who first located the town site.

Roosevelt Makes Patriotic Address

Mineola, N. Y.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt, addressing several thousand of his Nassau county "neighbors" appealed to the wealthy among them not to employ labor to beautify their estates while the country is at war. Lifting his hat and pointing to a huge American flag nearby, he urged those present "to come to the front in an eager desire to serve with their bodies, with every quality of their souls and spirit and mind; wtih their service, labor and military skill, and not stand uon words, but in deeds."

4 Persons Killed And 30 Injured

St. Louis, Mo.—A tornado twisted into Mineral Point, Mo., a village of about three hundred inhabitants, killed four persons and injured thirty, demolished the town with the exception of the school house and then moved southward to Eye, where Fred Harper, a farmer, was killed by flying debris. An Iron Mountain passenger train bore the most seriously injured to DeSoto, about fifteen miles north of Mineral Point.

FIERCE FIGHTING NEAR TRIEST

Attacks On Austrians Shifted From South End Of Line To The North of Gorizia

New York.—On the southern end of the line near the head of the Gulf of Triest, in the Austro-Italian theater, the Italians for the moment have paused in their titanic effort to push forward to Triest, and heavy fighting again is in progress to the north around Gorizia, Plava and the Vodice. East of Gorizia and on the Vodice the Austrians attempted to carry the offensive to the Italians, but the artillery fire of King Victor Emmanuel's men stopped the assaults and in the last named sector the Italians themselves delivered an attack, and notwithstanding stubborn resistance made progress on the southeastern slope of Hill 52. Likewise in the Plava sector the Austrians were driven back and lost one hundred men made prisoner.

Around Saint Giovanni and Duino, at the lower end of the line, the Austrians heavily bombarded the Italians in their new position and ineffectually tried to oust them. Both sides are claiming the capture of large numbers of prisoners since the new battle from Tolmino to the sea began, the Italians asserting that they have taken 23,681 and the Austrians 14,500.

Following the reports of an increase in the Russian artillery activity against the Austrians in the eastern theater comes a statement that there has been a renewal of the activity of the Russo-Roumanian forces against the Teutonic allies in Roumania, and that early attacks by them are expected. The visits to Jassy, the new capital of Roumania, of M. Thomas, the French minister of munitions, and M. Kerensky, the Russian minister of war, possibly may be connected with the revival of the activity of Russo-Roumanian troops.

MORE RACE RIOTING IN EAST ST. LOUIS

Whites Seem Resolved To Chase Negroes From Illinois City—Six Men Are Hurt

East St. Louis, Ill.—Three negroes were shot, one probably fatally, and three white men were wounded when the race riots broke out afresh here. Groups of white men continued to form in the streets, but for the most part the police and soldiers on patrol duty succeeded in disbanding them peaceably. One of the negroes was on his way to work when he was accosted by a white man, who demanded to know his destination. The negro refused to answer and the white man shot him. A crowd gathered quickly, but police dispersed it by using their clubs freely.

A few minutes later another negro was made a victim of a mob of whites when it was learned he had declared the blacks would "put up a fight" if trouble broke out again. The mob chased him for several blocks before he was halted by a pistol shot. His wound is not serious. Police guards dispersed that mob without great difficulty.

Russia Places Order For Locomotives

New York.—Russia has placed an order with American manufacturers for 500 locomotives to cost approximately $25,000,000 and 10,000 cars at $15,000,000, it was reported in financial circles. Contracts have not yet been signed, but all preliminary arrangements, it is understood, have been completed. This is said to be the largest single order for railroad equipment received in this country.

$41,000,000 Tax On Auto Owners

Washington.—Exemption of popular price moving picture theaters from amusement taxes and the levying of a new federal license tax on automobile owners ranging from $7.50 to $25, with reductions for cars used a year or more, were agreed upon by the senate finance committee in continuing revision of the house war tax. It is estimated the auto tax will yield about forty-one million dollars.

Orders Seizure Of Argentine Wheat

Bilboa, Spain.—According to news received from Madrid, the government has ordered the seizure of a cargo of Argentine wheat on board the steamer Rosario, which arrived here. The cargo was consigned to Switzerland by way of Cette. The Spanish cabinet, the advices state, maintains that it is entitled to take over the wheat to meet the needs of Spain.

Riot In Toledo Over Selective Draft

Toledo, Ohio.—Two thousand persons, including militiamen, pacifists, police and citizens, were participants in a riot here, as the outcome of an attempt of anti-conscription speakers to address a crowd in the streets. The outbreak occurred when a citizen's cry of "Hurrah for Wilson!" was answered by "Kaiser Wilson" from one of the pacifists. Members of troops D, M and B stationed at a recruiting station nearby resented the remark and the riot resulted. Several persons were more or less seriously hurt.

Draft Selection Will Take 60 Days

Atlanta, Ga.—Work of selecting the men who will compose the national army from those who register on June 5 will probably begin immediately after registration day, according to information in the hands of Hooper Alexander, United States district attorney. The actual notification of selection will not be made until after sixty days. Information received from Washington is to the effect that the draft arm will not be called into service until September.

The Shielding Shadow

by Randall Parrish

AUTHOR OF "BEYOND THE FRONTIER," "MAID OF THE FOREST," "MY LADY OF THE NORTH," ETC.

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SYNOPSIS.

Adventurous Jerry Carson embarks in search of hidden treasure with the promise of Leontine Walcott to be his wife on his return. Her father favors Sebastian Navarre. Jerry's ship is burned, he is reported lost. Sebastian presses his attentions. Jerry suddenly turns up to confront charges of the Navarres against him. In a struggle for a forged paper Diego Navarre is killed and Jerry is convicted of the murder. He escapes, and finds the treasure and a wonderful chemical pellet. Leontine is forced to marry Sebastian. On the honeymoon, he attacks her in a rage. Suddenly he is confronted by a weird apparition. Ravengar forces a confession from Louie. Sebastian attempts to get it. An earthquake occurs; in the excitement, Red Finn steals the confession and flees. He appears in New York as Romanoff and enlists the aid of Madame Bianca. Leontine confronts her husband in the gambling house. The Shadow battles for her and she escapes with the confession. One-Lamp Louie follows her and takes the paper from her. The Shadow saves Navarre from robbery. Romanoff attempts to kidnap Sebastian and Leontine, but Ravengar appears to thwart them. Bianca and her thugs are puzzled by Ravengar's repeated escapes and returns to his cellar prison. Leontine consents to accompany Hamilton on a balloon ascension. Sebastian drugs Hamilton and arranges to have Leontine set adrift in the balloon. The balloon bursts into flame and Leontine finds that her companion is Ravengar. They are rescued, but One-Lamp Louie reports that they perished in a hurricane. Sebastian arranges to marry Bianca. Louie prevents it to save himself and is thrown to death by Sebastian who changes his marriage plans. He sees Leontine alive and well. Later Sebastian kidnaps Leontine, but the Shadow has promised her protection. Ravengar delivers Leontine from the hands of her enemies, but Bianca's thugs capture him. Bianca hesitates to kill him as she is passionately in love with him.

TENTH EPISODE

The Vanishing Mantle.

At the top of the river bank Leontine stopped and looked about her in uncertainty. She was in an outlying part of the city which was unfamiliar to her. It consisted of fields, with a few scattered houses; in the distance was a road-house with a shed at the back. Nearby a policeman was talking with a friend.

Leontine hurried up to them. The men ceased their conversation and looked at her in amazement. She was dripping wet, her hair was falling about her shoulders, and her whole aspect was that of a crazy woman.

"Help me!" pleaded Leontine, running up to the men.

"I want you to save my friend and wipe out this band of criminals," Leontine pleaded after telling her story. "Please hurry, or I don't know what may happen to him."

As she turned aside a moment to fix her dress the policeman tapped his forehead significantly. "Wheels!" he whispered.

"I'll take charge of her," said the other.

As Leontine looked up he spoke to her soothingly.

"I'm Detective O'Mara, madam," he said. "It's lucky I was here. Sure I know the gang you speak of, and if you'll come to the station house we'll look into the matter right away."

Outside the roadhouse he paused. "Excuse me one minute," he said. "I'm working on another case, and I've got to turn in a report."

Leaving Leontine outside he entered and went to the telephone. In a few moments he had Sebastian on the wire.

Sebastian, who had not learned of his wife's escape from Bianca's house, was staggered by the message. He thought hastily.

"Hold her right where she is," he answered after a moment's delay. "My wife is mentally unbalanced and escaped from her nurse this afternoon. I'll come right over with the nurse and the doctor's assistants."



Leontine Thanks Bianca for Saving Ravengar's Life.

O'Mara shrugged his shoulders, and went out to Leontine.

"Would you mind waiting just a moment in here?" he asked, indicating the land office. "I believe we can get the facts from here and save your friend without going to the station house."

He took her into the shack and quietly locked himself in with her. Leontine gazed about her in bewilderment.

"But what are we to do here?" she asked.

"Now, just a minute," said O'Mara soothingly. "You mustn't excite yourself, you know, after your adventures in that drain you spoke of."

Leontine began to grow alarmed. "What are we here for?" she inquired again.

"It's all right, Mrs. Navarre," said the detective blandly. "I've telephoned for your friends, and they'll be here in just a few minutes."

Then she recoiled in terror, for steps sounded outside, and she heard the voice of her husband—Sebastian!

* * * * * * *

"Get out—the pair of you!" repeated Bianca to her men.

But the men, usually prompt to obey the orders of their dreaded mistress, showed no signs of doing so now. Instead, they looked one at the other. Then the fellow whom Ravengar had nearly strangled, spoke.

"See here, madame!" he said. "Now that the girl has got away, this means the end of us. She'll bring down the police and this guy has got to be settled. It's our only chance. If it don't suit you, I'm through."

"All right, boys," she answered. "You have stuck to me for years, and I guess you're right. Do what you think best."

The men raised their revolvers, but Bianca ran in front of Ravengar. "Not here!" she cried. "Take him into that room."

They seized Ravengar by the arms, and he went with them, still apparently amused at the situation. The door closed. Bianca stood shuddering in the passage. Suddenly she ran into the room. She saw Ravengar standing in front of the pair, laughing heartily. They both covered him with their weapons.

"Wait!" cried Bianca. "Give me two minutes with him alone, boys. I want to speak to him."

"Say, if this ain't the limit!" growled the first man angrily. "What do you say, Joe?"

Joe shrugged his shoulders. "I guess we can stand for him two minutes longer," he answered. "He can't get out of here except by the door, unless he flies through the window."

They went out grumbling. Bianca closed the door on them and turned to Ravengar.

"I cannot see you die like this," she said. "Say the word and I'll defy them. We'll leave this house together I'll love you all my life. I'll be faithful to you till death."

Ravengar looked at Bianca benignantly. "A splendid program, dear madam," he answered, "but I haven't time. In fact I've got an engagement, and I'm late now."

He disappeared before her eyes.

Bianca tottered from the room. She went into her boudoir and sank down upon the couch.

The telephone rang. Bianca sprang to her feet and took down the receiver, to hear Sebastian's voice.

"She got away from you," he said.

"How do you know?" asked Bianca faintly. "Yes, she beat it. I'd like to lay my hands on her now."

"Well, you can," answered the other. "She's at the Cliff House, and I've tipped off the detective who has her there that she's crazy. You're her nurse, and you'll go and get her, and take two of your men to be the doctor's assistants. Get that?"

"I did," answered Bianca joyously.

* * * * * * *

"It's all right. I'm Mr. Navarre. Open the door," said Sebastian to O'Mara.

O'Mara stepped back, drew the key from his pocket, and opened it. Sebastian stood in the entrance. At the sight of him Leontine shrank back against the farther wall in terror.

"I'm glad you got her," said Sebastian coolly. "She ran away from her nurse this afternoon and got out of the house. It has given me no end of trouble. I was afraid something had happened to her."

Leontine's eyes met his, and her lip curled scornfully. Sebastian let his eyes fall; he could not meet those of his wife.

"Will you let me go free?" Leontine demanded of O'Mara. "It is true this man is my husband, but he tried to commit murder today, and often before. He hates me and wants me out of the way because of what I know."

Sebastian only smiled, and the detective nodded. He wanted to get out of the shed; he had never come upon a case like this before. Mechanically he pocketed the bill for twenty dollars which Sebastian slipped to him, and went out, handing him the key.

Sebastian, left alone with Leontine, looked at her and smiled. It was not an amiable smile. She shrank away from him in horror.

Then Sebastian saw a curious look come over his wife's face. She was glancing past him toward the door. Looking in the same direction, he saw Ravengar strolling nonchalantly toward them. And, glancing back at Leontine, he saw the happiness which she made no effort to conceal.

Ravengar came forward and nodded ironically to Sebastian. He pushed him back, took Leontine by the hand, and led her toward the door.

"Get out!" yelled Sebastian, precipitating himself upon the other.

He struck Ravengar with his full force under the chin. Ravengar reeled back under the sudden impetus of the blow, stumbled, and fell upon the floor. Leontine tried to rush past him, but Sebastian caught her and hurled her back into the interior of the shed.

Springing to his feet, Ravengar threw himself upon Sebastian anew, trying to seize the key from him. They clinched and wrestled to and fro. Ravengar got Sebastian to his knees; he held his head securely in his arm, while with his free hand he drew the key from Sebastian's pocket.

He flung Sebastian to the floor, opend the door, and took Leontine by the hand. Sebastian rose dizzily; he staggered, groaning, toward his enemy. He saw Ravengar lead Leontine out into the freedom of the sky.

This was the juncture at which Bianca and her men came on the scene. Sizing up the situation, and maddened by the sight of Ravengar, who had escaped them, they hurled themselves upon him, and bore him back into the shed. They followed him, holding Leontine between them.

Sebastian, unsteady on his feet, looked triumphantly at Bianca. "Take her away," he said.

"Wait!" interposed Ravengar, holding up his hand. "Leontine, lock the door on the outside when you go out."

Sebastian burst into laughter at the words. They turned and looked at him curiously. He was making some strange motions with his hand, as if it held an invisible garment. He raised it from his side and moved it toward Leontine, with the manner of one putting a cape about her.

Suddenly a cry burst from Sebastian's lips. Leontine had disappeared.

The door opened. The key was withdrawn. The door closed again. Joe hurled himself against it just as the lock clicked.

"One minute!" interposed Ravengar.

They looked at him in terror, but there was an air of authority about him that maintained silence. He advanced into their midst.

"We're all locked up very comfortably together," he said, "and we're going to stay together." He drew out his match box, struck a match, and held it to an oil-soaked piece of tarred paper which he had picked up. "If you folks try to open that door," he said, "I'll throw this into that grease barrel. I guess this oil-soaked shack won't take long to burst into flame."



Bianca's Men Capture Leontine.

With a yell, Joe drew his revolver and fired at Ravengar, who staggered and fell. The paper which he held fell into the grease barrel. Instantly a column of fire shot up. The shack was ablaze from end to end.

* * * * * * *

Leontine had failed to understand Ravengar's meaning, but she had trained herself to obey him.

That the mantle which he had thrown over her in appearance actually existed, that it made her invisible, were facts undreamed by her.

Leontine went out and locked the door, as she had been instructed.

At that moment her attention was attracted to a filmy piece of material apparently hanging from her sleeve. Wonderingly she plucked at it. She had a feeling as if some filmy garment covered her. She reached up, took it off, and shook herself free. She found that she was holding in her hands a mantle, of the thinnest material, and only in places visible.

As she examined it the secret dawned on her. On one side the mantle was invisible, on the other it was visible. Ravengar had thrown it over her with the invisible side uppermost.

She heard voices within the shack. Ravengar was saying something loudly, and there was a responsive murmur, followed by silence. Suddenly the revolver shot rang out.

Leontine ran toward the door. As she did so a flame burst through the aperture, followed by flames and smoke that seemd to curl out of every corner of the building.

Shouts came from the road-house. The proprietor and a number of men came running out.

When the fire broke out the group was still standing facing Ravengar. His fall and the starting up of the flames were almost simultaneous. They forgot him and rushed wildly to the door for safety.

They could not break it down. The shack was filled with smoke. In the corner where Ravengar lay the flames were shooting up to the roof, which was already ablaze.

They rushed to the window. The shutters were of iron, and heavily padlocked.

Joe staggered against one of the blazing barrels and, in his fall, hurled it aside. His companion shouted. The barrel had been standing over a trap door, with a large iron ring set into it.

The trap door came up, disclosing a flight of steps leading down into a cellar. By this time the shack was ablaze in every part.

Bianca cast a hurried look toward Ravengar. He was lying between two blazing barrels. Her heart and her head were in bitter conflict. On the one hand was Ravengar, who had scorned her; on the other Sebastian with his millions.

Head won. Shrugging her shoulders, Bianca followed the rest down the steps into the cellar, leaving Ravengar lying unconscious where he had fallen.

The little cellar was provided with a bulkhead leading outside. Sebastian and one of the men rushed up it, heedless of Bianca. As she was about to follow them the man Joe, overcome by the heat, pitched forward unconscious upon the floor.

That moment of hesitation changed Bianca. She stopped. She considered again. Now heart won. She turned and made her way back into the burning shack to save Ravengar.

She could hardly enter on account of the furious heat. The whole of the roof was afire, and sparks were settling down. The walls were blazing. The smoke was so thick that at first she could not find Ravengar.

Then, stooping, she managed to get her hands upon him and drag him into the cellar.

She kneeled beside him and burst into tears.

Then, when he did not stir, Bianca became frenzied. She lifted Ravengar's body in her arms again and started to carry him out of the cellar.

She laid him upon the ground a safe distance from the shack, which was now entirely in flames.

Leontine, hidden in her mantle, had stood among a cluster of trees some little distance away, looking on in horror which paralyzed her limbs. Ravengar was in the burning shack, and her palsied will failed her.

With a last effort she began groping her way toward the shed again.

Then she stopped, hoping wildly, as she saw Sebastian and one of Bianca's men emerge from the bulkhead. They had found a way to escape; and Ravengar must be behind them.

Pulling her mantle about her, she went toward them. Sebastian and his companion passed within a few feet of her without seeing her. As he walked Leontine heard her husband say:

"Well, there's one consolation. Ravengar won't trouble us again."

At the words the girl uttered a scream, and, entirely forgetful of her disguise, pulled the mantle from her head and shoulders and, clutching it in her hand, began to run toward the bulkhead. Sebastian stopped at the cry and, to his amazement, saw Leontine a few paces away, running.

He dashed at her and grasped her, yelling at the top of his voice. The proprietor of the road-house, who had abandoned his futile search and had given up all hope of saving the shed, came hurriedly toward him.

"We must get a taxi and take her home," he said. "This has been a terrible experience. I should have taken better care of her. She is a homicidal maniac. I'll recompense you for your loss. Call a taxi, please."

Leontine was in a frenzy. Craft came to her aid. She ceased to struggle, and, looking toward the shack, suddenly uttered a scream, and pointed.

The waiters who were holding her released their grip for an instant. Leontine broke from them and began running at the top of her speed. As she did so she shook out the mantle and managed to envelop herself with it.

The crowd, which had taken up the pursuit, suddenly stopped, completely baffled. Leontine had vanished into thin air, apparently, as if she had never existed.

Leontine, having made herself invisible, stood perfectly still. She was afraid to run, for fear that the movements of her limbs would stir the mantle. Then Bianca came out dragging Ravengar's body. She laid it down upon the ground and wept over it.

Stifling a cry, Leontine kneeled down noiselessly upon the other side of the stricken man and gazed into his face. Bianca, a few inches away, was wholly unaware of her proximity. So might a man's invisible, good angel kneel beside him, helping and prompting him.

Ravengar breathed, he stirred. Tears came into Leontine's eyes, and a deep sense of thankfulness. Mingled with this was gratitude to this woman who had saved him.

Leontine stood up, stepped back, and threw off her mantle. Bianca saw her and uttered an exclamation of dismay and consternation.

"You have saved his life," cried Leontine, "and I can never thank you enough. You have given me back the only man living who means anything to me."

And she held out her hand to Bianca.

Bianca dashed Leontine's hand furiously away.

Leontine had let her mantle fall completely from her in her agitation. Suddenly she perceived Sebastian and the rest of the crowd in pursuit of her. She had betrayed herself.

Ravengar was alive and, for the present, safe. She must save herself. She looked wildly about her. A little distance away was an out-building, with a number of empty hogsheads standing against the wall. Leontine rushed toward it, trying to draw on her mantle as she ran.

She shook it open and got it about her head and shoulders, and let it fall to her feet. For the second time the girl had eluded him. She had simply vanished. She was nowhere to be seen.

Leontine, not daring to stir, heard her husband's heavy breathing as he ran past her. He stopped and looked about him in utter bewilderment. Then he began running back toward Bianca.

"Where is she?" he shouted.

Bianca, kneeling still beside Ravengar, had watched the scene. She had seen Leontine disappear, but there were a few small trees in the line of view between herself and the barrels, and she was sure Leontine had sought refuge in them.

And in fact Leontine, as soon as Sebastian broke off the chase, had made her way toward the largest barrel, in which she could very well conceal herself. A person looking in would see nobody.

"She is in one of those hogsheads," Bianca said, pointing toward the outbuildings. "Kill her now, Sebastian. Kill her! I'll do it."

A sudden light came into Sebastian's eyes. "It needn't be murder," he said. "It can be an accident. Come with me, Bianca."

Sebastian glided through the trees, making no sound as he went. Bianca followed him.

"In the third barrel from the right," she whispered.

Sebastian crept under the overhanging roof of the shed until he reached the corner. He was now almost within reach of the barrel. The lid hung from the top by a single nail. A hammer rested under the sill of the door. Sebastian raised it and, rushing out, pulled on the lid and began nailing it.

Bianca meanwhile felt in the other barrels. There was nobody there.

"I guess that's got her," said Sebastian triumphantly to Bianca.

Then Bianca began to understand his meaning. From the outbuilding the ground sloped toward the high cliff which bordered the river, running at first gently, and then with a suddenly increased grade until it became vertical at the extreme edge. There was a fall of two hundred feet from the cliff's top to the rocky river below.

Sebastian gave the barrel a gentle push.

A few seconds later there came to the watchers' ears the faint sound of the splash in the river.

* * * * * * *

Ravengar opened his eyes and looked about him. He did not at first know what had happened to him. Then he felt the throb of the wound in his shoulder, and, looking down, saw that he was covered with blood.

He heard distant shouting, and saw the stream of water from the hose that played upon the burned shack. He was alone, lying in the shelter of the group of trees. On the other side of them Sebastian was watching the barrel make its way toward the cliff.

He staggered to his feet, his mind filled with foreboding as to Leontine's fate. He remembered nothing since her exit from the shack, followed by the revolver shot. Where was she? Had she escaped, as he had hoped, in the invisible mantle?

Suddenly, to his amazement, he saw her standing before him.

He staggered toward her and caught her hands in his. "Leontine!" he cried.

The girl had not entered the hogshead. As she ran from her husband she seemed to acquire the craft of the animal, long hunted, which realizes that only this quality will save it. She had wrapped herself in her cloak and, running toward the hogshead, removed it for a moment, to allow her presence there to be seen. Then she had pulled it once more about her.

She had stood at the opposite angle of the outbuilding and watched Sebastian intent upon his work.

Then she ran back to Ravengar. Now, standing before him, with her arm about him, to steady him, she urged him to take the mantle and make good his escape.

"You take it, dear Leontine, and go," he said. "I am safe enough. I will go over to the road-house and rest there; they will not dare attempt to murder me."

But Leontine, anxious for him, and thinking nothing of her own safety,



Bianca and Her Men Escape From the Burning Building.

continued to plead. She stripped herself of the mantle and held it out to him.

One man had been left in the cellar. That was the crook named Joe, who had fainted from the intense heat. As Ravengar sat up and opened his eyes on the ground, Joe was opening his in the cellar. He, too, could not at first remember what had happened to him.

He was conscious only of the fight in the shed, the outbreak of the blaze. But Joe had not a meditative mind. He found himself alive, and that was his chief concern. He meant to remain alive. He was not anxious to face what seemed to him the inevitable punishment for his crime.

He had no doubt that he was already branded as Ravengar's murderer. And he felt, too, that Bianca was becoming too exacting, and her schemes too dangerous.

He crawled out of the cellar by the bulkhead and looked about him. Nobody was to be seen though he thought he heard Bianca's voice in the distance.

Joe thought it was altogether a good moment for making his getaway.

He started to crawl through the long grass, meaning to reach the pine trees and then slip carefully down toward the cliff.

But as he raised his head he was startled and terrified to see Ravengar lying not twenty paces away, supporting himself upon one elbow and staring about him.

Joe suddenly took heart again. The man was not dead, then.

He edged away from Ravengar, and then he saw the figure of Leontine, apparently become incarnate out of nothing. He saw it waver, now visible, now invisible. Then she was standing beside Ravengar, who had risen to his feet, and offering him the mantle.

At once Joe made his decision. He flopped down in the grass and began crawling toward them.

Ravengar, meanwhile, resolutely declined the mantle.

"Take it, my dear," he said again. "I am quite safe. And I will meet you here after it has grown dark, and we can make our plans together. You can never go back to your husband."

Leontine shivered. She had told Ravengar of his murderous plot.

"I'll take it, then, since you wish it," she said submissively, and drew back her arm, with the filmy mantle upon it.

At that moment a hand shot upward from the grass and tore the mantle from her grasp. A moment later Joe, an expert thief, had it in his possession, and was racing for the pines.

Leontine cried out, and Ravengar staggered after him. But Joe was already out of sight, hugging the precious mantle in his arms.

As Leontine turned, voices were heard from the other side of the trees. They were those of Sebastian and Bianca, who had been joined by her second servitor.

"Come!" cried Leontine, grasping Ravengar by the arm. "We must get away before they sight us!"

"Leontine! The mantle!"

"Our lives, Ravengar," she responded.

And, seizing him by the arm, she helped him into the trees, into the underbrush. They crouched there while Bianca and Sebastian, unsuspecting their presence, passed by them toward the hotel.

"I suppose that fellow Ravengar won't come back to life," suggested Sebastian.

Bianca realized for the first time that he had gone. But she did not care to let Sebastian know that she had saved him. "I guess we've seen the last of him," she answered.

Bianca and Sebastian, arm in arm, started down the path through the woods together.

(END OF TENTH EPISODE.)

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
W. M. WYATT AND J. B. WELLS
Publishers and Proprietors.

W. M. WYATT, Editor.
J. B. WELLS, Business Manager.

Subscription price $1.00 per year, payable in advance.

Entered April 15, 1913, at Clanton Ala., as second class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

SIGNIFICANCE OF COFFINS

When one sees a wagon go along the road carrying a coffin, the first thing he does is to begin to inquire who it is that is dead. In fact, the very idea of a coffin suggests the crossing of a human soul across the dark valley of the Shadow of Death.

What then is suggested to your mind by the news dispatch that Uncle Sam's War Department has placed contracts for the manufacture and delivery of 200,000 "pine boxes?"

It seems to us that the government is preparing to bury a large portion of the men whom they will send to Europe.

It is indeed an awful thing for an army of our men to march into the jaws of death, knowing that their caskets await them, already prepared to receive the remnants of their bodies after they have ben butchered on the terrible alter of the mighty war god. But we can only pray that our death may come to us in a true vision of the righteousness of the cause for which we are to be offered up. Americans do not dread death if they know they are dying for the cause of justice, honor and liberty.

A FRIEND FROM COOSA

Last Saturday the editor of the Union-Banner was made glad by a visit to our office of a good friend from Weogufka, by name, Osce Stewart. Mr. Stewart was over here to attend to some business matters, and to pay a visit to the family of his brother-in-law, Mr. G. H. Massey. Like everybody else from Coosa, Osce is one of the best fellows in the world, happy, jolly and good-natured, always looking for and finding the most pleasant side of everything.

Once when in Coosa, the Editor and Henry Pond had the pleasure of spending the night at the home of Mr. Stewart, and we cannot ever forget the air of cordial hospitality which he and his family bestowed upon us

BUSY MEN NOT BRAGGING

On March 31 the Portland, Oregon, Chamber of Commerce gave a banquet in celebration of the launching of a steel merchant ship just completed at that place. The builder of the ship took occasion to congratulate the city upon the establishment of an industry which includes the building of both steel and wooden ships, and gave the credit for the success of the enterprise to a local banker, J. C. Ainsworth. Just two weeks later the Federal Shipping Board announced that it had "authorized builders to commence preliminary work" on the vessels for that governmental agency. Two years hence the board will be pointing to its success in restoring America to her former place as a builder of ships. The Department of Commerce has long been assuming, if not asserting, credit for much work done by a prominent New York Bank in the development of commercial relations in South America. And, since the publicity bureaus of this government work overtime at public expense, quite likely, the people of the country will overlook the real accomplishment of individual initiative and individual capital.

PRESS CENSORSHIP

"The Hohenzolern monarch, whom we are fighting, still deludes his people by controlling their press to his ends and against the publication of the truth.

Why, then, has Mr. Wilson adopted the chief instrument of the Czar and the Kaiser as an all-essential instrument in a war for democracy and against tyranny? Will it not make an interesting echo in Russian conferences now, when it is adopted that the head of the American Republic advocates, demands, the right to silence a free press and shackle all expression of public opinion.

No president in our history ever made a greater mistake than Mr. Wilson has now made. If only he has his way, this power will not merely wreck his administration, but it will hereafter awaken a revolt in public opinion unknown in this country since our last king lost his colonies in America by policies which Mr. Wilson would now imitate."—New York Tribune.

A billious, half-sick feeling, loss of energy, and constipated bowels, can be relieved with surprising promptness by using HERBINE. The first dose brings improvement, a few doses puts the system in fine, vigorous condition. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

DOWN WITH THE GAMBLERS

The government must throttle the gamblers in foodstuffs. In the midst of war, nothing so hits the heart of condition as this. No one is opposed to fair profits to producers, manufacturers and dealers, but everybody is opposed to enormous speculative profits, which go into the pockets of a few wealthy people and are filched from the pockets of the rank and file of the people, who will have the heaviest burden to bear during the course of the war.

Throttle the gamblers by immediately prohibiting the dealing in futures on the stock boards. Eliminate from the situation the element of speculation and gambling, and immediately will come some relief.

The government should act with promptness. "Do it now" should be the motto, before the situation becomes unbearable and the people are tempted to protect themselves in their own way.—Portland Telegram.

CIVIL SERVICE SECRECY

The Civil Service Reform Association of New York City has found 200 persons on the city pay roll in violation of the civil service law. When the national civil service reform league tried to make investigation of the national payroll, the officers of that organization were refused access to the records. Even the Civil Service Commission, supposed to be guarding the interests of civil service reform, would not grant an inspection of the records in its custody. If New York City Officials would only pattern after national authorities, the 200 illegal appointments would not have been discovered.

TO THE KNOCKOUT

There has been considerable discussion as to the arrangement of the terms upon which we shall fight Germany in cooperation with the Allies and the timid ones who remember Washington's counsel against "entangling alliances" are declaring against any form of a treaty which will blind us to the nations by whose side we must fight. A treaty is not necessary. Great Britain and France have none. They have an agreement against a separate peace, but all their other relations are determined by the course of warfare. So it may be with us. An exchange of notes relative to a separate peace and providing for the things which we shall insist upon when peace is made, will do the trick. John Hay set ajar "the open door" in China without treaties. But some form of a gentleman agreement against a separate peace is absolutely essential. For Grmany now to make terms with us would by no means let us out except for the time being—while it would let us in for untold dangers later. We cannot come late into the war and quit it early as well. We must see it through.

A very marked example of the consistency with which the Department officials at Washington, and Congress are dealing with newspapers is found in their activities regarding the Liberty Bond publicity and the imposition of the war tax measures. They say they will have the newspapers "do their bit" by paying a two per cent. tax on all advertising receipts. And at the same time another crowd are sending out whole pages of advertising, urging the people to buy Liberty Bonds, and requesting the newspapers to run it free of charge It looks to us like some of them are figuring on having the newspapers do "two bits," for they want us to give our space to help out in the sale of Liberty Bonds, upon which they say the whole success of the war depends: and besides we must pay the tax in addition.

NO CENSORSHIP YET

Newspapers have had a "showdawn" on the feeling of congressmen and senators toward them. It was shown in the various phases of the several bills brought forward with the wish to control the publication of information and the criticism of official action. The original bill was too drastic for a free country, and under it an editor or publisher could have been put in prison for ten years for the publication of a news item regarding the war, or the paper might have been fined $10,000, a sum, which if imposed, would have put most papers out of existence. Such a bill could not pass any congress of a republic and was killed. Then a modified bill with nearly the same powers was presented, but congress was not willing to grant such powers to a military official.

Whatsoever powers to punish that may be established in republics should be in the courts and juries. The freedom of the press is essential to human freedom. The nations that do not have freedom of press have no freedom except that granted by the rulers.

In many votes in the two houses of congress it is shown that the papers have open enemies in congress and that there are men there who voted against the freedom of press quite willingly, though they took an oath to support the constitution. which forbids congress passing any law curtailing the freedom of the press.—Birmingham Ledger.

Col. B. Guy Smith went to the river fishing Tuesday and brought back 42 pounds.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Of First Meeting in the District Court of the United States, for Northern Division of the Middle District of Alabama. In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of E. B. Hansen, post office Thorsby, County Chilton, Alabama.

The aforesaid party having been adjudged a bankrupt, under the act of Congress entitled "An Act to Establish a Uniform System of Bankruptcy Throughout the United States" approved July 1st, 1898, meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt is called at the office of the undersigned Referee, in the United States Court House, Montgomery, Alabama, on the 18th day of June, next, at 10 o'clock a.m., to make proof of debts, and for the election of a trustee, and such other matters as are necessary and required by the acts of Congress aforesaid.

Montgomery, Ala., June 4, 1917.
M. S. CARMICHAEL, Referee.

In every home where a baby is there should also be a bottle of McGEE'S BABY ELIXIR. It may be needed at any time to correct sour stomach, wind colic diarrhoea or summer complaint. Ot is a wholesome remedy, contains no opium, morphine or injurious drug of any kind. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

The State of Alabama, Chilton County.

Probate Court, May 19, 1917.

In the matter of the estate of P. E. Coleman, deceased.

The estate of the said deceased having been declared insolvent, the 23 day of June, 1917 is the time appointed for the administrator to make settlement of his administration, and for the creditors of said estate to meet and elect a new administrator, if they choose to do so, at which time all parties who are interested in said estate may appear and contest the correctness of the same if they deem proper.

Witness my hand this, the 19th day of May, 1917.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF SETTLEMENT.

The State of Alabama, Chilton County, Probate Court. May 29, 1917.

In the matter of the estate of John W. Gullahorn, deceased, This day came H. A. Harris, Administrator of the Estate of said deceased, and files his account, vouchers, evidence, statement for final settlement of his said Administration.

It is ordered that the 7th day of July, 1917, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

Witness my hand this, 29th day of May, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
5-31-3t. Judge of Probate

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

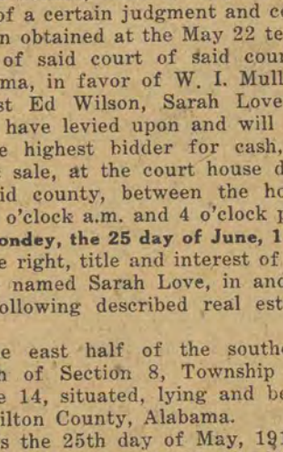
By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court in Equity of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed, whereby I, as Sheriff of said county, was commanded to make the sum of one hundred, eighty-four and 75-100 dollars, costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the May 22 term, 1917 of said court of said county, Alabama, in favor of W. I. Mullins, against Ed Wilson, Sarah Love et als, I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the court house door of said county, between the hours of 11 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m. **On Mondey, the 25 day of June, 1917** all the right, title and interest of the above named Sarah Love, in and to the following described real estate, viz:

The east half of the southeast fourth of Section 8, Township 21, Range 14, situated, lying and being in Chilton County, Alabama.

This the 25th day of May, 1917.
H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at the Court House door, May 25, 1917.
H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

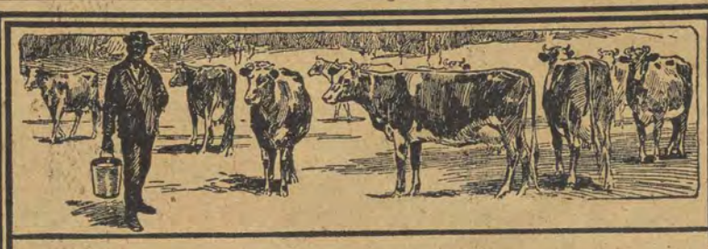


L. D. POPWELL
CLANTON, ALA.

Just any time you may choose to come around

You may be assured that you will always find the things you want, and at prices that will save you the most money. Don't buy till you come to see.

Clanton Mercantile Co.
Clanton, Alabama.



Would you mix your cattle-feed with cotton?

YOU know that such a combination would be carried through the digestive tract without giving the milk-producing and fat-producing food a chance to be assimilated. The lint on old style hulls acts the same way. It forms a pad or cushion-like covering around the concentrates that prevents the digestive juices from extracting the full amount of protein.

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

contain no lint to clog or flux the digestive tract. They are digested and they allow the other forage to be digested the same as hay or any other roughage.

When you mix your feed with Buckeye Hulls you know that you are using roughage that will help—not hinder—the meal, corn, oats, or whatever concentrate you prefer.

Other Advantages

2000 pounds of real roughage to the ton—not 1500.
Cost much less per ton.
Go much farther.
No trash or dust.
Easy to handle because sacked.
They mix well with other forage.
They take less space in the barn.

Mr. C. K. Henderson, Aiken, S. C., says: that he would rather have Buckeye Hulls than any others. He uses Buckeye Hulls altogether — says they are cheaper and better.

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K *The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.* Dept. K
Atlanta, Augusta, Birmingham, Charlotte, Greenwood, Jackson, Little Rock, Macon, Memphis, Selma

Prof. R. A. Smith left Tuesday for Howard College in Birmingham, to engage in the study of a summer course at that institution.

Rev. J. F. Gable, the new pastor of the Clanton Baptist Church, has arrived on the scene, and preoched his first sermon Sunday.

Thrashing Machine

Brand New Outfit Ready for Business

When your grain crop is ready to thrash out you should make arrangements to have the work done by my brand new and most up-to-date outfit.

I am ready for operation now, and am prepared to go where the people want me to.

I guarantee the work done by my machine and assure you perfect satisfaction.

Later in the season I will add a peanut and velvet bean thrash to my outfit.

Call on me when you need your grain thrashed.

D. H. GENTRY
CLANTON, ROUTE 4.

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Office over Upchurch's Store
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F. B. COLLIER
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Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by all Druggists. 75c.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Of First Meeting, in the District Court of the United States, for the Middle District of Alabama. In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of Jas. W. Patton, Post office Jemison, County Chilton, Alabama.

The aforesaid party having been adjudged a bankrupt, under the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to Establish a Uniform System of Bankruptcy Throughout the United States," approved July 1st, 1898, meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt is called at the office of the undersigned Referee, in the United States court house, Montgomery, Alabama, on the 14th day of June, next, at 10 o'clock, a.m., to make proof of debts, and for the election of a trustee, and such other matters as are necessary and required by the Act of Congress aforesaid.

Montgomery, Ala., June 2, 1917.
M.S. CARMICHAEL, Referee.



L & N Freight Service

THE prosperity of any community is measured largely by the quality of Freight Service rendered and by the reasonableness of the charge made. Men, women and children eat, wear and sleep Freight Service and pay for that service directly or indirectly. Farmers, manufacturers and merchants, and those employed by them, must have Freight Service, otherwise the wheels of commerce become clogged and business stagnation results.

Therefore, the L. & N. long ago determined to supply the standard of excellence in Freight Service. No railroad in the South has a better road bed, with a lower grade and fewer curves, or a larger percentage of double track; none has more powerful modern engines or more commodious freight cars. No railroad approaches the L. & N. in speed of schedules and consequent promptness of delivery.

And no railroad in the South charges a lower rate, even for inferior service, than is charged by the L. & N. for superior service.

L. & N. Freight Service has widened the South's field of opportunity; has facilitated the development of her rich natural resources, and afforded a ready market for her varied commerce.

Since 1900 the L. & N. has transported 414,340,026 tons of freight. The L. & N. is equipped for yet greater service, and is planning with optimism and faith in the future of the South and her people.

Your favorable consideration of L. & N. Freight Service is requested with the assurance that the L. & N. will co-operate to the full limit of its unexcelled facilities.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.

The Old Reliable

The total number of tons of freight carried by the L. & N. in sixteen years was 414,340,026 tons. The percentage that each of the different commodity groups bears to total is as follows:

Agricultural Products.	33,523,715 tons or		8.09%
Animal Products.....	6,301 931	" "	1.52%
Forestal Products.....	43,010,877	" "	10.38%
Mineral Products.....	245.193,831	" "	59.18%
Merchandise.....	38,524,022	" "	9.30%
Manufacturers Articles.	47,785,650	" "	11.53%
	414,340,026 tons —		100.00%

SEASHORE EXCURSIONS

EVERY SATURDAY
JUNE 2 TO SEPT. 1



From Clanton. Ten-Day Return Limit.

Pensacola -	$7.15	Magnolia Spgs.	$9.50
Pascagoula -	8.00	Ocean Spgs. -	8.35
Biloxi - -	8.40	Gulfport - -	9.00
Pass Christian -	9.15	Bay St. Louis -	9.30

J. A. HESTER, Ticket Agent, Clanton

L&N

Also on sale daily until October 15th, regular round trip Summer Tourist Tickets to Gulf Coast Resorts at slightly higher fares with return limit of October 31st.

SUNDAY SINGING

The singing at Walnut Creek last Sunday was a success. It was called to order at 10 a.m. with song and prayer by R. A. Smith, who was elected Chairman for the day.

The program committee was as follows: E. F. Varden, J. M. Smith, and J. W. Cleckler.

Directors for the morning were R. A. Smith, J. A. W. Mims, J. W. Cleckler, Lee Robinson, J. W. Lowery, and F. I. Popwell.

For the afternoon, T. L. Robinson, C. H. Robinson, W. G. Culp, J. R. Robinson, George Wyatt, Glover Smith and G. C. Powell.

Organists for the day were Misses Marietta Walker, Beatrice Mims, and Lillian Robinson, Mrs. R. E. Wyatt, Messrs Lee Robinson, C. H. Robinson, and W. G. Culp.

Two nice quartets were sung by J. W. Lowery, R. A. Smith, Lee Robinson, W. G. Culp and Asa Collins.

R. A. SMITH, Chm.

H. N. Martin of Jemison was attending to some business in Clanton on Monday.



Artistic Walls and Ceilings

YOU will enjoy the pleasure of artistic and sanitary surroundings when you have your walls and ceilings decorated with

Pee Gee Flatkoatt

The Modern, Durable, Sanitary, Flat-Oil Finish

It sets a new standard for interior decorating and has taken the place of old-fashioned and unsanitary wall paper and other antiquated material.

It comes in 24 soft, deep, velvety colors which can be combined into most artistic effects. It is very economical and if soiled can be easily cleaned.

Let Us Help You with Plans and Advice

Write to Decorating Department, Peaslee-Gaulbert Co., Incorporated, Louisville, Ky., regarding your walls and ceilings. Expert decorators will gladly assist you, free of charge.

THE UPCHURCH DRUG COMPANY
CLANTON, ALA.

FREE

48 page illustrated book, "*The Modern Method of Decorating Walls*," contains suggestions for the artistic decoration of walls and ceilings, and color plates of rooms finished with Pee Gee Flatkoatt. Ask us for this book or write to PEASLEE-GAULBERT CO., Inc., Louisville, Kentucky.

SALE OF LANDS FOR TAXES IN CHILTON COUNTY, ALABAMA

The State of Alabama, Chilton County.

Under and by virtue of several decrees rendered in and by the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, on the 7th day of May, 1917, for the sale of real estate for the payment of taxes due for the year 1916, I will on Monday, the 11th day of June, 1917, sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door of said county, in Clanton, Ala., within the legal hours of sale, the following described real estate, for the state and county taxes, fees, costs, and charges to-wit:

Beat No. 2.

No. 253—Hatcher, Mrs. Sallie est. S½ of NW¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 23, Range 12; SE¼ and S½ of NE¼, Sec. 3, T.P. 23, Range 12; all east of Mahan Creek in SE¼ of NW¼ and in E½ of SW¼, Sec. 3, T.P. 23, Range 12; Tax and Cost, $35.00.

No. 436 and 437—Dennis Singletery. NW¼ of NW¼ of Sec. 34, T.P. 23, Range 13; Tax a nd cost for 1915 and 1916, $7.92.

No. 249.—Henson, N. W. House and lot in Jemison, Ala., Lot 3; B.U. 14 lots in Thorsby, Ala., in Henson subdivision 5 to 18 B.T. Inc. Tax and costs, $14.55.

No. 4676.—Wells, C.W. SE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 34, T.P. 23, R. 13; NW¼ of NW¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 22, Range 13; 1 house and lot 3, block J, in town of Jemison, Ala. Tax and costs, $28.50.

Beat No. 4.

No. 1119—Latham, Mrs. M.F. One house and lot 7, Block 1, in town of Clanton, Ala., west of L. & N. Railroad. Tax and Costs, $20.50.

Lunsford, Mrs. N.L.S. Mineral and mineral right only, NE¼ and E ½ of SE¼ and NW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 1, T.P. 23, Range 14; N½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NW¼ and S½ of NW ¼ and N½ of S½ and SW¼ of SW ¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 23, Range 14; S½ of NE¼ and S½, Sec. 3, T.P. 23, Range 14; N½ of Sec. 10, T.P. 23, Range 14; S½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of SW ¼ and E½ of SE¼, Sec. 12, T.P. 23, Range 13; S½ of SE¼, Sec. 13, T.P. 24, Range 13; N½ of NE¼, Sec. 27, T.P. 24, Range 13; NE¼ and S½ of NW¼ and S½, Sec. 15, T.P. 24, Range 14; S½ of NE¼ and S½ of NW¼ and NE¼ of NW¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 24, Range 14; SE¼ and W½ of SW¼ and NE¼, Sec. 19, T.P. 24, Range 14; NE¼ and E½ of NW¼ and S½, Sec. 21, T.P. 24, Range 14; all of Sec. 23, T.P. 24, Range 14; SE¼ and E½ of SW¼ and NW¼ of SW¼ and N½, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 14; all of Sec. 27, T.P. 24, Range 14; NE¼ of NE¼ and S½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NW¼ and W ½ of NW¼ and NE¼ of SE¼ and SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 31, T.P. 24, Range 14; NW¼ of NW¼ and SE ¼ of NE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼ of SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 35, T.P. 24, Range 13; S½ of NE¼ of NE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼ and N½ of SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; SE¼ of SW¼ of NE¼ and SW¼ of NW¼ of NE¼ and N½ of NW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; S½ of NE¼ of SW¼ and NW¼ of SW¼ and E½ of SW¼ of SW¼ and SW¼ of SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; SE¼ of SW¼ and NE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 25, T.P. 24, Range 13; tax and costs, $43.45.

No. 1198—Matthews, E. A. SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 15, T.P. 22, Range 14; W½ of NE¼ Sec. 21, T.P. 22, Range 15; E½ of NW¼, Sec. 21, T.P. 22, Range 15; W½ of SW¼, Sec. 21, T.P. 22, Range 15; W½ of NE¼, Sec. 20, T. P. 22, Range 15.

NW¼ of SE¼, Sec. 24, T.P. 22, Range 13; SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 2, T.P. 23, Range 13; 1½ acres in NE corner SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 30, T.P. 22, Range 16. 1½ acres in NW corner, SE¼ of SW¼, Sec. 30, T.P. 22, Range 16. The following described real property, lying and being situated in the Town of Clanton, Alabama, to-wit: a certain parcel of land west of the S & N Alabama Ry., described as follows, to-wit: commencing at a point on the line of the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., 210 feet south of the intersection of said right of way and the main street, now known as Second Ave. and running thence in a westerly direction, parallel with the main street, 485 feet, more or less, to the line of W. D. Sartor's land, said line of W.D. Sartor's land was known or existed on the 10th day of August, 1893, thence in a southerly direction along the line of said Sartor land line, and a continuation thereof 300 ft., thence in an easterly direction parallel to said main street, 485 ft., more or less to said right of way, thence in a northerly direction along said right of way 300 feet to a point of beginning, being a part of land which was conveyed to John Randolph on the 12th day of February, 1902, by deed which is recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in vol. 24 of record of deeds, on page 387; the said lot or parcel of land above described is known by the official map of the town of Clanton, Alabama, and marked upon said map, "E.Y. McMorris, University School." (The words, "main street" wherever they appear in the foregoing description, refer to the street now known as Second Avenue). And also a tract or parcel of land described as follows, to-wit: beginning at the NE corner of a certain lot, west of South and North Alabama Ry., and south of and bordering on Second Ave., marked on the official map of the town of Clanton, "W.M. Wilson and Bro." and running thence east along Second Ave., 40 feet; thence south 210 feet to the the lot marked on said official map, "E.Y. McMorris University School" thence west 40 feet thence north 210 feet to the point of beginning; and also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described and bounded as follows, to-wit: beginning at the SE corner of the lot marked on the official map of the town of Clanton, Alabama, "E.Y. McMorris University School" and running thence west 160 feet, thence south 80 feet, thence east 40 feet, thence south 280 feet, thence east to the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry., thence north to the point of beginning, also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the NE corner of the lot marked on the official map of Clanton, Alabama, "E.Y. McMorris University School," and running thence west 30 feet, thence north 60 feet to the lot of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., thence east 30 feet to the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., thence south along the said right of way to the point of beginning; and also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described as follows: beginning at the SW corner of the lot marked on the official map of Clanton, Alabama, "E.Y. McMorris University School" and running south 20 feet, thence east to within 160 feet of the right of way of the South and North Alabama Railroad Company, thence north 20 feet, to the south line of said "E.Y. McMorris University School" lot, thence west along said line to the point of beginning, also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Railroad, described as follows: Beginning at the NW of the Episcopal Church lot on the south side of Second Ave, and running thence west along said Second Avenue, and running thence west along said second Avenue 120 feet, thence south 210 feet, thence east 120 feet, thence north along said Episcopal church lot 210 feet to the point of beginning. Dwelling house in West Clanton lot 1; B. 2 dwelling house West Clanton lot 3, B 2, 55 feet north side lot 6; B 2, South 2-3 of B 4 east side lot 11 and 14 B 7. One acre in Sec. 35, T.P. 22, Range 14, west of the J. M. Morgan lot; one house and lots 9, 10, 15 and 16 in Gowan addition in Clanton, Ala. Tax and costs, $377.22.

No. 1364—T.M. Pyron. One house and lot 4, B. 2, in Clanton, Ala., on west side of L.&N. R.R. Tax and cost, $28.20.

No 1425—Sims, R.F. NW¼ of NE¼, less two acres in NW corner and 2 acres in SE corner of NE¼ of NW¼, Sec. 21, T.P. 22, Range 14; tax and costs, $11.47.

No. 1447—Smith, Ophelia (col) Begin at a SE corner of NE¼ of NW ¼, Sec. 12, T.P. 21, Range 14, run thence west 227 yards and north 50 yards and west 20 yards and north 229 yards and east 107 yards south 120 yards and east 140 yards to a land line, 160 yards to point of beginning; also beginning at SW corner of the above described land and run E 200 yards to public road and north 7 feet and west 200 yards to point of beginning in NE¼ of NW¼; tax and costs, $12.50.

Beat No. 7.

No. 2316.—Hicks, Henry S. S½ of Sec. 4, T.P. 21, Range 11; SE¼ of NE¼ and E½ of SW¼, Sec. 8, T.P. 21, Range 11; SE¼ of Sec. 8, T.P. 21, Range 11; SW¼ of NW¼, Sec. 9, T.P. 21, Range 11; E½ of SE ¼, Sec. 22, T.P. 21, Range 11; NE¼ of NW¼ of SE½, Sec. 26, T.P. 21, Range 11. Tax and costs, $62.85.

No. 2320—Hicks, Mrs. M. F. W½ of NE¼ and W½ of SE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 4, T.P. 21, Range 11; E½ of NW ¼, Sec. 4, T.P. 21, Range 11; tax and costs, $18.75.

No. 2453—Bailey, Manuel. SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 8, T.P. 20, Range 11; tax and costs, $7.37.

No. 4793—United Realty Co. SW ¼ of SW¼, less mineral right, Sec. 17, T.P. 21, Range 12; tax and costs, $7.36.

Beat No. 8.

No. 2636—McElwin, J.D. SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 34, T.P. 20, Range 11; tax and costs, $7.94.

No. 2681.—Patterson, D.P. N½ of NW¼ and E½ of SE¼ of NW¼ and W½ of NE¼ and NW¼ of SE ¼, Sec. 31, T.P. 20, Range 11; 3 acres on south side of SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 30, T.P. 20, Range 11; Tax and costs, $41.50.

Beat No. 9.

No. 3146—Mary Smith, (col) NE¼ of NE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 22, T.P. 22, Range 13; tax and cost, $7.10.

No. 3172.—Thompson, Lucy B. Lots numbered one to ten, both inclusive, according to the map of Thorsby in Chilton County, said lots being in Block 6 of said town of Thorsby, Ala.; tax and cost, $8.25.

No. 2976—Henry Joseph. NE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 35, T.P. 23, Range 13; All of NE¼ of SW¼, Sec. 36, T.P. 23, Range 13; lying west of railroad, NW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 36, T.P. 23, Range 13; tax and costs, $21.43.

Beat No. 10.

No. 3228—Burkhalter, J.A. SW¼ of SE¼, Sec. 8, T.P. 20, Range 15; 12 acres in north side of NW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 20, Range 15; 10 acres on the E side of NW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 20, Range 15; 15 acres on E side of SW¼ of NE¼, Sec. 17, T.P. 20, Range 15; tax and costs, $15.29.

Beat No. 13.

No. 3876—Hardy, F.H. NE¼ of SW¼ and S½ and SW¼, Sec. 18, T.P. 24, Range 13; tax and cost, $11.18.

Beat No. 15.

No. 4226—Deason, A.B. SE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 6, T.P. 20, Range 13; 10 acres on south side of NE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 6, T.P. 20, Range 13; 10 acres on south side of NW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 5, T.P. 20, Range 13; SW¼ of SW¼, Sec. 5, T.P. 20, Range 13; tax and costs, $10.98.

Wintess my hand this 7th day of May, 1917.

J. D. COLLINS,
Tax Collector of Chilton County.

Children that are affected by worms are pale and sickly and liable to contract some fatal disease. WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE expels worms promptly and puts the child on the road to health. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.



Ask Grandfather—He'll Tell You—

Treat The Body As A Delicate Machine

You would not let a machine built for efficient work, get rusty and full of dust and dirt. Why let the body, the most delicate of all machines, get rusty and run down from inattention? Cleanse the blood; that's the secret; keep it clean. S. S. S., proven for 50 years the best of all blood tonics, will do it. Get a bottle at your druggist's TODAY and take it according to directions.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

S.S.S. Keeps It Always Fit

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Electricity for Every Home and Farm

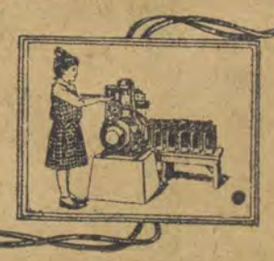
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Buy Now and Save $75 to $95

DELCO-LIGHT is a complete Electric Light and Power Plant, operated either with gasoline or kerosene. It furnishes Electric Lighting for the House and Barn; furnishes Power to pump water and operate Small Machinery; does away with Domestic Drudgery, and brings City Conveniences to the Rural Home. It is economical and soon pays for itself in time and labor saved. Already 16,000 satisfied users.

FOR ACTUAL DEMONSTRATION WRITE, PHONE OR WIRE TO BLOCH BROTHERS, DEALERS, SELMA, ALA.



The Domestic Electric Company,
Distributors, Atlanta, Ga.

GIRLS! MAKE A BEAUTY LOTION WITH LEMONS

At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream one can prepare a full quarter pint of the most wonderful lemon skin softener and complexion beautifier, by squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white. Care should be taken to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, smoothener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any pharmacy and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It should naturally help to whiten, soften, freshen and bring out the roses and beauty of any skin. It is truly marvelous to smoothen rough, red hands. Adv.

He Deserved It.

Teacher—And what is your given name, Master Jones?

Young Jones (hesitatingly)—Fatty.

Sore Eyes, Blood-Shot Eyes, Watery Eyes, Sticky Eyes, all healed promptly with nightly applications of Roman Eye Balsam. Adv.

Sometimes a blush is but a feminine conventionality.

GREEN MOUNTAIN

ASTHMA

TREATMENT



Standard remedy for fifty years and result of many years experience in treatment of throat and lung diseases by Dr. J. H. Guild.

Free Sample and Practical Treatise on Asthma, its cause, treatment, etc., sent upon request. 25c. & $1.00 at druggists. J. H. GUILD CO., Rupert, Vt.

DON'T CUT OUT

A Shoe Boil, Capped Hock or Bursitis

FOR

ABSORBINE

TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.



will reduce them and leave no blemishes. Stops lameness promptly. Does not blister or remove the hair, and horse can be worked. $2 a bottle delivered. Book 6 M free.

ABSORBINE, JR., for mankind, the antiseptic liniment for Boils, Bruises, Sores, Swellings, Varicose Veins. Allays Pain and Inflammation. Price $1 and $2 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Will tell you more if you write.

W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

Tutt's Pills

stimulate the torpid liver, strengthen the digestive organs, regulate the bowels. A remedy for sick headache. Unequaled as an

ANTI-BILIOUS MEDICINE.

Elegantly sugar coated. Small dose. Price, 25c.

Kill All Flies! THEY SPREAD DISEASE

Placed anywhere, Daisy Fly Killer attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, and cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Ask for



Daisy Fly Killer

Sold by dealers, or 6 sent by express, prepaid, $1.00.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DE KALB AVE., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

AGENTS, ATTENTION!!

I want men and women in every County, City and Town to sell Miller's Root and Herb Compound. One of the greatest remedies ever offered for Rheumatism, Liver Complaint, Indigestion, Stomach Troubles, Nervous Affections, Dropsy, Female Diseases, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Dyspepsia, Debility. Big commission; no humbug. Address E. P. Hunter, Sole Distributor, 3010 E. 12th, Kansas City, Mo.

ATTEND COLLEGE! 9 months' expenses and tuition $110. Degrees conferred. Make war impossible. Location ideal. College, Berry, Ala.

W. N. U., Birmingham, No. 23--1917.

COULDN'T LIFT SIX MONTHS OLD BABY

Mrs. Hawkins Was So Weak Couldn't Move in Her Bed Without Help.

HAD SUFFERED TORTURE

Well and Strong Again After Taking Tanlac and Weighs More Than She Has in Over Eighteen Years.

"I was down in bed and couldn't raise my head or move without help and now I'm able to do all my housework, even to my cooking and garden work and I weigh more than I have in eighteen years and have been taking Tanlac only about four weeks," said Mrs. Dollie Hawkins, 4906 Second avenue, South, Birmingham, Ala., recently.

"For years," continued Mrs. Hawkins, "I suffered with rheumatism and acute indigestion. The rheumatism got me down in bed and had me bound so hard and fast somebody had to move me about and the pain was terrible. I couldn't lift my six-months-old baby, and had to hire someone to wait on me and do my work. I was so nervous the least little thing dropping on the floor would startle me and my heart would almost stop beating. I couldn't eat any solid food at all and was in such run-down condition my baby fell off until it was just a little skeleton and fretted and cried all the time. No kind of medicine did me any good and I was getting worse all the time.

"If ever a medicine did wonders, Tanlac did it for me and my little baby. I felt better in just a few days after I began taking it. I have taken three bottles and I am not nervous in the least now and my sleep is fine and rests me. The awful rheumatic pains and misery is all gone. I can eat anything I want and my food not only gives me nourishment but my baby is as fat as a little pig and sits for hours at a time on a pallet and plays without a whimper. Tanlac has made a well woman of me and a fat, healthy baby out of my little sickly one, and I'm just so thankful for what Tanlac has done for us I want everybody to know about this great medicine."

There is a Tanlac dealer in your town. Adv.

Tender.

"She's tenderhearted."

"So?"

"Yes. She says she couldn't think of planting potatoes if she has to cut out their eyes to do it."

Tetterine Cures Itching Piles Quickly.

"One application of Tetterine cured me of a case of Itching Piles I had for five years."

Bayard Benton, Walterboro, S. C.

Tetterine cures Eczema, Tetter, Ground Itch, Ring Worm, Infants' Sore Head, Pimples, Itching Piles, Rough Scaly Patches on the Face, Old Itching Sores, Dandruff, Cankered Scalp, Corns, Chilblains and every form of Scalp and Skin Disease. Tetterine 50c. Tetterine Soap 25c. At druggists, or by mail direct from The Shuptrine Co., Savannah, Ga.

With every mail order for Tetterine we give a box of Shuptrine's 10c Liver Pills free. Adv.

Its Style.

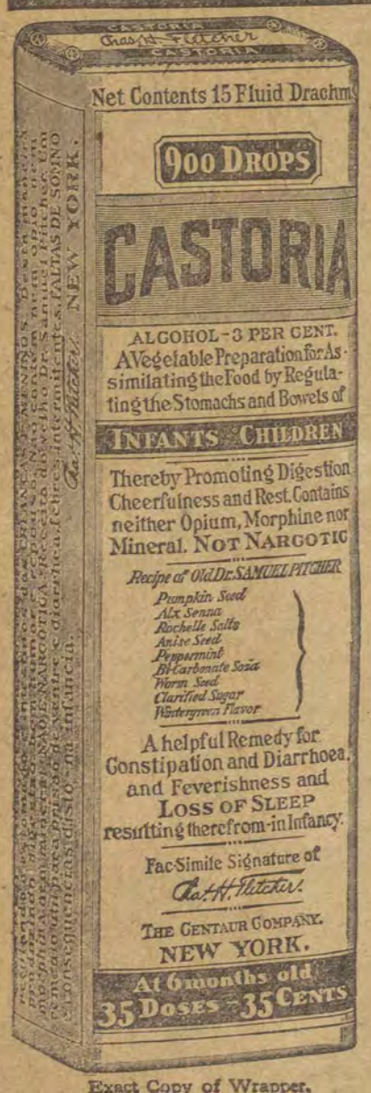
"I am writing a history of this car."

"I see; an autobiography."—Baltimore American.

SAVE A DOCTOR'S BILL

by keeping Mississippi Diarrhea Cordial handy for all stomach complaints Price 25c and 50c.—Adv.

American incomes last year exceeded $30,000,000,000.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

WAR PLAN CHANGED

JOFFRE'S APPEAL FOR TROOPS ALTERED THE SCHEME OF THE GENERAL STAFF.

LONG DELAY NOT NECESSARY

Indications Are That America Will Be Represented on the Fighting Line Far in Advance of the Date Originally Set.

By EDWARD B. CLARK.

Washington.—The American people were given to understand that it was the intention of the war department to hold American soldiers in this country until an enormous force was trained and ready to send to Europe virtually in one great expedition. Of course all the troops could not be sent together, but the plan was to get them over there as nearly as possible in a bunch.

This planning of the army authorities, so far as the military chiefs could do it, definitely was fixed upon. Most people, however, probably will remember the "recall" which was sounded by American authority on the request made by General Joffre for the dispatch of an immediate force to Europe.

It may have been President Wilson who finally decided the question of the wisdom of sending General Pershing's division to the other side. Unquestionably General Joffre's plea made a great impression upon President Wilson. Pershing's force is to go, and it seems now to be extremely likely that other original plans of the war department may go the way just as this first plan has gone it.

When General Pershing's division reaches Europe, or rather after it has been there a short time, it will be found to be serviceable in a way that is not all sentiment. There have been some vaporings about a force for sentimental purposes. If "Black Jack" Pershing thought he was being sent to Europe as a lollipop with a sentimental feather in his hat he probably would quit the army.

Original Plans Altered.

The government of the United States has allowed newspapers to tell how many men there are to be in Pershing's outfit, and that it is intended to send the troops as quickly as possible. So it becomes proper, because the intention to dispatch a force marks a complete change of original plan, for one to say a word about how the general staff's original plans were shell riddled and to say something also concerning what effect the change may have on the future.

No one knows, of course, and no one would say if he did know, just when other expeditionary forces are to be sent to Europe. The departure of Pershing's force will not be chronicled. When it arrives safely on the other side the world will know about it, and not before. The same veil of secrecy will be thrown about the departure of other forces in the future. Out of the general field of the planning, however, one or two things may be picked for proper comment and explanation.

If the original plan had been adhered to American troops, except for some few engineer detachments, would not have sent to Europe for many months. A long time will elapse anyway before a big force is on the fighting line, but it can be said that the United States is in much better condition than it was thought to be to send considerable forces of troops to Europe earlier than was the expectation.

The French military officers apparently made an impression on the mind of the war department when it told of the intensive training possibilities just back of the French lines. General Bridges of the British army in a public address, told of men who never having seen a rifle, were made ready for the fighting line with eleven weeks' intensive training.

Training Won't Take So Long.

Everything that has developed within the last few weeks tends to show that America will be represented on the fighting front of Europe a considerable time in advance of the date originally set for its participation in actual hostilities. There are units of the National Guard which Frenchmen have said need only the short training back of the lines to make them fit for the fight. Our regulars, with less training than would be necessary for the Guard, will be in condition quickly to go into the trenches.

It is not going to take a year to train the recruits for service. Today there are in camp many thousands of young men who after only three months instruction, will be made junior officers of the national army, whose duty it will be to instruct recruits. If the regular officers of the United States army can make officers out of green men in three months, is it logical to suppose that it is going to take a much longer time to fit the enlisted men for the intensive training camps back of the line in France.

Camps Will Be Schools.

The war department has not yet selected sites for all the training camps. Gen. Leonard Wood is to have 16 of them under his directing and disciplinary control. There were those who thought that if General Wood was to be removed from New York, he should have been sent to Boston as the place second in importance. Brig. Gen. Clarence R. Edwards commands the Northeastern department, with headquarters at Boston. General Edwards will have but one training camp to command.

On an average there will be about 22,000 young soldiers in each camp for the training of the new army. This means that there must be lots of elbow room. Extended order is the order of the drill day.

A plan has been suggested by which the young men of the National army may be taught something besides drilling and fighting. The recruits for the new army are to come from all elements of the American, the half-American, and the quarter-American body. Some of these men, many of them, in fact, must be taught what we are fighting for, what it all means, and why it is that they should be willing to risk their lives for their country.

Army officials realize that persons who want Germany to lick us and persons who do not think that there is any ideal in the wide world that is worth fighting for, say that the army life does nothing to uplift a man, and that it adds nothing to his education. Officials hold that those who so think do not know anything about the army, and probably hope that they will escape contact with it, especially so far as fighting touch with it is concerned.

To Be Taught Why We Are Fighting.

The thousands of young soldiers who will enter the service and who are not well read concerning current events and, perhaps because of environment, have been indifferent to them, will be given lessons in lecture form in American history, and with them they will get a conception of republican institutions and why it is they are worth fighting the world, if necessary, to obtain.

The new army is to be a selective army, but the chances are that the greater part of its rank and file will be men of the volunteer spirit. There will be those, however, in the ranks who will be resentful, either because they do not like to be forced to serve in any cause, or else because they have no realizing sense of what this war means to Americans of the present generation, and will mean to those of the coming years.

Washington believes that the soldiers of the whole-souled volunteering spirit who know that this is a war against despotism, will do their own part in the work of enlightening their comrades who "do not know much about it." The spirit which has possession of a majority of the soldiers in the ranks soon takes possession of the minority. Inspiration to those at first indifferent comes from contact with the inspired. There are scores of other things in any army which help to make the men as one and to keep them fighting with one purpose and with one heart.

Bird Protection a War Measure.

What have birds to do with war or war with birds? The bird protectors of the country, men who not only would save the birds but help to save the crops, answer that birds have much to do with helping a nation to win a war.

Administration officials and especially those charged with helping to stimulate food production throughout the United States are urgent in their desire that congress at the present session shall pass the enabling act which will permit the United States government to put into instant effect the treaty now existing with Canada whereby the migratory birds may be given adequate protection.

Some time ago a treaty was entered into with the British government by which Canada on its part agreed to enforce certain regulations protecting migratory birds. The United States senate ratified the treaty and it already has the force of law. The difficulty in the way of its enforcement is that congress has not passed the enabling act with the necessary provision of money to secure an adequate carrying out of the terms of the treaty in this country.

The senate committee has reported the enabling act favorably. The house committee has not as yet done so, but every effort is being made to show the committeemen the relation which exists between birds and a proper conducting of the war and to get them to report the bill in order that it may become a law at this session.

President Wilson is strongly in favor of the passage of the enabling act. The real sportsmen of the country and all the bird protective societies and large numbers of the farmers' institutes and other organizations are in favor of the passage of the act which will give the insectivorous birds, large numbers of which are game birds, adequate protection during certain seasons of the year. Of course song birds which are insectivorous and therefore beneficial in their lives are protected under the provisions of law all through the year.

The officials of the biological survey, which is a branch of the department of agriculture, are receiving scores of letters from all parts of the country telling of the good which the federal migratory bird protection law has done since its enactment. The trouble has been that there has been too little money to enable the officials to enforce the law as it should be enforced.

When the treaty is ratified by the senate and by the proper authorities of the other country which is a party to the treaty, it becomes the law of the land. An enabling act with money, however, is necessary to secure the enforcement of the terms of the treaty. Canada acted promptly, for the Washington officials say the Canadians at the very outbreak of the war recognized the necessity of protecting the crops so essential to success in war by protecting the birds which destroy the insects which forage on grain and other growing food products.

GERMAN SPIES ACTIVE IN U. S.

THREE ARRESTED ON CHARGE OF CONSPIRACY TO SEND MAIL TO TEUTONS

PLANNED TO USE SHIP CREWS

System Operated Both Ways Between United States, Germany and Mexico.

New York.—Evidence that two complete high-powered wireless installations assembled here were shipped piecemeal to Mexico, supposedly for use of a German spy system in this country, was unearthed in connection with the arrest of three men on charges of conspiracy to send mail containing military information from the United States to Germany through members of Norwegian ship crews. It was estimated by the United States commissioner, before whom the alleged plotters were arraigned, that it was through their instrumentality that news of the pending arrival in England of the American destroyer fleet was sent to Germany before it even became generally known in this country.

With only a scratching of the surface of the mass of evidence in the government's hands, indications have been found that the secret mail system was operated both ways between the United States, Germany and Mexico. Several hundred letters have been sizzed, written in Englosh, German and Spanish, and some apparently in code. They are being translated in the expectation that they will open the way to full revelations of the alleged spy plot.

The prisoners are Harry F. Perissi and Irving Bonaparte, both said to be American-born, employed by a German electrical company here, and Axel E. Melchar, said to be a naturalized citizen of Sweden. They are charged with conspiring to induce members of the crews of the steamships Bergensfjord and Kristianiafjord, both chartered to carry regular United States mails, to take letters and packages from this country destined for Germany in violation of the law prohibiting competition with the United States mail, but it was said by the government authorities that the investigation would continue with a view to determining whether treason had been committed.

When the three were arraigned bail was fixed at $25,000 for Melchar. Upon objection by counsel for the men for these amounts as excessive, Commissioner Hitchcock said:

"These are unusual times and while the people of our own country did not even know of the departure of our destroyers, it was published four days ahead of their arrival in England in the papers in Berlin and it is my understanding that the government has it in mind that this case is part and parsel of the same inquiry."

That others are implicated and that the men under arrest are willing to tell all they know was indicated by counsel for Bonaparte, who said his client was willing to help the government in every way in his power. Perissi, speaking in his own behalf, said: "I did not start this conspiracy. The mail came to me first from others and I had nothing to do with the crews of the ships."

Evidence has been found showing that the men received from the supposed principles in the alleged spy mail system and that one of them reploit $50 for each package sent by their ceived in all more than $150 for his work.

A fourth man was detained, but not arrested, pending further investigation. He is Ferdinand H. Adams, a German citizen, employed by an electrical company here.

Evidence has been found indicating that with his help the apparatus was assembled and consigned to Vera Cruz. Nothing was revealed showing any criminal intent on his part, but the government officers are seeking to determine whether he knew the apparatus was to be used in a German spy system or whether? there was anything to show the crime of espionage.

Part of the outfit, it has been learned, got through, but part was held up in this country. Whether a complete set has been assembled has not been determined.

War Department Plans Huge Army.

Washington.—Plans of the War Department to draft from 900,000 to 1,500,000 men of those registered for the new army, were disclosed by Provost Marshal General Crowder to the Senate Military Affairs Committee Exemptions, he said, probably would result in reducing the number to 625,000 men for immediate service.

Air Supremacy Held by Allies.

London.—The morning papers figure that 713 airplanes were shot down on the western front during May. Four hundred and forty-two were German, 271 British and French. British headquarters admitted the loss of eighty-six machines, but as the French do not announce any war losses it is impossible to verify the inference that they lost 185. It is worthy to note that the estimate of 271 is compiled from German official reports. The total air losses for April were estimated at 709.

FOUR WEEKS IN HOSPITAL

No Relief—Mrs. Brown Finally Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Cleveland, Ohio.—"For years I suffered so sometimes it seemed as though I could not stand it any longer. It was all in my lower organs. At times I could hardly walk, for if I stepped on a little stone I would almost faint. One day I did faint and my husband was sent for and the doctor came. I was taken to the hospital and stayed four weeks but when I came home I would faint just the same and had the same pains.



A friend who is a nurse asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I began taking it that very day for I was suffering a great deal. It has already done me more good than the hospital. To anyone who is suffering as I was my advice is to stop in the first drug-store and get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound before you go home."—Mrs. W. C. BROWN, 2844 W. 12th St., Cleveland, Ohio.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores.

ECZEMA!



Money back without question if HUNT'S CURE fails in the treatment of ITCH, ECZEMA, RINGWORM, TETTER or other itching skin diseases. Price 50c at druggists, or direct from S. B. Richards Medicine Co., Sherman, Tex.

For Sale—General mercantile business at Milltown, Berrien Co., Ga.; population 2,000; 3 railroads; electric lights; waterworks; big mfg. business paying off weekly. Particulars from J. W. Berryhill, Milltown, Ga.

National Detective Agency Wants young men in each county to learn and do detective work. Write P. O. Box 867, Pittsburgh, Pa.

The Profiteer.

Harold McCormick of Chicago, who has outfitted the whole Yarrowdale crew at his own expense, is a very rich man and a very generous man, but he does not like to be "done."

Mr. McCormick, on one of his visits to Florida, neglected to stipulate his hotel rate in advance. The hotel man took advantage of this oversight, and the bill he presented was exorbitant.

Mr. McCormick, however, paid without a murmur. Then he said, as he folded the receipt in his wallet:

"By the way, have you got any two-cent stamps?"

"Yes, sir," said the hotel man. "How many would you like to have?"

"Er——," said Mr. McCormick, mildly, "how much are they apiece?"

Canal Zone Pioneers Volunteer.

Of the hundreds of Americans who went to Panama in 1904, when the Americans took possession of the Canal zone, less than fifty remain on the isthmus. The 1904 men, with whom are included several women, who came as nurses and have remained, have formed an organization, known as the Society of the Incas. Every year on May 4, the anniversary of the American occupation of the zone, they hold a banquet. This year, on the thirteenth anniversary, they passed a resolution to offer themselves, as an organization or as individuals for whatever service the government should desire them, in the zone, in the United States, in France or elsewhere.



A Wise Move

is to change from coffee to

POSTUM

before the harm is done.

"There's a Reason"

STATE TREASURY MAY RUN EVEN

INDICATIONS ARE ALABAMA WILL LIVE WITHIN INCOME THIS YEAR.

AT THE STATE'S CAPITAL

Interesting News Budget of Happenings in Various Departments of State.

—Montgomery.

If Alabama's receipts and disbursements from June 1 to October 1 are no more than they were last year, the state treasury will run practically even for the fiscal year of 1916-17 instead of running behind more than $400,000. These facts are shown by figures obtained from the state auditor's department.

Total receipts from October 1 to June 1 were $6,668,250.02, while total disbursements were $5,955,508.63, leaving $672,741.39 in the treasury. Total receipts from October 1, 1915, to June 1, 1916, were $6,136,149. 80, while total disbursements were $5,968,612.36, leaving $167,537.44 in the treasury. It will be seen that total disbursements for the two periods were practically the same, while receipts for 1916-17 were greater by more than $500,000.

Less Fertilizer Is Being Used.

The State has awarded a contract for 4,000,000 fertilizer tags. The price of this commodity has made a tremendous advance. The same firm has received the contract three successive years. In 1915 the state paid 49 cents a thousand, in 1916 paid 59 cents, and this year will pay 73 1-2 cents. The rise is due to advance in paper and in copper wire. That the farmers are cutting down the use of fertilizers is indicated in the fact that six million tags were bought in 1915, five million were found more than enough in 1916 and four million have been contracted for this year.

Court Legalizes Tax Adjustments.

Numerous tax adjustments in Jefferson, Mobile and other counties made by the county boards of equalization after August of last year were made legal by the supreme court when it modified a previous opinion in the case of the county of Mobile vs. Joseph Espalla, Jr., by holding that work done by the boards after August 1 was legal but that members of the board could not collect their per diem for services after that date. In other words, the county boards of equalization may make adjustments throughout the year if called into special session by the state board of equalization but cannot collect per diem for any work done after August 1.

Insurance Case Settled.

The Supreme Court decided that there was no such thing as an incontestable policy of life insurance in the case of the Mutual Life Insurance Co., of New York, vs. P. E. Lovejoy, administratrix, appealed from the Montgomery County Circuit Court. The Supreme Court decided that an express agreement to pay the insurer money to the estate of the insured, in the event he committed suicide, while in his rght mind, would be offensive to law and good morals and against the public policy of the State.

Wallace Lovejoy had an insurance policy with this company for $2,500. He took his own life. The opinion of the court was delivered by Justice Gardner.

Girard Man Given Term in Pen.

C. C. Phelps, one of the men convicted of the possession and selling of prohibited liquors in Girard last summer at the time of the Girard raids, must serve a penitentiary sentence, according to the decision of the Court of Appeals issued. The court affirms the judgment of conviction on the grounds that Phelps had in his possession more than the amount of liquor permitted by law. In fact, one of the state witnesses, Burt, constable of Beat 10, stated that about ten dray loads of liquor were taken from Phelps' place. The sentence imposed by the trial judge was announced erroneous by the higher court for the reason that the law says a misdemeanor may not be punished by more than a year in prison. If the hard labor sentence exceeds this period it becomes a case for the penitentiary rather than the county jail.

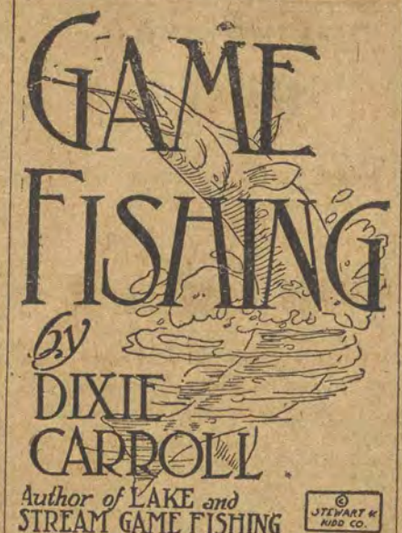
Judge Pelham Honored.

On the call of the Seventh Division by the Court of Appeals, resolutions were adopted on the death of Judge John Pelham, who resided in the district embraced in that division. Memorial addresses were made by former associates of the lamented jurist.

Attorney General Appeals.

Attorney General William L. Martin will ask the Supreme Court to reverse the Court of Appeals in the case of John T. Oaks, former Marshal of Girard, which held that Oaks could not be convicted of bribery for receiving from Girard liquor dealers who were violating the state prohibition laws because he was not an executive officer of the state, as alleged in the indictment. If the decision is not reversed indictments charging the same offense will be nol prossed.

GAME FISHING



by DIXIE CARROLL

Author of LAKE and STREAM GAME FISHING

© STEWART & KIDD CO.

WOBBLERS, WIGGLERS AND SICH.

My Dear Buck:

They are with us by the hundreds and even thousands, the various-shaped wooden plugs, painted in every color in the deck and then a few extra cubist daubs thrown in for luck. And here's the funny part, old chap, they all seem to get the fish, more or less, according to the expertness of the manipulator of the rod.

Although the majority of the artificial baits do not resemble any natural bait, that is, not that you could notice without first having read their pedigrees, through some inexplainable reason the fish strike them, and, as they generally have hooks galore, even the beginner has no difficulty in hooking his fish; fact is, many times the fish hooks itself. Of course you'll have to jot this down in your dream-book, "Hookin' 'em doesn't always mean landin' 'em."

What Makes 'Em Do It?

Probably when a highly cultured bass sees one of these gloriously decorated affairs splash in his home grounds he up and makes a dash at it in anger at the rough-neck intrusion of the queer-looking object, or perhaps strikes it in pure cussedness, egged on by the wonderful movements of the little demon in its wobble back home to the caster.

How they ever dug the big bunch out of the woodpile and got away with it is the eighth wonder of the world. More power to 'em. What would a fellow do if he couldn't browse around among a bunch of new ones and select a few to take along on each trip and try them out on the unsuspecting fish.

You Never Can Tell.

You never know what you can do with one of these dippy, diving, wobbling wonders 'till you try it and then all the advance dope and traditions of that particular bait may go to smash in one afternoon's fishing and new victories in an entirely different line of fishing be pegged up to its credit.

To illustrate this point, old man, at the opening of the season I took a flyer at bass. It had been cold and rainy, with high waters, and the bass were quiet and far-offish. My tackle box was decked out with a collection of lures guaranteed to make any bass nervous, jealous or fighting mad. The bass sure were off their feed, both in color and shape. Nothing seemed to coax them out of the wet. I snapped on a South Bend Bass-ereno bait, all white with a red head, and tried that as an enticer. Nothing doing with the bass, but I had as nice a piece of wall-eyed pike fishing as a fellow could find anywhere. Almost every cast brought a strike, and in the afternoon's casting this little old bass lure hooked 32 wall-eyed pike, all of which were thrown back in the drink except the larger ones and that left a stringer with the limit and none below two pounds, topped with a six and a half pounder. My fishing pal and guide had the same luck with a white Wilson Wobbler with red flutes, by which he swears like a pagan. They were sure off the bass but on the pike.

The Colors They Like.

As to color, the preference seems to be with white body and red head, followed by all red, all yellow, green back with white belly and rainbow, but what they take one day may be passed without a squint the next. However, with the above colors in your tackle outfit you probably can please them any day.

The luminous-painted plug, which, if exposed to daylight or artificial light, glows like the dampened head of a match, makes an excellent bait for after sundown or moonlight casting. The fact that these baits float when in the water and not in motion makes them an ideal lure for the beginner, especially when he puts in a session with a little old back lash. He knows his bait is floating instead of snagging, which was the habit of the "daddy" of this kind of plug, the old underwater sinker that found more snags and hook holds than a fellow thought could exist in well regulated fishing waters.

Lures That Make 'Em Strike.

For a selection of lively artificials, the Jamison Coaxer, which is a cross between a chunk of pork and a humming bird, makes a good one to start with; the Heddon's Baby Crab Wiggler gives all the moves of a crawfish going home to its mother and that sure is pie for the bass. The Wilson Fluted Wobbler, South Bend Bass-ereno and Rush Tango Minnow, all with white body and red heads, give you a bunch of dives, dips and crawls that is hard to beat.

With these baits in your tackle box, and any others that tickle your fancy, you ought to be able to slip one over on the unsuspecting fish, and at the same time have a lot of fun watching them do their dance in the water.

DIXIE.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of the Sunday School Course of the Moody Bible Institute.)

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR JUNE 10

JESUS CRUCIFIED.

LESSON TEXT—John 19:16-22, 25-30.
GOLDEN TEXT—Christ died for our sins.—I Cor. 15:3.

We are compelled to omit a consideration of that dark, despicable trial in Pilate's judgment hall. Pilate's weak-kneed subservience to custom and the cry of the politician is one of the blackest pages in history. His scourging of the man whom he, himself, declared innocent, is practically without parallel. After the mocking and the scourging, Pilate said unto the people, Behold the man" (v. 5), and later in sarcasm he said to the same people, "Behold your king" (v. 14). Teachers should emphasize at the beginning and all through this lesson that Jesus suffered and died for the sins of all men, ours as well as those of his own day.

I. The Crucifixion of Jesus (vv. 16-22). It was about nine o'clock in the morning when Pilate gave his infamous order that Jesus should be crucified. It was indeed a sorrowful procession which moved itself along the "Via Dolorosa" (the Sorrowful Way), consisting of the Roman soldiers, the tottering, physically exhausted man of Galilee, and, Luke adds, "sorrowing women." They took him to the place of a skull, a hill about sixty feet high, at the foot of which was the rock-hewn sepulcher in which his body was later laid. The place was called in Hebrew "Golgotha," the Aramaic for skull. Calvary is the Latin for the same. On either side of him were crucified the robbers, which was an evident effort to add to his shame as well as a salutary warning to the Passover pilgrims. Over the cross Pilate wrote a title on a wooden tablet. Following the usual custom, this was nailed at the head of Jesus, setting forth his crime. The words it bore were, "Jesus of Nazareth, King of the Jews," as though Pilate would take malicious revenge upon the mob which had made him perform a deed he had sought to avoid. Literally this sign meant "This man is the kingliest of all Jews, and see what they have done to him." In response to Pilate's questioning, Jesus said, "I am the King of the Jews." Pilate knew that he was innocent, and sought to let him go free, but, rather than incur the hatred of the Jewish authorities, he yielded to their demand for his blood, and became a party to the murder of the Son of God. Men today take a part in his crucifixion rather than surrender wholly to him, and pay the price of open confession. "They crucified him." How these words laid the pride of men in the dust. Human nature is the same today as it was two thousand years ago when the world's bitterest hate was wreaked not upon a bad man but upon the best man, the perfect man, the God-man. The pain Jesus suffered on Calvary was no imagination. He suffered it all for us (Isa. 53:6), but the physical suffering was not the most severe agony he bore (Ps. 69:20; Matt. 27:46). The crucifixion of Jesus was part of the eternal purposes of God's love and redemption.

II. The World's Darkest Hour (vv. 23-30). Each of the Gospel writers refers to the part the soldiers took in casting lots for his garments. They were unconsciously fulfilling the prophecy of Psalm 22:18, and it was from their number that one of the supreme testimonies to the character of Christ came (See Matt. 27:54). The first three evangelists tell us of the throng of pilgrims who passed along the highway from the north, close at hand, and who wagged their heads in imitation and mockery of the agony of the one who was being crucified. But there were others who were spectators of this event, a group of Christ lovers (v. 25).

"It is finished." These are remarkable words. He had finished his suffering; he had finished that for which he came into the world when he began his ministry; he had finished the mission for which his father had sent him into the world; he had finished and fulfilled the prophecies concerning his suffering and death; he had completed the work of the redemption; the atonement was finished, and Satan's power was finished; the Mosaic law was finished as far as its claims upon the believer were concerned (Rom. 10:4; Col. 2:13; Eph. 2:15 and 16). Outwardly it seemed to be Satan's supreme hour. It was the world's darkest hour.

The seven last words. These would be an interesting study for any class. (1) "Father forgive them for they know not what they do;" (2) "Today thou shalt be with me in Paradise."

(3) "Woman, behold thy son; (4) "My God, my God, why hast thou forsaken me?" (5) "I thirst;" (6) "It is finished;" (7) "Father into thy hands I commit my spirit." Christ had power to lay down his life. He had power to take it up again, but he laid it down, submitting to a burial in the tomb. At that moment note the effect upon the malefactor, upon the centurion, upon the elements of cloud and sky, upon the veil of the temple, upon the people and upon his friends. What is the effect of this story upon yourself, teachers, and upon those who are listening to your instruction?

DANGEROUS CALOMEL IS SELDOM SOLD NOW

Calomel Salivates! It Makes You Sick and You Lose a Day's Work—Dodson's Liver Tone Acts Better Than Calomel and Is Harmless for Men, Women, Children—Read Guarantee!

Every druggist here, yes! your druggist and everybody's druggist has noticed a great falling-off in the sale of calomel. They all give the same reason. Dodson's Liver Tone is taking its place.

"Calomel is dangerous and people know it while Dodson's Liver Tone is safe and gives better results," said a prominent local druggist. Dodson's Liver Tone is personally guaranteed by every druggist. A large family-sized bottle costs only 50 cents and if you find it doesn't take the place of dangerous, salivating calomel you have only to ask for your money back.

Dodson's Liver Tone is a pleasant-tasting, purely vegetable remedy, harmless to both children and adults. Take a spoonful at night and wake up feeling fine, no sick headache, biliousness, ague, sour stomach or clogged bowels. Dodson's Liver Tone doesn't gripe or cause inconvenience all next day like calomel.

Take a dose of calomel tonight and tomorrow you will feel sick, weak and nauseated. Don't lose a day's work!

Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up with your head clear, your liver active, bowels clean, breath sweet and stomach regulated. You will feel cheerful and full of vigor and ready for a hard day's work.

You can eat anything afterwards without risk of salivating yourself or your children.

Get a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone and try it on my guarantee. You'll never again put a dose of nasty, dangerous calomel into your stomach. Adv.

Industry.

She was young, wholesome, handsome, modestly well-dressed and the young men looked up attentively when she came in the car door.

She went to a seat promptly. Few such girls ever get a chance to stand, you know.

And then she drew a sock from her handbag and began to make the knitting needles click and fly.

For some soldier? Possibly. To attract attention? No. For three miles she never lifted her eyes. Just old-fashioned industry. But how rare!—Detroit Free Press.

Dangers of Watered Coffee

Watered stock, watered milk, and watered coffee—the United States Government is carrying on a crusade to eliminate all three.

Everyone knows about watered stock. Everyone has seen "blue milk," the combined efforts of a cow and the old pump. But not everyone is on his guard against "watered coffee."

That the United States Government realizes the danger of watered coffee is shown by the specifications for the United States Army supplies. These specifications say plainly:

"Coffee: roasts must be 'dry' roasts, no water being permitted before, during or after the process of roasting."

Water in coffee is a piece of dishonesty practiced by unscrupulous coffee roasters. They turn the hose on the coffee while it is being roasted, so that it won't lose weight, as coffee will, when properly roasted. In roasting, coffee should lose about 16% of its weight. If it is watered it loses but 4%. The difference, of course, is water, for which you pay coffee value.

This is adulteration and nothing more. The water-logged coffee is rank and unhealthy. Of course, it is not honest to charge for coffee, and sell coffee beans soaked in water.

A lot of watered coffee is being sold no doubt right in this town. It is more often met with in the lower priced grades of bulk coffee.

As coffee is such an important beverage, pure food authorities are advising housewives to use the greatest care in selecting their coffee. The pure food experts say that the best way to avoid watered coffee is to buy some reliable packaged brand, roasted by a reputable coffee roaster as Arbuckle Brothers of New York.—Adv.

Vanishing Attitude.

"Do your constituents indorse your attitude?"

"I don't know yet," replied Senator Sorghum. "Attitudes are not as easy as they used to be. I can remember the time when all I needed in the way of an attitude was an Ajax-defying-the-lightning pose while I mentioned George Washington and the American eagle."

HEAL ITCHING SKINS

With Cuticura Soap and Ointment—They Heal When Others Fail.

Nothing better, quicker, safer, sweeter for skin troubles of young and old that itch, burn, crust, scale, torture or disfigure. Once used always used because these super-creamy emollients tend to prevent little skin troubles becoming serious, if used daily.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Feminine Candor.

Husband—That skirt would shock a modiste!

Wife—It is a bit long.

DON'T GAMBLE

that your heart's all right. Make sure. Take "Renovine"—a heart and nerve tonic. Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

United States has 3,000,000 acres of land in state forests in 13 states.

Protective Coloring.

"You better not wash your face too clean, Johnny; remember, you got a black eye.—Life.

THIS IS THE AGE OF YOUTH.

You will look ten years younger if you darken your ugly, grizzly, gray hairs by using "La Creole" Hair Dressing.—Adv.

Telegraphing With the Voice.

A telegraph "sender" has been experimentally perfected which the operator works with his voice instead of his fingers. In place of raising and depressing his sending key he sends his dots and dashes by modulating his voice to produce long and short intervals. The principle of the sender is the same as that of the ordinary type. In the usual senders the raising and depressing of the key opens and closes the circuit to produce the dot and dash. In the new type a delicate diaphragm is so arranged that the vibrations in the air set up by the voice open and close the circuit as in a telephone and produce the same results.

KIDNEY REMEDY HIGHLY RECOMMENDED

There is no medicine which we handle that gives such good results as your Swamp-Root. Many of our customers have informed us at different times that they have derived great benefit from its use.

There was one case in particular which attracted a great deal of attention in this neighborhood early last Spring, as the gentleman's life was despaired of and two doctors treating him for liver and kidney trouble were unable to give him any relief. Finally a specialist from St. Louis was called in but failed to do him any good. I at last induced him to try your Swamp-Root and after taking it for three months, he was attending to his business as usual and is now entirely well. This case has been the means of creating an increased demand for your Swamp-Root with us.

Very truly yours,
L. A. RICHARDSON, Druggist.
May 27, 1916. Marine, Illinois.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

His Method.

"No mining stock?"

"Nope."

"No oil stock?"

"You ought to invest, my friend. There's lots of wealth comes out of the ground."

"I know that," said the farmer, "but I'll stick to the old plan of looking for a harvest where I've done some planting."

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

About the Thing.

"What does a press censor do, pop?"

"Oh, he just incenses everybody."—Baltimore American.

NO MALARIA—NO CHILLS.

"Plantation" Chill Tonic is guaranteed to drive away Chills and Fever or your money refunded. Price 50c.—Adv.

It Does.

"Three moves are as bad as a fire."

"And one visit of the paperhangers beats a cyclone.

When you have decided that the Worms or Tapeworm which live in your system must be exterminated, get "Dead Shot"—Dr. Peery's Vermifuge, and you will find that one dose will expel them. Adv.

Nothing pleases a little man more than an opportunity to act big.

He Was Far-Sighted.

An ambitious colored man had quit his job and was being granted a new one with another concern, when his employer asked him if he could be ready to commence work in two weeks. He replied: "I fear dat would be difficult for me to be ready in two weeks, but I could be ready in one week shore."

"How's that?" asked his employer.

"Well, in one week I can finish de garden work," was his answer, "but if I is home the one week more de missus would be 'rushin' me into de middle of house-cleanin'."—The Christian Herald.

LIFT YOUR CORNS OFF WITH FINGERS

How to loosen a tender corn or callus so it lifts out without pain.

Let folks step on your feet hereafter; wear shoes a size smaller if you like, for corns will never again send electric sparks of pain through you, according to this Cincinnati authority.

He says that a few drops of a drug called freezone, applied directly upon a tender, aching corn, instantly relieves soreness, and soon the entire corn, root and all, lifts right out.

This drug dries at once and simply shrivels up the corn or callus without even irritating the surrounding skin.

A small bottle of freezone obtained at any drug store will cost very little but will positively remove every hard or soft corn or callus from one's feet.

If your druggist hasn't stocked this new drug yet, tell him to get a small bottle of freezone for you from his wholesale drug house.—adv.

Explained.

"Father, will you kindly enlighten me as to the meaning of the expression 'financial flurry?'" asked the boy who had had a highbrow streak in his makeup.

"Certainly, son," answered his sire, "a financial flurry is the condition your mother is in when there is a bill collector at the door and she can't find her purse."

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription othine — double strength — is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

Pa Knew.

"Pa, what is a silent partner?"

"Most any married man, son, when his wife's around," moaned pop.

Spartan Women Suffered Untold Tortures but who wants to be a Spartan? Take "Femenina" for all female disorders. Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

The head porter of a New York hotel recently died, leaving an estate of $100,000.

Constipation generally indicates disordered stomach, liver and bowels. Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills restores regularity without griping. Adv.

Too much gravity argues a shallow mind.—Lavater.

Sore Eyes Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Druggists or by mail 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye FREE ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

MORE GOODS for LESS MONEY

We have a complete line of Slippers, Shirts, Felt and Straw Hats, Ties and Collars, Hosiery and Underwear, Kool Krash Suits, in both plain and pinch back, and Ladies Dress Goods.

We have an unusually nice stock of goods for you to make your selection from. You will benefit yourself by looking at our goods before buying elsewhere.

We want your trade and we are going to have it if the lowest possible Prices, High Grade Goods and a firm determination to please and satisfy you can get it. We invite you to give us a call.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back."

CLANTON, ALA.

MATERNITY

A great many young women about to become mothers worry over the fear that the great strain and physical suffering may impair their good looks. But thousands of women who have borne several children tell of the preparation known as "Mother's Friend" which has proven itself a boon in just such cases.

"Mother's Friend" is a preparation of special oils and other ingredients especially prepared for expectant mothers. It is a prescription of a famous physician.

"Mother's Friend" helps nature and makes it easy for the muscles and ligaments of the abdomen to expand. Much of the pain and discomfort is relieved.

All druggists supply "Mother's Friend." Apply it yourself, night and morning. Many women say it is worth its weight in gold.

Just the information every mother should possess is contained in a special book, prepared by the Bradfield Regulator Company, Dept. M, 554 Atlanta, Ga. Write for the book; it is free to users.

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Municipal Court of the 3rd Division of Birmingham, Jefferson County, Ala., and to me directed whereby, I, as Sheriff of said county, was commanded to make the sum of forty-one and 25-100 dollars, principal and interest, and seven and 55-100 dollars cost of suit the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the January term, 1917, of said court of said county, Alabama, in favor of Mrs. W. E. Burns, against A. M. Williams, I, have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the court house door of Chilton County, between the hours of 11 o'clock, a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., **On Mondey, the 18 day of June, 1917** all the right, title and interest of the above named A. M. Williamson in and to the following described real estate, viz:

An undivided interest in and to the west half of the northwest quarter, Section 24, Township 24, Range 14, and northeast quarter of the southeast quarter, Section 14, Township 24, Range 14. all in Chilton County, Alabama. (W½ of NW¼, Sec. 24, T.P. 24, Range 15; NE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 14, T.P| 24, Range 14.)

This, the 10 day of May, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at courthouse door, May 10, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

TAX NOTICE

Notice is hereby given, as required by law, that the County Board of Equilization of Chilton County, Alabama, has returned its report, and that the same is now open to inspection, in the office of the Tax Assessor of Chilton County, Alabama. And that the said board will convene at the courthouse, in Chilton County, Alabama, on the Third Monday in June, 1917, to correct any errors in the assessments or valuations.

This, May 15th, 1917.

J. N. DENNIS,
Tax Assessor, Chilton County, Ala.

CLANTON BOYS WIN BY 5 TO 7, OVER AMERICAN GIRLS TEAM

Clanton people had the pleasure of witnessing their first baseball game of this season Monday evening on the County High School graunds. The game was played between the American Athletic Girls Base Ball Club and the local boys, which was intensely exciting from start to finish. "Sucker" Wilson pitched the first two innings for the boys, and the box was then occupied by "Pal" Pyron who did excellent pitching during the remaining seven innings. The final score resulted in 7 to 5 in favor of the home team.

This marks the first game for the Clanton Base Ball Team this season, and they have made a splendid start, by winning over one of the strongest amateur teams of the country.

Mr. James Baker of Route 5 was in town last Thursday and renewed his subscription. Mr. Baker told the editor that he had just sold a lot of home-raised meat at 25 cents per pound. It sounds good to hear such reports from our farmers. It is much better for them to have it to sell at 25 cents than to have it to buy a all. Many could profit by taking Mr. Baker as an example.

Will Keep You Well



When you get a terrific sick headache, become constipated or have any stomach or liver trouble, a dose or two of

Granger Liver Regulator

will put you in good shape. It is a purely vegetable preparation, non-alcoholic and acts pleasantly and effectively.

Concord, N. H., Jan. 17, 1917

I was sick six months last year and the Doctor told me to go to Florida. I got some Granger Liver Regulator in Florida and it did me good. I brought four boxes home with me and now I am feeling a great deal better.

(Signed) R. J. Rowland

Sold by all druggists---25c a box

Granger Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Quality and Service

Is My Motto.

The reason my line of Groceries leads is because they are the Best.

That's perfectly natural, aint it?
Well, come on over here an' buy 'em from me.

J. W Littlejohn.

CLANTON, ALA.

CLANTON LOCALS

J. P. Gentry of Jemison was in Clanton on Monday.

R. K. Johnson, the watermelon man of Verbena was in Clanton on Monday.

Mr. W. W. Robinson of Beat 16 was in town Monday.

FOR SALE

One Gasoline Engine, one steel frame and tank, all in good condition, for sale by Chilton County. If interested apply to L. H. REYNOLDS, Judge of Probate.

Mr. and Mrs. Eric Hart are the proud parents of a fine baby girl.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Robinson of Providence, Beat 16, were visitors to Clanton Monday.

WANTED—Collector and Salesman. Salary and Commission to right man. Experinece unnecessary. Place now open in Chilton County.

Singer Sewing Machine Co.,
J. B. Colley, Mgr.,
Montgomery, Ala.

If you have the itch, don't scratch. It doesn't cure the trouble and makes the skin bleed. Apply BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. Rub it in gently on the affected parts. It relieves itching instantly and a few applications removes the cause, thus performing a permanent cure. Price 25c, 50c and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Mr. R. B. Carr, who has just finished a course in law at the University is in Clanton visiting the family of Rev. Thomas G. Jones. Mr. Carr is the brother of Mrs. Jones.

A. E. Wilkins of Billingsley was in to see us Tuesday and renewed his subscription.

R. K. Johnson of Birmingham was in Clanton Monday.

T. J. Rocket of Cooper was in town Monday on business.

R. J. Downs of Route 2 was in town Tuesday.

H. B. Oliver of Verbena was up to Clanton Monday to witness the ball game.

OAK HILL

Miss Golda Williams has returned from Birmingham and Bessemer.

Miss Essie Parker spent Friday night with Misses Gertrude and Ara Durbin.

Mrs. J. B. Williams and little son, J.B., Jr., of Bessemer are visiting parents this week.

Misses Golda Williams and Gertrude Durbin spent Sunday with Miss Ola Mae Rodgers.

I wish to thank the people of Jacksons Chapel for the kindness shown us during the Fourth Sunday.

Mrs. L. Glass of Jemison visited her mother last week. We are glad to see her up again.

Miss Essie Parker gave a singing Saturday night with a large crowd present.

Our teacher for the winter is Prof. Roper. We are glad to have Prof. Roper with us again.

Mrs. L. K. Durbin and daughter, Mrs. John Houston Rodgers, spent Friday night with Mrs. J. Parker.

Mrs. Ottis Roper went to see her dapghter, Mrs. Lawlinson at Lomax Saturday night.

We hope Mr. Freeman Glass will soon recover from a serious spell with his head.

Mrs. Otis Rodgers, Vernon Northcutt, Howard and Johnnie Burnett are leaving the 15th for Indiana.

Misses Ara Durbin and Martha Howard spent Sunday with Mrs. Lillie Adaline Rodgers.

We had Sunday School in the morning and singing in the evening here the first Sunday.

The rain Monday night helped corn and cotton very much.

We want you to remember that on the Second Sunday we are expecting all the singers to come and be with us on our childrens day.

ESSIE PARKER.

The First and the Last

THE FIRST STORE COMING IN TOWN FROM THE WEST AND THE LAST STORE GOING OUT WEST, I SELL CHEAP FOR CASH. I HANDLE MEAT, LARD, FLOWER, SUGAR, COFFEE, TOBACCO, AND SNUFF, ALSO MIXED FEED—IN FACT NEARLY EVERYTHING TO BE FOUND IN A GROCERY STORE I ALSO PAY THE MARKET PRICE FOR CHICKENS, EGGS, BUTTER, BEAS WAX, HIDES, TALLOW, AND BRIGHT RIBBON CANE SYRUP. WHILE IN TOWN CALL ON ME AND GET ACQUAINTED WITH MY LINE... I GUARANTEE A FAIR AND SQUARE DEAL TO ALL.

W. A. Huckabee

GIRLS CLUB WORK

The County Short Course for the Club Members will be held June 26-28, at the County High School.

The citizens of Clanton will entertain three girls from each of the twenty-three canning clube the three days.

During the day the course will consist of lectures and demonstrations on gardening, canning, cooking, etc. At nights there will be some social entertainments for their pleasure.

On Wednesday, June 27, every canning and poultry club member in the county is invited and expected to be present. Those present will be divided into groups and canning of fruits and vegetables will be done by agents.

We hope every member will come and avail themselves of this opportunity, that they may go back to their communities and help every housewife bring her canned products up to the standard, so that all surplus products may be put on the market. This is the patriotic duty we owe our county—help to feed our soldiers. On the 27th lunch will be served to all the club members.

Our assistant State Agent and Poultry Specialist, Miss Feminear, will be with us on the three days, also several county agents.

A regular morning operation of the bowels puts you in fine shape for the day's work. If you miss it you feel uncomfortable and cannot put vim into your movements. For all bowel irregularities, HERBINE is the remedy. It purifies, strengthens and regulates. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Ed Popwell of Fairview was in Clanton last Thursday on business.

The New Road Laws of Chilton County, as enacted by the Commissioners Court on June 1st, are being printed in book form by the Union-Banner, and will in a short while be ready for distribution at the Probates office. Anyone desiring a copy can obtain one upon application.

HANDS, ARMS, LIMBS ASLEEP

And Was Run-Down, Weak and Nervous, Says Florida Lady. Five Bottles of Cardui Made Her Well.

Kathleen, Fla.—Mrs. Dallas Prine, of this place, says: "After the birth of my last child...I got very much run-down and weakened, so much that I could hardly do anything at all. I was so awfully nervous that I could scarcely endure the least noise. My condition was getting worse all the time...

I knew I must have some relief or I would soon be in the bed and in a serious condition for I felt so badly and was so nervous and weak I could hardly live. My husband asked Dr. ———about my taking Cardui. He said, 'It's a good medicine, and good for that trouble', so he got me 5 bottles...After about the second bottle I felt greatly improved...before taking it my limbs and hands and arms would go to sleep. After taking it, however, this poor circulation disappeared. My strength came back to me and I was soon on the road to health. After the use of about 5 bottles, I could do all my house-work and attend to my six children besides."

You can feel safe in giving Cardui a thorough trial for your troubles. It contains no harmful or habit-forming drugs, but is composed of mild, vegetable, medicinal ingredients with no bad after-effects. Thousands of women have voluntarily written, telling of the good Cardui has done them. It should help you, too. Try it. E 74

THORSBY ITEMS

Mr. Arthur Villadsn spent a few days last week with his parents in Thorsby.

The Ladies Guild met with Mrs. T. O. Swan last Friday. There was a large attendance.

Mr. Kinsler Farrell of the first Alabama Hospital corps came up from the camp in Montgomery Saturday afternoon and remained until Sunday afternoon. He reported that the other boys who joined with him from here are well and enjoying the army life.

Mrs. Martha Hunter, who remained in Thorsby after the Institute closed left Tuesday morning to visit relatives in Arkansas and Idaho.

Considerable preparation was made for an adequate observation of registration day. The town was cleaned up and the business houses were decorated. A splendid program was carried out, which consisted of band music, speeches, parade and other interesting things.

Rev. E. W. Butler prached at Pilgrim Congregational Church near Calera Sunday.

The Camp Fire Girls accompanied by Mrs. McLean, went out for a hike Saturday afternoon.

Miss Ruth Gerald is spending a week with her brother in Clanton, attorney L. F. Gerald.

The Christian Endeavor Society of the Congregational church departed from its regular way of meeting Saturday night by going to the home of Mr. Butler for their evening meeting. The members of the Lutheran League accompanied them. A very pleasant and valuable meeting was held.

Prof. Williams and family have returned home after an absence of several days in Clay County and in Birmingham.

Misses Mabel and Harriet Swan entertained for a few friends on Friday evening of last week. Those present were: Misses Abernathy, Winslow, Graham, Gerald, and Soberg and Messrs Graham, Kicklighter, Carlson and Morgan. A very enjoyable time was reported by those present.

Mrs. H. M. Gerald entertained at her home Saturday evening a few of the lady teachers of the Institute who have not yet left Thorsby.

Mrs. Martha Hunter, accompanied by a few young people, went out to the Poor Farm on Sunday and conducted a brief service in song and prayer.



You'll always get good paint where you see this sign

It is the emblem of the best paint store—where dependable paints and varnishes are sold.

It is also the emblem of quality in other merchandise, for Lowe Brothers paints are sold only in quality stores.

There's just one place you'll find the sign in this community—that's our store.

Bring your painter in and let's talk over your painting.

CLANTON HDWE.

COMPANY

CLANTON, ALA

A letter from Mr. J. C. Brown cently brings us the news that he has arrived in Dallas, Texas, and finds the situation very pleasant. He takes up a position with the National American Insurance Co.

I Want to Buy

Fresh Pork, and Beef Cattle

WHEN YOU HAVE ANY TO SELL, BRING THEM TO MY MARKET AND GET THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES.

I ALSO BUY HIDES, BUTTER, EGGS, AND OTHER PRODUCE.

MY PLACE IS NEXT TO THE PEOPLES BANK.

I HAVE A FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT NEXT TO MY MARKET, AND INVITE YOU TO CALL ON ME FOR MEALS.

G. W. MARCUS

Clanton, Ala.

Everybody - NOTICE - Important

I have just received a large assortment of Shoes of all kinds, including Men's and Ladies' Low Cuts and Tennis Slippers which were bought last year before the Prices were so high. I have a full line of Dry Goods, too numerous to mention. In fact I have a full line of Everything which must be sold at once in order to raise Cash. I buy Cattle.

L. H. REYNOLDS

CLANTON, ALA.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., JUNE 14, 1917. NUMBER 11

H. W. Davis, 3-1-18.

LIBERTY BONDS ARE THE SAFEST

Money Paid Out Is Returned to You in Full at End of Stated Period

Greatest and Safest Of All Investments; Be a Shrewd Money Maker

Did you ever own a bond?

It is the greatest and safest of all investments. The shrewdest money makers are bond buyers. The most careful investors are bond buyers.

When you buy stock, the money you pay for it is gone forever. What you buy is only a right to share in dividends, providing there should be any.

But a bond is different. The money you pay for a bond is returned to you in full at the end of a stated period. You know by reading the bond itself on precisely what date you will get back your principal. Then, instead of wondering whether you will get interest or dividends on your money, you also know by reading your bond exactly what rate of interest you will be paid and on what dates the payments will be made to you.

Insurance companies, colleges, trust funds and conservative individual investors buy bonds because they are the safest kind of investment. Bonds issued by the United States government are the most valuable of all bonds. Our government never fails to pay: usually its bonds sell above par because they are always "as good as gold." The man or woman who holds United States bonds is free from worry: the money they cost will come back in full, and every cent of interest will be paid on the appointed days.

Liberty bonds, issued by the United States government in order to win the war and re-establish peace on earth, will soon be ready for sale. You can subscribe now. These bonds are in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000, $10,000, $50,000 and $100,000. You can buy one or several. Interest is at 3½ per cent, payable June 15 and Dec. 15 every year. If at a later date the government should issue bonds at 4, 4½, 5 or any other higher per cent of interest, you can at once exchange your 3½ per cent bonds for those of the highest rate. Thus you are protected as to the future. Furthermore, these Liberty bonds are tax free; hence your income from them is net, not subject to any deduction by the city, county, state or nation.

Every man, woman or child who buys a Liberty bond will be given a button to wear. That button will indicate two things:

1.—That its wearer believes in the investment value of government bonds;

2.—That the wearer has done something to help the United States win the war. That button will be a badge of honor in all the days to come.

Why not buy at least one Liberty bond for every member of your family? Decide now. Subscriptions close June 15 at the latest, but the government reserves the right to close earlier if it prefers.

IN MEMORY OF MRS. R.M. BUTLER, DECEASED

In his unerring wisdom the Great God of Heaven and earth touched and stilled the life of Sister R. M. Butler. Planted like a tender branch, as it were, by the water's edge fifty-seven years ago, it budded into unselfishness. It grew and blessed the world in many ways, a true woman, mother, neighbor and Christian.

Sister Butler was a long-time sufferer but patient all the way. Everything having been done by her kind husband and good children during her many years of suffering, could not restore the body. But she ever found comfort in the thought that when this earthly tabernacle should dissolve, we have a house not made with hands, but eternal and in the heaven; and like some weary child would with a toy it was tired of playing with, the sweet spirit of Sister Butler laid aside the old body so wrecked with pain, and took its flight to that home eternal, and on Friday morning, June 1st at 7 o'clock God transplanted it in the beautiful home of the soul.

Sister Butler was a true mother who blessed the world with three well trained children, one son and two daughters, who are now grown, and like their mother did have shouldered the great responsibility of life and are good neighbors and friends. May God bless them as they are bereaved in the loss of their best friend. Our loss is heaven's gain.

Sister Butler was a faithful Christian, a member of the Baptist Church. Bro. J. T. Nelson preached her funeral, and on Sunday evening June 3 her body was tenderly deposited in the sacred city at New Salem Baptist Church.

A neighbor,
A. R. ALDRIDGE.

SUPERINTENDENT FEAGIN'S WEEKLY NEWSLETTER NO. 72

Results of the April Examination.

There were 3,567 applicants who wrote the examination for teachers, certificates in April; of this number 1,620 were successful. In addition to the 1,620 certificates issued on the basis of college and normal school graduation, 132 expiring certificates were extended for a period of one year, and thirteen certificates from other states were validated for use in the public schools of Alabama.

Certificates issued in this examination are classified as follows: Life grade, 45; first grade, 340; second grade, 496; third grade, 1002. Following the examination held in April, 1916, certificates were issued as follows: Life grade, 57; first grade 48; second grade 573; third grade, 1,029.

It will be seen from the above figures that 47 per cent. of the applicants for certificates on the basis of the April examination were successful as compared to 31 per cent. in December, 1916. This difference is no doubt accredited for by the fact that numerous offers of rural school positions at exceedingly low salaries induced poorly prepared teachers to stand the examination in December.

The encouraging feature of the examination is the rapid increase in the number of college and normal school graduates who are being added to the teaching force, and the number of experienced teachers who are pursuing courses for the extension of expiring certificates.

New Rules of State Examiners. Reading Circle Certificates.

In order to receive credit for a reading circle certificate at any time subsequent to the July 1917 examination, the certificates must have been secured during the five years prior to the examination at which credit is sought. Those who hold four certificates or a reading circle diploma. will do well to continue the reading circle work, if they expect full credit in the future.

Life Requirements.

Following the July examination all applicants for life certificates will be required to write the examination on the subject of "History of Education." Reading Circle certificates will exempt from the examination only in the other two subjects required.

Unfairness in Examination.

In the April examination, 61 applicants were rejected because their papers gave conclusive evidence of the use of unfair means. In keeping with resolutions of the County Boards of education adopted at their last anual meeting, the names and addresses of such applicants will be sent to each county superintendent and to the chairman of each county board. Those who desire to command the respect and confidence of the county officials should guard against the probability of being implicated in any form of cheating on examinations.

SUMMARY OF GRIEVANCES OF U. S. AND NECESSITY OF WAR

Indictment of German policy by G. E. Foss, of Illinois, a distinguished member of Congress (debate in House of Representatives, April 6, 1917):

"As a reward for our neutrality what have we received at the hands of William II?

"He has set the torch of incendiary to our factories, our workshops, our ships, and our wharves.

"He has laid the bomb of assassin in our munition plants and holds our ships.

"He sought to corrupt our manhood with a selfish dream of peace when there is no peace.

He has willfully butchered our citizens on the high seas.

"He has destroyed our commerce.

"He seeks to terrorize us with his devilish policy of frithfulness.

"He has violated every canon of international decency and has set at naught every solemn treaty and every precept of international law.

"He has plunged the world into the maddest orgy of blood, rapine, and murder which history records.

"He has intrigued against our peace at home and abroad.

"He seeks to destroy our civilization. Patience is no longer a virtue, further endurance is cowardice, submission to Prussian demands is pure slavery."

MT. PLEASANT

There will be a Childrens Day at this place, five miles east of Jemison, the third Sunday in June.

The S. S. Convention will be held in the afternoon. Everybody is invited to come

E. ROBINSON.

CARD OF THANKS

We, the family of the deceased W. E. Vinzant, wish to thank our many friends and neighbors for their kind hospitality which they showed us during the sickness and death of our loving father, who passed away on the 4 day of June at 7:55 o'clock. May the Lord bless our friends for their kindness.

Mrs. M. J. Vinzant and Family.

GENERAL PERSHING AND STAFF ARE GUESTS OF GOVERNMENT

Dinner is Given at Lancaster House Menu Was of Strict War-Time Plainness.

London, June 12.—Major General John J. Pershing and 18 members of his staff were the guests of the British government at a formal dinner tonight in Lancaster House, which is a government building devoted solely to purposes of state entertainment of distinguished visitors and was last utilized for the dinner of the imperial conference a month or more ago. There were 30 other diners, including eight members of the cabinet.

The prime minister, David Lloyd George, sat at the first of six round tables in the sumptuous dining hall, looking out across the green lawn of St. James' park at Buchingham palace opposite. At the prime minister's right sat the American ambassador, Walter H. Page, and at his left General Pershing. At the same table were Sir Edward Carson, first lord of the admiralty; Lord Robert Cecil, minister of blocade; Lord Hardinge, under secretary of the foreign office, and Colonels Anderson and Bethel of General Pershing's Staff.

The other tables were presided over by Lord Curson, lord president of the council; Viscount Milner, member of the War Cabinet; the Rt. Hon. George M. Barnes, pensions minister; the Earl of Denby, secretary of War, and Sir Alfred Mond. Sir Alfred, whose officer of commission-of works makes him official host at government functions, received the guests, of whom, Mr. Lloyd George was last to arrive. Vice Admiral William S. Sims, U. S. N., sat at Sir Alfred's right.

The dinner was not an elaborate menu, conforming strictly to the prescribedwar rations. There were no speeches. After the dinner groups of guests strolled through the upper floors of the great mansion, where are deposited remarkable collections of relics of old-time London.

Arthur J. Balfour, secretary for foreign affairs, was unable to be present at the dinner. Eearly in the evening before Major General Pershing left his hotel ex-Premier Asquith, he called on him. General Pershing came down stairs and greeted Mr. Asquith in the lobby, where they engaged in a five-minute conversation surrounded by an interested group.

OAK HILL HAPPENINGS

We wish to thank the people of this community and others that attended our Childrens Day last Sunday, for their good behavior. Everything was a grand success and we had a large audience. Everybody seemed to enjoy it.

The exercises were opened with a welcome song by the school. Next a welcome address by Eva Atkinson, and just before noon Rev. C. F. Stephenson made a fine talk.

We had preaching at this place Sunday night.

Mr. Bob Williams of Bessemer visited relatives here Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Will Martin and sister, of Maplesville were here Sunday.

Mrs. J. B. Williams is still with her father, but will leave for Bessemer Thursday evening.

Mr. Vester Rodgers came to see relatives Sunday.

We are glad to say that most of the farmers are up with their work.

Misses Gelda Williams, Ola Rodgers, Florence and Pearl Collum, Gertrude and Ara Durbyn, Esther, Estell and Ena Atchinson and Mr. Grady Headley, Ernest Atkinson, Percy Scott and Vernan Northcutt went to Mr. Wash Gable's to a cream supper this week.

Misses Essie Parker and Martha Howard visited Lomax Monday and Tuesday.

We are sorry to hear of the illenss of Mr. J. B. Northcutt. Hope he will be well soon.

Miss Gertrude Durbyn went to Jemison with her sister, Mrs. J. B. Williams Thursday.

GOVERNMENT HELPS POULTRY INDUSTRY IN 3 DIXIE STATES

Government Egg and Poultry Packing Demonstration Car to Tour Three Southern States Soon.

Washington, D. C.—To assist poultry raisers and shippers in the three Southern States to increase production and lessen spoilage of eggs and dressed poultry, the U. S. Department of Agriculture is sending its egg and dressed-poultry demonstration car on tour in Tennessee, Alabama and Kentucky. The car also will touch the border points in Mississippi and one in Virginia. In the course of the present tour, the car will visit thirty-nine of the more important egg and poultry shipping points on the Southern Railway system.

Four of Uncle Sam's egg-handling and poultry experts will accompany the car. The State Experiment Station in each state will send with the car a poultry raising specialist to help back-yard and farm raisers on chickens increase production of eggs and flesh and to use the most effective and economical methods of feeding, housing and protecting fowls from pests and disease.

The car will open its southern tour at Germantown, Tenn., on June 14, and, spending one day in demonstrations at each stop, will complete its pdesent schedule at Williamstown, Ky., on July 30.

IN MEMORY OF OUR LOST

We are sad to say that we have lost our friend, neighbor, wife and mother.

But we must say that on May 23rd at 8:30, p.m. this one whom we all loved had a call from on high, and left us to go on her mission into the land of peace and rest.

This one was Mrs. Tommie Grooms, wife of Mr. J. H. Grooms. Mrs. Grooms was near her 47th birthday when she died. She was a devoted wife and mother. She cared for six step children besides six of her own, who with her husband are left to mourn her departure.

Mrs. Grooms was a member of Mulberry Baptist Church at the time of her death. She was a devoted church member, and an example for all of us to follow if we desire to live a Christian life.

It was not my privilege to know Mrs. Grooms more than three and a half years, But to know her was to love her. In the short time I have known her I have lived near her or a door neighbor to her most of the time, and had the opportunity of seeing her often, and Mrs. Grooms seemed to feel that all was well with her soul all during her illness.

And during her month of illness and suffering she was always kind and gentle to everyone. She was always glad to see anyone who entered her room and all wished and longed to see her recover and have her health again, but the physicians failed to give her any relief and nothing seemed to do any good or give her any strength. At last in this sad hour in May, God saw fit to send his comforting physician and carry her away to a land where there is no sickness and sorrow and all pain is vanished.

But in this death we believe there is one assurance, and that is, if we will only live as God would have us live we shall some day clasp glad hands with Mrs. Grooms again, where there will be no sad parting and no tears shed.

While this was our loss and grief, it was a gain and a rejoicing with the angels in Heaven.

As I stood by the death bed of Mrs. Grooms and saw her draw her last breath it seemed that I could almost see smiles on her dying lips as she crossed over the river into that beautiful home that was awaiting her and the welcome greetings of her four little children who were awaiting her arrival.

Her remains were laid to rest in the Isabella Cemetery Thursday, May 24th at 3:30 in the afternoon, Rev. Carnell conducting the funeral services.

One among the many who loved Mrs. Grooms,

EULA LECROY.

How to Buy $50 Liberty Loan Bond of U. S. in Installments

Here is how to buy a $50 Liberty bond in installments, as prescribed by the government.

One dollar deposit is required when the official application blank is signed and filed with the Federal Reserve bank or other authorized agency.

June 15 the government will give notification whether the bond has been allotted. If not, the deposit will be returned.

June 28 pay $9 through the agency where the application was filed.

July 30 pay $10. August 15 pay $15. August 30 pay $15.

When the second payment is made an official certificate will be given. When all payments have been made the bond will be delivered.

The $50 bonds have coupons which call for the payment of $1.75 interest yearly, half on June 15 and the rest Dec. 15. They run for 30 years, though they may be redeemed after 15 years.

RECRUITING IN ALABAMA FALLEN BELOW AVERAGE

Advices just received from Washington show the state of recruiting in Alabama. An attempt to fill up the war quota of this state has fallen far below average. Unless this quota is filled up before June 30th, valuable time will be lost for training and the government will meet with serious trouble in its attempt to meet the present emergency.

Based on the population of the state, the following are the figures:

Quota for the State of Alabama to be obtained from April 1 to June 30, 1917, 4276.

The number obtained from April 1 to June 8, 1198.

The number still due, 3078.

Daily average of accepted applicants needed to complete quota on June 7th, 147.

The average number of men being sent from the state of Alabma does not daily exceed 16. The daily figures have been running all the way from 8 to 32. On the morning of June 9th there were four applicants from the whole state of Alabama in sight to be sent away to the Depot Training Station.

This is an alarming state of affairs has increased the salary of all enlistfident that when the state of Alabama realize the state of circumstances as exists in their own state, that corrective measures will be taken. The difficulty lies in a lack of information and an apathy regarding the situation. It is the intention to continue publishig the daily honor roll of men wha have voluntarily enlisted.

One of the recent acts of congress has increased thes alary of all enlisted men in the regular army of the United States proportionately according to their grade. Starting with the private, who formerly received $15 per month over and above all expenses, a private now receives $30 per month over and above all expenses and the higher grades of enlisted men receive a relative proportionate increase.

Nearly 100,000 men are immediately needed. The figures given above are those which the government is looking to Alabama to furnish. All patriotic societies in the state, all civil, municipal and state officers and all red blooded American citizens living in the state of Alabama are hereby called upon to assist the government in this its hour of need to obtain fighting men for the protection of the nation.

Captain H. J. McKinney, the regular army recruiting officer in charge of recruiting in the state of Alabama calls upon all Alabamians to cooperate with and assist all second, third and fourth class postmasters in the state as they are by law authorized to act as recruiting agents. They are able to furnish information, accept men for enlisting and furnish the immediate transportation to the nearest recruiting station. The need for men is imperative and vital.

CHILDRENS DAY AT OAK HILL

Editor Union-Banner:

I attended Childrens Day Services at Oak Hill Church last Sunday, and I must say that they were fine. The little ones who looked to be not more than four years old took the stage and spoke right out. They never made a bobble. This shows they were well trained and I think the Superintendent of the Sunday School, Mr. Northcutt, and Miss Gertrude Durbin, the trainer of the childrens class, deserve great credit for their work, and I wish to congratulate them on their splendid work in getting up their program and carrying it out so well. It was all simply fine.

Dinner was on the ground and it was bountiful, and the writer did himself justice at the table along with Mr. Durbin. Singing in the afternoon was fine.

The young people conducted themselves nicely, and Mr. Northcutt in his good nature made everyone enjoy the services. It was well done.

J. BICE.

USE OF HIGH DENOMINATION STAMPS WILL BE ENCOURAGED

The Third Assistant Postmaster General has isued the following:

As a measure of economy postmasters and post-office employees are directed to encourage the public to use stamps of the highest denominations suited to the amount of postage required on all mail. For example, a 2-cent stamp instead of two 1-cent stamps should be affixed to letters needing 2 cents postage, and a 10-cent stamp instead of five 2-cent should be used on parcels requiring ten cents postage.

Cooperation between post-office employees and the public in the sale and use of stamps of the higher denominations will effect a large saving to the government in the cost of producing, transporting, and canceling them, and will benefit the public in minimizing the number of stamps handled and affixed to mail. This benefit will be especially important to business concerns mailing large quantities of letters and parcels, and post masters are directed to bring the suggestion particularly to their notice.

ALL ARE URGED TO PARTICIPATE

Make War Loan the Chief Subject of Discussion in Your Home

Sixth Federal Bank District Has High Hopes On Selling United States Liberty Bonds

President Wilson, the cabinet and congress are keenly awaiting news of the subscription for Liberty bonds, which the government has issued to help in the war.

The sale has been arranged through the Federal Reserve Banks and according to their districts. Our district, the sixth, includes Georgia, Florida, Alabama and approximately half of Tennessee, Mississippi and Louisiana. Few sections of the United States have such varied resources. From the orange groves of Florida to the steel mills of Alabama, and from the cotton fields of Georgia to the rice plantations of Louisiana and the stock raising section of Tennessee almost every kind of crop and manufacturing industry can be found. It will be strange indeed if the people of this prosperous section are not among the largest purchasers of Liberty bonds.

The government will be very greatly disappointed unless this great section ranks at least third in the volume of its purchases of Liberty bonds. Bankers of Atlanta, Birmingham, New Orleans, Macon, Chattanooga and Jacksonville as well as in every small town in the district, agree that when the total figures are announced that the Sixth District will be found to have done its full part.

But every man, woman and child must participate. Bonds sell as low as $50 and as high as $10,000.

Make the war loan the chief subject of discussion in your home. Make sure that each member of your family sees his or her duty and opportunity clearly.

Make up your mind today. Don't let it be said that you withheld your help in time of your country's needs.

WADE'S WEEKLY LETTER

Stop Contracting Your Crop.

It has come to my attention that farmers in many sections of Alabama have contracted their crops for future delivery at stipulated prices far below the value of such products. Parties taking these contracts are speculators or agents of speculators who live and operate in cities outside of our state. It is purely speculation of the most unfair and damaging kind. These speculators generally play safe. They are always well posted as to the supply and demand at about the time of delivery and the price at which they will contract is about half as much as they expect to receive. Such methods are unfair because the speculator is wise to conditions while the producer has less opportunity of knowing. It is unfair to submit a speculative proposition as a means of relief to a man who is laboring under financial stringency. It is also not fair to the business men of the state to allow foreign speculators to invade and monopolize their rights of trade when they refrain from speculative contracting themselves with the hope of handling the products at harvest time on competetive trade, based upon supply and demand.

I know one case in Alabama where a farmer has just delivered the crop from of Irish potatoes at $1.25 per bushel while his neighbors sold potatoes on the open market the same day at $2.75 per bushel. This is a striking example of the future contract speculative plan and a true illustration of the experience of 95 per cent. of those who allow themselves to be gulled into making future contracts.

In this time of war a feeling has developed that excessive speculation will be overlooked and go unrestricted, and that is the psychological time to get rich. In this they are mistaken, for it is the duty of the federal trade commission to seize and prevent excessive and unfair speculation. It is very doubtful if delivery can be forced on future contracts where excessive speculation is in evidence. In all such cases where parties are subjected to such imposition, they should notify the federal trade commission at Washington, D. C. It is not always the best policy to rely upon legal restrictions to protect you from your folly but use your own common sense and quit being a "sucker." Conditions are such that no product of the farm needs to be contracted or guaranteed in order to secure the maximum price.

JAMES A. WADE.
Comm. of Agriculture.

Charley Foshee and Crawford Dickinson of Billingsley were visitors to Clanton Monday.

TRAVELS 40 MILES FOR MORE TANLAC

J. D. Hawkins Says His Wife Gained Fifteen Pounds on Three Bottles.

SUFFERED 20 YEARS

Wife's Improvement Has Been Wonderful—All Her Neighbors Talking About How Much Better She Looks.

"I'm taking a forty-mile trip to get more Tanlac," was the remarkable statement made by J. D. Hawkins, a well-known and prosperous farmer, in Jacobi's Pharmacy, Memphis, Tenn., recently.

"Yes, sir," he continued. "I live at Bartlett, Tenn., and I drove eight miles to Raleigh this morning to catch the trolley to Memphis, which is twelve miles more, so when I get home that will make forty miles I've traveled to get this Tanlac, and that's proof enough of what I think about it.

"I declare I never saw or heard of a medicine doing as much good as this Tanlac has done my wife. She has actually gained fifteen pounds on three bottles of it and besides it has relieved her of troubles that have been weakening her down for nearly twenty years. She suffered with indigestion and everything she would eat made gas and gave her severe pains in the stomach. She had no appetite at all and suffered with nervous headaches until she couldn't sleep at night. She was so tired all the time that she couldn't do any of her housework at all. I was just about to give up in despair, for we had tried everything we could get hold of, when I read about Tanlac and got a bottle for her.

"Well, sir, she has taken three bottles so far and her improvement has just been wonderful and that's the reason I am making this trip, because I don't want her to be without Tanlac. She can do all her own housework now and is relieved of the indigestion and has a good appetite. Her nerves are quiet and the headaches are all gone and she can sleep well at night. She is gaining in health and strength all the time and the neighbors are all talking about how much better she looks.

"I certainly do indorse Tanlac, for after what it has done for my wife, I believe it is the best medicine in the world."

There is a Tanlac dealer in your town.—Adv.

Alaska annually observes Bird day.

PAIN? NOT A BIT! LIFT YOUR CORNS OR CALLUSES OFF

No humbug! Apply few drops then just lift them away with fingers.

This new drug is an ether compound discovered by a Cincinnati chemist. It is called freezone, and can now be obtained in tiny bottles as here shown at very little cost from any drug store. Just ask for freezone. Apply a drop or two directly upon a tender corn or callus and instantly the soreness disappears. Shortly you will find the corn or callus so loose that you can lift it off, root and all, with the fingers.



Not a twinge of pain, soreness or irritation; not even the slightest smarting, either when applying freezone or afterwards.

This drug doesn't eat up the corn or callus, but shrivels them so they loosen and come right out. It is no humbug! It works like a charm. For a few cents you can get rid of every hard corn, soft corn or corn between the toes, as well as painful calluses on bottom of your feet. It never disappoints and never burns, bites or inflames. If your druggist hasn't any freezone yet, tell him to get a little bottle for you from his wholesale house.—adv.

Marital Consideration.

A considerate man who really wants to make his wife happy will look dejected and miserable at the station when she is leaving for the summer. She carries a heavy heart with her if he happens to be brutal enough to look as if he were anticipating a hot old time.—Houston Post.

WATCH YOUR SKIN IMPROVE

When You Use Cuticura—The Soap to Purify and Ointment to Heal.

On rising and retiring gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off Ointment in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Continue this treatment for ten days and note the change in your skin. No better toilet preparations exist.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

This body is not a home, but an inn; and that only for a short time.—Seneca.

The Effects of Opiates.

THAT INFANTS are peculiarly susceptible to opium and its various preparations, all of which are narcotic, is well known. Even in the smallest doses, if continued, these opiates cause changes in the functions and growth of the cells which are likely to become permanent, causing imbecility, mental perversion, a craving for alcohol or narcotics in later life. Nervous diseases, such as intractable nervous dyspepsia and lack of staying powers are a result of dosing with opiates or narcotics to keep children quiet in their infancy. The rule among physicians is that children should never receive opiates in the smallest doses for more than a day at a time, and only then if unavoidable.

The administration of Anodynes, Drops, Cordials, Soothing Syrups and other narcotics to children by any but a physician cannot be too strongly decried, and the druggist should not be a party to it. Children who are ill need the attention of a physician, and it is nothing less than a crime to dose them willfully with narcotics.

Castoria contains no narcotics if it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
Genuine Castoria always bears the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

As Age Advances the Liver Requires

occasional slight stimulation.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price But Great in its Good Work



CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS
correct
CONSTIPATION

Genuine bears signature *Brent Good*

Colorless or Pale Faces usually indicate the absence of Iron in the blood, a condition which will be greatly helped by **Carter's Iron Pills**

EAT SKINNER'S THE BEST MACARONI



MADE FROM THE HIGHEST GRADE DURUM WHEAT
COOKS IN 12 MINUTES. COOK BOOK FREE
SKINNER MFG. CO. OMAHA, U.S.A.
Largest Macaroni Factory in America

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers, or 6 sent by express prepaid for $1.00.



HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DE KALB AVE., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

U. S. FLAGS—Transparent, for Automobiles, Windows, etc. Send 10c for sample, 4½x7½; send $3 for package of 100 and make over $13 clear profit putting them on. Fretwell Commission Co., Fitzgerald, Ga.

National Detective Agency Wants young men in each county to learn and do detective work. Write P. O. Box 867, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WEBSTER OLD BLUE BACK SPELLER 25c delivered. G. W. Thompson, Colbran, Ala.

Proper.

Kidd—They say Venice has canals instead of streets. What do you suppose the Salvation Army does for corners?

Kidder—Guess they have to use the navy department over there.

To Drive Out Malaria And Build Up The System

Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC. You know what you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out malaria, the Iron builds up the system. 50 cents.

Sinks Rapidly.

"What is a sinking fund, Johnny?"

"Pa's bank account when the bills begin to come in."

BABIES AND GROWING CHILDREN need a tonic to tone up the system and regulate the liver. Mothers are constantly using with wonderful success, our "Plantation" Chill and Fever Tonic. Pleasant to take—contains no Calomel. Price 50c.—Adv.

He who would save should begin with the mouth.

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy

No Smarting—Just Eye Comfort. 50 cents at Druggists or mail. Write for Free Eye Book. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

TO SPEND MILLIONS IN IMPROVEMENTS

STEEL CORPORATION TO BUILD $11,000,000 PLANT IN BIRMINGHAM DISARICT.

GARY MAKES STATEMENT

Plans Are Being Worked Upon to Carry Out Program for New Steel Industries.

Birmingham.—Appropriation of eleven million dollars has been made by the Finance Committee of the United States Steel Corporation, according to formal announcement made by Judge E. H. Gary, Chairman of the Board of Directors, in conference with Birmingham newspaper men.

The money will be spent for additional plants to the Fairfield works of the Steel Corporation, under the direction of President Crawford, of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company.

The following statement was given out by Judge Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the United States Steel Corporation:

The Finance Committee of the United States Steel Corporation, after full consideration, has decided to recommend to the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company that it proceed promptly and vigorously, with the erection of additional works at Fairfield which are intended to furnish in normal times products for the markets naturally supplied from the Birmingham District, and in particular demand at present on account of the necessities of the government resulting from war conditions.

Summary of Crop Conditions.

Montgomery.—The Department of Agriculture has issued the following report on crop conditions in Alabama: The temperature for the week averaged slightly above the normal. Good rains occurred at scattered places in the northern and extreme east-central portions. Over much of the remainder of the State the week was rainless. The warm weather was generally favorable for the growth of all crops. Cotton improved slightly. The crop is late, probably two or three weeks; chopping is progressing. Corn improved, especially in the northern portion. In some of the more northern counties corn is looking fine, is in excellent condition and well cultivated. In the central and southern portions corn would be much improved by good rains. Fruit is scarce and generally in poor condition. Meadows and pastures improved where there was sufficient rain. Oats are poor; harvesting is becoming general. White potatoes are in good condition, as a rule; harvesting is progressing. Sweet potatoes need rain; transplanting is still in progress. Peanuts are not doing so well in some sections on account of dry weather. Meadows, pastures, truck and gardens need rain badly in some sections. Late reports show that considerable damage was done to fruits, fruit trees, and crops in general, in portions of Jackson, Madison, Lauderdale and Franklin Counties by severe local storms on the night of May 27th.

Two Held as Deserters.

Gadsden.—Lonnie and Harvey Meeks, of East Gadsden, were arrested charged with desertion from Company F, Fourth Alabama Infantry. It is said that the two men deserted just after the troops left for the border last year. The officers had not known their whereabouts until the two men presented themselves for registration.

Army Worm Attacks Crops.

Troy.—The worm, which is now harassing the crops of Pike County, has been pronounced as the "army worm." Entomologist Vaughn from the government station at Auburn who was here to investigate the worm, says it is the army worm and that unless stopped before long it will do great damage to crops.

Big Egg Shipments.

Russellville.—Franklin county ships poultry and eggs to New York. A firm at Red Bay has shipped 13 carloads of poultry and eggs to New York this spring. April receipts alone through this one firm were $31,378.13, with May coming next, $27,980.62.

Loan Campaign On.

Albany.—The campaign for the Liberty Loan bonds has just begun in the twin cities of Alabany and Decatur and already more than $50,000 worth of bonds has been disposed of.

Dr. Balbridge Dead.

Huntsville.—Dr. Felix E. Balbridge, one of the most noted physicians and surgeons in the South, died of pneumonia here.

Convict Is Captured.

Opelika.—Andrew Long, who escaped from the county gang last April has been brought back from Meridian where he was captured and is now being held in the Lee County jail on the charge of escaping.

Big Price Paid for Cotton.

Athens—A local cotton company purchased 500 bales of cotton at Athens, paying 21 1-3 cents basis middling. This is the highest price paid for cotton here since the Civil War, the cotton brought over $60,000.

FINE LIVESTOCK BROUGHT IN

Limestone County Boys' Pig Club Buys Pure Bred Duroc Hogs.

Auburn.—Excellent results in the co-operative extension work being done by county demonstration agents throughout Alabama is reported in the last weekly reports made to J. T. Watt, State agent, here.

Twenty pure bred Duroc Jersey pigs have been purchased by the Limestone County Boys' Pig Club, Fred Stewart, demonstrator for that county, reported. A local bank loaned the money to the boys for that purpose. The committee, which went to Tennessee, also purchased three registered Shorthorn bulls.

James T. High, Farm Demonstrator of Morgan County, reports, in part: "We are trying to create such demand on the part of the farmers of this county for a feed mill that the business men here will have to put in one. Should they fail to thus encourage the farmers in the growing of velvet beans and other feed crops, I fear that the interest in such crops will fall from the pitch to which it has been raised.

Bankers of State Hear McAdoo.

Birmingham.—Bankers and business men from all parts of Alabama were in Birmingham June 9 to attend the luncheon tendered Secretary of the Treasury William G. McAdoo and W. P. G. Harding, Governor of the Federal Reserve Board. Mr. McAdoo made a speech to a large crowd at a local theater concerning the liberty loan bonds. He is anxious that all persons who subscribe to Liberty bonds pay for them in installments. This method will prevent the withdrawal of large sums of money from circulation, and will enable the officials of the Treasury Department to carry out plans heretofore agreed upon.

Twenty Doctors Given Diplomas.

Mobile.—Degrees were conferred on twenty young men graduates of the school of medicine, University of Alabama, by Dr. George H. Denny, President of the University, at the fifty-first annual commencement held here. The J. C. Bush prize, a case of surgical instruments, was awarded Dr. John Decatur Durden, of Montgomery. The Rhett Goode prize, also a set of surgical instruments, went to Dr. John Coleman Bragg, of Moulton, Ala.

Records Broken for Make in Iron.

Birmingham.—The Birmingham District—Alabama—produced 259,096 tons of pig iron in May, the largest month's output in the history of the industry. The production of iron for the first five months of the year in Alabama has reached 1,235,814 tons mark, the greatest also in the history of iron-making here.

Pig Iron on Basis of $40.

Birmingham.—Pig iron prices have reached a basis of $40 a ton, No. 2 foundry, delivery this year, if obtainable, or the first half of the coming year. Pig iron is extremely hard to get for any period right now. Predictions are that another advance will be made within a week. Special brand irons have been sold at $42.50, delivery during this year.

Jewelry Worth $4,000 Stolen.

Bessemer.—Four thousand dollars worth of jewelry, mostly diamonds, was stolen from the home of Lee Moody in Bessemer. The robbery was committed while Mr. and Mrs. Moody and Mr. and Mrs. William H. H. Judson and their daughter, who resides with the Moodys, were absent on an automobile trip.

Drought Romps on Decatur Oasis.

Decatur.—The offices of James A. Forman, Morgan county's big sheriff, are crowded with the finest collection of wet goods that has ever been assembled there. The liquid, 2,600 bottles of beer, was seized when deputies raided an unused house on Bank street, near the Tennessee river front.

Huntsville Man Disappears.

Huntsville.—Gail Collins, of the Huntsville postoffice, who has been missing from his place of business several days, has not yet turned up. Mr. Collins for years has been money order clerk and has an excellent reputation.

Cotton Seed Men Meet.

Mobile.—The three days' convention of the Alabama Cotton Seed Crushers' Association, with some eighty delegates from various sections of the State attending, was held here. W. B. McAtee, Secretary of the Tourist Welcome Club, called the session together.

Incorporations Show Increase.

Birmingham.—Three million, one hundred and fifty-five thousand dollars is the total of capital reported in incorporations, papers for which were filed in the probate office during May, 1917. New incorporations numbered 23. Four companies announced an increase of capitalization.

Wheat in Chilton.

Clanton.—Several farmers in Chilton County have cut May spring wheat. One farmer residing near Clanton says that he received a return of 25 bushels for every single bushel seeded.

Cotton Crop Poor.

Opelika.—Cotton crop in Lee County is about three weeks late with a poor and irregular stand, according to reliable reports. Much of the crop has been plowed up and planted to corn and peas.

SLACKERS MUST PAY THE PENALTY

PERIOD OF LENIENCY HAS ENDED SAYS PROVOST MARSHAL CROWDER.

ARREST THOSE EVADING DUTY

Violators, on Conviction, Will Be Given Year Sentence and Will Be Forced to Enlist.

Washington.—The period of leniency has ended for men between the ages of 21 and 30, inclusive, who failed to register for the war army on June 5.

Provost Marshal General Crowder sent to the governors of all the state a message asking them "to inaugurate a vigorous, aggressive and effective enforcement of the penal clause of the selective service aw against all who have by their failure to register brought themselves under those provisions."

The penalty for failure to register on June 5 is imprisonment for a year and enforced registration, but General Crowder immediately after Registration Day recommended that local boards provide further opportunity for delinquents. The department of justice notified United States attorneys to release those already arrested for failure to register, providing they have now registered.

General Crowder has nearly completed a draft of regulations to govern exemptions and exemption boards, and expects to lay it before Secretary Baker in a few days for approval. The general believes no class should be exempted as such, but that local boards should decide on the circumstances in each individual. He favors use of some device such as a jury wheel for drawing the names of those to be examined by the exemption boards. The regulations will be made public in detail after Secretary Baker and President Wilson approve them.

A few more states reported registration totals to the provost marshal general's office, but indicatfons were that all would not be completed for nearly a week.

Among states reporting so far Ohio stands first in the proportion of registration to the census estimate, with 113 per cent. Illinois has 1047, Wisconsin has 104.6 per cent, North Carolina 103 per cent, Iowa 101.3 per cent and Connecticut 100.9 per cent. Washington is the lowest state with 50.9 per cent.

Complete returns from 33 states have been received. They show a total registration of 6,358,388, compared to census allotments totaling 7,063,482.

In the 33 states reporting the whole registrations were 4,817,980, colored 830,586, aliens 482,439, and alien enemies 58,304. The possible exemptions indicated were 3,439,527.

SPIES AT WORK.

Daniels Says Secrets of Navy Have Been Revealed.

Washington.—Investigation by the Senate naval committee of accidents caused by defective ammunition on armed merchantmen was interrupted to await the outcome of a search by government agents for the writer of letters mailed from Detroit, Mich., to Senator Frelinghuysen revealing naval ordnance secrets.

Secretary Daniels, placing the letters before the committee, declared that either a spy or a traitor had been at work because the information disclosed could have been obtained nowhere except from the confidential files of the navy's ordnance bureau. He insisted that the writer should be found and be required to explain.

Second Food Bill Approved.

Washington.—The second administration food control bill, granting broad powers to the President, was agreed to by the House Agricultural Committee, by a vote of 12 to 3, and immediate report to the House was authorized. Chairman Lever expects it to pass with less than two weeks' debate. The first bill now pending is to stimulate production of foods; the second is to control distribution and price.

Indian Takes $640,000 of Bonds.

Washington.—Jackson Barnett, reputed to be the wealthiest Indian in the United States, subscribed $640,000 to liberty loan bonds through his guardian, Carl J. O'Hornett of Henryetta, Okla. Secretary Lane's ruling that Barnett, who is a ward of the government, might do this opens the way to many Indian subscribtions.

Lord Northcliffe Lands in U. S.

An Atlantic Port.—Lord Northcliffe, on an errand to America to co-ordinate British activities here as a commercial representative of the British government, arrived in the United States on an American steamer.

Naval Secrets Reaching Enemy.

Washington.—Convinced that valuable naval information is reaching the enemy, Secretary Daniels issued an order forbidding all persons in the naval service from discussing, except officially, even among themselves or with members of their families, "any question relating to the disposition, movements or proposed movements of naval or military forces." The department acted only after officers of the intelligence division had reported that information had leaked through somehow to Germany.

179,828 ALABAMA MEN REGISTERED

198,616 WHITE MEN AND 69,915 NEGROES LISTED—EIGHTY ALIENS

AT THE STATE'S CAPITAL

Interesting News Budget of Happenings in Various Departments of State.

—Montgomery.

Total registration in Alabama as announced from the governor's office is 179,828. This includes: Whites, 108,616; negroes, 69,956; aliens, 1,176; alien enemies, 89. Exemptions indicated or claimed, 120,478, of which 75,372 are whites and 45,106 negroes. Alabama's estimated eligibles was 209,800.

Reports of registration follow:

	Whites.	Blacks.	Grand Total
Autauga	592	720	1317
Baldwin	1047	428	1497
Barbour	952	1143	2095
Bibb	1149	754	1925
Blount	1791	131	1924
Bullock	332	998	1332
Butler	1054	962	2024
Calhoun	2321	978	3366
Chambers	1581	1532	3115
Cherokee	1439	163	1602
Chilton	1402	221	1593
Choctaw	704	812	1516
Clarke	1029	1047	2080
Clay	1503	284	1787
Cleburne	993	65	1053
Coffee	1755	478	2233
Colbert	1242	643	1890
Conecuh	1048	696	1744
Coosa	721	334	1055
Covington	2358	761	3022
Crenshaw	1294	512	1806
Dallas	1710	1976	2697
Dale	1308	365	1676
DeKalb	2468	75	2543
Elmore	1247	856	2203
Escambia	1794	625	1822
Etowah	3384	1116	4514
Fayette	1143	199	1343
Franklin	1639	170	1810
Geneva	1724	286	2050
Greene	225	656	881
Hale	487	923	1410
Henry	891	637	1528
Houston	1986	578	2575
Jackson	2708	208	2616
Jefferson	5286	7698	13085
Lamar	1126	269	1395
Lauderdale	2114	623	2738
Lawrence	1309	553	1862
Lee	1009	1291	2310
Limestone	1659	545	2611
Lowndes	237	1124	1370
Macon	303	1057	1371
Madison	2731	1519	4265
Marengo	771	1142	1924
Marion	1627	76	1703
Marshall	2328	108	2436
Mobile	1419	1230	2680
Monroe	950	1104	2065
Montgomery	484	1334	1819
Morgan	2478	711	3201
Perry	497	914	1413
Pickens	1037	1011	2048
Pike	1322	1113	2435
Randolph	1591	467	2058
Russell	517	1276	1795
Shelby	1350	599	2001
St. Clair	1427	464	1896
Sumter	414	1114	1531
Talladega	1692	1174	2868
Tallapoosa	1471	666	2137
Tuscaloosa	2701	1841	4542
Washington	694	514	1208
Walker	2060	1128	3190
Wilcox	418	1368	1787
Winston	1035	20	1056
City of Montgomery	1942	1729	2671
Birmingham	9577	9968	19798
City of Mobile	2382	2058	*4590

*Grand total includes alien friends, alien enemies and other persons not counted in columns of whites and blacks.

Advised to Organize Guard.

Governor Henderson has advised all Sheriffs to appoint special deputies as home guards. In a letter addressed to each Sheriff the Governor said:

"I have had letters from a number of counties in regard to the organization of home defense guards. These bodies appointed by the Sheriff could be so named and known as 'The Home Defense Guard.' I would suggest that you prepare your office for upholding the law, which you have been charged with doing, and to meet any contingency that may arise by the appointment of such a body. When you have taken this action, this office would like to be advised."

In his letter the Governor says that disorder likely to arise will demand the presence of an organized force to uphold the law, that the military force is now beyond the control of the Governor and can only be obtained in cases of great emergency and after considerable delay. But even this force will not be available when the National Guard is withdrawn from the State.

Interstate Liquor Shipments Legal.

The State Supreme Court has opened the doors of Alabama for interstate shipments of liquor by automobile or other vehicle not a common carrier, according to a decision rendered by that body. In the case of Frank Moragne vs. State of Alabama, the Supreme Court awarded the certiorari asked by Moragne, judgment was reversed and the cause remanded. Judge Gardner dissented.

The case was appealed from the Jefferson County Criminal Court. Moragne was convicted of violating the prohibition law by having in his possession a large quantity of liquor. His defense was that he was in possession of the goods solely as an interstate carrier, en route from Georgia to Florida, and intended delivery of the liquor in another State. He was carrying the liquor in an automobile when arrested.

County Debts Limited.

Counties can go into debt to the extent of only 3 1-2 per cent of the total assessed valuation of 60 per cent of the market value of property under a decision of the supreme court in the case of the commissioners' court of Elmore county vs. T. L. Austin, appealed from the Elmore circuit court. The county commissioners contended that the county could be indebted to the amount of 3 1-2 per cent of the market value of the property. Austin asked for an injunction preventing the court from exceeding the amount.

SICK WOMAN HAD CRYING SPELLS

Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Enhaut, Pa.—"I was all run down and weak inwardly. I had female troubles and nervous feelings and my head bothered me. I would often have crying spells and feel as if I was not safe. If I heard anyone coming I would run and lock the door so they would not see me. I tried several doctors and they did not help me so I said to my mother 'I guess I will have to die as there is no help for me.' She got me one of your little books and my husband said I should try one bottle. I stopped the doctor's medicine and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It soon made a change in me and now I am strong and do all my work."—Mrs. AUGUSTUS BAUGHMAN, Box 86, Enhaut, Pa.



Why will women continue to suffer day in and day out and drag out a sickly, half-hearted existence, missing three-fourths of the joy of living, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?

If you would like free confidential advice address Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.



Rats and Mice Carry Disease

KILL THEM by using

Stearns' Electric Paste

Full directions in 15 languages
Sold everywhere—25c and $1.00

U. S. GOVERNMENT BUYS IT

SWAMP-ROOT Is not recommended for everything; but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it may be found just the medicine you need. At druggists in fifty-cent and dollar sizes. You may receive a sample size bottle of this reliable medicine by Parcel Post, also pamphlet telling about it. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents, also mention this paper.

A man is never such a bonehead that he can fool himself by lying to himself.

A HINT TO WISE WOMEN.

Don't suffer torture when all female troubles will vanish in thin air after using "Femenine." Price 50c and $1.00—Adv.

Elections in Land of Nippon.

The Japanese people are satisfied with the result of the election of April 20, but agitation regarding expense attending a canvass for a seat in parliament is renewed. The same argument is heard as those after the last general election, according to East and West. The Chugai Shoyo estimates the cost of 600 candidates at not less than $2,640,000! This is more than representatives in the United States expend, but senators have been known to pay half a million for seats in that body. The Chugai says the government spent $200,000 for supervising the election, which, to Americans, will appear moderate. This sum includes "stumping trips" through the country by cabinet ministers; members of the opposition paid their own expenses. The editor regrets that so many men entitled to vote fail to exercise their high privilege. Repeated dissolution of the diet not only causes political disturbances, he argues, but imposes heavy financial loss upon the nation and upon individuals.

Girls Won't Agree.

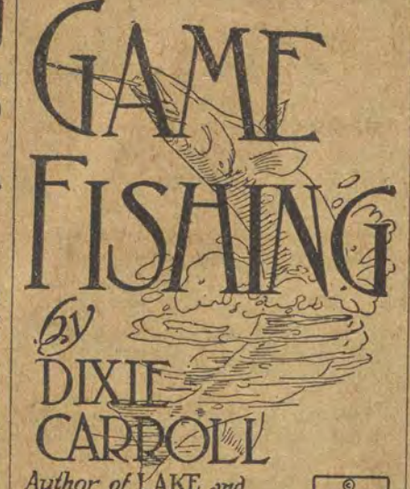
While we cannot wholly indorse the plan to impose an extra tax on bachelors, we are frank to say, having been one for many years, that it is worth it. —Topeka Capital.

When the good man begins to swear the bad man should be on hand to get a few pointers.



GAME FISHING by DIXIE CARROLL

Author of LAKE and STREAM GAME FISHING



© STEWART & KIDD CO.

LITTLE PAN-FISH FUN.

My Dear Buck:

There's a great big army of little fish that don't seem to get the proper credit for all the fun and pleasure they have given fishermen. Of course, old man, a great big chunk of this fun happened way back in the knee-pants' stage of most fellow's fishing days, but at that, when the real game fellows are off the feed and prospects appear good for an empty stringer, and it looks like bacon and flapjacks for the evening meal, just toss out a line and give the little fellows a nibble at your bait. These little old nibblers include in their ranks the crappie, rock bass, blue gill, sunfish and yellow or striped perch.

As a pan fish you can't beat 'em. Browned to a turn in plenty of bacon grease or broiled over the open campfire they are a dish that would make even J. D. forget his stomach, and after an hour on the trail or a particularly hard portage, you thank your lucky stars when the feed bag has a generous portion of "little fellers" done to a turn.

Get 'Em Any Old Time.

Of course, they don't put up a scream of a fight like their cousins the basses, but they are accommodating little cusses and bite any time in the day and most any time in the season, especially when at a time the real game fellows have a tendency to overlook a good thing in the shape of bait or lure. Although they only make a short little fight, there's a way of fishing for them that will give you quite a bit of fun and please even the sure-enough fisherman who is seemingly shocked when you even mention pan fish to him. Of course, most of that disdain stuff is merely bull on the part of the fellow that hops up in the clouds when you mention little pannies.

Light Fly Rod Best.

Here is the tackle that put pep in the pan-fish game. Get the lightest, whippiest steel fly rod you can find, about ten feet in length; use an ordinary soft-braided silk casting line and a number eight or ten hook, and do a little still fishing. With this rigging you will be pleasantly surprised at the sport in landing a fair-sized panner. They start out with quite a showy fight, but it don't last long. However, with this tackle, old scout, they'll play better and show more spunk than with the ordinary casting rod, and take it as a side tip you won't land everyone you hook at that.

The crappie is found in most ponds, lagoons, and lakes, as well as the more sluggish streams, and they like the quiet waters. They bite best in the early spring, in June and the fall, though you get them most any time. For a still-fishing bait they like grasshoppers, worms or live minnows, and you can catch them trolling with minnow or very small spoonhook, while at times they will rise to the trout fly.

The rock bass prefers the clear, cool water, and is not only found in nearly every lake, pond and river, but also in the little creeks and streams. In the lakes you will find him where the reeds and underwater grasses grow and in the streams he dotes on the deep holes among the rocks and bowlders or around stumps, brush or windfalls. Most any kind of bait suits him, but small minnows, angleworms and white wood-grubs make him swim around and take notice. They put up quite a stagger at fighting when first hooked, and make a final effort when brought up to the boat. A full red ibis or white miller fly often tempts them, and very small frogs or minnows fish interest the larger ones.

Striped Perch Good Biter.

The yellow or striped perch is probably the best little biter in the whole outfit, and although he does not as a rule fight like a heavyweight, if you get a two-pounder on light fly tackle you know there is a fish on the far end of the line. Go after him in about thirty to forty feet of water and you get the big ones. With any sort of bait you can land him in good numbers most any time, and even through the ice in winter he is an accommodating fellow. The perch is a great little favorite with the women and children who don't go after the gamer fellows, and many pleasant days can be spent for this popular little panner. A bait that looks good to a bluegill tickles the fancy of the perch, and any old kind of a hook and line is tackle enough to get him, although the real sport is to be had with the long, light steel fly rod.

Taken as a whole, the pan fish are a gentlemanly little bunch of good fellows, always eager to take a nibble and save a fisherman from ringing up a "goose egg" for the day's fishing, and to his good, clean method of living we can thank him for his fine flavor, and crown him king of fresh water fish food.

DIXIE.

3 SETS OF TWINS UPSET A FAMILY

Man Tells Court Why He Refuses to Pay $3 and Court Agrees With Him.

New York.—If you were the father of three sets of twins, and kept them going, and your wife wouldn't live with you and the twins—would you send your wife money, court or no courts?

Most probably not. So decided Jacob Colan. And the court of domestic relations, despite affronted dignity and contempt of its order, agreed with his view.

It was all hashed out in court when Mrs. Colan complained Colan hadn't been paying her the $3 a week he had been ordered to remit in a previous proceeding. In the five years during



She Wanted Fights, and She Won Them All.

which Mr. and Mrs. Colan have been married they have been blessed by three sets of twins.

Perhaps the twins were to blame. Anyway, Mr. and Mrs. Colan had many spats and finally decided to be outs for good.

Some months ago the courts decided that Mr. Colan was to send $3 a week to his wife and some weeks ago Mr. Colan decided that he would not. So all hands to the center of the court.

"Why," asked the court, "do you fail to pay $3 as directed?"

"Because," said Mr. Colan, "when I think of her troubles I have to laugh. She wanted me and she got me; she wanted a home and she got it; she wanted fights and she won them all; she wanted to leave me and she did; she wanted her liberty and she got it; she wanted $3 a week and got it, and she didn't want the three sets of twins and I've got them. Take it from me, your honor, a man with three sets of twins and no home regards $3 as a bankroll."

And the court thought likewise.

'WARE OF FATE OF HONKER

Boys Who Toot Horns of Standing Motorcars Would Better Be Careful.

Baltimore.—Newsboys who toot the horns of standing motorcars had better be sure that they do not contain watch dogs or they may share the fate of George Johnson, twelve years old.

George went up to the car of Leonard Passano, Jr., as it stood in West Fayette street, and, reaching his arm inside, began to toot the horn, when he was nipped on the right arm by a bulldog which was in the car.

The lad was taken to the Mercy hospital, where his arm was dressed. Mr. Passano was summoned to the central police station on a charge of harboring a vicious dog, but was dismissed by the magistrate. Mr. Passano told the court that the dog had been trained to stay in the car and watch the machine. The boy was sent to the juvenile court.

CLASSIC BURGLAR IS ADRIFT IN PORTLAND

Portland, Ore.—A classic burglar is adrift. He sailed into the home of Dr. Ralph A. Fen-, 283 Cornell road, passed up $ worth of family plate and esc money on a dresser, but with with a suitcase filled graph doctor's best phonotunes gords. The popular were ch modern dance stuff this musi on the floor by tor, but a econd-story direc- "high-brow" high-class and were gone gs and solos arose. Several the family the loot. So far ns were in not missed another doctor has g.

Fears Negro Strain; Ki

Columbus, O.—Mrs. Alfr abes, twenty-nine years old, arrested astle, ing the disappearance of her thlow- old baby, confessed, police say y- she has killed nine children bort her because her husband has ne blood in his veins. "While I love m husband, I cannot bear him children she said, according to the polica.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of the Sunday School Course of the Moody Bible Institute.)

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR JUNE 17

THE RISEN LORD.

LESSON TEXT—John 20:2-16.

GOLDEN TEXT—But now is Christ risen from the dead, and become the first fruits of them that slept.—I Cor. 15:20.

The death of Christ made a deep impression upon the beholders (Luke 23:48, 49). Joseph, who seems to have been a secret disciple, obtained the body, and gave it burial (Mark 15: 42-47). In Mark's record we have the story of the discovery of the resurrection by the women, and Matthew tells us how his enemies dealt with that fact. Be sure to use a good harmony of the four gospels in presenting all of these lessons, else some important detail will be overlooked.

I. Mary's Visit to the Tomb (vv.1-10). The Sabbath ended at sundown, and the shops were then open, and Mary Magdalene was able to purchase spices with which to anoint the dead body of Jesus. There is strong probability that the women paid a visit to the tomb late on Saturday (Matt. 28:1, R. V.). Starting the next morning, "while it was yet dark" (v. 1), they came to the tomb to perform this last service of love. Jesus had no need of such service (Matt. 16:27; 20: 19), but the women were rewarded by receiving the first glimpse of the risen Lord. There were five appearances on this first day of the week: (1) to Mary Magdalene, (2) to the "other women," (3) to Peter; (4) to those on the way to Emmaus, and (5) to the ten disciples, Thomas being absent.

None of these seemed to expect Jesus to be risen, for they had each failed to listen to and ponder his words. The extent and genuineness of the affection of the women is found in that they went to serve Jesus when apparently all hope had failed (I Cor. 13:8, R. V.). As soon as Mary saw the stone rolled away, she concluded that the tomb had been rifled, and hastened to report to the disciples (v. 2). This report of the women to the disciples was considered "as idle tales" (Luke 24:11). With intense eagerness Peter and John ran to the tomb thus reported as being robbed. John, the younger, reached the tomb first, but in reverence did not enter, only stooping to look in (vv. 4, 5). Peter, the impetuous one, rushes inside, and sees the linen clothes lying, and the napkin that had been about the head carefully folded and lying in a place by itself (v. 7). This apparently insignificant detail is one which is really significant, inasmuch as it shows that the tomb had not been rifled, leaving disorder behind. Instead of excitedly snatching the napkin from his face, and hurling it whither it might fall, he had quietly taken it off, and in an orderly way laid it aside. It is in such minute details as this that we see the greatest evidence of the veracity of this record.

II. Mary Weeping (vv. 11-15). The disciples returned to their own homes, and doubtless to the other disciples (v. 10), but the loving Mary remained behind in this place made sacred as having housed the body of the Lord. It is natural for us to linger in silent meditation in places of our greatest revelation or of our deepest soul experience. Jesus had told his disciples over and over again that he should rise again, and it seems strange that his enemies should have remembered it (Matt. 27:63) and his friends not.

III. Mary Worshiping (vv. 16-18). There must have been an inflection in the voice of Jesus, for, upon the utterance of that one word, "Mary," she recognized her risen Lord. Joyfully she exclaimed, "Rabboni," that is to say, "Master" (v. 16), and would have poured out her love and worship at his feet. Jesus, however, does not suffer her to hold him fast. Mary must leave him, and tell the others. Literally, he says, "Do not lay hold of me but go and make known the glad truth that I am risen again." The risen Lord must return to "My Father" and "My God," whereas the one who would gladly have remained at his feet must go to the brethren, and make known the facts of the fulfillment of prophecy and the resurrection of our Lord.

The bribed soldiers spread abroad the tale that the disciples had stolen his body. The later lives of these disciples, their heroism and martyrdom, are evidence of the absurdity of any such act on their part.

The resurrection of Jesus is a vindication of his claim to being the Son of God. We do well to emphasize his birth, and to dwell much upon his death, yet both of these have no essential value apart from his resurrection.

MORE TREASURY NOTES OUT

$200,000,000 Worth of Certificates of Indebtedness to Be Taken Up by Banks.

Washington.—The treasury department announced a third offering of $200,000,000 worth of treasury certificates of indebtedness. Treasury officials expect the issue to be subscribed by the banks and trust companies of the nation within the next two or three days.

CALOMEL MAKES YOU SICK, UGH! IT'S MERCURY AND SALIVATES

Straighten Up! Don't Lose a Day's Work! Clean Your Sluggish Liver and Bowels With "Dodson's Liver Tone."

Ugh! Calomel makes you sick. Take a dose of the vile, dangerous drug tonight and tomorrow you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel, when it comes into contact with sour bile crashes into it, breaking it up. This is when you feel that awful nausea and cramping. If you feel sluggish and "all knocked out," if your liver is torpid and bowels constipated or you have headache, dizziness, coated tongue, if breath is bad or stomach sour, just try a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone.

Here's my guarantee—Go to any drug store or dealer and get a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone. Take a spoonful tonight and if it doesn't straighten you right up and make you feel fine and vigorous by morning I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Dodson's Liver Tone is destroying the sale of calomel because it is real liver medicine; entirely vegetable, therefore it cannot salivate or make you sick.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your bowels of that sour bile and constipated waste which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable. I guarantee that a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone will keep your entire family feeling fine for months. Give it to your children. It is harmless; doesn't gripe and they like its pleasant taste.—Adv.

Then Silence.

They were dancing merrily, this young man and the young woman, and were talking of nothing at all, when suddenly the girl asked:

"Have you enlisted?"

"No," answered the youth.

"Haven't you joined the Officers' Reserve corps?"

"No, not yet. I haven't thought much about that sort of thing."

"Haven't you done anything about the war?"

"No," the youth replied.

Whereupon the girl stopped dancing.

"I wish you would take me to a seat. I don't think I want to dance with you."—Washington Star.

Juice of Lemons! How to Make Skin White and Beautiful



At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream one can prepare a full quarter pint of the most wonderful lemon skin softener and complexion beautifier, by squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white. Care should be taken to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan, and is the ideal skin softener, smoothener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any pharmacy and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It should naturally help to whiten, soften, freshen and bring out the roses and beauty of any skin. It is truly marvelous to smoothen rough, red hands. Adv.

His Knowledge of the Man.

"What sort of a man is Green?"

"Fine. The best ever."

"Is he trustworthy?"

"Very."

"Would you lend money to him?"

"As to that I can't say. I've never lent him any. I've only borrowed from him."

Roman Eye Balsam is an antiseptic ointment, applied externally and not a "wash." Its healing properties penetrate the inflamed surfaces, providing prompt relief. Adv.

Still Very Much Alive.

"She has a past."

"Oh! Why doesn't she bury it?"

"It isn't dead yet."—Judge.

ON FIRST SYMPTOMS use "Renovine" and be cured. Do not wait until the heart organ is beyond repair. "Renovine" is the heart and nerve tonic. Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

Man looks upon a mule as the most obstinate creature on earth, but a mule has its own opinion on that subject.

A torpid liver condition prevents proper food assimilation. Tone up your liver with Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. They act gently and surely. Adv.

"This year the potato ... king." Then God save the king.

IMITATION IS SINCEREST FLATTERY but like counterfeit money the imitation has not the worth of the original. Insist on "La Creole" Hair Dressing—it's the original. Darkens your hair in the natural way, but contains no dye. Price $1.00.—Adv.

Foresight.

"When one of those musty thrones topples over in Europe do you suppose there is much dust?"

"Not as much as you might think. Most monarchs are crafty enough to put their dust away in a safe place before a revolution starts."

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the foot-bath. It relieves painful, swollen, smarting feet and takes the sting out of corns and bunions. Used by the British and French troops at the front. Allen's Foot-Ease is a certain relief for tired, aching feet. Sold everywhere—Adv.

Fiction.

"His wealth is said to be fabulous."

"And the most of it is."—Browning's Magazine.

Disagreeable and Dangerous Trouble is diarrhea, but a speedy and certain cure is found in Mississippi Diarrhea Cordial. Price 25c and 50c.—Adv.

Let me tell you that every misery I miss is a new blessing.—Izaak Walton.

Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" not only expels Worms or Tapeworm but cleans out the mucus in which they breed and tones up the digestion. One dose sufficient. Adv.

The secret of wealth lies in the letters S-A-V-E.

Nerves All On Edge?

Just as nerve wear is a case of kidney weakness, so is kidney trouble a cause of nervousness. Anyone who has backache, nervousness, "blues," headaches, dizzy spells, urinary ills and a tired, worn feeling, would do well to try Doan's Kidney Pills. This safe, reliable remedy is recommended by thousands who have had relief from just such troubles.

An Alabama Case



Mrs. O. W. Harmon, 1905 Walnut Ave., Anniston, Ala., says: "For many years my back pained me and I could hardly do my housework. Mornings, I felt stiff, lame and all tired out. My body was badly swollen and my kidneys acted irregularly. Doan's Kidney Pills fixed me up in good shape and I have had little kidney trouble since."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.



Your Fruit Won't Spoil If You Use **GOOD LUCK RED RUBBERS**

They Fit All Standard Jars

Specially recommended for cold pack canning. Send 2c stamp for new book on preserving or 10c in stamps for one dozen rings if you cannot get them at your dealer's. *Address Department 54*

BOSTON WOVEN HOSE & RUBBER CO. Cambridge, Mass.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

W. N. U., Birmingham, No. 24--1917.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL ... C

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills & Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic.

50c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores.

THE UNION-BANNER

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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

Two good resolutions: Buy a Liberty Bond now, and vote for protection candidates at the next Congressional and Senatorial election in Novehber, 1918.

The Democratic administration had to come to a protective tariff. It is the only system for getting the money without burdening the people. —Springfield (Mo.) Republican.

Just think of a Tariff law framed now because "we need the money." We have needed it for four years, but a democratic congress has preferred to take from the American people rather than the foreigners.—Ducktown (Tenn.) Republican.

France has placed a maximum price on butter, eggs, and cheese. In this country the dealers are showing their ability to put a maximum price on everything without assistance from the government.—Exchange

WHY NOT!

For Secretary of War: Theodore Roosevelt, a man of action. Why not? Lincoln made a war democrat secretary of war. "The fine vigor and enthusiasm" of Colonel Roosevelt, of which President Wilson has written, is needed in the conduct of our military operations. Vigorous direction may save millions of dollars and hundreds of thousands of lives.—National Republican.

Before Congress goes home it is probable that every member who wishes to reduce the cost of living will favor duties on foreign products rather than extra taxes on our own people. This at least has been gained. Not one voter in the Union believes that reducing the tariff reduced the cost of living. Mr. Underwood in 1913 said that we would get the lower prices in two years, but the buyers of 1915 did not get them.—Camden (N. J.) Post-Telegram.

AN UNBALANCED COMMITTEE

On the Ways and Means Committee of the House of Representatives, the Democrats have thirteen members and the Republicans ten. Among the thirteen Democratic members there are twelve lawyers and one producer of crude oil and natural gas—not a manufacturer in the bunch. Among the ten Republicans there are five lawyers, three manufacturers and two men engaged in other business enterprises.—American Economist.

THE EMBATTLED AMERICAN FARMER OF THE YEAR 1917.

Times change. In the Revolutionary war it was the "embattled farmers" who fired the shot heard round the world.

Today the American farmer is again doing something that will be heard round the world, but in a different way.

The world is waiting on the American farmer for its food. Its hope is in him. It wishes him good weather and abundant crops, and it will pay him well.

The farmer will help win battles that he will never see. For our boys at the front will be well fed and courageous, thanks to his industry and patriotism.

Nor is the farmer's part in this world war—in this greatest catastrophe history has ever had to record—limited to producing food. He has his part to play before crops are ready for harvest. For right now, the nation needs the farmer's support in a different way. It needs his co-operation on Liberty bonds.

These bonds are issued to equip our soldier boys with everything they will need for their safety, comfort and fighting strength. The government will pay every bond buyer 3½ per cent interest, free from all taxes, and will return to him the entire principal. Liberty bonds are a safe, sure, profitable investment.

It is the hope of President Wilson that not a single farmer in the country will be seen without a Liberty bond button in his buttonhole.

If a woman ever does get into the cabinet the bet is that she won't be one of the kind who would want to put scaloped paper in the shelves.

P. M. Jones of Verbena was here monday.

A billious, half-sick feeling, loss of energy, and constipated bowels can be relieved with surprising promptness by using HERBINE. The first dose brings improvement, a few days puts the system in fine, vigorous condition. Price 50c. Sold by [illegible] Drug Co.

ONE-MAN GOVERNMENT

Those who are questioning the president's purpose to run things himself during the war are recalling his picture of the presidency drawn when he was a college professor:

"The President is also the political leader of the nation, or has it in his choice to be, The nation as a whole has chosen him and is conscious that it has no other political spokesman. Let him once win the admiration and confidence of the country and no other single force can withstand him, no combination of forces will easily overpower him. . . If he rightly interpret the national thought, and boldly insist upon it, he is irresistable, and the country never feels the zest of action so much as when its president is of so much insight and caliber. Its instinct is for unified action, and it craves a single leader. It is for this reason that it will often prefer to choose a man rather than a party. A president whom it trusts cannot only lead it, but form it to his own views."

It is plain that Wilson as president is trying to be just what Wilson as writer said he ought to be, there is artistic unity in the Wilson career. Nor is it at all sure that as president he is not achieving his ends by "rightly interpreting" the national thought.

But there is a difference between political leadership and political dictation, between converting the public to a point of view and cramming the point of view down their throats, and neither in his writing years nor in his performance now has the president reassured the people at that point.

No one can read the paragraphs quoted from his booklet on the presidency and not feel that the argument can be pushed too far, that a dangerous personal leadership can be gained. In these paragraphs he has not sufficiently safeguarded against what men like Patrick Henry believed was the real weakness of our federal scheme.

In the same way, nobody can watch the president and not feel that in practice, as in theory, he stands for the personal equation in government altogether too much, that he is fixing upon the country a one-man power that, however wisely exercised in this time of stress, is bound to cause us trouble if his successors are of his type.

Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Wilson have carried personal leadership in the presidential office to a dangerous line. However irritated we may become over the delays of congress and the want of congressional leadership, it is well to remember that the only break we have on arbitrary control is the brake congress can set.

The president believes in a one-man government and is trying to set up a one-man government. It is well to remember, before we become too far committed that no matter how wisly men have used great power for a time, they have always, if trusted too far, abused their trust in the end. One-man government has always been arbitrary government and bad government, and there have been no exceptions.—Desmoines Register.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Of First Meeting in the District Court of the United States, for Northern Division of the Middle District of Alabama. In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of E. B. Hansen, post office Thorsby, County Chilton, Alabama.

The aforesaid party having been adjudged a bankrupt, under the act of Congress entitled "An Act to Establish a Uniform System of Bankruptcy Throughout the United States" approved July 1st, 1898, meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt is called at the office of the undersigned Referee, in the United States Court House, Montgomery, Alabama, on the 18th day of June, next, at 10 o'clock a.m., to make proof of debts, and for the election of a trustee, and such other matters as are necessary and required by the acts of Congress aforesaid.

Montgomery, Ala., June 4, 1917.
M. S. CARMICHAEL, Referee.

A coat of paint may cover the freckles on a girl's face, but it won't hide the freckles on her reputation.

It is all right to brag about your credit. But remember that no man's credit is as good as his money.

A smart man will give his wife a bigger weekly allowance so he can borrow more of it during the week.

Some men are so doggone busy at watching their enemies that it is an easy matter for their friends to rob them.

Most men pay little attention to what they will get in the next world until they have more than they ever can spend in this one.

Sympathy is good stuff. But it won't do a married woman any good when a divorce is what she needs.

When six men get into an argument, each of the six can prove that the other five are idiots.

You can get unpopular by getting rich, but you can't get rich by getting unpopular.

Jim Parrish of Birmingham is spending his vacation with relatives in Clanton.

How Nations of Earth Rank In Productions

Here is a list of 25 of the world's most useful and valuable commodities, showing what country leads and what country ranks second in producing them:

Commodity	Leading Country	Second Country
Wheat	U. S. A.	Russia
Corn	U. S. A.	Argentina
Oats	U. S. A.	Russia
Rye	Russia	Germany
Rice	China	British India
Tobacco	U. S. A.	British India
Cattle	U. S. A.	Russia
Sugar	Cuba	Russia
Tea	China	British India
Coffee	Brazil	Venezuela
Cocoa	Gold Coast	Brazil
Cotton	U. S. A.	British India
Wool	Australia	Argentina
Silk	China	Japan
Coal	U. S. A.	United Kingdom
Petroleum	U. S. A.	Russia
Pig iron	U. S. A.	Germany
Steel	U. S. A.	Germany
Copper	U. S. A.	Japan
Aluminum	U. S. A.	France
Zinc	U. S. A.	Germany
Tin	Malay States	Bolivia
Rubber	Brazil	Congo
Gold	Transvaal	U. S. A.
Silver	U. S. A.	Mexico

This summary shows the number of products in which each county leads:

United States	14	Cuba	1
China	3	Gold Coast	1
Brazil	2	Malay States	1
Russia	1	Transvaal	1
Australia	1	All others	0

When you buy United States Liberty Bonds remember that you are buying the bonds of the richest nation on earth, the one most abundantly blessed by nature and by man, the producer in the greatest quantity of 14 commodities that the world demands. Remember, also, that no other country in the world leads in more than three, and that Germany, Austria-Hungary, Turkey and Bulgaria lead in none.

Nobody is entitled to any special credit for believing in the country that is so tremendously richer than any other nation. The man who doesn't believe in the nature-blessed U. S. A. is to be pitied.

If you have not yet bought your United States Liberty Bonds, see your banker or broker today.



Don't let your boy go to school without a United States Liberty Bond button on his breast. Let him be proud of his country—and of his father.

Money makes the war go. Have you bought your bond?

Don't Be Afraid of Bonds; They're Like Gold Coin

Don't get scared when anybody says "bonds." One reason why most people know very little about bonds is that usually they cost around $1,000 each, and you and I don't buy $1,000 things every day. But our United States is now issuing United States Liberty Bonds that cost as low as $50, and it's high time now to learn that a bond is the safest investment on earth. On the United States Liberty Bond you get 3½ per cent interest, payable every June 15 and Dec. 15, and also you get your entire principal back.

United States Liberty Bonds are certain to become as numerous in the United States as gold pieces. They will have a wide and ready sale. Any time you need money, you can take your bond to the bank and get it. There isn't a real estate dealer anywhere, or an automobile maker, or a grocer who wouldn't be just as glad to take a United States Liberty Bond as he would to receive gold coin.

If you haven't already ordered your United States Liberty Bonds, see your banker or your broker today.

Bankers Will Help You Buy U. S. Liberty Bonds

Patriotic bankers and brokers the nation over are making it easy for everybody to buy United States Liberty War Bonds. The fact that you have not an abundance of ready money need not prevent your helping your government by ordering United States Liberty bonds. See your banker or broker today and ask him about easy terms.

The U. S. A. can make two and one-half cannon for every one the Kaiser builds. Help build those cannon by buying United States Liberty Bonds. See your banker or your broker today.

President Wilson has bought United States Liberty Bonds. Have you?

Your Governor has bought United States Liberty Bonds. Have you

Just any time you may choose to come around

You may be assured that you will always find the things you want, and at prices that will save you the most money. Don't buy till you come to see.

Clanton Mercantile Co.

Clanton, Alabama.

Every pound goes much farther



A POUND of old style hulls contains about ¾ pound of real roughage and about ¼ pound of lint. After being eaten, the old style hulls swell to twice the weight, or 1½ pounds. A pound of

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

also doubles after being eaten but as they are 100 per cent roughage, the original pound becomes 2 pounds—not 1½ pounds.

Therefore, a pound of Buckeye Hulls goes a third again as far as a pound of old style hulls. In other words, you only have to feed ¾ pound of Buckeye Hulls to give the same food value as a full pound of old style hulls.

Other Advantages

Buckeye Hulls cost much less per ton than old style hulls.
Buckeye Hulls allow better assimilation of other food.
No trash or dust.
Sacked—easy to handle.
They mix well with other forage.
They take less space in the barn.

Mr. Ben Faulk, Dothan, Ala., prefers Buckeye Hulls to old style hulls because cows like them as well, they are cheaper, they agree with the cows, and they go farther, one sack lasting as long as two sacks of the old style.

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, or fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K *The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co* Dept. K
Atlanta, Augusta, Birmingham, Charlotte, Greenwood, Jackson, Little Rock, Macon, Memphis, Selma

CARD OF THANKS

Editor Union-Banner: Please give us space in your paper to express our thanks to our neighbors and friends here and elsewhere for their kindness and help in the burial of our dear brother, H. H. Sorrell.

J. W. Sorrell and Family.

Thrashing Machine

Brand New Outfit Ready for Business

When your grain crop is ready to thrash out you should make arrangements to have the work done by my brand new and most up-to-date outfit.

I am ready for operation now, and am prepared to go where the people want me to.

I guarantee the work done by my machine and assure you perfect satisfaction.

Late in the season I will add a peanut and velvet bean thrasher to my outfit.

Call on me when you need your grain thrashed.

D. H. GENTRY

CLANTON, ROUTE 4.

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A. C. Smith B. Guy Smith
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Attorneys At Law
General Practice
Clanton, - - - - - Alabama.

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Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

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DR. A. B. BAXLEY
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Clanton, Ala.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

Watch your label.

List of Those Who Registered In County For Military Service Tuesday, June 5th

Chilton County Registered for Selective Draft Over 1600; Clanton Beat Furnished 339 of Total Number.

Beat No. 1.

Walter M. Aldridge
Ernest Armstrong
Irvin Allen
John R. Boothe
Delbert Brand
Willie Burnett
Lewis Barnes
David Benson
Oris Thomas Cox
Joseph T. Cox
Richmond Caney
Pete Calloway
Rufas Herman Dietz
Jim Davis
Berry B. Durham
Eulyses Donald
Andrew J. Sllison
LeRoy Ellison
Ellis Ellison
Spenser Edwards
Elijah G. Foster
Will P. Gibson
Marion Giles
John Wm. Gandy
John Wesley Gilmore
James Goldsmith
Orland C. Horter
Josh Harris
James Oscar Jowers
Grover Jones
James C. Knox
Walter W. Kendrick
Mat Kirkling
Robert Lee Kirkling
Robert McKinnon
Charles O. Lineberry
Oscar Littleton
Lee McOliver Maddox
William L. Maddox
Charley J. Moates
John Mims
Walter Marcus
William A. Marcus
Roy Maddox
Felston Mullins
Oliver Reed Mullins
Robert L. McKinnon
Homer McCullough
Douthard Noah
Samuel R. Powers
Dee L. Petty
Robert O. Payton
Henry B. Page
Joseph R. Rhodes
Alex Robinson
Judge Rembert
James Oliver Smith
Robert L. Sawyer
Lonnie Sherley
Bailey M. Simpkins
Clarence E. Shaneyfelt
Gene F. Smitherman
Willie Suber
Buddie Simpson
William Spurlock
Franzie Sanders
Turner Vanderslice
Will Vines
Prince N. VanWagoner
Robert C. Vines
Floyd L. Wright
Joe White
William A. Weldon
Jim P. White
Sidney Willis
Richard Ward
James L. Yates

Beat No. 2.

Sylvester Atchison
Rupert D. Bevis
Ocie Olan Barnett
Henry N. Beasley
Roan A. Barnett
Fred G. Bledsoe
W. Grady Brantley
Lenton A. Brown
James M. Brantley
Emmett Cheeks
Bernie Lee Cobb
Alex F .Cobb
Arthur A. Conway
George M. Collum
Vernon T. Cobb
Earl R. C. Cobb
Cebron C. Cofer
Sam C. Crysell
Marion Cofer
Noah Crumpton
Archie Crumpton
Walter Carlee
John M. Cofer
Ed Duncan
Josh L. Dubose
John H. Davis
Thomas M. Davenport
Mos. L. Davenport
Clarence A. Davenport
Joseph M. Denis
James L. Ervin
Jessie C. Edwards
Newton P. Freeman
Charley M. Gary
Perry Glasscock
Herbert E. Gothard
Elisha Hatchell
Lumon A. Hicks
Whatley H. Hyatt
Jeff D. Hand
Pat Henry
Gordon H. Howard
Jerome Honeycutt
LeRoy J. Howard
Fred L. Howard
Milford C. Hayes
Luther Hicks
Charles V. Jones
Ernest M. Kimbrel
Shade Laird
Harvey H. Lathem
William Lowery
Walter Lee Lester
Abraham T. Lewis
Pat Lacy Lowery
Martin L. Langston
Charleston C. Matthews
Willie P. Martin
Lonnie G. Martin
Erbin M. Martin
Lynn B. Hobson
Porter Martin
Noah M. Moore
Erby H. McNeill
William N. McGraw
Walter B. McNeill
Samuel R. McGraw
Elijah Nix
Manuel H. Northcutt
Willie Price
Alonzo S. Price
Sam Vester Peeples
Henry G. Posey
Mason Poe
Jason Poe
Arthur Poe
Albert Robinson
James H. Rodgers
Moses Ray
MordiCiah L. Rodgers
Hill Rotenberry
Tom S. Ray
George Scott
Lee Singleterry
Euel N. Shaw
William Clay Skipper
Jerome V. Scott
Seaborn C. Shaw
Henry C. Sims
Thomas Clyde Sims
Fred Otto Sims
William E. Sims
Claud C. Shaw
Enoch E. Smith
Jackson J. Scott
Walter P. Scott
Horice Smitherman
Boss Smith
Cleve Scott
Ervin D. Scott
Charley Monroe Thomas
Jackson V. Varden
James P. Wilson
Judge C. Watson
James T. Watkins
D. Anderson Warren
Eunice Watson
E. Huey Waldrup

Beat No. 3.

Grady Allison
Collier Anderson
Edgor Atchison
Edmond Q. Atchison
Eddie R. Brooks
David H. Bates
Oby Collins
Ben T. Childress
John T. Porter
John F. Carter
William J. Carter
Edgar T. Chesteen
Willard F. Childress
Francis H. Durbin
Henry D. Durbin
James Ervin
Ernest C. Edwards
Albert R. Frith
O. D. Grooms
William C. Grooms
Junie E. Garner
John R. Large
Snowton C. Hayes
Charley Hayes
Ezekiel E. Jones
Sidney M. Jackson
Richard L. Jones
Samuel Jones
James F. Kincaid
Henry Lawson
Willie Murry
Edmond M. Manning
Henry C. Mullins
Willie L. Martin
Thos. G. Mooney
Grover C. Mims
Joseph L. Palmer
Jim C. Price
William M. Pierce
Dan Rodgers
Wilber L. Speer
George Wiliams
Spirgen Waters
Jim Williams
John S. Williams
Baziel E. Williams
Willie B. Williams

Beat No. 4.

John D. Armstrong
John H. Austin
Clarence Askins
Newton E. Aldridge
Horace L. Aldridge
Joseph B. Atkinson
Newton W. Askins
James F. Armstrong
Homer Brown
Henry Lewis Bryant
Arthur Benjamin
Asaac Benjamin
Brown Benjamin, Jr.
Tom Barbour
Samuel Bryant
Anderson Bothel
Josie Baker
James F. Booth
Leonard H. Bussey
Ivey Blalock
Robert Baker
Grady D. Broadhead
Ervin M. Baker
William A. Blackmon
Charlie C. Baker
Edgar R. Baker
William J. Bice
Emmett Blankenship
Dosh Bryant
William R. Baker
Monroe Baker
John Bryant
Homer Bruce
Robert Lee Baker
Cleveland Baker
Claude M. Baker
Joseph Baker
Joe Boozier
Monroe Bryant
Stephen R. Baker
Franklin A. Bice
John L. Bennett
Glover Claver
Lee Cooper
Claud Beadlecomb
John W. Cleckler
Reauby Chastien
John Callen
Lee Roy Caton
Jim Caton
Jim Cox
Henry Carroll
Walter L. Culp
Farnd J. Callen
Houston Coggin
Frank B. Collier
Ervin Chastien
Pink C. Cleckler
John W. Cooper
Waldin Roy Culver
McCleveland Coulver
William Clecklerf
Cornelius Caton
Arthur Lee Cox
Bea M. Connell
Jesse Connell
Arthur Verge Culver
Jessie A. Culp
Waler L. Culver
John Davis
John Drayton
Oliver W. Dennis
Turner Mitchell Dennis
J. Rufas Dison
Horace W. Davis
Sewell Driver
John W. Driver
Green R. B. Duke
Benjamin H. Duke
George L. Daniel
James A. Dubose
James A. Dobbs
Loyd Deavers
Hosey F. Downs
John H. Eubanks
Lee D. Easterling
Lee Ellison
Joseph A. Easterling
Edgar Edwards
Vergie J. Elmore
Jessie Edwards
William E. Easterling
VanBuren Edwards
Ruben S. Easterling
John B. Easterling
Tarence Eiland
Walter Foshee
Arthur L. Farley
Thomas C. Foshee
Josie Fulmer
Marion D. Foshee
Alex Frazier
Julius Cary
Paul Goldsmith
Arthur R. Giles
Frank B. Goodgame
Joseph A. Groom
Lawrence F. Gerald
John C. Gray
Newton A. Gray
Audley C. Giles
Glennie Harris
Tolbert Huett
Ottis Hunley
Jessie F. Hayes
Tom Holley
John D. Henson
Carol Y. Holley
Tommie Hand
Samuel J. Henderson
Julius L. Harris
Cecil Ernest Harris
Will Henderson
Joseph W. Huckabee
Burney Hubbard
Victor J. Heard
Elijah Headley
Mary Hosey
Henry F. Hart
Henry R. Hayes
Clark Harper
Willie Hamilton
Cary Henley
Clarence Hayes
George B. Higgins
Grover C. Headley
Henry Headley
Grady F. Harris
W. Hardy Hurtt
Eric Hart
Henderson H. Hayes
Ernest W. Milyer
Felix C. Henley
John Jose
Leander A. Jones
Aurilius D. Jones
Calvin Johnson
John H. Jones
John Johnson
Henry G. Jones
Adolphus Jones
Johnnie Johnson, Sr.
Sidney Jones
Leonard H. Jones
obert L. Jones
John C. Jones
Walter S. Jones
Reedy Jones
Alvin Jones
Arthur Johnson
Charlie Jones
W. W. W. Jones
Jim Jones
Samuel E. Johnson
Mason F. Jones
Wallace Jones
Cleveland Jackson
W. Leonard Kemp
Sam Kanjutzky
Marion F. Kennedy
Curtis Kelly
John W. Lowery
Fliyd Little
Perry S. Littleton
Francis M. Littleton
Vatchel T. Lindsey
Clifford H. Littlejohn
Reese C. Lockhart
Edgar P. Littlejohn
Simmie Lowery
William A. Mickey
Jessie Martin
John Motley
Isaac Motley
Fred Motley
Davib Minor
Leander Mims
Oscar Lee Mims
Sam P. Mims
Arthur J. Maddox
Seth Melcher
Durwood C. Mims
Robert M. Miner
Charlie T. Miler
George M. Mims
Robert A. Miller
Elijah Mims
Lonnie Melton
Rudolph Moates
Ocie Mims
Clyde Maddox
Andrew Mims
William H. Miller
Tommie Mims
Johnie Miner
Alfred A. Mims
William K. Mullins
Edd Minor
Tommie L. Maddox
Sam McCall, Jr.
Shardrick McCall
Ollie H. McDowell
Henry T. Nobles
T. H. Nabors
Amos Oden
John Oaks
Jasper Oaks
Warden Peavey
Jinks Pearson
Frank Price
James Pickett
Joe Pearson
William L. Popwell
Will Powell
J. L. Parrish
Leon C. Popwell
Schustler Powell
Johnnie H. Plier
Phill G. Parker
Webb Parrish
Thomas M. Parrish
Albert A. Pounds
Marshall S. Plier
Josie Price
Emmett B. Popwell
Ocie J. Powell
Lonnie Price
George C. Polk
Albert H. Pyron
William L. Parrish
Aaron Parker
Clifford Price
T. S. Peavey
William E. Parrish
Ollis Rodgers
Calwelly Mak Roper
G. C. Roper
Ruben F. Riggins
William A. Robinson,
James E. Rasberry
Alex S. Richards
Alonzo L. Robinson
James E. Robinson
Lee J. Roberts
Cobert Riggins
Barney M. Roberts
Walter J. Rollen
Lewis C. Reynolds
Henry G. Reynolds
David P. Robinson
Alexander Riggins
Richard Smith
Macon Smith
Clarence M. Smith
Willie D. Shaw
Miles V. Smith
Barnard G. Smith
Willie W. Smith
Leonard T. Smith
Rufas A. Smith
Chas. W. Stanley
A. D. Scott
Robert L. Smith
James L. Smith
Edwards C. Shaw
Emmett L. Thompson
Arthur Tippett
Osmond Thompson
Jessie E. Teel
Elijah Thomas
George T. Tippett
Elbert L. Taylor
Whit Traywick
Emmett A. Thomas
Alburtus J. Tyus
Frank W. Thomas
Dudley Tippett
Hugh F. Thompson
Cleveland B. Thomas
Lee Traywick
Joe Traywick
James R. Taylor
Enoch Traywick
Tommie M. Taylor
Arthur Traywick
Grover Traywick
Oscar Vinson
Walter Vinson
David Vines
Joseph P. VanDerveer
Kinon M. Vinson
Limuel Williams
Colonel Wilson
Charlie Williams
Willie Watson
Sampson Williams
James H. Waller
Henry C. Weson
Will S. Wilson
Horace G. Williams
Tom Williams
Samuel K. Walker
John B. Wells
Luther W. Wright
William M. Wyatt
John T. Wyatt
Thomas L. Williams
Ruben E. Wyatt
Ocie C. Weldon
George Williamson
Hosie Wilson
Ervin Wilson
Ben M. Wells
Elijah T. Weldon
Medison L. Ware
J. C. Wilson
Walter T. Ward
Elsie Washen
John D. Weldon
Willian A. Willis
Marshall C. Wesson
Ernest E. Williams
James W. Wod
Theodore E. Williams
Weaver Wilson
Will D. Williams
L. O. Zimmerman

Beat No. 5.

Robert C. Aldridge
James H. Anderson
Henry G. Armstrong
Modie F. Brown
John Burdett
Leonard Boyd
Fred Botherfield
Jackson Bullard
William J. Beatfield
Ernest E. Barnett
Ralph Burton
Moses C. Browder
Hugh T. Brown
William P. Crumpton
Vester B. Champion
Fred Calloway
Ralph Cooper
Alvin C. Champion
George E. Culver
Henry Cooper
Guy Dickerson
Charles A. Dennis
Louis Daniel Duffee
William F. Dansby
Charley H. Dansby
Richard P. Dennis
Thomas P. Duffey
David I. Deramus
Jacob G. Dansby
James F. A. Dennis
Grover Deramus
Jim Dennis
Thomas Davis
Tom Deen
Isaac Dennis
Emmett T. Dennis
Eils Deramus
Dave DeJarnett
Oscar J. Eilend
Tom M. Eiland
Dock Goodgame
Calvin Gentry
Claudie Glenn
George Gulledge
Caesar Cary
John Hudman
Andrew T. Hancock
Walter C. Huston
Charlie E. Headley
Isaac W. Hall
Sylvester O. Headley
James M. Hurtt
William C. Henderson
Thomas L. Howard
James S. Hubbard
Dosh Huett
John W. Howard
Robert C. Houston
John H. M. Hayes
Bob Johnson
Alpheus M. Jones
William A. Jones
C. J. Jackson
Henry G. Jones
George W. Jones
Joseph A. Jones
Willie E. Jowers
Josph M. Kelley
Edward Leon
Eugene Love
Guy Lee
Isaac Minor
Alpheus F. Mims
Jesse A. Morgan
Henry S. Murr
William T. Morris
Franklin R. Martin
James L. Mims
William F. Morgan
Ernest Maxwell
Thomas J. McDonald
John McKinney
Edd Mixon
William T. Oliver
Willie Price
Arthur Pelham
David W. Parrish
Luther J. Pyron
Walter O. Phillips
Frank Parrish
James Plott
Jasper C. Partridge
Osie O. Penton
Henry G. Parsons
William Price, Jr.
Lewis J. Pelham
Berry Rutland
Oscar Robinson
Lindsey Shelton
Thurston G. Smith
Ben B. Scott
John Sistrunk
William B. Sims
Leonard L. Smith
Ernest L. Sims
Sidney W. Scott
John Townsend
Winfield Thornton
Eugene F. Taber
Alfred H. Taber
William B. Taber
Calvin D. Teel
John Varner
Grover O. Varner
Climie Varner
Grover C. Weldon
Calvin Wilson
Edward M. Wamble
Clarence Welch
Andrew Wilson
Frank Zeigler
Henry W. Zeigler
Mitchell Zeigler

Beat No. 6.

Joseph R. Askins
Johnnie M. Burnett
Baman M. Brigance
Hayes Boozier
William W. Bishop
Ocie C. Billingsley
Marion C. Courtney
Walter L. Coggins
Thomas S. Cochran
Jesse L. Chandler
Robert M. Culp
Henry Cleckler
John W. Cagle
Griffin J. Collins
Julius Chasteen
James A. Candler
Tom Cleckler
James C. Davidson
Clifton E. Deloach
Joseph E. Driver
Robert W. Deason
Oliver Davis
Alfred W. Dennis
Walter R. Kobbs
John W. L. Devaughn
James F. Devaughn
Joseph R. Dobbs
Augustus Davis
Newell J. Davenport
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Jasper Edwards
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Jasper W. Friday
Watson G. Gray
Rufas Gandy
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Steve Holley
R. Q. Hanley
Bud Headley
Jake Henley
George Headley
Horace D. Headley
Fonzo Headley
Walter W. Jones
Dawson P. W. Jones
Frank Lockhart
Johnnie T. Lee
Thompson J. Logan
Willie C. Mims
John Z. Mims
Arthur M. Mims
Calvin W. Moates
George M. Moore
Lee Moore
Ruben F. Mims
Eugene Mullins
John D. Mullins
Flavorius E. Neeley
Harrison B. Owen
Ralph D. Oden
John L. Payton
John L. Payton
Rufas L. Popwell
Robert F. Presley
Wiliam H. Popwell
William B. Payton
Fonzo I. Popwell
James C. Smitherman
Fred A. Smitherman
Houston L. Traywick
James T. Vinson
John C. Vinson
Jesse J. Wright
Johnnie M. Williams
Emmett F. Wyatt
Arthur J. Wilkins
Eugene Ware
Asbus J. Williams
Arthur E. Williams
Robert L. Williams
Bennie W. Williams
Robert D. Wilkins
George T. Watts
Ervin M. Wilson
John W. Ware
George W. Wright
Charlie L. Wilkins
Ruddie R. Yeargin
John D. Yeargin

Beat No. 7.

George M. Adams
Lufet C. Adams
Richard F. Adams
John W. Adams
James C. Atchison
Walter A. Adams
Henry Adams
James F. Adams
Joseph T. Adams
Isaac F. Armstrog
Rufas Bearden
Chancie N. Bearden
Frank Bearden
General Bean
Joe Bell
King Bowlin
Jesse Beazer
Will Bowlin
William S. Crichton
William J. Culver
Chas. J. Coburn
William F. Chambers
Jess Chambers
George Chisolm
Maryan Colins
Archie Cottonham
Marvin L. Driver
George B. Deramus
Leray A. Deramus
Aubie T. Dawson
Nathaniel Davis
Moses Dudley
Jesse Ellis
Jasper M. Fox
David B. Fox
Marion Ford
H. A. Gentry
F. A. Green
O. E. Green
Ed McGee
Lester H. Goss
John C. Garner
Albert Garner
Jimmie C. Gardner
Regusta Gatewood
Earnest C. Hambrick
Walter Henderson
Percy Henson
Ben Houlditch
Robert W. Hayes
Lum Hayes
Vernon Hambrick
Flayd B. Hicks
Henry G. Haigler
Joe Henton
Claud Hendrick
Charlie Heard
Shelley Hicks
Andrew Howard
John Hill
Cecil Jones
Goddie Jackson
Ealey Johnson
Ira Kelley
Clifford A. Keen
N. W. Lathem, Jr.
Milford F. Lawrence
Will Lathem
Ray M. Langston
Walter Latham
Walter Lowery
Tyree Landere
J. A. Lawrence
Grover C. Latham
Roamo Latham
Millard Littlejohn
Zeak Lawrence
William I. Deloach
Eamuel D. Lovelady
James Latham
Nicholas A. Minor
Walter S. Moore
William G. Merchant
John M. Mitchell
Noadie McGee
Clinnon McGee
Andrew C. J. McDowell
Willie J. Nichols
Morey B. Northrup
Harvey M. Nix
Marzett Nunn
Howard R. Oden
Jasper F. Perry
Hugh Perry
Oncie F. Patrick
Melvin O. Perry
St. Paul Parker
Cleveland Patterson
Ansie Ponder
Henry Purefire
Frank Peoples
Walter G. Rigdon
Robert P. Richardson
Fate Rutlede
Charley Ratliff
Porter Shoults
J. E. Selman
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Denson Sewell
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Earnest Scott
Marcus Selman
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Sumpter Smith
William R. Sims
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Zack Smitherman
Henry Sullivan
Earnest Smitherman
Martin L. Thrailkill
Mose Pate
Clinnon Talley
Marchel Talley
Samuel Talley
Andrew Thornton
Jance Whatley
Askin Whatley
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Grady Williams
William Williams
James A. Williams
Tom Wallace
Walter Williams
Ashton White
Isiah White
Matthew Wiliams, Jr.
Henry Worthy
Jim Worthy
Olydie Williams

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Chester C. Abram
Guy W. Alvin
Albert C. Abrams
Alton Burk
Marshall C. Binson
Furney J. Carroll
Ira J. Cox
Porter H. Connell
Henry G. Chandler
Cleveland Davis
Dolphus Daniels
Albert R. Dyer
WilliamH . Eddy
William I. Eaves
Dawson D. Friday
Andrew Goodwyn
Charley Green
Oliver T. Gay
Curtis Hanner
John T. Henry
Ennis Heard
Clyde C. Harris
Ruben A. Harris
Henry G. Herrod
Thomas J. Harris
Grady H. Houston
John G. Haigler
Elmore Jackson
George W. Johnson
Jake H. Johnson
Maury R. Jones
Joshuway Johnson
Tom G. Johnson
Ruben W. Little
Arcie W. Lenoir
Willie H. Lenoir
Daniel C. Milstead
Bailey E. Miller
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Jackson L. Morrow
Harvey H. Hul
Stephen H. Miller
Lewis McCarty
Fred Nunn
Brady Nichols
Charlie M. Nicold
George H. Nelson
Charley N. Ousley
Walter Oden
Forest B. Ousley
Will H. Ousley
George N. Osburn
Theodore H. Ousley
David M. Price
David Rush
Walter C. Ruddick
Union T. Ruddick
Jessie Lee Sims
John D. Sanders
George Underwood
William G. Williams
Eugene W. Walker
Walter A. Wright
Joseph C. Williams
Fill H. Walker

Beat No. 9.

Albert M. Anderson
Albert S. Atchison
Einar M. Anderson
C. E. Bice
Grover A. Bice
N. Keefer Blankenship
Ruben C. Burnett
Ira Billingsley
Thomas H. Blow
George M. Benson
James W. Benson
Rossie S. Burnett
George W. Burnett
Wilbur J. Bean
Othel Baker
James H. Bean
James A. Baker
Harrison C. Campbell
Arve S. Christensen
Burt S. Caton
Robert B. Childress
James L. P. Collins
Lee Caton
J. Davis Cleckler
Ollie Camp
F. M. Caton
Holgers Christensen
Frank Collins
David Childress
Rufas G. Collins
John P. Cost
S. Pink Cleckler
Howard C. Collins
Enoch C. Cox
George E. Collins
Walter Caton
Admiral Collins
Jadie Cox
Monroe Collins
Tom L. Collins
Grady Collins
Charlie W. Dawson
Lewis Diefenderfer
Meady L. Driver
Madison D. Dennis
William J. Davenport
Bennie K. Foreman
Guy A. Flummer
Carl R. Foss
Howard L. Foshee
Manley Foshee
Thomas P. Franklin
Erastus Foshee
Willie Goodson
Clarence M. Graham
Ben Gibson
Filmore Gay
James S. Gore
Milford Gore
Walter M. Heaton
Ross Heaton
Fred L. Henley
Lawrence F. Hamrick
Homer Henson
John L. Hayes
Embury P. Heaton
Clarence J. Henley
William A. Honeycutt
Phillip O. Horn
Rilie Hayes
Gilbert Jackson
William L. Jackson
Marvin C. Jackson
Joel A. Jackson
Raymond Kicklighter
Edgar M. Langston
Sidney E. Littleton
Evan Langston
Leonard H. Lowery
Arthur B. Littleton
Houston M. Lowery
Samuel W. Littleton
Simuel Mims
Walter L. Morgan
John H. Maherg
Orville Martin
John Miner
N. Lunsic Martin
Samuel Mims
J. Elijah Mims
John W. Maddox
George W. Murrah
Arthur R. Marcus
Walter E. Martin
Arthur V. Martin
Ambruas Mims
Chas. B. Maddox
Claud V. Maddox
Arnold G. Nelson
George Naskorthy
William M. Nelson
Walter M. Parnell
Samuel M. Pate
Ozzie J. Pool
Woodie Pate
Nels C. Peterson
Herbert W. Peterson
B. Nelson Popwell
Ernest E. Porter
Samuel T. Rodgers
Grady Sawyer
Willie B. Scott
Charlie E. Sims
Aaron R. Stagoner
Earnest L. Sundburg
Rollafee Smith
Harvie M. Smith
James M. Scott
John R. Sundburg
Herbert L. Smith
Thomas R. Sims

(Continued next Page.)



L. D. POPWELL
CLANTON, ALA.

TO ALL CANNING AND POULTRY CLUB MEMBERS OF CHILTON CO.

Remember June 27, Wednesday, during the Short Course at the High School. You are invited by the people of Clanton and urged by your agent to be present that day.

Demonstration will be given in canning fruits and vegetables in tin and glass, also in preserving and pickling. To learn to prevent all waste of food stuffs is our patriotic duty. Begin now to make arrangements to come, that you may avail yourself of this opportunity to help your country feed itself this winter. Go back to your homes and help your neighbors that are not members.

HOW TO DOUBLE THE RETURNS FROM EACH ACRE IN CORN

During the past ten years the average acre of corn in the South has yielded, on an average, 15 bushels. We propose here to show that it is possible this year to exactly double the returns from each acre of corn. To do this three things must be done:

1. **Cultivate Shallow and Often.** Drouth at a critical period often is responsible for heavy decreases in corn yields. Droughts, of course, are beyond our power to prevent, but cultivation of the right kind may largely offset their evil effects. When we destroy grass and weeds by cultivation the moisture and plant food they would have taken of course go to the corn crop. Let us, then, see to it that these robbers are never allowed to grow in our corn fields. Good cultivation also saves moisture for the corn crop by preventing loss by evaporation. Every farmer should aim to have a dust blanket or dust mulch maintained in every corn field. This is step No. 1, and should, if generally practiced, raise the average yield not less than 5 bushels per acre.

2. **Top-Dress with nitrate of soda or sulphate of ammonia.** We think there is no possible doubt that the greatest plant food need of corn, at least in the South is nitrogen. Of course, the best way to get this nitrogen is from the air through legume crops, but right now we have many millions of acres that are sorely in need of nitrogen, and there is no time to wait for the legumes. The corn crop needs it and needs it immediately. To supply this immediate need, nitrate of soda or sulphate of ammonia at the rate of 60, 80 or 100 pounds per acre should be used. This is step No. 2, and should, on millions of acres of our thin lands, raise the corn yields another five bushels per acre.

3. **Plant peas, beans or peanuts with all corn.** Just as nowadays the farmer who fails to get a second crop after his small grain is doing poor work, so the farmer who fails to grow a legume crop with his corn is falling short of his opportunities for increasing the feed and plant food supply. Using any one of the three crops named will certainly result in an increase from the land that will be worth at least five bushels of corn, and probably ten or fifteen. This is step No. 3.

Are you going to do these things that will double the return from your land, or are you going to be content with the usual fifteen bushels?—Progressive Farmer.



You can wash Mellotone walls

You will not need to re-decorate every year if you tint your walls with

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Simply wash the walls with water and a good oil soap, and they look bright as new.

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COMPANY
CLANTON, ALA

Those Who Registered In County For Malitary Service on Tuesday, June 5.

(Continued from page 5.)

William E. Scott
Paul C. Smith, Jr.
Finis E. Scott
Emmett Tyre
H. Clifton Vance
John Wade
Cowan E. Woodham
James L. Williams
Pinckney Whatley

Beat No. 10.

Willie A. Adams
Arden B. Allen
J. Clarence Anderson
Stephen A. Blalock
Ruben C. Burkhalter
Glooms M. Baker
Charlie E. Blalock
George R. Burris
Albert L. Connell
Robert J. Culver
Archie Culver
George D. Curlee
Bud Clinner
Homer Carlee
I. Elijah Carroll
James N. Courtney
Mose Cooper
Hardy Caver
John T. Cooper
W. Alphus Denis
W. Roy Durden
Ocie L. Devaughn
Bonie D. Dennis
E. Leonard Driver
Andrew T. Davis
W. Zebb Dennis
J. Clifford Driver
James B. Driver
Roy Davis
Joe DeJarnett
Noah L. Duffey
James L. Dennis
Walter Driver
John C. Dennis
John T. Gillard
Lee J. Grant
Garney Hilyer
Chas. D. Hughes
Richard L. Hancock
John A. Headley
John W. Ingram
Claudie Jones
John L. Jones
Wylie Jones
Cruse Joiner
Calvin P. Jones
Lige Jones
J. Marvin Kelley
Isaac T. Kendrick
Oscar Z. Kelley
Ed Logan
Irby Lewis
Essic Lee
Dausie C. Luster
Henley H. Moore
H. Zell Manning
Alfred K. Moore
James R. Mitchell
Willie J. Mims
David S. Mims
Jim McKee
Tom McKinney
Erbie L. McCullers
William R. Nations
Luther M. Nations
William Patterson
Luther Q. Kilptarick
J. Edmond Powell
Cleveland J. Penton
Forest M. Popwell
Henry Patterson
D. Edgar Patterson
O. Alonzo Ray
Bud Rhodes
John Rhodes
Mingland Robinson
Wilce A. Scarbrough
J. Dee Scargrough
Harrison N. Smith
Sam J. Smith
George E. Snyder
Bennie Sanders
H. Thomas Scott
Obie D. Smith
J. Milburn Taylor
Jodie L. Traywick
J. Lee Thomas
Hughie J. Taylor
Edward F. Taylor
R. Columbue Taylor
E. Willie Taylor
Mims, H. Tyus
Berlin Tyus
Arthur L. Taylor
sper N. Traywick
Walter D. Taylor
Joseph E. Thomas
Walter Vinson
William E. Vinson
Isaac S. Vinson
Martin A. Wright
John Wilson
Mose Wilson
Grover C. White
W. Woodfin Williams
Charles C. Burnett
King J. Brand
Will Bishop
Pete Baker
Neeley Baker
George Bryant
Dudley Cleckler
Linzie Cleckler
Jodie Cleckler
Henry Cleckler
John Dutton
Willie W. Giles
Columbus J. Giles
Dalton Giles
James Giles
Joseph Headley
John Hagens
Hugh Headley
Lee Headley
Joseph Thompson
Wililam Lambert
Cleveland Littlefield
Lawrence Littleton
Sam Littleton
J. P. Littleton
Walter Lambert
Clyde Moates
Oscar Mims
James Mims
Monroe Mims
Lewis Mims
Wash Mims
Linzie Moore
Linzie Minor
Linnie Rhodes
Jesse Retherford
William L. Smith
James W. Smith
William A. Traywick
Arthur Williamson
Andrew B. Williamson
Tommie Weldon
Wesley Jones
Jack Wilson
Willie Cleckler
William Rhodes

Beat No. 12.

John W. Anderson
Ruben J. Price
Wiley M. Bean
George Benson
William Brewer
John R. Blow
Colonel R. Blow
Alphred Bolton
William I. Bice
Jesse O. Cofer
Robert P. Cleckler
Commie Collins
Edwie F. Conway
Lafayette F. Cleckler
Capurs S. Dubose.
Thomas J. Davis
Filmore Davis
Chas. J. Davis
Charlie Davis
James M. Davis
Hares W. Ellison
Joseph M. Gore
Oscar Glasscock
James I. Gobles
Amos Glasscock
Stephen E. Hilyer
James E. Hilyer
Charlie F. Hilyer
Noah Norton
John C. Littlefield
Walter O. Little
Daniel H. Lowery
Bernie A. Littlefield
Benjamin E. Little
Walter H. Mims
James H. Mims
ErvinM ims
Alphred Marler
George W. Martin
Joseph E. Montgolf
Alvin Marler
Walter B. Northcutt
Rich Porter
Dock Porter
Charlie Porter
Thomas B. Porter
Thomas M. Roginson
Samuel L. Ray
Washington V. Robinson
John Robinson
Dudley Robinson
Nathaniel C. Smith
Joshua G. W. Sorrell
Lewis Edmond Sorrell
James A. Vinzant
Walter J. Vinzant
Robert W. Varden
Arthur M. Kagoner
Wililam E. Wilson
Dave Wilson
Albert Wilson
O. B. D. Williams

Beat No. 13.

John W. Anderson
William T. Aldridge
Oscar Anderson
Elliot N. Adams
William R. Busby
Fox H. Busby
Thomas J. Busby
James P. Blockmon
Chester A. A. Busby
Lawrence J. Brown
Julius F. Busby
Dave Campbell
Herbert Edward Crim
George F. Craxton
Thomas Compton
William E. Connell
Joseph S. Coshott
Herbert H. Compton
Samuel P. Ellison
Pleasant F. Eddinge
Elias W. Ellison
Carl F. Glass
Pierce A. Garrett
John L. Garrett
Ed L. Glass
Chester P. Garrett
Henry Horton
Jessie A. Killingsworth
Burnie M. Killingsworth
Hayden Killingsworth
Fransh Lucas
Pat Lucus
Henry C. Lucus
Sylvester Lucus
Bunk Lindsey
Elmore Lucus
Charlie Mitchell
Frank H. Mayhew
Cecil B. Martin
William T. Northcutt
Bradie Parrish
Jack Savles
Howard H. Reynolds
James H. Robertson
Alvin M. Rhodes
Joseph W. Rachels
William G. Shaw
John F. Sims
Emmett Scott
Wiliam N. Watson
James W. Watson
Mart D. Whitiner
Ennis C. Watson
William Watson
Numer O. Watson
Henry G. Watson
Samuel L. Warren

Beat No. 14.

Thomas I. Atchison
Bennett S. Atchison
Howard Atchison
Isaac N. Atchison
Benett F. Atchison
William H. Abney
Jodie J. Atchison
Lawrence Atchison
Velmer Baker
Elzie Brazwell
Henry E. Barnhil
Marvin O. Bearden
George W. Brazier
Winston Boykin
James C. Campbell
William E. Childress
Andrew J. Campbell
Edgar Cost
Pratt Crumpton
Arnald Cherry
Oscar Cost
David G. Cofer
Albert Carroll
Jodie N. Cofer
Ernest E. Davenport
Euel D. Dawson
Ernest Edwards
James B. Franklin
Ben Glasscock
John Glasscock
Floyd C. Gibson
Stanley Hayes
Howard Henson
Hermie T. Hodges
William Hicks
William Jackson
Garland W. Mahan
John T. Morgan
Carl J. McCarty
John P. Nix
James C. Nix
Grady Nix
John H. Posey
Oscar A. Posey
Eddie C. Payton
Allen S. Pate
Relius T. Pate
Napoleon Posey
John Perkins
Arthur G. Rasberry
Benjamin F. Rasberry
Alfred Smith
Cincinnatis Sammons
Rufas S. Sammons
Hurbit C. Smithermar.
Green Sims
Charles E. Scott
James J. Sims
James B. Tucker
Rollie W. Waldrup
Herbert R. Right
Noah C. Wallace
Oscar Waldrup
Dossie L. Wheeler

Beat No. 15

George T. Anderson
Clarence Abbott
Walter W. Adams
Felton Abbott
Earnest Abbott
Rosco E. Atchison
James G. Atchison
Pheland J. Anderson
Bratley G. Brasher
Elbert Bone
Walter W. Broadhead
Martin V. Chandler
Lewis A. Chandler
Henry G. Carter
John W. Cox
Robert W. Carter
Richard G. Chandler
Lonzie L. Chandler
John A. Chandler
Newton H. Culp
Sebe Carter
Lee Caver
Rufus G. Culp
John C. Crane
James A. Crane
Edward J. Dobbs
William E. Deason
Wilton C. Dickinson
Stanley D. Deason
George T. Dickinson
Willie L. Downing
Thomas J. Deason
Grover C. Donavan
Thomas J. Deason
Garner Davis
Howard Davis
Claud W. Davis
Eddie E. Edwards
Robert A. Edwards
John Franklin
James M. Foshee
Jos. W. Franklin
John Franklin
Tuck Griffin
Archie W. Giles
Wilbur C. Headley
Enoch M. L. Henley
William N. Headley
James Floyd Hicks
Simmon C. Headley
Richard A. Hicks
William E. Hayes
Herbert W. Henley
Richard W. Hayes
Willie Jones
Oscar P. Clinner
Richard W. Kendrick
George B. Klinner
Henry Klinner
Claud Klinner
Lewis J. Lathem
John W. Lockhart
Willie Little
Eugene Mims
Lorinza D. Mims
Jodie L. Milford
Eddie C. Milford
Ernest B. Mills
Warner Maul
William E. Owgn
George M. Owen
Christophen Owen
J. W. Pitts
Alvin E. Powell
Isham F. Pounds
Marshall B. Pounds
Harvie Poole
Columbus Pate
James M. Roper
William M. Roper
John R. Roper
Oscar L. Rawlinson
A. B. Rainwater
Rosco Rawlinson
James B. Rainwater
Clayton C. Ratliff
Howard Roper
Homer L. Ratliff
David Sanson
Wash Scott
Acy Sims
Charles Scott
Ruben S. Sanson
Oliver Y. Sims
William H. Scott
Foster E. Sewell
John C. Sims
Henry L. Sims
Oscar Sewell
Jacob N. Scott
Thomas C. Sims
Gerald C. Smith
James H. Tippet
Lawyer Turner
Grover C. Vance
Charlie Z. Weldon
Joseph H. Webbs
James I. Wilson
Joseph Williams
Fonzo Wilson
George L. Williams
William Wilson
Emmett M. White

Beat No. 16.

Luther B. Adams
Ocie Adams
Jimmie C. Blalock
Alvin Cleckler
Lue Cagle
John P. Cagle
Henry L. Cleckler
Fono Cleckler
Royal Collins
Ed Driver
Arthur D. Driver
James H. Foshee
Columbus C. Johnson
Jim E. Jones
Daniel W. Jones
Pleasant Jones
George E. Jacks
William L. More
Matthews Miner
J. B. Miner
Sidney I. Mims
Jesse C. Mitchell
Willie M. Mims
Sam J. Nations
Calvin C. Palon
Ulysses A. Patterson
Ernest L. Powell
Tom Powell
Owen R. Robinson
William E. Robinson
Columbus H. Robinson
John E. Robinson
Jasper R. Robinson
George C. Robinson
Rease Stones
Ruben M. Thombas
Joseph L. Thomas
James M. Thomas
William M. Wyatt
Jim Wyatt

HOW SHALL WE PAY FOR THE WAR?

A Constructive Criticism on the House Revenue Bill.

LOANS BETTER THAN TAXES

Five Reasons Why Excessive Taxes at the Outset of War Are Disadvantageous—Great Britain Example Worthy of Emulation—How the Taxes Should Be Apportioned.

By EDWIN R. A. SELIGMAN,
McVickar Professor of Political Economy, Columbia University.

On May 23, 1917, the House of Representatives passed an act "to provide revenue to defray war expenses and for other purposes." In the original bill as presented by the Committee of Ways and Means, the additional revenue to be derived was estimated at $1,810,420,000. The amendment to the income tax, which was tacked on to the bill during the discussion in the House, was expected to yield another $40,000,000 or $50,000,000.

In discussing the House bill, two problems arise:

I. How much should be raised by taxation?

II. In what manner should this sum be raised?

I. How Much Should Be Raised by Taxation?

How was the figure of $1,800,000,000 arrived at? The answer is simple. When the Secretary of the Treasury came to estimate the additional war expenses for the year 1917-18, he calculated that they would amount to some $6,600,000,000, of which $3,000,000,000 was to be allotted to the allies, and $3,600,000,000 was to be utilized for the domestic purposes. Thinking that it would be a fair proposition to divide this latter sum between loans and taxes, he concluded that the amount to be raised by taxes was $1,800,000,000.

There are two extreme theories, each of which may be dismissed with scant courtesy. The one is that all war expenditures should be defrayed by loans, and the other is that all war expenditures should be defrayed by taxes. Each theory is untenable.

It is indeed true that the burdens of the war should be borne by the present rather than the future generation; but this does not mean that they should be borne by this year's taxation.

Meeting all war expenses by taxation makes the taxpayers in one or two years bear the burden of benefits that ought to be distributed at least over a decade within the same generation.

In the second place, when expenditures approach the gigantic sums of present-day warfare, the tax-only policy would require more than the total surplus of social income. Were this absolutely necessary, the ensuing havoc in the economic life of the community would have to be endured. But where the disasters are so great and at the same time so unnecessary, the tax-only policy may be declared impracticable.

Secretary McAdoo had the right instinct and highly commendable courage in deciding that a substantial portion, at least, of the revenues should be derived from taxation. But when he hit upon the plan of 50-50 per cent., that is, of raising one-half of all domestic war expenditures by taxes, the question arises whether he did not go too far.

The relative proportion of loans to taxes is after all a purely business proposition. Not to rely to a large extent on loans at the outset of a war is a mistake.

Disadvantages of Excessive Taxes.

The disadvantages of excessive taxes at the outset of the war are as follows:

1. Excessive taxes on consumption will cause popular resentment.

2. Excessive taxes on industry will disarrange business, damp enthusiasm and restrict the spirit of enterprise at the very time when the opposite is needed.

3. Excessive taxes on incomes will deplete the surplus available for investments and interfere with the placing of the enormous loans which will be necessary in any event.

4. Excessive taxes on wealth will cause a serious diminution of the incomes which are at present largely drawn upon for the support of educational and philanthropic enterprises. Moreover, these sources of support would be dried up precisely at the time when the need would be greatest.

5. Excessive taxation at the outset of the war will reduce the elasticity available for the increasing demands that are soon to come.

Great Britain's Policy.

Take Great Britain as an example. During the first year of the war she increased taxes only slightly, in order to keep industries going at top notch. During the second year she raised by new taxes only 9 per cent. of her war expenditures. During the third year she levied by additional taxes (over and above the pre-war level) only slightly more than 17 per cent. of her war expenses.

If we should attempt to do as much in the first year of the war as Great Britain did in the third year it would suffice to raise by taxation $1,250,000,000. If, in order to be absolutely on the safe side, it seemed advisable to increase the sum to $1,500,000,000, this should, in our opinion, be the maximum.

In considering the apportionment of the extraordinary burden of taxes in war times certain scientific principles are definitely established:

How Taxes Should Be Apportioned.

(1) The burden of taxes must be spread as far as possible over the whole community so as to cause each individual to share in the sacrifices according to his ability to pay and according to his share in the Government.

(2) Taxes on consumption, which are necessarily borne by the community at large, should be imposed as far as possible on articles of quasi-luxury rather than on those of necessity.

(3) Excises should be imposed as far as possible upon commodities in the hands of the final consumer rather than upon the articles which serve primarily as raw material for further production.

(4) Taxes upon business should be imposed as far as possible upon net earnings rather than upon gross receipts or capital invested.

(5) Taxes upon income which will necessarily be severe should be both differentiated and graduated. That is, there should be a distinction between earned and unearned incomes and there should be a higher rate upon the larger incomes. It is essential, however, not to make the income rate so excessive as to lead to evasion, administrative difficulties, or to the more fundamental objections which have been urged above.

(6) The excess profits which are due to the war constitute the most obvious and reasonable source of revenue during war times. But the principle upon which these war-profit taxes are laid must be equitable in theory and easily calculable in practice.

The Proposed Income Tax.

The additional income tax as passed by the House runs up to a rate of 60 per cent. This is a sum unheard of in the history of civilized society. It must be remembered that it was only after the first year of the war that Great Britain increased her income tax to the maximum of 34 per cent., and that even now in the fourth year of the war the income tax does not exceed 42½ per cent.

It could easily be shown that a tax with rates on moderate incomes substantially less than in Great Britain, and on the larger incomes about as high, would yield only slightly less than the $532,000,000 originally estimated in the House bill.

It is to be hoped that the Senate will reduce the total rate on the highest incomes to 34 per cent, or at most to 40 per cent, and that at the same time it will reduce the rate on the smaller incomes derived from personal or professional earnings.

If the war continues we shall have to depend more and more upon the income tax. By imposing excessive rates now we are not only endangering the future, but are inviting all manner of difficulties which even Great Britain has been able to escape.

Conclusion.

The House bill contains other fundamental defects which may be summed up as follows:

(1) It pursues an erroneous principle in imposing retroactive taxes.

(2) It selects an unjust and unworkable criterion for the excess-profits tax.

(3) It proceeds to an unheard-of height in the income tax.

(4) It imposes unwarranted burdens upon the consumption of the community.

(5) It is calculated to throw business into confusion by levying taxes on gross receipts instead of upon commodities.

(6) It fails to make a proper use of stamp taxes.

(7) It follows an unscientific system in its flat rate on imports.

(8) It includes a multiplicity of petty and unlucrative taxes, the vexatiousness of which is out of all proportion to the revenue they produce.

* * * * * * *

The fundamental lines on which the House bill should be modified are summed up herewith:

(1) The amount of new taxation should be limited to $1,250,000,000—or at the outset to $1,500,000,000. To do more than this would be as unwise as it is unnecessary. To do even this would be to do more than has ever been done by any civilized Government in time of stress.

(2) The excess-profits tax based upon a sound system ought to yield about $500,000,000.

(3) The income-tax schedule ought to be revised with a lowering of the rates on earned incomes below $10,000, and with an analogous lowering of the rates on the higher incomes, so as not to exceed 34 per cent. A careful calculation shows that an income tax of this kind would yield some $450,000,000 additional.

(4) The tax on whisky and tobacco ought to remain approximately as it is, with a yield of about $230,000,000.

These three taxes, together with the stamp tax at even the low rate of the House bill, and with an improved automobile tax, will yield over $1,250,000,000, which is the amount of money thought desirable.

The above program would be in harmony with an approved scientific system. It will do away with almost all of the complaints that are being urged against the present. It will refrain from taxing the consumption of the poor.

It will throw a far heavier burden upon the rich, but will not go to the extremes of confiscation. It will obviate interference with business and will keep unimpaired the social productivity of the community.

It will establish a just balance between loans and taxes and will not succumb to the danger of approaching either the tax-only policy or the loan-only policy. Above all, it will keep an undisturbed elastic margin, which must be more and more heavily drawn upon as the war proceeds.

WHY INDIVIDUALISM IS AS DEAD AS A SMELT

George W. Perkins, Chairman of the New York City Committee on Food Supply, Finds That Science and Invention Are Forcing Revolutionary Changes in the World's Industrial Relations, Whether We Like It or Not.

AT A RECENT public hearing on certain proposed food legislation which Mr. Perkins favored and which recognized the necessity of co-operation some one remarked that the legislation was a violation of the principle of individualism.

Mr. Perkins retorted, "Individualism is as dead as a smelt."

Mr. Perkins' reasons for his belief are outlined in the following article:—

By GEORGE W. PERKINS,

Chairman of Mayor Mitchel's Food Supply Committee.

One of the greatest stumbling blocks to progress is the human inclination to follow precedent and old methods too



GEORGE W. PERKINS.

closely. We find it difficult to strike out along entirely new lines.

Thomas Jefferson, in his old age wrote a letter in which he said:—

Some men ascribe to the men of the preceding age a wisdom more than human, and suppose what they did to be beyond amendment. I knew that age [of the Revolution] well. I belonged to it and labored with it. It deserved well of its country. It was very like the present, but without the experience of the present; and forty years of experience is worth a century of book reading; and this they would say themselves were they to arise from the dead.

Great Changes Taking Place Rapidly.

The changes that occurred from the close of the Revolutionary War to Jefferson's old age made a deep impression on his mind; yet as we look back at them from this distance they seem infinitesimal when compared with the changes that have taken place in the world the last quarter of a century and the tremendous changes taking place now.

George Washington was a representative of the best type of American a century and a half ago. He was a scholar, a soldier and a statesman, yet he did not know as much about science as a young schoolboy of to-day.

Thomas A. Edison typifies the scientist of our time, but the gap between the man of the Edison type and Washington is probably greater than the gap between Washington and the man whose bones were recently discovered near Trenton, N. J., said to have lived 125,000 years ago.

The advances in science, intercommunication and in universal education—these three great factors account for the stupendous progress this country has made in the last twenty-five years.



They have swept away old precedents, old customs, and they will eventually sweep away many of the laws now on our statute books.

The man of to-day who does not fully comprehend all this is doomed to be somewhat of a failure, while the man who does comprehend it will have taken a long stride toward success.

It is not many years since I was a lad, and yet at that time there was no such thing as a telephone. The telegraph was in very meagre use; fast express trains did not exist. It took several weeks to cross the ocean, and the only flying machine we knew about was the much derided one possessed by Darius Green.

Entering a New World.

When Abraham Lincoln was President it took four days or more for a letter to travel from his home in Illinois to New York. It took him several days to go from his home to Washington to be inaugurated. And yet only a few weeks ago a young woman, unaided and alone, travelled in a flying machine from Chicago to New York in eight hours and fifty minutes.

I Want to Buy

Fresh Pork, and Beef Cattle

WHEN YOU HAVE ANY TO SELL, BRING THEM TO MY MARKET AND GET THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES.

I ALSO BUY HIDES, BUTTER, EGGS, AND OTHER PRODUCE.

MY PLACE IS NEXT TO THE PEOPLES BANK.

I HAVE A FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT NEXT TO MY MARKET, AND INVITE YOU TO CALL ON ME FOR MEALS.

G. W. MARCUS

Clanton, Ala.

Regular Dinners

We invite you to eat at our Restaurant, and guarantee you satisfactory service.

Our specialty is Regular Dinners of vegetables, corn bread, potatoes, chicken and dumpliugs, potatoes, etc.

Soft drinks, bottled and fount, Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobacco, etc.

BILL GOODGAME

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Of First Meeting, in the District Court of the United States, for the Middle District of Alabama. In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of Jas. W. Patton, Post office Jemison, County Chilton, Alabama.

The aforesaid party having been adjudged a bankrupt, under the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to Establish a Uniform System of Bankruptcy Throughout the United States," approved July 1st, 1898, meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt is called at the office of the undersigned Referee, in the United States court house, Montgomery, Alabama, on the 14th day of June, next, at 10 o'clock, a.m., to make proof of debts, and for the election of a trustee, and such other matters as are necessary and required by the Act of Congress aforesaid.

Montgomery, Ala., June 2, 1917.

M.S. CARMICHAEL, Referee.

In every home where a baby is there should also be a bottle of McGEE'S BABY ELIXIR. It may be needed at any time to correct sour stomach, wind colic diarrhoea or summer complaint. Ot is a wholesome remedy, contains no opium, morphine or injurious drug of any kind. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court in Equity of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed, whereby I, as Sheriff of said county, was commanded to make the sum of one hundred, eighty-four and 75-100 dollars, costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the May 22 term, 1917 of said court of said county, Alabama, in favor of W. I. Mullins, against Ed Wilson, Sarah Love et als, I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the court house door of said county, between the hours of 11 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m. **On Mondey, the 25 day of June, 1917** all the right, title and interest of the above named Sarah Love, in and to the following described real estate, viz:

The east half of the southeast fourth of Section 8, Township 21, Range 14, situated, lying and being in Chilton County, Alabama.

This the 25th day of May, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at the Court House door, May 25, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

A fellow may have to fight for the first kiss, but later on when he is engaged to her, he may have to wear a catcher's mask for self protection.

Driving the brain starts the pain

Over-work, worry and the constant strain of a business life are often a cause of much trouble.

Dr. Miles' Nervine

is highly recommended for all Nervous disorders. It is particularly invaluable to business women. Regulate your bowels by using

DR. MILES' LIVER PILLS

IF FIRST BOTTLE, OR BOX, FAILS TO BENEFIT YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

NERVOUS ATTACKS.

"I suffered with nervous attacks and headaches. Then my liver got out of order and it seemed as though my whole system was upset. I commenced using Dr. Miles' Nervine and also took Dr. Miles' Liver Pills and now I feel perfectly well in every way. My bowels also are in good shape now."

MRS. AUGUSTA KEISER, 1149 Portland Ave., Rochester, N. Y.

SEASHORE EXCURSIONS

EVERY SATURDAY
JUNE 2 TO SEPT. 1



From Clanton. Ten-Day Return Limit.

Pensacola	$7.15	Magnolia Spgs.	$9.50
Pascagoula	8.00	Ocean Spgs.	8.35
Biloxi	8.40	Gulfport	9.00
Pass Christian	9.15	Bay St. Louis	9.30

J. A. HESTER, Ticket Agent, Clanton

L&N

Also on sale daily until October 15th, regular round trip Summer Tourist Tickets to Gulf Coast Resorts at slightly higher fares with return limit of October 31st.

Buying Liberty Bonds Is Not An Act of Charity

When you buy United States Liberty War Bonds you are not giving away anything. Your act of purchasing is not an act of charity. Whatever money you have you possess because you have lived and worked in the glorious United States. Today the United States needs ready money to help win the war, to provide food, clothing and transportation for our soldier boys. So our government says to you: "Loan us $50 or $100, or whatever amount you like, and we will pay you 3½ per cent annual interest (payments every June 15 and Dec. 15), and in addition to that we will pay you back the entire amount you lent us. Also, if the interest rate on our bonds goes up, we will advance your interest to the highest rate."

"That's a fair, square proposition. You can't lose. The United States helped you get what you have, and it is both patriotism and good business on your part to loan the government some of your money now. Order United States Liberty Bonds from your banker or your broker. Do it today.

U. S. Liberty Bond Button Is Your Badge of Honor

Every man, woman and child who buys a Liberty bond will be given a government button to wear. This badge of honor will be a sign to the world that its wearer believes in the United States, in freedom, in manhood, in righteousness, and has shown his faith by his works. Many of us are not able to fight, but there is hardly any one who cannot buy at least a $50 Liberty bond. Remember, too, that this $50 is not a gift; it is a safe and sound investment, free from taxation, paying interest and repaying the principal in full. You can't lose.

If you do not buy, both you and your country will thereby be losers. Don't be a millstone around your country's neck. Order at least one Liberty bond today.

How about mother? Wouldn't she be proud if you were to bring home a United States Liberty Bond in her name?

BE FIRST TO WEAR A BUTTON.

Be the first to wear a button.

Don't delay until your friends and neighbors question your patriotism.

Every buyer of Liberty bonds, issued to support the war, will receive from the United States government a button to be worn at all times and places. This button shows that you have answered your nation's first call. It tells where you stand. It speaks louder than anything you can say. Place your order for Liberty bonds today and be the first to wear a button.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF SETTLEMENT.

The State of Alabama, Chilton County. Probate Court. May 29, 1917.

In the matter of the estate of John W. Gullahorn, deceased, This day came H. A. Harris, Administrator of the Estate of said deceased, and files his account, vouchers, evidence, statement for final settlement of his said Administration.

It is ordered that the 7th day of July, 1917, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

Witness my hand this, 29th day of May, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS, Judge of Probate

Make good for the baby's sake. Buy a United States Liberty bond for the littlest one, God bless him—or her.

FREE ART SERVICE

For the Correct Finishing of the Interior of Your Home.

The artistic decoration of the interior of the home presents many problems: Dimensions of various rooms; the character of the furniture and woodwork; the colors of draperies and carpets must be considered; all this requires experience, taste and skill.

If you are contemplating redecorating your home or building a new one—you will find it a decided advantage to consult with the Art Department of the Peaslee-Gaulbert Company, Incorporated, of Louisville, Ky.

Every assistance, every information, every suggestion bearing on the subject of proper finishing of your interiors will be gladly furnished without cost or obligation to you.

Write for any information or suggestions you may wish. Send in your specifications and the Art Department will originate designs, suggest practical ideas and schemes, and give you the promptest and most careful service.

The best architects and decorators of this country frequently call upon this department for information and help for obtaining desirable effects in the execution of their plans. That these suggestions are almost uniformly adopted makes us believe that the word of our Art Department is authoritative and final on such matters.

There's a Pee-Gee finish for every purpose. Ask for Free Paint Books and Color Cards.

SHERIFF'S SALE—REAL ESTATE

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed whereby I, as Sheriff of said County, was commonded to make the sum of five thousand, six hundred ninety-seven and thirty-seven hundredths dollars, principal and interest, and seventeen and twenty-five hundredths dollars, costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the November term, 1916, of said court of said county, Alabama, in favor of First National Bank of Birmingham, Ala., against E. A. Matthews, et als, I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the court house door of said county, between the hours of 11 o'clock, a.m. and 4 o'clock, pm., on **Monday. the 16 day of July, 1917** all the right, title and interest of the above named E. A. Matthews, W. H. Sartor, P. D. Wilson, N. A. Kicker, et als, in and to the following described real estate, viz:

(Four-fifths of undivided interest in and to the following described property:)

The following described real property, lying and being situated in the Town of Clanton, Alabama, towit a certain parcel of land west of the S. & N. Alabama Ry., described as follows towit: Commencing at a point on the line of the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co. 210 feet south of the intersection of said right of way and the main street now known as Second Aveune, and running thence in a westerly direction, parallel with the main street, 485 feet, more or less, to the line of W. D. Sartor's land, said line of W. D. Sartor's land was known or existed on the 10th day of August, 1893, thence in a southerly direction, along the line of said Sartor land line, and a continuation thereof 300 ft., thence in an easterly direction parallel to said main street, 485 ft., more or less to said right of way, thence in a northerly direction along said right of way 300 feet to a point of beginning, being a part of land which was conveyed to John Randolph on the 12th day of February, 1902, by deed which is recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County Alabama, in Vol. 24 of record of deeds, on page 387; the said lot or parcel of land above described is known by the official map of the town of Clanton, Alabama, and marked upon said map, "E. Y. McMorris University School." (The words "main street" wherever they appear in the foregoing description, refer to the street now known as Second Avnue.) And also a tract or parcel of land described as follows, towit: beginning at the NE corner of a certain lot west of the South & North Alabama Ry., and south of and bordering on Second Ave., marked on the official may of the town of Clanton, "W.M. Wilson and Bro." and running thence east along Second Ave., 40 feet; thence south 210 feet to the lot marked on said official map, "E.Y. McMorris University School" thence west 40 feet thence north 210 feet to the point of beginning; and also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described and bounded as follows, towit: beginning at the SE corner of the lot marked on the official map of thettown of Clanton, Alabama, "E. Y. McMorris University School" and running thence west 160 feet, thence south 80 feet, thence east 40 feet, thence south 280 feet, thence east to the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry., thence north to the point of beginning; also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry. described as follows, towit: beginning at the NE corner of the lot marked on the official map of Clanton, Alabama, "E. Y. McMorris University School," and running thence west 30 feet, thence north 60 feet to the lot of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., thence east 30 feet to the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., thence south along the said right of way to the point of beginning; and also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described as follows: beginning at the SW corner of the lot marked on the official map of Clanton, Alabama, "E. Y. McMorris University School" and running south 20 feet, thence east to within 160 feet of the right of way of the South and North Alabama Railroad Company, thence north 20 feet to the south line of said "E. Y. McMorris University School" lot, thence west along said line to the point of beginning, also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Railroad, described as follows: beginning at the NW of the Episcopal Church lot on the south side of Second Ave. and running thence west along said Second Avenue 120 feet, thence south 210 feet, thence east 120 feet, thence north along said Episcopal church lot 210 feet to the point of beginning.

(Interest of W. I. Mullins is not conveyed by this sale.)

This 13th day of June, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at court house door, June 13th, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Pay your subscription to this paper.

C. REESE MULLINS

—Agent—

For Life and Fire Insurance, Accident and Health Insurance, Auto and Windstorm Insurance, Liability and Plate Glass Insurance. Bonding.

Singer Sewing Machines.

Regular office days Mondays and Saturdays.

Third door east of Post office.

CLANTON, ALA.



Ask Grandfather—He'll Tell You—

Treat The Body As A Delicate Machine

You would not let a machine built for efficient work, get rusty and full of dust and dirt. Why let the body, the most delicate of all machines, get rusty and run down from inattention? Cleanse the blood; that's the secret; keep it clean. S. S. S., proven for 50 years the best of all blood tonics, will do it. Get a bottle at your druggist's TODAY and take it according to directions.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

S.S.S. Keeps It Always Fit

ADJOURNMENT UNITED STATES SENATE HONOR TO VETERANS

MR. BANKHEAD: "Mr. President, in submitting the motion I intend to make, I trust no Senator will feel that it is an imposition upon the time or the business of the Senate or that its purpose implies any motive of disloyalty to the flag of our country. On the contrary, it is intended as a tribute to the patriotism of the Confederate veteran and his son, who stand ready and willing to offer their lives and their means for perpetuation of the Union which they so desperately and at such great sacrifice attempted to dissolve. I take the liberty of offering this motion since I am the only remaining Senator who served four full years as a Confederate soldier.

"The local post of the Grand Army of the Republic and the civic organizations of the city of Washington have extended the Confederate veterans a most generous and pressing invitation to hold their twenty-seventh annual reunion in the Capital City of the nation, and in the same generous and gracious spirit the invitation was accepted. Today the shattered remnants of Lee and Jackson, Johnson and Bragg, and of the navies of the Confederacy, who are physically and financially able are in Washington and on Thursday will march with their sons down Pennsylvania Aveune in review before the President of the United States. Think, Senators, of the significance of a spectacle like this! A little more than half a century ago these same men were hammering at the gates of Washington in an effort to sever their relations with the National Government. Thursday, marching with broken and faltering step, on a mission of peace and love, not of hatred and bloodshed, but in a spirit of resolute reconciliation and absolute loyalty to the flag, they will voice in vibrant tones to all the world an indissoluble Union of the United States. I am grateful that God has spared me to this day, when my old comrades in arms of the Confederacy are here in the Capitalof that Nation which for four years they struggled desperately to destroy but which none in all this great Republic are now more anxious to preserve.

For four years I marched and fought under the Stars and Bars. Five immediate members of my family are now enlisted under the Stars and Stripes, a son, two grandsons, and two nephews. They will even up our records.

"Now, Mr. President, as a mark of honor and respect to the Confederate veterans asembled in reunion in the city of Washigton, the Capital of the Uited States of America, I move that the Senate adjourn until 12 o'clock noon on Friday next."

VICE PRESIDENT: "The question is on agreeing to the motion of the Senator from Alabama."

The motion was agreed to—Congressional Record, June 5, 1917.

CREAM VERMIFUGE expels worms promptly and puts the child on the road to health. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Children that are affected by worms are pale and sickly and liable to contract some fatal disease. WHITE'S

Bankers and Brokers Show Fine Patriotism

When your banker or your broker encourages you to buy United States Liberty Bonds, don't make the mistake of thinking that he has any selfish motives. The fact is that he does not make any commission whatever by selling these war bonds. On the contrary, all the work that a banker or a broker undertakes in connection with United States Liberty Bonds is at his own expense.

Seldom has any class of business men shown finer patriotism than that exhibited in recent weeks by the bankers and brokers. The federal government is under great obligations to them for the high spirit of public duty they have shown, for the enthusiasm they have manifested in familiarizing the public with United States Liberty Bonds and in encouraging people to buy.

If you have not yet ordered your United States Liberty Bonds, see your banker or your broker today. And remember that in handling your order he is working unselfishly for American honor and for the permanence of liberty on earth.

Is Your Boy In the War?

Perhaps your boy, your brother your sweetheart, some one you hold dear to your heart, will be called into the war zone to risk his life for freedom, for liberty, for America. War is no picnic, no holiday romp; it is terribly serious business. Victories are almost never won by unfed, naked, disheartened troops. Is it your wish that our boys shall have the food, the clothing, the arms, the ammunition, the



safeguards to reduce their danger to the minimum, to strengthen their spirits, to encourage them to victory? Then remember that you can help. To maintain and safeguard your boy at the front takes money. Our government needs that money now. To raise it quickly, to make victory sure, to shorten the war, to save your boy and your neighbor's boy, the government asks you to buy one or more Liberty Bonds. These bonds can be bought for $50, $100, $500, $1,000. They pay interest, they are free from taxes, and you will get back the entire principal. Don't just sit around and wish for victory, peace and the safe return of the one you love. Buy as many Liberty bonds as you can and help to make your wishes come true.

DELCO-LIGHT



Electricity for Every Home and Farm

Prices Advance July 1

	PRICE NOW	JULY 1
With Standard Size Battery	$275	$350
With Extra Large Battery	$325	$420

Buy Now and Save $75 to $95

DELCO-LIGHT is a complete Electric Light and Power Plant, operated either with gasoline or kerosene. It furnishes Electric Lighting for the House and Barn; furnishes Power to pump water and operate Small Machinery; does away with Domestic Drudgery, and brings City Conveniences to the Rural Home. It is economical and soon pays for itself in time and labor saved. Already 16,000 satisfied users.

FOR ACTUAL DEMONSTRATION WRITE, PHONE OR WIRE TO BLOCH BROTHERS, DEALERS, SELMA, ALA.

The Domestic Electric Company, Distributors, Atlanta, Ga.



BROKE GERMAN LINE

Details of Important Allied Victory Before Ypres.

OLD SCORE IS WIPED OUT

Capture of Messines Ridges Peculiarly Gratifying, as It Was the Scene of Former British Defeat—Defenses Shattered.

With the British Armies in France, June 7.—In one of the most elaborately planned and daringly executed maneuvers of the war Sir Douglas Haig's forces have dealt a mighty blow against the German line in Belgium, and been rewarded with notable gains in terrain and the capture of more than 5,000 prisoners and numerous guns of various caliber. In addition they inflicted heavy casualties on the Germans.

The Germans, though apparently aware that the blow was coming and seemingly prepared to meet it, were driven from their nearly three years' hold on Messines ridge, opposite "poor old" Ypres. Ypres in a sense was avenged today, for Messines ridge has been the vantage point from which the Germans have poured torrents of shells into the stricken city. The British also wiped off an old score against the Germans, for they held the ridge in October, 1914, and with very thin forces, and virtually no artillery, fought bloodily but vainly to hold it when the Prussian troops massed their modern and overpowering weapons of war against it.

Prisoners taken declared that the bombardment of Vimy ridge was child's play compared with the gunfire turned upon Messines ridge.

Triumph for Artillery.

This fire reached its climax just as dawn was graying the eastern skies and while the full moon was still suspended high in the heavens.

The attack was accompanied by all the arts and devilries of latter-day war. The enemy guns and gun crews had been bathed for days in gas shells sent over by the long-range British guns.

The night was filled with red incendiary flames. Shells that spurted lead in streams crashed in appalling numbers about the heads of the defending soldiers. High-explosive and shrapnel fire was carried out with such rapidity that the earth writhed under the force of the attack.

Mines that had taken two years to dig and fill with an overwhelming explosive broke into an avalanche of flaming destruction in the half light of dawn. This was indeed an Ypres day of retaliation and victory for the vicious sufferings of two years and eight months.

Gunners Strip to Waist.

It was a day of intense heat, and the gunners worked stripped to the waist. The attack went forward with clocklike regularity.

The British casualties were slight. Three out of four of the casualties were reported to be walking cases, who would return to duty in a few days.

The attack began at dawn, and the setting was as picturesque as can well be imaginable. The day before had been hot and sultry. Toward evening there was a series of thunder storms which extended well into the night, the lightning mingling with the flashes of the guns, but the thunder being virtually unnoticed amid the din of the cannon. A full moon struggled continuously to break through the heavy clouds which scudded across the velvety night sky.

Sing on Way to Fight.

On the way to the front were all the familiar pictures of the war—endless trains of motor trucks; all varieties of horse transport, the British soldiers marching to battle light of heart and singing songs familiar in every American community.

In the shadow of an old windmill which has withstood the storms of a century and been undaunted by nearly three years of war, the correspondent witnessed the last phases of the seven-day preliminary bombardment and the final outburst of the guns which sent the British infantry confidently on their way to new successes in fighting the greatest military nation the world has ever known.

From the German line the same lazy, looping rockets signals were ascending to illuminate the treacherous bit of ground between the trenches known as No Man's Land. This nightly "evening" had been going on so long that the enemy considered it entirely normal and took no alarm. Occasionally blue and yellow rockets would be flung into the air by Germans holding the front line.

One by one the guns became silent. There was the old "grandmother" howitzer of enormous caliber, which kept breaking the peace at five-minute intervals, the shock of each succeeding explosion and the shriek of the heavy shells being emphasized by the silence which lay over all the surrounding country.

Like Volcanoes in Eruption.

Day was scarcely breaking when from the dimly visible ridge a score of fiery volcanoes seemed suddenly to spring from the earth. The night had been filled with strange noises and still stranger sights, but these masses of flame, leaping from the ground, had a meaning all their own. They were the spectacular outward and visible evidences of more than a million pounds of high explosives which had been buried deep in mines below the enemy's positions for months.

All the world appeared lurid and horrible under the sinister glow. The earth shook as if torn by a great seismic disturbance. It was not a single shock. The force of the explosion actually set the earth rocking to and fro, and under the influence of the giant guns, which immediately began to roar from far and near, the trembling continued indefinitely. It was 3:10 o'clock when this final terrific bombardment began.

It has seemed that the battle of the Somme attained the ultimate in the close assembly of war weapons, but this sudden outpouring on Messines ridge was beyond all calculation. The lighter field guns far forward set up a perfect curtain fire, under which the assaulting troops trudged confidently to their allotted goals. Farther back the deep-throated heavies began to pour out torrents of high explosive shells on the German trenches and communications, while still other guns—enough to win any ordinary battle—confined themselves solely to the task of deluging German guns and gunners in baths of gas fired in shells of every conceivable caliber.

The effect of this counter battery work was not appreciated until later in the day, when the infantry sent back word that their progress had not been hampered by the enemy artillery and that their casualties amounted to virtually nothing.

Enemy Signals for Help.

Great black observation balloons had stolen skyward during the din of the newly begun battle. In the wood back of the windmill spring birds, awakened by the deafening clamor, had begun to sing joyously. Like so many children who have come into the consciousness of being in the midst of the war, these birds regarded the appalling noise of the battle as a normal condition of life.

The smoke of the giant mines exploded along the battle front meantime rose in great, curling plumes toward the sky and was punctuated by red signals for help from the stricken Germans in the front and support lines. Never was the air filled with more frantic notices of danger. The entire horizon glowed with red balls of fire sent up by the nervous Germans.

More and more British airplanes began to make their appearance. One flew over the lines, the flashes of the guns being reflected brilliantly on its highly glazed wings.

Under this appalling fire trudged forward on the ten-mile front General Plumer's army. At many places the men found German troops utterly dazed by the mine explosion and the ordeal of the artillery fire.

First Taste of New Warfare.

Many of these troops had but recently come from Russia, where they had spent 18 months and knew nothing of what actual warfare was like on the western front. They had bolted at the first mine explosion and had only been gathered together in groups by their noncommissioned officers when the British appeared out of the smoke and shells and made them prisoner.

They said they had been given to understand by their officers that the British always killed their prisoners. It was really pitiful in some instances to see the manner in which these prisoners cringed to their captors.

As a matter of fact, the British soldier, when the fighting is done, is inclined almost too strongly to treat the German prisoners as pals. Some of the prisoners taken today had only gone into the German lines last night and had made their way forward under a galling fire and had lost heavily. But the troops already in the line were calling for relief in such a manner that their appeals could not be denied.

Failed to Time Attack.

In view of the fact that the attack had been expected the German commanders were endeavoring to get their best units actually into the fighting front, but had underestimated when the British would strike. The troops in a strange line were utterly bewildered when the attack began and fell easy prey to the advancing British.

The Irish, New Zealanders and Australians, who had been rehearsed in every detail of "the show," knew just what to do from the moment the word to advance was given.

The battle was far more visible during the first uncertain moments than later when the sun gradually burned its way through the eastern banks of clouds. By that time the smoke of exploding shells and the vapors from the blinding barrage, which had been part of the artillery duty, obscured the more distant landscape to such an extent that the roaring guns could not be seen at all, although the firing was almost at one's feet. The brilliantly leaping shrapnel shells, breaking far above ground, appeared through a thick mist only as brief and brilliant electric sparks.

British Planes Rule Air.

For a month past, but especially since June 1, the airplanes on this front have been indefatigably at work during every possible flying hour. They had brought down nearly 50 machines in six days as a means of blinding the enemy. Lately the Germans have endeavored valiantly to obtain airplane observations for their artillery, but their observing machines have seldom been able to direct more than one or two shots before the British fighting scouts had pounced upon them and either sent them crashing to the earth or had driven them to cover at breakneck speed.

Today the British planes flew far and long over the enemy's retreating lines and were only challenged by some very bad-shooting anti-aircraft batteries. All through the day British planes ruled the air. They co-operated actively with the British artillery and infantry in maintaining the success of this brilliant episode in modern warfare.

PRESIDENT STATES POSITION OF U. S.

No Territory Must Change After War, Says Wilson, Except To Secure Liberty For Inhabitants

OPPOSES GERMAN PROPOSAL

Wilson Says It Was The Status Quo Ante Out Of Which This Iniquitous War Issued Forth

Washington.—President Wilson, in communication to the new government of Russia, has made plain the war aims of the United States and its position on "no annexations; no indemnities." "No territory must change hands, except for the purpose of securing those who inhabit it a fair chance of life and liberty," says the communication. "No indemnities must be insisted except those that constitute payment for manifest wrongs done.

Ante-War Status Barred

"No readjustments of power must be made except such as will tend to secure the future peace of the world and the future welfare and happiness of its people." In unmistakable terms President Wilson declares against Germany's proposal to restore the "status quo" before the war.

No Such Hideous War Must Recur

"It was the status quo ante out of which this iniquitous war issued forth," he says, "the power of the imperial German government within the empire and its widespread domination and influence outside of that empire. The status must be altered in such fashion as to prevent any such hideous thing from ever happening again."

RUSSIANS MUST DEFEND THEIR NEW WON FREEDOM

Autocracy An Anachronism Which Cannot Be Tolerated By The Twentieth Century Mind

Petrograd.—Sir George Buchanan, the British ambassador, addressing a great meeting under the auspices of the Russo-British society, said he had constantly tried to impress on former Emperor Nicholas that in the twentieth century an irresponsible autocracy was an anachronism which could not endure. Russia, the ambassador said, had captured the bastile of autocracy by assault in a single week, and must consolidate the new-won freedom. "If you would keep it," Sir George continued, "not only must you defend it against atttacks of the enemy, but also drive him from the national territory in order that your brothers in those provinces may enjoy the same measure of freedom as yourselves.

"To enable you to reap the harvest of your revolution the democracies of France and Great Britain have been holding back the main forces of the Germans and shedding their blood not only in defense of their national patrimony, but to safeguard Russia. Had they not done so, had the Germans not transferred westward large bodies of troops who had been concentrated on your front, it might have gone hard with free Russia."

CANADIANS ARE DIVIDED ON CONSCRIPTION ISSUE

Cabinet Is Going To Pieces—Conscription Is The Source Of The Trouble

Ottawa.—E. P. Patenaud, secretary of state, hastened his resignation, owing to disagreement with the government on the conscription issue. Senator Beaubien and Sir Herbert are mentioned for the portfolio. Sir Robert Borden declined to discuss the matter. Mr. Sivigny, minister of territorial revenue, is rumored to have taken similar action.

M. Patenaud had been in the service two years. He is a French-Canadian and is against conscription. The attempt by Premier Borden to reconstruct his government into a union administration in which portfolios would be held by equal numbers of Conservatives and Liberals, has failed, and reconstruction of the government will be made within the Conservative party. The debate upon the compulsion bill is expected to be long and bitter, but indications are that it will pass.

All Railroads Show Great Increase

Washington.—Nearly complete returns from all railroads for the four months ending with April, made public by the interstate commerce commission show continuing improvement in net earnings in every section, notwithstanding the greatly increased cost of all factors entering into operating expenses. The east still continues the dark spot on the railroad map, but shows marked improvement in April over March. Southern roads showed net revenue for April, 1917, of $4 per mile less than April, 1916.

Liberty Bond Buyers Are Behind

Washington. — Totals of subscriptions to the Liberty Loan, aggregating $1,300,000,000 as announced by Secretary McAdoo, were made public by the treasury department, showing that not one of the twelve federal reserve districts has subscribed to its minimum allotment, although New York, with the most favorable showing, has nearly reached the minimum. In some instances the amount of subscription from federal reserve districts has fallen to less than one-third of the allotments.

GERMANS ARE DEMORALIZED

Many Germans Captured Are From Russian Front—Nerves Have Been Completely Wrecked

New York.—With the Messines-Wytschaete ridge in their possession, the British have organized the new ground and prepared for probable further action, while throwing back German counter attacks.

Surprised by the terrific onslaught of Sir Douglas Haig's men, the Germans, who lost more than sixty-four hundred prisoners and many more killed or wounded as a result of the mine explosions and the British artillery fire, made no immediate counter attacks. Waiting a day Crown Prince Rupprecht then threw his men forward against the new British positions northwest of Oostaverne and east of Messines. Every effort was repulsed by the British infantry or artillery fire.

All the prisoners taken by the British have not yet been counted, according to the latest official communication, but included in their number are 132 officers, many of them belonging to the artillery arm. The British also have collected more than 20 guns. The success of the British attack is admitted by the Berlin war office, which says that the troops of the Bavarian crown prince were withdrawn to prepared positions to the rear of the original line.

In Belgium north of Ypres the Belgians and Germans have been engaged in violent artillery bombardments. Along the Aisne front in the region of the Chemin-des-Dames the German crown prince has ceased his attacks, but the French and German artilleries continue their activities. There has been no marked activity in the other theaters of the war.

100 U. S. AIRMEN ARRIVE IN FRANCE

Secretary Of The Navy Daniels So Announces—First Fighting Force To Reach France From U. S.

Washington.—One hundred American aviators from the navy flying corps have arrived safely in France for any duty that may present itself, according to a statement issued by Secretary Daniels. They are first of the American fighting forces to reach France. The statement adds that Lieutenant Kenneth Whiting commands the corps which was sent for duty in anti-submarine operations, or for any other active duty that may be given them in France. In addition to Lieutenant Whiting commanding, the naval officers in the detachment are Lieutenant Virgil C. Griffin, Alabama; Lieutenant Grattan O. Dicichman, Georgia; Lieutenant Godfrey D. Chevalier, Massachusetts. Lieutenant Whiting is from New York.

U. S. Destroyers Going To France

Paris.—An additional American flotilla of destroyers and patrol boats, to co-operate with French forces in the English channel and the Atlantic, is expected shortly, according to The Matin. The paper says that naval bases have been prepared to accommodate the American ships.

GERMANY HAS SEVERED RELATIONS WITH HAITI

Tone Of Haitien Note Anent Submarine Warfare Caused The Break

Amsterdam.—The Haitien charge d'affairs at Berlin has been handed his passports, according to a dispatch from the German capital. The Haitien diplomat had previously handed to Foreign Secretary Zimmerman a note protesting against unrestricted submarine warfare and demanding commanding compensation for losses caused to Haitien commerce and life. The note also asked for guarantees for the future.

A statement issued by the Berlin foreign office in regard to the incident says: "As the demands were couched in an unusual form and demanded fulfillment within a period which would not allow even time for examination, the imperial government deems it proper to hand at once the charge d'affaires his passports."

36 Miners Dead And 167 Missing

Butte, Mont.—A statement by officials of the North Butte company gives 36 known dead as a result of the Speculator mine fire, 167 missing and 212 known to have been saved. The fire broke out in the lower levels of the mine.

British Steamer Reported Torpedoed

London.—The British steamer Southland, from Liverpool, for Philadelphia, in ballast, was torpedoed without any warning. She had six Americans on board, of whom one, Edward Rigney of New York City, is missing. The gun crew of the Southland fired ten shots at the submarine after the first torpedo was fired. A second torpedo was fired by the submarine and it caused an explosion in the magazine which killed eight men. Two boats containing forty men are still missing; 159 of the crew have been landed.

Liberty Bonds To Be 110 After War

Jacksonville, Fla.—Predicting that immediately after the war with Germany the Liberty Bonds would go to at least 110, Hollins N. Randolph, attorney for the federal reserve bank for the Sixth district, spoke to the Cotton Seed Crushers' Association in annual convention at Atlantic Beach on the Liberty Loan and addressed the Jacksonville chamber of commerce later. Mr. Randolph undertook this duty in the place of Gov. Joseph A. McCord of the federal reserve bank, who was unable to leave the city.

PERSHING AND HIS STAFF IN ENGLAND

Americans Received At Unnamed British Port With Military Honors And At Once Proceed To London

ACCORDED HEARTY WELCOME

U. S. Destroyers Escorted Pershing's Ship During Latter Part Of The Voyage

London.—A British trans-Atlantic steamer came slowly into her mooring in a British port with the most interesting complement of passengers she ever had carried during her years of plying between American and English ports.

The passengers consisted of the staff of the first division of the American army that will co-operate with the British and French armies on French soil in the world war: General John J. Pershing and his personal staff and the officers of the general staff, numbering nearly sixty. There also were on board about seventy private soldiers, a clerical force of the same number, a score of British officers from Canada and a large party of adventurous civilians, including several women.

The ship arrived in an English harbor late at night, having crossed without encountering any mishap or sighting a hostile craft. When the passengers came on deck on the last morning of the voyage they found torpedo boat destroyers escorting them on either side. When with difficulty they discovered through the marine glasses the colors which the escort flew—that the ships were American—there was great enthusiasm aboard, which increased when a patrol with the same familiar flag at the stern joined the little squadron later.

hTe coming of the American soldiers had been kept secret outside the official circles and there was no crowding aboard at the pier, as would have been the case had the townspeople been aware of the event. There was a large group of British artillery officers at the landing stage, with their scarlet cap bands and gold trimmings which denoted that the wearers belonged to the staff, the blue of the navy, the lord mayor with his gilt chains of office and the officials of the port, to give welcome to the Americans.

GREAT EARTHQUAKE DESTROYS SAN SALVADOR

Tremors Continued Twelve To Fourteen Hours—Hundreds Of Lives Lost

Panama.—Reports from Managua and San Juan del Sur say that hundreds of lives were lost in San Salvador. Earthquakes continued entirely through the night of June 7-8, and volcanoes are reported in eruption. Communication between Panama and San Salvador has been broken.

Shocks Continued Through Night

San Juan del Sur, Nicaragua.—San Salvador, San Tecla and neighboring towns and villages were destroyed in an earthquake which commenced at seven o'clock and continued throughout the night of June 7-8, according to information received here from the president of Nicaragua. The president's message says:

"Telegraphic communication just re-established with San Salvador confirms that earthquakes commenced at 7 o'clock p. m., June 7, and continued all night, accompanied by heavy rain. San Salvador, Santa Tecla and neighboring towns and villages were destroyed. The casualties were small. There were some fires."

The president of Nicaragua has telegraphed the president of Salvador, offering aid. He has ordered the organization of relief committees to send help to the suffering and the homeless. San Salvador, which is the capital of the Republic of Salvador, has a population of more than sixty thousand.

Stamp Taxes On Checks In War Bill

Washington.—New stamp taxes of two cents on bank checks and drafts of more than $5 to raise from $8,000,000 to $10,000,000 were written into the war tax bill by the senate finance committee.

Goethals Discharges Two Engineers

Washington.—Charges by F. A. Eustis of the government's emergency fleet corporation, and E. Huntington Clark, his assistant, that Major General Goethals is deliberately blocking the wooden ship building program, has resulted in the dismissal of both as volunteer employees of the corporation. General Goethals, general manager of the corporation, announces that he has discharged the engineers who conceived the wooden shipbuilding plan because their usefulness is at an end.

Georgia Man Makes Great Discovery

Statesboro, Ga.—When Ben S. Mooney of Statesboro discovered a process to extract the oil from lightwood stumps two years ago, shortly afterward putting up a large plant here, little did he dream that he was on the track of a high explosive, one which, in all probability, will be of much value to his country. What it is or how he got it, Mr. Mooney does not know. It is made from two different oils and within a minute or so after the two have been poured together the explosion takes place.

EIGHT AIR RAIDERS DOWNED

Of Eighteen Airplanes That Bombed English Towns Only Ten Escaped

London.—Eight out of eighteen German airplanes that took part in an air raid on Essex and Kent were driven down by British airmen. Four were completely destroyed, while two others are believed to have been put out of commission.

Of the eighteen machines that started in the raid two were brought down near the British coast after having dropped their bombs. The remaining sixteen were engaged by ten naval airmen from Dunkirk, who, in a great battle over the sea, destroyed two more of the Germans and drove down another four, two of which it is reasonable to believe were put out of action.

The total casualties in the raid were: Killed, 12; injured, 16.

After the lesson of the Folkestone raid the British were ready for the visit and from the moment the Germans left the Belgian coast they were engaged, first with patrols over the channel, then with the land forces in England, and later on their return with the squadron of airplanes from Dunkirk.

In addition to this prompt defensive action a warning was given the inhabitants of the districts visited and they were able to take to cover so that the casualties, aggregating twelve killed and thirty-six wounded, were much smaller than in the case of Folkestone, which had no warning.

Anti-aircraft guns and airplanes succeeded in keeping the raiders from the naval and military centers and the casualties occurred chiefly in small villages and towns on which bombs were dropped indiscriminately.

NO GOLDEN FLOOD FOR UNITED STATES

Importations Of Gold Have Ceased And Flow Is Other Way—Allies Are Sending Bonds, Not Gold

Washington.—America's great gain of gold, which has grown with almost every month for two and one-half years, has ceased. Gold importations have stopped altogether and the flow has begun the other way, with indications that it will continue in comparatively small volume for some time.

The turning of the tide comes at a time when the country apparently faces the greatest industrial period of its history, greater, officials believe, than the past twelve months, which witnessed the establishment of a $6,000,000,000 record for American exports. Plans under consideration now call for an outpouring of approximately $6,000,000,000,000 a year of exports to entente nations alone, and if American fields and factories are equal to the task of meeting demands the total exports will be swollen hundreds of millions beyond these figures.

Statute of R. E. Lee At Gettysburg

Gettysburg, Pa.—Confederate Veterans from all parts of the South came here from Washington, where their annual reunion is in progress, to attend the unveiling of Virginia's monument on the Gettysburg battlefield. On the spot where Pickett's division formed, 54 years ago, for its famous charge, in the third day's battle that marked the high tide of the Confederacy, an equestrian statue of Gen. Robert E. Lee, mounted on his famous horse, Traveler, was formally presented to the nation. Several thousand Daughters of the Confederacy and Sons of Veterans also attended the ceremonies. General Stuart of Virginia, accompanied by cadets from the Virginia military institute and a battalion from the Fourth United States infantry, encamped here, led the parade to the battle grounds, accompanied by Governor Brumbaugh and Assistant Secretary of War Ingraham.

Italian War Mission Is In The South

Washington.—The Italian war mission has begun its delayed tour of the South and Middle West, leaving behind its chief, the prince of Udine, whose sudden illness several days ago caused the trip to be postponed. The prince is still unable to travel, but he expects to leave Washington in time to join the party at Chicago. Announcement of the new plans was made by Enrico Arlotta, minister of transportation in the Italian cabinet and ranking member of the mission.

$200,000,000 Offering Already Absorbed

Washington.—For the third time in six weeks an offering of $200,000,000 in treasury certificates of indebtedness convertible into Liberty Loan bonds and bearing a lower interest rate than the bond issue itself has been heavily over-subscribed. The entire offering, which brings the total of outsanding certificates issued under the war revenue bill up to approximately $870,000,000, was placed through the federal reserve banks. Estimates of the oversubscription of the latest issue place it as high as one-third.

Veterans Honor Their Dead Comrades

Washington.—The annual memorial exercises for the soldier dead, a feature of every reunion, was held by the Confederate Veterans, assisted by the Sons of Veterans and Daughters of the Confederacy, in the Confederate section of Arlington at the foot of the monument raised to Dixie's dead by the women of the south. Thousands crowded the grounds and heard the eulogies pronounced on those who died for the Lost Cause. Special wreaths were placed at the tomb of the unknown dead.

THE SHIELDING SHADOW

AUTHOR OF "BEYOND THE FRONTIER," "MAID OF THE FOREST," "MY LADY OF THE NORTH," ETC.

NOVELIZED FROM THE PHOTOPLAY SERIAL OF THE SAME NAME BY GEORGE B. SEITZ, RELEASED BY PATHE.

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By RANDALL PARRISH

SYNOPSIS.

Adventurous Jerry Carson embarks in search of hidden treasure with the promise of Leontine Walcott to be his wife on his return. Her father favors Sebastian Navarre. Jerry's ship is burned, he is reported lost. Sebastian presses his attentions. Jerry suddenly turns up to confront charges of the Navarres against him. In a struggle for a forged paper Diego Navarre is killed and Jerry is convicted of the murder. He escapes, and finds the treasure and a wonderful chemical pellet. Leontine is forced to marry Sebastian. On the honeymoon, he attacks her in a rage. Suddenly he is confronted by a weird apparition. Ravengar forces a confession from Louie. Sebastian attempts to get it. An earthquake occurs; in the excitement, Red Finn steals the confession and flees. He appears in New York as Romanoff and enlists the aid of Madame Bianca. Leontine confronts her husband in the gambling house. The Shadow battles for her and she escapes with the confession. One-Lamp Louie follows her and takes the paper from her. The Shadow saves Navarre from robbery. Romanoff attempts to kidnap Sebastian and Leontine, but Ravengar appears to thwart him. Bianca and her thugs are puzzled by Ravengar's repeated escapes and returns to his cellar prison. Leontine consents to accompany Hamilton on a balloon ascension. Sebastian drugs Hamilton and arranges to have Leontine set adrift in the balloon. The balloon bursts into flame and Leontine finds that her companion is Ravengar. They are rescued, but One-Lamp Louie reports that they perished in a hurricane. Sebastian arranges to marry Bianca. Louie prevents it to save himself and is thrown to death by Sebastian who changes his marriage plans. He sees Leontine alive and well. Later Sebastian kidnaps Leontine, but the Shadow has promised her protection. Ravengar delivers Leontine from the hands of her enemies, but Bianca's thugs capture him. Bianca hesitates to kill him as she is passionately in love with him. By maintaining that Leontine is insane, Sebastian again gains possession of her. Ravengar, after a terrific battle, rescues her, but the mystic mantle which renders them invisible, is stolen.

ELEVENTH EPISODE

The Passing of Bianca.

Stumbling along the forest trail, Ravengar and Leontine pursued their way for what seemed an eternity of hours, Ravengar growing weaker and more weary as time went on. He leaned more and more heavily upon Leontine. But neither dared to stop, for they knew that their pursuers were close upon them.

At last, just as Ravengar was ready to drop from weakness, they saw a small, abandoned hunting shack before them. They went in.

It consisted of a single room and a kitchen, with a small cellar for storing ice. Ravengar sank down on the wooden bed and lay there, half unconscious from his wound.

Leontine looked about her. The shack had been occupied at no distant date, and still contained the camping apparatus, including a shotgun and a pair of binoculars. She took the glasses and, going to the door, looked out.

Through the trees she could see the rocky hillside down which they had come in their first flight. And on the hillside, little black specks against the brown, she saw the forms of their pursuers.

Ravengar rose and came out to her.

"I must leave you here, Leontine," he said. "The cloth must be recovered. Without that we are lost."

He went back and took down the shotgun. In it were two unexploded cartridges. He handed it to Leontine.



It Was Hissing.

"You will be safe with this," he said. "Don't hesitate to use it. Wait for me here; I shall come back to you."

He went out of the door, and Leontine, watching him with a sinking heart, saw him disappear, carrying the glasses, among the trees.

Presently he saw something that brought his heart into his mouth. It was the solitary figure of a man standing on the crest of a hill, apparently in perplexity what to do.

Ravengar began hurrying through the thick brush toward him, now losing him, now regaining him. At last he came near enough to be able to make out the form of Joe, apparently resting upon the hilltop in fancied safety. As he drew nearer Ravengar saw that he was holding the mantle in his hand and examining it attentively.

As he held it, Ravengar, creeping up within leaping distance, suddenly sprang.

His right fist crashed full into Joe's mouth, and the thief went over like a rabbit and, striking his head against the rocks, lay motionless.

Ravengar picked up the mantle and began to make his descent among the rocks.

The crest was faced by another crest across a valley. Upon the second crest Sebastian and Bianca, with Bianca's second follower, stood, anxious spectators of the fight. They did not know Joe had the mantle, but they recognized him and also Ravengar.

As they watched they saw Ravengar knock out his antagonist and start down the declivity.

He found a difficult passage among the crumbling rocks on the face of the steep cliff; but it seemed to offer a quick return to Leontine, and Ravengar wanted more than anything else to give her the mantle.

At last he fell, and, in falling, dislodged a bowlder, which rolled downward, carrying him with it in a shower of pebbles.

Ravengar could no more stop his descent than an Alpine climber can stop an avalanche.

Fortune favored him. The boulder stopped at the edge of the steep lower drop, and Ravengar managed to catch a tree and draw himself to his feet. Seizing the mantle, he folded it invisible side outward, and thrust it into a gap between two rocks. Then he fell over in a dead faint.

Sebastian, Bianca and her follower, pursuing their way, came to the spot where the fight had occurred. At the bottom of the slope the three could make out the inert figure of Ravengar, lying apparently dead or unconscious.

"We've got him!" cried the man exultantly.

Sebastian shook with fear. The proceedings of the day had not been at all to his liking.

"You settle with him. I've got to go home," he said.

And, as Bianca looked at him contemptuously, he turned and made his way back along the trail.

Bianca and her companion began to descend the precipice. At the bottom they came upon Ravengar, lying insensible and bleeding freely from his wound. Bianca's companion looked about him. He espied a jagged stone and, taking it in his hands, poised it above Ravengar's forehead.

With a scream Bianca leaped at him in fury and dashed him backward.

But at that moment the figure of his companion, Joe, with a big bruise on the forehead and a split lip, emerged through the trees. "Cut it out! Wait!" he yelled. "Did you get the cloth?"

"That's so, boys," cried Bianca, grateful for the intermission. "We've got to get him round first and make him tell us where the cloth is. There's a hunting shack somewheres about here. Let's follow the trail and take him to it. Then we can give him the third degree and find what we want to know."

Leontine had seen them coming. She did not know it was Ravengar whose body was being borne through the trees.

Then suddenly her eyes fell upon the shotgun, and she remembered Ravengar's instructions. She grasped it from the wall and looked about her. Bianca's voice was to be heard plainly outside the door.

Leontine saw that the kitchen shelves were covered with a curtain, which hung right down to the floor. She rushed behind it, carrying the loaded gun. It was not much of a refuge, but it offered a temporary respite. From here she could hear the men bringing in their burden. They laid it on the bed.

"Where are you going?" Leontine heard one of them ask Bianca.

"Into the kitchen," she replied. "I'm going to search for something to bring him to."

The man growled something that was inaudible. Then Leontine became aware that Bianca was in the room.

She could see nothing, but she heard Bianca's steps coming toward the shelves. A moment later the curtain was thrown back. Leontine and Bianca looked into each other's faces.

Leontine, holding the loaded gun, watched Bianca defiantly. She was determined that she would sell her life dearly. Bianca looked back at her; then she lifted her hand for silence. She drew nearer.

"Ravengar is in great danger from those men," she whispered, "and I am powerless to help him. Go and find aid. Go quickly."

She reached up her hand and took the key of the padlock from a tumbler. Leontine had failed to see it in her excitement. She went swiftly to the back door, unlocked the padlock, and indicated to Leontine to go.

Leontine looked at Bianca in amazement. She could not understand the motive which prompted this woman, who had been her and Ravengar's bitterest enemy. However, she gathered her wits together and went swiftly out.

"Hurry up!" shouted Bianca's man, Joe, from the inner room. "We got to revive this guy and give him the third degree, and then finish him."

Bianca came quietly back, carrying a bottle which she had picked off the kitchen shelf.

Bianca kneeled over Ravengar and applied the contents of the bottle to his forehead. It was white vinegar, and it answered its purpose effectively. Ravengar stirred, opened his eyes, and fixed them on Bianca.

"Hush!" she whispered, laying her finger on her lips. "Can you understand what I am saying to you? If so, make the least nod."

Ravengar nodded.

"Your only chance of life is to make a dive for the cellar as soon as I open the trap door. Don't stir till then. You get my meaning?"

Again Ravengar nodded.

Bianca turned toward a closet which was in the room, as if with the intention of getting something out of it. She hoped, in fact, to find an ax or some such weapon. But there was something in the closet better than an ax—and also worse. It was a shotgun; but it would require an appreciable moment to load it, and that was denied her.

Holding the shotgun behind the door, Bianca leaned forward toward the cellar door, reached it, and coolly opened it. At the same instant Ravengar, who had been watching her, gathered all his strength and leaped from the bed.

His action was so quick and well-devised that the two men were completely taken by surprise. Before they could draw their pistols Ravengar was in the cellar.



Bianca Had Them at Her Mercy.

They drew; but before they could aim and fire they saw Bianca standing by the trapdoor, covering them with the shotgun.

"Hands up!" she called.

They threw their hands up. Bianca had them at her mercy. And then ensued the baffling mystery of feminine psychology. Instead of disarming them, Bianca dashed down into the cellar. As she ran a bullet from Joe's revolver pierced her gown.

Crouching on either side of the trapdoor, the men fired, with the hope of wounding Ravengar by random shots.

A spray of shot came up in return, spattering upon the wall. The two drew back and considered.

"We got to finish them—both of 'em," growled Joe's companion. "We're done now, so far as Bianca's concerned. See this trick, Joe?"

He picked up a piece of board and, hoisting a hat on it, so that it resembled the upper part of a man's face, moved it cautiously around the corner. As it came into sight from the cellar below two shots rang out from the shotgun.

The hat twirled upon the board, which dropped from the crook's hand. As it revealed the hand, two answering shots came from the crook's revolver. Aimed along the line taken by the pellets from below, it was difficult for the weapon to miss. Ravengar, wounded again, dropped to the cellar floor.

The men above heard the thud, and rushed toward the trapdoor in exultation. An instant later the shotgun spoke again. Joe yelled as half a dozen pellets caught him in the leg.

The two men beat a hurried retreat; but in that second they had caught sight of Bianca, standing like a lioness at bay above the body of Ravengar.

They drew off, Joe limping painfully and cursing hard. He slammed the cover down and looked at his companion. "We've got one of them," he said. "We've got to get her too."

Suddenly he uttered an exclamation and pointed to one of the shelves. Upon it lay a stick of dynamite, all ready set with a fuse.

He pulled down the stick and began winding the fuse about it. When it was ready he struck a light, lit the fuse, and, holding the stick in one hand, opened the cover hastily with the other and flung the fuse down the hatchway.

Madly the two ran from the shack as fast as they could go.

* * * * * * *

The second shot had struck Ravengar in the forehead, inflicting a scalp wound, but glancing off the bone. He was still alive, and breathing heavily.

A gleam of light flooded the cellar as the hatch was raised. Bianca grasped the shotgun and pointed toward the opening. But the lid fell down before she could fire, and something same tumbling down the steps.

Bianca heard the outer door slam as the men hurriedly took their departure. She lifted the thing she held in her hand. It was bissing. She ran up to the top of the steps, pushing open the lid of the cellar with her free hand.

It was a stick of dynamite, and the fuse was nearly burned down.

She hurried toward the door, tugging at the fuse.

She raised the stick of dynamite on high to fling it from her.

As her hand went back to her shoulder the explosion happened. The room was filled with smoke; the walls of the cabin tottered, stood for a moment, and collapsed inwardly. Where had been the shack was only a heap of smoking ruins.

From their hiding place the two confederates watched with grim satisfaction.

"Let's beat it, Joe," said one of them.

His companion, without answering, clutched him by the arm and pointed. An automobile had emerged from among the trees and was standing beside the ruined shack. Someone in it—a woman—was crying out and pointing toward them. The car approached.

They darted through the trees. As they ran they heard the car come whirling along the road and stop. Somebody cried again—a man. The cry was the note of discovery. The chase was taken up. The two ran faster. Before them lay a patch of irregular, rocky country, in which it seemed freedom might be found. Their pursuers were no longer near them, though they could still hear their cries.

Creeping cautiously forward, Joe reconnoitered, and then beckoned to his companion to follow them.

In front of them lay a sort of tunnel in the rocks. Within the mouth of the cave there should lie safety.

* * * * * * *

Leontine fled down the trail. She hardly dared hope to find help in time.

She had only gone a couple of hundred yards when the sound of an approaching automobile arrested her attention. A moment later she saw the machine whizzing toward her, and, planting herself in front of it, called to the driver.

The machine stopped. In it was a party of men, touring the woods, Leontine hurried toward them.

"Help!" she gasped, almost inarticulately.

"Yes. Where?"

She pointed back along the trail. "There are a band of crooks there, and they're going to commit murder," she cried.

She tried to get them to drive on, but the leader of the party shook his head.

"I'll drive you to the sheriff," he said. "You can tell your tale there."

He would not listen to Leontine's frantic appeals. They drove to the sheriff's office; and in a moment she was telling him her incoherent story.

He hurried to the door. "Put the machine about," he commanded.

The auto, running at full speed, came into sight of the shack. Leontine saw Bianca run into the doorway, and her heart leaped joyfully. He was unharmed then!

The next instant a rush of flame came from the hut, the roar of the explosion followed it. The hut collapsed into a heap of debris.

Leontine jumped from her seat and ran to where Bianca had been. There was no trace of her.

The Queen of the Underworld had met her fate.

Leontine flung herself down upon the sill of the broken door and wept bitterly.

The sheriff, half stunned by the suddenness of the disaster, quickly regained his wits.

"Watch the trees, gentlemen, and see if you can find any traces of them."

The car moved on, leaving Leontine behind, crouched in the doorway. Half a minute elapsed. Then the sheriff's hand fell on the chauffeur's shoulder. He pointed to the side of the road, where the long grass was trampled down.

The car stopped. One of the occupants uttered a cry and pointed through the trees. Two men were to be seen running at top speed across a little patch of open ground.

"Come along, boys; we'll get 'em," called the sheriff.

He tossed a revolver to the man nearest him, and, holding another in his hand, started in the pursuit, followed by all but the chauffeur.

* * * * * * *

The explosion in the shack was not the only one which took place that afternoon. Another, on a much larger scale, and less impromptu, had been planned to occur half an hour later, within the new aqueduct tunnel which was being blasted among the rocks. The gang had departed, and the man in charge of the blast was talking with the foreman.

"You'll let her go in three minutes," said the latter. "I'll go to the road and hold up any auto parties that's coming round the bend. Time her."

He made off across the broken ground as far as the edge of the woods. There he saw a car coming slowly along the road, the solitary chauffeur peering through the trees intently, as though following somebody.

"Hey! You there!" shouted the foreman, holding up his hand.

The chauffeur, who had not heard him, continued on his slow way.

"You there!" yelled the foreman. "Stop that machine! The blast's just going off!" And he began running toward him, shouting "dynamite!"

The chauffeur caught the word and put on the brakes hard. He had had enough dynamite that afternoon. He pointed through the trees, and the horrified foreman saw the party, led by the sheriff, beating the bushes for the fugitives.

"There they are!" he yelled, as the two crooks made their final dash across the open space. "Come along, boys. We'll get them sure."

The horrified foreman saw him darting immediately toward the tunnel, followed by the whole gang of excited tourists. One of the crooks turned and fired at random. The sheriff answered him, and the pursuers closed in on the pursued.

The foreman yelled loudest of all as he turned to cut off the approach of the party. Time was precious; the three minutes must have half gone.

Panting, the foreman caught up with the sheriff fifty paces from the tunnel entrance. "Hey! Dynamite!" he yelled, planting himself in front of him.

The sheriff grasped his meaning. He turned and bolted at the top of his speed, shouting and waving back the party.

Within the tunnel the two crooks were crouching, desperate men, but armed and resolved to sell their lives dearly. Suddenly with a roar that was heard throughout the countryside, the charge exploded. A ton of rock smashed down from above. The earth upheaved to receive what remained.

Sebastian had hurried homeward, overcome with panic at Leontine's disappearance. For the first time he began to despair.

* * * * * * *

He decided to prepare for flight.

Suddenly, glancing into the mirror of a cupboard, he jumped to his feet with an oath. In the mirror was to be seen the reflection of the window opposite, and looking through the window were the mysterious eyes that had haunted him.

On the table beside him stood a heavy glass water pitcher. Sebastian stretched out his hand cautiously, seized it, and hurled it through the window, shattering the glass.

The eyes vanished, and a great diamond-shaped star appeared. Sebastian left the library and went into the little garden at the rear of the house.

As he did so he caught sight of a figure dodging behind a tall syringa bush.

"What do you want?" he shouted.

The man stepped forward a little sheepishly. "I want to speak to you in private—about your wife," he said.

Sebastian hesitated; then he indicated to the man to follow him back into the library.

"Well?" he demanded, swinging round upon him.

"Well—er—Mr. Navarre, you are under arrest," said the other. "I'm going to hold you till the police come," he said.

"You are not from the police?"

"I'm acting for Mr. Ravengar. That's enough."

"I understand," said Sebastian. "May I get my coat?"

The other nodded, and the two proceeded upstairs toward Sebastian's bedroom. Sebastian took his coat from the closet and, turning back, tripped over the garment and fell to the ground. As the young man bent forward to assist him Sebastian sprang to his feet and felled him with a violent blow. In a flash he was upon him, and the two struggled upon the floor. Sebastian snatched the revolver from the detective's pocket and detached himself. As the other grappled with him he knocked him down again, hesitated an instant, and ran through the doorway at the far end of the room, stopping a moment to lock it behind him.

There was a hall beyond the door, leading to a window with a little balcony. Sebastian thrust the window open and ran out. He hesitated. He could go no further.

As he stood there he heard the door behind him splinter. It crashed from its hinges, and the detective appeared. Sebastian took aim deliberately through the window.

He heard the butler's footsteps in the bedroom. He poised himself like a swimmer, and plunged.

By a miracle of good fortune he fell into the leafy branches, clung to a bough, and made the descent unin-

He fired. The detective staggered and dropped. He did not move again.

Beneath the window, but some distance away, was a tall tree. As Sebastian hesitated, uncertain whether to make the desperate leap or to go back,



"You'll Be Safe With This," He Said.

jured, save for a few scratches. He dodged back into the library, smoothing his clothes as he did so, and gained his chair satisfied that he had been unobserved. Half a minute later the butler and another servant came running in.

"There's been a murder upstairs, sir!" the butler gasped.

Sebastian rose. "A murder?" he inquired blandly.

"Two burglars, sir. We heard them fighting. One shot the other and made his getaway."

"Get a doctor, quick!"

"It's too late for a doctor. He's dead, sir. Shall I telephone for the police?"

"No, leave it to me. I'll see to it," Sebastian answered.

* * * * * * *

The shock of the explosion that had cost Bianica her life brought Ravengar back to consciousness in the cellar. He opened his eyes to find the walls dissolving about him. The cellar rocked under the force of the detonation.

A heavy beam came crashing down upon him. Almost miraculously it fell across his body in such a manner as to pin him where he was without further injuring him.

His unconsciousness had partaken more of the nature of sleep. He felt refreshed, almost invigorated as he rose to his feet. But he remembered nothing of what had happened since he entered the cellar.

One thing, however, flashed back into his consciousness. That was the mantle. He had hidden it in the cleft between the rocks, and he must obtain it.

The walls of the cellar gaped apart in many places. Ravengar crawled slowly and painfully out between two stones. He gained the open and looked about him. Nobody was in sight.

As a matter of fact, the two crooks were on the other side of the house, watching the result of their devilish plot with glee. Had Ravengar emerged upon that side they would have seen him. Luck had brought him out at the back, among the thick foliage of the low shrubs that grew almost to the kitchen door.

Staggering painfully Ravengar made his way among the pines. He had gone a little way when he heard the sound of an approaching automobile. He did not wait but hurried into the recesses of the forest. Stumbling on, at length he reached the spot where he had hidden the mantle after his fall from the cliff. He put his hand between the stones, and drew it out tenderly, fearful of tearing it. He put it about him and returned to the hut.

His heart was filled with forebodings as to Leontine's fate. Dearly as he had longed to find her, he had known for both their sakes that the mantle must be his first objective. Now, as his brain began to clear, he wondered what the explosion had been which wrecked the hut.

He wondered whether Leontine had been in the hut at the time. But he would not let his mind dwell on that possibility. And he did not know that the entire hut was wrecked. He hurried on, feeling stronger every moment. For the first time since his wounding, too, he realized that he was hungry.

He was nearing the hut when he saw the automobile in the road, in charge of the chauffeur. He walked boldly toward it, stopped and regarded the man quietly. The chauffeur's eyes passed by his without a sign of perception. Ravengar was now completely satisfied. The rough handling to which the mantle had been subjected had done it no injury.

He went on toward the cabin. His heart was beating fast, and nameless terrors held him. Leontine! He felt like calling for her. He wanted to shout. Surely, if she were living, she would hear and answer him, wherever she were.

Then his heart gave a great leap of gladness. Upon the threshold of the wrecked structure he saw Leontine seated, her face bowed in her hands, while the tears streamed through her fingers. He went up to her, but for some moments his emotion was too great to permit him to speak.

She seemed to sense his presence, for she looked up wistfully. Ravengar pulled the mantle from his face and shoulders. With a wild cry of gladness Leontine leaped to her feet, and held out her hands to him.

(END OF ELEVENTH EPISODE.)

MORE GOODS for LESS MONEY

We have a complete line of Slippers, Shirts, Felt and Straw Hats, Ties and Collars, Hosiery and Underwear, Kool Krash Suits, in both plain and pinch back, and Ladies Dress Goods.

We have an unusually nice stock of goods for you to make your selection from. You will benefit yourself by looking at our goods before buying elsewhere.

We want your trade and we are going to have it if the lowest possible Prices, High Grade Goods and a firm determination to please and satisfy you can get it. We invite you to give us a call.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back."

CLANTON, ALA.

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Municipal Court of the 3rd Division of Birmingham, Jefferson County, Ala., and to me directed whereby, I, as Sheriff of said county, was commanded to make the sum of forty-one and 25-100 dollars, principal and interest, and seven and 55-100 dollars cost of suit the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the January term, 1917, of said court of said county, Alabama, in favor of Mrs. W. E. Burns, against A. M. Williams, I, have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the court house door of Chilton County, between the hours of 11 o'clock, a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., **On Mondey, the 18 day of June, 1917** all the right, title and interest of the above named A. M. Williamson in and to the following described real estate, viz:

An undivided interest in and to the west half of the northwest quarter, Section 24, Township 24, Range 14, and northeast quarter of the southeast quarter, Section 14, Township 24, Range 14. all in Chilton County, Alabama. (W½ of NW¼, Sec. 24, T.P. 24, Range 15; NE¼ of SE¼, Sec. 14, T.P| 24, Range 14.)

This, the 10 day of May, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at courthouse door, May 10, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Turner M. Dennis, a son of J. N. Dennis, who has just completed his Junior year in Veterinary Medicine at the Alabama Polytechnic Institute, has accepted a position for the summer with Dr. A. H. French at French's Veterinary Infirmary at Birmingham.

Miss Necie Kicker of Tuscaloosa county, who has been visiting the family of J. N. Dennis is spending this week with her sister, Mrs. Jones Culp at Haynes, Ala.

John T. Morgan of Montgomery visited relatives here Sunday.

H. Kanjutzky spent Sunday in the Capital City.

TAX NOTICE

Notice is hereby given, as required by law, that the County Board of Equilization of Chilton County, Alabama, has returned its report, and that the same is now open to inspection, in the office of the Tax Assessor of Chilton County, Alabama. And that the said board will convene at the courthouse, in Chilton County, Alabama, on the Third Monday in June, 1917, to correct any errors in the assessments or valuations.

This, May 15th, 1917.

J. N. DENNIS,
Tax Assessor, Chilton County, Ala.

The New Baby



To the expectant mother the coming of the new baby should be an event of great joy. She should be bright and happy. A cheerful frame of mind will influence her coming baby's entire future life.

Thousands of mothers for the past fifty years have used "Mother's Friend." This preparation has a softening, penetrating effect on the abdominal muscles. The period before childbirth is made much easier. Much of the pain is avoided at the crisis.

"Mother's Friend" is a safe preparation. It has won the highest regard of all mothers who have used it and is a prescription of a noted doctor. Get a bottle from your druggist today. Apply it night and morning.

A valuable book containing something every mother should know has been prepared for users of "Mother's Friend." It is free. Write Bradfield Regulator Company, Dept. N,554 Atlanta, Ga., today for this book.

E. L. Manning, who lives near Verbena, is one among the many farmers of the county who are raising their biscuit at home this pear. Mr. Manning was in town Monday and brought along a sample bundle of the fine wheat he has grown on his farm. He says many of his neighbors have their wheat and will eat home-made flour for next season. Mr. Manning grows the bearded variety of wheat and he claims it is the best for this section of the country.

Judge Gaston Gunter of Montgomery is holding the non-jury term of Circuit Court here this week.

Hoke Pipes, who has been attending College At the University of Virginia returned home last week.

Opinions from Folks Who Know

For malarial headache, Granger Liver Regulator entirely relieved my trouble.—J. Height, Wetumpka, Ala.

Had heavy headache. Vomited twice to six times a day. Four doses of Granger Liver Regulator made me well.—Loundas P. Brindley, Somerville, Ala.

Mother had sick headache. Granger Liver Regulator did her more good than all the medicine she had taken before.—Pearley Davis, Pacio, Ala.

I never expect to be without it in my home.—Jenie Usey, Gadsden, Ala.

It is a great saver of doctors' bills. —Louis N. Kent, Honoraville, Ala.

There is none better.—Dr. T. E. Cothram, Alexis, Ala.

All druggists sell Granger Liver Regulator—25c. Try it.

Quality and Service

Is My Motto.

The reason my line of Groceries leads is because they are the Best.

That's perfectly natural, aint it?
Well, come on over here an' buy 'em from me.

J. W Littlejohn.

CLANTON, ALA.

Work Of Selling Liberty Bonds a Patriotic Duty

The sale of the Liberty Bonds in the Fourth Federal Reserve District is being handled without expense to the government. W. C. Wardlaw of Atlanta is chairman of the general committee in charge of the sale of the bonds, and St. Elmo Massengale is chairman of the publicity committee. Both are serving without pay. No money is being paid any newspaper, and the advertising and pulbicity copy is being written without charge. The leading financiers of the South are devoting their entire time to the work. It is a pleasure to this paper to be able to assist, also without pay.

When democracy goes to war democracy fights that war and pays for it. That's what the Liberty bonds are for. Will you buy your bond today?

The Kaiser is waiting to hear from the sale of United States Liberty Bonds. Make your share of that loud noise. Buy today.

United States Liberty Bonds pay 3½ per cent interest in money and a million per cent interest in peace of mind and patriotism.

Sing "My Country 'Tis of Thee" on your way to the bank to get United States Liberty Bonds.

Your neighbor has bought United States Liberty Bonds. Have you?

Make your sweetheart a present that means profit and patriotism. Buy her a United States Liberty Bond.

WANTED—Collector and Salesman. Salary and Commission to right man. Experinece unnecessary. Place now open in Chilton County.

Singer Sewing Machine Co.,
J. B. Colley, Mgr.,
Montgomery, Ala.

If you have the itch, don't scratch. It doesn't cure the trouble and makes the skin bleed. Apply BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. Rub it in gently on the affected parts. It relieves itching instantly and a few applications removes the cause, thus performing a permanent cure. Price 25c, 50c and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Mrs. H. T. Crumpton and children of Batesville, Ark., spent last week as the guests of friends in Clanton.

Two colored citizens, Doots Somebody and John Cosby were arrested last week and placed in jail on the charge of stealing shoes from the store of J. R. Broadhead, Doots was employed by Mr. Broadhead at the store.

Alfred Dupree of Birmingham has been visiting friends and relatives here for the past week.

Dr. W. L. Parish has returned from Auburn with the full authority and credentials of a doctor of veterinary medicine. His friends congratulate him upon the completion of the course of study and wish him a successful practice of his chosen profession.

W. Y. Nix of Maplesville paid the Union-Banner a call while he was here Monday at court. Mr. Nix came over Sunday and spent the day with his son, J. M. Nix, making a trip to Lock 12 in the afternoon.

Miss Sarah Kanjutzky visited in Birmingham last Sunday.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Cure fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The First and the Last

THE FIRST STORE COMING IN TOWN FROM THE WEST AND THE LAST STORE GOING OUT WEST. I SELL CHEAP FOR CASH. I HANDLE MEAT, LARD, FLOWER, SUGAR, COFFEE, TOBACCO, AND SNUFF, ALSO MIXED FEED—IN FACT NEARLY EVERYTHING TO BE FOUND IN A GROCERY STORE I ALSO PAY THE MARKET PRICE FOR CHICKENS, EGGS, BUTTER, BEAS WAX, HIDES, TALLOW, AND BRIGHT RIBBON CANE SYRUP. WHILE IN TOWN CALL ON ME AND GET ACQUAINTED WITH MY LINE... I GUARANTEE A FAIR AND SQUARE DEAL TO ALL.

W. A. Huckabee

CHILDRENS DAY AT CLANTON METHODIST CHURCH SUNDAY

The Methodist Sunday School held its annual Childrens Day exercists last Sunday. The audience was greatly pleased with the proficiency of the children, each of whom performed well his part on the pragram.

The success of the exercises was largely due to the diligence of the program committee—Misses Annie and Winnie Reynolds, Miss Glennie Evans, and Mrs. Thomas G. Jones. Superintendent J. B. Atkinson presided.

Mr. Donald and Miss Alice Billings of Birmingham and Miss Nell Broaduax of Atlanta are expected the last of the week to be the guests of Lucian J. Duncan.

Willie Edwards, who has been taking his Sophomore year in College at Auburn this year has returned to his home in Clanton where he will spend the summer months.

James M. Mims and daughter, Miss Mattie of Collins Chapel, were in Clanton Monday.

A regular morning operation of the bowels puts you in fine shape for the day's work. If you miss it you feel uncomfortable and cannot put vim into your movements. For all bowel irregularities, HERBINE is the remedy. It purifies, strengthens and regulates. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Mrs. J. C. Jones, Missionary Secretary of the Prattville District of the Methodist Church, accompanied by Mrs. H. F. Chandler, motored to Wetumpka Thursday to attend a Missionary Institute. They reported that Verbena and Tallassee were well represented and quite an interesting meeting was held.

REAL SUMMER

This section of the county is at last getting some real summer feath-last getting some real summer weawas 99 in the shade, and red hot in the sun.

HANDS, ARMS, LIMBS ASLEEP

And Was Run-Down, Weak and Nervous, Says Florida Lady. Five Bottles of Cardui Made Her Well.

Kathleen, Fla.—Mrs. Dallas Prine, of this place, says: "After the birth of my last child...I got very much run-down and weakened, so much that I could hardly do anything at all. I was so awfully nervous that I could scarcely endure the least noise. My condition was getting worse all the time...

I knew I must have some relief or I would soon be in the bed and in a serious condition for I felt so badly and was so nervous and weak I could hardly live. My husband asked Dr. ———about my taking Cardui. He said, 'It's a good medicine, and good for that trouble', so he got me 5 bottles...After about the second bottle I felt greatly improved...before taking it my limbs and hands and arms would go to sleep. After taking it, however, this poor circulation disappeared. My strength came back to me and I was soon on the road to health. After the use of about 5 bottles, I could do all my house-work and attend to my six children besides."

You can feel safe in giving Cardui a thorough trial for your troubles. It contains no harmful or habit-forming drugs, but is composed of mild, vegetable, medicinal ingredients with no bad after-effects. Thousands of women have voluntarily written, telling of the good Cardui has done them. It should help you, too. Try it. E 74

THORSBY ITEMS

Registration day was observed here as in many places, not only the registration of the young men of the required age, but also by other exercises appropriate to the occasion. A committee consisting of C. A. Peterson, G. Berlin and Miss Stoddard carried through a fine program consisting of patriotic songs and speeches. Mayor E. F. Mead presided. The speakers of the day were Capt. Thos. Bosworth, Mr. D. J. Flummer and Rev. S. H. Herbert. Lemonade was served by the Camp Fire girls to all the young men who registered. The parade was led by the band with "Uncle Sam" and the Goddess of Liberty and a number following. There were 130 registrations in Thorsby.

A number of people of Thorsby attended the singing at Cedar Grove Church on Sunday afternoon.

Rev. S. H. Herbert returned on Sunday afternoon after spending a few days in Birmingham. Rev. E.W. Butler filled the pulpit at the Congregational Church Sunday.

Miss May Stoddard left last Saturday afternoon for Washington, D. C., where she expects to spend the summer with her brother.

A number of people of Thorsby picnicked at Mineral Springs on Friday evening of last week.

Mrs. C. P. Turnquist who has been in poor health for some time is in a very serious condition. A number of her children are at her bedside. Among them are: Mrs. Carl Turnquist from Cambridge, Ohio, Mr. and Mrs. Carl R. Peterson from Ensley and Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Reagan from Selma.

Rev. Arnold Nelson returned to Thorsby on Wednesday of last week after having filled his appointment at Silver Hill and other places.

Mr. Ewart Speer of Ashland spent Friday night at the home of Rev. J. M. Graham.

Messrs Esco and Lewis Horn of Ft. Wayne, Ind., spent a week at the home of their grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. K. Horn, leaving for their home on Wednesday.

Miss Marie Flummer who has been visiting relatives and friends in Ensley, returned to her home on Saturday of last week.

Mr. Bernard Landrum of the First Alabama Hospital Corps spent Wednesday night of last week in Thorsby.

Miss Lois Abernathy, who remained a few days after Thorsby Institute closed, left on Wednesday of last week for Birmingham where she expects to spend the summer with relatives.

Mr. John W Ford who recently enlisted with the Hospital corps of the Alabama National Guard, spent Sunday night in Thorsby.

SMITH DELIVERS MEMORIAL ADDRESS AT WETUMPKA

Last Sunday Hon. B. Guy Smith of Clanton went over to Wetumpka and delivered a memorial address for the deceased ministers of the Methodist-Protestant Church of Alabama.

The occasion was one of appreciative dignity and reverence for the lives of the men whom it was to commemorate.

The reason why a father knows that other men's daughters are so liberal with their kisses is because he knows that no man could kiss his daughter.

It is a good thin that men do not get fever blisters from shooting off their mouths. If they did some of us would have fever blisters all time.

When a man gets the reform bug he usually takes the Lord into partnership with him as the junior member of the firm.



Little Feet Work Havoc On Ordinary Floors

You can keep floors in perfect condition and protect them against heel marks and scratches with

Pee Gee ADAMANT
FLOOR PAINT
Dries Over Night

and gives your floors a beautiful, sanitary, high-gloss finish. Comes in nine colors.

Ask for Color Card

FREE—Illustrated Booklet: "Homes and How to Paint Them."

PEASLEE-GAULBERT CO. INCORPORATED
LOUISVILLE KENTUCKY

UPCHURCH DRUG CO.
CLANTON, ALA.

J .E. Bearden of Maplesville has been here at Court this week.

John W. Bateman, an attorney of Elmore, was in Clanton Wednesday.

No marriage license have been issued by the Judge of Probate this week.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

The State of Alabama, Chilton County.

Probate Court, May 19, 1917.

In the matter of the estate of P. E. Coleman, deceased.

The estate of the said deceased having been declared insolvent, the 23 day of June, 1917 is the time appointed for the administrator to make settlement of his administration, and for the creditors of said estate to meet and elect a new administrator, if they choose to do so, at which time all parties who are interested in said estate may appear and contest the correctness of the same if they deem proper.

Witness my hand this, the 19th day of May, 1917.

Joe Kanjutzky has gone to Akron, Ohio, to take up work with the Goodrich Rubber Company.

Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

Everybody - NOTICE - Important

I have just received a large assortment of Shoes of all kinds, including Men's and Ladies' Low Cuts and Tennis Slippers which were bought last year before the Prices were so high. I have a full line of Dry Goods, too numerous to mention. In fact I have a full line of Everything which must be sold at once in order to raise Cash. I buy Cattle.

L. H. REYNOLDS

CLANTON, ALA.

THE UNION-BANNER

H. W. Davis, 3-1-18.

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., JUNE 21, 1917. NUMBER 12

ROOSEVELT PLEADS FOR OUR LOYALTY

Criticises Policy for Failure to Protect Promptly Against Brutality of Germany

PLEAD FOR THE RED CROSS

Lincoln, Neb., June 14.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt, in a speech which he delivered here today at the celebration of the semi-centennial of the statehood of Nebraska, criticised the national policy of the United States government for failure to protect promptly against German ruthlessness and brutality, deplored national failure to prepare for war, pleaded for undivided loyalty to the American flag, denounced the pacifists, and asked for generous support and for the use of the red cross in caring for American troops on European battlefields.

"We permitted our national policy" he said, "to be swayed by the national devotions and national antipathies of men who exercised the rights of the American citizens but showed themselves traitors to America by the way in which they prostituted our citizenship to the interest of Germany or to their hatred of England.

Cannot Overstate Damage.

"It would be impossible to overstate the damage done to the morale fibre of our country by the professional pacifists propaganda. The professional pacifists during the first two and a half years of the war, have occupied precisely the position of the copperheads during the time of Abraham Lincoln.

"The fact that sheer cowardice was more potent than the love of peace was proved by the fact that the leading pacifists dared not condemn a single specific act of wrong-doing when such act was committed by the powerful and brutal foe they most feared—Germany. They clamored for neutrality between Germany and Belgium. They denounced war in language which reflected as heavily on their fathers who were defending their wives and daughters from outrage as upon the aggressors who sympathetically practiced rape and torture. By their failure to protect against the inhuman torture of the poison gas they made it necessary hereafter to accept this as an ordinary instrument of warfare; just as, by our failure to take immediate action in connection with the murder of innocent noncombatants by submarines, we commited the offense against humanity the effects of which cannot be completely eradicated by any subsequent action on our part.

Championed By Pacifists.

"All this meaness and abandonment of duty was championed by the professional pacifists on the plea that thereby we should be 'kept out of war.' And by this political pressure they prevented us from preparing and kept us utterly unprepared, on the ground that preparedness invited war; their motto was 'Safety First' not 'duty first.' They cared nothing for humanity. They cared nothing for our national honor or interest. All they asked was a 'peace' that would permit us to get all four feet in the trough while we strove to distract attention from the squalid baseness of our nationalism by the shrill clamor of a sham-sentimentality.

"And, nevertheless, we have not been kept out of war. Our avoidance of duty simply invited such compulative repetition of insult and injury that finally war was forced on us. It merely resulted in our drifting into war stern foremost, in a condition of such complete unreadiness that we owe an ignoble safety exclusively to the protection of the exhausted nations to whose help we have announced that we intend to come.

"From this time on let us insist on an absolute undivided Americanism in this land, untempered by any self-allegiance to the countries from which our ancestors may severally have sprung, and untainted by any unworthy national animosity towards any other country. Let us prepare ourselves spiritually, economically and in all military and naval matters—including as a permanent policy the policy of universal training and service, so that never again shall we be utterly unready, as we now are, to meet a great crisis. Finally, in the present war, a war for liberty and democracy against the ruthless militaristic tyranny of the Prussianized Germany of the Hohenzollerns, let us as speedily as possible train our giant, but our soft and unready strength, so that we may use our hardened might to bring the slaughter to a real and final end in the only way honorably possible by securing for ourselves and our allies the peace of justice based on overwhelming victory."

Pleads for Red Cross.

In his approval for the Red Cross, Colonel Roosevelt said:

"The most important thing is to send abroad at the earliest possible moment a fighting army. Second only to the army in the work of winning this war comes the Red Cross. Indeed, the importance of this work is so great that the president of the United States has set apart next week—from June 18 to 25—as a period of sacrifice and unselfish generosity, a week in which the whole American people wil be asked to join in raising funds to enable our Red Cross to perfrom its vast and indispensible duties in this war.

"The president has also commissioned some of the ablest business men of the country as a war council of the Red Cross, to administer this service on behalf of the stricken world. This war council tells us that a fund must be raised at once in order to meet even the most urgent needs.

Summons to Americans.

"Here indeed, is a summons to every American. It is an enormous sum of money, but what comfort can we take in withholding that or any other sum of money if it is needed to relieve the suffering of our sons or the sons of our allies who are fighting for all that makes life worth living.

"Into our Red Cross without stint should be poured a heartfelt offering of thanksgiving that we are permitted to join in this great service to all mankind. Our soldiers and sailors will do their part without flinching; we may rest assured of their courage and fidelity. The Red Cross offers to us who are not allowed to fight the opportunity for sacrifice and for help.

"We little realize what is before us. Our sons and brothers will soon be going into battle. They will be 3,000 miles from home, in a land already wasted by war, a land threatened by famine, a land smitten by disease. They tell us that in many cases today the wounds of soldiers in France must be tied up with newspapers for want of necessary surgical bandages. When our own men are wounded—as they surely will be in great numbers—are we going to allow them to suffer yet more because we fail to provide those things which can at least mitigate distress? Surely not! But we must do it in advance. If we wait it may be too late! Do it now!

To Become Foster Parent.

"Our Red Cross must not only care for the shattered bodies of our wounded men; it alone can become a foster parent to them in the trying conditions they are sure to face when they are convalescent from wounds or recovering from exhaustion. We shall soon have an army of a million soldiers. When they get to France they must have homes in which to rest and be cared for and to recover. The generosity of aur whole people must make it possible for our Red Cross to provide for them.

"In no previous war have the innocent non-combatants had to bear so terrible a share of its physical suffering; and it is by our Red Cross that we can show to the nations of the world how the great heart of the American people goes out to them in their distress

France Needs Us.

"France, proud, brave and bleeding from ghastly wounds, needs us sorely. Tuberculosis is raging throughout her land. Fifteen hundred of her towns and villages have been razed to the ground by the culcated barbarity of the invaders. Millions of her people are homeless and starving, bereft of even the barest covering of their bodies, of stoves, utensils with which to cook or eat, of agricultural implements, of animals—indeed of the simplest elements of civilization. And to us alone can these people come for help; we alone have the abundance with which to supply their direct needs.

"To Russia Too, we must reach out our helping hand. We little know what she has suffered and is suffering. Russia, long obedient to autocracy has not flinched in this conflict. Her people have had to struggle not only to free the world from autocracy but to make their own land a land of liberty. Russia needs all we can do to strengthen her courage and make her feel that we are indeed behind her. Our armies can do little for her. Our Red Cross alone can take into Russia the message of hope, of help, of confidenre which she so terribly needs. The message must be practical. It must carry deeds and not merely words, and it should be carried at once. Probably never before were so many people in distress and agony as in Russia in this very hour.

WHEN MASTIC PAINT GOES ON THE HOUSE, THE "FOR RENT" SIGN COMES OFF.

Too many houses are without tenants on account of their appearance. It's false economy to let your property stay unpainted. You not only lose revenue, but its value and life are lessened to a marked degree.

The expense of painting is by far less than the loss thus incurred.

The wise owner paints his property before he puts the "for rent" sign on. Let us tell you how little it will really cost you to paint your house with MASTIC PAINT—"the kind that lasts." It's the best paint for you to use. The purest white lead and zinc-oxide, 50 per cent. each, ground in pure linseed oils, go into it. That's the reason it stood the test of time of half a century. Don't put off painting, let us figure with you at once. Ask for free paint booklets and color card.

Upchurch Drug Co., Clanton, Ala.

NOT AS MANY WEEVILS AS WERE LAST YEAR

Number reduced by the Excessive cold of last winter.

A year ago the boll weevils began to appear on the cotton plants by the middle of May and by the middle of June they had appeared in alarming numbers. This year and up to the present time very few weevils have made their appearance. The question is being asked, "what has become of the boll weevils?" The reason why so many weevils appeared last spring was because of the fall of 1915 being warm, damp and late. Cotton kept putting on squares and making weevils until frost. A vast army of weevils went into winter quarters and the winter being short and mild, naturally a large per cent lived through the winter and came out on the cotton in the spring of 1916. These would have been conquered and fairly good crops made had it not been for the heavy rains in July, forcing the farmers to abandon their crops to the weeds, weevils and wet weather.

Last fall 1916 from August to December. Cotton made very little top growth and practically no late squares therefore, very few weevils went into winter quarters as compared with the year before. I give as my opinion that ten times as many weevils went into winter quarters in 1915 as did in 1916. The past winter was long and severe. Many weevils starved during the winter and late spring and less than a tenth as many weevils are in existence as was the case a year ago. Since cotton was planted, dry weather has prevailed, three or four weeks have been hot and cultivation during this hot, dry period has helped to further reduce the number and activity of the weevils.

By frequent cultivation and close watching we may be able to get by with the cotton crop without much damage from weevils this year. It all depends on good farming and normally dry seasons. The big crop in Texas, Arkansas and Louisiana are due to such conditions as we are having up to the present. It will not do to get careless or negligent as weather can change in a short time and a few weevils can make many more in a few days under wet weather conditions. It is best to play safe by killing every weevil you see, and keep stirring the hot, dry soil. If the crop yield is satisfactory, don't think the weevils are gone for good. The next late fall followed by a wet summer they will appear again in damaging numbers. Alabama farmers saw the worst of the boll weevil last year, but it will be many years before they are entirely gone, if ever.

PARTY LOYALTY NOT TREASON

The little passage-at-arms between Senators Harding and Lewis over the result of the special election in New Hampshire was amusing—but it also had its serious side. Senator Lewis went to New Hampshire to speak for the administration. He had a prepared address which he gave out to the newspapers in advance. In it he adjured the New Hampshire Voters to support a Democrat for Congress lest for the first time, their state be charged with treason and dishonor. Their choice, he asserted, was between Wilson and the Kaiser, between liberty and Prussianism. The falsity of this issue was readily perceived by the people of New Hampshire, and Senator Harding was fully justified in calling the attention of the Senate to it. There will be other congressional elections; indeed, one is now even pending in Indiana. There will be an attempt to raise this same false issue there. Senator Lewis may not be the administration's spokesman—but someone will be on the job. We do not think that Indiana, any more than New Hampshire, will deem it a proper way to show loyalty to the country by abandoning loyalty to one's principles.

YOU HAVE ONE MORE CHANCE TO REGISTER

Time is Extended to those who Failed to Comply with Law.

Those between the ages of 21 and 31, who failed to register for military service on June 5, are accorded another opportunity to register within the next few days, before arrest and prosecution takes place. If there are any in the county who have failed to register, they should come to the office of the circuit clerk and register now in order to avoid further trouble.

GOODGAME TO OPEN HOTEL IN NEW HAYES BUILDING

Announcement has been made by W. H. Goodgame that he will in a short time, probably next week, open up a hotel in the new Hayes building on Seventh Street, between First and Second Avenues.

The building has been modeled and arranged for the specific purpose of a first-class modern hotel, and Mr. Goodgams intends to equip it with the latest and most up-to-date conveniences.

In connection with the hotel he will continue to operate his cafe which has heretofore been located across the street from the post office.

FARMERS UNION MEETING

The Chilton Counnty Farmers Union will meet with Union Grove Local No. 187, five miles east of Jemison on Thursday and Fridey, July 5 and 6. First day will be devoted to public speaking by Hons. James A. Wade, D. J. Burleson, J. T. Watt, I. B. Kerlin and others.

Those coming by rail to Jemison please write W. L. Honeycutt, Jemison, Route 2. We hope to have a full attendance.

J. M. SMITH, County Secy.

MULBERRY NEWS

Health in this community is very good at present.

Mr. Tom Blackmon and wife from Texas visited relative in this community recently.

Miss Eva Grooms and her little sister, Nina, visited Misses Bessie and Vera Grooms.

The apron party at Mr. Summers' was enjoyed by a large crowd, there being thirteen aprons for the young men to hem. Ralph Manning won the prize by hemming the best.

Miss Bessie Jones from Birmingham visited her sister, Mrs. Emma Wallace recently.

Rev. Beaves filled his regular appointment here Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Ava Manning entertained a large crowd of young folks Saturday night at her sixteenth birthday party. Some young folks were there from Clanton, some from Fairview and Pleasant Grove. She received a lot of nice presents.

RELY ON ROOT

The Pan-Germans in Germany are not keen for peace without annexations; and they have framed up a scheme for the dismemberment of Russia. Coming at the time when Mr. Wilson's note to the Russian government on this same subject is just reaching its destination, the German plan should have an effect upon Russian sentiment which should stimulate a consolidation of Russian action with the Allies. Mr. Root's arrival in Petrograd was also about synchronous with the other two events—and the trinity of happenings ought to be productive. Mr. Root's contribution to the situation will have the added value of being made in person, with all the power of his great personality.

Don't forget your Subscription.

"THE SHINE GIRL"

FEATURING GLADYS HULETTE; TOGETHER WITH A GOOD COMEDY AND AN EDUCATIONAL.

At the IDEAL Theatre

(CANDY STORE.)

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26 AND 27.

All who saw "The Shine Girl" pronounce it to be the best picture ever seen in Clanton... They want to see it again and want their friends to see it.

Matinee 4:00 O'clock... Admission 5c and 10c.
Special Matinee any time desired. Nights 8 and 9 o'clock.
Admission 10 cents.
First Show Wednesday night Seats will be reserved for County Canning Club Girls.

If you like good, clean, interesting and inspiring pictures, be sure to see this one.

A COMMENDABLE POLICY OF EDUCATIONAL WORK

Weekly Newsletter of the State Department of Education.

The educational policy of the West Point Manufacturing Company, which operates cotton mills at Lanette, Langdale, Shawmut, Fairfax and River View, on the Chattahoochee River in Chambers County is so distinctive in type that it is well worthy of note in a Department letter.

Free Schools for Nine Months.

At each of the above named villages the company supplements the county school fund and maintains nine months graded schools, housed in modern buildings and manned by an able corps of teachers. The schools are absolutely free to all pupils in the elementary grades. This liberality extends to the children of the parents of the villages who are not employees of the company.

Free Text Books.

Next year free text books will be furnished to all the children of mill employees that are under sixteen years of age, the limit passed by the National Child Labor Law.

Education for Old and Young.

Free kindergartens are maintained at each village for the children between the ages of three and seven years and adult night schools are taught for older people. The management has cooperated splendidly with the adult school movement which is being directed by this department.

Instructive Entertainments.

A feature of the educational program which is far reaching in its effect is the lyceum course which is offered during the winter months. The opening of community halls three times each week where selected pictures of an educational value are shown is another commendable feature. These entertainments are given at the minimum cost, all profit going to the Welfare Fund, which is used for laudable purposes among the employees of the mills.

A Splendid Example.

Every citizen of Alabama should come in touch with this system of schools which is being maintained by the above mentioned company in carrying out its splendid business policy.

DEATH OF MRS. C. P. TURNQUIST

Mrs. C. P. Turnquist who has been ill for several weeks, died Thursday, June 14. Funeral services were held at the Sweedish-Lutheran Church at Thorsby, Friday afternoon, Rev. Arnold Nelson of Thorsby and Rev. W. P. Cline of Birmingham officiating. Interment was made in Concordia Cemetery.

Mrs. Turnquist was born in Sweden on June 13, 1852, coming to America in her early girlhood. Her home was in Wisconsin until she came to Thorsby with her husband about twenty years ago. She was an earnest Christian and faithful worker in the activities of the Sweedish Lutheran church, where her presence will be sorely missed. She is survived by her husband and several children.

CONGRESS DOING PRETTY WELL

(From the Cincinnati Times-Star)

This Congress has been called upon to change the whole structure of our government; to abandon, temporarily many of our ancient liberties and to substitute for them bureaucratic control. Most of these changes are made necessary by the war. We will have to give up some of our individual freedom, temporarily, in order to secure liberty in the future. But congress cannot be reasonably expected to do all of these things in an hour or a week Representatives and Senators are sent to Washington to represent the people and to use their best judgment in the framing of laws. They might, at a word, turn over all the functions of government to the president; but that would be an abandonment of our well-tried system of balanced government and a betrayal of the people of the United States.

Congress has passed a conscription bill. It has made considerable progress with the new taxation bill. It is going ahead with the espionage bill, the food control bill and other important measures.

Of course this congress is not perfection. No thoughtful believer in democracy expects perfection from any legislative body. But it is a fairly creditable congress which finds itself confronted with an unprecedented task. And on the whole is doing pretty well. It took England two years to put her government on a war basis. Is it reasonable to expect this country further removed from European militarism, and always impatient of too much governmental control to do the work in a month?

HUNTING TROUBLE—GOT IT

(From Buffalo Express Ind't Rep.)

The administration rather broke the present truce between parties by sending speakers to New Hampshire to plead for the election of a Democratic successor to Representative Sulloway. If the choice of the Republican candidate, Sherman E. Burroughs is a rebuke to the President, he brought it on himself.

FINEST PHYSICAL MEN TO BE IN THE NEW ARMY

Mem must be Perfections of Health and Pbysique say Army Surgeons.

Washington, June 19.—America's armies will be made up of the finest physical manhood of the nation.

Army surgeons estimated today that 40 per cent of the men brought to the colors by selective draft will be rejected upon the first physical scrutiny, so severe are the examinations. Nearly 1,000,000 must be drawn to get the 625,000 for the first levy. At present the rejections in the regular army average 40 to 60 per cent of the applicants.

After undergoing the severe physical examinations imposed by the army surgeons, the chosen ones will form the best army physically in the world. In no other army are the physical requirements so hard to meet. Even Germany's vaunted armies are picked on a less stringent scale of requirements.

Here are the general requirements for the army:

Height, not less than five feet, four inches, nor more than six feet; weight, not less than 128 pounds nor more than 190. Lungs and heart must be well nigh perfect. Any heart "murmur" disqualifies. Hearing and sight must be good. Color blindness is not necessarily a disqualification. Chronic disease and mental disorders cause rejection. Loss of fingers, toes or an ear are dispualifications. Flat feet or deformed feet are also causes for rejection. The surgeons examine closely for any affections of the kidneys or chest. At least four molar teeth are necessary.

The thorough examination usually consumes more than an hour.

"This war will be won by young men," and an official of the medical corps. "That's why we will win—we've got the most and the best young men."

SAVE YOUR WINTER OATS FOR PLANTING

Farmers are warned of Scarcity of Oats for seed next Fall.

Washington, D. C. June 20—Farmers in the South who have winter oats of good quality are urged to save them for seed rather than to feed them. This crop was winterkilled very generally over the South last winter, and specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture say that the indications are now that the seed supply will be very short. Many counties in the Southwestern states will have to purchase all their seed from other localities, and those favored sections where a partial or full crop was produced should save every available bushel to meet this demand. Farmers are urged to feed corn or other grain to work stock or to purchase northern grown spring oats for feeding in order to save the winter oats for sowing.

Because of the scarcity of winter oats of good quality, those who have them are quite sure to profit by saving them for seed rather than feeding them. Farmers who do not know where they could sell seed oats should communicate with their county agent or the director of their state experiment station, or R. A. Oakley, Chairman committee on seed stocks, U. S. Deparement of Agriculture, Washington, D. C. Present indications are that there will be a ready market for all good seed of this crop this year.

VERMONT CLUB

Our club met for the first time at the home of our Secretary on May 12, Saturday afternoon. The members of our cooking club did fine on their new recipes.

The second meeting was held at the home of the President, and Mrs. Jones and Mrs. Wade were present. The members made a grand success on their spider cornbread and cream sauce.

All of the club members are progressing with their tomato crops, according to theoEheay mtta(mton notwithstanding the drouth.

We are glad of the short course for we know it will be a great help to all the members who attend.

We are glad indeed to have Mrs. Jones with us another year.

There is going to be a great demand for canned products and Mrs. Jones can help us to prepare them for market.

GERTIE KLINNER, Pres.
MARY DEASON, Secy.

MONEY TO LEND

I represent a mortgage company, lending money on real estate at a low rate of interest. All charges less than 8 per cent. If loan is desired, see me and place application.

F. B. COLLIER,
Clanton, Ala.

POULTRY RAISERS WILL BE ASSISTED

EFFORT TO BE MADE TO INCREASE PRODUCTION AND LESSON SPOILAGE.

EXPERTS TO MAKE TOUR

Demonstration Car Will Make Stops in Ten Towns in Alabama.—Lectures Will Be Given.

Washington, D. C.—To assist poultry raisers and shippers in three Southern States to increase production and lessen spoilage of eggs and dressed poultry, the United States Department of Agriculture is sending its egg and dressed poultry demonstration car on tour in Tennessee, Alabama and Kentucky. The car wil visit 39 of the more important egg and poultry shipping points on the Southern Railway system.

Four egg-handling and dressed poultry experts will accompany the car. The State Experiment Station in each State will send a poultry-raising specialist.

The car made its first stop at Germantown, Tenn., on June 14,fi and, spending one day in demonstrations at each stop, will complete its present schedule at Williamstown, Ky., on July 30.

The itinerary for Alabama follows: June 21, Sheffield, Ala.; June 22, Leighton, Ala.; June 23, Town Creek, Ala.; June 25, Courtland, Ala.; June 26, Decatur, Ala.; June 27, Huntsville, Ala.; June 28, Gurley, Ala.; June 29, Scottsboro, Ala.; June 30, Stevenson, Ala.

At each of these shipping points the government specialists will demonstrate methods of grading eggs, packing, precooling and finally stowing cases in cars so that the eggs will reach distant markets in best possible condition.

Collins Surrenders.

Huntsville.—Gail Collins, money order clerk in the local post office, and who, it is alleged, has been found short in his accounts to the amount of $1,865, gave himself up and was closeted with the postal authorities for several hours, after which he was given a hearing before Commissioner Greenleaf and put under a $500 bond to await the action of the federal grand jury.

Train Service to Be Curtailed.

Selma.—Passenger train service to Thomasville, over the Southern road, has been curtailed, the train which leaves Selma at 5:10 p. m. and arrives in Selma at 9:20 a. m., being discontinued outright, and in consideration for the withdrawal of opposition to this change, the Southern agrees not to ask for the discontinuance of any of its other passenger schedules.

$20,000 Fire Damage.

Opelika.—Fire of unknown origin destroyed the Chattahooche Valley Railroad depot; the store of Austin Newman and two cars of valuable merchandise in transit from the West Point, Ga., mills at McCollough's station, in the northeastern part of Lee county. Loss amount to about $20,000 insurance is little, if any.

Burned to Death in Bed.

Birmingham.—James Smith and his wife, Ellen Smith, negroes, who were seriously burned when a kerosene lamp exploded and ignited the bed in which they were sleeping, died at the Hillman Hospital. According to hospital authorities they died about the same time. The negroes were badly burned about the body.

State Title Men Meet.

Gadsden.—The annual convention of the Alabama Title Men's Association was held in Gadsden. Title legislation—past and future—was a subject on which Jack Thorington, of Montgomery, spoke while uniform titles was one of the most important subjects discussed and passed on.

Street Work Approved.

Gadsden.—Street paving estimated to cost $57,000 was approved by the city council. The paving on Walnut street from Fifth to Twelfth street was authorized and the City Engineer instructed to ask for bids. Several protestes were filed against the paving, but the protests were overruled.

Crops Doing Well.

Huntsville.—The cotton and crops of this section are doing nicely considering the bad weather that has continued here until the past three weeks. The first stalk of cotton was brought to the city by T. J. Young from his big plantation. It contained several well developed squares and was over a foot high.

No Substitutes Allowed.

Huntsville.—Mayor Terry has issued orders that any person found selling or exchanging substituted drinks, which violate the prohibition laws of the state shall be prescuted to the full extent of the law.

Gadsden Will Celebrate July 4.

Gadsden.—Plans for a July Fourth celebration in Gadsden are under way. Leaders in the movement are members of the W. O. W. and other fraternal organizations who will be assisted by the Chamber of Commerce.

State Doctors Meet in Capital.

Montgomery.—Doctors from all parts of Alabama gathered in the Senate Chamber to attend the National Council of Defense of the Medical Section. W. E. Bose, United State Army Medical corps, addressed the assembly. Major E. V. Macon, presiding, told the doctors that they are not here to cheer the flag or to say how much they love their country, but that the time has come to act. He told them that 20,000 doctors are needed for the new army and that Alabama's pro rata for this number is 400. He said that less than 100 have applied for commissions in the reserve corps and that older men are needed as well as younger. He expressed the belief that Alabama will get its full quot.

Six Killed in Explosion.

Birmingham.—Six men were killed and four injured by a pocket gas explosion at Banner mine. The mine is located in the western part of Jefferson county. It is owned by the Pratt Consolidated Company but is operated by the state convict department. "The accident was caused by the accumulation of a pocket of gas where the men were preparing to make an overcast," said Mr. Nesbitt. "The gas generated out of the top coal and the pocket was directly above the heads of the men who were at work. It is not known just how the gas ignited, but it is presumed that it was accidentally set off by one of the lamps.

Prominent Physician Kills Self.

Sheffield.—Funeral services for Dr. Hugh W. Blair, of this city, who committed suicide were held here. Dr. Blair's wife, whom he shot and attempted to kill before firing a shot into his own head, is seriously wounded, but the physicians are of the opinion that the wounds are not fatal and that she is likely to recover.

Two Killed at Powder Mill.

Birmingham.—The black powder mill of the Aetna Explosives Company plant on the Coalburg Road, a few miles beyond Birmingham, blew up and besides destroying that portion of the plant, killed instantly Herbert Morris and Sylvanus West, negroes, and slightly hurt another negro, Will Stancil.

To Form Market Association.

Attalla.—Organization of an association to furnish a market for farm products in Etowah county is to be undertaken by Attalla citizens, if sufficient interest is displayed. It is proposed to build a warehouse at Attalla and to pay cash for corn, oats, hay, wheat, peas of all kinds, peanuts and potatoes.

Progressive Step Taken.

Dothan.—Another progressive step has been taken by Dothan, the council having authorized the building of a municipal slaughter house at a cost of about $4,000, provided the funds with which to build it and voted to establish meat and milk inspection for the city.

Tax Election Called.

Troy.—There will be an election July 9 for a special school tax for this county. The election has just been ordered by the Commissioners' Court, after being petitioned. The proposed levy will be for 20 cents on the dollar the taxation being for a period of ten years.

Chilton Showing Presperity Signs.

Clanton.—Prosperity is in evidence in Chilton County, possibly as it has never been before. With favorable weather conditions, crops are beginning to come to the front, and the farmers are highly pleased with prospects.

Annual Meeting of Underwriters.

Mobile.—The twenty-first nnual convention of the Alabama Underwriters' Association was held here at the Battle House auditorium. The convention was opened by Captain R. F. Manly, of Birmingham, President of the Alabama Underwriters' Association, with a large attendance present.

Travelers Hold Annual Meeting.

Montgomery.—The annual convention of the Alabama Travelers' Association held a two days' session here. Besides the business sessions, the Travelers had a banquet at the Exchange Hotel and a watermelon cutting at Oak Park. A large number of members were in attendance.

Calhoun County Roads in Good Shape

Anniston.—The board of county commisisoners made an inspection of about 80 miles of county roads and expressed themselves as pleased with the progress that is being made to give Calhoun county the reputation of having the best roads in the State.

Road Funds Raised.

Russellville.—The county board of revenue. it is stated, has obtained the money to put up for the Federal aid road. In all, $10,000 will be applied to building on this road as soon as the necessary forms can be gone through with.

Italian Mission Visits Magic City.

Birmingham.—Headed by Enrico Arlotta, Minister of Transportation of the Italian Cabinet, the Royal Italian War Mission to the Uited States, composed of sixteen distinguished officers connected with the Italian government visited Birmingham. They lead a monster parade through Birmingham streets. The visitors were official guests of the city of Birmingham. Italian societies of Birmingham, headed by Joseph Maggio and Frank Arrico, took a prominent part in the entertainment.

RUSSIAN ARMIES ORDERED TO FIGHT

Duma Declares For Immediate Offensive Against Teutons In Resolution Passed At Secret Session

PEACE TREASON TO ALLIES

Prolonged Inactivity On Battle Fronts Styled Traitorous—Russian Cabinet Sticks To London Pact

Petrograd.—The duma, in secret session, has passed a resolution for an immediate offensive by the Russian troops. The resolution declares a separate peace with Germany or prolonged inactivity on the battle front to be ignoble treason toward Russia's allies, for which future generations never would pardon the Russia of the present day. "The duma, therefore, considers," the resolution adds, "that the safety of Russia and the maintenance of the liberties which have been obtained lie in an immediate offensive in close co-operation with Russia's allies."

German Agent Driven From Russia

The announcement that the cabinet had decided to suggest a conference of the entente allies for examination of treaties was followed by the publication of the note sent to the other governments in question. The note suggests a conference to revise the agreements existing among the allies as to war aims, with the exception of the London agreement, which provides that none of the signatory powers shall conclude a separate peace.

No Chance For Separate Peace

The first act of the Pan-Russian congress of all councils of workmen's and soldiers' delegates, upon which depends the immediate destiny of Russia in regard to both international and domestic questions, was to ratify the expulsion by the provisional government of the Swiss Socialist, Robert Grimm, who is reported to have been the medium through which the Germans attempted to arrange a separate peace with Russia.

BELGIUM'S DIPLOMATIC MISSION IN WASHINGTON

Received With All Courtesies And Deeper Emotions Than Missions Of Greater Nations

Washington.—Belgium's diplomatic mission came to Washington to express its gratitude for all that the United States has done in the past to relieve the suffering of its people and to discuss with American officials the reparation that is to be demanded of Germany for her violated faith at the beginning of the war and international crimes which have followed it.

The representatives of King Albert, who has clung tenaciously for nearly three years to the last free fringe of his country, were received with all the coutesies and probably with deeper emotions than the official missions of the greater nations who preceded them. Secretary Lansing, Counsellor Polk and Assistant Secretary Phillips of the state department greeted them at the station, after which, escorted by two companies of cavalry, they motored to the home of Larse Anderson, former minister to Belgium, which is to be their headquarters.

Baron Ludovic Boncheur, chief of the political bureau of the Belgian foreign office, and for eight years minister to this country, is the head of the mission. It is understood he expects to confine his efforts in the United States largely to the ultimate peace questions rather than to immediate war needs.

U. S. To Drive Germans From The Air

Washington. — Full approval has been given by the war department to the air supremacy program of the defense council's aircraft board, and President Wilson has been asked to put the administration's support behind the great project for which an appropriation of $600,000,000 is sought. Under the plan the United States would become immediately a great elementary training base for all the allies and enormous numbers of training machines would be turned out, while American plants are developing a serviceable battlecraft type.

Civil War Menaces Chinese Republic

New York.—A cablegram foreshadowing extensive military operations by six of the Chinese southern provinces against the government, was received here by the Chinese Nationalist League of New York from its headquarters in Canton. The league claims to represent politically the six provinces and to favor China's entry into the war on the entente side under a liberal republican government. Already southern troops are marching on Wu-Chang, according to the message.

Dictator Ruling Republic Of China

Pekin.—Gen. Chang Hsun now is dictator, President Li Yuan Hung being little more than a figure-head. The insurgents are calling a convention at Tien Tsin to form a provisional government headed by the dictator, who is expected to act as president and premier. Gen. Chang Hsun's motives are obscure, but it is believed he is attempting to obtain from the former leaders of the Manchu dynasty an agreement for restoration of the empire.

GREEK KING LOSES THRONE

Constantine, King Of Greece, Forced To Abdicate By Great Britain, France And Russia

Athens, Greece.—King Constantine has abdicated his throne in favor of his second son, Prince Alexander, and, with Crown Prince George, is to leave Greece. The abdication was made on the demand of the entente powers, and thus ends the anomalous situation which long has existed in Greece because of the refusal of Constantine and his followers to acquiesce in full in the demands of the entente allies for the freedom of movement of their forces in and through Greece and for their safety from attack.

Italian Army in Greece

That the entente was prepared to move with expedition in bringing a change in the situation in Greece is indicated by the fact that simultaneously with the arrival in that country of the French Senator Jonnart, who bore plenary powers to act for the entente, came the occupation by the Italians in northwestern Greece near the Albanian frontier, of the strategic town of Janina and by other entente forces of Elassona, in northeastern Greece, situated at the foot of Mount Olympus and near the Gulf of Saloniki.

This climax in the affairs of Greece was brought about through the agency of the French senator, M. Jonnart, who has held posts in several French cabinets, and who arrived at Athens only a short time ago on a special mission as the representative of France, Great Britain and Russia. M. Jonnart had previously visited Saloniki and other points, and he lost no time in getting into conference with the Greek premier, Alexander Zaimis. The demands of the powers respecting the abdication of King Constantine also specifically eliminated Crown Prince George as his successor, the crown prince being included among those Greeks in official life who were considered strongly pro-German.

RUSSIAN TROOPS PROVE LOYALTY TO DEMOCRACY

Soldiers Sternly Putting Down Mutiny On The Roumanian Front And Government Jubilates

Petrograd.—The forces in the army at the front which are loyal to the provisional government have had their first test of strength with disloyal pacifists, and have won a notable victory. Lieutenant General Stcherbatcheff, the commander on the Roumanian front, gave an order to disband one infantry, one tiraileur and one Siberian tiraileur regiment, all of which were considered useless for fighting purposes.

Three regiments of another division were ordered to take up a new position, but refused to do so, and thereupon received an order to disband. The soldiers openly mutinied. The men of one of the regiments arrested the commander and seven officers, tore their badges from their uniform and beat two officers, leaving one insensible on the road. A regimental committee resolved that the regiment should not move; thereupon a loyal committee of soldiers of the whole army, after deliberating with the army staff, pronounced for stern measures against the mutineers.

Irish Rebels To Be Freed By Britain

London.—All of the prisoners taken in the Irish rebellion of Easter Sunday, 1916, will be released without reservation. This announcement was made in the house of commons by Andrew Bonar Law, who said that the government felt that by so doing it would aid in the success of the approaching Irish convention, which the government hoped would effect a reconciliation among Irish political parties. In making the announcement, Mr. Bonar Law said: "The government ha sgiven long and anxious consideration to the position of Irish political prisoners and has arrived at the decision it is now my duty to announce."

Wilson Pardons Nearly Five Thousand

Washington.—Nearly five thousand persons at liberty under suspended sentences imposed by federal courts have been granted "full amnesty and pardon" by President Wilson in a proclamation carrying out the recently announced policy of extending clemency in such cases. Without the exercise of such clemency the person affected would have been compelled under a Supreme court mandate, to return to custody.

German Editors Denounce Mr. Wilson

Amsterdam, Holland.—Commenting on President Wilson's note to Russia, the Berliner Tageblatt, according to a Wolff bureau dispatch to the Dutch papers, says: "The entente countries naturally are filled with satisfaction and gratitude to President Wilson for having made himself the mouthpiece of the enemy alliance against democracy. President Wilson has practiced self-denial to such an extent that he could not have given the message a more appropriate superscription than 'Wilson versus Wilson.'"

Shortage Of Ships Problem Of War

Washington.—Shortage of ships for military transport service constitutes the biggest single problem before the United States war chiefs today. That the dispatch of the bulk of the new army may have to be delayed by reason of this lack of transports is admitted by men in charge. True, there are sufficient ships to carry vast numbers of soldiers, but this is only a small part of the problem, inasmuch as these men must be constantly supplied with food, clothing, artillery and other equipment.

NEARLY 3,000,000 PEOPLE BUY BONDS

Hope For Widespread Response Of The Average Man More Than Realized In Multitude That Invest

AMOUNT IS OVERSUBSCRIBED

Exact Measure Of Country's Response Will Not Be Known For Some Time To Come

Washington.—The American people have responded to the government's call for funds to finance the war with an oversubscription to the two billion Liberty Loan of proportions so huge that officials are buried beneath a landslide of untabulated returns.

No man could say how great had been the nation's answer. Apparently it was overwhelmingly beyond the most sanguine hopes of treasury officials, though only one of the twelve federal reserve banks, Atlanta, with a total subscription of $52,593,800 out of a minimum allotment of $60,000,000—could hazard more than estimate of the total. The Atlanta figures, however, were final.

In the country's ringing answer to the call the dominant note was the voice of the small investor. His money talked on the last day of the campaign in eloquent terms. The hope for a widespread response of the average man with the average income was more than realized in the multitudes that flocked to the banks. It appeared that all previous estimates had gone by the boards and that nearly 3,000,000 men and women had bouhgt the bonds.

In the absence of official figures of the returns officials hesitated to predict how high the total would soar. It mounted every hour to new heights and assumed such proportions that there was an apparent inclination to accept with some allowances the rosy estimates of local Liberty Loan committees as to the totals of their districts.

At the treasury a note of conservatism was sounded concerning these estimates. It was feared that the committee, flushed with success, might be over-optimistic and there was a manifest unwillingness to accept as final any estimates unverified by actual tabulations.

AMERICAN NAVY GUNNERS DEFEATED IN OPEN FIGHT

Captain Of Submarine Congratulated Commander Of The Moreni On Game Fight

Washington.—American naval gunners have met their first defeat in an open fight with a German submarine. Official dispatches announced the destruction of the tank steamship Moreni, abandoned ablaze by her crew and armed guard after a desperate running fight in the war zone which cost the lives of four of her crew.

Half an hour after the tanker had been sent to the bottom her forty-three survivors, including all of the members of the armed guard, were picked up with their life boat by a passing steamer. The German commander had set them adrift after congratulating the American skipper upon his game fight and having the men who were wounded treated by the submarine's surgeon.

The submarine began the action at a range of 8,000 yards, four nautical miles, when she hardly was visible to the steamer without glasses. Presenting virtually no target herself, she sent 200 shells at the big tanker, making many hits, while the American gunners wasted 150 shots without harming the speck from which the deadly hail came.

Naval officials assumed that the submarine was armed with the six-inch rifles mounted by most of the newest undersea boats. No statement was available as to the armament of the Moreni, nor as to whether she was one of the vessels that sailed without waiting for full equipment, includes a range finder. The failure of the gunners to get the submarine was attributed generally to the long range and the small target.

The action of the submarine commander in treating his vanquished opponents with such unexpected courtesy was the subject of much comment.

Southern Allowed To Reduce Service

Atlanta, Ga.—After hearing the petition of the Southern railroad to discontinue fifteen passenger trains operating in Georgia on account of the emergency created by the war and the need of the government for a large part of the equipment in moving troops the Georgia railroad commission has passed an order allowing the discontinuance of nine of these trains. Two addition trains, not included in the petition, were substituted for others in it, making a total of eleven discontinued.

Lufberry, a New Yorker, Air "Ace"

Paris, France.—Adjutant Raoul Lufberry, of New York, premier "ace" and fighting airman of the Lafayette Escadrille, has just brouhgt down his eleventh "official" enemy plane in a single handed fight against five Boches, according to word received here. It took the New York fighter just twenty-five shots to shatter the wings of the adversary plane nearest to him, the German whirling down from the 15,000 feet altitude to death. He exchanged shots with the remaining four.

DEATH RAINED ON LONDON

Ninety-Seven Persons Killed And 437 Wounded By Raids Of Airships On English Towns

London.—In a swift and deadly raid on the city of London, German airplanes took a heav ytoll in killed and wounded. Other places were attacked, but so far the heaviest losses occurred in London town itself.

The casualties, as officially announced, numbered 534, includng 97 killed and 437 wounded. Fifty-five men met death and 223 men were wounded. Sixteen women and 26 children were killed and 122 women and 94 children were wounded.

The German squadron consisted of about fifteen machines, and the down-town section of London was their chief objective. Many bombs fell in the East End, where buildings were destroyed and others badly damaged, and scores of persons fell victims to the explosions. In one instance alone ten children were killed in a school and fifty were injured.

British airplanes ascended immediately the signal was given that hostile machines were coming, but the Germans remained at a great height and flew swiftly, and evidently the British fighters had difficulty in the pursuit, for the loss of only one German machine has been recorded. Others are reported to have been brought down, but there is no official confirmation of this. The anti-aircraft guns of London seemingly were unable to reach the Germans.

While a great many small business houses and the homes of the poor in the crowded districts suffered more damage, Field Marshal Viscount French, commander of the home defense, announces that no damage of a military or naval nature was done.

GERMAN SUBMARINE SINKS FRENCH LINER MISSISSIPPI

Steamship Sent To Bottom One Hundred And Forty-Five Miles From Brest

New York.—News of the destruction of the big French steamship Mississippi by a German submarine, with a loss of one of the merchantman's crew, was brouhgt here by officers of a British freight vessel that arrived from a French port.

Mississippi 6,677 Tons Gross

The Mississippi, of 6,677 tons gross, was torpedoed and sunk about one hundred and forty-five miles out from Brest, France, according to officers of the British ship which rescued forty-seven officers and seamen from open boats. They had been afloat only a short time.

Details Not Disclosed

The British officers refused to disclose the details of the sinking as related to them by the French crew. The only sailor lost was drowned while the crew was taken to the boats. The British ship landed the survivors at Fayal, Azores.

Vessel In Regular Trade

The Mississippi, owned by the General Trans-Atlantic Steamship company of Havre, was last reported in marine quarters as having arrived at New Orleans on March 31 from Havre. She was in regular trade between those two ports.

America Ready To Pay The Cost

Princeton, N. J.—America has counted the cost in entering the war, and is getting ready to pay the price, no matter how great the sacrifice, to secure world triumph of democracy over absolutism and the crushing of Prussian despotism. Secretary of State Lansing said at the one hundred and seventieth commencement of Princeton university, at which Mr. Lansing was one of those upon whom the honorary degree of dotcor of laws was conferred, including ambassadors and ministers of the allied countries at war with Germany.

Italians Saluted By Roar Of Cannon

Atlanta, Ga.—In the bright sunshine the members of the Italian commission to America motored through the gateway at Fort McPherson, while a cannon just inside the post boomed a salute of nineteen guns. Fifteen minutes later they stood beneath the shade trees bordering Officers' Row and watched the Seventeenth infantry and men of the officers' training camp pass in review to the blare of a military march. Captain Marconi, inventor of the wireless, who was with the party, stated the submarine menace would be overcome.

Nominates Georgian For Colonel

Washington.—Louis F. Garrard, Jr., of Columbus, Ga., whose military career began during the Spanish-American war, when he was commissioned as first lieutenant in the Third Georgia infantry, was nominated by the president as a lieutenant colonel in the quartermaster's corps of the army. After his service with the Third Georgia regiment, Colonel Garrard was mustered out in April, 1899. He entered the permanent military establishment in February, 1901, as a captain in the quartermaster's corps.

Japan Is Peeved At United States

Tokio.—The American government's note to China expressing regret over the dissensions in that country and a sincere desire that tranquility and political co-ordination be forthwith established, caused surprise and unfavorable criticism in Japan, where the action is regarded as ignoring Japan's special mission in China. The feeling as expressed in official cricles is that the situation would have been better treated by first exchanging views with the entente and especially Japan.

The Shielding Shadow

by Randall Parrish

AUTHOR OF "BEYOND THE FRONTIER," "MAID OF THE FOREST," "MY LADY OF THE NORTH," ETC.

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SYNOPSIS.

Adventurous Jerry Carson embarks in search of hidden treasure with the promise of Leontine Walcott to be his wife on his return. Her father favors Sebastian Navarre. Jerry's ship is burned, he is reported lost. Sebastian presses his attentions. Jerry suddenly turns up to confront charges of the Navarres against him. In a struggle for a forged paper Diego Navarre is killed and Jerry is convicted of the murder. He escapes, and finds the treasure and a wonderful chemical pellet. Leontine is forced to marry Sebastian. On the honeymoon, he attacks her in a rage. Suddenly he is confronted by a weird apparition. Ravengar forces a confession from Louie. Sebastian attempts to get it. An earthquake occurs; in the excitement, Red Finn steals the confession and flees. He appears in New York as Romanoff and enlists the aid of Madame Bianca. Leontine confronts her husband in the gambling house. The Shadow battles for her and she escapes with the confession. One-Lamp Louie follows her and takes the paper from her. The Shadow saves Navarre from robbery. Romanoff attempts to kidnap Sebastian and Leontine, but Ravengar appears to thwart him. Bianca and her thugs are puzzled by Ravengar's repeated escapes and returns to his cellar prison. Leontine consents to accompany Hamilton on a balloon ascension. Sebastian drugs Hamilton and arranges to have Leontine set adrift in the balloon. The balloon bursts into flame and Leontine finds that her companion is Ravengar. They are rescued, but One-Lamp Louie reports that they perished in a hurricane. Sebastian arranges to marry Bianca. Louie prevents it to save himself and is thrown to death by Sebastian who changes his marriage plans. He sees Leontine alive and well. Later Sebastian kidnaps Leontine, but the Shadow has promised her protection. Ravengar delivers Leontine from the hands of her enemies, but Bianca's thugs capture him. Bianca hesitates to kill him as she is passionately in love with him. By maintaining that Leontine is insane, Sebastian again gains possession of her. Ravengar, after a terrific battle, rescues her, but the mystic mantle which renders them invisible, is stolen. Bianca's thugs corner Ravengar and Leontine in a shack. Bianca defends Ravengar. He escapes and recovers the invisible mantle. Out of revenge the thugs dynamite the shack and kill Bianca.

TWELFTH EPISODE

The Stolen Shadow.

Sebastian had hurried homeward, overcome with panic at Leontine's disappearance. The game was up at last, and he recognized that fact. For he had no hope that Bianca and her gang would succeed in discovering the fugitives.

He had played his game remorselessly, and in every one of Leontine's escapes from imminent death he had seen the finger of fate.

He resolved to fly. There was still time; there was ample time before the police got on his trail.

He packed a few essentials into a couple of grips and got ready to leave. He had drawn several thousand dollars out of his bank; that would suffice him for the present. He closed the grips and took them down to his library. He lit a cigar and sat down for a few moments' thought.

The thought of Bianca rushed back through his mind. He shifted his feet uncertainly. It was hard to give her up. Should he stay, then?

As he looked across the room there appeared suddenly the luminous hands and eyes, the apparition that had so startled and horrified him before. Sebastian screamed and leaped to his feet. In his shaken condition this seemed more than he could bear. But as he stared at the apparition it changed suddenly into the figure of Ravengar, his enemy.

Sebastian sank back trembling into his chair, and Ravengar came forward with easy nonchalance and stood before him, smiling gravely at him.

"Yes, Sebastian Navarre, the game is up," he said. "Your wife is at the



Ravengar Snatches the Mantle of Invisability From Around Sebastian.

police station, and shortly you will be arrested and on the way to paying the penalty for your crimes."

Sebastian shook with fear. "Why do you persecute me?" he groaned.

"You have one chance of escape, so far as your wife and I are concerned," Ravengar continued. "If you will write a confession of the crime which sent Jerry Carson to prison, we will call off the police and let you go free. Your other crimes will be on your own head."

Sebastian began to recover his equanimity. If the man was willing to bargain with him, he could not be sure of his ground. He shook his head.

"Then," said Ravengar quietly, "there is no more to be said."

At that moment the sound of an approaching automobile was heard. Sebastian, who had risen, looked out of the window, to see a police auto drawing up to the house. In it sat two policemen and Leontine.

"Wait!" yelled Sebastian, as Ravengar was nearing the door. "If I write that confession, do you swear you will call off the police?"

Ravengar nodded, and Sebastian rushed to his writing table and, taking a sheet of notepaper, began to write with trembling fingers. Ravengar watched him for a moment. There came a ring at the door. Ravengar left the library and went to the aperture in it, which Sebastian had had made in order that he might scrutinize unwelcome visitors before admitting them. Leontine, upon the doorstep with the policemen, saw Ravengar's face.

"You have got him?" she cried.

Sebastian, writing furiously at his desk, saw Leontine through the window. She was talking to Ravengar, and she seemed at a loss to understand why he did not open the door. Sebastian threw the pen down, and a crafty look came over his face.

He reflected for a moment; then he deliberately tore up the confession which he had written and threw the scraps away. He crept toward the door. Near this was standing a heavy teakwood chair, which he had brought with him from the Argentine. It was very old, and the wood was almost as strong and solid as if it were steel. Sebastian picked it up and noiselessly opened the door.

He crept into the hall. His feet made no sound on the thick carpet. He saw Ravengar, talking to Leontine and the policeman through the door. He raised the chair and brought it crashing down on Ravengar's head.

Ravengar dropped like a log, without a sound. The fragments of the broken chair fell all about him.

Sebastian turned and fled up the stairs. He dashed into a room which overlooked a neighboring garden. It was his plan to leap from the window, thus to avoid the police.

In front of it stretched a line of telegraph wires. It was a desperate spring, almost an impossible one.

He heard the front door splinter, and the police rush into the house. They were searching the library, they were coming up the stairs. A hand was at the door. Sebastian poised himself upon the window sill, and, rendered desperate, leaped as the police entered the room.

Sebastian caught the yielding telegraph wires with one hand, hung there a moment, reached up the other hand, and made his way to the pole. He climbed down, and had just reached the bottom when a shout from the window above him indicated that he was discovered.

He heard a warning cry. A bullet whizzed past his head; but Sebastian was running swiftly for the garden gate. It was unlocked. He darted through and found himself in the street.

His versatile brain was working fast. He knew exactly what he was going to do. His garage stood near. In this he kept, besides his autos, a motorcycle, a hobby of his. Sebastian snatched it, mounted it, and whirled away.

He rode with all his might, for he was bent on making this supreme effort and shaking his pursuers off the track. But now fortune ceased to favor him. The police auto had been brought round to the back of the house; as Sebastian dashed along the road he was seen. The hue and cry was up. In a moment the police auto was after him.

Sebastian headed toward the hills, but a glance showed him that there he would be caught. He could not hope to best an auto on an ascent. He turned and headed toward the harbor. And now he became panic-stricken. He headed toward a wharf.

It was the last wharf up the river. It was a little private dock once used for sailing ships, but now practically abandoned. In the distance, toward the river mouth, a fisherman sat in a motorboat.

Sebastian saw him and his scheme was formed. He drove straight for the head of the wharf. Without checking himself, he let the motorcycle plunge into the river, and, disentangling himself, began to strike out toward the motorboat.

The police chauffeur threw on the brakes just in time to prevent the auto from following the motorcycle into the water.

The police watched the swimmer. He was too far away now for a revolver shot to have any likelihood of reaching him. Sebastian was making good progress.

The police shouted to the fisherman. He was too far away to hear their cries distinctly. He turned his head and listened. Presently he caught sight of the swimmer in the water. Naturally he came to the conclusion that the men in the auto were calling attention to his predicament.

He pulled in his rod, started the motor boat, and began chugging his way toward Sebastian, who was still swimming strongly in his direction.

The watchers saw the motor boat draw up toward him. The fisherman leaned over and grasped Sebastian by the wrists. Sebastian hauled himself up out of the water, clung for a moment to the side of the boat, and managed to scramble in.

As Sebastian gained the shelter of the boat the police saw him turn upon the fisherman and deal him a buffet which sent him sprawling into the sea.

Sebastian, without troubling further about him, started the engine again, and the motor boat sped swiftly seaward, while the police watched helplessly from the auto.

* * * * * * *

Sebastian and his whereabouts were next to nothing in Leontine's mind as she bent over the unconscious Ravengar within the hall of her husband's house.

Presently Ravengar stirred and opened his eyes. They fixed themselves upon Leontine's, and, with a sob of thankfulness, she leaned over him and kissed his forehead.

He rose weakly, and she assisted him to a couch in the library. They were hardly seated before the police lieutenant came in. Leontine looked at him in mute inquiry.

The lieutenant shook his head. "He made his getaway in a motor boat, and added murder to his crimes," he said.

Briefly he detailed what had happened and, excusing himself, took his departure. Leontine remained silent. She knew now that so long as Sebastion lived there could never be any peace for her.

And Jerry's name, for which she had fought so long, still remained uncleared—the convict's brand was on him. Tears came into her eyes.

"He will never return," she sobbed, as Ravengar tried to comfort her, "and I can never clear poor Jerry's name of the accusation of forgery."

"Perhaps Jerry will return some day and clear himself," suggested Ravengar.

Leontine shook her head mournfully. "No, there is no hope," she answered sadly.

"But you can never tell," Ravengar persisted. "Be true to your love, for Jerry, and all will be well."

They were the words which had been uttered on the first occasion when she saw the mysterious hands and eyes. Leontine started back in fear. She looked at Ravengar searchingly.

He smiled. There was something sad and charming in the inscrutable look upon his face.

"What do you mean?" she cried. "What do you know about Jerry? Who are you?"

Ravengar smiled still. "I? I am only your shielding shadow," he replied.

"But what is your mysterious power?" asked the girl excitedly. "Whence comes your ability to appear and disappear at will?"

"Have you forgotten the invisible mantle?"

"No, but that only intensifies the mystery. Why is it invisible? And why is it invisible on one side and not on the other?"

Ravengar took her by the hand. "Do you trust me, Leontine?" he inquired. "Do you, who have been surrounded by so much evil, trust to my good motives?"

"How can I help but trust you?" replied the girl.

"Then come with me," he answered, "and I will show you."

* * * * * * *

Leontine and Ravengar got out of a taxicab and entered a house in a quiet part of the town. Ravengar opened the door.

"I do not live here," he said. "I rent an upper floor for use as a laboratory. It is necessary that I should not have it in my home, for fear of its discovery by our enemies. You are the only person who knows the secret."

They went up the stairs together. Ravengar unlocked a door and opened it. Leontine looked with wonder into the interior. She saw what seemed to be an ordinary laboratory, such as a chemist might have. But why did Ravengar want a laboratory?

"This is my secret," said Ravengar, taking up a bottle containing a few black pellets and placing it before the girl. Although they appear black when seen through the medium of the glass, if you held them in your hand you would see nothing. They are absolute black. Ordinary black, as you know, is not really black at all—that is to say, it is not invisibility, as black should be. It is, instead, composed of a blending of hues. Real black is invisible.

"This is absolute black. The pellets were found upon a ledge—Ravengar's ledge—in the South Atlantic. They were the discovery of the scientist, Joseph Dexter."

Leontine started. She had heard the name before, but when or where she could not think.

"He wrote of his discovery in his journal. Wait. I will get it for you—" continued Ravengar.

Upon the table was the invisible mantle. Leaving it with the pellets in front of the open window, Ravengar turned away and went toward a safe that stood in the corner. Leontine followed him.

"I have his journal here," Ravengar continued, beginning to open the safe. "Some day it will be published and will make interesting reading. Here it is."

He took out a cover containing a number of sheets of waterstained paper, closed the safe, and went back toward the table, to lay the journal down. Then he started and stared alternately at the table and at Leontine. The cloth and the bottle of pellets were gone.

"The pellets!" gasped Ravengar. They were here a moment ago."

"I haven't touched them. You must have put them somewhere," answered Leontine.

Ravengar began hunting for them hurriedly, but he could find them nowhere. Both the pellets and the cloth were gone.

"You may have taken them to the safe," Leontine suggested.



The Hand Grasped the Bottle and the Cloth.

Ravengar shook his head. Nevertheless, he went back to the safe and opened it again. The quest was fruitless. The bottle was nowhere to be found.

"That window!" exclaimed Ravengar. "Was it open when I went to the safe?"

"I don't think so," Leontine answered.

The window, which was of the French variety, and had been closed when they entered, was now slightly open. They looked out. The house was set near another of similar architecture, and between the two there ran a narrow passage. A window in the adjacent house was set opposite the laboratory window. It would have been just possible for an agile man, seated upon the sill, to have stretched out his arm and reached the bottle of pellets.

"We must find out who is in the next house," said Ravengar to Leontine. "If somebody has taken it, we must get him before he escapes us."

He darted from the room, Leontine following him, and they rushed down the stairs and gained the street together. There was an immense crowd, a policeman was standing beside an auto, in which appeared a second policeman. He and the chauffeur were supporting a figure, but whether of a man or woman neither Ravengar nor Leontine could see above the heads of the crowd which pressed in front of them.

As Ravengar tried to clear a way to the auto the first policeman raised his hand, and the auto moved away, carrying the injured person, the second policeman and the chauffeur. Ravengar managed to reach the official who was now dispersing the crowd.

"Accident?" he asked.

"Them joy riders knocked down a fellow that was coming out of the alley here. They've taken him to St. Luke's," answered the policeman.

"Was he a tall man, dark—strongly built, and smooth face? Looks like—"

"That's the fellow. Friend of yours?"

"No," said Ravengar decisively. "I know him, that's all. Did you happen to notice whether he was holding anything in his hand?"

"I guess not," said the policeman. "Wait a bit! Now I come to think of it, I did notice that he had one of his hands clenched tight, as if he wanted to hold on to it. But I guess there wasn't nothing in it—there couldn't have been, because his fingers was so close together he couldn't have had a pea or a penny inside."

"It mightn't have been a medicine bottle?" Ravengar persisted.

The policeman shook his head, and Ravengar went back to Leontine, who had been unable to push toward him.

"It was Sebastian," he said, "and they've taken him to St. Luke's. It seems as if he's got rid of the pellets, but they may be in his clothes. We'll have to see him."

Ravengar shouted to a passing taxi, which drew up to the sidewalk. "St. Luke's!" he shouted, and, helping Leontine in, he followed her.

* * * * * * * *

Sebastian, alone in the motorboat, put on all speed.

He crossed the river, put in at a little private dock, left the boat there, and hurried along the waterfront. He entered a shop where sailors' clothing was sold, and purchased a cap and a long overcoat, which hid his dripping garments.

Then, feeling safer from scrutiny, he made his way along the river front, and worked back toward his home.

He was approaching the house when he saw Leontine and Ravengar leave and hail a taxicab. He followed the vehicle, which went slowly through the traffic until it reached the street on which Ravengar's laboratory was situated. Here it quickened its pace. Sebastian began to run. He panted along, the taxicab drawing farther and farther away from him, until, just as he began to despair of catching it, it drew up at the house in which the laboratory was situated.

Sebastian watched them enter. He wondered whose house it was, and why they were going there. He crept up to reconnoiter and perceived that an alley ran between this house and the next. Entering this, he heard Ravengar and Leontine enter a room on an upper floor.

Sebastian was a good climber. He shinned up a pipe like a monkey, until he was clinging to the window sill opposite Ravengar's laboratory, yet a little below the direct line of vision.

Hanging there, Sebastian heard Ravengar begin to explain his secret to Leontine. He gathered enough to realize what power lay in his grasp.

Ravengar set the bottle down on the table with the cloth and turned away. Sebastian could hardly believe his eyes. What a fool the man was! He stretched his arm out, clinging with the other hand to the window ledge. The hand stretched out toward the laboratory window crept quickly forward. It passed through the open window, grasped the bottle and the cloth, and disappeared.

Sebastian balanced himself for an instant upon the window ledge and then swung back into the room of the house adjoining.

Sebastian ran through the room, along the passage, down the stairs, and made his escape by the back door into the street. Still clutching the cloth and the pellets, he ran on blindly.

He looked up as he heard an auto horn. He heard the shouts of the chauffeur. Then the car containing the joy riders drove down on him, catching him and flinging him beneath the wheels, one of which passed over his chest.

A policeman came up. The body was lifted from under the car. A doctor, who happened to be passing, was summoned. After a brief examination, he announced that Sebastian was not badly hurt, but advised that he be taken to a hospital.

The car with the policeman drove off, at his directions, toward St. Luke's, and Sebastian was put to bed in the ward.

There he opened his eyes a few minutes after his arrival, to find himself alone, except for a sick man in the opposite corner. The nurse had gone out of the ward.

Sebastian tried to remember what had happened. He wondered why his fist was tightly clenched and why he was conscious of a strong impulse not to open it.

Then he knew why. So powerful had been his exercise of will power that all through the period of his unconsciousness he had clutched hard to the filmy mantle, the entire bulk of which could be held in one hand.

With this at his command, he could await developments without fear. He regretted, however, the loss of the bottle of pellets.

Suddenly he started. He sat up in his bed and ground his teeth. He heard voices outside the door of the ward. They were those of Ravengar and Leontine.

* * * * * * *

Ravengar leaped out of the taxicab the moment it stopped at the hospital gates and assisted Leontine down. He paid the driver and went inside. The clerk acknowledged that a patient had just been brought in, suffering from the effects of an automobile accident.

They hurried to Sebastian's bedside. Already Sebastian had seen them; his eyes were fixed in hatred upon his wife's Leontine, unmoved, returned his stare. And then there happened an extraordinary thing.

The face of the man on the bed went out. The neck and shoulders followed it. Sebastian had disappeared.

The doctor stared about him in the utmost bewilderment.

"Where is he? What has happened?" gasped the doctor.

Ravengar spun round. "Don't stand there talking, but obey me!" he shouted. "Hold the door fast and don't let him out even if you don't see him coming. That man is a dangerous criminal with a secret power of making himself invisible."

And he jumped to the side of the



Sebastian Wrenched the Cloth Out of His Hand.

bed in order to seize Sabastian before he could make his getaway. But Sebastian had been too quick for him.

Robed in the mantle, which completely enveloped him, Sebastian was crouching upon one of the empty beds, waiting for his opportunity to make a break for freedom. He saw Ravengar hunting for him in the wrong direction.

He crept softly from bed to bed. Ravengar was advancing along the middle of the room, with arms outspread, like a man in blind man's buff. It was easy to elude him.

He crept toward the window, near which, in a rack, rested the fire extinguisher and the fire ax. Raising the ax, he shattered the window glass.

The doctor by the door, seeing the ax apparently pick itself out of the rack and break the pane, uttered a loud cry and came running forward.

"Go back!" shouted Ravengar, and pricipitated himself toward the window, trying to grasp Sebastian by the legs and bring him down.

Sebastian had anticipated this move. He flung the ax into Ravengar's face. Fortunately for the latter, he happened to move aside at that moment.

Sebastian had crawled under the nearest bed as Ravengar made for him. Ravengar was puzzled. Crouching down, he began to beat the room with his arms. But Sebastian was already traveling from bed to bed.

"Look!" cried Leontine.

The depressions caused by Sebastian's feet were becoming visible upon the counterpanes. Ravengar rushed to head Sebastian off, but Sebastian had already reached the door. The doctor suddenly felt a violent blow in the face, which sent sent him staggering. The next moment Sebastian had opened the door and rushed toward the stairs.

Fate was with him no longer. An attendant was coming up the middle of the stairway. Sebastian hesitated an instant, but Ravengar was close behind him, and the two men were closing in on him. The one was conscious of his presence, the other not.

"Stop him!" Ravengar yelled to the attendant, who stopped in surprise and looked about him.

The next instant Ravengar saw the attendant stagger under the impact of the collision.

"Now hold him!" he yelled, and dashed down after Sebastian. His hands caught the surface of the cloth, dragging it from Sebastian's head.

The attendant, seeing a head, unsupported by any body, apparently floating in the air, uttered one scream and promptly disappeared.

Ravengar made a wild leap for Sebastian. The head disappeared again as Sebastian threw the mantle over himself. But Ravengar tackled him, and the doctor and the hospital attendants who had been drawn to the spot by hearing the sounds of the struggle saw Ravengar apparently fighting with himself upon the stairway.

Then, as the struggle grew fiercer, they saw first a head, then an arm, then part of a body appear and disappear, as if materialized out of thin air. It was too much for their nerves.

Sebastian fought desperately, for it was a battle for life. He and Ravengar were very fairly matched. They buffeted each other and struggled, until, with a supreme effort, Ravengar raised Sebastian in his arms and tried to fling him over the banisters to the hall below.

Sebastian, poised thus, clung to Ravengar. If he died, his enemy should die with him.

The doctor, standing above, saw the two men fall headlong to the mosaic pavement underneath, where the clerks and other attendants had already gathered.

As the bodies struck the hall floor, there was a hasty scramble for safety. By a miracle neither was seriously injured. Ravengar, however, was slightly stunned, and, during the few moments of semiconsciousness that followed Sebastian managed to wrench the cloth out of his hands and disappear.

He vanished as Leontine came running down and knelt beside her friend.

(END OF TWELFTH EPISODE.)

THE UNION-BANNER

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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

A LESSON TO LEARN

There is, at this critical age of the United States of America, no lesson of more value that we could possibly learn than the lesson of economy.

The people in this country have in their power the doing of no one thing that would aid us in the furtherance of our national purposes more than the curtailment of waste and unnecessary extravagance in the consumption of food supplies.

Mr. Herbert C. Hoover, the great expert on food conservation, who has been placed at the head of that department of our national government, carries an insignia of his department these words, "Save the Waste and win the War."

The whole truth of the situation is summed up right there. If we save the waste we have therein taken the greatest step that it is possible for our people to make in the direction of success and assistance for our allies.

And there is nothing to prevent us from saving the food that is and has been going to waste.

There are, no doubt, a great many things which would aid our purposes in the war, but possibly the majority of them can be put into operation only under impediments. Maybe they cannot be grasped and enforced with readiness.

But nothing prevents each and every citizen from saving the food and feed stuff that has been wasted heretofore.

ABOUT THE WEATHER

This editor shall never again have anything to say about the weather, no matter how hot, or how cold it gets. He is completely bluffed by what happened last week.

We made mention of the fact that on last Wednesday the mercury stood at ninety-nine, and congratulated ourselves on the fact that real summer time had arrived.

But lo, and behold! By Friday, even by the time our paper had reached its readers, the whole thing had taken such a radical turn that overcoats were comfortably in evidence.

So we have decided that the weather is a subject too variable for an editor to discuss, and we are done with it.

All we expect to do in the future is to try to keep both and overcoat and a palm beach suit in readiness all the time, so that we can jump into either at a moment's notice, as the occasion demands.

The Connecticut Manufacturing Association, representing over 200 of the leading manufacturers of that state passed a resolution favoring complete War Prohibition by a vote of 176 to 1.

The American Medical Association, the most representative body of its kind in the world, at its national convention in New York this month adopted resolutions declaring alcohol to be neither a food nor a stimulant.

With cotton 25 cents a pound our farmers feel better able to afford to pick the boll weevils and dead squares off their cotton.

It is easy to be popular. All you have to do is to make other people think that they know more than you.

THE PICTURE OF PEACE

Cooling, refreshing and wholesome, like a loitering breeze in a woodland glade, comes the mind-created picture of universal peace—visions of the time when the world shall lay down arms, when on fields of battle now red with blood the silence of the Sabbath shall supplant the booming of cannon, the cries of the wounded and the anguished farewells of the dying.

How weary must be the way, how long the time before that picture will become a reality, no man can know.

How much more blood and treasure must be poured out before that day shall come, it is impossible to even estimate. At last practically the whole world is engaged in the war. Christian and pagan fight side by side and destroy the lives of Christian and pagan fighting against them. The white man, the yellow man, the brown man, the black man—all the races, all the colors have joined in the strife. All that man has accomplished, all the arts and the sciences, all the industries, all the conquests of the air and beneath the waters—all that may be used for the slaying of men are being devoted to the destruction of human life.

And it is the United States that holds out to the world the pledge that the picture of peace shall become a reality. The Stars and Stripes shall become a sign of universal safety its red, white and blue, a rainbow of promise to the peoples of all the earth that the sufferings of war shall cease.

Beneath its folds there has been freedom and protection for all who would come to the hospitable shores of America, and now it is carried to other lands that other peoples may find life and liberty beneath it.—Industrial Index.

WE ARE FIGHTING THE GERMAN PEOPLE

There is a great deal of bosh going the rounds about the United States not fighting the German people, but opposing only the Kaiser and his autocratic government. Does it never occur to the sentimentalities that if the German people were not behind the kaiser and his form of government that there would be no world-wide war? Supposing the Kaiser and all his official retainers were left alone to fight Germany's battles, how long do you think the war would last?

Was there ever a time when a man who called himself an American could have favored the German form of government and still have been an American? May a phohibitionist favor the continuance of the liquor traffic—a raving anarchist take a stand for law and order?

Americans should not be deceived by twaddle. We are about to engage in the bloodiest war in all history—are not actually engaged in it—with the most ruthless, brutal enemy ever known in mankind's history and that enemy is the German people just so long as they uphold their present inhuman warfare, and that enemy ceases to be the German people just as soon as they throw off the yoke of imperialistic militarism, and no sooner. The fact should be clear to the mind of everybody that the German people are upholding the Kaiser's bloody arm and are furnishing themselves as human sacrifices for a barbaric ideal. The sooner we Americans get that fixed firmly fixed in our heads, the sooner we shall be in a mental attitude that will make us good soldiers, and not much sooner.—National Republican.

LETTER COMMENDING THE LATE DR. H. H. SORRELL

Johns, Ala., June 12, 1917.
Editor Union-Banner:

You, no doubt, have a number of readers who are friends and relatives of the late Dr. H. H. Sorrell of Jemison, Ala.

Please express to them through your columns my sincere sympathy for them in their great loss. Dr. Sorrell was employed by me at the time of his death, and his long and faithful services were highly appreciated.

Yours truly,
W. C. HEAD, M.D.

Thrashing Machine

Brand New Outfit Ready for Business

When your grain crop is ready to thrash out you should make arrangements to have the work done by my brand new and most up-to-date outfit.

I am ready for operation now, and am prepared to go where the people want me to.

I guarantee the work done by my machine and assure you perfect satisfaction.

Later in the season I will add a peanut and velvet bean thrash to my outfit.

Call on me when you need your grain thrashed.

D. H. GENTRY

CLANTON, ROUTE 4.

UNION STATE BANK MATTERS

On May 5, 1917, a meeting of depositors and stockholders of Union State Bank was held at Thorsby. At this meeting, after discussion of the present status of the liquidation, it was suggested that an effort be made to get the liquidation into the hands of the stockholders and depositors, in the belief that they could handle the matter more economically and to better advantage than the banking department could. A committee was selected to take the matter up with the Superintendent of Banks. It was believed that the Superintendent of Banks would be willing to relinquish the liquidation if all the stockholders and creditors consented to the plan.

The Superintendent of Banks has turned the proposition down, giving as his reason some ruling of the attorney general. We do not know just what proposition was submitted to the attorney general, but it seems to be generally believed that there is no reason, legal or otherwise, why the liquidation cannot be turned over to the stockholders or depositors in some perfectly legal manner, if there is unanimous consent. Suppose that some one, whom we shall call Attorney Jones, had authority to settle the claims of all creditors—check depositors, savings depositors, stock holders and all other creditors. Suppose that Attorney Jones should offer to accept the assets of the Bank in payment of the claims of all check depositors, or of all depositors and creditors except stockholders. Suppose that he could prove that his offer was reasonable and as good for the trust as any other solution that could be worked out. Is there any reason in the world why all the assets should not be transferred to Attorney Jones? And, if they were transferred to him, could he not then handle them in any manner which had been authorized by the stockholders, depositors and other creditors? Why should the court which has jurisdiction in these matters, refuse to ratify such a reasonable and satisfactory offer? I ask the Supt. of Banks to answer these questions.

I think that it was generally believed by those at the meeting referred to, that the savings depositors are not likely to get all their money, if they get any at all, if the liquidation is completed by the Banking Department; also that there would be a much greater chance of paying all depositors and creditors in full, as well as possibly leaving something for the stockholders, if the liquidation were conducted by the depositors or stockholders themselves. And why should the Superintendent of Banks object to any fair proposition in that line? Would it cut down his salary? No. Would it deprive him or his office of any legitimate prerequisites? No. Then why should the Supt. of Banks and his attorney want to hold on to their jobs in this matter? **Does anyone think they want to do it for the protection of the creditors?** May it not be that they want to hold the books and records in their own hands for their own protection and for the purpose of enforcing prosecution of those who have manhood enough to oppose their plans? Why is it necessary that there should be so much threatening in these liquidation matters, anyway? Isn't there something wrong in liquidation matters, when is is necessary to threaten a person if he wants things done for the interest of the depositors and stockholders? Does it not look as though there were something in these matters which would not bear the light of day and that it was necessary to threaten criminal prosecution, for the one who has nerve enough to protest, in order to scare him into quietude?

Mr. A. E. Walker, did not your examiner make threats to scare me into coming to Montgomery on January 25, 1916, (five days after you took charge of Union State Bank), on a pretext of banking business? When I called to your office by telephone, from Thorsby, to make sure about the matter, was I not told that this banking matter was not a matter of form and that I would have to take the consequences if I did not come? When I arrived at Montgomery and found that the banking matter was only a matter of form and that my presence was entirely unnecessary, when I asked you to pay my expenses, did you not say that you told me by telephone that it was only a matter of form and that I need not come? And did you not afterwards tell the truth to another party and admit that you had not advised that I need not come? And, then, after threatening me in this manner, what followed? There was no witness to our conversation, so I cannot say too much about it. But you insinuated that I had induced or influenced a bond company to cease to be surety for your agent, and you called this "interfering with the agent." (I did not even know of the bond until after the company had given notice that it would not continue to be surety.) I want to ask you whether or not you threatened me at that time in exactly or substantially the following words: **"If you or your friends interfere with me or my agent, I will have auditors sent up there at great expense to the bank, and have them audit the business from beginning to end, and see what they can dig up. Furthermore, in that case I shall not feel so interested in conserving the assets of the bank, and not only the stockholders will not get any money but even the depositors will not get all of theirs."**

Did you, Mr. Walker, or did you not, at that same time, explain how money might be lost to the trust (the bank) if you did not take a proper interest in it? Did you explain that thousands of dollars might be lost in a transaction with the National Park Bank of New York, if you failed to use your best efforts to prevent such a result? Now ,come right out and answer my questions. I know that there is only one answer that you can give, but I want the satisfaction of seeing the answer. When I am put on the witness stand, I shall be free to tell whether you said it or not.

I wish to call attention here to the fact that a threat to hire auditors to "dig up" things may be construed as a hint that the auditors might be hired to find things on which to base a criminal prosecution. It also indicates, to my mind, that the party making such a threat did not know of anything which would justify a prosecution but that he hoped that the auditors would find something to base a prosecution on.

And now, I want to ask Lawrence Gerald: **"Isn't it your intention to have me prosecuted on some felony charge if I do not keep quiet about banking matters?"** You admitted in presence of a witness that your therats (that I would be prosecuted in case I did certain things displeasing to the Supt. of Banks) were not authorized by the Supt of Banks. **Are you not trying to get a great big attorney's fee, and do you not intend to carry out your threats and try to send me to the coal mines or the penitentiary if you cannot get me out of the way without taking such action? Have you something to conceal?** And how about your close friend, the solicitor of a judicial circuit in Alabama (not the solicitor of the circuit we are in)? When I informed him in some correspondence we had, that it might be necessary for me to publish some things that had happened in connection with liquidation matters, he wrote me: **"If you do mention my name in any of your newspaper controversies, you need not have any uneasiness about my attacking you with any weapon whatever, except those what nature may give, but if you do, I promise you now, so help me God, that you or I one will take the best licking with a naked fist that a white man has had in this country for many a day."**

Just think of it! a big powerful looking representative of law and order threatening to take the law into his own hands in such a manner! Perhaps he thought I would consider it a great boon to die of assault and battery, but I should prefer to be blown to pieces by a 42-centimeter shell. I really hope that I may not find it neecssary to elucidate the matter further in print or to give the party's name, but I shall not hesitate to do so if I hear Mr. Walker's attorney again use a certain one of his arguments against me.

And now, I want to ask Supt. Walker and Lawrence Gerald another question: **"Are you going to have me prosecuted, or use your influence to have me prosecuted because I do things in these bank matters? Does either one of you know of any charge on which I ought to be prosecuted? If so, why have I not been prosecuted already?**

I wish to suggest that if it is necessary that I be prosecuted, perhaps if someone connected with the liquidation could give Mr. A. K. Horn another present of about $33.00 of the depositors' or stockholders' money, perhaps he would again consider it his conscientious duty to try to get me indicted. Thirty three dollars would truly be a reasonable price to pay for securing the prosecution of a party who objects to such gifts, the price being especially reasonable when it is paid with depositors' or stockholders' money.

I feel that I have been and am handicapped by Lawrence Gerald's professions that he is interested in my welfare, and also, to a lesser extent, by some expressions of kindly feeling toward me by some other parties. I feel that some of these representations tend to make it appear that I am a poor, misguided fool who has worried till he does not know what he wants, and that my opponents want to act as my guardian angels. Some of them probably do want to be my guardian angels—for a price—the price being my silence in banking matters. I am not ready to pay the price. What do I care for expressions of love, sympathy or respect if I do not see that the real thing is behind them? I want these parties to do right. I want them to handle bank matters to the best advantage—so that **all** the depositors will get **all** their money. What good will it do a depositor if everybody loves **me** and **he** loses his money? Let those who love me help me in my efforts to get matters right.

It is my opinion that Superintendent Alex E. Walker is guilty of gross negligence in handling the affairs of some banks in Alabama, including the Union State Bank, and judging from his acts and methods of procedure, that he is incompetent to hold the office which he occupies. It seems to me that justice to the State of Alabama demands an investigation.

I also believe that the stockholders and depositors should demand relief, hold another meeting, select a committee to ascertain their legal remedies, and instruct a committee to confer with the Superintendent. Let them make up their minds that they will have Mr. Walker impeached (if the charges against him justify it), unless he grants them relief. Let those who confer with the Superintendent "speak softly and carry a big stick."

When the savings depositors of the Jefferson County Bank of Birmingham, where publicity is easy, wanted to be saved they did not get down on their hands and knees and ask the Superintendent to save them. Oh no! They started to save themselves and the Superintendent listened to them. But when WE want something Mr. Walker's representative, a man of high standing in Alabama, tells us that Mr. Walker considers that he occupies "such a high and exalted state office" that it would not be proper for him to consider the wishes of interested parties! Who ever heard of George Washington or Abraham Lincoln or Woodrow Wilson occupying "such a high and exalted office" that he was above the obligation to do right? Only Czars and Kaisers attain to such heights, and these are bad days for them.

I am prepared to give definite instances of failure to handle the assets of the bank for the best interest of the depositors and stockholders and definite reasons for the impeachment of the Superintendent of Banks and expect to give the information at a later date.

(To be Continued.)
GUY H. GERALD.

(Paid adv. by Guy H. Gerald, Thorsby Ala.)

A billious, half-sick feeling, loss of energy, and constipated bowels, can be relieved with surprising promptness by using HERBINE. The first dose brings improvement, a few doses puts the system in fine, vigorous condition. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

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We have a swell line of NEGLIGEE SHIRTS, and can fit you up in any or all sizes.

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We have a big line of these Garments, in Union Suits, in both the short and ankle lengths. And all of our goods are guaranteed to please you.

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Capable buyers have positive instructions to purchase only the best substantials and delicacies the markets afford. Every car is equipped with the best modern refrigeration systems to preserve fresh supplies without cold storage. Each chef, cook and assistant cook is selected solely on his demonstrated ability to properly prepare food which meets the standard requirements of L. & N. Dining Car Service. Every dining car is under the immediate and constant supervision of a capable conductor who will tolerate nothing but prompt, courteous and efficient service on the part of carefully trained waiters, each of whom renders such service.

The cars are bright and cheerful, strongly built and evenly balanced, and supplied with snowy linen and dainty glass and silverware.

The menu is chiefly characteristic for its wide variety and reasonableness of price. There is a blending of French dishes, characteristic of old New Orleans, with genuine Southern cooking, and favorite dishes of Chicago, St. Louis and Jacksonville.

The fruits of the tropics, the sea food of the Gulf, the juicy steaks of the West, and vegetables in season from the Great Lakes on the North to Florida on the South, are served in all their freshness.

Standard mineral waters and soft drinks are supplied as are imported and domestic cigars and cigarettes.

A meal aboard an L. & N. dining car is a genuine pleasure and delight. The service is exceptional; the price is reasonable.

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The old-fashioned woman who was afraid her hat wasn't on straight nom has a daughter who is afraid that it is.

You can have your own way in this world. But you will have to pay liberally for it.

Regular Dinners

We invite you to eat at our Restaurant, and guarantee you satisfactory service.

Our specialty is Regular Dinners of vegetables, corn bread, potatoes, chicken and dumpliugs, potatoes, etc.

Soft drinks, bottled and fount, Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobacco, etc.

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JUNE 2 TO SEPT. 1



From Clanton. Ten-Day Return Limit.

Pensacola -	$7.15	Magnolia Spgs.	$9.50
Pascagoula	- 8.00	Ocean Spgs.	- 8.35
Biloxi -	- 8.40	Gulfport	- - 9.00
Pass Christian	- 9.15	Bay St. Louis	- 9.30

J. A. HESTER, Ticket Agent, Clanton

L&N

Also on sale daily until October 15th, regular round trip Summer Tourist Tickets to Gulf Coast Resorts at slightly higher fares with return limit of October 31st.

SHERIFF'S SALE, REAL ESTATE

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court in Equity of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed, whereby I, as Sheriff of said county, was commanded to make the sum of one hundred, eighty-four and 75-100 dollars, costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the May 22 term, 1917 of said court of said county, Alabama, in favor of W. I. Mullins, against Ed Wilson, Sarah Love et als, I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the court house door of said county, between the hours of 11 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m. **On Mondey, the 25 day of June, 1917** all the right, title and interest of the above named Sarah Love, in and to the following described real estate, viz:

The east half of the southeast fourth of Section 8, Township 21, Range 14, situated, lying and being in Chilton County, Alabama.

This the 25th day of May, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at the Court House door, May 25, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

The only people who are never civilized for what they do are those who never do anything.

In every home where a baby is there should also be a bottle of McGEE'S BABY ELIXIR. It may be needed at any time to correct sour stomach, wind colic diarrhoea or summer complaint. Ot is a wholesome remedy, contains no opium, morphine or injurious drug of any kind. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF SETTLEMENT.

The State of Alabama, Chilton County. Probate Court. May 29, 1917.

In the matter of the estate of John W. Gullahorn, deceased, This day came H. A. Harris, Administrator of the Estate of said deceased, and files his account, vouchers, evidence, statement for final settlement of his said Administration.

It is ordered that the 7th day of July, 1917, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

Witness my hand this, 29th day of May, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate

SHERIFF'S SALE—REAL ESTATE

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed whereby I, as Sheriff of said County, was commonded to make the sum of five thousand, six hundred ninety-seven and thirty-seven hundredths dollars, principal and interest, and seventeen and twenty-five hundredths dollars, costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the November term, 1916, of said court of said county, Alabama, in favor of First National Bank of Birmingham, Ala., against E. A. Matthews, et als, I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the court house door of said county, between the hours of 11 o'clock, a.m. and 4 o'clock, pm., on **Monday, the 16 day of July, 1917** all the right, title and interest of the above named E. A. Matthews, W. H. Sartor, P. D. Wilson, N. A. Kicker, et als, in and to the following described real estate, viz:

(Four-fifths of undivided interest in and to the following described property:)

The following described real property, lying and being situated in the Town of Clanton, Alabama, towit: a certain parcel of land west of the S. & N. Alabama Ry., described as follows towit: Commencing at a point on the line of the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., 210 feet south of the intersection of said right of way and the main street, now known as Second Aveune, and running thence in a westerly direction, parallel with the main street, 485 feet, more or less, to the line of W. D. Sartor's land, said line of W. D. Sartor's land was known or existed on the 10th day of August, 1893, thence in a southerly direction, along the line of said Sartor land line, and a continuation thereof 300 ft., thence in an easterly direction parallel to said main street, 485 ft., more or less to said right of way, thence in a northerly direction along said right of way 300 feet to a point of beginning, being a part of land which was conveyed to John Randolph on the 12th day of February, 1902, by deed which is recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in Vol. 24 of record of deeds, on page 387; the said lot or parcel of land above described is known by the official map of the town of Clanton, Alabama, and marked upon said map, "E. Y. McMorris University School." (The words, "main street" wherever they appear in the foregoing description, refer to the street now known as Second Avnue.) And also a tract or parcel of land described as follows, towit: beginning at the NE corner of a certain lot west of the South & North Alabama Ry., and south of and bordering on Second Ave., marked on the official may of the town of Clanton, "W.M. Wilson and Bro." and running thence east along Second Ave., 40 feet; thence south 210 feet to the lot marked on said official map, "E.Y. McMorris University School" thence west 40 feet thence north 210 feet to the point of beginning; and also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described and bounded as follows, towit: beginning at the SE corner of the lot marked on the official map of thettown of Clanton, Alabama, "E. Y. McMorris University School" and running thence west 160 feet, thence south 80 feet, thence east 40 feet, thence south 280 feet, thence east to the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry., thence north to the point of beginning; also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described as follows, towit: beginning at the NE corner of the lot marked on the official map of Clanton, Alabama, "E. Y. McMorris University School," and running thence west 30 feet, thence north 60 feet to the lot of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., thence east 30 feet to the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., thence south along the said right of way to the point of beginning; and also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described as follows: beginning at the SW corner of the lot marked on the official map of Clanton, Alabama, "E. Y. McMorris University School" and running south 20 feet, thence east to within 160 feet of the right of way of the South and North Alabama Railroad Company, thence north 20 feet to the south line of said "E. Y. McMorris University School" lot, thence west along said line to the point of beginning, also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Railroad, described as follows: beginning at the NW of the Episcopal Church lot on the south side of Second Ave. and running thence west along said Second Avenue 120 feet, thence south 210 feet, thence east 120 feet, thence north along said Episcopal church lot 210 feet to the point of beginning.

(Interest of W. I. Mullins is not conveyed by this sale.)

This 13th day of June, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at court house door, June 13th, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Pay your subscription to this paper.

C. REESE MULLINS
—Agent—

For Life and Fire Insurance, Accident and Health Insurance, Auto and Windstorm Insurance, Liability and Plate Glass Insurance. Bonding.

Singer Sewing Machines.

Regular office days Mondays and Saturdays.

Third door east of Post office.

CLANTON, ALA.

Coffins, Burial Supplies, Automobile Accessories For sale at

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.

CLANTON, ALA.

If Your System Is Poisoned

with acids, you cannot know what it is to be healthy. Acids poison the blood and are the source of many diseases affecting the heart and arteries, skin and mucous surfaces, joints and muscles, and the brain and general nervous system. Some of these diseases are Rheumatism in various forms, Catarrh, Eczema, Pimples, boils, rashes, and other skin diseases, Malaria, Scrofula and general blood troubles. In order to restore yourself to a healthy condition, you must drive these acids from your system and purify your blood.

S. S. S. has been purifying and revitalizing the blood of thousands for fifty years. It is a purely vegetable remedy, and is the most efficient agent known for cleansing the blood and building up the system.

Ask for it at your druggist's; and don't accept a substitute. For special medical advice write to Medical Department, Swift Specific Co., 308 Swift Building, Atlanta. Ga.

NOTICE BANKRUPT SALE

Pursuant to an order made by the United States District Court Northern Division, Middle District of Alabama, in Bankruptcy, I, as Receiver of James W. Patton, Bankrupt, will offer, to the highest bidder for cash, during the legal hours of sale, subject to approval of said court, on the 25th day of June, 1917, at the United States Government Building at Montgomery, Montgomery County, State of Alabama, all right, title and interest Bankrupt had in and to stock goods, wares and fixtures, now located at Jemison, Alabama. Right reserved to sell separate or as whole.

Inventory now on file.

Montgomery, Ala., 17th day of June, 1917.

Machinery etc.,	$593.95
Stock, Paint, etc.,	196.93

GEORGE STEWART, Receiver.

CREAM VERMIFUGE expels worms promptly and puts the child on the road to health. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Children that are affected by worms are pale and sickly and liable to contract some fatal disease. WHITE'S

I Want to Buy

Fresh Pork, and Beef Cattle

WHEN YOU HAVE ANY TO SELL, BRING THEM TO MY MARKET AND GET THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES.

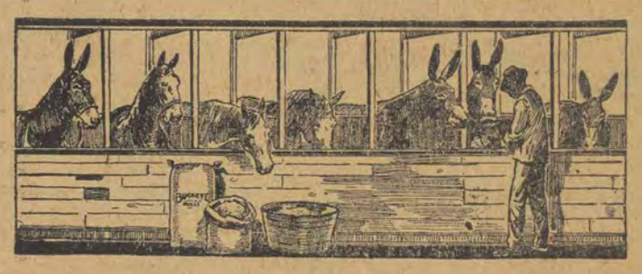
I ALSO BUY HIDES, BUTTER, EGGS, AND OTHER PRODUCE.

MY PLACE IS NEXT TO THE PEOPLES BANK.

I HAVE A FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT NEXT TO MY MARKET, AND INVITE YOU TO CALL ON ME FOR MEALS.

G. W. MARCUS

Clanton, Ala.



Is your barn a cotton warehouse?

WHEN you store a ton of old style cottonseed hulls you give space to almost 500 pounds of lint and all the extra bulk that the lint causes.

When you store a ton of

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

you give space to 2000 pounds of real roughage, free from lint, compact, concentrated, solid.

Buckeye Hulls save half your storage space or enable you to carry twice as much roughage.

Other Advantages

2000 pounds of roughage value to the ton—not 1500.	Better assimilation of other food.
Priced much less per ton.	No trash or dust.
Every pound goes farther.	Sacked—easy to handle.
	Mix well with other forage.

Mr. John Wicker, Forest, Miss., says:

that his first experience in feeding Buckeye Hulls was unsatisfactory as he fed them improperly. He now soaks the hulls over night, then feeds them and has very satisfactory results. Mr. Wicker states that these hulls are more economical than the old style hulls and thinks that they go almost twice as far as the old style hulls at a considerably less cost to begin with.

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K *The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.* Dept. K

Atlanta Augusta Birmingham Charlotte Greenwood Jackson Little Rock Macon Memphis Selma

CLIMBED STAIRS ON HER HANDS

Too Ill to Walk Upright. Operation Advised. Saved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

This woman now raises chickens and does manual labor. Read her story:

Richmond, Ind.—"For two years I was so sick and weak with troubles from my age that when going up stairs I had to go very slowly with my hands on the steps, then sit down at the top to rest. The doctor said he thought I should have an operation, and my friends thought I would not live to move into our new house. My daughter asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as she had taken it with good results. I did so, my weakness disappeared, I gained in strength, moved into our new home, did all kinds of garden work, shoveled dirt, did building and cement work, and raised hundreds of chickens and ducks. I cannot say enough in praise of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and if these facts are useful you may publish them for the benefit of other women."—Mrs. M. O. JOHNSTON, Route D, Box 190, Richmond, Ind.



Long Enough and Cold Enough.

The winter that has just closed was the longest and coldest winter in 840 years, so it is announced by the "oldest inhabitant in England." Well, we can easily believe him, but isn't he an old fellow and hasn't he a wonderful memory?"—Providence Bulletin.

COVETED BY ALL

but possessed by few—a beautiful head of hair. If yours is streaked with gray, or is harsh and stiff, you can restore it to its former beauty and luster by using "La Creole" Hair Dressing. Price $1.00.—Adv.

Why She Is Hated.

Governor Whitman said at a banquet in Albany:

"Germany has the whole world against her because she has attempted to change the eternal verities. The eternal verities—that you mustn't sink a hospital ship, that you musn't murder babies, that you mustn't betray your trusting friends, and so forth and so on—all these things Germany has tried to change. But she has tried in vain.

"Germany reminds me of the chap who used to hold out a dollar or two from his envelope every pay day. His wife suspected him, and to make suspicion sure, she got a ready reckoner to check him up by.

"The next pay day, after consulting the ready reckoner, she said:

"'Are you sure that's all, George?'

"George turned red.

"'Of course it's all,' he said, confusedly, with a cough.

"'Well, George, I got a ready reckoner here, and, according to it, I should get more.'

"'Let's see your ready reckoner,' said George.

"He examined the book, then he tossed it contemptuously aside.

"'That ain't no good,' he said. 'It's last year's.'"

The Limit of Patience.

"You seem to take that man's pacifist expressions very much to heart."

"I do," replied Senator Sorghum. "It's bad enough to put up with the man who won't fight or work for his country. You can't have the slightest patience with a man who won't even talk for his country."

Many a man's wife dresses stylishly because his creditors can afford it.



PARENTS

who love to gratify children's desire for the same articles of food and drink that grown-ups use, find

INSTANT POSTUM

just the thing.

"There's a Reason"

SCORES THE KAISER

PRESIDENT SAYS MILITARY MASTERS DENIED U. S. RIGHT TO BE NEUTRAL.

FILLED COUNTRY WITH SPIES

Failed in Attempt to Spread Sedition —German People in Grip of Same Sinister Power That Has Drawn Blood From Us.

Washington, June 15.—President Wilson in a Flag day address delivered here on Thursday declared that we were forced into the world-wide war by the extraordinary insults and aggressions of the military masters of Germany.

The president's address in part is as follows:

My Fellow Citizens: We meet to celebrate Flag Day because this flag which we honor and under which we serve is the emblem of our unity, our power, our thought and purpose as a nation. It has no other character than that which we give it from generation to generation. The choices are ours. It floats in majestic silence above the hosts that execute those choices, whether in peace or in war. And yet, though silent, it speaks to us—speaks to us of the past, of the men and women who went before us and of the records they wrote upon it. We celebrate the day of its birth; and from its birth until now it has witnessed a great history, has floated on high the symbol of great events, of a great plan of life worked out by a great people. We are about to carry it into battle, to lift it where it will draw the fire of our enemies. We are about to bid thousands, hundreds of thousands, it may be millions of our men, the young, the strong, the capable men of the nation, to go forth and die beneath it on fields of blood far away—for what? For some unaccustomed thing? For something for which it has never sought the fire before? American armies were never before sent across the seas. Why are they sent now? For some new purpose, for which this great flag has never been carried before, or for some old, familiar, heroic purpose for which it has seen men, its own men, die on every battlefield upon which Americans have borne arms since the Revolution?

These are questions which must be answered. We are Americans. We in our turn serve America, and can serve her with no private purpose. We must use her flag as she has always used it. We are accountable at the bar of history and must plead in utter frankness what purpose it is we seek to serve.

United States Forced Into War.

It is plain enough how we were forced into the war. The extraordinary insults and aggressions of the imperial German government left us no self-respecting choice but to take up arms in defense of our rights as a free people and of our honor as a sovereign government. The military masters of Germany denied us the right to be neutral. They filled our unsuspecting communities with vicious spies and conspirators and sought to corrupt the opinion of our people in their own behalf. When they found that they could not do that, their agents diligently spread sedition amongst us and sought to draw our own citizens from their allegiance, and some of those agents were men connected with the official embassy of the German government itself here in our own capital. They sought by violence to destroy our industries and arrest our commerce. They tried to incite Mexico to take up arms against us and to draw Japan into a hostile alliance with her—and that, not by indirection, but by direct suggestion from the foreign office in Berlin. They impudently denied us the use of the high seas and repeatedly executed their threat that they would send to their death any of our people who ventured to approach the coasts of Europe. And many of our own people were corrupted. Men began to look upon their own neighbors with suspicion and to wonder in their hot resentment and surprise whether there was any community in which hostile intrigue did not lurk. What great nation in such circumstances would not have taken up arms? Much as we had desired peace, it was denied us, and not of our own choice. This flag under which we serve would have been dishonored had we withheld our hand.

No Enmity Toward German People.

But that is only part of the story. We know now as clearly as we knew before we were ourselves engaged that we are not enemies of the German people and that they are not our enemies. They did not originate or desire this hideous war or wish that we should be drawn into it; and we are vaguely conscious that we are fighting their cause, as they will some day see it, as well as our own. They are themselves in the grip of the same sinister power that has now at last stretched its ugly talons out and drawn blood from us. The whole world is in the grip of that power and is trying out the great battle which shall determine whether it is to be brought under its mastery or fling itself free.

The war was begun by the military masters of Germany, who proved to be also the masters of Austria-Hungary. These men have never regarded nations as peoples, men, women, and children of like blood and frame as themselves, for whom governments existed and in whom governments had their life. They have regarded them merely as serviceable organizations which they could by force or intrigue bend or corrupt to their own purpose. They have regarded the smaller states, in particular, and the peoples who could be overwhelmed by force, as their natural tools and instruments of domination. Their purpose has long been avowed.

The demands made by Austria upon Serbia were a mere single step in a plan which compassed Europe and Asia, from Berlin to Bagdad. They hoped those demands might not arouse Europe, but they meant to press them whether they did or not, for they thought themselves ready for the final issue of arms.

Vast Empire Planned.

Their plan was to throw a broad belt of German military power and political control across the very center of Europe and beyond the Mediterranean into the heart of Asia; and Austria-Hungary was to be as much their tool and pawn as Serbia or Bulgaria or Turkey or the ponderous states of the East. The dream had its heart at Berlin. It could have had a heart nowhere else! It rejected the idea of solidarity of race entirely. The choice of peoples played no part in it at all. They ardently desired to direct their own affairs, would be satisfied only by undisputed independence. They could be kept quiet only by the presence or the constant threat of armed men. The German military statesmen had reckoned with all that and were ready to deal with it in their own way.

And they have actually carried the greater part of that amazing plan into execution! Look how things stand. Austria is at their mercy. It has acted, not upon its own initiative or upon the choice of its own people, but at Berlin's dictation ever since the war began. Its people now desire peace, but cannot have it until leave is granted from Berlin. The so-called central powers are in fact but a single power. Serbia is at its mercy, should its hands be but for a moment freed. From Hamburg to the Persian gulf the net is spread.

Why Berlin Seeks Peace.

Is it not easy to understand the eagerness for peace that has been manifested from Berlin ever since the snare was set and sprung? Peace, peace, peace has been the talk of her foreign office for now a year and more; not peace upon her own initiative, but upon the initiative of the nations over which she now deems herself to hold the advantage. Through all sorts of channels it has come to me, and in all sorts of guises, but never with the terms disclosed which the German government would be willing to accept. That government still holds a valuable part of France, though with slowly relaxing grasp, and practically the whole of Belgium. It cannot go further; it dare not go back. It wishes to close its bargain before it is too late and it has little left to offer for the pound of flesh it will demand.

The military masters under whom Germany is bleeding see very clearly to what point Fate has brought them. If they fall back or are forced back an inch, their power both abroad and at home will fall to pieces like a house of cards. If they can secure peace now with the immense advantages still in their hands which they have up to this point apparently gained, they will have justified themselves before the German people; they will have gained by force what they promised to gain by it: an immense expansion of German power, an immense enlargement of German industrial and commercial opportunities. If they fail, their people will thrust them aside; a government accountable to the people themselves will be set up in Germany as it has been in England, in the United States, in France, and in all the great countries of the modern time except Germany. If they succeed they are safe and Germany and the world are undone; if they fail Germany is saved and the world will be at peace. If they succeed, we and all the rest of the world must remain armed, as they will remain, and must make ready for the next step of aggression; if they fail, the world may unite for peace, and Germany may be of the union.

Seek to Deceive World.

The present particular aim of the masters of Germany is to deceive all those who throughout the world stand for the rights of peoples and the self-government of nations; for they see what immense strength the forces of justice and of liberalism are gathering out of this war.

The sinister intrigue is being no less actively conducted in this country than in Russia and in every country in Europe to which the agents and dupes of the imperial German government can get access.

United States in War for Freedom.

The great fact that stands out above all the rest is that this is a People's war, a war for freedom and justice and self-government amongst all the nations of the world, a war to make the world safe for the peoples who live in it and have made it their own, the German people themselves included; and that with us rests the choice to break through all these hypocrisies and patent cheats and masks of brute force and help set the world free, or else stand aside and let it be dominated a long age through by sheer weight of arms and the arbitrary choices of self-constituted masters, by the nation which can maintain the biggest armies and the most irresistible armaments—a power to which the world has afforded no parallel and in the face of which political freedom must wither and perish.

For us there is but one choice. We have made it. Woe be to the man or group of men that seeks to stand in our way in this day of high resolution when every principle we hold dearest is to be vindicated and made secure for the salvation of the nations. We are ready to plead at the bar of history, and our flag shall wear a new luster.

FIRST ARMY DRAFT MAY BE DELAYED

CONSTRUCTION OF 16 CANTONMENTS PROVING TOO GREAT AN UNDERTAKING

SURROUNDED BY DIFFICULTIES

Department Under Fire From Every Side, Especially Congressmen and Contractors.

Washington. — Simultaneous construction of 16 war army cantonments, each to house 40,000 troops, has proved such an enormous task that officials do not now believe that it can be completed in time to permit mobilization of the first quota of 650,000 by September 1.

Whether any of the men selected under the draft will be called out until the government is ready to begin training of the entire first quota has not been revealed. It is believed, however, that even if all the contonments are not complete by the beginning of September, the date generally suggested for the mobilization, such units as can be accommodated may be summoned in advance of the others.

Work on the cantonments will go forward as rapidly as possible and war department officials are hopeful that if all hove not been completed by September 1, they will be ready soon after that date.

The task has been surrounded with many unexpected difficulties. The department has been under fire from committees which hoped for cantonment sites and has been deluged with correspondence from contractors seeking a share of the work. There have been conficting opinions as to types of buildings, and the present plan for two-story company buildings to house together the 180 men of each infantry company having met with objection from the medical section of the defense advisory council on the ground that not enough air space would be allowed.

STEEL $56.00 PER TON

Former Contract of $95.00 Turned Down by Chairman Denman.

Washington.—A tentative price of $56.00 a ton was obtained by the government on steel for the great eet of mercfihant ships to be built by the shipping board's emergency fleet corporation. Previous contracts, let before Congress gave the President power to commandeer supplies, called for steel at $95.00 per ton.

Contracts went to the Downey Construction Company of New York for ten vessels and were signed by Chairman Denman of the shipping board, after he had refused to approve them when they first came to him from Major General Goethals, genera manager of the fleet corporation, naming a price of $95.

The price of $56.00 will stand, Mr. Denman announced until a final figure is set by the rPesident or by some agency he may designate.

SUBMARINE TOLL SINCE FEB. 17

Over Five Hundred Vessels Sunk In Little Over Three Months.

Washington.—The German submarine toll of British merchant shipping since February 17, as shown in official British figures compiled here is 322 vessels of more than 1600 tons; British steam fishing vessels sunk in that period numbered 78.

Submarines in the period given attacked 299 ships unsuccessfully and the weekly percentage of unseucessful attacks has ranged from 51 to 75. During the last week given, the seven days ending with June 9, it was 58.

BRITISH TRANSPORT SUNK

Sixty-three Persons Incuding Captain Believed Drowned.

London. — The British transport Cameronian, with a small number of troops on board, was torpedoed and sunk by an enemy submarine in the eastern Mediterranean on June 2, it was officially announced. Sixty-three persons, including the captain, are presumed to have been drowned.

Hoover Asks Housewives to Help.

Washington.—Herbert C. Hoover outlined his plans for enlisting the nation's housewives as actual members of the food administration and appealed to them to join him in the fight for conservation measures and the elimination of waste. The women will be enrolled during a period of registration from July 1 to 15 through the council of national defense and the state defense councils.

Russians Spurn Peace Offer.

Petrograd.—A stirring proclamation placing the council of workmen's and soldiers' delegates on record as irrevocably opposed to a separate peace was adopted by the council.

German Intrigue Exposed.

Petrograd.—Fresh attempts on the part of the Germans to conclude peace with Russia have been exposed, with the result that the expulsion from Russia has been ordered of a prominent socialist internationalist, a citizen of Switzerland, Robert Grimm.

MORE MEN NEEDED IN NATIONAL GUARD

ALABAMA BRIGADE NEEDS 2,500 MEN, SAYS STEINER—VACANCIES IN MOST BRANCHES.

AT THE STATE'S CAPITAL

Interesting News Budget of Happenings in Various Departments of State.

—Montgomery.

The Alabama Brigade needs 2,500 men. General R. E. Steiner has requested that the newspapers of this State, including the weekly papers that reach many readers who do not see the larger dailies, shall repeat the above facts and keep on repeating until the people of Alabama are made to realize that the future history of the State is involved in the status of the troops that bear the name of Alabama.

The National Guard can enlist men between the ages of 18 and 40, inclusive. It can take those who have registered and those who have not done so. There are places open for men in many organizations and branches of the service. The cavalry has just about reached war strength, the ambulance company, which is one of the most important units in the army, saving instead of taking life, still requires nearly fifty men. Nearly every company of the three infantry regiments needs men.

Recommended for Paroles.

Four applicants for paroles were given favorable recommendations while 18 were rejected at the June meeting of the state board of pardons, according to announcement Those who were recommended for release were Austin Carlisle of Jefferson, burglary and grand larceny; Arthur Maxwell of Coosa, grand larceny; Clifton Threat of Jefferson, larceny, and W. T. Walling of Coffee, murder.

Those whose applications were rejected follow: Frank Allsup of Marion, murder; Andrew J. Bullard, of Dale, robbery; Delous Campbell, of DeKalb, murder; Roy Chestnut, of Houston, manslaughter; William E. Clark, of Jefferson, embezzement; Hattie Daniels, of Jefferson, murder; Green Dothard, of Calhoun, manslaughter; Henry Haygood, of Jefferson, grand larceny; Henry King, of Jefferson, assault to murder; Jesse Nail, of Jefferson, murder; George Robinson, of Mobile, forgery; Doyle Saxon of Lauderdale, perjury; William Sheffield, of Sumter, burglary and assault to murder; J. H. Stegall, of Winston, grand larceny; James E. Tank, alias James E. Pillars of Lauderdale, assault to murder; Lee Ward of Wilcox, manuslaughter; Charlie Wright of Wilcox, murder.

Trains To Be Discontinued.

The Alabama Public Service Commission has granted the petition of the Southern Railway and allied lines in Alabama for the discontinuance of 12 trains on its lines as a war measure. The decision of the commission was given in the following order of the commission:

Nos. 25 and 26, between Atlanta and Heflin; Nos. 45 and 46, between Anniston and Rome; Nos. 13 and 14, between Selma and Thomasville; Nos. 21 and 22, between Thomasville and Mobile; Nos. 5 and 6 between Huntsville and Memphis. Two trains between Selma and Meridian and four trains from Blossburg to Jefferson Junction. Schedules of some of the trains have been maintained for many years. E. H. Coapman, vice president of the railroad announced that the request was made solely in an effort to preserve equipment for use in the war and that the railroad would plan to remove the trains July 1, the day the passenger trains are eliminated from the railroad in other States.

Install Unified Health Systems.

Dr. S. W. Welch, state health officer, returned from New York, where he attended the meeting of the American Medical Association and from Washington. He announced that as a result of a conference with the United States public health service a campaign of rural sanitation in Talladega county will be started July 1st, under the direction of Dr. Lumsden of the department of health. The work will be done on a fifty-fifty basis.

Funds not to exceed $5,000 were voted by the county of Talladega. The scheme includes an all time health officer, a visiting nurse and two field inspectors.

A house to house canvas to ascertan health conditions will be carried on indefinitely.

Dr. Welch also announced that Pickens and Coffee counties have established the unified health system and all time health officers will shortly be installed.

Dr. Oates to Serve.

Dr. William H. Oates, former state jail and almshouse inspector, left Mobile for New York to conclude arrangements to serve with the United States medical corps in France, or wherever his services may be required.

Governor Offers Reward.

Governor Henderson has offered a standing reward of $25 for the arrest and conviction of any person blowing up or otherwise destroying dipping vats in Talladega county.

"Doans Saved My Life"

"I Had Given Up Hope" Says Mr. Dent, "But Doan's Kidney Pills Cured Me Permanently."



Mr. Dent

"My kidney trouble began with backache, which ran on about a year," says W. H. Dent, 2213 Reynolds Street, Brunswick, Ga. "My back got so I was at times unable to sleep, even in a chair. Often the pain bent me double. I would be prostrated and someone would have to move me. Uric acid got into my blood and I began to break out. This got so bad I went to a hospital for treatment. I stayed there three months, but got but little better. Dropsy set in and I bloated until nearly half again my size. My knees were so swollen the flesh burst in strips. I lay there panting, and just about able to catch my breath. I had five doctors; each one said it was impossible for me to live.

"I hadn't taken Doan's Kidney Pills long before I began to feel better. I kept on and was soon able to get up. The swelling gradually went away and when I had used eleven boxes I was completely cured. I have never had a bit of trouble since. I owe my life and my health to Doan's Kidney Pills."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Demonstrating Ovee Vacuum Butter Maker

Makes butter at 4c pound. Retails $2.00. No chemicals. Act quick. B. G. FULLER, Sturgis, Miss.

One Result of War.

The "plant your bit" idea is bringing one distinct change into the lives of many New Yorkers. The repugnance of citizens of this big town to the idea of carrying bundles and packages is disappearing before the onslaught of seed planting.

It is a common sight now to see a nattily clad, spatted and cane-bearing gentleman lugging up paper bags of onion sets or rhubarb roots on the subway to be installed in miniature backyard gardens or even on roofs or in window boxes. It isn't too much to expect that New York will yet become a market-basket town like Washington, D. C., and other cities where the women, regardless of position or affluence, go down to market every morning and do their own buying.—New York Sun.

Lemons Whiten and Beautify the Skin! Make Cheap Lotion

The juice of two fresh lemons strained into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white makes a whole quarter pint of the most remarkable lemon skin beautifier at about the cost one must pay for a small jar of the ordinary cold creams. Care should be taken to strain the lemon juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, smoothener and beautifier.

Just try it! Make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It should naturally help to whiten, soften, freshen and bring out the hidden roses and beauty of any skin. It is wonderful for rough, red hands.

Your druggist will sell three ounces of orchard white at little cost, and any grocer will supply the lemons. Adv.

Soldiers of One Army.

"Are not all true men that live, or that ever lived, soldiers of the same army, enlisted under heaven's captaincy, to do battle against the same enemy, the empire of darkness and wrong? Why should we misknow one another, fight not against the enemy, but against ourselves, from mere difference of uniform? All uniforms shall be good, so they hold in them true, valiant men."—Carlyle.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

Woman's Way.

"I see the department stores are going to sell Liberty loan bonds."

"But remember, dear, if you buy one you can't go around the next day and exchange it for something else."

Dr. B. F. Jackson, Celebrated Physician, handed down to posterity his famous prescription for female troubles. Now sold under the name of "Femenina." Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

A married man says there is evidently no end to a wife's mind, as he gets a piece of it every day.

Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" is not a "lozenge" or "syrup," but a real old-fashioned dose of medicine which cleans out Worms or Tapeworm with a single dose. Adv.

It takes a lot of powder to make the society ball go off properly.

After the Movies Murine is for Tired Eyes. Red Eyes — Sore Eyes — Granulated Eyelids. Rests — Refreshes — Restores. Murine is a Favorite Treatment for Eyes that feel dry and smart. Give your Eyes as much of your loving care as your Teeth and with the same regularity. CARE FOR THEM. YOU CANNOT BUY NEW EYES! Sold at Drug and Optical Stores or by Mail. Ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, for Free Book

SHE HAS LAID HER CRUTCHES ASIDE

Georgia Woman Was an Invalid for Twenty-Two Long Years, She Declares.

WALKS ANYWHERE NOW

"I Am On My Feet Again After All These Years," She Says—Wants Everybody to Know About Tanlac.

"Tanlac has done a hundred times more than I expected of it," said Mrs. N. A. Bishop, of Roswell, Ga., "for I've laid my crutches aside and am actually doing all my own housework."

"I was a cripple with rheumatism for a long time and for three years I had to use crutches to get about on. I had severe pains in my hips and the small of my back and for years I hadn't been able to do any of my housework to amount to anything. I lost my appetite and things didn't taste right nor agree with me, and I was constipated and had to be taking something for it constantly. All my neighbors knew about my helpless condition, for the fact is, I was an invalid for going on twenty-two years.

"After I had taken five bottles of Tanlac I could walk anywhere I wanted to go without my crutches, for I didn't need them any more, so I laid them aside. The rheumatic pains left me, my appetite is good and I can eat anything I want without the least bit of trouble. As I said before, I am on my feet and doing my own housework again after all these years. I want everybody to know about Tanlac, for it is certainly wonderful."

There is a Tanlac dealer in your town.—Adv.

Too Much.

George Ade said at a wedding breakfast at St. Joseph:

"Once, in putting on a new play of mine, the manager refused to have a young married couple in the cast.

"'I'll take on one or the other, George,' he said, 'but not both.'

"'Why not both?' said I. 'They're both clever.'

"'That may be,' said he, 'but the public, George, don't care to see a man making love to his own wife.'

"'Looks too much like acting, eh?' said I."

Twenty-Five Years' Experience With This Kidney Medicine

It is a quarter of a century since I introduced Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root to my trade and they all speak very favorably regarding it, and some friends said it is the best medicine they have ever used. The sale we have enjoyed on the preparation and the splendid reputation that it feels is a positive proof that it is one of the most meritorious remedies on the market. Very truly yours,

F. E. BRITTON, Druggist.

Nov. 28th, 1916. Jonesboro, Tenn.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

Temple of Solomon.

The Temple of Solomon was begun in the fourth year of his reign (B. C. 1012), and completed seven years later. The whole area was inclosed by the outer walls and formed a square of about 600 feet. The front of the porch was supported by two great brazen pillars. One of these was called Joachin and the other Boaz.

DON'T WORRY ABOUT PIMPLES

Because Cuticura Quickly Removes Them—Trial Free.

On rising and retiring gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off the Ointment in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water, using plenty of Soap. Keep your skin clear by making Cuticura your every-day toilet preparations.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

How Money Gets Into Circulation.

Money is sent from treasury to subtreasuries and from these it is distributed to banks. It is drawn out of banks to be used in payment of wages, salaries or exchange and thus gets into circulation.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

In Birdville.

"Bill Squirrel boasts that he's strictly neutral." "Yes, and there he is busy making shells."

IT IS IMPERATIVE

that you keep a bottle of Mississippi Diarrhea Cordial in your medicine chest. In constant use for fifty years Price 25c and 50c.—Adv.

Lazy men are always talking about some other men who are fools for luck

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of the Sunday School Course in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR JUNE 24

THE PURPOSE OF JOHN'S GOSPEL (REVIEW—READ JOHN 21:15-25.)

REVIEW—Read John 21:15-25.

GOLDEN TEXT—These are written, that you might believe that Jesus is the Christ, the Son of God; and that believing ye might have life through his name. —John 20:31.

There are a variety of methods to be followed in reviewing the work of the past six months and to give variety. Teachers of classes, or superintendents of schools, may select one or combine several, as their judgment dictates. Of course, the easiest way is to procure a good speaker who is familiar with the Gospel of John and the lessons of the past quarter, and let him bring out in the review its most outstanding and salient features.

One method would be to have one-minute talks either by members of the class or persons selected from the school. Each of twelve scholars could be assigned one minute, each to have one of the lessons of the past quarter.

Another good way would be to take the outstanding and significant verses from the lessons of the quarter, not the golden text, but verses which seem to emphasize the outstanding features of the six months' work. "Behold the Lamb of God," (Ch. 1:36): "Ye must be born again," (3:7); "Come see a man which told me all things that ever I did; is not this the Christ?" (4:29): "Verily, verily I say unto you, he that heareth my word and believeth on him that sent me, hath everlasting life and shall not come into condemnation but is passed from death unto life," (5:24). "I must work the works of him that sent me while it is day; the night cometh when no man can work."

Another method of review would be, particularly in the adult classes, to have each lesson with its present-day emphasis. For instance, the past quarter: Lesson 1—The Christian in his dealing with blindness. Lesson 2—Modern wonders of healing and medical missions. Lesson 3—The shepherding of church members. Lesson 4—Do we know how to give? Lesson 5—Is Christ supreme in our national life? Lesson 6—Ambition and its cure. Lesson 7—The world's good springing from Christ. Lesson 8—Temperance reform. Lesson 9—The Holy Spirit in everyday life. Lesson 10—How Christ is betrayed and denied today. Lesson 11—The uplifting power of the cross. Lesson 12—Why men believe in immortality.

A good method of review would be to have someone take up each of the golden texts, announcing it in advance that pupils may be prepared for this method. The teacher would write the texts of the quarter, each on a separate piece of cardboard, and lay them face down on a table; pupils would then draw the golden texts, one at a time, and tell what the lesson is to which this text belongs, giving as full an account of the lesson as possible, the teacher helping out with questions where necessary.

It will be of great value to the pupils if they can get in this review a clear outline of the main events of Christ's last weeks upon earth, covered particularly by the past quarter. There are forty standing events of the past quarters: (1) The healing of the man born blind; (2) Jesus the good Shepherd; (3) Jesus sending forth the seventy; (4) Jesus in Berea; (5) The raising of Lazarus; (6) The ten lepers healed; (7) Bartimaeus at Jericho; (8) Jesus visits Zaccheus; (9) Jesus anointed by Mary; (10) The fig tree; (11) Triumphal entry; (12) Cleaning the temple; (13) Weeping over Jerusalem; (14) The widow's mite; (15) The Greeks seek Jesus; (16) Preparation for the passover; (17) Washing the disciples' feet; (18) The Lord's supper; (19) The farewell discourse; (20) The farewell prayer; (21) The agony in Gethsemane; (22) Judas betrays Jesus; (23) The arrest of Jesus; (24) Peter denies Jesus; (25) Jesus before Ananias; (26) Jesus before Caiphas; (27) Jesus before the Sanhedrin; (28) The mocking of Jesus; (29) Jesus before Pilate; (30) Jesus before Herod; (31) Pilate condemns Jesus; (32) The sorrowful wait; (33) The crucifixion; (34) The seven last words; (35) Jesus dies; (36) Burial; (37) Resurrection; (38) Appears to Mary; (39) Appearance during the forty days; (40) The ascension.

As brought out heretofore, John sets forth the purpose of this Gospel; namely, that "Jesus is the Christ, the Son of God, and that believing on him we might have everlasting life, eternal life in his name." (See golden text).

A Suggestion.

In setting forth this review, let us not as teachers and officers, overlook the opportunity we have of calling from our scholars an expression of the faith that has been born within them. (See Rom. 10:9, 10). Jesus the light of the world has power to set men free from sin and "whom the son shall make free is free indeed." If we properly set him before our scholars they will be made free from the slavery of sin and enter into the freedom of believers. True faith is built upon facts; those who accept and believe these facts will have everlasting life.

POTATO SPRAYING IN SOUTHERN STATES



POTATO SPRAYER COVERING FOUR ROWS.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

When potato spraying is worth while there is nothing equal to the old standard bordeaux mixture. Lime sulphur, powdered sulphur, and other new mixtures that have come into use in orchards are injurious to the foliage or weaker in fungicidal action, or both, and the experiments to date show that for potatoes and other truck crops nothing has yet been found to replace the copper fungicides.

Potato spraying in the northern states is an established practice of proven profit, but conditions in the Atlantic coastal region from New Jersey to Florida are so different that spraying cannot be expected to give as large returns as in Maine or New York.

Outbreaks of late blight, the principal disease for which potatoes are sprayed, do not occur in the South every year, but only during warm and rainy seasons. Early blight is more frequent, but the potatoes are harvested before its injuries are fully evident.

In the North the gains from spraying are due to the prolongation of the period of growth from two to six weeks at the end of the season. In the South where potatoes are generally dug before full maturity, the sprayed fields do not have a chance to develop a full measure of return for the protection given by the spray.

In dry seasons, especially, which are unfavorable for late blight, it is unlikely that spraying early potatoes in the South will be profitable. The average experience of the past ten years from South Carolina to Norfolk does not present a strong argument for spraying. In Florida, there have been several years when late blight has prevailed and spraying has been profitable. Here the argument for crop insurance is stronger, and spray applications may be advised in number proportioned to the frequency of rain, but always thorough.

In New Jersey, also, as conditions begin to approach those of the North, gains from spraying may be expected.

Growers should see that pumps are in order and materials within reach. Watch the weather and the crop, and if conditions favorable to blight occur, spray with bordeaux mixture (bluestone four pounds, lime four pounds, water fifty gallons). Apply thoroughly and at a high pressure. The prevailing prices for potatoes make such insurance of the new crop doubly desirable.

PLANTING OF PEANUTS

Level System Is to Be Preferred on Well-Drained Soils.

Runner Varieties Should Be Planted About 36 Inches Apart in Row and 16 Inches in Drill—Keep Rodents Away.

(By FLETCHER DAVIS, Texas Department of Agriculture.)

On well-drained soils, such as most southwest Texas soils, level planting for peanuts is to be preferred. Whether the level system or the ridge method is to be preferred, however, is best determined—as in the preparation of the soil—by the man on the ground. They may be planted any time after the danger of frost is passed up to about May 20 for the large pod varieties or July 10 for the Spanish. The runner varieties should be planted about 36 inches apart in the row and 16 inches in the drill, while 28 inches in the row and 9 to 12 inches in the drill will suffice for the bunch varieties. There are peanut planters on the market at from $10 to $20 that will drop the shelled peas of the larger varieties or either the shelled peas or the whole pods of the Spanish variety. It takes about 1½ pecks of the larger varieties of shelled peanuts and one peck of the Spanish or 1¼ bushels of whole pods to plant an acre. Where the whole pods are planted, they should be soaked in water a few hours—not long enough for them to spoil—and planted down in the moist soil before being permitted to dry.

Keep Rodents Away.

If there is a liability of rodents destroying the seeds, it is claimed by some that they can be protected by dissolving a five-cent bar of laundry soap in boiling water and stirring thoroughly into this a half pint of coal oil and then mixing this hot preparation with sufficient quantity of cool water to soak two bushels of peanuts in the hulls. This preparation should not be used on shelled peanuts, and it is better to poison the rodents before planting rather than seek to repel them in this way. The nuts should be planted in moist ground, but they need be covered to a depth varying from only three-fourths of an inch in heavy soils to two inches in light sandy soils.

If the soil shows a tendency to bake or is becoming foul with weeds or grass, a drag harrow can be run over the crop while it is young or just coming up, being careful, of course, to set the teeth of the harrow so as not to tear the plants out of the ground, or where soil is loose and loamy and when grass and weeds grow rapidly, the first and even the second plowing may be done by running a sweep shallow and close enough to completely cover up all the grass, weeds and even the peanuts. This operation, if done in time, will clean the rows by smothering the grass and weeds, but the peanuts will come through to a perfect stand within 24 to 48 hours, provided, of course, they are not covered too deep, in which case, they may never come through. Frequent shallow cultivation with ordinary implements to keep down weeds and maintain a soil mulch is all the cultivation needed. Even this should cease when the plants begin to peg and by the last plowing, a gently sloping ridge or bed should be formed around the plants.

Time for Harvesting.

Do not be in too great a hurry to harvest. When the vines begin to ripen, or turn "yellow" and the nuts do not rattle in the shell after being dried a few days, plow them out with a potato digger, or turning plow from which the mold board has been removed, being careful to plow as shallow as possible, without leaving any of the nuts in the ground. The nitrogen-bearing nodules are on the roots of the plant and the roots, for that reason, are more valuable left in the ground than harvested with the crop. Allow the plowed-out nuts and vines to dry an hour or two and then stack in small well-ventilated stacks—preferably around a small pole and off the ground a few inches—and let them cure thoroughly for five or six weeks. Do not handle when damp from dew or rain and watch stacks to see that they do not heat or mold. The average yield per acre the country over is 34 bushels and from one-half to two tons of hay, but a smaller yield should bring a reasonable profit to the grower.

GOOD VARIETIES OF TOMATO

Make Plantings of Stone Variety Every Four Weeks—Spark's Earliana Is Favored.

(Clemson College Bulletin.)

For an early crop of smooth, attractive tomatoes, Spark's Earliana is about the best variety to plant. For home use, the first planting should consist of one-half Earliana and one-half Stone plants. In order to gather fresh tomatoes all summer, make successive plantings of the Stone variety every four weeks until about August 15.

There will be green tomatoes on the plants that were set out last when the frost appears. If these vines are hung up under shelter before they are damaged by frost, most of this green fruit will ripen.

BEST PROFITS FROM MANURE

Farmer Who Permits Loss Through Leaching Is Neglecting Important Fertility Feature.

The best profit to be obtained from feeding live stock is the stable manure. With our lands responding as they do to applications of stable manure the amount saved, especially when a liberal amount of bedding is used, may be equal to the value of the feeds used; certainly, equal to the manurial or fertilizer value of the feeds used.

The stockman who allows half of this profit to waste through leaching or through failure to provide ample bedding is neglecting to save the only certain profit from the feeding of live stock.—Progressive Farmer.

CALOMEL WHEN BILIOUS? NO! STOP! ACTS LIKE DYNAMITE ON LIVER

I Guarantee "Dodson's Liver Tone" Will Give You the Best Liver and Bowel Cleansing You Ever Had—Doesn't Make You Sick!

Stop using calomel! It makes you sick. Don't lose a day's work. If you feel lazy, sluggish, bilious or constipated, listen to me!

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel, when it comes into contact with sour bile, crashes into it, breaking it up. This is when you feel that awful nausea and cramping. If you feel "all knocked out," if your liver is torpid and bowels constipated or you have headache, dizziness, coated tongue, if breath is bad or stomach sour just try a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone.

Here's my guarantee—Go to any drug store or dealer and get a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone. Take a spoonful and if it doesn't straighten you right up and make you feel fine and vigorous I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Dodson's Liver Tone is destroying the sale of calomel because it is real liver medicine; entirely vegetable, therefore it cannot salivate or make you sick.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your bowels of that sour bile and constipated waste which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable. I guarantee that a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone will keep your entire family feeling fine for months. Give it to your children. It is harmless; doesn't gripe and they like its pleasant taste. —Adv.

Back to Earth.

We had a friend who had been pretty prosperous, but who came upon evil days. We met him one day and he said that he was pretty close to being busted, but he was still hoping. Then he honked his horn, mournfully, and drove away, and we didn't see him again till the other day when we bumped into him on the street, says the Cleveland Plaindealer.

"Hello, old scout!" we said. "How are things breaking now?"

"Fine!" he answered. "I'm on my feet again."

"Bully!" we exclaimed. "How did you do it?"

"Sold my car."

The joke was so obvious that we didn't see it till after he had gone.

With the Fingers! Says Corns Lift Out Without Any Pain

Sore corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn can shortly be lifted right out with the fingers if you will apply on the corn a few drops of freezone, says a Cincinnati authority.

At little cost one can get a small bottle of freezone at any drug store, which will positively rid one's feet of every corn or callus without pain or soreness or the danger of infection.

This new drug is an ether compound, and dries the moment it is applied and does not inflame or even irritate the surrounding skin. Just think! You can lift off your corns and calluses now without a bit of pain or soreness. If your druggist hasn't freezone he can easily get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.—adv.

Women "Man" Mail Vans.

Seven hundred horses belonging to the royal mail vans of Great Britain are "manned" and run entirely by women, under the guidance of a skillful veterinary surgeon. The sick horses are groomed and cared for by uniformed women, who wear ordinary breeches and knee-long coats of dark blue linen. The drivers of the mail carts wear very smart uniforms of dark blue serge, edged with red and having brass buttons with the royal cipher. Their dark blue peaked caps have also a line of red and a badge showing that they are on his majesty's service.

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription othine — double strength — is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

Doing Well.

"Is your boy getting along well in college?"

"Fairly well. He made two hits as a pinch batsman this spring."

WHY HAVE CHILLS AND FEVER?

"Plantation" Chill Tonic is guaranteed and will do the work in a week. Your money cheerfully refunded by dealers if it fails after giving it a proper trial. Price 50c.—Adv.

Doesn't Have to Buy Grain.

Teacher—Thirty-three eggs at 55 cents per dozen is what?

Pupil—Outrageous, pa says.

Acid Stomach, Heartburn and Nausea quickly disappear with the use of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. Send for trial box to 372 Pearl St., New York. Adv.

They call us a race of dollar chasers. At the present prices of everything we have to be.

Started Right in to Fight.

"They quarreled immediately after the wedding ceremony."

"That so? While the guests were there?"

"Yes, right in the presence of everybody. It seemed a disgraceful thing to do until I caught the idea."

"What was the idea?"

"It seemed he wanted to convince all of us that he was not marrying her to escape war."

Explained.

"What do they mean by jockeying a bill?" "Plain enough. That's when they slap on a rider."

Weak, Fainty Heart, and Hysterics can be rectified by taking "Renovine" a heart and nerve tonic. Price 50c and $1. Adv.

Fighting may be wrong, but we never saw a boy who wouldn't take his own part that had many friends.

Granulated Eyelids, Stiee, Inflamed Eyes relieved over night by Roman Eye Balsam. One trial proves its merit. Adv.

To the owner of a glue factory the odor is not offensive.

GREEN MOUNTAIN ASTHMA TREATMENT

This treatment is the result of many years of study and experience in the special treatment of diseases of the lungs and throat by the late Dr. J. H. Guild, graduate of New York Medical College and New York Chemical Laboratory, a practitioner in Bellevue and New York Charity Hospitals, and an eminent physician. 50c and $1.00 at druggists. Free Sample and practical treatise on Asthma, its causes, treatment, etc. Sent on request. J. H. Guild Co., Rupert, Vt.

ABSORBINE TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

will reduce inflamed, swollen Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Soft Bunches; Heals Boils, Poll Evil, Quittor, Fistula and infected sores quickly as it is a positive antiseptic and germicide. Pleasant to use; does not blister or remove the hair, and you can work the horse. $2.00 per bottle, delivered. Book 7 M free.

ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Painful, Swollen Veins, Weng, Strains, Bruises; stops pain and inflammation. Price $1.00 per bottle at dealers or delivered. Will tell you more if you write. Liberal Trial Bottle for 10c in stamps.

W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

OWN OWN ★ BUSINESS ★

Every one who will devote a few hours spare time, can easily earn $15 and more weekly on pleasant, interesting homework.

NO CANVASSING! BONAFIDE ENTERPRISE!

GENERAL SPECIALTY SALES COMPANY

1457 Broadway, New York City

ECZEMA!

Money back without question if HUNT'S CURE fails in the treatment of ITCH, ECZEMA, RINGWORM, TETTER or other itching skin diseases. Price 50c at druggists, or direct from A. B. Richards Medicine Co., Sherman, Tex.

Kill All Flies! THEY SPREAD DISEASE

Placed anywhere, Daisy Fly Killer attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, and cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Ask for

Daisy Fly Killer

Sold by dealers, or 6 sent by express, prepaid, $1.00.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DE KALB AVE., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

SURE CURE!!

Why suffer with pain, when there is *A Cure for Corns*, not for one day, or a week, but permanent? *Sure Cure Corn Cure* has cured all cases where used. It has never been known to fail. It will not injure the most sensitive feet, but will take the corn out by the roots within 4 days. Not for sale by druggists. Price 25 cents. For sale only by

ELMER C. EISENHOWER

334 West Centre St. Shenandoah, Penn.

YOUNG MEN who are not selected for war may serve in postal service. Students prepared. Easy terms. Address Carl Freeman, 3419 Oregon Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

Utah Lands Help your country. Help yourself to 160—320—640 acre homesteads, Utah. Free circular. Cheap dry and irrigated lands. HOMESTEADER'S GUIDE, Salt Lake City, Utah

For Sale or Trade picture show: town of 5,000; paying proposition; take notes or farm land. Address Box 372, Gonzales, Texas

$400 Gets horses, cattle, farm tools, household furnishings; cheap land district; two crops year. Write MARY J. STANLEY, Christine, Tex.

FARM HANDS BIG PAY. Write WILL SHANLEY, Rudyard, Mont.

W. N. U., Birmingham, No. 25--1917.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores.

Warming Up

Yes, the Weather is warming up and you need the Light Weight Clothing and Underwear for these hot days. We are Prepared to meet your demands in this Line.

We Handle

EVERY THING THAT MEN WEAR

EVERY THING THAT WOMEN WEAR

EVERY THING THAT CHILDREN WEAR

We know that most of our Customers are particular about the style, and we have been particular about buying. We want you to be pleased with what you buy here, and when you are pleased we are pleased likewise.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back."

CLANTON, ALA.

HEALTHY MOTHERS

A woman desires to remain healthy and to retain her good looks after giving birth to her child. Women who go through the period of expectancy with the least strain and suffering are those who prepare their system in advance of baby's coming.

"Mother's Friend" is prepared to give the mother-to-be that direct and immediate help she needs. The muscles expand easier. The breasts are kept in good condition. The system is prepared and the crisis is one of much less danger. Three generations of women have used "Mother's Friend." They say they would not go through the period of expectancy without it. Every aid that may be given the expectant mother should be rendered her. Your husband will gladly get "Mother's Friend" for you from the druggist.

Write for free book. Merely address Bradfield Regulator Company, Dept. A, 554 Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

NOTICE ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a decree rendered by Hon. L. H. Reynolds, Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Ala., in the matter of the estate of R. A. Hancock, I, as administrator of said estate, in pursuance of said decree, will sell to the highest bidder for cash in front of the court house door at Clanton, Monday, the 16th day of July, 1917, the following described real estate. lying and being in Chilton County, Alabama, to-wit:

South half of southwest quarter of northwest quarter, Section 16, Township 21, Range 15, and one and one half acres in the north side of northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of said Section, Township and Range; said land being known as the R. A. Hancock place.

Said sale is to be made for the purpose of paying debts of said estate, and for distribution of the remainder of the funds after the debts are paid among the children of the deceased.

This, the 15th day of June, 1917.

J. W. FOSHEE, Administrator.

DEATH OF MRS. GORE

The wife of Mr. Will Gore, who lives near New Salem, died early Tuesday morning, and was buried at New Salem Cemetery Wednesday. Besides her husband, the deceased leaves several small children.

SOLDIERS LEAVE LOCK 12.

The detachment of soldiers who have been doing guard duty at Lock 12 for the past few months, have been called in to Montgomery. They passed through Clanton Wednesday on their hike to the destination.

CHILTON COUNTY SUNDAY SCHOOL ASSOCIATION

Will hold its county convention in Bates Hall at Thorsby on July 26-27, 1917. As state workers we will have Mr. Leon C. Palmer, our general secretary, and Mrs. Palmer, the state elementary superintendent.

J. H. GULLEDGE, Pres.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Of first meeting, in the District Court of the United States, for the Middle District of Alabama. In bankruptcy. In the matter of Baxley Mercantile Co., a partnership; and B. G. and W. H. Baxley as individuals, post office Mountain Creek and Marbury, County Autauga and Chilton, Alabama.

The aforesaid party having been adjudge a bankrupt under the act of congress entitled "An Act to establish a uniform system of Bankruptcy Throughout the United States," approved July 1st, 1898, meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt is called at the office of the undersigned Referee, in the United States Court House, Montgomery, Alabama, on the 30th day of June, next, at 10 o'clock, a.m., to make proof of debts and for the election of a trustee, and such other matters as are necessary and required by the act of congress aforesaid.

M. S. CARMICHAEL, Referee.

Montgomery, Ala., June 19, 1917.

No matter how poor your jokes are, you can always get a laugh if you will tell them to a girl who has dimples and pretty teeth.

Pays 25c a Month for Perfect Health

For 15 years, E. A. Little, Bessemer, Ala. has paid 25c a month to keep in perfect health. Read what he says:

"I desire to add my endorsement of Granger Liver Regulator. I have not used any other medicine for fifteen years. I know it is the best for all liver complaints, and will cure any case of indigestion known. When I first commenced to take your Granger Liver Regulator the Pegram-Patton Drug Co. was buying it by the dozen. Now I am told they buy it by the gross. I use one box each month and would not be without it for anything."

Granger Liver Regulator

is strictly vegetable, non-alcoholic preparation, and is highly recommended for sick headache, indigestion, biliousness and all stomach and liver complaints. Your druggist can supply you---25c a box.

Granger Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

You must Eat!

Buy your Eatables from me and you get the best and it costs you no more than something not as good at other places.

J. W Littlejohn.

CLANTON, ALA.

CLANTON LOCALS

Prof. H. C. McDonald, principal of the Chilton County High School, now engaged in teaching at the summer school of the University of Alabama, was at home Sunday with his family.

Judge Gaston Gunter and Hon. George Stewart of Montgomery, and Hon. T. W. Martin of Birmingham, came to Clanton Tuesday and joined a local fishing party for a few days out on the river near Lock 12.

Leo Stern, the hardware salesman from Montgomery was on his usual business trip to Clanton Monday.

The Alabama Turpentine Company operating a big distilling business ten miles east of Clanton, are putting a great quantity of their products on the market now. They convey the turpentine to Clanton by means of a big truck; from here it is shipped to various portions of the country.

WANTED—Collector and Salesman. Salary and Commission to right man. Experinece unnecessary. Place now open in Chilton County.

Singer Sewing Machine Co.,
J. B. Colley, Mgr.,
Montgomery, Ala.

The Junior Missionary Society including the Cradle Roll of the Methodist Church will be entertained at a picnic in the beautiful grove at the home of Mrs. N. A. Kicker, Friday afternoon, June 29, from 4 to 7 o'clock.

Mr. Emmet A. Jones of the Bureau of Markets will deliver an address at the high school during the canning club short course, June 27, at 11:15, on cooperative marketing.

If you have the itch, don't scratch. It doesn't cure the trouble and makes the skin bleed. Apply BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. Rub it in gently on the affected parts. It relieves itching instantly and a few applications removes the cause, thus performing a permanent cure. Price 25c, 50c and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Marriage licenses were issued on June 18 to Walter Popwell and Miss Roberta Cleckler.

Mrs. Clint Rasberry of Birmingham spent last week with relatives in Clanton.

Mrs. R. E. Dickens of Woodville, Texas is visiting relatives here this week.

You have just a few days more in which to register for the draft law. See the sheriff and do so if you have not done so. It will sove you future trouble.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Ross Mullins and Miss Maud Mullins motored to East Lake and Birmingham last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Gore attended the funeral of Mrs. Will Gore at New Salem Wednesday.

Mr. Wallace C. Edler, the founder of "The Union" and for many years editor of that paper before its consolidation with "The Banner," was down from Thorsby Wednesday, and called at our office for a short while.

Mr. Edler served six years in the United States army when he was a young man, and he entertains much enthusiasm for Uncle Sam's men in the present conflict. He says he would be glad, if his age would permit, to go back and devote his time to the cause.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Cure fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The First and the Last

THE FIRST STORE COMING IN TOWN FROM THE WEST AND THE LAST STORE GOING OUT WEST. I SELL CHEAP FOR CASH. I HANDLE MEAT, LARD, FLOWER, SUGAR, COFFEE, TOBACCO, AND SNUFF, ALSO MIXED FEED—IN FACT NEARLY EVERYTHING TO BE FOUND IN A GROCERY STORE I ALSO PAY THE MARKET PRICE FOR CHICKENS, EGGS, BUTTER, BEAS WAX, HIDES, TALLOW, AND BRIGHT RIBBON CANE SYRUP. WHILE IN TOWN CALL ON ME AND GET ACQUAINTED WITH MY LINE... I GUARANTEE A FAIR AND SQUARE DEAL TO ALL.

W. A. Huckabee

S. S. CONVENTION, DISTRICT 1.

Will meet with Minooka Sunday School, near Minooka Station, Sunday the 24th day of June.

10 a.m. Devotional service, W. R. Houlditch.

10:15 How to increase attendance, Hon. W. H. Conway.

10:45. Lecture by J. W. P. Murphy on Sunday School work.

11:10. Temperance in the Sunday School by Hon. L. H. Reynolds.

12:00. Adjourn for dinner.

1:30 p.m. Reports from Schools.

2. Explanation of the banner chart by Misses Williams, Gibson and others.

2:30. Graded Lessons by Rev. Stevenson.

The music will be furnished by Prof. A. H. Glass. We expect every Sunday School to be represented in this Convention.

J. B. NORTHCUTT, Pres.
(Miss) ADDIE HORSLEY, Secy.

LIST OF CHILTON COUNTY MEN IN ARMY AND NAVY

The Union-Banner desires to get together the names of all the boys of Chilton County who are in the service of Uncle Sam. All who have relatives in the service will confer a favor by sending us the names of the parties, together with the branch of the service in which they are serving. The list when completed will be published in the paper, that all may see what our county is doing for the national cause.

Please send us the names of any you know.

Mrs. J. C. Gowan of Kosciusco, Miss., is the guest of her sons and daughter in Clanton this week.

A regular morning operation of the bowels puts you in fine shape for the day's work. If you miss it you feel uncomfortable and cannot put vim into your movements. For all bowel irregularities, HERBINE is the remedy. It purifies, strengthens and regulates. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Keep Well

Do not allow the poisons of undigested food to accumulate in your bowels, where they are absorbed into your system. Indigestion, constipation, headache, bad blood, and numerous other troubles are bound to follow. Keep *your* system clean, as thousands of others do, by taking an occasional dose of the old, reliable, vegetable, family liver medicine.

Thedford's

Black-Draught

Mrs. W. F. Pickle, of Rising Fawn, Ga., writes: "We have used Thedford's Black-Draught as a family medicine. My mother-in-law could not take calomel as it seemed too strong for her, so she used Black-Draught as a mild laxative and liver regulator . . . We use it in the family and believe it is the best medicine for the liver made." Try it. Insist on the genuine—Thedford's. 25c a package. E-75

THORSBY ITEMS

Mr .A. K. Horn left on Friday of last week for an extended visit with his son, J. M. Horn in Ft. Wayne, Ind. He expects to return about August 1.

Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Gerald and little son spent Sunday in Thorsby with their parents, Dr. and Mrs. O. C. Mastin and Mrs. H. M. Gerald.

Mr. and Mrs. N. C. Petersan spent Friday of last week with Mrs. Peterson's parents at Prattville.

Miss Lirena Graham left on Wednesday of last week for a visit with relatives and friends at Nat and Section, Ala.

Mr. Kinsler Farrell was in Thorsby on Thursday of last week on his way back to the camp at Montgomery from a brief visit to his grandfather at Tafton, Ala. He reported his grandfather in very poor health.

Miss Elizabeth Hoopes, matron of Thorsby Institute, and Miss Marion B. Clark, Assistant matron and Nurse, left on Saturday of last week for Knoxville, Tenn., where they expect to attend the Summer School of the University of Tennessee.

Rev. W.C. Cline of Birmingham was in Thorsby Friday to attend the funeral of Mrs. C. P. Turnquist.

Mr. C. E. Woodham preached at Mountain Springs Church, eight miles southwest of Thorsby last Sunday. He was accompanied by Rev. C. M. Williams.

Rev. Arnold Nelson left Monday morning for Fruithurst, Ala. From there he will go to Silver Hill, returning to Thorsby the week following July 1st.

Miss Fae L. Smith of Marshalltown, Iowa, a member of the senior class of this year at Grinnell College, has accepted a position on the faculty of Thorsby Institute for the coming session. Miss Smith is a young woman of earnest Christian character and excellent scholarship and is spoken of very highly by those who know her. She will have charge of the wrk in English and History and will also teach a class in Spanish.

Mr. Sereno G. Norton, son of Mr. S. E. Norton of Thorsby graduated on Wednesday of last week from Grinnell College, Grinnell ,Iowa, having completed the full four years course in three years. In view of the fact it is especially significant that he should be elected member of the Phi Beta Kappa, an honor bestowed only on those who have shown marked ability as scholars. He also received an honor scholarship to Harvard College.

THE FIRST COTTON BLOOM

On Wednesday the first cotton bloom reported this season was left at our office. It came from the field of Joe Moore, who lives on one of the Wyatt farms a mile and a half northeast of Clanton.

Mr. Moore reports that his field contains a number of the blossoms, and that all the way round his cotton offers promising prospects.

Mr. Moore did not state whether he had any boll weevils or not; but we have heard reports from some places in the county, stating that the weevil had made its appearance and begun its work on the squares.

CARD OF THANKS

To our many friends who have so lovingly given us their aid and sympathy, during our recent bereavement in the death of our beloved mother, we wish to extend our hearty thanks.

C. P. Turnquist and Family.

SINGING AT UNITY

There will be an all day singing at Unity Church the First Sunday in July. Everybody come and bring 1917 song books and well filled baskets.



Buy Paint with Your Eyes Open

There's as much difference in the character of paints as in people.

That is the reason you should buy a paint containing the greatest amount of ZINC. Without it paint rapidly darkens, scales off and decays.

MASTIC PAINT

"The Kind that Lasts"

Is made with pure white lead and zinc-oxide, 50 per cent each, ground in pure Linseed Oil.

Mastic Paint lasts longest, looks best, has greatest covering capacity, and is the most economical paint for you to use.

It is Guaranteed

Ask for Color-Card and Free Paint Book, "Homes and How to Paint them."

PEASLEE-GAULBERT CO.
INCORPORATED
LOUISVILLE KENTUCKY

UPCHURCH DRUG CO.

CLANTON, ALA.

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week ending June 16, 1917.

Women—Hanna Peoples, Fannie Watt, Amy Germon, E. T. Knight, Selia Harkness, Sarah Peterson.

Men—Thomas Williams, C. C. Simmons, Feuel Bradley, S. D. Bates, Board Lumber Co., Gordon Bondsfield, John Davis, J. L. Wright, Eddie Ware, Jim McDoner.

These letters will be sent to the dead letter office June 30, 1917, if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "advertised" giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON, P.M.

NOTICE

All persons filing road or bridge warrants with the county treasurer, or persons who had road or bridge warrants in the probate office, which had not been called for prior to June 1st, will please notify the treasurer by mail, or call in person at his office and receive their money for such road or bridge warrants.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

Dr. A. M. Gowan made a business trip to Montgomery Tuesday.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

The State of Alabama, Chilton County.

Probate Court, May 19, 1917.

In the matter of the estate of P. E. Coleman, deceased.

The estate of the said deceased having been declared insolvent, the 23 day of June, 1917 is the time appointed for the administrator to make settlement of his administration, and for the creditors of said estate to meet and elect a new administrator, if they choose to do so, at which time all parties who are interested in said estate may appear and contest the correctness of the same if they deem proper.

Witness my hand this, the 19th day of May, 1917.

Everybody - NOTICE - Important

I have just received a large assortment of Shoes of all kinds, including Men's and Ladies' Low Cuts and Tennis Slippers which were bought last year before the Prices were so high. I have a full line of Dry Goods, too numerous to mention. In fact I have a full line of Everything which must be sold at once in order to raise Cash. I buy Cattle.

L. H. REYNOLDS

CLANTON, ALA.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., JUNE 28, 1917. NUMBER 13

Judge of Probate, 1Jan16

COTTON CONDITION SHOWS SMALL GAIN

Summary of Reports from all over the Cotton Growing States of the South.

Alabama.

The crop has made poor progress owing to low temperatures. Plant is small, with little if any of the initial lateness overcome, but healthy in appearance. Stands poor to good. Cultivation well up and soil in good condition and fields clean. Boll weevils reported in some of the infested sections.

Arkansas.

The crop has made only moderate progress. Cool weather and other conditions have prevented the plant from making progress in overcoming its initial lateness. Stands are fair to good with the plant still small, but generally healthy in appearance. During the last month further inloads on cotton acreage has been made by corn and other feed crops. Cultivation has progressed fairly well and only a few fields are foul.

Georgia.

Low temperatures have retarded growth and the crop shows little improvement for June. Stands are only moderately good. Plants very uneven in size owing to different dates of planting, but averages about two weeks late. Some minor insects reported as a result of cool weather. Rains have been local in character, and many sections complaining of drouth. Cultivation well advanced and fields clean.

Louisiana.

Crop progress has been retarded by dry, cold weather. The plant is still small and backward, but has healthy appearance. Fields are well cultivated and clean. A few boll weevils reported, but in somewhat less numbers than at the corresponding time of last year.

Mississippi.

The crop has made little progress in overcoming the initial imperfections. Cool weather recently has checked the growth and further dwarfed the plant, for the time of year. Much complaint of lack of rain in southern part of state. Stands moderately good. Plants blooming almost to northern boundary, but is still very late and much uneasiness felt over possible depredations of boll weevils, which are already reported in many infested localities.

North Carolina.

Cool weather has prevented development of the crop. Stands are moderately good. Plant small and poorly developed. Cultivation well advanced in most sections, although there are some conplaints of grass and weeds.

Oklahoma.

Although retarded by cool weather the crop has made some progress during the last month. Plant still small, but generally healthy. Stands fairly good. Cultivation well up and fields clean. Winds and rain storms have done considerable damage in certain sections, even causing cotton to be plowed up and planted to other crops. The acreage thus affected is not large.

South Carolina.

Crop has made fairly good progress weather has not been altogether favorable, and cool nights have prevented best development. Plant generally small but healthy. Cultivation is excellent and fields clean. Use of fertilizers has increased over last year.

Tennessee.

Moderate progress has been made. Plant is still late and small and there is some complaint of its dying from insufficient root. However, aside from this condition, the plant is generally healthy. Stands are fair to good. Cultivation has been pushed during the last several days of dry weather, and grassy fields have been reduced to considerably less than 20 per cent of the total. Soil is working well.

Texas.

Dry weather and cool nights have prevented normal progress of the crop as a whole, although the northern portion of the state reports the crop doing fairly well. In the west much damage has resulted from continued lack of rain, and thousands of acres have been plowed up and planted to other crops. The plant generally is small for the time of year, but outside the west is holding up well against the drouth. A few boll weevils reported, but making little headway. Cultivation top notch and fields clean.

ARRESTS MADE FOR VIOLATING PROHI LAW

Last Saturday afternoon the Sheriff officers arrested W. M. Heath and E. C. Easterling for alleged violations of the Prohibition laws. The men were found in possession of more "white lightning" than the law allows, and were taken in charge by the officers.

Both were placed under bonds to await action by the courts.

DANGEROUS AUTOMOBILE WRECK SATURDAY NIGHT

Car of W. M. Heath Made Thrilling Dash Off Ten-foot Fill.

Automobiles seem to be rather given to doing unbelievable feats of thrill and danger, but when you see the results with your own eyes, you can't deny it.

There have been a good many wrecks of cars in this vicinity in the past few years but none so miraculous and dangerous as that which occurred Saturday night, when the Ford driven by W. M. Heath missed the high bridge on the highway just east of town and turned sumersault down the ten-foot fill, landing topsyturvey in the mud just on the verge of the creek. When the machine landed it caughtt he driver who was the only occupant beneath its weight, and it required several minutes for him to extricate himself from his perilious position. He was cut and scratched about the head and face, but not seriously hurt. Mr. Heath states that he met a wagon on the fill at the bridge as he was driving out home about midnight Saturday night. In meeting the wagon he said he got too far to the side of the inclining embankment, when his car turned over and rolled down to the bottom.

It was thought Sunday morning when the wreck was first discovered that the driver of the car had plunged headlong into the creek and had drowned. Divers were searching for the body when the reports reached the scene that he had escaped the horrible death that seemed imminent for such a dangerous experience and made his way to the home of a friend a mile up the road.

RIVER FALLS

Editor Union-Banner:

No doubt, there are those in your community who are subscribers of your most worthy paper, who would enjoy a letter from River Falls.

We are 86 miles south of Montgomery at a saw mill camp. There are about 140 state and county prisoners confined here. We work in the saw mill of the Horse Shoe Lumber Co. 120,000 feet of lumber is cut each day. There are some confined here in the big state boarding house. Our treatment here is good as can be expected under any and all circumstances. There are many men here—free men—who are electricians, civil engineers, inspectors and mechanics of all kinds. There are some confined in prison who are not guilty of any crime. Malice in their own community has placed them here. I find many who are educated and are gentlemen, but in a moment of weakness they have fallen from grace. None of us are perfect, you know, we are only human beings, after all, moulded of clay. Restraint is man's greatest punishment. He is locked away from all that is near and dear to him—all that makes life worth the while. Some people class these unfortunates as moral leopards. They shun them; but I find that such is not the case. A man can come to River Falls and be just as much of a gentleman as tho' he were free.

There are men here who would give up their life to protect virtue in womankind, and they are indeed scarce outside. Some come here expecting to find it a summer resort, but upon arrival they find they are sadly mistaken. It is work from dawn until dark. Being separated from those we love is the greatest punishment man can suffer.

At eventide, when his daily task is over, it is then that his heart and thoughts wander back to those he loves. No one to say an endearing word—no sweet wife or mother caresses him. That's what makes his heart ache. I pray that none will hold malace against me in their hearts, for in my own heart, it is faith, hope and charity toward all mankind.

Yours truly,
LAMAR BLACKMON.

DEATH OF OLD VETERAN JOHN A. RAWLINSON

Another old Confederate veteran passed away on the 23rd of May at 3 o'clock, when the death angel carried away Bro. John A. Rawlinson to a better land to die no more and will be at rest with loved ones long gone before.

Mr. Rawlinson had been a sufferer for the last twenty years, but always bore his afflictions with patience and without murmuring.

He was a member of Sardis Baptist Church at the time of his death.

His remains were laid to rest in Pilgrim's Rest Cemetery, Rev. Tilman Deason conducting the services.

Bro. Rawlinson was 72 years old, and leaves a wife, two sons, one daughter, 16 grand children and 5 great-grand children.

I want to live a Christian here—
I want to die while shouting;
I want to fel my Savior near,
While soul and body are parting.
I want to see the angels stand
Waiting to receive me,
To lead my soul to Canaan's land,
Where Christ has gone before me.

One who Loved Him.

THE NEW ROAD LAW IN EFFECT ON JULY THE 1.

Judge Reynolds Writes Letter on Some Applications of ihe new System of Regulations.

The new road law for this county goes into effect the first day of July, and the Commissioners will be in session on the 16th of July to appoint overseers for Beats 1, 2, 9, 12, 13, and 14. And will be here the 17th to appoint overseers for Beats 3, 6, 7, 8 and 15, and on the 18th to appoint overseers for Beats 4, 5, 10, 11 and 16.

The Court will be glad to have as many of those interested in the roads as possible to meet the Court. We realize that the success of the new road law depends on the overseers we appoint and we want good men for the places—men that will work the roads. And if we appoint men that will not do their duty we have provided that the Court may discharge them at any time.

All persons hauling lumber, logs, turpentine, naval stores, graphite, ore or cord wood for hire or for sale must pay license on their wagons. The tags may be had at the Probate's office.

It is the duty of the overseers and apportioners to report any one violating any of the provisions of the law.

A copy of the law may be had at the Probate's office, and I will be glad to give any information I can to anyone about the law. I hope the law will be a success, and I hope to see better roads in Chilton County. I want all the people to get their share of the road money, but one thing you must keep in mind, that we have no money to work roads with. We are pledged to reduce the debt of the county as fast as we can.

I hope the overseers when appointed will fix all the places in their roads that get impassable in the winter. We know the places that were so bad that they could not be traveled last winter, andt the time to fix them is in the summer or fall—not wait until it gets so bad that it will be impossible to fix them.

The money reveived from the wagon tax will be expended on the roads the wagons run over, and I hope the overseers will see that the roads get the benefit of the money. Each overseer might as well understand from the start, that if they do not work their roads they will be replaced and the law enforced. Each hand must put in honest work, or the overseers must discharge him, and the time must be kept by hours. Road hands must work 50 hours each year or pay $5.00.

We can have good roads all over the county if we all try. We all want good roads, and we know there is no use to wait for the county to build them, for it cannot. Our debt is over the limit. We have no money nor credit; so we must work the roads without money. If we ever have good roads the people of the county will have to build them.

I hope all the people using wagons will pay the tax without trouble; and let us give the law a chance to see what it will do. Sawmill and other public wagons ruin the roads and this law taxes them; but puts the money back on the same road, and makes a good road for them to haul over.

Remember that if any part of the road law is bad, it may be changed at any regular meeting of the Commissioners Court. So, from time to time the law will be changed to meet any reasonable objections.

Respectfully,
L. H. REYNOLDS.

MISS SALLIE PEARSON TO PLAY AT VERBENA SOON

Playgoers of Verbena and surrounding villages will have a chance of rare entertainment next Monday evening, July 2 at Verbena Academy.

Miss Sallie Pearson of Montgomery, an honored graduate of a famous school of expression, will be heard in song and reading. Miss Mary Ellen Baldwin and other local entertainers will assist Miss Pearson in her recital.

Admission, twenty five and fifteen cents. Everybody is invited to attend.

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week ending June 23, 1917.

WOMEN.—Miss Frances Fleming, Mrs. Luzire, White, Miss Berlyle Horton.

MEN.—Union Cherry, C. F. Davis, Olden Knox, Pery Canaday, T. L. Stewart, P. L. Thomas, William B. Parrish, C. W. Thomas, Jim Finley, Pat Well, A. C. Cooper, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Boyd, Atten Pumas, Bill Doson, Jack Fuqua.

These letters will be sent to the dead letter office July 7, 1917, if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "advertised" giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON, P.M.

INTENSE INTEREST MANIFEST IN ADULT SCHOOL WORK

Gratfying results are being manifested in the adult school work of the counties where campaigns have been launched. Men and women who grew up during the reconstruction period and who were thereby deprived of school advantages are now embracing the opportunities offered to them by these adult schools.

The following report from Coffee County is typical of several other counties:

"The people throughout this county are manifesting a great deal of interest in the adult school movement. The trustees in the various communities are pushing it in every way possible and in a great many instances are themselves enrolling. To date twenty such schools have been organized. The work is gaining such unexpected headway is now looks as if it will be possible to have a school in every district in the county this summer. Last summer we had more teachers wanting to do this gratuitous and praiseworthy work than we could locate schools. At the last institute 58 teachers volunteered to give their time to this work this summer—a noble example of willingness to serve."

A report from Escambia County shows that 18 schools have been organized, 210 pupils enrolled and 50 teachers pledged their services for the summer.

The lessons of these schools should not be lost to those actively engaged in the school work of the state. Unless the schools are maintained and improved, the problems which will confront us in the future will not be unlike those which stood in the way of these veterans who are just beginning to receive the rightful heritage of their youth.

Let not this phase of history repeat itself.

TEACHERS EXAMS, JULY 16-18

Examinations for teachers will be held in the several counties of the state July 16, 17 and 18. Those who desire information relative to these examinations should write for Department Bulletins Nos. 32 and 40. Two cents in postage should accompany each request.

IN MEMORY OF MRS. ELLA GORE

On Tuesday morning, June 19th, 1917, about 9 o'clock the death angel visited the home of Mr. Will Gore and took from him his darling wife.

All was done for her that physicians, friends and loving hands could do, but for some cause unknown to us God called her from this life into the Great Beyond.

Mrs. Gore was born January 1st, 1883 near Coosa River, the place now known as Lock 12. After joining heart and heart with Mr. Gore, on December 28th, 1899, they joined hand in hand and took a binding obligation that they would cling to each other until separated by death, which they did. She was a loving wife and affectionate mother, and to know her was to love her.

When we look toward Mr. Gore's and cannot see his loving wife it looks lonesone, oh so lonesome!

We know she is gone—we can never see her here on this earth again, but hope to meet her on that Happy Golden Shore, where there is no more pain and sorrow but joy and happiness forever.

Mrs. Gore joined the Missionary Baptist Church at Macedonia when she was about the age of fifteen years and in 1908 they moved their home near New Salem where she placed her membership with us in August, 1915. She lived a true consecrated Christian life until death.

Mrs. Gore leaves a husband, six sweet children, a mother, five brothers and three sisters and a host of friends to mourn her loss; although, we feel sure that our loss is heaven's gain.

We do hope and pray that Mr. Gore will live a life before his children that as they grow up in age they may grow in grace, so as to meet their dear mother in that sweet by and by.

Her name was lai

Her remains were laid to rest in New Salem cemetery, to await the resurrection morning.

Funeral services were conducted by Rev. M. J. Parrish and W. J. Armstrong.

Ones who Loved Her.

NOTICE

There will be a public working at Rockymount Cemetery on Friday before the Second Sunday. All interested will please come prepared to work.

J. B. NORTHCUTT.

MACEDONIA

There will be an all day singing at this place the Second Sunday in July and everybody is invited to come and bring their books and a well filled basket.

Books to be used will be the 1917 Book.

HARVESTING PREMATURE POTATOES IN ALABAMA

Alabama has a larger acreage in sweet potatoes this year than ever before. The crop is later than usual on account of so much unseasonable cool dry weather. This will delay early harvesting, but will not necessarily shorten the yield, if given time to grow as the potato has wonderful power of making up under normal summer seasons.

In Southern Alabama early varities are grown extensively for early marketing. The usual time for early harvesting and marketing is during the month of July, at which time the crop is still green and growing. The yield per acre at this stage is about half as much as it would be if allowed to grow a month or six weeks longer nearing the stage of maximum maturity. They would be better food, more healthful, easily kept by storage and the increased yield would more than compensate the difference in price.

The reason why harvesting and marketing potatoes in the premature state became customary was due to a desire to get them on the market first while the demand for new potatoes was greatest and the price sufficiently high to compensate for the loss in yield. This custom originated and was practiced under normal times when the nation's food supply was bountiful and the fall market for potatoes very poor. Times have changed and the producer is facing entirely new conditions. Under present conditions the premature harvester will have reduced his contribution to the nation's food supply by half and short changed himself by hastily following the customary premature harvesting plan. In view of the scarcity and high prices of food stuff and the probability of future high prices for many months, it is the patriotic duty of farmerst o give their crops time to produce the maximum yield before harvesting.

Utilize Fertile Stubble Land.

All fertile stubble land should be used for second crop. Cow peas, soy beans, sorghum and early maturing corn are the crops generally recommended for second crops on stubble lands. Seed for such crops is scarse, high in price and almost unobtainable. Farmers fho are fortunate enough to havet hem should prepare their land well, plant after a good season, if possible using as few seed as will give them a good stand. By economy with seed you may be able to furnish a few seed to the fellow who could not othrwise obtain them. Do not forget that clippings from sweet potato vines may yet be set. This should be done immediately after the next rain. Tthey will make some potatoes and a loto f ideal seed for bedding next spring.

MEN HERE INTERESTED IN GRAPHITE LANDS

The graphite mining and manufacturing business over in Coosa County is growing into considerable magnitude. Large sums of money have been made over night by the holders of land in the district, and many men have seen their hill-side land in a single night turn from worthless rocky knolls to priceless prospects for mining purposes. Mr. Wm. Shurett of Rockford, a holder of large options in the mining country was in Clanton last week on business connected with some deals he is endeavoring to make. He went down to Montgomery to confer with some parties interested in the power sites on Hatchett Creek, in the vicinity of the mines, from which it is planned to develop power to run several near-by graphite mills. Mr. Shurett controls options on the power site and graphite lands surrounding it.

CHILTON COUNTY SINGING CONVENTION NEXT SUNDAY

We have been requested to announce that the Chilton County Singing Convention will be held at Providence church, seven miles east of Clanton, on next Sunday, July 1. The session will consist of one day only—Sunday—and not two days as is the custom.

All who are interested in the furtherance of the causes espoused by the Convention are invited and urgently requested to attend and assist in the work.

DR. ANDREW SLED CONDUCTING 8-DAY MEETING AT VERBENA

Those who miss the sermons of Dr. Andrew Sled of Emory University, who is preaching for eight days at Verbena Methodist Church, will miss not only an opportunity to get closer to God, but will deprive themselves of a liberal education. Dr. Sled is a wonderful speaker and a marvelous thinker. The services will continue through the week. Morning at 11 o'clock. Evening at 8 o'clock.

CARD OF THANKS

I wish to thank the people of Liberty Hill for their kindness during the sicknes and death of my husband and pray that God may bless each of you for helping me in time of need.

Mrs. J. M. Lowery and children.

CANNING CLUB GIRLS HERE THIS WEEK FOR THE SHORT COURSE

Delegates in Meeting for Instruction Work at the High School Building.

The Chilton County Canning Club girls came to Clanton on Tuesday and captured the town.

They were represented by 63 delegates from the 23 separate Canning Club Societies in Chilton County; and in addition to the delegates there was a large number of their friends.

These canning club young ladies were entertained these three days at the private homes of some of the ladies of Clanton.

Early in the morning hours the girls commenced to assemble in the high school auditorium, and after being introduced by Mrs. Lida Jones, Rev. Gable, pastor of the Clanton Baptist Church, and Rev. T. G. Jones, pastor of the Methodist church, addressed the audience.

At 11 o'clock Mrs. Jones introduced Judge L. H. Reynolds, who had been requested to deliver an address.

Judge Reynolds, in opening his speech said, "Stop, look and listen," and then he proceeded to tell the young ladies as to the present greatest struggle that the world ever experienced, he said: "Women have always done their part, but they have been contented to let men have all the honor; but this is not true today—women have come to the front and are today man's equal in many pursuits and superior in some.

"It was thought one hundred years ago by some that women had no rights. How different now! Co-operation is the key note to success; and with this thought in mind, it is my pleasure to say that the Chilton County officials will cooperate as individuals with you ladies in food preservation and in maintaining your organizations as Canning Clubs."

Right here the young ladies applauded the Judge.

"God saw that the child was the greatest of his many cares in the world and need at creation," and that the rearing of them to become Christian men and women was a grave responsibility. "God hath laid down the course to pursue, and Christian men and women are following with eagerness."

"There are you, now, representative young ladies and matronly women present here today from Clanton and Chilton County. All that is needful to convince an observer of your present and future usefulness in food preservation."

Speaking of matters educational, Judge Reynolds said:

"Ignorance breeds poverty. An ignorant people not only is but always must be a poor people. Those who are destitute of sagacity and providence must of course be lacking in competence and comfort.

"Richness of climate, facilities of commerce, and even stores of gold cannot confer prosperity upon an uneducated people. They cannot create wealth, and whatever riches are showered upon them will surely run to waste.

"Within the last four centuries, the people of Spain have posessed as much silver and gold as all the other nations of Europe combined; but poor, indeed is that nation whose people today have less than Spain.

"The ignorant pearl diver does not wear the pearl he wins! the diamond digger is not ornamented with the jewel he finds; the ignorant toiler in the most luxuriant field is not filled with the harvest he gathers. The choiciest production of the world whether mineral or vegetable, wherever found or wherever gathered, will inevitably by some secret and resistless attraction make their way into the hands of the most intelligent."

At the conclusion of Judge Reynolds' address there was adjournment for dinner, and then the worthy and pretty club girls went to the homes of the matrons to eat. They rested and returned for another session.

On the evening of the 27th Mr. P. C. Smith put on an extra attraction at the Ideal Theatre for the young ladies.

Altogether, the three days were enjoyed by those who participated.

See that your garden produces dry beans. cabbage, potatoes and root crops that can be kept without canning.

MONEY TO LEND

I represent a mortgage company, lending money on real estate at a low rate of interest. All charges less than 8 per cent. If loan is desired, see me and place application.

F. B. COLLIER,
Clanton, Ala.

FOOD CONTROL BILL PASSED IN HOUSE

Lever Measure Is Adopted In Congress By Overwhelming Vote Following Heated Debate

DEFINE POWER OF PRESIDENT

Senate Takes Rest On Debate—Will Consider Dry Clause Of The Bill

Washington.—The administration food control bill, giving the president broad authority to control the distribution of food, feed and fuel for war purposes and appropriating $152,500,000 for its enforcement and administration, was passed by the house after far-reaching prohibition provisions had been written into it.

The vote was 356 to 5, Representatives McLemore, Slayden and Young, of Texas, Democrats, and Meeker of Missouri and Ward of New York, Republicans, voting in the negative.

The prohibition provisions adopted would permit the use of foodstuffs for the manufacture of alcoholic beverages, and would give the president authority to take over for war purposes all liquor now on hand. They were put into the measure during the evening in committee of the whole, and when the bill came up in the house proper the anti-prohibition faction did not demand that they be voted on again.

The bill now goes to the senate, where it probably will be substituted for a similar measure already under consideration.

Few important changes were made by the house outside the prohibition section. The control powers of the president were limited to articles specifically mentioned in the bill instead of giving him blanket authority; voluntary aids in control work were made subject to the penal provisions, all persons in the food administration except those serving without compensation were placed under civil service; and the president was required to make an annual report on the operation of the bill.

The amendment designed to cut off manufacture of liquors was adopted, 132 to 114. It was submitted by Representative Barkley of Kentucky, Democrat, and would provide that no food, food material or feed would be used during the war for the manufacture of alcohol or alcoholic beverages except for governmental, industrial, scientific, medicinal or sacramental purposes.

HEARTY APPLAUSE GREETS AMERICAN MISSION TO RUSSIA

Antagonism And Indifference Yielded To Rapt Attention As Soon As Root Began To Speak

Moscow.—The first meeting attended here by Elihu Root and the other members of the American commission was held in the palace of the governor general. There were assembled representatives of the zemstvo industrial committee and the local council of the workmen's and soldiers' deputies.

The meeting was in the nature of a test to determine whether the commission is to have the real sympathy of the Socialist element in the country. It is said here that no foreign government ever succeeded in enlisting the attention and interest of committees representing the working men of Moscow. But as Mr. Root began to speak, antagonism and indifference yielded to rapt attention and he was "warmly applauded" at the conclusion.

"We have seen nothing since we came to Russia," said Mr. Root, "that gives cause for criticism. We marvel at the self-control, the kindliness of spirit and the sound common sense that the Russians display.

"The government of Germany, the German social system, even German Socialism, are all militaristic in their essential nature. They shall not gain control of free America, but if we can help you to prevent their gaining control of free Russia we shall be happy in feeling that we have assisted in the perpetuation of the ideals of our fathers who fought and sacrificed to make us free."

Germany Looks On With Contempt

Amsterdam.—The North German Gazette publishes a review of the military situation in which General von Blume writes: "With head erect and a gaze full of contempt we come to a consideration of the nations which, since the beginning of the year, have joined our enemies, the United States in the forefront of them. With our three allies we now have to guard against 13 entire hostile and 9 half hostile states, comprising the greatest part of the earth's inhabitants. The more enemies the more honor."

Conscripts Drawn At Washington

Washington.—Regulations for drafting the new army, now awaiting President Wilson's approval, contain provision for exery step in the great undertaking, except the actual method of the draft itself. No official announcement has been made, and official confirmation is being withheld, but it has been stated, and generally is accepted here as true, that the federal government will itself do the drafting, probably in Washington, so there will be no opportunity for local favoritisms, political or otherwise.

SPECULATORS GOUGE PEOPLE

Herbert C. Hoover Makes This Startling Charge Before a Senatorial Investigating Committee

Washington.—While both branches of congress continued desultory debate on the government's food control bill, Herbert C. Hoover, food administrator, spent four hours at the capitol emphasizing to a score of senators gathered informally to the vital importance of the legislation to success in the war. Under sharp and argumentative questioning by a group headed by Senators Gore, Reed and Vardaman, opposing the legislation, Mr. Hoover outlined his plans for conserving the nation's food supply, increasing production and cutting off the excessive profits of speculators. He did not conclude and will return to the capitol for further examination in an effort to clear up congressional and public misconceptions and hasten action.

Food conditions, which face the allies and this country, were frankly and fully explained by Mr. Hoover. Without government food control, he said, success in the war may be imperiled. Such control, to a great degree in actual administration, he explained, will be voluntary and not enforced by "a mobilization of the spirit of self-denial and self-sacrifice," in preventing waste of foodstuffs.

That the rationing or other enforced regulation of the American dinner table is proposed, was denied by Mr. Hoover. Also, he said, requisitioning of factories or regulation of wages are not contemplated, and that excision of war profits in distribution of food, largely by voluntary co-operation of business interests involved, is the prime object of the bill.

Four Bases For Food Control

Four basic measures of food control planned, Mr. Hoover said, are export regulation, control of distribution, including speculation, mobilization of America's women and men in a campaign for economy and against waste, and participation of the states in administration work.

Federal commissions to control wheat, sugar and a few other "prime commodities" by regulation of production, storage and transportation and sale are contemplated, he said, but instead of injuring farmers, as some have claimed, these things will benefit both producers and consumers without curtailment of middlemen's normal and fair profits.

MISSION OF NEW RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT HAS ARRIVED

Great Crowds Cheered Representatives Of World's Newest Republic—A Very Impressive Sight

Washington.—The special diplomatic mission from Russia was received upon its arrival here with every possible effort to reflect America's profound hope and confidence in the newest European democracy.

The highest officials of the state department, including Secretary Lansing, Counsellor Polk and Assistant Secretary Phillips, met the envoys' special train at the end of their long journey half way around the world and greeted them formally in the name of the government and the people of the United States. Great crowds cheered them as they went under double cavalry escort past the capitol, up Pennsylvania avenue, between the white house and the treasury department, to the David Henning Jennings home, which is to be their headquarters.

The Russians presented an impressive sight as they alighted from their train. Many were in the Russian uniform of a khaki coat, blue trousers and black knee boots. Ambassador Bakhmetieff, the head of the mission, advanced beteween Third Assistant Secretary Long, who had met the mission in Chicago, and Counsellor Onou of the embassy here, to meet Secretary Lansing and other American officials.

No Suffrage Pickets For White House

Washington.—The police have begun dealing with the suffrage pickets about the white house with a firm hand. It was ordered that no banners were to be permitted to be displayed and twenty policemen were stationed about the white house fence. Miss Lucy Burns of New York and Miss Catherine Morey of Boston, carriers of a banner who refused to move from in front of one of the white house gates, were arrested and taken to police headquarters.

German Grain Crops Hit By Drouth

Copenhagen.—Throughout Germany, according to report here, all valuable grain crops are burning up, as they did in 1915, in an unprecedented heat wave. The prolonged drought has not been broken since early in May. Berlin is experiencing one of the hottest junes on record in the 70 years' experience of the weather bureau. Tropical temperatures were also reported everywhere west of the Oder river. The weather bureau states that the prospects for rain or lower temperatures are very slight.

German Propaganda In Training Camp

Fort Sheridan, Ill.—German propaganda has entered the officers' reserve training camp here in the opinion of officers of the regular army who are acting as instructors, and orders have been given that every effort be made to ascertain the source of "baseless reports" concerning the risks taken by men who go to front in France. "There has been a determined effort," said Maj. H. L. Cavenaugh, "to spread baseless reports that the average life of a man in the trenches is three days."

TOTAL FOR BONDS IS $3,035,226,850

Ninety-Nine Per Cent Of The Subscription Were For Sums Ranging From $50 To $10,000

BUYERS EXCEED 4,000,000

After $10,000, However, Bonds Will Be Allotted On The Percentage Basis

Washington.—Liberty Loan subscriptions total $3,035,226,850, an oversubscription of nearly 52 per cent. The final tabulation was officially announced, and showed that more than four million persons bought bonds.

Sums Varied From $50 To $10,000

Ninety-nine per cent of subscriptions or those of 3,960,000 persons, were for sums varying from $50 to $10,000, while twenty-one subscribers applied for allotments of $5,000,000 each or more.

New York District Led All The Rest

The New York federal reserve district led the list with subscriptions totaling $1,186,788,400, or more than three times the amount subscribed in the next district, Chicago, $357,195,950. The other districts sent subscriptions as follows: Boston, $332,447,600; Cleveland, $286,148,700; Philadelphia, $232,309,250; San Francisco, $175,623,900; Richmond, $109,737,100; Kansas City, $91,758,850; St. Louis, $86,134,700; Minneapolis, $70,255,500; Atlanta, $57,878,850, and Dallas, $48,948,350.

How Loan Will Be Allotted

These subscriptions include those sent direct to the treasury and apportioned among the various reserve districts. Allotments will be made by Secretary McAdoo as follows: On subscriptions up to and including $10,000, full amount. These subscriptions totalled $1,296,684,850. More than $10,000 up to and including $100,000 sixty per cent of the amount subscribed, but not less than $10,000 in any instance. These subscriptions totaled $560,103,050; allotments to subscribers in this group will aggregate $336,061,850.

AMERICAN SHELLS RAINED ON GERMAN SUBMARINE

U-Boat Badly Damaged And Probably Sunk In Battle With United States Vessel

An Atlantic Port.—An American steamer which arrived here in ballast from a British port had a thrilling encounter on June 4 with a German submarine after the enemy boat had fired a torpedo at her, which hit but failed to explode. The submarine was badly damaged by the fire of the steamer's gun crew and disappeared after her periscope was shot away. The steamer's captain saw the wake of the submarine's torpedo and after the impact ordered his crew to the boats. The submarine submerged, evidently believing that the shot had its intended work. The captain, the first and second officers and boatswain mates of the gun crew remained on board the steamer. When the torpedo was seen to have failed to score the crew was ordered back from the boats and the submarine reappeared. The bluejackets went to the four-inch guns fore and aft and fired rapidly. The submarine, according to the captain, came head-on full speed and then stopped, which interfered with the range of the American gunners.

19 Shots Fired By Americans

When 600 yards from the steamer, the captain said, one of the shells from the steamer hit the submarine and she submerged. As she came up a second shot tore away her periscope and another exploded on her turtle back Nineteen shots in all were fired by the steamer. The crew said that light blue smoke rose from the stern of the submarine as it went down. The captain said he remained in the vicinity of the enemy craft for two hours, but she failed to reappear. He said he was not certain that the submarine was sunk, but was certain that her periscope was shot away and her deck marked. The gun crew and wireless operator declare that there was no doubt that the boat was sunk.

Government Aid Asked For Highway

Cincinnati, Ohio.—The Dixie Highway executive council, at a meeting here, planned to secure the completion of the Dixie highway from Chicago and Detroit to Miami, Fla., withiin the present year, by aid of the United States government war department, as a war measure. One hundred thousand dollars, it is stated, is yet necessary to build the connecting stretch of seven miles in Laurel and Rockcastle counties, Kentucky, and this sum will be immediately demanded of Washington, D. C., officials.

Goethals Must Build All Possible Ships

Washington.—The contest between Chairman Denman of the shipping board and Major General Goethals, manager of the board's emergency fleet corporation, for authority to exercise powers granted by congress in providing a merchant fleet will be settled by President Wilson giving General Goethals the authority, with directions that he build all the ships possible, both steel and wood. General Goethals will be authorized to commandeer immediately all shipping now building.

U-BOAT MENACE GROWING

Thirty-Two Vessels Sent To Sea's Bottom By German Submarines In One Week

London.—Twenty-seven British ships of more than sixteen hundred tons have been sunk, according to the weekly British summary last given out. Five British vessels under sixteen hundred tons also were sent to the bottom. No fishing vessels were destroyed. The summary follows:

Summary

Arrivals, 2,897; sailings, 2,993. British merchant ships, over sixteen hundred tons sunk by mine or submarine, including three previously, 27; under sixteen hundred tons, including one previously, 5. British merchant ships unsuccessfully attacked, including two previously, 31, British fishing vessels sunk, none.

The foregoing figures of British shipping losses as the result of Germany's submarine warfare show a larger number of vessels sunk in the 1,600 tons over category than in any of the six preceding weeks. Not since the seven-day period ending April 28 has a greater number of ships of over 1,600 tons been destroyed. During that week 51 vessels—38 over and 13 under 1,600 tons—were sunk. The heaviest totals since the Teuton submarine campaign opened in February last was registered in the week ending April 21, when 40 steamers of more than sixteen hundred tons were sunk and 15 vessels of the smaller tonnage were sent to the bottom.

Since the middle of April, when the undersea boat activity recorded its highest toll, 303 British vessels, of which 220 measured more than sixteen hundred tons, were sunk, the weekly totals being as follows:

Week Ending—	1,600 Tons Over	1,600 Tons Under
April 21	40	15
April 28	38	13
May 5	24	22
May 12	18	5
May 19	18	9
May 26	18	1
June 3	15	3
June 10	22	10
June 20	27	5

PRESIDENT WILSON APPEALS FOR MEN FOR REGULAR ARMY

Seventy Thousand Volunteers Wanted, And Week Of June 23-30 Named As "Recruiting Week"

Washington.—President Wilson has issued a proclamation designating the week of June 23-30 as recruiting week for the regular army and called upon unmarried men without dependents to enroll for war service in order that the ranks of the regulars might be filled promptly. This was the president's first call for volunteers in the present war. The proclamation follows:

President's Proclamation

"I hereby designate the period of June 23 to June 30, next, as recruiting week for the regular army and call upon unmarried men between the ages of 18 and 40 years, who have no dependents and who are not engaged in pusuits vitally necessary to the prosecution of the war, to present themselves for enlistment during the week herein designated to the number of seventy thousand.

(Signed) "WOODROW WILSON."

Army Officials Requested Action

The president acted at the request of army officials who have been seriously concerned over the slow rate of recruiting for the regular army. It had been hoped that the regular service could be brought to its whole war strength of approximately 300,000 men by July 30, which would have permitted the war department to carry out its plans in regard to the training of all the forces to be raised and also as to the dispatch of armies to France. For several days, however, the average enrollment for the army per day has been little more than 1,000 men instead of the 5,000 or more the department had hoped to secure.

Over 1,000 Persons Killed Or Injured

Amsterdam.—More than one thousand persons were killed or injured or are missing in consequence of an explosion in munitions factories at Bloeweg, according to an announcement in the lower house of the Austrian parliament by the minister of defense, as forwarded in a dispatch from Vienna. The casualties were given as follows: Dead, 136; missing, 170; wounded, 625. Of the wounded, 520 received only slight injuries.

Greek King Has Reached Switzerland

Lugano, Switzerland.—Former King Constantine of Greece has arrived at this place. Officers and delegates of the Swiss government met him at the frontier and welcomed him in the name of Switzerland. A large number of German personages waited for the king at the depot, including Prince and Princess von Buelow and Doctor von Muehlberg, German minister to the Vatican. The Greek minister to Berne was also present. Constantine and his suite drove directly to the hotel, rooms having been reserved for them.

King Albert's Note One Of Laudation

Washington.—The personal letter to President Wilson from King Albert, delivered by Baron Moncheur, head of the Belgian mission to this country, was made public by the state department, and is as follows: "I commend to your excellency's kindly reception the mission which bears this letter. This mission will express to the president the feelings of understanding and enthusiastic admiration with which my government and people have received their decision."

PRESIDENT NAMES EXPORT COUNCIL

EXECUTIVE BODY WILL ATTEND TO RATIONING OF EUROPEAN NEUTRALS.

KEEP FOOD FROM ENEMIES

This is Only Way to Win Against German Imperialism, Says President Wilson.

Washington.—Control of American exports, authorized in a clause of the espionage bill, was assumed by President Wilson with the appointment of an exports council, comprising the secretaries of state, agriculture and commerce and the food administrator. An executive order creating the council directs the department of commerce to administer all details of operation.

A victorious conclusion of the war can come, said the President in a statement, outlining the country's export policy, only by systematic direction of American trade.

"The free play of trade will not be arbitrarily interfered with," he said. "It will only be intelligently and systematically directed in the light of full information with regard to the needs and market conditions throughput the world and the necessities of our people at home and our armies and the armies of our associates abroad."

Members of the exports council will meet to organize and to recommend to the President a series of proclamations which will put the law into active operation.

The first proclamation will require the licensing of all coal and fuel shipments, including bunkers, and its purpose is to give the government first a firm grasp on shipping.

The second will provide a system of licensing for every class of exports to the European neutral countries and is designed to prevent supplies from reaching Germany.

Proclamations to follow will name specific commodities which may not be shipped anywhere without licenses. The first commodities to be designated will be cereals and other foodstuffs by degrees will be extended until virtually every export commodity is brought under operation of the act.

The proclamations covering coal and exports to European neutrals probably will be issued this week. Under an agreement to be made with the British government providing for an international shipping control by bunkering and export licensing agreements, the United States and Great Britain will have the trade of the world in their hands to direct in the manner best calculated to assist in winning the war.

The neutral export proclamation will be hurried to prevent removal from the United States of large supplies of foodstuffs bought by the neutrals and now stored in this country awaiting shipment. The government is determined to hold neutrals to necessities and in enforcing export regulations virtually will take up the burden of the British blockade, now to be enforced from the point of origin of supplies.

Editor Atlanta Journal Passes Away

Atlanta.—James R. Gray, editor of the Atlanta Journal, died here. Mr. Gray had just returned from a trip to New York and Washington, where he had been to visit his daughter, Mrs. E. D. Pearce, wife of Lieutanant Colonel Pearce at Fort Trotten, Long Island, ond to attend the meeting of the executive committee of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association. Mns. Gray accompanied him on the trip.

British Report Sinking Submarine.

An Atlantic Port.—Officers of a British steamer which arrived here reported having sunk an attacking German submarine. The British vessel sent a shell into the U-boat's magazine, causing an explosion which parted the undersea boat about midship. Each end sank separately. The British steamer was uninjured.

FUND OVERSUBSCRIBED.

Washington.—Oversubscription of the Red Cross hundred million dollar mercy fund is assured when the eight-day nation-wide campaign closed with final rallies in hundreds of American cities. Tabulations at Red Cross headquarters showed $100,313,000 in reported pledges, of which $35,993,000 was from New York city and $64,320,000 from the remainder of the country.

American Fleet in Brazilian Waters.

Rio de Janeiro.—Rear Admiral William B. Caperton, commander in chief of the Pacific fleet of the United States navy, and the members of his staff, have been received with honors here.

Washington.—The arrival in Brazilian waters of an American Pacific fleet squadron, commanded by Admiral Caperon, reveals that the American navy has taken over responsibility for the patrol of that region against German raiders.

ROADS ASK RAISE IN FREIGHT RATES

QUESTION WILL COME BEFORE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION AT JULY MEETING.

NEWS LETTER FROM CAPITAL

Happenings in and About Alabama's State House Interestingly Told.

—Montgomery.

All railroads operating in Alabama will come before the Alabama public service commission July 2 and ask permission to make a general increase of 15 per cent in freight rates on classes and commodities because of the war and because the government enacted the law making eight hours as a railroad man's work day. Announcement was made by Atticus Mullin, secretary of the commission, that the case has been set for consideration at the July session.

Commercial organizations throughout the state have been notified in order that thy may protest. Six cases appear on the docket for the July session and indications are that the commission will be in session two weeks or longer.

Register Now, Avoid Penalties.

Unregistered persons may at any time voluntarily register at the registration boards in their home county and city, according to instructions received Thursday by Adjutant General G. J. Hubbard, from Provost Marshal General Crowder, in Washington. The telegram says:

"Advices received here from some of the States seem to indicate a misunderstanding as to the policy to be pursued in respect of persons who for any reason did not register themselves on June 5. Paragraph 50 of the regulations governing registration, makes it the duty of registration boards to register such persons, and no instructions modifying the duty have emanated from this office. So much of section 5 of the laws as defers until conviction, the registration of persons who have wilfully failed to present themselves for registration or to submit thereto, is construed as deferring only the compulsory registration of those who continually refuse to register.

"Unregistered persons may at any time voluntarily register at the registration boards in their home county and city. Persons who have thus far failed to register, shall be sought out and arrested by Federal, State, County or Municipal police and shall forthwith be given the opportunity to register. All arrests made by State, County and municipal police, shall be reported to the nearest representative of the Federal Department of Justice. Those whose failure to register due to inattention, or lack of information, or misunderstanding shall be released as soon as they have been registered and those whose failure to register has been due to recalcitrance or wilful disobedience of the law, shall be bound over for trial by the Federal authorities."

Town of Altoona Held Illegal.

The Supreme Court has decided that the incorporation of the town of Altoona, Etowah County, is illegal because the description of the area to be incorporated is indefinite.

The case of the State of Alabama ex rel T. D. Wagnon vs. the Town of Altoona was reversed and remanded. The purpose of the proceedings was to dissolve the corporation of Altoona and to oust the mayor and aldermen. The case was appealed from the Etowah County Circuit Court.

Gins Cannot Make Discrimination.

When a ginning company makes a rule that it will not gin cotton for any person who refuses to sell it the cotton seed even at market prices it violates the public policy of the state relating to free trade and may be required by mandamus to change the rule, according to a decision of the supreme court rendered in the case of the Tallassee Oil and Fertilizer company vs. H. S. and J. L. Holloway, appealed from the Elmore circuit court.

High Courts End Hearing.

All divisions o fthe supreme and appellate courts have concluded their hearings for the spring term and the judges of the two high courts have gone into recess.

Appeal is Turned Down.

The Alabama public service commission has denied the petition of citizens of Mobile and of Tuscaloosa, Ala., to reopen the Southern railway case.

Bank Decision.

Judge Gaston Gunter has granted a temporary injunction preventing W. L. Lancaster, state treasurer, from disposing of certain securities of the Alabama Fidelity Mortgage and Bond company for the satisfaction of a judgment obtained against its predecessor, the Alabama Fidelity and Casualty company, in favor of the Jefferson County Savings bank until the courts can determine whether or not the present company is responsible for the obligations of the former company.

THE SHIELDING SHADOW

AUTHOR OF "BEYOND THE FRONTIER," "MAID OF THE FOREST," "MY LADY OF THE NORTH," ETC.

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BY RANDALL PARRISH

SYNOPSIS.

Adventurous Jerry Carson embarks in search of hidden treasure with the promise of Leontine Walcott to be his wife on his return. Her father favors Sebastian Navarre. Jerry's ship is burned, he is reported lost. Jerry suddenly turns up to confront charges of the Navarres against him. In a struggle for a forged paper Diego Navarre is killed and Jerry is convicted of the murder. He escapes, and finds the treasure and a wonderful chemical pellet. Leontine is forced to marry Sebastian. On the honeymoon, he attacks her in a rage. Suddenly he is confronted by a weird apparition. Ravengar forces a confession from Louie. Sebastian attempts to get it. An earthquake occurs; in the excitement, Red Finn steals the confession and flees. He appears in New York as Romanoff and enlists the aid of Madame Bianca. Leontine confronts her husband in the gambling house. Romanoff attempts to kidnap Sebastian and Leontine, but Ravengar appears to thwart him. Bianca and her thugs are puzzled by Ravengar's repeated escapes and returns to his cellar prison. Leontine consents to accompany Hamilton on a balloon ascension. Sebastian drugs Hamilton and arranges to have Leontine set adrift in the balloon. The balloon burst into flame and Leontine finds that her companion is Ravengar. They are rescued, but One-Lamp Louie reports that they perished in a hurricane. Sebastian arranges to marry Bianca. Louie prevents it to save himself and is thrown to death by Sebastian who changes his marriage plans. He sees Leontine alive and well. Later Sebastian has Leontine kidnaped. Ravengar delivers Leontine from the hands of her enemies, but Bianca's thugs capture him. Bianca hesitates to kill him as she is passionately in love with him. By maintaining that Leontine is insane, Sebastian again gains possession of her. Ravengar, after a terrific battle, rescues her, but the mystic mantle which renders them invisible, is stolen. Bianca's thugs corner Ravengar and Leontine in a shack. Bianca defends Ravengar. He escapes and recovers the invisible mantle. Out of revenge the thugs dynamite the shack. Ravengar offers Sebastian his freedom in exchange for the confession; as the police arrive Sebastian escapes. Ravengar takes Leontine to his laboratory to explain a mystic pellet. Sebastian steals the pellets, and the mantle.

THIRTEENTH EPISODE

The Hidden Menace.

As Leontine knelt there Ravengar disappeared.

He was gone in a moment, before her eyes, and before the eyes of the group of doctors and hospital assistants who had run up to the scene of the fighting.

She rose to her feet with a cry. The hospital staff stared about them in amazement.

"Where is he?" cried everyone.

"He is gone!" cried Leontine. "He has been kidnaped. Come to the police station. We can do nothing more now. I know—"

She broke off. What could she say? How could she explain the matter in a way to carry conviction?

They followed her to the police station, and there the difficulty was intensified. The police listened to her story in incredulous surprise, until Leontine, realizing the futility of what she was trying to say, became silent. She had caught the looks that were interchanged, looks suggestive and hinting as to her condition of mind.

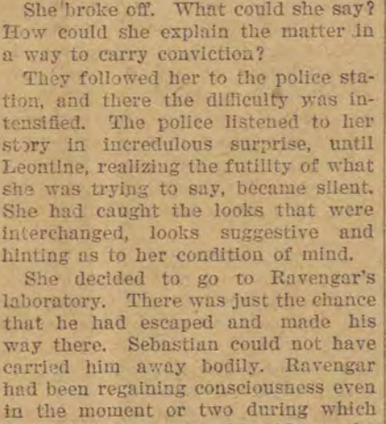
She decided to go to Ravengar's laboratory. There was just the chance that he had escaped and made his way there. Sebastian could not have carried him away bodily. Ravengar had been regaining consciousness even in the moment or two during which Leontine had knelt at his side on the floor of the hospital.

She ordered a taxicab and drove toward the laboratory.

Meanwhile a little scene was taking place in the street in front of the building. Mr. Patrick McGuire, who had nothing in particular to do, was watching some street urchins quarreling over a find which they had picked up in the street. It was, in fact, nothing else than the bottle of pellets.

One of them, a boy of seven or eight years, had pounced upon it and picked it up. He looked very greedy eyes at the dark bean-like objects, apparently chocolate-coated, which lay in his hands.

He was about to convey one of them to his mouth when an older boy



Ravengar Saves Leontine From the Burning Laboratory.

snatched the bottle and pellets from him.

As the elder boy held the bottle tantalizingly aloft, the little fellow squared his fists for the fray. He leaped at him, and in a moment the two boys were at it, hammer and tongs.

"Go to it, fellers!" said Mr. McGuire, watching them with an amiable grin.

The little fellow was a good fighter. They rolled over and over in the mud, hammering each other for all they were worth. A policeman strolled along and, quickening his leisurely pace, came up to them.

"Get out of that!" he said.

The boys, terrified by the law, disappeared promptly, leaving the bottle of pellets lying in the road. Mr. McGuire strolled forward and appropriated the spoils of war. He looked at the bottle and at the loose pellets, which, coated with dust, appeared like chocolate-coated beans. Then he walked a few yards to a house in the rear of the laboratory, where some women were hanging up clothes.

"Hey, Mrs. Spielburger, see what that kid of yours was trying to eat!" he said.

At that moment Leontine suddenly appeared on the scene.

"Give me that bottle," she cried. "It's mine. I lost it and I have been looking for it. It contains a rare medicine. I will give you fifty dollars for it."

Pat eyed her in astonishment. "Did youse mean that, lady?" he demanded.

"Yes."

Pat placed the bottle in Leontine's hands. At that moment an extraordinary thing happened.

Two hands, apparently materialized out of the air, closed over Leontine's and attempted to wrest the bottle from her. Leontine screamed and fought for it. She looked up into two eyes—nothing but eyes. They were Sebastian's.

The German woman, her neighbor, and Pat McGuire watched the struggle in consternation, too terrified to scream. Leontine's hands were slowly opening under the pressure of Sebastian's. She let the bottle fall.

Patrick McGuire darted forward and picked it up. As he stood with his hand clenched tight about it the hands in the air began to close about his wrists.

Pat wrenched himself free, stooped down, and picked up a wash-stick that was lying in the yard. Still holding the bottle tightly in his left hand, with his right he began striking about in every direction. There was the sound of the stick descending upon a skull, and a distinct arrest of its movement through the air, which would have sounded comical under other circumstances.

In a few moments Pat stood, the stick still brandished in an attitude of defiance, clutching the bottle of pellets victoriously in his hand. But the hands of the spirit had disappeared.

Pat, with a bow, handed the bottle to Leontine.

"Keep it for me," she said. "Guard it in a safe place until I am ready for it, and I will pay you five hundred dollars instead of fifty."

"Foive hundred, is it?" cried Pat. "Sure, lady, for foive hundred dollars I'll fight all the ghosts in Christendom."

"I'll come for it soon."

"Sure, and I'll go with you, lady," answered Pat.

It occurred to Leontine at that moment that she did not know where to go. To return to Sebastian's house, even though he would never dare to go back, was impossible. She decided upon a hotel for women, located in an inconspicuous part of the city.

"You can see me to the subway, then," she said.

Pat started off at her side in the attitude of a protector. It was not a long walk, but it required passing through a slum region and over a high railroad bridge.

Under the bridge ran the river, and along the river bank was the railroad.

At the approach to the bridge was a tool house, used by a construction gang. Against the wall an iron crowbar was leaning. Suddenly Leontine screamed and caught Pat by the arm.

Unseen hands had silently picked up the crowbar and poised it on high. At that instant it was descending with fearful force toward the Irishman's head.

Leontine tried to pull Pat back. But Pat, who seemed to miss nothing, started forward with wonderful agility, and the bar passed within an inch of his skull and shoulders and thudded upon the ground. Next moment Pat had leaped at his assailant.

They fought all over the bridge sidewalk, gradually being carried further and further toward the middle of the bridge, so that now they were fighting over the river beneath. Pat struggled with all his power, but he was no match for his antagonist. He was thrown bodily over the bridge.

The Irishman went under immediately. Then, as Leontine leaned over the rail, sick with horror, she perceived a rowboat with two men in it approaching the spot rapidly.

But before it reached the spot Pat's head appeared above the waves. He nodded briskly, and his arm went out in the movement of a swimmer. Pat had survived his fall, and in a minute he was being hauled into the boat.

Leontine began running along the bridge at the top of her speed. She reached the farther end, and, a minute or two later, was standing upon the wharf, toward which the rowboat was making its way, conveying Pat.

"You are not hurt?" cried Leontine.

"I guess it'll take more than a ghost to put Patrick McGuire out of business," answered the dripping Irishman with a grin.

"And the bottle—the bottle?"

"Sure, miss, I lost it in the water," answered Pat in abject contrition.

Leontine was downcast. "Well, never mind. The shadow didn't get it," she answered.

She gave Patrick her card. "I shall send you a check as soon I get home," she said. "Five hundred dollars, because you did your best and risked your life for me."

"Sure, and that wasn't nothing," answered Pat cheerfully. "I'd foight that ghost again, any time, just for the look in your bright eyes, lady."

Leontine had not reflected on one thing. A bottle will float. If she had waited—if Pat had waited. But that was just where they failed in the moment of success.

Slowly the bottle traveled upon the lapping waves. It was making toward the pier, half submerged, but easily resting in the water. Nobody seemed to notice it—and yet one person noticed it.

For, as it came to rest against the support of the pier nearest to the wharf, a pair of hands, wholly detached from any arm, came forward and picked the bottle out of the water.

* * * * * * *

Sebastian had picked Ravengar up bodily and hurried out of the hospital with him, the mantle securely enwrapping the pair of them. With a great effort he placed him in a taxicab which was standing outside. Leaving him covered, he went to the chauffeur with instructions to take him to a certain place where he knew he could find rest and a breathing space.

It was the upper floor of a garage on a small estate near the city, which he owned under an assumed name.

Upon this estate, in a cottage about a quarter of a mile from the garage, connected with it by wire, he had a chauffeur and caretaker and his wife. They knew Sebastian only by his alias.

Leontine had discovered the existence of this place, much to Sebastian's regret.

Sebastian dismissed the taxicab, and the chauffeur drove away, quite ignorant that he had conveyed more than one person to the garage. Sebastian had meanwhile removed Ravengar, who was still half conscious. He carried him up the stairs to the room above the garage. Then he bound him hand and foot and stood gazing at him triumphantly.



"Give Me That Bottle," She Cried.

At last he had his enemy in his power. And he meant to make full use of that power.

But he could not remain there to exact his vengeance. He must follow up Leontine. He administered a powerful South American drug, which would prolong the period of Ravengar's unconsciousness for a definite time. Then, leaving Ravengar bound, he hurried downstairs, opened the door, locked it behind him, and went off in search of his wife.

It was a novel experience for Sebastian, stalking through the city streets wrapped in invisibility.

He did not find Leontine at the hospital. But he met her at the back of the laboratory, with the results already indicated. He fought with Mr. Patrick McGuire, receiving some stunning blows from the wash-stick, he threw him bodily over the bridge, only to see him rescued by the rowboat's occupants. And, finally, he found the bottle of pellets floating against the support of the bridge.

He had achieved his purpose. Triumphantly he hastened back to the garage.

He found Ravengar just awakened from the effects of the drug. He stood over him and surveyed him, his eyes blazing with triumph.

"I've got you," he said. "I guess you're pretty helpless now. What are you going to do about it?"

"It looks to me as if it's up to you, Senor Navarre," responded Ravengar.

"It's not up to me, it's up to you," answered Sebastian. "What's the use of these pellets? Come, you may as well tell the truth."

"I never tell anything but the truth," said Ravengar.

"That's sense," said Sebastian.

"When I tell anything," continued the other, from his position upon the floor.

"I guess you'll tell me all right," said Sebastian, with a threatening gesture. "The game's up, isn't it? I've got you, and I've got your cloak. And I've got your pellets. What more is there to get, except your life?"

Ravengar smiled again. "Go ahead," he answered.

"I'm not a murderer, except when I have to be. I don't care if you're living or dead. What I want is to know the secret of these pellets? What's the use of them? I heard you talking to my wife in your laboratory, but I didn't get what you said about the pellets, except that they're black. Well, I know they're black. Any fool can see that. But what am I going to do with them?"

"Eat them," suggested Ravengar. "They won't hurt you. All they'll do will be to make you black inside, and you're that already, friend."

Sebastian scowled again. It was humiliating to be taunted by a man whose life was at his mercy.

"See here," he said. "I'll give you your life if you'll tell me what the pellets are for. Why shouldn't you and I go into partnership? We are the only people who know the secret. There ought to be a fortune in it. If it's my wife that's in the way, take her. I'm through with her."

"No, you cur! I'll tell you nothing."

Sebastian glared at him; and then there came to him the saving thought.

"I guess you don't have to," he grinned. "How about that journal?"

Ravengar's face turned white. It was Sebastian's master-stroke.

"It's all in there. I'm going to get it and find out all about the pellets. And then I'll come back and decide what to do with you."

He kicked Ravengar savagely and went out again.

* * * * * * *

Leontine, having lost the pellets, as she thought finally, in the waters of the river, was in despair. Ravengar was gone, the cloak was in Sebastian's possession; never had her hopes seemed at a lower ebb.

But one thing remained—the journal. With that she might happen upon some clue. She made her way back to the laboratory.

Everything was just as she left it. Sebastian had not been there.

At that moment she made another mistake. She omitted to lock herself in. But she was thinking of nothing except the journal.

She hurried to the safe, knelt down in front of it, and had speedily set the combination. She took out the journal, which Ravengar had replaced there before his hurried exit.

Suddenly, as she began to read, she became conscious that she was not alone. She looked back. The room was apparently empty.

Smothering her fears, she read:

"To all whom it may be known:

"I, Joseph Dexter, scientist, have discovered here on the ledge of Ravengar two treasures. One is of gold, the other of far greater value. The first I found—it is that of Sir Henry Morgan, buccaneer; the second I have made. Here in my dead hand—for I am dying—it may be found. It is three black pellets. To the finder they mean power beyond the wildest dream of man. They are—"

Leontine started. This time she knew her instinct had not deceived her. She looked back—into the face of Sebastian. He had thrown off his cloak and stood confronting her, a mocking sneer upon his face.

"Give that to me," he said, advancing.

"You shall not have it!"

"Give it to me!"

She ran from him, but he followed her, caught her at the door, and wrested the journal from her hand, in spite of her furious struggles.

She snatched it back and rushed toward the safe, thrust it inside, and tried to slam the door. But the ponderous mass of steel moved slowly, and Sebastian grasped the journal again. As Leontine tried once again to grapple with him he flung her to the floor. She fell full length, striking her head against the corner of the safe, and lay there stunned.

Sebastian glanced about him. This time he meant to finish with Leontine.

The room was littered with opened packing cases, stuffed with straw and excelsior. The furniture was of the mission style, all slats and slabs of hard oak. Sebastian gathered chairs and tables together in the middle of the laboratory, heaping about them excelsior from the cases. He made a pile of the stuff half as high as the ceiling, carrying armful after armful from the boxes.

Then he looked at Leontine. She was regaining consciousness. Her lips moved. Struck with a sudden curiosity, Sebastian went toward her. She uttered one word:

"Ravengar!"

Furiously he struck a match and applied it to the piled up straw and wood shavings. The place was ablaze in an instant.

Sebastian strode from the room, locked the door on the outside, and put the key in his pocket. Wrapped in his invisible mantle, he descended the stairs.

* * * * * * *

Ravengar, lying bound within the garage, hardly felt the savage kick that Sebastian gave him. He was not thinking at all of his own danger, but of Leontine. She must have witnessed his mysterious disappearance at the hospital; she would be searching for him; she would go back to the laboratory and meet her husband there.

He must save her. And, as soon as Sebastian had taken his departure, he fought desperately to free himself from his bonds. But it was in vain.

Suddenly he stopped struggling and looked about him. Somehow there must be a means of escape. He had been in worse positions than this, and had got out of them.

On one side of the room he perceived two wires, evidently those of an electric bell connected with the house of the estate on which the garage stood.

Ravengar began working his way, wormlike, along the floor. He had to use his back and body muscles as a medium for self-propulsion. In time he reached the wires, sore and dusty. He raised his feet in the air, reclining on his back upon the floor.

His feet, tied together, were thus exactly opposite the two wires. With about three inches of freedom at the ankles, Ravengar began to move them up and down alternately, pressing back the wires against the wooden beam behind them. He worked in this way for ten minutes.

Now an observer might have detected what he was doing. He was trying to rub off the protective covering of the wires. At last the strands of copper wire were visible. Then, with a last effort Ravengar pressed his feet together, bringing the two wires into direct contact and making a short circuit.

He kept them thus for perhaps half a minute before falling back exhausted. And a half-minute peal of an electric bell would throw consternation or anger into the heart of the most independent janitor or watchman anywhere.

It worked in this case. Half a mile distant Sebastian's chauffeur was seated beside his wife, smoking, when the bell rang.

"Them boys have gotten into the garage again!" exclaimed the good woman. "I'd give 'em a taste of the stick, Henry."

Henry put down his paper, thrust on his cap, and sallied forth to wreak justice upon the youthful malefactors.

By the time he reached the garage he was hot with indignation. There was nobody below. He rushed upstairs, to encounter Ravengar lying upon the floor, bound.

"What—!" he began.

"Your mistress is in danger," said Ravengar. "I have been attacked and bound here. Don't wait to ask any questions, but unfasten me and get the car at once."

The chauffeur took out his knife and cut Ravengar's bonds. Ravengar struggled painfully to his feet.

"Who—?" the chauffeur began.

"Get the car out. I'll take you there," answered Ravengar.

They hurried down the stairs together. In a few minutes the car started. It whirled out of the estate and began to thread the city streets.

"Go faster," cried Ravengar in the chauffeur's ear. "Her life is in peril. I'll give you five hundred dollars if we are there in time to save her. And if any cop tries to stop you, drive over him!"

* * * * * * *

Leontine awoke to find the laboratory filled with smoke. At first she did not know where she was.

Then, in a flash, she remembered. She was in Ravengar's workshop, and Sebastian had come and seized the precious journal. But how long ago?

Dizzily she tried to find the door, but the place was filled with whirling, choking smoke clouds, and in the center was a broad tongue of flame, already spreading along beneath the ceiling, catching at the rafters, and sending out a shower of sparks. Under the window she heard excited cries.

Leontine groped her way to the window and looked out. A crowd was gathering, watching the smoke clouds pouring forth. A cluster of men, seeing her, cried to her to wait, to stay there, that the engines were coming.

But Leontine did not understand what they were saying. The window was so high above the ground that a leap would be to certain death. However, its position enabled her to remember where the door was. She ran back through the room, skirting the blazing fire, which was now extending shoots of flame in every direction. They licked at her dress hungrily, but she won clear and found the door.

It was locked. Leontine tore at the handle fruitlessly. She remembered that she had not locked it behind her. Then her husband had set the fire and locked her in, to murder her.

Her anger at his vileness revived her fainting body. She hammered at the door, she flung her fists against it with all her might. It was in vain. She could no more open it than if it had been made of steel.

In despair she sank down in front of it. She could hardly breathe now, and life seemed ebbing away. She thought of Ravengar, of Jerry, and the personalities of the two men seemed to blend and intermingle in her consciousness. Then she felt herself slipping out of life.

Suddenly she heard feet on the stairs. Outside the vast crowd was watching a man—Ravengar—who had



"It's the Lady That Promised Me $500 for Risking Me Loife for Her!"

burst into the back entrance and was staggering up the smoke-filled stairway.

He reached the laboratory door and set his shoulder against it. Once—twice—at the third lunge the solid mass splintered at the hinges and half opened. A cloud of smoke shot through with fiery streaks, rushed out. Through it Ravengar dimly made out the conscious form of Leontine.

He reached across the ruins of the door, picked her up in his arms, and staggered down the stairway again. The flames, released by the fall of the door, and blown inward by the draft from the open window, seemed all about him. They leaped at him like living things, but he went on, shielding Leontine in his arms, and carrying her as if she were no heavier than a child.

As the fire engines dashed up to the front entrance and began playing upon the flames, which threatened the entire building, Ravengar made his way out at the back, where the crowd was smaller. He rushed with his precious burden across the street and entered the yard of the German woman whose son had found the pellets.

"Give me some water!" he said breathlessly.

Mr. Patrick McGuire came bustling up, but Ravengar, not knowing him, impatiently ordered him away.

"Sure, it's the lady that promised me foive hundred dollars for risking me loife for her," he said.

The water was brought, and, perhaps at the touch of this on her forehead, perhaps at Pat McGuire's voice, Leontine opened her eyes and smiled. Then she stretched out her arms to Ravengar. And he, overcome with happiness, dropped on his knees beside her.

She remembered; and there was no need of further explanations. Their happiness was too intense. Each had believed the other dead.

"Dearest!" whispered Leontine into his ear.

"Sebastian took the cloak and the pellets," said Ravengar in a low voice.

"And he has the journal, too," answered Leontine. "But what does that matter when I have you?"

"You love me?" asked Ravengar incredulously.

"Yes," she acknowledged. "Do you remember long ago when you sought my love, and I told you that it was Jerry's, my dead lover's, of years gone by? Since then I have come to feel that in some way I can love you without profaning that love I promised Jerry to keep for him, dead or alive, forever. I have come to feel that it is what Jerry himself would wish, could he but know—that I should love you. It is as if some message had come to me from him in his grave, or rather in his heaven, telling me that in returning your love I do no wrong."

She paused and looked at him earnestly, then laid her hand upon his arm.

"Ravengar," she said, "once, when I asked you your name, you told me that you were my shielding shadow. Now tell me who you are, Ravengar, and why you shield me so."

She hung breathlessly upon his answer. Ravengar turned to her.

"Leontine," he said, "I will tell you at last who I am. I am—"

Suddenly he ceased speaking. He was looking toward a window of a tenement house across the street. At the window he had seen Sebastian, staring at him, the invisible cloak concealing all but the face. Sebastian had seen them.

Leontine, watching him with wonder, was surprised when Ravengar suddenly released her and dashed at full speed across the street.

(END OF THIRTEENTH EPISODE.)

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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

THE WAGON LICENSE TAX

We hear a great deal of discussion about the application of the new county road laws. Our people generally seem to be in a very open and inviting mood for the reception of whatever promises us better advantages in public roads and highways. It seems to be the general opinion that the new laws, when perfected and in effect, are good, and it is almost universallly accepted as true that when enforced, the several provisions will oring our county better roads and better facilities for making and maintaining them.

The only kick we have heard on the system is a weak little objection on the part of some saw mill men; and the strange part of it is that these mill men claim to base their opposition on the vehicle license clause, arguing that they oppose it, not because of any hardship or injustice which it works on the mill operators themselves, but that it is unjust to the farmers.

Now, it is indeed a new species of saw mill operators in Chilton County who raise up so readily to go out in defense of the farmers. However strange such a thing would be though, it would be at the same time very commendable to have these men help defend the farmers, in cases where they need defending.

But somehow, in this particular case, it looks to us very much like the mill man is "whipping the devil around the stump"; with the farmer whom he claims to be defending playing the part of the stump behind which he expects to shield himself from contact with the law.

The vehicle license does not place any burden at all on the farmer. Of course, if a farmer wants to haul lumber for two or three of the summer months, after he has "laid by" his crop, it is not unjust for him to contribute something for the up-keep of the road which he is to use. And he will not mind doing this, because in the first place it is right that he should do it, and in the second place, the better the road is the more he can make at his hauling.

It does place a burden on the saw mill man who operates a large number of lumber wagons, but happily, it is a just burden. It is nothing more than requiring him to fulfil a duty which he has heretofore been shunning—the duty of contributing materially to the up-keep of the roads which he continuously wears out by his excessive commercial lumber traffic.

The lumber men should not seek to further evade such duty under the disguise of an argument that the law, in the imposition of the license tax, is unjust to farmers, If it is unjust to the farmers, why have the farmers not said so? If it is unjust to the lumber hauler, let him base his objection on an argument that shows where in it is unjust. But if it is found to be good and commendable for all commercial heavy traffic over our roads to contribute thus to the upkeep of same, why, then let them do their part without a murmur, and not try to evade their duty by hiding behind somebody else.

The law was drafted with no other idea but absolute fairness to all, and likewise, everybody who is effected by its provisions should exercise nothing but fairness and honesty in complying with its provisions.

ONE-SIDED POLITICS

Many people in this state and the South are readers and in fact admirers of that splendid national publication, Colliers Weekly. Among its great wealth of literary matter published week after week, there is none more popular nor more interesting and truly masterful than the recent series of contributions by Julian Street, dealing with his so-called American Adventures.

Particularly are the last few numbers of his productions of interest to this section of the country, as he portrays the things he saw on his tour of Alabama and other southern states. Mr. Street does not deal with frivolous themes; his observations are deep and point out vital questions with his charming touch of vivid humor and pertinent portrayal of fact.

In this week's article he deals with "A Mississippi town," Columbus, and speaking broadly of the people in the South he says in part: "They need good newspapers. They need more good world news and national news, in place of county news and local briefs. In the whols South moreover there is need of general political news instead of biased news written always from inside the Democratic party."

We are glad to note this gem of truth in Mr. Street's article, as it brings us substantiation of a contention which we have made time and again. We of the South (few in number, however) who do not esteem the presumptory all-powerful saving grace of the Democratic party so highly; we who are ourselves southern, reaching such a conclusion as does Mr. Street, and making such a statement, are regarded lightly by our neighbors, the majority of whom have more faith in the "solid south" than we have. Consequently we are grateful to have a man of the breadth of mind of Mr. Street, voluntarily come out in such a strong vindication of our honest convictions.

What Senator Reed thinks of Hoover has been made known. What Hoover thinks of Senator Reed is not stated. Yet the debate on the food control bill in the Senate has again disclosed the fact that the most earnest of the opposition to the President's war plans comes from members of his own party and that, in this case, as with conscription and other fundamental proposals, it will be Republicans who will stand by the president. Nevertheless, we assume that Jimham Lewis and others of that ilk will continue to declare that a Republican voter who refuses to abandon his party and who will not vote for a Democratic candidate for Congress is a special election is for the Kaiser and against the President, for Prussianism and against liberty.

Hugh M. Dorsey, the Solicitor-Attorney, who made himself famous in the prosecution of Leo M. Frank for the murder of Mary Phagan, will, on next Saturday become Governor of the State of Georgia. He succeeds Governor Nat. Harris.

Just because they call them Fords, you needn't think a fellow can pour a jug of moonshine in one them and ford a creek fifteen feet deep at midnight, especially when he shoots at the bridge and misses it, and turns a sumersault down a ten-foot embankment.

Reports from Dallas County say that the corn crop is suffering severely for want of rain. In many instances the stalks are being cut for silage, because it is regarded as hopeless to make corn.

The new Exchange Hotel for Clanton will open for business next Saturday. The manager, Mr. Goodgame, states that everything will be in readiness, and he expects for his hotel to be second to none. He invites his friends to call around and inspect the place and eat with him when you are hungry.

We would hate to be a reformer and have the idea in aur conk that the welfare of the race depended on people doing as we wanted them to do.

FOR A WAR GOVERNMENT.

The wisdom of urging the formation of a war government by President is impressive. By discarding the party scheme, which prevents the selection of the best men in the country, the president could organize a government which would command confidence, and, we think, retain it.

This is not a war government. The men whe manage or who are supposed to manage the country's affairs in the most difficult and dangerous period were not chosen for their preeminent ability in the work which they now have to do.

The president may have been convinced, and may be convinced, that he selected able men of peculiar ability in the work he gave them, but he can hardly be convinced that he has the best men in the country, and he must be convinced that the country needs the best men.

With regard to Secretary Daniels, it is certain that the country has small confidence in his ability to administer naval affairs. Daniels is an admirable man, energetic, and no doubt conscientious, but if he was not the man for the navy before the war, what possible opinion could be held of his fitness now?

The government ought to utilize Colonel Roosevelt. The country must be inspired and its confidence must be strengthened. Roosevelt's worst enemies will concede that he has a dynamic effect upon morals. He knows how to develop enthusiasm. He also is an executive. He knows the navy.

We are not selecting places for the Colonel but we know that he ought to be used, and if he succeeded Daniels it would be known that the government had but one intent, and that to win the war.

Great Britain could not conduct the war upon party lines, and did not try to do so very long. It could not conduct the war without the aid of its best men, and the process of elimination went on, regardless of party and personality, until men were fitted in where they belonged.

We shall be forced to do the same thing, we believe, and the wisdom of doing it early seems undeniable.—Chicago Tribunc.

SPY, TRAITOR OR PATRIOT

A Senate committee is now endeavoring to find out who wrote to Senator Frelinghuysen telling about the defective amunition which was furnished to the steamship Mongolia and which caused the death of two Red Cross Nurses. Josephus Daniels says the writer is either a spy or a traitor. That he had access to information which was lodged in the confidentiol files of the navy department is clear—this might make him a spy. That he communicated this information to an anonymous letter-writer in Detroit is a fair deduction—this might make him a traitor. That the information came into the hands of a Senator who took immediate steps to find out the truth is certain—this may make the writer a patriot. For it is sure that the one thing most to be desired in this war in all of its phases is that the navy—and the army as well—shall be efficiently officed, adequately supplied and protected against the handicap of inferior fighting weapons. In the first Balkan War, the Turkish army found, on going into action against the Bulgars, that German contractors had foisted cartridges with wooden bullets upon the Young Turks; and the consequent disaster was irreparable. No such coarse work will attend even the most greedy of American contractors, we feel sure; yet the inferior shells which exploded with fatal results on Mongolia may be found elsewhere in our arsenals. It will do no harm to know who made these shells, when they were made, and wherein they were defective. This knowledge may save many lives in the future—and the man who has caused this knowledge to be brought out may prove to be a patriot of a very practical order.

The Steel Corporation, soul-less, being as it is, has declared an extra dividend of one per cent upon its common stock and has asked its stockholders to contribute the entire sum to the Red Cross. If they accede to the suggestion, the Red Cross will get five and a half millions toward the hundred millions which it is striving to raise. The outcome will become interesting. It will demonstrate whether the steel stockholders, having received this bit of "velvet", will send it on its way as the heartless directors of the corporation would desire; and that, in turn, will show whether "big business" or the little fellow has the broader view of national necessities and obligations.

If the authorities in charge of this government at Washington want to exert the greatest possible individual force toward winning the war, let them utilize the tremendous manpower of our greatest fighter, Colonel Roosevelt.

The nations of Europe have long since learned that they could not conduct their war along partisan lines.

They know that the energies of all parties must be concentrated. Knowing these things as they do, and knowing what a war power we have in Col. Roosevelt, how do you suppose that France and England regard our petty schemes to squelch Mr. Roosevelt because of narrow political enmity?

These Warm Days Call for COOL CLOTHES

Come in and inspect our line of

Ladies' and Gents Furnishings

For Summer Werr—Our Stock has never been more Complete

We have a swell line of NEGLIGEE SHIRTS, and can fit you up in any or all sizes.

Mens and Boys Summer Underwer

We have a big line of these Garments, in Union Suits, in both the short and ankle lengths. And all of our goods are guaranteed to please you.

The Big Bargain Store

Clanton Mercantile Co.

CLANTON, ALA.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

Of the Peoples Savings Bank, located at Clanton, Ala., at the close of business June 20, 1917.

RESOURCES

Currency,	7620.00
Gold,	1560.00
Silver, Nickels and Pennies,	951.72
Checks and cash items,	252.11
Cash items in Transit,	1173.26
Due from Banks in this state	67588.65
Due from Banks in other states,	14816.86
Total,	93962.60
Bonds and stocks owned by Bank (Liberty Loan),	4000.00
Loans and Discounts,	77339.47
Demand Loans,	10150.00
Overdrafts,	352.88
Banking House,	2700.00
Furniture and Fixtures,	1880.14
Grand Total,	190385.09

LIABILITIES

Individual deposits,	126065.81
Time Certificates,	13980.03
Cashier's Checks,	3163.57
Certified Checks,	7029.41
Due Banks in this state,	none
Due Banks in other states,	none
Due unpaid dividends,	50.00
Total Deposits,	150.288.82
Capital Stock paid in,	15000.00
Undivided profits less current expenses and taxes paid,	25096.27
Notes and Bills Payable,	none
Grand Total,	190385.09

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

Before me came Jno. A. Thomas, Vice-President and Cashier of The Peoples Savings Bank, Clanton, Ala., who being duly sworn, says that the above and foregoing statement is true and gives the actual condition of said Bank, as shown by the books on file in said Bank.

JNO. A. THOMAS,
Vice-Pres. and Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 26th day of June, 1917.

H. M. SIMPSON,
Register of Circuit Court in Equity.

ATTEST:
W. T. Callen.
E. E. Upchurch.
J. B. Downs.
Directors.

PICNIC AT BRUCES GROVE ON THE FOURTH OF JULY.

There will be a basket picnic at the Bruce Grove one mile north of Clanton on the Fourth of July. Everybody is invited to come and bring baskets of dinner and have a good time.

INSTRUCTIONS ON CANNING

We call your attention to the article in this week's Union-Banner, which contains instructions from the U. S. Department of Agriculture on methods of canning applicable for use in the South. We publish only a part of the article this week. It will be continued next week.

CANNING WITHOUT SUGAR

Washington, D. C., June 25.—Fruit for use in pie or salads or as stewed fruit can be put up or canned without the use of any sugar at all, according to the canning specialists of the Department. They, therefore, advise those, who because of the high price of sugar, have been thinking of reducing the amount of fruit they put up, to can as much of their surplus as they can by the use of boiling water when sugar syrup is beyond their means. Any fruit, they say, may be successfully sterilized and retained in the pack by simply adding boiling water instead of the hot syrup. The use of sugar, of course, is desirable in the canning of all kinds of fruits and makes a better and ready sweetened product. Moreover, most of the fruits when canned in water alone do not retain their natural flavor, texture and color as well as fruit put up in syrup. Fruit canned without sugar to be used for sauces or deserts must be sweetened.

Directions for Canning Fruits Without Syrup.

Can the product the same day it is picked. Cull, stem, or seed, and clean the fruit by placing it in a strainer and pouring water over it until it is clean. Pack the product thoroughly in glass jars or tin cans until they are full; use the handle of a table spoon, wooden ladle, or table knife for packing purposes. Pour over the fruit boiling water from a kettle, place rubbers and caps in position, partially seal if using glass jars, seal completely if using tin cans. Place the contents in a sterilizing vat such as a wash boiler with false bottom, or other receptacle improvised for the purpose.

If using a hot water bath outfit, process for thirty minutes, count the time the water has reached the boiling point; the water must cover the highest jar in container. After sterilizing remove packs, seal glass jars, wrap in paper to prevent bleaching and store in a dry, cool place.

If you are canning in tin cans it will improve the products to plunge the cans into cold mater immediately after sterilization. When using a steam pressure canner instead of the hot water bath, sterilize for 10 minutes with five-pounds of steam pressure to go over 10 pounds.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

State of Alabama, Chilton County. Probate Court. June 23rd, 1917.

In the matter of the estate of J.F. Lewis deceased. This day came Lula E. Lewis, administratrix of the estate of said deceased, and files account, vouchers, evidence, statement for final settlement of his said administration.

It is ordered that the 14th day of July, 1917, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons intersted can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

Witness my hand, this 23rd day of June, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

What Do You Know About Your Blood Supply?

Your ignorance may startle you.

Few people know of the many functions of the blood supply, and just how important it is that it be kept absolutely free from all impurities. The health of the entire body depends upon the condition of the blood. You are invited to write and obtain a booklet that gives you some invaluable information on this important subject. It tells how to keep the blood strong and free from the many impurities to which it is constantly subject.

It gives the history of S. S. S., the world's most successful blood remedy, which has been sold for more than fifty years by druggists everywhere. This book will be sent free to all who write to Swift Specific Co., Dept. A Atlanta, Ga.

Thrashing Machine

Brand New Outfit Ready for Business

When your grain crop is ready to thrash out you should make arrangements to have the work done by my brand new and most up-to-date outfit.

I am ready for operation now, and am prepared to go where the people want me to.

I guarantee the work done by my machine and assure you perfect satisfaction.

Later in the season I will add a peanut and velvet bean thrash to my outfit.

Call on me when you need your grain thrashed.

D. H. GENTRY

CLANTON, ROUTE 4.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

A. C. Smith B. Guy Smith
SMITH & SMITH
Attorneys At Law
General Practice
Clanton, - - - - - Alabama.

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in Hopkins Bldg.
Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women & Surgery
CLANTON, ALA.

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

F. B. COLLIER
Attorney at Law
Office in the Johnson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. A. B. BAXLEY
Optometrist
Office in Mullins Bldg.
Clanton, Ala.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

Watch your label.

Announcing Opening of

The Exchange Hotel

Located in the New Hayes Building.

I wish to announce to my friends and former patrons that I am prepa r i n g for the opening of Clanton's newest and most up-to-date hostelry, "THE EXCHANGE HOTEL," and will be ready to accommodate the public by next Saturday. You are invited here to get your meals and lodging.

W. H. GOODGAME, Proprietor.

Driving the brain starts the pain



Over-work, worry and the constant strain of a business life are often a cause of much trouble.

Dr. Miles' Nervine

is highly recommended for all Nervous disorders. It is particularly invaluable to business women. Regulate your bowels by using

DR. MILES'
LIVER PILLS

IF FIRST BOTTLE, OR BOX, FAILS TO BENEFIT YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

NERVOUS ATTACKS.

"I suffered with nervous attacks and headaches. Then my liver got out of order and it seemed as though my whole system was upset. I commenced using Dr. Miles' Nervine and also took Dr. Miles' Liver Pills and now I feel perfectly well in every way. My bowels also are in good shape now."

MRS. AUGUSTA KEISER,
1149 Portland Ave.,
Rochester, N. Y.

The Coming Baby

Every help that will tend to aid the expectant mother and foster the well-being of the tiny infant should be promptly rendered.

The time before childbirth is one of much discomfort. This is caused in a large measure by the tightening and straining of the abdominal tissues, as well as the network of cords, ligaments and muscles in that part of the body.

For many years thousands of women have successfully used the preparation known as "Mother's Friend." It is safe and dependable to be used by every prospective mother. A famous physician formulated the preparation. "Mother's Friend" is for external use, and is composed of special oils and other ingredients which have a penetrating and softening effect. Relief from much of the pain at the crisis is found.

Any woman awaiting childbirth should secure a bottle of "Mother's Friend" from her druggist, when the abdomen first begins to expand. No time should be lost in beginning its use. Apply it night and morning without fail. Address Bradfield Regulator Company, Dept. B, 554 Atlanta, Ga., for valuable guide book; it is free.

No matter how old or how homely a woman may be, you can flatter her by calling her a flirt.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF SETTLEMENT.

The State of Alabama, Chilton County. Probate Court. May 29, 1917.

In the matter of the estate of John W. Gullahorn, deceased, This day came H. A. Harris, Administrator of the Estate of said deceased, and files his account, vouchers, evidence, statement for final settlement of his said Administration.

It is ordered that the 7th day of July, 1917, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

Witness my hand this, 29th day of May, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate

Mother has no idea of knocking father—oh, dear, no! But she often tells daughter that she hopes she will marry better than she did.

In every home where a baby is there should also be a bottle of McGEE'S BABY ELIXIR. It may be needed at any time to correct sour stomach, wind colic diarrhoea or summer complaint. Ot is a wholesome remedy, contains no opium, morphine or injurious drug of any kind. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

SEASHORE EXCURSIONS

EVERY SATURDAY
JUNE 2 TO SEPT. 1



From Clanton. Ten-Day Return Limit.

Pensacola -	$7.15	Magnolia Spgs.	$9.50
Pascagoula	- 8.00	Ocean Spgs.	- 8.35
Biloxi -	- 8.40	Gulfport	- - 9.00
Pass Christian	- 9.15	Bay St. Louis	- 9.30

J. A. HESTER, Ticket Agent, Clanton

L&N

Also on sale daily until October 15th, regular round trip Summer Tourist Tickets to Gulf Coast Resorts at slightly higher fares with return limit of October 31st.

SHERIFF'S SALE—REAL ESTATE

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed whereby I, as Sheriff of said County, was commonded to make the sum of five thousand, six hundred ninety-seven and thirty-seven hundredths dollars, principal and interest, and seventeen and twenty-five hundredths dollars, costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the November term, 1916, of said court of said county, Alabama, in favor of First National Bank of Birmingham, Ala., against E. A. Matthews, et als, I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the court house door of said county, between the hours of 11 o'clock, a.m. and 4 o'clock, pm., on **Monday. the 16 day of July, 1917** all the right, title and interest of the above named E. A. Matthews, W. H. Sartor, P. D. Wilson, N. A. Kicker, et als, in and to the following described real estate, viz:

(Four-fifths of undivided interest in and to the following described property:)

The following described real property, lying and being situated in the Town of Clanton, Alabama, towit: a certain parcel of land west of the S. & N. Alabama Ry., described as follows towit: Commencing at a point on the line of the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., 210 feet south of the intersection of said right of way and the main street, now known as Second Aveune, and running thence in a westerly direction, parallel with the main street, 485 feet, more or less, to the line of W. D. Sartor's land, said line of W. D. Sartor's land was known or existed on the 10th day of August, 1893, thence in a southerly direction, along the line of said Sartor land line, and a continuation thereof 300 ft., thence in an easterly direction parallel to said main street, 485 ft., more or less to said right of way, thence in a northerly direction along said right of way 300 feet to a point of beginning, being a part of land which was conveyed to John Randolph on the 12th day of February, 1902, by deed which is recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in Vol. 24 of record of deeds, on page 387; the said lot or parcel of land above described is known by the official map of the town of Clanton, Alabama, and marked upon said map, "E. Y. McMorris University School." (The words, "main street" wherever they appear in the foregoing description, refer to the street now known as Second Avnue.) And also a tract or parcel of land described as follows, towit: beginning at the NE corner of a certain lot west of the South & North Alabama. Ry., and south of and bordering on Second Ave., marked on the official may of the town of Clanton, "W.M. Wilson and Bro." and running thence east along Second Ave., 40 feet; thence south 210 feet to the lot marked on said official map, "E.Y. McMorris University School" thence west 40 feet thence north 210 feet to the point of beginning; and also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described and bounded as follows, towit: beginning at the SE corner of the lot marked on the official map of thettown of Clanton, Alabama, "E. Y. McMorris University School" and running thence west 160 feet, thence south 80 feet, thence east 40 feet, thence south 280 feet, thence east to the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry., thence north to the point of beginning; also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described as follows, towit: beginning at the NE corner of the lot marked on the official map of Clanton, Alabama, "E. Y. McMorris University School," and running thence west 30 feet, thence north 60 feet to the lot of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., thence east 30 feet to the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., thence south along the said right of way to the point of beginning; and also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described as follows: beginning at the SW corner of the lot marked on the official map of Clanton, Alabama, "E. Y. McMorris University School" and running south 20 feet, thence east to within 160 feet of the right of way of the South and North Alabama Railroad Company, thence north 20 feet to the south line of said "E. Y. McMorris University School" lot, thence west along said line to the point of beginning, also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Railroad, described as follows: beginning at the NW of the Episcopal Church lot on the south side of Second Ave. and running thence west along said Second Avenue 120 feet, thence south 210 feet, thence east 120 feet, thence north along said Episcopal church lot 210 feet to the point of beginning.

(Interest of W. I. Mullins is not conveyed by this sale.)

This 13th day of June, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at court house door, June 13th, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Pay your subscription to this paper.

C. REESE MULLINS
—Agent—

For Life and Fire Insurance, Accident and Health Insurance, Auto and Windstorm Insurance, Liability and Plate Glass Insurance. Bonding.

Singer Sewing Machines.

Regular office days Mondays and Saturdays.

Third door east of Post office.

CLANTON, ALA.

Methods of Canning to use in the South

Home Methods as Taught by the U.S. Department of Agriculture In the Southern States.

Can surplus food but use jars and cans wisely.

Don't have an empty preserving jar in your home next fall.

Reserve regular tight-sealing containers for canning food.

Concentrate products so that each jar or can will hold as much food and as little water as possible.

Put up jams, jellies and preserves in wide-necked glasses sealed with cork or paper and paraffin. Pick fruit juices in ordinary bottles.

Don't can anything that can be kept just as well dried or in other forms. Dry navy and mature Lima beans for winter use.

Produce in your garden lots of cabbage, potatoes, and food crops that can be kept for winter without canning—U. S. Department of Agriculture.

It is more important this year than ever before that none of the surplus products of the garden should go to waste. The country needs food now and it will need food next winter, not only for itself but for the allies.

Home canned products may never leave the house in which they are made, but their consumption at home will mean so much more food available elsewhere for those who need it. It is imperative also that the canning be done carefully as well as energetically in order to preserve the more perishable products.

In the method taught by the specialists of the U. S. Department of Agriculture to the members of the canning clubs in the South, the first step is to see that all the necessary preparations are made before the vegetables or fruit are picked. "One hour from the field to the can" is a motto that every canner should have in mind. This is impossible if one has to prepare utensils and wash and scald cans after the fruits and vegetables have been brought into the house. The conditions of these is a prime factor in determining the quality of the finished product. Unless they are absolutely fresh, crisp and clean when they are put into the cans, a high grade article is impossible.

Preparing the product for the Can.

In case of tomatoes the fruits should first be graded and defective ones rejected. They should be lowered into boiling water for one minute; then plunged into cold water and peeled promptly. A slender, pointed knife should be used to cut out the core, care being taken not to cut into sed cells.

The next step for nearly all vegetables is blanching. This consists of plunging the product into boiling water in which it is allowed to remain for a time that varies with the state of maturity. Blanching gives a more thorough cleaning than ordinary washing, removes the strong odor and flavor from certain kinds of vegetables, improves the texture, insures a clear liquor, shrinks the article and makes it more flexible, and in this way facilitates the putting up of a full pack. A wire basket or cheesecloth square should be used for the purpose. After blanching, spraying fruit with cold water will make it firmer and it is also sometimes desirable to put vegetables into cold water for an instant in order to make them crisper.

Legal Requirements for Selling of Canned Foods.

Since the Federallaws governing the interstate shipment of food require cans to be filled as full of food as is practicable for processing, and to contain only enough liquor to fill the squares and cover the contents, it is necessary to see that all the cans are filled to a maximum capacity. A number of continers chould be weighed before and after filling in order that an accurate idea idea of the average net weight—in other words, the weight of the contents eyclusive of the cans—may be obtained. It should also be remembered that corn expands in processing to such an extent that containers filled with it can not be packed as full as with other vegetables. The cans should be marked with a pencil or knife to show contents. The necessity for this work should be foreseen so that there may be no delay and that the filled cans do not stand for any length of time before the air is exhausted from them.

After the fruit or vegetable is in the can, brine, sirup, or water should be added to within ¼ of an inch of the top and the can shaken gently to displace all air within. The groove around the opening is then cleaned and wiped and the cap slipped on. In order to make sure that the contents of the can have the required weight, the container should be weighed carefully before sealing.

If the weight is satisfactory, flux should be applied carefully around the groove with a small brush or cord, or a little mop made by tying a piece of clean white cloth around the end of a small stick. Great care must be taken to see that none of the flux enters the can. The clean, hot clapping steel is then applied, the cap being held in place with the center rod. As the steel is lowered it should be turned steadily until the solder flows. Hold the rod firmly and lift the steel with a sudden twist to swing the melted solder evenly around the groove.

Exhausting and Sterilizing.

The next step is to exhaust the air from the cans. To do this they should be placed in trays and lowered into boiling water to within one inch of the top. Ordinarily three minutes is long enough for the cans to remain in the water, which need not be brought again to the boiling point before the cans are taken out. A temperature of 180 degrees F. is frequently sufficient for exhausting. A failure to exhause results in the air which is left in the can expanding. This causes the can to bulge and gives the appearance of a "swell" which will not only prevent the sale of that can, but prejudices customers in future. The leaders in the government canning work insist that wherever the "4-H Brand" is used, exhausting shall be done.

After exhausting the small hole in the top of the can must be closed immediately. To do this apply flux as far capping and use a little wire solder to close the hole. Hold the solder with the left hand near the hols and barely touch the hot copper to it, so that only a bead will drop.

(This article will be continued next week.)

Lots of men who have but one suit always leave their money in their other clothes when its their time to buy.

Coffins, Burial Supplies, Automobile Accessories For sale at

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.

CLANTON, ALA.

Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

r.s

I Want to Buy

Fresh Pork, and Beef Cattle

WHEN YOU HAVE ANY TO SELL, BRING THEM TO MY MARKET AND GET THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES.

I ALSO BUY HIDES, BUTTER, EGGS, AND OTHER PRODUCE.

MY PLACE IS NEXT TO THE PEOPLES BANK.

I HAVE A FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT NEXT TO MY MARKET, AND INVITE YOU TO CALL ON ME FOR MEALS.

G. W. MARCUS

Clanton, Ala.



Save several dollars per ton on roughage

NO matter how much or little you are paying for old style hulls you always can save several dollars per ton by buying

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE
COTTONSEED
HULLS
LINTLESS

You pay more for the old style hulls because you are paying for about a pound of lint to every three pounds of hulls.

You pay less for Buckeye Hulls because you pay only for hulls. The lint is sold separately.

Other Advantages

Buckeye Hulls are 100 per cent roughage.	Every pound goes farther.
They do not contain lint which has no food value.	They allow better assimilation of other food.
You get 2000 lbs. of real roughage to the ton—not 1500.	No trash or dust.
	Sacked—easy to handle.
	They mix well with other forage.

R. S. Parkham, Greenville, Ga., says:
"I feed about fifty cows and calves and use Buckeye Hulls very successfully. I consider Buckeye Hulls as good feed and cheaper feed than the old style hulls."

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K *The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.* Dept. K

Atlanta, Augusta, Birmingham, Charlotte, Greenwood, Jackson, Little Rock, Macon, Memphis, Selma

Too Sick To Work

Many Women in this Condition Regain Health by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Convincing Proof of This Fact.



Ridgway, Penn. — "I suffered from female trouble with backache and pain in my side for over seven months so I could not do any of my work. I was treated by three different doctors and was getting discouraged when my sister-in-law told me how Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had helped her. I decided to try it, and it restored my health, so I now do all of my housework which is not light as I have a little boy three years old." —Mrs. O. M. Rhines, Ridgway, Penn.

Mrs. Lindsey Now Keeps House For Seven.

Tennille, Ga.—"I want to tell you how much I have been benefited by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. About eight years ago I got in such a low state of health I was unable to keep house for three in the family. I had dull, tired, dizzy feelings, cold feet and hands nearly all the time and could scarcely sleep at all. The doctor said I had a severe case of ulceration and without an operation I would always be an invalid, but I told him I wanted to wait awhile. Our druggist advised my husband to get Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it has entirely cured me. Now I keep house for seven and work in the garden some, too. I am so thankful I got this medicine. I feel as though it saved my life and have recommended it to others and they have been benefited".—Mrs. W. E. Lindsey, R. R. 3, Tennille, Ga.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Had Best of It.

Stude—I'm all right, but I can't get my breath.

Prude — Well, you're extremely lucky.—Harvard Lampoon.

STOP THOSE SHARP SHOOTING PAINS "Femenina" is the wonder worker for all female disorders. Price $1.00 and 50c. Adv.

To businesslike landladies rumors are less interesting than roomers.

Ungrammatically speaking, a kiss is a conjunction.



Your Fruit Won't Spoil If You Use **GOOD LUCK RED RUBBERS**
They Fit All Standard Jars
Specially recommended for cold pack canning. Send 2c stamp for new book on preserving or 10c in stamps for one dozen rings if you cannot get them at your dealer's. *Address Department 54*
BOSTON WOVEN HOSE & RUBBER CO. Cambridge, Mass.

PUZZLE GET A LOT

Here are 9 squares. Can you put a figure (no two alike) in each square so as to make a total of 15 by adding them up and down and crossways? As an advertisement we will deed a lot 25 x 100 ft. at Atlantic City, Md., which has one of the finest beaches in the world, to any one (white race) solving this puzzle. Small fee for deed and expenses. Send your solution, with 4c in postage, for copy of prospectus to
THE OCEAN BEACH DEVELOPMENT CO.
206 N. Calvert St. (K-5) Baltimore, Md.

MEN AND WOMEN Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness often disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased. For good results use Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney medicine. At druggists. Sample size bottle by Parcel Post, also pamphlet. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents. When writing mention this paper.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC
Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores.

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers, or 6 sent by express prepaid for $1.00.



HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DE KALB AVE., BROOKLYN, N. Y.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

YOUNG MEN who are not selected for war may serve in postal service. Students prepared. Easy terms. Address Carl Freeman, 3419 Oregon Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

Old False Teeth Bought Will pay $1.00 to $10 set; older the better; crowns, bridgework bought. A. S. WIGHT, Box 846, Portland, Oregon

Attend College! Nine months' expenses and tuition $110. Degrees conferred. Location, health, ideal. Catalog, address College, Berry, Ala.

W. N. U., Birmingham, No. 26--1917.

Brazil Losing Rubber Trade.

One of the most striking economic changes in recent years has been the loss by Brazil of its dominant position in the rubber trade. Whereas, a few years back, the world looked to South America for most of its crude rubber, it is now getting the larger share from the far East. The Brazilian product is obtained from trees that grow wild, and little has been done toward cultivation of the trees. In Sumatra, Ceylon, Burmah and other countries millions of trees have been set out and are now coming into bearing. This domestic product is said to be slightly superior to that obtained from Brazil, and the trees improve with age. The financial loss to Brazil through its decreasing exports has become a serious matter.—New York Times.

Lemon Juice For Freckles

Girls! Make beauty lotion at home for a few cents. Try it!

Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white, shake well, and you have a quarter pint of the best freckle and tan lotion, and complexion beautifier, at very, very small cost.

Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply three ounces of orchard white for a few cents. Massage this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, arms and hands each day and see how freckles and blemishes disappear and how clear, soft and white the skin becomes. Yes! It is harmless. Adv.

Reason to Cry.

At a golden wedding recently an entertainment was given to the surrounding tenantry of the aged couple. At the close of the proceedings the host rose and relieved his feelings in an eloquent speech.

"Look at that, now, Pat," whispered an old Irishwoman, nudging her husband's elbow. "Did ye see the poor ould masther wid the tears in the eyes of him?"

"Shure an' why wouldn't he be croyin'?" was her husband's retort. "an' he married to the same woman fur fifty years!"

There Is No Art in Taking Medicine. Just follow directions on every bottle of "Plantation" Chill Tonic and see how quickly those dreadful chills will leave you. It leaves the liver in healthy condition and yet contains no Calomel. Price 50c.—Adv.

A Poor Finish.

"Would you believe it, I am a grandmother at thirty-two?"

"I believe that you are a grandmother, but you're spoiling your story by tacking on the statement of your age."

Indigestion produces disagreeable and sometimes alarming symptoms. Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills stimulate the digestive processes to function naturally. Adv.

A man who likes dogs will never fully understand the man who doesn't

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy
No Smarting—Just Eye Comfort. 50 cents at Druggists or mail. Write for Free Eye Book. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of the Sunday School Course in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR JULY 1

ISAIAH'S CALL TO HEROIC SERVICE.

LESSON TEXT—Isaiah 6

GOLDEN TEXT—Also I heard the voice of the Lord saying, Whom shall I send, and who will go for us? Then said I, Here am I; send me.—Isa. 6:8.

The lesson committee now turn for a third quarter's lesson to a series of studies in the Old Testament as found in II Kings, Ezra and Nehemiah. As an introduction, they have chosen this chapter in the book of Isaiah.

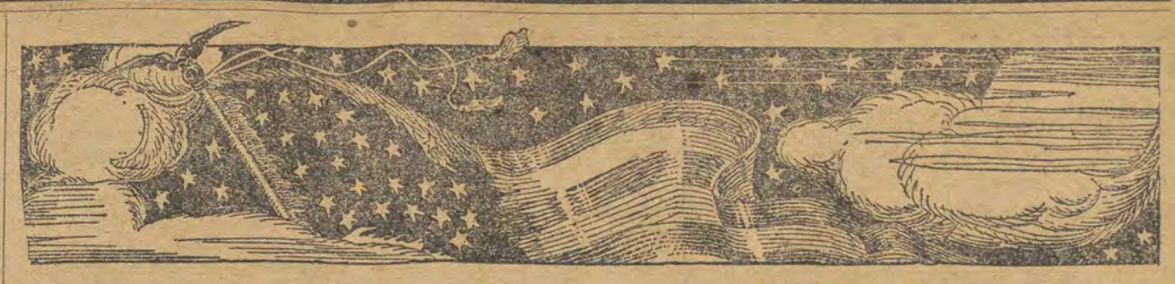
Isaiah prophesied in the latter half of Uzziah's reign, B. C. 760 and down to the early years of the reign of Manasseh about B. C. 694 (ch. 1:1). This event took place probably B. C. 755. The place was Jerusalem; the kingdom of Israel was still in existence (for 33 years longer) being utterly destroyed in B. C. 721. The name Isaiah means "the salvation of Jehovah;" his wife is called "the prophetess;" two of his sons are named and his social position was high, as shown by his intimacy with kings. Isaiah lived in troublous times. He was a reformer seeking to rescue his nation from the sins growing out of their disobedience to God. He was the leading statesman of his time, the greatest of the prophets, an author, a heroic, single-minded, patriotic, fearless, undaunted man of great personal power and influence. He was a prophet of hope; he wrote out of his long life of faithfulness and fellowship with God. The book of Isaiah falls into two great divisions; chapters 1-39 being chiefly historical, interspersed with songs and poems; chapters 40-66 are a collection of prophecies that have to do chiefly with the return from the Babylonian exile and the days of future glory for the kingdom of God.

I. Visions (vv. 1-4). As we have said, Isaiah prophesied in a time of great need. The prophet was very much discouraged. In this passage he locates his vision at a special time and place (ch. 1:1). Every man's great need today is a real vision of God. We are not so much in need of theories about God, as a vision of God himself. Uzziah's long reign of 52 years, in which the kingdom prospered and the king's name was spread abroad, stopped as suddenly as an earthquake, and his glory was eclipsed (see II Chron. 26:16-19). The place in which Isaiah saw his vision was the house of God. Perhaps not in the temple, but seeing the vision from the temple the prophet looks to a house not built with hands, Jehovah's own heavenly palace. Therein he saw "the Lord sitting on a throne . . . and his train filled the temple." Above it, or around it, were arranged hovering couriers and the seraphic choir. The majesty of this vision is indicated in verse two, its glory in verse three, and its power is indicated in verse four. The whole earth was filled with God's wondrous wisdom, love and power. Literally "the whole earth is full of his glory." The Hebrew word for holiness comes from a word meaning "to set apart—set a distance from." The holy Lord is not only sinless but he is sublime and absolute also. It may seem difficult to harmonize Isaiah's vision with John 1:18, yet these manifestations were one and the same, for all that saw Jesus saw God (John 14:9). King Uzziah was dead but the real king was living still, high and lifted up. The attempt to reason about him, what he must be and what he must not be, as if he were one of ourselves (Eph. 1:20, 21) is absurd.

II. Divisions (vv. 5-13). (I) The vision of the prophet (vv. 5-7). This vision brought conviction because it showed how far separated from God the prophet was. It also brought conversion in that he acknowledged himself to be unclean, himself and his surroundings to be vile. It also led to cleansing, for the king heard the voice of the prophet, removed his guilt and purged his sin. (2) The voice and proclamation from the king (vv. 8-13). The king called for a messenger (v. 8) and at once the prophet is found. Someone has said that "a task without a vision is drudgery; a vision without a task is a dream; while a task linked to a vision will move the world." Not only did the king ask for a messenger, but he gave the message which the messenger was to utter (vv. 9-12). The message [illegible] to be to his own people; it was not to be a pleasant one. Verse 13 shows us this message in prophecy. Isaiah ought to fully proclaim the truth, but the people would not understand it, and the whole effect of his proclamation would be to harden them.

The Application.

What is your application of this vision for Isaiah? We are a Christian nation, but there are many degrees and kinds of Christians; those who sincerely try to follow Jesus; those who live under a Christian government, and are unaffected by Christian influences. There is only one way to save this nation from going the way of Nineveh and Tyre; that is, that justice and righteousness shall govern and that justice and righteousness shall be the fruit of regenerated lives. The cry is for a better social environment and a more just social position.

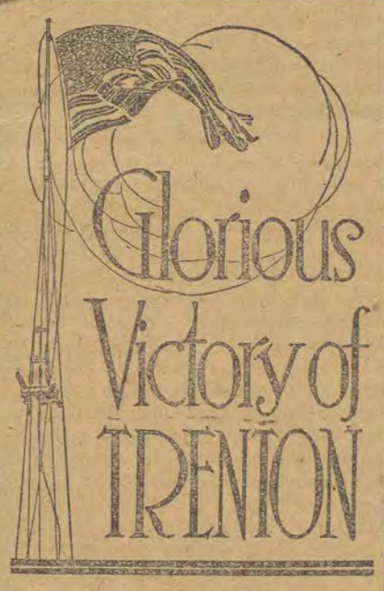


The GLORIOUS FOURTH



The dawn of the Fourth—the old annual story—
The nervous man's dread and the small boy's glory.
The east is yet gray when all the land rumbles,
And the small cannon pops and the big cannon grumbles;
And the torrid sun creeps through a blue haze of powder,
And the torpedoes snap and the cannons boom louder—
On the Fourth of July—
The old-fashioned Fourth of July.





Glorious Victory of TRENTON

The winter night is cold and drear,
Along the river's sullen flow;
The cruel frost is camping here—
The air has living blades of snow.
Look! pushing from the icy strand,
With ensigns freezing in the air,
There sails a small, but mighty band,
Across the dang'rous Delaware.

A rush—a shout—a clarion call,
Salute the early morning's gray;
Now, roused invaders, yield, or fall;
The worthy land has won the day!
Soon shall the glorious news be hurled
Wherever men have wrongs to bear;
For freedom's torch illumes the world,
And God has crossed the Delaware!
—Will Carleton.

THE winter of 1776, the year of the glorious Declaration of Independence, found the fortunes of the budding nation at their lowest ebb. Beaten, buffeted and broken, the little army of George Washington had been pushed beyond the Delaware. He had scarce 4,000 men to command, while Cornwallis and Howe, the British commanders, had six times that many scattered over New Jersey and New York.

Many Americans were becoming disgusted with the war. Even Washington's troops were disheartened and he faced the calamity of having all but 1,500 of them quit the service the first of the year, when their enlistment expired. To make matters worse, General Gates and some other high officers in the army were trying to influence congress against Washington. They used every argument they could to discredit their leader.

Brilliant Strategy.

But while almost the entire country was losing heart, Washington was planning a brilliant stroke to revive the patriotism of the people and the enthusiasm of his troops. He determined to strike a blow at the British forces in New Jersey, a dangerous thing to do, one must admit, when it is remembered that he was outnumbered six to one.

He was too wise a man to risk battle with the main British force. He decided to attack one of the detachments occupying the various cities of New Jersey. After careful deliberation he selected Trenton as the point to be stormed. It was nearest his own position across the river and the majority of the troops there were Hessians, German soldiers England had hired to fight in America. Cornwallis and Howe had gone to New York with their staffs, where social life and gayety was at a higher pitch than in the little New Jersey towns.

Left Trail of Blood.

Washington's plan was to cross the river Christmas night with a body of picked troops, a time when he thought the German commander, Colonel Rahl, and his officers and men would be carousing. He assembled the attacking force quietly on his side of the river.

Some of the troops Washington had ordered to join him failed to arrive at the crossing point in time. But despite that disappointment Washington pushed on. He determined to make the attack with the column he had accompanied. Washington's troops were so poorly clad on the march that day that a courier from General Gates in Philadelphia was able to trail Washington's force by bloody footprints in the snow. When men key their courage to that point nothing can stop them.

Patriots' Powder Spoiled.

Delay at the ferry made an attack before daylight impossible. Washington had hoped to surprise the British and Hessians. The river was filled with floating ice and it looked for a time as if most of the little army might be drowned in crossing. But fortune smiled on them and none was lost.

Once on the New Jersey side, at a point about nine miles from Trenton,



Washington Watching the Last of His Troops Land Before the Battle.

a terrific storm of snow and sleet drove into the faces of the soldiers. It soon ruined what little powder Washington's men had, so the order was passed to rely on the bayonet. Washington divided his men into two columns, one under General Sullivan and one under General Greene. They were to march by different roads and attack the British outposts simultaneously.

"Advance and Charge!"

General Sullivan became somewhat dubious about the outcome while on the march and sent a messenger to Washington to ask what should be done. "Advance and charge," was Washington's succinct reply. Washington said in his report the next day that he might have retreated at this time had he thought he could have crossed the river without being discovered by the British.

It was nearly eight o'clock before the American advance met the first British outposts. The latter were attacked quickly and driven back on the town without trouble. A rattle of musketry from the outposts announced the beginning of the battle. Wayne Whipple says in his "Life of Washington" that the Americans were so mad that morning that they would have attacked the British with broomsticks.

Washington's surmise about Colonel Rahl and his officers was correct. They had spent the night at the home of Abraham Hunt, drinking and making merry. Hunt had furnished them an elaborate Christmas supper. While the supper was in progress, late that night, a negro servant entered the room and gave Colonel Rahl a note. The latter thrust it in his pocket without looking at it. It was fortunate for America that he was too drunk to act properly, for that note was from a Tory warning him of Washington's approach.

Hessian Colonel Killed.

While the officers drank and sang Washington's men had fought their way into the outskirts of the town. The British cannon was captured and trained down the streets on their former owners. The sound of firing brought realization of the danger to Colonel Rahl and he rushed from the Hunt house to form his men. He was a brave man, but he had stayed too long at his merrymaking. More than a thousand Hessians had surrendered already. Colonel Rahl rallied some men and made a show of resistance. Almost the first fire wounded him mortally.

When the Hessians saw their commander fall, some of them started to retreat toward Princeton. But Washington sent a detachment to head them off and they soon surrendered.

Long before noon the Americans were in possession of the entire city and the British and Hessian prisoners were being transported across the river for safe-keeping. Washington sent couriers to congress with the joyful news. It spread quickly over the country and enthused the cause of liberty so well that Washington was able to hold his army together and face the British in the spring with determination and courage.

PLENTY TO EAT BUT NO APPETITE

Tennessee Farmer Says He Came Near Being Knocked Out Last Summer.

HAS GAINED 25 POUNDS

"This Tanlac Just Took Right Hold of Me and Put Me on My Feet," He Says—Is Strong and Well and Don't Mind Work Now.

"It may sound unreasonable, and you may believe me or not, but after taking four bottles of Tanlac I have gained 25 pounds," said J. B. Williams, a well-known and prosperous farmer who resides at Greenbrier, Tenn., near Nashville, Tenn.

"I had a bad case of stomach trouble last summer, and it came pretty near knocking me out," continued Mr. Williams. "It was something like nervous indigestion. I began to go down hill. It looked like the more medicine I took and the harder I tried to get well, the worse I would get. We had pretty near everything to eat, but nothing tasted right, and I got so weak and nervous I couldn't do anything.

"Before I had this spell I weighed 160 pounds, and kept falling off until I got down to where I only weighed 135 pounds.

"I am now back to my regular weight again, and feel strong and well. My appetite is simply fine now, and I don't mind my work. This Tanlac just took right hold of me, and put me on my feet.

"Well, sir, the second day after I began taking it, I got hungry and oh, how good that old ham did taste! I sleep fine now, too, and am not nervous like I was. Even the barking of the dogs at night does not wake me up.

"I never believed a medicine could be made that would do anybody as much good as Tanlac has done me, and I want to recommend it to anybody who has suffered with the same trouble I have."

There is a Tanlac dealer in your town.—Adv.

Fully Qualified.

The clergyman had advertised for a butler, and the next morning after breakfast a well-dressed, clean-shaven young man in black was ushered into his study.

"Name, please?" asked the clergyman.

"Hilary Arbuthnot, sir."

Age?"

"Twenty-eight."

"What work have you been accustomed to?"

"I am a lawyer, sir."

The clergyman started. This was odd. However, he knew many were called in the law, but few chosen.

"But," he said, "do you understand the conduct of a household?"

"In a general way, yes," murmured the applicant.

"Can you carve?"

"Yes."

"Wash glass and silver?"

"I—er—think so."

The young man seemed embarrassed. He frowned and blushed. Just then the clergyman's wife entered.

"Are you married?" was the first question.

"That," said the young man, "was what I called to see your husband about, madam. I desire to know if he can make it convenient to officiate at my wedding at noon next Thursday week."

Particular Spot.

"Did the prisoner strike you in the height of exasperation?"

"No, sir; just between the eyes."



For Building Up Quickly

probably the very best food you can select is

Grape-Nuts.

It contains the mineral salts and energy values—all the nutriment of whole wheat and barley—digests easily and quickly, and the flavor is delicious.

"There's a Reason"

for

Grape-Nuts

MONTGOMERY IS CHOSEN CAMP SITE

WAR DEPARTMENT APPROVES SELECTIONS MADE BY GENERAL WOOD.

TO PURCHASE FOREST TRACT

Forest Commission Authorizes Purchase of Several Thousand Acres in Alabama.

Washington.—The following six divisional camp sites for the National Guard in the Southeastern Department, selected by Major General Wood were approved by the War Department: Anniston, Ala.; Montgomery, Ala.; Greenville, S. C.; Spartanburg, S. C.; Augusta, Ga., and Macon, Ga. Three divisional camp sites remain to be selected in the Southeastern Department.

To Purchase National Forest Tract.

Washington.—Purchase of 51,916 acres of land in the White mountains and the southern Appalachians for inclusion in the national forests, was approved by the national forest reservation commission. The purchase of 40 different tracts, comprising approximately 7,750 acres on the Alabama national forest in Lawrence county, Alabama, was ordered.

Bar Association to Meet.

Birmingham.—Tentative program has been arranged for the annual meeting of the Alabama State Bar Association to be held here July 12, 13 and 14, and expectations are that upwards of 150 to 200 attorneys, some of them among the best known of the State, will be here. There will be several distinguished visitors, among them Judge Connors, a United States Justice of North Carolina, who is to deliver an important address. The program in mind now includes the opening session Thursday, July 12, at the Civic Association rooms at 10 a. m., for a business session, reports and appointment of committees. An automobile ride will be tendered the delegates in the afternoon at 4 o'clock and in the evening at 8 o'clock, at the Tutwiler Hotel ball room, the annual address of the President, Joseph H. Nathan, of Sheffield, will be delivered.

Two Soldiers Victims of Storm.

Anniston.—Two Birmingham soldiers were killed and two others injured during a thunderstorm here, when lightning struck their tent at the military camp here. The boys were members of L Troop, First Cavalry, Alabama National Guard. The dead are: Corporal Shirley Faulkner; Private Robert E. Humphries. The injured: Private Bearden, stunned and bruised; Private Carter, stunned. The lightning struck a metal covered vent in the top of the tent, which in Winter is used to pass a stove pipe. It passed down the tent pole. Five men were in the tent at the time.

Slacker Search Started.

Mobile.—A number of slackers are reported in varoius parts of the State, which will be combed by Deputy Federal Marshals, according to news received here by United States Marshal C. C. Gewin. The telegram came from District Attorney A. D. Pitts, who is at Selma directing operations against the slackers. A number of slackers are reported in Perry, Dale and Dallas Counties.

Crops Badly Damaged.

Albany.—Reports of hail storms so tremendous that they have caused incredulous amazement were received in this city from surrounding country. One especially severe storm was experienced by a large part of Lawrence County, crops being damaged considerably. Another hail storm in this county is reported to have piled hail several inches in the growing cotton fields.

Recruiting is Urged.

Huntsville.—That Huntsville and Madison County are sending their full quota of men to the army and navy is attested by the recruiting officers for the navy and army who have been stationed here during the last few months. More than one hundred men have been accepted in the navy and 200 for the regular army and militia.

Gadsden to Get Factory.

Gadsden.—The broom factory located at Rome, Ga., will be moved to Gadsden in the near future, according to the announcement of Dr. Bond, who is connected with the factory.

Not a Single Slacker.

Russellville.—The total registration for Franklin County amounts to 1,819, according to an official report with not a single "slacker."

Plant Ready to Start.

Tuscaloosa.—Everything is in readiness for the beginning of operation by the Tuscaloosa Canning Company, except the placing of the large boiler that will make the steam for the new industry. One carload of cans has already been received for use in the plant.

Artillery Camp Work to Start.

Anniston.—Major A. C. Williams, who has succeeded to the position held by Col. C. P. Summerall in the United States army, arrived at Anniston and went at once into consultation with Major Dulin and members of the Anniston Chamber of Commerce in regard to the artillery camp to be located here this summer. Preparations are going on rapidly under supervision of Major Dulin for the artillery encampment. The construction of the line of railway from the Southern tracks to the camp scene is well under way, having gone as far as the Jacksonville road, and it is understood that work will begin soon on the necessary houses to accommodate the artillerymen, who will begin to arrive here next month.

Mobile Exports Show an Increase.

Mobile.—An increase of over a million dollars in exports from the port of Mobile for May over April, was reported by Collector of Port Percy W. Maer. May exports totalled $4,267,606, while April's reached $3,131,522, an increase for the month of May of $1,135,083. A corresponding increase is noted n the exports for European ports. The increase over May, 1916, is $115,963. During May 59,616 bushels of corn, valued at $72,891, was exported. Eggs to the amount of 14,310 dozen, valued at $5,403, were exported. During May 48,218 bushels of oats, valued at $35,136, went out of the Mobile district. Rosin weighing 11,400 pounds and valued at $71,218 was exported from the ports of this district. Lumber products totalling $353,796 were shipped from the Mobile District. Staves valued at $25,000 were exported and railroad ties costing $49,477 were shipped through the local district. Upland cotton totalling $53,783 was sent to England through this port. The Mobile district includes the ports of Pascagoula, Biloxi and Gulfport, but Mobile ships over 90 per cent of the total for the district.

Canning Plant Turning Out Goods.

Birmingham.—Forty canning plants, units in the chain of the Alabama Marketing and Canning Company, are now, in the beginning of the active canning season, turning out 100,000 cans of vegetables every working day. The principal plant of the chain is located in Birmingham. It serves as the head or principal unit of the chain. Canning is being done at the Birmingham plant on a large scale, the entire surplus product of the home gardeners and all truck farmers within reach of the city being used. Beans are now being canned, as the first crop to be placed upon the market. Later tomatoes, corn, fruits and vegetables of every native kind will be canned in huge quantities.

Convicts in Mines Getting Ext[illegible]

Birmingham.—Nineteen hundred dollars extra money is being paid to the convicts working at the Flat Top mines of the Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron Company for overtime done in May. The State has charge of the convicts at this place. Walter Gresham being warden. The greatest output of coal in the history of this mine was noted during last month, a total of 42,780 tons being mined. The canvass made of the entire convict camp at Flat Top for registration under the call of the government showed that there are 255 men out of 450 who are eligible fro war purposes so far as their ages are concerned. Thirty per cent of those eligible are in the penitentiary on long sentences.

Pharmacists to Meet in Huntsville.

Tuscaloosa.—The Alabama Pharmaceutical Association selected Huntsville as the next meeting place over Birmingham and Mobile, at the closing session held here, and the following officers were elected: President, C. R. Walker, Ensley; First Vice President, J. F. Spearman, Anniston; Second Vice President, Luther Davis, of Tuscaloosa; Treasurer, H. L. Toomer, Auburn; Secretary, W. E. Bingham, Tuscaloosa.

Bond Issue Passes.

Selma.—An election was held in Selma on the question of issuing $40,000 school bonds for building more school houses in Selma. The bonds will be issued, as the vote against them was small. The funds will be spent in building better school houses in the several different parts of the city, where schools are now located and on new sites. Old houses will be improved and new ones built.

Annex is Authorized.

Haleyville.—The citizens of Haleyville have decided to build a brick annex of three large rooms to the public school building to accommodate the large influx of pupils when school begins next September. Work will be rapidly pushed so the new quarters will be ready for the pupils at the beginning of the Fall term.

Road Almost Complete.

Clanton.—The new railroad from Lomax, Ala., east to the Coosa River is about ready to handle the trains. This road leads in to Lomax, where it connects with a spur of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad. The Vida Lumber Company has a number of hands employed now building the large mill at Lomax. It is estimated that it will cost in the neighborhood of $50,000 or $75,000 to lay the above railroad and build the mill house before the company can begin the cutting of lumber.

GRIM GAS BATTLES FOUGHT

Asphyxiating Shells Fired in Great Quantities by Both Sides in Struggles on British Front.

Andre Tudesq, writing of the battles on the British front, says there was such an expenditure of asphyxiating shells one day that six hours after the last deluge of them suffocating smells were still passed through.

Lavish expenditure of gas on both sides form a characteristic of the furious attacks and counter-attacks which have been delivered day and night round these two villages. The mask is here as precious as the grenade or the rifle.

As in a frightful carnival, in the manner of Edgar Allan Poe, one could see in the night on the slopes west of Fresnoy entire regiments in mastks, fighting and killing each other in the midst of black vapors, which were rendered more fantastic by the light of the moon.

The hand-to-hand struggle thus took on most singular forms. Throwing away their arms the combatants would fly at each others' throats and try to tear away each other's masks. Few prisoners were taken in these encounters, and the wounded are fewer still. Death alone receives the lion's share."

CUTICURA HEALS SORE HANDS

That Itch, Burn, Crack, Chap and Bleed—Trial Free.

In a wonderfully short time in most cases these fragrant, super-creamy emollients succeed. Soak hands on retiring in the hot suds of Cuticura Soap, dry and rub Cuticura Ointment into the hands for some time. Remove surplus Ointment with soft tissue paper.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

A Willing Victim.

Margaret, aged four, had eaten one of two boxes of berries that her mother had purchased for company. Her mother cried, "What would you do if you had a little girl and she ate a whole box of strawberries?"

"Oh, mamma!" she exclaimed eagerly, "I'd make her eat the other box."—The Christian Herald.

A FRIEND IN NEED.

For instant relief and speedy cure use "Mississippi" Diarrhea Cordial. Price 50c and 25c.—Adv.

The Hemstitched Handicap.

Oldfoge—Doesn't Swiftpace's wife object to his staying out till two or three every night?

Newfangle—She would if she knew it. So far he has always managed to get home first.—Judge.

If you insist upon having Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" for Worms, Tapeworm, the druggist [illegible] for you. If he should [illegible] then send 25 cents to 372 Pearl St., New York, and you will get it by return mail. Adv.

Not Quite the Same.

She (tearfully)—You said if I'd marry you, you'd be humbly grateful, and now—

He (sourly)—Well?

She—You're grumbly hateful!—London Answers.

NEVER HAD A CHILL
After Taking ELIXIR BABEK

"My little daughter, 10 years old, suffered nearly a year with chills and fever, most of the time under the doctor's care. I was discouraged and a friend advised me to try **Elixir Babek.** I gave it to her and she has never had a chill since. It completely cured her." Mrs. Cyrus Helms, 302 E St., N. E., Washington, D. C.

Elixir Babek 50 cents, all druggists or by Parcel Post prepaid from Kloczewski & Co., Washington, D. C.

The Idea.

"Is money tight up your way?"

"Certainly not. Ours is a prohibition state."

CALOMEL SICKENS! IT SALIVATES! DON'T STAY BILIOUS, CONSTIPATED

I Guarantee "Dodson's Liver Tone" Will Give You the Best Liver and Bowel Cleansing You Ever Had—Don't Lose a Day's Work!

Calomel makes you sick; you lose a day's work. Calomel is quicksilver and it salivates; calomel injures your liver.

If you are bilious, feel lazy, sluggish and all knocked out, if your bowels are constipated and your head aches or stomach is sour, just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone instead of using sickening, salivating calomel. Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and your bowels regular. You will feel like working. You'll be cheerful; full of vigor and ambition.

Your druggist or dealer sells you a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone under my personal guarantee that it will clean your sluggish liver better than nasty calomel; it won't make you sick and you can eat anything you want without being salivated. Your druggist guarantees that each spoonful will start your liver, clean your bowels and straighten you up by morning or you can have your money back. Children gladly take Dodson's Liver Tone because it is pleasant tasting and doesn't gripe or cramp or make them sick.

I am selling millions of bottles of Dodson's Liver Tone to people who have found that this pleasant, vegetable, liver medicine takes the place of dangerous calomel. Buy one bottle on my sound, reliable guarantee. Ask your druggist or storekeeper about me. Adv.

Willing to Be Good.

Albert Chevalier tells the following:

"One night," remarked the famous comedian, "in a certain music hall where there was a notoriously bad orchestra, the manager suddenly appeared on the stage and apologized for the absence of a favorite comic singer whose name was a great feature.

"The manager explained that he had every reason to believe that the artist in question would positively appear later on; and then, by way of throwing oil on troubled waters, suggested, in order to avoid a wait, that the audience should be favored with a little music.

"As he announced this, a pathetic voice in the gallery was heard:

"Oh, I soy, Mr. Manager, we'll be good if yer don't let the band play!"

ANY CORN LIFTS OUT, DOESN'T HURT A BIT!

No foolishness! Lift your corns and calluses off with fingers—It's like magic!

Sore corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn, can harmlessly be lifted right out with the fingers if you apply upon the corn a few drops of freezone, says a Cincinnati authority.

For little cost one can get a small bottle of freezone at any drug store, which will positively rid one's feet of every corn or callus without pain.

This simple drug dries the moment it is applied and does not even irritate the surrounding skin while applying it or afterwards.

This announcement will interest many of our readers. If your druggist hasn't any freezone tell him to surely get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.—adv.

Prospective Bride.

"My salary is four thousand dollars a year. Couldn't you live on that?"

"I suppose I could manage to live on it," replied the girl, "but I expected to do a lot of entertaining after I was married."

WOMAN'S CROWNING GLORY

is her hair. If yours is streaked with ugly, grizzly, gray hairs, use "La Creole" Hair Dressing and change it in the natural way. Price $1.00.—Adv.

The trouble with scandal is that people are all so willing to believe it.

Complex.

Mrs. Wayup—Where did Mrs. De Style get her new Easter hat?

Mrs. Blase—That's a problem. She bought it with the money which her husband borrowed from her uncle, who won it in a poker game from her brother, to whom she had loaned it shortly after her mother had taken it from her father's pockets and given it to her for a birthday present.—Life.

To Drive Out Malaria And Build Up The System

Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC. You know what you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out malaria, the Iron builds up the system. 50 cents.

The Answer.

"None but the brave deserve the fair?"

"Well?"

"Don't you know the answer?"

"No."

"Enlist first and propose to me afterwards."

DEATH LURKS IN A WEAK HEART, so on first symptoms use "Renovine" and be cured. Delay and pay the awful penalty. "Renovine" is the heart's remedy. Price $1.00 and 50c.—Adv.

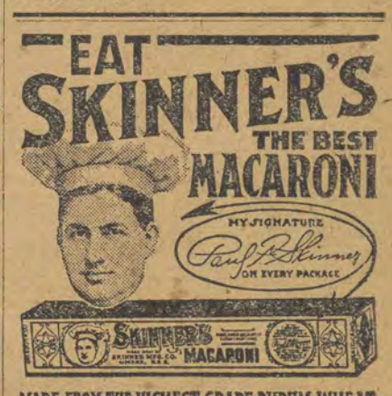
Subject to It.

"Is your husband subject to draft?"

"Yes, indeed. He catches cold at the slightest thing."

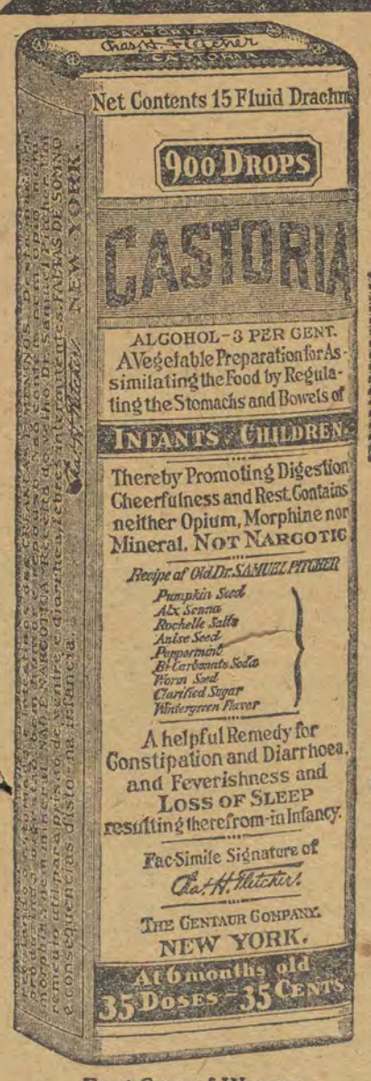
If your eyes smart or feel scalded, Roman Eye Balsam applied upon [illegible] is just the thing to relieve [illegible] Adv.

Hot heads and cold feet cause most of our trouble.



MADE FROM THE HIGHEST GRADE DURUM WHEAT
COOKS IN 12 MINUTES. COOK BOOK FREE
SKINNER MFG. CO. OMAHA. U.S.A.
Largest Macaroni Factory in America

FARM HANDS BIG PAY. Write WILL SHANLEY, Rudyard, Mont.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Children Cry For

Fletcher's

CASTORIA

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Warming Up

Yes, the Weather is warming up and you need the Light Weight Clothing and Underwear for these hot days. We are Prepared to meet your demands in this Line.

We Handle

EVERY THING THAT MEN WEAR

EVERY THING THAT WOMEN WEAR

EVERY THING THAT CHILDREN WEAR

We know that most of our Customers are particular about the style, and we have been particular about buying. We want you to be pleased with what you buy here, and when you are pleased we are pleased likewise.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back."

CLANTON, ALA.

NOTICE ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a decree rendered by Hon. L. H. Reynolds, Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Ala., in the matter of the estate of R. A. Hancock, I, as administrator of said estate, in pursuance of said decree, will sell to the highest bidder for cash in front of the court house door at Clanton, Monday, the 16th day of July, 1917, the following described real estate. lying and being in Chilton County, Alabama, to-wit:

South half of southwest quarter of northwest quarter, Section 16, Township 21, Range 15, and one and one half acres in the north side of northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of said Section, Township and Range; said land being known as the R. A. Hancock place.

Said sale is to be made for the purpose of paying debts of said estate, and for distribution of the remainder of the funds after the debts are paid among the children of the deceased.

This, the 15th day of June, 1917.

J. W. FOSHEE, Administrator.

VERMONT

Mrs. J. R. Short has been ill for a week or more. Hope she will be well soon.

The farmers have been very busy for the past week killing grass.

Mr. Walter Broadhead from Birmingham was the guest of friends here Sunday week.

Misses Bessie and Clarace Wells and Mary Deason and Mr Dewey Deason spent a happy day Wednesday picking blackberries.

Messrs Ed Hayes, Stanley Deason, Christopher Giles, Dewey Deason and Mary Deason spent last Sunday with Misses Bessie and Clarace and Mr. Joe Wells.

Miss Hilda Clinner entertained her Sunday School class last Saturday afternoon, by serving chocolate milk and candy, after which interesting games were played.

Sunday School and prayer meeting at this place are progressing nicely.

WE FELT LIKE CHEERING

Wednesday morning the Editor observed a couple of Canning Club girls (we do not know their names) arrayed white aprons and caps, walking intently through the middle of the Main Street of Clanton, making their way to the high school building where the club girls are in studious work this week taking a short course in canning.

By their quiet, unassuming mein, as they proceeded on their way as thoughtlessly as they would stroll down through the field with a basket on their arm in quest of a "turn" of tomatoes, they impressed us deeply. We almost felt like giving them a cheer or two for the splendid parade which they made, so completely unmindful of the observance of so many spectators.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Of first meeting, in the District Court of the United States, for the Middle District of Alabama. In bankruptcy. In the matter of Baxley Mercantile Co., a partnership; and B. G. and W. H. Baxley as individuals, post office Mountain Creek and Marbury, County Autauga and Chilton, Alabama.

The aforesaid party having been adjudge a bankrupt under the act of congress entitled "An Act to establish a uniform system of Bankruptcy Throughout the United States," approved July 1st, 1898, meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt is called at the office of the undersigned Referee, in the United States Court House, Montgomery, Alabama, on the 30th day of June, next, at 10 o'clock, a.m., to make proof of debts and for the election of a trustee, and such other matters as are necessary and required by the act of congress aforesaid.

M. S. CARMICHAEL, Referee.
Montgomery, Ala., June 19, 1917.

Prin. S. H. Herbert and Rev. E. W. Butler of Thorsby Institute, were in Clanton Wednesday.

J. F. Rawlinson of Pletcher was in town Saturday.

Hon. Emmett A. Jones of the Bureau of Markets and Immigration, of the State of Alabama, was here Wednesday to deliver lectures to the girls Canning Club. He brought with him the "Alabama Travelogue," a moving picture story portraying the agricultural and industrial resources of Alabama. It was produced at the Ideal Theatre free to the club girls and the public, receiving marked interest and approval. It is a splendid compilation of the natural possibilities of our beloved state.

No matter how poor your jokes are, you can always get a laugh if you will tell them to a girl who has dimples and pretty teeth.

Recommended by Doctor Cothram

Dr. T. E. Cothram is a well-known pharmacist of Alexis, Ala. And when he gets bilious or needs a purgative medicine, what do you suppose he does? Out of his whole big stock of liver medicine he selects and uses Granger Liver Regulator. He says "There is none better." That's a pretty strong endorsement, don't you think, from a man who knows all about the merits of the different medicines on the market? Granger Liver Regulator is purely vegetable, does not gripe nor irritate the delicate lining of the stomach and bowels and always gives quick and pleasant results. It is the best system purifier known. Your druggist can supply you—25c for large box. Accept no substitute.

You must Eat!

Buy your Eatables from me and you get the best and it costs you no more than something not as good at other places.

J. W Littlejohn.

CLANTON, ALA.

CLANTON LOCALS

FOR SALE.—A two-horse power gasoline engine, equipped and ready for running. Will sell at a bargain. The Union-Baner, Clanton, Ala.

Ex-Sheriff John S. Catts of Verbena was in Clanton Monday on business.

Miss Minnie Muse is out west on an extended trip for the benefit of her health.

WANTED—Collector and Salesman. Salary and Commission to right man. Experinece unnecessary. Place now open in Chilton County.

Singer Sewing Machine Co.,
J. B. Colley, Mgr.,
Montgomery, Ala.

J. E. Bearden of Maplesville was in town Monday on business.

Judge L. H. Reynolds, A. P. Vinson, and Grady Reynolds spent last week on a tour of the North and East. They visited several of the largest cities.

Miss Mollie Murrah of Collins Chapel has been visiting friends in Clanton the past week.

The holy-roller tent meeting in West-Town is making a great amount of noise.

Dr. Samuel Johnson has received his call to take up his commission in the army medical service. He went to New Orleans this week to report for duty.

Squire John S. Dennis of Beat 11 was in town Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Middleton are spending several days on an outing with relatives in the State of Flarida.

FOR SALE

Place in Thorsby consisting of 25 acres of land, with good two-story house, barn, cellar house, etc. Address Wallace C. Edler, Thorsby, Ala.

If you have the itch, don't scratch. It doesn't cure the trouble and makes the skin bleed. Apply BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. Rub it in gently on the affected parts. It relieves itching instantly and a few applications removes the cause, thus performing a permanent cure. Price 25c, 50c and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Just because Henry Ford has turned his jitney factory into a mouse shop for turning out submarines flying machines, you needn't think one of his '09 models can do the trick.

Hon. Charles Bentley, an attorney of Goodwater, was lookink after legal business in Clanton last Wednesday and Thursday. He made the trip from Godwater over and back in a Ford.

W. M. Shurett, Chief Clerk in the office of the Judge of Probate of Coosa County at Rockford was in Clanton last Wednesday and Thursday on business connected with his graphite interests.

We call attention of our readers this week to the statement of the condition of The Peoples Savings Bank of Clanton. The condition of the Bank is good, and getting better every day. June 20 of last year showed individual deposits of $70,858.21, and this year the same date records $126,056.81 an increase of $55207.60. This speaks well for our bank.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Cure fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The First and the Last

THE FIRST STORE COMING IN TOWN FROM THE WEST AND THE LAST STORE GOING OUT WEST. I SELL CHEAP FOR CASH. I HANDLE MEAT, LARD, FLOWER, SUGAR, COFFEE, TOBACCO, AND SNUFF, ALSO MIXED FEED—IN FACT NEARLY EVERYTHING TO BE FOUND IN A GROCERY STORE. I ALSO PAY THE MARKET PRICE FOR CHICKENS, EGGS, BUTTER, BEAS WAX, HIDES, TALLOW, AND BRIGHT RIBBON CANE SYRUP. WHILE IN TOWN CALL ON ME AND GET ACQUAINTED WITH MY LINE... I GUARANTEE A FAIR AND SQUARE DEAL TO ALL.

W. A. Huckabee

ORGANIZATION OF RED CROSS WORK IN COUNTY PERFECTED

The local branches of the Red Cross work, which will begin actively for raising funds for the cause in Chilton County right away, have about completed organization. Arrangements have been made for the employment of the efforts of both men and women in the work and soon the matter of raising subscriptions will be under way.

Thursday morning at 9 o'clock there will be a meeting at the Upchurch Drug Store in Clanton for the purpose of completing details of the organization of the women's auxiliary department.

The following is the personnell of the executive committee in charge of the work in the county: Rev. T. G. Jones, Chairman; Judge L. H. Reynolds, Vice-Chairman; J. D. Martin, Secy-Treas.; B. Guy Smith, Publicity Agent; E. E. Upchurch, W. W. Fox, Ross Mullins.

Everyone is familiar with the aims and purposes of the Red Cross work. It is useless to take time to explain the matter. The things which the Red Cross organization accomplishes in the way of bringing aid and comfort to the fallen and wounded on the battle field is a matter of common knowledge to all civilization the world over.

Everyone in Chilton County who is the least bit able to do so, should contribute his or her mite to the cause.

That rubber ring you put on a preserving jar helps you to stretch your income.

The awful question, "What shall I have for dinner?" is easily answered if your shelves are full of home-canned products.

A regular morning operation of the bowels puts you in fine shape for the day's work. If you miss it you feel uncomfortable and cannot put vim into your movements. For all bowel irregularities, HERBINE is the remedy. It purifies, strengthens and regulates. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

It Helps!

There can be no doubt as to the merit of Cardui, the woman's tonic, in the treatment of many troubles peculiar to women. The thousands of women who have been helped by Cardui in the past 40 years, is conclusive proof that it is a good medicine for women who suffer. It should help you, too.

Take

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Mrs. N. E. Varner, of Hixson, Tenn., writes: "I was passing through the . . . My back and sides were terrible, and my suffering indescribable. I can't tell just how and where I hurt, about all over, I think . . . I began Cardui, and my pains grew less and less, until I was cured. I am remarkably strong for a woman 64 years of age. I do all my housework." Try Cardui, today. E-76

THORSBY ITEMS

Mrs. C. M. Williams and daughter, Martha went to Birmingham Thursday of last week returning Saturday evening. They were accompanied home by Miss Bernice Williams, who had been visiting relatives the past fortnight in Birmingham.

The Ladies Guild will meet with Mrs. E. F. Mead on Thursday of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Peterson and little son, of Prattville, spent Sunday with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. A. Peterson.

Mr. Clifford Peterson and bride have been visiting at the home of the groom's parents for the past week. They leave this week to take up their residence in Detroit, Mich.

Mr. Walter Morgan left Wednesday evening of last week for Birmingham going from there to Talladega where he spent the week end with his mother, and returned to Thorsby Sunday.

Mr. C. P. Turnquist of this place will leave this week for Waterville, Minn., accompanying his daughter, Mrs. S. A. Thorson on her return home.

The morning service at the Congregational Church next Sunday will be the regular quarterly communion service. In connection with this service the pastor will present the practical aspects of the food campaign, as requested by Mr. Hoover. At this time also members of the church and others interested will bring their contributions for the Thorsby Fund for American relief. Every one is invited to be present.

In addition to the morning preaching service at 11 o'clock the other services at the Congregational church next Sunday will consist of the following: Sunday School at 9:45, Junior Christian Endeavor at 4:30, Y. P. S. C. E. at 7:00 subject "Little things Make or Mar," Song of Solomon 255, Prov. 25:11, leader Miss Lorena Graham. Following the Christian Endeavor Society will be brief evening service beginning at 8 o'clock a cordial welcome is extended to all.

Mrs. Hawthorne, who resided for several years in Thorsby, died recently in Los Angeles, California.

Miss Elizabeth C. Wilkins of Delaware, Ohio, a graduate of Ohio Wesleyan University School of Music, has been elected music teacher for Thorsby Institute for the coming year and has accepted the position. She comes highly recommended.

Plans are being made for the raising of a considerable fund in Thorsby for the relief of starving mothers and children in Armenia. Latest reports indicate that fully 4,000 have been driven from their homes by the Turks and are facing actual starvation, while hundreds are already dead. It is hoped that the people of Thorsby will make a generous response to this appeal and help in making the fund a worthwhile expression of the spirit of Christian brotherhood and helpfulness. Contributions for the fund may be left with any of the merchants in whose store windows the posters are displayed or may be mailed to Pastor S. H. Herbert of the Congregational Church.

MARRIAGES

Lee Ellison, Clanton and Miss Mae Williamson; Tucker Brown, Mountain Creek and Miss Ada Long.

Pee Gee

Creo Stain



For Shingle Roofs

NOTHING adds more charm to the home than an attractively painted roof. Pee Gee Creo-Stain is especially made for Bungalow Roofs and rough weather boarding. It is a high-grade stain and wood preservative combined.

Doubles the Life of Your Roof and Saves You Repair Bills.

Pee Gee Creo-Stain can be applied with a brush or as a dipping paint. Comes in 19 attractive, non-fading and durable colors—

Ask for Color Card.

FREE—Illustrated Booklet "Homes and How to Paint Them." Ask for it at this store.

A Pee Gee Finish for Every Purpose

UPCHURCH DRUG CO.

CLANTON, ALA.

RED CROSS MEETING

The ladies of Clanton held a meeting at the court house Monday night in the interest of the Red Cross work. Speakers from Montgomery were here and arrangements were begun for the organization of a force to raise subscriptions in Clanton and Chilton County for the Red Cross work.

NOTICE

All persons filing road or bridge warrants with the county treasurer, or persons who had road or bridge warrants in the probate office, which had not been called for prior to June 1st, will please notify the treasurer by mail, or call in person at his office and receive their money for such road or bridge warrants.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

You put a lid on waste every time you seal a preserving jar.

Canned berries are bird-proof.

Frost doesn't nip canned vegetables.

Canned green peas and yellow peaches help fight the blues.

Home preparedness—cans loaded with food.

PEACE IN 24 HOURS

for stomach sufferers who take Mayr's Wonderful remedy. Don't neglect your stomach ailments another minute. What appears to be only minor stomach disorders may often be symptoms of cancer and ulcers of the stomacha nd intestines, gall stone, acute indigestion, gastrites, auto intoxication, yellow jaundice and other dangerous ailments of which the sufferer is not aware until too late. An ideal prescription for quickly overcoming stomach, liver and intestinal trouble is Mayr's Wonderful Remedy. Millions of people have been restored by it. One dose will prove that it will help you. Mayr's Wonderful Remedy is for sale by Upchurch Drug Co.

Everybody - NOTICE - Important

I have just received a large assortment of Shoes of all kinds, including Men's and Ladies' Low Cuts and Tennis Slippers which were bought last year before the Prices were so high. I have a full line of Dry Goods, too numerous to mention. In fact I have a full line of Everything which must be sold at once in order to raise Cash. I buy Cattle.

L. H. REYNOLDS

CLANTON, ALA.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., JULY 5, 1917. NUMBER 14

Judge of Probate, 1Jan16

CAMBELL SHOT BY GLASS ON MONDAY

Tragic Incident in Stumps Hills Resulted in Instant Death of Prominent Man.

Early last Monday morning a dispute between Perry Glass, a white man about 23 years old, and Jim Cambell, a prominent farmer and citizen of Stumps Hills, in northeast Chilton, resulted in the shooting of Cambell by Glass. Death was the immediate result.

The misunderstanding which led up to the unfortunate incident arose about some farming matters. Glass had been a tenant on the farm of Mr. Cambell, and had concluded to remove from the place without consulting Cambell. When the latter learned of the intentions of his tenant to remove, he went to the house in which Glass lived, and found him loading his household goods, preparatory to moving. In the little dispute about Glass taking away some fruit from the place, Cambell began a search of the bundles which were being loaded on the wagon. Glass requested him to cease his search, and upon a continuance of the inquiry Glass became too much agitated. He drew his pistol and shot Cambell. Some two or three witnesses were present and saw the whole transaction.

After committing the deed, Glass fled. When Sheriff Harris and his officers arrived on the scene about noon, they received intimation that the miscreant had intentions of going to Montgomery to join the army as a shield for his crime. Communications to the authorities in Montgomery put them on the outlook for the man, and Wednesday morning Sheriff Harris was notified that he was under arrest down there. He went immediately and brought his prisoner back to Clanton late Wednesday afternoon and lodged him in the jail to await the action of the law.

The man who was killed was a very prominent citizen in the northern section of the county. He was about 50 years old, and was a member of the order of Odd Fellows. Deputation of his brotherhood officiated at his burial at the Cambell Graveyard on Tuesday.

MULBERRY CANNING CLUB

We want to thank the people of Clanton for the kindness and hearty welcome which they showed us while we were there during the short course in canning. We all sure enjoyed being there and hope we will have another short course next year which we will enjoy just as well.

We not only had a nice time but we also learned many new things about how to can our products for the market, and learned how to be useful around the house and how to save many things that might be wasted—such as taking broken and partly decayed tomatoes and make pickles, catsup, etc.

We enjoyed the talks made by the men and women and we will try to put the advice they gave us into practice that we may have more good things to eat ourselves and have some to send to our soldier boys if they call on us for food.

We are glad we have Mrs. Jones to show us and to teach us how to can our products and hope she will be with us another year.

We enjoyed the "Alabama Travelog" at the moving picture theatre which showed fine pictures of aur own state. We also enjoyed the "Shine Girl" and thank the people for giving us free tickets.

Some of us are not having good luck with our tomatoes. We have nice large plants growing but there are only a few tomatoes on them and they have about quit blooming and seem like there is not going to be many tomatoes on the plants. We would like to have some advice from some of the club members as to what they would do if their plants were this way.

Before I close, will say that there will be a club meeting at D. O. Manning's Saturday afternoon, July 6th. Would like for every member of this club to be present. We will try to learn something ourselves. Would be glad to have Mrs. Jones with us if she could come.

With best wishes to every club member, FLOSSIE MANNING, Pres.
VERA WHITE, Secy.

PUBLIC WORKING

All who are interested will meet at Mars Hill on Thursday before the Third Sunday in July and clean off the cemetery.

N. M. MOORE, Supt. S.S.

STRAYED, From Niven's & Shaw's mill, two red hogs, weight about 75 pounds, one sow and one barrow; mark, split and under-bit in each ear, when last seen were near Lock 12. Will pay reasonable reward for information as to whereabouts.

W. W. KENDRICK,
Clanton, Ala., Route 5.

LIFE INSURANCE TO ALL MEN IN ARMY IS GIVEN APPROVAL

Washington, July 3.—Issuance by the government itself of the insurance that is to be given to every man in the country's fighting forces, was approved to day by more than a hundred prominent insurance company officials in conference at the treasury department. Legislation to carry such a plan into effect will be asked of Congress at this session.

Creation of a bureau of service insurance or extension of the present war risk bureau to undertake the work probably will be proposed. The detail will be worked out by a committee of insurance men, co-operating with Secretary McAdoo and officials of the war, navy and commerce departments, and of the council of national defense.

The insurance officials who came to the treasury today at Mr. McAdoo's invitation, told Secretary McAdoo that they are not eager to handle the business, as they have no precedent figures upon which to compute risk.

Most of the companies suggested that the government guarantee a limited indemnity, and permit individuals in the service to carry further insurance in private companies.

BOLL WEEVILS IN EAST ALA.

Many complaints of boll weevil activities are coming from counties in east Alabama, that lie near or adjacent to the Alabama-Georgia line. This territory including some of the hill counties in north-east Alabama has its second year of weevil infestation. It is the history of the weevis to be worse during the second year of infestation, unless prohibited by dry weather, frequent hot mulch cultivation, collecting and destroying weevils and punctured squares. It was naturally expected that north and east Alabama would have the hardest fight this year because of the reasons already mentioned; and more rain having fallen in that section during the growing season than in the remainder of the state. Farmers should fight hard now while the cotton is small and the first generation of weevils are being propagated. Weevils should be caught, infested squares collected and destroyed as quickly and as much as possible. The soil should be plowed once a week and better if oftener. Plow shallow in the hottest part of the day and avoid plowing up moist soil any more than can be helped. Keep brush or something effective attached to the plow to agitate but not bruise the cotton. Work and fight fast now. Either you or the weevils will have the advantage at the end of the next two weeks.

PLANT FALL IRISH POTATOES

The spring crop of Irish Potatoes has been either harvested or should be as they have done all they will do and it is a waste to leave them in the ground any longer. You will find many small potatoes which will not do for commercial or domestic uses. These little potatoes can be gathered and placed in a cool dry place for about two weeks to dry, then place them in a cool damp place until they begin to sprout. About the second or third week in July plant them in fertile moist soil, cultivate and keep the bugs off and a good fall crop can be expected. You cannot get a stand of potatoes during hot weather unless you germinate (sprout) them. Fall grown potatoes are easily kept over the winter and make ideal seed for spring planting. I am told that the stands of the easter potato crop are very poor and that we will have to grow our winter supply if we have them, as the price of Northern grown potatoes will be prohibitive.

SAVE OATS AND WHEAT SEED

The oat crop was so small in Alabama this year that seed oats cannot be had in the state this fall. Speculators are buying up all the good seed oats and the price which you will probably have to pay this fall will be staggering. Save all the good wheat for the same reason as Alabama needs and must increase her wheat crop next year.

NO CAPITAL SKYSCRAPERS

A measure that will do much to preserve the appearance of the streets of Washington has been introduced in the Senate by Hon. Charles Curtis of Kansas. It provides that no building of a greater height than seventy feet shall be erected on Sixteenth Street or Massachusetts Avenue, two of the most beautiful thoroughfares of the capital city, or on any other streets that the Commissioners of the District of Columbia may designate. The presentation of this bill is but one of the many evidences of the interest that Senator Curtis takes in the beautification of Washington. In his work on the Appropriations Committee and, during his former service in the Senate (on the District of Columbia Committee), the Senator has never lost any opportunity to add to the attractions of the National Capital and the welfare of its people.

DEMAND FOR INCREASED EFFICIENCY IN SCHOOLS

State Supt. W. F. Feagin Advocates Cheaper Rates.

Now and then we find a person who says, not exactly under breath either, that it might be well to close our schools because of the war. While there is no danger that this will happen, there is a possibility that school boards may feel it necessary to keep education up to a high standard of efficiency while the war is on. People of this kind have evidently not thought seriously of what they are saying; rather, under the excitement of a disturbed condition, they have hastened to a conclusion that has no justification.

We have already gone far enough to see that a heavy financial burden will fall on this and the next generation, and nothing could be more shortsighted than the view that we should retrench by giving the children in the elementary and high schools a cheaper type of school advantages than they now have. Our standards are already far below the level that we could wish, and in the nothing coulde mro rheo tardttandss face of the present world crisis, nothing could be more important than that we train our children the best we can to have their part in building up the industries and commerce of the world.

England's Regret.

England inaugurated a policy of retrenchment in her public school system at the outbreak of the war. The attendance in the elementary schools was greatly decreased. The authorities, however, now admit that juvenile delinquency has increased and that child labor is stunting the physical and mental growth of the children.

One of the lessons we should learn from this war should be a greater efficiency in our elementary schools, thereby increasing thrift on the one hand and the development of patriotism on the other.

Desirable Bulletins.

Write the Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D. C., for a copy of a four-page circular of information on the national flag and its history. Every teacher should also have a copy of "How the War Came to America" prepared by the Committee on Public Information, Washington, D. C.

School Improvement.

Among the many interesting results due to the activities of school improvement associations, the following extracts are typical:

Educating public sentiment so that money was voted for a new building.

Influencing the Board of Education to purchase a vacant lot next to the school building for a needed playground.

Securing pictures for the school.

Securing a library.

Buying a piano.

Buying a sewing machine.

Bring about the use of the school as a community center. The school was open last Saturday night for the young people. Lights were brought and games provided.

Arranging for a series of lectures on food values.

Organizing and carrying out of anti-fly campaigns.

Encouraging and managing home garden work.

ALL DAY SINGING AT MARS HILL

There will be an all day union singing at Mars Hill the third Sunday in July given by the Sunday School of Mars Hill. The books we expect to use will be the Old Christian Harmony and the Joyful Praise 1917 Book. We propose to give half time to the old books and half time to the new ones. Everybody come and bring your books and dinner and let's have a good union singing and dinner also. We shall expect to have good behavior on that day and we advise all dram drinkers to not bring any booze with them as they may get into trouble.

Everybody come with their hearts full of praise and thanksgiving and make the day a good service.

JULY TERM OF COUNTY COURT HELD MONDAY

List of Cases Disposed of by Judge L. H. Reynolds.

The July term of the Probate Court of Chilton County was held on Monday, and the following cases were disposed of:

Willie Young, charged with assault with weapon, tried and discharged by the court.

Wesley Jones, charged with violating prohibition laws; continued to August term of court. Defendant agreed to plead guilty.

Boss Jones, charged with disturbing religious worship; tried and pronounced guilty, and fined $20, with sentence of 20 days hard labor for the county.

M. M. Abrams, charged with obstructing public road, nolle prossed.

E. C. Easterling, charged with violating prohibition laws; continued to August term of court; defendant agrees to plead guilty.

Edgar Crumpton, charged with abandonment; nolle prossed.

Jack Wilson, charged with violating religious worship; defendant came into open court June 19, and plead guilty. Fined $20 and costs.

Willie Young, charged with assault, nolle prossed.

Harrison Smith, charged with assault and battery; came into open June 18 and plead guilty; fined $1.

Harrison Smith, charged with defamation; came into open court on June 18 and plead guilty, fined $10.

M. G. Wallace, charged with violating prohibition laws; plead guilty and fined $50 and costs.

Julus Gray, charged with grand larceny, bond fixed at $400 to await action of the grand jury.

John Cosby, charged with grand larceny; bond fixed at $250, to await action of grand jury.

Jim Hardaman, petit larceny; guilty, fined $5.

Dave Hubbard, grand larceny, discharged.

MULBERRY NEWS

The farmers of this community are busy laying by their crops. The rain will throw them somewhat behind.

Mr. Andrew Deason and family are visiting relatives in this community for several weeks.

Miss Jessie Wright entertained a crowd of young people Saturday night and from reports they all had a nice time.

Mr. Joe Varden near here has been ill for the past week but we hope he will recover soon.

Some of the young people enjoyed the day Sunday by going to Lock 12 and then back by Collins Chapel.

The girls of this community enjoyed the few days they spent at the short course and would not have cared if it had lasted a while longer.

After Sunday School at Mulberry Sunday afternoon there was a crowd of young people who went to Golden Ridge to prayer meeting.

Charles Williams has purchased him a new car.

Mr. and Mrs. D. O. Manning and Mr. Will White attended the Masonic meeting at Maplesville on last Tuesday night.

You must help yourself in this world. The reason is that other people are about as selfish as yourself.

THANKS FROM REPRESENTATIVES OF SHORT COURSE

We as representatives of the Short Course wish to express our thanks, 1st to the people of Clanton for their generosity in opening their homes to us and for their lavish hospitality; 2nd to the citizens for the excellent lunch served to us on Wednesday, and to all in general for their many and various attentions extended to us while in their midst; 3rd, to the Chero-Cola Co. for their refreshing drinks;and 4th to Mr. Emmett A. Jones for his thoughtful kindness in letting the girls have the privelege of seeing the "Alabama Travelog," which was a rare treat to them.

MRS. H. E. VIRGIN,
MRS. O. P. TRAILOR,

SARAH BERNHARDT
—In—
"Mothers of France."
At the Ideal Theatre, Clanton
MONDAY, JULY 16, 1917.

Filmdom's Supreme Offering. The Greatest Actress in the World, in the Greatest Screen Drama, of the Greatest War,—a pathetic, vivid, vital Play, showing French Womanhood and Manhood at its best and at its bravest.

Art at Its Best.

Remember the Date,—MONDAY, JULY 16.

Matinee—4:00, P. M. - - - - - - - 10c and 15c.
Night—8:00, P. M. - - - - - - - - 15c and 25c.

HENRY C. YOUNG DIED SUDDENLY IN BIRMINGHAM

News of the sudden death of Mr. Henry C. Young in Birmingham was telephoned to members of his family here Monday afternoon. The deceased was an old citizen of this county, having lived in Jumbo neighborhood for many years. He removed to Birmingham about a couple of years ago.

For several years past it has been known that Mr. Young was in a feeble state of health, and his sudden death does not come as such a surprise to his friends and relatives. However, his large number of acquaintances in this community will regret to learn of the sadness of his demise.

IN MEMORY OF MRS. DRIVER

It is with a sad heart that I will try to write a few lines in memory of our beloved mother, Mrs. D. C. Driver, wife of E. Driver, whom the dear Lord saw fit to call away from this sinful world on the morning of June 23rd.

She was forty-three years old. She had been a faithful member of the Primitive Baptist Church for a number of years, and was always at her post unless sickness prevented. And she will be greatly missed, but no where so much here. It seems almost impossible for us to give her up, our loss is her gain.

She was sick two weeks with measles and pneumonia.

I hear the low wind sweeping
Through every bush and tree,
Where my dear mother's sleeping
Away from home and me.
Tears from my eyes are falling,
Deep sorrow shades my brow;
Cold, in the grove she's sleeping.
I've no sweet mother now.
But we hope to meet dear mother
On that eternal shore,
And there we'll be together,
Where parting is no more.

Written by her daughter,
Mrs. E. R. SHARBUTT.

J. L. Gore, G. D. Retherford and H. A. J. Harris, attended the funeral of Jim Cambell at Cambell Graveyard in Stumps Hills on Tuesday. Mr. Cambell was a member of the I.O.O.F. encampment, and it was as representatives of that body that the gentlemen above named attended the funeral.

Johnny Pool of Shiloh was in Clanton Tuesday on business.

WRITING SCHOOL AT CONCORD

On Monday, July 9th, there will be a writing school to begin at Concord School House, three miles east of Clanton, taught by Prof. J. E. Thornton of Carrollton, Ga. Prof. Thornton will teach in the place of J. C. Brown, who had formerly arranged for the school. Mr. Thornton is one of the best penmen in the South, and it is hoped that he will have a good representative school.

ALL DAY SINGING AT CORINTH

The Union-Banner: I am authorized to ask you to publish in your paper that there will be an all day singing at Corinth Church, six miles east of Verbena on next Sunday, July 8th. Everybody is invited to come and bring their song books and baskets well filled with dinner.

A. L. ROBINSON.

SINGING SCHOOL

A session of Dye's Normal Musical Institute will be held at Collins Chapel, beginning July 9th, and continuing for eighteen days.

Rates of tuition very reasonable. For further particulars see or write J. M. Mims, Secretary, Clanton, Ala., Route 4, or John M. Dye, Principal, Siluria, Ala.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF SETTLEMENT.

The State of Alabama, Chilton County. Probate Court. May 29, 1917.

In the matter of the estate of John W. Gullahorn, deceased, This day came H. A. Harris, Administrator of the Estate of said deceased, and files his account, vouchers, evidence, statement for final settlement of his said Administration.

It is ordered that the 7th day of July, 1917, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

Witness my hand this, 29th day of May, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate

Don't forget your Subscription.

When you feel lazy, out of sorts and yawn a good deal in the daytime, you can charge it to a torpid liver which has allowed the system to get full of impurities. HERBINE cures all disorders produced by an inactive liver. It strengthens that organ, cleanses the bowels and puts the system in good healthy condition. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

CHILTON COUNTY SINGING CONVENTION SUNDAY

Profitable Meeting and Splendid Singing is Result of The Days Session.

The Chilton County Singing Convention met with Providence Church the First Sunday in July in its regular annual session, and rendered a very good program. We were called to order at 10:15, a.m. with a song by our president, and prayer by W.H. Robinson. A short business conference was held to elect officers for the coming year, and R. A. Smith was re-elected President, F. Iven Popwell Secretary, G. C. Powell, Vice-President, R. M. Robinson Chaplain, J. W. Lowery, J. W. Cleckler, and W. G. Culp were appointed executive committee.

J. W. Cleckler, T. G. Wyatt and Lee Robinson were appointed as program committee. The directors for the a.m. were W. G. Culp, H. M. Eagle, and R. T. Grant.

Prof. Eagle was given unlimited time and he sang several songs and made a short but enthusiastic talk on "The importance of co-operation in the convention." The other two directors sang fifteen minutes each.

At noon refreshments prepared by the good ladies were served in abundance.

Our president called the house to order at 1:30 o'clock with song, after which O. L. Devaughn, J. W. Lowery, Lee Robinson, H. M. Eagle, Riley Robinson and W. H. Robinson directed fifteen minutes each. Organists for the day were Miss Lillian Robinson, and Messrs H. M. Eagle, W. G. Culp, and C. H. Robinson.

$2.10 was collected to pay for minutes.

The following resolutions were drawn up by R. T. Grant, and F. Iven Popwell, which was unanimously adopted by the convention:

Resolved first—that the convention extend their thanks to the people of Providence community for their kindness in caring for this session of the body in such a hospitable manner.

Resolved second—that the convention extend its thanks to the singers and leaders for their co-operation and success in the session of the convention and wish to extend to the highest success; especially to H. M. Eagle in the cause of music in the county, and for his attendance at this session of the convention.

Resolved third—that all of the members of the convention and all members in various churches in the county to support the convention in the future, in order that we may attain a higher standard of efficiency in our efforts to advance the cause in which we are joined together.

We were dismissed at 3:30 singing "God be with you till we meet again" led by the president. Prayer by W. H. Robinson.

F. IVEN POPWELL, Secy-Treas.

If you want to see a real demonstration of kissing and slobbering just be around when two girl chums meet when they haven't seen each other for about two hours.

All mothers and fathers should see "Mothers of France" at the Ideal Theatre (Candy Store) Clanton, on Monday, July 16th. See announcement elsewhere. This is an attraction no one should miss.

Congress is arguing so much tommy rot and so strong for reform that it would not surprise us to see them write out the unwritten law and use it as an amendment to some war measure.

A poor man soon finds out that all the assistance he gets is advice to be content with his lot.

Some fellows can't stand up for their rights without sitting on every thing else.

The average man does most of his hurrying in order to catch up and very little of it in order to get ahead.

NOTICE

There will be a Red Cross meeting next Sunday evening, July 8, at 8 o'clock, at the Verbena Methodist Church. Dr. B. J. Baldwin head of Red Cross work in the State will address those who are interested. All are invited and urged to attend.

The recently organized Red Cross society in Verbena is growing in power and in numbers.

S. L. GIBS

MONEY
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HOLDS CHARM FOR RED-BLOODED MEN

Navy, With Its High Ideals and Splendid Record, Justifies Nation's Pride.

MEN NEEDED FOR SERVICE

Uncle Sam Pays All Expenses and Monthly Wage Is All Velvet—"There Is Always Room at the Top," True of Navy.

By EDWARD B. CLARK.

Washington.—Sailors of the American navy, many of them young men who only a year ago were on the farm, at the bench, at the counter, or in school, today are in Uncle Sam's destroyers sailing the waters of the northern seas, where they are engaged in the heroic duty of upholding the world principle of freedom for all peoples.

The American people always have shown a kindly disposition toward the man-of-war and the man-o'-warsman. There has been an appeal about the sea which has drawn and held the interest of landsmen who never smelt salt water. Americans always have taken a pride in their navy.

Today Uncle Sam needs men for his navy and he wishes to get them from the ranks of those who are charged with the volunteer spirit of service. Our great fleet is mobilized "somewhere on the coast" for possible deadly service with the great fleet of the enemy. Today, for the navy has allowed the fact to become known, many of our smaller craft, the bulldog destroyers of the navy, are hunting the submarine sharks in the waters off Daunt's Rock, close to the coast of Ireland and farther north, where even in summer the elements at times are almost as fierce as "man, the enemy."

Pay Is Doubled.

Recently the congress of the United States increased the pay of the sailor men so materially that the recruits's pay is double what it was.

In the navy the young men of the country, both in times of peace and in times of war, secure liberal educations. Their opportunities for travel and for sight-seeing are greater than those of men employed in almost any other calling in life. Moreover, the boys just ...ing manhood who enlist in the ... given opportunities for in... if they have the ambi... ...ifications, will ... naval acad... same terms as ... nominated by ...and at that in... ...ducation which ...missioned rank ...ment of the United ... upon them.

...ns in the American ...n the spirit of en... ...n who walks the ...lors, from the ad... ...entice seaman. The ...out John Paul Jones, ... the sea for his coun... Decatur, Bainbridge, ...rragut and Dewey. As ... of the navy has said, in ...cally an appeal to the youth ... country to enlist under the ...'s colors, the standard is high.

Service of High Ideals.

"The navy has been throughout its entire existence a service of high ideals; and its unbroken record of great and worthy achievement, of duty well done, has been due to the high standard set for officers and men in the beginning and which has been maintained ever since. This standard was never higher than it is today; and any young American who thinks of going into the navy may feel sure that, on enlisting, he will enter a service in which he may, and should, always feel a justifiable pride and of which the uniform is a badge of honor."

Young men between the ages of seventeen and twenty-five, who are not skilled in any naval trade, are enlisted as apprentice seamen. Immediately upon being sworn in at the recruiting stations they are sent at government expense to a naval training station. The apprentice seaman, because he is a green man and simply undergoing training has been paid in the past $17.60 a month. From this time on, however, under the recent act of congress his pay throughout the war and until six months after its ending is to be $32.60 a month.

Now it must be remembered that the sailor, whether he be a recruit or a seasoned man-o'-warsman, is under no expense at all for his livelihood after he once joins the navy. He is given clothing, food, shelter and medical attendance. Out of his pay all that he ... l spend is such money as he desires to pay out for such luxuries and entertainments as he seems inclined to indulge in.

Increase Soon Comes.

It must not be supposed that an apprentice seaman continues long to draw simply the amount of his first pay. His first raise comes in the seaman branch, and if he is in the fireroom he gets an ...al sum.

...needs men who are trained ... in the various trades. ...icient along certain ...e within certain ...isted for specific ... They are given ...standards set ... of endeavor ...ll informa... of this ...ulting of... world in itself. It needs men proficient in nearly all lines of human working endeavor.

Rate of Pay in Navy.

The law increasing the pay of the men in the navy has just been enacted and the pay tables under the new dispensation have not yet been made out, but it is a simple thing to determine the rate of pay of each seaman of whatever class by adding to the pay given in the accompanying table the amount of increase in each case. The increased pay allotment has just gone into effect. Below is given the navy wage table, with the pay as it stood prior to the recent act of congress. In order to know what each man's pay now is, it is only necessary to know that every man now drawing less than $21 a month will receive an increase of $15 a month; that every man drawing at present from $22 to $24 a month, inclusive, will receive $12 a month additional; that every man drawing more than $24 and less than $45, will receive $8 a month additional, and that every man drawing at present $45 or more a month will receive $6 a month additional pay.

It should be borne in mind that the apprentice seaman, the ordinary boy recruit, who ordinarily gets $17.60 a month, will be receiving at the time that this is read $15 additional, making his pay $32.60.

Here is the pay table as it stands today regardless of the increases which congress has ordained:

Chief Petty Officers.

	Monthly Pay.
Chief masters at arms	$71.50
Chief boatswains' mates	55.00
Chief gunners' mates	55.00
Chief turret captains	66.00
Chief quartermasters	55.00
Chief machinists' mates	77.00
Chief electricians	66.00
Chief carpenters' mates	55.00
Chief water tenders	55.00
Chief printers	66.00
Chief storekeepers	55.00
Chief yeomen	66.00
Chief pharmacists' mates	66.00
Bandmasters	57.20

All chief petty officers with a permanent appointment receive $77 a month and allowances.

Petty Officers, First Class.

Masters at arms, first class	$44.00
Boatswains' mates, first class	44.00
Gunners' mates, first class	44.00
Turret captains, first class	55.00
Quartermasters, first class	44.00
Boiler makers	71.50
Machinists' mates, first class	60.50
Coppersmiths	60.50
Shipfitters, first class	60.50
Electricians, first class	55.00
Blacksmiths	55.00
Plumbers and Fitters	49.50
Sailmakers' mates	44.00
Carpenters' mates, first class	44.00
Water tenders	44.00
Painters, first class	44.00
Printers, first class	44.00
Storekeepers, first class	44.00
Yeomen, first class	44.00
First musicians	39.60
Pharmacists' mates, first class	44.00
Masters at arms, second class	38.50
Boatswains' mates, second class	38.50
Gunners' mates, second class	38.50
Quartermasters, second class	38.50
Machinists' mates, second class	44.00
Electricians, second class	44.00
Shipfitters, second class	44.00
Oilers	40.70
Carpenters' mates, second class	38.50
Painters, second class	38.50
Storekeepers, second class	38.50
Yeomen, second class	38.50
Pharmacists' mates, second class	38.50

Petty Officers, Third Class.

Masters at arms, third class	$33.00
Coxswains	33.00
Gunners' mates, third class	33.00
Quartermasters, third class	33.00
Electricians, 3d class	33.00
Carpenters' mates, third class	33.00
Painters, third class	33.00
Storekeepers, third class	33.00
Yeomen, third class	33.00
Pharmacists' mates, third class	33.00

Rating With Seamen.

Seamen gunners	$28.60
Seamen	26.40
Firemen, first class	38.50
Musicians, first class	35.20
Hospital apprentices, first class	26.40

Rating With Seamen, Second Class.

Seamen, second class	$20.90
Firemen, second class	33.00
Shipwrights	27.50
Musicians, second class	33.00
Buglers	33.00
Hospital apprentices, second class	20.90

Rating With Seamen, Third Class.

Apprentice seamen	$17.60
Firemen, third class	24.20
Landsmen	17.60

Commissary Branch.

Chief commissary stewards	$77.00
Commissary stewards	66.00
Ship's cooks, first class	60.50
Ship's cooks, second class	44.00
Ship's cooks, third class	33.00
Ship's cooks, fourth class	27.50
Bakers, first class	49.50
Bakers, second class	38.50
Landsmen	17.60
Stewards to commander in chief	66.00
Cooks to commanders in chief	55.00
Stewards to commandants	66.00
Cooks to commandants	55.00
Cabin stewards	55.00
Cabin cooks	49.50
Wardroom stewards	55.00
Wardroom cooks	49.50
Steerage stewards	33.00
Steerage cooks	33.00
Warrant officers' stewards	38.50
Warrant officers' cooks	33.00
Mess attendants, first class*	33.00
Mess attendants, second class*	27.50
Mess attendants, third class*	22.00

*If Americans citizens.

All stewards and cooks of the messman branch, who are American citizens, and hold certificates of qualification, receive $5.50 a month in addition to the above rates of pay.

Navy Needs Men.

The United States today is at war. The government officials are looking to the young men of the country to come to the help of that democracy which means liberty. There are rear admirals and captains in the United States navy today who rose to their high rank of command from the position of naval apprentice. Rear Admiral William H. H. Southerland once was a naval apprentice. Capt. John Emil Roller was a naval apprentice. "There is always room at the top" is a saying that is credited originally to the sea service. Uncle Sam needs recruits to help sustain the honor of his flag. The sea and its service have a holding charm for men of red blood.

MARINES ARE ALWAYS FIRST IN FIGHT

They Go Everywhere by Land or Sea in Defense of the American Flag.

MOTTO: "ALWAYS FAITHFUL"

The Recruit Entering Service Today Is Paid $30 a Month and the Opportunities for Advancement Are Numerous.

By EDWARD B. CLARK.

Washington.—"First in the Fight" is the war-time slogan of the United States marines, while "Semper Fidelis," "Always Faithful," is their motto in peace and war.

So it would seem that if good works, coupled with faith, secure a man's salvation, there must be some reason as well as rhyme in the last four lines of the Marine corps hymn:

If the Army and the Navy
Ever look on Heaven's scenes,
They will find the streets are guarded by
The United States Marines.

Recently Uncle Sam has ordered an increase in the number of his marines to a war strength of 30,000 men, which numerically means 4,000 more men than there are in a division of troops of the United States army. There is room in the marines, therefore, for any stalwart young American between the ages of eighteen and thirty-five who wishes to be a soldier and a sailor in one, to be first in the fight, and to be able to prove that he is always faithful to the ideals of humanity and the ideals of his country. In the present war the American belief is that the two are one.

When congress recently increased the pay of the army it also increased the pay of the navy and of the Marine corps. The recruit today who enters the Marine corps will receive $30 a month pay, an increase of $15 over the pay in the more or less piping times of peace. More than this, if he goes to sea, which unquestionably will be his lot, he will receive 20 per cent additional, and it is generally accounted that in this war time the 20 per cent increase will be continued while the marine is on land in a foreign country holding up his end for the United States.

What is the marine? This is one of the questions in a little catechism issued by the officials of the corps. The answer is that the marine is a soldier of the sea.

The marine is a soldier and a sailor, and yet he is neither. He is a sort of a two-fisted fighting rover. He goes everywhere by land or by sea to the last outpost of civilization and beyond if it is necessary for the service of protection of the American flag and of the upholding of the rights of American people.

The Marine corps is curious in a way in its formation. It has more men in its ranks than an army division, and yet in a way its organization is that of a regiment, although it has a major general commandant and several brigadier generals. Then, like the army, it has its colonels, its lieutenant colonels, its majors, and its captains.

The Marine corps, big as it is, with its 30,000 men in war time, keeps a peculiar organization, because its fighters necessarily are divided into comparatively small detachments.

Under the command of Colonel Doyen of the Marine corps 2,000 soldiers of the sea soon will be in the trenches in France. These men, it has been announced, were added to the preliminary force which it is intended to send into France because the government recognized the right of marines to live up to the meaning of their war-time slogan, "First in the Fight."

Men Needed for Marines.

The United States government wants men for its Marine corps. It hopes that it will not be necessary to draw from the ranks of the selective service army the men needed to complete the complement of the soldier-sailor organization. It wants volunteers. The attractions of service in the marines are many. There are chances, and good ones, for the enlisted men to be recommended for a student course at Annapolis, there to be educated and trained and upon graduation to receive a commission either in the Marine corps or in the navy. The law also provides for the promotion of noncommissioned officers to warrant rank in the grades of marine gunners and quartermaster's clerk. Such officers receive from $1,125 to $2,500 a year, and are entitled to the same privileges of retirement as warrant officers in the navy.

There is a chance for marines to make money in addition to their pay. Mess stewards, mess sergeants, mess men, clerks, and men assigned to aviation duty receive amounts varying from $7.50 to $15 per month in addition to their base pay. There are provisions for increased pay for men who qualify as expert riflemen, as marksmen and as sharpshooters.

The Marine corps is the oldest army service of the United States, having been organized before the army and the navy. Every man who enters it is given his food, his clothing, his lodging, and his medical attendance.

The country needs volunteer marines for a service that is First at the Front and Always Faithful.

ALABAMA COAL IS REDUCED AT MINES

OPERATORS AGREE TO CONCESSION PROPOSED AT MEETING IN WASHINGTON.

CUT $1.50 TO $2.50 A TON

Maximum Price of $4.00 Will Be Fixed With a Minimum Price of $3.00.

Birmingham.—Alabama coal operators attended the conferences in Washington with government officials, and as a result reduction in prices of coal f. o. b .mines will be made in accordance with general concessions on all contracts beginning July 1, the reduction being from $1.50 to $2.50 per ton. Instead of $5.50 per ton, as obtains now at some mines, a maximum price of $4 will be fixed with a minimum of $3. In consideration of this, the operators will expect action as to car service, some readjustment of prices on contracts that were made before the extraordinary demand started in, in many instances half of the new minimum price.

Clothing Factory for Birmingham.

Birmingham.—Clothing for the army is to be made in Birmingham. A factory for the work will be erected in Birmingham at an early date, and the machinery ordered for immediate delivery. Formal announcement of the location of the plant in Birmingham was made by Blanks Everett, Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, and Laurens Block. The plant in Birmingham will be established just as soon as machinery necessary to begin can be installed. According to Mr. Everett, they will begin making coats and trousers at first. The new plant will employ 200 women. The machinery for the making of clothing has been ordered and just as soon as it arrives men will be put at work installing it. Local business men will have charge of the new clothing plant.

Large Silk Mill for Albany.

Albany.—Albany is to have the only silk mill in the South. It is to be operated and owned by a New York manufacturer. The plant will have a floor space of 10,000 square feet, and will operate 100 looms at the beginning. It is planned to increase the looms at the rate of 100 per year for the first five years. One hundred girls will be employed in operating the looms, and it is announced that the building will be completed an the machinery installed within the next three months.

Girl Is Scalped in Accident.

Mobile.—While two dozen persons, mostly girls, were in a panic, sixteen year old Mamie Sketo, employed at the O. K. Knitting Mills in the Peerless Laundry building cooly directed rescurers how to move machinery to extricate her. The girl's hair was caught in the machinery and she was dragged under the machine at which she was working and scalped. Th injured girl was removed to the Mobile infirmary in charge of Dr. E. A. Peterson, who was summoned to the scene of the accident. The girl while caught in the machine talked cooly to those around her and told her name and age to newspaper men.

Accused of Murder, Admits Guilt.

Mobile.—Impeaching his own testimony given at the coroner's inquest and admitting that he had lied while under oath at that time, Fisher Brooks, negro taxicab driver, from the witness stand in the circuit court room Thursday afternoon told a jury that "five of us ought to be strung up for this," meaning the murder of Mrs. Julia May Hess. "I lied when I testified at the coroner's inquest," said Brooks, "and I now want to tell the truth. I am going to the gallows, and I'm sorry I did not tell the truth when I testified before."

Lightning Kills One.

Anniston.—Buddy Shaw, aged 19, son of M. L. Shaw, farmer near Abel, Calhoun County, was killed by lightning while working in the field. Two sisters and brothers were severely shocked. During the same storm lightning struck the house of Jeff Smith, farmer, near Pleasant Ridge, twisting timbers and setting furniture on fire. The blaze was extinguished by neighbors. The storm was the worst of the season, causing the Choccolocco Creek to overflow and damaging bottom land crops.

Cotton Brings Fancy Price.

Athens.—A local cotton company has bought a lot of cotton, consisting of several hundred bales and paid the fancy price of 25½ cents per pound.

Birmingham May Be Given Camp.

Birmingham.—Birmingham still is hopeful of getting one of the yet unassigned military training camps, and has just cause for being hopeful, according to John D. McNeel, Collector of Internal Revenue, just returned from Washington. Mr. McNeel said that the claims of this city have been presented fully and forcefully, and have been urged repeatedly by various special delegations who have appeared before the officials of the War Department in the interest of Birmingham.

Artillery Is Located.

Birmingham.—Artillery, Ala., is the name of the newest railroad station on the Southern Railway. It is located one mile north of Anniston, and will be the junction from which the branch track will lead off the main line and penetrate the camp grounds of the artillery training ground. It is the name of a town which promises to be built overnight, almost. It is the only town in the United States to be named and designated as a regular stopping place for railroad trains bearing a military name which fits the nature of the town. James Freeman, Assistant General Passenger Agent, christened the latest addition to his official map.

Claim Alabama Coal Rate Unfair.

Washington.—The Inter-state Commerce Commission found unjustified a proposed rule providing collection of charges on washed coal from Alabama to the South and West on a basis of actual weight at shipping points. Shippers told the commission that coal, recently washed, contains a large amount of water, and that this is materially lost before or shortly after shipments begin to move. Under the ruling of the commission the rate on coal will depend upon its weight at destination, or will be fixed by agreement of carriers and shippers as to its proportion of moisture.

Alabamian Leads Troops.

Montgomery.—An Alabamian is in command o fthe first division of American troops landing on the soil of France. Major General William L Sibert has been entrusted with that responsibility. General Sibert was reared in Gadsden, spent two years in the State University at Tuscaloosa, before going to West Point, and has often revisited his relatives and friends here in Alabama.

Civil Engineer Is Killed.

Albany.—The body of Arthur W. May, civil engineer, who met a tragic death when he accidentally stepped off bridge No. 19 over Shoal Creek near Hartselle, was conveyed to Nashville for burial. Mr. May fell 25 feet and died instantly. He was one of a party of engineers engaged in making surveys of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad for the government.

Will of Dr. Blair Filed.

Tuscumbia.—The will of the late Dr Hugh W. Blair, of Sheffield, who committed suicide in that city recently, after an attempt to kill his wife, whom he succeeded in wounding, was admitted to probate and record in the Probate Court. The estate is said to be worth from $50,000 to $75,000. The estate, after a few special bequests, goes to his two daughters.

Recruits Signing Up Faster.

Montgomery.—Recruits are coming into the office of the United States army more rapidly than at any time for the past month. The number being received indicates a wide interest in the proclamation of the President and a general inclination to enlist rather than wait and be drafted.

Altoona to Incorporate.

Gadsden.—Citizens of Altoona are preparing a petition for the incorporation of the town. The recent decision of the Supreme Court dissolved the old incorporation papers. There is practically no opposition to the incorporation of the town. The present population of the community is about 2,000.

Body of Infant Found.

Athens.—While fishing in Popular Creek, in the Ripley section, southeast of Athens, some small boys found a suspicious bundle. Bringing it to the bank they found it to be the body of an infant tied up in a sack and weighted down with a flatiron.

Convention Is Planned.

Opelika.—Annual convention of the Lee County Sunday School Association will be held in Opelika July 12 to 13. An elaborate program has been prepared and a large crowd, it is believed, will attend the convention.

Prepared to Stay On Strike a Year

Mobile.—The machinists of the Mobile Stove and Pulley Works who were employed making munitions and who went out on a strike for an increase in pay from $3.25 to $4, announced that they were prepared to stay out for a year.

Canning Plant Completed.

Tuscaloosa.—The new canning plan for Tuscaloosa has been completed and is now running. This plant was the result of local agitation for such a plant and all of the stock is held locally.

966 Bales of Cotton Sold.

Opelika.—Nine hundred and sixty five bales of cotton were sold here. W. E. Davis was the largest seller, with 510 bales and H. A. Bedell was second with 355 bales. Prices paid were 23½ cents per pound.

Pig Iron at $46 Per Ton.

Birmingham.—Pig iron quotations No. 2 foundry, are around $46 per ton with but little iron to be had for this year's delivery. Basic iron, special brand and special analysis irons are selling between $45 and $50 per ton the last named price having been fixed on a large amount. Charcoal iron has gone up to between $50 and $60 per ton with no iron to be sold. Much pig iron is being shipped from the Birmingham District at prices below $20 per ton, iron that was sold last year.

THOSE AWFUL CRAMPS

Suggestions that may save Much Suffering



Marysville, Pa.—"For twelve years I suffered with terrible cramps. I would have to stay in bed several days every month. I tried all kinds of remedies and was treated by doctors, but my trouble continued until one day I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it had done for others. I tried it and now I am never troubled with cramps and feel like a different woman. I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound too highly and I am recommending it to my friends who suffer as I did." —Mrs. GEORGE R. NAYLOR, Box 72, Marysville, Pa.

Young women who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, headache, dragging-down sensations, fainting spells or indigestion should take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Thousands have been restored to health by this root and herb remedy.

Write for free and helpful advice to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass. Only women open and read such letters.

ECZEMA!



Money back without question if HUNT'S CURE fails in the treatment of ITCH, ECZEMA, RINGWORM, TETTER or other itching skin diseases. Price 50c at druggists, or direct from A. B. Richards Medicine Co., Sherman, Tex.

HERE YOU ARE! Desirable lot in flourishing city, Mobridge, S. D.; will trade. What have you? Write me. Address Box 714, Deer Lodge, Montana

A woman knows more about styles in a minute than a man does in a lifetime.

THIS IS THE AGE OF YOUTH.

You will look ten years younger if you darken your ugly, grizzly, gray hairs by using "La Creole" Hair Dressing.—Adv.

Grimly Classical.

"Do you regard the study of Latin as an advantage?"

"Not now," replied Mr. Growcher. "But sometimes I wish literature had stuck to the old language. I can't imagine anybody writing best-seller stories or ragtime in Latin.

Fulton Was a Great Man.

The class in history was studying the life of Robert Fulton. In connection with it they, of course, brought in the topic of the steamboat, which you know, made Fulton famous.

"What are many of the great uses of the steamboat?" asked the teacher. "What things might not have happened if the steamboat had not been invented?" she hinted.

"Well,' answered little Johnny, who had been called on, "well, um-m-a, Columbus might not have discovered America."

War Spirit Contagious.

Sir Herbert Beerbohm Tree was more than once placed in a perplexing position by the loss of members of his cast during his tour throughout Canada and the United States. No less than ten members enlisted, including two ladies for service in war hospitals. One humorous incident occurred after the engagement of a "deputy" in the United States. She was not very much interested in the war prior to her appointment but the talk behind the scenes and the company bore so frequently the loss of relatives at the front that she felt one night impelled to volunteer as a nurse, was eventually accepted, and her place had to be filled.

The Danger Zone for Many Is Coffee Drinking

Some people find it wise to quit coffee when their nerves begin to "act up."

The easy way nowadays is to switch to

Instant Postum

Nothing in pleasure is missed by the change, and greater comfort follows as the nerves rebuild.

Postum is economical to both health and purse.

"There's a Reason"

RUSSIANS STORM TEUTON POSITIONS

Berlin Admits That Attack Was Delivered On Eighteen-Mile Front With Great Force

ENGAGE IN ARTILLERY DUELS

Berlin Says Entente Pressure Forced Russians To Attack—British Continue To Tighten Grip

New York.—The soldiers of New Russia have assumed the aggressive. For the first time since the revolution last March Russian troops have begun an attack on an extensive scale.

Along a front of eighteen and one-half miles in the region of Brzezany, Galicia, Russian troops have stormed the German positions. Berlin says the Russians suffered heavy losses and were compelled to retire before the German fire. The attack was made between the Upper Stripa and the Narayuvka river, a tributary of the Gnila Lipa, in the section southeast of Lemberg, the Galician capital, where the artillery firing has been heavy recently.

The Russians also made night attacks on both sides of Brzezany and near Zwyzn, and Berlin reports that assaults between the Zlota Lipa and the Narayuvka have brought on new battles between the opposing forces. The artillery arm of the Russian forces has been active and from the Berlin report it is learned that an intense duel has been in progress from t... region of Brzezany to as far nort... ward as the Middle Stokhod in V... hynia, a distance of about one hundr... and seventy-five miles.

Berlin declares that the Russian a... tacks, which, it says, were powerf... were brought about throuhg the pre... sure of the leading entente powe... the text of the official statement sa... ing:

"The Russian government havi... been constrained to yield to the pre... sure of the leading entente powe... part of the army has been induced ... attack."

CHINESE REPUBLIC HAS GONE BY THE BOAR...

The Manchu Dynasty Is Restored T... Power In The Mongolian Empire

London.—General Chang Hsun, sa... a Reuter's limited dispatch from P... kin, has informed President Li Yu... Hung that he must retire because ... Manchu emperor, Hsuan Tung, ... been restored to the throne. Anoth... Reuter's limited dispatch from Pek... says that Hsuan Tung issued a ma... date June 30 announcing his succ... sion to the throne of China. ... present difficulties of Presid... have arisen from his refusal ... the decision to break wit... and it has been reported ... opposed to the entry ... the war.

On June 10, afte... eral of the no... inces, Genera... dissolving pa... dissolving p... refused to a... also declined ... resignation. ... ever, he y... rebel lea... liament... Prince ... 6, 1911, Prince Chun abdicated ... gent and February 12, 1912, the yo... ful emperor abdicated the throne a... the Chinese republic was establish... Since that time the emperor had v... tually been a prisoner of Presider... Yuan and Li. Hsuan Tung was bo... in 1904.

Price Of Coal To Consumer Will Va...

Washington.—Secretary of the In... rior Franklin K. Lane was genera... credited with saving the governme... and the American people $180,000,000 annually in reduced bituminous prices. Operators from soft coal fields west of the Mississippi were to meet with Chairman Peabody of the national defense council's coal production committee to adopt a similar schedule.

American Nurses Guests Of London

London.—The lobby and the reception room, the "palm court" and the smoking room of the Waldorf hotel—London's—seemed to be full of bright-eyed dark-blue clad women. They all appeared to be smiling and they all wore on the left side of their neat well-fitting tunics, small enameled medal with the Red Cross, emphasizing its simple significance upon a white background. Nobody else in the big hotel seemed to matter very much except these women. They made an eloquent chapter in history.

U. S. Soldier Received By Frenchmen

Paris.—One of the most touching incidents connected with the arrival of the representatives of the American army in France occurred when maimed French soldiers received Major General Pershing at one of the institutions of the National Federation for the Aid of Wounded in the Champs Elysee. A large crowd assembled, as is usual, wherever General Pershing is expected, and waited patiently in a downpour of rain for the arrival of the American commander, who was greeted with enthusiastic cries.

U. S. TROOPS REACH FRANCE

U. S. Soldiers Disembark On French Soil And Are Transferred To Their Camp

Washington.—The advance guard of the mighty army the United States is preparing to send against Germany is on French soil.

In defiance of the German submarines, thousands of seasoned regulars and marines, trained fighting men with the tan of long service on the Mexican border or in Haiti or Santo Domingo still on their faces, have been hastened overseas to fight beside the French, the British, the Belgian, the Russian, the Portuguese and the Italian troops on the western front.

News of the safe arrival of the troops sent a new thrill through Washington. No formal announcement came from the war department, but when Major General Pershing's official report has been received there may be a statement as to the numbers and composition of the advance guard.

Press dispatches from France, presumably sent forward with the approval of General Pershing's staff, show that Major General Sibert, one of the new major generals of the army, commands the first force sent abroad, under General Pershing as commander in chief of the expedition.

Considering the distance to be covered and the fact that all preparations had to be made after the order came from the white house the night of May 18, it is practically certain that never before has a military expedition of this size been assembled, convoyed and landed without mishap in so short a time. It is good augury of future achievements.

When the order came to prepare im...

...ment, it was stated, was practicly impossible and would be in direct contradiction to the spirit and principle of the whole Russian upheaval. The constituent assembly will have in its hands the building of the whole new political structure of Russia.

How 2,700 Marine Left For France

New York.—So quietly did a regiment of marines, included in that part of the Pershing expedition which already has landed in France, slip away from the League Island navy yard, that the sailor baseball team at practice on the parade ground did not know 2,700 men under command of Col. Charles A. Doyen, were on their way to the battle front. No drums or bugles sounded and the only ceremony which attended the leave-taking was a brief speech to the officers by Major General George Barnett, the commandant.

Norway Near Break With The Germans

London.—Norway has reached a crisis in her relations with Germany. Judging from information reaching here there is every reason to believe she will not submit tamely to Germany's arrogant demands as to her commerce and shipping, despite her desperate desire to maintain peace. Well-informed Norwegians in London recognize the military purposes of Germany's continued and illegal destruction of Norway's shipping. They see the reasons for German's systematic campaign to wipe out Norwegian ships.

RAISE OF RATES IS DENIED ROADS

Commission Holds That No Emergency Warrants Advance And Declares Carriers Show Increased Prosperity

PROFITED BY MOBILIZATION

Gloomy Predictions Of Decreased Income Not Borne Out By The Figures

Washington.—The interstate commerce commission denied the plea of the railroads of the United States for a horizontal increase of 15 per cent in freight rates.

The commission indicated its willingness to increase class rates in the eastern district approximately 14 per cent. Since about one-fourth of the freight handled is moved under class rates, the decision virtually allows the eastern lines about four per cent increase in gross freight revenue. Increases in rates on coal, coke and iron ore will be granted.

In the southern district an increase of 15 per cent on coal, with a maximum of 15 cents a ton, was permitted.

The commission found, as a result of the extended hearings on the case, that the carriers generally show a substantial increasing financial prosperity, and that they have ample resources with which to conduct transportation.

Little sympathy was given the arguments of the roads that they were victims of war prices, the commission holding that the carriers have profited by the mobilization of troops.

The commission suspended the proposed tariffs until October 28, but it indicated that no rehearing of the case would be of value at this time, and suggests cancellation of the tariffs.

The commission finds that the gloomy forecast of jeopardized incomes, seen by railroad officials early in 1917, have not been borne out by the figures available for later months.

WAR TO CONTINUE UNTIL ALLIES RESTORE DEMOCRACY

Germany Will Not Be Allowed To Retain Nations She Has Ruthlessly Run Over

Glasgow, Scotland.—Premier Lloyd-Georgia, in a stirring and characteristic speech before the burgesses of the northern metropolis on the occasion of his being made a free man of the city in St. Andrew's hall, declared that if peace came an hour before the objects for which Great Britain entered the war had been achieved it would be a calamity for Europe.

Germany, the premier said, wanted peace, but a peace which would make the country she invaded subject-nations.

Mr. Lloyd-George pointed out that no German statesman had promised the restoration of Belgium, and said that the entente allies could enter into a conference with a democratized Germany in a different spirit than they could deal with Prussian autocracy.

GREECE BREAKS RELATIONS WITH THE TEUTONIC POWERS

Probable That a Declaration Of War Against Germany And Other Central Powers Will Follow Soon

Paris.—Telegraphing from Athens, the correspondents of Le Temps says: "The Greek government has directed its minister to Switzerland from the Caradja, to communicate to the Greek legations at Berlin, Vienna, Sofia and Constantinople, instructing the ministers to break diplomatic relations between the Greek kingdom and the governments of Germany, Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria and Turkey.

"The Greek ministers at the capitals are instructed to leave their posts with their staffs and to place their archives with The Netherlands legations. The rupture is based on the incompatibility of maintaining diplomatic relations with governments that are carrying on war in Greek territory."

Wilson Studying U. S. Export Policy

Washington.—America's export policy will be determined by President Wilson only after a most careful study of the subject in all its international aspects. After the problem had been gone over at cabinet meeting, it was disclosed that the first presidential proclamation putting certain commodities under government control probably will not be issued for some days. Many complications are presented. It is pointed out that the administration is anxious that no injustice be done to neutrals.

"Bone Dryness" Barred By Wilson

Washington.—Intervention of President Wilson checked the "bone dry" national prohibition movement in congress. Confinement of prohibition legislation to distilled beverages without interference with manufacture of beer and wines, it is generally agreed, will result. Prohibition leaders were asked by the president, in order to prevent delay in passing the food control bill, to drop their fight against the manufacture of beer, wines and other light intoxicants.

BRAZIL BREAKS WITH KAISER

South American Republic No Longer Neutral In Great World War Now Raging

New York.—Brazil is no longer a neutral in the world war and the German empire has another enemy arrayed against it.

Having previously revoked its policy of aloofness, so far as it affected the hostilities between the United States and Germany, Brazil now has come definitely into the open and announced that it can no longer be considered neutral in the war between the entente and Germany.

Although no announcement has been made as to whether the South American republic will actually enter into hostilities by its revocation of neutrality, it definitely aligns itself morally on the side of the United States and the entente.

The Canadians—men from all parts of the Dominion—have taken another hack at the German lines protecting Lens, the coal center in the department of Pas de Calais, and have been rewarded with further encroachment upon their objective.

Striking on a two-mile front south of Lens the Canadians, from Nova Scotia, central Ontario, Manitoba and British Colombia, protected by effective curtain fires, forced their way through Avion and also the village of Leauvette. They defeated in their onslaughts men of the crack Prussian guard and the Fifth Grenadier guards, whose machine gun and rifle fire, and the fact that the attacking force had to cut through wire entanglements, could not stay them.

When the battle ended and the Canadians began their work of consolidating newly won positions, their line had been extended to within one mide of the Center of Lens, the fall of which, under such tenacious assaults as have been made recently, seemingly cannot be long delayed.

On the remainder of the front in France there have been only bombardments between the French and Germans.

TURNS TURTLE ON EDGE OF WHIRLPOOL RAPIDS

Nine Persons Known To Be Dead, Several Missing And Over Score In Hospitals

Niagara Falls, N. Y.—A belt line car on the Great Gorge Route, left the rails, plunged down a 20-foot embankment and turned over in 10 feet of water on the edge of the Whirlpool rapids. Nine persons are known to be dead, two persons known to have been on the car have not been seen since the accident and probably are dead, an indefinite number, estimated at from two to ten, are reported missing and more than a score are in hospitals, suffering from injuries received in the accident.

A washout, due to recent heavy rains, was the cause of the disaster, which occurred just below the Cantilever bridge and 60 feet below the point where the smooth water of the upper reaches of the Niagara river break into the turbulent waters of the Whirlpool rapids.

The car had all but completed the circuit of the gorge, having crossed from the Canadian side of the river on the trolley bridge at Lewiston.

Germany Getting Food From U. S.

Washington.—Evidence that Germany is obtaining vast quantities of food from the European neutral countries has been presented to the United States by Great Britain for the United States government's guidance in determining an export policy. Much of this, the British statistics purport to show, is replaced by the neutrals with imports from the United States. From Scandinavia and Holland information sets forth, enough fat is going into Germany to supply 7,700,000 soldiers, virtually the entire army of effectives in the empire.

May Draw Million Men On First Levy

Washington.—The toll of manhood each state must yield to the new national armies is being apportioned. That the war department is talking over a plan to draw one million at the first levy is asserted in departmental quarters. Under this arrangement only enough men to fill the cantonment camps would be ordered out in September. Others would await the next summons.

Bulgaria Fears Break With The U. S.

Copenhagen.—Although Bulgaria is opposed to breaking off relations with the United States, the fear is expressed, that Premier Radoslavoff may have been compelled to purchase concessions, for which he went to Berlin, by a sacrifice of American relations as part payment. The influence against a break with the United States is of a twin nature, based on the influence of the American Roberts college education from men of Bulgaria, and upon the respect for the far-away republic, with no ax to grind in Bulgaria.

U. S. Commission At Russian Front

Petrograd.—Major General Scott, chief military member of the American mission, was at the Russian front for a lengthy tour. Former Senator Root and civilian commissioners will remain for a short time at headquarters. The American party has just reached Brussiloff's headquarters.

While in Moscow, it became known that Mr. Root was forced to go to St. Stephen's hospital for treatment for a severe cold. He had made five speeches in one day there, with the temperature at 104.

WILSON ANNOUNCES REGULATIONS GOVERNING DRAFT OF NEW ARMY

Proclamation Makes Clear That There Will Be No Class Exemptions, Each Individual Case Must Be Decided Upon Its Merits.

Washington.—The President created and set into motion the gigantic machinery of the draft.

By a proclamation of regulations the president started the huge labor of singling out the manhood of the nation for America's armies. The regulations fix the general class of men free from military service, set up the exemption boards that sift out the men and define their duties.

The text of the regulations cover 78 printed pages. Herewith is a comprehensive resume of the regulations, copies of which are being widely distributed.

Only a very small group of classes of men are exempt from bearing arms. All other men must appear before the tribunals. Upon hearing of evidence they will be discharged or drafted into the army, as the case may be.

Safeguards for Fairness.

Every action of the boards is hedged with double safeguards against unfairness and wide open to the public gaze.

The skeleton of the human lottery that fixes upon the men is constructed in the rules. The exact method of the lottery is left for a late proclamation. Within a few weeks the draft will be made. At military headquarters it is stated that one million men will be drawn in the first levy.

Upon proof of their status the following classes are exempt:

Men indispensible to industries that are necessary to the maintenance of the military establishment of the national interests.

Men with wives, children, parents, brothers or sisters dependant solely upon them for support.

Members of well recognized religious sects whose creeds forbid bearing arms, students of divinity and ordained ministers.

Legislative, judicial and executive officers of the United States or the States of the Union.

Men in the army or navy of the United States.

Aliens who have not taken out naturalization papers, and subjects of Germany.

Workmen in the armories, arsenals and navy yards in the United States and men engaged in the transmission of the United States mails.

Criminals convicted for felonies and the morally deficient.

Power for District Boards.

The most vital power—that of deciding which men are indispensible and the necessary industries—is placed in the hands of the district boards. One or more board is created for each federal district in the country.

The entire burden of proof for exemption is saddled upon the claimant.

Appeal from the ruling of the tribunal is provided for in the regulations.

As outlined in the rules the following are the steps leading up to the ordering of the men into camp:

A local exemption board of three members, for approximately each 30,000 of population, is set up. Most of these tribunals are already formed. They are composed of five men of the highest standing, and known as district or appellate boards. Any member of either board may be removed by the president.

On a day to be set the lower board meet and organize. The registration cards are secured from the registration boards which then cease to exist. The cards are numbered serially from one up, and the names and numbers posted in a public place and given to the press for publication. At the same time a copy is sent to Washington.

When every card is numbered and posted in every precinct in the nation the stage is set for the actual drawing.

Drawing in Washington.

Although the method is left for another proclamation, it is known that the drawing will take place in Washington.

After the order in which the men are called up for service is determined the quota that each state must yield up to the armies will be announced.

The state governors are directed to divide the quotas among the counties and cities on the basis of population.

These numbers and names are again posted and published, and the men called are notified by mail.

Next the "honor men" are summoned for physical examination before the local board. One member of each board is a physician. He is ordered to make the examination in the presence of another member of the board.

To guard against any unfairness in the physical examination the president makes an ingenious provision.

In case the physician designates any man unfit, the board calls in another physician. He makes another examination in ignorance of the first report. If both make the same diagnosis a certificate of disqualification is issued. Members of the board are barred from passing upon any relation's case.

Physical Examinations First.

After the physical examinations are finished the boards take up the exemption of the classes specified in the rules. A claim supported by affidavits must be made by men asking for exemption. Claims for occupational grounds must be made to the district board. In making a claim for exemption on the ground of a dependent the claimant must furnish an affidavit that the income for the support of the dependent is mainly from the fruit of his labor and not derived from property. He must bring another affidavit from the dependent affirming the dependency, and another, from the head of the family stating the same grounds.

Within three days after the affidavits are filed, the local board must make its decision. Either an absolute, a conditional or temporary discharge may be granted.

The local boards next report a list of the men discharged and those not discharged to the district board. Again these names are posted and a notice sent to each.

Claims of exemption upon occupational grounds must be made to the district board within five days after the man is notified that he is drawn.

As to "Indispensibles."

The burden of a double proof rests upon these claimants. They must prove that the industry in which they are engaged is necessary and that they are "indispensible" to its successful conduct.

"That he is actually engaged in a particular industrial or agricultural enterprise necessary to the maintenance of the military establishment or the national interest and that his continuance therein is necessary to the maintenance of that industry and cannat be dispensed with or replaced without substantial material loss and detriment of that enterprise."

Each claim must be supported by affidavits.

When, in the opinion of the board, the loss of the man to the industry outweighs the gain to the military establishment, a certificate of discharge is issued.

Claims of exemption may be made by wives, parents, children, employers or any other person for the man in whom they are interested.

The boards are empowered to investigate affidavits and claims for exemption wita any means at their disposal.

After the occasional claims are passed upon the district board next reviews the appeals from lower boards. Upon these appeals the decision is final. When it is adverse the man is drafted into the army.

Notified by Mail.

After all appeals are dec... occupational claims settled ... trict board reports its li... to the adjutant general ... These are the men t... summoned to the ... They are to be ...

An appeal fr... occupational c... is provided fo... of the appea... summoned to ...

In a later ... Wilson will c... hear the occu...

The regulatio... authority to deter... time what genera... tries are necessary ... the military interests. ... will be announced by proclamation. The district boards are ordered to ascertain the existing conditions of industry in their districts to aid in making equitable exemptions. Another proclamation to follow within a few days will make the laws governing the final step of the draft—assembling the men and calling them into the camps.

On any disputed decision of the board a majority rules. Members are barred from taking part in any hearing that concerns any relative closer than a second cousin.

In case of doubt in physical examinations as to whether the man is unfit, the government is given the benefit of the doubt and the man is certified as "fit." To guard against partiality, every case of an exemption by a lower is appealed automatically to the upper tiribunal. Unless new evidence is presented after a short time, the higher board affirms the decision. This method gives the public in general an opportunity to present evidence favoring or opposing the decision.

Heavy penalties are imposed for making false seatements or any evasion of the requirements of the regulations. Imprisonment for not more than one year without the alternative of a fine is provided for evasion.

Visitor Took No Chances.

The ways of a "great city" evidently were very new to him as he stood on the curb on Main street north from the Union station and gazed across the street at a line of brilliantly lighted windows. Several times he ventured a foot to the pavement, and then drew it back. A city man who was observing him apparently looked friendly, for the stranger suddenly approached him.

"Say," he asked, "do they allow a fellow to cross the street anywhere he wants to, or does he have to go to one of them crossings?"—Kansas City Star.

Decidely Different.

Reformer—Things will be different when we have taken graft out of politics.

Machine politician—They certainly will. Then the office will have to seek the man.—Judge.

Advice.

"It's always safest and best."

"What is?"

"To think that your rival knows a little more than he seems to, and that you know a little less than you think you do."

Business Booming.

Druggist's friend—I hear y... register ringing a lot. You ... doing a fine business?

Druggist—I'm doing s... don't know how many ni... of pennies I've sold this mo...

Reassured Him.

He—"You don't really care ... you are merely flirting wi... make Jack jealous." She—"... I'd pick out a better look... I wanted to do that."

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
W. M. WYATT AND J. B. WELLS
Publishers and Proprietors.

W. M. WYATT, Editor.
J. B. WELLS, Business Manager.

Subscription price $1.00 per year, payable in advance.

Entered April 15, 1913, at Clanton Ala., as second class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

THE SHADOW OF CRIME

From that well known section of our county known as Stumps Hills, this week comes the story of another horrible cold-blooded murder, which casts its shadow in unmitigated terror upon the good name of all those people of that section who are striving to better things of life. There are, in Stumps Hills, as in every other section of the county, people both good and not good. But it does seem that some people of that particular section of the county are prone to a more utter disregard of the dignity of the laws of our land than any other people within our confines. Every year there comes out from some petty grievance of neighbor against neighbor there, the story of horrible transaction, wherein some man's life has been placed at naught, and offered up on the uncivilized altar of cold-blood murder. Men's lives up there seem to be placed at par with such frivolous things as a sack of hog-nose apples, or a quart of moonshine whiskey, and are too frequently sacrificed out of situations with no gravity whatever.

Whatever it is that causes people to handle human life in such wreckless fashion seems to have grown into them from years past. It is no reflection on the many good people of that splendid section who deplore those conditions as much as anybody in the county.

But it is time for all law-abiding citizens of the county both in Stumps Hills and elsewhere, who have regard for human life and the enforcement of our civil laws, to rise up in their might and impress it with the sternest force on all who are so lightly disposed as to commit murder without any serious provocation, that this county does not endorse such wanton sacrifice of human life as has been coming to the surface from Stumps ...lls in the last few years.

...Union-Banner ...getting to its ... a day late this week. The ... it is that the printers had ... off to celebrate the ... and to welcome the ... season.

... Samuel Johnson ... announces that ... New Orleans to ... assigned him in ... stated that he ...ty for some time. ...ddress is 2212 Canal ...

...ol of Birmingham was at home with his folks in Clanton to spend the Fourth.

W. F. Teel, who has been at work for the L. &. N. Railroad up about Birmingham, came down home this week, sick with malaria. He was accompanied by his son, Edgar, who is also at work in Birmingham.

Captain Stone, an officer of the law out at Lock 12, was in town a short while on Thursday.

Rev. and Mrs. S. H. Herbert of Thorsby spent the Fourth with friends near Clanton.

It has just about got so that a modern boy doesn't make half as much fuss over his first automobile as the old-fashioned boy used to over his first watch.

CHILTON COUNTY MAN NOT TO ESCAPE TRIAL BY ENLISTING

Montgomery, July 4.—(Special)—Perry Glass, who enlisted in the 4th Regiment Tuesday in the belief that he would avoid trial on a charge of murdering James Cambell, a farmer near Clanton, Monday, was arrested and placed in the guardhouse Wednesday to await the arrival of officials of Chilton County who have placed a charge of murder against him.

Police received a warning from Clanton Tuesday that Glass probably had come toward this city. Early Tuesday, Glass presented himself to the recruiting officer, with the statement that he desired to enter the American army. He was examined and passed. "Am I in the army now?" he asked. He was told that he was. "And does the government protect me, and does any other person have anything to do with me?" he asked. Assured that he was subject solely to orders of military officers, he announced that he had killed a man near Clanton. Officers of Chilton verified his statement.

Glass will be kept in the guardhouse until papers have been received from Chilton County. It is alleged that Glass was employed on Cambell's farm, and that he killed Cambell in a dispute about a crop.—

FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATED IN PARIS BY ENTHUSIASTS

Paris, July 4.—All France celebrated the Fourth of July. Paris turned out a crowd that no American city ever surpassed for size, enthusiasm and profusion of Stars and Stripes.

A batallion of the first American expeditionary force about to elave for training behind the battle front had its first official review in France and was the center of the celebration.

Everywhere the American flag was flying from public buildings, hotels and residences and from automobiles and cabs, from carts, horses' bridles and the lapels of the pedestrians carried them.

The crowds began to gather early at vantage points. Rue de Varenne was choked long before 8 o'clock this morning when the Republican Guards band executed a field reveille under General Pershing's windows and all routes toward the Invalides were thronged even before Pershing's men turned out.

About the courthouse, where the Americans were drawn up with a detachment of French territorials the buildings overflowed to the roofs.

G. W. Fox of Maplesville was in Clanton Monday in attendance at County Court.

Sheriff Harris and Deputy John Gore went to Stumps Hills Monday Morning to investigate the killing of ... Campbell.

When the baby is suffering the double affliction of hot weather and bowel disorders the remedy needed is McGEE'S BABY ELIXER. It reduces the feverish condition, corrects the stomach and checks the looseness of the bowels. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Uncle Jimmy Mims of Collins Chapel was in Clanton Thursday.

Attorney B. Guy Smith spent the Fourth of July in Montgomery.

Frank J. Callen made a pleasure trip to the Capital City on the Fourth of July, to witness the patriotic parade.

Mrs. W. H. Goodgame spent the Fourth with her parents at Thorsby.

Doing hard work in a bent or stooping position puts a stitch in the back that is painful. If the muscles have become strained, you can't get rid of it without help. The great penetration power of BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT will appeal to you most strongly at such times, because it is the very thing you need. Price 25c 50c and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Thrashing Machine

Brand New Outfit Ready for Business

When your grain crop is ready to thrash out you should make arrangements to have the work done by my brand new and most up-to-date outfit.

I am ready for operation now, and am prepared to go where the people want me to.

I guarantee the work done by my machine and assure you perfect satisfaction.

Later in the season I will add a peanut and velvet bean ...h to my outfit.

...ll on me when you need your grain thrashed.

D. H. GENTRY

CLANTON, ROUTE 4.

THE FALL GARDEN

The Soil.

It is imperative that a fall garden be planted so as to provide fresh, tender vegetables through the latter half of the summer, fall and early winter. There is no reason why anyone should not have a good fall garden, if the proper kind of soil and varieties are selected and given good attention. More attention should be given to the selection of the soil for a fall garden than for the early spring garden. The soil for the fall garden should be of a loamy nature, either sand loam or clay loam underlaid with a good, porous clay subsoil. It needs to be retentive of moisture but well drained. Warm, sandy soils are selected for the spring garden, so as to enable early planting, but it is very important for the fall garden to retain moisture through the hot days of August and September.

One should not wait until fall to start planting the fall garden, as it takes from ninety to one hundred and twenty days for many of the vegetables to mature.

Preparation, Fertilization and Cultivation.

In preparing the land and planting vegetables for fall, a different method should be used than that followed in spring. Instead of planting in ridges, as is commonly practiced in the early spring, the ground should be thoroughly broken, finely pulverized and everything planted on the level, since by level tillage it is much easier to retain the moisture.

A liberal application of cow manure or other well rotted manure, is advisable for most soils, but fresh horse manure should not be used. If manure cannot be secured, use a mixture of equal parts acid phosphate and cotton seed meal, applied at the rate of one thousand pounds to one ton per acre. It must be well mixed with the soil before planting the seed or setting the plants.

The soil should be worked frequently to retain a good dust mulch and to keep down the weeds and grass, especially "grab grass", which so frequently infests the late garden. Cultivate as soon as possible after rain, but not while the soil is wet.

Garden Crops by Months.

The seed of tomatoes and collards should be sown in beds early in June, and the plants transplanted into the garden not later than the fifteenth of July.

At least twenty different vegetables may be grown in the fall garden. The following varieties of vegetables should be planted during the month of June:

Beets: Early Sclipse, Butter beans, Parsley: Half Long Danvers, Sweet potatoes: Triumph, Nancy Hall, Porto Rico, Beans: Stringless Green Pod (bunch), Kentucky Wonder (Pole), Tomatoes: June Pink, John Barr, Greater Baltimore, Prosperity, Collards: Georgia Blue Stem, Egg Plant: New York Improved, Black Beauty, Peppers: Pinetoes, Chinese Giant, Tabasco, Okra: Perkins, Long Green Pod, Corn: Country Gentleman, Stowell,s Evergreen, Black Mexican, Adams early, Squash: Canada Crooked Neck, Hubbard.

The following vegetables should be planted or transplanted during the month of July:

Beets: Early Eclipse, Carrots: Half Long Danvers, Sweet Potatoes: Triumph, Nancy Hall, Porto Rica, (plant or vine cuttings, Irish potatoes: Bliss Triumph, Cobbler, Lookout Mountain, Collards: Georgia Blue Stem, Beans: Stringless Green Pod, Kentucky Wonder, Tomatoes: June Pink, Greater Baltimore, John Barr and Prosperity, Squash: Canada Crooked Neck, Hubbard, Corn: Country Gentleman, Stowell's Evergreen, Black Mexican, Adams early, Okra. Perkins Long Green Pod.

For August:

Carrots: Half Long Danvers, Turnips: Flat Dutch, Yellow Globe or Sweede, Milan, Cow Horn, Irish Potatoes: Bliss Triumph, Cobbler, Lookout Mountain, Lettuce: Hanson, Big Boston, Beans: Stringless Green Pod, Kentucky Wonder, English Peas: Thomas Laxton, Cucumbers: White Spine.

For September:

Onion Sets: Crystal Wax, Yellow Danvers, Spinach: Curled Savoy, Radish: White Icicle, Long Scarlet, Short Top, Mustard: Pearl, Lettuce. Hanson, Big Boston.

The seed should be sown in October for winter and spring cabbage, Cauliflower, Brussel's Sprouts, Kohlrabi and Kale

Winter Vegetables in a Cold Frame.

A number of vegetables can be had in winter by the use of the cold frame. The cold frame sheuld be protected by glass, but a cheap grade of unbleached cotton cloth may be used. The crops recommended for forcing in cold frames are lettuce, mustard, parsley, radish, spinach, beets, carrots, and onions. Many of these plants are grown in the open in mild winter weather.

Construction of a Cold Frame.

The cold frame may be either a permanent or temporary affair. It should be located and constructed as follows:

Select an elevated place, where drainage is good. A southern or southeastern slope is preferable, with a fence or building, when possible, on the north or northwest side as a wind break. A pit should be dug ten or twelve inches deep, 6 feet wide, and long enough to accommodate as many plants as desired. Construct a frame of good heart lumber, 1½ to 2 inches thick. The board for the back should be 14 inches wide, and the one for the front 8 inches wide, with the end pieces sloping to fit. The frame should fit into the place excavated and be filled with rich soil. Strips of 2 x 4 inch material are nailed across the frame at intervals of three feet, to hold the sash. The standard sash is 3 x 6 feet in size, exclusive of the drip board at the foot, which projects a few inches beyond the side of the frame on the lower side.

Care of the Cold Frame.

Since it would be rather troublesome to move the cold frame, it is advisable to fill the frame with new soil each season. As a safeguard against disease, the soil should be taken from an area on which none of the species of plants to be forced has grown for several years.

The soil used for the cold frame should be of light loamy character and fairly rich. It should be thoroughly pulverized, and all rocks, sticks and trash should be removed. The seed may be sown broadcast or in close drills, the latter being commonly preferred.

The plants should be watered judiciously. Watering should be done early in the morning of bright warm days. Watering in the evening lowers the temperature, and often injures the plants and makes them more susceptible to disease.

Frequent cultivation should be given, keeping the bed free of weeds and grass, and preventing the formation of any crust on the surface.

WELL PUT

Colonel Roosevelt lays no claim to such powers of literary expression as are proposed by some other public men. But when he makes a speech something inside of his heart blows out in a strong hot flame of sincerity which creates an address fully as welcome as any more measured and balanced words from a cooler man.

Speaking in Nebraska lately, Col. Roosevelt's words of reproachful admonition were bravely uttered and the country needs to hear just such talk. It was all good talk, but here is a sentence:

"And nevertheless we have not been kept out of war. Our avoidance of duty simply invited such cumulative repetition of insult and injury that finally war was forced on us. It merely resulted in our drifting into war stern foremost, in a condition of such complete unreadiness that we owe an ignoble safety exclusively to the protection of the exhausted nations to whose help we have announced that we intend to come."

Every word of that honest, indignant speech should be pondered by American citizens. This is not an academic situation. We must try to atone for three years of indifference. We can do it, but we must try harder than most men have ever tried in their lives.—New York Sun.

The trouble with having a cinch is that it is so hard to get a sucker to take a bet on it.

These Warm Days Call for COOL CLOTHES

Come in and inspect our line of

Ladies' and Gents Furnishings

For Summer Werr—Our Stock has never been more Complete

We have a swell line of NEGLIGEE SHIRTS, and can fit you up in any or all sizes.

Mens and Boys Summer Underwer

We have a big line of these Garments, in Union Suits, in both the short and ankle lengths. And all of our goods are guaranteed to please you.

The Big Bargain Store

Clanton Mercantile Co.

CLANTON, ALA.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

State of Alabama, Chilton County. Probate Court. June 23rd, 1917.

In the matter of the estate of J.F. Lewis deceased. This day came Lula E. Lewis, administratrix of the estate of said deceased, and files account, vouchers, evidence, statement for final settlement of his said administration.

It is ordered that the 14th day of July, 1917, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons intersted can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

Witness my hand, this 23rd day of June, 1917.

L .H. REYNOLDS, Judge of Probate.

All Choked Up With Catarrh? Why Continue Makeshift Treatment?

Sprays and douches will never cure you.

Catarrh is annoying enough when it chokes up your nostrils and air passages, causing painful and difficult breathing and other discomforts. But the real danger comes when it reaches down into your lungs.

This is why you should at once realize the importance of the proper treatment, and lose no time experimenting with worthless remedies which touch only the surface. To be rid of Catarrh, you must drive the disease germs out of your blood.

Splendid results have been reported from the use of S. S. S., which completely routs from your blood the Catarrh germs, for which it is a perfect antidote.

S. S. S. is sold by all druggists. If you wish medical advice as to the treatment of your own individual case, write to-day to Chief Medical Adviser, Swift Specific Co., Dept. B Atlanta, Ga.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

A. C. Smith B. Guy Smith
SMITH & SMITH
Attorneys At Law
General Practice
Clanton, - - - - - Alabama.

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in Hopkins Bldg.,
Special Attention Given to the ...eases of Women & Surgery
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... GERALD
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ALA.

...ttorney at La...
Office in the Johnson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

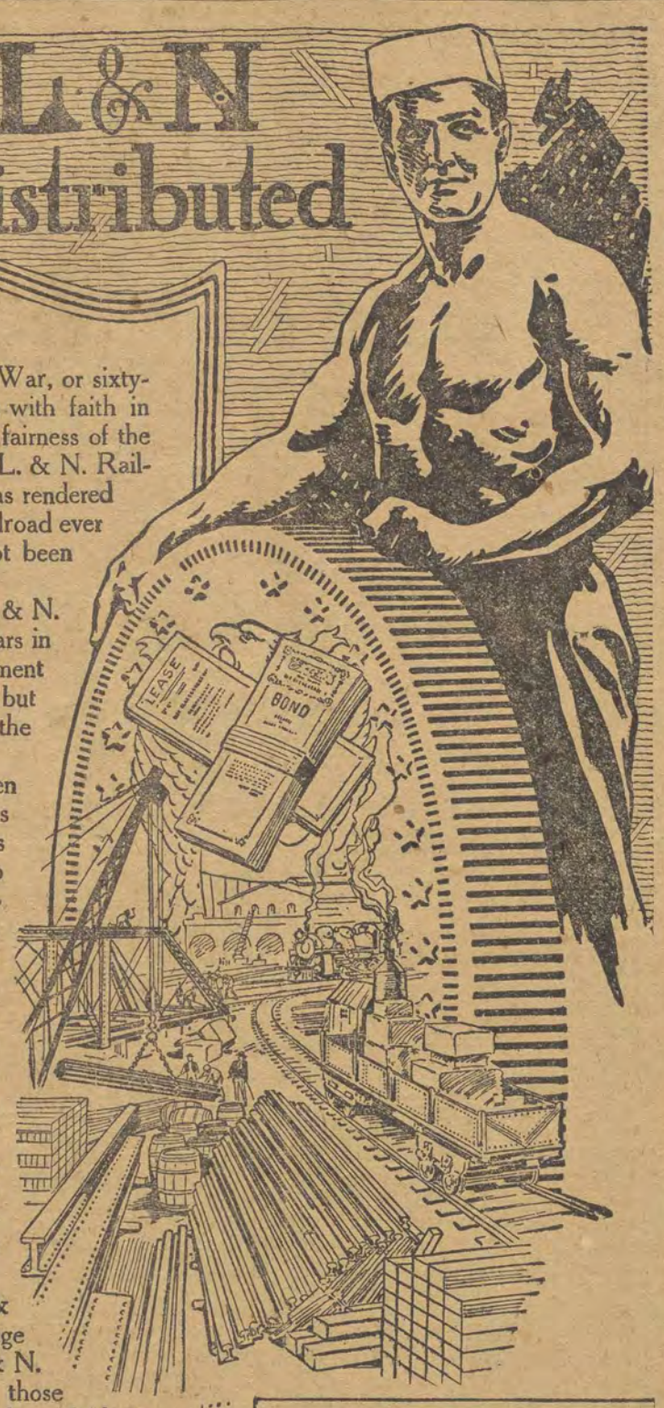
DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. A. B. BAXLEY
Optometrist
Office in Mullins Bldg.
Clanton, Ala.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

Watch your label.

How the L & N Dollar is Distributed



ELEVEN years prior to the Civil War, or sixty-six years ago, public spirited men with faith in the future of the South, and in the fairness of the people of the South, established the L. & N. Railroad. Since that time the L. & N. has rendered unsurpassed service and is the only railroad ever established in the South which has not been through bankruptcy.

During those sixty-six years the L. & N. has expended many millions of dollars in the South, not only for the development and upbuilding of its own property, but for the development and upbuilding of the South.

Figures, available for the last sixteen years only, show that the L. & N. has expended during those sixteen years $24,000,439.17 for taxes, paid into the South's public treasury; for material and supplies $167,475,437.53; for fuel $43,082,955.39; for wages to employes $324,870,160.41, **the greater part of which was expended in the South,** and many millions of which were brought to the South from other sources to develop and enrich the South.

The average income on the property investment in sixteen years was 5.96%. The most prosperous year—1904—was 7.14%, and the poorest—1915—was 3.75%.

L. & N. officials have expended L. & N. income to the best possible advantage for the material welfare of the L. & N. and the South. At the same time, those investors who own the L. & N., and have faith in the South and in the fairness of her people, must be accorded consideration in the form of some return on their investment.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.

(7) *The Old Reliable*

IN 16 YEARS THE L & N DOLLAR HAS BEEN DISPOSED OF AS FOLLOWS:

Labor	.42	cents
Taxes	.03	"
Fuel	.06	"
Loss and Damage	.03	"
Material and Other Supplies	.20	"
Interest on Bonded Debt	.13	"
Rent for Leased Roads	.04	"
Betterments, Dividends and Surplus	.09	"
	100	cents

SHERIFF'S SALE—REAL ESTATE

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed whereby I, as Sheriff of said County, was commonded to make the sum of five thousand, six hundred ninety-seven and thirty-seven hundredths dollars, principal and interest, and seventeen and twenty-five hundredths dollars, costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the November term, 1916, of said court of said county, Alabama, in favor of First National Bank of Birmingham, Ala., against E. A. Matthews, et als, I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the court house door of said county, between the hours of 11 o'clock, a.m. and 4 o'clock, pm., on **Monday. the 16 day of July, 1917** all the right, title and interest of the above named E. A. Matthews, W. H. Sartor, P. D. Wilson, N. A. Kicker, et als, in and to the following described real estate, viz:

(Four-fifths of undivided interest in and to the following described property:)

The following described real property, lying and being situated in the Town of Clanton, Alabama, towit: a certain parcel of land west of the S. & N. Alabama Ry., described as follows towit: Commencing at a point on the line of the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., 210 feet south of the intersection of said right of way and the main street, now known as Second Aveune, and running thence in a westerly direction, parallel with the main street, 485 feet, more or less, to the line of W. D. Sartor's land, said line of W. D. Sartor's land was known or existed on the 10th day of August, 1893, thence in a southerly direction, along the line of said Sartor land line, and a continuation thereof 300 ft., thence in an easterly direction parallel to said main street, 485 ft., more or less to said right of way, thence in a northerly direction along said right of way 300 feet to a point of beginning, being a part of land which was conveyed to John Randolph on the 12th day of February, 1902, by deed which is recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in Vol. 24 of record of deeds, on page 387; the said lot or parcel of land above described is known by the official map of the town of Clanton, Alabama, and marked upon said map, "E. Y. McMorris University School." (The words, "main street" wherever they appear in the foregoing description, refer to the street now known as Second Avnue.) And also a tract or parcel of land described as follows, towit: beginning at the NE corner of a certain lot west of the South & North Alabama Ry., and south of and bordering on Second Ave., marked on the official may of the town of Clanton, "W.M. Wilson and Bro." and running thence east along Second Ave., 40 feet; thence south 210 feet to the lot marked on said official map, "E.Y. McMorris University School" thence west 40 feet thence north 210 feet to the point of beginning; and also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described and bounded as follows, towit: beginning at the SE corner of the lot marked on the official map of thettown of Clanton, Alabama, "E. Y. McMorris University School" and running thence west 160 feet, thence south 80 feet, thence east 40 feet, thence south 280 feet, thence east to the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry., thence north to the point of beginning; also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described as follows, towit: beginning at the NE corner of the lot marked on the official map of Clanton, Alabama, "E. Y. McMorris University School," and running thence west 30 feet, thence north 60 feet to the lot of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., thence east 30 feet to the right of way of the South and North Alabama Ry. Co., thence south along the said right of way to the point of beginning; and also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Ry., described as follows: beginning at the SW corner of the lot marked on the official map of Clanton, Alabama, "E. Y. McMorris University School" and running south 20 feet, thence east to within 160 feet of the right of way of the South and North Alabama Railroad Company, thence north 20 feet to the south line of said "E. Y. McMorris University School" lot, thence west along said line to the point of beginning, also a lot or parcel of land west of the South and North Alabama Railroad, described as follows: beginning at the NW of the Episcopal Church lot on the south side of Second Ave. and running thence west along said Second Avenue 120 feet, thence south 210 feet, thence east 120 feet, thence north along said Episcopal church lot 210 feet to the point of beginning.

(Interest of W. I. Mullins is not conveyed by this sale.)

This 13th day of June, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at court house door, June 13th, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Pay your subscription to this paper.

C. REESE MULLINS

—Agent—

For Life and Fire Insurance, Accident and Health Insurance, Auto and Windstorm Insurance, Liability and Plate Glass Insurance. Bonding.

Singer Sewing Machines.

Regular office days Mondays and Saturdays.

Third door east of Post office.

CLANTON, ALA.

Coffins, Burial Supplies, Automobile Accessories For sale at

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.

CLANTON, ALA.

Visitors to Clanton!

Don't forget that you have an invitation to come to the Exchange Hotel and make your Headquarters.

Farmers and their families are especially invited to come to see us when in town on business or pleasure.

If you want a first-class dinner, we will be glad to wait on you. Call around to see us any time.

The Exchange Hotel

W. H. GOODGAME, Proprietor.

Mules Wanted

Sizes from 14-3 to 16 hands high; Ages, 5 to 8 years old.

Also Good Cavalry Horses Wanted.

The Above Stock Wanted for the United States Army.

Abraham Brothers

Will be in C[illegible]

D. Y. Joh[illegible]

Sa[illegible]

BRING US YOUY MULES AND HORSES.

Methods of Canning to use in the South

It now remains to sterilize the contents of the sealed cans. For beans, corn, peas, and asparagus intermittent processing is recommended. Under this method sterilization is carried on for one hour for three successive days. The cans are lowered slowly under water that is boiling vigorously at the time Naturally it ceases to boil as soon as the cans are immersed but will begin to boil again a short time later. The time of processing is counted from the moment when the water begins to boil again and it must be kept boiling constantly throughout the entire hour. In the case of very young string beans and some other easily sterilized vegetables, the processing is reduced to one half for two successive days.

As soon as the processing is over the cans should be cooled as rapidly as possible in order to stop cooking which breaks down the fruit and injures the flavor and color. They should never be stacked close together until they are entirely cold.

The labeling should be done with a rather dry paste which is put only on the end of the label so that it does not touch the tin. Paste may cause rust, and in damp climates it is sometimes customary to lacquer the outside of the can before it is labeled. The label, if the product is intended for sale, must contain the net weight in pounds and ounces and the packer's name and address.

In packing fruits and vegetables it is necessary to surround them with brine, sirup, or water, but under the terms of the Federal law governing the interstate shipment of canned goods no more of this liquor is allowed than is actually necessary to cover the contents after as full a pack as possible is made. With tomatoes no water at all should be added in excess of the amount in the tomatoes canned.

Add Sugar and Salt.

In addition to the liquor a mixture of sugar and salt adds greatly to the flavor of such products as tomatoes, peas, lima beans and corn. The mixture recommended by the government specialists in canning is composed of ⅛ salt and the rest sugar. Two level teaspoonfuls of this are placed in a No. 3 can and one teaspoonful in a No. 2 can. For beans, okra, cauliflower, etc., a brine containing 2½ ounces of salt to a gallon of water is used. For asparagus a heavier brine, 4 onuces to a gallon of water, is needed.

In order to conserve the supply of tin cans it is strongly urged that all products intended for home use be put up whenever possible in glass. The hermitage type of jar, however, is not a suitable one for intermittent processing, for which the best type is a glass-top jar with wire clamps. The clamps should be raised at the beginning of each processing to allow for expansion.

The First Cry



Every woman's sympathy responds to the sweetness of a baby's voice. The little cry that echoes with the arrival of the new baby is perhaps the fondest and most cherished recollection of our lives.

Thousands of mothers owe their preservation to health and strength to the wonderful preparation "Mother's Friend". This is an external application which is applied to the abdominal muscles. It relieves the tension, prevents tenderness and pain at the crisis and enables the abdomen to expand gently. The muscles contract naturally after baby arrives and the form is thus preserved.

It should be applied daily, night and morning, during the period of expectation. Its influence on the fine network of nerves and ligaments just beneath the skin is wonderful. It renders them pliant, and in this way aids nature to expand the abdomen without the usual strain when baby is born.

You will find this wonderful preparation on sale at every drug store. "Mother's Friend" is prepared by the Bradfield Regulator Co., Dept. C, 200 Lamar Building, Atlanta, Ga. They will send you an intensely interesting book, without charge, "Motherhood and the Baby". Write them to mail it to you. It is of the utmost importance that every expectant mother aid nature in her work. Do not neglect for a single night to use "Mother's Friend". It is absolutely and entirely safe.

A lot of men do their hardest work Sunday, when they do not get paid for it.

Some men want a lot of credit for being decent because they are compellel to do so by law.

The man who has the thinnest watch in the crowd knows that he is the only man in the crowd who has the correct time.

If politics, religion and the weather were eliminated from their conversations some men wouldn't be able to say a word.

The average man would get mad if you said that he was conceited. But the average man imapines that his opinion is public opinion.

Mrs. Leon Gore was hostess to the Women's Missionary Society of the Methodist Church at its regular business and social meeting last Tuesday afternoon. Quite an interesting meeting was held. Reports from the officers were encouraging. Delicious cream and cake were served.



Cattle relish the sweet odor of wet Buckeye Hulls

BUCKEYE HULLS, after being wetted down for ten or twelve hours, acquire a taste or odor similar to the succulent ensilage odor that cattle like so well. Simply feed

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properly and your stock will like them better than any other roughage. Once they are accustomed to them, they will not be satisfied with anything else.

There is every reason why your cattle should relish Buckeye Hulls. They are all roughage; no lint that is worthless as forage; no dirt, trash or dust.

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Buckeye Hulls cost much less per ton than old style hulls.
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Mr. L. R. Farmer, Louisville, Ga., says:
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To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

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Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

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L&N

Also on sale daily until October 15th, regular round trip Summer Tourist Tickets to Gulf Coast Resorts at slightly higher fares with return limit of October 31st.

The Shielding Shadow

by Randall Parrish

AUTHOR OF "BEYOND THE FRONTIER," "MAID OF THE FOREST," "MY LADY OF THE NORTH," ETC.

NOVELIZED FROM THE PHOTOPLAY SERIAL OF THE SAME NAME BY GEORGE B. SEITZ, RELEASED BY PATHE

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SYNOPSIS.

Adventurous Jerry Carson embarks in search of hidden treasure with the promise of Leontine Walcott to be his wife on his return. Her father favors Sebastian Navarre. Jerry's ship is burned, he is reported lost. Jerry suddenly turns up to confront charges of the Navarres against him. In a struggle for a forged paper Diego Navarre is killed and Jerry is convicted of the murder. He escapes, and finds the treasure and a wonderful chemical pellet. Leontine is forced to marry Sebastian. On the honeymoon, he attacks her in a rage. Suddenly he is confronted by a weird apparition. Ravengar forces a confession from Louie. Sebastian attempts to get it. An earthquake occurs; in the excitement, Red Finn steals the confession and flees. He appears in New York as Romanoff and enlists the aid of Madame Bianca. Leontine consents to accompany Hamilton on a balloon ascension. Sebastian drugs Hamilton and arranges to have Leontine set adrift in the balloon. The balloon bursts into flame and Leontine finds that her companion is Ravengar. They are rescued, but One-Lamp Louie reports that they perished in a hurricane. Sebastian arranges to marry Bianca. Louie prevents it to save himself and is thrown to death by Sebastian who changes his marriage plans. He sees Leontine alive and well. Later Sebastian kidnaps Leontine, but the Shadow has promised her protection. Ravengar delivers Leontine from the hands of her enemies, but Bianca's thugs capture him. Bianca hesitates to kill him as she is passionately in love with him. By maintaining that Leontine is insane, Sebastian again gains possession of her. Ravengar, after a terrific battle, rescues her, but the mystic mantle which renders them invisible, is stolen. Bianca's thugs corner Ravengar and Leontine in a shack. Bianca defends Ravengar. He escapes and recovers the invisible mantle. Out of revenge the thugs dynamite the shack. Ravengar offers Sebastian his freedom in exchange for the confession; as the police arrive Sebastian escapes. Ravengar takes Leontine to his laboratory to explain a mystic pellet. Sebastian steals the pellets and the mantle. After a struggle Sebastian by the aid of the mantle spirits Ravengar away unconscious. Leontine returns to the laboratory but her husband follows her, locks her within and sets fire to the building. Ravengar escapes from his prison and rescues Leontine.

FOURTEENTH EPISODE

Absolute Black.

Ravengar, in the midst of his conversation with Leontine, had seen Sebastian's face at the window of a nearby tenement house. Sebastian had changed his mind about the immediate destruction of Ravengar. He was sensible enough to prefer to finish one job at a time, and at present he preferred to watch his wife burn to death in Ravengar's laboratory.

He was examining Joseph Dexter's journal in the room of a certain Mr. Wang. This gentleman was not, as his name might imply, of Oriental persuasion. He had never seen the Flowery land, and his only idea of a Chinaman was of a purveyor of chop suey to ordinary folks and clean laundry to those who had a taste for such luxuries. Whitey Wang was an old friend of Sebastian's, and lived in the aforesaid tenement.

Sebastian soon perceived that the dead scientist's journal needed more than a careless scrutiny. He closed it and handed it to Wang, together with the bottle of pellets.

"Take these to the Central Trust company's offices and have them put in my safe deposite box," he said.

Wang took them and went out. But as he was closing the door Sebastian hailed him.

"Come here!" he said. "Do you see that man over there?"

Wang nodded.

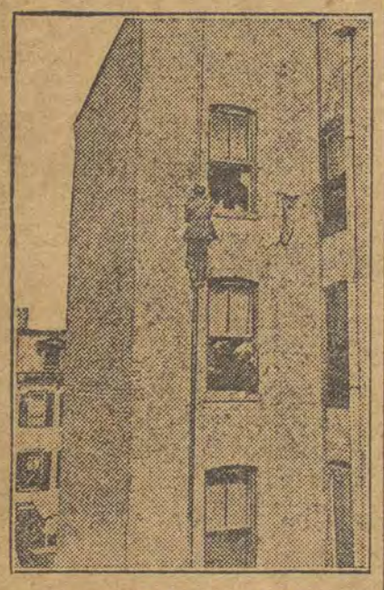
"Watch him carefully. That's the man I'm after. See, he's looking at us! Better beat it. Sure you've got a picture of him?"

"I got him," answered Mr. Wang morosely as he went out and descended the stairs.

Now Mr. Wang was a man of sudden impulses.

Why should Sebastian wish to place an old book and a bottle of black pellets in his safety deposit box?

They must be worth something. He went downstairs all right, but he



Began the Perilous Ascent.

went further than his instructions. He went into the cellar. The old tenement building was honeycombed with rat holes, and human rat holes in the basement. From the cellar Wang squeezed his way into a back street, carrying the pellets and the manuscript with him, with the idea of double-crossing Sebastian later.

Sebastian, meanwhile, remained at the window, watching Ravengar. He knew he had been seen, but he trusted in the invisible mantle, of which he had had ample demonstration.

Ravengar, having satisfied himself as to Sebastian's location, came up the stairs at a run. Sebastian went to the door of his room and, looking down over the banisters, watched him. When Ravengar was two flights beneath him he slipped along the passage into a room at the farther end.

Sebastian crouched down in the middle of the room, the mantle drawn over him. Through the filmy cloth he could see Ravengar reach the top of the flight, stop, and look into the empty chamber.

Ravengar hesitated, and then entered the room. He looked out of the window into the street beneath, turned, and walked back within a foot of Sebastian. He reached the door, quietly locked it, and went away with the key in his pocket.

Sebastian, the moment he had gone, leaped to his feet and rushed to the door. He had not been able to believe that it had been locked, though he heard the key turn in it. But it was locked, and with his considerable strength he was unable to open it.

He had had implicit faith in the mantle. He took it from about his shoulders and looked at it. It was now visible. He turned it inside out; it was still visible. The mantle had ceased to work.

Sebastian felt that his last chance had gone.

From the window he saw Ravengar below, in conversation with two policemen. They were looking and pointing upward. Panic seized him. He rushed back to the door and struggled furiously to break it down, but in vain. He ran back to the window. He saw Ravengar and the policemen entering the hall.

It was impossible to leap to safety. But outside the window ran a waterpipe. It was substantial, though loose in places—this, however, would give him a securer grip, and Sebastian, in his early days in the Argentine, had climbed like all his race, when, a barefooted boy, he scaled the crags along the shores of Porto Delgado. He climbed out of the window and began to make the perilous ascent.

He was breathing hard in terror, for he was unused to that sort of predicament, and years of good living had softened him. He was half-way up to the roof when a shout beneath him [illegible] that he was discovered. The policemen had entered [illegible] with Ravengar. Astonished at his disappearance, at first they had looked into the street and called to the man on guard at the door; this alone gave Sebastian his leeway.

"Come back!" shouted the policeman.

Sebastian climbed the harder. The roof was almost within his grasp. The policeman hesitated, uncertain whether to shoot, and then, followed by Ravengar, ran from the room and up the stairs.

It was an even race, but the cover of the scuttle stuck, and Sebastian had the advantage. He was crossing the roof when the scuttle at last came loose. As the policeman's head appeared Sebastian stopped and kicked out viciously with his foot.

The policeman groaned and fell backward. Ravengar was a few feet behind him, near, but not near enough to intercept his quarry, now running again with all his speed toward the fire escape at the opposite end. Sebastian flung himself down and began to worm his way down the rickety, rusty ladder.

He heard a shout beneath him. Looking down, he saw the second policeman coming up the fire escape. The man was on the flight immediately beneath him; in his hand was a revolver.

"Halt! Hands up!" he yelled.

Sebastian flung up his hands in token of surrender.

The policeman shinned up the fire escape like a monkey, the revolver in his mouth. Sebastian waited for him at the top. He could see, out of the corner of his eye, Ravengar beginning to emerge from the scuttle behind him, followed by the first policeman, from whose mouth the blood was streaming.

As the first man set foot upon the roof Sebastian leaped at him like a tiger. A furious struggle followed, the policeman trying in vain to get the drop on the hunted man whose arms were about his own, while the hands clutched at his throat. Staggering on the edge of the dizzy height, the policeman let the revolver fall and caught at the rail of the escape to save himself. As he did so Sebastian stooped and picked up the weapon. He saw that Ravengar and the first policeman were within a few feet of him. He thrust the revolver against his antagonist's body and fired.

The bullet pierced the heart. The policeman flung up his arms, stumbled, and pitched backward.

Then, as Ravengar leaped forward, Sebastian struck him a vicious blow with the revolver butt which sent him reeling backward. The next instant Sebastian was half way down the first flight of the fire escape.

He ran through a back yard, down an alley, crossed a street, went through a garden, and finally emerged breathless in a main thoroughfare of traffic.

* * * * * * *

Ravengar's sudden disappearance frightened Leontine. She saw him dart across the street toward the tenement building. Then he was swallowed up in the crowd that still lingered about the burned-out ruins of the building in which had been the laboratory.

As she stood in Mrs. Spielburger's yard, with Pat McGuire, trying to compose herself, she heard a distant revolver shot ring out. She caught at Pat's arm in an agony of apprehension.

"It's nothing, lady," said the ever-ready Irishman. "Sure he'll be back. Them rats in that district is always shooting at each other. Maybe it's a tire blown out," he added hopefully.

But when a second crowd began to run around the corner of the adjacent block Pat volunteered to go and find out what the trouble was. And Leontine waited in terror which she could no longer conceal. What if the shot had been fired at Ravengar?

It was, of course, Sebastian's shot which killed the policeman. Ravengar had been a participant in that affair, but not a principal. And Leontine never knew how narrow his escape had been.

As Leontine clung, trembling, to the fence, Ravengar stood before her. She gave a happy little cry and ran to him; then, remembering how short a time had passed since she had acknowledged her love, she drew back, suffused with blushes.

Ravengar dropped upon one knee before her.

"Be brave, Leontine," he said. "And be assured that I shall stand between you and any further danger all your life.

"I saw Sebastian and went to find him," he continued. "But he escaped me."

"That shot—" she faltered.

"It was not fired at me," answered Ravengar, and he said no more.

"Leontine," he continued, "if it should prove impossible to catch Sebastian and compel him to free the memory of your dead lover, how long will you pursue a hopeless quest?"

"I cannot give that up," she answered gently.

"But you love me, dearest?"

"Yes. And do you not love me enough to bear with me a little longer?"

Ravengar hesitated. Then he bowed his head in assent. He turned as if to leave her; then, returning, he took her in his arms, and their lips met in their first kiss.

"I shall never give up the quest," he said, as he released her.

* * * * * * *

Mr. Whitey Wang was decidedly disposed to consider his charge a treasure. Nobody but a madman would put an old book and bottle of pellets in a safety vault unless there were something more in the action than met the immediate understanding.

And Sebastian was not crazy.

Putting the book under his coat, and still holding the bottle of pellets, Wang began to make his way toward another rookery, where he also had lodgings, in virtue of a certain alias into which it is not necessary to go.

However, on the way Mr. Wang received another impulse, and hastened to obey it. He would find out what was in the book.

Stepping into a doorway, he opened the book and began to read it. Whitey snorted with disgust. It seemed to be a book of travel. Mixed with it, however, were the figures of a cypher. Whitey closed the book with a snap.

Whitey was not particularly interested in the sight of a pretty American girl who was apparently saying good-bye to an old Irishman and a German woman in a back yard. He had seen such sights before. However, Whitey had a decided interest for Leontine, because she recognized the book under his arm, and the pellets in his hand.

She rushed back to Pat.

"Do you see that man?" she cried, indicating the unconscious Whitey Wang. "Get that book from him. And the bottle of pellets. That's the bottle you lost in the river!"

Pat needed no second orders. He rushed from the back yard and grabbed Whitney by both shoulders.

"Gimme that book and the bottle, or I'll knock your blamed head of!" he shouted.

Whitey was taken by surprise, a thing that seldom happened to him.

"Lemme go!" he yelled. "Lemme go, d'you hear?"

Pat twisted the bottle of pellets out of his hand and put it in his pocket. In doing this he had perforce to release his hold of Whitey for a moment. It was only a moment, but Whitey took full advantage of the situation. He twisted out of Pat's grasp like an eel and ran—

Into the ample form of Mrs. Spielburger, who promptly boxed his ears, knocked him down with a blow of her brawny fist, and screamed for help.

Pat got the journal from Whitey before he had found his feet again. As the two men struggled a crowd began to collect. A policeman came running up.

Whitey, freed by Pat, started off again, but this time he fell into the policeman's arms. The policeman recognized him as an old friend, and stuck to him as such. Pat thrust his pellets and the journal into Leontine's hands.

"You'd better beat it, Miss," he said. "I'll trust you for that five hundred."

Leontine darted out of the yard, pushed through the crowd, and found a taxicab. A moment later she was being whirled away from the scene.

Leontine's new address was in a fashionable part of the city. She had decided that the best security lay in publicity. She had a small house, with a gardener, a chauffeur, and a couple of maid servants. Thus aided, she felt a match for any schemes of Sebastian.

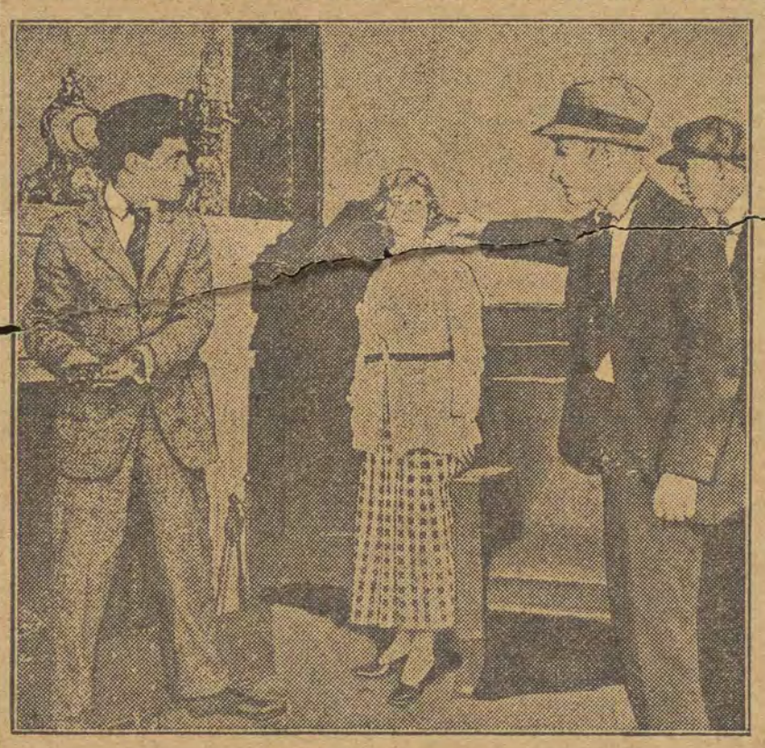
She was seated in her study waiting for Ravengar when she heard the door opening. She looked up in surprise. She had not heard the bell ring. It sounded like Ravengar's step. Then she found herself looking into the face of—Jerry!!

She stared at him in amazement which robbed her of speech. Yet she felt no fear. And as she watched him Jerry addressed her.

"I come to you in behalf of Ravengar," he said. "You are all in the world to him, and the life of the living is more than the memory of the dead."

He turned and left the room, leaving Leontine staring after him. And, though she had no doubt that Jerry's appearance was that of a spectre, even then she remembered that she had heard his footstep.

A spirit's footstep! Suddenly she regained control over her limbs. She sprang forward and opened the door. Jerry was nowhere to be seen, but Ravengar was coming along the hall.



"I'll Pay You for This!"

"Who was that?" cried Leontine, in the reaction of deadly terror.

"Who, dear?"

"You saw somebody come out of this door?"

"No, I saw no one come out of this door," answered Ravengar. "Whom did you think you saw?"

"Jerry," she answered, and burst into tears.

Ravengar put his arm about her and led her back into the study.

"It was his spirit," Leontine sobbed. "He came back to me from the grave, to tell me that I must give up my endeavor to free his memory. He said that the love of the living was more than the memory of the dead."

Ravengar took her in his arms. "Leontine—" he began.

"But I want to clear his name," continued the girl eagerly.

Ravengar took her hands in his and kissed them. "Let us sit down, Leontine," he said, "and perhaps when I have shown you the secret of the pellets we shall see a clearer way toward that purpose."

* * * * * * *

"And so we've found her."

Sebastian listened eagerly to the story of the two crooks, confederates of Whitey's, whom he had hired. They had discovered Leontine's new abode, and had learned the details of its location.

Sebastian knew that what he had to do must be done speedily, for already every police station was posted with circulars descriptive of him and offering a reward. He must secure the pellets and book, make an end of his enemy Ravengar, and the wife whom he hated, and make a quick, clean getaway.

At that moment Whitey Wang came in. The three had been waiting for him.

"We can get her now, boss," he said to Sebastian. "I seen her through her study window. She's setting there alone. She looks as if she was waiting for somebody."

Sebastian understood. It was Ravengar, and he would trap the two, get what he needed, and secure his revenge, in one dramatic coup.

"We'll go along," he said.

The three left the tenement separately, and rejoined each other some distance away. They proceeded rapidly toward Leontine's house. At length the pair indicated it to Sebastian.

It was beginning to grow dark. Sebastian spoke a few words to his companions and one of them went round to the back of the house. After giving him time to post himself, Sebastian and the two others stole past the lodge among the trees until they were standing in front of the study. And Sebastian's heart leaped up as he saw his wife and Ravengar seated opposite each other at the table.

He watched them with eager eyes and listened with ears that heard a little—not much, but just enough to inspire the keenest interest.

Sebastian and his companion stole round to the side of the house. The crook inserted a knife under the sash and had the window catch shot back in a moment. Then he crawled in, and Sebastian followed him.

Clutching their revolvers, the two crept to the entrance of Leontine's study. The door was partly open. Sebastian motioned to his companion to halt and, his ear close to the crack, listened to Ravengar's explanation.

But he had not been there more than a half minute before both Leontine and Ravengar turned their heads simultaneously and saw him.

They sprang to their feet; Leontine screamed, and Ravengar issued a short command:

"The journal and the pellets, Leontine—destroy them!"

* * * * * * *

"Until now," said Ravengar to Leontine, as they sat down, "there has never been such a thing as absolute black. Our blacks are not absolute black. If they were, they would reflect no light and would be invisible. We see things by the light they reflect."

"Now let us begin with Dexter's statement of the discovery.

"'The black pellets,' he says, 'represent, then, this absolute black which I have discovered after my investigations of many years. A solution of these, made in pure water and painted upon any object, confers the power of invisi—"

That was the moment at which Ravengar and Leontine both felt the presence of Sebastian at the door. They turned their heads and saw him.

"The journal and the pellets, Leontine—destroy them!" Ravengar shouted.

As he spoke he darted to the door and struck Sebastian a blow in the face that sent him reeling backward. Taking advantage of this, Leontine slipped past him and ran down the passage. The two companions of Sebastian started after her, but Ravengar barred the way.

With an oath one of the crooks drew his revolver. As he did so, Ravengar, with almost incredible dexterity, snatched it out of his hand and fired point blank. The crook, shot through the brain, fell over backward, dead before his head struck the floor. The two others, maddened with fear and rage, threw themselves upon Ravengar. He had no time to fire again. It was an inextricable medley; but somehow Ravengar managed to hold the passage.

Leontine ran for the back door, with the intention of gaining the garden and alarming the chauffeur and gardener. But as she did so she saw the third crook on guard there. She stepped back hurriedly. It was a difficult situation. Ravengar had ordered her to destroy the journal and pellets; but Ravengar was fighting for his life and all her impulse was to help him. On the other hand she was too weak to be of assistance, and might even hamper him. She decided therefore to obey. She ran into the card room, adjoining her study, and flung the bottle of pellets and the book into the grate of the open fireplace.

It was summer time and there was no fire, but a box of matches hung by the mantel, and there was the day's newspaper upon a chair beside the fireplace.

Leontine heard the crook in the passage outside. She turned and locked the door. She heard Ravengar struggling desperately with his assailants, and her one thought was to destroy the journal and pellets and then go to his aid. She struck a match, lit the newspaper, and flung the journal and pellets upon it, tearing out page after page to ensure complete combustion.

In the passage outside Ravengar was still engaged in his furious struggle with Sebastian. The latter's surviving companion, who was none other than Whitey Wang, was not particularly adept at rough and tumble fighting, unless he had a revolver in his hand and a clear aim; the first condition was fulfilled, but not the second. The combatants were so mixed that it was impossible to fire.

Ravengar, winning free for a moment, hurled Sebastian from him with all his force. That was Wang's opportunity. He sprang forward and fired. The bullet hissed past Ravengar's head. Ravengar struck Whitey a blow that sent him staggering backward, and snatched the revolver from him, aiming, not at him but at Sebastian. The two exchanged shots. Sebastian's bullet clipped a lock of hair from Ravengar's head. Ravengar's bullet went wild.

Sebastian's revolver was empty. Before Ravengar could fire again Sebastian was upon him. The revolver butt descended upon his skull. As Ravengar staggered under the force of the blow Sebastian began striking again and again.

Ravengar was growing dazed. Sebastian and the crook hammered at Ravengar until he sank with a groan upon the floor, unconscious.

"Lemme finish him!" begged Whitey as Sebastian stood over Ravengar's prostrate body, considering whether to fire or to give the final blow with his revolver butt.

But at that instant the back door opened and the gardener, who had



Ravengar Was Coming Along the Hall.

heard the sounds of the firing, rushed in. He realized the situation and disappeared for aid, his speed accelerated by a shot from Sebastian.

Sebastian, pausing only to give his enemy's body a final kick, ran forward, dragging Wang with him.

"Quick!" he shouted. "There is no time to lose!"

Meanwhile the third crook had been hovering in the background after making a fruitless effort to break down the door of the card room.

"All together!" yelled Sebastian.

They put their shoulders to the door. A mighty heave, and it flew open, disclosing Leontine crouching before the fire, which was consuming the last pages of the journal. The pellets had already melted into a mass of sticky black. Leontine rose to her feet as Sebastian entered.

He rushed at her, hurled her aside, and stooped over the grate. Bitterly he repented that he had stopped to hammer Ravengar after he had knocked him unconscious. He saw now that it was too late. The pellets, even if they still retained their virtue, were stuck fast to the iron bars of the grate. The pages of the journal were a smouldering heap of burned paper.

Sebastian tried to pluck them out, but only a few scraps and corners remained unconsumed. He turned upon Leontine in fury.

"I'll pay you for this!" he shouted, and struck her a violent blow on the mouth that threw her to the floor.

Leontine rose and looked at him fixedly. And Sebastian suddenly realized the moral strength of this woman whom he had married, tortured, betrayed.

He had been afraid of her before. He had feared her vengeance for Jerry. But his fears had had a material origin. Now for the first time something seemed to stand between them, as if it were a protecting angel, something that forbade him to lay his hand upon her again or to go a step nearer her.

He was afraid. He saw his own impending punishment; he realized that all his life had been lived in vain.

Casting a glance backward, he discovered that he was alone. His companions had fled, leaving their dead comrade upon the floor. Sebastian had struck his last blow and failed.

And outside he heard the excited voices of the chauffeur and gardener. Upstairs the maids were screaming. Somebody was shouting for the police.

He turned with a curse, flung up the window, and leaped out to the ground. It was a light drop, he rose uninjured and made his way toward the street in the rear, among the stables, while the chauffeur and gardener burst through the hall, to find Leontine, the blood streaming from her lip, bending over the body of Ravengar.

As she crouched there, trying to recall him to consciousness, she made a singular discovery. Ravengar's moustache had been half torn from his face. But it was a false one. Underneath it the skin was white and freshly shaven. The other half came away at a touch.

And Ravengar wore a wig. His graying hair, at which the girl had often wondered in so young a man—for he seemed little more than 30—was false too. Beneath it was a crop of close-cut flaxen hair.

The wig was awry, and as Leontine removed it and looked into Ravengar's face she uttered a great cry, rose to her feet, and stared at him breathlessly.

Ravengar was beginning to regain consciousness. He stirred, muttered, and opened his eyes. He tried to sit up; and in a moment Leontine was back upon her knees beside him, caressing him, and then taking his head upon her lap and bandaging it.

END OF FOURTEENTH EPISODE

TEXAS MERCHANT GAINS 34 POUNDS

Quit Taking Tanlac 18 Months Ago—Still Retains Weight and Feels Fine.

SUFFERED TWENTY YEARS

John Crabtree Says the Money He Paid for Tanlac Was Best Investment He Ever Made in His Life.

"I have gained thirty-four pounds on three bottles of Tanlac and I now know what it is to enjoy life and good health after suffering twenty years," said John M. Crabtree, a general merchant at Five Mile Station A, Dallas, Texas.

"I bought my first bottle nearly two years ago," continued Mr. Crabtree, "and it was the best investment I ever made in my life. I began to improve almost from the start and three bottles simply made me over into a new man. I have enjoyed the best of health ever since.

"I suffered with catarrh of the stomach and indigestion for twenty years and for eighteen months I had to live almost entirely on cereals. My stomach was full of gas and I suffered with awful headaches all the time. I was nervous and couldn't sleep. I spent nearly all of one whole year in bed and fell off in weight to one hundred and eighteen pounds.

"After using three bottles of Tanlac, I had increased in weight from one hundred and eighteen pounds to one hundred and fifty-two—making an actual gain of thirty-four pounds—all my troubles were gone and I was feeling like a new man.

"Although it has been a year and a half since Tanlac relieved me of my awful catarrhal trouble and indigestion, I still retain my increase in weight and feel simply fine all the time. I've been eating anything I want—in fact anything anybody else can—and sleeping like a child every night. Being made into a strong, healthy man after suffering as long as I did is enough to make me rejoice and I'm glad to indorse Tanlac because I know what it will do."

There is a Tanlac dealer in your town.—Adv.

It is said that a lie will go much farther than the truth, but in nine cases out of ten the sender has to pay the freight.

She Understood.

Certain members of the house party were describing the accidents that had happened to them during their respective careers. Adventures by flood, fire and field had all been well received, and Mr. Brown, eager for fame, thought it was his turn.

"D'you know," he said. "I had a very painful experience once. I ran a confounded splinter uqite half an inch long right under my finger-nail, don't you know?"

"Really, Mr. Brown," said a maiden of the party; "how did you do it?"

"Well," he said, "it happened like this."

As he spoke he unconsciously raised his hand and scratched his forehead.

"Oh, I see," she interrupted, sweetly; "how very careless of you!"

DANDRUFF AND ITCHING

Disappear With Use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment—Trial Free.

The first thing in restoring dry, falling hair is to get rid of dandruff and itching. Rub Cuticura Ointment into scalp, next morning shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Prevent skin and scalp troubles by making Cuticura your everyday toilet preparation.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Still One More Task to Face.

"So your long day's work is done?"

"Not yet. I've finished as far as the office is concerned, but as soon as I get home and eat my supper I've got to go with my wife to some moving picture show."

Ups and Downs.

"I threw up a good position to please that girl."

"Did she appreciate the sacrifice?"

"No, she didn't; she threw me down."

A single application of Roman Eye Balsam upon going to bed will prove its merit by morning. Effective for Inflammations of the Eyes, external and internal. Adv.

A Slight Mistake.

"This punch—hic—seems a trifle weak."

"Go slow, old man. You're dipping into the goldfish globe."

NO MALARIA—NO CHILLS.

"Plantation" Chill Tonic is guaranteed to drive away Chills and Fever or your money refunded. Price 50c.—Adv.

Irrelevant Similarity.

"Gooper is a writer who is well posted on 'street' corners."

"That's nothing; so are mail boxes."

MANY DEAD RESULT OF ILLINOIS RIOTS

STREET CARS HALTED AND PASSENGERS BEATEN INTO INSENSIBILITY.

STATE TROOPS DISARMED

Women and Girls Join in Riotous Demonstration—Houses Burned in Many Sections of City.

East St. Louis, Ill.—At least 20 dead and many wounded, fires burning in four sections of the city, the mobs practically dispersed, was the condition here following the race riots which prevailed for 24 hours.

Estimates of the number of dead run up to 100 and higher, but these estimates were purely conjectural. The exact number of dead probably never will be known, as it is thought that many bodies were consumed in the flames.

Adjutant General Frank S. Dickson of Illinois, arrived and took charge of the situation shortly after midnight. He went into conference immediately with military and civil authorities to outline a plan of procedure

At 1 a. m. the fires were practically under control of the firemen and the rioters for the most part had dispersed and gone to their homes. In answer to a question as to why the troops on the ground when the trouble developed did not use force to put down the rioting, General Dickson said the purposes for which the soldiers were sent here had been gained without firing a shot and that wholesale bloodshed would have been the result of any firing on the part of the troops.

"Five hundred rioters, the ringleaders of the largest mob, I am informed, are now under arrest," said General Dickson. "This was accomplished by surrounding the rioters and forcing them to submit without shooting or employing the bayonet."

General Dickson said after the 500 were taken into custody the disturbance at once took on a less serious aspect.

Another negro district in the south end of the city, known as "Reynolds Row," was reported burning. Vast clouds of smoke rolled across the sky from the burning district. The flames made some of the downtown streets as light as day and now and then a yelling mob rushed down a street in pursuit of o negro or in search of new excitement. National guardsmen, loaded in automobile trucks, dashed after the mob. The shouting died down occasionally as bewildered people walked up and down the streets wondering where the last outbreak occurred.

The fires started about 6 o'clock in the evening and spread rapidly. Soon flames visible for miles were shooting into the sky. Hundreds of negro women, most of them carrying bundles that held their most precious belongings and leading small children, fled across the bridge to shelter and safety with friends on the Missouri side.

Telephone wires were cut early in the evening. As telegraph and telephone poles caught fire other wires went down.

The mobs in East St. Louis were swelled by hundreds of people who early in the evening crossed the river from St. Louis, Mo. This added such a meanace to the situation that at 8:30 o'clock the bridges were closed. This forced hundreds of residents of suburban towns to stay in St Louis for the night.

As soon as street car traffic ended at 7 p. m. crowds walked across the bridge into East St. Louis by the thousands.

The mobs got into a lynching mood when one negro was strung up on a pole but was rescued just in time to save his life. Soldiers rescued still another negro who was being dragged through the streets.

SLAVS TAKE 8,000 PRISONERS.

Brilliant Advance Led by Minister of War Kernesky.

Petrograd.—M. Kerensky, Minister of War, telegraphed Premier Lvoff that the Russian revolutionary army resumed the offensive on July 1.

Russian troops have captured Koniouchy, on the Galician front, together with 164 officers and 8,400 men, the war office announced.

Petrograd.—The brilliant Russian advance, the news of which has sent a wave of rejoicing through the entire country, was led by War Minister Kerensky in person.

For the last four days the war minister has been continuously at the front, spending every effort to urge the troops to advance. He finally rode to the front line trenches and placing himself at the head of the troops, gave the order to advance.

Germany Gets Food From Neutrals.

Washington.—Evidence that Germany is obtaining vast quantities of food from the European neutral countries has been presented to the United States by Great Britain for the American government's guidance in determining an export policy. Much of this, the British statistics purport to show, is replaced by the neutrals with imports from America. From Scandinavia and Holland, the British information sets forth enough fat is going into Germany to supply 7,700,000 soldiers.

CALOMEL SICKENS! IT'S MERCURY! DANGER

"Dodson's Liver Tone" Straightens You Up Better Than Salivating, Dangerous Calomel and Doesn't Make You Sick—Don't Lose a Day's Work—Wonderful Discovery Destroying Sale of Calomel Here.

You're bilious! Your liver is sluggish! You feel lazy, dizzy and all knocked out. Your head is dull, your tongue is coated; breath bad; stomach sour and bowels constipated. But don't take salivating calomel. It makes you sick, you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel crashes into sour bile like dynamite, breaking it up. That's when you feel that awful nausea and cramping.

If you want to enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone tonight. Your druggist or dealer sells you a 50 cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone under my personal money-back guarantee that each spoonful will clean your sluggish liver better than a dose of nasty calomel and that it won't make you sick.

Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and your bowels regular. You will feel like working; you'll be cheerful; full of vigor and ambition.

Dodson's Liver Tone is entirely vegetable, therefore harmless, and can not salivate. Give it to your children. Millions of people are using Dodson's Liver Tone instead of dangerous calomel now. Your druggist will tell you that the sale of calomel is almost stopped entirely here—Adv.

GREEN MOUNTAIN ASTHMA TREATMENT



Standard remedy for fifty years and result of many years experience in treatment of throat and lung diseases by Dr. J. H. Guild.

Free Sample and Practical Treatise on Asthma, its cause, treatment, etc., sent upon request. 25c. & $1.00 at druggists. J. H. GUILD CO., Rupert, Vt.



SELDOM SEE a big knee like this, but your horse may have a bunch or bruise on his ankle, hock, stifle, knee or throat.

ABSORBINE TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

will clean it off without laying up the horse. **No blister, no hair gone.** Concentrated—only a few drops required at an application. $2 per bottle delivered. Describe your case for special instructions and Book 8 M free. ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Painful Swellings, Enlarged Glands, Wens, Bruises, Varicose Veins; allays Pain and inflammation. Price $1 and $2 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Made in the U. S. A. by W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

Naturally Handicapped.

Kidd—Does Goode enjoy golfing to its fullest extent?

Kidder—Very unlikely; you see he's intensely religious.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

Willing to Share.

She—Ninety-nine women in a hundred are naturally generous.

He—Yes; where one woman will keep a secret, ninety-nine will give it away.

Her Parting Shot.

"You have returned all my letters and presents, Hortense," says Egbert, "but you seem to be retaining my photograph. May I yet dare to hope that—"

"Oh, your photograph? I sent that to Life, thinking the editor would want to run it as one of those pictures for which they pay $100 to anybody that can supply a proper title."—Life.

Rubber Consumption Growing.

Consumption of rubber per capita is more than twice what it was 25 years ago. One company expects to manufacture uppers of shoes from rubber as well as soles. This company will operate its own merchant marine to bring crude rubber from Sumatra and carry manufactured articles to all parts of the world. The company now employs 28,621 men, and manufactures 218,930 pairs of rubber shoes a day. More than a million trees on Sumatra plantations are being tapped.

The Same Trespass.

A farmer, going over his land, caught an Irishman with his dog trespassing in a field, and threatened him with prosecution.

Returning, however, through the same field an hour later he was surprised to meet the Irishman in another part of it, and exclaimed angrily:

"What! Trespassing again?"

"No, no," answered Pat, "it's still the same trespass. Fair play, sorr!"

"Give all the kids Post Toasties —They like 'em"



Say So!

"Do you support any charity?"

"Rather. I've got a son in college."—Life.

In the Discard.

"You see a lot of mandolins and guitars in the pawnshop window."

"I s'pose it's different in Europe. They say over there the pawnshop windows are full of old scepters."

The Reichsrath a Babel.

That parliament of Babel, the reichsrath, now engaged in playing an obscure part in the Austro-Hungarian peace hunt, is permitted to express its emotions in eight official languages—symbolic of the war of tongues raging in the empire itself. In the great vocal chorus the Slavonian may be said to have struck the strident top note, for the very word he has coined for himself expresses the belief that no man is a talker except himself. "Slowan," in Old Slavonian, meant "to speak," and as the Slav understood no other speech, the others were naturally the dumb dogs.—London Daily Chronicle.

Juice of Lemons! How to Make Skin White and Beautiful

At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream one can prepare a full quarter pint of the most wonderful lemon skin softener and complexion beautifier, by squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white. Care should be taken to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as sallowness, freckles and tan and is the ideal skin softener, smoothener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any pharmacy and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It naturally should help to soften, freshen, bleach and bring out the roses and beauty of any skin. It is wonderful to smoothen rough, red hands. Adv.

Expectations Realized.

"Look'ee, George, didn't I tell'ee my boy would make th' folks sit up an' open their mouths when 'e got to Lunnon?"

"Zo you did, and has 'e done it?"

"Aye. 'E've started business as a dentist!"—Passing Show.

Tetterine Cures Itching Piles.

Fort Scott, Kansas.

Again I am calling for the best salve I ever used. Enclosed find $2.50. Send me one-half dozen boxes of Tetterine.

N. J. Kipp.

Tetterine Cures Eczema, Tetter, Ring Worm, Boils, Rough Scaly Patches on the Face, Old Itching Sores, Itching Piles, Cankered Scalp, Chilblains, Corns, and every form of Scalp and Skin Disease. Tetterine 50c. Tetterine Soap 25c. Your druggist, or by mail from the manufacturer, The Shuptrine Co., Savannah, Ga. With every mail order for Tetterine we give a box of Shuptrine's 10c Liver Pills free. Adv.

There are a lot of funny things in this world—including patent smoke consumers.

DON'T GAMBLE

that your heart's all right. Make sure. Take "Renovine"—a heart and nerve tonic. Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

A woman's idea of misery is being obliged to go to a new place in old clothes.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills contain nothing but vegetable ingredients, which act gently as a tonic and purgative by stimulation and not by irritation. Adv.

There are times when a man can't do his best, but there is no time when he can't do the best he can.

His Trouble.

Visitor—My poor man, when you get out of this place, do not yield too hastily to temptation. Take time to think; take time.

Convict—That's wot I'm in fer. I took too many watches.

Choosing His Words.

Wife—"Why are you speaking so sharply?" Hubby—"Because I want to get a word in edgeways."

SAVE A DOCTOR'S BILL

by keeping Mississippi Diarrhea Cordial handy for all stomach complaints. Price 25c and 50c.—Adv.

If you won't save money for your boss whenever you can, you won't save much for yourself at any time.

Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" is powerful and prompt but safe. One dose only is enough to expel Worms or Tapeworm. No purgator oil necessary. Adv.

Fortune smiles on few and laughs at many.

Is Your Work Hard?

Work which brings any unusual strain on the back and kidneys tends to cause kidney ailments, such as backache, lameness, headache, dizziness and distressing urinary troubles. Kidney complaints make any kind of work doubly hard and if neglected there is danger of gravel, dropsy or Bright's disease. If your work is hard on the back, keep your kidneys in good condition with Doan's Kidney Pills. Thousands rely on them.

An Alabama Case



A. L. Womack, painter and decorator, 2222 Avenue F, Birmingham, Ala., says: "I had attacks of kidney complaint, brought on by the nature of my work. My back ached severely and I had sharp catches in my kidneys. The kidney secretions were irregular in passage and very unnatural. I used Doan's Kidney Pills as directed and they rid me of the backache and put my kidneys in good shape."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Every Woman Wants Paxtine

ANTISEPTIC POWDER

FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE

Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleansing and germicidal power. Sample Free. 50c. all druggists, or postpaid by mail. The Paxton Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

Kill All Flies! THEY SPREAD DISEASE

Placed anywhere, Daisy Fly Killer attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, and cheap.



Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Ask for

Daisy Fly Killer

Sold by dealers, or 6 sent by express, prepaid, $1.00.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DE KALB AVE., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

If looking for **Health and Pleasure** come to Rhea Springs, only 8 hours auto ride from Chattanooga, write for full printed information. Rhea Springs Co., Rhea Springs, Tenn.

MEN Something INTERESTING for MEN ONLY —If used YOU will remember us with GRATITUDE—FORMULA and INSTRUCTIONS 20c. THE RAPPE COMPANY, Box 886 JJ, Los Angeles, Calif.

Diamonds on Credit! No red tape, security or contract; just your good name and address; write quick; particulars free. Western Specialty Co., 715 E. Murdock, Wichita, Kans.

Trouser Presser, Creaser, Stretcher, Hanger, all in one only $1.00. Send for catalog and discount to agents. Money back guarantee and agents fully protected. E. F. Hall, 204 Connally Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

LADIES If you want to make from $15 to $35 per week in your own home, without capital or experience, write W. M. BAILIFF & SONS, Smithville, Tenn.

YOUNG MEN who are not selected for war may serve in postal service. Students prepared. Easy terms. Address Carl Freeman, 3419 Oregon Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

Attend College! Nine months' expenses and tuition $110. Degrees conferred. Location, health, ideal. Catalog address College, Berry, Ala.

Save the Babies

INFANT MORTALITY is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twenty-two per cent., or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirty-seven per cent., or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen!

We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save many of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity, they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. There can be no danger in the use of Castoria if it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher as it contains no opiates or narcotics of any kind.

Genuine Castoria always bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills & Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic.

60c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores.

A Sporting Event.

At a recent sports meeting in a country town an old countryman picked up a disused program of events and was studying it earnestly when a swell approached him.

"Hello, old chap, what's the next event on the program?"

Old Man (looking up from his card)—A donkey race, sir. Are you going to run?"

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription othine — double strength — is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

Slacker Joke.

Friend (grateful for a favor)—I'll dance at your wedding.

Slacker—I wish you already had.

Spartan Women Suffered Untold Tortures but who wants to be a Spartan? Take "Femenina" for all female disorders. Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

When you take a habit out for an airing the habit rides.

Even a worm will turn to look at some girls.

Sore Eyes Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Druggists or by mail 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye FREE ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Catching On.

"What is the meaning of 'alter ego?" asked the teacher of the beginners' class in Latin.

"It means the 'other I,'" responded a pupil.

"Give me a sentence containing the phrase."

"He winked his alter ego."—Boston Transcript.

Twenty-Five Years' Experience With Kidney Remedy

Between twenty-five and thirty years ago I commenced selling Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root and during all that time I have never heard a single complaint from my customers; they are more inclined to praise it; and judging from their favorable remarks and the repeated sales I enjoy I am confident that Swamp-Root is a valuable medicine for the troubles for which it is intended.

Very truly yours,
OTTO H. G. LIPPERT,
Pharmacist.

1601 Freeman, Cor. Liberty Sts.
Sept. 19, 1916. Cincinnati, Ohio.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

Ruins.

"Have you ever visited the ruins of Pompeii?"

"Yes," replied the globe trotter. "But after seeing a few churches shot up in this war, Pompeii doesn't impress me as ranking high as a ruined city."

Physiological Breakage.

"Are there really such things as broken hearts?" "No, but there are lots of cracked brains."

Warming Up

Yes, the Weather is warming up and you need the Light Weight Clothing and Underwear for these hot days. We are Prepared to meet your demands in this Line.

We Handle

EVERY THING THAT MEN WEAR

EVERY THING THAT WOMEN WEAR

EVERY THING THAT CHILDREN WEAR

We know that most of our Customers are particular about the style, and we have been particular about buying. We want you to be pleased with what you buy here, and when you are pleased we are pleased likewise.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back."

CLANTON, ALA.

NOTICE ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a decree rendered by Hon. L. H. Reynolds, Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Ala., in the matter of the estate of R. A. Hancock, I, as administrator of said estate, in pursuance of said decree, will sell to the highest bidder for cash in front of the court house door at Clanton, Monday, the 16th day of July, 1917, the following described real estate. lying and being in Chilton County, Alabama, to-wit:

South half of southwest quarter of northwest quarter, Section 16, Township 21, Range 15, and one and one half acres in the north side of northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of said Section, Township and Range; said land being known as the R. A. Hancock place.

Said sale is to be made for the purpose of paying debts of said estate, and for distribution of the remainder of the funds after the debts are paid among the children of the deceased.

This, the 15th day of June, 1917.

J. W. FOSHEE, Administrator.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION OF THE VERBENA DISTRICT

The Verbena District will hold an afternoon Sunday School Convention on Sunday, July 15th at the Methodist Church in Verbena, beginning at 2 o'clock. The program will be published next week.

W. A. CALLOWAY, Pres.
BETTIE M. GARDNER, Sec.

If you do not like dogs and children you had better have your head and heart examined. There is something wrong with them.

Stings or bites of insects that are followed by swellings, pain or itching should be treated promptly as they are poisonous. BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT counteracts the poison. It is both antiseptic and healing. Price 25c, 50 and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

INTERNAL REVENUE LICENSE

Birmingham, Ala., July 2, 1917.

Hon. H. A. Harris, Sheriff of Chilton County, Clanton, Ala.

Dear Sir:

The following U. S. Internal Revenue Licenses have been issued to your (Chilton) county in the month of June, 1917:

No U. S. Internal Revenue License has been issued to your county in June, 1917.

I hereby certify that I have carefully examined the record of the Collector of Internal Revenue and the above is complete and correct.

Yours very truly,
SAM P. JONES.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 2nd day of July, 1817.

J. B. MOSLEY, Notary Public.

Rev. W. J. Armstrong, Great Sachem of the Improved Order of Red Men in Alabama, went over to Blocton last Saturday to engage in some special work for the local tribe of the order in that district. For a long time Mr. Armstrong has been the shining light of Waxahatchie Tribe, located in Clanton, and his interest in the work of the I. O. R. M. has been especially faithful and untiring. His many friends are glad to see him occupying the place of highest esteem among the Red men of the State, and are gratified to have him go out over the Reservation and shed his spirit of the brotherhood abroad among the members of the order.

While in Blocton, Mr. Armstrong engaged in conducting a memorial service for the order of Odd Fellows, of which he is an honored and distinguished member.

Prof. R. A. Smith, President of the Chilton County Singing Convention, came down from Howard College Sunday to attend the annual session of the convention at Providence. Mr. Smith was re-elected to the presidency of the body.

W. L. House of Jumbo was in Calnton on Saturday.

J. Monroe Parrish of Providence Beat 16, was here Saturday.

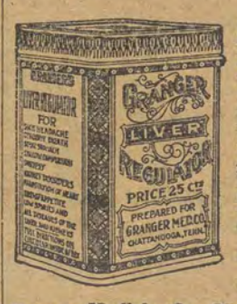
Prof. H. M. Eagle, one of the best singers and foremost musicians of the South, was in town Saturday greeting his many friends here. Prof Eagle has taught a number of singing schools in this county, and has many friends here. He attended the County Singing Convention at Providence on Sunday.

We are a strange people. If a newspaper criticized the local churches the way a saw-dust evangelist does, decent people would not read the newspapers.

Saves Doctor's Bills

Instead of calomel and other violent purgatives, which are dangerous as well as nauseating, it is better to use a reliable medicine like

Granger Liver Regulator



Under date of Oct. 27, 1916, J. W. Clark, Lafayette, Ala., R. F. D. No. 4. writes: "I have been using Granger Liver Regulator in my family for years and find it to be a fine family remedy which has saved numerous doctor's bills. I always keep it in my house and would not be without it."

Sold by druggists, 25c a box. Refuse all substitutes.

Granger Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

CLANTON LOCALS

The dance given by Mr. W. H. Goodgams last Tuesday night, at the opening of the Exchange Hotel, was well attended, and highly enjoyed. There was a large number of out of town visitors who participated in the festive occasion. Music was furnished by the Thorsby Concert Band.

Because the stores were closed in Montgomery the Fourth, Miss Bertha Smith was compelled to make a trip back down there Thursday to do some shopping.

Col. A. C. Smith took in the patriotic parade in Montgomery on the Fourth, and reports a glorious demonstration.

A party of half a dozen Clanton men represented Waxahatchie Tribe I. O. R. M. in the patriotic parade in Montgomery the Fourth.

A bad taste in the mouth comes from a disordered stomach, and back of that is usually a torpid liver—a condition which invites disease. HERBINE is the remedy needed. It corrects the stomach and makes the liver active and regular. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Rev. W. P. Lowery of Collins Chapel was in Clanton Monday.

Mr. O. F. Metz, an attorney of Cullman, spent the Fourth in Clanton on a visit with friends.

Miss Lurline Cox went to Birmingham Monday night on account of the death of her grandfather, Mr. Young.

Prof. E. L. Thompson, who is attending the summer school at Howard College, was at home Sunday.

Lookout Mountain seed Irish Potatoes for fall planting. $3 per bu.
W. C. JONES, Jemison, Ala.

Don't be too generous with your kisses, dearie. Remember that if a rose had no thorns nobody would want to pluck them.

No matter how lazy a man may be, he is always willing to work overtime when it comes to handing out advice.

Prof. W. O. Rich leaves this week for Ensley, where he will teach a school of music for the summer.

Rev. Bone of Fairview, the oldest preacher in the county, and one of our most honored citizens, was in Clanton Tuesday. Brother Bone is getting mighty old and feeble.

T. J. Wyatt, one of the oldest citizens of eastern part of the County was in town Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Morris of Route 7 were in town Tuesday. They called around and subscribed for the Union-Banner.

Tom Rockett of Coopers was in Clanton a short while Tuesday morning, looking after business matters.

The most important picture of the year will be seen at the Ideal Theatre Monday, July 16. It is "Mothers of France," featuring the divine Sarah Bernhardt, showing the most remarkable war scenes. Filmed under auspices of the French Government, and tells an intense thrilling story.

FOR SALE

Place in Thorsby consisting of 25 acres of land, with good two-story house, barn, cellar house, etc. Address Wallace C. Edler, Thorsby, Ala.

PRICE OF "CANTROLLA" REDUCED FROM 75c to 50c

The price of the 1917 High School Annual is reduced from 75 cents to 50 cents. First come first served. See Joe Kanjutzky at H. Kanjutzky's store. Those living out of Clanton can get copies by sending 50 cents and 8 cents for postage.

Attorney B. Guy Smith has returned from a honey moon trip to Havana de Cuba.

The First and the Last

THE FIRST STORE COMING IN TOWN FROM THE WEST AND THE LAST STORE GOING OUT WEST. I SELL CHEAP FOR CASH. I HANDLE MEAT, LARD, FLOWER, SUGAR, COFFEE, TOBACCO, AND SNUFF, ALSO MIXED FEED—IN FACT NEARLY EVERYTHING TO BE FOUND IN A GROCERY STORE I ALSO PAY THE MARKET PRICE FOR CHICKENS, EGGS, BUTTER, BEAS WAX, HIDES, TALLOW, AND BRIGHT RIBBON CANE SYRUP. WHILE IN TOWN CALL ON ME AND GET ACQUAINTED WITH MY LINE... I GUARANTEE A FAIR AND SQUARE DEAL TO ALL.

W. A. Huckabee

THORSBY ITEMS

Mrs. H. M. Gerald spent Friday and Saturday of last week in Clanton with her son, Attorney L. F. Gerald.

Messrs C. R. Foss, L. C. Robinson, and Ira Billingsley made a business trip to Clanton Monday.

Rev. W. P. Cline of Birmingham was in Thorsby last Sunday evening.

Mrs. T. O. Swan made a business trip to Clanton on Thursday of last week.

A number of the people of Thorsby attended the all day singing at Collins Chapel Sunday.

Miss Lorena Graham, who has been visiting relatives in North Alabama, for a couple of weeks, returned home Saturday.

Rev. J. M. Graham preached at the United Protestant Church in Thorsby Sunday night.

There will be preaching service in all three of the churches in Thorsby next Sunday morning. Sunday School and young peoples' meetings as usual. Evening preaching service in the Baptist and Lutheran Churches.

Thorsby Flour Mill is running all day and into the night, grinding good home grown wheat into flour.

Rev. W. H. Hopkins of Atlanta, Ga., addressed an audience at the United Protestant Church on Monday evening of this week.

Enlisting Women in Food Campaign.

At the United Protestant Church in Thorsby last Sunday, Pastor S. H. Herbert referred to the call sent out by Herbert C. Hoover to the women of the country asking them to register for service in the food conservation. Six items in the campaign have been outlined and cannot be too strongly emphasized. The six items and Mr. Hoover's comment on each are as follows:

First, to save the wheat.—If we eat as usual from our harvest this year we will have little more than enough for our own supply, but we can divide with our allies if each individual makes some sacrifices by eating at least one wheatless meal per day, substituting corn bread or other cereals.

Second, We want to save the meat for our cattle and hogs are decreasing, and we must send to our allies, so we wish every householder to buy less, to serve smaller portions and to allow no waste.

Third, We wish to save the fats.—We consume three times the fats that is necessary for nutrition, and we need them now for war. We wish to increase butter used in cooking; we want less butter served on the table; we want less lard, bacon, and other port products used.

Fourth, Any deficiency in food supply by economy along the above lines, can be amply covered by increasing the use of fish, potatoes, beans, peas, turnips, cabbage and vegetables, — generally corn, buckwheat, rye, and rice, which we will have in abundance.

Fifth, We want to save transportation.—Our railroads are unable to meet the war pressure for munitions, men, and coal, so that we wish everyone to consume products of local origin as far as possible, to buy from the local miller, the local packer, buy and eat vegetables grown near home. Aside from eating an increased proportion of these commodities in order to save on the staples, it is extremely important that any surplus of these commodities shall be preserved or well stored for winter use.

Sixth, We preach and want everyone to preach "the gospel of the clean plate, to buy less food stuffs, to serve smaller portions and to see that nothing of value goes into the garbage can.

Our idea of an optimist is a man to whom Monday morning dawns just as cheerfully as Saturday morning.



Germs Go Out Quickly When You Use

Pee Gee Flatkoatt

The Modern, Durable, Sanitary Flat Oil Finish

On Your Walls

The chief consideration in the modern home is sanitation. Wall paper and other unsanitary wall coverings have become a thing of the past. From a sanitary as well as an artistic point, walls and ceiling decorated with Pee Gee Flatkoatt have no equal.

FREE
48 page illustrated book, *"The Modern Method of Decorating Walls,"* contains suggestions for the artistic decoration of walls and ceilings, and color plates of rooms finished with Pee Gee Flatkoatt. Ask us for this book or write to
Peaslee-Gaulbert Co.
Incorporated
LOUISVILLE KENTUCKY

It brings cleanliness and eliminates dust, soot, germs and vermin because Pee Gee Flatkoatt penetrates into the fibre of the surface and becomes part of it. If soiled, it can be easily cleaned and your walls will be bright and beautiful again.

Pee Gee Flatkoatt comes in white and 24 deep, rich, velvety colors which can be combined into the most artistic effects.

UPCHURCH DRUG CO.
CLANTON, ALA.

Why Suffer?

Mrs. J. A. Cox, of Alderson, W. Va., writes: "My daughter . . . suffered terribly. She could not turn in bed . . . the doctors gave her up, and we brought her home to die. She had suffered so much at . . . time. Having heard of Cardui, we got it for her."

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

"In a few days, she began to improve," Mrs. Cox continues, "and had no trouble at . . . Cardui cured her, and we sing its praises everywhere." We receive many thousands of similar letters every year, telling of the good Cardui has done for women who suffer from complaints so common to their sex. It should do you good, too. Try Cardui. E-77

MARRIAGES

The following marriage license have been issued the past week by the Judge of Probate of Chilton County:

Othel Baker, Thorsby, and Miss Rosa Blankenship; W. H. Connell, Stanton, and Mrs. Mattie J. Neeley.

Don't feel peeved because you have big feet. Just look at the footprints you are going to leave in the sands of time.

NOTICE

All persons filing road or bridge warrants with the county treasurer, or persons who had road or bridge warrants in the probate office, which had not been called for prior to June 1st, will please notify the treasurer by mail, or call in person at his office and receive their money for such road or bridge warrants.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

Taking Cathartics Every Day for Weeks Don't Cure Stomach Trouble

They do not eliminate the poisonous bile accretions from the system, so declares a leading Chicago stomach specialist. Often gall stones, cancer and ulcers of the stomach and intestines, auto intoxication, yellow jaundice, appendicitis and other dangerouse ailments are the consequences. Mayr's Wonderful Remedy is the ideal prescription for stomach, liver and intestinal ailments. It has restored millions. One dose will prove that it will help you. Mayr's Wonderful Remedy is for sale by Upchurch Drug Co.

You must Eat!

Buy your Eatables from me and you get the best and it costs you no more than something not as good at other places.

J. W Littlejohn.

CLANTON, ALA.

Everybody - NOTICE - Important

I have just received a large assortment of Shoes of all kinds, including Men's and Ladies' Low Cuts and Tennis Slippers which were bought last year before the Prices were so high. I have a full line of Dry Goods, too numerous to mention. In fact I have a full line of Everything which must be sold at once in order to raise Cash. I buy Cattle.

L. H. REYNOLDS

CLANTON, ALA.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., JULY 12, 1917. NUBMER 15

FIND OUT WHAT IS YOUR REGISTRATION NUMBER.

You Will be Drafted into Service by the Number Which Appears before Your Name in List Appearing This Week.

Elsewhere we are publishing in this issue of the Union-Banner, the list of persons registered on June 5th, for selective draft to the army. In addition to the names, there is also the numbers, by which the draft is to be made. Each man selected for the army will be chosen by his number; therefore, it is well to look up your number as it appears on the list and remember it, so you will know as soon as the draft is made, whether or not you are included in the first numbers who will be examined for the service.

Cards Run in Series.

A circular from Washington, made public this week, has the following to say in regard to the form and method of selection:

"Every board has numbered the cards in its jurisdiction with red ink in a series running from 1 to the number representing the total number of cards in its jurisdiction," continues the circular. "Lists showing the names of persons in the jurisdiction of each board and the red ink number of each card are open to inspection at the office of each board. Inspect the list and inform yourself of the red ink seriel number.

"These red ink numbers are to be drawn by lot to determine the order in which registered persons are to be called by the various local boards. As soon as the drawing is complete, lists showing the order in which these red ink numbers are drawn will be published in the press, and will be posted at the office of each local board, and find out the order in which you stand for call.

Men will be Examined.

"As soon as quotas are assigned to each state and each board, each board will call upon persons whose cards are in its jurisdiction, instructing them to present themselves for examination. This call will be posted at the local board and the papers will be requested to print it. A notice will also be mailed to you, but the posting at the office of the list will be deemed sufficient notice to charge you with the duty of presenting yourself.

"Watch the lists at the office of your board and see when you are called for examination.

"You must report for physical examination on the day named in your call.

"If you are found physically disqualified the board will give you a certificate which will explain to you what your future duties are.

Must Prove Exemption.

"If you are found physically qualified and file a claim for exemption within seven days after your call, you will be given ten days after filing your claim of exemption to file proof in support of your claim of exemption.

"If you are found physically qualified and file no claim for exemption, or if you do not appear for physical examination, your name will be posted to the district board as one who was called for military service and was not exempted or discharged. On the eighth day after call, or within two days thereafter, copies of the list of persons so posted to the district boards will be given to the press with a request for publication, will be posted in a place at the office of the local board accessible to the public view, and notice will be mailed to you at the address on your registration card.

"Therefore, watch the notices posted in the office of the board about ten days after the day you were called, and make arrangement for the prompt receipt of mail."

Plenty of time Given.

The grounds for exemption are set forth in the same language as in the preliminary regulations issued a week ago. The circular says the methods of proving exemptions will be detailed to the registrant, and blanks furnished on application to the local board. The method of appeal will also be made plain, and it is set forth that apppeals must be made within ten days after the local board has refused exemption, that the proof must be filed within another five days, and that a decision must be made five days thereafter.

"Only the district board," concludes the circular, "can receive claim or discharge on the ground that you are engaged in industry, including agriculture. Only decisions of the district boards on industrial claims for discharge can be appealed. If you desire to appeal the decision of the district board to the president, you may do so within seven days of the day of mailing to you of the decision of the district board. As soon as your case is finally disposed of, the adjutant general of your state will notify you by mail that you have been selected for military service.

"Notice that you have been selected for military service will not necessarily order you into service. The notice to report for military service will come when the government is ready to receive you."

MONEY TO LEND

I represent a mortgage company, lending money on real estate at a low rate of interest. All charges less than 8 per cent. If loan is desired, see me and place application.

F. B. COLLIER,
Clanton, Ala.

SHALL I GO TO SCHOOL DURING THE WAR?

Some people have been thinking, that, because of the war, young people should not go on with their schooling. No more serious mistake than this could be made. It is just as important for the future welfare of our country that she have students in her schools today as soldiers in her armies or sailors on her ships.

When the war is over, there will be a greater demand for educated men and women than ever before. Thousands of the best trained men of Europe have already been killed in the trenches. Many of the graduates of the best schools in America are already in the army, and, if the war continues long, will have to lay down their lives. Conditions in this country and Europe after the war will call for more men with trained minds than ever.

Who will take the places of these leaders who have fallen, unless the young men who are not in military service feel a special responsibility to complete their education?

More and more, since the war began, are women taking the positions left vacant by men who have enlisted in the army. Many others have gone to the front as Red Cross Nurses, or in other capacities. The demand for educated women is greater than ever before.

If you stay away from school during these years, you are not only depriving yourself of priceless opportunities but you are also depriving your country of that trained service which she has the right to ask of you in the years to come.

S. H. HERBERT,
Thorsby Institute, Thorsby, Ala.

Mr. J. W. Henley and sons, Fred and Clarence, who are engaged in the lumber business near Maplesville, were in town Tuesday looking after business matters.

Uncle Moses Robinson, ex-County Commissioner, of Beat 16, was in town Tuesday.

UNION SERVICE FOR BENEFIT OF THE RED CROSS IN CLANTON

For the purpose of stimulating interest in the Red Cross work in Clanton, there is planned a union service at the Methodist Church for next Sunday night at 8 o'clock. Dr. B. J. Baldwin, a leading figure in the Red Cross work in the State, will be present to make an address, and also other prominent persons. Everybody is urged to attend and lend their support to the cause.

THE SINGING AT CORINTH

We had an all day singing at Corinth last Sunday, July 8th.

We were called to order at 9 o'clock by A. L. Robinson. E. L. Jones read the 50 chapter of Psalms and led in prayer.

Next in order was to select a Chairman and Secretary, for which T. L. Robinson and Archie Jones respectively were elected.

The arranging committee for the day was, E. L. Jones, J. M. Williams, R. T. Grant, who placed the conductors for the forenoon as follows: A. L. Robinson, Edward Taylor, Lee Robinson, R. T. Grant, J. M. Williams. Each sang three songs.

We then had a recess of 10 minutes, after which we returned to the house and Rev. J. D. Hughes preached a powerful sermon.

Dinner was spread by the ladies, which was bountiful and enjoyed by everybody. Intermission consisted of one and a half hours.

The house was called to order at 1:30, p.m. by T. L. Robinson. The leaders for the afternoon were: T. L. Robinson, G. C. Weldon, Alfonzo Cleckler, N. J. Jones, A. M. Jones, Archie Jones, three songs each.

A qurtet was rendered by Jim Robinson, Alfonzo Cleckler, Lee Robinson and G. C. Weldon.

Organists for the day were: Lee Robinson, Fannie Bell Connell, Vallie Norris.

Chairman T. L. Robinson sang "God be With You till we Meet again," followed with dismission by Rev. J. D. Hughes.

The day was well spent in song service. We wish to thank the people for their good behavior during the day.

With best wishes to all,
ARCHIE JONES, Secy.

SINGING SCHOOL

F. Iven Popwell will teach a 20 days singing school at Mt. Nebo, beginning the Third Monday in July. Terms, $2 per scholar for rudiment pupils, $1.50 for children under 12 years of age, $3 for harmony pupils.

Special atention will be given to the care and development of the voice. Satisfaction guaranteed. Patronage solicited.

PROGRAM

of the District Convention which will be held at the Methodist Church in Verbena on July 15, 1917:

2:00, p.m. Devotional service, by Mr. Cato Patillo.

2:10. Reading by Miss Lena Robinson.

2:25. The importance of grading the Sunday School, by Prof. H. C. Weldon.

2:50. The banner school, by Miss Esles Scott.

3:15. An address by Mr. D. H. Marbury.

3:45. An address by Mr. E. M. Wamble.

4:05. Co-operation, Rev. Lembric.

4:30. Adjourn.

W. A. CALLOWAY, Pres.,
BETTIE M. GARDNER, Secy.

MULBERRY NEWS

The rain has caused some of our farmers to take the blues, for the grass is taking their crops.

We were very sorry to hear of the sudden death of Mr. Joe Varden, who died last Saturday afternoon and was buried at Mt. Carmel Cemetery Sunday afternoon at three o'clock. Rev. Smitherman conducted the funeral services.

The summer school at Isabella started Monday morning with Jake Wallace as teacher. We hope he will have good success with his pupils and they will learn fast.

Mr. Ralph Manning who has been at home spending part of his vacation has returned to Mt. Berry, Ga., where he will work until school begins at that place.

A crowd of our young people attended preaching at Mapelsville Sunday night.

Miss Mary Belle Wooley spent the night with her friend, Miss Etta Mooney Saturday night.

It seems that Lock 12 is an attractive place, as another car of young people enjoyed the day there Sunday, and came back by Thorsby for fun.

Mr. John Lenore, who got his finger cut with the thrasher, has been having a little trouble with it.

Part of our young people spent the Fourth at Stanton, where there was a barbecue and plenty of dinner for everybody. All report a nice time. Some went to Plantersville in the afternoon.

Misses Ettie and Mattis Mooney entertained a few young people Saturday night at a singing.

Mr. Wiley Slaughter is on the sick list this week, but he is not very serious.

The jury commission of Chilton County was in session last week filing the jury box with eligible names for service in our courts as jurors. The next term of Circuit Court will convene in August.

I am ready to buy cord wood to be shipped to Lomax, Ala., for charcoal plant, at that place. For further information and prices write, J. Bice, Clanton, Ala.

NOTICE

All who hold election certificates of Chilton County may present them for pay to J. Bice, County Treas.

FOR SALE

Place in Thorsby consisting of 25 acres of land, with good two-story house, barn, cellar house, etc. Address Wallace C. Edler, Thorsby, Ala.

Dr. G. C. Roper, physician and surgeon for the West Helena Coal Co. of Arnot, Ala., was here Sunday and Monday on a visit to his parents.

Miss Lurline Cox visited relatives at Strasburg Sunday.

Don't forget your Subscription.

Squire A. F. Childress of Thorsby, was in Clanton on Tuesday attending to some business matters.

Judge Reynolds was in Montgomery ery Tuesday on business.

The fellow who wrote these few lines in interested in number 553.

That little bogus report that got to Clanton last week concerning the army draft had lots of us chasing around for our registration cards.

At least one fellow in Clanton is convinced that the "Sammies" like chewing gum.

BEN McDANIEL

Last Saturday morning Mr. Ben McDaniel died Suddenly at his home near Clanton.

SINGING SCHOOL

Beginning Monday, July 23, Prof. James Franklin will teach a singing school at Unity, 1½ miles northeast of Clanton. Anyone interested can get full particulars on application to J. D. Collins, Clanton, Ala.

Stings or bites of insects that are followed by swellings, pain or itching should be treated promptly as they are poisonous. BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT counteracts the poison. It is both antiseptic and healing. Price 25c, 50 and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

THORSBY ITEMS

Miss Hazel Wooley is visiting relatives and friends in Randolph.

Rev. Arnald Nelson returned to Thorsby on Friday of last week and filled the pulpit at the Lutheran church Sunday morning and evening.

On account of illness, Rev. Mr. Bevis was unable to fill his appointment at the Baptist Church Sunday.

Rev. S. H. Herbert and family spent the Fourth of July with Mr. and Mrs. Robert Teel, near Clanton.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Garrick, accompanied by their children, Howard, Inez, Winie and Opal, motored over from Senora, Ga., and spent the Fourth with their daughter, Mrs. C. M. Williams. They started on the return trip home July 5th, visiting many points in Alabama before arriving home.

The Lutheran Ladies Aid will meet with Mrs. Conrad Carlson on Thursday of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. F.C. Smith of Vincent, Ala., spent a few days of last week with Mrs. T. O. Swan.

Prof. and Mrs. Charles M. Williams entertained a number of their friends Tuesday evening of last week in honor of Mrs. Williams' parents.

Miss Minnie Lee Liles of Brooklyn, Ala., is spending the week with Misses Mable and Harriet Swan.

The Luther league held a social at the home of Mrs. Erdahl on Thursday of last week. A pleasant time was enjoyed by all present.

Mr. P. W. Peterson now of Houston, Texas, formerly of Thorsby, has returned for a short visit. He reports his family all well.

The Baptist Young Peoples' Union held a social at the home of the President, Mrs. J. J. Stanley on Thursday evening of last week.

Miss Mary C. Mullins of Clanton spent Friday night of last week at the home of Mr. T. W. Robinson.

Misses Mable and Harriet Swan entertained a number of friends on Tuesday evening of this week in honor of their guest, Miss Minnie Lee Liles. Everyone enjoyed the social until a late hour.

Rev. E. N. Bentley of Birmingham spent Sunday at the home of Mr. T. W. Robinson.

Preaching services at the Congregational and Lutheran Churches on next Sunday morning and at the Lutheran church Sunday night. Sunday school at the usual hour.

Mis Eula Mae Vines of near Thorsby entertained for a number of young people on Monday evening of this week. Everyone present enjoyed a pleasant evening.

The Christian Endeavor Society of the United-Protestant Church will hold a union meeting next Sunday afternoon with the Society of the Cedar Grove church at 3 o'clock.

Col. W. P. Thompson, Correspondent of the Birmingham and Montgomery daily papers, is spending the majority of his time at Pelham Heights. He writes reports of the religious doings of the place for his papers.

Clanton has been alive with soldiers for the past week. Over a thousand of the boys passed through here on their way from Birmingham to Montgomery.

Yancey Giles of Birmingham has been in Clanton on a visit to his relatives and friends for the past week.

Sid Mims of Birmingham was in Clanton last Saturday.

Mr. John Downs and family from Oklahoma were in Clanton the past week on a visit to relatives. Mr. Downs is a brother of Mr. J.B. Downs. The party made the trip here in an automobile.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Osmond Middleton have returned from a ten days visit to friends and relatives in the State of Florida.

Mr. J. W. Moore, Clerk in the office of the Judge of Pribate, is taking a two weeks vacation.

A bad taste in the mouth comes from a disordered stomach, and back of that is usually a torpid liver—a condition which invites disease. HERBINE is the remedy needed. It corrects the stomach and makes the liver active and regular. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Lookout Mountain seed Irish Potatoes for fall planting. $3 per bu.
W. C. JONES, Jemison, Ala.

SARAH BERNHARDT
—In—
"Mothers of France."
At the Ideal Theatre, Clanton
MONDAY, JULY 16, 1917.

Filmdom's Supreme Offering. The Greatest Actress in the World, in the Greatest Screen Drama, of the Greatest War,—a pathetic, vivid, vital Play, showing French Womanhood and Manhood at its best and at its bravest.

Art at Its Best.

Remember the Date,—MONDAY, JULY 16.

Matinee—4:00, P. M. - - - - - - - 10c and 15c.
Night—8:00, P. M. - - - - - - - - 15c and 25c.

PERRY GLASS TRIAL SET FOR NEXT TUESDAY

The preliminary trial of Perry Glass, who shot and killed Jim Cambell on Monday, July 2, in Stumps Hills, will be conducted before Judge Reynolds in the County Court on Tuesday, July 17.

Since the first of last week Glass has been confined in the jail here, and appearances seem to indicate that he has grown into a state of absolute insanity. Doctors have been called in two or three instances to examine him in order to determine the state of the man's mind.

Much interest is attached to the case because of its tragic nature, and the trial next Tuesday will no doubt bring a large number of interested spectators to hear the evidence.

MT. PLEASANT

Mr. Editor: Please allow me space to say a few words.

Health is very good at present. The farmers are very happy for they are almost through laying by their crops, and they are rejoicing over the nice rain.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Pierce visited Mr. W. M. Pierce, Jr., Saturday night and Sunday and then attended the burial of Mr. Joe Varden Sunday p.m.

Mr. J. Wiley Foshee and family visited at Mrs. W. Pardue's at Saginaw last Sunday.

Mr. Willis Pounds and Mr. Bob Pickles of Montgomery were at home last Sunday from the U. S. army.

Mrs. Wiley Soshee, Misses Florence and Dalene Mims went with Jno Mc Foshee to Union Grove to the Farmers Union meeting last Thursday.

Misses Dollie Blankenship, Elma Daniel, and Claudy Culpepper dined with Miss Cora Mae Pounds Sunday.

Mr. Dick Blunt of Coosa County is visiting in this community this week.

Messrs Emmett Popwell and Jessie Teel, and Misses Alvie Dozier and Annie Pierce dined with Miss O. D. Lindsey last Sunday.

The revival meeting will probably start at Mt. Pleasant next Sunday. We hope to have a large crowd on Saturday also.

PICNIC AT MINOOKA

There will be a picnic at Minooka school house Saturday, July 1st, conducted by the Odd Fellows and Rebekah Lodges at Minooka. Everyone invited to come and bring a well filled basket.

B. PARRISH,
W. E. BROADHEAD,
Com. On Arrangements.

Who will be the first one to present the Union-Banner force with a big nice watermelon? We are anxious to tell our readers what a nice fellow he is.

A woman's ide a of economy is to have her dresses cut higher at the bottom and lower at the top.

Discord is when a man is singing the praises of some other man. Harmony when he is singing your praises.

NOTICE ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a decree rendered by Hon. L. H. Reynolds, Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Ala., in the matter of the estate of R. A. Hancock, I, as administrator of said estate, in pursuance of said decree, will sell to the highest bidder for cash in front of the court house door at Clanton, Monday, the 16th day of July, 1917, the following described real estate, lying and being in Chilton County, Alabama, to-wit:

South half of southwest quarter of northwest quarter, Section 16, Township 21, Range 15, and one and one half acres in the north side of northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of said Section, Township and Range; said land being known as the R. A. Hancock place.

Said sale is to be made for the purpose of paying debts of said estate, and for distribution of the remainder of the funds after the debts are paid among the children of the deceased.

This, the 15th day of June, 1917.

J. W. FOSHEE, Administrator.

UNION SPRINGS

Refreshing seasons. Crops looking well.

Prof. Baker has opened up his school this week at Freeman School building.

Several from this community motored to Montevallo last Sunday to the singing. They report a splendid time.

Attorney Morgan D. Jones, of Dadeville, Tallapoosa County,, was a most welcome visitor at the home of Z. J. Jones, on the 3rd.

The Fourth was unusually quiet here.

Mrs. Haygood Russ, who has been visiting here has returned to her home in Florida.

Mr. J. N. Scott of Jemison makes weekly visits here on business.

When you feel lazy, out of sorts and yawn a good deal in the daytime, you can charge it to a torpid liver which has allowed the system to get full of impurities. HERBINE cures all disorders produced by an inactive liver. It strengthens that organ, cleanses the bowels and puts the system in good healthy condition. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

NEXT SESSION OF COUNTY S. S. CONVENTION.

L. H. Reynolds, Adv.

AT THORSBY ON THE 26th AND THE 27th OF THIS MONTH. A COMPLETE PROGRAM.

10:00 a.m. Prayer and praise service led by Rev. E. W. Butler, Thorsby, Ala.

10:15. The Convention key-word, "Soul Winning" by H. C. McDonald, Clanton, Ala.

10:40. How to get the most out of this convention, by Mr. Leon C. Palmer, State Secretary.

11:00. Sunday Scool conditions and needs and plans in our county, by J. H. Gulledge, County President.

11:15. How our Sunday Schools stand today by Miss Della Williams, County Secretary and Treasurer.

11:30. How to become a better teacher, by Prof. A. L. Davis.

12:00. General discussion.

Second Session.

Theme for this session, "The challenge of the Rural Sunday School,"

1:30, p.m. Prayer and praise service conducted by Sunday School teachers present, all of whom are urged to take part.

1:40. Call for next Convention.

1:45. How to teach the International lessons for this year, by Mrs. Leon C. Palmer, State Elementary Superintendent.

2:15. Sunday School progress in Chilton (1) in the primary division, (2) in the secondary division, (3) in the adult division, by Mr. A. A. Blawell, County adult Supt.

2:30. The opportunity of the rural Sunday School Superintendent, by Prof. C. M. Williams, Thorsby, Ala.,

2:55. The "Teens" and the rural Sunday School by Prof. J. L. Johnson.

3:55. Practical problems for the rural Sunday School, by Prof. S. H. Gibbons, Marbury, Ala.

Third Session.

7:30 Prayer and Praise Service, conducted by the Sunday School Superintendents present, all of whom are expected to take a part.

7:45, p.m. Recognition service, conducted by Leon C. Palmer, (a) attending Districts, (b) of specification graduates (c) Banner Schools, (d) Gold Star Districts, (e) front Line Districts.

8:00. Winning throughout the Cradle Roll, by Miss Della Williams.

8:20. The soul-winning teacher, by Rev. J. F. Gable.

8:50. Adjournment.

Fourth Session.

9:30, a.m. Prayer and praise service conducted by the District Presidents, all of whom are expected to take part.

9:45. Public Schools credit for bible study, by Leon C. Palmer.

10:05. The Superintendent and his work, by D. H. Marbury.

10:25. Practical plans for building up the organized bible class, by Rev. C. F. Stevenson.

10:45. Discussion.

10:55. Sunday School progress in Districts: in district No. 1, J. B. Northcutt, Pres.; District No. 2, J. S. Wright, Pres.; District No. 3, J. A. Grooms, Pres.; District No. 4, S. L. Gibson, Pres.; District No. 5, W. A. Calloway, Pres.; District No. 6, G.W. Fox, Pres.

11:10. Working together to win, by Leon C. Palmer.

11:40. What I will do to help win Alabama for Christ, by everybody.

12:00. Adjourn for dinner.

Fifth Session.

1:30, p.m. Prayer and praise service by Prof. C. M. Wiliams.

1:45. Class demonstrations, by Mrs. S. E. Norton.

2:10. How to get the most out of graded lessons, by Mrs. Leon C. Palmer.

2:40. Discussion.

2:45. Our juniors—how to teach them and train them, by Miss Madge Cooper.

3:00 Discussion.

3:15. Our leaders for the next year.

3:25. Organized Class demonstrations, by Mr. E. M. Wamble, Mt. Creek.

3:40. Question box by Mr. Palmer: What is the Chilton County Sunday School Association? — The Chilton County Sunday School Association is a voluntary democratic organization of individuals of all Sunday School workers in our county, who are ex-officio members, and whose duty is inspiration, education, and organization for cooperative activities in community religious education, whose feld includes these things in religious education which are common to all; and in which, work by suggestion without authority.

The Chilton County Sunday School convention is auxiliary to the Alabama Sunday School Association, and the International Sunday School Association.

The Sunday School Association is an organization of the people by the people, and for the people. Our aim is "Alabama for Christ." Our keyword is "Soul Winning." Our motto is "Organize, Educate, Evangelize." Our Convention song is "Blest be the Tie that Binds our hearts in Christian love."

The officers of the State Sunday School Association are: Prof. Spright Dowell ,Montgomery, President; Dr. C. C. Thach, Auburn, first Vice-President; S. A. Russell, Anniston, second Vice-President; John W. Bowers, Troy, Chairman Executive Committee; Dr. Geo. H. Denny, University, Chairman of Educational Committee; F. D. McGill, Selma, Chairman Finance Committee; D. H. Blan, Troy, Recording Secretary; Marshall Cody, Montgomery, Treasurer; Leon C. Palmer, General Secretary.

J. H. GULLEDGE, Co. Pres.

FEDERAL CONTROL OF U. S. EXPORTS

President Wilson Declares That Needs Of American Come First, Then Requirement Of Allies

NEEDS OF NEUTRALS LAST

Officials Alarmed At Wheat Shortage, Urging An Immediate Embargo On Food Products

Washington.—Government control of American exports, authorized in a provision of the espionage act, was ordered put in operation July 15 by President Wilson in a proclamation putting under license shipments to all countries of the most important commodities. The president declared the government's policy will be first to give consideration to American needs; next to meet, as far as possible, the requirements of the allies, and lastly to supply the neutral countries wherever practicable. It is made clear that every effort will be made to see that no supplies reach the central powers. The commodities named in the list put under control are coal, coke, fuel, oils, kerosene and gasoline, including bunkers; food grains, flour and meal, fodder and feeds, meats and fats, pig iron, steel billets, ship plates and structural shapes, scrap iron and scrap steel; ferro manganese, fertilizers arms, ammunition and explosives.

The inclusion of foodstuffs in the proclamation lends color to statements that the administration is considering the advisability of a complete embargo for sixty days on all food shipments to give the country time to ascertain the amount of its supplies and to give allied and neutral countries an opportunity to present a full program of their requirements. The president said the government was trying first to ameliorate present food conditions and conditions that are expected to arise between now and the next harvest. Many officials, alarmed at the wheat shortage and the heavy drain the allies and neutrals are making on American food supplies, are urging an immediate embargo on food shipments.

Through control of coal and fuels the government intends to take a firm grasp on shipping. An arrangement under negotiation will give the American and British governments control not only of all allied tonnage, but of neutral vessels as well. Ships now on runs not regarded as necessary to a successful conduct of the war will be forced into trades considered more essential, and vessels now held in port through fear of submarine attack will be required to go into service.

REGISTERED MEN NOTIFIED TO BE IN READINESS AT ONCE

For Appearance Before Boards Which Will Consider Claims For Exemption

Washington.—Another step in building up the selective conscription army was taken with the distribution of a circular by Provost Marshal General Crowder, notifying the registered men to hold themselves in readiness for appearance before the boards which will conduct examinations and consider exemptions. How or when the government will select the men to be examined is not detailed in the circular, but it is revealed that registration cards in each county or city jurisdiction are to be numbered with red ink and that "as soon as the drawing is complete lists showing the order in which these red ink numbers are drawn will be published in the press and will be posted at the office of each local board." It already has been announced that the selection will take place in Washington and the general presumption has been that some device similar to a jury wheel will be employed. Exemptions are to be determined by the local boards, the circular shows, only for the previously announced specified causes, such as responsibility for the support of the relatives, and not for agriculture or industrial reasons. Seven days after the designations are posted will be allowed for filing claims. Then there will be an additional allowance of ten days for filing proofs, and the board must decide within three days after the proof is filed.

Britons Are Crying For Reprisals

London.—An intensified demand for reprisals has followed the air raid. All the newspapers declare the people of London are furious at the inadequacy of the city's defense. The Times says the crying need of 1917 is for airplanes as it was for shells in 1915 and declares the government must be compelled to realize that the airplane will be the ultimate and deciding factor of the war. It insists that thousands must be built with the help of America to carry the war into enemy territory.

Prohibition Issue Blocks Congress

Washington.—The prohibition issue in congress may cause a general revision of legislative plans and indefinitely prolong the war session. With the house recorded for prohibiting the manufacture of all intoxicants and the senate favoring a ban upon distilled beverages only, leaders expressed belief that it may take weeks to work out the related revenue and other problems which cannot be settled until congress finally determines its course on the liquor question.

GERMAN AIRSHIPS WRECKED

Three Raiders Returning From Raid Brought Down By British Anti-Aircraft Guns

London.—Two of the German machines that took partin the air raid on Harwich were brought down ablaze by British naval aircraft and a third machine was damaged, it is officially announced. All the British airmen who engaged the Germans emerged safely from their flights. The official statement announcing the results reads:

"The vice admiral at Dover reports that naval aircraft from Dunkirk intercepted the hostile squadron returning from England after the attack on Harwich. An engagement ensued at a considerable distance from the Belgian coast. Two hostile machines were brought down in flames and a third was seen to have been damaged. Several other machines were attacked with indecisive results. All our machines returned safely."

From twelve to fourteen German air raiders dropped bombs in Harwich, a seaport town in Essex. Eight persons were injured and twenty-two others were injured. The text of the official statement follows: "A squadron of some twelve to fourteen enemy airplanes attacked Harwich from a northeasterly direction. A number of bombs were dropped and the latest reports state that eleven persons were killed and thirty-six injured. Only slight material damage was caused."

SUBMARINES TWICE ATTACK PERSHING TROOP SHIPS

One U-Boat Sunk, While Americans Didn't Lose Man, Vessel Or Animal

Washington.—Safe arrival at a French port of the last ships of the first American overseas expedition was announced by Secretary Daniel in a statement revealing that twice on the way across the Atlantic German submarines attacked in force and were fought off by convoying warships. The Americans did not lose a man, a ship or an animal. At least one of the undersea enemies was destroyed.

Attack Was Prompted By Spies

The work of spies through whom the Germans knew secrets of the expedition is disclosed by the news that the first attack was made far at sea before the transports and their convoys reached the point at which a rendezvous had been arranged with the American destroyer flotilla operating in European waters. The submarine commanders apparently knew where and when to expect the Americans bound for the fighting lines in France.

Secretary Daniels' statement, in part, runs: "It is with the joy of a great relief that I announce to the people of the United States the safe arrival in France of every fighting man and every fighting ship. Now that the last vessel has reached port, it is safe to disclose the dangers that were encountered and to tell the complete story of peril and courage. The transports bearing our troops were twice attacked by German submarines on the way across. On both occasions the U-boats were beaten off with every appearance of loss. One was certainly sunk, and there is reason to believe others were sent to the bottom.

"For purposes of convenience, the expedition was divided into contingents, each contingent including troop ships and a naval escort designed to keep off such German raiders as might be met. An ocean rendezvous had also been arranged with the American destroyers now operating in European waters in order that the passage of the danger zone might be attended by every possible protection. The first attack took place at 10:30 at night. What gives it peculiar and disturbing significance is that our ships were set upon at a point well this side of the rendezvous, and in that part of the Atlantic presumably free from submarines.

New Secret Police System Organized

Washington.—Immediate necessity for smashing the German spy menace has caused the government to order quick organization of an entirely new secret police system, the national intelligence service. It includes the operatives of the state, war and navy and justice departments. Treasury secret service men will continue to work individually on counterfeit cases. The others, while retaining their separate organizations under their own chiefs, will co-operate in the spy hunt.

German Submarines Are Losing Now

London.—General von Hindenburg's boasting that "We win if we hold our ground until the submarine war has done its work," has a pleasant sound to the British naval ear, for the navy is now firmly convinced that the submarine war has failed. The navy maintains secrecy regarding the submarines sunk, but the pursuit has become so lively that a U-boat shows its periscope in channel waters only with the greatest risk. It is impossible to keep secret all of the bigger victories.

Save Democracy In United States

New York.—Newton D. Baker, secretary of war, told a great audience at the staduim of the College of the City of New York, where final exercises at the Fourth of July celebration were held, that while the nation was preparing on a gigantic scale for war "we must fight for democracy here at home as our armies will fight for democracy abroad. In the midst of our military enterprise we must be actually loyal to our own political theories here," said Mr. Baker.

FORTIETH MEETING BAR ASSOCIATION

MANY HEAR OPENING ADDRESS OF PRESIDENT JOSEPH H. NATHAN

SESSIONS WELL ATTENDED

Followers of Blackstone Royally Entertained at Meeting in Birmingham.

Birmingham. — The Alabama State Bar Association opened its fortieth session here on July 12th and will continue in session through the 14th.

From the gray-haired wearers of the judicial ermine to the trembling "first pleader," all assembled in the rooms of the Birmingham Civic Association at 10 o'clock Thursday morning to hear the opening address of the President, Joseph H. Nathan.

In addition to the regular business meetings and addresses by eminent practitioners on various laws, procedures and practices, there were many social functions arranged for the entertainment of the guests.

The annual address by H. G. Connor, of North Carolina, was delivered Thursday evening in the ball room of the Tutwiler Hotel.

Alabama Steel Sent to France.

Birmingham.—Quantities of steel bound for France, wire and other shapes so badly needed by the French government have been shipped from the Gadsden plant of the Gulf States Steel Company on interned German ships, formally taken over by the United States government and sailing recently from Charleston. A. R. Forsythe, vice-president and treasurer of the Gulf States Steel Company, took up the matter of transportation with United States Senator John H. Bankhead, and efforts were put forth at Washington which resulted in heavy cargoes of steel from the Birmingham district being included on the first of the interned ships to sail from the port named. While announcements are not forthcoming from the general offices of the Gulf States Steel Company here, it is understood there are many contracts pending for steel to go to France and other of the Allies.

Figures Given Out For Half of 1917.

Birmingham.—Pig iron production in Alabama for the first half of 1917 is given unofficially at 1,472,094 tons against 1,344,333 tons for the first half of last year. The production in June, 1917, is given at 234,259 tons, against 204,389 tons in June, 1916. The production in May of this year was 260,969 tons, but three was one day more in the month than in June, and one furnace is out for repairs and two other furnaces had off days in the month.

Total production for 1917 is certain to go above 3,000,000 tons, against 2,762,885 tons in 1916, 2,049,453 tons in 1915.

Alabama Petty Officers Promoted.

Washington.—Secretary Daniels announced the following promotions of Alabama petty officers in the navy: James C. Gill, of Somerville, to be pharmacist at Washington navy yards; Lipton F. Woodward, of Jonesville, on duty at Raleigh, N. C., recruiting office, to be assistant pay clerk; Webster Cross, of Eliza, on duty at Atlanta, to similar position; James M. Thomas, of Russell, on duty at reserve station, and Archie B. McCay, of Aliceville, on duty on the S. S. Georgia; James F. Howard, of Tuscaloosa, on the U. S. S. Navada, and John A. L. Mason, of Ft. Payne, on duty on the Texas, to be assistant paymaster.

Miss Palmer Appointed.

Montevallo.—Miss Stella Palmer, daughter of President T. W. Palmer, of Montevallo, has been appointed chairman of the subcommittee for Alabama, of the Emergency Committee of the American Home Economics Association. The object of this committee is to act as an advisory body on all subjects connected with home economics during the duration of the war. As associate members of the committee Miss Palmer has appointed Mrs. R. Dupont Thompson, of Birmingham; Miss Martha Patterson, of Montevallo; Miss Louise Hooper, of Selma; Miss Sarah Bandy, of Athens; Miss Martha Sproull, of Troy. Misses Patterson and Hooper have already accepted.

Cotton Is Blooming.

Albany.—Cotton is beginning to bloom in North Alabama and the cotton is late, too. Chief of Police W. D. Cobb was the first man to present a bloom. Cobb has found time from his duties as an officer to cultivate a patch of cotton within the borders of the town.

Lightning Kills Cows.

Clanton.—Four fine milch cows huddled together under a tree during a rain and wind storm four miles north of Clanton, were killed by lightning. Considerable damage was done crops by hail and wind.

Letter Carriers Meet.

Selma.—Electing H. L. Anderson, of Albertville, president, and selecting Montgomery as the next meeting place the Alabama Rural Letter Carriers Association adjourned. S. A. Reynolds of Minter, was reelected secretary.

Crops of State Fairly Good.

Montgomery.—A summary of the weather conditions in Alabama issued by the U. S. Department of Agriculture:

The temperature for the week averaged slightly above the normal, with highest temperatures ranging between 93 degrees and 120 degrees. Showers were frequent during the week and fairly well distributed. In many sections the rains were ample, but in some others the amounts were insufficient; in some sections the week was rainless. Cotton is in fair to good condition, as a rule, and improving. Plants are small. Squares are forming as far north as the Tennessee valley. Weevil are reported in the southern and central portions and are active locally. Corn is in poor to good condition in the southern, and in good to excellent condition in the northern portion. Meadows and pastures are in fair to good conditions in the northern, and generally poor in the southern portion, but improving where moisture has been sufficient. Potatoes are in fair to good condition. Harvesting of white potatoes is well advanced. Transplanting of sweet potatoes continues in some sections. Peanuts, beans and truck crops, generally, improved where the rains were sufficient

Pig Iron Selling at $48 Per Ton.

Birmingham.—Pig iron is selling in the Birmingham District at $48 per ton No. 2 foundry, delivered next year. Spot iron, or this year's delivery, where it can be found, brings the same price. There is not much iron to be found for delivery this year, though small lots for regular customers are still reported. Iron manufacturers do not have much to say now about the iron market, all being anxious to make deliveries on the old contracts still in existence, some iron having been sold under $20 per ton, much of that being delivered now going out at $14 per ton.

Woman With $600 in Checks Destitute

Cincinnati.—Miss Charlotte May Jauin, said to be of Huntsville, has been turned over to the charities department of this city, while a story she told is being investigated. The case of the woman came to the attention of the local authorities, a police lieutenant having first been apprised of the woman's destitute circumstances. The story as told the authorities is that the woman, although destitute, had negotiable papers. She has notes and checks totaling $600 in her possession. Miss Jaquin said that she had gone to Florida, but had returned on the same train without leaving it

Dispute Ends In Killing.

Dadeville.—Reed Weldon, a farmer living near Dadeville, is held in the Tallapoosa county jail here in connection with the killing of B. B. Gamble, another farmer. Weldon came in and surrendered. It is alleged that several men were gaming, when a dispute arose and Gamble attacked Weldon with a knife. To save himself Weldon drew his gun and shot him.

For Army Y. M. C. A. Work.

Montgomery.—Gen. Robert E. Steiner was advised by the national council of the Young Men's Christian Association that an army building for the organization will be erected at the site mobilization camp at once. Montgomery donated more than $6,000 for the association, and as soon as the report was made the council notified General Steiner that ground should be cleared for the building.

Alabama Doctors Offer Services.

Birmingham.—Sixteen Alabama physicians volunteered for service in the medical corps at a meeting held here when Col. George Page, of the corps, presided and accepted the applications. Colonel Page left for Fort Orglethorpe with the applications, and successful applicants will be notified by mail when to report. They will go into training at Fort Oglethorpe for three months, and will be given commissions.

$1,000,000 to Be Spent in Mobile.

Mobile.—W. F. Owen, president of the Gulf, Mobile and Northern said the company will put in improvements here similar to the Bush terminals of Brooklyn, to cost $1,000,000. The first unit will be $500,000. The road will have physical connections with the Illinois Central, the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis, Mobile and Ohio, and Birmingham and Northern.

York Rite to Have Reunion.

Gadsden.—A reunion of the York Rite Masons will be held here July 17, 18 and 19. There will be a number of class degrees in the Blue Lodge and Templar degrees. Arrangements for a social session are being made. George A. Beauchamp, of Montgomery, grand secretary, will be here and other State officers as well as a number of out of the city Masons are expected.

Livestock Sale Planned.

Troy.—"Hog and Cattle Days" will soon be observed in Pike County. All farmers having hogs and cattle to sell will bring them in on these days. An auctioneer will auction off the stock, free of charge to the growers.

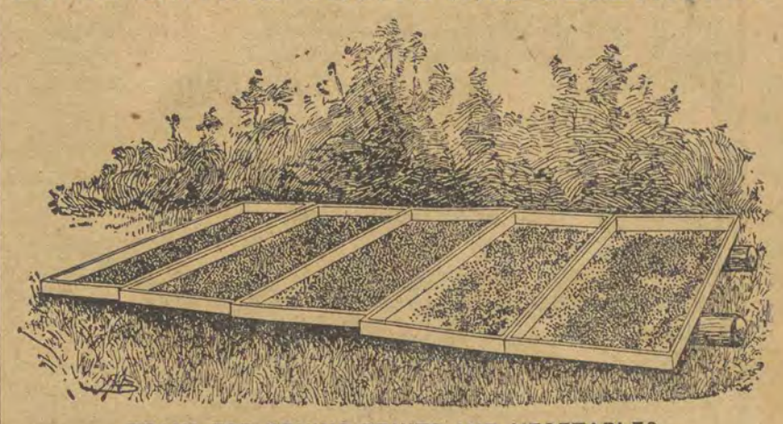
Thirty Head of Cattle Die.

Mobile.—Thirty head of cattle at Bayou la Batre, Coden and other communities in the southern end of the county have died within the past few days.

Mobile Man Electrocuted.

Mobile.—Charles Pond, Jr., aged 26 years, son of Mr. Charles Pond, Sr., superintendent of the Turner Terminal Company, was killed by an electric shock at the Gulf Coast fair grounds. He placed his right hand on a live wire

HOME DRYING FRUITS AND VEGETABLES



TRAYS FOR DRYING FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

(From FARMERS' BULLETIN 841, United States Department of Agriculture.)

One of the most prominent features of the food conservation program of European countries has been the universal drying of fruits and vegetables. The surplus vegetables in the city markets were forced by the governments into large municipal drying plants. Community dryers were established in the trucking regions and even itinerant drying machines were sent from farm to farm drying the vegetables which otherwise would have gone to waste. In addition, large quantities of dried vegetables from Canada and this country were shipped to France during the last two years, and there is a possibility that dried fruits and vegetables may continue to be shipped abroad in considerable quantities to supplement the concentrated food diet of the men in the trenches.

The drying of vegetables may seem strange to the present generation, but to our grandmothers it was no novelty. Many housewives even today prefer dried sweet corn to the product canned by the old method, and say that dried pumpkin and squash are excellent for pie making. Snap beans often are strung on threads and dried above the stove. Cherries and raspberries still are dried on bits of bark for use instead of raisins. In fact, many of the everyday foodstuffs already are dried at some stage of their preparation for market. The common dried fruits, such as prunes, raisins, figs, dates and apples, are staples in the world's markets, while beans and other legumes, tea, coffee, cocoa, and various manufactured foods, like starch, tapioca, macaroni, etc., are dried either in the sun and wind or in specially constructed driers.

Even though the drying of fruits and vegetables as practiced a few decades ago on many farms has become practically a "lost art," the present food situation doubtless will cause a marked stimulation of drying as a means of conserving the food supply. This country is producing large quantities of perishable foods this year, which should be saved for storage, canned, or properly dried. Drying is not a panacea for the entire waste evil, nor should it take the place of storing or canning to any considerable extent where proper storage facilities are available or tin cans or glass jars can be obtained readily and at a low cost.

Advantages of Drying.

The advantages of drying vegetables are not so apparent for the farm home as they are for the town or city household, which has no root cellar or other place in which to store fresh vegetables. For the farmer's wife the new methods of canning probably will be better than sun drying, which require a somewhat longer time. But shorter methods of drying are available, and the dried product holds an advantage in that usually it requires fewer jars, cans, or other containers than do canned fruits or vegetables; also dried material can be stored in receptacles which cannot be used for canning. Then, too, canned fruit and vegetables freeze and cannot be shipped as conveniently in winter. Dried vegetables can be compacted and shipped with a minimum risk.

Special Advantages.

To the housewife in the town the drying of vegetables and fruits presents special advantages. During the season when the market is oversupplied locally and prices are low she can lay in a stock, dry it, and put it away for a winter's emergency without its taking up much of the needed small storage space in her home. If she is accustomed to canning her fruit and vegetables and finds she cannot secure jars or tin cans, she can easily resort to drying.

With simple and inexpensive facilities, all housewives can save quantities of food which are too small conveniently to can. A few sweet potatoes or apples or peas or even a single turnip can be dried and saved. Even when very small quantities are dried at a time, a quantity sufficient for a meal will soon be secured. Small lots of several dried vegetables, such as cabbage, carrots, turnips, potatoes, and onions, can be combined to advantage for soups and stews.

Cleanliness Is Big Factor.

Cleanliness is as necessary in the preparation of vegetables and fruits for drying as in their preparation for canning, perhaps even more so. To secure a fine quality of dried products much depends upon having the vegetables absolutely fresh, young, tender, and perfectly clean. If steel knives are used in paring and cutting have them clean and bright so as not to discolor the vegetable. The earthy smell and flavor will cling to root crops if they are not washed thoroughly before slicing, and one decayed root may flavor several kettles of soup if the slices from it are scattered through a whole batch of dried material. High-grade dried "root" vegetables can only be made from peeled roots.

In the preparation of large quantities of potatoes a peeler may be utilized. The potatoes are thrown by centrifugal force against a rough surface which, under streams of water provided by the perforated tin container above, nicks off the outer skin and leaves only the eyes to be dug out.

Blanching of vegetables is considered desirable by some housekeepers, although it is not strictly essential to successful drying. It is claimed that the blanch gives a more thorough cleaning, removes the strong odor and flavor from certain kinds of vegetables, and softens and loosens the fiber. This allows the moisture in the vegetable to evaporate more quickly and uniformly. It also quickly coagulates the albuminous matter in the vegetables, which helps to hold in the natural flavors. Blanching consists of plunging the vegetable into boiling water for a short time. Use a wire basket or cheesecloth bag for this. After blanching the required number of minutes, drain well and remove surface moisture from vegetables by placing between two towels or by exposing to the sun and air for a short time.

Preparing Food for Drier.

In large factories the vegetables are put through special shredders and slicers not adapted for home use, but convenient and inexpensive machines which can be used to great advantage are on the market. The meat grinder with its special disks can be used in certain cases; the common kraut slicer will cut large vegetables into thin slices, such as potatoes and cabbage; and the rotary hand slicer is adapted for use on a very wide range of material. A large sharp kitchen knife may be used when a handier cutting device is not available. Care should be taken that the material is sliced thin enough but not too thin. From an eighth to a quarter of an inch is a fair thickness for most of the common vegetables to be sliced and dried. Very small slices or strips dry more quickly because they expose a greater surface to the air than do larger cut pieces. But if cut too fine they are more difficult to handle in drying, appear to lose somewhat in flavor, and cannot be used so advantageously to make dishes like those prepared from the fresh foods.

The slicing machines are not suitable for children's use, for they will cut fingers as mercilessly as they do vegetables and fruits, and even adults should exercise great caution in their use in the home.

Good Packing and Storing.

Although not necessary, tin cans or glass jars make good receptacles for storage of dried fruits or vegetables. Pasteboard boxes with tight covers, stout paper bags, and patented paraffin paper cartons also afford ample protection for dried products when protected from insects and rodents. The dried fruit or vegetables must be protected from the outside moisture and will keep best in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. These conditions, however, are difficult to obtain in the more humid regions, and there moisture-tight containers should be used.

If a small amount of dried product is put in each receptacle, just enough for one or two meals, it will not be necessary to open a container the contents of which cannot be consumed in a short time. The use of the small container also makes it more difficult for insects to spoil large quantities of dried fruits or vegetables. If a paper bag is used, the upper part should be twisted into a neck, bent over, and tied tightly with a string. If a further precaution against spoilage is necessary the bag can be coated with paraffin by painting it with a brush which has been dipped into melted paraffin. Another precaution may be taken by placing the small bags in a tin container with a tightly fitting cover, such as an ordinary lard can or pail. All bags should bear a label indicating what they contain.

If fruits or vegetables are packed in tight containers immediately upon being dried thoroughly, they will remain just as brittle as they were when taken from the drier. If, however, they are not dried thoroughly, they will "sweat" and soon mold. To prevent this the material should be examined within 24 hours after packing, and if it appears moist it must be dried further.

To Dry Cauliflower.

Clean, divide in small bunches, blanch six minutes, and dry two to three hours at 110 degrees to 145 degrees Fahrenheit. Cauliflower will turn very dark when drying, but will regain part of the color in soaking and cooking. Dried cauliflower is especially good in soups and omelets.

Brussels sprouts may be handled in a similar way, but add a pinch of soda to the blanching water.



Tray of Packed Jars Ready to Be Placed in Homemade Water-Bath Outfit—Aluminum Pressure Cooker Also Shown.

PROFITABLE DISPOSITION OF ALL SURPLUS FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Every Ounce of Food That Can Possibly Be Produced This Year Will Be Needed—Housewives Can Avoid Much Waste by Canning.

FIRST MAKE ALL NECESSARY PREPARATIONS

"One Hour From the Field to the Can," Is Motto Every Canner Should Have in Mind—Unless Fresh, Crisp and Clean Produce Is Used, High-Grade Article Is Impossible—Equipment Necessary.

(PREPARED BY UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.)

CAN SURPLUS FOOD, BUT USE JARS AND CANS WISELY

Don't have an empty preserving jar in your home next fall.

Reserve regular tight-sealing containers for canning foods.

Concentrate products so that each jar or can will hold as much food and as little water as possible.

Put up jams, jellies and preserves in wide-necked glasses sealed with cork or paper and paraffin.

Don't can anything that can be kept just as well dried or in other forms. Dry navy and mature lima beans for winter use.

Produce in your garden lots of cabbage, potatoes, and root crops that can be kept for winter without canning.—U. S. Department of Agriculture.

The waste of surplus fruits and vegetables in this country each year is large. It would be deplorable if this normal waste were allowed to go on this year when every ounce of food that can be produced is needed. The waste can be avoided in large part if housewives will can as large a part of the surplus perishables as possible. The first step is to see that all the necessary preparations are made before the vegetables or fruit are picked. "One hour from the field to the can" is a motto that every canner should have in mind. This is impossible if one has to prepare utensils and wash and scald cans after the fruits and vegetables have been brought into the house. The condition of these is a prime factor in determining the quality of the finished product. Unless they are absolutely fresh, crisp, and clean when they are put into the cans, a high-grade article is impossible.

When canning in small quantities, it is not necessary to purchase special equipment, although inexpensive portable equipment for use in or out of doors may be purchased. If considerable canning is done, such outfits will prove convenient and save labor. Especially is this true when a comfortable out-of-door place can be selected for the work.

The method of packing fruits and vegetables into containers and sterilizing the product after it is packed has superseded to a very large extent the old plan of cooking the food in an open kettle, transferring it hot to the jar, and sealing without any further sterilization. Since this is true, the first consideration is a sterilizing vessel. This is sometimes called a processor. Cooking the food in the jar to sterilize it is known as processing. This cooker must be large enough to hold a convenient number of packed jars and must be fitted with a false bottom and a tight cover. A wash boiler, bucket, or galvanized tub can be used for a processor. It may be used on the kitchen stove or placed on a furnace built out of doors. One important factor is to be able to bring the water in this cooker quickly to the boiling point and maintain this temperature steadily. The false bottom is a rack which keeps the jars from coming in contact with the metal which is next to the frame. This prevents breakage. Racks made of strips of woods are probably the best. Sometimes wire netting, or perforated galvanized trays, are used. If the latter material is used, it should be raised about 1 inch or 2 inches above the bottom of the vessel.

Three types of canning outfits can be purchased. These are the hot-water, water-seal, and steam-pressure outfits. The first is merely a convenient form of the outfit described above. The other two make use of pressure and therefore accomplish the necessary sterilization in a shorter time than when the hot-water outfit is used.

Canning in Glass.

In canning in glass, select jars which are appropriate for the fruit or vegetable to be packed, considering the size of the container from the standpoint of the quantity desired when opened, the size of the fruit or pieces of fruit to be packed and the ease of sterilization.



Packing Blanched and Cold-Dipped Product Into Jars.

Sterilizing Jars.—Wash these jars and place them, side down, in a vessel and cover with cold water. Bring this water slowly to the boiling point and allow to boil for 15 minutes to sterilize jars.

Sorting and Grading.—While the jars are being sterilized, sort and grade the fruit or vegetables according to size and degree of maturity. Discard all fruit that is overripe, underripe, or unsound. Vegetables which are in choice condition for the table—that is, young, tender and fresh—are suitable also for canning. Those which have become stale are more difficult to sterilize and the loss of flavor and deterioration in texture resulting from staleness make them unsuitable for canning.

Following the sorting and grading, thorough washing is necessary before proceeding to paring, coring or slicing. Some fruits and vegetables require scalding in order to remove peeling.

Blanching.—Blanching consists of plunging the vegetable or fruit into boiling water for a short time. Use a wire basket or cheesecloth square for this. The blanch gives a more thorough cleansing, improves the texture, and insures a clearer liquor. It also shrinks the fruit or vegetable and makes it more flexible. A full pack is then made more easily. The time required for blanching varies with the state of maturity. After blanching the fruit or vegetable is placed for an instant into cold water to make more crisp and to aid further in shrinking.

Packing.—After selecting fruit or vegetable for uniformity in size and quality, it should be arranged with reference to symmetry and the best use of the space within the jar. In placing the fruit or vegetable in a jar a thin, flexible paddle, made out of cane or other suitable wood, is useful.

When the jar has been packed as full as possible without crushing the pieces, the sirup, brine or seasoning is added. The paddle is also used to take out bubbles of air after the liquor has been added to the pack.

Adjusting the Rubber and Cap.—Immediately before using, cleanse the rubber by dropping, for a minute, into a soda bath (one teaspoonful soda to one quart boiling water). Flatten the rubber in its groove, without the presence of any seed or particle of the fruit, before placing the cap. When a glass-top jar with wire clamp is used, place the lid on evenly and raise both clamps up, the upper one fastened to hold the lid in place. With a hermetic jar, fasten the cap on the jar evenly with the clamp. This type of jar is self-sealing as it cools.



Homemade Hot Water Bath Sterilizing Outfit, Showing Satisfactory Type of Wooden False Bottom.

Processing.—Place the jars in a water bath on a rack (a wooden rack is good) to avoid breaking. Have the water the same temperature as the contents, letting it come to within two inches of the tops of the jars. Have a tight cover for the vessel to keep the steam around the tops of the jars which are above water. Do not count time until the water begins to boil; keep it boiling steadily for the time required. Seal the jars air-tight promptly at end of processing, and remove them from the bath, being careful not to allow a cold draft to strike them. In intermittent processing, raise the clamps of the jars at the beginning of each processing to allow for expansion. Seal at close of each processing. The hermetic jar cannot be used for intermittent processing.

Storing.—Before storing, allow jars to stand for 12 hours or more. Then examine the seal. With a lightning seal or hermetic closure, take off the clamp and test the lid to see if it is tight. With a screw-top jar, simply invert the jar to see if there is any leak. Store all products in a cool, dry, dark place.

Canning in Tin.

Before undertaking canning in tin, special equipment, including capping steel, tipping copper, firepot for heating tools, cans with solder-hemmed caps, flux, sal ammoniac and wire solder must be secured. Follow all instructions for canning in glass up to the point where packing is done. See time table for blanching period and for processing period for containers of different sizes. Note, also, the vegetables and fruits which require enamel-lined or inside-lacquered cans.

Packing.—The federal laws require the cans packed for sale to be filled as full of food as is practicable for processing and to contain only enough liquor to fill the spaces and cover the contents. Weigh a sufficient number of cans before and after filling to obtain an accurate idea of average net weight. On account of expansion in processing, corn can be packed less full than other vegetables. These instructions do not cover the canning of corn for market. Mark the cans with a pencil or knife to show contents.

After the fruit or vegetable is in the can, brine, sirup or water should be added to within one-fourth of an inch of the top and the can shaken gently to displace all air within it. The groove around the opening is then cleaned and wiped and the cap slipped on. In order to make sure that the contents of the can have the required weight, the container should be weighed carefully before sealing.

If the weight is satisfactory, flux should be applied carefully around the groove with a small brush or cord, or a little mop made by tying a piece of clean white cloth around the end of a small stick. Great care must be taken to see that none of the flux enters the can. The clean, hot capping steel is then applied, the cap being held in place with the center rod. As the steel is lowered it should be turned steadily until the solder flows. Hold the rod firmly and lift the steel with a sudden twist to swing the melted solder evenly around the groove.

Exhausting and Sterilizing.

The next step is to exhaust the air from the cans. To do this, they should be placed in trays and lowered into boiling water to within one inch of the top. Ordinarily three minutes is long enough for the cans to remain in the water, which need not be brought again to the boiling point before the cans are taken out. A temperature of 180 degrees F. is frequently sufficient for exhausting. Failure to exhaust results in the air which is left in the can expanding. This causes the can to bulge and gives the appearance of a "swell," which will not only prevent the sale of that can, but prejudices customers in future. The leaders in the government canning work insist that wherever the "4-H Brand" label is used, exhausting should be done.

After exhausting, the small hole in the top of the can must be closed immediately. To do this, apply flux as for capping and use a little wire solder to close the hole. Hold the solder with the left hand near the hole and barely touch the hot copper to it, so that only a bead will drop.

It now remains to sterilize the contents of the sealed cans. For beans, corn, peas and asparagus, intermittent processing is recommended. Under this method sterilization is carried on for one hour for three successive days. The cans are lowered slowly under water that is boiling vigorously at the time. Naturally it ceases to boil as soon as the cans are immersed, but will begin to boil again a short time later. The time of processing is counted from the moment when the water begins to boil again, and it must be kept boiling constantly throughout the entire hour. In the case of very young string beans and some other easily sterilized vegetables, the processing is reduced to one hour for two successive days.

As soon as the processing is over, the cans should be cooled as rapidly as possible in order to stop cooking, which breaks down the fruit and injures the flavor and color. It is well to plunge the cans into very cold water. They should never be stacked close together until they are entirely cold.

The labeling should be done with a rather dry paste, which is put only on the end of the label, so that it does not touch the tin. Paste may cause rust, and in damp climates it is sometimes customary to lacquer the outside of the can before it is labeled. The label, if the product is intended for sale, must contain the net weight in pounds and ounces and the packer's name and address.



Sealing a Packed and Sterilized Glass Jar.

In packing fruits and vegetables, it is necessary to surround them with brine, sirup or water, but under the terms of the federal law governing the interstate shipment of canned goods, no more of this liquor is allowed than is actually necessary to cover the contents after as full a pack as possible is made. With tomatoes no water whatever should be added and no tomato juice should be added in excess of the amount in the tomatoes canned.

Add Sugar and Salt.

In addition to the liquor, a mixture of sugar and salt adds greatly to the flavor of such products as tomatoes, peas, Lima beans and corn. The mixture recommended by the government specialists in canning is composed of one-third salt and two-thirds sugar. Two level teaspoonfuls of this are placed in a No. 3 can and one teaspoonful in a No. 2 can. For beans, okra, cauliflower, etc., a brine containing 2½ ounces of salt to a gallon of water is used. For asparagus a heavier brine, four ounces to a gallon of water, is needed.

In order to conserve the supply of tin cans, it is strongly urged that all products intended for home use should be put up, whenever possible, in glass. The hermetic type of jar, however, is not a suitable one for intermittent processing, for which the best type is a glass-top jar with wire clamps. The clamps should be raised at the beginning of each processing to allow for expansion.

The following tables show the length of time, the character of the liquor, and other facts in regard to the canning of vegetables and fruits by this hot-water process:

CANNING VEGETABLES (HOT WATER PROCESS).

Do Not Attempt to Use This Table Without Reading All Directions Carefully.

Vegetables.	Blanch, minutes.	Liquor.	In Tin. No. of can	In Tin. Exhaust minutes...	Process.
Asparagus	3 to 4	Brine (heavy)	2	3	Intermittent or 2 hours.
String beans	3 to 8	Brine	2	3	Intermittent.
String beans		Brine	3	5	Intermittent.
Lima beans	2 to 5	Salt, sugar, water	2	3	Intermittent.
Beets	Cook ¾ done, peel.	Brine	2	3	1 to 2 hours.
Carrots	Cook ¾ done, scrape	Brine	2	3	1 hour.
Corn	1 to 3 (blanch on cob)	Salt, sugar, water	2	10	Intermittent.
Okra	10 to 15	Brine	2	3	Intermittent.
Peas (very young)	1 to 3	Salt, sugar, water	2	3	45 minutes first day 35 minutes second and third days.
Peas, medium	3 to 8	Salt, sugar, water	2	3	Intermittent.
Potato, sweet	Cook ¾ done, peel.	Pack dry	3	15	3 hours.
Rhubarb		Cold water	2	2	15 minutes.
Soup mixture		Salt, sugar	2	5	2 hours or intermittent.
Tomato		Salt, sugar	2	2	20 minutes.
Tomato		Salt, sugar	3	3	30 minutes.

Vegetable.	Blanch, minutes.	Liquor.	In Glass. Jar.	Process.
Asparagus	3 to 4	Brine (heavy)	Pint	Intermittent or 2 hours continuous.
String beans	3 to 8	Brine	Pint	Intermittent or 2 hours continuous.
String beans		Brine	Quart	Intermittent.
Lima beans	2 to 5	Salt, sugar, water	Quart	Intermittent.
Beets	Cook ¾ done, peel	Brine	Quart	1½ to 2 hours.
Carrots	Cook ¾ done, scrape	Brine	Quart	1 hour.
Corn	1 to 3 (blanch on cob)	Salt, sugar, water	Quart	Intermittent.
Okra	10 to 15	Brine	Pint and quart.	Intermittent.
Peas (very young	1 to 3	Salt, sugar, water	Pint	Same as No. 2.
Peas, med.	3 to 8	Salt, sugar, water	Pint	Intermittent.
Potato, sweet	Cook ¾ done, peel	Pack dry	Quart	3 hours.
Rhubarb		Cold water	Quart	15 minutes.
Soup mixture		Salt, sugar	Quart	2 hours or intermittent.
Tomato		Salt, sugar	Pint	15 minutes.
Tomato		Salt, sugar	Quart	30 minutes.

Note.—String beans packed in No. 2 cans are preferable because more surely sterilized.

Corn, lima beans, and peas should never be packed in larger container than No. 2 and processed always intermittently. Corn is cut from cob after blanching.

Soup mixture containing corn and lima beans should always be processed intermittently.

The brine used is made of 2½ ounces salt to 1 gallon of water, except for asparagus, which contains 4 ounces to 1 gallon.

Beets and rhubarb when packed in tin must be put in enamel-lined cans.

CANNING FRUITS (HOT WATER PROCESS).

Fruit.	Blanch.	Sirup	In Tin. No. of Can.	In Tin. Exhaust, minutes	In Tin. Process, minutes.	In Glass. Jar	In Glass. Process, minutes.
Apples	1 minute	No. 1	3	2	8	Quart	12
Berries		No. 3	2	2	10	Quart	10
Cherries, sweet	15 seconds	No. 3	2	2	20	Quart	25
Cherries, sour	15 seconds	No. 4	2	2	20	Quart	25
Currants		No. 3	2	2	15	Quart	15
Figs	Soda blanch	No. 3	2	2	25	Quart	30
Gooseberries		No. 3	2	2	15	Quart	20
Guava	15 seconds	No. 4	2	3	20	Quart	35
Guava	15 seconds		3	3	25	Pint	25
May haw		No. 3	2	2	20	Quart	25
Peaches	15 seconds	No. 4	3	3	15	Quart	20
Pears	15 seconds	No. 3	3	3	20	Quart	25
Plums	Prick with needle	No. 4	2	2	12	Quart	15

Note.—Berries, cherries, currants, figs, gooseberries, May haws and plums, when packed in tin, must be put in enamel-lined cans.

To make the sirups recommended, boil sugar and water together in the proportion given below until sugar is dissolved. Strain all impurities out of the sirup before using:

Sirup No. 1, use 14 ounces to one gallon water.

Sirup No. 2, use 1 pound 14 ounces to one gallon water.

Sirup No. 3, use 3 pounds 9 ounces to one gallon water.

Sirup No. 4, use 5 pounds 8 ounces to one gallon water.

Sirup No. 5, use 6 pounds 13 ounces to one gallon water.

The sirup for canned berries is made out of berry juice instead of water.

THE UNION-BANNER

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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

THE MONTEVALLO SINGNIG

On last Sunday your correspondent visited the all day singing at Montevallo, arriving at an early hour. We were met by a number of ladies of the technical school, who gracefully gonducted us through the buildings of the school.

At ten o'clock the singing opened in the school chapel, conducted by Mr. Miles V. Lowery.

At noon a nice dinner was spread under the beautiful shades of the campus.

In the afternoon Dr. Palmer of the Technical School delivered a nice talk on community singing, urging the Harp and Harmony singers to have an annual singing at Montevallo. One of the Montevallo teachers rendered beautifully George Keith's composition, "How Firm a Foundation," a favorite of Robert E. Lee and President Jackson's wife. Another lady read very forcibly certain compositions of the Christian Harmony.

We noted the beautiful treble by Miss Bonnie Wallace, on Thomas Moore's composition, "Evening Bells" It was heavenly and inspiring. Montevallo's cordial welcome and pleasures of the day will be long remembered.

Enroute we had a fine view of the U. S. volunteers going south.

Z. J. JONES.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS

The next state examination for teachers will be held at Clanton at the high school building at 10 o'clock a.m., on the Third Monday in July, 1917. All applicants should be present at 9 o'clock a.m. for registration, except those who wish to file a third grade and take for a second grade, and they must be present by 2 o'clock Monday, and those who wish to file a second grade and take for first grade must be present by 2 o'clock Tuesday.

All applicants who are not personally acquainted with me must be identified before they can be admitted to the examination. Each applicant is required to take the examination in the county in which he is living, teaching or going to school, unless he has a permit from the state superintendent to take otherwise.

W. T. BEAN,
Co. Supt. Ed.

GIRLS' CLUB WORK

The citizens of the county having retained the Home Demonstration Work in the county for the remainder of the season, I will begin work again on the 16, and will give demonstrations at the following places next week:

Mt. Pleasant	Monday,
Coopers	Tuesday,
Bethel and Mulberry	Wednesday,
Enterprise	Thursday,
Pleasant Grove	Friday,
Mulberry	Saturday.

Everybody in the communities in which the demonstrations are given, are extended a cordiel invitation to attend and bring something to can. These demonstrations are not restricted to club members. Come and help your county to do its patriotic duty in feeding itself, and also help feed our soldier boys that are "Somewhere in France" fighting "our war".

LIDA JONES,
Agent Dem. Work.

CEMETERY CLEANING

All those interested in the New Salem Cemetery are requested to meet there July 19 for the purpose of celaning off same, bring either a wheel-barrow, pitchfork or hoe.

G. W. MADDOX,
J. L. VINES,
D. H. GENTRY,
Committee.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to thank everyone for the kindness and sympathy extended us during the recent illness and death of our beloved wife and mother.

E. Driver and Children.

(Note—Owing to an oversight of the printer, this card of thanks was inadvertently omitted last week. We are glad to make correction by inserting it this week.—Editor.)

The contented man, who is satisfied with the cards dealt him in the game of life doesn't win many pots.

A man never realizes how trifling his personal needs are until he marries and has a few babies in the house.

Doing hard work in a bent or stooping position puts a stitch in the back that is painful. If the muscles have become strained, you can't get rid of it without help. The great penetration power of BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT will appeal to you most strongly at such times, because it is the very thing you need. Price 25c, 50c and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

LIST OF PERSONS WHOSE REGISTRATION CARDS ARE IN THE POSSESSION OF LOCAL BOARD

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2	Ernest Armstrong,	Clanton R 5
3	Ervin Allen,	Clanton, R 5.
4	John R. Booth,	Clanton R 5.
5	Delbert Brand,	Clanton R 5.
6	Willie Burnett,	Clanton R 5.
7	Lewis Barns,	Clanton R 5.
8	Davis Benson,	Clanton R 5.
9	Oris Thomas,	Clanton R 5.
10	Joseph T. Cox,	Clanton.
11	Richmond Chaney,	Clanton R 5.
12	Pete Calloway,	Clanton R 5.
13	Rufas H. Diets,	Clanton R 5.
14	Jim Davis,	Clanton R 5.
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16	Eulyses Donald,	Clanton R 5.
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18	Sheb Ellison,	Clanton .
19	Leroy Ellison,	Clanton.
20	Ellis Ellison,	Clanton R 5.
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28	Oraland C. Harter,	Clanton R 5.
29	Jobe Harris,	Clanton R 5.
30	James Oscar Giles,	Clanton R 5.
31	Grover Jones,	Clanton R 5.
32	James C. Knox,	Clanton.
33	Walter W. Kendrick,	Clanton R 5.
34	Nat Kirkling,	Clanton R 5.
35	Robert L. Kinglang,	Clanton R 5.
36	Robert McHesson,	Clanton R 5.
37	Charles O. Lineberry,	Clanton R 5.
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39	Leon M. Maddox,	Clanton R 5.
40	William L. Maddox,	Clanton R 5.
41	Charlie J. Moates,	Clanton.
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47	Oliver R. Mullins,	Clanton, R 5.
48	Robert L. McKinnon,	Parrish R 1.
49	Homer McCuller,	Clanton R 5.
50	Donthard Noah,	Clanton.
51	Samuel R. Powers,	Clanton R 5.
52	Dee L. Petty,	Parrish.
53	Robert O. Payton,	Clanton.
54	Henry Burchett Page,	Clanton.
55	Joseph R. Rhodes,	Clanton.
56	Alex Robinson,	Clanton R 5.
57	Judge Rembert,	Clanton.
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60	James L. Yates,	Clanton.
61	Lonnie Shirley,	Clanton, Lock 12.
62	B. B. Simpkins,	Clanton, Lock 12.
63	C. E. Shanerfelt,	Clanton, Lock 12
64	Gene F. Smitherman,	Clanton.
65	Willie Suber,	Clanton, Lock 12.
66	Buddie Simpson,	Clanton, Lock 12
67	William Spurlark,	Clanton Lock 12
68	Frazier Sanders,	Clanton Lock 12
69	Turner Vanderslice,	Shelby.
70	Will Vines,	Clanton.
71	Prince N. VanWagoner,	Clanton.
72	Robert C. Vines,	Clanton, Lock 12.
73	Floyd L. Wright,	Clanton.
74	Joe White,	Clanton.
74	William A. Weldon,	Clanton.
76	Jim P. White,	Clanton, Lock 12.
77	Sidney Willis,	Clanton.
78	Richard Ward,	Clanton, Lock 12.
79	Sylvester Atchison,	Montevallo.
80	Rupert Dotson Bevis,	Jemison.
81	Ocie Oland Barnett,	Jemison.
82	Henry N. Beasley,	Jemison.
83	Roan Austin Barnett,	Jemison.
84	Fred G. Bledsoe,	Youngston, Fla.
85	W. Grady Brantley,	Jemison.
86	Linton A. Brown,	Randolph.
87	James M. Brantley,	Jemison.
88	Emmett Cheeks,	Minooka.
89	Burnie L. Cobb,	Jemison.
90	Alek Franklin Cobb,	Siluria.
91	Arthur Arlond Conway,	Jemison.
92	George M. Collum,	Jemison.
93	Vernon T. Cobb.	Jemison.
94	Earl R. C. Cobb,	Jemison.
95	Cebron Clyde Cofer,	Jemison.
96	Sam P. Crysell,	Jemison.
97	Marion Cofer,	Randolph.
98	Noah Crumpton,	Randolph.
99	Archie Crumpton,	Randolph.
100	Walter Carlee,	Randolph.
101	John M. Cofer,	Jemison.
102	Ed Duncan,	Jemison.
103	Joshua L. DuBise,	Jemison.
104	John H. W. Davis,	Jemison.
105	Thomas M. Davenport,	Jemison.
106	Mose L. Davenport,	Jemison.
107	Clarence A. Davenport,	Jemison
108	Joseph M. Dennis,	Jemison.
109	James L. Ervin,	Jemison.
110	Jesse C. Edwards,	Jemison.
111	Newton P. Freeman,	Birmingham
112	Charley M. Cary,	Jemison.
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114	Herbert E. Gothard,	Jemison
115	Elisha Hatchell,	Jemison.
116	Lumon A. Hicks,	Jemison.
117	Whaley H. Hyatt,	Jemison.
118	Jeff Davis Hand,	Birmingham.
119	Pat Henry,	Jemison.
120	Gordon Harmon Howard,	B'ham.
121	Jerome Honeycutt,	Jemison.
122	Leroy J. Hawrd,	Lomax.
123	Fred L. Howard,	Jemison.
124	Milford C. Hayes,	Montevallo.
125	Luther Hicks,	Randolph.
126	Charlie Coulmbus Jones,	Jemison
127	Ernest Martin Kimbrel,	Jemison.
128	Shady Laird,	Deer Court, Ga.
129	Harvey H. Lathem,	Jemison.
130	William Lowery,	Jemison.
131	Walter Lee Luster,	Jemison.
132	Abraham T. Lewis,	Jemison.
133	Pat L. Lowery,	Jemison.
134	Charleston C. Matthews,	Jemison
136	William Pascal Martin,	Jemison.
137	Lonnie G. Martin,	Dora, Ala.
138	Erby Morgan Martin,	Jemison.
139	Lynn B. Hobson,	Akron, Ohio.
141	Noah M. Moore,	Jemison,
142	Irby Howard McNeill,	Jemison.
143	William N. McGraw,	Jemison.
144	Wilaer Burns McNeill,	Jemison
145	Samuel R. McNeill,	Jemison.
146	Elijah Nix,	Jemison.
147	Manuel M. Northcutt,	Jemison.
148	Willie Price,	Jemison.
149	Alonzo S. Price,	Jemison.
150	Sam V. Peeples,	Jemison.
151	Henry G. Posey,	Randolph
152	Mason Poe,	Jemison.
153	Jason Poe,	Jemison.
154	Arthur Poe,	Jemison.
155	Albert Robinson.	Jemison.
156	James Houston Rogers,	Jemison
157	Moses Ray,	Jemison.
158	Mordiciah L. Rogers,	Jemison.
159	Hill Rotenberry,	Jemison
160	Tom S. Ray,	Jemison.
161	George Scott,	Jemison.
162	Lee Singleterry,	Jemison.
163	Eula Nichols Shaw,	Ensley.
164	William Clay Skipper,	Jemison.
165	Jerome Valentie Scott,	Jemison.
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170	William Edgar Sims,	Jemison.
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173	Jackson J. Scott,	Jemison.
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178	Ervin D. Scott,	Jemison.
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184	D. Anderson Warren,	Jemison.
185	Sunice Watson,	Randolph.
186	E. Hunghey Waldrup,	Jemison.
187	Grady Allison,	Maplesville.
188	Collier Anderson,	Maplesville.
189	Edgar Atchison,	Maplesville.
190	Edmon Q. Atchison,	Maplesville.
191	Ettie R. Brooks,	Maplesville.
192	David H. Bates,	Maplesville.
193	Obie Collins,	Maplesville.
194	Ben T. Childress,	Thorsby.
195	John T. Coburn,	Maplesville.
196	John F. Carter,	Maplesville.
197	William J. Carter,	Thorsby.
198	Edgar T. Chastine,	Clanton.
199	Millard F. Childress,	Thorsby.
200	Francis M. Durbin,	Clanton.
201	Henry D. Durbin,	Clanton.
202	James Ervin,	Maplesville.
203	Ernest E. Edwards,	Lawley.
204	Perry S. Edwards,	Maplesville.
205	Albert R. Frith,	Clanton.
206	O. D. Grooms,	Maplesville.
207	William C. Grooms,	Maplesville.
208	June E. Garner,	Maplesville.
209	John R. Large,	Maplesville.
210	Snowton C. Hayes,	Thorsby.
211	Charley Hayes,	Thorsby.
212	Ezekiel Jones,	Clanton.
213	Sidney M. Jackson,	Clanton.
214	Richard L. Jones,	Maplesville.
215	Samuel Jones,	Maplesville.
216	James F. Kincaid,	Maplesville.
217	Henry Lawson,	Maplesville.
218	Dacid C. Mooney,	Sharoh, Penn.
218	Willie Murry,	Maplesville.
220	Edward M. Manning,	Thorsby.
221	Henry C. Mullins,	Clanton.
222	Willie L. Martin,	Maplesville.
223	Thomas G. Mooney,	Maplesville.
224	Grover C. Mims,	Thorsby.
225	Joseph L. Palmer,	Maplesville.
226	Jim C. Price,	Maplesville.
227	William M. Pierce,	Thorsby.
228	Dan Rodgers,	Maplesville.
229	Wilbur L. Speer,	Maplesville.
230	George Williams,	Haplesville.
231	Spirgeon Waters,	Maplesville.
232	Jim Wililams,	Thorsby.
233	John F. Williams,	Thorsby.
234	Bozel F. Williams,	Thorsby.
235	Willie B. Williams,	Clanton.
236	John D. Armstrong,	Clanton.
237	John Henry Austin,	Clanton.
238	Clarence Askins,	Mt. Union, Pa.
239	Newton E. Aldredge,	Clanton.
240	Horace L. Aldredge,	Clanton R 6
241	Floyd C. Aldredge,	Clanton R 6
242	Joseph Benton Atkinson,	Clanton
243	Newton W. Askins,	Clanton.
244	James F. Armstrong,	Clanton R 1
245	Homer Brown,	Clanton.
246	Henry Lewis Bryant,	Clanton.
247	Arthur Benjamin,	Clanton.
248	Isaac Benjamin,	Clanton.
249	B. Brown, Jr.,	Talladega Spgs.
250	Tom Barbour,	Talladega Spgs.
251	Samuel Bryant,	Clanton R 7.
252	Anderson Bethax,	Parrish.
253	Jacie Baker,	Clanton.
254	James F. Boothe,	Clanton R 5.
255	Leonard H. Bussey,	Clanton.
256	Ivey Blalock,	Clanton R 8.
257	Robert Baker,	America.
258	Grady D. Broadhead,	Clanton.
259	Irvin Mad. Baker,	Clanton R 3.
260	William A. Blackmon,	Clanton.
261	Charlie C. Baker,	Clanton R 6.
263	Edgar Roan Baker,	Clanton.
264	William J. Bice,	Clanton.
265	E.G.W. Blankenship,	Clanton R8.
266	Dosh Bryant,	Clanton.
267	William R. Baker,	Clanton.
268	Monroe Baker,	Clanton.
269	John Bryant,	Clanton.
270	Robert Lee Baker,	Clanton.
271	Cleveland Baker,	Clanton.
272	Claud M. Baker,	Clanton.
273	Joseph Baker,	Clanton R 8.
274	Joe Boozer,	Clanton R 2.
275	Monroe Bryant,	Clanton R 6.
276	Stephen L. Baker,	Clanton R 2.
277	Franklin A. Bryant,	Clanton R 1.
278	John Luther Bennett,	Clanton.
279	Grover Coleman,	Clanton.
280	Lee Cooper,	Homestead.
281	Claud Beadlecomb,	Clanton.
282	John William Cleckler,	Clanton.
283	Reauby Chasteen,	Clanton R 7.
284	John Callen,	Clanton.
285	Lee Roy Caton,	Clanton R 1.
286	Jim Caton,	Thorsby R 1.
287	Jim Cox,	Clanton R 2.
288	Henry Carrol,	Clanton R 3.
289	Walter L. Culver,	Clanton.
290	Frank J. Callen,	Clanton.
291	Huston Coggins,	Clanton.
292	Frank B. Collier,	Clanton.
293	Evan Chasteen,	Clanton.
294	Pink C. Cleckler,	Clanton.
295	John Wiley Cooper,	Clanton R 2
296	Waldo Roy Culver,	Clanton.
297	McCleveland Culver,	Clanton.
298	William Cleckler,	Clanton R 6.
299	Cornelius Caton,	Clanton.
300	Arthur Lee Cox,	Clanton R 7.
301	Bea M. Connell,	Clanton R 8.
302	Jessie Connell,	Clanton R 5.
303	Arthur V. Culver,	Clanton R 7.
304	Jessie A. Culp,	Clanton R 4.
305	Walter L. Culver,	Clanton R 7.
306	John Davis,	Clanton.
307	John Drayton,	Clanton.
308	Oliver W. Dennis,	Clanton R 2.
309	Turney M. Dennis,	Clanton R 2.
310	J. Rufas Dennis,	Clanton R 2.
311	Horace W. Davis,	Clanton.
312	Sewell Driver,	Clanton.
313	Green R. B. Duke,	Clanton R 7.
314	John W. Driver,	Clanton.
315	Benjamin H. Duke,	Clanton R 4.
316	George L. Daniel,	Clanton R 8
317	James A. Dubose,	Clanton R 2.
	James A. Dobbs,	Clanton R 2.
319	Lloyd Deavers,	Clanton R 7.
320	Hosea F. Downs,	Clanton.
321	John H. Eubanks,	Clanton.
322	Lee D. Easterling,	Clanton R 2
323	Lee Ellison,	Clanton R 8.
324	Joseph A. Easterling,	Clanton.
325	Edgar Edwards,	Clanton.
326	Virgie J. Elmore,	Clanton.
328	William E. Easterling,	Clanton.
329	VanBurian Edwards,	Clanton.
330	Crawford Easterling,	Clanton.
331	Ruben S. Easterling,	Calnton R1
332	Terrace Eiland,	Clanton R 4.
334	Walter Foshee,	Clanton R 7.
335	Arthur L. Farley,	Clanton.
336,	Thomas C. Foshee,	Clanton R 6.
337	Josie Fulmer,	Thorsby R 1.
338	Marion D. Foshee,	Clanton.
339	Alex Frazier,	Montgomery.
340	Julius Gary,	Clanton.
341	Paul Goldsmith,	Clanton.
342	Arthur Reed Giles,	Clanton.
343	Frang B. Goodgame,	Clanton.
344	Joseph Alfred Grooms,	Clanton.
345	Lawrence F. Gerald,	Clanton.
346	John Gandy Gray,	Clanton R 7.
347	Newton A. Gray,	Clanton R 4.
346	Audley C. Giles,	Clanton.
349	Glennie Harris,	Clanton.
350	Tolbert Huett,	Clanton.
351	Odis Hundley,	Clanton.
352	Jessie F. Hayes,	Clanton.
353	Tom Holley,	Clanton R 3.
354	John D. Denson,	Clanton R 8.
355	Carl Yancey Holley,	Clanton.
356	Tommie Hand,	Clanton.
357	Samuel J. Henderson,	Decatur.
358	Julius Leonard Harris,	Clanton.
360	Will Henderson,	Albany.
361	Joseph W. Huckabee,	Clanton.
362	Burney Hubbard,	Clanton R 7.
363	Victor John Heard,	Clanton.
364	Elijah Headley,	Clanton.
365	Mark Hosey,	Talladega Spgs.
366	Henry F. Hart,	Clanton R 1.
367	Henry R. Hayes,	Clanton.
368	Clark Harper,	Columbus, Ga.
369	Willie Hamilton,	Clanton R 7.
370	Cary Henley,	Clanton R 4.
371	George B. Higgins,	Sylacauga.
372	Clarence Hayes,	Thorsby R 1.
373	Grover C. Headley,	Clanton .
374	Henry Headley,	Clanton.
375	Grady F. Harris,	Clanton.
376	W. Hardy Hurtt,	Talladega Spgs.
377	Eric Hart,	Clanton.
378	H. H. Hayes,	Clanton.
379	Ernest M. Hilyer,	Clanton.
380	Felix C. Henley,	Clanton.
381	John Jonse,	Clanton R 8.
382	Leander A. Jones,	Clanton.
383	Aurelius D. Jones,	Clanton R 4.
284	Calvin Johnson,	Clanton R 4.
285	John Hardy Jones,	Clanton R 1.
386	John Johnson,	Clanton
387	Henry Grady Jones,	Clanton R 8
388	Adolphus Jones,	Clanton R 6.
389	Johnnie Johnson, Sr.	Clanton R1
390	Sidney Jones,	Clanton R 8.
391	Leonard H. Jones,	Clanton.
392	Robert L. Jones,	Clanton R 1.
393	John Cox Jones,	Clanton R 4.
394	Walter S. Jones,	Clanton.
395	Reedy Jones,	Clanton R 8.
396	Alvin Jones,	Clanton .
397	Arthur Johnson,	Clanton.
398	Charley Jones,	Clanton.
399	Wm. Wesley Jones,	Clanton.
400	Jim Jones,	Clanton R 6.
401	Samuel E. Johnson,	Clanton.
402	Mason F. Jones,	Clanton.
403	Wallace Jones,	Clanton.
404	Cleveland Jackson,	Clanton R 1.
405	William L. Kemp,	Clanton.
406	Milton Kendrick,	Middleton, Ohio
407	Sam Kanjutzky,	Akron, Ohio.
408	Marion E. Kennedy,	Clanton.
409	Curtis Kelley,	Clanton.
410	John Wesley,	Clanton.
411	Floyd Little,	Clanton R 1.
412	Perry Short,	Clanton R 8.
413	Francis M. Littlepohn,	Thorsby
414	Vatchel T. Lindsey,	Clanton R 4.
415	Clifford H. Littlejohn,	Lawley.
416	Reese C. Lockhart,	Clanton R 3.
417	Edgar P. Littlejohn,	Thorsby.
418	Sammie Lowery,	Clanton.
419	William A. Mickey,	Clanton.
420	Jessie Martin,	Clanton.
421	John Motley,	Clanton.
422	Isaac Motley,	Parrish.
423	Feob Motley,	Clanton R 7.
424	David Minor,	Clanton R 1.
425	Leander Mims,	Clanton.
426	Oscar Lee Mims,	Clanton.
427	Sam Paul Mims,	Clanton R 5.
428	Arthur J. Maddox,	Clanton R 1.
429	Seth Melchor,	Clanton.
430	Durwood C. Mims,	Thorsby R 1.
431	Robert N. Mims,	Clanton R 8.
432	Charlie T. Miller,	Clanton.
433	George M. Mims,	Clanton.
434	Robert A. Miller,	Clanton.
435	Elijah Mims,	Clanton.

(Continued to next Page.)

These Warm Days Call for COOL CLOTHES

Come in and inspect our line of

Ladies' and Gents Furnishings

For Summer Werr—Our Stock has never been more Complete

We have a swell line of NEGLIGEE SHIRTS, and can fit you up in any or all sizes.

Mens and Boys Summer Underwer

We have a big line of these Garments, in Union Suits, in both the short and ankle lengths. And all of our goods are guaranteed to please you.

The Big Bargain Store

Clanton Mercantile Co.

CLANTON, ALA.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

Of the Peoples Savings Bank, located at Clanton, Ala., at the close of business June 20, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Currency,	7620.00
Gold,	1560.00
Silver, Nickels and Pennies,	951.72
Checks and Cash items,	252.11
Cash items in Transit,	1173.26
Due from Banks in this state	67588.65
Due from Banks in other States,	14816.86
Total,	93962.60
Bonds and Stocks owned by Bank (Liberty Loan),	4000.00
Loans and Discounts,	77339.47
Demand Loans,	10150.00
Overdrafts,	352.88
Banking House,	2700.00
Furniture and Fixtures,	1880.14
Grand Total,	190385.09

LIABILITIES

Indnvidual deposits,	126065.81
Time Certificates,	13980.03
Cashier's Checks,	3163.57
Certified Checks,	7029.41
Due Banks in this State,	none
Due Banks in other States	none
Due unpaid dividends,	50.00
Total Deposits,	150288.82
Capital Stock paid in,	15000.00
Undivided profits less current expenses and taxes paid,	25096.27
Notes and Bills payable,	none
Grand Total,	190385.09

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

Before me came Jno. A. Thomas, Vice-President and Cashier of The Peoples Savings Bank, Clanton, Ala., who being duly sworn, says that the above and foregoing statement is true and gives the actual condition of said Bank, as shown by the books on file in said Bank.

JNO. A. THOMAS,
Vice-Pres. and Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 26th day of June, 1917.

H. M. SIMPSON,
Register of Circuit Court in Equity.

ATTEST:
W. T. Callen,
E. E. Upchurch,
J. B. Downs,
Directors.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

State of Alabama, Chilton County. Probate Court. June 23rd, 1917.

In the matter of the estate of J.F. Lewis deceased. This day came Lula E. Lewis, administratrix of the estate of said deceased, and files account, vouchers, evidence, statement for final settlement of his said administration.

It is ordered that the 14th day of July, 1917, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons intersted can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

Witness my hand, this 23rd day of June, 1917.

L .H. REYNOLDS, Judge of Probate.

When the Skin Seems Ablaze With Itching and Burning

There's just one thing to do.

If your skin seems ablaze with the fiery burning and itching of Eczema, real and lasting relief can only come from treatment that goes below the surface—that reaches down to the very source of the trouble. So-called skin-diseases come from a disordered condition of the blood, and the proper treatment is through the blood

Search far and near, and you cannot find a blood remedy that approaches S. S. S. for real efficiency. It has been on the market for fifty years, during which time it has been giving uniform satisfaction for all manner of blood disorders. If you want prompt and lasting relief, you can rely upon S. S. S. For expert advice as to the treatment of your own individual case, write to-day to Chief Medical Adviser, Swift Specific Co., Dept. C Atlanta, Ga.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

A. C. Smith B. Guy Smith
SMITH & SMITH
Attorneys At Law
General Practice
Clanton, - - - - - Alabama.

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in Hopkins Bldg.
Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women & Surgery
CLANTON, ALA.

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

F. B. COLLIER
Attorney at Law
Office in the Johnson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. A. B. BAXLEY
Optometrist
Office in Mullins Bldg.
Clanton, Ala.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

Watch your label.

PERSONS REGISTERED IN CHILTON FOR MILITARY SERVICE.

(Continued from preceding page.)

436 Limmie Melton, Clanton R 4.
437 Rudolph Moates, Clanton R 5.
438 Ocie Mims, Clanton.
439 Clyde Maddox, Clanton R 4.
440 Andrew Mims, Clanton R 5.
441 William H. Miller, Clanton.
442 Tommie Mims, Clanton R 5.
443 John Miner, Clanton R 5.
444 Alfred E. Mims, Clanton.
445 Wm. K. Mullins, Clanton.
446 Ed Minor, Clanton.
447 Tommie L. Maddox, Clanton R 5.
448 Sam McCall, Jr., Clanton.
449 Shardrick McCall, Clanton.
450 Ollie McDowell, Clanton R 2.
451 Henry H. Nobles, Clanton R 3.
452 Thos. H. Nabors, Clanton.
453 Amos Oden, Clanton R 3.
454 John Oaks, Clanton.
455 Jasper Oaks, Clanton R 8.
456 Warden Peavey, Clanton R 3.
457 Jinks Pearson, Clanton.
458 Frank Price, Clanton.
459 James Pickett, Clanton.
460 Joe Pierson, Clanton.
461 William L. Popwell, Clanton.
462 Will Plier, Clanton R 1.
463 J. L. Parrish, Clanton R 3.
464 Leon C. Popwell, Clanton.
465 Schusler J. Powell, Clanton R 5.
466 John Harvey Plier, Clanton.
467 Phil G. Parker, Clanton.
468 Webb Parrish, Clanton R 2.
469 Thos. M. Parrish, Clanton.
470 Albert A. Pounds, Clanton R 4.
471 Marshall Sidney Plier, Drifton.
472 Jose Price, Clanton R 8.
473 Emmett V. Popwell, Clanton
474 Ocie Jim Powell, Clanton.
475 Lonnie Price, Clanton.
476 George Clark Polk, Clanton.
477 Albert H. Pyron, Clanton.
478 William L. Parrish, Clanton.
479 Aaron Parker, Yomax.
480 Clifford Price, Clanton.
481 T. S. Peavey, Clanton R 1.
482 William Eli Parrish, Clanton R 2.
483 Ollis Rogers, Clanton.
484 Caldwell Mac Roper, Clanton R 3
486 Ruben F. K. Riggins, Clanton.
487 William A. Robinson, Clanton R 8
488 James Eugene Rasberry, Clanton.
489 Alex S. Richardson, Clanton.
490 Alonzo L. Robinson. Clanton.
491 James Elijah Robinson, Clanton.
492 Lee Jean Roberts, Clanton R 4.
493 Cobert Riggins, Clanton R 8.
494 Barney M. Roberts, Myrtlewood.
495 Walter James Roland, Clanton.
496 Lewis C. Reynolds, Clanton.
497 Henry Grady Reynolds, Clanton.
498 David P. Robinson.
499 Alexander Riggins, Clanton R 1.
500 Richard Smith, Clanton.
501 Macon Smith ,Clanton.
502 Clarence N. Smith, Clanton R 4.
503 Rufas A. Smith, Clanton.
504 Willie D. Shaw, Clanton.
505 Charles W. Stanley, Bessemer.
506 A. D. Scott, Clanton R 2.
507 Miles Vander Smith, Clanton.
508 Robert L. Smith, Clanton.
509 B. Guy Smith, Clanton.
510 James L. Smith, Clanton.
511 Willie W. Smith, Parrish.
512 Leonard Thomas Smith, Clanton.
513 Edward Chandler Shaw, Clanton.
514 Emmett L. Thompson, Clanton.
515 Arthur Tippett, Clanton R 7.
516 Osmond B. Thompson, Clanton.
517 Jessie E. Teel, Birmingham.
518 Elijah Thomas, Clanton.
519 George T. Tippett, Clanton.
520 Elbert Lee Taylor, White City.
521 Whit Traywick, Clanton R 8.
522 Emmett A. Thomas, Clanton R 2
523 Albertus J. Tyus, Clanton R 3.
524 Frank W. Thomas, Clanton.
527 Cleveland D. Thomas, Clanton.
528 Lee Traywick, Clanton.
529 Joe Traywick, Clanton.
530 James R. Taylor, Clanton.
531 Enoch Traywick, Clanton.
532 Thomas M. Taylor, Clanton R 2.
533 Arthur Traywick, Clanton.
534 Grozer Traywick, Clanton.
535 Oscar Vinson, Clanton R 6.
536 Walter Vinson, Clanton.
537 David Vines, Clanton.
538 Jos. P. VanDerveer, Jr. Clanton.
539 Kinon M. Vinson, Clanton.
540 Lemuel Williams, Talladega Sps.
541 Colonel Wilson, Parrish. R 1.
542 Charles Williams, Clanton.
543 Willie Watson, Clanton R 7.
544 Sampson Williams, Clanton.
545 James M. Waller, Thorsby R 1.
546 Henry Clinton Wesson, Clanton.
547 Will S. Wilson, Clanton.
548 Horace G. Williams, Anniston.
549 Tom Williams, Clanton R 7.
550 Samuel K. Walker, Faiirfield.
551 John B. Wells, Clanton.
552 Luther M. Wright, Clanton R 1.
553 William McD. Wyatt, Clanton.
554 John Thomas Wyatt, Clanton.
555 Thomas L. Williams, Clanton.
556 Ruben E. Wyatt. Clanton.
557 Ocie Weldon, Clanton.
558 George Williamson, Clanton R 8.
559 Hosey Wilson, Clanton R 4.
560 Ervin Wilson, Clanton R 4.
560 Ben M. Wells, Clanton.
562 Elijah T. Weldon, Clanton R 4.
563 Mattison L. Ware, Fort Payne.
564 Jessie Wilson, Clanton.
565 Walter T. Ward, Clanton R 7.
566 Elsie Washen, Clanton R 2.
567 John Dalton Deldon, Birmingham
568 William A. Willis, Clanton.
569 Marshall C. Wesson, Clanton.
570 Ernest Edgar Williams, Clanton.
571 James Wallace Wood, Clanton.
572 Theodore E. Williams, Clanton.
573 Weaver Wilson, Clanton R 2.
574 Will D. Williams, Clanton R 1.
575 L. O. Zimmerman, Scobey, Mont.
576 Robert C. Aldridge, Friend, Ky.
577 James H. Anderson, Verbena
578 Henry G. Armstrong, Verbena.
579 Modie Franklin Brown, Mt Creek
580 John Burdett, Verbena, R 2.
581 Leonard Boyd, Mt Creek.
582, Fred Boatfield, Mt Creek.
583 Jackson Bullard, Mt. Creek, R 2.
584 Wm. J. Boatfield, Marbury.
585 Ernest Earl Bonnett, Mt Creek.
586 Ralph Burton, Verbena.
587 Moses C. Browdar, Verbena.
588 Hugh T. Brown, Mt. Creek.
589 Wm. P. Claughton, Verbena.
580 Vester B. Champion, Verbena.
581 Fred Calloway, Verbena.
582 Ralph Cooper, Madison, S. C.
583 Alvin C. Champion, Verbena.
584 George Elber Culver, Mt. Creek.
585 Henry Cooper, Mt. Creek.
586 Guy Dickerson, Mt. Creek.
597 Charles A. Dennis, Verbena R 3.
598 Lewis D. Duffee, Newman, Ga.
599 William F. Danby, Anniston.
600 Charles Haney Dansby, Verbena.
601 Richard P. Dennis, Mt. Creek.
602 Thomas P. Duffey, Mt. Creek.
603 Davis I. Deramus, Verbena.
604 Jacob G. Dansby, Verbena.
605 Jas. F. A. Dennis, Mt. Creek.
606 Grover Deramus, Verbena.
607 Jim Dennis, Mt. Creek.
608 Thomas Davis, Verbena.
609 Sam Dean, Mt. Creek.
610 Isaac Dennis, Mt. Creek.
611 Emmett T. Dennis, Mt. Ceek.
612 Wils Deramus, Verbena.
613 Dave DeJarnett, Ida.
614 Oscar J. Eiland, Mt. Creek.
615 Sam M. Eiland, Mt. Creek.
616 Dock Goodgame, Mt. Creek.
617 Calvin Gentry, Mt. Creek.
618 Claud Glenn, Mt. Creek.
619 Geo. Gulledge, Mt. Creek, Ala.
620 Caesar Gary, Ida.
621 John Hudman, Verbena.
622 Andrew T. Hancock, Mt. Creek.
623 Walter C. Hudman, Mt. Creek.
624Charley E. Headley, Mt. Creek.
625 Isaac Watson Hall, Marbury.
626 Sylvester O. Headley, Mt. Creek.
627 James M. Hurtt, Verbena.
628 William C. Henderson, Mt. Creek
629 Thos. L. Howard, Verbena.
630 James S. Hubbard, Mt. Creek.
631 Dosh Hurtt, Verbena.
632 John W. Howard, Verbena R 3.
633 Robert Cary Hudson, Mt. Creek.
634 John Hurtt, Verbena.
635 Monroe Hayes, Verbena.
636 Bob Johnson, Mt. Creek.
637 C. J. Jackson, Mt. Creek.
638 Alphews M. Jones, Verbena.
639 Wilbur A. Jones, Verbena R 2.
640 Henry Eains Jones. Verbena.
641 George Wilbur Jones, Verbena.
642 Joseph A. Jones, Verbena R 3.
643 Willie E. Giles, Mt. Creek.
644 Joseph M. Kelley Wadsworth.
645 Edward Leon, Mt. Creek.
646 Eugene Love, Verbena.
647 Guy Lee, Verbena R 3.
648 Isaac Minor, Verbena.
649 Alphews F. Mims, Verbena.
650 Jessie A. Morgan, Mt. Creek.
651 Henry S. Murr, Clanton.
652 William T. Morris, Verbena R 3.
653 Franklin R. Morgan, Mt. Creek.
656 Ernest Maxwell, Verbena.
657 Thos. J. McDonald, Prattv. Jct.
658 John McKinney, Verbena.
659 Eli Mixon, Verbena.
660 Wm. T. Oliver, Verbena.
661 Willie Price, Mt. Creek.
662 Arthur Pelham, Mt. Creek.
663 Daniel W. Parrish, Verbena.
664 Luther M. Pyron, Verbena.
665 Walter O. Phillips, Verbena.
666 Frank Harris, Mt. Creek.
667 James Plott, Verbena.
668 Caspers F. Partridge, Wadsworth
669 Ocie O. Penton, Verbena.
670 Henry G. Parsons, Mt. Creek.
671 William Price, Jr. Mostella.
672 Lewis J. Pelham, Mt. Creek.
673 Berry Rutland, Verbena.
674 Oscar Robinson, Verbena.
675 Linzie Shelton, Mt. Creek.
676 Thuston G. Smith, Mt. Creek.
677 Ben B. Scott, Verbena.
678 Wm. B. Strock, Verbena.
679 John Sistrunk, Mt. Creek.
680 Wm. Brady Sims, Mt. Creek.
681 Julius Leonard Sims, Mt. Creek.
682 Leonard Lee Smith, Mt. Creek.
683 Ernest L. Sims, Mt. Creek.
684 Sidney W. Scott, Mt. Creek.
685 John Townsend, Mt. Creek.
686 Winfield Thornton, Verbena.
687 Eugene Francis Taber, Mt. Creek
688 Alfred H. Taber, Mt. Creek.
689 Wm. Brock Taber, Mt. Creek.
690 John J. Traywick, Mt. Creek.
691 Calvin D. Teel, Mt. Creek.
692 John Varner, Mt. Creek.
693 Grover Oneal Varner, Verbena.
694 Clinnie Varner, Verbena.
695 Grover C. Weldon, Verbena.
696 Calvin Wilson, Verbena.
697 Edward M. Wamble, Mt. Creek.
698 Clarence Welch, Verbena.
699 Andrew Wilson, Verbena.
700 Frank Zeigler, Mt. Creek.
701 Henry W. Zeigler, Mt. Creek.
702 Mitchell keigler, Deatsville.
703 Joseph R. Askins, Billingsley.
704 John M. Burnett, Billingsley.
705 Baymon M. Brigance, Billingsley.
706 Hizzie Boozier, Clanton.
707 William W. Bishop, Verbena.
708 Ocie C. Billingsley, Clanton.
709 Marion C. Courtney, Billingsley.
710 Walter L. Coggins, Clanton.
711 Tommie Smith Croker, Clanton.
712 Jessie L. Chandler, Billingsley.
713 Robert M. Culp, Clanton.
714 Henry Cleckler, Clanton.
715 John W. Cagle, Billingsley,
716 Griffin J. Collins, Niagra Falls.
717 Julius Chasteen, Clanton.
718 James A. Chandler, Billingsley.
719 Tom Cleckler, Clanton.
720 James C. Davidson, Clanton.
721 Clifton A. Deloach, Billingsley.
722 Joseph E. Driver, Clanton.
723 Robert W. Deason, Clanton.
724 Oliver Davis, Clanton.
725 Alfred Dennis, Billingsley.
726 Walter H. Dobbs, Clanton.
727 John W. L. Devaughn, Verbena.
729 Joseph P. Dobbs, Clanton.
730 Augustus Davis, Anniston.
731 Nuel J. Davenport, Billingsley.
722 Alvin A. Davidson, Clanton.
733 Jasper Edwards, Clanton.
734 Mitchell Foshee, Akron, Ohio.
735 Jasper W. Friday, Clanton.
736 Watson G. Gray, Verbena.
737 Rufas Gandy, Verbena.
738 George W. Gray, Billingsley.
739 George H. Gandy, Billingsley.
740 Clinton Frazier Gandy, Verbena.
741 Steve Holley, Clanton,
742 P. Q. Henley, Calnton.
743 Bud Headley, Clanton.
744 Jake Henley, Clanton.
745 George Headley, Clanton.
746 Horace D. Headley, Clanton.
747 Fonsi Headley, Clanton.
748 Walter W. Jones, Clanton.
749 Dawson P. W. Jones, Clanton.
750, Frank Lockhart, Clanton.
751 Johnnie T. Lee, Clanton.
752 Thomas J. Logan, Clanton.
753, Willie C. Mims, Billingsley.
754 John Z. Mims, Clanton.
755 Arthur Monroe Mims, Billingsley.
756 Calvin W. Moates, Billingsley.
757 George Milton Moore, Billingsley
758 Lee More, Billingsley.
759 Ruben F. Mims, Sylacauga.
760 Eugene Mullins, Clanton.
761 John D. Mullins, Clanton.
762 F. E. Neeley, Billingsley.
763 Harrison B. Owen, Clanton.
764 Ralph D. Oden, Clanton.
765 John L. Payton, Clanton.
756 Rufas L. Popwell, Clanton.
767 Robert F. Presley, Clanton.
768 William H. Popwell, Clanton.
769 William Bird Payton, Clanton.
770 Fonzo I. Popwell, Clanton.
771 James G. Smitherman, Clanton.
772 Fred A. Summerlan, Verbena.
773 Houston L. Traywick, Clanton.
774 James T. Vinson, Clanton R 6.
775 John C. Vinson, Billingsley.
776 Jessie J. Wright, Billingsley.
777 Johnnie M. Williams, Clanton.
778 Emmett F. Wyatt, Clanton.
7779 Arthur J. Wilgins, Billingsley.
780 Eugene Ware, Clanton.
781 Alshur J. Williams, Billingsley.
782 Arthur E. Williams, Clanton.
783 Arthur L. Williams, Clanton.
784 Bennie Williams, Clanton.
785 Robert D. Wilkins, Billingsley.
786 George T. Wyatt, Clanton.
787 Ervin M. Wilson, Clanton.
788 John W. Ware, Clanton.
789 George W. Wright, Billingsley.
790 Charley L. Wilkins, Billingsley.
791 Eddie R. Yeargin, Verbena.
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BY RANDALL PARRISH

FIFTEENTH EPISODE

The Final Chapter.

In his hiding-place in his country house Sebastian Navarre sat crouched over the fire, a hunted fugitive.

In terror of his life, dependent upon the good faith of Whitey, his sole remaining henchman, and doubtful of him, Sebastian was in no enviable mood. And as he cowered, dreading the future and shuddering at the sound of every automobile that passed along the road, he was living again in his past.

One crime had led to another, and yet Sebastian tried to convince himself that he was not by nature evil. He saw himself upon his father's estate in the Argentine, heir to vast wealth, and happy, until he had seen and loved Leontine.

She was engaged to Jerry Carson, and Sebastian had resolved that she should be his. When he believed that Jerry had died on his mad expedition to the lonely South Atlantic ledge, he had forged a document designed to set Leontine against her lover. It was a receipt for three thousand dollars, with Jerry's signature, the sum to be repaid one month after Jerry's marriage.

Sebastian had never expected that Jerry would return. When he came home Sebastian had accused him of forgery and of complicity in his brother's death. Jerry had been sent to the prison hulks for life, and had died there.

And still Sebastian had thought himself only the victim of unhappy circumstances.

Leontine had become nominally Sebastian's wife. He had not sought to win her love. He had been faithless to her. And then had followed crime after crime.

Sebastian saw the dead faces of the victims of his treachery. He saw One-Lamp Louie, the little thief, staring at him reproachfully. He saw Bianca, blown to pieces in the dynamite explosion at the shack. He saw the man whom he had shot on the roof in his wild, successful effort to escape justice.

And still he thought that he was not a bad man and cursed his predicament.

In his own quarters above, Whitey Wang was counting a roll of bills and smiling. The crook took a letter from his pocket and began to read. As he read, his smile broadened.

"Herewith inclosed," he read, "find the money promised for divulging the hiding place of my husband, Sebastian Navarre. You have done a service to the state and to the cause of justice."

The letter was signed by Leontine. What had made Whitey smile was, first, the money; secondly, the idea that he had done a service to the state.

Perhaps the telepathic sense of his impending betrayal was acting upon Sebastian in the room below. Sebastian, with quivering nerves, shook his head as if to brush away the visions that thronged about him. Then a light step behind made him turn his head. He started violently. Before him



Sebastian, at Bay, Awaits His Doom.

stood Jerry Carson, as he had last seen him in the room at Porto Delgado, beside his brother's body.

Sebastian took a step toward him, cried out, and tried to shield his face from the vision.

"Who are you?" he muttered. "It can't be you. You died and were buried at sea. Are you a spirit or—or what?"

Jerry smiled at him coldly. "If you try to get out of this room you will very soon find out whether I am a spirit or not," he answered.

Sebastian hesitated, then rushed to the window. But the sight that he saw there was more terrifying. Outside the gates of the estate he saw an automobile. In it were three uniformed policemen and a woman. They were just getting out of the machine and Sebastian recognized his wife Leontine.

Sebastian turned away dejectedly from the window. He was indeed between two evils. He moved toward the door, but Jerry Carson stood in his way, holding a revolver that he had drawn from his pocket and adopting a nonchalant attitude.

Sebastian fell on his knees. "Forgive me!" he gasped. And he burst into impassioned pleas for liberty.

Jerry Carson hesitated. He felt no pity for the prostrate man at his feet, but, as he looked at him, he realized the futility of his years of suffering and sacrifice. At first, burning with hatred, he had planned only to be revenged on the man who had stolen his sweetheart and consigned him to an ignominious death with a tarnished name. He had often anticipated the moment that had come; now that it had come he felt his anger fade away.

"The freeing of my name means more to me than bringing you to justice," he said slowly. "Sign this confession of the forgery and you shall go free so far as I am concerned. You shall take your chance with the police for your other crimes."

He took a folded paper from his pocket. Sebastian, stammering incoherent words of gratitude, sprang to his feet, opened it, and read it.

It was more complete than Sebastian could have imagined. It revealed an amazing knowledge of the man's past, it mentioned the crimes for which he knew that his life was forfeit.

Sebastian hesitated. Even then his subtle mind was planning trickery.

"It's that or—" said Jerry significantly, indicating the grounds outside. And even as he waved his hand Sebastian heard feet on the gravel walk, followed by a knock at the door.

He flung himself into a chair, affixed his name to the confession, and ran from the room.

Jerry took the paper and replaced it in his pocket. Then, quietly, he went to the door of the house and opened it.

Sebastian's country house had been constructed for just such a fox as he was. The cellar had a secret partition, put in by workmen of his own nationality. This was Sebastian's last refuge in case of trouble. It was a little room in which a quantity of food was stored, with a small lamp. It was impossible to discover it unless one knew of its existence. And Sebastian had taken care that his confederate, Whitey, should not know of its existence.

He darted from the room, rushed toward the back of the house, looked back, and saw that Jerry's back was turned. At the end of the long passage Jerry was in the act of admitting Leontine and the police.

He darted down into the cellar, entered the secret room, and replaced the cunningly devised entrance piece of stone. Crouching there in the darkness he heard his pursuers swarming into the house.

A few moments later he heard one of the policemen descending. He saw the faint ray of the flash-light through a chink in the stone.

"We've got you!" shouted the policeman.

It was all Sebastian could do to keep himself in check. He was afraid that even the beating of his heart would betray him. But the man was bluffing. He looked at the back of the furnace, examined the inside of a couple of barrels in one corner, and tramped up the stairs again.

When he was gone, Sebastian crept cautiously out. He looked about him. There was no danger for the moment. He moved toward the cellar bulkhead and lifted it.

Through the little crevice that he had made he perceived Leontine and Whitey Wang conversing together a little distance away. Immediately in front of the bulkhead grew some rose shrubs. It was possible to crawl out quietly and, under cover of these, to approach within a few feet of the pair.

Leaving the bulkhead the least bit open, in case of the sudden need of flight, Sebastian took his revolver from his pocket and began to worm his way along the ground in the direction of the pair.

And, crawling stealthily as a puma on its native plains, he presently heard Whitey's voice.

"You told me I'd done a service to the state," he was saying triumphantly. "Well, I guess that's right enough, but I did it for the money."

Leontine, listening to Whitey's frank statement, was unable to conceal the horror she felt for the traitor. And that look on her face saved her life.

For Sebastian, who had hesitated between the two, leveled his revolver at Whitey and fired.

Before the little puff of smoke had become dissipated Whitey was lying dead with a bullet in his brain.

Leontine screamed, and, at her cry, the others came running toward her. She swung round, saw Sebastian, and screamed again in mortal fear. Sebastian's face was a blend of every evil emotion. He leveled his revolver again and placed his finger upon the trigger.

Leontine stood confronting him. The sight of the man had aroused her courage, restored her contempt for him. And, as she faced him, Sebastian could not pull the trigger.

He had loved her once, and the thought of sending her to instant death was a surprisingly difficult one. His glance wavered. It lit upon one of the rose bushes.

Outlined dimly against this he saw a vision of the electric chair. Beside it stood the ghosts of the men whom he had murdered. Last of the line was Whitey, whose still warm body lay almost at his feet. They looked at him steadily out of their shadowy eyes. And Sebastian, shuddering, turned and ran at full speed through the bushes.

He heard the cries of the pursuers behind him, but made his way along the narrow trail that led toward the precipitous rocks along the river bank, confident that at the bend of the path he could evade them among the trees. It was a difficult country, and Sebastian knew every inch of it.

He heard the cries become fainter. He breathed more freely. And as he ran he fumbled with his revolver. Then curses broke from his lips. He had exhausted the chambers, and he had dropped the remaining cartridges from his pocket when he was crawling along the ground behind the rose bushes.

And his pursuers were drawing closer. He panted with terror as he ran, keeping them just about the same distance behind him. Turning his head at the bend, he saw the foremost about three hundred yards away. There was no chance of gaining the thickets unobserved.

Suddenly he perceived Jerry standing in the middle of the path facing him. With a yell, Sebastian hurled himself at the figure. He stumbled through vacancy and pitched forward to the ground. When he arose he saw the mocking hallucination in front of him again, beckoning to a by-path that ran down toward the river.

He glanced back. The police were closer, and there was only about a



Sebastian Writes His Confession at the Command of Jerry Carson.

hundred paces between them. They were crying to him to stop. But Sebastian ran on with the courage of despair. Again he saw Jerry, and so real the figure seemed, and so awful its accusing face, that Sebastian obeyed its mandate and ran, without thinking, down the bypath.

Suddenly he saw the river ahead of him and realized what he had done. He had taken the road that led to destruction, to the edge of the vertical cliff formed by a landslide two years before.

On the brink of the cliff Sebastian pulled himself up. His pursuers were fifty paces behind. They had seen his dilemma. They yelled with triumph at the end of the pursuit. For there was no escape of any kind for Sebastian.

The accusing, mocking form of Jerry, which had floated before him, vanished. Sebastian realized too late that his overwrought brain had led him to his doom. And with that realization he resolved to play the game of life to a worthy end.

He waved his hand toward the foremost of the policemen, who halted, puffing, ten feet from him, covering him with his revolver. "Surrender! The game's up!" he cried.

Sebastian, executing an ironic bow, leaped into space. The horrified watchers saw his body whirl in the air. There followed, long seconds after, the faintest thud on the rocks below.

Leaning over the cliff's edge they saw the mangled remnants of what had been Sebastian Navarre strewing the rocks and giving sport to the whirling torrent, which pulled at them, and, at last, gaining their prey, bore it down the swift stream toward the sea.

* * * * * * *

"You are sure he is dead?"

"There's no possible mistaking it, Mrs. Navarre. We saw him leap and saw the body carried away to sea. No man could have made that leap and have survived."

"Thank you," answered Leontine; and the detectives withdrew.

Later that night a telephone message confirmed the detectives' story. Sebastian's body had been found on the seashore near the mouth of the river.

And Leontine knew that her chance of saving Jerry's name had vanished forevermore. She sank down in her chair and buried her face in her hands.

A gentle touch upon Leontine's shoulder roused her. Ravengar stood before her. She felt no surprise. Since the beginning of her misfortunes Ravengar had always appeared to comfort her at crucial moments.

"There was just enough 'absolute black' left to enable me to obtain this confession," said Ravengar, laying down the paper which Sebastian had signed.

Leontine picked it up and read. It contained almost a complete resume of Sebastian's life from the moment of his first crime. "The receipt that convicted Jerry Carson of forgery and gave a supposed cause for my brother's murder was a forgery," she read. "I paid One-Lamp Louie a thousand dollars to forge the signature. Mine is the guilt for all, and may this free the memory of Jerry Carson from the stain that unjustly rests upon it."

Leontine's eyes filled with tears. She raised her head and looked at Ravengar. And a cry escaped her.

She knew! She had been on the verge of the discovery before, but it had been too incredible, and she had forced the knowledge down deep beneath the level of her consciousness. Now she knew.

"Jerry!" she cried.

He caught her in his arms and pressed his lips to hers. "Leontine!" he answered. "Mine at last, after all this long waiting!"

She could not speak for happiness for a long time. She lay in his arms, and in his kisses she forgot all the past.

"This means that you are free," she said at length. "That even though you are an escaped life prisoner you can reveal yourself, armed with this confession, and face the world."

"It means more than that to me," answered Jerry. "It means that you are mine till death, and that all the past shall be forgotten, sweetheart."

* * * * * * *

Jerry Carson, after his sensational escape from the prison ship, had reached Ravengar's Ledge in the South Atlantic, the very place that he had sought unsuccessfully on his expedition. As he read the journal which he had taken from the skeleton hand of the dead Joseph Dexter, whose body he had found, one of the giant squids that infest those waters had perceived him and, stretching forth a tentacle, had drawn him under the waves.

Jerry had just time to draw in a deep breath as he was dragged under. Beneath the water he opened his eyes. But he could see nothing, for the monster octopus had surrounded itself with a deluge of murky liquid to escape pursuit.

Jerry's hand came in contact with the sharp flank of a rock. He grasped it and clung there. The octopus, holding him about the body, dragged at him with a force that seemed about to pull his arm from the socket.

Jerry held on. He knew that if he released his hold the devil fish would drag him into deep water, and that would mean certain death. Linking his arm about the rock, he managed to draw his knife from his belt and began to slash furiously at the leathery arm that gripped him.

Just as his arm was about to break from the socket he succeeded in severing the tentacle. But before he could rise to the surface a second tentacle shot forth out of the black fluid and grasped him. And the furious struggle began once more.

A second time Jerry succeeded in cutting the tentacle. A third tentacle grasped him. With the last use of his strength Jerry managed to cut the third tentacle and rise to the surface.

He found himself clinging to the rock, twenty feet from the shore, and totally unable to make that distance till he had swallowed some more mouthfuls of air and rested, even if for a minute only, after his fight. But the monster, loath to lose its prey, was upon him again. The five remaining tentacles waved about him. Three of them encircled him simultaneously and began to drag him into deep water again.

Jerry had no more fight left in him. Slowly the terrific constriction increased, until the breath was squeezed out of his body. His breathing ceased.

But at that moment the cruel face of the monster, situated in the midst of the waving arms, appeared, the wicked eyes alight with lust of their prey. The parrot beak opened and shut as if in anticipation of its meal.

Jerry raised his knife and thrust downward, not at the tentacles, but at the face. He slashed and cut, piercing it in half a dozen places.

Slowly the wounded monster released him and dived down to its death on the ocean bottom, leaving Jerry clinging to the rock and gasping for air.

When Jerry had recovered a little strength he swam for the shore. He reached safety and flung himself down upon the sand above high-water level.

It was hours later when he awakened, to see the dead body of the huge octopus lying on the sand beside him. In the revulsion of feeling occasioned by his escape from death, Jerry resolved that his deliverance should not have been in vain.

He set to work with the single end in view of achieving his original purpose, finding the treasure of Sir Henry Morgan, and using it to win Leontine.

He decently interred the body of Dexter in the sand, placing a heavy cairn above the grave. Then, reading the journal, he discovered that his plan had not been aimless. The treasure existed—not, indeed, to the extent that he had imagined, but in sufficient amount to make him independent for life.

He found it—heaps of antique gold coins, gold bars, ornaments of gold. The buccaneer had kept his spoil in a convenient form. Jerry, used to dumbbell exercise, was able to estimate that the total weighed some three hundred pounds, being, roughly, a little over eighty thousand dollars in value.

The whole amount was buried in a coffer within the cave. Dexter had hardly troubled himself about it. He had devoted all his energies to the discovery of his "absolute black."

Jerry read the secret of this in the scientist's journal. In his loneliness, despairing of every being rescued, Dexter had given all his enterprise to the elucidation of the secret on which he had stumbled almost fortuitously. The result was the three pellets with which Jerry, as Ravengar, had outwitted Sebastian.

If black inks and paints were absolute black they would be invisible. The blacks we know, said the journal, are a combination of other colors, reflected and refracted through the particles of the pigments. Theoretical black, or the absence of color, reflects no light rays and cannot be seen.

Dexter had not given the information that would lead to the discovery of the secret. And to stumble upon it would have been a coincidence that could hardly happen again. Certainly Jerry could not learn the secret, though he worked on it unremittingly for weeks.

But Jerry had the three black pellets, and by means of these he escaped from Ravengar's ledge.

For about a year after he had been washed ashore a party of Brazilian whalers landed from their ship, to procure a fresh supply of water. A number of sea elephants were killed on the beach and the oil extracted was conveyed to the ship in the boats, this occupying several trips. Jerry, having painted himself absolutely black, and also the sacks containing the bullion, which he had fashioned from his clothing, traveled, unseen, in the whaling boat. The sailors, cursing at the weight as they pulled on their oars, little suspected that they were taking an invisible man and a fortune to the ship.

Aboard the whaler, Jerry had a merry game of hide and seek. He was forced to steal clothes and provisions, but he left a few gold pieces in a place where they would be discovered, in payment. And practice soon enabled him to accustom himself to "invisible" living and to hair-breadth escapes—a lesson which he put to good use later in the episodes with Bianca.

The rest of the story that he told Leontine was familiar to her. He had assumed the guise of Ravenger and, learning of her marriage to Sebastian, had devoted his life to protecting her as the "Shielding Shadow."

* * * * * * *

John Walcott stepped off the boat at the wharf and looked about him in amazement. It was 30 years since he had set foot on American soil, and now that he had come home to stay, he felt like a stranger in the land of his nativity.

For 30 years he had made his home in Porto Delgado, in the Argentine republic, laying the foundations of his fortune. After many vicissitudes he had grown rich. One thing alone had troubled him.

That was his daughter Leontine. He had never approved of her engagement to Jerry Carson. He had fought bitterly to get the girl to give up Jerry. When Jerry departed on his first fruitless mission to Ravengar's ledge, he did not expect to see him again. He had used the opportunity to press Sebastian's suit.

And he had been influenced by sordid motives. He was in financial straits, and Sebastian had aided him in return for his assistance in influencing the girl against Jerry. Jerry's return had shaken John Walcott; then, when the young man was accused of the murder of Sebastian's brother, and found guilty on the strength of the forged document, John Walcott rejoiced. To do him justice, he honestly believed that Jerry was a murderer and a thief. He could not share Leontine's grief for him, and he believed that she would forget him.

He had urged Sebastian's suit, and Leontine had consented at last to become his wife in name only, to save her father.

Since that date everything that Walcott had touched had turned into gold. The couple had departed for the United States. That had been three years before, and Leontine's letters had grown fewer and scantier. She had not had the heart to write, and after two years they ceased altogether.

John Walcott's conscience had reproached him more and more bitterly of late. And presently vague rumors, from some intangible source, came floating into the Argentine. Walcott



Leontine and Jerry See Visions of Happiness in the Fire.

had gathered from acquaintances who had been to New York that the marriage had proved unhappy. He was genuinely shocked, for he had thought Leontine would forget Jerry and come to love her husband. Then, when the months went by and no letter arrived, John Walcott came to a resolution.

He meant to sell out and return home, to seek his daughter and settle down in the land of his birth.

But before the plan could be put into execution startling information arrived. Sebastian was dead, a criminal, a suicide, hunted by the police for many crimes.

He had left no will, and his entire property had descended to his wife, Leontine.

John Walcott started for New York at once, to find his daughter. He put up at an elegant hotel, the Mecca of South Americans.

He had arrived an hour before, and now, having shaken the dust of travel off his clothes, he was seated in a chair in the corridor, enjoying a brief rest before starting for police headquarters to prosecute his search. Suddenly he heard his name called, and, looking up, he perceived Jerry Carson standing in front of him, his hand extended.

Walcott sprang to his feet in amazement that robbed him of the powers of speech.

"It's all right, sir," said Jerry. "It's I and not my ghost. How long have you been in New York?"

"Wh-what are you—how did you—?" Walcott began.

"It's a long story," answered Jerry, "but you shall know it all a little later. Let me assure you that I have proved my innocence. Do you accept my word for that?"

John Walcott looked into Jerry's eyes and gulped.

"Forgive me, my boy," he said huskily.

"So much that I am going to ask you to assist at my wedding and give the bride away," said Jerry.

"Your wedding! When?"

"In ten minutes. It's to take place upstairs. My wife is unfortunately alone in the world ,and I want you to do this, in token of—well, you understand."

John Walcott blinked. Everything was swimming through a mist of tears.

"I only wish it could have been Leontine," he muttered, wringing the young man's hand hard. "Yes, I'll do it, Jerry. By the way, you haven't any information as to my daughter's whereabouts? Since that scoundrel died I've been sorely troubled."

"Don't worry about her," answered Jerry.

"I understand you, Jerry," said Walcott. "You'd hardly be expected to have another man's daughter on your mind at such a time as this. Yes, I'll come along."

Jerry led him up the stairs to the second floor, where a number of guests were assembled in the corridor outside a large reception room. Walcott was a little astonished at the magnificence of the preparations. Evidently Jerry had a rich bride, for the room into which he looked was one mass of roses.

Jerry led him toward the altar at the end of the room, into which the guests were now streaming. They waited.

Then down the room, her train carried by pages, came the bride. John Walcott gulped. How very like Leontine she was.

But when she reached the altar he looked hard, uttered a cry, and caught her in his arms. "Leontine!" he stammered. "My dear—Leontine!"

And the bride, all heedless of prognostications as to a tearful wedding, sobbed in her father's arms, while Walcott wiped his own eyes frankly.

"This," he said solemnly, "is the happiest day of my life. God bless you—both of you."

Nor did he feel a father's natural jealousy at the adoring look which Jerry cast upon his sweetheart, now his after so many years. For he understood and shared their happiness.

(THE END.)

MUSCLES TIED IN KNOT HE DECLARES

Couldn't Use Right Arm on Account of Rheumatism, Says J. F. Holley.

WAS ALMOST HELPLESS

J. B. Woodward Couldn't Raise Hand to His Head for Two Long Years --Is Like a New Man Since Taking Tanlac.

"This is the first medicine I have ever taken that really does what they say it will," said J. F. Holley, a well-known Lexington, Ky., man.

"I hadn't felt like a well man for ten weeks and my whole system seemed to be rundown and debilitated. I couldn't sleep at night and my digestion was so bad I couldn't eat. Attacks of headache were frequent and my nervous system seemed to be disordered. My worst trouble was rheumatism. My muscles seemed to be tied in knots. I couldn't use my right arm and I was just about helpless. Somebody persuaded me to try Tanlac and I got a bottle of that medicine.

"Tanlac certainly is making a new man out of me. I can now eat and sleep like I haven't been able to do for years. My rheumatism is all gone and I feel strong and built up in every way. I am a well man and I certainly thank my friend who suggested my using Tanlac."

J. B. Woodward, another Lexington man who resides at 256 Rand Avenue, said: "I suffered from stomach trouble, rheumatism and neuralgia for years, and before I took Tanlac I couldn't raise my left hand to my head. It had been that way for fully two years."

"I have used Tanlac two or three weeks and am like a new man. My family and friends see the difference and it is the actual truth. I take great pleasure in recommending this medicine Tanlac."

There is a Tanlac dealer in your town.—Adv.

His Specialty.

Daughter—Mr. Herbert may not say much; he is a man who does.

Father—Yes—anybody he can.

ON FIRST SYMPTOMS

use "Renovine" and be cured. Do not wait until the heart organ is beyond repair. "Renovine" is the heart and nerve tonic. Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

Just Now They Are.

"Willie, mention some of the luxuries of life."

"The necessaries, ma'am."

FOR ITCHING, BURNING SKINS

Bathe With Cuticura Soap and Apply the Ointment—Trial Free.

For eczemas, rashes, itchings, irritations, pimples, dandruff, sore hands, and baby humors, Cuticura Soap and Ointment are supremely effective. Besides they tend to prevent these distressing conditions, if used for everyday toilet and nursery preparations.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Muddled.

The day was drawing to a close. Julge, jurors, witnesses and lawyers —all were growing weary. Counsel for the prosecution was cross-examining the defendant.

"Exactly how far is it between the two towns?" he asked at length.

For some time the man stood thinking, then:

"About four miles as the cry flows," came the answer.

"You mean as the flow cries!" retorted the man of law.

The judge leaned forward.

"No," he remarked suavely; "he means as the fly crows."

And they all looked at one another, feeling that something was wrong somewhere.

It Sounded Ominous.

Bobby's grandmother arrived for a visit after he had been tucked away in bed.

She wanted to see him, however, so nursey, saying, "The switch is right beside the door."

His drowsy ear caught the one word, "switch," and he called out, "I'll be good!"

Not Excepted.

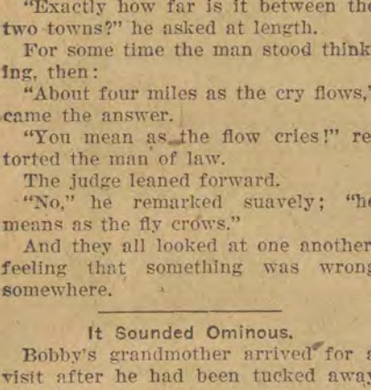
"Are there any piscatorial amusements about here?"

"No, sir; nothin' doing but fishin'."

Life's Prospect.

Patient—Will I live, doctor?

Surgeon—You must! You have three more operations coming!—Life.



MUST SELL DEPOT SITE REASONABLY

RAILROADS READY TO BEGIN WORK WHEN DISPUTE HAS BEEN SETTLED

NEWS LETTER FROM CAPITAL

Happenings In and About Alabama's State House Interestingly Told.

—Montgomery.

Unless citizens of Lanette set a reasonable price on property which has been approved by the public service commission as the site for the new station of the Western and Chattahoochee Valley railroad, permission will be granted by the commission for the condemnation of the site and the payment of a price fixed by the court. The commission has been informed by the railroads that the price asked for the property is unreasonable, excessive and exhorbitant and that they are ready to begin work on the station when the dispute has been settled.

The commission informed owners of the property that an agreement must be made at once, as it was assured by citizens of Lanette when the original petition for a station was filed that no unreasonable rate would be asked and that in all probability the land would be donated.

Officers to Take Efficiency Test.

A bomb fell into the camp of officers of the Alabama National Guard in the form of a declaration from the war department that every officer who has received a commission since the national defense became effective June 3, 1916, must take an examination and prove to the satisfaction of an efficiency board that he is competent to hold his position in active warfare. It means that a vast majority of the officers must take the tests as very few officers are now holding the positions which they had when they were mobilized and the mobilization came two weeks after the national defense act became effective.

The efficiency board will be composed of Col. W. P. Screws, Fourth regiment, who was a captain-instructor in the regular army prior to the issuance of his commisison in the National Guard; Major M. H. Hagood of the medical corps, and Capt. A. B. Kaempfer, United States army, who is now stationed in Alabama as instructor for the National Guard.

State Recruiting Below Normal.

Alabama is only about 35 per cent good, from a military standpoint. With a pro rata of 4,200 men assigned as her portion, the State actually furnished during the 90 days ending June 30, only a little over 1,400 men for the regular army. This, according to the opinion of the War Department, is an especially bad showing, and places Alabama on the bottom of the list of States for volunteer enlistment in the national arms.

Since July 1, recruiting has been slow, ranging from five to ten men per day. This is falling behind the record of the past few months, and despite the most strenous efforts of the recruiting party, it seems impossible to revive the wave of recruiting that lived in the State during the month of March and the first half of April.

May Have to Increase Bond.

If M. C. Allgood, state auditor, finds that the statement of the city commission of Birmingham is correct, he will be forced to make a heavy increase in the bond of James F. Hawkins, who will become tax collector of Jefferson county October 1. Heretofore the tax collector has given a bond for $250,000 but the Birmingham commission has found a general law enacted in 1911 which requires the tax collectors to give bond for the safety of all city taxes which are collected by him. This probably will mean that Collector Hawkins will be forced to give bond for $500,000 or more.

The law does not say who shall pay for the additional bond, but it is probable that the Birmingham commission will be called upon to bear the burden. Jefferson county pays for the bond which protects its funds.

Court Decisions.

The spreme court affirmed the decision of the Mobile chancery court in the case involing the receivership of the Alabama, Tennessee and Northern railroad. The contest was brought by D. H. Tolman, who sought to prevent the administration of the property by a receiver, but the supreme court held that no reason had been advanced why the road's affairs should not be taken over by the receiver.

The court denied the application for rehearing in the case of Fred Henderson and Waters vs. the Atlantic Coast Line railroad, appealed from Pike county.

Governor Grants Paroles.

The first parole Governor Henderson has issued for a week was to Ephriam Williams, of Jefferson county, charged with murder in the second degree. Lee Brown, convicted in Jefferson county, January 28, 1911, for assault to murder and sentenced to 20 years. William Roebuck, of Chilton county, serving six years for seduction. Clarence Nix, of Etowah county, under eight years' sentence for grand larceny, three years of which is served.

Girls! Use Lemons! Make a Bleaching, Beautifying Cream



The juice of two fresh lemons strained into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white makes a whole quarter pint of the most remarkable lemon skin beautifier at about the cost one must pay for a small jar of the ordinary cold creams. Care should be taken to strain the lemon juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, smoothener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any pharmacy and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It naturally should help to soften, freshen, bleach and bring out the roses and beauty of any skin. It is simply marvelous to smoothen rough, red hands. Adv.

Balks at One Thing.

Biff—He's a pleasure-loving chap.

Buff—But he doesn't enjoy a good reputation, somehow.—Town Topics.

To Drive Out Malaria And Build Up The System

Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC. You know what you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out malaria, the Iron builds up the system. 50 cents.

He Would Pay.

It happened at a Christmas party. A pretty young lady had asked one of the male guests to pass a dish of almonds and raisins.

"With pleasure," he replied, "but do you know that what you have asked for is called in the vernacular 'Kissmiss,' and that the penalty of a kiss attaches to the request?"

"Is that so?" answered the lady, calmly. "I must consult my husband." And she called across the room to him, and repeated the observation.

"Quite so," he replied. "According to custom it is a just debt and must be paid. But is the gentleman aware of the arrangement made when we were married—that I must settle all my wife's liabilities?"

Women are not like men and it's a mighty good thing for the world that they aren't.

Mechanical Scrubbing Machine.

A mechanical scrubbing machine which carries brushes, soap powder and water is a novelty among electrical devices. It has also a suction pump which removes the dirty water after the scrubbing is done, and the machine is said to leave the floor immaculate.

He Needs Nine.

"A cat has nine lives."

"A baseball umpire ought to find out how the cat arranges it."

Everybody knows that potatoes have eyes, but recently it has been discovered that they have wings also.



Grape-Nuts

Made from choice whole wheat and malted barley, this famous food retains the vital mineral elements of the grain, so essential for balanced nourishment, but lacking in many cereal foods.

From every standpoint—good flavor, rich nourishment, easy digestion, convenience, economy, health from childhood to old age—Grape-Nuts food.

"There's a Reason"

DRAFT NATIONAL GUARD AUGUST 5

MEN DRAFTED TO BE DISCHARGED FROM OLD MILITARY STATUS

BECOME REGULARS IN ARMY

Last Step Necessary to Make State Troops Available for Service in France.

Washington.—The last step necessary to make the entire National Guard available for duty in France was taken by President Wilson with the issue of a proclamation drafting the state troops into the army of the United States on August 5.

To make certain that the purpose of the national defense act is carried out, the proclamation also specifically declares the men drafted are to be discharged from the old militia status on that date. In that way the constitutional restraint upon use of militia outside the country is avoided and the way paved for sending the regiments to the European front.

Prior to the applicatfon of the draft, regiments in the northern and eastern section of the country are called into the federal service as national guardsmen in two increments, to be mobilized on July 15 and 25. Many units already are federalized and presumably they will be mobilized with the other troops from their states. The guard from the other states will be mobilized on the day of the draft. The arrangement was necessary to provide for movement of the regiments south to their concentration camps without congestion and to the same end the division of states into these increments was revised from the original schedule.

The operative date of the draft was delayed until August 5 so that all regiments can be taken into the army simultaneously to avoid inequalities in the relative rank of officers.

Fourteen camp sites for the 16 tactical divisions nto which the guard will be organized for war purposes have already been selected and the militia bureau is preparing the railway routing of the troops to the camps. Seven of the sites selected are in the southeastern department, five in the southern and two in the western. The two others will be in the southeastern department, and until they are approved assignment of regiments to camps and divisions cannot be fully worked out. The only two divisions positively assigned are the Nineteenth, including the Californa guard, which will go to Linda Vista, Cal., and the Twentieth, including Oregon, Washington and other states in the northwest which will go to Palo Alto, Cal.

FARMERS ANSWER CALL.

Production of Food Crops Increased by Billion Bushels Over 1916.

Washington.—A billion bushels increase over last year's production in the principal food crops is the response American farmers have made to President Wilson's mid-April appeal, saying that upon them "rests the fate of the war and the fate of nations."

The extent of the farmers' response was disclosed when a production of 6,093,000,000 bushels of principal food crops was forecast in the department of agriculture's July crop report. It shows this year's corn crop will be the largest in history, except one, and that four other crops will make new high records.

The corn crop, which for the first time will exceed 3,000,000,000 bushels, shows an increase of 541,000,000 bushels over last year, with a total of 3,124,000,000 bushels. The acreage is 14 per cent larger than last year.

The combined winter and spring wheat crop will be 38,000,000 bushels more than last year's, with a total of 678,000,000 bushels, with an output of 214,000,000 bushels.

Oats promise to exceed last year's crop by 201,000,000 bushels, the total production being forecast at 1,453,000,000 bushels.

White potato production on a 22 1-2 per cent increase in acreage will be a record crop with 452,000,000 bushels, or 167,000,000 bushels more than last year.

EXPLOSION IN NAVY YARD.

Six Killed and Thirty-One Are Injured in Explosion.

Vallejo, Cal.—Naval officers and federal agents are co-operating in seeking out the responsibility for the explosion of a black powder magazine at the Mare Island navy yard in San Francisco bay, which killed six persons and injured 31.

Capt. Harry George, commandant of the yard, refused to issue a statement as to probably cause of the explosion, pending the investigation.

Attempt Made to Liberate Germans.

Atlanta.—An investigation was being made by military authorities at Fort McPherson in an effort to place responsibility for attempts which are said to have been made to liberate 400 German sailors interned there. Officers admitted they had discovered that the wire barricade which extends around the quarters occupied by the prisoners had been cut. In one place a hole large enough to allow the passage of a man's body was found. The sentinel who was on duty near the prisoners' quarters was arrested.

UGH! CALOMEL MAKES YOU SICK! CLEAN LIVER AND BOWELS MY WAY

Just Once! Try "Dodson's Liver Tone" When Bilious, Constipated, Headachy—Don't Lose a Day's Work.

Liven up your sluggish liver! Feel fine and cheerful; make your work a pleasure; be vigorous and full of ambition. But take no nasty, dangerous calomel, because it makes you sick and you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver, which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel crashes into sour bile like dynamite, breaking it up. That's when you feel that awful nausea and cramping.

Listen to me! If you want to enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone. Your druggist or dealer sells you a 50 cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone under my personal money-back guarantee that each spoonful will clean your sluggish liver better than a dose of nasty calomel and that it won't make you sick.

Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning, because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and your bowels regular.

Dodson's Liver Tone is entirely vegetable, therefore harmless and cannot salivate. Give it to your children. Millions of people are using Dodson's Liver Tone instead of dangerous calomel now. Your druggist will tell you that the sale of calomel is almost stopped entirely here.—Adv.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores.

The Point.

Former Premier Rene Viviani of the French commission impressed the country with his eloquence.

They tell a story of M. Viviani's youth. He had accepted an invitation to address a political meeting, and he launched into his maiden speech with trepidation. But he carried all before him, and, when he purposed to sit down, there were loud cries of:

"Go on! Keep her up! Go on!"

"Do you really wish me to go on?" said M. Viviana.

"Yes! Yes! Go on! Go on!" shouted the audience.

"Then this is the exact point," said M. Viviani, "where a capable speaker sits down.'

IMITATION IS SINCEREST FLATTERY but like counterfeit money the imitation has not the worth of the original. Insist on "La Creole" Hair Dressing—it's the original. Darkens your hair in the natural way, but contains no dye. Price $1.00.—Adv.

Experience Teaches.

Spiffer—I have often wondered at your brilliancy, your aptness at repartee, your—

Whiffer—If it's more than a dollar, old top, I can't do a thing for you. I'm nearly broke myself.

ELIXIR BABEK WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD IN THE PHILIPPINES.

"I contracted malaria in 1896, and after a year's fruitless treatment by a prominent Washington physician, your **Elixir Babek** entirely cured me. On arriving here I came down with tropical malaria—the worst form—and sent home for **Babek.** Again it proved its value—It is worth its weight in gold here." Brasie O'Hagan, Troop E, 8th U. S. Cavalry, Balayan, Philippines.

Elixir Babek, 50 cents, all druggists or by Parcel Post, prepaid, from Kloczewski & Co., Washington, D. C.

Coercion.

"Charley, dear," said young Mrs. Torkins, "do you want me to vote?"

"Certainly I do."

"You're sure you want me to?"

"Yes, indeed."

"Well, then, I won't do it unless you buy me that hat I showed you in the window."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Commercial Facility.

"Jones is a regular golden-mouthed speaker."

"I never noticed he was so much of an orator. What made him golden-mouthed? Perseverance?"

"No; his dentist."

A HINT TO WISE WOMEN.

Don't suffer torture when all female troubles will vanish in thin air after using "Femenina." Price 50c and $1.00—Adv.

What He Did Know.

"Are potatoes hard to raise?"

"I don't know. But the price of potatoes is."

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are not a "coal-tar product" nor a "confection," but a good, old-fashioned dose of medicine for regulating the stomach, the liver and the bowels. Get a box and try them. Adv.

Paradoxical Increase.

"They say olive oil is going up."

"Most things are which are intended to go down."

Disagreeable and Dangerous Trouble is diarrhea, but a speedy and certain cure is found in Mississippi Diarrhea Cordial. Price 25c and 50c.—Adv.

When a widow makes up her mind to marry again, it is as good as done.

For speedy and effective action Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" has no equal. One dose only will clean out Worms or Tapeworm in a few hours. Adv.

When pride heads the procession, poverty brings up the rear.

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy

No Smarting—Just Eye Comfort. 50 cents at Druggists or mail. Write for Free Eye Book. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

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1115 Rolifee Smith, Thorsby.
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1117 James M. Scott, Thorsby.
1118 John R. Sundburg, Shannon.
1119 Herbert L. Smith, Clanton R 8.
1120 Thos. R. Sims, Thorsby.
1121 Wm. E. Scott, Thorsby.
1122 Paul C. Smith, Jr., Thorsby.
1123 Fenice E. Scott, Thorsby.
1124 Emmett Tyre, Thorsby.
1125 H. C. Vance, Thorsby.
1126 John Wade, Thorsby.
1127 Cowan E. Woodham, Thorsby.
1128 James L. Williams, Thorsby.
1129 Pinckney Whatley, Thorsby.
1130 Milliam A. Adams, Coopers.
1131 Arden R. Allen, Coopers.
1132 J. C. Anderson, Coopers.
1133 Stephen A. Blalock, Coopers.
1134 R. C. Burkhalter, Vervena R 1.
1135 Glacus M. Baker, Coopers.
1136 Charlie E. Blalock, Coopers.
1137 Geo. R. Burris, Coopers.
1138 Albert L. Connell, Coopers.
1139 Robert J. Culver, Verbena.
1140 Archie Culver, Verbena.
1141 Geo. D. Curlee, Birmingham.
1142 Bud Clenner ,Coopers.
1143 Homer Carlee, Coopers.
1144 I. E. Carroll, Verbena R 1.
1145 Jas. N. Courtney, Clanton R 6.
1146 Mose Cooper, Coopers.
1147 Dardy Caver, Coopers.
1148 John D. Cooper, Coopers.
1149 N. Alphus Dennis, Coopers.
1150 W. Ray Durden, Coopers.
1151 Ocie L. Devaughn, Coopers.
1152 Bennis D. Dennis, Coopers.
1153 E. L. Driver, Coopers.
1154 Andrew T. Davis, Coopers.
1155 W. Zebb Dennis, Coopers.
1156 J. C. Driver, Clanton R 6.
1157 James B. Driver, Clanton R. 6.
1158 Roy Davis, Coopers.
1159 Joe Dejarnett, Talladega Spgs.
1160 N. L. Duffee, Coopers.
1161 James L. Dennis, Coopers.
1162 Walter Driver ,Coopers.
1163 John C. Dennis, Coopers.
1164 John T. Gilland, Coopers.
1165 Lee J. Grant, Boyles.
1166 G. Haigler, Coopers.
1167 Charles D. Hughes, Coopers.
1168 Richard L. Hancock, Coopers.
1169 John A. Headley, Coopers.
1170 John W. Ingram, Coopers.
1171 Claudie Jones, Coopers.
1172 Johnnie L. Jones, Deatsville.
1173 Wiley Jones, Coopers.
1174 Cruse Joiner, Birmingham.
1175 Calvin P. Jones, Clanton R 1.
1176 Lige Jones, Coopers.
1177 J. M. Kelley, Coopers.
1178 Isaac T. Kendrick, Talladega.
1179 Oscar Z. Kelley, Coopers.
1180 Ed Logan, Verbena, R 1.
1181 Irby Lewis, Coopers.
1182 Isaac Lee, Verbena.
1183 D. C. Luster, Coopers.
1184 Henry H. Moore, Coopers.
1185 H. Zell Manning, Coopers.
1186 Alfred K. Moore, Coopers.
1187 James R. Mitchell, Coopers.
1188 Willie J. Jones, Coopers.
1189 David F. Mims, Coopers.
1190 Jim McKee, Coopers.
1191 Tom McKinney, Coopers.
1192 Elbie L. McCullough, Coopers.
1193 Wm. R. Nations Coopers.
1194 Luther M. Nations, Coopers.
1195 William Patterson, Coopers.
1196 Luther P. Partridge, Coopers.
1197 J. Edmond Powell, Coopers.
1198 Cleveland J. Penton, Verbena.
1199 Forest M. Popwell, Coopers.
1200 Henry Patterson. Coopers.
1201 D. E. Patterson, Verbena R 1.
1202 O. Alonzo Ray, Coopers.
1203 Bud Rhodes, Coopers.
1204 John Rhodes, Cuanton.
1205 Mingland Robinson, Verbena.
1206 W. A. Scarbrough, Wetumjka.
1207 J. Dee Scarbrough, Coopers.
1208 Harrison N. Smith, Coopers.
1209 Sam J. Smith, Coopers.
1210 George E. Snider, Coopers.
1211 Bennie Sanders, Verbena R 1.
1212 H. Thomas Scott, Coopers.
1213 Obie D. Smith, Coopers.
1214 J. M. Taylor, Coopers.
1215 J. L. Traywick, Coopers.
1216 J. D. Thomas, Coopers.
1217 H. J. Taylor, Coopers.
1218 Edward F. Taylor, Verbena R 1.
1219 B. Columbus Talyor, Shawmut.
1220 E. W. Taylor, Coopers.
1221 Mims H. Tyus, Verbena R 1.
1222 Burlin Tyus, Verbena R 1.
1223 Arthur R. Taylor, Coopers.
1224 J. N. Troywick, Coopers.
1225 Walter D. Taylor, Coopers.
1226 Joseph E. Thomas, Coopers.
1227 Walter Vinson, Coopers.
1228 Willie E. Vinson, Montgomery.
1229 I. S. Vinson, Coopers.
1230 Martin A. Wright, Coopers.
1231 John Wilson, Coopers.
1232 Mose Wilson Coopers.
1233 Gorver C. White, Coopers.
1234 W. W. Williams, Clanton R 6.
1235 Charlie E. Burnett, Clanton R 5.
1236 King James Brown, Clanton R5.
1237 Will Bishop, Clanton R 1.
1238 Pete Baker, Clanton R 5.
1239 Neeley Baker, Clanton R 5.
1240 George Bryant, Clanton R 1.
1241 Willie Cleckler, Clanton R 1.
1242 Anderson Cleckler, Clanton R 1.
1243 Lindsey Cleckler, Clanton R 1.
1244 Jadie Cleckler, Clanton R 1.
1245 Henry Cleckler, Clanton R 1.
1246 Dudley Cleckler, Clanton R 5.
1247 John Dutton, Clanton R 8.
1248 Willie W. Giles, Clanton R 8.
1249 Columbus J. Giles, Clanton R 5.
1250 Dalton Giles, Clanton R 5.
1251 James Giles, Clanton R 5.
1252 Joseph Hadley, Clanton R 8.
1253 John Hagans, Clanton R 5.
1254 Hugh Headley, Clanton R 5.
1255 Lee Headley, Clanton R 5.
1256 William Lambert, Clanton R 1.
1257 Cleveland Littlefield, Clanton.
1258 Lawrence Littleton, Clanton
1259 John Littleton, Clanton R 1.
1260 Sam Littleton, Clanton R 1.
1261 J. P. Littleton, Clanton R 1.
1262 Walter Lambert, Clanton.
1263 Clyde Moates, Clanton R 5.
1264 Oscar Mims, Clanton R 1.
1265 James Mims, Clanton R 5.
1266 Monroe Mims, Clanton R 5.
1267 Lewis Mims, Clanton R 5.
1268 Wash Mims, Clanton R 1.
1269 Linzie Minor, Clanton R 5.
1270 William Rhodes, Clanton R 5.
1271 Linnie Rhodes, Clanton R 5.
1272 Jessie Retherford, Clanton R 5.
1273 Wiliam Lee Smith, Clanton R 5.
1274 James W. Smith, Clanton R 5.
1275 Joseph Thompson, Clanton R 5.
1276 Wm. A. Traywick, Clanton R 5.
1277 Arthur Wiliamson, Parrish.
1278 Andrew B. Williamson, Clanton.
1279 Tommie Weldon, Clanton R 5.
1280 Wesley Jones, Clanton R 1.
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1294 Commie Collins, Clanton R 8.
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1297 Capurs S. Dubose, Jemison.
1298 T. J. Davis, Jemison R. 4.
1299 Filmore Davis, Jemison R 4.
1300 Charlie J. Davis, Jemison R 4.
1301 Charley Davis, Jemison R 4.
1302 James M. Davis, Jemison R 4.
1303 Harris W. Ellison, Calera.
1304 Joseph M. Gore, Jemison R 4.
1305 Oscar Glasscock, Jemison.
1306 James I. Gambles, Jemison R 3.
1307 Amos Glasscock, Jemison R 3.
1308 Stephen E. Hilyer, Jemison.
1309 James W. Hilyer, Jemison.
1310 Charles F. Hilyer, Drifton.
1311 Noah Norton, Dora.
1312 John C. Littlefield, Jemison.
1313 Walter O. Little, Jemison R 4.
1314 Daliel H. Lowery, Jemison R 4.
1315 B.A. Littlefield, Jemison R 4.
1316 B. Edward Little, Jemison R 4.
1317 Walter H. Mims, Clanton R 4.
1318 James M. Mims, Shelby.
1319 Ervin Mims, Parrish.
1320 Alfred Marlar, Jemison R 4.
1321 Geo. W. Martin, Jemison R 4.
1322 Joseph Montgolf, Jemison.
1323 Alvin Malral, Jemison R 4.
1324 Walter B. Northcutt, Jemison.
1325 Andrew Porter, Jemison R 2.
1326 Rich Porter, Jemison R 2.
1327 Dock Porter, Jemison.
1328 Charlie Porter, Jemison R 2.
1329 Thos. B. Porter, Jemison R 2.
1330 Thos. M. Robinson, Jemison R 4
1331 Samuel Llayd Ray, Jemison R 2.
1332 W. V. Robinson, Clanton R 8.
1333 Wm. W. Robinson, Jemison, R 4
1334 John Robinson, Parrish.
1335 Dudley Robinson, Parrish R 1.
1336 N. G. Smith, Jemison.
1337 Joshua G. W. Sorrell, Jemison.
1338 Lewis Edmon Sorrell, Jemison.
1339 J. A. Vinzant, Jemison R 4.
1340 Walter J. Vinzant, Jemison R 4.
1341 Robert W. Varden, Jemison.
1342 A. M. Wagoner, Jemison R 4.
1343 W. W. Wilson, Jemison.
1344 Dave Wilson, Jemison.
1345 Albert Wilson, Jemison.
1346 O. B. Williams, Jemison.
1347 John W. Anderson, Bessemer.
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1349 Oscar Anderson, Montevallo.
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1351 William R. Busby, Dora.
1352 Fox Hilton Busby, Calera.
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1354 James P. Blackmon, Montevallo.
1355 C. A. A. Busby, Calera.
1356 Lewrence J. Crown, Calera.
1357 Julius F. Busby, Calera.
1358 Dave Campbell, Wilton.
1359 Hurbert E. Crim, Calera R 1.
1360 George F. Croxton, Montevallo.
1361 Thomas Compton, Montevallo.
1362 William Edgar Connell, Calera.
1633 Joseph S. Coshatt, Montevallo.
1634 Hurbert H. Compton, Calera R 1
1365 Samuel P. Ellison, Calera.
1366 Pleasant F. Eddings, Montevallo
1367 E. W. Ellison, Johnson City, T.
1368 Carl Franklin Glass, Calera.
1369 Prince A. Garratt, Montevallo.
1370 John Lynn Garratt, Montevallo.
1371 Ed Lee Glass, Caelra.
1372 Chester Garratt, Montevallo.
1373 Henry Horton, Montevallo.
1374 J. A. Killingswarth, Calera R 1.
1375 B. N. Killingswarth, Montevallo.
1376 Hayden Killingswarth, Ensley.
1377 France Lucas, Montevallo.
1378 Pat Lucas, Montevallo.
1379 Henry Clay Lucas, Montevallo.
1380 Sylvester Lucas, Montevallo.
1381 Bunk Lindsey, Calera R 1.
1382 Elmore Lucas, Montevallo.
1383 Charlie Mitchell, Montevallo.
1384 Frank H. Mayhew, Caera R 1.
1385 Cecil B. Martin, Calera R 1.
1386 Wm. T. Northcutt, Calera R 1.
1387 Bradie Parrish, Calera R 1.
1388 Jack Sails, Calera R 1.
1389 H. H. Reynolds, Montevallo.
1390 James H. Robinson, Calera.
1391 Alvin Marion Rhodes, Calera.
1392 Wm. Guy Shaw, Montevallo.
1394 John F. Sims, Calera R 1.
1395 E. Scott, Montevallo.
1396 William N. Watson, Calera R 1.
1397 James W. Watson, Montevallo.
1398 Mart Daniel Whitener, Lorne.
1399 Ennie C. Watson, Calera R 1.
1400 William Watson, Montevallo.
1401 Numer O. Watson, Calera R 1.
1402 Henry G. Watson, Montevallo.
1403 Samuel L. Warren, Montevallo.
1404 Thomas Ira Atchison, Jemison.
1405 Ben S. Atchison, Montevallo.
1406 Howard Atchison, Maplesville.
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1409 Wm. H. Abney, Maplesville.
1410 Jodie J. Atchison, Ensley.
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1478 Walter W. Broadhead, Pletcher.
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1486 John A Chandler, Plantersville.
1487 Newton Harry Culp, Clanton.
1488 Sebe Carter, Maplesville R 2.
1489 Lee Caver, Clanton.
1490 Rufas Grady Culp, Clanton.
1491 John Clifton Crane, Pletcher.
1492 James Arthur Crane, Pletcher.
1493 Edward J. Dobbs, Pletcher.
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1495 Wilton C. Dickinson, Billingsley.
1496 Stanley D. Deason, Maplesville.
1497 George T. Dickerson, Brent.
1498 William L. Downing, Clanton.
1499 Robert F. Deason, Clanton R 3.
1500 Grover C. Donavan, Billingsley.
1501 Thoma J. Deason, Maplesville.
1502 Garner Davis, Billingsley.
1503 Howard Davis, Billingsley.
1504 Claud W. Davis, Clanton R 3.
1505 Eddie E. Edwards, Clanton R 3.
1506 Robert A. Edwards, Clanton.
1507 Johnson Franklin, Haynes.
1508 James M. Foshee, Plantersville.
1509 Joseph W. Franklin, Clanton.
1510 John Franklin, Clanton R 3.
1511 Tuck Griffin, Clanton.
1512 Will Goodson, Billingsley.
1513 Archie W. Giles, Maplesville.
1514 Wilbur G. Headley, Clanton.
1515 Enoch M. L. Henley, Clanton.
1516 W. N. Headley, Maplesville R2.
1517 James Floy Hicks, Pletcher.
1518 Simon C. Headley, Maplesville.
1519 R. A. Hicks, Billingsley R 2.
1520 William E. Hayes, Maplesville.
1521 Hurbert M. Henley, Clanton.
1522 Richard W. Hayes, Maplesville.
1523 Willie Jones, Clanton.
1524 O. P. Clinner, Maplesville R 2.
1525 Richard W. Kendrick, Pletcher.
1526 George Bailey Clinner, Mapv.
1527 Henry Klinner, Maplesville R 2.
1528 C. C. Klinner, Maplesville R 2.
1529 L. J. Latham, Maplesville R 2.
1530 John Wesley Lockhart, Elmore.
1531 J. E. Lockhart, Plantersville.
1532 Willie Little, Clanton.
1533 Eugene Mims, Billingsley R 1.
1534 Lorenzo D. Mims, Clanton.
1535 Jadie L. Milford Maplesville.
1536 E. C. Milford, Billingsley.
1537 Ernest B. Mills, Billingsley.
1538 Warner Maul, Billingsley.
1539 Wm. E. Owen, Maplesville, R 2.
1540 George M. Owen, Clanton R 2.
1541 C. C. Owen, Maplesville R 2.
1542 John Willis Pitts, Maplesville.
1543 Alvin E. Powell, Pletcher.
1544 Isham F. Pounds, Pletcher.
1545 Marshall B. Pounds, Pletcher.
1546 Harvey Pool, Shannon.
1547 Columbus Pate, Pletcher.
1548 James Milton Roper, Clanton.
1549 William M. Roper, Clanton.
1550 John Robert Roper, Clanton R3.
1551 O. L. Rawlinson, Billingsley.
1552 Asa B. Rainwater, Pletcher.
1553 Rosco Robinson, Pletcher.
1554 J. B. Rainwater, Autaugaville.
1555 Clayton C. Ratliff, Pletcher.
1556 Howard Roper, Clanton.
1557 Dolph Berry Ratliff, Pletcher.
1558 Homer L. Ratliff, Pletcher.
1559 Davis Samson, Maplesville R 2.
1560 Wash Scott, Clanton.
1561 Ascy Sims, Plantersville R 2.
1562 Charles Scott, Maplesville R 2.
1563 Ruben F. Sansom, Maplesville.
1564 Oliver Young Sims, Clanton.
1565 William Henry Scott, Clanton.
1566 Foster Elijah Sewell, Pletcher.
1567 John C. Sims, Plentersville.
1568 H. L. Sims, Plantersville R 2.
1569 Oscar Sewell, Pletcher.
1570 Jacob N. Scott, Maplesville R 2.
1571 Thomas C. Sims, Plantersville.
1572 Gerald C. Smith, Clanton R 3.
1573 James H. Tippett, Pletcher.
1574 Lawyer Turner, Clanton R 3.
1575 Grover C. Vance, Clanton.
1576 Charley B. Weldon, Clanton.
1577 J. H. Wells, Maplesville, R 2.
1578 James Irby Wilson, Clanton.
1579 Joseph Wilson, Clanton R 3.
1580 Fonzo D. Wilson, Pletcher.
1581 George L. Williams, Billingsley.
1582 Wm. Wilson, Maplesville R 2.
1583 Emmett Matthews White, Mapv.
1584 Luther B. Adams, Verbena.
1585 Ocie Adams Clanton.
1586 D. Bates, Verbena.
1587 J. Curtis Blalock, Clanton.
1588 Alcin Cleckler, Clanton.
1589 L. P. Cagle, Verbena.
1590 J. P. Cagle, Verbena.
1591 Henry F. Cleckler, Verbena.
1592 Fonzo Cleckler, Verbena.
1593 Royal Collins, Clanton.
1594 Ed Driver, Coopers.
1595 Aruthr D. Driver, Clanton.
1596 James H. Foshee, Tuscaloosa.
1597 Columbus C. Johnson, Clanton.
1598 Jim E. Jones, Verbena.
1599 Daniel W. Jones, Coopers.
1600 Pleasant Jones. Calnton.
1601 George E. Jacks, Clanton.
1602 William L. Moore, Clanton.
1603 Matthews Minor, Clanton.
1604 J. B. Minor, Clanton.
1605 Sidney L. Mims, Verbena.
1606 Jessie C. Mitchell, Clanton.
1607 Willie Mims, Verbena.
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1610 W. A. Patterson, Clanton.
1611 Ernest L. Powell, Verbena.
1612 Tom Powell, Verbena.
1613 O. R. Robinson, Clanton.
1614 Wm. Elijah Robinson, Clanton
1615 Columbus H. Robinson, Verbena
1616 John Eps Robinson, Verbena.
1617 James Robinson, Verbena.
1618 Jasper R. Robzinson, Verbena.
1619 George C. Robinson, Verbena.
1620 Read Stones, Clanton.
1621 Ruben M. Thomas, Clanton.
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1623 James M. Thomas, Deatsville.
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CLANTON, ALA.

Why Suffer?

Mrs. J. A. Cox, of Alderson, W. Va., writes: "My daughter . . . suffered terribly. She could not turn in bed . . . the doctors gave her up, and we brought her home to die. She had suffered so much at . . . time. Having heard of Cardui, we got it for her."

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

"In a few days, she began to improve," Mrs. Cox continues, "and had no trouble at . . . Cardui cured her, and we sing its praises everywhere." We receive many thousands of similar letters every year, telling of the good Cardui has done for women who suffer from complaints so common to their sex. It should do you good, too. Try Cardui. E-77

NOTICE

All persons filing road or bridge warrants with the county treasurer, or persons who had road or bridge warrants in the probate office, which had not been called for prior to June 1st, will please notify the treasurer by mail, or call in person at his office and receive their money for such road or bridge warrants.

L. H. REYNOLDS,

WILL PAY DEPOSITORS OF THE CLANTON BANK NOW

Mr. W. T. Callen announces that he now has the money in hand with which to pay off all the open depositors of the Clanton Bank. All who have money due them on open deposits from the defunct bank will apply to him and receive payment. If you desire check sent by mail, it is necessary for you to notify Mr. Callen of your correct address, in case it has been changed lately.



Pee Gee China Enamel

For Interior Woodwork

There is nothing more beautiful than a smooth white enamel finish—it excells in daintiness, and denotes perfect taste. Pee Gee China Enamel resists wear, shows no mars and

Remains White and Glossy

for years and is easily cleaned with soap and water.

Ask for FREE booklet "The Modern Method of Finishing Wood" and Sample Wood Panel.

PEASLEE-GAULBERT CO.
INCORPORATED
LOUISVILLE KENTUCKY

UPCHURCH DRUG CO.
CLANTON, ALA.

For The Mother

Maternity is a crisis in a woman's life that should be safe-guarded with extreme care. The safe, penetrating external preparation, "Mother's Friend", has been prepared for over three generations, especially for expectant mothers. By its use stretching pains are avoided. The abdominal muscles relax easily when baby is born and this naturally makes for infinitely less pain and danger at the crisis. Ask for a bottle at your drug store today and write for interesting free book, "Motherhood and the Baby". Simply address The Bradfield Regulator Co., Dept. D, 300 Lamar Building, Atlanta, Ga. Do not go a single night without applying "Mother's Friend"; it is the greatest kind of help to nature.

Everybody - NOTICE - Important

I have just received a large assortment of Shoes of all kinds, including Men's and Ladies' Low Cuts and Tennis Slippers which were bought last year before the Prices were so high. I have a full line of Dry Goods, too numerous to mention. In fact I have a full line of Everything which must be sold at once in order to raise Cash. I buy Cattle.

L. H. REYNOLDS

CLANTON, ALA.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., JULY 19, 1917. NUMBER 16

MEETING OF CITIZENS REGARDING GRAIN PRODUCTS

Arrangements Made for Crushing and Grinding of Grain and Feed Products in Clanton.

A large and interested number of citizens of Chilton county met at the court house on Tuesday, coming at the call of a committee for the purpose of hearing, studying, and taking some action in regard to a disposal of the grain and feed crops that are growing in immense quantities in this section of the country this season.

The meeting was called to order and presided over by Mr. W. H. Conway, the county farm demonstrator. The business of the session was begun at nine o'clock.

The chairman introduced Mr. Emmett A. Jones, the Food Commissioner of the state of Alabama. The speaker made a strong and forcible appeal upon the necessity of a mill at this place, of ample proportions to crush, grind and otherwise prepare for use, all the grain and feed crops produced in the county. Especially did he emphasize the necessity of such an organization the importance of a proper organization for marketing these products in commercial form.

Judge Reynolds offered a resolution which was seconded by W. M. Adams, calling upon someone to place a grain mill of ample capacity at Clanton. The resolution was passed without a dissenting voice as follows:

Resolved, that we, the people of Chilton county ,in mass meeting assembled, declare that the prospects for a grain crop were never brighter than they are at the present time and especially the prospects for a velvet bean crop and unless there is some provision made to crush or grind the Velvet Beans there will be a great loss to the people of this county. Therefore, be it resolved, that we earnestly request someone to put up a mill in Clanton to crush and grind all forms of feed.

Be it further resolved that we thank Hon. Emmett A. Jones for the splendid speech along the line of preparing our farm products for market.

Whereupon Mr. Adams stated further, that he had all the necessary arrangements made for the placing upon his property between 7th street and the L. & N. Railroad, a velvet bean mill and other grain machinery to take care of the situation.

The interest manifested in the movement at this meeting indicates that the farmers will co-operate and harmonize their efforts, and systematize their actions in such a way as to be able to make profitable disposition of all their grain, velvet beans and other feed products this season.

OF INTEREST TO FARMERS

The Union-Banner has direct information that ample capital, composed of interests locally and from Birmingham and Montgomery, has organized to serve the pubilc promptly in the operation of works suitable to take care of all grain produced in the neighborhood of Clanton and in the entire County.

In accord with foregoing notice, which has been carried in both papers of the county, I have made arrangements to place upon my property at Clanton between the L. & N. Railroad and 7th street a Velvet bean crusher of 25 ton capacity, and other grain machinery to take care of the grain crop. Ample storage room will be provided to take care of this situation. Ample arrangements to market the product in commercial form will be perfected and daily quotations from the market procured.

The support and cooperation of every citizen whose personal and community interest is involved is respectfully solicited.

Respectfully,
Wm. M. ADAMS.

SUNDAY SCHOOL STUDENTS IN CHILTON COUNTY NOW

According to the census taken in 1910, the white population in Chilton County is 18,428. Only 2,848 are reported in Sunday School, leaving 15,580 out of Sunday school in our county. These figures showing numbers in Sunday School are not correct but they are just as the Chilton County Sunday School Association gave them to the State Association, and we failed to get reports from 24 schools last year and these schools are not represented as being in Sunday School. That is why our figures stand as they do today. We wish the Sunday schools that have not sent statistical reports would please send them at once to your county secretary, Miss Della Williams, Verbena, Alabama, so that we may be able to make a correct statement at our County Convention at Thorsby on July 26-27. J. H. GULLEDGE, Co. Pres.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS WITH REFERENCE TO INSTITUTES

The dates and places of county institutes to be held during August and September, 1917, are as follows:

August 7-10—
Lauderdale County.....Florence
Lawrence County.....Moulton
Marshall County.....Albertville
August 14-17—
Bolunt County.....Oneonta
St Clair County.....Ashville
August 21-24—
Barbour County.....Clayton
Conecuh County.....Evergreen
Bullock County.....Union Springs
September 4-7—
Calhoun County.....Anniston
Etowah County.....Gadsden
Madison County.....Huntsville
September 10-13—
Jefferson County.....Birmingham
Dallas County.....Selma
September 18-21—
Elmore County.....Tallassee
Montgomery County.....Montgomery
September 25-28—
Mobile County.....Mobile

NON RESIDENT NOTICE

State of Alabama, Chilton Cohnty.
Probate Court, July 18, 1917
la Abrams, deceased, to Alberta Mosley, non resident of the State of Alabama.

Whereas, H. A. Harris, as administrator of the estate of Avrilla Abrams, deceased, has filed his petition in writing under oath in said Court, for an order to sell certain lands belonging to said estate, described in said petition, for paying the debts due by said estate, upon the grounds that the personal property of said estate is insufficient for the payment of the debts, and the 20 day of August, 1917, has been appointed for the hearing of said petition:

You are therefore, hereby commanded to appear before the said Court on said day to contest said petition if you think proper.

Witness my hand, this 18 day of July, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Robinson, Jr., have been to Dothan this week. Mrs. Robinson underwent a treatment by Dr. P .I. Hopkins for throat trouble while there.

Yes, we are keen on free rides, but deliver us from an airplane with a hundred guns popping away at us. This old print shop looks powerful good to us just now.

J. E. Pate of Collins Chapel came in Wednesday and subscribed for the Union-Banner.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Robinson, Sr., are spending several days on a visit to friends in Marbury.

When you feel lazy, out of sorts and yawn a good deal in the daytime, you can charge it to a torpid liver which has allowed the system to get full of impurities. HERBINE cures all disorders produced by an inactive liver. It strengthens that organ, cleanses the bowels and puts the system in good healthy condition. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

IN MEMORY

The death angel visited the home of Mr. Green Rasberry on the evening of June 26th and took him to his eternal home. He was in his 57th year. He had been afflicted for about 20 years with cancers and had been expected to pass away any moment for at least two years, but God in his tender love saw fit to spare him to us until now. It grieves our hearts to think that he is gone, but we feel he is better off. He is out of his suffering, and this old world of sin and sorrow. He bore his suffering with patience. He said he did not dread death in the least and was ready and willing to go.

His body was laid to rest in Pleasant Grove Cemetery. He leaves a wife and six children and several grand children.

To think of the awful suffering he had to endure and after all to have to give him up, but the Lord giveth, and the Lord taketh away. All we can do is to live so we can meet him in a better world some day.

We want to extend our heartfelt thanks to the kind friends who did so much for him in his afflictions. They will receive a reward in that last great day, when we shall meet him face to face before the great white Throne where there will be no sickness, sorrow or sad good-byes.

Farewell, dear friends—I'll bid
you a loving last farewell.
I hear my Savior calling.
I soon with Him shall dwell.
I fear not Death's Dark Valley,
Nor tremble with alarm,
For angels wait to bear me
Above the raging storm.

Written by his loving daughter and grand daughter.

Mrs. J. P. Barrett, and
Mrs. Maud Hays.

NOTICE TO PENSIONERS

Notice is hereby given, that the following named persons have pension warrants in the probate office of Chilton County, viz:

Mary A. Patterson, A. E. Davenport, Nancy Griffin, S. L. Ellison, and Mrs. M. J. Wiliams.

The above parties will please call at the office, or notify me by mail, and receive these warrants, as all warrants uncalled for will be returned to the State Auditor on the 31 day of July.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

SHALL WE HAVE A CO. FAIR?

Some County Fairs are postponing their exhibitions. This year, above all, when increased live stock production, larger yield, and the conservation of food, are such important problems, it is a pity to have any really worth-while fair abandoned. The Fair that fits its field and fully serves its purpose as a real educational institution, should flourish.

The Fair that is "for farmers, not fakirs" will aid in the agricultural upbuilding of any community and is worthy of the heartiest support.—Breeder's Gazette.

No, it isn't at all difficult to apply common sense, if you have any.

W. S. Beaird of Evergreen was in Clanton Wednesday on business.

SOUTH MUST GROW MORE OATS AND WHEAT

Farm Service Bureau, Atlanta, Ga.

The South will be expected to take care of its share of wheat and oat production. Discouragement from the winter kill of the last season and labor conditions make the task of keeping up production no small one, but the country needs more of these crops if it is to take care of its allies. The prices which they are bringing, of course, do not discourage production.

Even if the acreage cannot be increased the prices which the small grains are bringing justify the very best seed bed preparation and the maximum use of fertilizer.

Growing cereals, of course, do not require as much labor as growing corn and cotton, it is true, but corn and cotton will take their turn in every well planned farm.

The scant oat crop should be husbanded for seed this year. No oats are as good for planting in the South as those grown in the South, especially if they are grown in the region where they are to be planted. The same is true of wheat unless in a given section the best variety for that section has not yet been used.

Good seed should be ordered early. Unless fertilizers are ordered early, so that dealers can ship only in full carload lots it is quite probable that farmers will be disappointed when seeding time comes. The railroads will probably have more than they can do even with full carload shipments. It is a national necessity to see that no freight car space is wasted.

Stings or bites of insects that are followed by swellings, pain or itching should be treated promptly as they are poisonous. BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT counteracts the poison. It is both antiseptic and healing. Price 25c, 50 and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

AMENDMENT MADE TO COUNTY ROAD LAWS

Statement from Commissioners in Regard to Change in the Payment of theWagon License Tax.

We, the Commissioners Court, want to express our gratitude to the people, who met at the court house on Monday in opposition to the New Road Law, for coming to the court and letting the court know their objections to the road laws.

The court was glad to meet their objections and we have amended Section 35 of the Road Law, so that anyone may take out wagon license for one month at a time.

The Commissioners Court wants to be a servant of the people. We want to do what the people want done and we ask them to help us manage the county affairs to the best interest of all the people.

We want to do all we can for the county roads, and keep up all the high ways, and yet we have no money with which to work the public roads, and at the time we took charge of the public affairs, Chilton County had no road laws at all. The Legislature of 1915 having repealed all road laws, and passed an act authorizing boards of revenue and courts of County Commissioners to make, adopt and establish such laws that in the discretion of the court or boards of revenue they might see fit. And the court has adopted the New Road Law, and trusts the same will be to the best interests of the county and to all the people. We must keep in mind if the public roads of Chilton County are improved, the people of Chilton County will have to improve them.

We ask those who are opposed to the wagon tax to consider the eastern side of the county, where a large turpentine still and several large lumber mills are located, where hundreds of teams this winter will be tearing up the roads, and there will be no money with which to build them back unless we get the tax on wagons.

We hope more people who have teams hauling for them will do as Mr. H. J. Busby, Superintendent of the Shelby Iron Co., has done. He has notified all men hauling cord wood for the company that he will pay the tax for them. He came before the Commissioners court and so notified all parties hauling wood for them.

The Commissioners Court passed the following resolution:

Resolved:

We, the Commissioners Court in session this, the 16th day of July, 1917, unanimously tender our sincere thanks to Mr. H. J. Busby, Superintendent of the Shelby Iron Company, for his patriotic action in agreeing to pay the wagon taxes for all persons hauling cord wood for the Shelby Iron Company in Chilton County. We further express our thanks to Mr. Busby for his expressions in the interest of the people of Chilton county and its roads.

Done by order oft he Commissioners Court, this the 16th day of July, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.
S. E. WALDRUP,
R. J. WILLIAMS,
W. T. HERROD,
A. P. VINSON.
Commissioners.

FOR SALE

Place in Thorsby consisting of 25 acres of land, with good two-story house, barn, cellar house, etc. Address Wallace C. Edler, Thorsby, Ala.

JURY TERM OF CIRCUIT COURT POSTPONED A MONTH

The regular jury term of the Circuit court of Chilton county, which was due to have been held in August, has been postponed for a month, and will convene in September. The order calling for a change of the date was issued last week by Judge Gunter.

TO THE SUNDAY SCHOOLS OF DISTRICT NO. 1

We are very anxious to bring a good report to the County Convention at Thorsby the 26th and 27th, and make our District a gold star district. And The schools that have not already done so will make an offering next Sunday; forward the amount with a statistical report to our secretary. We would esteem it a favor.

Yours for better Sunday Schools,
J. B. NORTHCUTT, Pres.
ADDIE HORSLEY, Secy.

MONEY TO LEND

I represent a mortgage company, lending money on real estate at a low rate of interest. All charges less than 8 per cent. If loan is desired, see me and place application.

F. B. COLLIER,
Clanton, Ala.

MEETING OF TRUSTEES OF OF THORSBY INSTITUTE

The annual meeting of the Board of Trustees of Thorsby Institute was held in the library last Thursday, July 12. It was an all-day meeting. Rev. Dwight L. Bayley, Assistant Pastor of the Independent Presbyterion Church of Birmingham, who was recently elected a member of the Board, was present.

Of course, at such meeting two things of large interest are the election and the financial report. The retiring officers were elected throughout. The Treasurer's report showed that he had paid out during the year past over $12000.00 of which amount, more than 80 per cent, was spent in Chilton County.

The financial report showed an increase in the assets of the school during the year of over $2200. The property of the school is now at a conservative estimate worth over $15,000, above all liabilities. Reports also indicated that in other respects the year just closed was the most successful in the history of the school. The enrollment was by far the largest ever. The percentage of attendance to enrollment was well above the average.

Several hundred volumes of good books have been added to the library.

While the world war makes the outlook for the year to come uncertain in some respects, yet the trustees are expecting that the year 1917 will be a very good year for Thorsby Institute. A thoroughly equipped faculty has been chosen. Applications are coming in rapidly from prospective students.

School opens September 11.

GIRLS CLUB WORK

Canning demonstrations will be given at the following times and places: West Clanton and Baker School Club, Monday, July 23; Minooka, Tuesday, July 24; Collins Chapel, Wednesday, July 25; Cross Roads, Thursday, July 26; Center Hill, Friday, July 27; Fairview, Saturday, July 28.

Everybody in the communities is invited to attend these demonstrations, and as I cannot go into a community but once in several weeks on account of the large number of clubs in the county, it will be necessary for all interested in canning to avail themselves of these opportunities.

MRS. LIDA JONES.

IN THE PROBATE COURT

State of Alabama, Chilton County.
Estate of P. E. Coleman, deceased.

This day came W. B. Tomlin, as administrator of the estate of said decedent, and filed his application, in due form and proper oath, praying an order for sale of certain personal property described therein, and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of paying debts of said estate. It is ordered that the 14th day of August, 1917, be appointed a day for hearing said application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.

L. H. REYNOLDS, Judge of Probate.

A friend who thinks he knows more about running a newspaper than we do, advises us to go back to the farm. Good idea! Give us the farm and we will go.

Strange indeed, but true. Since the trenches have belome the center of the stage we seldom hear hell or Mexico mentioned.

Thtre is one thing about going to war that will make an editor feel at home—there are mules there to do the kicking that was formerly furnished by the delinquent subscribers.

A bad taste in the mouth comes from a disordered stomach, and back of that is usually a torpid liver—a condition which invites disease. HERBINE is the remedy needed. It corrects the stomach and makes the liver active and regular. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

UPON FARMERS DEPENDS THE RESULT OF THE WAR

Therefore Make Your Farm Produce the Greatest possible Amount of Eats.

AN AGRICULTURAL SLACKER

We hear a great many uses of the word "slacker" meaning one who tries to evade his duty to his country for selfish or cowardly reasons. If one failed to subscribe to the Liberty Loan, Red Cross, or to volunteer, if in military age, he is called a "slacker". The financial support of the government and the Red Cross are necessary and the duty of those who can afford it. The federal draft law will take care of the army. The biggest task confronting the American people is not the nation's credit, the Red Cross, nor the army. It is that which feeds the whole business. The pangs of hunger will make a slacker and a quitter of the bravest of the brave.

President Wilson said, "Upon the Farmers of this country, therefore, in a large measure, rests the fate of the war, and the fate of the nations." History tells us that starvation has conquered more nations than the sword. The supreme patriotic thing for American people to do is to plant and cultivate, and if the weather and yields are satisfactory, plant and cultivate again that which is in season, never losing an opportunity to produce. The man who owns a farm that is idle when he could make it produce, and the man or woman, who through indolence or vain personal pride refuses to do farm labor where the opportunity is affirded, is the greatest "slacker" in America. There is dignity and personal gratitude in honest toil if you will but teach yourself to enjoy it. There is much more dignity in labor than there is in hunger, national defeat and world-wide humiliation.

Plant a Fall Garden

President Wilson also said, "Every one who creates or cultivates a garden helps and helps greatly to solve the problem of feeding the nations." This appeal was not only to the farmers but to everybody who has a plot of land and a few minutes of spare time. Cultivating a garden means more than planting a spring garden. It means to keep planting and trying for an all year round garden. American people do things by spurts, and if they are not successful with the first attempt, they are inclined to quit and go off after something else. Keep hammering at the garden. Plant beans, field peas, June corn, Irish potatoes, collards and turnips. Keep everlastingly at it with a determination to have something from the garden at all times. The seasons may be better in the fall than in the spring. If you have the patriotism you would have folks think, plant and cultivate something all the time. If by negligence you help to allow this nation to go hungry, you are the real slacker.

J.A. WADE, Com. or Agr.

COMMISSIONERS COURT IN A THREE DAYS SESSION

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday were busy days about the courthouse. The Commissioners Court has been in session, transacting all manner and amount of business that they could possibly get to. Many people, especially Monday, were here to meet the Court and have something done about the road law that they thought ought to be done. It has been a very busy session for the Commissioners.

A preliminary trial of Perry Glass, under arrest for the murder of Jim Cambell a few weeks ago, was held in the county court on Tuesday, before Judge L. H. Reynolds.

After an examination of the witnesses in the case the court concluded to hold Glass without bail to wait investigations of the conditions surrounding the killing, before the grand jury. The next grand jury will convene in September.

Feed Mill For Sale

Good as new Stover Feed Mill. The reason I am selling is because I have enroute a Thirty Ton Capacity Mill, and will need the room now occupied by this one.

J. A. Maddox

CLANTON, ALA.

A School for Farm Boys and Girls.

THORSBY INSTITUTE

THORSBY, ALABAMA.

Offers Unusual Advantages for the Boy or Girl from the Farm. A Faculty of Well-Trained Teachers.

Large Library and Well-Equipped Laboratory.
Boarding Department under supervision of the School.

Total School Expenses, including Board, for Nine Months, $135... An Opportunity to pay part of this Amount in work or provisions.

For Catalogue or Further Information, Write to

Principal S. H. HERBERT,
Thorsby, Ala.

Twelfth Year opens September 11.

DRAFT 12,977 FOR WAR FROM STATE

LESS THAN ONE PER CENT OF POPULATION OF ALABAMA CALLED.

1,417 FROM BIRMINGHAM

Mobile 329, Montgomery 272, According to Estimates Issued By Census Bureau.

Washington.—Alabama must furnish 12,977 men for the new national war army, according to dummy population estimates issued by the census bureau and based upon the registration of June 5. Birmingham, according to the estimates, must furnish 1,417 of its young men for service in France. The estimates are based upon the total registration of the country, which was 9.32 per cent of the total estimated population. Taking this as a basis Alabama is estimated to have a population of 1,946,536 and Birmingham 212,436. Under this estimate Birmingham, which in 1910, had some 10,000 souls less than Atlanta, residing in its boundaries, now has some 6,000 more than the Georgia metropolis, which is estimated to have a population of 206,159. The draft will take from each city, county and State two-thirds of one per cent of the population, as estimated by the Census Bureau. This would cause Birmingham to give up 1,417 of her young men, Mobile 329, Montgomery 272.

Alabama Leads in Corn Acreage.

Montgomery.—Alabama leads all Southern States in the percentage of increase in corn production, this State planting twenty-five per cent more corn in 1917 than in 1916, according to figures announced by the Federal Department of Agriculture. For the first time since the War Between the States, Alabama will grow enough corn to feed the population, according to estimates made by the government. Tennessee and Mississippi with 20 per cent increases followed Alabama, while Oklahoma with only a 2 per cent increase in corn acreage was the lowest Southern State. According to the estimate Alabama has planted 4,669,000 acres which will yield 71,016,000 bushels.

Iron Market Reported Quiet.

Birmingham.—While the iron and steel market is reported quiet and conservative by trade journals, the Iron Trade Review in its weekly report indicating such a trend, the manufacturers in the Birmingham District say that all the spot iron and steel they can offer readily finds a buyer. A few sales of iron are still noted in this district for periods covering the entire coming year, 1918. The Cleveland authority announces that attention is being attracted towards Washington for early action on the part of the government, a better co-ordination in war relations of government and business being proposed.

Lee County Crop Estimate Made.

Opelika.—Frank Gist, of Auburn, State Statistician of the Bureau of Crop Reports, who compiled for the State Council of Defense reports which will be presented to the National Council, gave out the following statistics: Number of plows in Lee County, 5,500; cotton acreage, 44,000; corn acreage, 82,000; velvet bean acreage, 4,800; peanut acreage, 11,000; hay, 11,000; molasses, sorghum and sugar cane, 1,400; cowpeas, 25,000; Irish potatoes, 500; sweet potatoes, 5,000.

Hotel Men Will Meet.

Montgomery.—Many hotels will be represented at the semi-annual meeting to be held in Montgomery July 25. The hotel men of this city have made preparation for an entertainment in the shape of an outing at one of the lake clubs near Montgomery the evening before the convention and the representatives are expected to be in the capital city during the late afternoon or early evening of the day preceding the convention.

County Convention Meets.

Decatur.—The Morgan County Sunday School Association met at the Austinville Methodist Church with several prominent State and local speakers on the program. Miss Freda Bose, of Montgomery, Superintendent of the secondary department, and Prof. J. I. Riddle, of Montgomery, State Field Worker, attended the meeting.

Doctors Are Wanted.

Montgomery.—Dr. Robert Goldthwaite and Dr. F. H. McConnica are in the southern part of the State endeavoring to arouse the doctors to enlist for medical service during the war. Alabama doctors are reported as being slow to enlist in the medical service.

Crops Are Damaged.

Gadsden. — Crops in the Ball Play section of this county were badly damaged by hail and wind. The hail storm covered a territory about a mile wide. Several farmers report their crops practically ruined by the hail.

Circuit Court Convenes.

Decatur.—Circuit Court of Morgan County convened here with Judge R. C. Brickell, of Huntsville, presiding. The jury has been selected. There is a full docket of civil and criminal cases.

Sacred Harpers to Meet.

Birmingham.—Annual State Convention of the Sacred Harp Singing Association will be held in Birmingham July 27, 28 and 29, and delegates are expected from not only Alabama, but from adjoining States, Georgia, Tennessee and Mississippi. W. R. Davis, President, announces that the convention promises to be one of the best ever held, that matters of importance will come up, and teachers and leaders will be present and singing will be features of the gathering. This organization was put on foot in 1910, and President Davis says that it is the original Sacred Harp Association for the State.

Alabama Troops Assigned to Macon

Washington.—The War Department announced assignments of National Guard troops to training camps as follows: Eighth division, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, and Virginia, at Anniston, Ala. Ninth division, North and South Carolina and Tennessee, at Greenville, S. C. Tenth division, Alabama, Georgia and Florida, at Macon, Ga. Sixteenth division, Ohio and West Virginia, at Montgomery, Ala. Seventeenth division, Kentucky and Indiana, at Hattiesburg, Miss. Eighteenth division, Arkansas, Mississippi and Louisiana, at Alexandria, La.

One Killed and 25 Hurt.

Montgomery.—A special from Tuskegee says: "During a furious electric storm, lightning struck the St. Mark's Baptist Church, colored, three miles south of Tuskegee, on the Montgomery road, and killed instantly Jackson Ligon, aged 27, and seriously shocked Willie Howard, aged 21; Jane Clanton, aged 70, and George Nailine Thompson, aged 22, and slightly shocked 25 others.

Alabamians Honored.

Williams Bay, Wis.—Leon C. Palmer of Montgomery, General Secretary of the Alabama Sunday School Association, was elected Secretary-Treasurer of the International Employed Officers Association at the annual meeting of the organization, which closed its sessions here. Miss Myra Batchelder General Secretary of the Birmingham Sunday School Association, was elected Secretary of the City Section of the organization.

Negro May Be Cleared.

Mobile.—Fisher Brooks, a negro under death sentence for the killing of Mrs. Julia May Hess, of Fulton, Ala., is said to have made another confession to the effect that he alone is guilty o fthe crime. Albert Sanders, a second negro, was indicted for his part in the crime and is held in jail without bail awaiting trial on July 19. Sanders denies the charge and says that Brooks lied on him.

Sims Heads Bar Association.

Birmingham.—Following the election of Henry Upsom Sims, of Birmingham, as President, and the re-election of Col. Alexandr Troy, of Montgomery, as Secretary-Treasurer for the thirty-ninth consecutive year, the fortieth annual session of the Alabama State Bar Association came to a close.

Weevils Showing Up.

Vina.—The severe winter and late spring did not reduce the boll weevil as expected in North Alabama. The weevil is already doing its destructive work on the newly-formed squares. The warm showers through this section are proving favorable for the pest but farmers are planning to cultivate their crops late, thus destroying as many of the weevils as possible.

Volunteer Services.

Montgomery.—A special from Fort Deposit says the entire membership of the Lowndes County Medical Society volunteered for war service at the regular meeting held there. Two of the members of the organization, Dr. G. C. Mariette and Dr. W. L. Staggers have been accepted.

Breeders Organize.

Montgomery.—Breeders of the short horn cattle and the Hereford cattle in separate meetings here have organized State associations for promoting the breeding of these highly prized strains. Officers were elected at each meeting and much enthusiasm was displayed.

Election to Be Called.

Huntsville.—At a mass meeting held at the City Hall, under the auspices of the City Council, it was unanimously agreed that the city should issue 5 per cent bonds in the sum of $90,000 to raise money and pay off the floating debt.

Factory in Operation.

Albany.—The Albany Overall factory, recently established, is fashioning thousands of yards of material into substantial and well made overalls. Eighteen young women are employed.

New Hotel Planned.

Athens.—Announcements have been made here that R. L. Love will begin the erection of a hotel here soon.

Woman Is Head of High School.

Cullman.—Mrs. Kyle Price, of Cullman, has been elected principal of the Cullman County High School. This is one of the largest county high schools in the State, having a faculty of six and the only large one to elect a woman for principal. Mrs. Price is a Tennessee woman. She is a cousin of Postmaster General A. S. Burleson, and lived in Washington for several years. She has been teaching for some time in the high schools of Alabama. Troy and Elba, and has been prominently connected with the clubs of the State.

FORGET PROFITS; WIN THE WAR

President Wilson Appeals to Business Interests of Country.

JUST PRICES IS HIS DEMAND

Business Should Not Take Toll Off Men in Trenches, Says the Chief Executive—Ship Owners Are Condemned.

Washington.—President Wilson appealed to the country's business interests Wednesday to put aside every selfish consideration and to give their aid to the nation as freely as those who go to offer their lives on the battlefield.

In a statement addressed to the coal operators and manufacturers he gave assurance that just prices will be paid by the government and the public during the war, but warned that no attempt to extort unusual profits will be tolerated.

"Your patriotism," said the president's appeal, "is of the same self-denying stuff as the patriotism of the men dead and maimed on the fields of France, or it is no patriotism at all. Let us never speak, then, of profits and patriotism in the same sentence.

"I shall expect every man who is not a slacker to be at my side throughout this great enterprise. In it no man can win honor who thinks of himself."

Condemns Ship Owners.

The president declared there must be but one price for the government and for the public. He expressed confidence that business generally would be found loyal to the last degree, and that the problem of wartime prices, which he declared will "mean victory or defeat," will be solved rightly through patriotic co-operation.

In unmeasured terms, however, Mr. Wilson condemned the ship owners of the country for maintaining a schedule of ocean freight rates which has placed "almost insuperable obstacles in the path of the government.

President's Call.

The president's statement follows:

"The government is about to attempt to determine the prices at which it will ask you henceforth to furnish various supplies which are necessary for the prosecution of the war, and various materials which will be needed in the industries by which the war must be sustained. We shall, of course, try to determine them justly and to the best advantage of the nation as a whole; but justice is easier to speak of than to arrive at, and there are some considerations which I hope we shall keep steadily in mind while this particular problem of justice is being worked out.

Promises Just Price.

"Therefore I take the liberty of stating very candidly my own view of the situation and of the principles which should guide both the government and the mine owners and manufacturers of the country in this difficult matter.

"A just price must, of course, be paid for everything the government buys. By a just price I mean a price which will sustain the industries concerned in a high state of efficiency, provide a living for those who conduct them, enable them to pay good wages, and make possible the expansions of their enterprises which will from time to time become necessary as the stupendous undertakings of this great war develop.

Must Face the Facts.

"We could not wisely or reasonably do less than pay such prices. They are necessary for the maintenance and development of industry, and the maintenance and development of industry are necessary for the great task we have in hand.

"But I trust that we shall not surround the matter with a mist of sentiment. Facts are our masters now. We ought not to put the acceptance of such prices on the ground of patriotism."

"Patriotism has nothing to do with profits in a case like this. Patriotism and profits ought never in the present circumstances be mentioned together.

"It is perfectly proper to discuss profits as a matter of business, with a view to maintaining the integrity of capital and the efficiency of labor in these tragical months, when the liberty of free men everywhere and of industry itself trembles in the balance; but it would be absurd to discuss them as a motive for helping to serve and save our country.

"Patriotism leaves profits out of the question. In these days of our supreme trial, when we are sending hundreds of thousands of our young men across the seas to serve a great cause, no true man who stays behind to work for them and sustain them by his labor will ask himself what he is personally going to make out of that labor.

"No true patriot will permit himself to take toll of their heroism in money or seek to grow rich by the shedding of their blood. He will give as freely and with as unstinted self-sacrifice as they. When they are giving their lives, will he not at least give his money?

Assails "Bribery."

"I hear it insisted that more than a just price, more than a price that will sustain our industries, must be paid; that it is necessary to pay very liberal and unusual profits in order to 'stimulate' production; that nothing but pecuniary rewards will do—rewards paid in money, not in the mere liberation of the world.

"I take it for granted that those who argue thus do not stop to think what that means.

"Do they mean that you must be paid, must be bribed, to make your contribution, a contribution that costs you neither a drop of blood nor a tear, when the whole world is in travail and men everywhere depend upon and call to you to bring them out of bondage and make the world a fit place to live in again, amidst peace and justice?

Appeals to Honor.

"Do they mean that you will exact a price, drive a bargain, with the men who are enduring the agony of this war on the battlefields, in the trenches, amidst the lurking dangers of the sea, or with the bereaved women and pitiful children, before you will come forward to do your duty and give some part of your life, in easy, peaceful fashion, for the things we are fighting for, the things we have pledged our fortunes, our lives, our sacred honor to vindicate and defend—liberty and justice and fair dealing and the peace of nations?

"Of course you will not. It is inconceivable. Your patriotism is of the same self-denying stuff as the patriotism of the men dead or maimed on the fields of France, or else it is not patriotism at all.

Full Dollar's Worth.

"Let us never speak, then, of profits and of patriotism in the same sentence, but face facts and meet them. Let us do sound business, but not in the midst of a mist.

"Many a grievous burden of taxation will be laid on this nation, in this generation and in the next, to pay for this war; let us see to it that for every dollar that is taken from the people's pockets it shall be possible to obtain a dollar's worth of the sound stuff they need.

"Let me turn for a moment to the ship owners of the United States and the other ocean carriers whose example they have followed, and ask them if they realize what obstacles, what almost insuperable obstacles, they have been putting in the way of the successful prosecution of this war by the ocean freight rates they have been exacting.

Making War a Failure.

"They are doing everything that high freight charges can do to make the war a failure, to make it impossible.

"I do not say that they realize this or intend it. The thing has happened naturally enough because the commercial processes which we are content to see operate in ordinary times have without sufficient thought been continued into a period where they have no proper place.

"I am not questioning motives. I am merely stating a fact, and stating it in order that attention may be fixed upon it.

"The fact is that those who have fixed war freight rates have taken the most effective means in their power to defeat the armies engaged against Germany. When they realize this we may, I take it for granted, count upon them to reconsider the whole matter. It is high time. Their extra hazards are covered by war risk insurance.

Warning Is Sounded.

"I know, and you know, what response to this great challenge of duty and of opportunity the nation will expect of you; and I know what response you will make.

"Those who do not respond, who do not respond in the spirit of those who have gone to give their lives for us on bloody fields far away, may safely be left to be dealt with by opinion and the law—for the law must, of course, command those things.

"I am dealing with the matter thus publicly and frankly, not because I have any doubt or fear as to the result but only in order that in all our thinking and in all our dealings with one another we may move in a perfectly clear air of mutual understanding.

Must Have Same Prices.

"And there is something more that we must add to our thinking. The public is now as much a part of the government as are the army and navy themselves; the whole people in all their activities are now mobilized and in service for the accomplishment of the nation's task in this war; it is in such circumstances impossible justly to distinguish between industrial purchases made by the government and industrial purchases made by the managers of industries, and it is just as much our duty to sustain the industrials of the country with all the industries that contribute to its life as it is to sustain our forces in the field and on the sea.

Think Not of Self.

"We must make prices to the public the same as the prices to the government. Prices mean the same thing everywhere now. They mean the efficiency or the inefficiency of the nation, whether it is the government that pays them or not. They mean victory or defeat. They mean that America will win her place once for all among the foremost free nations of the world or that she will sink to defeat and become a second-rate power alike in thought and in action. This is a day of her reckoning and every man among us must personally face that reckoning along with her.

"The case needs no arguing. I assume that I am only expressing your own thoughts—what must be in the mind of every true man when he faces the tragedy and the solemn glory of the present war, for the emancipation of mankind.

"I summon you to a great duty, a great privilege, a shining dignity and distinction. I shall expect every man who is not a slacker to be at my side throughout this great enterprise. In it no man can win honor who thinks of himself."

QUOTA EACH STATE MUST RAISE BY DRAFT FOR NATIONAL ARMY

Allotment by states of quotas to be raised by selective draft for Uncle Sam's national army was announced by the war department.

The quotas assigned are on a basis of proportionate population of each state to the population of the nation as recently fixed by the census bureau. In the allotment each state is given credit for its total enlisted National Guard strength, plus the men enlisted in the regular army between April 2 and June 30, 1917.

The following table gives the war department allotment, gross quotas, net quotas and National Guard and regular army credits—the total of the latter two appearing in the final column of the table:

	Gross Quota	Net Quota by Draft	National Guard Enlisted April 2-June 30	Regular Army April 2-June 30	Aggregate National Guard and Reg. Army
United States	1,152,985	687,000	183,719	117,974	465,985
Alabama	21,300	13,612	2,238	1,232	7.651
Arizona	4,478	3,472	371	171	998
Arkansas	17,452	10,267	5,128	840	7,155
California	34,907	23,060	3,162	4,158	11,786
Colorado	9,797	4,758	2,722	1,015	5,027
Connecticut	18.817	10,977	2,776	1,138	7,807
Delaware	2,569	1,202	639	180	1,363
District of Columbia	3,796	929	704	223	2,860
Florida	10,129	6,325	1,659	954	3,786
Georgia	27,209	18,337	2,100	2,840	8,825
Idaho	4,833	2,287	865	711	2,538
Illinois	79,094	51,653	9,635	10,997	27,304
Indiana	29,971	17,510	2,494	5,940	12,409
Iowa	25,465	12,749	6,808	3,633	12,672
Kansas	17,705	6,439	6,898	2,588	11,325
Kentucky	22,152	14,236	3,622	2,276	7,878
Louisiana	18,481	13,582	1,979	1,198	4,867
Maine	7,076	1,821	2,722	553	5,243
Maryland	14,139	7,096	3,151	537	7,018
Massachusetts	43,109	20,586	7,511	4,965	32,448
Michigan	43,936	30,291	3,943	5,906	13,569
Minnesota	26,021	17,854	3,752	1,951	8,122
Mississippi	16,429	10,201	3,457	581	5,600
Missouri	35,461	13,660	7,738	3,984	16,740
Montana	10,423	7,872	592	982	2,533
Nebraska	18,900	8,185	2,538	1,853	5,691
Nevada	-1,435	1,051	.....	382	382
New Hampshire	4,419	1,204	1,272	346	3,207
New Jersey	35,623	20,665	4,584	4,202	14,896
New Mexico	8,856	2,292	1,239	227	1,557
New York	122,424	69,241	16,888	12,588	52,971
North Carolina	28,486	15,974	3,345	1,003	7,471
North Dakota	7,737	5,606	1,486	353	2,118
Ohio	65,474	38,773	14,129	5,020	27,586
Oklahoma	19,943	15,564	2,004	1,907	4,344
Oregon	7,387	717	2,259	1,974	6,657
Pennsylvania	98,277	60,859	9,732	13,388	37,248
Rhode Island	6,277	1,801	1,916	371	4,465
South Carolina	15,147	10,081	1,796	782	5,040
South Dakota	6,854	2,717	2,647	579	4,125
Tennessee	22,158	14,528	3,917	1,414	7,592
Texas	48,116	30,545	8,794	4,347	17,488
Utah	4,945	2,370	812	1,091	2,566
Vermont	3,243	1,049	1,111	205	2,388
Virginia	21,354	13,795	2,992	838	7,522
Washington	12,768	7,296	1,764	1,446	5,450
West Virginia	14,848	9,101	1,482	1,240	5,721
Wisconsin	28,199	12,876	9,029	1,586	15,274
Wyoming	2,683	810	1,180	304	1,868
Alaska	710	696	.....	13	13
Hawaii	2,403	.....	142	13	4,397
Porto Rico	13,480	12,833	.....	624	624

FORMAL DRAFT ORDER ISSUED BY PRESIDENT

Wilson Rallies 1,262,985 Men Around the Flag.

687,000 ON THE FIRST CALL

Official Allotment Shows What Part of Total Must Be Furnished by Each State and Territory in the Union.

Washington.—A formal order by President Wilson, drafting 687,000 into the military service under the selective conscription law, was promulgated by the war department, together with an official allotment showing what part of the total must be furnished by each state and territory.

The only steps now remaining are distribution by the governors of state quotas among the local exemption districts and the great lottery, which probably will be held next week and which will establish the order in which registrants are to present themselves for service or exemption.

The men summoned for service will be used to fill the regular army and National Guard to war strength and to organize the first 500,000 of the new national army.

Total to Be 1,262,985.

The total of these three forces will be 1,262,985 men.

Later another 500,000 will be called out, supplemented by sufficient men to make up losses and maintain reserve battalions.

Following is Secretary of War Baker's announcement of the order:

"By virtue of the authority vested in him by an act of congress, entitled 'An Act to Authorize the President to Increase Temporarily the Military Establishment of the United States,' approved May 13, 1917, the president of the United States has ordered the aggregate number of 687,000 men to be raised by draft for the military service of the United States in order to bring to full strength the organizations of the regular army and the organizations embodying the members of the National Guard drafted into the military service of the United States and to create the national army, and has caused said aggregate number to be apportioned to the several states and territories and the District of Columbia as set forth in the schedule hereto appended.

"The governor of each state and territory and the commissioners of the District of Columbia, acting for and by the direction of the president and in accordance with said act of congress and rules and regulations prescribed pursuant thereto, shall apportion the quota so apportioned to such state, territory or district and shall communicate to each local board established in such state, territory or district notice of the net quota to be furnished by such board, and such net quotas shall thereupon be furnished by the respective local boards as required by said act of congress and rules and regulations prescribed pursuant thereto."

In computing the number of men to be required from the various states the government put to the credit of each state every man it now has in the National Guard and every man it has contributed since April 1 as a war volunteer to the regular army.

Computation Method.

Placing on the debit side of the ledger the national army of 500,000, the entire National Guard at war strength and the number of war volunteers needed on April 1 last, to bring the regulars up to the war strength, the grand total was apportioned according to population.

This gave a gross quota for each state, from which a net quota was computed by checking off the number of National Guardsmen available for federal service and the number of men given by the state to the regular army since April 1.

The apportionment was made on the basis of an estimated grand total for the United States and its possessions of 105,366,056 inhabitants.

This is a paper estimate, computed from registration returns, which comes within the law requiring distribution of quotas by population, but which equalizes in a great measure the burden that is to fall upon the 4,559 exemption districts.

Total of 1,152,985.

Each will furnish under this apportionment the men its total registration would indicate as a fair proportion, rather than the number the actual population of the district would indicate. The total of these gross quotas is 1,152,985 men.

Credit is given to the various states for a total of 465,985 voluntary enlistments in the National Guard and regulars, making the total net quota for all states 687,000 men.

Illinois, which was the first big state to fill its quota for the regular army, reduced its gross quota of 79,094 to 51,653.

Never Satisfied.

"That dog of yours bit a piece right out of my leg."

"Well, you're never satisfied. You were only telling me the other day that you wished you could lose some flesh."

Too Small For Some Purposes.

"Nearly all the newspapers are being reduced in size, I notice."

"Yes; it seems to be a lucky thing that bustles are no longer fashionable."

BLOODY BATTLES ON WEST FRONT

French In Violent Attacks Drive Germans From Powerful Positions To The North Of Mont Haut

GERMANS CHARGE FRENCH

Gain At First, But Finally Driven Back By French Counter Attacks—The Russians Advance In Galicia

New York.—With somewhat of a slackening of the Russian offensive in Galicia, owing to bad weather, the French and the Germans along the Chemin-des-Dames and in Champagne have come together in mighty struggles in which the advantage rested mainly with the forces of General Petain. In Champagne, to the north of Mont Haut and northeast of the Teton the French, in a violent attack, captured powerfully organized German trench elements on a front of more than eight hundred yards and to a depth of more than three hundred yards, and held and consolidated the positions notwithstanding heavy counter attacks in which the Germans suffered heavy casualties and lost in addition 360 men and made prisoners. Along the Chemin-des-Dames the Germans west of Cerny, after heavy artillery preparations, threw heavy forces against the French line. The battle waged back and forth throughout the night, but, although the Germans broke through the French line at several points, daylight saw front line trenches evicted, except from front line trenches about five hundred yards in length. The Berlin war office claims the capture of 350 prisoners in the fighting. In Flanders at various points the British and Germans continue to carry out intensive artillery duels and the British to make successful raids on German positions.

Although rain and swollen streams are militating against the prosecution of the Russian offensive in Galicia, the troops of General Brussiloff, nevertheless, have driven the Austrians from positions southwest of Kalusz and taken more than a thousand prisoners and a number of guns. Apparently the Austro-German lines are stiffening as the result of the arrival of reinforcements, for Petrograd records the repulse of attacks along the Dobrovdiany-Movica front and says that the enemy has gone on the offensive along the Lomnic ariver near Perzhinsko and is stubbornly resisting the Russians on the Slivkiiasen sector.

NEW GERMAN CHANCELLOR SILENT ABOUT HIS POLICIES

Neither Conservatives Nor Liberals Have Yet Ventured To Call Michaelis Their Own

Copenhagen.—Germany's first commoner chancellor, Dr. Georg Michaelis, a bureaucrat without even a noble "von" before his name, has as yet given no indication of his policy regarding reform and peace. Neither the Conservatives nor the Liberals have ventured to call him their own. The chancellor's first step, which might be interpreted as an indication of an open mind, was to receive representatives of the two divergent groups in the reichstag and permit them to explain their respective standpoints, the chancellor playing the role of listener to the conversations conducted by the vice chancellor, Dr. Karl Helfferich, and the reichstag representatives.

The German newspapers unite in characterizations of his energy, but are most reserved in their predictions of his probable policy. The papers aligned for the so-called German peace are perhaps a shade more enthusiastic about the political possibilities under the new regime than the radical and social organs. The Catholic organ of pan-German sympathizers, The Cologne Volks Zeitung, says Doctor Michaelis undoubtedly stands nearer the right than the left parties. The line of the comment evidently emanating from Wilhelmstrasse is that the new chancellor regards as his mission the restoration of the internal harmony of the nation, whatever policy may be adopted. No matter what else may result, the change will undoubtedly mean the disappearance of the von Bethmann-Hollwegg peace program.

German Masters Remain The Same

Paris.—The Paris press hails the retirement of Dr. von Bethman-Hollweg from the German chancellorship with varying degrees of satisfaction. Some of the comment is jubilant, while other editors treat the event soberly. All are agreed that it indicates a crisis in Germany of unprecedented importance. The phrase, "scrap of paper," frequently crops out in comment and some of the journals trace the chancellor's downfall back to that early-in-the-war utterance.

Foreigners Flee From Americans

Flat River, Mo.—The presence of a detachment of Missouri National Guardsmen in the lead belt in the vicinity of Flat River did not prevent the continuing exodus of foreign-born miners, who have been driven out of this district by American miners. It is estimated that one thousand foreigners have left the district. Just where they have gone is not definitely known here, though several carloads of refugees have started towards St. Louis.

HALICZ TAKEN BY RUSSIANS

Unable To Stop Great Russian Drive, The Germans Evacuate Lemberg

London.—Halicz, the stragetic gateway to Lemberg, capital of Galicia, has been captured by the Russians, says a Reuter's Petrograd correspondent. Halicz, 63 miles southeast of Lemberg, on the Dniester river, is an important railroad junction and the most important key to the Galician capital. It is eighteen miles north of Stanislau and about eight miles north of Jezupol, captured by the Russians under General Korniloff, July 8. The fall of Halicz was presaged by the success of the Russians in breaking the Austro-German line between that town and Stanislau, and in driving the Austro-Germans to the Lomnica river, which enters the Dniester a short distance above Halicz.

Halicz was the center of much very heavy fighting last August and September, after the Russians had captured Bukowina and were attempting to reach Lemberg. Stanislau was captured by the Russians in August, but they failed to take Halicz after engaging in furious battles at Mariarpol and Monasterzyska and forcing the Austro-Germans to retire between the Zlota-Lipa and the Dniester. In September Halicz was bombarded by the Russian artillery, but attempts to storm the town were unsuccessful.

The fall of Halicz probably will mean that the Austro-Germans must retire from the present line along the Zlota-Lipa from northeast of Halicz through Brzezany and Zlochoff to Brody, in order to protect Lemberg. The next line in the rear of the Zlota-Lipa is the Gnila-Lipa. The Austro-German forces have already withdrawn beyond the Lomnica river, about ten miles to the west of Jezupol, which was occupied July 8 by the Russians under General Korniloff. The Russians have taken four more villages and increased their captures of prisoners more than one thousand. Seven more field guns and other war material also fell into Russian hands.

HUNDREDS OF SHIPS FOR U. S. WITHIN 18 MONTHS

General Goethals Will Let Contracts For Two Government Plants For 400 Steel Vessels

Washington.—Major General Goethals, manager o. the shipping board's emergency fleet c. poration, took full charge of the gove. ment's shipbuilding program and an. unces sweeping plans for construction of the great merchant fleet with w.ch the United States hopes to defeat the German submarine campaign. The most important steps contemplated by General Goethals are these:

Immeditae construction of two government-owned ship-building plants for building 400 fabricated steel ships of 2,100,000 tonnage.

Commandeering of 1,500,000 tons of shipping now building for private account in American yards.

A request for another great appropriation for building ships.

General Goethals' announcement is made in a letter to Chairman Denman of the shipping board, which said the fleet corporation, under powers just granted by President Wilson would start on its building program by offering contracts for construction of the two government ship plants and by outlining to shipbuilders the plans for commandeering vessels under construction.

Chairman Denman of the shipping board, who is also president and director of the corporation, after receiving General Goethals' letter, said:

"The board of directors of the fleet corporation will be called together to discuss the general's program. I have no doubt the directors and the general will have no disagreement over policy on the program he has outlined for us when the matter has had full discussion."

General Goethals' announcement and Mr. Denman's comment were regarded by the general's friends as indicating a final settlement in his favor of the long-drawn-out controversy between the two men as to the policy to be pursued in building ships.

The fleet corporation, it is made clear in General Goethals' announcement, will build all the wooden ships possible, but only after a design approved by the corporation's naval architect.

Farmers Suffer While Speculators Win

Washington.—A report on the food situation prepared for President Wilson by Herbert Hoover, holding that both the farmer and the consuming public are suffering while food speculators make unearned profits from the delay in enactment of food control legislation, was given out at the white house. Unless strong and efficient government action is immediately taken, the food administrator reported, the farmers will face a slump in wheat prices and consumers will be caught in a serious situation.

Neutral Denmark Hit By Embargo

Washington.—South American countries need not fear the United States embargo. Their treatment will be milder than that of neutral nations which are pouring supplies into Germany. This assurance was given by officials after neutrals from all quarters had begun to cry starvation. Further, it was stated, this nation does not intend to starve the Scandinavian countries or Holland, though it does propose to so curtail their shipments that there will be scant surplus wherewith to furnish Germany.

GERMAN REICHSTAG GOES ON A STRIKE

Members Decide To Suspend Work Till Crisis Clears, While Kaiser Sends Call For Von Hindenburg

MILITARY PARTY DOMINATES

Suspension Of The Reichstag Leaves Measure For New War Credit Entirely In Abeyance

Copenhagen.—Serious news from Berlin—the reichstag has gone on strike and the members have decided to suspend the labors both of the full house and the main committee until the political situation is cleared up—this is the news direct from the German capital, Copenhagen hears. This leaves the war credit bill in abeyance. Emperor William has summoned Field Marshal von Hindenburg, chief of the general staff, and General Ludendorff, the chief quartermaster general, for a conference. This news should be interpreted in connection with intimations that the German government has decided to refuse to parliamentarize the cabinet and the difficulties reported in connection with the adoption of a peace resolution.

Military Power Not Affected

Washington.—The German political crisis centers principally on the question of peace and internal reform, according to a review of state department advices issued by the committee on public information, and "there is not the slightest reason to believe that it will result in anything remotely approaching revolution or any diminution of Germany's military power. The review says it is apparent that Germany's food supply will hold out till the present crop is harvested, although the sufferings of the poor have been intensified greatly during the past five months.

Imperial Chancellor Without Authority

Military domination has reached such a stage in Germany, the review says, that the imperial chancellor is utterly without authority over the militarfy leaders who do as they please "and leave the civil authorities to come along behind and apologize." "In spite of the bitterness of the present contest in Berlin, there is not the slightest reason to believe that it will result in anythinu remotely approaching revolution, or in any diminution of Germany's military power. The crisis probably will lead to internal reforms which from the point of view of Germany will seem colossal, but will be, in truth, only the first steps toward making the German people masters of their own destiny.

"At present not only has the reichstag no control whatever over the chancellor, who is responsible to the emperor alone, but the chancellor is utterly without authority over the military leaders. Unless the present crisis develops far beyond its present scope, it will not begin to make Germany a democratic nation. There is reason, however, to believe that the influence of Austro-Hungary is behind the sudden swing of the Centrum to co-operation with the Socialists and the Radicals. Count Tiza no longer stands in the way of peace on the basis of status quo ante bellum, with his desire to retain Mt Lovchen and the northwestern corner of Serbia The new leaders of Hungary are for peace without annexation or indemnities.

Wilson To Ask For Three Billion More

Washington.—War appropriations of about three billion dollars, in addition to the enormous sums already appropriated or souhgt, will be asked of congress in estimates which administration officials have given notice will be submitted. Officials from the war, navy, state and other departments will be called before the committee to explain the estimates and the indications are that the committee will be busy all the week beginning July 15. All the appropriations contemplated will be carried in a general deficiency bill.

The Russians Continue To Advance

New York.—Another step in the outflanking of the Austro-German armies protecting Lemberg on the east has been achieved by the Russians, who have crossed the River Lomnica and captured Kalusz.

Saved From Starvation By U. S. A.

Hermans, N. M.—Danger of starvation which became very real for the twelve hundred men who were deported from Bisbee, Ariz., as members of the I. W. W. was abated with the arrival here of two cars of provisions from the United States army base at El Paso. A truck load of supplies from Columbus also arrived. Acting under orders from Governor Lindsey to arrest the deported men, Sheriff Simpson of Luna county and District Attorney J. S. Vaught have arrived here.

Bisbee Strikers Shipped To Border

Bisbee, Ariz.—More than eleven hundred alleged Industrial Workers of the World deported from Bisbee are aboard twenty-four cattle cars speeding toward New Mexico. Their announced destination is Columbus. The men were driven from the city by deputy sheriffs and about two thousand armed men, members of an organization known as the "Citizens Protective League." Two men were killed. A strike was called here by the metal workers' branch of the I. W. W. about two weeks ago.

URGED TO CUT OUT GREED

President Says Business Interests Must Give Aid As Freely As Those Offering Lives On Battlefields

Washington.—President Wilson has appealed to the country's business interests to put aside every selfish consideration and to give their aid to the nation as freely as those who go out to offer their lives on the battlefield. In a statement addressed to the coal operators and manufacturers he gave assurances that just prices will be paid by the government and the public during the war, but warned that no attempt to extort unusual profits will be tolerated. "Your patriotism," said the president's appeal, "is of the same self-denying stuff as th epatriotism of the men dead and maimed on the fields of France, or it is no patriotism at all. Let us never speak, then, of profits and patriotism in the same sentence. I shall expect every man who is not a slacker to be at my side throughout this great enterprise. In it no man can win honor who thinks of himself."

Must Be One Price For All

The president declared there must be but one price for the government and for the public. He expressed confidence that business generally will be found loyal to the last degree, and that the problem of war time prices, which he declared will "mean victory or defeat," will be solved rightly through patriotic co-operation. In unmeasured terms, however, Mr. Wilson condemned the ship owners of the country for maintaining a schedule of ocean freight rates which has placed "almost insuperable obstacles" in the path of the government. "The fact is," he asserted, "that those who have fixed war freight rates have taken the most effective means in their power to defeat the armies engaged against Germany." Coal production and other industries for whose products the government has negotiated price agreements are not taken up in detail by the president, his appeal dealing only with the general principles involved in the determination of war prices.

CONSCRIPT LOTTERY HAS BEEN POSTPONED A WEEK

States Are Slow About Completing Their Exemption Boards Is The Cause

Washington.—Postponement of the drawing of numbers of men who will be called for examination for the national army seemed probable when it became evident that states are not completing organization of their district exemption boards as rapidly as war department officials had hoped. Only twenty-one states have reported their organization complete, although in most others only a few districts are missing. The drawing will not be made until the lists for the country are complete. It was also announced that members of the house and senate military committee will witness the drawing to select men for the national war army. Secretary Baker said that he or some other official of the war department and not President Wilson, as has been suggested, would make the drawing.

Census Estimate Will Be Used

A so-called revised census estimate for the entire country, compiled on the basis of the draft registration, will be used for determining apportionments. Each city, county or state must furnish two-thirds of one per cent of its paper population, according to the new estimates, which were made for the purpose of equaliing the draft rather than to represent accurate population totals. Thus New York City, with an estimated population of 6,504,185, must give 43,382 of the 687,000 young men to be called on the first draft. A city with 25,000 population would be required to give 166 men. These apportionments would be subject to slight allowances for alien enemies, for men who have volunteered and for other causes.

Enormous Steel Orders Are Filled

New York.—The most interesting development in the steel industry is the pushing of the government program for the building of ship and railroad equipment, which will require approximately two million tons of steel bars, plates and shapes. According to Washington reports, contracts for eighty thousand freight cars and two thousand locomotives will be very speedily distributed among builders.

Bombed Heart Of Krupp Works

Grand Headquarters of the French Army in France.—The most daring air raid yet carried out against the Krupp munition works at Essen was recounted to a staff correspondent by Sergeant Maxime Galolis, who defied all the German armament producing defenses and bombarded the heart of the German armament-producing factories with high explosives, crossed the German front line twice, flew over many Rhenish cities and reached home scathless. The flight lasted seven hours.

Cantonment Work Profits Not Large

Washington.—A statement denouncing published charges of immense profits in cantonment construction as ridiculous and "extremely pernicious" was issued by Col. I. W. Littell, in charge of cantonment building for the war department. "Under such headings as 'Government Hurting Business,' 'Disturbing the Labor Market,' etc.," said Colonel Littell, "a series of editorials and news items are appearing which are founded almost entirely on falsehood, and the influence of which is extremely pernicious."

GOETHALS HALTS SHIP PROGRAMME

HOLDING UP PLAN TO REQUISITION STEEL MERCHANT SHIPS UNDER CONSTRUCTION.

ISSUE OF AUTHORITY ARISES

To Let Contracts for Building Government-Owned Shipyards Producing Fabricated Steel Ships.

Washington. — The government's merchant shipbuilding programme was halted when Major General Goethals, manager of the shipping board's fleet corporation, postponed his plan to requisition all steel merchant ships under construction and to let contracts for building two government owned shipyards for producing fabricated steel ships.

At General Goethal's office it was said the postponment was due to a request by Chairman Denman, of the shipping board, for a short delay to give the board time to go over the programme. This was denied at the shipping board, although the statement was made that General Goethals had been asked to supply additional information concerning his plans.

Today's development was regarded as bringing to a direct issue the question of who is to have supreme authority in carrying out the building programme—Chairman Denman or Goethals. Authority to spend $750,000,000 for acquiring a great merchant fleet, has been divided in an executive order between the shipping board and its corporation, the board being authorized to acquire vessels by purchase and the corporation to take charge of the building.

In announcing his programme last Friday General Goethals apparently assumed that as manager of the corporation he would be given a free hand, but Mr. Denman, in a statement, assumes responsibility for the shipping board, whose members are directors and stockholders of the corporation.

Officials who have watched the situation develop and who have been concerned lest differences between Chairman Denman and General Goethals hinder the government's shipbuilding plans at a time when every vessel that can be constructed is needed to meet the German submarine menace, declared that President Wilson might be called on to settle the controversy. While the disagreement between the two men appears to be largely over the number and type of wooden vessels to be built, it is no secret among their friends that their differences go deeper than that.

In a letter to Mr. Denman, made public, General Goethals announced that he would start his programme. The fact that he had postponed it was made known after he had received a letter from Mr. Denman. The contents of this letter neither would divulge.

MESSAGES PASS BETWEEN WILSON AND POINCAIRE

Washington.—Messages exchanged by President Wilson and President Poincare of France's great holiday, July 44, the anniversary of the fall of the bastile, were made public by the state department.

President Wilson cabled:

"On this anniversary of the birth of democracy in France, I offer on behalf of my countrymen and on my own behalf fraternal greeting as befits the strong tiese that unite our peoples, who today stand shoulder to shoulder in defense of liberty in testimony of the steadfast purpose of our two countries to achieve victory for the sublime cause of the rights of the people against oppression. The lesson of the bastile is not lost to the world of free peoples. May the day be near when on the ruins of the dark stronghold of unbridled power and conscienceless autocracy a nobler structure, upbuilt like your great republic on the eternal foundations of peace and right, shall arise to gladden an enfranchies world."

President Poincare replied:

"The French people who for three years have made so many heroic sacrifices in the defense of right and liberty will receive in grateful emotion the brotherly message which you, Mr. President, were pleased to send to me or them. We shall be proud to carry on to victory, elbow to elbow, with the great and generous American nation the war which was let loose on the world by the imperialism of our foes in spite of the strenuous efforts which the French republic always exerted to avert so awful a cataclysm. I, like you, have no doubt that the defeat of autocracy and German militarism will at last open a future of industrious peace and prosperity to liberate mankind."

Cantonments Named for Heroes.

Washington.—The names of military heroes, including several Confederate leaders, have been given by the war department to the 32 cantonments in which the national army and the National Guard will be mobilized for training. In announcing the designations the department revealed that the subject had been given consideration by a board of officers, headed by Brigadier-General Kuhn, chief of the war college division. In each case the name selected is that of a man from the section represented by troops concerned

SEEK FEDERAL AID IN ROAD BUILDING

THIRTY-THREE COUNTIES IN ALABAMA AFTER GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATION FOR ROADS.

STATE CAPITAL HAPPENINGS

Doings In and Around the State House Chronicled for Our Readers.

—Montgomery.

Thirty-three counties in Alabama are seeking federal aid in the building of highways and ten of them already have filed with the government at Washington their project statements, showing the work planned with the money to be given by the government and by the interested counties. In the ten counties that already have filed their project statements it is planned to spend more than $624,800.

Ten counties have applied for State aid, according to a report read before the State Highway Commission by State Highway Engineer W. S. Keller. The counties are Butler, Covington, Lowndes, Mobile, Houston, Baldwin, Barbour, Talladega, Lauderdale and Franklin.

The State Commission met for the purpose of receiving the report from Engineer Keller covering the quarter ending June 30. Captain John Craft, of Mobile, was the only member of the commission absent, being detained by important matters at the Gulf City. Those present at the meeting were: Dr. E. A. Smith, of Tuscaloosa; Professor Mitcham, of Auburn; R. E. Spragins, of Huntsville, and J. B. Rylance, of Montgomery.

The Commission approved contracts for work under State aid in Marengo, Greene, Chambers and Clarke counties.

Bootleggers Face Federal Prisons.

Bootleggers in Montgomery are flirting with fines of $1,000 and sentences of a year in a military prison at Leavenworth, Kan., according to information given out at Brigade Headquarters, and the Provost Marshal has been instructed by General Steiner to begin a campaign against the men alleged to be selling whiskey to soldiers.

There has been little compalint of attempts to sell whiskey within the borders o fthe camp, but there has been many reported sales downtown.

Persons arrested for selling liquor to a soldier come within the jurisdiction of the Federal Courts and will be tried before the regular United States Court.

A persistent rumor at Mobilization Camp has it that General Steiner, now a brigadier, will be promoted to a Major Generalship and placed on command o fthe divisional National Guardsmen to come to Montgomery, but up to noon Thursday no official advices had been received from headquarters at Charleston.

Other officers high in rank will be sent to handle the work of the big camp in which will be 35,000 or more soldiers.

Jefferson Official Resigns.

Governor Henderson accepted the resignation of Hugo L. Black as solicitor of Jefferson county immediately after it was received in his office, and it will be effective August 1. No successor will be named by the governor as the court consolidation laws which created a district solicitor for Jefferson county but provided that Solicitor Black should serve out his term did not make any provision for an appointment in the event of his retirement.

Joseph R. Tate, circuit solicitor, who has been acting as Solicitor Black's assistant since the new laws became effective, immediately will become solicitor and the active head of the law enforcement department of Jefferson county. His assistants, whom Mr. Black refused to accept, will aid him. Solicitor Black's resignation merely announced that he would retire from service August 1.

Daniel Paroled By Pardon Board.

The State Pardon Board granted a parole to W. E. Daniel, given a three years sentence by the Jefferson County Court for killing William Ganaway, of Wylam, July, 1910. The case was fought for five years in the Jefferson Courts before Daniels was sentenced on a manslaughter charge.

Representations made to the board indicated that Daniels is the sole support of a young wife and three small children.

Health Officers Can Serve.

A county or municipal health officer who volunteers for army service and puts a man in his place while he is away from home, will, when he returns from the front, resume his old position, according to a resolution adopted Tuesday afternoon by the State Board of Censors, in session at the capitol.

Wallace Again Appointed.

John H. Wallace, Jr., State Game and Fish Commissioner, has been notified by Secretary of Agriculture Houston that he has been again made a member of the Migratory Bird Advisory Board for the year beginning July 1. Mr. Wallace has advised Secretary Houston that he will serve.

Jury Commissioner Named.

Governor Henderson appointed Jas. G. Gilmore as jury commissioner of Pike county.

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
W. M. WYATT AND J. B. WELLS
Publishers and Proprietors.

W. M. WYATT, Editor.
J. B. WELLS, Business Manager.

Subscription price $1.00 per year, payable in advance.

Entered April 15, 1913, at Clanton Ala., as second class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

FARMERS, YOU MUST ACT!

The feed products situation in Chilton County this year is going to be one of enormous proportions, if we are blessed with the proper seasons of rain and sunshine for a little while longer. Our county will produce many times as much corn, velvet beans, and other feed crops as it has ever grown before in a single year.

And in our opinion, nothing could be to our better advantage than just such a condition as this immense feed crop will bring to us. We need to produce more of our farm necessities at home than we have been doing. And it would not be amiss to produce even more than we will this year. We cannot make our farms produce too much.

But it is then necessary to put our products in shape for use. If the farmer utilizes his beans and corn on his own farm, he must have some means of grinding and preparing them for consumption. Or if he commercializes his products, then also, it is necessary for him to have them prepared for the market in a usable form.

Our farmers should be glad of their crops this year. They are going to do better than they have ever done before, if nothing yet happens to prevent. And they seem to be wide awake to the situation. The meeting here in regard to this matter Tuesday was indicative of united and conservative efforts on the parts of the farmers to make the most of the situation.

The first thing necessary after the crops are produced and harvested is to have ample mill facilities for preparing the beans and grain for use or sale. The steps that have already been taken in this direction make a good beginning. It is to be hoped that they will be carried to completion and that no farmer, however much he may produce, will be hampered in the least by a lack of milling facilities for preparing his products for use.

THAT GOOD FELLOW

Yes, he brought it Monday morning, and bless Pat, it was not just one, but two. We had a nice tale fixed up to tell our readers about the splendid man who brought us the first big luscious watermelon—but here he comes with two big ones, and just completely knocks the whole yarn out of us. This is written before the feast has taken place. When the editor takes off his coat and hat, puts aside his pipe and "specks" and gets his head buried up to the ears in a big red "rasher" he may think of something appropriate to say on the occasion. But anyway, the good friend who brought the coveted treasure is none other than that well-known and justly famous fellow citizen, Jody Lansford of Flakto. Here's to you, Jody—watermelon juice.

PLEASANT GROVE

All who are interested in the cemetery at this place will meet July 26, 1917, for the purpose of cleaning it up.

W. S. WRIGHT.
M. C. CHILDRESS.

SHILOH CEMETERY

All who are interested in the grave yard at Shiloh, are requested to meet there on Thursday before the Fifth Sunday in July for the purpose of cleaning off same.

J. R. OWEN.

ARTISTIC WALLS AND CEILINGS

The trend of interior decorations in modern homes is simplicity and harmony of color effects, restful and artistic combinations to blend perfectly with the entire furnishings of a room. Gaudy wall-papering and other materials have been superseded by Flat Oil Paints, such as Pee-Gee Flatkoatt. This is now extensively used in the finest residences, public and private institutions and fills the ever increasing demand for a durable, sanitary, artistic finish for walls and ceilings.

With PEE-GEE FLATKOATT you can carry out most any color scheme you bear in mind. It is made in 24 deep, rich, velvety, permanent colors. Another advantage of PEE-GEE FLATKOATT is that it is absolutely sanitary. It becomes part of the wall and can be easily cleaned with water and soap. For this reason it is extremely economical, because it does away with the inconvenience and expense of frequent redecorating.

Write for beautiful 48-page book, "The Modern Method of Decorating Walls." Peaslee-Gaulbert Co. ((Incorporated), Louisville, Ky., Established 1867. For color card, estimates and full information call on

Upchurch Drug Co., Clanton, Ala.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SETTLEMENT NOTICE

The State of Alabama, Chilton County. Probate Court, July 18, 1917.

In the matter of the Estate of Mrs. Anna Olson Deceased.

This day came Mrs. T. O. Swan, Administratriz of the Estate of said deceased, and files her account, vouchers, evidence, statement for final settlement of her said Administration.

It is ordered that the 6th day of August 1917, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

Witness my hand, this 18th day of July 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

LOGAN-SCARBROUGH

On Wednesday morning bright and early, Mr. Berry Logan applied at the Probate office for marriage license to marry Miss Mae Scarbrough. Having obtained the license, Judge Reynolds was summoned to appear at the request of Mr. Logan and pronounce the words which wade them man and wife.

After the ceremony the young couple left for Millbrook, Ala., where they will make their future home.



Free 48 Page Book

"The Modern Method of Decorating Walls"

This illustrated book, gives full information and practical suggestions of the latest and best ideas on the decoration of interior walls and ceilings. It shows a number of rooms in colors designed by leading artists, giving exact specifications for obtaining harmonious color effects with

Pee Gee Flatkoatt

"The Modern, Durable Sanitary Flat Oil Finish."

It comes in white and 24 deep, rich velvety colors which do not fade.

Ask for free book or write for it to Peaslee-Gaulbert Co., Inc., Louisville, Ky.

UPCHURCH DRUG CO.
CLANTON, ALA.

MT. PLEASANT

Please allow me space in your paper to say a few words.

Health in this community is very good at present.

The prayer meeting is progressing nicely now. The house was crowded last Sunday night.

The revival meeting will start at this place on the 5th Sunday in July.

Messrs. Lee Roberds and Charlie Barrett and Misses Dollie Blankenship and Cora Mae Pounds motored to Coosa county last Sunday.

Mr. Willis E. Pounds is back at home this week from the Army.

Miss Susie Daniel of Coosa is visiting at Mr. Tom Daniel's this week.

Mr. A. D. Jones and wife motored to Birmingham last Saturday accompanied by Jno. Mc Foshee and others.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnny Lowery dined at J. Wiley Foshee's Sunday.

Mr. Deward Mims dined with Herman Foshee Sunday.

Mrs. L. O. Vickers had a canning at her house Monday, a large crowd of ladies were present.

W. H. Conway, county farm demonstrator was in town Monday. He reports very promising farm conditions generally over the county.

FOR SALE

90 acres of land near Benson's Cross Roads. Apply to Mrs. C. W. Martin, Maplesville, R. 1. 7-19-2t

COULD HARDLY STAND ALONE

Terrible Suffering From Headache, Sideache, Backache, and Weakness, Relieved by Cardui, Says This Texas Lady.

Gonzales, Tex.— Mrs. Minnie Philpot, of this place, writes: "Five years ago I was taken with a pain in my left side. It was right under my left rib. It would commence with an aching and extend up into my left shoulder and on down into my back. By that time the pain would be so severe I would have to take to bed, and suffered usually about three days ...I suffered this way for three years, and got to be a mere skeleton and was so weak I could hardly stand alone. Was not able to go anywhere and had to let my house work go...I suffered awful with a pain in my back and I had the headache all the time. I just was unable to do a thing. My life was a misery, my stomach got in an awful condition, caused from taking so much medicine. I suffered so much pain. I had just about given up all hopes of our getting anything to help me.

One day a Birthday Almanac was thrown in my yard. After reading its testimonials I decided to try Cardui, and am so thankful that I did, for I began to improve when on the second bottle...I am now a well woman and feeling fine and the cure has been permanent for it has been two years since my awful bad health. I will always praise and recommend Cardui." Try Cardui today. E 78



How many pounds to a ton—2000 or 1500?

HOW many pounds of real roughage are you getting to a ton? If you are buying old style hulls you are getting about 1500 pounds because they are about one-fourth lint which has no food value.

If you are buying

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

you are getting 2000 full pounds because they are free from lint and are practically 100 percent roughage. Try them and see how much farther they go.

Other Advantages

Cost much less per ton than old style hulls.
Allow better assimilation of other food.
No trash or dust.
Sacked—easy to handle.
They mix well with other forage.

Mr. W. C. Owens, Charlotte, N. C.,

feeds thirty cows. He considers Buckeye Hulls the cheapest feed and gets the best results.

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K **The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.** Dept. K

Atlanta Birmingham Greenwood Little Rock Memphis
Augusta Charlotte Jackson Macon Selma

IMMIGRATION —and the L&N



POPULATION—men and women of integrity, and ability to create and develop—is essential to the prosperity of every country.

Realizing this, the L. & N. has maintained for a number of years a thoroughly equipped and efficiently managed Department of Immigration and Industry.

No section of the globe is more pregnant with rich natural resources than the balmy, fertile South. Hundreds of thousands of dollars have been expended by the L. & N. to induce immigration of the highest type to come to the South to develop and increase property values, and create those social and community interests which make life worth while.

AFTER these immigrants come South the L. & N. supplies men expert in every line of farming, cattle and poultry raising, fruit and berry culture, mining, manufacturing, merchandising—in fact everything from tick eradication to locating a factory site—to confer with and advise the immigrants in the best uses of Southern facilities and opportunities.

This L. & N. service is not confined to new arrivals, but demonstration cars and excursions are conducted throughout the entire L. & N. territory and all interested may attend and gain the benefits.

The service, which is free to the people, is cheerfully paid for by the L. & N., because the L. & N. knows the development and prosperity of the South means the development and prosperity of the L. & N. The interests of the L. & N. and the interests of the South are mutual.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.
(8) *The Old Reliable*

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

Of the Peoples Savings Bank, located at Clanton, Ala., at the close of business June 20, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Currency,	7620.00
Gold,	1560.00
Silver, Nickels and Pennies,	951.72
Checks and Cash items,	252.11
Cash items in Transit,	1173.26
Due from Banks in this state	67588.65
Due from Banks in other States,	14816.86
Total,	93962.60
Bonds and Stocks owned by Bank (Liberty Loan),	4000.00
Loans and Discounts,	77339.47
Demand Loans,	10150.00
Overdrafts,	352.88
Banking House,	2700.00
Furniture and Fixtures,	1880.14
Grand Total,	190385.09

LIABILITIES

Indnvidual deposits,	126065.81
Time Certificates,	13980.03
Cashier's Checks,	3163.57
Certified Checks,	7029.41
Due Banks in this State,	none
Due Banks in other States	none
Due unpaid dividends,	50.00
Total Deposits,	150288.82
Capital Stock paid in,	15000.00
Undivided profits less current expenses and taxes paid,	25096.27
Notes and Bills payable,	none
Grand Total,	190385.09

State of Alabama, Chilton County. Before me came Jno. A. Thomas, Vice-President and Cashier of The Peoples Savings Bank, Clanton, Ala., who being duly sworn, says that the above and foregoing statement is true and gives the actual condition of said Bank, as shown by the books on file in said Bank.

JNO. A. THOMAS,
Vice-Pres. and Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 26th day of June, 1917.

H. M. SIMPSON,
Register of Circuit Court in Equity.

ATTEST:
W. T. Callen,
E. E. Upchurch,
J. B. Downs,
Directors.

SCOTCH COLLIE PUPS—For Sale at Ford Place. L. C. DUNCAN.

J. Steeley Jones of Mt. Creek was here Tuesday.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

F. B. COLLIER
Attorney at Law
Office in the Johnson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. A. B. BAXLEY
Optometrist
Office in Mullins Bldg.
Clanton, Ala.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

A. C. Smith B. Guy Smith
SMITH & SMITH
Attorneys At Law
General Practice
Clanton, - - - - - - Alabama.

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in Hopkins Bldg.
Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women & Surgery
CLANTON, ALA.

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

C. REESE MULLINS
—Agent—
For Life and Fire Insurance, Accident and Health Insurance, Auto and Windstorm Insurance, Liability and Plate Glass Insurance. Bonding.
Singer Sewing Machines.
Regular office days Mondays and Saturdays.
Third door east of Post office.
CLANTON, ALA.

Watch your label.

Mr. W. Y. Nix the famous farmer and well known citizen of Maplesville was in town Monday. Mr. Nix says he has a fine crop of corn and velvet beans. He reports that his famous hog "Old Queen" is still living and doing well. She is 15 years old and has raised 141 pigs.

Don't forget your Subscription.

Doing hard work in a bent or stooping position puts a stitch in the back that is painful. If the muscles have become strained, you can't get rid of it without help. The great penetration power of BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT will appeal to you most strongly at such times, because it is the very thing you need. Price 25c, 50c and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Semi-Annual Report of the Treasurer of Chilton County, Alabama.

Itemized Statement of the Money received and paid out in the several funds of the County by J. Bice, County Treasurer, from January 15, 1917 to June 30, 1917.

CASH RECEIVED—GENERAL FUND

J. Bice, County Treasurer, in account with Chilton County, Ala... To Cash Received, from Janutry 15, 1917, to June 30, 1917.

Jan. 20—Judge L. H. Reynolds, General Fund (Page 51)	$10061.57
Jan. 26—J. D. Collins, General Fund (Page 57)	1212.00
Jan. 27—E. B. Deason, License	257.81
Jan. 27—E. B. Deason, Motor Vehicle Tax	73.32
Jan. 27, E. B. Deason, Mortgage Tax	16.77
Jan. 27—E. B. Deason, Motor Vehicle License	59.48
Jan. 27—E. B. Deason, License	26.82
Jan. 27—E. B. Deason, Mortgage Tax	11.74
Jan. 30—Judge Wm. Skeggs, Mortgage Tax from Morgan Co.	389.50
Feb. 2—J. D. Collins, Taxes for 1916	1083.14
Feb. 17—J. D. Collins, General Fund Taxes	330.94
Mar. 2—J. D. Collins, Taxes for 1916	638.40
Mar. 1—L. H. Reynolds, Solicitors fee and cost	41.00
Mar. 1—L. H. Reynolds, an account of license	11.19
Mar. 1—L.H. Reynolds, an account M.V. license	19.50
Mar. 1—L. H. Reynolds, Tax on Mortgages	24.94
Feb. 1—L. H. Reynolds, Automobile license	2.93
Feb. 1—L. H. Reynolds, Business license	98.38
Feb. 1—L. H. Reynolds, Solicitors fees	35.00
Feb. 1—L. H. Reynolds, Costs	17.25
Mar. 16—J. D. Collins, Taxes for 1916	706.00
Apr. 2—J. D. Collins, Taxes for 1916	441.15
Apr. 3—L. H. Reynolds, Costs	25.25
Apr. 3—L. H. Reynolds, Solicitors fees	40.00
Apr. 3—L. H. Reynolds, Mortgage Tax	38.29
Apr. 3—L. H. Reynolds, License	17.07
Apr. 5—Secretary of State, Auto License	488.00
Apr. 14—J. D. Collins, T.C., Taxes for 1916	484.41
May 1—L. H. Reynolds, cost in six cases	12.00
May 1—L. H. Reynolds, Mortgage Tax	31.07
May 1—L. H. Reynolds, M.V. license	31.96
May 1—L. H. Reynolds, Business license	13.41
May 1—J. D. Collins, T.C., Taxes for 1916	176.32
May 15—J. D. Collins, T.C., Taxes for 1916	233.40
June 1—J. D. Collins, T.C., Taxes for 1916	82.48
June 1—L. H. Reynolds, M.V. license	7.31
June 1—L. H. Reynolds, Mortgage Tax	22.90
June 1—L. H. Reynolds, Cost in two cases	11.75
June 2—L. H. Reynolds, Solicitors fees	25.00
June 16—J. D. Collins, Taxes for 1916	293.10
May 10—J. D. Collins, Taxes for 1915	53.80
Total	$172119.64

CASH PAID—GENERAL FUND

Jan. 24—Official Court Reporter, David W. W. Fuller	$ 18.00
Jan. 24—Mdse for convicts, J. W. Littlejohn	10.88
Jan. 24—Janitor at court house, J. T. Rich	31.00
Jan. 24—Carrying patient to Mt. Vernon, H. A. Harris	41.00
Jan. 24—Road work, J. B. Crane	27.40
Jan. 24—Road work, W. E. Deason	5.00
Jan. 24—Road work, Marion Dykes	4.00
Jan. 24—Bridge work, J. S. Williams	14.00
Jan. 24—Legal services, Smith & Gerald	10.00
Jan. 24—Clerk fees in six cases, M.D. Foshee	31.75
Jan. 27—Repair Woodruff bridge, M.C. Wyatt	11.35
Jan. 27—Prof. service, Middleton & Reynolds	150.00
Jan. 27—Ex-officio fees, etc., E. B. Deason	318.00
Jan. 27—Presiding in Co. Court, E.B. Deason	200.00
Jan. 27—Lumber, R. Calloway	38.77
Jan. 27—Road work, Jessie Connell	28.12
Jan 27—Road work, Osker Cost	27.37
Jan. 27—Road work—N. J. Norrell	27.62
Jan. 27—Carrying Dunston to Tuscaloosa, and burying Oce Sanders, C. B. Cox	35.00
Jan. 27—Road work, Oscar Cost	28.03
Jan. 27—Road work, N. J. Merrell	27.20
Jan. 27—Road work, Jas. Johnson	29.68
Jan. 27—Road work, Jessie Connell	26.80
Jan. 27—Road work, H. S. Watkins	36.00
Jan. 27—Road work, W. H. Dobbs	35.20
Jan. 27—Road work, W. H. Dobbs	18.55
Jan. 27—Road work, Jessie Connell	23.74
Jan. 27—Road work H. S. Watkins	34.50
Jan. 27—Road work, Jas. Johnson	27.12
Jan. 27—Road work, J. M. Robinson	18.04
Jan. 27—Road work, Coy Klinner	5.00
Jan. 27—Road work, W. H. Dobbs	28.60
Jan. 27—Road work, W. T. White	17.00
Jan. 27—Road work, L. A. Wilson	4.50
Jan. 27—Road work, J. D. Sims	6.00
Jan. 27—Road work (cooking), Irona Martin	33.00
Jan. 27—Road work, W. W. Robinson	8.25
Jan. 27—Road work, W. S. Watkins	25.60
Jan. 27—Road work, N. J. Merrell	17.60
Jan. 27—Road work, Osker Cost	9.01
Jan. 27—Road work, Jas. Johnson	20.54
Jan. 27—Road work and cash to hands, P. M. Martin	44.30
Jan. 27—Road services, G. W. Ratliff	2.50
Jan. 27—Road services, J. M. Walker	8.25
Jan. 27—Mdse for road crew, A. R. Cooper	27.35
Jan. 27—Rejairing bridge, M. A. Kilgore	25.00
Jan. 27—Salary, J. M. Robinson	99.00
Jan. 27—Hauling lumber, J. M. Walker	4.50
Jan. 27—Bringing body of Julia Green from Tuscaloosa, S. S. Arledge	24.89
Jan. 27—Recording petition, etc., E. B. Deason	14.90
Jan. 27—Carrying Charles Martin to Tuscaloosa, J. Tom Jones	19.70
Jan. 27—Postage, 8-29-14 to 9-18-15, WT Bean	24.04
Jan. 27—Salary and cash to hands, J. M. Robinson	103.50
Jan. 27—Lumber and labor, W. P. Cleckler	74.62
Jan. 27—Pub. Co. Health Book, Union Pub. Co.	90.75
Jan. 27—Engineer and expenses, R.L. Kenan	272.71
Jan. 27—Lumber, Joe Langston	3.36
Jan. 27—Gravel inspector, Robert Popwell	13.50
Jan. 27—Gravel inspector, Goldman Palmer	21.00
Jan. 27—Lumber, C. B. Cox	178.66
Jan. 27—Holding inquest, W. H. Killingsworth	9.50
Jan. 27—Filling well, J. W. Franklin	1.50
Jan. 27—Hardware, Loeb Hdwe. Co.	3.15
Jan. 27—Lumber, C. C. Williams	255.66
Jan. 27—Hauling to road camp, John Giles	2.00
Jan. 27—1 bbl. cup grease, H. M. Mahan	36.14
Jan. 27—Stationery, Alred Drug Co.	13.00
Jan. 27—Stationery, Alred Drug Co.	6.50
Jan. 27—Drugs, etc., Upchurch Drug Co.	124.91
Jan. 27—Drugs, Alred Drug Co.	13.00
Jan. 27—Hauling to court house, A. J. Culver	1.40
Jan. 29—Fixing road dray, J. G. Giles	6.00
Jan. 29—Road work, P. M. Martin	55.68
Jan. 29—Butler road crew, W. R. Robinson	15.50
Jan. 29—County work, Hugh Thompson	1.50
Jan. 29—Cooking for road crew, Irona Martin	33.00
Jan. 29—Cooking for road crew, Irona Martin	33.00
Jan. 29—Jury Com services, W. R. Clements	40.00
Jan. 29—Gravel inspector, J. T. Rockett	74.70
Jan. 29—Salary, incidental ex., J.M. Robinson	103.25
Jan. 29—Repairing bridge, W. J. Calloway	3.80
Jan. 29—Exp. Ray to insane hospital, W.A. Ray	16.50
Jan. 29—Probate cost in J. M. Atkins case, E. B. Deason	11.30
Jan. 29—Refund of license, Farmers W'hse & Storage Co.,	15.00
Jan. 29—Mdse for convicts, L. H. Reynolds	49.95
Jan. 30—Bridge work, L.N. Henderson	147.40
Jan. 30—Tents for convicts, Fulton Bag & Cotton Mills	198.80
Jan. 31—Farm demon. work, W.H. Conway	100.00
Jan. 31—Lumber, Guy Higgins	168.90
Jan. 31—Cutting ditch, John Jones	2.80
Jan. 31—Sharpening 8 grade blades, E.E. Jackson Lumber Co.	18.00
Jan. 31—Lumber, Pine Tree Lbr. Co.	21.96
Jan. 31—Lumber, Pine Hree Lbr. Co.	16.96
Jan. 31—Lumber, Pine Tree Lbr. Co.	8.00
Jan. 31—Lumber, Pine Tree Lbr. Co.	68.10
Jan. 31—Shingles, Pine Tree Lbr. Co.	17.50
Jan. 31—Lumber, Roberts & Son Lbr. Co.	10.00
Jan. 31—Lumber, Roberts & Son Lbr. Co.	11.94
Feb. 3—Groceries for convicts, Keenar Roper	9.50
Feb. 7—Mdse for convicts, Murse Bros.	115.60
Feb. 7—Road Scraper, Gulledge Bros.	17.91
Feb. 10—Work on road, J. W. Sorrell	39.00
Feb. 12—Holding inquest, H. W. Caffey	17.00
Feb. 12—Sharpening blades, A.L. Robinson	23.00
Feb. 12—Building bridges, J. D. Ousley	131.00
Feb. 13—Gcoceries for convicts, E. W. Ratliff	1.32
Feb. 14—Commissioners services, A. P. Vinson	10.00
Feb. 14—Commissioners services, S.E. Waldrup	16.20
Feb. 14—Commissioners services, W. T. Herrod	33.30
Feb. 14—Commissioners services, R.J. Williams	34.90
Feb. 14—Janitor service, J. T. Rich	31.00
Feb. 15—Pine for poor house, A.L. Folden	12.00
Feb. 15—Keeping poor house, A.L. Golden	123.00
Feb. 16—Hdw. for convicts, J.M. Dunn	5.25
Feb. 12—Official court reporter, Leayard De Wees	5.25
Feb. 12—Official court reporter, Pat McGaudy	5.50
Feb. 12—Petit jurp certificate, Jack N. Connell	3.60
Feb. 13—Petit Jurors certificate, J.E. Robinson	2.00
Feb. 13—Petit Jurors certificate, W. C. Ayer	4.10
Feb. 15—Grand Jurors certificate, W. A. Kemp	8.00
Feb. 15—Grand Juror, J.T. Anderson	9.80
Feb. 15—Grand Juror, Jim Abbott	9.80
Feb. 15—Grand Juror, Green Burnett	8.80
Feb. 15—Grand Juror, J. P. Barrett	8.80
Feb. 15—Grand Juror, F. A. Bates	8.70
Feb. 15—Grand Juror, H. O. Bean	8.60
Feb. 15—Grand Juror, B.L. Baxley	9.40
Feb. 15—Grand Juror, V. B. Champion	9.00
Feb. 15—Grand Juror, Oliver Chambers	9.60
Feb. 15—Grand Juror, J. H. Esco	9.90
Feb. 15—Grand Juror, S. L. Gray	9.00
Feb. 15—Grand Juror, J. P. Parrish	8.30
Feb. 15—Grand Juror, W. M. Walker	9.30
Feb. 15—Grand Juror, T. D. Whitsworth	9.40
Feb. 15—Grand Juror, J. G. Wood	8.25
Feb. 15—Grand Juror, C. L. Wilkins	9.20
Feb. 15—Grand Juror, Eekiel Nix	10.00
Feb. 15—Petit Juror, Joe Carwile	8.00
Feb. 15—Petit Juror, Walter Sanford	8.00
Feb. 15—Petit Juror, N. A. Dennis	9.00
Feb. 15—Petit Juror, Joe T. Cox	9.10
Feb. 15—Petit Juror, D. B. Lowe	8.10
Feb. 15—Petit Juror, R. O. Headley	8.90
Feb. 13—Petit Juror, C. C. Walker	10.20
Feb. 15—Petit Juror, H. L. Aldridge	8.30
Feb. 15—Petit Juror, J. W. Anderson	9.30
Feb. 15—Petit Juror, Albert Williams	9.00
Feb. 15—Petit Juror, Will H. Hayes	9.00
Feb. 15—Petit Juror, Frank Harris	11.50
Feb. 15—Petit Juror, J. R. Merchant	9.80
Feb. 15—Petit Juror, S. E. Bruce	8.10
Feb. 15—Petit Juror, G. R. Heaton	8.80
Feb. 15—Petit Juror, Dudley Thompson	8.20
Feb. 15—Petit Juror, Samuel Scott	9.00
Feb. 15—Petit Juror, S. R. Killingsworth	10.20
Feb. 15—Petit Juror, J. C. Champion	9.10
Feb. 15—Petit Juror, D. O. Manning	9.10
Feb. 15—Petit Juror, F. M. Popwell	8.80
Feb. 15—Petit Juror, Stephen Pate	9.10
Feb. 15—Petit Juror, J. B. Moore	10.40
Feb. 15—Petit Juror, G. D. Retherford	8.10
Feb. 19—Petit Juror, Lee Smith	3.00
Feb. 19—Petit Juror, T. J. Henderson	3.40
Feb. 22—Petit Juror, T. J. Elam	10.00
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, F. A. Gibson	10.80
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, Fred Calloway	11.00
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, P. O. West	14.90
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, G. W. Fox	17.10
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, Robert Jones	10.20
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, W. H. Rasco	13.50
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, Coy Davis	12.80
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, Stanley Hayes	14.00
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, Clint Veazey	14.00
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, J. A. Ward	14.00
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, J. T. Nix	14.00
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, C. P. Jeffcoat	13.80
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, L. O. Dyer	14.00
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, Perry Gore	13.00
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, A. E. Wilkins	13.20
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, W. H. Friday	13.00
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, S. L. Broadhead	12.90
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, W. S. Adams	12.50
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, J. M. Culp	12.90
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, T. C. Cofer	13.70
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, D. D. DeLoach	12.90
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, J. N. Woolley	12.90
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, J. E. Gentry	13.60
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, W. T. Hand	13.10
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, J. A. Sims	13.10
Feb. 24—Petit Juror W. H. Foshee	13.85
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, J. L. Vines	12.70
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, W. W. Fox	10.00
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, E. B. Deason	10.00
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, J. H. Alred	10.00
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, C. R. Mullins	10.00
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, F. R. Woodyard	10.00
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, Jim Roberts	10.00
Feb. 24—Petit Juror, Jim Broadhead	10.00
Feb. 26—Petit Juror, B. E. Jones	4.00
Feb. 20—Returning officer, J.H. Grooms	3.10
Feb. 24—Bailiffs certificate, R. H. Bean	22.00
Feb. 24—Bailiffs certificate, J. L. Gore	22.00
Feb. 24—Bailiffs certificate, H. A. J. Harris	8.00
Feb. 19—Serving at election, B. E. Crawford	2.00
Feb. 21—Serving at election, H. B. G.reen	2.80
Feb. 19—Hauling lumber and repairing Stanton Bridge, J. H. Ramsey	29.00
Feb. 19—Carrying J. W. Lockhart to asylum, J. H. Ramsey	15.70
Mar. 3—Moving convicts, J. R. Popwell	5.00
Mar. 5—Stationery, Roberts & Son	224.01
Mar. 2—Solicitors salary, Victor J. Heard	25.00
Feb. 2—Petit Juror, T. S. Pyron	2.00
Feb. 26—Petit Juror, J. H. Gulledge	11.00
Mar. 3—Court reporter, Ledyard DeWees	11.00
Mar. 3—Court reporter, Pat McGandy	11.00
Mar. 7—Election certificate, C. A. Peterson	2.00
Mar. 10—Petit Juror, Judson Strock	11.00
Mar. 7—Serving road papers, H. A. Harris	45.00
Mar. 10—Clerk Jury Com., A. L. Williams	54.00
Mar. 10—Clerk Jury Com., A. L. Williams	75.00
Mar. 10—Clerks fees, M. D. Foshee	23.95
Mar. 10—Stationery, Clanton Press Co.	13.35
Mar. 10—Ex-officio fees, M. D. Foshee	100.00
Mar. 10—Warrant for Ed Duncan, W. H. Killingsworth	1.00
Mar. 10—Ex-officio fees, M. D. Foshee	100.00
Mar. 10—Service as jury com., W. R. Clements	30.00
Mar. 10—Ex-officio fees, M. D. Foshee	100.00
Mar. 10—Service as jury com., W. R. Clements	10.00
Mar. 10—Enforcing revenue law, H. A. Harris	25.00
Mar. 10—Attending probate court, H.A. Harris	6.00
Mar. 10—Revenue notices, H. A. Harris	25.00
Mar. 10—Road services 3rd and 4th quarter, H. A. Harris	45.00
Mar. 10—Ex-officio fees 4th quarter 1916, H. A. Harris	125.00
Ex-Officio services, H. A. Harris	125.00
Mar. 10—Ex-officio services 3rd quarter; election services, H. A. Harris	250.00
Mar. 10—Rttendance county court, H.A. Harris	20.00
Mar. 10—Services, B. D. Foshee	100.00
Mar. 10—Ex-officio fees 10-1-15 to 1-1-16, M. D. Foshee	100.00
Mar. 10—Ex-officio fees, last year, 1916, M. D. Foshee	100.00
Mar. 10—Jury Com., J. H. Mahan	30.00
Mar. 10—Cost in three cases ,H. A. Harris	63.50
Mar. 10—Ex-officio fees, H. A. Harris	125.00
Mar. 12—Road services 1st and 2nd quarters, H. A. Harris	45.00
Mar. 12—Ex-officio fees and serving subpoenas, H. A. Harris	125.00
Mar. 16—Making land book, J. N. Dennis	200.00
Mar. 16—Duty on Equalization Board, J. M. Grant	114.00
Mar. 16—Making Tax Abstract 1915, J.N. Dennis	125.00
Mar. 16—Duty on Equal. Board, J. M. Grant	66.00
Mar. 16—Duty on Equal. Board, J. M. Grant	90.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. M. Deason	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. H. Green	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, T. J. Headley	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, Clarence Hayes	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, Clarence C. Hayes	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, W. T. Mahan	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, L. A. McGraw	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. M. Langston	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, Allison Sims	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, N. P. Freeman	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, J. M. Glasscock	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, G. M. Gothard	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, W. G. DeShazo	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, C. P. Jones	2.00
Mar. 10—Eletcion services, C. R. Mullins	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, W. E. Broadhead	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, Ben Vines	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, L. F. Broadhead	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, J. W. Rachels	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, J. M. Broadhead	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, R. P. Busby	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, W. M. Aldridge	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, J. B. Wiggins	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, J. P. Bean	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services,S. H. Driver	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, S. G. Driver	2.00
Mar. 10—Electio services, J. M. Gore	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, E. W. Hunnicutt	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, Joe Littleton	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, D. C. Giles	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, S. E. Headley	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, J. D. Smith	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, G. S. Miner	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, R. J. Downs	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, J. G. Gillespie	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, J. D. Williams	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, E. B. Prickett	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, L. E. Diefenderfer	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, W. M. Benson	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, E. H. Adams	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, D. M. Apperson	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, W. A. Sanders	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, W.A. Milling	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, J. E. Mattison	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, W. M. Price	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, T. D. Parnell	2.00
Mar. 10—Elections ervices, B. O. Glover	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, W. Y. Nix	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, J. C. Jarrett	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, J. R. McAffee	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, C. C. Vinson	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, S. D. Deloach	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, Melton Moore	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, G. G. Gray	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, J. H. Moore	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, J. H. Owens	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, J. D. Harris	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, Chas. Cooper,	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, T. J. Gulledge	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, S. R. Hudson	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, W. A. Messer	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, J. W. Maddox	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, S. M. Adams	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, R. W. Heflin	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. J. Gentry	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, J. J. Headley	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, J. W. Patterson	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, T. J. Hubbard	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. Y. Keel	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, R. L. Johnson	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. N. Glasscock	2.00
Mar. 10—Election services, J. B. Wiggins	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. T. Davis	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, S. L. Arledge	2.00
Marfl. 10—Election service, W. H. Wells	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. S. Wright	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, H. C. Latham	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, R. E. Fitts	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, E. A. Norris	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, M. F. Lett	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. B. Cambell	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. C. Dennis	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, S. F. Champion	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. F. Deshazo	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, Z. J. Jones	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, D. H. Hodgens	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, L. G. Posey	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, Napoleon Posey	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. M. Price	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, P. M. Parker	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, Job Reynolds	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, D.W. Killingsworth	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. M. Rachels	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. G. Conway	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. P. Bean	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, M. J. Soberg	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, E. H. Adams	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. W. Rachels	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. R. Houlditch	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. T. Davis	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, D. P. Martin	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, Sam Driver	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, D. N. Robinson	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. M. Aldridge	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. J. Watson	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service,J. T. Rockett	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. B. Rockett	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. O. Perry	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, H. C. Latham	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, Walter Popwell	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. Y. Keel	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. H. Anderson	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. G. Culver	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. H. Gulledge	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, C. W. Scott	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, R. B. Armstrong	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. A. Ratliff	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. J. Ruddick	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, D. M. Apperson	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. H. Foshee	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. C. Dyer	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, C. T. Walker	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. H. Dobbs	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, Z. J. Jones	2.00
Mar. 10—Eelction service, R. E. Fitts	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, R. L. Johnson	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. A. Sanders	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, H. M. Busby	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, H. M. Busby	2.00
Mar. 10—Election srvice, D. P. Martin	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, G. W. Mahan	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, T. D. Whitsworth	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, Chas. Cooper	2.00
Mar. 10—Electio service, J. B. Hammond	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. W. Moore	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, B. G. Jones	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. A. M. Jacks	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, A. G. Dykes,	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. M. Mahan	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. H. Rayborn	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, G. C. Shaw	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. M. Langston	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, S. P. Shaw	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, C. B. Lenoir	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, H. A. Williams	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, Mc Broadhead	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. M. Grant	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, R. F. Atkinson	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, M. F. Lett	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, Melton Moore	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, C. C. Vinson	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. M. Cobb	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, B. O. Glover	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. O. Mizs	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, F. D. Parnell	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. P. Milling	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. E. Mattison	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, L. A. Calloway	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. C. Dennis	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, R. L. Johnson	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, R. P. Mills	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, H. L. Mims	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, R. F. Atkinson	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. P. Kykes	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. P. Dykes	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. N. Gentry	2.00
Mar. 10—Elections ervice, J. N. Gentry	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. A. Boockholdt	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, C. C. Vinson	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, H. H. Armstrong	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, John Deshazo	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. Y. Nix	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, A. F. Mims	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, E. C| Popwell	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. T. Huett	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. A. Kemp	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, Guy Higgins	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. M. Smith	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, F. R. Woodyard	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, A. H. Attoway	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, E. H. Foshee	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. T. Mahan	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, H. A. J. Harris	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, P. D. Wilson	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, H. A. Williams	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, N. A. Kicker	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, Reed Mullins	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, Ben Vines	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, D. O. Manning	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. F. Kincaid	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. S. Jones	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. S. Cox	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, T. F. Patterson	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. H. Gillispie	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. C. Culp	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, T. J .Bates	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, T. D. Parnell	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, T. L. Robinson	2.00
Mar. 10—Eelction service, J. D. Sims	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. B. Moore	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, T. G. Milling	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. T. Abbott	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. H. Harris	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, E. G. Caldwell	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. H. Hayes	2.00
Mar. 10—Electio service, B. G. Cooper	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. F. Andress	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, P. O. West	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. H. Ramsey	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. M. Price	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, John Rockett	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. C. Giles	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. B. Cambell	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, G. C. Michelson	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. G. Honeycutt	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, E. W. Honeycutt	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. T. Kemp	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, Sam Driver	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, C. A. Retherford	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, M. Gore	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, Pink Martin	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, Joe Littleton	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, D. F. Cherry	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. J. Gentry	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, Joe Littleton	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. F. Patterson	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, A. R. Adams	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, C. A. Retherford	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, Howard Roper	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, L. B. Pounds	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, Grady Culp	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, L. L. Courtney	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, S. L. Gray	2.00
Mar. 10—lEection service, P. O. West	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. B. Moore	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, T. J. Hubbard	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, E. B. Prickett	2.00
Mar. 10

Mar. 10—Election service, O. E. Davenport	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, Alford Davis	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. F. Johnson	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, A. L. Rabinson	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. Y. Keel	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. F. Pool	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, R. F. Atkinson	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. B. Strock	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. M. Claughton	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. P. Rushing	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, Madison Popwell	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. J. Hay	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. J. Ruddick,	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. O. Perry	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. B. Moore	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. G. Culp	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, A. E. Teel	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, N. A. Kicker	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, G. A. Keen	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, G. S. Jones	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, H. A. J. Harris	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, John Pool	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, H. T. Littlejohn	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. M. Walker	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, W. D. Nix	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, J. C. Culp	2.00
Mar. 10—Election service, G. S. Jones	2.00
Mar. 21—Election service, D. O. Manning	2.00
Mar. 21—Election service, T. L. Lecroy	2.00
Mar. 21—Election service, L. O. Vickers	2.00
Mar. 24—Underwoow Typewriter, L.H. DeWees	11.28
Mar. 24—Court reporter, L. H. DeWees	11.00
Mar. 23—Oil and gasoline, Standard Oil Co.,	202.32
Mar. 28—Attendance Chancery Court, H. A. Harris	2.00
Mar. 28—Removal fees, H. A. Harris	22.30
Mar. 28—Bring and keep Lowery in jail, H. A. Harris	4.60
Mar. 28—Taking Simon Vinson to Mt. Vernon, H. A. Harris	38.00
Mar. 1—County Treas., (Jan. 15 to Feb. 15), J. Bice	83.33
Mar. 16—County Treas., (Feb. 15 to Mar. 15), J. Bice	83.33
Mar. 29—Enumerating school children, J.E. McCullough	1.88
Apr. 2—Jury com., W. D. Spigener	40.00
Mar. 31—Reporter certificate, Pat McCauly	11.00
Apr. 4—Commissioners service, R. J. Williams	36.50
Apr. 4—Commissioners service, W. T. Herrod	19.00
Apr. 4—Commissioners service, A. P. Vinson	22.10
Apr. 4.—Commissioners service, S. E. Waldrup	27.90
Apr. 5—Keeping poor house, A. L. Golden	316.82
Apr. 6—Solicitors salary, Victor J. Heard	100.00
Apr. 6—Board for convicts, H. A. Harris	26.00
Ap. 7—Feeding convicts, H. A. Harris	13.75
Apr. 7—Feeding convicts, H. A. Harris	19.50
Apr. 7—Placing lights in Case, C. H., J. W. Woodyard	3.51
Apr. 7—Freight, H. A. Harris	.90
Apr. 7—Janitor service, J. T. Rich	32.00
Apr. 7—Janitor service, J. T. Rich	31.00
Apr. 7—Mdse for convicts, J. W. Littlejohn	4.40
Apr. 7—Work with convict crew, Hardy Hurtt	1 3.00
Apr. 7—Mdse for convicts, J. E. Evans	11.25
Apr. 7—Fixing furnace at court house, F. J. Longcrier	23.20
Apr. 10—Work at court house, J. B. Farley	6.50
Apr. 10—Hauling to court house, J.W. Franklin	2.55
Apr. 10—Work at court house, W. L. Popwell	11.00
Apr. 10—Work at court house, W. L. Popwell	2.10
Apr. 10—Board for convicts, Mrs. L. P. Best	2.50
Apr. 10—Mdse for convicts, Clanton Merc Co.	187.73
Apr. 10—Feeding and lodging Jury, Mrs. J. F. Palmer	52.00
Apr. 18—Postage, J. N. Dennis	26.07
Apr. 18—Returning officer, G. W. Cambell	3.70
Apr. 18—Returning officer, F. J. Patterson	3.00
Apr. 18—Returning officer, W. H. Strock	3.00
Apr. 18—Returning officer, W. H. Strock	3.00
Apr. 18—Returning officer, C. B.Huett	2.90
Apr. 18—Returning officer, W. H. Hayes	3.00
Apr. 18—Returning officer, W. L. House	3.20
Apr. 18—Returning officer, S. A .Blassingame	2.00
Apr. 18—Returning officer, J. C. Christian	2.00
Apr. 18—Returning officer, G. W. Shaw	3.20
Apr. 18—Returning officer, J. L. Easterling	2.80
Apr. 18—Returning officer, J. C. Edwards	3.20
Apr. 18—Returning officer, W. R. Dawson	3.60
Apr. 18—Returning officer, Jobe Reynolds	4.00
Apr. 18—Returning officer, B. L. Cobb	3.60
Apr. 18—Returning officer, J. H. Owens	2.90
Apr. 18—Returning officer, J. F. Rawlinson	4.00
Apr. 18—Returnoing officer, B. O. Glover	4.00
Apr. 18—Returning officer, J. R. Burks	4.20
Apr. 18—Returning officer, Jim Gay	4.60
Apr. 18—Returning officer, R. S. Chandler	3.70
Apr. 18—Returning officer, J. M. Broadhead	4.00
Apr. 20—Bailiffs certificate, J. L. Gore	6.00
Apr. 21—Returning officer, J. S. Dennis	2.80
Apr. 21—Stationery, Clanton Press	8.92
Apr. 24—Mdse for convicts, Wesley Williams	.95
Apr. 27—Reporter certificate, L. W. DeWees	11.00
Apr. 28—Election service, M. C. Childress	2.00
May 1—Solicitor's salary, Apr. 1917, Victor J. Heard	50.00
May 1—Mdse for convicts, J. E. Evans	28.00
May 1—Jail and poor house Physician, first quarter, 1917, S. E. Johnson	125.00
May 17—County Treasurer's salary, Mar. 15 to April 15, J. Bice	83.33
May 2—Pine for court house and jail, L. M. Taylor	25.50
May 2—Reporter's Certificate, Pat McGandy	11.00
May 16—Treasurer's salary, J. Bice	83.33
May 1—Coal for county, M. L. White	21.00
May 7—Stationery, Union Publishing Co.,	85.00
May 8—Mdse. for convicts, Murse Bros.	20.17
May 8—Election service, F. B. Rainwater	2.00
May 7—Juror's certificate, Walt Jones	1.05
May 7—Juror's certificate, H. B. Roper	.95
May 10—Juror's certificate, Jess Wood	1.05
May 10—Returning officer, H. T. Childress	2.80
May 10—Poll tax receipts, J. D. Collins	53.80
May 12—Juror's certificate, J. C. Alred	.95
May 12—Juror's certificate, J. P. Parrish	1.05
May 12—Juror's certificate, G. N. Foshee	.85
May 14—Juror's certificate, A. J. Culp	.95
May 15—Groceries for convicts, H. Owen	.60
May 15—Election service, M. C. Crumpton	2.00
May 19—Juror's certificate, J. W. Coggins	1.35
May 19—Juror's certificate, E. G. Mullins	1.35
May 19—Juror's certificate, Jess Montes	1.15
May 21—Juror's certificate, A. L. Williams	1.05
May 22—Court reporter, L. H. DeWees	14.17
May 23—Juror's certificate, E. V. Speer	3.30
May 28—Court reporter, L. H. DeWees	11.00
May 29—Court reporter, Pat McGandy	11.00
May 10—Election service, J. R. Busby	2.00
June 5—Election service, Will Brown	2.00
June 5—Election service, E. L. Manning	2.00
June 5—Election service, A. J. Penton	2.00
June 5—Election service, W. F. Claughton	2.00
June 5—Election service, W.G.J.Dorminey	2.00
June 5—Election service, R. L. Clark	2.00
June 5—Election service C. H. Robinson	2.00
June 5—Election service, J. H. Duncan	2.00
June 5—Election service, J. B. Gay	2.00
June 5—Election service, G. B. Reid	2.00
June 5—Election service, C. C. Williams	2.00
June 5—Election service, J. M. Langston	2.00
June 5—Election service, J. A. Skaggs	2.00
June 5—Election service, L. B. Powell	2.00
June 5—Election service, J. E. Moore	2.00
June 5—Election service, C. C. Vinson	2.00
June 5—Election service, T. F. Maddox	2.00
June 5—Election service, R. N. Wilkins	2.00
June 5—Election service, D. L. Foshee	2.00
June 5—Election service, C. L. Brown	2.00
June 5—Election service, C. H. Robinson	2.00
June 5—Election service, J. B. Wiggins	2.00
June 5—Election service, W. P. Hobson	2.00
June 5—Election service, J. R. McAffee	2.00
June 5—Refund tobacco license, C. L. Brown	.50
June 5—Election manager, P. J. Baxley	2.00
June 5—Election service, W. M. Price	2.00
June 5—Election service, S. P. Collins	2.00
June 5—Election service R. E. Jones	2.00
June 5—Election service J. G. Barrett	2.00
June 5—Electinn service, W. E. Broadhead	2.00
June 5—Election service, J. H. Anderson	2.00
June 5—Election service, W. R.Houlditch	2.00
June 5—Election service, J. M. Nix	2.00
June 5—Election service, Z. J. Jones	2.00
June 5—Election service, W. H. Robinson	2.00
June 5—Election service, T. D. Walker	2.00
June 5—Election service, W. A. Cooper	2.00
June 5—Election service, S. P. Collins	2.00
June 5—Election service, J. H. Benson	2.00
June 5—Election service, R. N. Wilkins	2.00
June 5—Janitor service, J. T. Rich	31.00
June 5—Janitor service, J. T. Rich	30.00
June 5—Pine for court house and jail, L. M. Taylor	12.00
June 5—Painting jail, W. L. Powell	23.25
June 5—Solicitor's service, V. J. Heard,	50.00
June 5—Commissioners service, A. P. Vinson	21.00
June 5—Commissioners service, S. E. Waldrup	27.95
June 5—Commissioners service, R. J. Williams	28.75
June 5—Commissioners service, W. T. Herrod	24.40
June 5—Election service,A.Baker	2.00
June 5—Juror's certificate, B. C. Traywick	1.15
June 5—Bailiff's certificate, J. L. Gore	6.00
June 16—Treasurer's salary for May annd June J. Bice	83.33
June 20—Juror's certificate, Z. A. Prim	1.05
June 5—Election service, E. Robinson, Jr.	2.00
June 5—Auto hire for equalization board, J. W. Gandy	8.00
June 5—Building chimney, J. H. Wright	10.00
June 5—Painting jail inscide, W. L. Powell	20.00
June 5—Election service, E. Robinson	2.00
June 27—Reporter certificate, L. H. DeWees	11.50
June 5—Lumber, Davis & Willis	6.32
June 5—Lumber, Pine Tree Lumber Co.,	10.67
Total	$12385.82

CASH RECEIVED—SPECIAL ROAD FUND.

J. Bice, County Treasurer, in account with Chilton County, Ala., to Cash Received, from Jan. 15, 1917, to June 30, 1917.

Jan. 20—Judge L. H. Reynolds, J. W. Littlejohn, Ex-Treasurer	$ 9281.76
Jan. 26—J. D. Collins, Road tax	606.00
Feb. 15—J. D. Collins, Special road tax	165.47
Feb. 2—J. D. Collins, special road tax	541.57
Mar. 2—J. D. Collins, special road tax	319.20
Mar. 16—J. D. Collins, special road tax	353.00
Apr. 2—J. D. Collins, special road tax	220.00
Apr. 14—J. D. Collins, special road tax	243.21
May 1—J. D. Collins, special road tax	88.16
May 15—J. D. Collins, special road tax	116.70
June 1—J. D. Collins, special road tax	41.34
June 5—Steiner Bros., for Bonds	123068.28
June 16—J. D. Collins, special road tax, 1916	146.55
Total received	$135191.82

CASH PAID—SPECIAL ROAD FUND.

By Cash paid out from January 15, 1917 to June 30, 1917.

Feb. 19—Road Coupon Interest, W.T.Taylor	$ 8.50
Feb. 19—Road coupon interest, W.T.Taylor	30.00

June $—Road work, R. W. Kendrick 4.50
June 5—Lumber, Pine Tree Lumber Co., 20.00
June 5—Lumber, Pine Tree Lumber Co., 20.72
June 5—Lumber, Pine Tree Lumber Co., 4.96
June 5—Lumber. Pine Tree Lumber Co., 76.74
June 5—Lumber, Pine Tree Lumber Co., 33.14
June 5—Lumber, Pine Tree Lumber Co., 38.50
June 5—Lumber, D. C. Littlefield 5.00
June 5—Bankment work, Carl Langville 1.45
June 5—Lumber, Pine Tree Lumber Co., 28.79
June 5—Lumber, Jones & Thompson 5.32
June 5—Lumber, Pine Tree Lumber Co., 212.98
June 5—Auto hire to Lock 12, Alvin Jones 4.50
June 5L—umber, Pine Tree Lumber Co., 14.54
June 5—Lumber, Pine Tree Lumber Co., 64.10
June 5—Lumber, Pine Tree Lumber Co., 22.94
June 5—Lumber, Pine Tree Lumber Co., 121.28
June 5—Lumber, Pine Tree Lumber Co., 160.20
June 5—Lumber, J. B. Moore 17.16
June 5—Expense road machine, E. B. Deason 28.58
June 5—Mdse. for road crew, J. J. Stanley 11.95
June 5—Culverts and interest, Butt Joint and Culvert Company 860.03
June 5—Lumber, Joe Langston 35.60
June 5—Engineering expenses, R. L. Kenan 80.67
June 5—Surveying, R. L. Kenan 184.67
June 5—Road work, W. H. Wynn 570.38
June 5—Mdse. for road crew, Murse Bros. 49.81
June 5—Bridge work, J. M. Parrish 20.25
June 5—Hauling, John Giles 22.09
June 5—Road work, J. M. Robinson 153.00
June 5—Pens, oil and cans, Alred Drug Co. 13.70
June 5—Lumber, W. L. Williams 11.00
June 5—Road work, J. F. Klinner 4.25
June 5—Road work, R. F. Deason 12.00
June 5—Hauling, Joe Franklin 3.50
June 5—Hauling, Joe Franklin 2.50
June 5—Road work, Oscar Cost 8.25
June 5—Road work, J. R. Popwell 36.00
June 5—Cooking ofr road crew, J.B. Gullahorn 24.16
June 5—Hauling to road camp, John Giles 3.00
June 5—Hauling to road camp, John Giles 2.50
June 5—Road work, John Giles 67.00
June 5—Mdse for convicts, J. D. Deason 1.50
June 5—Lumber, L. W. Brewer 18.93
June 5—Lumber, G. W. Wright 20.45
June 5—Lumber, S. N. Brewer 47.14
June 5—Bridge work, J. D. Smith 54.00
June 5—Bridge work, C. N. Eiland 2.00
June 5—Bridge work, W. M. O'Neal 36.00
June 5—Lumber, W. Y. Keel 3.22
June 5—Lumber, W. Z. Lee 47.07
June 5—Lumber, W. C. Robinson 319.15
June 5—Lumber, W. C. Robinson 615.35
June 5—Lumber, W. C. Robinson 25.00
June 5—Lumber, W. C. Robinson 53.60
June 5—Oil, Standard Oil Co. 172.20
June 5—Road work and lumber, W.C. Robinson 249.02
June 5—Repairing Bridge, Robinson Lbr. Co. 13.42
June 5—Bridge work, John M. Robinson 10.00
June 5—Lumber, J. H. Moore 56.13
June 5—Oil and gasoline, Standard Oil Co. 402.30
June 5—Oil, Standard Oil Co. 370.11
June 5—Oil and gasoline, Standard Oil Co. 93.60
June 5—Oil, Standard Oil Co. 418.17
June 5—Lumber, W. C. Robinson 16.20
June 5—Lumber, C. C. Williams 306.48
June 5—Road work, G. C. Kemp 48.50
June 5—Brodge work, G. C. Kemp 25.50
June 5—Right of way Ekblad, Moses Robinson 15.00
June 5—Bridge work, John Robinson 37.50
June 5—Road work, G. W. Messer 10.87
June 5—Road work, N. J. Merrell 20.12
June 5—Bridge work, E. H. Lowe 5.00
June 5—Brodge work, Vernon Shaw 29.99
June 5—Bridge work, S. K. Rasberry 4.75
June 5—Road work, P. M. Martin 50.58
June 5—Road crew, J. M. Robinson 68.78
June 5—Road work, J. T. Johnson 46.73
June 5—Road work, W. H. Dobbs 28.49
June 5—Road work, W. W. Robinson 43.42
June 5—Road work, Bill Murse 9.00
June 5—Oil, Standard Oil Co. 112.95
June 5—Oil, Standard Oil Co. 190.98
June 5—Lumber, Pine Tree Lumber Co. 1.94
June 5—Lumber, Pine Tree Lumber Co. 6.53
June 5—Lumber, W.L. & F. Popwell 24.00
June 5—Bridge work, W. H. Foshee 36.75
June 5—Bridge work, W. H. Foshee 20.00
June 5—Lumber, R. H. Bean 9.63
June 5—Culverts and Interest, Butt Joint and Culvert Co. 859.82
June 5—Enumerating road subjects, J. Sorrell 18.10
June 5—Culverts and intesert, Butt Joint and Culvert Co. 547.49
June 5—Culverts and interest, Butt Joint and Culvert Co 273.75
June 5—Building bridge, J. M. Robinson 40.00
June 5— Bridge work, John Robinson 43.95
June 5—Enumerating road subjects, W. P. Martin 8.00
June 5—Guarding convicts, J. R. Popwell 75.00
June 5—Work with convict crew, Albert Pyron 16.50
June 5—Guarding convicts, Sidney Phillips 4.50
June 5—Service road matters, Middleton & Reynolds 150.00
June 5—Lumber, T. A. Wright 63.67
June 5—Lumber, J. A. Mullins 39.73
June 5—Lumber, J. A. Mullins 63.95
June 5—Bridge repair, E. H. Foshee 10.00
June 5—Bridge work, J. M. Curlee 23.50
June 5—Road work, Will Cox 28.05
June 5—Lumber, R. Calloway 37.33
June 5—Bridge, W. A. Glass 4.00
June 5—Road work—Harry Mims 12.00
June 5—Lumber and nails, W. J. Davis 3.35
June 5—Road work, Enoch Plier 15.00
June 5—Moving road machine, L. Davenport 1.50
June 5—Road work, Ellis Mims 6.00
June ,—Gravel and repair Lock 12 road, D. C. Littlefield 13.00
June 5—Gravel, M. A. Gore 1.6.60
June 5—Mdse for convicts and public road, Clanton Hdwe. Co. 66.73
June 5—Mdse for convicts and bridge material, Clanton Hdwe. Co 227.20
June 5—Road and bridge material, Clanton Hdwe. Co. 196.31
June 5—Lumber for road and bridge, J. B. Williams 82.06
June 5—Hdwe. for road and bridge, Clanton Hardware Co. 394.50
June 5—Hdwe. for road and bridge, Clanton Hardware Co. 377.10
June 5—Hdwe. for road and bridge, Clanton Hardware Co. 67.10
June 5—Hdwe. for road and bridge, Clanton Hardawre Co. 381.15
June 5—Road work, J. R. Popwell 50.00
June 5—Road work, Elijah Jones 7.50
June 5—Road work, H. S. Watkins 50.00
June 5—Hardware, Clanton Hdwe Co. 331.97
June 5—Lumber, C. C. Williams 59.00
June 5—Mdse. and material, Clanton Hdw. Co. 859.50
June 5—Auto hire, Co. Engineer, T.M. Pyron 3.50
June 5—Lumber, H. S. Watkins 7.88
June 5—Gravel inspector, Robert Popwell 39.00
June 5—Engineering and expenses, R. L. Kenan 227.78
June 5—Engineering and expenses, R. L. Kenan 338.00
June 5—Engineering and expenses, R. L. Kenan 275.15
June 5—Engineering and expenses, R. L. Kenan 201.90
June 5—Engineering and expenses, R. L. Kenan 204.50
June 5—Engineering and expenses, R. L. Kenan 177.10
June 5—Engineering and expenses, R. L. Kenan 191.25
June 5—Road work, J. M. Robinson 18.50
June 5—Exp, for road crew, J. M. Robinson 18.50
June 5—Work, guard convicts, J.M. Robinson 42.00
June Road work, J. M. Robinson 4.50
June 5—Lumber, O. G. Cofer 10.10
June 5—Work Road Machine, T. E. Carleton 6.05
June 5—Enumerat road hands, G. W. Sansom 16.40
June 5—Board for convicts, J. T. Cooper 4.00
June 5—Mdse for road crew, Jack Robinson 12.00
June 5—Gravel inspector, J. R. Popwell 39.00
June 5—Engineering and expenses, R.L. Kenan 246.66
June 5—Road work, W. H. Dobbs 4.95
June 5—Lumber, J. M. Collins 12.58
June 5—Road expenses, J. M. Robinson 24.20
June 5—Road work, J. M. Beasley 7.42
June 5—1287 loads of gravel, Zack Lowery 64.35

June 5—Improvement Warrant, W. T. Taylor.. 500.00
June 5—Roadw ork, J. L. Connell 4.80
June 5—Building two bridges, J.S. Wililams 24.00
June 5—Road work, H. S. Watkins 9.35
June 5—Cook for road crew, Mrs. J.M. Beasley 23.10
June 5—Road work, Arch Dupriest 6.60
June 5—Engineering and expenses, R. L. Kenan 212.75
June 5—Gravel inspector, J. S. Williams 44.25
June 5—Gravel inspector, J. R. Popwell 41.10
June 5—Road work, N. J. Merrell 14.45
June 5— Road work, N. J. Merrell 13.60
June 5—Bridge work, H. S. Hicks 13.60
June 5—Gravel inspector, John Deshazo 22.50
June 5—Gravel inspector, J. W. Deshazo 66.00
June 5—Road work, H. S. Watkins 4.40
June 5—Gravel inspector, J. W. Deshazo 66.00
June 5—Salary, J. M. Robinson 99.00
June 5—Road work, P. M. Martin 61.98
June 5—Road work, W. W. Robinson 37.05
June 5—Road work, G. Honeycutt 6.50
June 5—Cooking for road crew, Irona Martin 33.00
June 5— Road work, Archie Dupriest 11.40
June 5—Road work, Jas. Johnson 34.36
June 5—Road work, Jessie Connell 28.18
June 5—Road work, H. S. Watkins 47.00
June 5—Road work, N. J. Merrell 36.56
June 5—Right of way, Mrs. Mary Tichenor 67.50
June 5—Mdse for road crew, J. M. Robinson 58.37
June 5—Road work, H. S. Watkins 18.45
June 5—Road work, Jessie Connell 15.11
June 5—Road work, Jess Johnson 18.50
June 5—Road work, W. W. Robinson 46.30
June 5—LIumber, C. C. Williams 249.40
June 5—Cooking for road crew, Irona Martin 33.00
June 5—Road work, P. M. Martin 30.00
June 5—Repairing bridge, W. G. Deshazo 16.00
June 5—Salary, J. M. Robinson 99.00
June 5—Engineering and expenses, R. L. Kenan 257.19
Jue 5—Bridge work, W. R. Deshazo 75.00
June 5—Road work, J. L. Connell 26.53
June 5—Road work, Jas. Johnson 30.10
June 5—Mdse for road crew, Sarah Murrah 21.21
June 5—Bridge work, J. S. Williams 14.00
June 5—Bridge work, C. S. Cleckler 28.00
June 5—Expense road crew, J. M. Robinson 35.88
June 5—Road work, J. M. Robinson 30.10
June 5—Road work, H. S. Watkins 38.95
June 5—Work, road machine, W.W. Robinson 18.15
June 5—Cook for road crew, Mrs. J.M. Beasley 33.00
June 5—Road work, Archie Dupriest 13.75
June 5—Camp expenses, J. M. Robinson 25.85
June 5—Bridge work, W. H. Dobbs 35.75
June 5—Lumber, M. O. D. O'Neal 75.03
June 5—Engineering and expenses, R. L. Kenan 247.70
June 5—Road work, N. J. Merrell 24.88
June 5—Gravel inspector, Robert Popwell 39.00
June 5—Road work, J. L. Johnson 12.07
June 5—Road work, J. M. Robinson 45.79
June 5—Gravel inspector, R. E. Williams 37.50
June 5—Steel bridge—Yellow Leaf, Converse Steel Bridge Co. 1188.00
June 5—Bridge work, R. J. Downs 19.12
June 5—Lumber, W. H. Killingsworth 11.80
June 5—Blacksmith work, T. E. Carleton 3.75
June 5—Road work, H. S. Watkins 50.00
June 5—Lumber, A. J. Culp 10.80
June 5—Bridge work, Gene Gore 4.75
June 5—Gravel inspector, T. E. Wright 12.00
June 5—Road work, General Hunnicutt 2.88
June 5—Road work, W. O. Durbin 7.00
June 5—Road work, E. P. Mims 1.50
June 5—Road work, Thomas Taylor 2.00
June 5—Lumber, J. W. Stanfield 12.24
June 5—Lumber, Joe Langston 7.05
June 5—Lumber, Joe Langston 8.64
June 5—Lumber, S. H. Driver 13.26
June 5—Lumber, James Knight 4.66
June 5—Lumber, W. T. Franklin 3.60
June 5—Lumber, Davis & Willis 12.77
June 5—Lumber, G. W. Mahan 21.60
June 5—Lumber, R. M. Thomas 43.37
June 5—Lumber, James Harrell 3.69
June 5—Lumber, E. N. Mathis 23.76
June 5—Lumber, J. H. Hayes 3.40
June 5—Lumber, G. O. Kemp 37.55
June 5—Lumber, J. M. Smith 3.36
June 5—Gravel inspector, W. J. Watson 12.75
June 5—Gravel inspector, W. J. Watson 7.15
June 5—Gravel inspector, Jim Dunlap 4.50
June 5—Road work, W. R. Robinson 10.25
June 5—Lumber, C. W. Williams 258.40
June 5—Fixing blades, R. L. Murphy 2.25
June 5—Gravel inspector, Robert Popwell 36.00
June 5—Road work, William Rhodes 18.00
June 5—Road work, W. W. Robinson 18.15
June5—Road work, Archie Dupriest 6.58
June 5—Road work, J. M. Beasley 16.90
June 5—Cook for road crew, Mrs. J.M. Beasley 22.00
June 5—Road work, Monroe Benson 6.18
June 5—Road work, J. T. Johnson 20.90
June 5—Mdse for road crep, J. N. Hubbard 18.08
June 5—Lumber, Ralph Calloway 26.82
June 5—Lumber and blacksmith work, A. P. Robinson 54.25
June 5—Road work, W. W. Robinson 17.60
June 5—Road work, J. L. Connell 6.18
June 5—Road work, B. G. Jones 75.50
June 5—Lumber, C. C. Williams 102.00
June 5—Salary road crew, J. M. Robinson 99.00
June 5—Lumber, T. A. Wright 27.92
June 5— Lumber, T. A. Wright 31.95
June 5—Paint, Southern Cotton Oil Co. 243.01
June 5—Bridge work, R. E. Fitts 131.35
June 5—Building bridge, G. H. Carter 4.00
June 5—Bridge work, Jim Martin 10.67
June 5—Fixing bridge, J. T. Nix 7.25
June 5—Repairing bridge, Brug Mills 5.00
June 5—Work on bridge, L. P. Mills 10.00
June 5—Bridge work, C. R. Moates 10.00
June 5—Bridge material, R. E. Fitts 11.50
June 5—Repairing bridge, D. S. Robinson 8.70
June 5—Bridge work, T. A. Maddox 35.00
June 5—Bridge work, Farley Bros. 37.50
June 5—Bridge work, L. L. Cofer 15.00
June 5—Bridge work, Wiley Atchison 4.50
June 5—Bridge work, Richord Wilson 25.00
June 5—Bridge work, W. H. Wilson 5.00
June 5—Bridge work, John Cleckler 4.00
June 5—Bridge work, W. C. Williams 35.50
June 5—Bridge work, Jim Williams 9.00
June 5—Bridge work, Alpheus Williams 9.00
June 5—Bridge work, Huckabee Bros. 3.00
June 5—Bridge work, Phillip Barman 3.75
June 5—Bridge work, M. Gore 5.00
June 5—Brodge work, R. H. Osteen 3.75
June 5—Bridge work, B. C. Glass 12.82
Pune 5—Bridge work, L. A. Gore 120.38
June 5—Gridge work, J. C. Veazey 3.50
June 5—Bridge work, Posey Robinson 5.67
June 5—Building bridge, J. M. Nix 60.50
June 5—Auto hire engineer, T. M. Pyron 1.650
June 5—Moving house, Farley Bros. 27.25
June 5—Mdse. J. L. Patterson 1.00
June 5—Filling well, John Goles 1.50
June 5—Cooking for convicts, G. W. Ratliff 27.00
June 5—Hauling, John Giles 12.00
June 5—Board for road men, John Collins 2.25
June 5—Moving machine, J. P. Franklin 3.00
June 5—Hauling, T. C. Abbott 10.00
June 5—Blacksmith work, T. E. Carleton 4.55
June 5—Shop wark, Duke & Carleton 6.30
June 5—Blacksmith work, Duke & Carleton 7.95
June 5—Blacksmith work, G. W. Duke 3.75
June 5—Blacksmith work, TE.. Carleton 2.10
June 5—Blacksmith work, T. E. Carleton 5.85
June 5—Blacksmith work, T. E. Carleton 3.50
June 5—Blocksmith work, T. E. Carleton 1.80
June 5—Blacksmith work, T. E. Carleton 5.40
June 5—Right of way, H. J. Brand 2.00
June 5—Engineering and expenses, R. L. Kenan 59.72
June 5—Work and lumber, W. M. Martin 10.45
June 5—Gravel inspector, N. L. Broadhead 9.75
June 5—Enumerating hands, W. T. Stephens 8.70
June 5—Enumerating hands, J. T. Anderson 23.10
June 5—Enumerating hands, W. M. Benson 19.50
June 5—Enumerating hands, L. M. Taylor 60.60
June 5—Mdse., A. R. Cooper 33.40
June 5—Lumber, Cleckler & Robinson 18.61
June 5—Lumber, C. L. Hayes 21.41
June 5— Bridge work, G. C. Kemp 3.75

June 5—Bridge work, L. E. Smith 3.50
June 5—Moving fence, J. W. Foshee 15.00
June 5—Lumber, Walter Popwell 26.56
June 5—Road work, Sam Martin 7.00
June 5—Bridge work, Lee Sorrell 4.00
June 5—Building bridge, R. F. Atkinson 2.00
June 5—Road work, J. C. Deshazo 18.00
June 5—Blacksmith work, T. E. Carleton 12.55
June 5—Lumber, C. C. Williams 111.00
June 5—Lumber, L. W. Thompson 2.00
June 5—Greens for convicts, John McDaniel 93.00
June 5—Cement, J. G. Gray 20.63
June 5—Lumber, C. L. Hayes 3.60
June 5—Road work, T. J. Baker 8.00
June 5—Bridge work, E. J. Davidson 10.00
June 5—Board convicts, Mrs. Varden 3.00
June 5—Board road crew, Mrs. Varden 4.00
June 5—Building bridge, W. H. Popwell 9.00
June 5—Road work, W. J. Lambert 36.00
June 5—Lumber and road work, G.W. Mims 54.08
June 5—Lumber and road work, J. D. Sims 40.00
June 5—Lumber for road work, E. B. Popwell 3.75
June 5—Road work, C. A. Williamson 4.00
June 5—Road work, Arthur Cox 9.00
June 5—Road work, L. M. Taylor 14.00
June 5—Road work, Perry Mims 21.00
June 5—Road work, Mack Robinson 10.57
June 5—Road work, M. Gore 10.57
June 5—Road work, Mack Robinson 1.25
June 5—Road work, Tobe Posey 6.65
June 5—Road work, R. J. Downs 6.00
June 5—Road work, Warren Mims 21.00
June 5—Road work, T. M. Taylor 19.00
June 5—Road work, Monroe Benson 18.13
June 5—Road work, W. T. White 38.86
June 5—Road work, D. P. Martin 3.75
June 5—Road work, T. L. Martin 3.75
June 5—Road work, H. S. Watkins 36.00
June 5—Road work, J. M. Gore 12.82
June 5—Road work, J. B. Bussey 2.00
June 5—Road work, W. H. Wilson 12.00
June 5—Road work, J. M. Culp 2.00
June 5—Mdse., W. C. Dyer 11.97
June 5—Repairing bridge, Dave Wilson 7.50
June 5—Gravel, J. W. Varden 89.30
June 5—Damage to crop, H. N. Beasley 17.50
June 5—Damage to crop, W. J. Downs 8.00
June 5—Bridge work, Dave Wilson 5.60
June 5—Gravel, J. E. Littlejohn 93.60
June 5—Road work, W. R. Robinson 7.50
June 5—Road work, Mitchell Popwell 21.00
June 5—Road work, Jim Mims 6.00
June 5—Road work, H. S. Watkins 4.40
June 5—Bridge work, J. S. Castleberry 8.00
June 5—Road work, W. E. Ni 2.00
June 5—Road work, G. W. Murrah 24.80
June 5—Road work, N. J. Merrell 7.00
June 5—Road work, Mrs. J. M. Beasley 16.50
June 5—Building bridge, W. A. Moore 13.30
June 5—Road work, J. M. Beasley 13.20
June 5—Fixing bridge, J. N. Sims 7.55
June 5—Road work, Lawrence Robinson 2.47
June 5—Road work, J. M. Gore 2.50
June 5—Lumber, building bridge, D.F. Jones 118.65
June 5—Enumerating road hands, W. D. Nix 14.50
June 5—Road work, J. D. Ousley 5.00
June 5—Lumber, C. W. Dawson 18.97
June 5—Lumber, J. B. Williams 15.86
June 5—Bridge work, W. C. McGraw 5.00
June 5—Lumber, J. B. Williams 22.60
June 5—Road work, J. B. Williams 12.68
June 5—Road work, George Askins 3.00
June 5—Road work, W. D. Mankins 9.00
June 5—Road crew expenses, Irona Martin 44.00
June 5—Lumber, R. J. Williams 35.39
June 5—Road work, J. F. Bearden 21.50
June 5—Lumber, James Knight 8.95
June 5—Oil, etc., G. T. Mafford Oil Co., 73.63
June 5—Lumber, J. B. Moore 31.72
June 5—Freight on road machine, E. B. Deason 8.85
June 5—Road work, W. H. Wynn 555.87
June 5—Road work, W. H. Wynn 787.09
June 5—Road work, W. H. Wynn 1000.00
June 5—Road work, W. H. Wynn 250.00
June 5—Lumber, W. C. Dyer 100.00
June 5—Mdse., A. R. Cooper 30.00
June 5—Improvement Warrant, W. T. Taylor.. 500.00
June 5—Improvement Warrant, W. T. Taylor.. 500.00
June 5—Improvement Warrant, W. H. Wynn.... 500.00
June 5—Improvement Warrant, W. T. Taylor.. 500.00
June 5—Improvement Warrant, W. H. Wynn.... 500.00
June 5—Improvement Warrant, W. H. Wynn.... 500.00
June 5—Improvement Warrant, W. H. Wynn.... 500.00
June 5—Improvement Warrant, W. T. Taylor.. 500.00
June 5—Improvement Warrant, W. T. Taylor.. 500.00
June 5—Improvement Warrant, W. T. Taylor..

SHE FEELS LIKE WRITING A BOOK

Would Publish Broadcast the Good Tanlac Did, So Others Could Know About It.

GAINED FIFTEEN POUNDS

"I Wouldn't Take All the Money in Memphis for the Good Tanlac Has Done Me," Says Mrs. Bond.

"If the people in this city realized what Tanlac did for me, you'd sell ten thousand bottles here tomorrow," said Mrs. Mattie C. Bond, 510 Mosby street, Memphis, Tenn., recently.

"I suffered ten years," she continued, "and was just about as near a physical wreck as a person could be. I had trouble with my kidneys and stomach and got to where I had to live on the very lightest food and could eat very little of that. The pains in my stomach were awful. I was extremely nervous and couldn't sleep and was seldom free from headaches. I felt tired all the time and was easily irritated and worried. I lost a great deal of weight and finally got so weak and rundown I could hardly drag myself around. My color was bad too, and I was finally told I would have to go to the hospital and be operated on. All the medicine I had taken seemed to make me worse instead of better.

"I have actually gained fifteen pounds on Tanlac and I feel like a new woman in every way. I can just eat anything I want and everything agrees with me perfectly. Honestly I wouldn't take all the money in Memphis for the good Tanlac did me. I have no more pains about my back or stomach and am not nervous like I was and I sleep fine every night. I don't know what it is to have a headache now and all the tired, bad feelings have left me and have taken with them that dread of an operation. Tanlac has done me so much good I can hardly keep back the tears of gratitude, and I feel like writing a book on Tanlac and sending it broadcast, where it will reach those who suffer like I did, so they will know about this wonderful medicine."

There is a Tanlac dealer in your town.—Adv.

The Hearing.

By far the biggest part of the hearing we do is done with our ears. We hear at eve the thrush with our ears and the milkman in the morning. Then there is the other sort of hearing that we do quite a bit, and could do just as well without ears.

"I hear the Jonses haven't spoken to each other for a week!" Lots of hearing of this sort is done. The way people like to hear! We hear this and we hear that. The amount of real hearing that was done in the first place would have left the Jonses' reputation in fairly good order.

An enterprising real estate dealer, in addition to the view or the healthfulness of a community, might advertise the hearing. Next to being heard people like to hear.—Exchange.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

Natural Fighter.

"Do you think your boy would be safer at home than in the army?"

"Not a bit. Every time there is a ball game in the neighborhood they make him the umpire."

Anticipating It.

"Flubdub, I'd like to give you a little friendly advice."

"All right. Which of my habits is it you object to, old top?"

Dr. B. F. Jackson, Celebrated Physician, handed down to posterity his famous prescription for female troubles. Now sold under the name of "Femenina." Price 50c and $1.00.—Adv.

Good Cause.

"They wouldn't let our Denny enlist because he had false teeth."

"Then no wonder the poor boy looks so down in the mouth."

Working Both Ways.

"It is the early bird that catches the worm."

"So does the early fish."

If you suspect that your child has Worms, a single dose of Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" will settle the question. Its action upon the Stomach and Bowels is beneficial in either case. No second dose or after purgative necessary. Adv.

When a country girl returns from college she has geen known to shy at the very old cow she used to milk.

Weak, Fainty Heart, and Hysterics can be rectified by taking "Renovine" a heart and nerve tonic. Price 50c and $1. Adv

Half a parasol is better than no umbrella in a shower.

After the Movies Murine is for Tired Eyes. Red Eyes—Sore Eyes—Granulated Eyelids. Rests—Refreshes—Restores. Murine is a Favorite Treatment for Eyes that feel dry and smart. Give your Eyes as much of your loving care as your Teeth and with the same regularity. CARE FOR THEM. YOU CANNOT BUY NEW EYES! Sold at Drug and Optical Stores or by Mail. Ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, for Free Book

FOR BETTER ROADS

HARD ROADS ARE NECESSARY

Big Essential in Using Trucks for Transportation of Farm Products to City Markets.

The farm truck is destined to play an important part in the marketing of farm produce, but in the meantime much attention must be paid to the roadways over which they are to be operated, in the opinion of W. H. Sanders, instructor in farm motors in the Kansas State Agricultural college.

"To use a truck to advantage hard roads are necessary," said Mr. Sanders. "Trucks have been used with marked success for a number of years on paved streets. Although they were used to transport food and water to the United States troops during the recent occupation of Mexico, the war department soon decided that hard roads were a requirement in operating trucks to the best advantage.

"Use of a truck on the farm saves time and reduces the number of men required to do the farm hauling. When a truck is operated on the farm greater care will be used in laying out the fields so as to give a more efficient use of power expended. Time will be saved, because less time will be spent on the road between town and the farm. The number of farm hands will also be reduced."

PERMANENT ROADS IN FAVOR

Money Spent for Location, Grading and Drainage of Roads Is Useful Expenditure.

Investing money in the proper location, grading and drainage of roads is about the most permanently useful expenditure of public funds that can be made. Usually courthouses are considered typical of such an investment, but a well-located road is serviceable for a far longer period. The courthouse is outgrown at the end of a quarter century; if it continues in



Road of Bituminous Macadam.

use longer it must be remodeled and the public officials in it clamor for better quarters. But a road laid out on proper lines and grades serves the public forever, and on that account its location should be made by a competent engineer. Furthermore, even the local roads should be laid out with the same care, so that as the country develops they will improve with it and not require expensive purchases for new rights-of-way. Foresight in such matters will have valuable results within a comparatively few years in a country growing as fast as the United States.

FIRST ROAD UNDER U. S. AID

Will Be Located in Apache National Forest, Arizona—Several Advantages of Highway.

The first national forest road to be constructed under the federal aid act will be located in the Apache National forest, Arizona, a survey for which has been authorized by Secretary Houston. The proposed road will be 71 miles in length and cost about $342,500, to be borne equally by the federal government and the local community. Among the advantages of the highway will be the opening up of enormous industrial resources and a magnificent recreation area for tourist travel.

Influence of Automobile.

The influence of the automobile upon road improvement is constant and omnipresent. It reaches the remotest rural regions and tends to convert bad roads into good and good roads into better.

Cost Is $800 a Mile.

The average cost for repair and maintenance of 7,300 miles of highway in Connecticut, Massachusetts, New York, New Jersey and Rhode Island for the year 1912 was about $800 a mile.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of the Sunday School Course in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)

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LESSON FOR JULY 22

SENNACHERIB IN DAYS OF JUDAH.

LESSON TEXT—II Kings 19:20-22, 28-37.

GOLDEN TEXT—God is our refuge and strength, a very present help in trouble.—Psa. 46:1.

Last week's lesson was a great picture of the reform of the nation. Today we have another picture which needs to be carefully put before the children. It is a national picture of a ruler and the invasion of his country. In reality it reveals the principles which are the same today, and which affect the lives of boys and girls as well as men; the dangers, temptations, the need of prayer, the need of a life of faith in God, the care of a heavenly father, deliverance and victory. It is a great thing for any nation or any individual to have such a marvelous experience of God's salvation. It occurred probably B. C. 701, the latter part of Hezekiah's reign. Assyria on the north was enlarging its borders and seeking to overcome Judea. Read parallel accounts in II Kings 18; II Chron. 32 and Isa. 36:37. We have on the Taylor cylinder an account by Sennacherib of the victory over Hezekiah, found in Nineveh in 1830 and now in the British museum.

I. The Situation. When the great Sargon died at Nineveh, the Syrian governments sought to assert their independence. It was a good time for Hezekiah also to assert his independence. Accordingly they refused to pay the customary tribute to Assyria. For a time Sennacherib was too busy attending to other portions of the empire to pay much attention to the city of Jerusalem. Later, however, he subdued the cities on the coast and threatened Egypt itself.

II. The Supplication (vv. 20-22). God does things because we pray. There was more power in Hezekiah's prayer than there was in his army. Through his prayers he laid 185,000 of his enemies in the grave. Hezekiah's God saved his people out of the hand of Sennacherib (v. 19), God did it. One great reason why he heard Hezekiah's prayer was because it was for God's own glory that Hezekiah asked (v. 19). One great reason why so many of our prayers are not answered is because they are selfish—seeking our own gratification and not God's honor (James 4:3 R. V.). Rending his clothes and putting on sackcloth, Hezekiah went to the house of God while his messengers sought out the prophet Isaiah. From II Chron. 32:20 we find that Isaiah joined with Hezekiah in his earnest prayer (Matt. 18:19, 20), thus the king and prophet worked as well as prayed. They showed their faith by their work (James 2:17, 18). At the same time they waited upon God for an answer, not because God was unwilling to bestow good things, or must be importuned, but that his gifts may bring the greater benefit. He sometimes delays his answer, thereby fitting us to receive them because of the intensity of our desire and to appreciate the things he has to bestow. God is as ready to say to us as to Hezekiah, "Thy prayer is heard," if we will not meet the conditions of prevailing prayer (I John 3:22; I John 5:14; Rom. 8:26,27).

III. God's Glorious Deliverance (vv. 23-37). God permitted the Assyrians to attack and they thus imagined they were having their own will and could do as they pleased, but when his "rod" had done its work, they found the difference. The God against whom they raved guided them as with a "bridle" and turned them back to Assyria. Sennacherib considered himself more than a match for God (Ch. 18:23-25) but had to return like a conquered beast of burden with God's "hook" in his nose and bridle on his lips. God allows the enemies of his people to go a certain length in order that his people may be humbled and seek him. Then he puts forth his hand and says, "This far and no further." Jehovah gives us the same promise he gave Hezekiah, "I will defend this city." Is not the city of Jerusalem that God defends more safe than a city defended by an army? (Psa. 46:5, 6; 27:1). God had promised David that his kingdom should not perish, for in it lay the hope of the world and his plans for the redemption of mankind. Not because of the people did God defend the city, but because of his oath. This is a most dramatic picture, the mysterious destruction of the Assyrian army (vv. 35, 36). The Lord sent his angel, literally his "messenger," who applied his own plan for the accomplishment of his purpose.

There is a sort of a grim irony in the ending of Sennacherib's career. He who had so defiantly asked, "Who are they among all the gods of the country that have delivered their country out of mine hand," is led back to the house of his own god whom he imagines to be so potent to worship and in that very presence is slain by the hands of one of his own sons. The importance of this event is shown by the fact that it is referred to in three books of the Bible and probably referred to another, occupying seven or eight chapters, besides being recorded on the great cylinder to which reference is made.

WHAT CAN WE DO?



After an auxiliary of the Red Cross has secured a permanent place of meeting and has equipped it as a workroom, the next thing to do is to determine just what kind of work the auxiliary will undertake to do. If it is decided to make surgical dressings and hospital supplies, it must be remembered that these include many different things which must be made according to very definite specifications and up to certain set standards. Most hospital and surgical supplies are the product of needlework and the sewing machine. They include pajamas, bathrobes, sheets, pillow cases, different sorts of bandages, compresses, gauze rolls, wipes or sponges, and gauze drains.

The auxiliary should organize a class in the preparation of surgical dressings and employ a qualified instructor to teach the correct methods for making all surgical dressing. Members of the class, having taken the course, will be in position to instruct others and supervise the work of volunteers.

A portion of the money received for membership fees may be used for paying for the services of an instructor. In many communities women in sufficiently good circumstances have taken the course at their own expense, and afterward donated their services, instructing classes in the work of making surgical dressings. Upon completion of the course a certificate is issued to those who pass the examination qualifying them to become instructors, and a card certifying to this is issued by the bureau of nursing service. The bureau furnishes also a circular of information concerning the conduct of classes and their examination. Further and full information concerning the course in the preparation of surgical dressings and the formation of classes will be furnished upon application by addressing

Bureau of Nursing Service,
American Red Cross,
Washington, D. C.

A good many weeks before they will be needed, simple dresses for school wear next fall, make their appearance. Those for the younger girls, just presented, are very plain and present about the minimum in the word of making. But they are smartly cut, and have a few new and noteworthy points in their make-up.

One of these early models for fall is pictured here, and it is suited to any of the familiar wool materials, or to heavy cottons. It is cut in one piece, with two single box plaits at the back and at the front. A short sash of the material of the dress is fastened at each side under one of the front plaits, brought to the back and looped over. The sleeves are long, and large at the top, and the skirt is cut with an outward flare. It is somewhat longer than knee length, and without trimming of any kind. The dress buttons at the front and has a short "V" shaped opening at the throat. It is shown with a white pique collar, as plain as the dress, but collars of thinner materials, like organdie or dimity, finished with very narrow crocheted edging, might be substituted for pique. In the interest of preparedness a variety of easily handled collars for the schoolgirl are to be furnished with a few substantial dresses; for fresh and pretty collars contribute daintiness and something of variety to the schoolgirl's dress.

Now that everyone is asked to help to conserve wool, it is not out of place to suggest that wool dresses that have been discarded by grown-up members of the family should be handed down to the younger girls and remodeled into schooldresses and frocks for everyday wear. Even though there is no need to economize, so far as the family is concerned, it is patriotic to make use of discarded woolen dresses in some way. If they are not needed at home, no one will have to go far to find a place where they can be used to the best advantage. Some women hoard clothes and other belongings which they cannot use, rather than to give them away. This is always stupid, but just now it is considerably worse than stupid.

Julia Bottomley



SIMPLE DRESSES FOR SCHOOL WEAR.

Reducing Waistline.

While these are the days of the Venus de Milo waists, still there are some women with waists that need reducing. A good exercise for the purpose is as follows: Placing the hands on the hips, bend the trunk forward and stretch the arms down until the fingertips touch the floor. Exhale as you bend down and inhale as you straighten up. Repeat this exercise four or five times daily.

Wide Belts of Ribbon.

Wide ribbons can hardly be too wide, indeed wide enough to form the belt, which reaches from the waist to bust and goes under the arms. Vivid greens and pinks and reds often assert themselves somewhere in a young girl's toilette. Such ribbons also border skirts.

A Pinked Sport Hat.

Worn with a suit of beige jersey was a smart little sports cloche made entirely of row after row of pinked white broadcloth with navy silk showing through the pinked edge. A tiny blue silk bow finished the crown front.

A Touch of Color.

Wash blouses showing trimming contrast often give the home dressmaker ideas for color combinations that lift a blouse out of the ordinary. An expensive blouse seen recently was a sky-blue handkerchief linen. All the seams were hemstitched. Its decoration was a frill about 4 inches wide of white down the front, a sailor collar and turned-back flaring cuffs of white organdie. The collar had two rows of narrow lace, one on the edge, one a half-inch inside. The front frill was run into horizontal short tucks from the point of the collar to the belt, and the edges left free formed little ruffles edged with a bordering of valenciennes lace the same width as the collar. The cuffs had two rows of creamy val spaced like the collar.

A Student of Publicity.

"There is a time and a place for everything."

"Yes," answered Senator Sorghum sadly; "and it's rather unfortunate that one of the most reliable ways to attain publicity is to say something at the wrong time in the wrong place."

Lemons Beautify! Make Quarter Pint of Lotion, Cheap

Here is told how to prepare an inexpensive lemon lotion which can be used to bring back to any skin the sweet freshness, softness, whiteness and beauty.

The juice of two fresh lemons strained into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white makes a whole quarter pint of the most remarkable lemon skin beautifier at about the cost one must pay for a small jar of the ordinary cold creams. Care should be taken to strain the lemon juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan, and is the ideal skin softener, smoothener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any pharmacy and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands, and see for yourself. Adv.

Run to Earth.

Sherlock Holmes—Quick, Watson, quick! There's the missing millionaire!

Doctor Watson—His clothes—

Sherlock Holmes—Never mind his clothes, man! He began with eggs—and he's eating his third potato!—Judge.

WHY HAVE CHILLS AND FEVER? "Plantation" Chill Tonic is guaranteed and will do the work in a week. Your money cheerfully refunded by dealers if it fails after giving it a proper trial. Price 50c.—Adv.

Just Talk.

"The Huns," said a government official at luncheon, "talk big about a war indemnity and annexation, but they don't mean what they say. They just hope by their big talk in the beginning to make a better bargain in the end.

"The Huns are like the chap who entered the banker's office and said:

"'Pardon me, but are you carrying sufficient life insurance to satisfy your conscience?'

"'I am,' said the banker, shortly.

"'Could I interest you, then, sir, in a player piano with electrical attachment at a thousand dollars?'

"'You could not.'

"'What about a gold-mounted talking machine in satinwood case, reduced to seven hundred and fifty dollars?'

"'Nothing doing.'

"'I wonder, sir, if an unexpurgated set of E. P. Roe, full levant morocco, blind tooled, going at five hundred dollars, dirt cheap, would appeal to you?'

"'No, it wouldn't.'

"'Want to buy a filing cabinet, sir?'

"'No.'

"'Ahem. Then what would you say to this five-cent stick of shaving soap—a nickel stick of shaving soap, just to get rid of me? Anything doing, sir?'

"'My goodness, yes! Here! Take this.'

"'Thank you, sir, and good day.'"

Kind to Father.

Little miss, three years old, very observing, called on her grandaunt the other day. "Come again," said grandaunt in farewell.

Father next morning said: "Good-by, Little Miss."

"Good-by. Come again," she replied in polite tones.

Not Flattering.

He—I love you better than my life.

She—Considering the life you lead, I am not surprised.

Instant Postum

A table drink that has taken the place of coffee in thousands of American homes.

"There's a Reason"



Delightful flavor
Rich aroma
Healthful
Economical

Sold by grocers everywhere.

MRS. KIESO SICK SEVEN MONTHS

Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Aurora, Ill.—"For seven long months I suffered from a female trouble, with severe pains in my back and sides until I became so weak I could hardly walk from chair to chair, and got so nervous I would jump at the slightest noise. I was entirely unfit to do my housework, I was giving up hope of ever being well, when my sister asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took six bottles and today I am a healthy woman able to do my own housework. I wish every suffering woman would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and find out for themselves how good it is."—Mrs. CARL A. KIESO, 596 North Ave., Aurora, Ill.



The great number of unsolicited testimonials on file at the Pinkham Laboratory, many of which are from time to time published by permission, are proof of the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, in the treatment of female ills.

Every ailing woman in the United States is cordially invited to write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass., for special advice. It is free, will bring you health and may save your life.



ABSORBINE STOPS LAMENESS from a Bone Spavin, Ring Bone, Splint, Curb, Side Bone, or similar trouble and gets horse going sound. It acts mildly but quickly and good results are lasting. Does not blister or remove the hair and horse can be worked. Page 17 in pamphlet with each bottle tells how. $2.00 a bottle delivered. Horse Book 9 M free. ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Painful Swellings, Enlarged Glands, Wens, Bruises, Varicose Veins; heals Sores. Allays Pain. Will tell you more if you write. $1 and $2 a bottle at dealers or delivered. Liberal trial bottle for 10c stamps. W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

GREEN MOUNTAIN ASTHMA TREATMENT

This treatment is the result of many years of study and experience in the special treatment of diseases of the lungs and throat by the late Dr. J. H. Guild, graduate of New York Medical College and New York Chemical Laboratory, a practitioner in Bellevue and New York Charity Hospitals, and an eminent physician. 25c and $1.00 at druggists. Free Sample and practical treatise on Asthma, its causes, treatment, etc. Sent on request. J. H. Guild Co., Rupert, Vt.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and $1.00 at all Drug Stores.

Kill All Flies! THEY SPREAD DISEASE

Placed anywhere, Daisy Fly Killer attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, and cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Ask for



Daisy Fly Killer

Sold by dealers, or 6 sent by express, prepaid, $1.00.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DE KALB AVE., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

The Secret

A book for men and women who THINK, who believe in ideals and humanity. Price $1.00 postpaid. If this book fails to interest you, return it and your money will be cheerfully refunded. Th. Arrow, 66 Pinehurst Ave., New York

WANTED Men and women everywhere for pleasant home work. Whole or part time. No canvassing, capital or experience required. Write for full particulars immediately. Oliver Gandy, Crisfield, Md.

V. N. U., Birmingham, No. 29--1917.

SOME STRANGE INDIAN NAMES

That Red Man's Cognomens Retain Picturesqueness Is Shown by Those Figuring in Recent Land Sale.

That Indian names still possess their early strength and picturesqueness is shown by the names that figured prominently in the recent sale of Indian lands in the Standing Rock reservation in North and South Dakota.

An inspection of the list reveals such names as Kate Good Crow, whose nearest neighbor is Barney Two Bears, Mary Yellow Fat adjoins Melda Crowghost, while Mrs. Crazy Walking, on the southeast quarter of section 19,23-25, has probably reached the state indicated by her name by being in the same section with Elk Ghost.

Mary Lean Dog rather envies Agatha Big Shield her aristocratic name. In like manner, Jennie Dog Man and Mary Shave Head may be all too willing to assume on short notice the heroic name borne by Morris Thundershield, heir apparent to Long Step Thundershield.

Mrs. Did Not Butcher, judging from her name, is in no condition to supply the wants for her nearest neighbor, Mrs. Frosted Red Fish, who lives on a half section, not far from Helen Difficult.

And on festal days there gather such notables as Francis Many Horses, Joseph Shoot the Bear, Mrs. Stanton Grindstone, Mrs. No Two Horns, Pius Broguth, Good Voice Elk, See the Bear, Married to Santee, Her Holy Road, Tiberius Many Wounds, Pius Shoot First and Shave on One Side.

CUTICURA COMPLEXIONS

Are Usually Remarkably Soft and Clear—Trial Free.

Make Cuticura Soap your every-day toilet Soap, and assist it now and then as needed by touches of Cuticura Ointment to soften, soothe and heal. Nothing better to make the complexion clear, scalp free from dandruff and hands soft and white.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

How He Led the Class.

There was some doubt as to whether Johnny, age eight, of Muncie, would be promoted this year, his mind having run largely to baseball and other matters extraneous to school, but he managed to "pull through." As he came home waving his report card his mother asked, rather fearfully, "And how did you stand, son?"

"Right at the head of the class," was the boastful reply. "The teacher told me that if the class were turned upside down I'd be at the head, and it certainly was upside down this morning, because we didn't study or do anything but shoot paper wads, whisper and act up."—Indianapolis News.

COVETED BY ALL

but possessed by few—a beautiful head of hair. If yours is streaked with gray, or is harsh and stiff, you can restore it to its former beauty and luster by using "La Creole" Hair Dressing. Price $1.00.—Adv.

Obscure Relationship.

"Don't you mind the pyrotechnics?"

"Not a bit. I never did understand what pinwheels and Roman candles had to do with patriotism."

A married man thinks all his wife has to do is to hunt new places in which to hide his things.

The occasional use of Roman Eye Balsam at night upon retiring will prevent and relieve tired eyes, watery eyes, and eye strain. Adv.

The prettiest bathing suits are found above the sea level.

DRYING IN THE SUN

Have All Fruits and Vegetables Properly Prepared.

SIMPLE APPARATUS FOR WORK

Bright, Hot Sunny Days Are Best, and Close Watch Should Be Kept That Rain or Dew Does Not Hit Product—Avoid Insects.

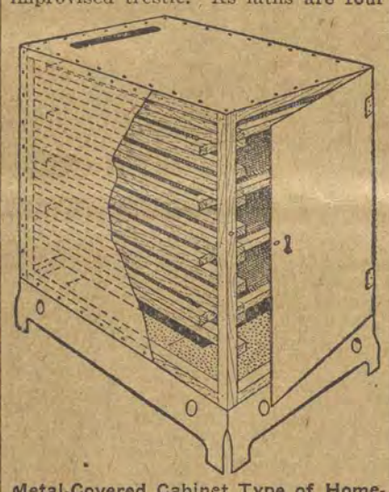
(From FARMERS' BULLETIN 841, United States Department of Agriculture.)

The drying of fruits and vegetables in the sun is a simple process if they have been prepared properly. In its simplest form such drying consists in spreading the freshly prepared slices or pieces on sheets of paper, or, if there is danger of the product's sticking, spreading on old pieces of muslin held down with stones. Bright, hot, sunny days are chosen for this work, and a close watch is kept to see that no rain or dew wets the product. If flies and other insects are abundant, a mosquito bar is thrown over the product. Once or twice a day the slices are stirred or turned over with the hand and the thin ones which dry first are taken out. Sun drying has much to recommend it, since it requires no expenditure of fuel and there is little danger of the product becoming overheated. Dust, however, gathers on the product, and, unless it is protected carefully, flies, and especially certain insects which habitually attack dried fruits, will lay their eggs upon it. These eggs later will hatch out, and the worms, or larvae, will riddle the dried fruits or vegetables, rendering them unfit for the table.

Trays of Uniform Size.

Fruits and vegetables, when dried in the sun, generally are spread on large trays of uniform size, so constructed that they can be stacked one on top of the other and protected from rain by means of a cover made of oilcloth, canvas or roofing paper.

A very cheap tray can be made of strips of lumber three-fourths of an inch thick and two inches wide, which form the sides and ends, and lath, which is nailed on to form the bottom. Spaces one-eighth inch wide should be left between the laths for ventilation, and the traps can be raised off the ground by placing them on poles or an improvised trestle. As laths are four



Metal-Covered Cabinet Type of Homemade Drier.

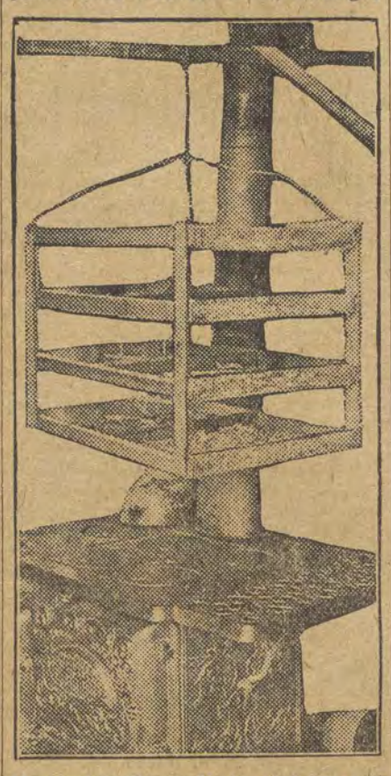
feet long, these lath trays are most economical of material when made four feet in length.

Better but more expensive trays can be made by substituting galvanized-wire screen, one-eighth or one-fourth inch mesh, for the laths, in which case the most economical size would depend upon the width of the wire screen obtainable.

A cheap and very satisfactory drier for use over the kitchen stove can be made by any handy boy or carpenter from a small amount of small-mesh galvanized-wire netting and a number of laths or strips of wood about one-half inch thick and two inches wide. The screen may be tacked directly on the framework to make the drying shelves, or the framework can be made to support separate trays. By using two laths nailed together, the framework can be stiffened and larger trays made if desirable. This form or any of the lighter makes of driers can be suspended from the ceiling over the kitchen range or over the oil, gasoline or gas stove, and it will utilize the hot air which rises during the cooking hour. It can be raised out of the way or swung to one side by a crane made of lath when the stove is required for cooking purposes, and lowered or swung back to utilize the heat which otherwise would be wasted when the top of the stove is not in use.

Another homemade cookstove drier can be used on a wood or coal range or a kerosene stove can be made easily and cheaply. Dimensions: Base 24 by 16 inches; height 36 inches. A base six inches high is made of galvanized sheet iron. This base slightly flares toward the bottom and has two small openings for ventilation in each of the four sides. On the base rests a boxlike frame made of 1 or 1½-inch strips of wood. The two sides are braced with 1¼-inch strips which serve as cleats on which the trays in the drier rest. These are placed at intervals of three inches. The frame is covered with tin or galvanized sheet iron which is tacked to the wooden strips of the frame. Thin strips of wood may be used instead of tin or sheet iron. The door is fitted on small hinges and fastened with a thumb latch. It opens wide, so that the trays can be removed easily. The bottom of the drier is made of a piece of perforated galvanized sheet iron. Two inches above the bottom is placed a solid sheet of galvanized iron which is three inches less in length and width than the bottom. This sheet rests on two wires fastened to the sides of the drier. This prevents the direct heat from coming in contact with the product and serves as a radiator to spread the heat more evenly.

The first tray is placed three inches above the radiator. The trays rest on the cleats three inches apart. A drier of the given dimensions will hold eight trays. The frame of the tray is made of one-inch strips on which is tacked galvanized screen wire, which forms the bottom of the tray. The tray is 21 by 15 inches, making it three inches less in depth than the drier. The lowest tray, when placed in the drier, is pushed to the back, leaving the three-inch space in front. The next tray is placed even with the front, leaving a



Homemade Drier, Made of Lath and Wire Netting.

three-inch space in the back. The other trays alternate in the same way. This permits the current of heated air to pass around and over the trays. A ventilator opening, about two inches wide and six inches long, is left in the top of the drier, through which the moist air may pass away.

This principle of construction is followed so that currents of air will pass over the product as well as up through it, gathering the moisture and passing away. The movement of the current of air induces a more rapid and uniform drying. The upper trays can be shifted to the lower part of the drier, and the lower trays to the upper part as drying proceeds, so as to dry the products uniformly throughout.

Another Home Drier.

Still another home drier is the cookstove oven. Bits of food, leftovers, especially sweet corn, can be dried on plates in a very slow oven or on the back of the cookstove and saved for winter use. If the oven is very warm, the door should be left ajar and the temperature of the oven often noted. Trays for use in the oven can be made from a convenient-sized galvanized wire screen by bending up the edges one or two inches.

Cookstove driers on the market are of two types. One type consists of a series of trays upon which the material to be dried is spread. These trays are placed in a framework one above the other, forming a compartment through which the heated air rises, carrying off the moisture. The second type consists of a shallow flat metal box filled with water and designed so that one end can rest on the back of the stove



Drying Fruits and Vegetables on Homemade Racks by Forcing Air at Room Temperature Across Them.

and the other on a leg reaching to the floor. It also may be supported over a lamp.

Use of Electric Fan.

The use of an electric fan in facilitating drying is feasible for those who already own a fan. It has been found that many sliced vegetables and fruits placed in long trays three by one foot and stacked in two tiers, end to end, before an electric fan can be dried to the requisite dryness within twenty-four hours. Some require much less time. For instance, sliced string beans and shredded sweet potatoes will dry before a fan running at a moderate speed within a few hours. In many cities the electric fan will cost not more than one-fourth of a cent an hour to run. The fan should be placed close to the stack of trays, and they should not be filled so full that the air cannot pass freely through them. The fan method has a marked advantage in that the product keeps cool owing to evaporation while it is being dried, thus tending to retain the color and eliminate spoilage.

CALOMEL MAKES YOU SICK, UGH! IT'S MERCURY AND SALIVATES

Straighten Up! Don't Lose a Day's Work! Clean Your Sluggish Liver and Bowels With "Dodson's Liver Tone."

Ugh! Calomel makes you sick. Take a dose of the vile, dangerous drug tonight and tomorrow you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel, when it comes into contact with sour bile crashes into it, breaking it up. This is when you feel that awful nausea and cramping. If you feel sluggish and "all knocked out," if your liver is torpid and bowels constipated or you have headache, dizziness, coated tongue, if breath is bad or stomach sour, just try a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone.

Here's my guarantee—Go to any drug store or dealer and get a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone. Take a spoonful tonight and if it doesn't straighten you right up and make you feel fine and vigorous by morning I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Dodson's Liver Tone is destroying the sale of calomel because it is real liver medicine; entirely vegetable, therefore it cannot salivate or make you sick.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your bowels of that sour bile and constipated waste which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable. I guarantee that a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone will keep your entire family feeling fine for months. Give it to your children. It is harmless; doesn't gripe and they like its pleasant taste.—Adv.

ONE FISH IS SOLD FOR $329

Return of Sturgeon to Delaware River Surprising, as It Was Thought to Have Been Exterminated.

Sturgeon fishing in the Delaware river and bay has showed a surprising improvement over past years in the number of catches and size of the fish, the Philadelphia Record states. Old river men are mystified by the return of the sturgeon, as it was thought these big fish has been about exterminated. Recently a number of exceptionally big fish were caught, some averaging well above 200 pounds and a few 300-pound sturgeon have also been caught.

The cow sturgeon are just now filled with roe and some of the big ones yield from 90 to 100 pounds, selling at $2.75 a pound at the wharves. One fisherman who brought in a 300-pound sturgeon last week was paid $305 for the roe and $24 for the fish, his catch netting him $329.

Harry A. Dalbow of Pennsgrove, who has been buying caviar here for many years, says that this is one of the best sturgeon seasons in the bay he has seen for a long time. There is a big demand for the roe this year, as importations of caviar from Russia, where sturgeon are caught extensively, have been cut off by the war.

Druggist's Experience With Kidney Medicine

I have handled and sold Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root for some time and have heard customers claim that it had produced very satisfactory results in different ailments of the kidneys, liver and bladder. I have nothing but favorable reports at hand and my personal opinion is that there is not anything on the market that will equal Swamp-Root for disease of the kidneys, liver and bladder and I know of a physician who is a very strong believer in the merits of Swamp-Root. Very truly yours,

THE J. M. WATTS MERC. STORE,
J. M. WATTS.

Sept. 29, 1916. Wattsville, Miss.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

How It Started.

"Who is that man who just spoke to you?"

"I don't know."

"But he spoke as though he knew you."

"Perhaps he does. I may have met him somewhere, but I don't recall his name."

"That's queer. Men don't usually speak to other men unless they know them. Perhaps he's someone you're ashamed to let me know you know."

"I tell you the man is a stranger to me. He may be a minister of the gospel for all I know."

"That isn't very likely. The few ministers you've ever met you could remember easily enough. It's more likely he's a gambler or a barkeeper."

"Great Scott, woman!"

"Oh, there's no use losing your temper. I'm just a poor fool of a woman, not supposed to know anything or have any sense at all, but just the same I'm thoroughly convinced you're hiding something from me."

A Strategic Move.

"Why did they name the line of the German troops in France after Wagner music?"

"I suppose they did it to scare the enemy off; to make the French think they were going to sing it."

Tough Times on the Farm.

First Cow—It's going to be an awful summer for us.

Second Cow—Yes, it will probably be treason to kick the farm help.



Joke on Mother.

Returning home one afternoon, little Richard's mother found him apparently in great pain. Careful questioning failed to disclose the cause of the lad's suffering. Previous experience told the mother that Richard probably was in need of that oil so unpopular with children, and she proceeded to administer a generous portion despite the crying resistance of Richard. A few minutes later the boy appeared, apparently in great glee.

"I've got a joke on mother—I've got a joke on mother," he cried.

Members of the family were curious, of course.

"Mother thought I was sick and gave me oil, but I got the toothache," he exclaimed between laughs.

Richard's earlier reticence was due to dread of the dentist's chair.—Indianapolis News.

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription othine — double strength — is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

Whitewash.

Mayor Hosey sat at a dinner in Fort Wayne beside a pretty girl.

"Oh, Mayor Hosey," she said. "I saw such a good film play last week—'The Man Who Failed.' You certainly must take it in."

Mayor Hosey frowned.

"Humph," he said. "They're always screening failures."

IT IS IMPERATIVE that you keep a bottle of Mississippi Diarrhea Cordial in your medicine chest. In constant use for fifty years. Price 25c and 50c.—Adv.

Two Spendthrifts.

Mary—I spend as much as you do.

Alice—Perhaps, but I have less to show for the money.—Life.

The poorhouses are filled with people who have always left the work of life to the other fellow.

Constipation generally indicates disordered stomach, liver and bowels. Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills restore regularity without griping. Adv.

Both weddings and funerals admit men to the silent majority.

OXIDINE Kills Chills

Good for Malaria, constipation biliousness—a fine tonic. Guaranteed or money back

Ask your dealer

Behrens Drug Co., Waco, Tex.

ECZEMA!

Money back without question if HUNT'S CURE fails in the treatment of ITCH, ECZEMA, RINGWORM, TETTER or other itching skin diseases. Price 50c at druggists, or direct from A. B. Richards Medicine Co., Sherman, Tex.

Every Woman Wants Paxtine ANTISEPTIC POWDER

FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE

Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleansing and germicidal power. Sample Free. 50c, all druggists, or postpaid by mail. The Paxton Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

OLD FALSE TEETH WANTED

We pay $2 to $15 per set for old false teeth. Doesn't matter if broken. Send by parcel post and receive check by return mail. Bank reference. Mazer's Tooth Specialty, 2007 S. Fifth St., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE Steel Silo Forms, 12 feet diameter, both chute and circular sections; center-mast and hoisting apparatus. Good as new. An exceptional bargain. A. W. WOODWARD, Bluffton, Ind.

Diamonds on Credit! No red tape, security or contract; just your good name and address; write quick; particulars free. J. J. SHINE, 715 E. Murdock, WICHITA, KANSAS

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Special price on

Syrup Cans

Until August the 1st, we offer one-gallon Syrup Cans in crates of one hundred, for $10.75. This price is under the market, and it is made for the purpose of moving the cans to make immediate room for our fall supply of Furniture and House Furnishings, which we expect to receive during the next few days.

Those who fail to take advantage of this very cheap price on Cans will pay much higher for them later.

We have a limited amount of tops for tin fruit cans, wire solder, capping steels and soldering coppers.

If you need these goods, buy now, so we can replenish our stock, if necessary to supply all trade.

We have made a great effort to accommodate and help those who are interested in the canning industry, and to furnish all goods at the lowest prices possible to obtain, and we shall be pleased to deliver syrup cans at the above price, if you can call for them before August 1.

Clanton Hardware Co.

Coffins, Burial Supplies, Automobile Accessories For sale at

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.

CLANTON, ALA.

Miss Mabel Jones is in Clanton this week, spending part of her vacation. Miss Jones was teacher in the public school here some years ago, and has since then taught in several of the principal high schools of the state. She always finds here a welcome.

E. B. Popwell of Thorsby was here Monday on business.

Dr. G. R. Stone, a veteran from the Soldiers Home at Mt. Creek was in town Tuesday.

Warming Up

Yes, the Weather is warming up and you need the Light Weight Clothing and Underwear for these hot days. We are Prepared to meet your demands in this Line.

We Handle

EVERY THING THAT MEN WEAR

EVERY THING THAT WOMEN WEAR

EVERY THING THAT CHILDREN WEAR

We know that most of our Customers are particular about the style, and we have been particular about buying. We want you to be pleased with what you buy here, and when you are pleased we are pleased likewise.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back."

CLANTON, ALA.

You must Eat!

Buy your Eatables from me and you get the best and it costs you no more than something not as good at other places.

J. W Littlejohn.

CLANTON, ALA.

THORSBY ITEMS

Don't forget the Sunday School Convention next week—Thursday and Friday, July 26 and 27.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence T. Butler of Montgomery are spending their vacation in Thorsby, where they are quartered at the Teacher's Cottage.

Rev. Chas. T. Rogers of Atlanta arrived in Thorsby Monday. Mr. Rogers succeeds Rev. J. M. Graham as State Superintendent of Missionery Work for the Congregational Church. It is expected that he will make his headquarters in Thorsby.

Mrs. Carl R Peterson, recently of Ensley is spending a few days with relatives and friends in Thorsby before going to LaPorte, Ind., where she will join her husband who has accepted a position in that city.

Messrs E. W Butler, C R Foss and P. W. Horn made a business trip to Clanton Monday of this week

F A Gulledge of Verbena was in Thorsby on Monday looking over the Thorsby Inn, with a view of opening up a first-class hotel in the near future.

Mr. Roy Johnson of Ensley spent Sunday at the home of Mr. J L. Johnson.

Mr. Ira Billingsly was in Birmingham last week looking after business affairs.

Thorsby Barber Shop has moved to new quarters back of the postoffice in the Masonic Building.

The Catalogue of Thirsby Institute is in the printer's hands, and will be issued within the next week or ten days.

The First Cavalry Regiment camped in Thorsby last Wednesday night on their hike to Montgomery. Their camping place on the Institute ground drew many visitors during the day, who wanted to see what soldier life was really like. A feature of the afternoon was the lowering of the Institute flag shortly before sunset, while the bugles sounded "retreat" and the soldiers stood in salute. A goodly number of the soldier boys attended the prayer meeting at the Congregational Church that night, and some lingered for half an hour after the prayer meeting and enjoyed themselves singing gospel hymns.

The peach growers of Thorsby are beginning to ship their peaches, which are said to be as fine as have ever been grown here.

Mrs. Hattie M. Gerald, Mrs. Alice McLane, Misses Agnes Gerald, Olga Soberg, Lillian Pate, and Messrs C. E. Woodham, Walter Martin took the teahcers examination in Clanton this week.

CLANTON LOCALS

If you notice a walking stick about your store or place of business, and don't know who it belongs to, please tell W. W. Fox about it, and let him see if it is his. He lost one Wednesday.

Enoch Foshee of Beat 1 was in town Monday in the interest of the road situation. Mr. Foshee is the overseer of the roads in that Beat now.

W. F. DeShazo of Maplesville was in town Monday in attendance at Commissioners court.

A big delegation from Cooper was here Monday in the interest of matters connected with the county road law.

J. P. Rushing a good old friend of The Union-Banner, from near Verbena, was here Monday on business.

FOUND DEAD IN BED

News reached Clanton Wednesday morning that Mr. Aaron Littleton, whose home was at Thorsby, was found by members of his family, early Wednesday morning, dead in bed. It was not stated what was thought to have caused his sudden death. Mr. Littleton was an old and highly respected citizen.

Young Women Awaiting The Great Crisis



Of all the vital times in life, the birth of a baby is the climax of nature's most wonderful evolution. After a period of anxious waiting, the hour arrives for the advent of a new life. Nature must be aided during this waiting period if the pain and danger of the crisis is to be avoided.

Three generations have found great relief from the many discomforts of approaching motherhood, by the safe, time-honored massage, "Mother's Friend".

It gently softens every fibre, cord, tendon and ligament. The drawn skin becomes soft and elastic. Tension and strain upon the expanding abdominal muscles is relieved when baby arrives; morning sickness or nausea usually is not felt and the crisis is passed with infinitely less pain and danger.

"Mother's Friend" has been used by expectant mothers with the greatest success for over forty years.

Get a bottle from the druggist today and write the Bradfield Regulator Co., Dept. E, 200 Lamar Building, Atlanta, Ga., for a valuable book brimful of useful information. The book will be mailed to you without charge. Do not by any means neglect to begin the use of "Mother's Friend"; the preparation is undoubtedly a real and wonderful aid to nature in her work.

Report of the Treasurer of Chilton County.

(Continued from page 7)

Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Ema Joyet	.39
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Arthur Hodges	.83
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, D.H. Hodgens	1.02
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, T. C. Kincaid	1.02
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Tom Roy	2.28
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, R. E. Roper	1.16
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, F. Lindquist	.87
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Allen Henry	.91
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, James Flynn	.91
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, E. Sundburg	.91
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Ella N. Henley	.91
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Tom Tracey	.91
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Tom Cost	1.06
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Ernest Graham	.91
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, John D. Fike	1.14
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Jim S. Fike	1.14
Apr. 28—State witnes certificate, Will Seals	1.14
Apr. 28—State witnessc ertificate, Cleve Varden	.91
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, W. Gibbons	.91
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Alla Blow	.91
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Riley Blow	.91
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Ruen Pauline	.91
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Abe Pauline	.91
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, A. J. Jones	.76
Apr. 28—State witnes certificate, G. S. Rodgers	16.50
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, T. Holmer	1.90
Apr. 28—State witnes certificate, J. M. Grooms	2.05
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Linton Brown	1.97
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Ida Craig	2.35
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Fan Huckabee	1.90
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Sailor Peoples	1.90
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Ophelia Smith	1.20
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, J. C. Harris	1.45
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Charley Smith	1.20
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Willis Smith	1.20
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Sye Smith	1.20
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Jess Aldridge	1.30
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Sam Driver	1.90
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Jessy Hayes	2.40
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Velma White	3.00
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Carl Lenoir	5.00
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, E. L. Friday	5.00
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, M. Sanders	5.50
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Walter Ray	5.00
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, W. F. Fallon	.79
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, E Smitherman	.38.
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, J. F. Morgan	.38
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Frank Fallen	.38
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, W.B.McDowell	.38
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Ky Larkin	.38
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Jno McDaniel	.38
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, E.B.McDowell	.38
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, W.M. Wagoner	.38
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, John Plier	.38
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, E. Graham	.38
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, G. W. Jones	.38
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, J. F. Palmer	.38
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, WT.Broadhead	1.52
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, T. W. Ray	.91
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, W.A. Davidson	.91
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, W.A. Davidson	.91
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, J. M. Collins	1.66
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, E. H. Foshee	1.61
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Walter Davis	5.00
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, J. W. Mims	1.35
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, B. Powell	1.80
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, E. Smitherman	.38
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Will Turner	.41
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Will Teel	.38
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Floyd Gardner	2.35
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Eula Hammon	2.35
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Vester Wilkins	2.20
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Fan. Huckabee	2.66
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, R. Gentry	2.20
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Will Morgan	2.88
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Elisha Driver	2.66
Apr. 28—State witness certificate,Essec McDaniel	.41
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Frank Fallon	.41
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Shas. Milford	.68
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Will Turner	.41
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Colbert Jones	2.00
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, John Wilson	1.52
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Will Gulledge	1.52
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, J.A. Dawson	1.37
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, D. Davidson	1.44
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Katie Stanley	1.55
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Emma Jones	1.55
Apr. 28S—tate witnes certificate, D. Davidson	1.37
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, J.A. Davidson	1.37
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, A. P. Howison	1.55
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Hugh Morgan	1.37
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, W. H. Smith	1.37
Apr. 28S—atte witness certificate, Will Nix	1.44
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Frank Fallon	.41
Apr. 28—State witness certificate,Nettie Hodgens	1.78
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Ferrell Bussey	1.78
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, D. H. Hodgens	1.78
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Laura Simons	1.97
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, J. H. Hodgens	1.78
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Boy Curlee	1.59
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, Prof. Rodgers	1.00
Apr. 28—State witness certificate, John Glass	2.50
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	3.00
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	5.50
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	3.50
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	3.50
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	3.50
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	7.00
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	4.00
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	4.00
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	5.50
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	3.00
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	5.00
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	2.50
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	6.00
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	2.00
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	6.00
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	2.50
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	3.00
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	5.50
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	5.50
May 1—Fine andf orfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	1.50
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	7.00
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	6.50
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	3.00
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	3.00
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	3.00
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	5.00
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	7.00
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	3.00
May 1—Fine and forfeiture fund, B. L. Jones	3.00
Total,	$487.11

CASH RECEIVED—REDEMPTION OF LAND

J. Bice, Countr Treasurer, in account with Chilton County, Ala. To Cash Received, from January 15, 1917, to June 30, 1917.

Jan. 20—Judge L. H. Reynolds, J. W. Littlejohn, Ex-Treasurer,	$ 82.76
Feb. 1—Judge L. H. Reynolds, redemption of land	9.33
June 1—Judge L. H. Reynolds, redemptio of land	11.46
Total,	$103.55

CASH PAID—REDEMPTION OF LAND

By Cash paid out from Jan. 15, 1917, to June 30, 1917.

June 5—Land Redemption, J. P. Gore	$19.90

CASH RECEIVED—ROAD TAX, BEAT 4

J. Bice, County Treasurer, in account with Chilton County, Ala... To Cash Received, from January 15, 1917 to June 30, 1917.

Jan. 20—Judge L. H. Reynolds, J.W. Littlejohn, Ex-Treasurer,	$28.85

CASH RECEIVED—DOG TAX FUND

J. Bice, County Treasurer, in account with Chilton County, Ala... To Cash Received, from January 15, 1917, to June 30, 1917.

Jan. 20—Judge L. H. Reynolds, J.W. Littlejohn, Ex-Treasurer,	$1199.18
Feb. 15—J. D. Collins, Dog Tax	41.00
Feb. 2—J. D. Collins, Dog Tax	255.00
Mar. 2—J. D. Collins, Dog Tax	77.00
Apr. 2—J. D. Collins, Dog Tax	79.00
Apr. 14—J. D. Collins, Dog Tax	15.00
May 1—J. D. Collins, Dog Tax year 1916	45.00
June 15—J. D. Collins, Dog Tax year 1916	10.00
June 16—J. D. Collins, Dog Tax year 1916	10.00
Total,	$1731.18

RECAPITULATION

J. Bice, County Treasurer, in account with Chilton County, Ala. To Cash received and paid out, from January 15, 1917, to June 30, 1917.

General Fund.

Total cash received,	$17219.64	
Total cash paid out,	12385.82	
Balance cash on hand,		$4833.82

Road Fund.

Total cash received,	$135191.82	
Total cash paid out,	127183.16	
Balance cash on hand,		$8008.66

Fine and Forfeiture.

Total cash received,	$508.30	
Total cash paid out,	487.11	
Balance cash on hand,		$21.19

Redemption of Land.

Total cash received,	$103.55	
Total cash paid out,	19.90	
Balance cash on hand,		$83.65

Beat 4 Road Tax.

Total cash received,	$28.85	
Balance cash on hand,		$28.85

Dog Tax.

Total cash received,	$1731.18	
Balance cash on hand,		$1731.18

Balance cash on hand, all funds, **$14707.35**

I, J. Bice, Treasurer of Chilton County, Alabama, do hereby certify that the above is a true and correct statement of the finance of Chilton County as appears from my books.

Respectfully Submitted,
J. BICE, Treasurer of Chilton County.

Filed in office, July, 1917.
L. H. REYNOLDS, Judge of Probate.

Special Bargains

Below you will find a list of miscellaneous items in which you will find some good Bargains.

Automobile Casings and Tubes, for sale for 30 days at wholesale cost. Will buy Old Casings at highest prices.

Milch Cows for sale with Young Calves; or will trade for other Cattle... Will buy all kinds of Cattle. Come and see my Low Cut Shoes at less than wholesale.

Watch this Advertisement for the next thirty days—something will appear that will astonish you.

I have a splendid pasture close to town, and will pasture all kinds of stock for $1.00 per head per month. The Pasture is as good as this Country affords.

L. H. REYNOLDS

CLANTON, ALA.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., JULY 26, 1917. NUMBER 17

CHILTON COUNTY MEN IN THE FIRST DRAFT

List of Names of First Division Who will be Called Before Exemption Board.

First 240 Numbers Drawn in Washington Last Friday will be Called For the first Examination.

Chilton County will have to furnish 120 men for the first division of the conscripted army. These 120 will come out of the first of the numbers in the lottery at Washington last Friday.

The first call provides for summoning twice the number of men necessary to fill the required quota. Therefore, the first 240 men drawn in Chilton County will be the first summoned to appear before the local exemption board for this county for examination.

If the 120 men needed are not gotten out of the first 240 which are summoned, the law provides for additional calls to be made of the men next drawn down the line, and they will be examined and accepted or exempted till the required number is obtained.

Below follows the numbers and the names of the first 240 men in Chilton County which were drawn at Washington. The list is not official, but it is fairly accurate. It gives a reasonably reliable idea of the place of each man in the order. It is the most authentic list obtainable until the official reports of the drawing are sent out from the army headquarters at Washington.

258—Grady D. Broadhead
458—Frank Price
1436—Howard Henson
854—Cecil Jones
1095—Ambron Mims
1455—Alfred Smith
783—Arthur L. Williams
1117—James M. Scott
1572—Gerald C. Smith
837—Jimmie C. Gardner
337—Josie Fulmer
676—Thuston G. Smith
275—Monroe Bryant
509—B. Guy Smith
1185—H. Zell Manning
564—Jessie Wilson
945—Albert D. Dyer
596—Guy Dickinson
1267—Lewis Mims
536—Walter Vinson
1495—Wilton C. Dickinson
548—Horace G. Williams
126—Charley C. Jones
1237—Willie Bishop
748—Walter M. Jones
255—Leonard H. Bussey
107—Clarence A. Davenport
1546—Harvey Pool
1563—Ruben F.Sansom
1369—Prince A. Garratt
616—Dock Goodgame
322—Lee DeWitt Easterling
1266—Monroe Mims
755—Lonnie Price
486—Ruben Riggins
692—John Varner
600—Chas. H. Dansby
810—Jessie Reazer
1539—Wm. E. Owen
507—Miles V. Smith
309—Turner M. Dennis
457—Jenks Pearsons
1324—Walter Northcutt
604—Jacob Dansby
43—Walter Marcus
1548—James M. Roper
1264—Oscar Mims
1066—Clarence J. Henley
924—William Williams
420—Jessie Martin
1014—Othel Baker
1178—Isaac T. Kendrick
514—Emmett Lake Thompson
433—George M. Mims
1329—Thos. B. Porter
10—Jos. P. Cox
1045—Wm. J. Davenport
1031—S. P. Cleckler
1331—Samuel Ray
487—Wm. A. Robinson
1282—John M. Anderson
1323—Alvin Marlar
797—James C. Atchison
140—Porter Martin
1536—E. C. Milford
1236—K. James Brown
432—Charlie T. Miller
18—Sheb Ellison
652—Wm. T. Morris
927—Walter Williams
1484—R. G. Chandler
739—George H. Gandy
601—Richard P. Dennis
1322—Joseph Montgolf
1146—Mose Cooper
1103—Ozie J. Pool
1395—E. Scott
606—Grover DeRamus
182—Judge C. Watson
513—Edward Shaw
46—Felston Mullins
1020—Robert B. Childress
1099—George W. Nasworthy
223—Thos. G. Mooney
1441—John T. Morgan
117—Whaley Hyatt
602—Thos. P. Duffey
390—Sidney Jones
75—Wm. A. Weldon
772—Fred Summerlan
1456—Cincinnati Sammons
721—Clifton A. Deloach
1419—Wm. Eddie Childress
1549—Wm. M. Roper
542—Charles Williams
194—Ben T. Childress
874—Nicholas A. Miner
552—Luther M. Wright
1300—Charley J. Davis
298—Wm. Cleckler
675—Linzie Shelton
1294—Cromie Collins
1148—John D. Cooper
1354—James P. Blackmon
343—Frank B. Goodgame
1613—O. R. Robinson
982—Charles M. Ousley
726—Walter Dobbs
15—Berry Durham
905—Marcus Selmon
933—Olidge Williams
1531—J. E. Lockhart
1288—Colonel Blow
452—Thos. H. Nabors
355—Carl Yancey Holley
530—James R. Taylor
809—King Bowlin
1114—Ernest Sundburg
1470—Walter W. Adams
645—Edward Leon
218—Dacid C. Mooney
620—Caesar Cary
1334—John Robinson
1611—Ernest L. Powell
574—Will D. Williams
31—Grover Jones
1432—Ben Glasscock
981—George H. Nelson
1570—Jacob N. Scott
882—Mooney B. Northrup
677—Ben B. Scott
749—Dawson T. W. Jones
1503—Joseph W. Franklin
1211—Bennie Sanders
525—Dudley Tippett
1417—Winston Boykin
1574—Lawyer Turner
760—Eugene Mullins
183—James T. Watkins
56—Alex Robinson
1276—Wm. A. Traywick
792—John D. Yeargin
5—Delbert Brand
350—Tolbert Huett
1580—Fonzo D. Wilson
54—Henry Page
870—Zeke Lawrence
549—Tom Williamson
1132—J. C. Anderson
440—Andrew Mims
1485—Lono L. Chandler
741—Steve Holley
1054—C. M. Graham
1275—Jos. Thompson
711—Tommie Croker
1022—Lee Caton
841—Percy Henderson
638—Alphews M. Jones
1032—Howard Collins
623—Walter Hudman
1476—B. G. Brazier
280—Lee Cooper
1292—R. P. Cleckler
972—Bailey Miller
938—Walter Oden
757—George M. Moore
966—Joshua Johnson
868—Ramus Latham
332—Terrace Eiland
379—Ernest M. Hilyer
1560—West Scott
269—John Bryant
685—John Townsend
1141—George Curlee
1314—Daniel Lowery
1016—James A. Baker
335—Arthur L. Farley
1430—Ernest Evans
493—Colbert Riggins
1358—Dave Cambell
923—Grady Williams
1305—Oscar Glasscock
341—Paul Goldsmith
1007—Ira Billingsley
391—Leonard Jones
1366—Pleasant Eddings
353—Tom Holley
970—Willie Lenoir
637—C. J. Jackson
360—Will Henderson
1217—H. J. Taylor
571—James W. Wood
488—James E. Rasberry
1543—Alvin E. Powell
704—John M. Burnett
72—Robert C. Vines
1053—Willie Goodson
356—Tommie Hand
112—Charley M. Cary
1067—Wm. A. Honeycutt
128—Shady Laird
679—John Sistrunk
805—Chauncey Bearden
11—Richmond Chaney
900—J. E. Selmon
1617—James Robinson
363—Victor J. Heard
1287—John R. Blow
1142—Bud Klinner
6—Willie Burnett
327—Jesse Edwards
664—Luther Pyron
93—Vernon T. Cobb
1448—Eddie C. Payton
597—Ruben A. Harris
1557—Dolph R. Rutliff
1112—Charlie E. Sims
345—Lawrence F. Gerald
1595—Arthur D. Driver
1355—C. A. A. Busby
103—Joshua L. DuBose
1585—Ocie Adams
1221—Mims H. Tyus
1102—Stanley M. Pate
1625—Jim Wyatt
556—Ruben E. Wyatt
1565—William Henry Scott
154—Arthur Poe
1281—Jack Wilson
51—Samuel R. Powers
717—Julius Chasteen
1057—James Sidney Gore
1256—William Lambert
1073—Joel A. Jackson
30—James Oscar Giles
199—Milford F. Childress
388—Adolphus Jones
1423—Arnold Cherry
773—Houston L. Traywick
608—Thomas Davis

Feed Mill For Sale

Good as new Stover Feed Mill. The reason I am selling is because I have enroute a Thirty Ton Capacity Mill, and will need the room now occupied by this one.

J. A. Maddox

CLANTON, ALA.

ELOQUENT TRIBUTE IS PAID TO SPIRIT OF UNITED STATES ARMY

Democracy Kindred to that in French Force, says High Officer.

At the permanent American base in France. July 21.—Here is the most eloquent tribute I have yet heard for America and its army. It comes from a high French officer:

"The Democracy of the American army is kindred to ours. Your men and our men follow, are not driven into battle. Your officers and our officers direct their soldiers; they do not bully them. The mutual man to man understanding in service sweeps away rank. In the French army are ex-Ministers of State, renowned scientists, artists and captains of industry. In the American expeditionary forces there are ex-ambassadors, millionaires, two sons of the ex-president and two sons of a general.

"Your leading business men are gladly fighting for America. Your army ideals are similar to ours. We respect and admire the English, Italians and Russians as brothers in arms, but the Americans in addition, we love as brothers at heart. The world's two greatest republics, assisted by their allies, will insure the triumph of democracy over autocracy."

NON RESIDENT NOTICE

State of Alabama, Chilton Cohnty. Probate Court, July 18, 1917

In the matter of the estate of Avrilla Abrams, deceased, to Alberta Mosley, non resident of the State of Alabama.

Whereas, H. A. Harris, as administrator of the estate of Avrilla Abrams, deceased, has filed his petition in writing under oath in said Court, for an order to sell certain lands belonging to said estate, described in said petition, for paying the debts due by said estate, upon the grounds that the personal property of said estate is insufficient for the payment of the debts, and the 20 day of August, 1917, has been appointed for the hearing of said petition:

You are therefore, hereby commanded to appear before the said Court on said day to contest said petition if you think proper.

Witness my hand, this 18 day of July, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

REVIVAL AT UNITY

We are requested to announce that there will be a revival meeting at Unity, 1½ miles from Clanton on the Lock 12 highway, beginning on the Third Sunday in August, and continuing for ten days. The services are to be conducted by two of the ablest Baptist preachers in this county, Rev. W. P. Lowery and Rev. Ben Hughes. Everybody is urged to attend.

The record of these two able preachers warrants us in saying that it will be many times worth your while to go and hear them.

STATE SOLDIERS TO EAT HOME GROWN PRODUCTS IN CAMP

Farmers will list Crops with Food Bureau, which go to Quartermaster.

Soldiers in training in Alabama camps will have an opportunity to eat Alabama grown products.

This has been made possible by the Food Preparedness Bureau, through the efforts of John H. Frye, Chairman. Alabama farmers will be expected to list their salable products with the bureau of the central office, Chamber of Commerce Building, Birmingham, T. P. Hay, Jr., Secretary. These lists will carry prices and will be sent in printed form to the Quartermaster's Department. All farmers should apply for blanks for making their list at the Birmingham office of the Bureau.

Though formal announcement of this work has just been made by the Food Preparedness Bureau, a number of applications for blanks have been made for the suggestion that such a move be undertaken. It is believed that when this service has become generally known to the farmers of the state, a large per cent of the available crops will have been tabulated.

A conference with Captain Carlton Friday in Montgomery, at which Secretary Hay offered the services of the Bureau in assisting in assembling food products for the soldiers in Alabama camps, brought out the knowledge of the fact that food for all Southern camps is being purchased and assembled in the two army depots in Atlanta and New Orleans.

Captain Carlton advised Secretary Hay that when farmers have listed their products and tabulations made, the printed lists be filed with the army depots in Atlanta and New Orleans, thereby furnishing information to the Quartermaster's divisions of various camps as to where products in various parts of the State may be bought.

The Bureau has been commended for this undertaking, since it is believed that the plan will afford a ready market; for a number of largely increased crops in the State at this season is supplying fresh products on short hauls to the soldiers in Alabama camps.

On learning that sweet potatoes are not on the list of contract foodstuffs for the army, the Bureau telegraphed to Senator Oscar Underwood, requesting him to use his influence in getting this product included in the army list.

MEXICO TO GET LOAN

Uncle Sam to Advance Southern Republic Big Loan, is Report.

Mexico City, July 21.—Mexico soon is to obtain a loan from the United States, it is rumored in official circles today. It is understood the amount will be between $30,000,000 and $50,000,000, and that part of it will be used to establish a bank.

NORTH CAROLINA MAN HAS 5 OF HIS 6 SONS IN FIRST DRAFT

Durham, N. C., Juyl 21.—Five of the six sons of C. C. White, prominent Durham tobacco man, were drawn in yesterday's draft lottery and probably none will claim exemption, it was said here today.

DOCTORS' MEETING

All doctors who are in the active practice of their profession, regardless of their intention to offer their service to the government, are hereby requested to attend a meeting at Clanton, Wednesday, August the First, at 10, A.M.

Dr. McConnico of the medical reserve corps of the United States army will be present to make a talk on the workings of Medical Reserve Corps and to examine applicants. If you desire to join, come prepared for examination.

N. S. JOHNSON, M.D.,
J. P. HAYES, M.D.,
V. J. GRAGG, M.D.,
Committee.

IN THE PROBATE COURT

State of Alabama, Chilton County.
Estate of P. E. Coleman, deceased.

This day came W. B. Tomlin, as administrator of the estate of said decedent, and filed his application, in due form and proper oath, praying an order for sale of certain personal property described therein, and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of paying debts of said estate. It is ordered that the 14th day of August, 1917, be appointed a day for hearing said application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.

L. H. REYNOLDS, Judge of Probate.

MONEY TO LEND

I represent a mortgage company, lending money on real estate at a low rate of interest. All charges less than 8 per cent. If loan is desired, see me and place application.

F. B. COLLIER,
Clanton, Ala.

M[illegible]SANT

Reynolds, Adv.

Dear Editor: Please allow me space in your paper to say a few words.

Health is very good at present. The farmers are about done laying by their crops, for the rain says it is time to quit plowing.

The singing here was enjoyed by a large crowd. We had with us Prof. R. A. Smith.

The prayer meeting is just doing fine. The house is always crowded.

The revival meeting will start at this place on July 28th.

Mr. George Sorrells and family from Birmingham spent the week in this community.

Mr. Jim Jones and wife spent a few days with Mr. Buck Kelley.

Mr. Jno. Mc. Foshee and Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Jones went to Birmingham last Saturday and returned Sunday p.m.

Mr. John Jones of Woodlawn is spending some time with J. Wiley Foshee.

GENERAL PERSHING STARTS ON TOUR OF BRITISH FRONT

American Commander to be Guest of Sir Duglas Haig.

Paris, July 21.—Major General Pershing, the American Commander, with two staff officers, left Paris yesterday on his first visit to the British front. The American officers will be the guests of Sir Douglas Haig, the British commander-in-chief, returning to the Capitol Sunday.

General Pershing will make a long tour with General Haig, along the British lines, studying the methods employed by the British with a view to the adoption of those methods by the American troops.

American Training Fighting Camp in France, Juyl 21.—Another large group of American officers left the Camp today to witness fighting demonstrations similar to those attended by General Sibert yesterday. So many officers expressed a desire to see the movements that automobile trucks had to be requistioned to transport them all.

The start was made at an early hour and the officers expected to return to camp late today. When all the officers here have been initiated into the latest methods of fighting the demonstrations will be extended so that the troops can see and practice them.

BOOKS ADOPTED FOR ALABAMA TEACHERS' READING CIRCLE

The following books have been adopted by the Reading Circle Committee for the reading circle year, beginning July 1st, 1917, and ending June 30th, 1918:

1. Society, its origin and development.—Rowe, $1.00.

2. All the children of all the people.—Smith, 98c.

3. Language in the elementary schools—Thomas, $1.40.

These books may be obtained from Loveman, Joseph & Loeb, State Depository, Birmingham, Alamaba, delivered at the prices quoted.

In order to be eligible to apply for a certificate a teacher must have read books 1 and 2, and either of the books under 3. Blanks to be used in making application for certificates may be had upon request for the State Department of Education, at Montgomery, Alabama.

It is encouraging to note that 2,516 certificates and 98 diplomas were issued during the reading circle year beginning July 1, 1916 and ending June 30, 1917.

Library List.

The library committee has arranged eighteen $10 libraries, and in addition to a miscelaneous list of 200 books.

Those desiring information in reference to reading circle work or libraries should write the State Deparement of Education for the bulletin entitled "Alabama Teachers' and young Peoples Reading Circle, and Alabama Library List." The bulletin has just been published and is ready for distribution.

WILL VOTE ON THREE MILL SCHOOL TAX

Commissioners Court Grants Authority to Hold Election on August the 27th.

At a meeting of the Commissioners Court of Chilton County last week, the matter of calling for an election on the three-mill school tax for Chilton County was brought before the body. It was unanimously agreed by the members of the court to allow an election on the question to decide whether or not Chilton County shall levy the special tax for the support of the public schools. The date set for the election was Monday, August 27.

In calling for the election, the Commissioners did so at the request of hundreds of citizens of the County, who had signed petitions requesting the election.

ROAD OVERSEERS APPOINTED LAST WEEK BY COMMISSIONERS

At the four-days session of the Commissioners Court of Chilton County last week, the principal business expedited was in regard to the public roads of the county. A number of things were done in regard to the enforcement and efficiency of the road regulations. All requirements necessary to the beginning of operations under the new system of road laws were completed.

One of the main things which they did was the appointment of the road overseers for the various beats of the county, and the specifications of the roads which each will look after. Following is a list of the overseers:

Beat 1.—Enoch Foshee.
Beat 2.—J. M. Beasley.
Beat 2½.—Will Scott, Horace Smitherman, Robert Leach, T. G. Cofer, F. T. Adkerson.
Beat 3.—Lee Palmer, Will McGraw, Arthur Martin, Floyd Bates, Fletcher Carter, Hugh Davenport, Will White.
Beat 4.—Ed Minor, L. M. Taylor, B. F. Higgins, Bud Jones.
Beat 4½.—H. E. Culver, D. H. Tyus, John Mims, T. J. Baker.
Beat 5.—J. P. Jones, Bryant Long, Leonard Boyd, J. M. Mims, Fred Dennis, Frank Dubose.
Beat 5½.—R. B. Abernathy.
Beat 6.—J. F. Pool, R. N. Wilkins, Bob Williams, J. A. Huett.
Beat 7.—I. C. Blackmon, Oliver Chambers, C. C. Coburn, Harvy Gentry.
Beat 7½.—Joe Hicks, J. W. Lawrence, C. W. Wallace, W.M.D. O'Neal.
Beat 8—Grady Hutson, R. L. Ousley, W. H. Foshee.
Beat 9.—Lee Gore, John Maddox, Tom Robinson.
Beat 9½.—Sam Edwards, Alex G. Maddox, H. T. Childress, Ed Price.
Beat 10.—W. S. Beaird, J. L. Lansford, Lee Cox.
Beat 11.—Jack Gentry, John Robinson.
Beat 12.—J. P. Bean, W. J. Vinzant, E. F. Conway, Steven Hilyer, Gus Glasscock.
Beat 13.—Hubbard Lucas, W. A. Howard, Will Rachels, P. O. West.
Beat 14.—J. T. Nix, B. G. Glass, H. W. Gibson.
Beat 15.—John Culp, Joe Culp.
Beat 16.—C. H. Robinson, J. R. Robinson.

FOR SALE

Place in Thorsby consisting of 25 acres of land, with good two-story house, barn, cellar house, etc. Address Wallace C. Edler, Thorsby, Ala.

MISSOURI QUOTA IS FILLED

Washington, July 23.—Missouri was added today to those states whose quota in the regular army has been filled. The daily statement of recruiting showed her to have 6630 with a quota of 6386. The total acceptance since April 1 was 155,037. The total enlistment Saturday and Sunday was 1230.

A School for Farm Boys and Girls.

THORSBY INSTITUTE

THORSBY, ALABAMA.

Offers Unusual Advantages for the Boy or Girl from the Farm. A Faculty of Well-Trained Teachers.

Large Library and Well-Equipped Laboratory. Boarding Department under supervision of the School.

Total School Expenses, including Board, for Nine Months, $135... An Opportunity to pay part of this Amount in work or provisions.

For Catalogue or Further Information, Write to

Principal S. H. HERBERT,
Thorsby, Ala.

Twelfth Year opens September 11.

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
W. M. WYATT AND J. B. WELLS
Publishers and Proprietors.

W. M. WYATT, Editor.
J. B. WELLS, Business Manager.

Subscription price $1.00 per year, payable in advance.

Entered April 15, 1913, at Clanton Ala., as second class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

Judging from the number who are constantly inquiring about their conscription numbers, there are many who are afraid they will get left when the crowd starts for Germany. Don't worry, boys. There will no doubt be a chance for all or us to get to go.

On the 27th of next month the voters of Chilton County will have an opportunity to say whether or not the county shall levy a special three-mill school tax for the support of the public schools. Every man who is a qualified voter should begin now to look into the question and be prepared to vote in the right way on election day. There will be much discussion of the issue between now and then, and everyone will have a chance to look through the proposition.

The Union-Banner force is thankful to our friend, Mitchell Powell, for a nice watermelon presented to us last Thursday. Such friends as he are indeed worth having.

THE WAYNE COUNTY PILOT

The Union-Banner is in receipt of a copy of the Wayne County Pilot, published at Collinwood, Tennessee. Mr. P. K. Toksvig is the editor and Miss G. R. Toksvig is associate editor. We are glad to note the splendid appearance of the Pilot. Judging from the issue which we received, we take it that the paper is thoroughly representative of all that stands for the progress and development of its home section. Mr. Toksvig, the editor, was formerly a resident of this county, having lived at Thorsby for some time and has many friends there who will be gratified to learn of his enterprise in the field of newspeper activity.

GRANT BEATS 'EM ALL

Everybody who knows Jim Grant (and they are many) is aware of the fact that it is characteristic of him to pop up about the time somebody else has done something and proceed to "cap the climax." This is espelially true when it comes to arguing politics, telling yarns, etc. But Monday morning he revealed another line in which he is capable of beating the other fellow just a little bit.

You remember us telling you last week about those watermelons our friend Lansford brought us last Monday morning. Well, on Monday morning of this week, Mr. Grant drove up in front of our sanctorium, and as he alighted he proceeded into the office with a couple of the finest mush melons you ever saw. He deposited them and stepped back to the buggy and from under a big corn sack he took a Mitchell watermelon as big as that one the Dallas County plantation nigger dreamed about. As he came in he stated that us felows up here thought Jody Lansford had played the devil when he brought us two little old Watson watermelons. "Here" he said, "is a watermelon as big as both those things Jody brought you, and a couple of mush melons for good measure."

He came on in and left the whole feast with us. And the Union-Banner bunch just recovered in the niche of time to get the paper out to our readers on Thursday mornig.

Now, if anybody should surpass Grant as much as he did Lansford, why you may never get another Union-Banner out of this crowd.

FOOD EMERGENCY

There is more or less humbug in the schemes for meatless days, sugarless days, etc. It takes a certain quantity and variety of food to keep human beings in normal health. The man who goes without lunch eats enough breakfast and dinner to make up. Going without meat means an increased consumption of other commodities. The chief opportunity for economy is in avoiding waste of food, and within reasonable limits, the consumption of other commodities. If variety is sacrificed for cheapness health is likely to fail. Government bureaus can render good service by informing the people from time to time what food contains the largest food value in proportion to cost, but this should not be consumed. Going without needed food is not economy—It is waste of human energy.

PEACE AFTER VICTORY

If the kaiser is moving toward peace with the idea that the "peace without victory" movement still stands, he may be disappointed. We intend to be sure that he "won't do it again."

R. M. Hubbard, merchant of Jemison, was in Canton Monday.

THE DUTY OF REGISTERED MEN

In another place in this issue of the Union-Banner, you will find an article that completely outlines the duties of the men who are registered for military service, and whose numbers have been drawn for appearance before the exemption boards. The article comes direct from Washington, and covers the details that have been given out by the Provost Marshal, General Cowder. If you are registered, and expect to be called before the local board for exemption, you could find no place that would outline your duties more clearly than this article.

Out in Portland, Oregon, a city commissioner has discontinued the use of a large touring car furnished him by the city, and has discharged the chauffer. When he has occasion to travel on public business he will ride with one of the inspectors. Now, if this real economy idea would only spread. to Washington, D. C., a lot of big autos, to say nothing of yachts, might be available for real public service.

MR. DIEFENDERFER CRITICISES PICTURE IN BIRMINGHAM NEWS

To the Editor of the Union-Banner:

A little space will be appreciated.

No doubt, quite a number of the readers of the Union-Banner, noticed the war picture that the Birmingham News carried on its front page, in its afternoon edition of the News of Saturday, July 21, 1917.

On the front page of the News that evening was one of the mose horrid scenes that a person could look at. And I wonder if the management of the Birmingham News has any idea of how many aches and pains they caused to pierce the hearts of the mothers of the boys that have been conscripted for the United States army, and these poor mothers thinking that perhaps in a short time their boy or boys will be engaged in a struggle of that kind.

What pleasure can the News get out of that war picture, or is it that the News is trying to scare some of the boys that have been drawn to make up the army for Uncle Sam?

And the News was not satisfied with having the horrible looking war picture on its front page the next day after the army drawing in Washington, but went on to say the following, which was printed above the picture: "If drafted, you will go through scenes like this before you see the roses bloom again." Now, what kind of a feeling has a newspaper got for the boys that have been conscripted, and the ones that are registered?

How does the Birmingham News know that the boys that are drafted into Uncle Sam's army are going to have to go through scenes like the one that the News took so much pleasure in printing last Saturday?

And where does the News get the authority to say that the war will still be in progress when "the roses bloom" again?

It looks very much as though when a newspaper gets to putting such things as those on their front pages at this time, when every one is wondering who will be called next, that that paper is in a bad for first page photograph features.

That war picture in question, was criticized by everyone here who saw the News that afternoon, and made the hearts of the mothers and sisters of the boys that will be drafted sad with grief.

We are all glad that all the newspapers will not permit their pages to be covered with such scenes, and we also trust that the News will take a second thought the next time that she tries to print such war pictures, just in order to get herself more fame.

Respectfully,
L. E. DIEFENDERFER.
Thorsby, Ala., July 23, 1917.



Brings out the beauty of the wood

EVEN the rarest hardwood requires coloring in order to secure perfect results.

Pee Gee DYSTAIN

Produces beautiful stained effects and is used with equal success on hard or soft wood. It colors the wood just right without raising the grain, leaving a perfectly smooth surface for finishing.

Pee Gee DYSTAIN comes in 12 natural wood colors

Peaslee-Gaulbert Co., Inc.
Louisville, Ky.

Upchurch Drug Co.,
Clanton, Ala.

FALSE AND FALICIOUS

In a country like ours, possessing the greatest abundance and the greatest variety of natural resources known to any country on earth, the doctrine of free trade, of unrestricted foreign competition is a strange doctrine to advocate seriously. Considered in its relation to the exceptional conditions surrounding this people and this land, the vast achievements of the past and the vaster possibilities of the future, considered in its relation to the highest moral and material welfare of a nation of the most prosperous and most fortunate people known to human history, it is a doctrine so strange that one is almost tempted to think it must conceal some superior truth. But it does not. It is false and falicious. One by one the civilized nations of the world have discarded it. The end of the present great war will find protective tariffs in all producing countries—except the United States. Unless the war lasts beyond March 4, 1921, its close will come with the present free trade tariff in operation. The election of 1920 will bring in a congress and an administration committed to the restoration of full and adequate Protection.—American Economist.

FOR SALE

90 acres of land near Benson's Cross Roads. Apply to Mrs. C. W. Martin, Maplesville, R. 1. 7-19-2t

Auto-Intoxication Causes Death

Do you know why you have sick headache, diabetes, neuralgia, rheumatism and liver or kidney troubles? It's because you are being poisoned by products of your own body. Your organs of elimination are not working properly. Waste material that should be thrown out is being retained to poison and intoxicate your system. That could not happen if the bowels were kept open with Granger Liver Regulator. This splendid preparation is purely vegetable and non-alcoholic. Demand Granger Liver Regulator at your drug store—25c a box—and take no other. There is nothing "just as good."

OFFICIAL LIST READY TO MAIL OUT FROM CAPITAL TUESDAY

Washington, July 23.—The master list of the drawing last Friday, which fixed military liability under the draft will not be ready for distribution to the local exemption boards until tomorrow. It had been hoped to mail it today, but a delay resulted from mechanical difficulties in printing.

Pending publication of this official result of the drawing, no authentic information is available to check the unofficial report transmitted to the newspapers during the drawing. It is probable a copy of the official list will be given out here tomorrow.

The governors will be furnished with two copies for each local board in their states. On receipt of their lists each local board will cancel the numbers higher than the top red ink number in its district and then from the remaining numbers enough men to make up double the district's quota will be notified to appear for physical examination.

Provost Marshal General Cowder ruled today that posting at the board headquarters of the list of men ordered to appear, constitutes legal notification. Those ordered up will also be notified by mail, but the period allowed for appearance will count from the posting of the list.

The ruling was in connection with an order issued by the war department holding the ranks of the regular army open to registered men for voluntary enlistment up to the time such men have been posted as ordered to appear. Registered men may enlist also in the navy or national guard up to that time.

In apportioning draft quotas credit was given for all voluntary enlistments prior to June 30, but there has been no indication whether credits will be given for men coming in since that date. It is probable that the voluntary system has provided close to 50,000 men for the 687,000 called for under the draft act as necessary to fill up the regulars and guard and create the first increment of the national army, and it is entirely likely that in the end every man who enlists voluntarily will reduce by one the quota of his home district.

The office of the provost marshal was swamped today with applicants for blanks requesting transfer of examination. He then may get necessary blanks from the board within whose jurisdiction he is at the time. His physical examination can be transferred and affidavits regarding exemption claims may also be received and considered at a temporary residence.

Every man finally certificated for military service, however, will return to the jurisdiction of his home board and go with the troops from his home town.

There is a considerable scramble going on around Clanton for fruit jars and cans. The supply seems to be somewhat less than the demand right now. The cannig idea is very popular among our people, and it is very good.

"Family Store"

This store is the place where every member of the family can trade. It is filled with supplies for all.

We Clothe The Family

You will find here the cream of the Market in DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, SHOES, HATS, NECKWEAR & FURNISHINGS.

We have suits, hats, shoes, shirts, and underwear for father. We have goods for mother's dress, her shoes, gloves, and all of her garments. We clothe the boys, and girls, young men and young women, and even the very little folks. Quality high; Prices Right.

Clanton Mercantile Company
"The Big Bargain Store."

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week ending July 21, 1917:

WOMEN—Miss Carry Singleton, Mrs. Callie J. Jeffries, Sarah Williams Miss Etta Mae Hatcher, Mrs. Jack Tatum, Miss Lou Thomas, Mrs. Alma Shaver, Miss Pirl Cook, Manley Dunlap, Mrs. M. A. Olover, Mrs. Edthen Hill, Miss Mary Pickett, Mrs. Lula Givens, Mrs. Lula Bell McCall, Miss Glermae Ambus.

MEN—Tommie Broadhead, T. E. Weldon, Leewan Wililams, Wade Williams, George Scott, Willie Smoth, Bill Smith, George S. Davis, Cary Burkhalter, James M. Marshall, Homer Brown, J. H. Nix, Luther Bathes Henry Dunn, C. Hlill, W. J. Mimms, James Mims, Beel Silas.

These letters will be sent to the dead letter office July 30, 1917, if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "advertised" giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON, P.M.

Thirty Y M C A secretaries have gone to France with the expeditionary forces accompanied by large shipments of equipment and supplies. Among the secretaries was Francis B. Sayre, son-in-law of President Wilson, who served as Y M C A secretary with troops on the Border. The National Council has received a cable asking for five hundred Y M C A secretaries with a speaking knowledge of French to work among the French soldiers.

When the "Kanson" went down as the victim of a German submarine last week, it carried to the bottom $18,000 worth of Y M C A supplies being shipped for the use of secretaries operating with the American troops in France. Among the items in the shipment was an automobile truck for the delivery of supplies, five hundred folding chairs, a number of folding organs and several tons of milk chocolate. These supplies have been reshipped.

Since July 4th two army Y M C A tents have been in operation at Camp Sheridan, Montgomery, for the use of the Alabama Brigade. Two buildings are already under construction, which, when completed, will replace the tents. These buildings cost approximately $3,500, and are fitted with class rooms, a moving picture outfit, writing tables, ogice for the distribution of free stationery and a stage for entertainments and public execersises. At one hundred and fifty points similar units are in operation under temporary tents, and forty one buildings are already completed and in use.

Work in a tent has been opened for the men in the navy yard at Pensacola which is included in the territory of the Alabama State Y M C A. This work is in charge of Secretary F. W. West, who has served as secretary with the regular troops on the Panama Canal Zone, and later with the Alabama cavalry on the Mexican border.

Dr .Benjamin Cox, pastor of the First Baptist church of Memphis, Tenn., came to Montgomery last week to be associated with camp secretary E. D. Langley as director and promoter of the religious activities centering in the buildings.

Secretary R. L. Alexander is in charge, and secures the gratutious use of a vacant store, or the use of space in some occupied store, in each of the towns in which the troops camp over night, opening up Y M C A headquarters for correspondence and the sale of stamps. In this war the Y M C A will follow the flag wherever the American soldier may go.

DELCO-LIGHT



Electricity for Every Home and Farm

Does Away With Drudgery

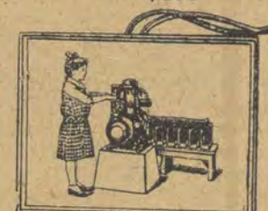
DELCO-LIGHT is a complete electric light and POWER plant, operated by gasoline or kerosene. It is simple, economical, practical. Furnishes power to pump water and operate small machinery, washes clothes, churns butter, etc. Supplies abundance of clean, brilliant and safe light for house and barn. Betters living conditions and pays for itself in time and labor saved.

With Standard Batteries (f. o. b. Dayton, O.) - - - - $350

FOR ACTUAL DEMONSTRATION VRITE, PHONE OR WIRE TO

BLOCH BROTHERS, DEALERS, SELMA, ALA.

The Domestic Electric Company,
Distributors, Atlanta, Ga.



Mrs. R. N. Skov died Sunday July 15th at 10 o'clock p. m. at the home of her daughter, Mrs. C. Christensen near Thorsby where she had lived for several years.

She was born in Denmark 88 years ago and spent most of her life there. Her husband, who died in Cleveland, Ohio several years ago, fought in the three year Danish war against Germany about 70 years ago and was wounded in battle.

Mrs. Skov is survived by the following children: Mrs. C. Christensen and Mrs. P. K. Villadsen of Thorsby, Messrs S. R., T. R. and P. R Skov of Cleveland, Ohio, and L. R. Skov of Tampico, Mexico.

"That miserable pain—don't you want relief?"



Close attention to work is the cause of much Pain and many Headaches. Obtain relief by taking one or two

DR. MILES' ANTI-PAIN PILLS

Then tone up the Nervous System by using

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine

AWFUL SUFFERING.

"I suffered untold agony with neuralgia. I thought I would go mad with pain. A friend of mine advised me to take Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. I did so and the pain stopped almost at once. Then I commenced using Dr. Miles' Nervine and before long I was so that I did not have these pains any more." E. J. WINTER, 561 E. Platte Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo.

IF FIRST BOTTLE, OR BOX, FAILS TO HELP YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

EXEMPTION RULES ARE MADE PUBLIC

Directions for Registered Men Given Step by Step.

ALL CLAIMS UNDER OATH

Industrial Needs and Dependents Are Chief Basis on Which Draft May Be Avoided—Make Claims in Person.

Washington.—Provost Marshal General Crowder has issued complete instructions for the men registered under the selective conscription law. So that everyone will understand just what is to be done, he gives the directions, step by step, as follows:

1. LOCAL BOARDS—In every county in the United States and for every city of over 30,000 there are one or more local exemption boards. Each of such boards is in charge of the registration cards of persons registered in the area, over which the board has jurisdiction, and has jurisdiction of all claims for exemption, except those based on industrial grounds. FIND OUT WHAT BOARD HAS YOUR CARD AND WHERE THE OFFICE OF THAT BOARD IS.

2. DISTRICT BOARDS—In every federal judicial district there are one or more district boards, having appellate jurisdiction over a number of local boards and having original jurisdiction of claims for exemption on industrial grounds. IF YOU INTEND TO MAKE A CLAIM ON INDUSTRIAL GROUNDS, INCLUDING AGRICULTURE, LEARN WHAT DISTRICT BOARD TO APPLY TO.

Meaning of Numbers.

3. RED INK SERIAL NUMBERS—Every board has numbered the cards in its jurisdiction with red ink in a series running from 1 to the number representing the total number of cards in its jurisdiction. Lists showing the names of persons in the jurisdiction of each board and the red ink number of each are open to inspection at the office of each board. INSPECT THE LIST AND INFORM YOURSELF OF YOUR RED INK SERIAL NUMBER.

4. ORDER OF LIABILITY—These red ink numbers are to be drawn by lot to determine the order in which registered persons are to be called by the various local boards. As soon as the drawing is complete lists showing the order in which these red ink numbers are drawn will be published in the press, and will be posted at the office of each local board. GO TO YOUR LOCAL BOARD AND FIND OUT THE ORDER IN WHICH YOU STAND FOR CALL.

5. As soon as quotas are assigned to each state and each board, each board will call upon persons whose cards are in its jurisdiction instructing them to present themselves for examination. This call will be posted at the office of the local board and the papers will be requested to print it. A notice will also be mailed to you, but the posting of the list at the office of the board will be deemed sufficient notice to charge you with the duty of presenting yourself. The law therefore makes it your duty to inform yourself when you are called. The mailing is for your convenience, but if the letter never reaches you you cannot make that an excuse.

Watch the lists at the office of your board and see when you are called for examination.

6. Physical examination—you must report for physical examination on the day named in your call.

If you are found physically disqualified the board will give you a certificate which will explain to you what your further duties are.

If you are found physically qualified and file a claim for exemption within seven days after your call you will be given ten days after filing your claim of exemption to file proof in support of your claim of exemption. See (VII) below.

Watch for Your Name.

If you are found physically qualified and file no claim for exemption, or if you do not appear for physical examination, your name will be posted to the district board as one who was called for military service and was not exempted or discharged. On the eighth day after call, or within two days thereafter, copies of the list of persons so posted to the district boards will be given to the press with a request for publication, will be posted in a place at the office of the local board accessible to the public view, and notice will be mailed to you at the address on your registration card.

THEREFORE WATCH THE NOTICES POSTED IN THE OFFICE OF THE BOARD ABOUT TEN DAYS AFTER THE DAY YOU WERE CALLED AND MAKE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE PROMPT RECEIPT OF MAIL.

7. EXEMPTION OR DISCHARGE.—No claim or discharge on account of the industry in which you are engaged can be decided by a local board. (See Par. XV, below.)

WHETHER YOU FILE A CLAIM OF EXEMPTION OR NOT, YOU MUST PRESENT YOURSELF FOR PHYSICAL EXAMINATION ON THE DAY NAMED IN THE NOTICE.

From the day notice that you are called is mailed and posted you have seven days in which you may file a claim of exemption or discharge. The form for filing this claim is simple. If you wish to file such a claim—

Go to the board and get Form 110 for exemption or Form 121 for discharge. If the board has not the printed forms ask to consult the form pamphlet and copy the form shown there.

Fill out the proper form and file it with the board.

Do this within seven days of the posting and mailing of notice to you to present yourself.

The following are the only grounds for exemption:

That you are an officer, legislative, executive or judicial of the United States, a state or territory, or the District of Columbia.

That you are a regular or duly ordained minister of religion.

That you were on May 18, 1917, a student preparing for the ministry in any recognized theological or divinity school.

That you are in the military or naval service of the United States.

That you are a subject of Germany, whether you have taken out papers or not.

That you are a resident alien who has not taken out first papers.

In addition to claims for exemption claims for discharge may be made on any of the following grounds, which are the only grounds for discharge by a local board:

That you are a county or municipal officer.

That you are a custom-house clerk.

That you are employed by the United States in the transmission of mails.

That you are an artificer or workman employed in an armory, arsenal or navy yard of the United States.

That you are employed in the service of the United States (under certain conditions). See paragraph (e) of section 20, Regulations.

That you are a licensed pilot regularly employed in the pursuit of your vocation.

That you are a mariner actually employed in the sea service of any citizen or merchant within the United States.

That you are a married man with a wife or child dependent on you for support.

That you have aged or infirm parents dependent upon your labor for support.

That you have a widowed mother dependent on your labor for support.

That you are the father of a motherless child under sixteen dependent upon your labor for support.

That you are a brother of an orphan child or children under sixteen dependent on your labor for support.

That you are a member of any well-recognized religious sect or organization organized and existent May 17, 1917, and whose then existing creed or principles forbade its members to participate in war in any form and whose religious convictions are against war or participation therein in accordance with the creed or principles of said religious organization.

These are the only grounds for exemption or discharge by a local board.

Another person can file a claim in your behalf, but must use different forms in filing the claim.

8. Proof of claims—Your claim of exemption or discharge must be filed within seven days of the day on which notice to you that you are called was posted and mailed. But after you have filed your claim for exemption or discharge you have ten days within which to file proof.

The method of proving claims is very simple, but it is rather exact. If you follow the rules given below you will have done what is required of you:

(a) Go to the local board and consult the regulations to find out the form number of the affidavits that you must submit for your particular claim.

(b) Ask the board for the blank affidavits that are necessary in presenting your proof; if the board has not the forms, ask to consult the pamphlet of forms.

(c) Have the affidavits properly accomplished and return them to the board within the time limit assigned you—ten days from the filing of your claim.

Remember:

(a) You must submit your proof in the prescribed form and the board has no authority to exempt or discharge you unless you submit all the affidavits required by regulations.

(b) There will be no argument before the board and no proof other than the prescribed affidavits, unless the board calls for other proof, which it will do in only a limited number of cases.

Action as to Claims.

9. WHEN CLAIMS ARE DECIDED—Every claim for discharge or exemption will be decided by the local board within three days after your affidavits have been filed.

10. CERTIFICATES OF EXEMPTION OR DISCHARGE—If your claim is allowed, a certificate of exemption or discharge will be issued to you.

Remember:

(a) This certificate may be recalled at any time.

(b) If it is temporary or conditional it becomes of no effect when the time or the condition named is fulfilled.

(c) You have been drawn for military service and when the condition that has postponed your posting to the colors ceases you may be recalled at any time.

(d) Remember that your case may still be appealed to the district board by the government, and on this appeal your certificate may be withdrawn at once. When so withdrawn you stand precisely as though you had been selected for military service by the local board.

11. ADVERSE DECISIONS ON CLAIM—If your claim is disallowed by the local board your name will be certified and sent by the local board to the district board as one who has been called for military service and not exempted or discharged. Within two days thereafter, if practicable, a list of those so certified to the district board will be given to the press with a request for publication, will be posted in the offices of the local board accessible to the public view, and notice will be mailed to the address on the registration card.

Therefore, if you have filed a claim for exemption and proof in support thereof watch the notices in the office of the local board, beginning about five days after you have filed your proof, to see what disposition was made of your case and make arrangements for the prompt receipt of mail.

Carrying Up Appeals.

12. HOW TO CLAIM APPEALS TO DISTRICT BOARDS—Claims of appeal may be made by a person within ten days after the day when notice has been posted and mailed that such person's name has been certified to the district board as one who has been called for service and not exempted or discharged

Therefore if you desire to appeal—

(a) Go to the local board and get or copy form 153 or 154 for filing your claim of appeal.

(b) Get or copy also form 151 or 152 for notifying the district board of appeal.

(c) File your claim of appeal (153 or 154) with the local board.

(d) Send your notice of appeal (form 151 or 152) to the district board.

(e) Do this within ten days from the day when notice that your name was certified to the district board was posted and mailed.

Remember:

(a) You can only appeal the final order of the board exempting or discharging or refusing to exempt or discharge you. You cannot appeal other orders or actions of the local board.

13. PROVING YOUR APPEAL—You have five days after the district board receives your notice that you have filed a claim of appeal in which to file evidence additional to that filed by you in the local board, but all such evidence must consist of affidavits.

Reception of Decisions.

14. DECISIONS ON APPEAL—The decision on your appeal must be made within five days of the closing of proof, and you will be notified by mail of the action of the board on your appeal.

15. CLAIMS FOR DISCHARGE ON INDUSTRIAL GROUNDS—Only the district board can receive claims for discharge on the ground that they are engaged in industry, including agriculture, found to be necessary to the maintenance of the military establishment, the effective operation of the military forces, or the maintenance of national interest during the emergency.

Such claims must be filed with the district board on or before the fifth day after the mailing and posting of notice that you have been certified by the local board as one who has been called for service and not exempted or discharged.

If you desire to file such a claim:

(a) Get a copy at the local or district board of form 161 or 161a.

(b) Fill the form out properly.

(c) File it with the district board within five days after the mailing and posting of notice that your name has been certified from the local board to the district board. See section 44, regulations.

16. PROOF IN SUPPORT OF INDUSTRIAL CLAIM—Only affidavits can be used in filing proof before the industrial board of a claim for exemption on industrial grounds. All such affidavits must be filed within five days after the filing of the claim.

Industrial Claim Rulings.

17. DECISIONS ON INDUSTRIAL CLAIM—Within five days after the closing of proof in any industrial claim the district board must decide the claim.

If the decision of the district board is in favor of the claim the board will issue a certificate of discharge. If the decision is against the claim the district boards will so notify you.

Remember that you have been called for military service and that the certificate of the district boad is only conditional on your remaining in the kind of industrial service on account of which you were discharged. No such exemption shall continue when a cause therefor no longer exists and your certificate of discharge may be withdrawn or modified by the district board at any time that the district board shall determine that the circumstances require it.

18. APPEALS TO THE PRESIDENT—Only decisions of district boards on industrial claims for discharge can be appealed.

If you desire to appeal the decision of the district boards to the president, you may do so within seven days of the date of mailing to you of the decision of the district board. To perfect your appeal:

(a) Get or copy from the district or local board Form 163.

(b) Fill out the form and file it with the district board.

(c) Do this within seven days after the mailing of notice to you of the decision of the district board in your case.

19. HOW YOU WILL BE NOTIFIED—As soon as your case is finally disposed of, the adjutant general of your state will notify you by mail that you have been selected for military service.

Your local boards will post a list of all persons selected for military service in a place at the office of the local boards accessible to public view. The local boards will also give lists of persons selected for military service to the press with the requests for publication.

Notice that you have been selected for military service will not necessarily order you into service.

The notice to report for military service will come when the government is ready to receive you.

Naturally.

"The last time I saw Jones he looked to be going down hill very fast."

"Has he fallen in bad health?"

"No; he was coasting on his wheel."

The Main Point.

Young Lawyer—How do you think I acquitted myself in that trial?

Old Friend—Much better than you did your client.

ELIGIBLES ON STATE BOARDS CANNOT SERVE

Because of their liability for military service under the select service law, all members of exemption boards in Alabama who are between 21 and 31 years old, will be removed and their scucessors appointed by President Wilson at once.

Brigadier General G. J. Hubbard, head of the state military department, received notice from the war department Monday to advise it at once of all persons between the ages. General Hubbard notified the boards to make reports at once and when they are received his department will recommend successors.

The war department first decided that any persons sould serve, but afterward ruled that a man eligible for service should not be called upon to pass the eligibility of others. As a result of the order, several persons will be removed from the exemption boards.

The above ruling of the war department effects two of the three members of the local exemption board for Chilton County. Circuit Clerk M.D. Foshee, and the Examining Physician of the board, Dr. Arthur Johnson, are both within the conscription age limit, and therefore, are declared ineligible for service on the board. Their successors will be named in a short while.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SETTLEMENT NOTICE

The State of Alabama, Chilton County. Probate Court, July 18, 1917.

In the matter of the Estate of Mrs. Anna Olson Deceased.

This day came Mrs. T. O. Swan, Administratriz of the Estate of said deceased, and files her account, vouchers, evidence, statement for final settlement of her said Administration.

It is ordered that the 6th day of August 1917, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

Witness my hand, this 18th day of July 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

Doing hard work in a bent or stooping position puts a stitch in the back that is painful. If the muscles have become strained, you can't get rid of it without help. The great penetration power of BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT will appeal to you most strongly at such times, because it is the very thing you need. Price 25c, 50c and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

Of the Peoples Savings Bank, located at Clanton, Ala., at the close of business June 20, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Currency,	7620.00
Gold,	1560.00
Silver, Nickels and Pennies,	951.72
Checks and Cash items,	252.11
Cash items in Transit,	1173.26
Due from Banks in this state	67588.65
Due from Banks in other States,	14816.86
Total,	93962.60
Bonds and Stocks owned by Bank (Liberty Loan),	4000.00
Loans and Discounts,	77339.47
Demand Loans,	10150.00
Overdrafts,	352.88
Banking House,	2700.00
Furniture and Fixtures,	1880.14
Grand Total,	190385.09

LIABILITIES

Indnvidual deposits,	126065.81
Time Certificates,	13980.03
Cashier's Checks,	3163.57
Certified Checks,	7029.41
Due Banks in this State,	none
Due Banks in other States	none
Due unpaid dividends,	50.00
Total Deposits,	150288.82
Capital Stock paid in,	15000.00
Undivided profits less current expenses and taxes paid,	25096.27
Notes and Bills payable,	none
Grand Total,	190385.09

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

Before me came Jno. A. Thomas, Vice-President and Cashier of The Peoples Savings Bank, Clanton, Ala., who being duly sworn, says that the above and foregoing statement is true and gives the actual condition of said Bank, as shown by the books on file in said Bank.

JNO. A. THOMAS,
Vice-Pres. and Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 26th day of June, 1917.

H. M. SIMPSON,
Register of Circuit Court in Equity.

ATTEST:
W. T. Callen,
E. E. Upchurch,
J. B. Downs,
Directors.

SCOTCH COLLIE PUPS—For Sale at Ford Place. L. C. DUNCAN.

George Manning, a merchant of Weogufka, and one of Coosa County's most prominent citizens, was in Clanton Monday a short while.

Used successfully a whole year all over the South



BUCKEYE Lintless Hulls have been fed by farmers, dairymen and stockmen throughout the South for the past year. Reports from these feeders indicate that these lintless hulls when properly fed, are a great improvement over the old style hulls.

By actual use, these feeders have found the following advantages of using

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

Every pound of the Buckeye Hulls contains much more food value because the lint on the old style hulls has no food value.

The price per pound of real roughage in the form of Buckeye Hulls is very much less than in the form of the old style hulls. Buckeye Hulls do not clog or flux the digestive tract. Other foods mixed with them are readily assimilated.

They are free of trash and dust.
They are sacked and easy to handle.
They take half as much space in the barn.

If you have not tried Buckeye Hulls, please remember that thousands of feeders are using them and will use no other roughage. If you have not given Buckeye Hulls a fair trial, let the experience of these successful feeders guide you in using them as they should be used.

Mr. Olwey Yarber, Booneville, Ark.,
has fed a carload of Buckeye Hulls to cows and calves to get them ready for the range. He had been feeding hay and he finds that they did much better on Buckeye Hulls as roughage. He has another car of Buckeye Hulls bought.

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K ***The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.*** *Dept. K*

Atlanta, Augusta, Birmingham, Charlotte, Greenwood, Jackson, Little Rock, Macon, Memphis, Selma

CONTRACTS FOR GUNS AND MOUNTS HARD TO PLACE

Washington, July 22—In a statement tonight explaining his request for an appropriation of $7,500,000 to increase the capacity of the gun factory at the Washington Navy Yard, Secretary Daniels declared that contracts for guns, mounts and other ordnance supplies "are becoming increasingly difficult to place."

"Had not the navy possessed the present factory," continued the statement, "the supply of all ordnance material would be so much less efficient than it is at present that the matter would have undoubtedly been forced to public notice. The matter of additional guns and mounts is most urgent owing to the demands made by our own and other governments for such equipment."

S. M. Pate of Shelby was a visitor to Clanton for a while on Monday.

KEEPING INFORMED

A Reliable Daily Newspaper is Now An Absolute Necessity.

In these stirring times a daily newspaper, printing all the news promptly, accurately and independently is an absolute necessity to every man and in every home.

The Birmingham News—the South's greatest newspaper — is everywhere recognized as the biggest, best and most reliable in all the South. It prints complete news of the war, and all other world news, gathered by the three greatest news organizations; special correspondence covering all the news of Alabamians in the army, navy, etc., vigorous, fearless editorials; latest markets—everything.

Subscribe for the great newspaper. Special trial offer, Daily and Sunday, by mail only to December 5, for $1.50 Send in your order today.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

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CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. A. B. BAXLEY
Optometrist
Office in Mullins Bldg.
Clanton, Ala.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

A. C. Smith B. Guy Smith
SMITH & SMITH
Attorneys At Law
General Practice
Clanton, - - - - - Alabama.

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Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
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For Life and Fire Insurance, Accident and Health Insurance, Auto and Windstorm Insurance, Liability and Plate Glass Insurance. Bonding.
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Regular office days Mondays and Saturdays.
Third door east of Post office.
CLANTON, ALA.

Watch your label.

WILLFUL MISREPRESENTATION

Of L & N Railroad Co by Western Union Telegraph Co

DISCLOSED BY THE FACTS

Representatives of the Western Union Telegraph Co. recently secured a large number of affidavits from people in the States of Alabama and Florida (the affidavits having been previously prepared in the offices of the Western Union representatives) upon the misrepresentation that the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Co. was about to cut down the telegraph poles of the Western Union Telegraph Co. and forcibly remove the telegraph wires from the L. & N. right of way in the State of Alabama, thereby disrupting business and social telegraphic facilities, jeopardizing Montgomery's and Alabama's chances of securing an army cantonment, and otherwise seriously interfering with the Army and Navy in the successful prosecution of the world war.

By this misrepresentation, and before the L. & N. had any knowledge of the unwarranted activity, or any opportunity to issue a statement of the facts, many prominent and patriotic citizens were deceived into signing the affidavits, thereby giving aid to the Western Union in its secret effort to create prejudice against the L. & N.

Without the slightest foundation in fact, and in violation of business ethics, the Western Union caused its attorneys, without regard for or consideration of the Federal Judge before whom the hearing was then pending, to present the matter to the Secretary of War of the United States and to the Attorney General of the United States.

Being deceived by the Western Union, Secretary of War Baker telegraphed to the President of the L. & N., and Attorney General Gregory wrote to the Federal Judge who then had the case in charge, that the L. & N. must not be permitted, in view of the present war situation, to cut down the poles and forcibly remove the wires of the Western Union from the L. & N. right of way in Alabama.

Not to the knowledge of the L. & N. does any chapter of history of business contain a parallel to this effrontry and misrepresentation practiced by the Western Union Telegraph Co.

FACTS IN THE CASE

In 1884 the Western Union Telegraph Co. entered into a contract with the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Co. whereby the poles and wires of the telegraph company were to occupy a section along the right of way of the railroad company. The contract contained a clause that notice was to be given twelve months in advance of an intention on the part of either party to continue or terminate the contract at the expiration date.

In accordance with the terms of the contract, the mere existence of which constituted an acknowledgment by the Western Union of the right of the L. & N. to exercise authority over and ownership of a right of way which the L. & N. held either by deed of gift or outright purchase, the Western Union gave voluntary notice within the stipulated time of its intention to terminate the contract on August 17th, 1912.

Thereupon the Western Union instituted condemnation proceedings in the courts in an effort to secure the L. & N. right of way without any contract or obligation to the L. & N. at all.

WESTERN UNION ENJOINS L. & N.

Correctly anticipating that the L. & N. would resist this proceeding to the full extent of its ability the Western Union, under date of December 28th, 1912, secured from the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Kentucky a temporary injunction to prevent the L. & N. from removing the Western Union poles and wires from the railroad right of way, (the L. & N. having given the telegraph company 4 months notice to remove its wires and poles) and then began to push its condemnation proceedings.

The law of Alabama, a most excellent law, which protects the interests of the people against those who enjoy the right of eminent domain, stipulates:

"If the property sought to be condemned, or any portion thereof, or interest therein, has already been subjected or devoted to a public use, such land or portion thereof, or interest therein, shall not be taken for another and different character of public use unless an actual necessity for the specific land or portion thereof, or interest therein shall be alleged and proven, and unless it be alleged and proven that such other and different character of public use will not materially interefere with the public use to which such property is already subjected or devoted."

The law was passed by Alabama in 1903 and is the law of the State at the present time. However, and without regard to State Rights, or authority of Alabama to pass laws for its government, the Western Union asserted that it had every right to condemn the right of way of the L. & N. Railroad Co. in Alabama without compliance with the provisions of this law.

COURT DECISIONS FAVOR L. & N.

Upon its failure to secure a favorable decision in first one Alabama court and then another, including the Supreme Court of that state, the Western Union carried its contention to the Supreme Court of the United States, where, after one brief week, a decision was rendered adversely to the Western Union and in favor of the L. & N.

In compliance with the voluntary termination of the contract by the Western Union, and in accordance with the decision of the various courts of Alabama and of the Supreme Court of the United States rendered on June 11th, 1917, the L. & N. filed with the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Kentucky, which Court granted the temporary injunction, an amended and supplemental answer to the injunction, seeking to have the temporary injunction dissolved insofar as the injunction related to the L. & N. right of way in the State of Alabama.

ALLOW REASONABLE TIME

In its application to the Court the L. & N. said:

"Wherefore, the defendant (The L. & N.) prays that the temporary injunction granted herein on Dec. 28th, 1912, and since continued in force from time to time, be dissolved insofar as the plaintiff's telegraph lines on defendant's railroad right of way situated in the State of Alabama are concerned, and if the court shall be of opinion under the facts disclosed by the record herein that such dissolution should be upon equitable terms and conditions, and that plaintiff (the Western Union) should be allowed a reasonable time in which to remove the telegraph poles, wires or apparatus owned by the plaintiff from defendant's said right of way, situated in Alabama, and to vacate the premises occupied, then, and in that event, the defendant prays that such time, for that purpose, be limited to a period of three months, with the assistance of the defendant to be furnished as hereinbefore set forth."

The assistance to be rendered by the L. & N. to the Western Union constituted "furnishing of cars, engines and necessary equipment at and between stations for the purpose of effecting such removal."

Competent telegraph experts, at the expense of the L. & N., had previously estimated that the Western Union could easily remove its poles and wires from the L. & N. right of way within three months without any interference or interruption to Western Union telegraphic service whatsoever; and further, that the Western Union had every legal right to occupy a right of way for its poles and wires along the margin of any public highway, as permitted by the just and liberal laws of Alabama.

HAD NOTICE IN ADVANCE

A copy of the motion to dissolve the injunction was served in advance on the Western Union, and the Western Union had complete information in advance of the orderly and legal procedure proposed by the L. & N., and had further knowledge that the L. & N. would be in contempt of the United States Court if it removed or attempted to remove, by force or otherwise, the Western Union poles and wires from the L. & N. right of way until full and complete hearing and final dissolution of the temporary injunction.

In spite of these facts the Western Union secured affidavits throughout Alabama, and in sections of Florida, on the misrepresentation that destruction of Western Union property by the L. & N. was imminent, with consequent serious interference with the successful prosecution of the world war.

Adjutant General G. J. Hubbard, of Alabama, was induced to sign an affidavit wherein was recited the serious consequences to the mobilization of troops in Alabama, which concludes "any destruction or interference with the Western Union Telegraph Company's lines along the right of way of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company in Alabama would be a most serious handicap to the military service, and asks that said lines of said telegraph company be not removed or interfered with until a reasonable time after the termination of the present war."

Commandant C. P. Nelson, of the United States Navy Aeronautic Station at Pensacola, Fla., was induced to sign an affidavit along similar lines, and concluded with the request "that the lines of said telegraph company be not ordered removed from the right of way of said railroad company until a reasonable time after the termination of the present world war."

United States Marshal Jas. B. Perkins, for the Northern District of Florida, was induced to give an affidavit outlining that serious consequences would result to the business interests, naval vessels and merchant marine service, and concluded with the request "that the lines of said telegraph company in Alabama be not ordered removed from the right of way of said railroad company until a reasonable time after the termination of the war."

(How many misrepresentations are being made in the name of the war!)

Many other patriotic citizens who signed affidavits upon similar misrepresentations later expressed regret and stated had they known the facts in the case they never would have signed. A great many refused outright to sign the affidavits, and others gave counter affidavits, upon being told the facts in the case, withdrawing and refuting statements contained in the Western Union affidavits.

MAKES THE WAR THE EXCUSE

Having completed its chain of misrepresentation the Western Union caused its attorneys to present in conference its tissue of distorted facts to Secretary of War Baker, the conference culminating in the following formal letter addressed to the Secretary of War by the attorneys for the Western Union:

"Washington, D. C., June 28th, 1917. Hon Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War, Washington, D. C. Sir: Confirming conversation yesterday with several officials of your department, and on behalf of the Western Union Telegraph Company, we beg to call your attention to a matter which affects the public interest, and particularly the Army and Navy.

"A motion will be heard tomorrow in the Federal Court at Louisville, Ky., to dissolve, as it affects the territory of the State of Alabama, an injunction heretofore obtained by the Western Union Telegraph Company restraining the Louisville and Nashville Railway Company from removing from the rights of way of the railway company the poles and wires of the telegraph company. If the motion is granted it is expected that the Louisville and Nashville Railway Company will immediately cut down the poles of the telegraph company upon its right of way—(the Western Union attorneys had positive knowledge to the contrary on June 19th, before they wrote this letter on June 28th)—and, as a glance at the map will show, this will result in the crippling of the service of the Western Union Telegraph Company in the State of Alabama, and also its interstate service routed through the State of Alabama.

"Under the Act of July 24th, 1866 (Rev. Stat. Par. 5263 et. seq.) the Western Union Telegraph Company is rendering service to the War and other Departments at rates fixed by the Postmaster General, and the telegrams of the Government have priority over all other business of the company and the Government has a right to acquire title to the Company's lines.

"Affidavits obtained by the Telegraph Company and to be presented at the hearing show that the service from the War Department at Washington to points on the Mexican Border is frequently routed via Montgomery and Mobile, Ala., over the right of way of the Louisville and Nashville Railway Company. Numerous other Governmental services are rendered over these lines affecting other Departments. The affidavits show that serious interference is likely to result to the service of the Navy Yard in Pensacola, Fla., and various Naval activities through the port of Mobile, Ala. The time is too short to lay before the Department the detailed facts and we quote a telegram received this morning from the President of the Telegraph Company, as follows:

" 'New York, N. Y., June 28th, 1917, 11:07 A.M.

Wilson, Huidekoper & Lesh, Washington, D. C.: I am wiring you to confirm in all respects statements made in message sent you last night by General Attorney Benedict. The Western Union Telegraph Company urgently desires the good offices of the War and Navy Departments to secure through the United States Attorney at Louisville a postponement of the hearing of the railroad company's motion to dissolve the injunction at least until the government can ascertain the facts. The Adjutant General of Alabama has made affidavit "that in the mobilization of troops it is absolutely necessary to make considerable use of the Western Union Telegraph Company in a very large part of the State of Alabama at parts that are only reached by telegraph over lines that are now on the right of way of the Louisville & Nashville Railway Company" and further stating "that any destruction or interference with the Western Union Telegraph Company's lines along the right of way of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company in Alabama would be a most serious handicap to the military service." (Signed) Newcomb Carlton, President W. U. Tel. Co.

"It is a matter of general information that all transportation facilities, including the telegraph company's, are only by the utmost exertions able to cope with the greatly increased governmental business, and the destruction of lines of the Telegraph Company so important and over so great an area is certain to result in damage which will be fully appreciated only if the destruction is accomplished.

"We therefore respectfully and urgently request that the government, particularly the War Department, take steps to prevent this crippling of the telegraph service, or at least to postpone it until the Government can ascertain the facts, and to this end we suggest that the United States Attorney for the District in which Louisville, Ky., is located be instructed to take such action with regard to the motion which will be called for hearing tomorrow as will conserve the Government's interest. Respectfully. (Signed) Wilson, Huidekoper & Lesh,

SECRETARY OF WAR BAKER ACTS

Upon receipt of that letter Secretary of War Baker sent the following telegram:

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAM

"Washington, D. C., June 29th, 1917, 6:05 P.M.

Milton H. Smith, President, Louisville & Nashville Railroad Co., Louisville, Ky.

I am informed that a controversy exists between the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company and the Western Union Telegraph Company as to the right to maintain lines and poles on the right of way of your company. The Government has no interest in this controversy, but the continued maintenance and operation of the telegraph lines is essential to the public safety. No damage must be permitted to them, and if necessary the government will seize the lines and operate them for military purposes. (Signed) Newton D. Baker, Sec. of War."

President Smith referred the telegram to Col. H. L. Stone, General Counsel for the L. & N., who replied by telegraph as follows:

POSTAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY

"Louisville, Ky., June 30th, 1917, 12 o'clock noon.

Hon. Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War, Washington, D. C.

Your wire to President Smith received. Western Union's lines on Louisville & Nashville right of way constructed and operated by contract which was terminated voluntarily by Western Union itself as of August 17, 1912, whereupon Western Union, by suit in Federal Court at Louisville, obtained temporary injunction enjoining railroad company from taking possession or interfering with telegraph lines until Western Union's suits brought to condemn in State Courts were determined. The Courts of Alabama, after five years litigation, have finally denied Western Union's right to condemn railroad Company's right of way in that state. These judgments of the Alabama Supreme Court were affirmed by United States Supreme Court on 11th instant. The railroad company has entered motion in the Federal Court here set for next Monday to dissolve injunction as far as lines in Alabama are concerned, allowing Western Union reasonable time to remove from premises, having suggested three months for that purpose. This Company has no intention to use force to effect removal, but is proceeding in an orderly way through the Federal Court to obtain possession of its own right of way, which it has been deprived of for nearly five years without being paid any compensation whatever for use and occupation thereof. Either party has right of appeal from order on motion. No interruption of telegraphic service to the Government will result. Railroad Company has its own telegraph and telephone lines in Alabama in its rights of way over which it has heretofore and is now performing Government service and is ready, able and willing to continue such service, and if necessary to increase its facilities for same to extent needed or desired, under its acceptance of Act of Congress filed in 1912 with Post Master General. It has also heretofore offered to rent to Western Union space for its wires on railroad Company's pole line, to which they may be transferred without interruption of telegraph service to the Government or the public at usual and customary rental, and has also heretofore offered to lease to Western Union present location on Railroad right of way in Alabama at reasonable rental. Under these conditions, I, therefore, hope the Government will not take any steps which will interfere with railroad company's effort to secure control of its own property as against one who has no right to occupy it without the owner's consent, but who has already thus held it for five years. Please wire by Postal Telegraph at my expense copy of statement made or filed with you or your Department by Representative of Western Union concerning this controversy. H. L. Stone, General Counsel.

Secretary of War Baker replied as follows:

POSTAL TELEGRAM

"Washington, D. C., June 30, 1917.

H. L. Stone, General Counsel, Louisville & Nashville Ry. Co., Louisville, Ky.

Telegram received. The Government, of course, will do nothing to prejudice the rights of either party in such a controversy. No reason exists why you should not proceed to judgment in your rights, but actual interference with the operation of the lines cannot be permitted. If such step should seem to you necessary, communicate with the War Department and, if necessary, the Department will take over the lines for the Government operation until substitute facilities are adequate. Letter follows. Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War."

NO KNOWLEDGE OF FACTS

Secretary of War Baker, under date of July 4th, addressed the following letter to Col. Stone:

"Washington, July 4th, 1917. My Dear Mr. Stone: In further response to your telegram of June 30th, I enclose herewith a copy of a letter left with the Assistant Secretary of War by Wilson, Huidekoper & Lesh, Counsel for the Western Union Telegraph Company. I have not the least intention of interference in this controversy between the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company and the Western Union Telegraph Company. The matter is in Court and the rights of the parties will doubtless be adjudicated as they ought to be without any sort of consideration beyond the rights involved. The War Department, however, feels obliged to insist that the physical integrity of these telegraph lines be not interfered with in the public interest; and if it should become necessary to do so I will request the President's authority to take over the lines, operating them for official communication under such terms and conditions as will protect the emergency interests of the Government during the war.

"The action which I am taking must, of course, be understood to be wholly without reference to the respective rights of the railroad company and the telegraph company in the legal controversy. I do not assume any knowledge of the facts, or of the law, in that matter. Respectfully yours, Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War.

Not having received the information requested in his telegram of June 30th, and before receipt of the letter from Secretary of War Baker, dated July 4th, Col. Stone addressed the following letter to the Secretary of War under date of July 5th:

"Louisville, Ky., July 5th, 1917. Hon. Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War, Washington, D. C. Dear Sir: Your telegram of the 30th ult., concerning the controversy between this Company and the Western Union Telegraph Company as to the latter's right to maintain lines and poles on this company's right of way, was duly received, and I am gratified to note your statement that no reason exists why this company should not proceed to judgment in its rights. You conclude your telegram by stating "that letter follows". I have not yet received your letter as promised.

"In my telegram, to which yours was an answer, I requested that you wire by Postal Telegraph at my expense, copy of statement made or filed with you or your Department by the representatives of the Western Union Telegraph Company concerning this controversy. I assumed that the letter which was to follow your telegram would furnish me with this information.

"All that this company is endeavoring to do is to obtain possession as soon as practicable of its rights of way in the State of Alabama where the Western Union has been denied by final judgment the right to condemn such rights of way for the purpose of continuing its telegraph line thereon.

"The contract between the two companies was terminated by the Western Union itself in August, 1912, and since then it has, against this company's will and consent, held possession of the Railroad Company's rights of way without paying any sum whatsoever for the use and occupation thereof.

"In this company's motion to dissolve the temporary injunction granted by the Federal Court here in December, 1912, so far as the lines in Alabama were concerned, it was insisted that if the Court was of opinion the Western Union should have a reasonable time within which to remove its telegraph poles, wires and fixtures from this company's right of way a period of three months was sufficient for that purpose, and the officials and attorneys of the Western Union were fully aware of the fact that this company did not propose to destroy or interrupt the service to the public or Government rendered by the lines of the Western Union on its rights of way in Alabama; on the contrary, its motion was to the Court to dissolve the temporary injunction heretofore granted since the effort by the Western Union to condemn the Railroad Company's rights of way in Alabama had proved unsuccessful, and said injunction had only been granted temporarily and until that stage had been reached. The resistance by the Western Union to the motion made by this Company is for delay and to avoid paying any compensation for the use and occupancy of this Company's rights of way, and any statement made by the Telegraph Company or its representatives to you or your Department or to Attorney General, who has written a letter to the Federal Judge before whom this injunction suit is pending, contrary to the foregoing statement of facts, is without foundation and doubtless intended to prejudice the officials of the Government against this Company.

"I, therefore, repeat my request that you furnish me with the information referred to in my telegram to you of the 30th ult.

"I wish to assure you that all this company desires is either possession of its rights of way, to which it is entitled, or compensation from the Western Union for the use and occupation thereof until such possession is obtained by due process of law. Respectfully yours, H. L. Stone, General Counsel."

WRITES TO TRIAL JUDGE

In the meantime similar misrepresentations had been made to United States Attorney General Gregory, causing Attorney General Gregory to address the following letter to Judge Walter Evans, of the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Kentucky, before whom the application to dissolve the injunction in Alabama had been filed. The letter was given wide publicity in the newspapers throughout the country:

"Hon. Walter Evans, Sir: The Secretary of War has brought to my attention the situation arising out of the litigation in your Court between the Western Union Telegraph Company and the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company with reference to the operation of telegraph lines on the Louisville & Nashville right of way.

"He states that an effort will be made next Monday to dissolve the injunction restraining the railroad company from removing the telegraph poles from its right of way, and that in the event the injunction is dissolved the railroad company has announced that it will immediately cut down the poles and thereby destroy the telegraph lines in question. Such action will seriously interfere with the mobilization of troops and other military operations and under existing conditions cannot be permitted by the Government.

"In this situation the Secretary of War has telegraphed to the Presidents of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company and the Western Union Telegraph Company that, while the Government has no interest in their controversy, the maintenance and operation of the telegraph lines were essential to the public safety and that, if necessary, the Government would seize the lines and operate them for military purposes. Copies of these telegrams are enclosed for your information.

"The Government does not desire to take such action unless the military use of these lines cannot be assured in any other way, and I am writing this letter to put you in possession of the facts which have developed here, so that you may in the exercise of a wise discretion and public duty take such action as you may find proper to avoid further embarrassment to the Government's military operations at this critical time.

"I assume that no immediate action changing the status quo will in the circumstances be taken, and that, in the event you desire a more formal presentation of the Government's views, suitable time will be allowed for this purpose."

WIDESPREAD MISREPRESENTATION

Not only was this exchange of correspondence indulged in, but under date of July 4th there appeared in the public press throughout the country an authorized statement issued by the War Department, of which the following language is a part:

"As the case approached the point of deadlock it was understood that the road officials had given orders to gangs of their workmen to arm themselves with axes and remove the telegraph company's property by the simplest possible method—chopping down the poles."

There is not now, never has been, and never will be the slightest intention on the part of the L. & N. to illegally destroy property, not only Western Union property, but any property whatsoever. If the L. & N. is anything it is a constructive force in the community and not a destroyer. These facts the Western Union well knew and well knows.

The Western Union has already used the right of way of the L. & N. since August 17, 1912, without paying any compensation to the Railroad Company whatsoever therefor. The suggestion made by the Western Union that the telegraph lines be not removed from the Railroad Company's right of way until a reasonable length of time after the termination of the present world war is simply a play for time on the part of the Western Union to enable it to continue to use the right of way of the L. & N. without compensation.

SEEKS TO STIFLE COMPETITION

There is another angle to the activity of the Western Union. That company well knows that the L. & N. has telegraphic and telephonic facilities which are in many respects superior to the facilities offered by the Western Union. The L. & N. has its own telephone and telegraph lines and connections, including its main line between Cincinnati and New Orleans, a distance of 920 miles, and is now serving the Government, and is prepared to serve the public, in Alabama and elsewhere on its system, promptly and efficiently and with entire satisfaction in the transmission of telephone and telegraph messages. The activity of the Western Union, in addition to its determination to use the L. & N. right of way without compensation, is to stifle and eliminate from the telegraph field what it knows will be formidable competition.

The L. & N. regrets extremely the necessity for this communication to the people, but is fully determined that it will not submit supinely to misrepresentations by either individual or corporation with consequent prejudice to it in the minds of the general public. The L. & N. has faith in the people and is content to rest its cause with the people once a correct understanding of the facts is had.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO

The People Shall Be Advised

Five years ago the L. & N. Railroad Co. inaugurated a policy of publicity, designed to inform the public through the medium of paid advertisements, concerning problems involved in the operation of the L. & N., and to correct and refute any false, misleading or malicious statements made about the L. & N. Carrying out that policy the L. & N. here issues an advertisement of the misrepresentations practiced by the Western Union Tel. Co., secure in the belief that the people will see that justice is done. And the L. & N. puts the Western Union Telegraph Co. on notice that any further misrepresentations will be as promptly and vigorously exposed. The people shall be advised.

CHILTON COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

The School for Chilton County Boys and Girls, prepared to do High School Work. Devoted to Secondary Education only. Fully affiliated with every State Institution and the Southern Association of Colleges. Also offers Course of Study for the Boy or the Girl who cannot go to College.

Faculty fully competent—every member a College Graduate; every member has a College Degree. Every Section of the County represented in the Student Body.

Listen, Fellow Citizens, this school is your school. Your tax money supports it. Send us your son or your daughter, and let them claim their own. All departmnets fully organized. Look out for announcement of the strongest Department of Music to be found outside of the cities and colleges.

Next Session opens September 5, 1917. Conference and correspondence solicited. We are here to serve.

H. C. McDONALD, A. B., Principal,
CLANTON, ALA.

AMENDMENTS TO COUNTY ROAD LAW

Amendment to Section 35 of the Road Laws of Chilton County, Alabama.

It is ordered by the Commissioners Court of Chilton County, Alabama, that Section 35 of the road law of Chilton County, Ala., be, and the same is, hereby amended, so as to read as follows:

Sec. 35. All persons hauling logs, lumber, timber, turpentine, naval stores, ore, coal, graphite or cord wood, over the public roads of the county to sell or for another for hire and not for their own use or for the improvement of their farms, and persons regularly engaged in the business of hauling over the public roads of the county shall pay a license of one dollar per month for each two-horse wagon, two-mule wagon or two-ox wagon. He shall pay a license of one dollar and a half per month for each three-horse wagon, three-mule wagon or three-ox wagon. Any person hauling with a greater number of horses, mules or oxen shall pay a license on the same ratio as set out above. Parties using such teams on public roads shall apply to the Judge of Probate for such license, monthly or quarterly. If quarterly, Jan. 1, April 1, July 1, or October 1, or license may be issued for the two last months of the quarter. And it is the duty of the Judge of Probate to issue such license and to keep a correct statement of the money received from such license, which money shall be as nearly as practicable expended on the particular roads where such teams have been hauling. Said money to be paid out by the order of the Commissioners Court as provided by law. It is not intended to require a license for private hauling connected with or usual to ordinary operation of the farm, nor any one hauling stove wood or kindling, whether for sale or not. It shall be unlawful to do any hauling forbidden without first procuring such license. The Judge of Probate shall furnish proper tags where license have been paid, said tags to be fastened on the rear axle of the wagon, where they may be seen by the public.

No tag is to be used where the license is taken out for only one month, and the receipt from the Judge of Probate shall be proper authority for the person so hauling under said license. When any person is hauling under a one-month license, it shall be his duty upon request to show his receipt to any apportioner, overseer, or any one else whose duty it is to report violations of the road laws; and any one failing to show said receipt as herein required shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and punishable as such.

The Judge of Probate shall receive a fee of 25 cents for issuing each wagon license for a period of time greater than one month, which he shall retain out of said license, but no fee shall be charged where the license is taken out for only one month.

Any person violating any of the provisions of this Section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be fined as provided by law, such fine to be applied as the license taxes are applied in this Section.

Amendment to Section 8 of the Road Laws of Chilton County, Alabama.

It is ordered by the Commissioners Court of Chilton County, Alabama, that Section 8 of the Road Laws of Chilton County, Ala., be and the same is, hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 8. No person shall be required to work on any public road out of the road precinct of his residence, and shall be required to work and shall work on the public roads of the county five days of ten hours each, each year, that is to say, from January 1st to January 1st; provided that, if after the first day of January and before the first day of March of any year, any person subject to road duty may pay to the Judge of Probate of the County, taking a receipt therefor, the sum of $5.00, the payment of which shall exempt him from further road duty for the year in which it is paid; provided however, that all men subject to road duty shall work two and a half days of ten hours each on public roads from July 1st, 1917, to January 1st, 1918, or pay to the Judge of Probate $2.50 by August 15, 1917, the payment of which shall exempt him from further road duty for the year 1917, unless he shall have already worked more than seven and one-half days, in which event he shall only be required to put in enough time to make up the required ten days.

A Health Resort At Home

Many people this year will have no time to devote to seaside, mountain or other resorts. Yet health must be conserved. For this you can have recourse to

Your Druggist

He has a remedy for almost every disorder that has heretofore carried you off to a resort.

We can furnish you almost any of the mineral waters so highly esteemed, as well as many other valuable aids to health.

Let us aid you to carry on the good fight by taking care of your health. Easy to do and costs little.

Upchurch Drug Company
Clanton, Alabama.

A FAMILY MEDICINE

In Her Mother's Home, Says This Georgia Lady, Regarding Black-Draught. Relief From Headache, Malaria, Chills, Etc.

Ringgold, Ga.— Mrs. Chas. Gaston, of this place, writes: "I am a user of Thedford's Black-Draught; in fact, it was one of our family medicines. Also in my mother's home, when I was a child. When any of us children complained of headache, usually caused by constipation, she gave us a dose of Black-Draught, which would rectify the trouble. Often in the Spring, we would have malaria and chills, or troubles of this kind, we would take Black-Draught pretty regular until the liver acted well, and we would soon be up and around again. We would not be without it, for it certainly has saved us lots of doctor bills. Just a dose of Black-Draught when not so well saves a lot of days in bed."

Thedford's Black-Draught has been in use for many years in the treatment of stomach, liver and bowel troubles, and the popularity which it now enjoys is proof of its merit.

If your liver is not doing its duty, you will suffer from such disagreeable symptoms as headache, biliousness, constipation, indigestion, etc., and unless something is done, serious trouble may result.

Thedford's Black-Draught has been found a valuable remedy for these troubles. It is purely vegetable, and acts in a prompt and natural way, regulating the liver to its proper functions and cleansing the bowels of impurities. Try it. Insist on Thedford's, the original and genuine. E 79

CANADIAN AVIATORS SILENCE GUN THROWING HUGE SHELLS

Canadian Army Headquarters in France, July 24.—The firing of German shells weighing nearly threequarters of a ton that were dropped twenty miles back of our firing line was quickly silenced Sunday by the bombs dropped by Canadian aviators who discovered the monster gun's position after an air raid over the enemy line. By their vigilent work, our airmen are saving towns and villages far behind the front from bombardment with shells, one of which is capable of grinding a house of powder.

"German airplane activity completely failed to stop our reconnaissance, photographic and artillery work in spite of the enemy's efforts," reads last night's official statement.

REGULAR ARMY RECRUITING SHOWING GOOD INCREASE

Washington, July 24—An increase in the regular army recruiting, due apparently to announcement of the draft drawing, brought acceptances up to 1676 yesterday, the largest total since Registration day.

Sheriff H. A. Harris, Messrs J. M. Grant, J. L. Lansford, and others left Thursday for Eclectic, where they are going to attend the I. O. O. F. Convention.

T. F. Patterson of Verbena, Route 1 was in town on business Wednesday.

J. W. Foshee of Route 2 was a visitor to Clanton on Wednesday

Pay for the Union-Banner a year. $1

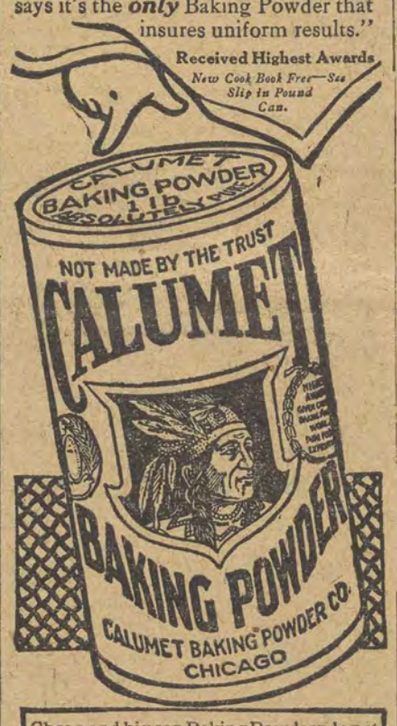


"The Kind Mother Uses"

"Every time mother gets out Calumet I know there's going to be good things to eat at our house. Delicious, tender, tempting, doughnuts, biscuits, cakes and pies! I've never seen a bake-day failure with Calumet. Mother says it's the ***only*** Baking Powder that insures uniform results."

Received Highest Awards

New Cook Book Free—See Slip in Pound Can.



Cheap and big can Baking Powders do not save you money. Calumet does—it's pure and far superior to sour milk and soda.

The Nation's Welfare

Every woman should do her duty in rearing a strong, vigorous and healthy generation. For three generations, women awaiting childbirth have used the safe, external preparation—"Mother's Friend".

The drawn skin of the abdomen is made elastic, the muscles expand with ease when baby is born and the inflammation of breast glands and other soreness is soothed. The tendency to morning sickness or nausea is avoided and this makes for the future health and nature of the child. Write to The Bradfield Regulator Co., Dept. F, 300 Lamar Building, Atlanta, Ga., for their book, "Motherhood and the Baby". It is free to all women Get a bottle of "Mother's Friend" at your druggists' today and do not neglect to apply it night and morning.

MARRIAGES

The following marriage license have been issued by the Judge of Probate during the past week:

Wm. Cooper and Miss Effie Arledge.

Ollis G. Waldrup and Mrs. Zora Alice Snyder.

B. L. Manning and Miss Clama Jones.

Calvin Gentry and Miss Martha Jane Rodgers.

Our old friend, Mr. A. J. Culver of Helena, and family are spending a few days with relatives near Clanton. "Jack" says he is living seven days a week now.

H. B. Oliver of Verbena was in Clanton Wednesday.

J. A. Pool of Route 3 was a visitor to this city Wednesday.

W. E. Parrish and wife are the proud parents of a baby boy.

J. L. Lansford of Route 2 was in town Wednesday.

J. H. Cleckler and son of Route 1 were on Clanton on Wednesday.

RUSS LABOR MEN IN ENGLAND

London, July 24—The Russian delegates ecelted by the council of workmen's and soldiers' delegates to confer with the labor parties of the intente countries have arrived in England. They will be the guests of the labor party of England for a few days, and will then go to Paris.

Visitors to Clanton!

Don't forget that you have an invitation to come to the Exchange Hotel and make your Headquarters.

Farmers and their families are especially invited to come to see us when in town on business or pleasure.

If you want a first-class dinner, we will be glad to wait on you. Call around to see us any time.

The Exchange Hotel
W. H. GOODGAME, Proprietor.

SEASHORE EXCURSIONS
EVERY SATURDAY
JUNE 2 TO SEPT. 1



From Clanton. Ten-Day Return Limit.

Pensacola -	$7.15	Magnolia Spgs.	$9.50
Pascagoula -	8.00	Ocean Spgs. -	8.35
Biloxi - -	8.40	Gulfport - -	9.00
Pass Christian -	9.15	Bay St. Louis -	9.30

J. A. HESTER, Ticket Agent, Clanton

L&N

Also on sale daily until October 15th, regular round trip Summer Tourist Tickets to Gulf Coast Resorts at slightly higher fares with return limit of October 31st.

Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

F. 6

SORGHUMS FOR SILAGE

By E. F. Cauthen, Associate Agriculturist, Alabama Experiment Station.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

The earliest varieties of sorghum, sometimes called millet or sugarcane, do not yield as large amounts of green forage and silage per acre as the late, or medium late, varieties do. Amber which is a black seeded variety, is probably the earliest and yields under surghum conditions from 8,000 to 16,000 pounds (green weight) of silage per acre; while Texas Seeded Ribbon, sometimes called Honey Drip, or Japanese sorghum, yields, under similar conditions, from 12,000 to 20,000 pounds per acre.

The early varieties require from 80 to 95 days from date of planting to mature silage, while the late varieties usually require from 90 to 110 days. If planted in April, a longer time is required to secure full growth and maturity than is required if the planting is delayed until the last of May or the first of June.

Almost any kind of soil will produce some silage or green forage, but to secure large yields sorghum should be planted on strong, well drained land. Poor land makes a small spindling stalk that is well suited for hay but is undesirable for silage.

Stable or barnyard manure, at the rate of eight or ten tons per acre with 200 pounds of acid phosphate is recomended for most land. An application of 75 to 100 pounds of nitrate of soda when the cane is knee high will greatly increase its growth. The manure may be scattered broadcast over the land before plowing, or put in the drill with the seed.

They may be drilled at the rate of 20 to 25 pounds per acre, with an ordinary corn planter, which usually has plates for cane.

If the germination of the seed is good and the stand is too thick, the stand may be reduced by allowing some of the soil to fall on the plants at the first cultivation. Frequent shallow cultivation with a scooter and scrape or spring tooth cultivator is desirable to keep down the weeds and to maintain a surface mulch of the soil.

Better Farming in the South

ORDER FALL FERTILIZERS EARLY

Railroad Service is a Serious Problem—Fertilizer Dealers Will Be Required to Accumulate Orders So That Full Carloads Only Shall Be Shipped—Railway Authorities Say Fertilizers Can Be Handled in Half Number of Cars Ordinarily Used — A War Measure.

Farm Service Bureau, Atlanta, Ga.
C. A. Whittle.

The world is hungry. To get more food is an alarming problem.

How can the farms produce more food when labor is so scarce?

How can more acres be planted to food crops or how can more work be given the acres usually planted without more labor?

Increase of labor is hardly to be expected, but there is one important means of help which the Southern farmer has been utilizing in the past and that is Fertilizer. But this too is beset with difficulties.

Fertilizer can increase production without increasing labor except at harvest time. The warring nations appreciate this fact, and are giving all the encouragement they can to the use of fertilizers.

The railroads can't do the business expected of them unless every freight car is loaded to full capacity. To load them to full capacity the fertilizer dealer must have enough orders in to make up a full car load before he can reasonably hope to get a shipment. The earlier the carload orders are placed the better chance, of course, of getting a shipment. Because of the shortage of equipment, the railroads should have as much time as possible to plan for moving the fertilizer. Early orders will give them a knowledge of the number of cars that will be needed.

Government Authorities Backing It

The National Council of Defense has sent out a bulletin on this very subject, urging farmers to order their fall fertilizers early so full carload shipments might be made and the largest amount of human food produced.

The United States Department of Agriculture through the States Relations Service and Bureau of Soils; and agricultural colleges and county agents, are advising the same.

The railroads are very urgent about the matter. The fertilizer manufacturers are offering to help the dealers and farmers as much as possible to overcome the transportation difficulties.

Half Cars Can Be Saved

Railway authorities have statistics to show that half of the cars ordinarily used for hauling fertilizers could do the business, if only they are loaded to their maximum capacity.

Where a full car load can not be made up for one destination, then it is to be filled with orders for neighboring stations along a railroad.

How Long Must I Suffer From the Pangs of Rheumatism?

Is there no real relief in sight?

Doubtless like other sufferers, you have often asked yourself this question, which continues to remain unanswered.

Science has proven that your Rheumatism is caused by a germ in your blood, and the only way to reach it is by a remedy which eliminates and removes these little pain demons from your blood. This explains why liniments and lotions can do no permanent good, for they cannot possibly reach these germs which infest your blood by the millions.

S. S. S. has been successfully used for Rheumatism for more than fifty years. Try it to-day, and you will find yourself at last on the right track to get rid of your Rheumatism. You can get valuable advice about the treatment of your individual case by writing to the Chief Medical Adviser, Swift Specific Co., Dept. D Atlanta, Ga.

Special price on

Syrup Cans

Until August the 1st, we offer one-gallon Syrup Cans in crates of one hundred, for $10.75. This price is under the market, and it is made for the purpose of moving the cans to make immediate room for our fall supply of Furniture and House Furnishings, which we expect to receive during the next few days.

Those who fail to take advantage of this very cheap price on Cans will pay much higher for them later.

We have a limited amount of tops for tin fruit cans, wire solder, capping steels and soldering coppers.

If you need these goods, buy now, so we can replenish our stock, if necessary to supply all trade.

We have made a great effort to accommodate and help those who are interested in the canning industry, and to furnish all goods at the lowest prices possible to obtain, and we shall be pleased to deliver syrup cans at the above price, if you can call for them before August 1.

Clanton Hardware Co.

Coffins, Burial Supplies, Automobile Accessories For sale at

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.

CLANTON, ALA.

Stings or bites of insects that are followed by swellings, pain or itching should be treated promptly as they are poisonous. BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT counteracts the poison. It is both antiseptic and healing. Price 25c, 50 and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Attorney B. Guy Smith made a trip to Montgomery the first of the week.

B. L. Cobb and Vernon T. Cobb of Jemison were visitors to Clanton on Tuesday of this week.

Personality in Suits

What is your build? Are you tall or short, lean or stout?

It makes not a particle of difference. We have a suit to fit you.

Our clothing is not made by hard and fast rules and mathematical designs.

It is made to FIT HUMAN BEINGS, and to fit ALL KINDS OF HUMAN BEINGS.

Don't be satisfied with a suit made for some other fellow. Come to us and get one MADE FOR YOU.

Mr. Odom, Salesman for the Storrs-Schaefer Co., of Cincinnati will be at our Store on August 2, 3, 4, to take your order. Don't fail to see him one of these days.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back."

CLANTON, ALA.

You must Eat!

Buy your Eatables from me and you get the best and it costs you no more than something not as good at other places.

J. W Littlejohn.

CLANTON, ALA.

CLANTON LOCALS

Dr. Elmer W. Butler of Thorsby was in Clanton last Saturday attending to some business matters in connection with Thorsby Institute.

Miss Hazel Robinson of Birmingham has been the guest of friends and relatives in Clanton for the past few weeks.

Clark Harpar, a friend of everybody in Clanton and for miles around, now located at Columbus, Ga., was in town Saturday. Clark won his fame while selling hardware here and dressing windows for the Gamble Hardware Co., here. He did not have to win his friends. They are a natural inheritance to him. He is now a traveling salesman.

W. Z. Hodges has a lot of good Sugar Cane Syrup on hand, which he wants to sell at bargain prices. Call and inquire if you want it.

Leonard Farley went down to Montgomery Tuesday to see about joining the United States navy.

Jim Higgins of Athens was in Clanton a few days last week.

We have a good quality of Flour, Lard and other groceries at good prices. It will pay you to see us before you buy. W. Z. HODGES.

The County Board of Equalization has been in session at the court house this week.

Jake Eiland of Montgomery was in Clanton Tuesday.

B. H. Eiland of Birmingham was in Clanton last week on a visit to friends and relatives.

If you want any good cane syrup, get it from W. Z. Hodges.

Mr. and Mrs. Crowell Kicker of Birmingham came down last week in their Ford and spent a few days with relatives here and at Jemison.

William Smith of Sylacauga has been here for the past few days on a visit to his mother, Mrs. Patrick Smith.

Prof. James Franklin and daughter of Thorsby are engaged in teaching a singing school at Unity, one and one-half miles east of Clanton.

NEWTON ASKINS IS NOW REGISTERED PILL ROLLER

Recent returns from the examination of applicants for state license to practice pharmacy in Alabama, brings the encouraging information that Mr. Newton W. Askins of the Upchurch Drug Co., was one of the successful ones to be passed by the examiners. Mr. Askins is a graduate of the Max Morris School of Pharmacy of Macon, Ga. He now has license to practice in Alabama and Georgia.

FIRST MEN CALLED IN DRAFT WILL GO IN REGULAR ARMY

Washington, July 22.—Those selected for service under the draft will be permitted to enlist in the regular army or national guard at any time prior to their call for examination before exemption boards, probably ten days hence, Provost Marshal General Cowder announced tonight. They will be allowed however to join the marine corps.

The first men actually drafted probably will be detailed to the regular army in order to bring that branch up to its full war strength of 300,000 if the 35,000 enlistments are not obtained before examinations begin. The next will be put into the national guard.

Exemption machinery for virtually the entire country is complete. The provost marshal general's office announced tonight that the names of members of the appellate would be announced tomorrow. Those for 32 states were given out yesterday.

POLITICAL "PULL" WILL NOT WORK IN EXEMPTING MEN

Washington, July 23.—(Special)—Alabamians who attempted to employ "pull" in eliminating themselves from the draft for war services may be numbered on the fingers.

The few exceptions prove the rule that the young men of the state who have been called are calmly awaiting their fate.

Through a friend, a gentleman in eastern Alabama represented to a congressman today that he should be exempted because he is an invaluable newspaper man.

A gentleman in western Alabama having recently occupied a farm, asked for exemption in order that he might proceed to feed the army.

The number of such requests arriving today is less than 12. No hope of escape on the grounds suggested was held out by the congressmen.

A bad taste in the mouth comes from a disordered stomach, and back of that is usually a torpid liver—a condition which invites disease. HERBINE is the remedy needed. It corrects the stomach and makes the liver active and regular. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

THORSBY ITEMS

Mrs. Lila Mae Northrup and little daughter, Virginia, and sister, Edith left last week for Elmore, where they expect to spend two or three weeks with relatives and friends.

Rev. S. H. Herbert left last Friday morning for a month's absence, to enjoy a well earned vacation. He will spend his vacation in Tennessee and North Carolina.

Mr. E. N. Bentley of Birmingham spent Friday night of last week with friends in Thorsby.

Mr. Reno S. Villadsen and family of Corona are visiting at the home of Mr. Villadsen's parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. K. Villadsen.

Mr. J. P. Joseph and wife of Chicago are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Sorrenson.

Rev. Arnold Nelson is absent this week to fill his appointments at Fruithurst and Silver Hill.

Messrs Clarence Graham and Ira Billingsley spent Tuesday of this week in Birmingham on business.

Mrs. Ivie Horn and children of South Amboy, N. J., came to Thorsby with Mrs. Magne Anderson, who has been visiting her children in New Jersey for several weeks. Mrs. Horn will remain with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Magne Anderson for an extended visit.

Rev. Chas. T. Rodgers and Rev. J. M. Graham left on Thursday of last week to attend several conferences of the Congregational churches in South Alabama.

Mr. John Ford of the Alabama ambulance corps, Montgomery, spent last Sunday with friends in Thorsby.

Rev. E. W. Butler spent Tuesday of this week at Stony Point, near Deatsville in attendance upon a Sunday School conference.

Mrs. Sallie Scott who has been working near Birmingham for some time has returned again to her home at Thorsby.

Mr. T. W. Robinson came up from Elmore and spent Sunday with his family in Thorsby.

UNION MISSIONARY MEETING

The Missionary societies of the Baptist, Methodist and Presbyterian churches will hold a meeting at the home of Mrs. Upchurch on Monday afternoon, July 30, at 4 o'clock. All members are urged to be present. The following program has been arranged:

Song—"Savior like a Shepherd lead us"; Scripture reading—Mrs. Deason; Prayer—; Solo—Miss Dovie Roper; "Home life in Japan"—Mrs. W. M. Adams; "The Church at work in Japan"—Mrs. Pickens; Reading—Mrs. Renfro Mullins; "The Japanese Schools"—Mrs. J. C. Jones; Music—Miss Hester and Miss Curry; "The work accomplished through Japan's hospitals"—Mrs. Sallie Stewart; Song—"Onward Christian Soldiers."

GIRLS' CLUB WORK

Canning demonstrations will be given at the folowing culbs:

Evergreen, Monday, July 30th,
South Clanton, Tuesday, July 31,
Lock 12, Wednesday, August 1,
Stanton, Thursday, August 2,
Lawley, Friday, August 4,
Vermont, Saturday, August 4.

LIDA JONES, Agent.

When you feel lazy, out of sorts and yawn a good deal in the daytime, you can charge it to a torpid liver which has allowed the system to get full of impurities. HERBINE cures all disorders produced by an inactive liver. It strengthens that organ, cleanses the bowels and puts the system in good healthy condition. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Don't forget your Subscription.

NUMBERS DRAWN IN LOTTERY DRAFT AT WASHINGTON, D.C.

Following are the numbers of the persons registered under the draft law in Chilton County, appearing in the order in which they were drawn in the lottery at Washington last Friday. This is the order in which the numbers will be considered by the exemption boards. The order reads across the columns in lines from left to right.

258 458 1436 854 1095 1455 783
1117 1572 837 337 676 275 509
1185 564 945 596 1287 536 1495
584 126 1237 748 255 107 1546
1563 1309 616 322 1266 775 486
692 600 810 1539 507 309 457
1324 604 43 1548 1264 1066 924
420 1014 1178 514 433 1329 10
1015 1031 1331 487 2182 1323 797
110 1536 1236 432 18 652 927
1434 739 601 1322 1146 1103 1395
606 182 513 46 1020 1099 223
1441 117 602 390 75 772 1456
721 1419 1549 542 194 874 552
1500 298 675 1294 1148 1354 343
1613 982 726 15 905 933 1531
1288 452 355 530 809 1114 1470
645 218 620 1334 1611 574 31
1432 981 1570 882 677 749 1509
1211 525 1417 1574 760 183 56
1276 702 5 350 1580 54 870
549 1132 440 1485 741 1054 1275
711 1022 841 638 1032 623 1476
280 1292 972 983 757 966 868
332 379 1560 269 685 1141 1314
1016 335 1430 493 1358 923 1305
341 1007 391 1366 353 970 637
360 1217 571 488 1543 704 72
1053 356 112 1067 128 679 805
11 900 1617 363 1287 1142 6
327 664 93 1448 957 1557 1112
345 1595 1355 103 1585 1221 1102
1625 556 1565 154 1281 51 717
1057 1256 1073 30 199 388 1423
773 608 406 519 25 392 889
333 1166 588 856 705 1346 576
944 122 642 939 222 906 1337
700 1250 1195 297 321 736 1628
707 1425 1002 1151 1101 368 974
320 950 926 1010 919 656 1339
814 1175 1070 738 1167 1097 1191
1234 1360 848 1118 221 1537 1474
1414 1616 292 822 504 1064 1205
1510 1091 470 312 1507 1626 1284
90 191 477 1187 1170 753 130
858 168 1023 424 840 1347 1511
1188 657 175 300 278 1021 1622
1210 524 911 1172 532 1517 1139
1214 336 212 1357 49 8 1160
1192 305 1043 557 1433 622 585
1464 1257 1077 781 1415 1035 958
323 1343 1439 587 1554 1401 1303
963 438 878 1056 441 880 357
23 1178 331 1103 492 1201 565
800 1447 1049 1442 715 961 539
549 1596 562 1407 501 102 1411
875 714 1528 86 1024 1291 871
1341 1556 1043 1606 71 1520 1156
1393 1593 1588 1591 1391 1272 1525
877 435 681 713 1478 935 1121
1150 450 1390 113 1472 725 1004
1521 156 1034 808 1604 1571 780
1183 267 1550 567 1218 421 940
1232 1254 169 436 1477 396 989
1304 1107 1270 862 1406 257 1109
155 284 133 807 867 930 185
1398 265 285 1313 1602 1119 1051
60 303 563 211 1435 1163 146
843 1050 1376 1379 1008 229 410
299 1075 1189 750 58 1443 150
19 400 1547 1320 4 115 832
1180 206 228 1489 136 872 430
328 96 1519 896 1098 624 507
544 1021 747 1269 1258 929 1508
1194 138 1199 1619 91 838 635
1416 861 633 1326 712 17 802
1255 691 378 1085 237 422 619
1058 344 824 442 1213 202 164
268 272 1198 1248 1174 964 866
593 262 886 1561 1373 1465 883
1161 769 1152 776 1380 1293 566
581 311 1227 124 481 895 744
979 582 1409 1367 829 240 1028
499 1011 590 1105 444 636 735
634 1504 326 1775 1453 447 76
1319 1592 672 1363 949 1350 393
993 1306 1543 1048 1065 851 1181
1545 1499 1413 158 778 1 187
52 105 650 1420 1553 836 36
1387 1491 985 352 418 920 446
806 1176 416 617 526 609 613
316 274 948 1283 968 1353 546
1154 766 734 1072 511 205 1576
913 342 860 934 460 427 666
241 40 1527 572 10 [illegible]
157 236 1309 1168 214 [illegible]
864 1492 29 918 1530 [illegible]
1529 1370 1397 114 151 [illegible]
1359 61 603 618 1463 [illegible]
209 1110 777 33 1480 [illegible]
954 1533 1071 1348 1564 63 [illegible]
758 1278 362 1170 816 371 [illegible]
429 1498 640 382 224 818 [illegible]
762 931 1013 1042 449 1241 [illegible]
48 38 742 640 127 1186 148
668 88 1494 1074 1518 743 827
1242 1038 1386 976 473 1614 287
586 260 527 254 446 89 1197
932 1204 1377 863 358 451 745
573 555 978 1260 506 1137 1106
308 1451 1383 1137 1106 808 1451
1383 1608 1459 1055 1225 394 1025
415 354 445 1497 1609 217 1615
259 1295 1068 1374 1268 1450 322
1120 1365 242 1333 1584 702 232
597 694 198 1138 1018 799 671
561 1621 195 1061 145 1310 98
1053 1184 801 286 990 1573 44
226 846 391 216 847 302 26
1123 662 475 641 1392 1104 239
1500 1506 852 942 1145 975 1274
82 478 1429 379 55 592 461
1345 1512 480 1364 1209 1127 674
1581 372 42 431 1428 106 639
425 1230 1092 1627 21 423 1469
1144 1618 1216 452 1586 1299 1594
238 1030 1437 1493 1226 1479 1338
176 415 1467 409 1597 453 973
890 294 1579 408 1231 804 230
271 375 1424 65 282 1458 1158
1605 988 1516 1069 751 1046 615
1209 455 833 483 881 1087 1598
346 1251 1404 457 1262 62 207
67 646 1081 528 912 1327 77
699 248 521 695 947 618 1382
1134 1544 160 1252 283 1471 1514
1027 1003 817 59 815 1126 612
869 1538 1599 764 359 1583 984
724 983 1317 1587 1520 497 667
1037 463 1515 84 531 468 859
663 469 245 580 351 1607 1454
1200 94 1297 148 14 980 109
892 1449 1298 782 251 1589 180
1389 598 825 1171 658 941 1131
631 1040 1177 879 746 1582 655
583 830 995 914 1551 791 69
1116 1361 846 1422 1129 873 1036
790 1155 1210 1486 1540 174 310
414 763 307 991 1302 1457 569
553 1084 1440 1289 625 402 459
161 109 189 659 361 709 909
129 1153 1624 1222 1578 213 465
1601 1096 1408 163 665 1115 1224
904 1203 1015 1164 405 250 885
1147 1562 959 392 628 426 1452
823 246 1610 731 682 768 1215
955 1315 627 1063 1567 99 1277
1482 365 144 1301 1405 1136 551
1394 1285 916 756 428 1466 1090
821 850 1600 1280 523 1111 1220
855 902 891 669 1030 104 540
79 579 1228 740 83 142 1399
1445 649 599 899 1332 1149 788
793 1279 1385 534 119 630 1321
1368 901 1512 1052 1501 1311 803
135 291 1012 1312 648 643 1212
1000 946 812 554 454 1029 962
1438 953 13 20 1245 835 467
1503 319 999 131 87 1427 915
1396 31 476 1196 313 1335 1325
270 928 543 397 339 1207 348
318 1290 1265 516 1223 491 1426
720 190 279 844 716 1082 1243
1400 1113 887 37 910 413 1033
1462 1378 1349 903 697 210 1499
318 594 494 95 498 545 92
831 306 998 317 696 50 244
153 1017 231 969 314 761 1190
787 680 81 288 1186 826 296
487.

Miss Lake Jones is making an extended visit to friends and relatives in Birmingham. While away she will also visit points in Tennessee and Virginia

Frank Massey of Mt. Pleasant was in our office last Saturday. Mr. Massey says there are about sixty acres of sorghum planted and growing fine in his immediate vicinity. We expect that the folks out his way will have "some lasses" in a few weeks.

Misses Bertha and Versie Littleton of Thorsby were visitors to relatives in Clanton this week.

C. M. Cotton was in Clanton Saturday.

Special Bargains

Below you will find a list of miscellaneous items in which you will find some good Bargains.

Automobile Casings and Tubes, for sale for 30 days at wholesale cost. Will buy Old Casings at highest prices.

Milch Cows for sale with Young Calves; or will trade for other Cattle... Will buy all kinds of Cattle. Come and see my Low Cut Shoes at less than wholesale.

Watch this Advertisement for the next thirty days—something will appear that will astonish you.

I have a splendid pasture close to town, and will pasture all kinds of stock for $1.00 per head per month. The Pasture is as good as this Country affords.

L. H. REYNOLDS

CLANTON, ALA.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., AUGUST 2, 1917. NUMBER 18.

TO ASSIST FARMERS IN SELLING THEIR PRODUCTS

List what you have to Sell With Food Preparedness Committee at Birmingham.

This fall the farmers are going to have on hand a large amount of surplus products of one kind and another of which they have need only to place on the market of the cities and obtain the cash in return. The markets exist all right, and in various places, but the farmer is handicapped in getting in touch with these agencies which are capable and willing to handle his stuff.

In order to bridge the space that lies between the farmer and the man who will buy his products, the Food Preparedness Bureau of the State of Alabama has been organized in Birmingham. The purpose of the committee is the promotion of better marketing facilities, and the stimulation of increased production of food products in Alabama.

Our farmers who will have anything in the way of produce to put on the market should at once get in touch with this bureau, and avail themselves of the opportunity that awaits them in getting rid of whatever hey have to sell.

The Union-Banner is in receipt of the following letter from Mr. T. P. Hay, Jr., Secretary of the bureau. We are reproducing it here in order that our readers may get a full idea of what is is intended to do.

"Birmingham, Ala., July 30, 1917.
"Mr. W. M. Wyatt, the Union-Banner,
Clanton, Ala.

Dear Sir:

"It was suggested that we send you a copy of the report of the activities of the Food Preparedness Bureau in order that you might become acquainted to some extent with what this bureau is trying to do.

"We are devoting almost our entire efforts now towards helping the farmers find markets for their crops. In this connection it will interest you to know that this bureau has been asked to assist the Quartermasters in locating farm products to be used in the training camps in the state and in the South. If we render any useful service to the government, it will be necessary to have many farmers list with this bureau what they will have for market, and when it will be ready. Therefore, may we not rely on you to help get this word to them through your valuable paper? You can readily see that this will very probably afford a profitable market for many crops.

"When a large number of farmers have sent their listings into this bureau, they will be published in bulletin form and distributed among buyers. We do not buy or sell farm products. We inclose for your information a copy of the blanks used and also a poster, which we would thank you to put in a conspicious place.

"Thanking you for your interest in this matter, and assuring you of the hearty co-operation of this bureau, I am, Yours very truly,

"T. P. Hay, Jr., Secy.

We especially urge our farmers to get in touch with this bureau, and tell them what you have to sell. Address your communications to Mr. T. P. Hay, Jr., Secretary, 214 Chamber of Commecre, Birmingham, Ala. Ask him to furnish you with the necessary blanks for listing what you have to sell, and furnish you with all the information available in regard to the matter.

FALAKTO NOTES

Mr. Elijah Jones is running his new Ford now a days.

Mrs. James Popwell and little daughter, Mary Francis spent Saturday night and Sunday at Prattville Junction.

Mr. Evan Downs spent a few days with parents and friends lately.

Pay for the Union-Banner a year. $1

READING CIRCLE CREDITS ALLOWED BY EXAMINERS

Weekly Newsletter of our State Supt. of Education, Wm. F. Feagin.

Credit for one Reading Circle certificate will be allowed, provided that said certificate shall have been issued within one year next proceeding the date of the examination at which the teacher is applying. Credit for two reading circle certificates will be allowed, provided the said certificates shall have been issued within three years next preceding the date of the examination at which the application is made. Credit for three reading circle certificates will be allowed, provided the said certificates shall have been issued within four years next preceding the date of the examination at which the application is made. Credit for four reading circle certificates will be allowed, provided the said certificates shall have been issued within five years next preceding the date of the examination at which the application is made.

Subject to the above conditions, credit will be allowed as follows:

Third Grade Applications—

Theory and Practice of Teaching and Class management.

One reading circle certificate will exempt from two questions; two certificates from three questions; three certificates from four questions, and four certificates or a diploma, from entire examination on this subject.

Second Grade Applicants—

Theory and Practice of Teaching and Class Management.

One reading circle certificate will exempt from two questions; two certificates from three questions; three certificates from four questions and four certifiactes or diploma from the entire examination on this subject.

First Grade Applicants—

Physiogomy.

One reading circle certificate will exempt from one question, two certificates from two questions, three certificates from three questions, and four certificates or diploma from entire examination ont his subject.

Life Applicants—

Two reading circle certificates will exempt from one question on each of the two profesional books other than history of education; three certificates from two questions on each of these books, and four certificates or a diploma from the entire examination on these books.

All applicants are required to write the examination on history of education.

CITIZENSHIP RESTORED TO 10 PERSONS SERVING SENTENCE

Montgomery, July 26—Ten persons who have been convicted of felony and had expiated their crimes in prison were granted full citizenship in orders issued by Governor Henderson Thursday. In every instance the accused person had finished his sentence or been paroled, and had with him endorsements of citizens of his home county. The orders will give each full power to exercise the rights of citizenship.

Those granted full pardon follow: Will Davis, Sumter, man slaughter, 1913; Elbert Hickey, Clay, burglary, 1914; Thomas Mims, Chilton, man slaughter, 1913; Hiram L. Tibbetts, Dallas, embezzlement, 1913; David Chambless, Baldwin, adultery, 1900; John D. Gore, Marengo, embezzlement, 1908; John Chancellor, Geneva, adultery, 1915; M. D. Gray, Cleburne, petit larceny, 1911; J. W. Herron, Walker, grand larceny, 1915; Eddie Hoyle, Coosa, man slaughter, 1915.

TO CLEAN OFF CEMETERY

All who are interested in the Childress Graveyard at Mt. Carmel, are hereby requested to meet there next Tuesday for the purpose of cleaning off the grounds. Bring tools with you.

W. Q. CHILDRESS,
H. W. VARDEN.

John Patton of Jemison was in Clanton Monday.

GOOD ROADS DAYS FOR STATE OF ALABAMA

Statement on the Subject by Mr. Rountree and Judge L. H. Reynolds.

ALL URGED TO WORK

"Birmingham, Ala., July 28, 1917.
"Judge L. H .Reynolds,
"Clanton, Ala.
"Dear Sir:

August 14 and 15 are legalized holidays in Alabama, for the purpose of working the public roads of the State. In accordance with the law creating Good Roads Days, it is made the duty of Governor Henderson to issue a proclamation, also the Judges of Probate and Mayors in their respective counties and towns.

"Now, Governor Henderson has issued a proclamation calling upon the people to observe these days. We are in receipt of another letter stating that he has written to the Probate Judges urging them to stir up all the interest possible in Good Roads Days. Now, if you have not issued your proclamation and commenced to organize your people to observe Good Roads Days, won't you please take this matter up at once and stir up all the interest possible?

"We desire to make Good Roads Days this year more successful than ever. Hope that you will secure the co-operation of the weekly and daily papers in your county and start to take active steps in regard to same.

'The Alabama Automobile Dealers Association, the Alabama Rural Carriers Association, the Alabama Farmers Union, and Alabama Good Roads Association, have all passed resolutions this year endorsing Good Roads Days, and promising to co-operate, and several commercial bodies have done likewise.

"Now, we hope that you will not hesitate to take the lead in this matter and help to make a success of same in your county. Please send us a copy of your proclamation, also clippings from your county papers in regard to activity in this matter.

"We are, yours very truly,
"Alabama Good Roads Assn.
"Per J. A. ROUNTREE, Secy."

Suggestions From Judge Reynolds.

The Governor of Alabama has designated August 14 and 15 as Good Roads Days, and has requested all Probate Judges to call the attention of the people in their respective counties, and ask them to observe these days.

I appeal to the people of our county to observe the above days, and do all they can to improve the public roads in their respective neighborhods.

Just think of the good that could be done on the roads if all parties owning teams would only give two days on the roads, and all men able to work would give two days work. My, how many miles of road would be improved!

I hope all the overseers will see all persons living near their roads, get them to bring out their teams, ask all those that have no teame to bring some kind of tools, and let's all put two good and honest days work on the public roads.

We are imposing on the public road in many places in the County by turning water from its natural channel into the road. Some persons are actually plowing in the roads.

Let every neighborhood have a meeting, agree on some particular road. You know where the places get so bad you cannot travel them. All take your teams and put in the two days, not for some people away off but for yourselves.

Hoping the 14 and 15 of August, 1917 will be long remembered, in Chilton County by the many miles of good roads built, I am,

Respectfully,
L. H. REYNOLDS, Judge of Probate.

STOCKHOLDERS MEETING

The stockholders of the Farmers Warehouse and Storage Company are hereby called to meet at the courthouse on Thursday, August 9, 1917, at 10, a.m. Important! Let all the stockholders come, or file written proxy with the Secretary.

J. N. DENNIS, Secy-Treas.

CORINTH CEMETERY

All who are interested in the cemetery at this place will meet Aug. 10, 1917, at 1 o'clock, p.m., for the purpose of cleaning it up.

W. B. JONES.

Don't forget your Subscription.

MONEY TO LEND

I represent a mortgage company, lending money on real estate at a low rate of interest. All charges less than 8 per cent. If loan is desired, see me and place application.

F. B. COLLIER,
Clanton, Ala.

THE NEW ROAD LAWS OF THE COUNTY IN QUESTION

Judge Reynolds Urges a Fair Trial of Law Before it is Condemned.

Editor Union-Banner:

Dear Sir: There seems to be much misunderstanding about the new road law which I think ought to be explained.

The law provides for overseers on different roads, and as many as is required. We hope each year to reduce them, and to be able to furnish them with tools as fast as we can. We know the overseers cannot work the roads to much advantage without tools, but we hope they will do their best under the circumstances.

One thing I want to make plain to all overseers and apportioners is that we have no money to work with. The bond issue paid two hundred thousand dollars of our debt, but we are still behind, and all of the taxes due this fall have already been spent.

It will take good management to get the county on a cash basis in another year, and I do not want to buy anything that we can do without until we can pay for it.

Now, I want to make one thing plain: There are some people that will do all they can to make this road law unpopular. One saw mill man, who told me that it was the only thing to do, to put a tax on wagons hauling lumber, etc., and yet, this same man has been out on the streets knocking the law in every way he could. He even went so far as to say that I got 25 per cent. of the wagon tax for my trouble, when he knew it was not true. I get 25 cents for issuing a tag for three months or more, but where license is taken out for only one month I do not get anything. I have to keep the money credited up to the road it belongs to, write the receipts, keep all books necessary. I have to issue receipts for money where hands pay instead of work, and I do not get one cent for all this.

Now, I will make this proposition to anyone you hear talking about my fees on roads: I will give anyone all the fees I get for my work in carrying out the new road law, and then give them $20.00 per month extra to do all that I have to do under this new road law.

Some people do not want the law to work the roads They want it repealed. Some parties in the Commissioners Court tried to have it repealed.

This law is for you, the people of Chilton County. It is to work your roads for you to travel over. The wagon tax is intended to help fix the bad places that they tear up, and to help keep up the public roads. When you hear certain fellows talking as some of these saw mill fellows do, stop for a moment, and think what an awful condition some of your roads were in last winter around some sawmills.

In conclusion, I want to say that it will be a long time before there will be any money to amount to very much to be spent on the public roads of this county. If we ever have any roads we must build them. I am going to do all I can to build up your roads. I am going to do all I can to keep up the roads that have been built, and if the public roads of this county go down, I am going to put the responsibiliay on the people, and you cannot blame me. I intend to no my part as your Probate Judge.

I hope every overseer will do his duty—work his road. If I can help you, call on me. I will come when I can, at my expense to help you. You know where the roads get muddy in winter. Fix them this summer and fall. Fix the mail routes first.

Let's all pull together for better roads. I do not think this law puts any burden on anyone, but if it does it is the poor fellow that has to pay five dollars or work five days that has not got any thing. The saw mill man has done more to tear up the roads than most any other business you can mention.

This county has gone in debt beyond its limit. Our taxes are so high now the people are groaning under the tax burden. I promised not to raise taxes, but to reduce them if I could, when I was a candidate. I am now opposed to raising taxes under any condition. I know the people cannot pay any more taxes but we must keep up the roads. We cannot afford to let them go down. And remember that we, the people of the county will have to work them if they are worked.

Let's try this new law before we condemn it and see if the operation of this law will not work the roads. We can amend it where it needs it.

Respectfully,
L. H. REYNOLDS.

FOR SALE OR TRADE

One Buick Roadster in good condition. Will sell or trade for anything of equal value. Apply at the Banner.

ROOSEVELT MAKES ADDRESS TO THE MOOSE

Says No Man Should be Allowed to Grow Rich as Result of the War.

Pittsburg, July 26.—Amid cheers of thousands of visitors gathered here for the international convention of the Loyal Order of Moose, former President Theodore Roosevelt today declared the continuation of universal military training in the United States after the war is the only security against a repetition of unpreparedness such as handicapped the country in the present crisis and which he said, amounts to a "miracle of national inefficiency."

The former executive assailed the theory that the war can be financed by a tremendous tax on incomes and declared for heavy and progressive taxes on excess profits. While a reasonable profit should be given on government war contracts, he said, no man in America has a right to become tremendously wealthy as a result of this war.

"We are in a war, and our first business is to fight," said Mr. Roosevelt. "Only a few months ago I heard people say they would give money, potatoes, and other things, but would let someone else fight for them. This is pawnbroker patriotism. The foremost place in patriotism is that of the American who actually goes to face the shells and cannons."

In another brief address earlier in the day, Mr. Roosevelt said all his kin who were eligible had "lined up" for military service and that "it isn't my fault that I'm not over there now."

A war relief fund of $550,000 was voted today by the convention. It will be raised through a membership assessment of $1 per capita.

A monster parade tonight in which Mr. Roosevelt apeared was the closing feature of the day's probramme.

BETHEL

Kind Editor:

Will you please give me space in your paper to say just a few words.

Health at this place is very good. The farmers who are not through laying by are very busy finishing their crops, as "Mr. Green" is in his best suit after so much rain. Guess we will soon have him under control again.

Mr. J. G. Dennis and wife have moved to near Clanton.

Mrs. J. B. White and son visited at her sister's, Mrs. Ellen Cox, Saturday night last.

Last Saturday night Mrs. Josie Partridge had as her guest, her daughter, Mrs. Gardner of Wetumpka.

Misses Lula and Eva Dennis went to Montgomery last week.

Mr. B. D. Dennis and his family visited his sister near Clanton the early part of the week.

Mr. J. G. Sorrell and wife visited Mr. and Mrs. Blalock Sunday last.

With best wishes to the Banner,

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE CONDUCTORS ARE ANNOUNCED

Herndon G. Downing of Cullman and Miss Elberta Taylor of Birmingham were appointed state conductors of teachers institutes by William F. Feagin, state superintendent of education. Miss Taylor will take office at once as the successor of Miss Lula Bradford, who resigned to return to work in Birmingham.

ARMY NEEDS ONLY 13,000 MEN

Washington,—The regular army is only about 13,000 men short of full war strength, 2,705 having enlisted July 30. There now are 171,000war volunteers in the service.

If you sit in a cool draft when you are heated and get a stiff neck or lame back, you will be looking for something that will ease the pain. Fix your mind on BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT and don't be talked out of it because it is the best pain relieving liniment you can get anywhere. Price 25c, 50c and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

MEN IN FIRST CALL TO BE EXAMINED NEXT WEEK

Notifications are Sent out for Them to Appear before local Board on Next Wednesday, Thursday and Friday.

EIGHTY TO BE EXAMINED EACH OF THESE 3 DAYS.

The local exemption board of Chilton County will send out notifications to all men in the first call on Friday, stating the day on which they are to appear before the local board for examinations.

The first eighty of the list will be called to appear next Wednesday. The second eighty will appear for examination on next Thursday., and the third eighty will appear on next Friday.

The following is the list of all who are in the first call, showing the divisions which will be caled to appear on each of these days mentioned above:

Those to Appear Wednesday.

258-Grady D. Broadhead, Clanton	1
428-Frank Price, Clanton	2
1436-Howard Henson, Maplesville	3
854-Ceical Jones, Maplesville	4
1095-Ambras Mims, Clanton R 3	5
1455-Alfred Smith, Maplesville	6
783-Robert L. Williams, Clanton	7
1117-James M. Scott, Thorsby	8
1572-Gerald C. Smith, Clanton R3	9
837-Jim C. Gardner, Maplesville	10
337-Josie Fulmer, Thorsby R 1	11
676-Thuston G. Smith, Mt. Creek	12
275-Monroe Bryant, Clanton R 6	13
509-B. Guy Smith, Clanton	14
1185-H. Zell Manning, Clanton	15
564-J. C. Wilson, Clanton	16
945-Albert R. Dyer, Stanton	17
596-Guy Dickerson, Mt. Creek	18
1267-Lewis Mims, Clanton R 5	19
536-Walter Vinson, Clanton	20
1495-W.C. Dickerson, Billingsley	21
548-H. G. Williams, Clanton	22
126-Charles C. Jones, Jemison	23
1237-Will Bishop, Clanton R 1	24
784-Ben W. Williams, Clanton	25
755-Arthur M. Mims, Billingsley	26
107-C. A. Davenport, Jemison	27
1546-Harvey Pool, Clanton	28
1563-R. F. Sansom, Maplesville	29
1369-P. A. Garrett, Montevallo	30
619-Dock Goodgame, Mt. Creek	31
373-Grover C. Headley, Clanton	32
1256-Monroe Mims, Clanton R 5	33
775-John C. Vinson, Billingsley	34
486-R. F. C. Riggins, Clanton R 4	35
692-John Varner, Verbena R 3	36
600-Chas. H. Dansby, Verbena	37
810-Jessie Reazer, Maplesville	38
1539-Wm.F. Owen, Maplesville R2	39
507-Miles V. Smith, Clanton	40
309-Turner M. Dennis, B'ham	41
437-Rudolph Moates, Clanton R 5	42
1325-W. B. Northcutt, Jemison	43
604-Jacog G. Dansby, Verbena	44
43-Walter Marcus, Clanton	45
1548-James M. Roper, Clanton	46
1264-Oscar Mims, Clanton R 1	47
1066-Clarence J. Henley, Thorsby	48
924-William Williams, Lawley	49
420-Jessie Martin, Clanton	50
1014-Othel Baker, Thorsby	51
1178-Isaac T. Kendrick, Cooper	52
514-E. L. Thompson, Clanton R5	53
433-George M. Mims, Clanton	54
1329-Thos. B. Porter, Jemison R2	55
10-Joseph T. Cox, Clanton	56
1045-W.J. Davenport, Jemison R1	57
1031-S. Pink Cleckler, Thorsby	58
1331-S. Lloyd Ray, Jemison R 2	59
487-Wm. A. Robinson, Clanton	60
1282-John W. Anderson, Jemison	61
1323-Alvin Malrer, Jemison R 4	62
797-Jas. C. Atchison, Maplesville	63
140-Porter Martin, Jemison	64
1536-Ed. C. Milford, Maplesville	65
1236-King J. Brand, Clanton R 5	66
432-Charlie T. Miller, Clanton	67
18-Sheb Ellison, Clanton	68
652-Wm. T. Morris, Verbena R3	69
927-Walter Williams, Maplesville	70
1484-R. G. Chandler, Plantersville	71
739-eGorge H. Gandy, Clanton	72
601-Richard P. Dennis, Mt. Creek	73
1322-Joseph Montgolf, Jemison	74
1146-Mose Cooper, Verbena	75
1103-Ozzie J. Pool, Thorsby	76
1395-Emmett Scott, Montevallo	77

(Continued to Page Two)

Feed Mill For Sale

Good as new Stover Feed Mill. The reason I am selling is because I have enroute a Thirty Ton Capacity Mill, and will need the room now occupied by this one.

J. A. Maddox

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THE UNION-BANNER

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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

BURDEN WILL BE LIGHTER

If the Three-Mill School Tax election is carried, it will increase the school fund for the county between $20,000 and $21,000, while the farmers and laboring people will pay less than $5,000 of this and the corporations, investment companies, etc., will pay the remainder of it. This may seem like placing a great burden on the people, but it will actually lighten the burden now upon them.

At present the farmers and laboring people of Chilton County are paying about $6,000 supplements to help run the schools, and if they were allowed to pay this increase of $5,000 in taxes they would be relieved of this $6,000 spuplement burden, and would thereby save $1,000. In addition to saving the $1,000 for the county, the county board of education will set the teachers' salaries at a reasonable amount and will guarantee that each and every white school in the county will be given a seven months school term absolutely free from all supplement or tuition, and will be given an increase of about thirty per cent. in the number of teachers for the county, or an ample teaching force for each school. If this election does not carry, the county cannot expect the schools to be as efficient hereafter as they have been, for the compulsory attendance law becomes effective the first of next October, and the law says that the compulsory attendance period must be free. This means that there will be an average of between 60 and 70 pupils to each teacher in the county, and there is enough public money to run the schools about four months. If this is not carried, it just means that the term average will be cut about one-fifth, the number of pupils to each teacher greatly increased; and as a whole, the poorer teachers will come to Chilton while the better trained ones will go to other counties that have already voted this tax, where they can get from seven to nine months instead of four in Chilton.

The law provides that no officer can be paid one penny of this tax. The tax assessor and collector do not receive any commission for assessing and collecting it, neither would the county superintendent receive any commission for disbursing it. In fact 100 cents in each dollar will go directly to the schools of this county. The money will never leave the county but will be used just as the one-mill special school tax has been used heretofore.

The time for which the tax would run is set at three years. This short time was suggested by the Trustees Association so that the plan could be tried out fully before fixing it upon the county for a longer time. After the three years expire, it can be voted in again or voted down, just as the people see fit to do.

It hasn't been a great while since the Editor of the Union-Banner was a shirt-tail lad out here in the hills, walking four miles to a country school every day, and traversing at great hazard the rugged path that led to the light of a little knowledge. We have by no means forgotten the handicaps that were upon the little school we attended. They were of course, not visible then, but our clear memory lets us see them plainly now. Those same inpediments rest upon our schools to this day with unmitigated weight, and after a while, they will be increased by the application of compulsory attendance. Not only does the writer see these conditions and realize their import. But nearly every man of the county sees them and must give credence to their weight. The great bar to progress that does and has always held our public schools down is now in the act of being removed. Let us think of what it means if it is removed. Then we cannot do else but express ourselves in favor of taking down the gate and turning our boys and girls free upon the wondrous rich pastures that are held for them within the limits of the three-mill local tax for our rural schools.

Now is the time for the man who has children to send to school to get his ear to the ground and listen to the rumbling of the noise that proclaims the approach of his salvation and the salvation of his children. And hearing the noise of the battle, let him not stand afar off and be uninterested, but gather unto himself all the zeal that lies in him and enter the ring on the side of his boys and girls and their better interests.

AS OTHERS SEE US

Anent the proposed three-mill Chilton county school tax proposition, prints the following
the daily Ledger of Birmingham publishes the following editorial in Tuesday's edition:

"Chilton County will vote on the three-mill tax for schools. That county doesn't like bonds, but may put its schools out of reach of the politicians by means of a special school tax. There is not much room for argument. Of course, there ought to be enough money from the present taxes to suport the schools, but office-holders will not permit it.

"It may be well for Chilton to elect a couple of women to their school board to a distinct school issue. Then, when the new tax is voted it will all go to the schools and the proper share of the regular taxes will have to come also, or these women will know why.

"Chilton has changed recently from democratic to republican administration, and like nearly all the counties, the money is gone, the debts are flourishing and one set of office-holders accusing another set. The best way for the people to get schools is to vote the tax. It is very small and goes to the schools, and is out of reach of the office-holders. That county, like others, needs reforming, and the people will do it when they get tired of electing men to office for politics instead of for business. Chilton is already doing some reforming. This schol tax will help the schools, and that is the main thing."

There are, of course, many ways of looking at the three-mill school tax proposition. There are, we know some good things in favor of its adoption, and some reasonable points of objection. But is is our opinion that if you will take the whole proposition into consideration, and strike a balance of the points which argue for and against the measure, you will be bound to find the difference in favor of the adoption of the tax.

The Union-Banner doesn't know who the parties are who started all this idea about the Judge of Probate getting 25 per cent. of the wagon license tax of the county as his personal compensation for issuing the license. We judge though, from the color of the story that it comes from the camp of the ancient political enemies of Judge Reynolds.

But we can say one thing for them. They most certainly haven't read the law relating to this point, or else they must not have very much of a turn for understanding what they read (if they have read it.) And still further, if neither of the above conditions fit them, we must just guess that they just read the law and laid it aside and formed this cheap fabrication just to have something to punch at the Judge of Probate and Commissioners.

Some of our good honest well-meaning citizens have been made to believe by these evil informers that it is a fact that "Reynolds" does get 25 per cent. of the wagon license tax. Those who are innocent and are wrongly informed are not to blame. But the ones who started the thing willfully and are keeping the flame fanned and spreading, are doing both the county and the Commissioners Court a grave injustice. But it must be remembered that there are those in our midst who would be willing to sell the whole of Chilton County into perdition at one lump, just to secure even the least injury to Judge Reynolds.

If you will read the Road Laws of Chilton County you will find that Judge Reynolds does not get 25 per cent. of the wagon license tax. He gets 25 cents for issuing each license for three months or over. Such license is three dollars, and you know 25 cents is not 25 per cent of three dollars. In cases where license are issued for less time than three months the Probate Judge does not get one single penny for issuing the license.

The enforcement of the provisions of the new road laws places a big burden on the office of the Judge of Probate, and in turn, it is right that he should get a small fee somewhere to compensate for his trouble.

We hear several fellows declaring that the new road law will not give us any better roads than we had under the old system. But they are just guessing. They have not tried the new law to see what it will do. We have tried the old laws and systems, and we all know that they did not make us any roads at all. So, even if the new law does fail, we will not be in any worse fix for having tried it. But we believe if the new system is given a fair trial it will prove to be much mure efficient than the old way. Don't be too hasty to condemn it. Let's give it a trial and be sure it will not work before we lay it aside.

COTTON CROP ESTIMATED AT LESS THAN 12 MILLION BALES

In the monthly report of the Department of Agriculture at Washington, the entire crop of cotton in the United States is estimated at 12 million bales. The report places condition of crops as 70.3 per cent. of normal.

Mr. Ruben Reynolds is at home visiting parents this week. He will report to Montgomery as a member of Battery "C" after August 5th.

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182-Judge C. Watson, Jemison 79
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1441-John T. Morgan, Maplesville 85
117-Whaley H. Hyatt, Jemison 86
602-Thos. P. Duffer, Mt. Creek 87
390-Sidney Jones, Clanton R 8 88
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772-F. A. Summerlin, Verbena 90
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1476-Bartley G. Brasher, Pletcher 96
280-Lee Cooper, Clanton..... 97
1292-R. P. Cleckler, Jemison R 4 98
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1354-J. P. Blackmon, Montevallo 116
343-F. B. Goodgame, Clanton 117
1613-O. R. Robinson, Clanton.. 118
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933-Olidga Williams, Maplesv. 123
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1334-John Robinson, Jemison R4 135
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1611-Ernest L. Powell, Verbena 137
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923-Grady Williams, Lawley.... 184
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637-C. J. Jackson, Mt. Creek 192
360-Will Henderson, Clanton.. 193
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571-Jas. W. Wood, Clanton R3 195
488-James E. Rasberry, Clanton 196
1543-Alvin E. Powell, Pletcher 197
704-J. M. Burnett, Billingsley 198
72-Robert C. Vines, Clanton 199
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112-Charley M. Gary, Jemison 201
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30-Jas. O. Jowers, Clanton R 5 237
199-Wm. F. Childress, Thorsby 238
288-Adolphus Jones, Clanton.. 239
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PROMPT WORK EXPECTED OF EXEMPTION BOARDS

Reports begin to Come in at Washington from Some Local Boards.

Washington, July 30.—Prompt and efficient work by district exemption boards is expected by government officials as a result of stripping all red tape from the procedure of the tribunals.

President Wilson's executive order outlining the principles to govern exemptions coupled with instructions to the boards from Provost Marshal General Crowder are regarded here as setting in motion the last phase of the selection process with a momentum that insures a minimum of confusion and delay.

Time is Big Object.

The object of instructions is to instruct the boards with a view that their primary purpose is to select the personnel for the national army in the shortest possible time. They have been informed that no legal precedents bind them and that there need be no adherance to technicalities of court procedure.

Attorney General Gregory set in motion today machinery to increase the size of the registration resevoir from which the 687,000 men of the first call are to be drawn. Thousands of men failed to register, it has been found. Through the District attorneys, the department of Justice is rounding up these men and when found, they will be assigned numbers which will insure their being called up for examination at an early date. They will be given the serial numbers of men near the top of the list already permanently discharged for physical reasons.

Reports Coming In.

The first reports of the local boards on physical examination are beginning to apear. As yet, however, they are not complete enough to make possible any logical deduction as to the probable average of rejection for reason. Draft statistics of the civil war showed between 25 and 30 per cent rejected on this ground. Such figures as have come from the local boards are in general harmony with the old average.

The average of rejection on physical grounds in the regular army recruiting has been far higher, but conditions are entirely different with the selective draft forces. In many districts a large number of men have asked for affidavit blanks on which to submit applications for exemption because of dependent families. This is no criterion of the exemptions to be granted, however, as each case be considered on its merits.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Mullins are spending a few days this week with relatives out in the country.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SETTLEMENT NOTICE

The State of Alabama, Chilton County. Probate Court, July 18 ..1917.

In the matter of the Estate of Mrs Anna Olson Deceased.

This day came Mrs. T. O. Swan Administratriz of the Estate of said deceased, and files her account, vouchers, evidence, statement for final settlement of her said Administration.

It is ordered that the 6th day of August 1917, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

Witness my hand, this 18th day of July 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

KEEPING INFORMED

A Reliable Daily Newspaper is Now An Absolute Necessity.

In these stirring times a daily newspaper, printing all the news promptly, accurately and independently is an absolute necessity to every man and in every home.

The Birmingham News—the South's greatest newspaper — is everywhere recognized as the biggest, best and most reliable in all the South. It prints complete news of the war, and all other world news, gathered by the three greatest news organizations; special correspondence covering all the news of Alabamians in the army, navy, etc., vigorous, fearless editorials; latest markets—everything.

Subscribe for the great newspaper. Special trial offer, Daily and Sunday, by mail only to December 5, for $1.50 Send in your order today.

We will have County Fair this Fall at Clanton as we have heretofore

The Chilton County Fair Association announces that the County Fair will be held at Clanton as usual some time this fall. The exact date will be announced later.

The catalogue and Premium List will be sent out in about a week from now.

SHERIFF'S SALE—REAL ESTATE

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed, whereby I, as Sheriff of said county, was commanded to make the sum of twenty-four and 67-100 dollars, principal and interest, and one hundred, forty and 90-100 dollars, costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the fall term, 1911, of said court of said county, Alabama, in favor of J. W. Hayes, against Thos. J. Mims. I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the courthouse door of said county, between the hours of 11 o'clock, a.m., and 4 o'clock, p.m. on Monday, the 2nd day of September, 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named Thos. J. Mims, in and to the following described real estate, viz:

South half of northwest quarter, Sec. 20, T. P. 22, Range 15; northwest quarter of northwest quarter of Sec. 20, T. P. 22, Range 15; south half of southwest quarter of northeast quarter, Sec. 18, T. P. 22, Range 15; 20 acres in the northwest corner of south west quarter of southeast quarter, lying north of Rock Creek, Sec. 7, T. P. 22, Range 15; lots 1, 2, and 3, in block Two, in the Town of Clanton, Ala., as shown by the official map of said town, now on file in the office of the Judge of Probate.

This, 1st day of August, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at the courthouse door, Aug. 1, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Advertising
in this paper will bring good returns on the money invested

TO THE PEOPLE OF CHILTON COUNTY:

I desire to announce that since my announcement as to the placement of velvet bean, corn, and wheat machinery for the accommodation of the public in caring for this year's crop and future crops, I have perfected arrangements to begin work on the foundation for the machinery and buildings to house it at once. I expect to have the buildings constructed and the machinery placed in ample time to grind the bean crop, the corn crop, and the wheat crop in commercial salable form, so that the farmer may get the best market price for his products.

Respectfully,
WILLIAM M. ADAMS.

When you yawn a good deal in the day time, feel dull, achey, and want to stretch frequently, it is an unmistakable symptom of malaria, and unless you do something at once you are booked for a spell of chills. But HERBINE is a chill medicine that will prevent or cure the disease. It drives out the impurities on which the malarial germ thrives, strengthens the liver and cleanses the bowels. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Company.

SCOTCH COLLIE PUPS—For Sale at Ford Place. L. C. DUNCAN.

DEATH OF VETERAN SEALS

Mr. W. A. Seals, a Civil War veteran, and well known in Chilton County, died at the Alabama Old Soldiers Home on July 31; and interment was made in the Home Cemetery on August 1.

DEATH OF AN OLD VETERAN

Veteran L. Langley, age 91 years, died at the old Soldiers Home at Mt. Creek, and enterment was made on August 1st.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

F. B. COLLIER
Attorney at Law
Office in the Johnson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. A. B. BAXLEY
Optometrist
Office in Mullins Bldg.
Clanton, Ala.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

A. C. Smith B. Guy Smith
SMITH & SMITH
Attorneys At Law
General Practice
Clanton, - - - - - Alabama.

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in Hopkins Bldg.
Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women & Surgery
CLANTON, ALA.

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

C. REESE MULLINS
—Agent—
For Life and Fire Insurance, Accident and Health Insurance, Auto and Windstorm Insurance, Liability and Plate Glass Insurance. Bonding.
Singer Sewing Machines.
Regular office days Mondays and Saturdays.
Third door east of Post office.
CLANTON, ALA.

CHILTON COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

The School for Chilton County Boys and Girls, prepared to do High School Work. Devoted to Secondary Education only. Fully affiliated with every State Institution and the Southern Association of Colleges. Also offers Course of Study for the Boy or the Girl who cannot go to College.

Faculty fully competent—every member a College Graduate; every member has a College Degree. Every Section of the County represented in the Student Body.

Listen, Fellow Citizens, this school is your school. Your tax money supports it. Send us your son or your daughter, and let them claim their own. All departmnets fully organized. Look out for announcement of the strongest Department of Music to be found outside of the cities and colleges.

Next Session opens September 5, 1917. Conference and correspondence solicited. We are here to serve.

H. C. McDONALD, A. B., Principal,
CLANTON, ALA.

Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

REVIVAL SERVICES

At Unity Church 1½ miles N. E. of Clanton on Lock 12 Road, begins Sunday night, August 19th. Services will be held at 11, a.m. and 8 p.m., conducted by Rev. W. P .Lowery and assisted by Rev. B. C. Hughes of Birmingham. Everybody is cordially invited.

CARD OF THANKS

Thorsby, Ala.—
We wish to thank the people of Thorsby and surrounding community for their kindness and sympathy during the death and burial of our dear husband and father, Aaron Littleton.
Mrs. Mary Littleton and Children.

Pay for the Union-Banner a year. $1

NOTICE ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE

In pursuance of a decree rendered by the Probate Court of Chilton county, Alabama, on the 27th day of July, 1917, annulling and settnig aside the sale of land heretofore made by me as Administrator of the estate of R. A. Hancock, deceased, and directing me to re-sell said land; said re-sale to be made as directed in the decree previously granted directing the sale of said land, in the first instance; I, as administrator of said estate, will sell at the courthouse door in Clanton, Ala., to the highest bidder for cash, on the 18th day of August, 1917, the following described real estate, situated in Chilton County, Ala., to-wit:

That part of the south half of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of Section 16, Township 21, Range 15, lying east of the Clanton and Cooper public road; and one and one-half acres of land in the north side of the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of said section, township and range; said land being known as the R. A. Hancock place.

Said sale is made for the purpose of paying the debts of said estate, and for distribution of the remainder of the funds after the debts are paid among the children of the decedent.

This, the 27th day ow July, 1917.
J. W. FOSHEE,
Administrator of Estate of R. A. Hancock, deceased. 7-26-3t

L. J. Duncan and son Lucian, T. G. Wyatt and W. M. Wyatt, and Eddie Edwards, made a trip to Atlanta last week. The return trip was accomplished by means of four new Fords.

STATE FARMERS UNION IN BIRMINGHAM LAST WEEK

Annual Convention elects Officers for the next Year and adjourns.

Birmingham Ala., July 27.—At the final session of the Farmers Union Convention in the courthouse Thursday, S. T. Jones, of Newton, was elected president of the State organization for the ensuing year.

The new president is from Dale County, and has been a progressive and enthusiastic worker in the ranks of the organization.

O. P. Ford, of McFall, who has been president for the past six years, was elected Secretary with C. M. Dinsmore, of Morgan County, as Vice-President, and the following executive Board:

J. J. Robinson of Lafayette, E. C. Bassett of Troy, J. B. Crews of Sampson, R. C. Hicks of Bibb County, and W. H. Conway of Jemison.

The appointment of the lecturer was conferred on A. E. Smith.

The most enthusiastic advocates of agricultural enlightenment and progress ever convened in the State was the designation employed in one of the addresses of welcome. The resolutions adopted on the Food Control Bill, good roads and recommendation to the government for the choice of the Alabama location for the nitrate plant, and many others were characterized as marking a new era in the progressiveness of the modern agriculturalist.

An unqualified endorsement of the United States Good Roads Association was passed, and the legislative committee urged to use every effort to cooperate in the passing of legislation for the employment of convicts on the public roads.

An almost unanimous vote of the delegates was cast in favor of woman suffrage. Uniformity both in the growing and packing of farm products was discussed at length, and recommendation that county agents be induced to keep the farmers in each district posted as to marketing the crops and the best time to sell products was made.

Arthur Tippett volunteered to service in the United States Navy last week, and is at home on furlough, awaiting further orders.

SAY VICTORY IS NEAR FOR ENTENTE ALLIES

Simonds says Time has arrived to re-dedicate nation to Ideals of a Great Struggle.

New York, July 28.—It lacks just a month now of being three years since representatives of the French, British and the Russian governments signed an agreement to fight the war out.

When that agreement was signed, victorious German armies were approaching Paris, the French government was already on its way to Bordeaux, and German victory seemed inevitable.

Now, after three years, we have a rededication. We have a re-affirmation of the determination of the nations which have been fighting this war to continue until the German menace is finally abolished, until doctrine of force and the policy of ruthlessness have been deferred unmistakably.

The declaration of purpose of the Allies in Paris is one to which all Americans can subscribe; it is one which would be indorsed officially by the United States government.

War's Main Issue.

The main issue of the war remains what it was on the day when the first German troops broke into Belgium in defiance of all human obligation and moral law. The issue of the war remains what it was when German troops turned Louvain into a shambles. It remains what it was on the morning of the Lusitania, whan American women and children, together with those of other nations were slaughtered to satisfy the German purpose. We were more fortunate than the French or the Belgians in that the Germans were able only to murder our women and not to dishonor them. But their purpose and their method were written into the Lusitania in unmistakable fashion.

Such adversities as have come to the allied side in recent months should be, and must be, only a new incentive to greater effort and larger sacrifice. We have seen the procession of German horrors unfolding for three years from the moment of the invasion of Belgium to the hour when women and children were driven into slavery—themselves the survivors of those who have been murdered and dishonored.

How can any man or woman think of peace now, when Germany faces the world unashamed and unrepentant considering only what portion of the booty wrung from the world by violence she may retain now and forever?

Baptism of Terror.

We have passed through three years of terrible war. We are nearer to victory at this moment than at any time since the war began. We shall lose the war now, if we lose it at all, not upon the battle fields, but around the green table.

There was never a time in human history when it was more necessary to fight and more futile to talk, and there never was a war since the beginning of strife in which the issue was more clearly written, more unmistakably. It is a good thing and a hopeful thing to see the nations which have long fought Germany united in a rededication of all they have to the common cause of civilization.

The United States should set its hand and seal to the latest Paris document. The American people should join the French, the British, the Italian, the Russian, in a resolution to have no peace which does not establish the right of every race, big and little, to live its own life; of every human being—man, woman and child—to live, even when a German purpose is served by murdering them.

The Germans sought to conquer the world by arms and failed. She sought to conquer it by terror and she has failed. There are German agents all over the world now seeking to disorganize the armies of the nations which have fought Germany, and to accomplish within the nations at war, what German arms have been unable to accomplish on the field. Let us not mistake their purpose or serve their ends.

Nature Needs Assistance In Keeping You Well

A little help goes a long ways.

If you would keep your body in a healthy and robust condition, throbbing with that splendid vitality that indicates freedom from all ailments, first of all see that your blood is kept pure. Any slight impurity that creeps into your blood will soon effect the well-being of your whole system.

A few bottles of S. S. S. will give just the assistance that nature needs in keeping the blood absolutely free of all impurities. This old remedy is a wonderful purifier and tonic, and has no equal for keeping the blood rich and pure. It builds up the appetite and tones up the entire system.

S. S. S. is sold by druggists everywhere. It has been successfully used for more than fifty years, and people in practically every state testify to its great worth. Write for booklets and free medical advice to Swift Specific Co., Dept. E Atlanta, Ga.

If you feel "blue", "no-count", lazy you need a good cleaning out. HERBINE is the right thing for that purpose. It stimulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

NON RESIDENT NOTICE

State of Alabama, Chilton Cohnty. Probate Court, July 18, 1917

In the matter of the estate of Avrilla Abrams, deceased, to Alberta Mosley, non resident of the State of Alabama.

Whereas, H. A. Harris, as administrator of the estate of Avrilla Abrams, deceased, has filed his petition in writing under oath in said Court, for an order to sell certain lands belonging to said estate, described in said petition, for paying the debts due by said estate, upon the grounds that the personal property of said estate is insufficient for the payment of the debts, and the 20 day of August, 1917, has been appointed for the hearing of said petition:

You are therefore, hereby commanded to appear before the said Court on said day to contest said petition if you think proper.

Witness my hand, this 18 day of July, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

Women Love Babies



It is woman's nature to naturally respond to the charm of a pretty child. Who does not admire babies? The longing to possess a baby is often outweighed by the inherent fear of the period of distress.

There is a most wonderful external preparation known as "Mother's Friend".

It is a safe external massage which relieves pain and discomfort at the crisis; makes elastic those fibers and muscles which nature is expanding, and wonderfully soothes the inflammation of breast glands.

It enables the expectant mother to preserve her health and strength, and she remains a pretty mother by having avoided the suffering and danger which would otherwise accompany such an occasion. Every nerve, muscle and tendon is thoroughly lubricated. Get a bottle today from the druggist, and write to the Bradfield Regulator Co., Dept. G, 200 Lamar Building, Atlanta, Ga. They will mail you an intensely interesting little book, "Motherhood and the Baby". The book is free. Every woman should herself aid nature in her glorious work. "Mother's Friend" makes it possible for you to do so and should be used regularly without fail night and morning.

MORTGAGE SALE

Default having been made in the payment of the indebtedness secured by that certain mortgage executed by Guy H. Gerald and Hattie Gerald, to O. P. Lindquist on March 25, 1915, which said mortgage being recorded in Vol. 150, page 426, record of mortgages, in theo fice of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Ala., I, O. P. Lindquist will offer for sale at public outcry, to the highest and best bidder for cash, on Monday, Sept. 3, 1917, during the legal hours of sale, at the courthouse door in Clanton, Ala., the following described real estate situated in Chilton County, Alabama, to-wit:

Certain lots or parcels of land in the Town of Thorsby, described as follows: Beginning at a point one hundred (100) feet west of the southeast corner of the southwest quarter of northwest quarter of Section seven (7), Township twenty-two (22), Range Fourteen (14), running thence south two hundred (200) feet, thence east to a point on the west line of the northwest quarter of the Southeast quarter of the Northwest quarter on the Birmingham & Montgomery Highway, thence in a northerly direction along said road to the north line of Southwest quarter of Northwest quarter, thence west to the point of beginning, containing thre and one-half (3½) acres, more or less;

Also S.W.¼ of N.W.¼ of N.W.¼, Sec. 7, T.P. 22, Range 14, containing ten (10) acres, more or less.

Also S.½ of S.E.¼ of S.E.¼ of Section 1, Township 22, Range 13, containing twenty (20) acres, more or less;

Also N.E.¼ of N.E.¼ ;N.½ of S.E ¼ of N.E.¼, Sec. 12, T. P. 22, Range 13, containing sixty (60) acres, more or less;

Also N.E.¼ of N.E.¼ of S.E.¼ ; S.W.¼ of N.W.¼ of N.E.¼, Sec. 12, T.P. 22, Range 13, contajning twenty (20) acres, more or less.

Also part of N.W.¼ of S.W.¼ of S.W.¼, Sec. 6, T.P. 22, Range 14, described as follows: a strip of land one hundred feet wide along the west side of said land, also a parcel of land described as Lots Nos. 8, 9, 10, in Block 1 of Siminton's Addition to Thorsby, said lots extending east from the strip above mentioned and fronting fifty feet, each, on Franklin Street, and extending in a southerly direction 140 feet, said strip and lots containing in all, two acres, more of less.

Containing in all, 115 acres, more or less.

All above land in Sections one and seven, are conveyed subject to any valid reservation or mineral right in force at the execution of said mortgage.

The proceeds of said sale will be applied to the payment of the expenses incident to said sale, including attorneys' fee, and to the amount of the indebtedness due on said mortgage.

This, August 1, 1917.

O. P. LINDQUIST, Mortgagee.
Middleton & Reynolds,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Don't forget your Subscription.

Visitors to Clanton!

Don't forget that you have an invitation to come to the Exchange Hotel and make your Headquarters.

Farmers and their families are especially invited to come to see us when in town on business or pleasure.

If you want a first-class dinner, we will be glad to wait on you. Call around to see us any time.

The Exchange Hotel

W. H. GOODGAME, Proprietor.

SEASHORE EXCURSIONS

EVERY SATURDAY
JUNE 2 TO SEPT. 1



From Clanton. Ten-Day Return Limit.

Pensacola -	$7.15	Magnolia Spgs.	$9.50
Pascagoula -	8.00	Ocean Spgs. -	8.35
Biloxi - -	8.40	Gulfport - -	9.00
Pass Christian -	9.15	Bay St. Louis -	9.30

J. A. HESTER, Ticket Agent, Clanton

L&N

Also on sale daily until October 15th, regular round trip Summer Tourist Tickets to Gulf Coast Resorts at slightly higher fares with return limit of October 31st.



Partial List of Pee Gee Guaranteed Finishes

- Pee Gee Flatkoatt for Interior Walls and Ceilings.
- Pee Gee China Enamel for Interior Woodwork
- Pee Gee Specification Varnishes
- Pee Gee Floor Wax
- Pee Gee Penetrating Dystain
- Pee Gee Porch Paint
- Pee Gee Semi-Paste Roof and Barn Paint
- Pee Gee Creo-Stain for Roofs
- Pee Gee Adamant Floor Paint
- Pee Gee Wagon and Implement Paint
- Pee Gee Portlanite for Concrete
- Pee Gee Blue Ribbon Family Paint
- Pee Gee Screen Enamel

A Pee Gee Finish for Every Purpose

Whether you are intending to build, re-paint your house, re-decorate your rooms, refinish your woodwork or floors, Pee-Gee Finishes will give you lasting satisfaction at lowest cost. Remember, two-thirds of the cost of painting is labor and one-third paint. Therefore, it will pay you to use Pee-Gee Guaranteed Paints and Finishes.

MASTIC PAINT

"The Kind That Lasts"

Is the unadulterated combination of finest Pure White Lead, ZINC-OXIDE and genuine Linseed Oil in correct proportions. CONTAINS HIGHEST PERCENTAGE OF ZINC.

Mastic Paint presents a uniform, hard, beautiful, enamel-like finish, that resists the weather conditions in any climate. It does not discolor, go flat or peel.

THE UPCHURCH DRUG COMPANY
CLANTON, ALA.

FREE

Beautifully illustrated book, "Homes and How to Paint them." Ask also for sample wood panels, color cards, etc., of any Pee Gee Finish you may desire, or write for same to PEASLEE-GAULBERT CO., Inc., Louisville, Ky.



PASSENGER SERVICE
L&N

THE primary object of L. & N. Passenger Service is Safety, Comfort and Dispatch. Courtesy to every one and personal attention for the aged, for ladies and for children, or any one else desiring it, is a matter of custom with loyal, well trained L. & N. employes.

Powerful locomotives—the best mechanical genius has yet devised—pull all-steel, luxuriously upholstered, vestibule coaches over heavy rails laid on minimum grades and curves at a rate of speed scheduled as fast as consistent with safety.

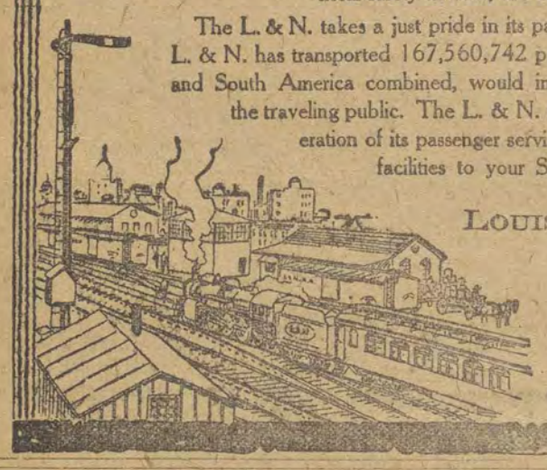
Whether on a short trip, or traveling from Chicago to Jacksonville, Cincinnati to New Orleans, St. Louis to Atlanta, the L. & N. will put you there as per schedule a large percentage of times. The record for schedule maintained is an enviable one.

Solid Pullman trains, excellent dining car service, club cars, observation cars, filtered water, carefully cleaned and fumigated coaches—every courtesy and facility demanded by the modern traveler—is supplied by the L. & N. A large percentage of the system is double track.

L. & N. passenger officials are ever active to maintain the unapproached L. & N. standard of service. Every new or improved facility of merit is immediately installed.

L. & N. passenger operatives, assisted by block systems and electrical safety devices, are ever alert to safeguard life and property.

The L. & N. takes a just pride in its passenger service, and the fact that in sixteen years the L. & N. has transported 167,560,742 passengers, or a total equal to the population of North and South America combined, would indicate an appreciation of that service on the part of the traveling public. The L. & N. requests your favorable consideration of its passenger service, and pledges its unsurpassed facilities to your Safety, Comfort and Dispatch.



LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.

The Old Reliable

JUSTICE TO GOVERN EXEMPTION BOARD

Claims of Drafted Men Must be Viewed Without Fear, Favor, Affection, Partiality, says Crowder

Sacrifices Demanded of Entire Population; President issues Order Against Excusing Men that are not Invaluable.

Washington, July 28.—The Draft Boards must judge claims before them dispationately; there must be no excuse for sympathy, affection, or favoritism.

Thus Provost Marshal General Crowder counselled tonight, in a letter sent all the local boards in the eve of drawing the national army. At the same time, President Wilson issued an executive order, cautioning government departments against certifying employes for exemption as indispensible unless they are actually invaluable.

And in closing he added a note of warning to all industrial interests asking that they exercise the same conscientious and scrupulous caution to the end, less there appear to be favored or exempted classes among citizens called by law to the national defense.

Crowder's order pointed out that a sacrifice is demanded from every one, and that all classes should be viewed without respect to the board's personal special sympathies or affections.

"It will strengthen you to remember, "Crowder wrote, "that for every exemption or discharge that is made for individual convenience or to escape personal loss of money or property or for favor of affection, some other man whose time would not otherwise have come must incur the risk of losing his life. There can be no room for hesitation in such a case."

President Wilson's letter was aimed at governing branches and contained a three-line suggestion to big bussiness on the end.

General Crowder's letter.

General Crowder's letter in part follows

"To the members of local boards:

"You are entering on a difficult task, the gravity of which is beyond anything that can be said in the way of discussion.

"War demands individual sacrifices to the common cause. No person ever approached war with a calmer appreciation of that sacrifice or a firmer resolve to bear it and present themselves 'to be classified for service in the place to which it shall serve the common good to call them.'

"This calm determination could not exist were it not for the confidence of the nation in its institutions. In this public confidence is found the very spirit of the selective service law. The most equitable rules that could be devised have been prescribed for guidance, and the administration of these rules and the sacrifice that is offered by your neighbors is entrusted in your hands.

Sacrifices for Everyone.

"From everyone is demanded a sacrifice. But there is one thought to be kept always in your mind. The selected man offers his life. There is no greater giving than this; and that thought should guide you always.

"Another fundamental thought is this:

"You are not a court for the adjustment of differences between two persons in controversy. You are agents of the government, engaged in selecting men for the government, and there is no controversy. You acting for the government are to investigate each case in the interests of the nation and never in the interest of the individual. There is no one exemption or discharge in the law or regulations that is put there for the benefit of any individual.

"Therefore, no one has a right, by himself or by attorney, to urge, by argument or pleading, his individual case upon you. You should rigidly exclude this. Ordinarily you should act on affidavits. If you desire more information you may proceed to get it. But no claimant has a right to submit other proof than that called for by regulations or that you may call for."



100 per cent. Roughage

BUCKEYE HULLS are real roughage in every particle. They are free of everything that has no value as forage. They are free of lint. They are free of trash. They are free of dirt and dust. When you buy

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

you are paying for nothing but roughage, and you are feeding your stock nothing that is worthless or injurious. Buckeye Hulls look like a real feed and are a real feed. Their very appearance will convince you that you should use them.

Even if Buckeye Hulls cost as much as old style hulls it would still be to your advantage to use them. Selling at several dollars per ton less, they put old style hulls beyond consideration.

Other Advantages

Buckeye Hulls allow better assimilation of other food.
They are sacked—easy to handle.
They take half the space for storage.
They mix well with other forage.
Every pound goes farther.
2000 pounds of real roughage to the ton—not 1500.

Mr. S. L. Jones, Jackson, La., says:

"I have been feeding my dairy cows Buckeye Hulls and find that they do as well on Buckeye Hulls as on old style and that they like the Buckeye Hulls better than the old style."

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K ***The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.*** *Dept. K*

Atlanta Birmingham Greenwood Little Rock Memphis
Augusta Charlotte Jackson Macon Selma

DR. PARRISH LICENSED TO PRACTICE VET. MEDICINE

The State Board of Examiners has granted to Dr. W. Lonnie Parrish a license to practice veterinary medicine and surgery in the State of Alabama. Dr. Parrish received his certificate from the authorities on Monday. He is a graduate of the Veterinary Department of the Alabama Polytechnic Institute at Auburn, and will be located here for the practice of his profession. Dr. Parrish is a home boy, and his many friends here congratulate him upon his successful completion of his studies, and hope him further success in his practice.

ANTI-DRAFT MEETINGS ARE BEING HELD IN GEORGIA

Athens, Ga., July 30.—Opponents to the selective draft, attending a mass meeting here at Bold Springs, Franklin County, today jerred loyal citizens who sought to warn them against unpatriotic acts. The meeting was one of a series of demonstrations in Georgia against the law. The presence of a United States Commissioner with a squad of deputies probably prevented any violence. A fund of $1200 was raised to test the constitutionality of the law, which will be sent to Thomas E. Watson of Thomson, it was said. The majority of those attending the meeting were men beyond the ages affected by the draft.

Augusta, Ga., July 30.—Resolutions opposing the selective draft law were adopted today at a mass meeting of 300 citizens at Lincolnton. A fund of $200 was subscribed to test the constitutionality of the law.

Will Keep You Well



When you get a terrific sick headache, become constipated or have any stomach or liver trouble, a dose or two of

Granger Liver Regulator

will put you in good shape. It is a purely vegetable preparation, non-alcoholic and acts pleasantly and effectively.

Concord, N. H., Jan. 17, 1917
I was sick six months last year and the Doctor told me to go to Florida. I got some Granger Liver Regulator in Florida and it did me good. I brought four boxes home with me and now I am feeling a great deal better.
(Signed) R. J. Rowland

Sold by all druggists—25c a box
Granger Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

"SAMMIES" TO GET NERVES STEELED BY SIGHT-SEEING

Men will be sent in small groups out To the Battle Front.

American Field Headquarters in France, July 28.—That the nerves as well as the bodies of the men may be steeled for the coming conflict, sight-seeing tours to the front are being arranged by the general staff for American soldiers.

The general who is expected to return from his visit to the firing line Saturday night, will undertake the organization of the first trips forth with, in accordance with the French military authority.

Enlisted men with the highest records of capability and good behavior will be the first chosen to participate in the visits to the trenches. They will go out in small groups and will remain in the battle fields for several days. Thus, they will get used to the sound of shells singing over their heads and lose the nervousness that few men can escape the first time under fire. Also they will acquire a thorough understanding of the necessity of learning the art of digging trenches in all its details.

Most important of all, they will be able to tell their comrades in arms how the war really looks—and feels. I received striking evidence of the fact that this force is a real citizen's army in visiting the colonel of one of our best infantry regiments this morning. In the midst of the eulogy of the American training camps and the officers they turn out, he remarked that only fourteen of his sixty officers had been more than four months with the colors before arriving in France.

"And yet," he added, "there isn't an inspector general in the world who would notice it."

One of the three batallion commanders in this regiment is a Plattsburg graduate, a son of a particularly destinguished father. The officers with whom I talked are enthusiastic about Major ——. They say he is one of the best proofs that the United States will have little difficulty in finding a sufficient supply of officers for the great new army now in process of organization.

If your child is pale and sickly, picks at the nose, starts in the sleep and grinds the teeth while sleeping, it is a sure sign of worms. A remedy for these parasites will be found in WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE. It not only clears out the worms, but it restores health and cheerfulness. Price 25 rpcebottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

FIRST BALE GEORGIA COTTON

Savannah, July 28.—The record price of 40 cents per pound was paid at auction for the first bale of Georgia cotton of 1918 here today. The purchasers immediately donated the bale to the Red Cross to be sold again either on the Savanah cotton market or in New York.

The second bale of the new crop arrived within an hour after the first. It was purchased at 40 cents by a local coton firm. It also was immediately donated to the Red Cross.

FOR SALE

90 acres of land near Benson's Cross Roads. Apply to Mrs. C. W. Martin, Maplesville, R. 1. 7-19-2t

We have a good quality of Flour, Lard and other groceries at good prices. It will pay you to see us before you buy. W. Z. HODGES.

Reasons!

Why you should use Cardui, the woman's tonic, for your troubles, have been shown in thousands of letters from actual users of this medicine, who speak from personal experience. If the results obtained by other women for so many years have been so uniformly good, why not give Cardui a trial?

Take **CARDUI**
The Woman's Tonic

Mrs. Mary J. Irvin, of Cullen, Va., writes: "About 11 years ago, I suffered untold misery with female trouble, bearing-down pains, headache, numbness . . . I would go for three weeks almost bent double . . . My husband went to Dr. —— for Cardui . . . After taking about two bottles I began going around and when I took three bottles I could do all my work." E-80

GREENSBORO MAN KILLS SELF IN SAVANNAH WHEN DRAFTED

Savannah, July 28.—James B. Nabors, 29, a traveling salesman, shot and killed himself in a local hotel tonight after receiving a summons to appear before the examination board at Greensboro, Ala., where he was registered for the military draft.

Nabors' number in the drawing was the first drawn—258—according to the official notification, which was found open beside his body. His friends here said he had brooded a great deal over the probability of being drafted.

You should get your arrangements made to attend the big revival meeting that is going to commence at Unity on the night of August 19. There will be some of the very ablest preaching that you have ever heard, and it will do all of us good to hear it and let some of it soak into us. Unity is 1½ miles from Clanton on the Lock 12 Road. Easy to get there in your car; be sure to come.

DELCO-LIGHT



Electricity for Every Home and Farm

Does Away With Drudgery

DELCO-LIGHT is a complete electric light and POWER plant, operated by gasoline or kerosene. It is simple, economical, practical. Furnishes power to pump water and operate small machinery. Washes clothes, churns butter, etc. Supplies abundance of clean, brilliant and safe light for house and barn. Makes living conditions and pays for itself in time and labor saved.

With Standard Batteries (f. o. b. Dayton, O.) - - - - - - $350

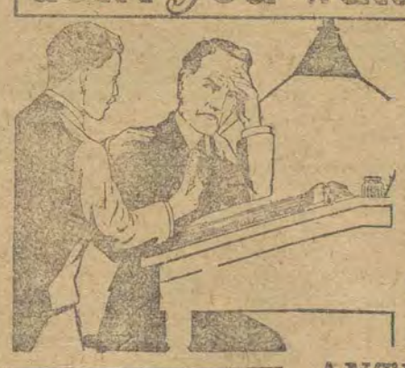
FOR ACTUAL DEMONSTRATION WRITE, PHONE OR WIRE TO

BLOCH BROTHERS, DEALERS, SELMA, ALA.

The Domestic Electric Company, Distributors, Atlanta, Ga.



"That miserable pain—don't you want relief?"



Close attention to work is the cause of much Pain and many Headaches. Obtain relief by taking one or two

DR. MILES' ANTI-PAIN PILLS

Then tone up the Nervous System by using

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine

AWFUL SUFFERING.
"I suffered untold agony with neuralgia. I thought I would go mad with pain. A friend of mine advised me to take Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. I did so and the pain stopped almost at once. Then I commenced using Dr. Miles' Nervine and before long I was so that I did not have these pains any more." E. J. WINTER, 561 E. Platte Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo.

IF FIRST BOTTLE, OR BOX, FAILS TO HELP YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

This week we wish to call your attention to

Some Special Prices

Beginning right now we are making some real low prices on a great number of items in order to reduce our summer stock and make room for our Fall and Winter Goods.

Mens Fancy Shirts

This summer we placed a special line of Men's High Grade Sumer Shirts in the latest fancy paterns. They have sold well and pleased the buyers. A few of these shirts remain, and owing to the late season now, we offer them at Bargain Prices.

Prices range from One Dollar on up.

Neckties and Collars

There has never been a prettier line of Men's Fancy Neckties than those which we have left over from the lot we bought for our trade this summer. They are the latest and most equisite colors, most attractive to the eyes. Also a fine line of Collars for men and boys. Special bargains now being offered in both Collars and Ties.

Cool Summer Suits.

We have on hand a few more suits of our special summer stock of Cool Cloth. Also a few pairs of pants for hot weather wear. We urge you to buy one of these suits to help you over the remaining hot days of summer time.

Slippers and Straw Hats

This is a little late in the season to buy Low Cut Shoes, and for that reason we offer some special prices on the remainder of our stock of this kind. We have a few pairs of Palm Beach Canvas shoes at bargains.

We have a few Straw Hats in the latest styles, which we want to dispose of as quickly as possible.

Other Mens Furnishings

Anything else you want in the way of Gents' Furnishings. Fine Hose, Belts, Handkerchiefs, Underwear, etc. All specially reduced in price owing to late season.

We have anything noy need to piece out your wearing apparel to the winter season.

Ladies Dress Goods

In our Ladies' Department, as well as all the other lines, you will find special prices on all goods in order to close out our summer stock. You already know the reputation and class of our ladies' wearables. The very latest things in the way of dress goods, specially suited for the summer comfort. Come in and let Miss Thomas show you what we have left in these lines.

All Kinds of Notions

Not only will the ladies find dress goods here, but many other little items which they alweys need. All kinds of ribbons, lace, thread and trimmings.

Special lot of Ladies' Hose in Silks, which we want to close out soon. Also Ladies' Shoes and Slippers in both Leather and Canvas. Our Ladies' Department is complete in every detail.

We are especially anxious right now in the remaining days of the summer to reduce our stock. The best way to move goods is make the price right. Now we want you to come and see these goods we are offering, and find out what money-savers they will be to you.

Clanton Mercantile Company

The Big Bargain Store.

War Predicted in Detail Three Centuries ago.

In a publication called "Omens of the Great War," the following remarkable allegory, written by Brother Johannes, three hundred years ago, appears. In deciphering the allegory it must be remembered that France is represented by a Cock; England by a Leopard; Russia by a White Eagle; Germany by a Black Eagle; and Austria by the "other Eagle," while the Lamb stands for justice, mercy and truth.

The allegory follows:

Towards the year 2000 the Antichrist will manifest himself. His army will surpass in numbers all that can be imagined.

There will be a Christmas among the legions, and there will be Mohamedans and savage soldiers among the defenderso ft he Lamb.

For the first time the Lamb will be all red. There will not be a single spot in the Christian world that will not be red, and red will be the heavens, the earth, and the waters, and even the air, for blood will flow in domains of the four elements at once.

The Black Eagle will throw himself on the Cock, who will lose many feathers but will strike back heroically with his spurs. He soon would be crushed were it not for the Leopard and his claws.

The Black Eagle will come from the country Luther, will surprise the Cock from another side, and will invade the country of the Cock up to the middle of it.

The White Eagle, coming from the North, will surprise the Black Eagle and the 'other Eagle' and will invade the country of the Antichrist from one end to another.

The Black Eagle will see himself forced to liberate the Cock in order to fight the White Eagle, into the country of the Antichrist to help the White Eagle.

The battles fought up to then will be as nothing compared to those which will take place in the country of Luther for seven angels will together pour on the fire of their censers on the impious earth, which signifies that the Lamb will order the extermination of the race of Antichrist.

When the Beast sees that he is lost, he will become furious, and for many weeks the beak of the White Eagle, the claws of the Leopard, and the spurs of the Cock will furiously strike at him.

They will cross rivers over the borders of the plain, and these, in places, will change the courses of the waters. They will bury only the men of noble families, the leading commandants, and the princes, because of the carnage made by the armies will be joined the wholesale death of those who will die from hunger or the pest.

The Antichrist will ask many times for peace but the seven Angels who walk in front of the three Animals defending the Lamb have declared that victory will only be granted on the condition oft he Antichrist be crushed like straw on the barn floor.

The executors of the justice of the Lamb cannot stop fighting as long as the Antichrist possesses sodliers to fight against them.

That much makes the decrees of the Lamb so implacable that the Antichrist will has pretended to be a follower of Christ and to act in His Name and if he does not perish the fruit of the redeemer would be lost, and the doors of Hades would prevail against the Savior.

The fight which will take place where the Antichrist forges his arms will not be in any way a human fight. (This may have reference to Essen, where the Krupp works are, and many authorities believe that the decisive battle may take place in Westphalia.)

The three Animals defending the Lamb will exterminate the last army of the Antichrist, but they will be forced to erect on the battlefield a pyre as large as a city, for the bodies of the dead will change the aspect of the countryside, as there will be mounds of the slain.

The Antichrist will lose his crown and will die in solitude and madness. His empire will be divided into twenty states, but none of them will any longer be possessors of fortresses, armies or vessles.

(Curiosity enough, this number coincides with the number of German states.)

The White Eagle by the order of St. Michael will drive the crescent from Europe and will install himself at Constantinople. Then will begin an era of peace and prosperity of the earth and there will be no more wars, each nation being governed according to its desires and living according to its rules of justice.

There will no longer be Lutherans or Schismatics. The Lamb will reign and the supreme happiness of humanity will begin. Happy will be those who escape the perils of that period, who will be able to enjoy the fruit of the reign of the Spirit and of the purging of humanity, which can only come after the defeat or the Antichrist.

PROHIBITION FOR NATION WINS OUT IN THE SENATE

Washington, Aug. 1.—A a resolution for submission to the states of a prohibition amendment to the Federal Constitution was adopted today by the Senate. The vote was 65 to 20, eight more than the necessary two-thirds. As adopted, the resolution contains a provision that the states must be asked to ratify the amendment within six years. The House must get act on the resolution.

ALABAMA GOOD ROADS DAYS

The Governor of our state has designated August 14 and 15 as legalized holidays in Alabama for working the public roads. These are days set aside for doing patriotic work on the roads. All men, whether subject to road duty or not, are asked to donate these two days to work on roads. There are places of road in every community which need mending badly, and it is the purpose of these days to have the citizens meet and agree to put in two day's work in repairing these bad places. In such a way, much bad road could easily be made good, and at little expense to the people. It is hoped that Chilton County will make a good showing on these days. Judge Reynolds urges our people to contribute their time and energies toward the working of the roads on August 14 and 15, and the people can do no better deed than to respond freely.

HEAT CAUSES NEAR 300 DEATHS THROUGHOUT UNITED STATES

Press dispatches from chief cities of the country suffering from the excessive heat in recent days give the following unmber of deaths in each city:

New York, 115; Philadelphia, 68; Chicago, 32; Pittsburg, 24; Cleveland, 14; Detroit and New Ark, N. J., 10 each; Baltimore 3 and Norfolk, 1.

FIRST BALE SOLD AT DOTHAN

Dothan, August 1.—Alabama's first bale of new cotton was sold in Dothan today by Jack Weatherington of Geneva County. The bale weighed 419 pounds and brought 21.80.

Cotton is opening rapidly throughout this section.

FARM LOAN APPLICATIONS

It will be to the interest of those who expect to file applications for loans on farm lands, to do so at the earliest practical time, on account of the fact that the unusually good crop conditions gives the applicant an advantage in getting a satisfactory report on inspections.

WILLIAM M. ADAMS.

A MEETING OF FRIENDS

On Thursday a number of friends and relatives met at the home of Mr. J. D. Colins near Clanton for a day of peaceful and pleasant friendly association.

The company in addition to the family of Mr. Collins, was composed of Mrs. W. P. Murrah of Collins Chapel and two daughters, Misses Mollie and Lummie, also her son, W. E. Green of Anniston, Mrs. Wm. Dorminey and Miss Mae Dorminey of Union Grove and Messrs John and James Dorminey from Georgia. The two latter are the sons of T. J. Dorminey and Wm. Dorminey, and are now members of the Georgia National Guard. They are at home for a brief visit with friends and relatives before they depart for France.

The day was spent in a joyful manner. Mr. Collins is amply fixed up at his home for the entertainment of his friends, and he knows how to make them enjoy themselves.

MARRIAGES

The following marriage license have been issued by Probate Judge:

Allis G. Waldrup, Warrior, and Mrs. Zoralice Snyder.

Wm. Cooper, Mt. Creek, and Miss Effie Aldridge.

L. G. Roberts, Clanton and Miss Cora Mae Pounds.

Alfred Fail, Montgomery, and Miss Lucile Hamilton, Montgomery.

Miss Conradine Lane writes that she will return to Clanton during next week.

WILL HAVE COUNTY FAIR AT CLANTON THIS COMING FALL

The Chilton County Fair Association makes the pleasing announcement that they will hold the County Fair as usual at Clanton this fall. The exact date has not been set yet.

This is good news, as the Fair is a good institution, and if managed right, as in the past, will prove a benefit and stimulant to our agricultural progress.

Arrangements have already been made for printing the catalogue and premium list, and it will be ready for distribution in about a week.

Let our farmers now begin to look forward toward making a good show of their products at the Fair this fall. The Fair should be made as good as ever in the past.

Advertising?

If it is results you want you should use this paper. It circulates in the majority of homes in the community and has always been considered

The Family Newspaper

The grown-ups quarrel about it, the children cry for it, and the whole family reads it from cover to cover. They will read your ad if you place it before them in the proper medium.

A RECENT MARRIAGE

Mr. Alfred Fail of Montgomery and Miss Lucile Hamilton of Little Rock, Arkansas, applied for a marriage license and, after obtaining the required and much wanted document, they were married by Mr. Horace W. Davis in the Probate Judge's office. The young couple then hastily entered their autos and left on a wedding tour through some of the middle west states.

PEACE IN 24 HOURS

for stomach sufferers who take Mayr's Wonderful remedy. Don't neglect your stomach ailments another minute. What appears to be only minor stomach disorders may often be symptoms of cancer and ulcers of the stomacha nd intestines, gall stone, acute indigestion, gastrites, auto intoxication, yellow jaundice and other dangerous ailments of which the sufferer is not aware until too late. An ideal prescription for quickly overcoming stomach, liver and intestinal trouble is Mayr's Wonderful Remedy. Millions of people have been restored by it. One dose will prove that it will help you. Mayr's Wonderful Remedy is for sale by Upchurch Drug Co.

LOOKING OVER BOOKS

Hon. Walter McWilliams of Montgomery is in Clanton this week examining Chilton County Books. Mr. McWilliams will be in Clanton for several days.

Mr. Ruben Reynolds, Misses Lessie, Annie and Myrtle Reynolds and Miss L. E. Morgan motored up to Shelby Springs on Wednesday night to meet friends there.

CHILTON CO. SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION AT THORSBY, ALA.

The annual convention of the Chilton County Sunday School Association met at Thorsby, on July 26 and 27, 1917. We had about thirty registered delegates, and only about fifteen schools represented.

Reports show the Sunday School interest in our county is growing. We owe it all to our faithful County President and District Officer, and willing voluntary workers. Prof. H. C. McDonald of Clanton was never too busy or too tired to report to a call for a service when it was possible for him to go. Prof. J. L. Johnson was always ready and willing to give his service to this great work, and there are many others who would gladly respond to a call which we appreciate more than words can express. We regret very much that only 2 district presidents were present. District No. 1, with faithful president and secretary almost reached the gold standard. No. 3 showed better work than we have had for some time. Reports from other districts, as best we could get was very encouraging. District No. 5 almost attained to the front line standard.

We were glad to have so many ministers with us. We appreciate their co-operation and help in carrying out thep rogram. Every address made by both to whom subjects were assigned and volunteers were inspiring and practical.

Mr. D. H. Marbury of Marbury, Ala., and Prof. A. L. Davis of White City, have offered their service to Chilton County, and we hope to have them again. The state was represented by Mrs. Leon C. Palmer, the state elementary superintendent, on the 26 and 27, Miss Freda Bose on 26, Mr. J. O. Webb on the 27.

We wish to thank the good people of Thorsby for their kind hospitality shown us while there, the bulletin committee for their faithful service, the county papers for their kindness in printing programs and notices of our county and district meetings.

We were glad to see Clanton Baptist Sunday School carry the banner home with them, which was offered to the school having the largest number of miles traveled by delegates.

J. B. NORTHCUTT, Pres.
DELLA WILLIAMS, Secy.

Mr. Charles A. Barton of Hartford, Conn., representing the interests of life insurance companies engaged in making loans in Chilton and adjoining counties spent two days of this week in this County, with Mr. W.M. Adams, who is the local agent of the companies.

Mr. Barton was very favorably impressed with the crops of this county and the method of cultivating. He stated that he had made inspections throughout the entire South, in the boll weevil section and out of it, and that the general crop conditions were equal to if not better than than they were in any secion which he had previously visited. This should be encouraging to our farmers.

Quite a bunch of cordial Clanton young people attended a dance at Verbena on Monday night.

Alfred Mims of Thorsby was in Clanton on Thursday.

County Treasurer J. Bice, and sons, Clarence and Grover, and John Henley and son, Clarence, went down to Montgomery Thursday. They are going to spend a night with some relatives and friends in the army.

This Means You, Mr. Merchant!

DID you know that you and this paper have an interest in common? Your success helps the community as a whole which in turn is of benefit to us.

When a merchant advertises with us, he is investing his money, which is returned with interest.

Show Your Goods in the Windows and Advertise Them in This Paper

Personality in Suits

What is your build? Are you tall or short, lean or stout?

It makes not a particle of difference. We have a suit to fit you.

Our clothing is not made by hard and fast rules and mathematical designs.

It is made to FIT HUMAN BEINGS, and to fit ALL KINDS OF HUMAN BEINGS.

Don't be satisfied with a suit made for some other fellow. Come to us and get one MADE FOR YOU.

Mr. Odom, Salesman for the Storrs-Schaefer Co., of Cincinnati will be at our Store on August 2, 3, 4, to take your order. Don't fail to see him one of these days.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back."

CLANTON, ALA.

COURSE TO FOLLOW WHEN SOLDIERS DIE IN FRANCE

The Following Memorandum Approved by the Adjutant General, has been released to the public.

In event of death among officers or enlisted men of the army, the Adjutant General's office will continue the present practice of sending individual notices to the next of kin immediately upon receipt of such notice.

This notice will generally consist of a brief notice giving the date, place and cause of death.

The details attending the death will be given by the deceased's late organization commander.

All deaths occuring among the troops of the expeditionary forces in France will be published in the Official Bulletin as soon as notice thereof has been received.

Under the law, a deceased soldier's commanding officer has full jurisdiction in the matter of disposing of any personal effects that may have been in the possession of the soldier at the time of his death; and when the effects are not claimed by the legal representative within a reasonable time, the proceeds of the sale are deposited in the United States Treasury subject to the claim of the legal representative, and all such claims are settled to the Auditor for the War Department.

If it is desired to make claim for the personal effects, an application for the same should be at once addressed to the commanding officer of the late soldier's company. This application should be acompanied with affidavits of the fact that the claimant is the legal representative entitled to receive the effects of the deceased soldier.

The accounts of deceased soldiers are settled by the Auditor for the War Department, Washington, D.C., who is the official of the Treasury Department, charged by law with the settlement of claims of this character and to whom application should be made by the legal representative of the late soldier for settlement of his accounts. Any correspondence relative to the remains of the deceased soldier, for the place of burial, should be addressed to the Quartermaster General of the Army, Washington, D. C.

In cases of death among troops in the United States the commanding officer at the place of death communicates with the relatives of the deceased as to the disposal of the remains. In event, however, that burial has already taken place, all correspondence relative to the removal of the remains of the deceased should be addressed to the Quartermaster General, United States Army, Washington, D. C.

FREEMAN SCHOOL HOUSE

Crops good. Mr. S. M. Russ, our turpentine man has the finest crop in the county.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Gentry, Mrs. Jas Jones, Miss Sula Jones, and Homer Jones motored to Artove the 15; they report a good time.

Mrs. Ora Blankenship of Morgan County is visiting here.

Mr. Avery Johnson of Lawley visited here last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Waldrup of Rocky Mount visited here recently.

Mr. Fisher has returned from a visit to Georgia.

S. N. Waldrup spent some time at Jemison last week for treatment by Dr. McNeil.

Mrs. Pate has recently returned from a visit to Pletcher.

There was an ice cream gathering at J. S. Atchison's last Saturday night.

Prof. Baker, has a good school here.

Mr. J. H. Mastin of Providence attended the singing here Sunday.

Messrs J. E. Cobb and W. R. Scott of Centre Hill were at the singing Sunday.

Rev. J. N. Scott of Jemison visited the singing here Sunday. Had a large crowd here . Singing was good; dinner fine and abundant.

People sing joyfully yet the World War sends a pang through the minds. "Ah!" says some minister. "The war just had to be." No it did not have to be. If man would have learned the great lesson otherwise, but he would not. So the ordeal must be met. Evil is permitted that man may learn the exceeding sinfulness of sin. Through these judgments and trials man will be taught righteousness ,and the greatest blessings of all history will follow. "Light is shining behind the cloud."

Z. J. JONES.

County Farm Demonstrator W.H. Conway attended the State Farmers Union Meeting at Birmingham last week. Mr. Conway is a member of the State Executive board of the Union.

R. E. Jones of Cane Creek was in Clanton Monday on business at the courthouse.

Squire John S. Dennis of Beat 11 was in town last Friday. He called on the Union-Banner for a short visit.

Miss Lucile Stoudemire, a charming young lady of Prattville, is the guest of Miss Rilla Smith. Miss Stoudemire has visited here a number of times before, andh as made a large number of admiring friends and acquaintances in Clanton.

The Union-Banner was presented with a forty-pound watermelon on Wednesday by our good friend, J. M. Smith. We are, of course, very grateful.

Everything high so is Groceries

But I am still selling Groceries at lowest possible prices, considering everything. Call to see me and bring your Produce.

J. W. Littlejohn

CLANTON, ALA.

CLANTON LOCALS

Jody Lansford came back to see us Saturday, accompanied by another big watermelon.

Henry Driver from Helena was in Clanton Saturday.

Joseph Popwell of Fairview was in town Saturday.

Mr. D. H. Marbury of Marbury was in Clanton a short while on Friday last.

C. S. Howard of Thorsby was in Clanton Saturday looking after business matters.

If you want any good cane syrup, get it from W. Z. Hodges.

Leonard Farley has volunteered in the U. S. Navy service, and is at home on a furlough, awaiting orders to proceed to a training station.

Mrs. P. I. Hopkins of Dothan was taken suddenly very sick last week, and was rushed to Birmingham for operation. She was accompanied by her husband, Dr. Hopkins, and children. Their many friends here will be glad to learn that she underwent the operation successfully.

Misses Bertha Smith and Ruby Gore were the guests of friends in Stanton last week.

G. M. Wyatt and J. W. Maddox bought themselves a Ford apiece the past week.

Mr. Jody A. Mims, of Mulberry was a visitor at the Union-Banner office Saturday. Mr. Mims is one of the overseers of Beat 3, and is interested in the building of a connecting road from the Birmingham highway at Cross Roads below Thorsby to the Maplesville highway at the Varden place.

J. N. Childress of Jemison was in the Union-Banner office last Friday. Mr. Childress is crippled from a sore foot, which has been troubling him for quite a while.

Leo Sterns, the well-known Montgomery hardware salesman, has joined the U. S. Army, and will fight with the "Sammies" in France. Mr. Stern is of French descent. His many friends in Clanton wish him good luck, and hope to see him return safely when the war is over.

Dr. J. P. Hayes has been appointed to act on the exemption board in place of Dr. Arthur Johnson. The latter was declared ineligible for service by the war department, owing to the fact that he is within the age limits of the conscription law.

Sam Devaughn has come back from Norfolk, Va., where he has been at work in the U. S. navy yards.

Mr. W. H. Conway was in Clanton Monday.

The Clanton Hardware Co., this week received two car loads of furniture. This, with two carloads that they already had on hand, makes the second floor of their big store the most complete furniture house in this section of the state.

Riley Robinson of Beat 16 was in Clanton Tuesday.

T. L. Robinson of Salem on the River was in town for a while Saturday.

The big motor truck of the Alabama Turpentine Company is bringing turpentine to Clanton now at the rate of fifteen barrels at a load and from three to six loads a day. The distillery is located on the river, ten miles away. Immediate shipment is made of the products brought here.

Jake Kaufman of Montgomery, salesman for Schloss&Kahn, was here Tuesday in hig big auto.

Judge Reynolds went to Birmingham Tuesday on offilial business.

Jack Mims is bringing some of the biggest watermelons of the season to town now. Jack is a little man, but he grows the biggest watermelons around here.

Rev. L. P. Adams is conducting his annual revival meeting at the Holiness Temple east of Clanton this Week.

W. H. Shaw, ex-County Commissioner, of Jemison, was in Clanton Manday.

Mr. and Mrs. Eric Hart spent Sunday with relatives at Jumbo.

Attorney B. Guy Smith spent the latter part of last week in Montgomery.

Victor Marcus of Birmingham spent Sunday with friends here.

Howard Roper went down to Montgomery Sunday to take examination for entrance to the officers training course of the United States army.

G. W. Bogan of Mt. Creek was in Clanton Wednesday.

THORSBY ITEMS

Mr. Clarence Graham left on Thursday of last week to join the first Alabama ambulance corps at Montgomery.

Mr. Raymond Popwell, who has been in the truck business near Birmingham, has returned home to spend his summer vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Popwell. Mr. Popwell advises his friends here that the crops in and around Birmingham are the best in many years.

Mrs. Sereno E. Norton has returned home after an absence of ten weeks in the North.

Mrs. E. J. Lother of Birmingham is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Leary.

Rev. W. P. Cline of Birmingham was visiting in Thorsby Tuesday and Wednesday of last week.

Mr. G. C. Wilder of Ensley spent Sunday with family here.

Miss Jennie Robinson left on Monday afternoon of this week for a short visit with relatives and friends at Elmore.

Attorney Lawrence F. Gerald was a business visitor to our city on Saturday of last week.

The Sunday School pupils of the United Protestant Church are looking forward with pleasure to next Thursday, August 9th. A committee composed of Miss Luella Winslow, D. J. Flummer and Orville Mastin set this as the day for the annual picnic. All members of the Sundayschool will meet in town early and walk out to Charlotte Spring, about one mile out southwest of Thorsby.

Miss Marie Glenn, who has been visiting in Thorsby for several months returned to her home in Chicago on Monday evening.

Dr. J. C. Christian of the Soldiers Home, came up Wednesday to attend the meeting of county physicians. Dr. G. R. Stone and Mr. G. W. Bogan also came up.

Miss Jewel Leonard of Thorsby left Friday morning for Akron, Ohio, where she will join her father. Miss Leonard will resume her study of music. She has hearty wishes of success from all who know her.

ASTOUNDING REPORT FOR CLANTON

The wife of a merchant had stomach trouble so bad she could eat nothing but toast, fruit and hot water. Everything else would sour and ferment. ONE SPOONFUL of buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as mixed in Adler-i-ka benefited her instantly. Because Adler-i-ka flushes the ENTIRE alimentary tract, it relieves ANY CASE of constipation, sour stomach or gas, and prevents appendicitis. It has quickest action of anything we ever sold. Upchurch Drug Company.

FOR SALE

Place in Thorsby consisting of 25 acres of land, with good two-story house, barn, cellar house, etc. Address Wallace C. Edler, Thorsby, Ala.

State of Alabama, Chilton County.
Estate of P. E. Coleman, deceased.

This day came W. B. Tomlin, as administrator of the estate of said decedent, and filed his application, in due form and proper oath, praying an order for sale of certain personal property described therein, and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of paying debts of said estate. It is ordered that the 14th day of August, 1917, be appointed a day for hearing said application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.

L. H. REYNOLDS, Judge of Probate.

Coffins, Burial Supplies, Automobile Accessories For sale at

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.

CLANTON, ALA.

CHILTON COUNTY SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION HELD

On Thursday and Friday of last week, the Chilton County Sunday School Convention met with the people of Thorsby. The following speakers and delegates were present:

H. J Grooms, Maplesville; Mrs. W. I. Mullins, Clanton; Prof. H. C. McDonald, Clanton; Mr. and Mrs. R.L. Paim, Jemison; N. J. Jones, Verbena; A. E. Davis, Mt. Creek; Mrs. M. A. Mullins, Clanton; Miss Estes Scott, Verbena; Mrs. Leon C. Palmer, Montgomery; J. O. Webb, Waverly; J. Bice, Lomax; D. H. Marbury, Marbury; Leon Howard, Verbena; Mrs. T. J. Mims, Verbena; Mrs. Foshee, Clanton; Mrs. H. C. McDonald, Clanton; H. E. Honeycutt, Jemison; Miss Essie Parker, Jemison; J. B. Northcutt, Jemison; Miss Della Williams, Verbena; J. A. Cannon, Mt. Creek; W. I. Mullins, Clanton; Miss Martha Howard, Jemison; Miss Fannie Mae Colley, Verbena; Miss Freda Bose, Montgomery; Mrs. T. E. Williams, Clanton; Rev. C. F. Stevenson and wife, Jemison; Roland Marbury, Marbury; Miss A. B. Howard, Verbena; Mrs. Heath, Clanton; J. H. Gulledge, Verbena; Miss Madge Cooper, Jemison.

The following were nominated and elected as officers of the Chilton County Sunday Schools for the coming year:

J. B. Northcutt, President; J. H. Gulledge, Vice-President; Miss Della Williams, Secretary; Miss Esther Scott Asst-Secy; H. C. McDonald, Supt. of Adult Division; Prof. J. L. Johnson, Supt. of Secondary Division; Miss Gertrude Durbin, Supt. of Elementary Division; Arch Glass, Supt. of Administrative Division.

The followingw ere elected District Presidents:

District No. 1, J. J. Jones, Jemison; 2, J. L. Winslow, Thorsby; 3, H. J. Grooms, Maplesville; 4, J. B. Atkinson, Clanton; 5, W. A. Calloway, Jemison; 6, G. W. Fox, Maplesville.

Executive Committee:—C. M. Williams, Thorsby; W. I. Mullins, Clanton; Judson Strock, Verbena; W. J. Billingsley, Thorsby.

The County Sunday School Association banner was carried away by Mr. W. I. Mullins of Clanton Baptist Church.

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week ending July 28, 1817.

WOMEN—Mrs. Martha Smith.

MEN—Carlie Robinson, J. C. Mims, Sumner Bugg, B. J. Clivens, James Griffin.

These letters will be sent to the dear letter office August 11, 1917 if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "advertised" giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON, P.M.

For the stomach and bowel disorders of babies McGEE'S BABY ELIXIR is a remedy of genuine merit. It acts quickly, is pure, wholesome and pleasant to take. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

IN MEMORY OF MR. LITTLETON

On July 18 Mr. Aaron Littleton was found dead in bed. God called him home while sleeping. Mr. Littleton had been in ill health for a number of years, but seemed to be doing very well shortly before his death.

He was 67 years old; was a loving and devoted father and husband. He left a wife and nine children to mourn after him.

He was a devoted Christian and worked for the church as long as he was able. He was a shining light for his people, and tried to set good examples for them to follow. To know him was to love him.

How his many friends will miss him. But all we can hope for is to live the life he set before us and meet him in that home above where there will be no more parting.

He was laid to rest in the Collins Chapel Cemetery, where he has been a member of the church for a number of years. Funeral services were conducted by Rev. W. P. Lowery and Rev. Hughes.

We know that his family will miss him, but our loss is heaven's gain.

One Who Loved Him.

GIRLS' CLUB WORK

Canning demonstrations will be given to the following Clubs:

Monday, Aug. 6 ..... Center Hill
Tuesday, Aug. 7 ..... Pletcher
Wednesday, Aug. 8 ..... Mineral Spgs.
Thursday, Aug. 9 ..... Union Grove
Friday, Aug. 10 ..... New Harmony
Saturday, Aug. 11 ..... New Cedron

Everybody in the communities are invited to come.

LIDA JONES, Agent.

Exchange.—Small truck and general farm of 20 acres, 5-room house, barn, cribs, chicken houses, all well arranged and convenient. On pike and at station on L. & N. in Shelby County. Worth $1200, for exchange for largel place anywhere in Chilton County. Write owner, J. W. Burgess, South Calera, Ala.

AT THE IDEAL THEATRE FRIDAY, AUGUST THIRD

Beautiful Blanch Sweet in "Stolen Goods," a five-reel enmotional drama of justice and romance. Also a good comedy and an educational weekly. Seven reels, ideal entertainment—all Paramount productions.

Joe Littleton of Beat 11 was here at court Monday.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON, (Seal) Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Special Bargains

Below you will find a list of miscellaneous items in which you will find some good Bargains.

Automobile Casings and Tubes, for sale for 30 days at wholesale cost. Will buy Old Casings at highest prices.

Milch Cows for sale with Young Calves; or will trade for other Cattle... Will buy all kinds of Cattle. Come and see my Low Cut Shoes at less than wholesale.

Watch this Advertisement for the next thirty days—something will appear that will astonish you.

I have a splendid pasture close to town, and will pasture all kinds of stock for $1.00 per head per month. The Pasture is as good as this Country affords.

L. H. REYNOLDS

CLANTON, ALA.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., AUGUST 9, 1917. NUMBER 19.

YOU ARE ENLISTED IF YOU DON'T COME

Crowder Issues a Statement of Warning to those who fail to Respond that it means automatic enlistment into the Selective army.

Washington, Aug. 4.—Registered men who resist the selective draft law face military caurt-martial for desertion and the possibility of execution for desertion in time of war. The whole military and civil power of the federal government and the civil power of the states, cities or counties will be employed to bring them to book.

This was announced in a formal statement tonight by Brog.-Gen. Enoch H. Crowder, provost marshal general, in response to reports from North Carolina, Georgia, and Oklahoma of anti-draft disturbances. As yet, the power of the federal government has not been invoked by the governors of the three states nor by the agents of department of justice. The only official notice received in Washington of the disturbances was a telegram from the governor of North Carolina, saying that the registered men of two townships in that state might refuse in a body to comply with the summons for examination.

No official word came from Oklahoma, where the most serious situation prevails. It was believed the governor, both in his official capacity and as the direct agent of the president in the execution of the draft law, is confident that order can be restored without military help. There will be no hesitation, however, in employing federal troops if they are needed.

Crowder's Statement.

General Crowder's statement formulated after conference with officials of justice department, follows:

"Press reports and other advices received indicate that in one or two widely separated districts, individuals misinformed as to the purpose of the law, and misguided as to its result, are threatening forcible resistence to the draft.

"There is nothing to resist at this stage in the execution of the law. All male persons between the ages of 21 and 30 inclusive have been enrolled for military service. A preliminary call has gone forth to some such persons, but the immediate and actual object of this call is merely to provide an opportunity for such persons, or for someone else in respect of them to present to the government reasons why they should not be finally ordered to report for military duty.

Penalty for Failure.

"If such persons do not appear and present these reasons, they have just neglected to take advantage of an opportunity that was offered solely for their benefit. The failure of persons to take advantage of this opportunity does not interfere with the raising of the army and interests the government only as punishable crime of omission. If they do not desire to make any such claims, or if for any other reason, they fail to appear, their names are automatically posted as having been called and not exempted or discharged. Automatically also they are inducted into military service and made subject to military law. Failure to appear merely hastens this automatic process.

Capital Offense.

"When the time allowed for making these claims has elapsed, these persons will be enrolled as in the military service. They will then be ordered to appear as soldiers. From this point on they will be under the swift and summary procedure of a court-martial. Failure to report for duty when ordered to do so constitutes desertion. Desertion in time of war is capital offense. Deserters may be apprehended by either civil or military authority, and, after the mandate of the federal government has gone forth, the whole strength of the military arm of the government as available to apprehend deserters if it is necessary to use such force.

Futile Strokes.

"Demonstrations against the local boards are simply futile strokes in the air. All the records necessary to hold such persons are already on file at state headquarters and at the national capital ,and since local boards have no occasion to use any force in simply offering a beneficial opportunity to registered persons, there is no field for resistence. If resistence is attempted later when the army seeks to apprehend deserters, it will instantly encounter troops of the federal government."

In practice under general Crowder's instructions on the law, registered men who do not appear for examination will be posted to the District Boards as selected for military service as soon as the five-day period allowed them to put in an appearance after they have been summoned has elapsed. Two days more will elapse after their names reach the district board to await appeal action by the individual. They will then be posted to the adjutant general of the state as selected to fill the quotas of their districts.

Order for the mobilization of the selected men will be given sometime during the present month. If the register fails to obey that order he will be set down as absent without leave and the machinery of the army will be set in motion to bring him in. In addition, all state and municipal police authorities and all United States marshals will be used to apprehend him. When it is clear that he is willfully absenting himself with no intention of reporting for the army, a charge of desertion will be placed against him. From that time on any civil official, who arrests him will earn a reward of $50.

Death May Result.

If found guilty by court-martial of desertion, the individual may be sentenced to death and only the president can save from punishment.

General Crowder believes that the resistence in Oklahoma and elsewhere are acting under a delusion, fostered probably by agitators, that they are conducting a political campaign against the draft, whereas, the time for that passed when the registration was completed. The government will take no interest in their proceedings now, unless they fail to report to their companies when called. There is no question invovled of civil courts or local juries. Thirteen army officers will pass on the cases of the men when they are brought to book and the armed strength of the nation is available to bring them to book.

Aiders and Abettors

As to those who are aiding or abetting the registerers the situation is different. While the government will make no effort to bring in men who do not obey the summons of the local selection boards or attempt to enforce their attendance in any way until they have passed ino the military status, it will use every energy to stamp out disorders designed to prevent the execution of the federal law. For this purpose the president has legal power to employ the army in any state without reference to the state authorities. In pracice, however such a step would not be taken until the governors asked for military forces to restore order. They would be furnished promptly by department commanders without red tape or delay.

Reduce Exemptions.

General Crowder also took action today to reduce the number of applications for exemption which news reports indicate are being filed. In a telegram to all governors he directed that local boards be instructed to furnish to newspapers hereafter from day to day, names of all registered men who apply for exemption, the grounds asserted to support such claims and the action taken by the board. In cases of discharge for physical disqualifications, this does not apply, as these are not cases where exemption is claimed, but are the result of rejection by a board. The specific reason for rejection will not be published.

General Crowder's message follows: "The names of all registered men are on a list arranged in the order in which they will be called for military service. Wherever any registered persons impose upon a local board and improperly secures a certificate of exemption or discharge he advances the time for call of all other uncalled for persons on the list.

"For this reason every registered person and, to some extent, every person in the community is more or less directly interested in seeing that the facts are brought to the attention of the government. For every local board a person has been designated who will receive information of such cases and take appeal to the district board or inform the local board.

"For this reason, the public is entitled to know the grounds upon which claims for exemption or discharge are being asked by registered men.

To Publish Names.

"Local boards should therefore be instructed immediately to make available to the press from day to day the names of persons claiming exemption or discharges, the grounds on which such claims are based, and in general, the number of cases that are being disposed of by the boards from day to day. This instruction does not apply, of course to discharges on the grounds of physical disqualifications."

Effect of Order.

Officials believe the effect of this order will be to curb applications for exemption to a large extent. Men who do not have legitimate excuses are not expected to court the scorn of neighbors who would recognize the weakness of their pleas when published. Men whose cases are clear, however, and who are entitled to exemption, officials believe, will be glad to have their neighbors know that it is not lack of patriotism or fear which has permitted them to seek relief from military service. Exemption in such cases, officials declared, will be generally approved and the parents and relatives of boys who will be taken are entitled to know why the boys of their neighbors were not taken.

Far from regarding the progress of the process as slow, General Crowder believes rapid strides and being made. If reports were available tonight he said, for each of the 4600 local boards, it would be shown that many thousands of men have already been passed physically, filed no application for exemption and are merely awaiting orders to join the colors. An accurate estimate of the number in this class is not obtainable.

PLEA FOR WORLD PEACE URGED BY THE RUSSIANS

Workmen and Soldiers to Issue Proclamation Outlining Their Position.

Petrograd, Aug. 4.—Russia wants world peace. The Executive Committee of the Workmen's and Soldiers' Congress today determined upon a proclamation to the world which would detail the "tragic position" in which a continuance of the war places the new Democracy. Such a continuance, the prolamation will declare, means the wrecking of all democracy won in the revolution and all prayers for world-wide and a just peace.

At this same time, this all-powerful executive committee determined upon this far-reaching appeal for settlement of the war, party leaders of the three great Russian representative assemblies met at the Winter Palace.

They are the workmen and soldiers, the Duma members and the peasants. They vote! general confidence informer Premier and Minister of War Kerensky. Going even further, they declared him the "only man with sufficient authority to assure success of government."

The commercial and industrial elements flatly refused to join in a new ministry. Kerensky faces the task of forming a new cabinet with only radicals and socialists.

In pressing this recognition, Kerensky sent a letter to Vice-President Nekrasow, of the Cabinet. which became public only today, declaring he could "no longer continue responsible to the country in view of the impossibility—despite all measures which he had taken—of constituting a Provisional Government."

DRAFT ARMY WILL BE READY TO PROCEED BY SEPT. FIRST

Washington, Aug. 4.—The national army will be ready to proceed to cantonments by September 1, Provost Marshal General Crowder stated today.

"If any great urgency demanded," he added, " we could undoubtedly mobilize thousands at this moment. By September 1, the work of examination, notification and listing will be over, and the army may be on its way to the cantonments."

MILCH COWS, DRY CATTLE, HOGS

When you need milch cows, dry cattle, hogs, or have any to sell or trade, see us. Will sell for cash or on time. Gulledge Bros., or W. M. Bridges,

8-9-17-3t Verbena, Ala.

PROSPECT OF PEACE BRIGHTEN IN EUROPE

British Premier Openly States That End of Great War Will Come Sooner than Expected.

London, Aug. 4.—Europe, bled out white by three years of war, many of her cities in ruins, her people burdened by debts of billions which this generation, nor the next, will ever pay, is turning again to thoughts of peace and rehabilitation.

This today becomes more than ever evident. The word which has breathed for three years only in secrecy of Europe's chancellories is now being openly discussed in public by leaders of the warring nations.

David Lloyd George, British Prime Minister, today flatly predicted an early victory. He was speaking before a great patriotic meeting in Queen's Hall commemorative of the third anniversary of the war. In Berlin, Chancellor Michaels, back from an interview with the Emperor of Austria, who is known to be anxious to the point of impatience for peace, while conceding that peace prospects were not promising, hinted that "unexpected developments" might make a sudden change in the outlook.

Meanwhile, tottering Russia, anxious for peace, but determined to fight to hold her new won liberty,, was desperately trying to recognize her cabinet and compose her internal affairs, while her armies continued to retreat into their own territory before the final desperate spurt of the Germans on the eastern front—a spurt designed to force Russia's withdrawal from the war.

Germany, meanwhile was completing the reorganization of her cabinet—the so-called "peace cabinet" of the "Peace Chancellor," Michaels. Dr. Richard von Kuehlmann, opponent of the Tirpitz policy of ruthless submarine warfare, was reported to have been appointed to the post of Foreign Minister, recently vacated by Herr Zimmermann, Junker leader, and Dr. von Wallraff, Burgommamster of the Cologne, was reported to have been made Secretary for Home Affairs.

Desptaches from Rome indicate that the Vatican is seriously considering throwing the whole of its political weight into the scales for the allies, the continued importations of Belgians by Germans being regarded as unbearable by the pope.

Vienna continues to utter peace talk. The Emperor is anxious for any sort of an agreement which will guarantee the Empire its former boundaries.

This is inspired, it is believed, by the fact the Austria-Hungary is rapidly nearing the end of her resources, human, financial and industrial. Hungary today is declared in Swiss dispatches to have raised the age limit of her armies to 52 years, all Landstrum under that being called to the colors.

But the most important pronouncement of the day by far is that of Lloyd George. The premier's own words on peace are:

"The sunshine of Victory is just ahead of the allies.

"Nobody in Britain, France, Italy, Russia, or even in Germany and Austria has any idea now near the summit of hopes we are."

The premier's speech was one of the most powerful he has ever delivered. His optimism was contagious and his words carried such imputation of facts to support them that edthe whole empire tonight is heartened both by the prospect for an early victory and an early peace .

Lloyd Gregeos'dyaa ,lzxflg....

Lloyd George's speech was not for England alone. It was for the European allies and the United States. To the latter it had an especial bearing. The prime minister flatly declared that England had saved the Monroe Doctrine once—in 1914—by entering the war. He further asserted that Germany, balked then, still harbored, the determination to return to the attack a second time. But he declared, "there must be no second time; Germany must never again be permitted to imperil the peace of the world."

"Germany never subscribed to the Monroe Doctrine," he said. "We all know her ambitions are to South America, and a year after a German Peace, Germany would start realizing them.

"If Britain had not gone into the war, with her whole strength the Monroe Doctrine would have been treated by Germany as a 'scrap of paper.'

"While the German plot miscarried, the Prussians are determined to succeed the next time. There must not be any 'next time'. Let this generation eliminate war."

Regarding the German peace attitude, the premier continued:

"The German war lords are glib in discussing peace, but stammer over the question of restorations. Before we enter a conference they must learn utterance.

Sunshine of Victory.

"It is certain that the Russians are responsible for 'no annexations, no indemnities' policy, and now realize their mistake. Russia's collapse is like a deep glenn through which we are passing. Though, it is not true that we have reached the darkest depth, nevertheless, across the velley, we can see the sunshine of victory."

There is much speculation tonight over the possibile connection between Lloyd George's prediction of an early victory and the present operations in Flanders in which the French and British are again forging ahead. It is certain that the government has at its disposal reports on conditions in the German army and behind the lines not available to the public and deep significance is attached to the Premier's words.

The German people already are being prepared for bad news from Flanders. Semi-official warnings are contained in the Press that the "battle only begun and that grave losses must be faced." Other dispatches assert the German troops on the Flanders front have "lived through a fortnight of hell."

Significance to Conference.

Considerable significance is attached here to the Vienna conference between Emperor Charles and Michaels, on which the latter is expected to report to the Kaiser Sunday. Reports are persistent that Austria is smarting under the German military yoke and is anxious for peace at any reasonable price.

One outgrowth of the present peace duscussion which would cause no surprise, would be statements from both camps of amended terms. The opinon prevails in some high quarters that President Wilson might open the way for such declarations by an open statement of the war aims and peace terms of the United States.

The food shortage in Germany is apparently becoming more and more serious as the weeks pass and the crops fail to come up to expectations. The spectre of several European neutrals closing their frontiers against her as led to threats from Berlin, according to unofficial dispatches received by the way of Switzersland, and such action would be construed as an act of war.

The neutrals which have been letting dairy products containing most of the fat which Germany so vitally needs be imported into Germany were said to be considering the action because of the threatened embargo by the United States, which, if enforced against them, would lead to the starvation of their own people.

The nation most directly referred to and threatened by Germany is said to be Holland.

EVERY FIFTH MAN WILL BE ACCEPTED BY EXAMINERS

Washington, Aug. 4—The war department is still of the belief that the draft probably will get one man out of every five called. The belief was expressed however, that out of five called, four men would be left either through physical rejections, exemptions or rejection after reaching the mobilization point. This figure is unofficial and not based on actual reports, for as yet, there are no available figures.

At this rate, in order to get the 687,000 men for the first increment, it would be necessary to call up 3,345,000 men from the ten million registrants.

No reports have been received at the Provost Marshal General's office yet, but it is probable that within a few days, there will be some information from the various boards that will indicate how the proportions of rejections and exemptions will run.

In a telegram to the governors of all states tonight General Crowder directed that local boards should publish the names of persons claiming exemption for discharge and the ground on which the exemption is claimed. Only physical rejections are expected under this rule. False exception claims may then be more readily detected.

Mr. E. W. Greene, recently of Prattville, has been placed in charge of the Western Uunon Telegraph office at Clanton, Miss Mary Brockmon being transferred to Sylacauga.

FRANCE IS STRONG IN DEFENSE OF RIGHT

High Commissioner says the Republic is not Nearly Exhausted.

Washington, Aug. 4—France is mighty and unafraid. Though today she bears the principal exertion of our dreadfur foe, she is powerful in men, equipment and determination.

That emphasizes a set of dazing figures and statements submitted to Secretary of War Baker by French High Commissioner Andre Tardieu, to offset an impression that France is on her last legs.

Designed as a tonic after an attack of pessimism, the report pictures a game nation, prepared to engineer further decisive operations, with America's aid—a nation that says:

"Severe was the ordeal; stronger is the national energy. Now it is a question of striking the last blow to the adversary."

It shows France holding a line more than four times as great as the British with a mess of men and puns in charfe. It shows that, though she has shed much blood, she is now suffering fewer casualties, because of increased efficiency.

"We are certain, with the resources of our metropolitan and colonial depots, to be able to maintain that number up to its present level for a long tome to come," Thardieu said.

As a measure of the offensive and defensive quality of French troops, Tardieu points out that on the western front—with a total extension of 739 kilometers—27 kilometers are held by the Belgians, 138 by the English and 574 by the French.

On the same front, 81 German divisions are opposing the French, and 42 are opposing the British.

France is adequately supplied with artillery and is increasing the number of heavy guns daily. An average of one heavy gun for every 26 kilometers of front is being used in the present offensives, while a summing up of all trench-field-heavy artillery shows one gun for every eight metres, (about nine yards) in the sector of attack.

"Our output of munitions in August 1914 was arranged for 13,000 shots of 75 centimeter guns a day. It is now arranged for 250,000 shots of '75s' and 100,000 shots of heavy guns. During one of the last offensives the French poured 1,442 kilograms of projectiles per lineal metre into the German trenches. Twelve millions of shots of all callibre were fired."

In addition to supplying her own armies, France has completely re-equipped and re-armed the Belgian, Serbian and Greek armies, and has furnished the allies with more than 600 heavy guns.

French expenditures since the beginning of the war have been as Tardieu's report shows, 82,647,000,000 francs. Up to 1917, she had received from foreign countries, 6,000,000,000 francs and during the same period had loaned allied governments 4,000,000,000 francs.

"Such is the situation."

Tardieu's letter concluded, "Severe was the ordeal; stronger is the national energy. Now it is the question of striking the last blow to the anniversary. You will help us.

"But at the moment when American soldiers arrive in France, it is proper to let them know they will find a country which, today as well as during the last three years, bears the principal exertion of our dreadful foe; a country which maintains to the maximum of her power, her strength. her means and her will."

T. G. Milling of Riderville was a visitor to Clanton Monday. He was in attendance at County Court.

If you sit in a cool draft when you are heated and get a stiff neck or lame back, you will be looking for something that will ease the pain. Fix your mind on BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT and don't be talked out of it because it is the best pain relieving liniment you can get anywhere. Price 25c, 50c and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Feed Mill For Sale

Good as new Stover Feed Mill. The reason I am selling is because I have enroute a Thirty Ton Capacity Mill, and will need the room now occupied by this one.

J. A. Maddox

CLANTON, ALA.

A School for Farm Boys and Girls.

THORSBY INSTITUTE

THORSBY, ALABAMA.

Offers Unusual Advantages for the Boy or Girl from the Farm. A Faculty of Well-Trained Teachers.

Large Library and Well-Equipped Laboratory.

Boarding Department under supervision of the School.

Total School Expenses, including Board, for Nine Months, $135... An Opportunity to pay part of this Amount in work or provisions.

For Catalogue or Further Information, Write to

Principal S. H. HERBERT,
Thorsby, Ala.

Twelfth Year opens September 11.

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
W. M. WYATT AND J. B. WELLS
Publishers and Proprietors.

W. M. WYATT, Editor.
J. B. WELLS, Business Manager.

Subscription price $1.00 per year, payable in advance.

Entered April 15, 1913, at Clanton Ala., as second class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

In 1906 When the one-mill special tax for schools was voted on, the first time in this county 432 voted for the tax and 174 voted against it. In 1912 when the proposition to renew the tax was voted on, 734 voted for it and 52 voted against it. By the six years operation of the tax in the county the number who favored it increased 303 and the number who opposed it decreased 122. This argues a good point for special tax for school purposes.

We hope that our farmers will not forget the article we had in last week's paper calling attention to the efforts and purpose of the Food Preparedness Committee which is centralized at Birmingham. It is the intentions of the bureau to help the farmers find a market for their products; and we would like to add that a more laudable undertaking could not be attempted. Our farmers this year are going to produce an untold amount of food and feed stuff. They are going to make more than they will need themselves, and the greatest problem that confronts them in respect of this is getting a suitable market for what they have to sell. We commend them to the food preparedness bureau, Mr. T. P. Hay, Jr., Secretary, 214 Chamber of Commerce, Birmingham, Ala. By communicating with this agency, you will be furnished with full details of the work that it is intended to do; also directions as to how to proceed in order to be one of those who will help reap benefits from the proposition. Write to Mr. Hay about your products.

We see absolutely no ground for opposition to the three-mill school tax, in the argument that it may be gobbled up and never reach the children of the rural districts. Neither is there any reason for the statements that it is just a scheme among the teachers to get their salaries raised. Neither of these arguments have enough bottom in them to hold shucks. The county board of education will do their duty in the matter if the money is placed in their hands. And as a general thing, when a teacher wants his pay increased, if he can't find a school here that will pay his price, he picks up and "like the Arabs, silently steals away" to where they pay more. Teachers do not connive around and try to get their pay envelope increased. They prepare themselves for the work in such a way as pleases them. Then they set their price and let the school call them. They don't take the school and then go to work to get their salary raised. This is the very reason that our best teachers are going away from us every year. They have their price and because we can't pay it, they go somewhere else and leave us to put up with what we can get. We need more money with which to get better teachers, and not more money to pay the incompetents.

TO OUR DEAR MERCHANT MEN WHO SHOULD BE ADVERTISERS

Breathes there a man with soul so dead
Who never to himself hath said,
"My trade of late is growing bad,
I'll try another ten-nich ad."
If such there be, go mark him well,
For him no bank account will swell,
No angels watch the golden stair
To welcome him the millionaire.
The man who never asks for trade
By local line or ad. displayed,
Cares more for rest than worldly gain
And patronage but gives him pain;
Tread lightly friends: let not a sound
Disturb his solitude profound.
Here let him live in calm repose
Unsought except by men he owes,
And when he dies go plant him deep,
That naught may break his sleep—
Where no rude clamor may dispel
The quiet that he loved so well,
And that the world may know its loss
Place on his grave a wreath o'moss;
And on the stone above, "here lies
A chump who wouldn't advertise."

REGULAR TERM OF COMMISSIONERS COURT NEXT WEEK.

The regular term of the court of county commissioners will convene on next Monday at the office of the Judge of Probate for the transaction of general business matters of the county.

You will find barrells for your syrup at Clanton Mercantile Co. They have just got in a full car load of brand new cypress barrels.

A number of the road overseers in the county report that work has been started on their individual roads under the provisions set out in the new road laws.

ELECTRICITY ON THE FARM

Electricity, which is solving so many problems of the world, is revolutionizing farm life to such an extent that the present trend of movement is from the city to the farm, rather than from the farm to the city. The recent perfection of an electrical lighting and power plant which can be installed cheaply and easily and can be run without any degree of technical knowledge has offered to the farm all the advantages of city life, and has made the drudgery which has always been associated with farm life a thing of the past.

In many respects, similar to the advent of the automobile, these electric plants have been adopted first by the very wealthy for their large estates; but more recently they have come into general use by all up-to-date farmers of moderate means, who recognize in them the means of carrying on their work in a thoroughly efficient and labor saving manner.

It is no uncommon thing now to pass homes in the country districts that are lighted by electricity, and to see the various farm appliances run in the same manner. At the front gate, in the house, on the piazzas, in the barn, the gleam of electric lights now offers comfort and protection on every hand. The protection feature has been especially emphasized in the past few days when a farmer, being aroused by a passing automobilist for help, shot the man, thinking that he was trying to force an entrance into the house. If the farmer had had a porch light, operated by switch, such a deplorable accident never would have occurred.

The electric lighting of barns has been of especial advantage, because of the great danger that has been attached to lanterns in the hay lofts and other places where there is much inflamable material. One of the leading farmers of this section who recently installed an electric plant with many attachments, mentioned especially this feature.

"Electricity gives us the best light we ever had," he says, "and more than that, it gives us the light where it is needed most. This is particularly true in the barn where we have lights behind the cows and horses, in the feed and harness rooms and in the loft. It saves half the time it used to take to do the chores.

"The electric power which we now generate on the place has also relieved us of many hours of unpleasant and tiring labor which we used to consider a part of our day's work," he continued. "We have our water pumped into every room in the house, it turns the churn, the grindstone, the washing machine, the cream seperator, the sewing machine and a dozen other labor saving appliances.

"But better and more convenient light and labor saving power are not the real significance of electricity on the farm. Through these things, it has made our lives easier, more comfortable, more worth while."

Equipment such as this farmer mentions is comparatively cheap and well within the reach of the average farmer.

LOCAL U. S. MARINE "FIRST TO FIGHT" FOR U. S. IN FRANCE

Among the specially selected men who are to first to fight for the Stars and Stripes on the firing line in France is Otis L. Hudson, Mt. Creek, this County.

He has gone with the regiment of U. S. Marines which forms a part of the first American overseas contingent.

Otis, who is a son of S. Hudson of Mt. Creek, enlisted in the United States Marine Corps at its Birmingham recruiting station on December 8, '14. He is with the 45th Company.

The "soldiers of the sea" are the oldest branch of our military service, and they have a splendid record. Its activities date back to 1775, and since that time they have been first to fight for America in many centuries. The Chilton boy has already proven his mettle and will doubtless continue to uphold the motto of the Marines,—"Always Faithful."

John Harrison Collins of Collins Chapel was in Clanton Monday attending to some business matters.

Tillman L. Robinson of Beat 16 was here Monday morning for a while.

MOTHER KILLED BUT BABY ESCAPES BOLT IN BAD STORM

Tuscumbia, Ala., Aug. 6.—News of the death of Mrs. A. M. Guiton, wife of a wealthy farmer residing five miles east of Tuscumbia, was received in this city today. Mrs. Guiton was struck by lightning and instantly killed during a terrific thunderstorm yesterday. She and her two small children were in the house alone at the time, the husband being in Tuscumbia. Two other large children having gone to the spring for water, she had in her arms a seven-months old baby and, as she was in the act of closing down a window, she was hit by the bolt which entered the room through the chimney and fireplace. The baby was torn from her arms, but escaped injury. Mrs. Guiton was thirty years old and is survived by her husband and three children.

Our good friend, Jasper Howell, one of the most famous citizens of Lock 12, Alabama, was in Clanton Tuesday. Jasper was here having Dr. Crumpton doing some repair work on his chewing apparatus.

MAKING SORGHUM SYRUP

The acreage planted to sorbhum for syrup has been increased this year and the time for making syrup is at hand. Sorghum must be made right or it will be practically worthless. Most of the cane grown in this country is ground on the small horse power mills and the juice cooked in an open evaporator. A few farmers who have large acreage, have steam or motor power mills but they are few in number. It is the horse power mills with which we have to deal. Most any fellow thinks he can make syrup, but the unexperienced can make stuff that he would probably be willing to eat himself but which would be worthless on the market. It takes an experienced and careful man to make good syrup. The cane should be stripped and cut before it gets real ripe, being careful to keep the buts out of the sand and to see that the dead dirty fodder is removed before grinding. The mill should be in good condition, screwed up tight, fed regularly and have plenty of horse power to extract all the juice. Unless this is done, forty per cent of the juice will be left in the cane as is usually the case. The juice should flow from the mill into the barrel through a filter which should be changed and cleansed regularly. From the barrel it should flow through another filter or fine screen into the rear of the evaporator. As the juice boils it should be carefully skimmed. Very few syrup makers skim their syrup enough to secure the best color and flavor. As the juice is cooked it should gradually be worked to the front of the evaporator without mixing with green juice any more than can be avoided. Most people tell when the syrup is ready to draw by dropping it or by the looks of the bubbles. This is a very poor way of making uniform syrup, and only an experienced expert can do it. It is best to get an hydrometer; dip the syrup with a deep cup and drop the hydrometer in the cup and draw the syrup when it registers between 32 and 35 on the scale. The syrup should pass through another fine sieve while hot. See that the buckets or barrels in which you put the syrup are clean and dry. Do not use old sour syrup barrels, if you can help it. If the syrup is for the market, use clean new barrels. It will pay you, as the barrel will sell at the syrup pound rate.

Cane Mash Valuable.

Cane mash may be put into an insilage cutter and blown into a silo or dried immediately and ground into feed meal. It makes fairly good silage for feed meal, if used immediately after being mashed. Very few people are prepared to handle mash in this way. It is practically worthless after it sours, and be used for stock bedding or to stop gullies.

Do not allow cane to get too ripe before grinding. In case of overripeness allow it to lie at the mill two days before grinding to prevent syrup from turning to sugar. Save all fodder and seed. Cane seed sold as high as six dollars per bushel last spring.

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week ending August 4, 1917.

LADIES

Mre. Claude Jones
Mrs. John Woodsuff
Miss Annie Brantley
Miss Gladys Taylor

GENTLEMEN

Capt. E. G. Orsey
M. L. Beasley
J. C. Walker
B. W. Gilbert
Levom Wiliams
Edward Seals
J. W. Bill
Henry H. Dickerson
T. C. Griffin.

These letters will be sent to the dead letter office August 18, 1917 if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "advertised" giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON, P.M.

TEACHERS WHO PASSED EXAMINATION

The following are the names of the teachers who passed the last state examination held in Chilton county, in the month of July:

First Grade—Walter Eugene Martin, Jemison, Ala., R.4.

Second Grade—Mrs. Hattie M. Gerald, Thorsby; Mabel Jones, Verbena; Miss Alice McLean, Thorsby.

Third Grade—Rena Childress, Jemison; Madge Cooper, Jemison; Stanley Davis, Clanton; Julia Mae Dawson, Mt. Creek; J. M. Eiland, Clanton; Mrs. Bessie Nix Hayes, Jemison; Oscar L. Mims, Clanton (extension); Simuel Mims, Clanton; Lena Sawyer, Mt. Creek; Lake Thompson, Clanton (extension); Oscar B. A. White, Cooper; Cowan E. Woodham, Thorsby.

Colored applicants. Third Grade—King Nathaniel Draper, Clanton.

Miss Willie Smimth of Birmingham is at Clanton visiting her aunt, Mrs. Annie Killabrew.

Kin Vinson went up to Birmingham Sunday night on business.

FOR SALE—AUTO

a I have a good automobile for sale cheap on good terms.

Joe VannDerveer, Jr., Clanton, Ala.

MILL WORKERS WALK OUT OF BIG LOMAX MILL

Mill Men putting in Big Plant Call Strike, and all Leave their Jobs at once.

On Monday morning the saw mill workmen who have been for some time engaged in putting in the big lumber plant of the Vida Lumber Co., at Lomax, called a strike, and all gathered up their tools and left the job at once.

The trouble is said to have grown out of some dissatisfaction among the mill wrights and carpenters over the system of wage-paying which had been inaugurated by the owners of the business. There seems to be no trouble over the amount of the pay the men were getting. Only the system of pay has been in objection.

The strike has not yet effected the workmen who are engaged in building the Company's railroad from Lomax out to the timber lands on the river. But rumor has it that they are also considering a strike.

Up to now it is not known whether the mill owners have made any offer of concession or compromise to the workmen. Those who called the strike loaded on the train and some went to Montgomery, Birmingham and Anniston.

ANTI-DRAFT RIOTERS TO BE PUNISHED IN OKLAHOMA.

Men Who have been making armed Resistance are subject to the Penalty of Death.

Oklahoma City, Okla., August 6.—Without waiting for a conclusion of the state's campaign against organized resistence to the selective draft in Oklahoma, the United States government today moved to punish the 200 men under arrest in connection with armed opposition to military service. Warrants charging treason were served on the prisoners, who were taken to the penitentiary at McAlester or the jail at Muskogee to await trial, at which United States District Attorney W. P. McGinnis will ask that the death penalty be imposed.

Announcement that exereme punishment would be asked was expected to aid materially in bringing to terms the few resisters still sheltered in the hills.

Posses in three counties—Seminole, Hughes and Pottawatomie—reported tonight that isolated groupes refused to surrender, but that they apparently were discouraged and seeking to avoid an encounter. Except for the fact that several agitators, regarded as leaders in the disturbance and dangerous to remain at large, are among those maintaining a show of resistence, the authorities would be inclined to let the bands break up, confident that the less important members could be arrested later.

Determination of the possemen to run down all of the leaders was strengthened today by confiscation of half a freight car of dynamite found on a siding in Seminole county. An investigation is being made to establish ownership. The car was unaccompanied.

Clashes between the resisters and posses have cost three lives and numerous injuries. Two objectors to the draft have been killed and a traveler was shot when he failed to heed a posse's warning to halt.

EXEMPTION BOARD BEGAN WORK ON WEDNESDAY

The local exemption board of Chilton County worked all day Wednesday just like fighting fire. Eighty registered men apeared for examination, as per the call, and 57 were given physical examinations. 21 of these were discharged on account of physical disability. 23 of the accepted men entered claims for exemption and 13 made no request for discharge. The Board will take up on Thursday morning where they left off Wednesday night, and continue their work. It will probably take all this week to complete the work of examination.

In addition to Sheriff Harris and Hon. Thos. A. Curry, Drs. J. P. Hayes and N. S. Johnson are engaged in the work of examination

All kind of broken machinery repaired and made as good as new. We rebore automobile cylinders and make a new engine out of an old one. All work guaranteed. We Mend Everything but broken bones.

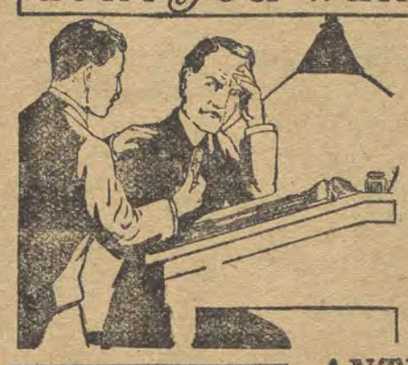
SOUTHERN WELDING CO.,
Monagomery, Ala.

Misses Izora Callen, Kathleen Mullins and Roberta Curry have been spending several days out on the Walker Farm in West Chilton indulging in the various activities afforded by that beautiful country district, such as swimming and frolicing over the woods. They return much improved both in health and demeanor.

FOR SALE—Good Milch Cow, with young calf. Apply to W. D. Spigener, Clanton, Ala. tf.

Advertising
in this paper will bring good returns on the money invested

"That miserable pain—don't you want relief?"



Close attention to work is the cause of much Pain and many Headaches. Obtain relief by taking one or two

DR. MILES' **ANTI-PAIN PILLS**

Then tone up the Nervous System by using

Dr. Miles' **Restorative Nervine**

AWFUL SUFFERING.

"I suffered untold agony with neuralgia. I thought I would go mad with pain. A friend of mine advised me to take Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. I did so and the pain stopped almost at once. Then I commenced using Dr. Miles' Nervine and before long I was so that I did not have these pains any more." E. J. WINTER, 561 E. Platte Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo.

IF FIRST BOTTLE, OR BOX, FAILS TO HELP YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE

Default having been made in the payment of that certain mortgage executed on the 14th of April, 1914, by Thorsby Building Association, a corporation, to Mrs. Birget Erdahl and Gertrude Ellengson, which said mortgage is recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in Vol. 137 of Mortgages, at page 616. The undersigned mortgagee will sell the following described property at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the courthouse door of Chilton County, Alabama, during the legal hours of sale, on Monday, the 3rd day of September, 1917. The said property being described as follows: Lots No. 8, in Block No. 1, in Thorsby, Alabama, as per lot of said town of Thorsby on record in the office of the Judge of probate of Chilton County, Alabama, together with the two-story brick building thereon, the said property being in Chilton County, Alabama.

The proceeds of said sale will be used to pay the expenses of advertising said sale and conveying said property and paying all necessary taxes, insurances, and the balance due on said mortgage including a reasonable attorney's fee.

MRS. BIRGET ERDAHL,
GERTRUDE ELLENGSON,
Mortgagees.
Middleton & Reynolds,
8-9-4t Attorneys for Mortgagees.

DEATH OF MR JOE HUCKABEE

Mr. Joseph W. Huckabee, a worthy young man of Clanton died at his home on the night of August 8th, and interment was made in the Maple Springs Cemetery on Wednesday, the 9th of August.

Mr. Huckabee was well known and liked by all with whom he had dealings. He was a member of the W.O. W., and rtheode r |,SPH ....1fl W., and the order conducted the funeral services.

W. Q. Childress of Route 4 was here on Saturday. Mr. Childress came around and renewed his subscription to the paper. He has been on our list from the time the paper started and has not missed a copy.

FLORIDA FARMER HELPS FEED NATION; MAKES MONEY AT IT

Seventeen cars of Irish potatoes, twelve of watermelons, and one of cucumbers—this is the record of W. C. Barrineau's shipment from Oakhurst farm, near Cantonmet, this season.

In addition, Mr. Barrineau has supplied Molino and Pine Barren with potatoes, watermelons, and cucumbers, and is putting up barrels of the latter in brine, finding there is more money in the pickles than the fresh vegetable.

Thirty acres of the potato land Mr. Barrineau now has in as fine a crop of corn as was ever seen; and he has besides many acres of sweet potatoes, the finest vegetable of them all.

"Oakhurst" is a sufficiently convincing answer to the question, does farming pay in West Florida?

The above item is a clipping from the Pensacola (Fla.) Journal, and the man whom it concers is a brother-in-law of Hon. J. Osmond Middleton of this city. Mr. Barrineau seems to have established an unsurpassable record for truck farming in the state of Florida. And we doubt if there is a better record coming from any other state.

John Edwards of Route 3 was a visitor to Clanton on Saturday.

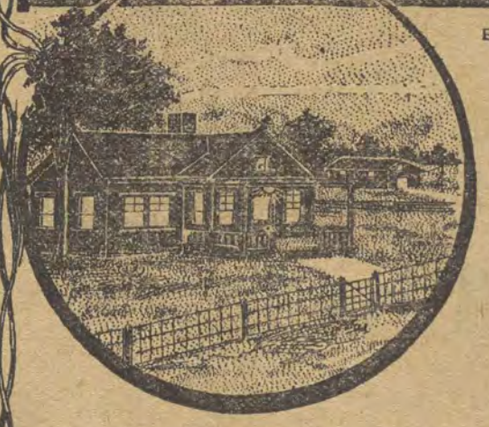
Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

DELCO-LIGHT



Electricity for Every Home and Farm

Soon Pays for Itself

FOR THE MAN OF MODERATE MEANS

DELCO-LIGHT is for the man of moderate means. Let our representative show you how simple it is, how easy to run, how economical to operate. Uses kerosene or gasoline. Furnishes abundance of light for home and farm, and power to operate small machinery. Over 30,000 satisfied users.

Complete with Standard Size Battery (f. o. b. Dayton, O.) - - - $350

FOR ACTUAL DEMONSTRATION WRITE, PHONE OR WIRE TO

BLOCH BROTHERS, DEALERS, SELMA, ALA.



The Domestic Electric Company, Distributors, Atlanta, Ga.

This week we wish to call your attention to

Some Special Prices

Beginning right now we are making some real low prices on a great number of items in order to reduce our summer stock and make room for our Fall and Winter Goods.

Mens Fancy Shirts

This summer we placed a special line of Men's High Grade Sumer Shirts in the latest fancy paterns. They have sold well and pleased the buyers. A few of these shirts remain, and owing to the late season now, we offer them at Bargain Prices.

Prices range from One Dollar on up.

Neckties and Collars

There has never been a prettier line of Men's Fancy Neckties than those which we have left over from the lot we bought for our trade this summer. They are the latest and most equisite colors, most attractive to the eyes. Also a fine line of Collars for men and boys. Special bargains now being offered in both Collars and Ties.

Cool Summer Suits.

We have on hand a few more suits of our special summer stock of Cool Cloth. Also a few pairs of pants for hot weather wear. We urge you to buy one of these suits to help you over the remaining hot days of summer time.

Slippers and Straw Hats

This is a little late in the season to buy Low Cut Shoes, and for that reason we offer some special prices on the remainder of our stock of this kind. We have a few pairs of Palm Beach Canvas shoes at bargains.

We have a few Straw Hats in the latest styles, which we want to dispose of as quickly as possible.

Other Mens Furnishings

Anything else you want in the way of Gents' Furnishings. Fine Hose, Belts, Handkerchiefs, Underwear, etc. All specially reduced in price owing to late season.

We have anything noy need to piece out your wearing apparel to the winter season.

Ladies Dress Goods

In our Ladies' Department, as well as all the other lines, you will find special prices on all goods in order to close out our summer stock. You already know the reputation and class of our ladies' wearables. The very latest things in the way of dress goods, specially suited for the summer comfort. Come in and let Miss Thomas show you what we have left in these lines.

All Kinds of Notions

Not only will the ladies find dress goods here, but many other little items which they alweys need. All kinds of ribbons, lace, thread and trimmings.

Special lot of Ladies' Hose in Silks, which we want to close out soon. Also Ladies' Shoes and Slippers in both Leather and Canvas. Our Ladies' Department is complete in every detail.

We are especially anxious right now in the remaining days of the summer to reduce our stock. The best way to move goods is make the price right. Now we want you to come and see these goods we are offering, and find out what money-savers they will be to you.

Clanton Mercantile Company

The Big Bargain Store.

If your child is pale and sickly, picks at the nose, starts in the sleep and grinds the teeth while sleeping, it is a sure sign of worms. A remedy for these parasites will be found in WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE. It not only clears out the worms, but it restores health and cheerfulness. Price 2 5 rpcebottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

FOR SALE OR TRADE

One Buick Roadster in good condition. Will sell or trade for anything of equal value. Apply at the Banner.

Don't forget your Subscription.

We are in a position to give all

Job Printing

Prompt and Careful Attention

Individuality in your letterheads and other printed matter is helpful to your business. We are ready at all times to give you the benefit of our experience.

NOTICE ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE

In pursuance of a decree rendered by the Probate Court of Chilton county, Alabama, on the 27th day of July, 1917, annulling and settnig aside the sale of land heretofore made by me as Administrator of the estate of R. A. Hancock, deceased, and directing me to re-sell said land; said re-sale to be made as directed in the decree previously granted directing the sale of said land, in the first instance; I, as administrator of said estate, will sell at the courthouse door in Clanton, Ala., to the highest bidder for cash, on the 18th day of August, 1917, the following described real estate, situated in Chilton County, Ala., to-wit:

That part of the south half of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of Section 16, Township 21, Range 15, lying east of the Clanton and Cooper public road; and one and one-half acres of land in the north side of the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of said section, township and range; said land being known as the R. A. Hancock place.

Said sale is made for the purpose of paying the debts of said estate, and for distribution of the remainder of the funds after the debts are paid among the children of the decedent.

This, the 27th day ow July, 1917.

J. W. FOSHEE,
Administrator of Estate of R. A. Hancock, deceased. 7-26-3t

If you feel "blue", "no-count", lazy you need a good cleaning out. HERBINE is the right thing for that purpose. It stimulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

J. B. Moore of Dry Valley was a Visitor to Clanton Monday.

Judge A. P. Longshore of Columbiana was in Clanton Monday on legal business. Judge Longshore is one of the lawyers defending Perry Glass in killing Jim Cambell.

Miss Rilla Smith, the popular young lady clerk in the Clanton post office is taking her vacation this week.

We have a good quality of Flour, Lard and other groceries at good prices. It will pay you to see us before you buy. W. Z. HODGES.

Taking Cathartics Every Day for Weeks Don't Cure Stomach Trouble

They do not eliminate the poisonous bile accretions from the system, so declares a leading Chicago stomach specialist. Often gall stones, cancer and ulcers of the stomach and intestines, auto intoxication, yellow jaundice, appendicitis and other dangerouse ailments are the consequences. Mayr's Wonderful Remedy is the ideal prescription for stomach, liver and intestinal ailments. It has restored millions. One dose will prove that it will help you. Mayr's Wonderful Remedy is for sale by Upchurch Drug Co.

MONEY TO LEND

I represent a mortgage company, lending money on real estate at a low rate of interest. All charges less than 8 per cent. If loan is desired, see me and place application.

F. B. COLLIER,
Clanton, Ala.

SHERIFF'S SALE—REAL ESTATE

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed, whereby I, as Sheriff of said county, was commanded to make the sum of twenty-four and 67-100 dollars, principal and interest, and one hundred, forty and 90-100 dollars, costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the fall term, 1911, of said court of said county, Alabama, in favor of J. W. Hayes, against Thos. J. Mims. I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the courthouse door of said county, between the hours of 11 o'clock, a.m., and 4 o'clock, p.m. on Monday, the 3rd day of September, 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named Thos. J. Mims, in and to the following described real estate, viz:

South half of northwest quarter, Sec. 20, T. P. 22, Range 15; northwest quarter of northwest quarter of Sec. 20, T. P. 22, Range 15; south half of southwest quarter of northeast quarter, Sec. 18, T. P. 22, Range 15; 20 acres in the northwest corner of south west quarter of southeast quarter, lying north of Rock Creek, Sec. 7, T. P. 22, Range 15; lots 1, 2, and 3, in block Two, in the Town of Clanton, Ala., as shown by the official map of said town, now on file in the office of the Judge of Probate.

This, 1st day of August, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at the courthouse door, Aug. 1, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

FOR SALE

90 acres of land near Benson's Cross Roads. Apply to Mrs. C. W. Martin, Maplesville, R. 1. 7-19-2t

MORTGAGE SALE

Default having been made in the payment of the indebtedness secured by that certain mortgage executed by Guy H. Gerald and Hattie Gerald, to O. P. Lindquist on March 25, 1915, which said mortgage being recorded in Vol. 150, page 426, record of mortgages, in theo fice of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Ala., I, O. P. Lindquist will offer for sale at public outcry, to the highest and best bidder for cash, on Monday, Sept. 3, 1917, during the legal hours of sale, at the courthouse door in Clanton, Ala., the following described real estate situated in Chilton County, Alabama, to-wit:

Certain lots or parcels of land in the Town of Thorsby, described as follows: Beginning at a point one hundred (100) feet west of the southeast corner of the southwest quarter of northwest quarter of northwest quarter of Section seven (7), Township twenty-two (22), Range Fourteen (14), running thence south two hundred (200) feet, thence east to a point on the west line of the northwest quarter of the Southeast quarter of the Northwest quarter on the Birmingham & Montgomery Highway, thence in a northerly direction along said road to the north line of Southwest quarter of Northwest quarter, thence west to the point of beginning, containing thre and one-half (3½) acres, more or less;

Also S.W.¼ of N.W.¼ of N.W.¼, Sec. 7, T.P. 22, Range 14, containing ten (10) acres, more or less.

Also S.½ of S.E.¼ of S.E.¼ of Section 1, Township 22, Range 13, containing twenty (20) acres, more or less;

Also N.E.¼ of N.E.¼ ;N.½ of S.E ¼ of N.E.¼, Sec. 12, T. P. 22, Range 13, containing sixty (60) acres, more or less;

Also N.E.¼ of N.E.¼ of S.E.¼ ; S.W.¼ of N.W.¼ of N.E.¼, Sec. 12, T.P. 22, Range 13, containing twenty (20) acres, more or less.

Also part of N.W.¼ of S.W.¼ of S.W.¼, Sec. 6, T.P. 22, Range 14, described as follows: a strip of land one hundred feet wide along the west side of said land, also a parcel of land described as Lots Nos. 8, 9, 10, in Block 1 of Siminton's Addition to Thorsby, said lots extending east from the strip above mentioned and fronting fifty feet, each, on Franklin Street, and extending in a southerly direction 140 feet, said strip and lots containing in all, two acres, more of less.

Containing in all, 115 acres, more or less.

All above land in Sections one and seven, are conveyed subject to any valid reservation or mineral right in force at the execution of said mortgage.

The proceeds of said sale will be applied to the payment of the expenses incident to said sale, including attorneys' fee, and to the amount of the indebtedness due on said mortgage.

This, August 1, 1917.

O. P. LINDQUIST, Mortgagee.

Middleton & Reynolds,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.

NON RESIDENT NOTICE

State of Alabama, Chilton Cohnty. Probate Court, July 18, 1917

In the matter of the estate of Avrilla Abrams, deceased, to Alberta Mosley, non resident of the State of Alabama.

Whereas, H. A. Harris, as administrator of the estate of Avrilla Abrams, deceased, has filed his petition in writing under oath in said Court, for an order to sell certain lands belonging to said estate, described in said petition, for paying the debts due by said estate, upon the grounds that the personal property of said estate is insufficient for the payment of the debts, and the 20 day of August, 1917, has been appointed for the hearing of said petition:

You are therefore, hereby commanded to appear before the said Court on said day to contest said petition if you think proper.

Witness my hand, this 18 day of July, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

A. C. Smith B. Guy Smith
SMITH & SMITH
Attorneys At Law
General Practice
Clanton, - - - - - Alabama.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. A. B. BAXLEY
Optometrist
Office in Mullins Bldg.
Clanton, Ala.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

F. B. COLLIER
Attorney at Law
Office in the Johnson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in Hopkins Bldg.
Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women & Surgery
CLANTON, ALA.

WHEN in need of Printing see what we can do before you go elsewhere.

We will have County Fair this Fall at Clanton as we have heretofore

The Chilton County Fair Association announces that the County Fair will be held at Clanton as usual some time this fall. The exact date will be announced later.

The catalogue and Premium List will be sent out in about a week from now.

!BARGAINS!

Don't Miss These Money Savings

Whatever you need in Wearing Aparel for Men, Women and Children can be bought here at a Great Savings in Price. This great End-of-Season Sale of L. H. Reynolds is for the purpose of Cleaning out all Summer Stocks. The very Things yon need for the hot, sultry days. Original Costs are lost sight of during this Sale.

MEN'S SHOES

6 pair Men's Kid Oxfords, $5.00 value, now $3.50
15 pair Men's Tan Oxfords, $5.00 value, now $3.60
17 pair Men's Gun Metal Oxfords, $6.00 value, now.. $3.75
22 pair Men's Gun Metal Oxfords, $4.00 value, now.. $2.60
12 pair Men's Palm Beach Oxfords $2.75, now $1.25
17 pair Men's White Oxfords, $4.00 value, now $2.75
14 pair Men's Gun Metal Oxfords, $4.50 value, now.. $2.60
12 pair Men's Gun Metal Oxfords, $3.25 value, now.. $2.00
7 pair Men's Canvas Shoes, $1.50 value, now $1.10
21 pair Men's Canvas Shoes, $1.00 value, now 65c
20 pair Men's White Tennis Oxfords, $1.00, now 75c
7 pair Men's White Tennis Oxfords 75c, now 50c
22 pair Men's White Tennis Oxfords $1.00, now 75c
45 pair Men's White Tennis Oxfords, 75c value, now.. 45c

BOYS' SHOES

21 pair Boys' White Tennis Oxfords, $1.00 value, now.. 75c
45 pair Boys' White Tennis Oxfords, $1.00 value, now.. 65c
18 pair Boys' White Tennis Oxfords, 65c value, now .. 45c

BOYS CAPS

48 Boys' Caps, $1.00 value, now 69c
48 Boys' Caps, 65c value, now 40c
48 Boys' Caps, 50c value, now 40c

UNDERWEAR

60 suits Men's B.V.D. Underwear, 50c value, now 40c
60 Men's Slips that sold for 50c, now 40c
24 Men's B. V. D. Union Suits, $1.00 value, now 75c
36 Boy's B. V. D. Union Suits, 50c value, now 40c

LADIES' SHOES

3 pr. Ladies' Black English Walker Slippers $4, now.. $2.60
7 pr. Ladies' Gun Metal Pumps, $3.50 value, now .. $2.75
16 pr. Ladies' Baby Doll Pumps, $4.00 value, now $2.75
10 pr. Ladies' Patent Leather Pumps, $3 value, now.. $1.75
16 pr. Ladies' Patent Baby Doll Pumps $3 value, now.. $1.75
17 pr. Ladies' Patent Baby Doll Pumps $4 value, now.. $2.65
11 pr. Ladies' Gun Metal Mary Jane pumps $3, now.. $2.10
7 pr. Ladies' Colonial Pumps, $3.50 value, now $2.10
7 pr. Ladies' Kid Oxfords, $3.50 value, now $2.15
17 pr. Ladies' Pumps, $3.75 value, now $2.45
58 pr. Ladies' Slippers, sold for $2.50, to $3.50 now .. $1.75
21 pr. Ladies' Pumps, $4.00 value, now $2.60
15 pr. Ladies' Gun Metal Pumps, $2.50 value, now $1.75
4 pr. Ladies' Vici Oxfords, $3.50 value, now $2.40
9 pr. Ladies' Canvas Pumps, $1.00 value, now 65c
24 pr. Mary Jane Canvas Slippers, $1.50, now $1.10
14 pr. Ladies' White Slippers $1.50 to $3.00, now 75c

MISSES' SHOES

14 pr. Misses' Mary Jane Pumps, 75c value, now 55c
32 pr. Children's White Slippers, $1.50 to $2.00, now.. 90c
26 pr. Misses' Canvas Pumps, 90c value, now 69c
30 pr. Little Girls' Slippers, $2.75 value, now $1.79
37 pr. Girls' Slippers, $3.00 value, now $1.98
12 pr. Girls' Slippers that sold for $3.25, now..... $1.19
8 pr. Girls' Slippers, that sold for $1.25, uow 79c
6 pr. Babies' Shoes, that were sold at 50c, now 39c
10 pr. Babies Shoes that sold for $1.00 now 59c
11 pr. Misses' Slippers, that were $3.00, now $1.98
17 pr. Misses' Slippers that sold for $2.75, now $1.59
24 pr. Misses' Slippers that were $2.25, now $1.59
23 pr. Misses' Slippers, $2.00 value, now $1.59
19 pr. Misses' Slippers, $1.75 valus, now $1.19
7 pr. Misses' Slippers, $3.50 value, now $1.69

LADIES' HATS

12 Ladies' Hats that were selling for $3.00, now 69c

MEN'S HATS

24 Men's Leghorn Hats, $3.50 value, now $2.00
12 Men's Panama Hats that sold for $3.00, now $2.00
60 Men's Felt Hats, $2.50 value, now $1.98

MEN'S SHIRTS

18 Men's Dress Shirts, that were $1.25, now 75c
30 Men's Shirts, 75c values, now 40c

Mens Half Hose

96 pr. Men's Silk Half Hose, 50c value, now 25

LADIES, ATTENTION!

350 yds. 15c Bleaching, limited to 10 yds., per yd. now 10c
550 yds. Crepe and Lawns that sold for 12½c, now 10c
150 yds. 15c Linene that sold for 15c per yd., now 12½c
24 Ladies Dress Shirts that sold for I1.00, now 40c
Embroidery from 2½ to 8 in. wide, 10c to 25c value.... 6c
1 lot of White Corduroy shirts that were $2.50, now .. $1.15
1 lot of White Poplin Skirts that were $1.50, now 79c

THREAD

1200 balls Silkine Crochet Thread, 3 balls for 25c
660 spools of Black Sewing Thread, 7 spools for 25c

CATTLE EXCHANGE

I buy, sell of exchange milch cows and all kinds of cattle. Will pay the highest market price if you want to sell, or will sell or trade any kind of cattle you wish to buy. Remember I pay the highest cash market price for cattle. Make arrangements to see me before you sell or buy.

Automobile Casings and Tubes at Cost. Will buy Worn Casings at highest Prices.

The above goods are much cheaper than they can be bought at wholesale prices. The goods are exactly as represented and will be sold at the prices advertised here.

Merchants needing any of the above goods will do well to come and inspect the stock, as these goods were purchased when they were at least 40 per cent cheaper than they could be bought at wholesale now.

I have several thousand dollars worth of other goods on hand which I will sell at cost. None of these Goods are damaged. All of them are brand new. Drop in and look over my entire display of goods.

L. H. REYNOLDS

CLANTON, - - ALABAMA.

All Traces of Scrofula Eradicated from the System

By the greatest of all purifiers.

A common mistake in the treatment of scrofula has been the use of mercury and other mineral mixtures, the effect of which is to bottle up the impurities in the blood, and hide them from the surface.

The impurities and dangers are only added to in this way.

For more than fifty years S. S. S. has been the one recognized reliable blood remedy that has been used with highly satisfactory results for Scrofula. Being made of the roots and herbs of the forest, it is guaranteed purely vegetable, and absolutely free from all mineral ingredients.

You can obtain S. S. S. from any drugstore. Our chief medical adviser is an expert on all blood disorders, and will cheerfully give you full advice as to the treatment of your own case. Address Swift Specific Co., Dept. F Atlanta, Ga.

SORGHUMS FOR SILAGE

By E. F. Cauthen, Associate Agriculturist, Alabama Experiment Station.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

The earliest varieties of sorghum, sometimes called millet or sugarcane, do not yield as large amounts of green forage and silage per acre as the late, or medium late, varieties do. Amber which is a black seeded variety, is probably the earliest and yields under surghum conditions from 8,000 to 16,000 pounds (green weight) of silage per acre; while Texas Seeded Ribbon, sometimes called Honey Drip, or Japanese sorghum, yields, under similar conditions, from 12,000 to 20,000 pounds per acre.

The early varieties require from 80 to 95 days from date of planting to mature silage, while the late varieties usually require from 90 to 110 days. If planted in April, a longer time is required to secure full growth and maturity than is required if the planting is delayed until the last of May or the first of June.

Almost any kind of soil will produce some silage or green forage, but to secure large yields sorghum should be planted on strong, well drained land. Poor land makes a small spindling stalk that is well suited for hay but is undesirable for silage.

Stable or barnyard manure, at the rate of eight or ten tons per acre with 200 pounds of acid phosphate is recomended for most land. An application of 75 to 100 pounds of nitrate of soda when the cane is knee high will greatly increase its growth. The manure may be scattered broadcast over the land before plowing, or put in the drill with the seed.

They may be drilled at the rate of 20 to 25 pounds per acre, with an ordinary corn planter, which usually has plates for cane.

If the germination of the seed is good and the stand is too thick, the stand may be reduced by allowing some of the soil to fall on the plants at the first cultivation. Frequent shallow cultivation with a scooter and cotton or spring-tooth cultivator is desirable to keep down the weeds and to maintain a surface mulch of the soil.

Mr. Business Man

WHY not make your appeal for patronage through the columns of this newspaper? With every issue it carries its message into the homes of all the best people of this community. Don't blame the people for flocking to the store of your competitor. Tell them what you have to sell and if your prices are right you can get the business.

PRACTICAL CANNING

During this streneous age, when practical domestic economy should be the key-note in the affairs of every woman, it is becoming when one has gained a practical idea, to pass it on to every daughter of America.

Some time ago, my atention was claimed by a thrifty housewife, who successfully conserved her supply of fruit and vegetables by packing it away in ordinary tin lard buckets. This thorough-going woman sterilized her buckets and lids in just plain, practical, common-sense hot soap suds way; prepared her products as for her self-sealing jars, and after filling and covering buckets, she proceeded to seal with melted sealing wax, a nickle's worth of which will easily seal one dozen buckets.

Tin syrup buckets make admirable containers for canned fruits and vegetables, and are very much cheaper than fruit jars. This method of conservation, though not generally known will be found to be thoroughly satisfactory when properly managed.

The revival services which have been in progress at Mt. Pleasant church were brought to a close Thursday night. 22 members were added to the church and 17 received the ordinance of baptism. Rev. A. R. Aldridge did the preaching.

C. Reese Mullins

—Agent—

Life Insurance
Fire Insurance
Real Estate and
Singer Sewing Machines

CLANTON, ALA.

Opinions from Folks Who Know

For malarial headache, Granger Liver Regulator entirely relieved my trouble.—J. Height, Wetumpka, Ala.

Had heavy headache. Vomited twice to six times a day. Four doses of Granger Liver Regulator made me well.—Loundas P. Brindley, Somerville, Ala.

Mother had sick headache. Granger Liver Regulator did her more good than all the medicine she had taken before.—Pearley Davis, Pacio, Ala.

I never expect to be without it in my home.—Jenie Usey, Gadsden, Ala.

It is a great saver of doctors' bills. —Louis N. Kent, Honoraville, Ala.

There is none better.—Dr. T. E. Cothram, Alexis, Ala.

All druggists sell Granger Liver Regulator—25c. Try it.

Visitors to Clanton!

Don't forget that you have an invitation to come to the Exchange Hotel and make your Headquarters.

Farmers and their families are especially invited to come to see us when in town on business or pleasure.

If you want a first-class dinner, we will be glad to wait on you. Call around to see us any time.

The Exchange Hotel

W. H. GOODGAME, Proprietor.

THE THREE-MILL SCHOOL TAX BY SUPT. W. T. BEAN

Clanon, Ala., Aug. 8, 1917.

To the Voters of Chilton Co:

Over 900 voters of Chilton County have signed a petition calling an election to determine whether or not this county shall levy and collect a special tax of thirty cents on each one hundred dollars of taxable property in the county, for a term of three years.

This election will be held on August 27th, and whether it is carried or not, this county will, on the first of next October, enter upon a new era for its schools, for then the compulsory attendance law becomes effective and there are nearly 7,000 white school children in the county, and all except those exempt by law, will be required to attend school for a period of not less than 80 days. There were 101 white teachers in the county last winter and if the same number is employed next winter, there will be an average of between 60 and 70 pupils to each teacher. If we expect a few very small schools, the number of pupils in the larger schools will reach an average of nearly 80 pupils to the teacher.

This compulsory attendance period must be free, and I have closely estimated the length of term the public funds will run the schools, and find that it will be impossible to run them but just a little better than four months upon an average. With the large number of pupils to the teacher in regular attendance for only about 4 months will be but little better than no schools. The county can not expect to maintain even as good schools as has been heretofore.

If the election carries and the taxes are collected the school fund will be increased between $20,000 and $21,000, which will enable the county board of education to guarantee that every white school in the county will be given a seven months free school with an ample teaching force for each school.

Without this tax, we can expect about four months school with an average of between 60 and 70 pupils to the teacher, but by levying this tax we can have seven months with an average of between 40 and 50 puuils to the teacher. I believe that it is worth considering.

Each tax payer's taxes would be increased by exactly one fifth over the amount of taxes paid on his real estate and personal property last year, other conditions being the same. It would be an increase of about $1.80 per year to each farmer upon an average, or an increase of less than one half cent a day. Get your old tax receipt, divide the amount of taxes on your real estate and personal property (do not include your poll tax or dog tax) by five, and compare that amount with the amount of supplement you paid into your schools last winter. For the county a t large the increase in taxes would be approximately $1,000 less than the amount paid in school supplements. The fact that our burden would be lightened to the extent of $1,000 a year is enough to justify us to vote for it, but at the same time, we get an increase in the length of the term with an increase of 20 per cent in the number of teachers.

In addition to the increase in the number of teachers, it cretainly will increase the efficiency of the teaching force, for the better teachers will go to where they can get the longest terms, while the poorer teachers will be crowded out and we will have to take such as we can get. Of course, there are numbers of the best teachers who are tied here by the ties of home and the hopes of this three-mill tax being carried, but there are less than one-half as many first grade teachers employed in the county at this date than there were last year at the same date.

Twenty-three counties have levied the special tax and it seems that a great number of the better teachers are drifting in that direction while a few good teachers are making application for our schools. The advantage to them is not an increase in monthly salary but they prefer 7o r 8 months employment there to what they expect to get here.

The county board of education has set the salaries of the teachers (provided this election is carried) at a reasonable amount and the people will be given the benefits in stead of the teachers. The only benefit the teachers will receive will be the increase in the length of the term. However, the board has agreed to be lenient with all teachers whose ability to teach is greater than is shown by the grade of certificate held, and give them one year to build their certificate up to the equivalent of their ability.

The official ballot will state that this tax should be used for the extension of the school term and for the addiion of teachers where needed. Not one cent of it will ever leave the county. It will be handled just as the one-mill school tax has been for the last eleven years. The tax assessor and collector nor the county superintendent will receive any commission for the services of handling it. One hundred cents in the dollar will go directly to the schools in Chilton County.

Ifully realize the seriousness of this world-wide war question and realize that the voters are giving school questions but little consideration at the present, but this war may be over within a few months, or it may not be over within several years but as I see it, we cannot afford to let the schools go to ruin on account of the sad fact that several of our boys will have to go to the war. It, in general is not the boys who are drafted that will pay the taxes, for the corporations, investment companies etc., will pay about 76 per cent., or approximately $16,000 of it, and the children of probably some of our soldiers will be educated while they fight.

Remember that the county board of education gives you an official guarantee that every white school in the county will be given seven months of free school with an ample teaching force for the period for which this tax is levied providing all other school funds remain undiminished, and the schools will get the benefit of the tax next winter.

W. T. BEAN, Co. Supt.

Clean up days For Town

Tuesday and Wednesday, August 14th and 15th, have been set apart by the Mayor and Council to impress the citizens with the importance and necessity of every citizen of the Town giving their premises a thorough cleaning up.

That all melon rinds or other matter that decays readily not be thrown out into the alleys, but put where it will be carried off with the other garbage.

That the owners of vacant lots throughout the town that are not in cultivation, have all weeds cut on same.

That weeds and other trash that is gathered up around the home should not be thrown out into the streets and alleys as is frequently done.

That co-operation is essential in the development of all matter pertaining to the progress and betterment of the community, and your Mayor and Council earnestly request the hearty co-operation of all citizens of the Town of Clanton in their cleaning up campaign which we feel is very important.

W. A. KEMP, Acting Mayor
H. M. SIMPSON, Clerk.

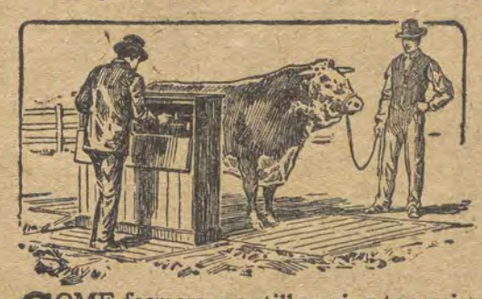
The condition of the weather during the present week has prevented active work on the lot in Clanton upon which W. M. Adams is to place his velvet bean mill, the ground being too wet to build foundations for machinery.

TO BUILD MODEL SCHOOLHOUSE

The people of Fairview community are to be commended for their splendid school spirit. They have a move on hand to erect a $1300 model school building according to plans and specifications approved by the state department of education. The other Saturday night Superintendent Bean went out to assist in working up the proposition at a meeting of the citizens, and how much do you suppose was subscribed at this little meeting? Well, you would hardly believe it, but they raised over $600. We think this is simply "going some" for a rural school district the first dash out of the box. And, too, we might add here that the people of Fairview community are a majority in favor of the three-mill school tax.

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Will you wet down your roughage and save several dollars on every ton?



SOME farmers are still paying top prices for old style cottonseed hulls because they prefer a bulky filler. Others are paying much less for

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

and are making them as bulky as old style hulls by wetting them down a half hour or so before using.

By adding an equal part of water to Buckeye Hulls and stirring thoroughly they will swell and give you as bulky a roughage as you want. Most important, the bulkiness will be due to water which is of value to your cattle —not to lint which has no food value whatever.

Other Advantages

Buckeye Hulls go farther.
They allow better assimilation of other food.
No trash or dust.
Sacked—easy to handle.
They mix well with other forage.
Take half as much space in the barn.

Mr. Benjamin Thompson, Baldknob, Ark.,

is feeding Buckeye Hulls to stock cattle. He says that he gets more food value per ton with less waste. He has bought five tons and has them stored in barn. He says that they occupy less space than old style hulls.

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K *The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.* Dept. K

Atlanta Augusta Birmingham Charlotte Greenwood Jackson Little Rock Macon Memphis Selma

Better Farming in the South

ORDER FALL FERTILIZERS EARLY

Railroad Service is a Serious Problem—Fertilizer Dealers Will Be Required to Accumulate Orders So That Full Carloads Only Shall Be Shipped—Railway Authorities Say Fertilizers Can Be Handled in Half Number of Cars Ordinarily Used — A War Measure.

Farm Service Bureau, Atlanta, Ga.
C. A. Whittle.

The world is hungry. To get more food is an alarming problem.

How can the farms produce more food when labor is so scarce?

How can more acres be planted to food crops or how can more work be given the acres usually planted without more labor?

Increase of labor is hardly to be expected, but there is one important means of help which the Southern farmer has been utilizing in the past and that is Fertilizer. But this too is beset with difficulties.

Fertilizer can increase production without increasing labor except at harvest time. The warring nations appreciate this fact, and are giving all the encouragement they can to the use of fertilizers.

The railroads can't do the business expected of them unless every freight car is loaded to full capacity. To load them to full capacity the fertilizer dealer must have enough orders in to make up a full car load before he can reasonably hope to get a shipment. The earlier the carload orders are placed the better chance, of course, of getting a shipment. Because of the shortage of equipment, the railroads should have as much time as possible to plan for moving the fertilizer. Early orders will give them a knowledge of the number of cars that will be needed.

Government Authorities Backing It

The National Council of Defense has sent out a bulletin on this very subject, urging farmers to order their fall fertilizers early so full carload shipments might be made and the largest amount of human food produced.

The United States Department of Agriculture through the States Relations Service and Bureau of Soils; and agricultural colleges and county agents, are advising the same.

The railroads are very urgent about the matter. The fertilizer manufacturers are offering to help the dealers and farmers as much as possible to overcome the transportation difficulties.

Half Cars Can Be Saved

Railway authorities have statistics to show that half of the cars ordinarily used for hauling fertilizers could do the business, if only they are loaded to their maximum capacity.

Where a full car load can not be made up for one destination, then it is to be filled with orders for neighboring stations along a railroad.

Farm Lands for Sale

I have a number of nice farms listed with me of from 30 to 1600 acres each and with prices to suit anyone. Can give terms. NOW is the time to see about getting your farm. Write me.

W. HARRY PEEBLES

WHIGHAM, GA.

Personality in Suits

What is your build? Are you tall or short, lean or stout?

It makes not a particle of difference. We have a suit to fit you.

Our clothing is not made by hard and fast rules and mathematical designs.

It is made to FIT HUMAN BEINGS, and to fit ALL KINDS OF HUMAN BEINGS.

Don't be satisfied with a suit made for some other fellow. Come to us and get one MADE FOR YOU.

Mr. Odom, Salesman for the Storrs-Schaefer Co., of Cincinnati will be at our Store on August 2, 3, 4, to take your order. Don't fail to see him one of these days.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back."

CLANTON, ALA.

CLANTON ASTONISHED BY A MERCHANT'S SCTORY

A merchant relates the following: "For years I could not sleep without turning every hour. Whatever I ate caused gas and sourness. Also had stomach catarrh. ONE SPOONFUL buchthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as mixed in Adler-i-ka relieved me instantly." Because Adler-i-ka flushes the entire alimentary tract it relieves ANY CASE of constipation, sour stomach or gas and prevents appendicitis. It has quickest action of anything we ever sold. Upchurch Drug Company.

PREACHING

Rev. F. A. Ellison will preach at Poplar Springs next Sunday, Aug 12. Everybody invited to hear him.

OAK GROVE

There will be an all day singing at this place on the Second Sunday in August. Mr. W. E. Milstead will be leader. Everybody is invited to come and bring well filled baskets.

GIRLS' CLUB WORK

Canning demonstrations will be given at the following places:
Oak Grove, Monday, Aug. 13.
G.W. Davis' residence, Mt. Creek, Tuesday, August 14.
Baker School, Thursday, Aug. 16.
Cross Roads, Friday, Aug. 17.

Demonstrations will have been given to every club in the county.

If there are other communities desiring a demonstration I will be glad to give them one, if they will only let me know.

LIDA JONES, Agent.

FOR SALE

Place in Thorsby consisting of 25 acres of land, with good two-story house, barn, cellar house, etc. Address Wallace C. Edler, Thorsby, Ala.

Ed Chaney of Birmingham spent last week with friends in Clanton.

Rev. E. W. Butler of Thorsby was here Monday on business.

Syrup making time is close at hand. Get your syrup barrell from Clanton Mercantile Co.

SCOTCH COLLIE PUPS—For Sale at Ford Place. L. C. DUNCAN.

FOR GOOD PRINTING CALL ON US

REVIVAL SERVICES TO BEGIN AT CLANTON BAPTIST CHURCH

Announcement is made that revival service will begin at the Clanton Baptist Church on Sunday, August 12. Rev. W. M. Blackwelder of Birmingham will preach twice daily. Everybody is urged to attend the services.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Grear of Georgia are spending this week with relatives and friends in Clatnon.

Vernon T. Cobb of Jemison was in town Tuesday.

W. S. Beaird of Verbena Route 1, was in town Monday on business.

R. J. Downs of Route 2 was in town Monday.

J. C. Jones of Cooper was a visitor to Clanton Tuesday.

O. R. Robinson and wife of Providence were visitors to Clanton Saturday.

The Clanton Mercantile Co., has just gotten in a car load of new syrup barrells. The price is $2.00 each.

HANDS, ARMS, LIMBS ASLEEP

And Was Run-Down, Weak and Nervous, Says Florida Lady. Five Bottles of Cardui Made Her Well.

Kathleen, Fla.—Mrs. Dallas Prine, of this place, says: "After the birth of my last child...I got very much run-down and weakened, so much that I could hardly do anything at all. I was so awfully nervous that I could scarcely endure the least noise. My condition was getting worse all the time...

I knew I must have some relief or I would soon be in the bed and in a serious condition for I felt so badly and was so nervous and weak I could hardly live. My husband asked Dr. ———about my taking Cardui. He said, 'It's a good medicine, and good for that trouble', so he got me 5 bottles...After about the second bottle I felt greatly improved...before taking it my limbs and hands and arms would go to sleep. After taking it, however, this poor circulation disappeared. My strength came back to me and I was soon on the road to health. After the use of about 5 bottles, I could do all my house-work and attend to my six children besides."

You can feel safe in giving Cardui a thorough trial for your troubles. It contains no harmful or habit-forming drugs, but is composed of mild, vegetable, medicinal ingredients with no bad after-effects. Thousands of women have voluntarily written, telling of the good Cardui has done them. It should help you, too. Try it. E 74

Everything high so is Groceries

But I am still selling Groceries at lowest possible prices, considering everything. Call to see me and bring your Produce.

J. W. Littlejohn

CLANTON, ALA.

CLANTON LOCALS

If you want any good cane syrup, get it from W. Z. Hodges.

Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Smith entertained Mrs. W. F. Moss during the week. Mrs Moss stopped over in Clanton on return from a trip to Blount Springs.

Ex-Governor Wm. D. Jelks and Mrs. Jelks were guests at the New Wilson Hotel in Clanton last Thursday. They came through here from Birmingham in their private motor car.

We hear 'em talk about some fellows hiding behind women's skirts to keep out of the draft, which reminds us that you could not hide behind the skirts that some of them wear if you were to try it.

W. A. Barnett, a prominent citizen of near Jemison was around town on Monday.

William Walker of Maplesville was here Moday attending county court.

Miss Ora Shaw of Jemison was the guest of friends in Clanton Monday.

Mr. Clio Baker and wife of Birmingham are the guests of friends and relatives in and around Clanton this week.

"Honest Tom" Littlejohn, who hails from somewhere up in the region of Knoxville, Tennessee, arrived in Clanton this week to spend his vacation with old friends and home-folks. Tom is one of the best known and most popular salesmen who ever looked across the counter of a store in Clanton.

Mr. W. A. Kemp is acting as the Mayor of the Town of Clanton in the absence of present incumbent, Mr. E. M. Pinckard, who has removed to the State of Texas.

OAK HILL

Health of the community is very good at present.

There was preaching at this place Sunday, when the protracted meeting began.

The Sunday School is getting along fine under the efficient management of J. B. Northcutt and Miss Essie Parker.

Miss Gertrude Durbin of Birmingham is visiting home folks near Jemison.

M. H. Parker and wife visited the parents of the former Sunday.

Miss Essie Parker went to Birmingham Sunday.

Misses Gorder and Ruth Williams visited Misses Gertrude and Ara Durbin Sunday.

Misses Mae and Martha Howard spent Sunday with Miss Essie Parker.

Mrs. W. M. Gray spent Sunday with Mrs. Will Lowery.

PRESIDENT WILSON WANTS NO PEACE TALK AT PRESENT

Can be depended upon to say When, says Lewis Following Conference at the White House of Late.

Washington, Aug. 6.—President Wilson had a long conference today with Senator Lewis, the democratic whip, urged haste in the final enactment of the food control and revenue bills and is understood to have indicated that he does not consider the present the time for duscussion of peace negotiations with Germany.

Senotor Lewis would not duscuss the latter phase of his conference, but it was believed the President indicated that he did not consider Germany's recent peace feelers to be genuine, and that he can be expected to let the country know when he believes the time has come for discussing peace. Senator Lewis declared the President would not allow the American people to lose any rights or suffer any wrongs which his diligence could prevent.

The Illinois Senator told the President he believed Congress could adjourn September 1.

After he left the White House, Senator Lewis said:

"The conference was on the general legislative situation. The President is anxious that everything be done possible to hasten the war legislation that congress and officials can get some rest before the December session begins. Particularly does he desire that the officers of the Senate Press to an early finish the food bill and the revenue bill. He wishes me to convey his desires to the senators and his hopes for quick action as will give all some rest."

Asked whether he had discussed Senator Lewis said:

"On that subject I do not quote the President, but do say for myself that when the true signs of peace based on the principles for which America went into this war shall appear, the president will be the first to treat with them, but when they shall come disguised as peace—only to serve the further cruelties of war—and the betrayal of America, Woodrow Wilson will be the last to be caught.

"The country will hear from the President on peace or war just as soon as truth or new actual conditions call for him to take congress and the people into his confidence. He will allow the American people to lose no rights nor suffer any wrongs his intelligence would prevent."

THORSBY ITEMS

Miss Elizabeth Hoopes, who has been attending the University of Tennessee Summer School, returned to the Dormitory on Tuesday of last week to begin preparations for the accommodation of the large numbers of boarding students expected to attend school at the Institute next year.

Mr. Eddie Howard is visiting relatives and friends in Birmingham.

On Sunday, August 26th, confirmation will be held in the Lutheran Church when a class of six will be examined as to their scriptural knowledge.

Mrs. C. C| Taylor and children of Helena spent one day of last week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Robinson.

There will be preaching at the Baptist church next Sunday morning by the Pastor, Rev. Bevis.

Miss Agnes Leary entertained for a few friends on Saturday evening of last week. Everyone present enjoyed the games of rook and pit until a late hour. At the close of the evening watermelon was served to ten guests.

English service will be held at the Lutheran Church next Sunday morning, at the regular preaching hour by the pastor, Rev. Arnold Nelson.

Honeycutt's Millpond, six miles to the southwest of Thorsby was the scene of a camping party a few days last week, composed of Troup No. 1, Boy Scouts of Thorsby. They were accompanied by Scout Master Raymond Kicklighter.

Miss Naemi Turnquist left on Wednesday of last week for a visit with her sister, Mrs. Lon Reagin at Selma.

Mr. Charles Peterson made a business trip to Birmingham in the interest of Thorsby Institute on Monday of this week.

Miss Harriet Swan spent a few days of last week at the home of Miss Deelne Wright near Pleasant Grove.

Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Gerald of Clanton spent last Sunday in Thorsby with relatives and friends.

A union meeting of the three young peoples' societies, Luther League, Baptist Young Peoples' Union, and Christian Endeavor, will be held at the Baptist Church on Sunday, August 12th, at 7:30. Everyone is codially invited.

Rev. E. W. Butler made a business trip to Clanton on Monday of this week.

The members of the Lutheran League Sunday School were very much disappointed to wake up Tuesday morning and find it raining. They had planned an all day picnic which was to be held in the Lutheran Park.

Mrs. Lila Northrup, Miss Maud Robinson, and Mr. Tom Robinson, spent Wednesday of last week in Montgomery. While there they visited the army camps.

Misses Delene and Bama Wright of Pleasant Grove spent Monday of this week with Misses Mabel and Harriet Swan.

Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Crosby and children of Montgomery spent the week end at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Robinson.

Mrs. Lida Mae Northrup, little daughter Virginia and sister Jennie, returned from Elmore last week having visited there several days.

State of Alabama, Chilton County.
Estate of P. E. Coleman, deceased.

This day came W. B. Tomlin, as administrator of the estate of said decedent, and filed his application, in due form and proper oath, praying an order for sale of certain personal property described therein, and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of paying debts of said estate. It is ordered that the 14th day of August, 1917, be appointed a day for hearing said application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.

L. H. REYNOLDS, Judge of Probate.

Messrs B. L. Cobb and Vernot T. Cobb of Jemison were visitors to Clanton on Tuesday of this week.

Coffins, Burial Supplies, Automobile Accessories For sale at

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.

CLANTON, ALA.

A Perfect Baby

To possess a literally perfect child is by no means impossible. The expectant mother should be calm and the days should be filled with sunshine and happiness.

Millions of women have used the safe, external, penetrating preparation known as "Mother's Friend". By its use the abdominal muscles, which nature is expanding, relax easily when baby is born. This naturally makes for infinitely less pain and danger at the crisis.

Write to The Bradfield Regulator Co., Dept. H, 300 Lamar Building, Atlanta, Ga., for interesting free book "Motherhood and the Baby".

Do not neglect to get a bottle of "Mother's Friend" from your drug.sts' tonight. It is a tried preparation and is of the greatest value to expectant mothers.

AUGUST TERM OF COUNTY COURT IN SESSION MONDAY

The August term of the county court of Chilton County was held on Monday of this week, with Judge L. H. Reynolds presiding. The docket was not very heavy. The following cases appeared for action, and were disposed of by the court in due proces:

Lucien R. Higgins, charged with transporting whiskey; plead guilty and fined $50. Also given three months hard labor.

Thomas Vleckler, assault and battery; continued by the court.

Lindsey Cleckler, assault and battery; continued by state.

Charley Ellison, charged with assault and battery. Fined $10 and costs.

Frank Irvin, charged with Sunday gaming; plead guilty and fined $20.

Martin Harris, charged with assault with intent to murder; case transferred to juvenile court.

Ocie Hallinquist, charged with petit larceny; case nolle prossed on motion of solicitor.

Arthur Benjamin, abandonment, case continued by agreement.

Wesley Jones, charged with violating prohibition laws. Plead guilty. Given six months hard labor and the costs.

E. C. Easterling charged with violating prohibition laws; plead guilty, fined $50 and 3 months hard labor.

Commissioner A. P. Vinson was in town Monday on offiial business.

Rev. Willie Wilson of Falakto was a visitor at The Union-Banner office Saturday.

L. W. Thomas of Verbena was in our office Saturday on subscription business.

For the stomach and bowel disorders of babies McGEE'S BABY ELEXIR is a remedy of genuine merit. It acts quickly, is pure, wholesome and pleasant to take. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

CANNING DEMONSTRATION FOR COLORED PEOPLE OF COUNTY

A canning demonstration of beans and tomatoes will be given to the colored people of the county in West Clanton Wednesday, Aug. 15th, at 10 o'clock, a.m. All women and all girls who are interested are urged to come, that they may be able to care for these vegetables that are in such abundance all over the county.

Mrs. LIDA JONES, Agent.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that a special election will be held in Chilton County, Alabama, on the 27th day of August, 1917, for the purpose of determining whether or not a special tax shall be levied and collected annually, at rate of thirty cents on one hundred dollars of taxable property in said county for the fiscal year 1916-'17 to 1918-'19 inclusive, (this being for a period of three years), the same to be used for the extension of the public school term and for an addition in the number of teachers where needed for the public schools of Chilton County, Alabama.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.
S. E. WALDRUP,
R. J. WILLIANMS,
W. T. HERROD,
A. P. VINSON,
Members Board of Co. Com.
H. A. HARRIS,
Sheriff Chilton Co., Ala.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON,
(Seal) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

"THE MODERN METHOD OF DECORATING WALLS"—ILLUSTRATED BOOK FREE

In planning the interior decorations of your home, this beautifully illustrated booklet will prove to you and your decorator of unquestionable value. It contains instructive articles on art in the home, color harmony, concrete information regarding the artistic finishing of your walls and ceilings.

All suggestions and practical advice come from experienced decorators. A great many color plates designed by leading artists vividly show attractively decorated rooms. You can plan your home from these illustrations and articles from bathroom to parlor.

You will also learn of the modern Flat Oil Paint for walls and ceiling—PEE-GEE FLATKOATT. It comes in 24 rich, deep, velvety colors, which are easily combined into the most charming color schemes. Aside from its beauty and durability, PEE-GEE FLATKOATT sets a new standard in economy and sanitation. Walls and ceilings are easily cleansed with a moist sponge or cloth, thus saving the expense and inconvenience of frequent redecorating.

Write today to Peaslee-Gaulbert Company, Incorporated, Louisville, Ky., for illustrated 48-page book, "The Modern Method of Decorating Walls." In the meanwhile call at this store for color card, folder and any information you may desire.

Upchurch Drug Co., Clanton, Ala.

CHILTON COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

The School for Chilton County Boys and Girls, prepared to do High School Work. Devoted to Secondary Education only. Fully affiliated with every State Institution and the Southern Association of Colleges. Also offers Course of Study for the Boy or the Girl who cannot go to College.

Faculty fully competent—every member a College Graduate; every member has a College Degree. Every Section of the County represented in the Student Body.

Listen, Fellow Citizens, this school is your school. Your tax money supports it. Send us your son or your daughter, and let them claim their own. All departmnets fully organized. Look out for announcement of the strongest Department of Music to be found outside of the cities and colleges.

Next Session opens September 5, 1917. Conference and correspondence solicited. We are here to serve.

H. C. McDONALD, A. B., Principal,
CLANTON, ALA.

THE UNION-BANNER

1Jan16

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., AUGUST 16, 1917. NUMBER 20.

U. S. TO EXERT HER POWER FOR LIBERTY

Men, Money and Supplies Now being thrown in Balance in favor of the Allies.

SPOTS IN WAR WITH GERMANY

April 6—United States declared a state of war with Germany.

May 16—Flotilla of American destroyers arrived in British waters.

June 5—Nearly 10,000,000 men between the ages of 21 adn 31 register for selective service.

June 8—Major-General John J. Pershing and staff arrived in England.

June 13—Pershing and his staff arrived in France.

June 9—Vice Admiral Simms took command of Allied naval operations in Irish waters.

June 27—American Sammies arrived in France.

July 20—Lottery held to determine order in which American men shall report for examination for draft.

July 30—Approximately 10,000,000 young men report for physical examination, preparatory to forming first national army of 680,000 men.

Washington, August 11.—Dawn of fourth year of the world war finds the United States, 120 days after the entrance, at the head of the powers in death grapple with German militarism.

The allies frankly look to this country's resources in men, materials and money to win the war. World supremacy in food, aeroplanes and ships—the three roads to victory—are in Uncle Sam's control already or will be within eighteen months.

Whether the war lasts that long or not, "everything that we are and everything that we have," as president Wilson said in his war message to Congress on April 2, is going into the battle.

The million men are at attention awaiting the call to selective service. Seventeen billion dollars will be spent in America's first year of war. Food control and conservation at home and an embargo on exports together with a mighty mobilization of industry, for war-making are other sweeping plans. Picked American troops are training for fighting in France while United States men-at-war hunt submarines and convoy priceless cargoes to Europe.

In short, America is swiftly executing the most gigantic war moves in history.

The country's resources, thrown into the balance when most of the other enemies of the central powers admittedly had reached the breaking point, naturally gave America leadership in the world war. Great Britain, France and Italy and other allies are depending upon the United States for the food, ships, fuel, aeroplanes and raw materials to carry on the war. France needs our blood and to her will go our fighting men. That, officially, is the plan.

War Activity Increasing.

The next few months will see the greatest war activity in this country. Months of preliminary organization will bear fruit in stupendous industrial changes. Shipbuilding will be trebled to overtake submarine losses. Hundreds of plants will be turned oved to the $6,400,000 aviation program. Cantonment camps of the new national guard camps—32 in all—and a doxen aviation training grounds will teach nearly a million youths the art of modern warfare.

What the ideal officials are striving for is "a nation in arms," with every interest subordinated to winning the war. Higher taxes, stricter food control, greater war expenditures and long lists of casualties from France are officially predicted—unless peace comes first. Official hope of peace is nil here.

Whatever Germany's internal troubles, her military position is admittedly superior to that of the allies, with a stalemate likely unless America's fullest weight thrown into the balance turns the scale. Officials declare America's fullest powers cannot be exerted against Germany until next year, and then may take another winter or two to bring Germany to her knees, a sincere peace suppliant.

The third year of the war closed with the prospect that it will continue two or three years more.

America, now in her fourth month as an antagonist of Germany, is shaping her plans with another three years of strife in mind.

Three years ago the world was startled by the crash of arms. Aghast though, it was, the public could see no such length to the struggle. Now, America and her allies are reconciled to more months and months of turmoil; ready to give all to crush Teuton autocracy.

Today finds fourteen powerful nations in arms against Teutonism, nine others avowedly unfriendly, and many neutrals "between the devil and the deep blue sea," ready to side one way or another soon.

Cost to be Enormous.

Peace, shunted far in the background by America's entry into the war, can only come through strong, sustained blows and America's part in men and money will be— and already has been—enormous. The past year, however, witnessed some startling efforts at peace—efforts which would be the great feature of the twelve-month were it not for the United States joining the war. When President Wilson's efforts to bring order and reason to a warring earth failed because Germany refused to lay her peace cards on the table, and instead cast all U-boat restrictions to the winds, the last hope of peace vanished until such time as Hohenzollernism—"schrecklichkeit"—is crushed.

How soon this can be accomplished depends upon the speed and force of America's blows. The nation has already appropriated billions in loans to the allies, has set aside billions more for building war vessels ,transports and ships in which to forward supplies to suffering France, Italy, Russia and Belgium.

America Mobilized.

She is mobilized for duty.

Her warships are in European waters cooperating with those of the allies, and thousands of her soldiers and marines are in France to fight with the Teutons and pollus

Thousands of aircraft are under construction with which to blind the eyes of the Germans. Her food and war supplies of all kinds are being conserved as never before to keep her allies from great want.

These blows the United States already has struck in some force. She has stopped the shipment of supplies to neutrals adjacent to the central powers, when there was reason for believing those supplies were reaching enemy hands.

She has done what she could to create in enemy countries reaction against the powers that throttle the people's will.

But thus far, she has acted with no pronounced result. Germany fights on vigorously. There is suffering in the Kaiser's kingdom, but no revolution. Russia is in deplorable straits. Military authorities believe that the end now depends entirely upon the United States. The bulk of the fighting, financing and general war work has been dumped in America's lap.

The peace wave which swept the world, began December 12, 1916, with a joint note addressed by the central powers to their enemies proposing to enter into peace negotiations. It followed a victorious advance into Rummania and came at a time when the German military position was at its crest.

It was all German peace feelers have been, an effort to get peace while German arms were in the ascendancy.

President Wilson on December 19 suggested to the warring nations that they outline their peace aims. Other neutrals sided with Wilson.

Now it is "thumbs down" and the powers that be here are doing their utmost, backed by a united people, so that the war shall not be brought to America's shores.

HALF OF THE FIRST 120 MEN FROM CHILTON ARE SELECTED

Out of the 240 Men Examined, Only About Sixty Men Are Accepted as Fit for Service—Another Call will be Issued to Complete the First Quota of 120.

As a result of the work of the local board of exemption for Chilton County, so far, 55 men out of the 240 summoned on the first call have been passed up as fit and qualified for military service, and have been certified to the office of the District Board of the Middle District of Alabama at Montgomery.

This list of accepted men is made up as follows: 38 who were accepted on physical examination and made no claim for exemption; 8 whose claims for exemption have been considered and denied by the board; 9 men who failed to appear for examination, and who are therefore automatically enlisted for service.

The exemption board has been in session daily since the physical examinations began last week, and have been closely engaged in the consideration of the many details of their work.

The first men to be accepted and qualified for the service were those who passed the physical examination and failed to file any claims for exemption or discharge. There were 38 of such, whose names are as follows:

J. C. Wilson,
Winston Boykin,
Arthur Poe,
Arnold Cherry,
John Townsend,
Jim Wyatt,
Howard C. Collins,
Johnnie M. Burnett,
James Eugene Rasberry,
Tom Holley,
Will Henderson,
Wiliam Eddie Childress,
Percy Henson,
Samuel Kelsey Walker,
Nicholas Alexander Miner,
Chauncey M. Bearden,
Charlie Eliott Sims,
Walter Banion Northcutt,
[illegible] Davenport
Miles Vander Smith,
John T. Morgan,
Joseph Warren Franklin,
David C. Mooney,
Clifton Elonza DeLoach,
Luther Marshall Wright,
Thuston Gloom Smith,
Joseph Montgolf,
George H. Gandy,
Jacob Gray Dansby,
Charles Henry Dansby,
Pierce Albert Garrett,
Robert L. Wiliams,
Gerald C. Smith,
Jimmie Clay Gardner,
Mose Cooper,
Walter Williams,
Alvin Marler,

Out of the 240 summoned for physical examination there were 16 wha failed to appear. Seven of these have been accounted for, which leaves only 9 who will be automatically enlisted by their fealure to answer the call. The names of all those who failed to appear for physical examination are as follows:

John Varner,
Bud Klinner,
James Sidney Gore,
Shade Laird,
Charlie McKee Gary
C. J. Jackson,
Arthur L. Farley,
Clarence Morgan Graham,
Zeak Lawrence,
Morey Bell Northrup,
Lee Cooper,
Edward Leon,
Cincinnati Sammons,
Thomas Parker Duffer,
Richard Paul Dennis,
Jesse Martin,

Something over 60 claims for exemption have been taken up and considered by the Board. Out of this number 8 men have been certified to the District Board as qualified, and their claims not considered sufficient to exempt them. Their names are as follows:

Reuben E. Wyatt,
Dock Goodgame,
Hughie J. Taylor,
Tommie Hand,
Bernard Guy Smith,
Emmett Lake Thompson,
Tolbert Huett,
Mims H. Tyus,

The following have claims filed with the board and they are still under consideration.

Whaley Herman Hyatt,
James M. Scott,
Grady D. Williamsm,
Samuel R. Powers,
Sheb Ellison,
Will Bishop
Harvey Pool,

The following have been granted temporary discharge, and their claims will again come up before the board for final action about September 15.

James W. Wood,
Walter Worth Adams,
Richard G. Chandler,
Othel Baker,
James Oscar Jowers,
Bailey Elijah Miller,

Out of the number of claims for discharge which have been taken up and considered by the board, the following have been granted discharge on the grounds that they have dependent families to support.

Commie Collins,
John Sistrunk,
Thos. Herbert Neighbors,
William Cleckler,
Clarence J. Henley,
William A. Weldon,
W. E. Owen,
John B. Easterling,
George Melton Moore,
Ambras Mims,
Wiliam Archie Traywick,
Rudolph Moates,
Victor John Heard,
Fed A. Summerlin,
George Hutson Nelson,
Lee Caton,
Jacob Nelson Scott,
Luther James Pyron,
Dan Harrison Lowery,
George Marion Mims,
Lewis Mims,
King James Brand,
Ben T. Chidlress,
Eugene Mullins,
Reuben F. Kolb Riggins,
Frank B. Goodgame,
Dudley Tlppett,
Jack Wilson,
John D. Yeargan,
Thomas Benjamin Porter,
Walter Marcus,
Homer Bruce,
William Henry Scott,
Wash Scott,
Horace Greeley Williams,
Joe T. Cox
William Thomas Morris,
H. Zell Manning,
James Clinton Atchison,
Joshua Johnson,
[illegible]
Grady D. Broadhead,
Jesse Reazer,
John William Anderson,

The following is a list of those who were rejected on account of physicl deficiency by the examining doctors, J. P. Hayes and N. S. Johnson.

Albert Raymond Dyer,
Grover C. Headley,
George D. Curlee.
Wilton Crawford Dickinson,
Robert C. Vines,
Tom H. Williams,
Eddie Columbus Milford,
S. Pinckney Cleckler,
Walter Oden,
Paul Franklin Sanson,
Arthur Monroe Mims,
Dave Campbell,
Josie Fulmer,
James Milton Roper,
Samuel Loyd Ray,
Charlie T. Miller,
Jesse Edwards,
Earnest Evans,
James R. Taylor,
Alvin Emmett Powell
Jessie Lee Lockhart
Chester A. Arthur Busby,
Richmond Chaney,
Delbert Brand,
Howard Henson,
Lawyer Turner,
O. R. Robinson,
Robert Brown Childress,
Charles Williams,
Reuben Armster Harris,
Lonzo Lee Chandler,
J. E. Selmon,
William Arthur Honeycutt,
Julius Chasteen,
Lawrence F. Gerald,
Eddie C. Payton,
Tommie Smith Crocker
William Burnett,
William Lambert,
Paul Goldsmith,
J. Clarence Anderson,
Arthur D. Driver,
Monroe Mims,
Millard F. Childress,
Rome Latham,
John Robert Blow,
Earnest Marvin Hilyer,
James Robinson,
Monroe Bryant
Bartley Gurney Brasher
Lindsey Shelton,
Sidney Jones,
Porter Martin,
Charlie Newton Ousley,
Fonza D. Wilson ,
Ben B. Scott,
Wiliam Williams,
Felston Mullins,
Earnest Leon Sundberg,
Marcus Selman,
Alfred Smith,
Colonel Lossen Blow,
Ocie Adams,
Walter Crawford Hutson,
Dawson P. Walter Jones,
George Thomas Watts,
John Robinson,
James P. Blackmon,

There are a number who filed their claims for exemption before the board who have not yet presented their affidavits. These cases will be considered and disposed of as they are brought before the board with the proper affidavits supporting them.

ANOTHER CALL TO BE ISSUED THE LAST OF THIS WEEK

Owing to the fact that the local board has obtained only about half the required number of men out of the first call, it is practically certain that they will issue an additional call this week for more men to appear for examination. It is not yet known just how many will be called, but estimating it on the percentage of the number already accepted out of the first 240 it is practically certain that it will be neecssary to call another 240 in order to secure the required number.

PROPER BASIS FOR PEACE NEGOTIATIONS ANNOUNCED

Washinnton, August 14.—(Special corespondence.) At the request of the American Union against Militarism, Senator Stone, as chairman of the Senate Committee on foreign affairs, has agreed to open up a discussion in the Senate regarding America's conception of the proper basis for peace negotiations. He announced this in the Senate as follows:

"A communication has come in to me in an official way, as chairman of one of the committees of the Senate, asking me to raise in this body some discussions of the proper basis for peace negotiations. As this request comes from citizens of undoubted respectible character and responsibility, I have thought it proper to submit it to the Senate. I make no observation upon it at this time. I have had it read and ask that it lie upon the table for I desire to make some observations respecting it at an early convenient date. I am not prepared to proceed this morning. I shall hope during the coming week to find an opportunity to say something with respect of these ladies and gentlemen, and with respect to the subject which they ask me, in my official capacity, to make some action."

It is reported that Senator Borah of Idaho and Senator LaFollette expect to join in the discussion of peace [illegible] The administration "stand patters" like Walsh of Montana and Ollie James of Kentucky will insist that congress should ignore the Russian peace proposals and the Reichstag announcement and leave all discussion of peace terms to the President.

The proposed resolution which the American Union submitted to the senator as a tentative basis for discussion read in part as follows:

"Be it resolved that the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring, hereby declares its sympathy with the attitude of democratic Russia toward the war and its willingness to enter into peace negotiations with the Russian formula as a basis, recognizing, however, that Belgium is plainly entitled to special restitution from Germany and recommending that the disposition of certain much disputed border lands should be determined by plebescite under the supervision of an impartial international tribunal, on the principle of the right of the population to control its own destiny.

That the congress of the United States welcomes the German Reichstag peace resolution as an attempt on the part of the German people to express their desire for a permanent peace of reconciliation without annexation and without indemnity."

You will find barrells for your syrup at Clanton Mercantile Co. They have just got in a full car load of brand new cypress barrels.

MILCH COWS, DRY CATTLE, HOGS

When you need milch cows, dry cattle, hogs, or have any to sell or trade, see us. Will sell for cash or on time. Gulledge Bros., or W. M. Bridges,
8-9-17-3t Verbena, Ala.

WILL TEST DRAFT IN THE SUPREME COURT

Foes of Conscription have Succeeded in Getting a Case before the high court.

Washington, Aug. 11—Foes of the draft are about to succeed in bringing a case into court. A case designed to test the constitutionality of the conscription act will be docketed in the United States court next week and probably will be called for trial during the fall term.

The case will come up on a writ of error from the District Court of the Northern District of Ohio.

Charles H. Ruthenburg, recently Socialist candidate for mayor of Cleveland: Alfred Wagenknecht, Ohio state Secretary of the Socialist party, and Charles Baker, Ohio State Organizer of that party, were convicted of having conspired to induce persons subject to the conscription act to evade the law in violation of section 332 of the penal code. They were sentenced on July 25, by Judge Wesenhaver to a term of one year in the Canton, Ohio, workhouse. The defendents sued out a writ of error and citation was served on United States Attorney Wertz on July 25, returnable August 24.

Efforts have been made by persons not in sympathy with the conscription act to raise funds with which to test the law. This case, it is believed, will bring its constitutionality before the courts.

ALABAMA BOYS AMONG NEXT TO GO TO EUROPEAN FRONT

Washington, August 14.—Plans for sending the first national guard troop to France have been perfected by the war department with the organization of a division which will include troops from twenty-six states and the District of Columbia.

The states from which the national guard troops are to be assembled are Louisiana, Pennsylvania, Wisconsin, New York, Ohio, Georgia, Alabama, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Minnesota, [illegible] South Carolina, California, Virginia, North Carolina, Kansas, Texas, Michigan, New Jersey, Tennessee, Oklahoma, Nebraska, Colorado, Oregon.

Others come from the District of Columbia.

NOTES FROM BEAT 11 ....

To the honorable voters of Chilton County: The time is close at hand for more special tax. It looks like our tax is enough at present; and I think we had better wait till we can get in better shape before we get any more taxes on our hands.

Think of it! It means 30 cents on the hundred dollars worth of property, and we, the laboring people have it to pay. There is a majority against it boys, so let's all turn out and vote it down, at present till we can get in better shape, for we have got as much as we can go with at this time.

The big man don't pay one cent of it, nor does the corporation company pay one cent of it. The laborerers have it all to pay. Boys, think well of it before you vote for it.

JOHN S. DENNIS.

FOR SALE—AUTO

a I have a good automobile for sale cheap on good terms.
Joe VannDerveer, Jr., Clanton, Ala.

If you sit in a cool draft when you are heated and get a stiff neck or lame back, you will be looking for something that will ease the pain. Fix your mind on BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT and don't be talked out of it because it is the best pain relieving liniment you can get anywhere. Price 25c, 50c and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Feed Mill For Sale

Good as new Stover Feed Mill. The reason I am selling is because I have enroute a Thirty Ton Capacity Mill, and will need the room now occupied by this one.

J. A. Maddox

CLANTON, ALA.

A School for Farm Boys and Girls.

THORSBY INSTITUTE

THORSBY, ALABAMA.

Offers Unusual Advantages for the Boy or Girl from the Farm. A Faculty of Well-Trained Teachers.

Large Library and Well-Equipped Laboratory.
Boarding Department under supervision of the School.

Total School Expenses, including Board, for Nine Months, $135... An Opportunity to pay part of this Amount in work or provisions.

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Principal S. H. HERBERT,
Thorsby, Ala.

Twelfth Year opens September 11.

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
W. M. WYATT AND J. B. WELLS
Publishers and Proprietors.

W. M. WYATT, Editor.
J. B. WELLS, Business Manager.

Subscription price $1.00 per year, payable in advance.

Entered April 15, 1913, at Clanton Ala., as second class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

From the action of the local exemption board up to this time, it would seem that they arei nclined to exempt all married men who have wives and children dependent on them. So far they have not denied any claims in which such conditions exist.

A news dispatch from Washington says that the United States government is encouraging the planting of millions acres of wheat in Siberia. Suppose they plant the what and at about the time it gets ripe for harvest Russia negotiates a separate peace with Germany. But we hope Uncle Sam can see far enough ahead to handle his cards so as not to be raising wheat to feed the Germans while they are fighting us.

Dr. Samuel E. Johnson who is in the U. S. Naval service at New Orleans, is at home here this week on furlough. The doctor says he likes his work just fine. He has an idea though that it may not be so sweet a little later on when we get straightened out on the chase for the Kaiser's "mutton."

We heard one man say he had always favored any reasonable proposition that meant better rural schools in the county, but he also said that he could not afford to vote for the three-mill tax. Strange that he should at the very time when he could do the most for the cause of education by his ballot, refuse to cast it in the support of the schools. One vote for the three-mill tax would mean more for the schools than every vote he has ever cast heretofore. Now is the time to figure close on this proposition.

The local exemption board for Chilton County has been some busy "piece of machinery" for the past week. The physical examination of the first call was completed Saturday afternoon. Monday morning the details of the papers in charge of the board were taken up and arranged preparatory to the consideration of the exemption claims that were on file. Action has been taken on practically all the cases in the first call. Now the board will begin to arrange for the additional call which will be necessary in order to complete the quota of 120 men which the county is due to furnish on the first call.

We do not see why it is that those who object to the county road law have waited to this late day to turn the world up side down in denunciation of the provisions of the laws. Before a single section of the new enactments of the Commissioners was placed on the records as permanent laws, the whole thing was published abroad over the county, and request after request was issued to the people to come and concur with the court in the discussion and perfecting of the laws. Particularly were the members of the court anxious that the laws should serve the best interests of the county, and not work any unjust and undue burden on any class of citizens. Each request of the court brought a few men out to their meetings, and those who came were agreable to the new laws and pleased with the whole process of the court in seeking better road conditions for the county.

But now that the laws have been completed and put into effect, there are some who are kicking "like a bay steer." We don't see why they didn't raise a kick before the laws were passed if they are so outrageous and unjust. They had the same opportunity to kick then as they have now.

TO OUR DEAR MERCHANT MEN WHO SHOULD BE ADVERTISERS

Breathes there a man with soul so dead
Who never to himself hath said,
"My trade of late is growing bad,
I'll try another ten-nich ad."
If such there be, go mark him well,
For him no bank account will swell,
No angels watch the golden stair
To welcome him the millionaire.
The man who never asks for trade
By local line or ad. displayed,
Cares more for rest than worldly gain
And patronage but gives him pain;
Tread lightly friends: let not a sound
Disturb his solitude profound.
Here let him live in calm repose
Unsought except by men he owes,
And when he dies go plant him deep,
That naught may break his sleep—
Where no rude clamor may dispel
The quiet that he loved so well,
And that the world may know its loss
Place on his grave a wreath o'moss;
And on the stone above, "here lies
A chump who wouldn't advertise."

ADVICE FROM MR. HOBBIE AS TO FEEDING ON VELVET BEANS

Following is a letter received from Mr. Richard M. Hobby, the expert on agricultural questions, to Mr. J. N. Dennis:

"Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 10, 1917.
"Mr. J. N. Dennis, Clanton, Ala.
"Dear Sir:

"Thinking that probably the attached would be of interest, we are sending you a copy. We will ask that you note, especially, the first seven lines of the third paragraph on page two, in regard to feeding cattle on velvet beans.

"Yours truly,
"RICHARD M. HOBBIE."

Mr. Hobbie's Letter.

Dear Sir:

We have your letter of the 2nd, and in reply will say that the writer has, as you doubtless know, been appointed by President Wilson on Mr. Hoover's staff and assigned to Alabama. We feel that our first problem in Alabama will be in finding of markets at satisfactory prices for the farmers who have raised food stuffs. Due to shortage in ships, congestion in terminals and shortage in cars, these crops will necessarily move slowly.

Priority will be given to cotton seed, peanuts and soy beans, as these are all oil producing. These crops should be marketed as soon as they mature and sent immediately to the oil mills, which will be ready to receive them, so that the oil may be extracted and sent forward at the earliest possible date, both for the use of our allies as food and for our own use in the manufacture of nitro glycerine.

Alabama will, this year, raise approximately 100,000,000 bushels of corn. While possibly only 25 per cent will leave the farms; yet in our opinion, it will take six months to move this enormous amount of corn. We will ask, therefore, that you urge all farmers to immediateyl erect corn cribs of poles, if lumber is not instantly available, in which to store the corn, being sure that a good roof is put over it to protect it from weather damage. This is necessary, for if the farmers attempt to dump this corn on the market during the three full months, as is usually done, the price will, without doubt, be broken down to such a point that it will be neither satisfactory nor profitable to the farmer, and because of the cheap price, much corn will then be wasted, and next summer will again rise to a price that will be beyond the reach of the consumer.

Every bushel of corn raised in this state will be needed during the next twelve months, and should be very carefully consumed. Due to the shortage in cars, very little corn, if any, should move to market on the cob and in the shuck, as only 300 to 400 bushels can be loaded in a car. Corn should be shelled and shipped in bulk for the came car will carry 1500 to 2000 bushels of shelled corn in bulk. Further, there is no reason why the farmer should be taxed on every bushel with the freight of 30 pounds of cobs and shucks, which are valuless in the terminal markets and which are usually destroyed by burning, but are of some value on the farm. It has taken us fifty years to learn to market cotton. Let us profit by this experience and not dump our corn on the market this fall, but house it on the farm and feed it to the market as the market demands.

Due to the shortage in the world's wheat crop, a very large percentage of corn will be used during 1918 for human food. This is another reason why corn should be carefully conserved. Stored corn should further be treated with carbon bi-sulphide, in order to kill weevils.

As a substitute for the corn we feed to animals, we suggest that farmers use velvet beans, peanut and cotton seed meal, peanut hay, pea vine and Johnson gress hay. In this way we figure that we can safely send out of our state for the use of our allies, 25,000,000 or possibly 30,000,000 bushels of our corn.

The velvet bean crop will have to wait till the food crop has gotten undey way, therefore, farmers should also make provision for storing that portion of their beans which they do not harvest with their hogs and eattle. We believe that the most profitable way for a farmer to market his beans is, if he is able, to buy cattle and hogs and fatten them on his beans. In this way ,he can make a handsome profit on both the cattle and the hogs and still have his fertilizer. At present, the writer is trying to perfect a way whereby we may be able to move a large portion of the velvet bean crops, both in the shape of beans and bean meal, thru to the middle west, to be used in the dairies there. It is absolutely necessary, Mr. Hoover states, that these dairies be speeded up in order to supply milk and butter to the large cities and cheese and condensed milf for shipment to our allies. These dairies are now suffering by reason of high priced dairy food, and we hope that by March at the latest, we will be able to have flowing a big stream of velvet beans and velvet bean meal over to these districts. In the meantime, we beg that the farmer take care of he larger portion of this crop as there will be no available storage space in the larger portion of this crop as there will appreciate your help in getting these suggestions to the farmers in your neighborhood and we will also appreciate any suggestions or criticisms which you wish to make, all of which, we assure you will help us in this work. Will you kindly send us the name of four or five intelligent, progressive farmers who will also volunteer to help?

If you or some of your neighbors have not already placed your order for a corn sheller, we suggest that you do place an order at once, as it is very difficult indeed to get immediate shipment of any machinery at this time. We are now using the corn sheller, manufactured by the John Deere Plow Co., who have an office at Atlanta, and we have purchased another sheller manufactured by the Sandwich Co., of Sandwich, Ill., and we understand that the International Harvester Co. also manufactures a sheller. We trust that you will write to one or all of these concerns immediately. As stated in the beginning, we wish to cooperate with the farmers in finding satisfactory and profitable markets and we trust that you will help us all you can.

Yours tryly,
RICHARD M. HOBBIE.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE

Default having been made in the payment of that certain mortgage executed on the 14th of April, 1914, by Thorsby Building Association, a corporation, to Mrs. Birget Erdahl and Gertrude Ellengson, which said mortgage is recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in Vol. 137 of Mortgages, at page 616. The undersigned mortgagee will sell the following described property at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the courthouse door of Chilton County, Alabama, during the legal hours of sale, on Monday, the 3rd day of September, 1917. The said property being described as follows: Lots No. 8, in Block No. 1, in Thorsby, Alabama, as per lot of said town of Thorsby on record in the office of the Judge of probate of Chilton County, Alabama, together with the two-story brick building thereon, the said property being in Chilton County, Alabama.

The proceeds of said sale will be used to pay the expenses of advertising said sale and conveying said property and paying all necessary taxes, insurances, and the balance due on said mortgage including a reasonable attorney's fee.

MRS. BIRGET ERDAHL,
GERTRUDE ELLENGSON,
Mortgagees.
Middleton & Reynolds,
8-9-4t Attorneys for Mortgagees.

It Is Our Daily Task

to consider and solve the printing problems for our customers, and each one we solve gives us just so much more experience to apply to the next one. This is what keeps us busy—this is why we are best equipped to do your printing in the way it should be done. Suppose you ask us to submit specimens and quote price.

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"The Modern Method of Decorating Walls"

This illustrated book, gives full information and practical suggestions of the latest and best ideas on the decoration of interior walls and ceilings. It shows a number of rooms in colors designed by leading artists, giving exact specifications for obtaining harmonious color effects with

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"The Modern, Durable Sanitary Flat Oil Finish."

It comes in white and 24 deep, rich velvety colors which do not fade.

Ask for free book or write for it to Peaslee-Gaulbert Co., Inc., Louisville, Ky.

UPCHURCH DRUG CO.,
Clanton, Ala.

POLICE CHIEF WAS ENTIRELY HELPLESS

"I Am Glad To Say A Good Word For Tanlac Says Chief Riley"

"I can understand now why everybody is praising this Tanlac, for it has filled me with new life and energy and I feel better than for months past," said Chief of Police, George S. Riley, of Macon, Georgia, in an interesting interview, some time ago.

"I was always a healthy man until June 1915," he continued, "when I had a serious attack which confined me to bed for three months, and left me with troubles that developed pleurisy and other complications. I underwent several operations and tried many different medicines, but couldn't get rid of the catching pains in my hips and the small of my back and a hurting all through my feet and legs, and for a long time I was entirely helpless. My kidneys were also affected and my system seemed to be poisoned with uric acid.

"From the very time I began taking this Tanlac, I improved until I am now feeling like a new man in every way. The pains in my side have left me entirely, I haven't a sign of trouble with my kidneys, the pains have left my lower limbs and I am in better shape than I have been for many months. I sure am glad to say a good word for Tanlac, for it has put me on my feet again."

Tanlac is sold in Clanton by Upchurch Drug Co., in Mt. Creek by J. E. Deon, in Jemison by Langston Drug Co., in Thorsby by A. K. Horn & Son, in Cooper by McSwain Mercantile Co., in Verbena by Gulledge Bros., in Marbury by the Plateau Drug Co., in Riderville by E. E. Jackson Lumber Co., in Stanton by W. C. Dyer and in Maplesville by Maplesville Drug Co.

THORSBY ITEMS

Mr. J. L. Winslow is spending a few days with his mother, Mrs. Rachel Winslow at Marion, Ala.

Miss Juanita Atkinson of Jemison spent Friday and Saturday on last week with Miss Agnes Leary.

Prof. Foster Williams of Goodwater and Mr. Dan Williams of Americus, Ga., spent a few days last week with their brother, Prof. C. M. Williams.

The following young people of Thorsby took advantage of the excursion rate of $1.00 to Birmingham and return last Sunday: Misses Agnes and Ruth Gerald, Olga Soberg, Walter Morgan, Herbert Hughes, Leon Peterson, Leon and Gordon Stanley.

Miss Alma Dippery, a graduate of Thorsby Institute, who has recently completed a course in stenotypy and typewritinp in Wheeler Business College, Birmingham, has been appointed to a civil service position in Washington, D.C. She left on Tuesday of this week to take up her work there.

Rev. E. W. Butler attended the Bear Creek Association of the Congregational Churches at Houston, on August 10 to 12.

Mr. Herbert Hughes of Pigeon Creek, Ala., is an arrival at Thorsby Institute. He is assisting with the painting and repairing of the Girls Dormitory. He expects to be in school here next year.

Mrs. C. E. Dippery spent Sunday and Monday with her daughter, Alma, in Birmingham.

Mr. A. L. Gaines left on Wednesday of last week for Anniston, where he has accepted a position.

It will be interesting to the many friends of Mr. Arthur Villadsen to know that he has recently joined the Aviation Corps of the army and has been sent to San Antinio, Texas.

Quite an interesting program was rendered on last Suday night at the Union meeting of the three young peoples' societies, Luther League, B. Y. P. U., and Christian Endeavor, held at the Baptist Church. Talks were made by Rev. S. H. Herbert, and Rev Arnold Nelson on Chrictian patriotism.

We suppose there are some who do not see their way clear in voting for the three-mill school tax, but The Union-Banner does not expect to fall out with them for such a view. They are entitled to their own opinion, just as is everyone in regard to all public questions. But we would like to ask each and everyone who is inclined to be opposed to the adoption of the tax to give the question the closest consideration, and see if they cannot find justification for a ballot cast in favor of the proposition on August 27.

"That miserable pain—don't you want relief?"



Close attention to work is the cause of much Pain and many Headaches. Obtain relief by taking one or two

DR. MILES' ANTI-PAIN PILLS

Then tone up the Nervous System by using

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine

AWFUL SUFFERING.

"I suffered untold agony with neuralgia. I thought I would go mad with pain. A friend of mine advised me to take Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. I did so and the pain stopped almost at once. Then I commenced using Dr. Miles' Nervine and before long I was so that I did not have these pains any more." E. J. WINTER, 561 E. Platte Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo.

IF FIRST BOTTLE, OR BOX, FAILS TO HELP YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

Mr. Merchant

When You Come to The Convention

DON'T FORGET TO CALL ON US

We want you to take this as a personal invitation to call in and see us yhen you come to the Big Mrchants' Convention. Call by and let us demonstrate to your entire satisfaction why the Velie Automobile can rightfully claim "Better cars are not built at any price." We can prove by demonstration its remarkable flexibility, power, riding quality and economy and by numerous testimonials of those who have driven Velie cars under all conditions of road and weather on country highways and city boulevards. We know that we can convince you that the Velie is the best auto buy for you.

For The Sake Of Economy Deliver By Truck.

If you are like the thousands of Alabama merchants who are constantly worried by the enormous expense of delivery, our transportation expert will gladly figure out to your complete satisfaceion and pleasure where by installing the Velie Truck with such features as the radiator and cooling system, Bosch ignition, clutch steering gear, Timken Worm drive axels, you will be able to reduce your haulage overhead 50 to 75 per cent. They come in 3-4, 2 and 3 1-2 tons.

We're looking for you--we're at your service

Flint Motor Car Company

C. P. HAMMOND, President

211 South 21st St. BIRMINGHAM, ALA. Phone Main 1438

This week we wish to call your attention to

Some Special Prices

Beginning right now we are making some real low prices on a great number of items in order to reduce our summer stock and make room for our Fall and Winter Goods.

Mens Fancy Shirts

This summer we placed a special line of Men's High Grade Sumer Shirts in the latest fancy paterns. They have sold well and pleased the buyers. A few of these shirts remain, and owing to the late season now, we offer them at Bargain Prices.

Prices range from One Dollar on up.

Neckties and Collars

There has never been a prettier line of Men's Fancy Neckties than those which we have left over from the lot we bought for our trade this summer. They are the latest and most equisite colors, most attractive to the eyes. Also a fine line of Collars for men and boys. Special bargains now being offered in both Collars and Ties.

Cool Summer Suits.

We have on hand a few more suits of our special summer stock of Cool Cloth. Also a few pairs of pants for hot weather wear. We urge you to buy one of these suits to help you over the remaining hot days of summer time.

Slippers and Straw Hats

This is a little late in the season to buy Low Cut Shoes, and for that reason we offer some special prices on the remainder of our stock of this kind. We have a few pairs of Palm Beach Canvas shoes at bargains.

We have a few Straw Hats in the latest styles, which we want to dispose of as quickly as possible.

Other Mens Furnishings

Anything else you want in the way of Gents' Furnishings. Fine Hose, Belts, Handkerchiefs, Underwear, etc. All specially reduced in price owing to late season.

We have anything noy need to piece out your wearing apparel to the winter season.

Ladies Dress Goods

In our Ladies' Department, as well as all the other lines, you will find special prices on all goods in order to close out our summer stock. You already know the reputation and class of our ladies' wearables. The very latest things in the way of dress goods, specially suited for the summer comfort. Come in and let Miss Thomas show you what we have left in these lines.

All Kinds of Notions

Not only will the ladies find dress goods here, but many other little items which they alweys need. All kinds of ribbons, lace, thread and trimmings.

Special lot of Ladies' Hose in Silks, which we want to close out soon. Also Ladies' Shoes and Slippers in both Leather and Canvas. Our Ladies' Department is complete in every detail.

We are especially anxious right now in the remaining days of the summer to reduce our stock. The best way to move goods is make the price right. Now we want you to come and see these goods we are offering, and find out what money-savers they will be to you.

Clanton Mercantile Company

The Big Bargain Store.

If your child is pale and sickly, picks at the nose, starts in the sleep and grinds the teeth while sleeping, it is a sure sign of worms. A remedy for these parasites will be found in WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE. It not only clears out the worms, but it restores health and cheerfulness. Price 2 5 rpcebottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

FOR SALE OR TRADE

One Buick Roadster in good condition. Will sell or trade for anything of equal value. Apply at the Banner.

Don't forget your Subscription.

We are in a position to give all

Job Printing

Prompt and Careful Attention

Individuality in your letterheads and other printed matter is helpful to your business. We are ready at all times to give you the benefit of our experience.

NOTICE ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE

In pursuance of a decree rendered by the Probate Court of Chilton county, Alabama, on the 27th day of July, 1917, annulling and settnig aside the sale of land heretofore made by me as Administrator of the estate of R. A. Hancock, deceased, and directing me to re-sell said land; said re-sale to be made as directed in the decree previously granted directing the sale of said land, in the first instance; I, as administrator of said estate, will sell at the courthouse door in Clanton, Ala., to the highest bidder for cash, on the 18th day of August, 1917, the following described real estate, situated in Chilton County, Ala., to-wit:

That part of the south half of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of Section 16, Township 21, Range 15, lying east of the Clanton and Cooper public road; and one and one-half acres of land in the north side of the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of said section, township and range; said land being known as the R. A. Hancock place.

Said sale is made for the purpose of paying the debts of said estate, and for distribution of the remainder of the funds after the debts are paid among the children of the decedent.

This, the 27th day ow July, 1917.

J. W. FOSHEE,
Administrator of Estate of R. A. Hancock, deceased. 7-26-3t

If you feel "blue", "no-count", lazy you need a good cleaning out. HERBINE is the right thing for that purpose. It stimulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

SINGING CONVENTION

The next semi-annual session of the Chilton County Singing Convention is to be held at Hampton, west of Verbena, on the First Sunday in September and Saturday before. All are invited. Bring the Harp and Harmony music books. We learn that singers coming by rail will be met at Verbena. Notify Prof. J. H. Scott, Verbena, Ala.

T. J. JACKSON, Pres.
Z J. JONES, Secretary.

We have a good quality of Flour, Lard and other groceries at good prices. It will pay you to see us before you buy. W. Z. HODGES.

Taking Cathartics Every Day for Weeks Don't Cure Stomach Trouble

They do not eliminate the poisonous bile accretions from the system, so declares a leading Chicago stomach specialist. Often gall stones, cancer and ulcers of the stomach and intestines, auto intoxication, yellow jaundice, appendicitis and other dangerouse ailments are the consequences. Mayr's Wonderful Remedy is the ideal prescription for stomach, liver and intestinal ailments. It has restored millions. One dose will prove that it will help you. Mayr's Wonderful Remedy is for sale by Upchurch Drug Co.

MONEY TO LEND

I represent a mortgage company, lending money on real estate at a low rate of interest. All charges less than 8 per cent. If loan is desired, see me and place application.

F. B. COLLIER,
Clanton, Ala.

SHERIFF'S SALE—REAL ESTATE

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Ala., and to me directed, whereby I, as Sheriff of said county, was commanded to make the sum of twenty-four and 67-100 dollars, principal and interest, and one hundred, forty and 90-100 dollars, costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the fall term, 1911, of said court of said county, Alabama, in favor of J. W. Hayes, against Thos. J. Mims. I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the courthouse door of said county, between the hours of 11 o'clock, a.m., and 4 o'clock, p.m. on Monday, the 3rd day of September, 1917, all the right, title and interest of the above named Thos. J. Mims, in and to the following described real estate, viz:

South half of northwest quarter, Sec. 20, T. P. 22, Range 15; northwest quarter of northwest quarter of Sec. 20, T. P. 22, Range 15; south half of southwest quarter of northeast quarter, Sec. 18, T. P. 22, Range 15; 20 acres in the northwest corner of south west quarter of southeast quarter, lying north of Rock Creek, Sec. 7, T. P. 22, Range 15; lots 1, 2, and 3, in block Two, in the Town of Clanton, Ala., as shown by the official map of said town, now on file in the office of the Judge of Probate.

This, 1st day of August, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at the courthouse door, Aug. 1, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

FOR SALE

90 acres of land near Benson's Cross Roads. Apply to Mrs. C. W. Martin, Maplesville, R. 1. 7-19-2t

MORTGAGE SALE

Default having been made in the payment of the indebtedness secured by that certain mortgage executed by Guy H. Gerald and Clara Gerald, to O. P. Lindquist on March 25, 1915, which said mortgage being recorded in Vol. 150, page 426, record of mortgages, in theo fice of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Ala., I, O. P. Lindquist will offer for sale at public outcry, to the highest and best bidder for cash, on Monday, Sept 17, 1917, during the legal hours of sale, at the courthouse door in Clanton, Ala., the following described real estate situated in Chilton County, Alabama, to-wit:

Certain lots or parcels of land in the Town of Thorsby, described as follows: Beginning at a point one hundred (100) feet west of the southeast corner of the southwest quarter of northwest quarter of northwest quarter of Section seven (7), Township twenty-two (22), Range Fourteen (14), running thence south two hundred (200) feet, thence east to a point on the west line of the northwest quarter of the Southeast quarter of the Northwest quarter on the Birmingham & Montgomery Highway, thence in a northerly direction along said road to the north line of Southwest quarter of Northwest quarter, thence west to the point of beginning, containing thre and one-half (3½) acres, more or less;

Also S.W.¼ of N.W.¼ of N.W.¼, Sec. 7, T.P. 22, Range 14, containing ten (10) acres, more or less.

Also S.½ of S.E.¼ of S.E.¼ of Section 1, Township 22, Range 13, containing twenty (20) acres, more or less;

Also N.E.¼ of N.E.¼ ;N.½ of S.E ¼ of N.E.¼, Sec. 12, T. P. 22, Range 13, containing sixty (60) acres, more or less;

Also N.E.¼ of N.E.¼ of S.E.¼; S.W.¼ of N.W.¼ of N.E.¼, Sec. 12, T.P. 22, Range 13, containing twenty (20) acres, more or less.

Also part of N.W.¼ of S.W.¼ of S.W.¼, Sec. 6, T.P. 22, Range 14, described as follows: a strip of land one hundred feet wide along the west side of said land, also a parcel of land described as Lots Nos. 8, 9, 10, in Block 1 of Siminton's Addition to Thorsby, said lots extending east from the strip above mentioned and fronting fifty feet, each, on Franklin Street, and extending in a southerly direction 140 feet, said strip and lots containing in all, two acres, more of less.

Containing in all, 115 acres, more or less.

All above land in Sections one and seven, are conveyed subject to any valid reservation or mineral right in force at the execution of said mortgage.

The proceeds of said sale will be applied to the payment of the expenses incident to said sale, including attorneys' fee, and to the amount of the indebtedness due on said mortgage.

This, August 1, 1917.

O. P. LINDQUIST, Mortgagee.
Middleton & Reynolds,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.

NON RESIDENT NOTICE

State of Alabama, Chilton Cohnty. Probate Court, July 18, 1917

In the matter of the estate of Avrilla Abrams, deceased, to Alberta Mosley, non resident of the State of Alabama.

Whereas, H. A. Harris, as administrator of the estate of Avrilla Abrams, deceased, has filed his petition in writing under oath in said Court, for an order to sell certain lands belonging to said estate, described in said petition, for paying the debts due by said estate, upon the grounds that the personal property of said estate is insufficient for the payment of the debts, and the 20 day of August, 1917, has been appointed for the hearing of said petition:

You are therefore, hereby commanded to appear before the said Court on said day to contest said petition if you think proper.

Witness my hand, this 18 day of July, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

A. C. Smith B. Guy Smith
SMITH & SMITH
Attorneys At Law
General Practice
Clanton, - - - - - Alabama.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. A. B. BAXLEY
Optometrist
Office in Mullins Bldg.
Clanton, Ala.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

F. B. COLLIER
Attorney at Law
Office in the Johnson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in Hopkins Bldg.
Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women & Surgery
CLANTON, ALA.

WHEN in need of Printing see what we can do before you go elsewhere.

We will have County Fair this Fall at Clanton as we have heretofore

The Chilton County Fair Association announces that the County Fair will be held at Clanton as usual some time this fall. The exact date will be announced later.

The catalogue and Premium List will be sent out in about a week from now.

!BARGAINS!

Don't Miss These Money Savings

Whatever you need in Wearing Apparel for Men, Women and Children can be bought here at a Great Saving in Price. This great End-of-Season Sale of L. H. Reynolds is for the purpose of Cleaning out all Summer Stocks. The very Things you need for the hot, sultry days. Original Costs are lost sight of during this Sale.

MEN'S SHOES

6 pair Men's Kid Oxfords, $5.00 value, now $3.50
15 pair Men's Tan Oxfords, $5.00 value, now $3.60
17 pair Men's Gun Metal Oxfords, $6.00 value, now.. $3.75
22 pair Men's Gun Metal Oxfords, $4.00 value, now.. $2.60
12 pair Men's Palm Beach Oxfords $2.75, now $1.25
17 pair Men's White Oxfords, $4.00 value, now $2.75
14 pair Men's Gun Metal Oxfords, $4.50 value, now.. $2.60
12 pair Men's Gun Metal Oxfords, $3.25 value, now.. $2.00
7 pair Men's Canvas Shoes, $1.50 value, now $1.10
21 pair Men's Canvas Shoes, $1.00 value, now 65c
20 pair Men's White Tennis Oxfords, $1.00, now 75c
7 pair Men's White Tennis Oxfords 75c, now 50c
22 pair Men's White Tennis Oxfords $1.00, now 75c
45 pair Men's White Tennis Oxfords, 75c value, now.. 45c

BOYS' SHOES

21 pair Boys' White Tennis Oxfords, $1.00 value, now.. 75c
45 pair Boys' White Tennis Oxfords, $1.00 value, now.. 65c
18 pair Boys' White Tennis Oxfords, 65c value, now .. 45c

BOYS CAPS

48 Boys' Caps, $1.00 value, now 69c
48 Boys' Caps, 65c value, now 40c
48 Boys' Caps, 50c value, now 40c

UNDERWEAR

60 suits Men's B.V.D. Underwear, 50c value, now 40c
60 Men's Slips that sold for 50c, now 40c
24 Men's B. V. D. Union Suits, $1.00 value, now 75c
36 Boy's B. V. D. Union Suits, 50c value, now 40c

LADIES' SHOES

3 pr. Ladies' Black English Walker Slippers $4, now.. $2.60
7 pr. Ladies' Gun Metal Pumps, $3.50 value, now .. $2.75
16 pr. Ladies' Baby Doll Pumps, $4.00 value, now $2.75
10 pr. Ladies' Patent Leather Pumps, $3 value, now.. $1.75
16 pr. Ladies' Patent Baby Doll Pumps $3 value, now.. $1.75
17 pr. Ladies' Patent Baby Doll Pumps $4 value, now.. $2.65
11 pr. Ladies' Gun Metal Mary Jane pumps $3, now.. $2.10
7 pr. Ladies' Colonial Pumps, $3.50 value, now $2.10
7 pr. Ladies' Kid Oxfords, $3.50 value, now $2.15
17 pr. Ladies' Pumps, $3.75 value, now $2.45
58 pr. Ladies' Slippers, sold for $2.50, to $3.50 now .. $1.75
21 pr. Ladies' Pumps, $4.00 value, now $2.60
15 pr. Ladies' Gun Metal Pumps, $2.50 value, now $1.75
4 pr. Ladies' Vici Oxfords, $3.50 value, now $2.40
9 pr. Ladies' Canvas Pumps, $1.00 value, now 65c
24 pr. Mary Jane Canvas Slippers, $1.50, now $1.10
14 pr. Ladies' White Slippers $1.50 to $3.00, now 75c

MISSES' SHOES

14 pr. Misses' Mary Jane Pumps, 75c value, now 55c
32 pr. Children's White Slippers, $1.50 to $2.00, now.. 90c
26 pr. Misses' Canvas Pumps, 90c value, now 69c
30 pr. Little Girls' Slippers, $2.75 value, now $1.79
37 pr. Girls' Slippers, $3.00 value, now $1.98
12 pr. Girls' Slippers that sold for $3.25, now..... $1.19
8 pr. Girls' Slippers, that sold for $1.25, uow 79c
6 pr. Babies' Shoes, that were sold at 50c, now 39c
10 pr. Babies Shoes that sold for $1.00 now 59c
11 pr. Misses' Slippers, that were $3.00, now $1.98
17 pr. Misses' Slippers that sold for $2.75, now $1.59
24 pr. Misses' Slippers that were $2.25, now $1.59
23 pr. Misses' Slippers, $2.00 value, now $1.59
19 pr. Misses' Slippers, $1.75 valus, now $1.19
7 pr. Misses' Slippers, $3.50 value, now $1.69

LADIES' HATS

12 Ladies' Hats that were selling for $3.00, now 69c

MEN'S HATS

24 Men's Leghorn Hats, $3.50 value, now $2.00
12 Men's Panama Hats that sold for $3.00, now $2.00
60 Men's Felt Hats, $2.50 value, now $1.98

MEN'S SHIRTS

18 Men's Dress Shirts, that were $1.25, now 75c
30 Men's Shirts, 75c values, now 40c

Mens Half Hose

96 pr. Men's Silk Half Hose, 50c value, now 25

LADIES, ATTENTION!

350 yds. 15c Bleaching, limited to 10 yds., per yd. now 10c
550 yds. Crepe and Lawns that sold for 12½c, now 10c
150 yds. 15c Linene that sold for 15c per yd., now 12½c
24 Ladies' Dress Shirts that sold for $1.00, now 40c
Embroidery from 2½ to 8 in. wide, 10c to 25c value.... 6c
1 lot of White Corduroy shirts that were $2.50, now .. $1.15
1 lot of White Poplin Skirts that were $1.50, now 79c

THREAD

1200 balls Silkine Crochet Thread, 3 balls for 25c
660 spools of Black Sewing Thread, 7 spools for 25c

CATTLE EXCHANGE

I buy, sell of exchange milch cows and all kinds of cattle. Will pay the highest market price if you want to sell, or will sell or trade any kind of cattle you wish to buy. Remember I pay the highest cash market price for cattle. Make arrangements to see me before you sell or buy.

Automobile Casings and Tubes at Cost. Will buy Worn Casings at highest Prices.

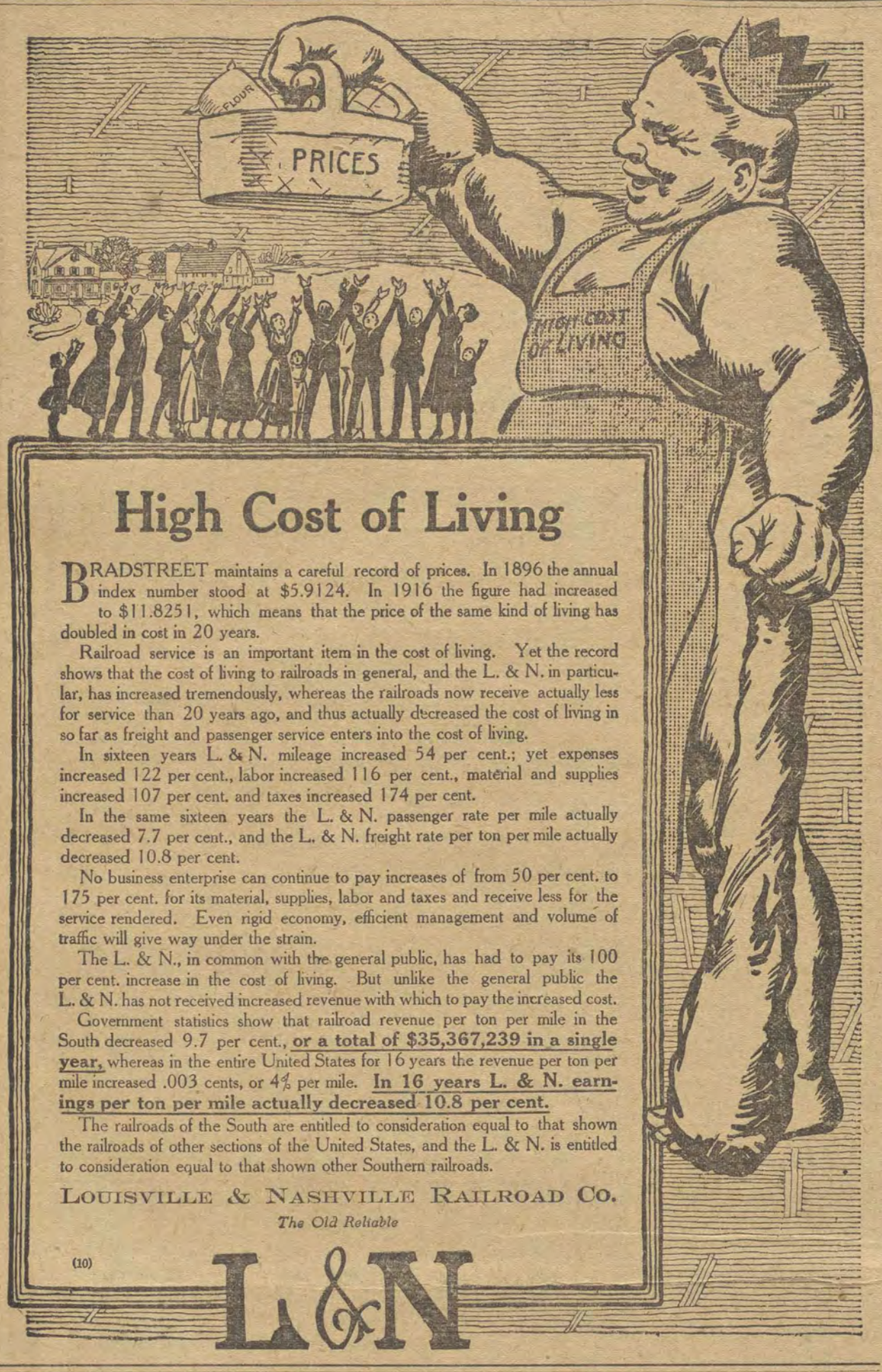
The above goods are much cheaper than they can be bought at wholesale prices. The goods are exactly as represented and will be sold at the prices advertised here.

Merchants needing any of the above goods will do well to come and inspect the stock, as these goods were purchased when they were at least 40 per cent cheaper than they could be bought at wholesale now.

I have several thousand dollars worth of other goods on hand which I will sell at cost. None of these Goods are damaged. All of them are brand new. Drop in and look over my entire display of goods.

L. H. REYNOLDS

CLANTON, - - ALABAMA



High Cost of Living

BRADSTREET maintains a careful record of prices. In 1896 the annual index number stood at $5.9124. In 1916 the figure had increased to $11.8251, which means that the price of the same kind of living has doubled in cost in 20 years.

Railroad service is an important item in the cost of living. Yet the record shows that the cost of living to railroads in general, and the L. & N. in particular, has increased tremendously, whereas the railroads now receive actually less for service than 20 years ago, and thus actually decreased the cost of living in so far as freight and passenger service enters into the cost of living.

In sixteen years L. & N. mileage increased 54 per cent.; yet expenses increased 122 per cent., labor increased 116 per cent., material and supplies increased 107 per cent. and taxes increased 174 per cent.

In the same sixteen years the L. & N. passenger rate per mile actually decreased 7.7 per cent., and the L. & N. freight rate per ton per mile actually decreased 10.8 per cent.

No business enterprise can continue to pay increases of from 50 per cent. to 175 per cent. for its material, supplies, labor and taxes and receive less for the service rendered. Even rigid economy, efficient management and volume of traffic will give way under the strain.

The L. & N., in common with the general public, has had to pay its 100 per cent. increase in the cost of living. But unlike the general public the L. & N. has not received increased revenue with which to pay the increased cost.

Government statistics show that railroad revenue per ton per mile in the South decreased 9.7 per cent., **or a total of $35,367,239 in a single year,** whereas in the entire United States for 16 years the revenue per ton per mile increased .003 cents, or 4% per mile. **In 16 years L. & N. earnings per ton per mile actually decreased 10.8 per cent.**

The railroads of the South are entitled to consideration equal to that shown the railroads of other sections of the United States, and the L. & N. is entitled to consideration equal to that shown other Southern railroads.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.

The Old Reliable

(10)

L&N

MANAGERS OF THREE-MILL SCHOOL TAX ELECTION

We, the undersigned, L. H. Reynolds, Judge of Probate, M. D. Foshee Clerk of the Circuit Court, and H. A. Harris, Sheriff, in and for said county in said State, do hereby certify that we did on the 13th day of August, 1917, appoint the following electors to act as managers, clerks, and return ing officers for an election to be held in Chilton county, Alabama, on Monday, the 27th day of August, 1917.

Beat 1—Managers, B. G. Jones, J. M. Mahan, Ben Vines; Clerks, O. R. Mullins, E. H. Foshee; Returning Officer, M. H. Marcus.

Beat 2—Managers, B. E. Collum, W. C. Jones, Allison Sims; Clerks, C. H. Robinson, W. T. Hand; Returning Officer, J. L. Cobb.

Beat 2, Box 2—Managers, G. W. Scott, E. G. Cofer, J. M. Hayes; Clerk W. R. Clements, J. W. Prim; Returning Officer, T. J. Headley.

Beat 3—Managers, D. O. Manning, J. N. Woolley, H. J. Grooms; Clerks, C. C. Williams, O. O. Calfee; Returning Officer, J. A. Mims.

Beat 4, Box 1—Managers, N. J. Calloway, T. G. Taylor, J. H. Goddard Clerks, W. M. Wyatt, Eric Hart; Returning Officer, J. L. Gore.

Beat 4, Box 2—Managers, J. Wiley Foshee, H. B. Roper, C. W. Blackwell; Clerks, H. L. Davis, J. M. Smith; Returning Officer, C. Reese Mullins.

Beat 5, Box 1—Managers, J. H. Gulledge, N. J. Jones, E. L. Manning; Clerks, G. C. Weldon, E. A. Norris. Returning Officer, W A. Calloway.

Beat 5, Box 2—Managers, W. S. Clark, G.T. Guy, T.J. Gulledge; Clerks S. B. Powell, H. E. Morgan; Returning Officer, G. W. Cobern.

Beat 6, Box 1—Managers, H. M. Burnett, M. F. Lett, Bob Owens, Clerks, E. C. Popwell, Dock Owens. Returning Officer, John Pool.

Beat 6, Box 2—Managers, R. N. Wilkins, W. Y. Keel, Ben Edwards; Clerks, J. Z. Mims, A. Y. Williams; Returning Officer, C. B. Huett.

Beat 7, Box 1—Managers, C. P. Jeffcoat, F. P,. Richardson, J. E. Dennis, Clerks, Ralph Colloway, J. B.Hix; Returning Officer, W. Y. Nix.

Beat 7, Box 2—Managers, J. R. McAfee, J. H. Green, B. G. Cooper; Clerks, J. L. Burnett, W. M. Oden; Returning Officer, Charlie Walker.

Beat 8, Box 1—Managers, D. M. Apperson, W. O. Perry, H. T. Gregg; Clerks, Roy E. Fitts, Wade H. Harris; Returning Officer, Hamp Foshee.

Beat 8, Box 2—Managers, J. A. Samples, W. M. D. O'Neal, W. M. Price; Clerks, J. E. Mattison, A. B. Jones; Returning Officer, T. G. Milling.

Beat 9—Managers, J. M. Franklin, P. K. Villadsen, G. W. Edwards; Clerks, S. P. Collins, Howard Foshee; Returning Officer, J. L. Vines.

Beat 10, Box 1—Managers, M. W. Brown, L. T. Grant, W. A. Ray; Clerks, L. A. Calloway, W. A. Cooper; Returning Officer, R. J. Downs.

Beat 10, Box 2—Managers, W. T. Johnson, S. D. Williams, T. F. Patterson; Clerks, R. L. Johnson, J. B. Gardner; Returning Officer, W. S. Beaird.

Beat 11—Managers, J. S. Dennis, W. J. Gentry, J. R. Robinson; Clerks G. W. Mahan, R. W. Heflin; Returning Officer, D. P Martin.

Beat 12, Box 1—Managers, Sam Driver, J. R. Blow, A. J. Davis; Clerks W. M. Bean, W. W. Robinson; Returning Officer, D. P. Martin.

Beat 12, Box 2—Managers, C. M. Northcutt, F. P. Wilson, W. L. Honeycutt; Clerks, S. Y. Dorminy, G. L. Glasscock; Returning Officer, G. W. Campbell.

Beat 13, Box 1—Managers, W. M. Aldridge, H. F. Virgin, W. R. Houlditch; Clerks, J. H. Anderson, Will Broadhead; Returning Officer, W. G. Conway.

Beat 13, Box 2—Managers, J. B. Moore, D. W. Killingsworth, J. B. Wiggins; Clerks, J. P. Dykes, B Armstrong; Returning Officer, J. D. Harrell.

Beat 14—Managers, L. G Posey, M. C. Childres, W. L. Gibson; Clerks J. C. Veazey, Z. T. Jones; Returning Officer, John Crumpton

Beat 15, Box 1—Managers, G. A. Keen, W. D. Burnett, I, M. Deason; Clerks, Walter Kendrick, L. B. Pound; Returning Officer, J. R. Short.

Beat 15, Box 2—Managers, J. C. Culp, W. W. Williams, R. J. Jones; Clerks, J. D. Culp, W. E. Hayes; Returning Officer, W H. Hayes.

Beat 16—Managers, J. M. Parrish, W. W. Robinson, J. W. Foshee; Clerks E. Robinson, G. C. Powell; Returning Officer, Jasper Robinson.

Witnes our hands, this, the 13th day of August, 1917.

Judge of Probate.
L. H. REYNOLDS,
M. D. FOSHEE,
Clerk Circuit Court
H. A. HARRIS,
Sheriff.

Pay for the Union-Banner a year. $1

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Cure fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.



Sacked hulls mean convenience and economy

PUTTING Buckeye Hulls in sacks is just one of the important little things that have been done to make this roughage an improvement over the old style. This makes

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

easier to handle when putting them in the barn and easier to measure out when mixing feed. It keeps them clean and makes your help think of them as forage—not as bedding.

Even though sacked, Buckeye Hulls sell for much less than loose old style hulls. It costs us money to sack them but we believe that anything that will help you use this product to best advantage is worth the expense.

Other Advantages

Buckeye Hulls are free of lint which has no food value.
2000 pounds of real roughage to the ton—not 1500.
Buckeye Hulls allow better assimilation of food.
No trash or dust.
They mix well with other food.
They take less space in the barn.
Every pound goes farther.

Kimbraugh Bros., Indianola, Miss., say:
"We are using Buckeye Hulls and are very much pleased with them. We think they are superior to old style hulls."

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K ***The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.*** *Dept. K*

Atlanta Birmingham Greenwood Little Rock Memphis
Augusta Charlotte Jackson Macon Selma

Mr. Business Man

WHY not make your appeal for patronage through the columns of this newspaper? With every issue it carries its message into the homes of all the best people of this community. Don't blame the people for flocking to the store of your competitor. Tell them what you have to sell and if your prices are right you can get the business.

Pays 25c a Month for Perfect Health

For 15 years, E. A. Little, Bessemer, Ala. has paid 25c a month to keep in perfect health. Read what he says:

"I desire to add my endorsement of Granger Liver Regulator. I have not used any other medicine for fifteen years, I know it is the best for all liver complaints, and will cure any case of indigestion known. When I first commenced to take your Granger Liver Regulator the Pegram-Patton Drug Co, was buying it by the dozen. Now I am told they buy it by the gross. I use one box each month and would not be without it for anything."

Granger Liver Regulator

is strictly vegetable, non-alcoholic preparation, and is highly recommended for sick headache, indigestion, biliousness and all stomach and liver complaints. Your druggist can supply you---25c a box.

Granger Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

BUY PAINT WITH YOUR EYES OPEN

There's as much difference in the character of paints as in people. You want paint that not only looks well on your property, but that will give you the best service at lowest cost.

That is the reason you should buy a paint containing the greatest amount of zinc. Without it paint rapidy darkens, scales off and decays.

Mastic Paint, the kind that lasts, is made with pure white lead and zinc-oxide, 50 per cent. each, ground in pure Linseed Oil.

Mastic Paint lasts longest, has greatest covering capacity, and is very economical.

Be sure to use MASTIC PAINT—it is guaranteed and must give you absolute satisfaction.

For Color-Cards and Paint Book, "Homes and How to Paint Them," call on

Upchurch Drug Co., Clanton, Ala.

Clarence Evans, who is now employed in the power plant at Lock 12 was in Clanton a short while Wednesday.

C. Reese Mullins

—Agent—

Life Insurance
Fire Insurance
Real Estate and
Singer Sewing Machines

CLANTON, ALA.

WOULD PROHIBIT SENDING MEN FROM U. S. WITHOUT CONSENT

Washington, August 14.—(special correspondence). Senator Hardwick of Georgia who is generally considered a conservative administration supporter, has introduced a bill which, if passed, would call a halt to the proposal to send the drafted men to Europe without their consent.

His bill, which he says he introduced in response to overwhelming sentiment in Georgia—where he is up for re-election next year—bears the number S.2717, and reads as follows:

The Bill.

A Bill prescribing rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces during the period of the existing war with Germany.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, that for and during the period of the present existing war with the Imperial Government of Germany the following rules and regulations for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces of the United States shall be followed and observed:

No person heretofore or hereafter drafted into the military service of the United States, pursuant to any law thereof, shall be ordered or required by the Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy, or by any other military or naval authority, to render military possessions of the United States, unless and until such person shall have first voluntarily consented to such foreign service.

The bill was introduced, read twice and referred to the Senate Committee on military affairs, where senator Chamberlain will probably endeavor to have it pigeonholed for the remainder of the session. A strong fight will be made to bring it out and force it to a record vote in both houses.

The American Union Against Militaryism has demanded a hearing on the bill before the Senate committee on military affairs.

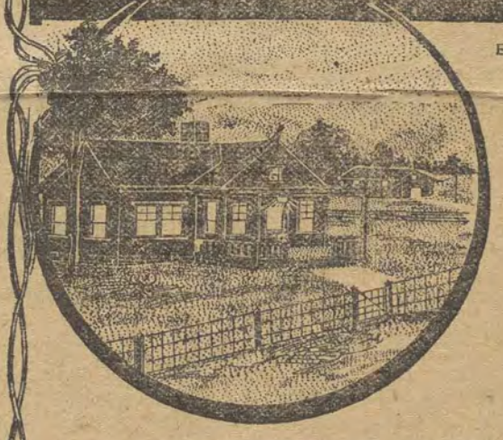
WILL GO TO TRAINING CAMP AT FORT OGLETHORPE, GA.

Two of Clanton's young attorneys Victor J. Heard and F. B. Collier recently made application to the officers reserve corps of the United States army. Last Friday they received notice of their acceptance, together with instructions to report for service at Fort Oglethorpe. They will leave Clanton in about a week to take up their duties in training.

FOR SALE—Good Milch Cow, with young calf. Apply to W. D. Spigener, Clanton, Ala. tf.

DELCO-LIGHT

Electricity for Every Home and Farm



Soon Pays for Itself

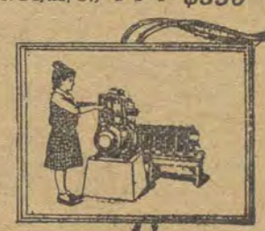
FOR THE MAN OF MODERATE MEANS

DELCO-LIGHT is for the man of moderate means. Let our representative show you how simple it is, how easy to run, how economical to operate. Uses kerosene or gasoline. Furnishes abundance of light for home and farm, and power to operate small machinery. Over 30,000 satisfied users.

Complete with Standard Size Battery (f. o. b. Dayton, O.) - - - $350

FOR ACTUAL DEMONSTRATION WRITE, PHONE OR WIRE TO

BLOCH BROTHERS, DEALERS,
SELMA, ALA.



The Domestic Electric Company,
Distributors, Atlanta, Ga.

Advertising
in this paper will bring good returns on the money invested

All kind of broken machinery repaired and made as good as new. We rebore automobile cylinders and make a new engine out of an old one. All work guaranteed. We Mend Everything but broken bones.

SOUTHERN WELDING CO.,
Monagomery, Ala.

Farm Lands for Sale

I have a number of nice farms listed with me of from 30 to 1600 acres each and with prices to suit anyone. Can give terms. NOW is the time to see about getting your farm. Write me.

W. HARRY PEEBLES
WHIGHAM, GA.

Now Is a Good Time To Treat Your Catarrh

Mild weather aid treatment.

Don't be misled into thinking that your Catarrh is gone. The first touch of winter weather will bring it back with all its discomforts.

But this is an excellent time to thoroughly cleanse the blood of the germs of Catarrh, and be forever rid of the troublesome sprays and douches that can never cure you.

S. S. S., the great blood purifier, searches out the germs of Catarrh which infest your blood, and chases them entirely out of your system. It is by far the most satisfactory treatment for the disease, because it reaches down to its very roots and gets at the cause. Write to-day for full information, and expert medical advice regarding the treatment of your own case. Take advantage of this chance to-day. Address Swift Specific Co., Dept. G Atlanta, Ga.

Try us Once

We want to prove to you that you get Higher Quality, Better Service, More Satisfaction and Lower Prices on any thing you buy from us.

Remember you Get

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back."

W. A. KEMP

CLANTON, ALA.

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week ending Aug. 11, 1917.

WOMEN—Mrs. Roberta Johnson, Leu Bel Dixon, Mrs. Louise Scott, Miss Lizzie Allen.

MEN—M. F. Geeter, Tom Harrell, Adolphus Farr, Henry Stagners, Rev. J. S. Wililams, Homer Moore.

These letters will be sent to the dead letter office August 25, 1917 if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "advertised" giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON, P.M.

COOPERATION IN SUNDAY SCHOOLS WORK IS URGED

As we are just beginning a new year in the international Sunday School Work of the county, we ask that the district presidents and the superintendents of the different schools begin now and let's make this the best year in the history of S. S. work in the county.

We find that many of our schools have a very low per centage of the banner school points; and there are about 15000 white people in the county out of Sunday School. We can and we must raise the per centage of our schools and get those 15000 in Sunday School. Will you help us?

J. B. NORTHCUTT, Pres.
DELLA WILLIAMS, Secy.

Hey There!

How about your letterheads, billheads, statements, envelopes, cards, etc. Don't wait until they are all gone and then ask us to rush them out in a hurry for you. Good work requires time and our motto is that anything that's worth doing is worth doing well.



Let us have that order N-O-W while we have the time to do your Printing as it should be done.

OAK GROVE SINGING.

Your correspondent attended the singing at Oak Grove Sunday. It was just fine. The great Milstead of Texas was there as the star director. He is one of the sweetest singers we ever heard. He is right up to the minute; not married to any man's book. It is inspiring to hear him. Such occasions lift us into a higher realm. Sacred music makes the thoughts purer, makes life nobler, makes us love better, the good the beautifuland the true. Attendance was very large. A number of directers were present, among them being Prof. R. A. Smith.

Bring us your poultry and eggs. We guarantee highest market prices.
Jesse Baker and Sam Johnson.
At Carleton's Shop.

The Commissioners court was in session Monday and Tuesday. All the members were present. On Monday the main business transacted was pertaining to the road question.

The Clanton Mercantile Co., has just gotten in a car load of new syrup barrells. The price is $2.00 each.

Keep Well

Do not allow the poisons of undigested food to accumulate in your bowels, where they are absorbed into your system. Indigestion, constipation, headache, bad blood, and numerous other troubles are bound to follow. Keep *your* system clean, as thousands of others do, by taking an occasional dose of the old, reliable, vegetable, family liver medicine.

Thedford's

Black-Draught

Mrs. W. F. Pickle, of Rising Fawn, Ga., writes: "We have used Thedford's Black-Draught as a family medicine. My mother-in-law could not take calomel as it seemed too strong for her, so she used Black-Draught as a mild laxative and liver regulator . . . We use it in the family and believe it is the best medicine for the liver made." Try it. Insist on the genuine—Thedford's. 25c a package. E-75

CLANTON LOCALS

Issie Kanjutzky has just returned from a visit to relatives and friends in Birmingham, Wylam, Pratt City and Ensley.

Master Isa Bonfield of Birmingham is visiting relatives in Clanton.

Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Kicker and child of North Birmingham spent Sunday with relatives and friends in Clanton.

J. P. Dykes of Dry Valley attended church at Bethel Saturday.

G. A. Keen of Pletcher was at Clanton on business Monday.

J. J. Dennis of Elmore county was at Bethel Saturday and Sunday.

H. W. Devaughn of Poplar Springs settlement loaded a car of fine melons Tuesday.

See us before selling your poultry and eggs. Baker & Johnson,
Near Calreton's Shop.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard L. Foshee and Misses Mabell and Harriet Swan of Thorsby motored down to Clanton Wednesday.

Deputy Sheriff, J. L. Gore, made a business trip to Mobile Saturday.

Squire A. F. Childress of Thorsby was a visitor to Clanton Monday.

FOR SALE

Place in Thorsby consisting of 25 acres of land, with good two-story house, barn, cellar house, etc. Address Wallace C. Edler, Thorsby, Ala.

Misses Sarah and Rosa Kanjutzky have returned home after having visited two months in Birmingham, Ensley, Wylam, and other points in Jefferson County.

MRS. POOL DIED SUDDENLY

Last Tuesday evening late Mrs. W. M. Pool died very suddenly at the home of the family four miles northeast of Clanton. The lady is said to have been in her usual state of good health, and up to the time of her death she was in a particularly cheerful spirit.

Her daughters were preparing to go to church Tuesday night, and all were jolly and cheerful. Suddenly it was noted that the mother had fallen to the floor on the front porch, and her daughters at once observed that she was unconscious.

Dr. Hayes was summoned and her husband called at the same time. At the time the doctor arrived he found the lady in a delirious state and all his efforts to revive her were futile. Life left her about nine o'clock, and she never became conscious from the time she was first stricken.

Hemorrhage of the brain is ascribed as the cause of death.

AMERICA AND ITS ALLIES FACE A GREAT SHORTAGE IN WHEAT

Government is making World Survey to Determine Other Crops.

Washington, August 11.—America and her allies face a shortage of 250,000,000 bushels of wheat to tide them over until the 1918 harvests, the "national service handbook" issued tonight by the official bureau of public information, declares.

Simultaniously it is learned from other sources that the government is making a world survey to determine other sources of wheat supply. Careful inquiry has been made into the possibility of encouraging the planting of wheat in Siberia, with assurance of large purchases from the allied governments.

"In the United States," says the new official document, "the crop of winter wheat is very definitely far below normal. Even with the increased acreage for spring wheat the forecast for the United States is but 659,000,000, which added to the possible 100,000,000 carried over from the present makes approximately 1,006,000,000 bushels.

"We will need for the coming year for flour manufacture for the United States and Canada 550,000,000 bushels. For seed to plant the 1918 crop, 90,000,000 bushels will be needed. Various industries will require 10,000,000 bushels, and carrying half the present surplus would add 50,000,000 bushels more, making a total of 700,000,000 bushels for the United States and Canada.

"The allies will need at least 550,000,000 bushels of wheat and 425,000,000 bushels of feed grain to carry them through to harvest. We will have but 300,000,000 bushels to export a shortage of 250,000,000 bushels."

The handbook then says that every effort and some sacrifice must be made by the country to meet the threatened shortage.

The book is designed, according to Chairman Creel, of the committee, "to point out the most useful avenues of service" to the people of the country, and at the same time inform the public what the government is doing in its efforts to press the war to a quick and successful close.

RUSSIA IS TAKING DRASTIC STEPS TO REBUILD STRENGTH

Kerensky again Appeals to Army to Eliminate Treason and Cowardice.

Washington, Aug. 11.—Russia is taking drastic steps to strengthen her military, financial and internal situation, the Russian embassy here announced today.

Premier Kerensky has issued an order to all Russian commanders to lose no efforts, however rigorous, to eliminate treason and cowardice from the army. General Korniloff is putting up a desperate defense on the Galician-Bessarabian frontier to prevent the Germans from over-running the grain fields of Bassarabia, and Moldavia and the Black Sea Region.

The Russian government will issue orders to all Russian consular agents in the United States to restrict importations to Russia. The reason for the order given by the embassy is that promiscious buying of goods destined for Russia has served to demoralize exchange of commodities and lower the value of the Russian ruble. This step, together with the cooperation enterprises for buying and selling being organized by the Russian ministry of finance, it is hoped, will improve materially Russia's financial position.

The new Russian liberty loan is meeting with great success, the embassy announced. Many regiments are subscribing to the loan in a body.

Military Operations.

Russia's military operations are now under direction of Premier Kerensky, vice premier Nekrasoff, foreign minister Terescenko and General Korniloff, commander-in-chief of the Russian army. These men are no longer interfered with either by the other members of the ministry or by the council of workmen and soldiers.

Russia has abandoned the office of Procurator of the holy synod. Instead, a minister of religious cults has been created.

M. Kartasheff has been appointed to fill the post. This is regarded as an important internal reform in the direction of religious tolerance, as the office of procurator had a rather unsavory reputation particularly since its occupation by the late anti-Semite, Pobedonostzeff.

Minister of education, Nikitin, socialist has ordered that all schools be opened September 1. M. Nikitan is a young Moscow lawyer and in the days of the old regime, often incurred the wrath of the government for his fearless revolutionary activities.

DIRECTOR OF MUSIC FOR THE COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL CHOSEN

Dr. John M. Norman, of Georgiana, Will have Charge of Music in Both Schools in Clanton.

Prof. H. C. McDonald announces that he has been fortunate in obtaining the service of Dr. John H. Norman of Georgiana as director of Music in the Chilton County High School this year. Dr. Norman has charge of the music in both the County High School and the Clanton Grammar School, and will provide for efficient instructors at each of these places.

Dr. Norman holds a college degree in his profession, and the music students of Clanton are very fortunate in having him with us next year.

Mrs. Addie Robinson of Marbury was a visitor to Clanton last Friday.

State of Alabama, Chilton County.
Estate of P. E. Coleman, deceased.

This day came W. B. Tomlin, as administrator of the estate of said decedent, and filed his application, in due form and proper oath, praying an order for sale of certain personal property described therein, and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of paying debts of said estate. It is ordered that the 14th day of August, 1917, be appointed a day for hearing said application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.

L. H. REYNOLDS, Judge of Probate.

Coffins, Burial Supplies, Automobile Accessories For sale at

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.

CLANTON, ALA.



The Real American Beauty

How glorious and wonderful is the advent of another life. When baby is born there comes into the world a new soul, the real American Beauty. When the hour arrives it should be the dawn of a new and perfect future. The joy of motherhood should be as free from fear and danger as it is possible to make it.

Thousands of women have used the safe and reliable application, "Mother's Friend". It is a wonderful help to nature in relieving strain and distress brought about by expanding muscles. The nerves, too, will be calm, making the period one of cheerful days and restful nights. The breasts are kept in good condition and the abdominal muscles relax with ease when baby is born. "Mother's Friend" makes it possible for the expectant mother herself to actually aid nature in the glorious work to be performed, and no woman should neglect or fail to give nature a helping hand. It will mean infinitely less pain at the crisis.

Do not fail under any circumstances to get this greatest remedy, ever compounded for expectant mothers. Write to the Bradfield Regulator Co., Dept. J, 200 Lamar Building, Atlanta, Ga., for their book, "Motherhood and the Baby". They will send it free. It is not only very useful, but will make you helpful to others. Remember to ask your druggist for a bottle of "Mother's Friend" today.

DOES TRAINING PAY?

When people go to employ a lawyer they think it pays, when they need a doctor they think it pays, when they need a dentist they think it pays, when they need officers for their soldiers they think it pays; and when they need carpenters or blacksmiths they want trained workmen. When our cows or our horses are sick we want trained veternarians.

Shall we change the rule when we go to educate our children? Trained teachers are the best asset the state can have.

There are four training camps for teachers of Alabama,—the four class A normal schools, located at Jacksonville, Troy, Livingston, and Florence.

SHIPPING BOARD WANTS BILLION DOLLARS MORE

Contracts already Approved Include 125 Vessels Costing More than $100,000,000.

Washington, Aug. 11.—After approving contracts for more than 125 vessels to cost upwards of $100,000,000—its biggest single day's work—the government shipping board today decided to ask Congress for an additional appropriation of nearly a billion dollars.

It was announced tonight that of the approved contracts, Chairman J. H. Hurley, before leaving for Atlantic City, signed for 50 vessels, aggregating 200,000 tons, to cost $25,000,000. The other contracts will be signed next week.

The shipping program will be more tremendous than ever dreamed. Instead of 3,000,000 tons the first year, double this tonnage will be attempted. The new estimates to be submitted to Congress shortly will cover plans for fabricating a standardized steel cargo carrier of about 7,500 tons capacity, which can be turned out by the hundreds in the country's big steel plants and assembled at the seashore.

The board's contracts already let will consume most of the $750,000,000.

R. J. Downs was in town Tuesday.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that a special election will be held in Chilton County, Alabama, on the 27th day of August, 1917, for the purpose of determining whether or not a special tax shall be levied and collected annually, at rate of thirty cents on one hundred dollars of taxable property in said county for the fiscal year 1916-'17 to 1918-'19 inclusive, (this being for a period of three years), the same to be used for the extension of the public school term and for an addition in the number of teachers where needed for the public schools of Chilton County, Alabama.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.
S. E. WALDRUP,
R. J. WILLIANMS,
W. T. HERROD,
A. P. VINSON,
Members Board of Co. Com.
H. A. HARRIS,
Sheriff Chilton Co., Ala.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON,
(Seal) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

For the stomach and bowel disorders of babies McGEE'S BABY ELEXIR is a remedy of genuine merit. It acts quickly, is pure, wholesome and pleasant to take. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

MAILING RULES GIVEN PUBLIC

Postmaster urges Citizens to be Careful in Addressing Letters to Camp.

The personal attention of all postmasters and citizens has been called by the Postmaster General to the importance of complete and correct addressing of mail intended for officers and enlisted men in the army and navy.

To insure adequate and satisfactory service for the National Army and National Guard cantonments in the United States and for the mobilization and training camps the department has authorized the establishment at each of these camps or cantonments of a military branch of the nearest large post office. The official names of these branches have been published, or will be published from time to time as they are established.

For facilitating the work of the military branch post offices the department has urged that careful attention be given the addressing of mail.

The following form of address to soldiers and officers in the training camps has been suggested by the Post master General: "Private William K, Jones, Company C, First Regiment, Pennsylvania National Guard, Camp Mead, Maryland."

Syrup making time is close at hand. Get your syrup barrell from Clanton Mercantile Co.

Everything high so is Groceries

But I am still selling Groceries at lowest possible prices, considering everything. Call to see me and bring your Produce.

J. W. Littlejohn

CLANTON, ALA.

CHILTON COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

CLANTON, ALABAMA.

The School for Chilton County Boys and Girls, prepared to do High School Work. Devoted to Secondary Education only. Fully affiliated with every State Institution and the Southern Association of Colleges. Also offers Course of Study for the Boy or the Girl who cannot go to College.

Faculty fully competent—every member a College Graduate; every member has a College Degree. Every Section of the County represented in the Student Body.

Listen, Fellow Citizens, this school is your school. Your tax money supports it. Send us your son or your daughter, and let them claim their own. All departmnets fully organized. Look out for announcement of the strongest Department of Music to be found outside of the cities and colleges.

Next Session opens September 5, 1917. Conference and correspondence solicited. We are here to serve.

H. C. McDONALD, A. B., Principal,
CLANTON, ALA.

THE UN

VOLUME VI. CLANTO

French Soldiers at Dawn Tell Story of Big Victory

FIGHT LASTS THROUGH NIGHT

Grand Headquarters of the French Armies in France, August 20.—When prisoners came back in hundreds immediately after dawn this morning the observers knew that the sharp blow decided on by the French higher command in order to give more breathing space at Verdun had been successful.

After the artillery had pounded the German positions stretching along a front of 14 miles from south of Bethincourt to Bezonvaux, until they must have been like pulp, the infantry advanced as the first or dawn lighted the sky and occupied all the positions they had set out to conquer, at the same time sweeping into their net many prisoners of several divisions of the German crown prince's army.

Not Bled White.

The French soldiers showed once more that they were not bled white. When the order was given for them to go over the top in the face of the hundreds of batteries of heavy and light artillery and thousands of machine guns, they advanced singing and nothing could stay their dash. They were handled in such a way by their officers that they escaped thru the most dangerous part of the field with almost negligible losses, reaching the German positions before the German barrage fire.

The night preceding this battle was fairy-like in beauty. There was no moon, but the stars were brilliant and the natural effects were enhanced by bursting shells, while flares almost incessantly arose, making the surrounding area brighter than day.

Disturbing Sounds.

The only disturbing sounds were the terrifying screeches and the whistling of smaller shells and the train-like roar of larger projectiles, while the dull thuds of trench torpedoes reverberated along the ground.

The French troops awaiting the order to advance were not in the slightest dismayed by the difficulties of the task confronting them. They knew that this was unsuitable terrian for attacking forces but the fullest confidence reigned among them.

Facing them were German divisions which had been massed for resistence to any effort the French might make to extend their circle of territory around Verdun, which the Germans call the door to the heart of France. The French not only pushed the German intruders back as far as they intended but took many prisoners from chosen German regiments.

All Through the Night.

All through the night the German artillery had poured thousands of shells of every calibre into the roads and communicating trenches leading to the front. They introduced a novelty in the shape of 15-inch shells containing enormous shrapnel bulls which burst overhead and scatter pieces far and wide. But the disposition of the French troops was so cleverly contrived that they suffered but little.

Verdun itself received hundreds of shells which simply added to the destruction in the city. All the ground within eight miles of the front lines was strewn repeatedly with shells containing a horrible new German gas known as "mustard gas," affecting the mucous membrane and any portion of the body which was exposed, causing terrible blisters, and its base was sulphuric acid, and bringing a slow and painful death it entered the lungs.

The aviators were up and busy as soon as the light permitted and the correspondent saw two German machines shot down by gunfire, while German airmen who make a specialty of attacking the observation balloons twice attempted to destroy these but were driven off on each occasion.

Information comes from various parts of the line that the French have in several places gone farther than was originally intended and that the prisoners taken number far into the thousands.

THREE MILL SCHOOL TAX IS EXPLAINED THOROUGHLY

Prof. W. T. Bean's Ideas on Proposed Taxation for Support of Public Schools of Our County.

Clanton, Ala, Aug. 21, 1917.

To the Voters of Chilton County:

On Monday, August 27 you will be called upon to vote on the three-mill school tax question, and I trust that every voter will take time to go to the polls and vote his sentiment for or against this proposed tax.

I hope every voter has taken time to correctly inform himself as to just what this question means to Chilton County. It would mean this: that if the tax is levied we shall have longer schools, better schools, and better trained teachers, and no supplements, while if it is not levied, we shall have shorter schools, crowded schools, and ultimately poorer teachers. Which will you vote for, four or seven months free school?

There seems to be but little outspoken opposition, but we hear of some opposition such as the farmer cannot send to school more than fou months a year and the school ter will be long enough without the t This may be true in some instan where the children are large eno to work, but what we need is an quate school system so that the dren may obtain at least an el tary education before they are la enough to work, and this can be don when this tax is levied and not before. Should it become necessary for any school to have a divided term, the county board of education will allow a vacation.

Some are opposed to this tax, claiming that there are too many poor teachers and that teachers have been getting too large salaries. The fact that there are too many teachers is the very strongest argument for the need of the tax, for if there were more teachers the county would not have to use the poorer ones, and if there were enough money to give them a longer term there would be more teachers to stay in the profession, but Chilton County has to employ about one-third of its teachers from other counties. It seems to me that if there were too much money in teaching school and the job so easy, that the demand would be supplied. There are usually several applications for each fat job, but that is not the case with the teaching profession.

Some are opposed to this tax being levied on account of the expected war tax, but the farmers will have but little if any of this to pay, for we do not pay a war tax on cattle and land, etc. Some suggested that we should have waited till this war tax is paid before levying any more. Should we do this it is very probable that the schools should lag along for twenty years, or longer with from 60 to 70 pupils to each teacher running from 4 to 4½ months each year.

There are a few people opposed to to this tax saying that the farmers indirectly pay all of the taxes paid by the corporations, investment companies, etc. There may be a small amount of this tax paid indirectly, but to say that the farmers pay it all is bosh. Do you think that by raising the merchants' taxes they would raise the price of their goods enough that the farmers would have to pay their part of it? Do the merchants of Chilton County regulate the markets of the whole country? Is it not a matter of fact that the merchants charge all they can now for their goods? Is it not true in regard to the railroad companies? If the farmers have all of this corporation tax to pay, why did these theorists kick so when the Alabama Power Company was exempt from taxation. It seems to me that they should have been glad that the company was exempt, so that the farmers would have been relieved of having to pay this great burden indirectly. If this argument be true, why don't those theorists advocate that all corporations and large tax payers be exempt from taxation so that the farmers would be relieved of that indirect tax. It is because they know that it is right for all corporations, etc. to pay their taxes just as individuals do, and tha is why this question of local taxatio is of such great importance to th poorer people.

If this tax is levied it will increase every tax payer's taxes by exactl one-fifth, but in return the count board of education will guarantee tha your School District will be given teachers of your school's own choice for seven months absolutely fre from all tuition or supplements, pr viding you enroll as many as 51 re ular pupils, and providing that other school funds remain undimi ished, but the county board of ed cation does not agree to furnish first-grade teacher for each posi in any school.

Compare the increase in taxes the amount of supplement wo been paying or would have to get the above named benefits.

REMEMBER IF THE TAX IS LEVIED THAT

1. One hundred cents in th will go directly to the school county.
2. Not one penny of it leave the county.
3. The teachers' salaries w by the county board of edu a reasonable amount, and the people will be guara benefits of this tax.
4. No officer will get this school tax money.
5. The period for whic run is just three years—
6. The compulsory att becomes effective Octob
7. The compulsory period must be free.
8. There will be upw white children in schools
9. Every white schoo ty will be given a seven term with an ample te for the number of pupil
10. It will cost the pa eral less money in tax have been paying in su
11. By the taxes the investment companies, 76 per cent of the ta farmers will pay 24 pe
12. It will cost the average of about $1.8
13. Unles this tax is lic school term canno over 4 or 4½ months.
14. A vote for this t better schools, longer s ter trained teachers a ments.
15. A vote against thi for shorter schools, cro poorer schools, and ult teachers.

Yurs very tru
W. T. BEAN,

A LETTE IN REGA

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PRINCIPAL SPEAKE UNION MEN'S

On last Monday night known Clanton attorney, M Smith had the destinction the principal speaker at a ing of the Union Men and their sym pathizers, which was held in the Ci Auditorium of Montgomery.

There were over a thousand peo present to hear the talented you orator.

MULES WANTED

Sizes: 14-3 to 16 Hands.
Ages: Five to eight years.
Above stock wanted for U.S. army

Abraham Bros. will be at D. Y. Johnson's Stables, Clanton, Ala., on Saturday, Sepuember the 1st.

BRING IN YOUR MULES

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PROMISING
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ood long tight-fitting husk. This
ight-fitting husk is the most impor-
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r afterward and thus producing a
ound corn that can be stored long
ithout loss. Save plenty of seed
ars in the field and later make more
areful selection therefrom. We may
eed more seed corn next year than
e did this year.

7. **Never Salt Corn** as it is put into
he crib. Salt is not an insecticide
nd its only effect is to make up mois-
re from the air during periods of
mp weather and this moisture soft-
the corn so that the weevils can
k faster. They actually multiply
r and do more damage in salted
than in lots of the same corn
without being salted. There
alue in china berries, Jerusalem
other similar weeds.
es help to scatter moth balls
alene balls) through the corn
stored, using about a pound
twenty-five bushels of corn.
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upon request. The cost of
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and thus help to save
of dollars worth of
na every year.

HINDS, Entomologist
xperiment Station,
Ala, Aug. 18, 1917.

broken machinery re-
le as good as new. We
bile cylinders and make
out of an old one. All
eed. We Mend Every-
ken bones.
HERN WELDING CO.,
Monagomery, Ala.

Farm Lands for Sale

I have a number of nice farms listed with me of from 30 to 1600 acres each and with prices to suit anyone. Can give terms. NOW is the time to see about getting your farm. Write me.

W. HARRY PEEBLES

WHIGHAM, GA.

FROM BEAT NO. 2

Editor Union-Banner:

Will woy allow me a few words in ur paper?

The health of this community is at present and fodder pulling soon be at hand, and I think from ooks of the corn fields that peo- ill not have to buy high priced another year.

ould like to ask Judge Reynolds question and anlo the Commission- ers, and that is if they think their road law is any better than the one that Judge Deason made; and if they think so I would like for them to show me where it is. Judge Reynolds said that there had to be some- thing done for the roads and that quick. I think they are doing some- thing for the roads and doing it quick.

The overseer warned the hands here and he would not allow any one to put his team on the road and give them any time for it at all. He said that you all would not allow him to hire any teams or would not give him the privilege to get any. I would like for you to fix a road with shovels and nothing else. You cannot do any thing but walk over the roads like the overseer did today. He went over a road which always takes us two days to work, and I guess you all know how it was worked. The work that they did was not any good at all. The hands had better been at home or somewhere else at work for the good they did.

I would like to know if you are going to give the old overseers any time for what time they were over- seers. I would like to know.

You know when Judge Deason and the Commissioners made the first new road law, how you went about over the county making speeches that the law was not any good, for the over- seers were getting all of the people's money and were not putting it on the roads, that they were having just a gravy train of it. And I would like to know who has the gravy train this time. It is not the overseers this time for they are not getting enough for them to want it, and I guess Judge Reynolds and the Commission- ers must have the gravy train. They have all the road tax and the wagon tax to go through their fingers. I guess they think they are better than Judge Deason was. He did not ask for the money to come to his office at all, he only wanted a report of how the overseers were every month, and he did. This was arranged so that the money would stay in its own precinct; but you have got to have it to come to your own office, and I don't know where all of it will go to. I guess some will go to first one place and the other—and the other place is in yourall's pockets.

I think that you all had better begin to get busy if you all aim to do any thing for the roads. When Judge Deason's road law was in force here in Beat 2, J. H. Martin was the over- seer, and he built aboutt twenty miles of road in one and a half years, and it is as good now as ever for there has not been any roads worked since he quit working the roads by tax- ation; and I am sure that it has been that way all over the county.

I am not kriting this way because I am fighting the parties, for I have been a Republican all my life, but I think when either side is in office and they need kicking, you know where I say, give it to them.

I would like for Judge Reynolds to send me a copy of his so called road law. Well, I will close for this time, with best wishes to the Union-Banner.

W. P. MARTIN.

Jemison, Ala., Aug. 21, 1917.

Don't forget your Subscription.

Lowest cost per pound of real roughage



OLD style hulls cost more per pound of roughage than the price per ton indicates. This is because they are one-fourth lint which has no food value. To know how much each pound of roughage in this form is costing you, you must divide the price per ton by 1500—not by 2000.

TRADE MARK

BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS

LINTLESS

cost exactly what you pay for them. Every pound is all roughage—no useless lint. To really know the difference in cost between old style hulls and Buckeye Hulls you must know the cost per pound of real roughage.

Even though Buckeye Hulls do sell at a much lower price than old style hulls, you can't realize how much less they are costing you until you consider how much more real roughage a ton contains.

Other Advantages

Buckeye Hulls go farther.
They allow better assimilation of other food.
No trash or dust.
Sacked—easy to handle.
They mix well with other forage.
Take half as much space in the barn.

Mr. Dan Wolf, Hammond Bldg. & Mfg. Co., Hammond, La., says:
"I am feeding Buckeye Hulls to milch cows and find them a satisfactory filler when mixed with cottonseed meal and other concentrates. At the present price of feed stuff, Buckeye Hulls are the cheapest roughage on the market."

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K ***The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.*** *Dept. K*

Atlanta, Augusta, Birmingham, Charlotte, Greenwood, Jackson, Little Rock, Macon, Memphis, Selma

1917 Premium List of The Chilton County Fair, Clanton, Alabama

Announcement of Dates will be Made in Papers In Near Future.

ANNOUNCEMENT

On a date to be announced later, the Chilton County Fair Association will hold its ninth annual Fair, and hereby extends a cordial invitation to everybody that is interested in the improvement of agricultural conditions in Chilton and adjoining counties, to assist us by coming and bringing such exhibits as they can. If you have anything of special interest in any line, be sure and bring it.

We hope to beefit each other by encouraging improvements in all our work, especially in growing farm products of all kind, together with live stock.

To interest and encourage the ladies in their line of work, domestic and household affairs.

There will be exhibits of the best of everything produced in the County.

Competent judges will be secured to judge each article, said judges to be experts in their line and parties who have no personal interest in any exhibits.

On account of the general depression in business, we will be compelled to first pay the actual expenses of hilding the Fair, and then appropriate all excess toward the payment of premiums in proportion to the amounts as catalogued up to the amount of premium.

RULES AND REGULATIONS

1—Competetion open to citizens of Chilton county only.

2—The Fair grounds will be open to the public Monday, and will close the following Saturday at midnight.

3—The gates will be opened at 8:30, a.m. each day, and close at 11, p.m.

4—No disorderly conduct of any kind will be allowed.

5—Every animal and article upon the grounds shall be under the control of the Association, and while every precaution will be taken for the safe-keeping of the same, the Association will in no case be responsible for any loss, damage or accident that may occur.

6—All entries for exhibition will be received and receipted for by the Manager or his assistants, and will be entirely under the control of the manager during the term of the Fair.

7—All privilege and concession people, together with their employees and helpers, must follow the rules and regulations of the Association, as they may be notified by the manager. Any neglect or refusal to comply will forfeit any rights that parties may have by virtue of such privileges or concessions.

8—Any place, privilege or concession is simply rented or leased, and the Fair Association and its officers reserve the right to inspect such places at all times.

9—The Association reserves the right to refund in whole or in part any concession or privilege money and refuse to allow any objectionable party or article or game to operate, should it be necessary.

10—The Association reserves the right to amend or add to the above rules and regulations, should occasion necessitate such action.

For any other information see or write Manager M. D. Foshee, Clanton, Ala, or W. T. Bean, Secretary, Clanton, Ala.

SUGGESTIONS FOR EXHIBITORS

Carefully preserve your catalogue. Prepare your exhibit by the catalogue, having in mind the Department, Class and Number, when you desire to compete.

Do not place your name on specimens offered; the judges must not know the owner until after the award is made.

If you desire to place on exhibit some rare or worthy article for which no place has been provided in the Catalogue, please attach a card to it bearing your name, stating "no contest."

The duplicate entry tag given by the Secretary when the article is entered, is your receipt for the sam, and if you preserve these tags, you will have no difficulty in gtting your specimens at thec lose of the Fair.

All exhibits should be in vessels to which the entry tag can be securely tied.

All exhibits must be entered in the name of the maker or owner.

Articles entered for single premiums cannot be used in displays. Judges to make awards in any department must be satisfied that the article and variety are worthy of a premium before an yaward is made.

The observance of the above directions will be mutually helpful to directors, officers and exhibitors.

INDIVIDUAL BOOTHS FOR LADIES

First prize	$10.00
Second prize	5.00
Third prize	2.50
Booths will be judged by the following scale:	
Arrangements and general display	15 points
Decoration	15 points
Needlework	10 points
Original design for booth	10 points
Variety	10 points
Home-grown plants	10 points

INDIVIDUAL BOOTHS FOR CHILDREN

First prize	$10.00
Second prize	5.00
Third prize	2.50
Booths will be judged by the following scale:	
Arrangements and general display	15 points
Decoration	15 points
Needlework	10 points
Original design for booth	10 points
Variety	15 points
Home-grown plants	10 points

AGRICULTURE

All articles must be grown in Chilton County, Alabama and be exhibited by the producer.

The second prize will be awarded in all instances where there is no competition.

COMMUNITY FAIR

1 For largets and best general exhibit made by any community Fair in Chilton County (Prizes to be paid in the full amount to a school—not to an individual.) 1st prize, $30.00; 2nd, 25; 3rd, 10.00; 4th, 5.00.

2 For the best general exhibit, containing everything produced on the farm, including meats, etc., 1st prize, $15.00; 2nd, 7.50; 3rd, 5.00.

CORN				
3	For the best general display of corn, on and off stalk from one farm	$5.00	2.50	1.00
4	For best bushel of corn in ear	2.00	1.00	
5	For best ten ears of corn	2.00	1.00	
6	For best ear of corn	1.50	1.00	.50
SMALL GRAIN				
7	For best display of oats in sheaf and thrashed	5.00	3.00	2.00
8	For best bushel of oats	2.00	1.00	.50
9	For best display of wheat in sheaf and threshed,	5.00	3.00	2.00
10	For best bushel of wheat	2.00	1.00	.50
11	For the best display of rye in sheaf and threshed,	5.00	1.00	2.00
12	For best bushel of rye	2.00	1.00	.50
COTTON				
18	For best general display of cotton on and off stalk from one farm,	4.00	2.00	1.00
14	For best individual stalk of cotton,	2.00	1.00	.50
SWEET POTATOES				
15	For best bushel of sweet potatoes,	3.00	2.00	1.00
16	For best bushel of Irish potatoes,	3.00	2.00	1.00
HAY AND FORAGE PLANTS				
17	For best general display of hay and forage plants (forage plants to be shown green or cured, in bundles, bales or loose,) to be judged by appea..n.ce, marked condition and food value,	7.50	5.00	2.50
18	For best commercial bale of hay, any variety	3.00	2.00	1.00
19	For best general display of leguminous plants grown by exhibitor, to be shown green or cured, baled or loose,	5.00	3.00	2.00
PEAS, BEANS, ETC.				
20	For best display of cow peas,	3.00	2.00	1.00
21	For best peck of peas, any variety,	2.00	1.00	.50
22	For best display of soy beans on and off stalk	2.00	2.00	1.00
23	For best bale cow pea hay,	3.00	2.00	1.00
24	For best bale clover hay,	3.00	2.00	1.00
25	For best bale grass hay,	3.00	2.00	1.00
26	For best display of velvet beans,	3.00	2.00	1.00
27	For best peck soy betns,	2.00	1.00	
FRUITS, ETC.				
28	For largest and best display of home grown fruits, of as many varieties as practicable	3.00	2.00	
29	For best display of pears,	2.00	1.00	
30	For best display of appdes,	2.00	1.00	
31	For best display of dried fruits,	2.00	1.00	
VEGETABLES				
32	For best general display from one garden,	7.50	5.00	2.50
33	For best display turnips and rutabegas,	2.00	1.00	
34	For best peck homegrown onions,	1.00	.50	
35	For best whitehead cabbage, homekrown	1.00	.50	
36	For best display of pumpkins, curshaws, etc.	1.00	.50	
40	For best display of hog feeds grown on the farm, consisting of such things as peanuts, chufas, soy beans, peas, rape, etc.,	2.00	1.00	
41	For best display peanuts on bunch and off,	2.00	1.00	
42	For best peck of peanuts,	1.00	.50	
43	For best dozen stalks of sugar or ribbon cane,	1.00	.50	
44	For best dozen stalks sorghum,	1.00	.50	
45	For best quart of cane syrup,	1.00	.50	
46	For best quart of sorghum syrup,	1.00	.50	
JELLIES, JICKLES, ETC.				
47	For largest and best display of canned fruits, any and all varieties,	5.00	3.00	1.50
48	For largest and best display of canned vegetables, any and all varieties,	5.00	3.00	1.50
49	For largest and best display of pickles,	2.00	1.00	
50	For largest and best display of jellies, jams and preserves,	2.00	1.00	
CULINARY DEPARTMENT				
51	For best rolls bread,	1.00	.50	
52	For best light bread,	1.00	.50	
53	For best display of bread made from corn,	1.50	1.00	.50
54	For best old-fashioned pound cake,	1.00	.50	
55	For best chocolate layer cake,	1.00	.50	
56	For best caramel cake,	1.00	.50	
56	For best tea cake,	1.00	.50	
58	For best ginger bread,	1.00	.50	
59	For best doughnuts,	1.00	.50	
60	For best biscuit,	1.00	.50	
61	For best home-made sugar candy,	1.00	.50	
62	For best home-made syrup candy,	1.00	.50	
63	For best cake by girl under 12 years old,	1.50	1.00	.50
64	For best pound of butter,	1.50	1.00	.50
65	Best display of honey in comb and strained	1.00	.50	
MEATS				
66	For best home-cured ham,	3.00	2.00	1.00
67	For best home-cured breakfast bacon,	3.00	2.00	1.00
68	For best half gallon home-made lard,	1.50	1.00	.50

LIVE STOCK

HORSES				
69	Best all around stallion,	5.00	2.00	1.00
70	Best brood mare with colt,	5.00	2.00	1.00
71	Best colt, either sex, under 2 years old,	5.00	2.50	1.00
MULES				
72	Best all around jack,	5.00	2.50	1.00
73	Best colt under 2 years old,	5.00	2.50	1.00
BERKSHIRES				
74	Best boar,	5.00	2.50	1.00
75	Best sow and pigs,	5.00	2.50	1.00
76	Best pig,	3.00	2.50	1.00
POLAND CHINAS				
77	Best boar,	5.00	2.50	1.00
78	Best sow and pigs,	5.00	2.50	1.00
79	Best pig,	3.00	2.50	1.00
DUROC JERSEYS				
80	Best boar,	5.00	2.50	1.00
81	Best sow and pigs,	5.00	2.50	1.00
82	Best pig,	3.00	2.50	1.00
DAIRY CATTLE				
83	Best bull, any age,	10.00	5.00	1.00
84	Best milch cow, any age,	10.00	5.00	1.00
85	Best heifer calf, under 18 months old,	3.00	2.50	1.00
BEEF CATTLE				
86	Best bull, any age,	10.00	5.00	1.00
87	Best cow,	5.00	3.00	1.00
88	Best heifer, under 8 months old,	5.00	3.00	1.00

POULTRY				
89	Best trio R. I. Reds,	3.00	1.00	
90	Best trio White Rocks,	3.00	1.00	
91	Best trio White Leghorns,	3.00	1.00	
92	Best trio Houdans,	3.00	1.00	
93	Best trio, Brown Leghorns,	3.00	1.00	
94	Best turkey tom,	2.00	1.00	
95	Best turkey hen,	2.00	1.00	
96	Best trio Wyandottes,	3.00	1.00	
97	Best trio Barred Rocks,	3.00	1.00	
98	Best trio Buff Rocks,	3.00	1.00	
99	Best trio Indian Games,	3.00	1.00	
100	Best trio Black Minorcas,	3.00	1.00	

PLANTS AND FLOWERS

101	Best pot of Chrysanthemums,	1.00	.50	
102	Best pot of Begonias,	1.00	.50	
103	Best palm,	1.00	.50	
104	Best fern,	1.00	.50	
105	Best pot of cut flowers,	1.00	.50	
106	Prettiest pot of flowers,	1.00	.50	

CHILDREN'S WORK

(Competitor or girl not over 15 years of age)

107	Best specimen of hand sewing,	1.50	1.00	.50
108	Best specimen machine work,	1.50	1.00	.50
109	Best specimen crochet work,	1.50	1.00	.50
110	Best specimen work apron,	1.50	1.00	.50
111	Best dress made by girl under 15 years of age cost not to exceed $1.00,	1.00	.50	
112	Best sunbonnet by girl under 15 years of age,	1.50	1.00	.50
113	Best gown,	1.50	1.00	.50
114	Best suit of underwear,	1.50	1.00	.50

LADIES' DEPARTMENT

115	For best painting,	2.00	1.50	
116	For best collection of paintings,	3.00	2.00	
OLD LADIES' DEPARTMENT (Competitors must not be under 50 years of age.)				
117	For best specimen of crochet work,	1.00	.50	
118	For best specimen of knitting work,	1.00	.50	
119	For best laundry bag,	1.00	.50	
120	For best specimen of hand sewing,	1.00	.50	
121	For best specimen of novelties of ony kind,	1.00	.50	
EMBROIDERY				
122	For best center piece,	1.00	.50	
123	For best table runner, white,	1.00	.50	
124	For best towel,	1.00	.50	
125	For best table cloth,	1.00	.50	
126	For best child's cap,	1.00	.50	
127	For best pillow case,	1.00	.50	
128	For best handkerchief,	.50	.25	
129	For best shirt waist made up,	1.00	.50	
130	For best gown,	1.00	.50	
131	For best suit of underclothing,	1.50	1.00	.50
132	For best bed room suit,	1.50	1.00	.50
133	For best princess slip,	1.00	.50	
LACES				
134	For best crochet counterpiece,	1.00	.50	
135	For best crochet bed spread,	1.50	1.00	.50
136	For best crochet saque,	1.50	1.00	.50
137	For best crochet cap,	1.00	.50	
138	For best crochet lace,	1.00	.50	
139	For best crochet slippers,	1.00	.50	
140	Best crochet or knit gloves, socks or stockings	1.00	.50	
141	For best crochet basket,	1.00	.50	
142	For best batton berk work,	1.50	1.00	.50
MACHINE AND HAND SEWING				
143	For best plain shirt waist,	1.00	.50	
144	For best house dress,	1.50	1.00	.50
145	For best underskirt,	1.50	1.00	.50
146	For best corset cover,	1.00	.50	
147	For best night gown,	1.05	1.00	.50
148	For best kitchen apron,	1.00	.50	
149	For best dressing saque or kimono,	1.00	.50	
150	For best specimen of drawn work,	1.50	1.00	.50
MISCELLANEOUS				
151	For best home-made rug,	1.50	1.00	.50
152	For best cotton quilt,	1.50	1.00	.50
153	For best sofa pillow,	1.50	1.00	.50
154	For jrettiest hand made basket,	1.50	1.00	.50
155	For best spcimen punch work,	1.50	1.00	.50
156	For best laundry bag,	1.00	.50	
157	For best home-woven goods,	1.50	1.00	.50
158	For best hand painted china,	1.50	1.00	.50

BOYS' CORN CLUB

The following prizes are only for boys from 10 to 18 years old, who are residents of Chilton County, and are members of the Boys' Corn Club.

159	For the greatest yield on one acre,	4.50	3.00
160	For acre of corn making most clear profit,	4.05	3.00
161	For the best record kept by corn club boy,	4.50	3.00
162	For the best display at the county fair by a club member,	4.50	3.00

Each member who does conscientious work, and makes his report, and submits samples of corn for exhibit at the county fair, will be given a club pin.

BOYS' PIG CLUB

163	For the best pure bred boar,	4.50	3.00
164	For best pig for butchering,	3.00	2.00
165	For best group of 3 pure bred pigs,	7.50	5.00

GIRLS' TOMATO CLUB

(In charge of Mrs. Lida Jones.)

The following prizes are only for girls who are residents of Chilton County, and who are members of the Girls' Tomato Club. Each girl who expects to compete for these prizes, should write to Mrs. Jones at once for information.

166	For club doing best work and making best exhibit at county fair,	7.50	3.50
167	For best individual exhibit,	1.50	1.00
168	For greatest amount of canned tomatoes from from 1-10 acre,	1.50	1.00
169	For best jar of beans,	1.00	
170	For best jar of corn,	1.00	
171	For best preserves by any member,	1.00	
172	For best plain canned fruits,	1.00	
173	For best sample of pickles,	2.00	1.00
174	For best bottle of catsup,	2.00	1.00

Each member who does conscientious work, and submits a report and exhibits a sample at the county fair will be given a valuable and pretty pin.

SPECIAL AMUSEMENTS

The Fair Association will have as clean and as large a show company as can be procured. Also there will be a good cornet band to furnish music.

The names of the judges will be announced in the papers before the opening of the Fair.

Try us Once

We want to prove to you that you get Higher Quality, Better Service, More Satisfaction and Lower Prices on any thing you buy from us.

Remember you Get

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back."

W. A. KEMP

CLANTON, ALA.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Thomas J. Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery ,Alabama, did, on the 27th day of February, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application, No. 010139, to purchase the NE ¼ of the SE ¼, Section 2, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised, one hundred and sixty dollars, the timber estimated 60,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $40.00; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9th day of November, 1917, before Register or Receiver, U S.. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GRAVES, Register.

Bring us your poultry and eggs. We guarantee highest market prices.
Jesse Baker and Sam Johnson.
At Carleton's Shop.

Hey There!

How about your letterheads, billheads, statements, envelopes, cards, etc. Don't wait until they are all gone and then ask us to rush them out in a hurry for you. Good work requires time and our motto is that anything that's worth doing is worth doing well.



Let us have that order N-O-W while we have the time to do your Printing as it should be done.

CLANTON GRAMMAR SCHOOL TO OPEN SEPTEMBER 4TH

Announcement has been made that the opening of the Clanton Grammar School will take place on Tuesday, September 4th, 1917.

Prof. J. L. Johnson, who has already served as principal for one term has been retained to that position, and promises a much more successful school this year than any year previous to this.

The assistants are, Miss Gladys Wood of Daphue, Ala., Miss Elsie Nonenmacher of Anniston, and Miss Hattie Hancock of Alexander City. Miss Hancock takes the place which was occupied by Miss Flemming last session.

Prof. Johnson has the rare privilege of offering to the children of Clanton a fine building with all modern and convenient equipment. The School grounds are all placed in good order for the opening.

The faculty has the promise of a much larger enrollment than they had last year, and feel that the passage of the three-mill school tax would help them materially.

It Helps!

There can be no doubt as to the merit of Cardui, the woman's tonic, in the treatment of many troubles peculiar to women. The thousands of women who have been helped by Cardui in the past 40 years, is conclusive proof that it is a good medicine for women who suffer. It should help you, too.

Take

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Mrs. N. E. Varner, of Hixson, Tenn., writes: "I was passing through the . . . My back and sides were terrible, and my suffering indescribable. I can't tell just how and where I hurt, about all over, I think . . . I began Cardui, and my pains grew less and less, until I was cured. I am remarkably strong for a woman 64 years of age. I do all my housework." Try Cardui, today. E-76

THE VETCHES

By D. J. Burleson, Agronomist for Extension.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

Among the many species of vetch, there are only three which are of much value in the cotton belt. They are hairy vetch, narrow leaf vetch and Oregon or English winter vetch, the latter being of least importance. All are winter growing, vine-like, annual legumes. Since they reseed themselves freely, a stand may be obtained year after year by allowing the plants to shed seed.

Hairy Vetch whether grown for hay or for winter grazing should be seeded with one of the sma" grains for supporting the vine-like vetch. The two plants make a greater yield than one alone. Such a mixture may be pastured judiciously in winter, and if the stock are removed before the grain begins to form stems, the two crops may make good yields of hay, or of seed and grain. If grown for hay or for grain, the mixture should consist of red oats and hairy vetch, as these mature at about the same time.

Narrow Leaf Vetch is earlier than hairy vetch. For hay it should be grown with Fulghum oats or wheat, since red oats mature too late. Probably narrow leaf vetch is better for occupying Johnson grass meadows in winter than is hairy vetch. However narrow leaf vetch is not quite so hardy to cold as hairy vetch. The severe cold of last winter killed nearly all the former, while the latter withstood the cold better than most of our other winter legumes.

Last year certain samples of narrow leaf vetch seed contained cockle seed. The Alabama Experiment Station (press bulletin 85) found that dissolving 5 1-4 pounds of nitrate of soda in one gallon of water gives a solution of such density that all cockle seed float and the vetch seed sink.

The vetches should be planted in September or October. At the present high price of seed it would seem advisable to plant about 20 pounds per acre. Inoculation for the vetches is generally necessary to get satisfactory growth. Soil where vetch or English peas have previously grown successfully will furnish good inoculating material.

For further details write Alabama Experiment Station, Auburn, Ala., for press bulletin No. 31, Hairy Vetch.

ROOT-KNOT CONTROL

By H. B. Tisdale, Associate in Plant Breeding, Alabama Experiment Station.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

Root-knot or root gauls occurring on the roots of cotton and many other plants, causes each year a considerable loss in yield. The affected plants turn yellow and cease to grow, and if the roots of these plants are examined, swellings or gauls of varying sizes can be seen. The swellings are caused by nematode worms which live in the soil and feed and multiply on the roots of many plants.

In fields where root-knot is prevalent, plants resistant to the nematode worm should be planted for three or four years before cotton is again planted in the same field. Some of the most common resistant plants are as follows: Corn, velvet beans, peanuts, sorghum, millet, oats, wheat, rye, barley, Iron cowpeas and Brabham cowpeas. Those resistant plants best suited to the individual farmer should be worked into a rotation for three or four years, after which time the nematode worms will be starved.

Clean cultivation is necessary in order to keep down weds, many of which furnish food for the nematode worms.

GOOD SEED NECESSARY

By E. F. Cauthen, Associate Agriculturist, Alabama Experiment Station.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

Profitable crops cannot be produced without a good stand of plants, and to secure a full stand it is necessary to plant pure, live seed. Their purity and ability to germinate are therefore important factors that cannot be overlooked under the present high cost of production.

All farmers should now decide upon their fall crops, and calculate the amount of seed that will have to be bought to plant each one properly. After deciding upon the amount of good seed necessary, they should ascertain where such seed may be secured, and arrange without delay for the needed amount.

The amount of vetch and clover seed will likely be limited. Their price will doubtless keep pace with the price of other seed and be high. Their scarcity and high price will cause dishonest dealers to sell old seed or adulterated seed. Therefore, it is important to buy from reliable farmers or seedsmen. A guaranty of purity and germination may be required, or a sample of the seed may be submitted for examination to the Seed Laboratory, U. S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

Now is the time to locate fall seed oats and buy before they have been fed away or shipped to some other part of the country. Good pure Southern grown seed will be scarce and hard to get. If you wait until planting time you may have to plant some unsuited variety, or not plant any.

Everything high so is Groceries

But I am still selling Groceries at lowest possible prices, considering everything. Call to see me and bring your Produce.

J. W. Littlejohn

CLANTON, ALA.

THORSBY ITEMS

Miss Lorena Graham entertained in compliment of her friends, Messrs John Ford, Jr., and Kinslar Farrell of the Forst Alabama Hospital Corps of Montgomery on Friday night of last week. After three hours of chat and games, ice cream and cake were served. The guests present were: Misses Mabel and Harriet Swan, Bessie and Essie Hughes, Agnes and Ruth Gerald, Zettie Hinson, Bell Richardson, Olga Soberg, Luella Winslow, Pauline Stanley and Nona Edwards. Messrs Raymond Kicklighter, Raymond Carlson, Herbert Hughes, Walter Morgan, Cowan Woodham, Robert Majcrs, Alva Rainer, Guy Flummer and Sumner Gerald.

Mrs. Phillip Horn is spending the week in Clanton with her sister, Mrs. L. F. Gerald.

Rev. J. M. Graham spent Sunday with his family after an absence of several weeks.

Everybody is invited to attend the Confirmation Services at the Lutheran Church next Sunday. Service begins at 10 o'clock.

The Camp Fire Girls entertained their gentlemen friends at the home of Miss Olga Soberg on Tuesday evening of this week.

The following new students have arrived for school at Thorsby Institute: Misses Bessie and Essie Hughes, Bell Richardson, and Zettie Hinson; Messrs Robert Majors and Alva Rainer.

Mr. C. E. Woodham filled his regular appointment at Mountain Springs church on last Sunday. He was accompanied on the trip by Miss Elizabeth Hoopes.

Misses Phillip Horn and C. R. Foss spent Tuesday of this week in Birmingham in attendance upon the Merchants Convention.

Prof. and Mrs. C. M. Williams and family left on Thursday of last week for a two-weeks visit with Mrs. Williams' parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Garrick, Senora, Ga.

Messrs John Ford, Jr., and Kinsler Farrell of the First Alabama Hospital Corps, Montgomery, spent a few days of last week visiting friends in Thorsby.

Miss Amy A. Payne, who is to be the Houskeeper at the Girls' Dormitory the coming year, arrived on Thursday of last week.

See us before selling your poultry and eggs. Baker & Johnson,
Near Calreton's Shop.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Cure fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

FOR SALE

Place in Thorsby consisting of 25 acres of land, with good two-story house, barn, cellar house, etc. Address Wallace C. Edler, Thorsby, Ala.

Pay for the Union-Banner a year. $1

State of Alabama, Chilton County.
Estate of P. E. Coleman, deceased.

This day came W. B. Tomlin, as administrator of the estate of said decedent, and filed his application, in due form and proper oath, praying an order for sale of certain personal property described therein, and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of paying debts of said estate. It is ordered that the 14th day of August, 1917, be appointed a day for hearing said application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.

L. H. REYNOLDS, Judge of Probate.

Coffins, Burial Supplies, Automobile Accessories For sale at

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.

CLANTON, ALA.

The Coming of the Sun Beam

The coming of the sunbeam—the new baby—should be a happy time for the expectant mother. She should help nature by the daily use of the safe, penetrating external preparation, "Mother's Friend". By its regular use the breasts are kept in good condition, the tendency to morning sickness is avoided. The abdominal muscles relax without strain when baby is born and the crisis is naturally one of less pain and danger.

To neglect the use of "Mother's Friend" for a single night is a mistake. Send or phone to the druggist for a bottle today and write for valuable free book, "Motherhood and the Baby". Address The Bradfield Regulator Co., Dept. K, 300 Lamar Building, Atlanta, Ga.

LET HYDRAULIC RAM PUMP YOUR WATER

By R. U. Blasingame, Agricultural Enneer, Alabama Extension Service.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

The thrift of a community is often determined by the utilization of its natural resources. Water flowing from one elevation to a lower plane is certainly capable of doing some useful work. It develops horse power in proportion to its quantity and the distance it falls.

Alabama is blessed with an ample supply of streams, springs, and flowing wells. By the use of the hydraulic ram this water may be delivered to any place desired. The ram is cheap, simple to operate, and easily installed. After installing its operating cost is nothing.

Facts About the Hydraulic Ram.

1. It is a combination engine and pump. Operates day and night.

2. The hydraulic ram must be placed at least two feet below the spring, and ten feet away, and must be supplied with at least one gallon of water to operate successfully.

3. Measure the capacity of the spring by catching the flow in a tub or a bucket of known capacity.

4. The ram wastes considerable water in order to pump a small amount. Therefore, it is necessary to provide for the waste water to drain away.

5. To find amount of water that will be delivered by a ram per minute.

Number of gallons furnished to ram multiplied by height water is to be raised equals number of gallons put into tank.

Subtract 1/3 for friction in pipes. (Drive head is vertical distance from spring to ram).

EXAMPLE: Suppose a spring supplies 10 gallons per minute and drive head is 5 feet. How much water will be delivered in tank 60 feet high?

$\frac{10 \times 5}{60}$ = No. gals. put in tank—5/6 gals. per minute.

$5/6 \times 24 \times 60 = 1200$ gals. per 24 hrs

Subtract 1/3 for friction in pipe 1200-400=800 gals. per day.

6. The length of drive pipe should be about 8 to 10 times the drive head. Example: If drive head is 5 feet, drive pipe should be 40 or 50 feet long.

Table showing size of drive pipe, delivery pipe, and size of ram to install with varying water supply from spring.

Gals. water to operate ram.	Size of supply pipe.	Size of delivery pipe.	Size of ram. No.
2	¾ in.	½ in.	2
3 to 4	1 in.	½ in.	3
4 to 7	1¼ in.	¾ in.	4
8 to 14	2 in.	¾ in.	5
14 to 25	2½ in.	1 in.	6

Syrup making time is close at hand. Get your syrup barrell from Clanton Mercantile Co.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that a special election will be held in Chilton County, Alabama, on the 27th day of August, 1917, for the purpose of determining whether or not a special tax shall be levied and collected annually, at rate of thirty cents on one hundred dollars of taxable property in said county for the fiscal year 1916-'17 to 1918-'19 inclusive, (this being for a period of three years), the same to be used for the extension of the public school term and for an addition in the number of teachers where needed for the public schools of Chilton County, Alabama.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.
S. E. WALDRUP,
R. J. WILLIANMS,
W. T. HERROD,
A. P. VINSON,
Members Board of Co. Com.
H. A. HARRIS,
Sheriff Chilton Co., Ala.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON,
(Seal) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

For the stomach and bowel disorders of babies McGEE'S BABY ELEXIR is a remedy of genuine merit. It acts quickly, is pure, wholesome and pleasant to take. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

The Clanton Mercantile Co., has just gotten in a car load of new syrup barrells. The price is $2.00 each.

BAKER SCHOOL HOUSE

Dear Editor:

As I have not seen anything from this place in your paper for quite a while, I will write a few words in regard to our settlement.

We are glad to note that health is very good at this time. We have had up to this time quite a lot of rain, but so far has not done much damage.

We are proud of our new saw mill that has just been erected by Mr. E. M. Jones, Jr., at Falakto. The mill has been operating some three weeks and is turning out some fine lumber.

We are glad to say that there was a singing at Mr. Bess' last Saturday night, which was well attended by the young folks around here.

Mr. G. H. Vinson spent last Saturday night and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Lee Yates of Clanton Route No. 5. He and Mr. Yates visited Fiquette's saw mill Sunday.

CHILTON COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

The School for Chilton County Boys and Girls, prepared to do High School Work. Devoted to Secondary Education only. Fully affiliated with every State Institution and the Southern Association of Colleges. Also offers Course of Study for the Boy or the Girl who cannot go to College.

Faculty fully competent—every member a College Graduate; every member has a College Degree. Every Section of the County represented in the Student Body.

Listen, Fellow Citizens, this school is your school. Your tax money supports it. Send us your son or your daughter, and let them claim their own. All departmnets fully organized. Look out for announcement of the strongest Department of Music to be found outside of the cities and colleges.

Next Session opens September 5, 1917. Conference and correspondence solicited. We are here to serve.

H. C. McDONALD, A. B., Principal,
CLANTON, ALA.

This week we wish to call your attention to

Some Special Prices

Beginning right now we are making some real low prices on a great number of items in order to reduce our summer stock and make room for our Fall and Winter Goods.

Mens Fancy Shirts

This summer we placed a special line of Men's High Grade Sumer Shirts in the latest fancy paterns. They have sold well and pleased the buyers. A few of these shirts remain, and owing to the late season now, we offer them at Bargain Prices.

Prices range from One Dollar on up.

Neckties and Collars

There has never been a prettier line of Men's Fancy Neckties than those which we have left over from the lot we bought for our trade this summer. They are the latest and most equisite colors, most attractive to the eyes. Also a fine line of Collars for men and boys. Special bargains now being offered in both Collars and Ties.

Cool Summer Suits.

We have on hand a few more suits of our special summer stock of Cool Cloth. Also a few pairs of pants for hot weather wear. We urge you to buy one of these suits to help you over the remaining hot days of summer time.

Slippers and Straw Hats

This is a little late in the season to buy Low Cut Shoes, and for that reason we offer some special prices on the remainder of our stock of this kind. We have a few pairs of Palm Beach Canvas shoes at bargains.

We have a few Straw Hats in the latest styles, which we want to dispose of as quickly as possible.

Other Mens Furnishings

Anything else you want in the way of Gents' Furnishings. Fine Hose, Belts, Handkerchiefs, Underwear, etc. All specially reduced in price owing to late season.

We have anything noy need to piece out your wearing apparel to the winter season.

Ladies Dress Goods

In our Ladies' Department, as well as all the other lines, you will find special prices on all goods in order to close out our summer stock. You already know the reputation and class of our ladies' wearables. The very latest things in the way of dress goods, specially suited for the summer comfort. Come in and let Miss Thomas show you what we have left in these lines.

All Kinds of Notions

Not only will the ladies find dress goods here, but many other little items which they alweys need. All kinds of ribbons, lace, thread and trimmings.

Special lot of Ladies' Hose in Silks, which we want to close out soon. Also Ladies' Shoes and Slippers in both Leather and Canvas. Our Ladies' Department is complete in every detail.

We are especially anxious right now in the remaining days of the summer to reduce our stock. The best way to move goods is make the price right. Now we want you to come and see these goods we are offering, and find out what money-savers they will be to you.

Clanton Mercantile Company

The Big Bargain Store.



PeeGee SPECIFICATION VARNISHES

for Exterior and Interior Woodwork and Floors

You may select the finest wood for the exterior or interior of your building, yet the appearance of the finished woodwork rests with the Varnish used. Don't experiment with unknown or inferior brands. *Insist upon Pee-Gee Specification Varnishes, they are most economical and always dependable for first-class results.*

FREE Ask for illustrated booklet, "The Modern Method of Finishing Wood."

UPCHURCH DRUG CO.,
Clanton, Ala.

MORTGAGE SALE

Default having been made in the payment of the indebtedness secured by that certain mortgage executed by Guy H. Gerald and Clara Gerald, to O. P. Lindquist on March 25, 1915, which said mortgage being recorded in Vol. 150, page 426, record of mortgages, in theo fice of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Ala., I, O. P. Lindquist will offer for sale at public outcry, to the highest and best bidder for cash, on Monday, Sept 17, 1917, during the legal hours of sale, at the courthouse door in Clanton, Ala., the following described real estate situated in Chilton County, Alabama, to-wit:

Certain lots or parcels of land in the Town of Thorsby, described as follows: Beginning at a point one hundred (100) feet west of the southeast corner of the southwest quarter of northwest quarter of northwest quarter of Section seven (7), Township twenty-two (22), Range Fourteen (14), running thence south two hundred (200) feet, thence east to a point on the west line of the northwest quarter of the Southeast quarter of the Northwest quarter on the Birmingham & Montgomery Highway, thence in a northerly direction along said road to the north line of Southwest quarter of Northwest quarter, thence west to the point of beginning, containing thre and one-half (3½) acres, more or less;

Also S.W.¼ of N.W.¼ of N.W.¼, Sec. 7, T.P. 22, Range 14, containing ten (10) acres, more or less.

Also S.½ of S.E.¼ of S.E.¼ of Section 1, Township 22, Range 13, containing twenty (20) acres, more or less;

Also N.E.¼ of N.E.¼, N.½ of S.E ¼ of N.E.¼, Sec. 12, T. P. 22, Range 13, containing sixty (60) acres, more or less;

Also N.E.¼ of N.E.¼ of S.E.¼; S.W.¼ of N.W.¼ of N.E.¼, Sec. 12, T.P. 22, Range 13, containing twenty (20) acres, more or less.

Also part of N.W.¼ of S.W.¼ of S.W.¼, Sec. 6, T.P. 22, Range 14, described as follows: a strip of land one hundred feet wide along the west side of said land, also a parcel of land described as Lots Nos. 8, 9, 10, in Block 1 of Siminton's Addition to Thorsby, said lots extending east from the strip above mentioned and fronting fifty feet, each, on Franklin Street, and extending in a southerly direction 140 feet, said strip and lots containing in all, two acres, more of less.

Containing in all, 115 acres, more or less.

All above land in Sections one and seven, are conveyed subject to any valid reservation or mineral right in force at the execution of said mortgage.

The proceeds of said sale will be applied to the payment of the expenses incident to said sale, including attorneys' fee, and to the amount of the indebtedness due on said mortgage.

This, August 1, 1917.

O. P. LINDQUIST, Mortgagee.

Middleton & Reynolds,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.

J. W. Sorrell of Jemison was a visitor to Clanton Wednesday.

DELCO-LIGHT



Electricity for Every Home and Farm

A City Bath-Room in the Rural Home!

DELCO-LIGHT FURNISHES THE POWER

Fresh running water piped to bathroom, kitchen and barn—clean, brilliant electric light—cool breezes from electric fans—these are the greatest joys of the Delco-Light Owner.

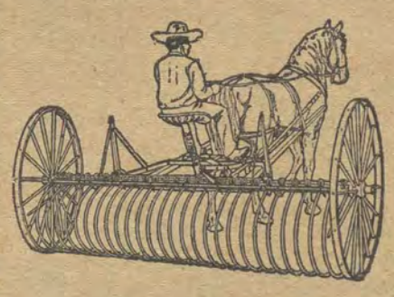
Two Sizes.....$350 and $420 (f. o. b. Dayton, O.)

FOR ACTUAL DEMONSTRATION WRITE, PHONE OR WIRE TO BLOCH BROTHERS, DEALERS, SELMA, ALA.



The Domestic Electric Company,
Distributors, Atlanta, Ga.

The McCormick Mowing Machine



We handle the McCormick Mowers & Rakes, and have a Stock of them now on hand.

Come in and let us explain to you the many good features of the McCormick line of Harvesting Machines, which will allow you to save all the hay you have been losing.

Clanton Hardware Company

If your child is pale and sickly, picks at the nose, starts in the sleep and grinds the teeth while sleeping, it is a sure sign of worms. A remedy for these parasites will be found in WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE. It not only clears out the worms, but it restores health and cheerfulness. Price 2 5 rpcebottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

NOTICE

I am now ready to pay all outstanding Chilton County warrants of all kinds against the general funds also against the fine and forfeiture fund.

J. BICE, County Treas.

MONEY TO LEND

I represent a mortgage company, lending money on real estate at a low rate of interest. All charges less than 8 per cent. If loan is desired, see me and place application.

F. B. COLLIER,
Clanton, Ala.

Recommended by Doctor Cothram

Dr. T. E. Cothram is a well-known pharmacist of Alexis, Ala. And when he gets bilious or needs a purgative medicine, what do you suppose he does? Out of his whole big stock of liver medicine he selects and uses Granger Liver Regulator. He says "There is none better." That's a pretty strong endorsement, don't you think, from a man who knows all about the merits of the different medicines on the market? Granger Liver Regulator is purely vegetable, does not gripe nor irritate the delicate lining of the stomach and bowels and always gives quick and pleasant results. It is the best system purifier known. Your druggist can supply you—25c for large box. Accept no substitute.

If you feel "blue", "no-count", lazy you need a good cleaning out. HERBINE is the right thing for that purpose. It stimulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Emily H. Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery, Alabama, did, on the 6th day of March, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application No. 010141, to purchase the SE¼ of the NW¼ of the SW¼, of Section 36, Township 22 North, Range 16 East, St Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber estimated 144,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $79.70; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9 day of November, 1917 before Register or Receiver, U. S. Land office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GRAVES, Register.

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Gaston Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery, Alabama, did, on the 27 day of February, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application, No. 010140, to purchase the NE ¼ of the NE ¼, Section 2, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St. Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known os the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised, one hundred and sixty dollars, the timber estimated 60,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $40.00; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9 day of November, 1917, before Register or Receiver of the U.S. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GRAVES, Register.

LEARN TO WRITE

I can make a good penman of you at home during your spare time. Send me your name and $3.50, and take my 8-weeks course by mail.

J. E. THORNTON,
Carrollton, Ga.

B. Guy Smith Spent Sunday and Monday in Opelika.

Mrs. L.H.Reynolds was called to Georgia last wek on account of the death of her mother.

Fiery Eczema and Skin Eruptions Readily Yield to This Old Remedy

Sucessfully used for fifty years.

Eczema and similar skin troubles come from a disordered, impure condition of the blood, and they can only be cured by giving the blood a thorough cleansing, and removing from it all traces of impurity.

This is why S. S. S. has been used so successfully in hundreds of cases of Eczema and other skin eruptions.

This wonderful remedy is without an equal as a blood purifier, being probably the oldest blood medicine on the market. It has been sold by druggists for fifty years.

You are invited to write to-day for complete and full advice as to the treatment of your own case. Address, Chief Medical Adviser, Swift Specific Co., Dept. H Atlanta, Ga.

IF you want what you want when you want it—in the printing line—
WE HAVE IT!

!BARGAINS!

Don't Miss These Money Savings

Whatever you need in Wearing Apparel for Men, Women and Children can be bought here at a Great Saving in Price. This great End-of-Season Sale of L. H. Reynolds is for the purpose of Cleaning out all Summer Stocks. The very Things you need for the hot, sultry days. Original Costs are lost sight of during this Sale.

MEN'S SHOES

6 pair Men's Kid Oxfords, $5.00 value, now $3.50
15 pair Men's Tan Oxfords, $5.00 value, now $3.60
17 pair Men's Gun Metal Oxfords, $6.00 value, now.. $3.75
22 pair Men's Gun Metal Oxfords, $4.00 value, now.. $2.60
12 pair Men's Palm Beach Oxfords $2.75, now $1.25
17 pair Men's White Oxfords, $4.00 value, now $2.75
14 pair Men's Gun Metal Oxfords, $4.50 value, now.. $2.60
12 pair Men's Gun Metal Oxfords, $3.25 value, now.. $2.00
7 pair Men's Canvas Shoes, $1.50 value, now $1.10
21 pair Men's Canvas Shoes, $1.00 value, now 65c
20 pair Men's White Tennis Oxfords, $1.00, now 75c
7 pair Men's White Tennis Oxfords 75c, now 50c
22 pair Men's White Tennis Oxfords $1.00, now 75c
45 pair Men's White Tennis Oxfords, 75c value, now.. 45c

BOYS' SHOES

21 pair Boys' White Tennis Oxfords, $1.00 value, now.. 75c
45 pair Boys' White Tennis Oxfords, $1.00 value, now.. 65c
18 pair Boys' White Tennis Oxfords, 65c value, now .. 45c

BOYS CAPS

48 Boys' Caps, $1.00 value, now 69c
48 Boys' Caps, 65c value, now 40c
48 Boys' Caps, 50c value, now 40c

UNDERWEAR

60 suits Men's B.V.D. Underwear, 50c value, now 40c
60 Men's Slips that sold for 50c, now 40c
24 Men's B. V. D. Union Suits, $1.00 value, now 75c
36 Boy's B. V. D. Union Suits, 50c value, now 40c

LADIES' SHOES

3 pr. Ladies' Black English Walker Slippers $4, now.. $2.60
7 pr. Ladies' Gun Metal Pumps, $3.50 value, now .. $2.75
16 pr. Ladies' Baby Doll Pumps, $4.00 value, now $2.75
10 pr. Ladies' Patent Leather Pumps, $3 value, now.. $1.75
16 pr. Ladies' Patent Baby Doll Pumps $3 value, now.. $1.75
17 pr. Ladies' Patent Baby Doll Pumps $4 value, now.. $2.65
11 pr. Ladies' Gun Metal Mary Jane pumps $3, now.. $2.10
7 pr. Ladies' Colonial Pumps, $3.50 value, now $2.10
7 pr. Ladies' Kid Oxfords, $3.50 value, now $2.15
17 pr. Ladies' Pumps, $3.75 value, now $2.45
58 pr. Ladies' Slippers, sold for $2.50, to $3.50 now .. $1.75
21 pr. Ladies' Pumps, $4.00 value, now $2.60
15 pr. Ladies' Gun Metal Pumps, $2.50 value, now $1.75
4 pr. Ladies' Vici Oxfords, $3.50 value, now $2.40
9 pr. Ladies' Canvas Pumps, $1.00 value, now 65c
24 pr. Mary Jane Canvas Slippers, $1.50, now $1.10
14 pr. Ladies' White Slippers $1.50 to $3.00, now 75c

MISSES' SHOES

14 pr. Misses' Mary Jane Pumps, 75c value, now 55c
32 pr. Children's White Slippers, $1.50 to $2.00, now.. 90c
26 pr. Misses' Canvas Pumps, 90c value, now 69c
30 pr. Little Girls' Slippers, $2.75 value, now $1.79
37 pr. Girls' Slippers, $3.00 value, now $1.98
12 pr. Girls' Slippers that sold for $3.25, now..... $1.19
8 pr. Girls' Slippers, that sold for $1.25, uow 79c
6 pr. Babies' Shoes, that were sold at 50c, now 39c
10 pr. Babies Shoes that sold for $1.00 now 59c
11 pr. Misses' Slippers, that were $3.00, now $1.98
17 pr. Misses' Slippers that sold for $2.75, now $1.59
24 pr. Misses' Slippers that were $2.25, now $1.59
23 pr. Misses' Slippers, $2.00 value, now $1.59
19 pr. Misses' Slippers, $1.75 valus, now $1.19
7 pr. Misses' Slippers, $3.50 value, now $1.69

LADIES' HATS

12 Ladies' Hats that were selling for $3.00, now 69c

MEN'S HATS

24 Men's Leghorn Hats, $3.50 value, now $2.00
12 Men's Panama Hats that sold for $3.00, now $2.00
60 Men's Felt Hats, $2.50 value, now $1.98

MEN'S SHIRTS

18 Men's Dress Shirts, that were $1.25, now 75c
30 Men's Shirts, 75c values, now 40c

Mens Half Hose

96 pr. Men's Silk Half Hose, 50c value, now 25

LADIES, ATTENTION!

350 yds. 15c Bleaching, limited to 10 yds., per yd. now 10c
550 yds. Crepe and Lawns that sold for 12½c, now 10c
150 yds. 15c Linene that sold for 15c per yd., now 12½c
24 Ladies' Dress Shirts that sold for $1.00, now 40c
Embroidery from 2½ to 8 in. wide, 10c to 25c value.... 6c
1 lot of White Corduroy shirts that were $2.50, now .. $1.15
1 lot of White Poplin Skirts that were $1.50, now 79c

THREAD

1200 balls Silkine Crochet Thread, 3 balls for 25c
660 spools of Black Sewing Thread, 7 spools for 25c

CATTLE EXCHANGE

I buy, sell of exchange milch cows and all kinds of cattle. Will pay the highest market price if you want to sell, or will sell or trade any kind of cattle you wish to buy. Remember I pay the highest cash market price for cattle. Make arrangements to see me before you sell or buy.

Automobile Casings and Tubes at Cost. Will buy Worn Casings at highest Prices.

The above goods are much cheaper than they can be bought at wholesale prices. The goods are exactly as represented and will be sold at the prices advertised here.

Merchants needing any of the above goods will do well to come and inspect the stock, as these goods were purchased when they were at least 40 per cent cheaper than they could be bought at wholesale now.

I have several thousand dollars worth of other goods on hand which I will sell at cost. None of these Goods are damaged. All of them are brand new. Drop in and look over my entire display of goods.

L. H. REYNOLDS

CLANTON, - - ALABAMA

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., AUGUST 30, 1917. NUMBER 22.

GERMAN CRISIS PUT OFF, NEWSPAPERS SAY

Believed Present Parlimentary Struggle will have far-reaching Effect.

The Hague, Aug. 24.—The German latest crisis has doubtless been a storm in a teacup, but one likely, nevertheless, to entail for reaching consequences, the press admits.

The Rhenish Westphalian Gazette says that there is no doubt that the interior crisis is only postponed and that the postponement is of short duration. The Tageblatt says the crisis is only temporarily averted.

The Cologne Volkszeitung says that Germany's enemies will soon be able to talk of German lack of internal unanimity and advises the Reichstag main committee to choose another path, saying that "the highest authority in the empire has already declared against the annexationists."

The majority coalition without any doubt intends to make use of every opportunity to exert its influence and gain power. The government finding it impossible to prevent an outburst, is using the agitation as an advertisement abroad and at home of Germany's democratic spirit, although, in reality the Reichstag is still impotent. The mere fact that the Chancellor can continue serenely with practically no support indicates this.

The Chancellor has already attained the unidentified position which Bethmann had when he was ousted, a target of the distrust of all parties, distrust by the majority owing to his quibbling over the peace resolution and by the pan-Germans, owing to the fact that he proposes to take the party leaders more into his confidence by the formation of a subcommittee to duscuss affairs before they come before the grand committee.

Meantime, in order to calm the majority and draw a red herring across his path, Michaels unexpectedly says that he consents to the majority view of the Alsac-Loraine question, that the district become an autonomous state of the empire, with full status as such. This and the withdrawal of the Chancellor's first statement after Von Payer had presented on ultimatum to him has somewhat soothed the ruffled feeling.

The Chancellor who suddenly departed for Great Headquarters, will return on Monday when the discussions will be resumed. The press states that this journey is not connected with the recent events in the Reichstag Committee, but is probably in connection with the question of Alsac-Lorraine.

The question of reviving the Council of the empire is again on the tapis but unless the constitution is reformed all these are only palliative measures. Count Zu Reventlow, in the Tageszeitung, says the Chancellor has no intention of having the helm taken out of his hands, in spite of the majority resolutions.

Meantime, the party has achieved a partial triumph by the fact that the National Liberals have definitely agreed to support the domestic reform program with mental reservations regarding foreign policy.

C. C. H. S. ALUMNI ASSOCIATION MEETS IN GRAND FESTIVAL

The Chilton County High School Alumni Association met in its second annual session at the high school auditorium on Saturday night, Aug. 25.

Nine of the twenty-seven members were present and took part in the activities of the evening.

Those present were: Ruben Lowe, Bernie Thompson, Dewey Rockett, Misses Annie Gragg, Bessie Davis, Beverly Hester and Madge Cooper.

Officers were elected for the coming year as follows:

President, Annie Gragg, Vice-President, Bernie Thompson; Secretary, Madge Cooper; and Treasurer, Beverly Hester.

The association will hold its next meeting during the commencement of the high school.

Pay for the Union-Banner a year. $1

GERMAN LOSSES AT LENS ARE COUNTED AT 15,000

Brilliant Story of How the Canadians Have Pushed on Over Obstacles.

War Correspondents Headquarters on the British Front, August 24.—To the south of Lens there is a slag heap overgrown with weeds, called the "Green Grassier." It is clearly visible across the Souchez River, beyond a broken bridge, and I have often seen it from the lower slopes of Vimy. It was the scene of great fighting yesterday, for in the morning the Canadians, who are showing an indomitable spirit after ten days of the most furious attack and counter attack, launched an assault upon it and seized the position.

Later in the day the enemy came back in strength and after violent efforts succeeded in thrushing the Canadians off the crest of this old mound of cinders, though they still cling to the western side of it. This is another incident in the long series of fierce and bloody encounters, which since the battle of Vimy on April 9, have surrounded the City of Lens, and given to its streets and suburbs a sinister but historic fame.

The Canadians have fought here with astonishing resolution. They have hurled themselves against fortress positions and by sheer courage smashed their way through streets entangled with quickest hedges of steel, through houses alive with machine guns fire, through trenches dug between concrete forts, through tunnels under the red brick runis, sometimes too strong to be touched by shell fire, and through walls loopholed for rifle fire and hidden machine gun emplacements designed to infilade its advance.

Through the cities of St. Laurent, St. Theodore and St. Emile, to the north and west Lens, they fought past high slagheaps and pitheads, along the railway embankments, down sudden leads, until they had broken their way through the frightful defenses to the western streets of the inner city.

Every day nd sometimes many times a day, they have been counterattacked by swarms of Germans, coming up out of their tunnels and between their attacks they have been under terrific gunfire from a wide semi-circle of heavy batteries.

Six German divisions have attacked them in turn and been shattered by them. These are the seventh and the eighth, the fourth guards division, the eleventh reserve, the 220th and the first guards reserve divisions. In addition to these six divisions some persons, at any rate, of the 185th division and of the thirty-sixth reserve divisions have been engaged.

The total german strength used at Lens must well exceed fifty batallions (upwards of 50,000 men), and the German losses may, perhaps, be estimated at between 12,000 and 15,000 men. The Canadians themselves have been hard-pressed at times but have endured the exhaustion of the great struggle with amazing strength of spirit, grimly and fiercely resolved to hold their gains unless overwhelmed by numbers in their advanced positions, as it has sometimes happened to them.

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week ending August 25, 1917:

Names, WOMEN—Miss Addie Cottingham, Miss Eula Jones, Miss Pincie Auntry.

Names, MEN—Francis W. DuBose, A. L. Dupree, Ed Rhodes, R. S. Carpenter, Jane Woodruff.

These letters will be sent to the dead letter office Sept. 8, 1917, if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "advertised" giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON, P.M.

SEED GRAIN FOR SALE

Fulgum Oats at $2.00 per bushel;
Blue Stem Wheat at $3.25;
Abruzzi Rye at $4.00.

Quantity limited—First come first served. J. N. DENNIS,
8-23-2t. Clanton, Ala.

END OF WAR WITH VICTORY FOR ALLIES NEAR

Many Hopeful Signs of Close of Hostilities are Seen in France.

Paris, Aug. 25.—"Is the end of the war really near? is the question one is beginning to hear in well-informed circles in Paris, which for the first time are inclined to admit the possibility of a successful termination of hostilities in the not distant future.

At a risk of being suspected of premature optimism I will try to set forth the reasons and arguments that are being advanced by people in Paris in support of the expectations which they have hitherto scarcely ventured to consider.

To begin with, the reception accorded the Pope's peace offer in the Allied countries has dealt a fatal blow to the theory advanced by the pessimists. Despite American intervention, the national morale in France, Englond and Italy had so fallen that their governments would be soon forced by popular pressure to accept almost any peace short of absolute submission to Germany.

France, especially, which the croakers said would never face another winter of war, met the papal olive branch with universal and uncompromising hostility and thereby brought a victorious peace nearer by a giant struggle. It is realized here that Germany has been beting on the chance of French weakness (for France, as the greatest sufferer among the big allied powers) as her last desperate stake, the final "double of quits" that might snatch victory from defeat.

Despite the false statements about submarines and military strength Gerhas, it is thought, nothing else to hope for; but while the chance of France throwing up the sponge was possible, it was obvious that the German war chiefs would hold on to the bitterest end. Now that this chance has vanished, it is believed that the effect on the German people will be vital.

A veteran French diplomat stated the case plainly to me this morning:

"In the early summer we passed the dead line that separates failure from success. You know what happened then—how the disappointment of the extravagant hopes placed by the people in the April offensive was craftily turned to account by pacifism or German-paid propaganda.

"What a contrast today. Under a chief who will rank with the greatest generals of antiquity, their few legitimate grevances appeased by wise reforms, their courage unsapped by lies and calumnies from the rear, our soldiers are winning victory before the fortress that the Germans boasted should symbolize their triumph forever.

"In the rear French justice has stamped her foot, and the rats of treachery have scuttled to their holes. Legitimate complaints were adjusted, and new confidence was born, which no one again will dare to try to undermine.

"But our moment of weakness gave the Germans hope. They said: 'France faints: let us appear undaunted and deal our best hammer blows. Her resistance will soon end.'

"I am no military expert, but I am convinced that their tremendous attacks on the Aisne, where it is stated that they lost more troops than in the first battle of Verdun, were inspired by some such reasoning. What can they hope for now? You have the answer on the banks of the Meuse."

I submitted the point to an important staff officer, who replied: "The French army was never stronger than today, which is the best refutation of the stories of momentary weakening. However the latter acected the German plans. There is no doubt their Aisne assaults were primarily what we call preventive, that is really defensive and based on making it impossible for us to undertake a big offensive later, rather than on the hope of gaining a definite advantage.

"Verdun last year gives a parallel. In the spring it was an offensive to roll up the French line; in the Summer a preventive, to interrupt our preparations on the Somme. As is the case today, the German sacrifices were vain. I, too, am of the opinion that the present French aggressiveness at the front and the strong confidence in the rear—in which America has helped us enormously—will shorten the war by affecting the German morale even more than by actual military advantages, and they justify our increasing hopes.

"In Flanders one is struck by the growing proportion of German officers among the killed and prisoners, as the battle continues. That means that the men's morale is weakening, and that the officers are forced to expose themselves more to make them follow. Perhaps the same thing will happen at Verdun. Then we can be certain that the equilibrium is tending to be upset.

"Civilians seem to be mislead by military phrases about limited Allied offensives and the impregnable German line. I have heard people say: 'But if we can advance only three miles and are then compelled to wait for the artillery to move up and smash the next three miles, what is to prevent the Germans falling back in short stages for years?'

"Of course, from a military point of view, such a theory is impossible; no army could retreat for long without its morale being affected enough to break the equilibruim—least of all the Germans at the end of three hard years of war. You've only to look at the way they sacrifice men in counter attacks to see that they know the danger of retreat.

"As things are going now, the Allies are breaking their hearts, as Grant broke those of the Confederates in the battle of the Wilderness, and when the defenders' hearts are broken the most impregnable position may fall like a house of cards. Remember, we have still two more months in which to maintain the pressure.

"Personally, I consider the recent German bombing of hospitals significant. Cortez burned his boats behind his men to prevent their retreating. The Germans burn hospitals before theirs to prevent their surrender from fear of French vengeance.

"Best of all, now for the first time Austria and Germany are hard pressed together. When the Crown Prince is forced to asked Rupprecht, of Bavaria, for reserves, and the latter is waisting the Prussian Guard like water in the effort to retain Lens, it is not likely that German troops will be sent to stiffen Austria as has been done in the past.

"I regard the Italian victory as of the highest improtance. There is Germany's weak point. If the Allies pierce the armor there, the end may be nearer than men think."

As regards Austria, information from Switzerland, through financial and diplomatic channels, paints her situation in the darkest colors. Bankrupt, drained by terrible losses, disunited, with a general stride in Bohemia just repressed under condition resembling open revolt, her military machine upheld by the unpopular Germans, Austria had placed her last hope on the papal peace move.

Many Swiss observers assert that this was in reality a cloak for an Austrian attempt to make a separate peace with the allies through England, her old friend — an attempt rendered abortive on the one hand by the impossibility of reconciling Austrian and Italian claims and by the mailed first of Hindenburg, who got wind of the affair, on the other hand but instead of peace comes Italy's greatest offensive, and Hendenburg cannot help his wavering ally.

From Austria came the beginning of the war, said a member of the great international banking house to me.

"From Austria will come the war's end. Either Austria will crack and leave Germany to her ruin, or her dead weight on Germany's shoulders will weaken the latter beyond endurance, and the line will go into France.

"You ask me when. I cannot say. But I tell you this—that the Austrian banker, Rosenburg, who cleaned up millions here on the Bouse 3 years ago, by selling everything in sight during the last fortnight of July was offering to bet a fortune in Switzerland that the war would be over before Christmas. Let us hope that he is still as good a guesser as he used to be."

ANOTHER LOCK AND DAM TO BE BUILT ON COOSA

The Alabama Power Company to Build a Dam and Lock 13 Miles Below Lock 12.

The Alabama Power Company, owing to the fact that they see the need of more power, have decided to build another Lock on Coosa River just thirteen miles below the Lock 12 Dam.

There has been talk of this for some time, but it is known now as a fact.

Blue prints have been made and all preliminary steps taken looking to procuring of lands that are liable to indulation.

This dam will have only thirteen miles for back water, up to where the present Lock 12 has thirty miles. This short space will necessitate the building of dykes in some places.

The depth of the pond at its head at Lock 12 will be four feet more than the present depth of the river at that particular point, and this will necessitate the construction of safety structure in order to protect the present power improvements below Lock 12, where the power house for machinery has been built.

All this means more money to be put into circulation in Chilton county, and a great enhancement in the value of land situated on the river for the thirteen miles mentioned.

DEATH OF AN OLD VETERAN

Veteran T. Sally, age 72 years, died at the Old Soldiers Home on Sunday morning at 2:00, a.m., and interment was made in the Home Cemetery. Veteran Sally was an inmate o fthe Home for nearly 10 years, and during that time he was kind and considerate to all.

MEN EXAMINED FOR ARMY LAST WEEK

Out of the 200 men examined last week, the following were rejected on account of physical deficiency:

James Walter Benson,
Ocie L. Devaughn,
Aurelius D. Jones,
David Green Cofer,
George W. Murrah,
Jerome Honeycutt,
Ernest Edward Porter,
A. D. Scott,
Jessie Retherford,
Oscar Allen Posey,
Grover Almon Bice,
Howard L. Foshee,
Joe Hinton,
Lee Ellison,
John Luther Bennett,
David Miner,
Herbert Royal Wright,
Garner Hilyer,
Raymond M. Brigance,
Tom Wallace,
George F. Croxton,
Watson G. Gray,
James Herman Eubanks,
Royal Collins,
J. B. Miner,
Robert M. Culp,
Carl J. McCarty,
Guy W. Adams,
Ocie K. Weldon,
Evan Langston,
Willie C. Mims,
Horce Smitherman,
Thomas Clyde Sims,
Perry Glasscockw,
Sewell Driver,
O. B. D. Williams,
James G. Atchison,
Ernest Maxwell,
Hugh T. Brown,
James A. Vinant,
Dausie C. Luster,
W. Ray Darden,
Robert W. Varden,
Wm. I. Lovelady,
Ollie Camp,
John N. Mitchell,
Marvin O. Bearden,
Joseph L. Thomas,
Homer Carlee,
T. J. McDonald,
Noah L. Duffee,
Walker Henderson,

Out of the 200 examined the following were accepted on the physical qualifications, but did not file any claim for exemption:

Henry C. Mullins,
Moodie McGee,
Andrew T. Hancock,
Willie J. Mims,
George T. Tippett,
Willie W. Shaw,
Walter Caton,
Mingland Robinson,
Dolphus Daniels,
Isaac N. Atchison,
Claud C. Clinner,
Charlie Green,
Joseph Archie Jones,
Thomas Clinton Foshee,
Albert H. Pyron,
Charles J. Coburn,
S. J. Henderson,
Macon Smith,
Thomas Cleve Sims,
W. M. Heaton,
Robert J. Culver,
Albert A. Pounds,

The following who were summoned failed to appear for examination:

Robert C Aldridge,
Ed Duncan,
Homer McCullough,
Milton Kendrick,
William Eden Scott,
Einar M. Anderson,
William Jackson,
George Henry,
Henry Cleckler,
Andrew Calhoun,
Fred Nun,
David Benson,
Andrew Thornton,
James Henry Robertson,
Jackson McDowell,

The following persons entered a claim for exemption, and they have been denied:

Joshua Geo. W. Sorrell,
Furney C. Corroll,
[illegible]est Abbott,
Ira Kelley,
Julius F. Busby,
Tuck Griffin,
Othel Baker,
Wiley M. Bean,
Sam Littleton,
William Lowery,
John Glasscock,
Frank Zeigler,
James F. Hicks,
Gilbert Jackson,
Thomas Davis,
F. B. Collier,
Ezekiel Span Jones,
Jessie Martin,
Oscar Z. Kelley,
Tommie M. Taylor,
Kinon M. Vinson,
Ollie H. McDowell,
Lee Jean Roberts,
McCleveland Culver,

THREE-MILL SCHOOL TAX CARRIED IN ELECTION ON MONDAY

Majority in favor of the Propositin Runs well Above 250.

In the election held on Monday to determine whether or not Chilton County should levy a special three-mill school tax for the support of the public schools, a majority of those participating in the election expressed themselves in favor of the proposition. Something like a majority of 250 or upwards voted in favor of the taxation.

The following is a tabulated vote of the whole county by precincts, as nearly as it is possible to get it correct before the official count is held on Friday:

	For	Ag'st
Beat 1,	15	3
Beat 2, Box 1,	36	32
Beat 2, Box 2,	9	20
Beat 3,	20	5
Beat 4, Box 1,	99	49
Beat 4, Box 2,	93	56
Beat 5, Box 1,	65	5
Beat 5, Box 2,	34	9
Beat 6, Box 1,	19	11
Beat 6, Box 2,	24	2
Beat 7,	14	7
Beat 8, Box 1,	12	1
Beat 8, Box 2,	30	7
Beat 9,	87	36
Beat 10, Box 1,	24	55
Beat 10, Box 2,	13	1
Beat 11,	3	28
Beat 12, Box 1,	14	21
Beat 12, Box 2,	6	21
Beat 13, Box 1,	96	15
Beat 13, Box 2,	9	4
Beat 14,	17	11
Beat 15, Box 1,	25	25
Beat 15, Box 2,	26	11
Beat 16,	7	10
Majority,	264 votes.	

U. S. NAVY NOT COMPLETE

Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 23, 1917.
Editor of The Union-Banner,
Clanton, Ala.,
Dear Sir:

In some way the impression has gotten out that the United States Navy has been recruited up to its strength and does not need any more men. This is entirely erronious and I am writing this to ask you if you will please correct it. We need fully 25,000 more men for the Navy and they are slow in coming forward. Though, we cannot take men who have been notified that they are selected for the national army, but we can take those who have not as yet been notified.

As the navy offers many attractions to its fighting force it seems strange that the great State of Alabama does not furnish its quota of twenty-two volunteers each week. Can you help us in spreading the news that we need them? Any help in this matter will be greatly appreciated by me in person and by the navy in general.

Thanking you in advance, I am.
Yours truly,
J. E. MURDIRL,
Lieut. U. S. Navy, Recrt. Off.

FISH—FISH

We will be ready September 1st to fill all orders from fifty pounds up. Write us for prices. All orders lfiled at once. Will treat you right and save you all the money we can. A. M. ROLLINS & SON,
Miplan, Ala.

Mrs. E. A. Matthews visited the family of Mr. James Roberts on last Sunday.

MULES WANTED

Sizes: 14-3 to 16 Hands.
Ages: Five to eight years.
Above stock wanted for U. S. army

Abraham Bros. will be at D. Y. Johnson's Stables, Clanton, Ala., on Saturday, Sepuember the 1st.

BRING IN YOUR MULES

A School for Farm Boys and Girls.

THORSBY INSTITUTE

THORSBY, ALABAMA.

Offers Unusual Advantages for the Boy or Girl from the Farm. A Faculty of Well-Trained Teachers.

Large Library and Well-Equipped Laboratory. Boarding Department under supervision of the School.

Total School Expenses, including Board, for Nine Months, $135... An Opportunity to pay part of this Amount in work or provisions.

For Catalogue or Further Information, Write to

Principal S. H. HERBERT,
Thorsby, Ala.

Twelfth Year opens September 11.

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
W. M. WYATT AND J. B. WELLS
Publishers and Proprietors.

W. M. WYATT, Editor.
J. B. WELLS, Business Manager.

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Entered April 15, 1913, at Clanton Ala., as second class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

CO-OPERATIVE BOOSTER CAMPAIGN IS LAUNCHED

In today's paper we begin a fifty-two weeks' Booster Campaign. The object of this movement is to work in cooperation with business firms (whose names appear in these columns) for the upbuilding of everything that is for the best interest of this community along all lines of civic, commercial, agricultural and economical life.

We realize that there is a great responsibility resting upon us as a newspaper, and we sincerely ask the cooperation of every one in this section to help us make a greater Clanton and a better Chilton County.

THE REASON

"The idea got recognition only when and because there was a feeling that the war was not being managed satisfactorily," says Collier's Weekly, in giving an account of the adoption of the Senate amendment for a joint committee on war expenditures. Collier's has been friendly to President Wilson's administration, but it is not of that sort of friends who sneezs whenever the President takes snuff and who change every time the President changes. The article from which this quotation is taken explains that Weeks-Madden resolution was introduced early in this session of Congress but made little headway at first. Continuing Collier's says:

"The air of Washington and of the country was filled with episodes which were changeable to lack of effective administration by the President. The Denman-Goethals situation, which was held up for months the vitally needed building of ships, was but the most conspicious of many aspects of the management of the war which gave apprehension to the friends of the administration and opportunity to its enemies."

Several other instances of bad management are cited, all supporting the conclusion above quoted, thatt he Senate vote of 53 to 31 in favor of the joint committee, in a body a majority of which is democratic, arose from realization that the war was being mismanaged.

THE SANE STATESMAN

The sanity and poise of judgment and general statesmanlike character of Secretary Lane's work, either as an Interstate Commerce Commission or as a member of the Cabinet may be explained—in fact some folks do explain them that way—by the fact that he, having been born in Prince Edward Island, iis not eligible for the Presidency and, in consequence, is not bothering himself with the problem of how anything he may do will affect his chances for the Democratic nomination in 1920. So he just goes ahead and does the thing which commends itself to his sense of justice and to his intellect—both of which are normally developed.

We have heard one man who is prominent in the educational activities of Chilton County express it this way: "Monday was the brightest day in the history of educational progress in Chilton County." That is it exactly. No matter whether or not you were opposed to the tax increase, you must and will admit that the levying of the three mills for schools will bring to our educational institutions an era of progress and progressive efficiency that has never before been equaled in our county. Seven months free schools with from one to four teachers in the rural districts is going to make many men who voted against the tax glad it carried by this time next year. It will make many who did not go to the polls and vote ashamed of themselves for not lending a hand in the securing of such wonderful advantages for the poor people. By the time the three years are out there will not be enough people in the county against it to hold an election.

VELVET BEANS

All velvet beans should be gathered and stored until after December, as the demand and price will be twice as good the first of the year as it will this fall. There is no danger of damage from rats or weevils. Moisture, rot and mold are the greatest dangers to overcome in the storage of velvet beans. Such damage can be avoided by keeping the beans stirred until fairly dry.

Boston Herald—The Russians are honest enough not to try to make the world think that each retreat is a victory.

HARVESTING CORN

The excessive moisture for the past month has caused a very heavy growth of velvet beans. These vines are producing heavy clusters around the corn tassels and will pull the stalks down, causing the corn to rot and make harvesting difficult. It is best to go into the fields and turn the stalks down by bending them just above the ears. Bending the corn tops will not injure the beans or the corn, if the ears are matured but will save the corn from shade rot. Corn should be harvested just as soon as it is ripe enough to keep. Much damage from falling, shade rot and weevils can be avoided by early harvesting.

The future corn market continues to tumble. Already rumors are now heard in the speculative circles that Alabama corn will sell for seventy-five cents per bushel this fall. If Alabama farmers can hold their surplus corn in their own cribs until March, April and May, I venture the assertion that they get $1.50 per bushel for it at least. There will be no seventy-five cent corn in Alabama unless it is the poor fellow who owes money and has nothing but corn with which to pay it. This is the penalty of debt. The wise man will suffer want rather than debt and the profit is all his own. Boll weevils, floods or war have never hurt farmers so much as debt, and, strange to say, they resist it so little. Corn should not be marketed by the wagon load in the shuck. It should be shelled and marketed loose in car load lots or in two and one-half bushel bags. Power corn shellers should be installed in every community where much surplus corn exists. It may be necessary for the communities to own the shellers co-operatively to protect their own interests.

Principal S. H. Herbert has recently returned from a vacation trip to the mountains of North Carolina on which trip he visited a number of schools similar in operation to Thorsby Institute that he might study their methods and apply any suggestions he found to the work of the school in Thorsby. He reports that during his absence the letters from prospective students accumulated to such an extent that it took a couple of days steady work with a stenographer to answer them. He is very much encouraged over the prospects and thinks that the enrollment for the coming year will be as large if not larger than last year. Several students are already on the grounds helping with the work of getting ready for the opening of school. The girls' dormitory has been thoroughly overhauled. New floors have been laid on both upper and lower porches, and the upper porch is being screened for a sleeping porch. The rooms and hall on the second floor have been kalsomined or painted and the reception room is being re-decorated and the entire building is receiving a new coat of paint on the outside. Other minor repairs in all the other buildings belonging to the school will be completed before the opening of school. Arrangements are being made to rent the J. F. Patterson place so that there will be accommodation for more students and also more land to be farmed for the coming year.

Thorsby Institute is becoming increasingly well-known throughout the state, and young people from all parts of Alabama are looking toward it as a place where they may be helped in their desire to secure an education under non-sectarian, but definitely religious supervision.

PLANT TURNIPS

Have you planted a fall turnip patch yet? No farmer, no matter whether a land owner of tenant, who has the health and living expenses of his family at heart will fail to plant turnips. If he does not plant a turnip patch, he is negligent and might as well be called trifling. The time to plant turnips is now. A good rich cow lot or manured place makes the best turnips, but fertile moist bottoms and fresh cleadel lands are also good. If you put off sowing, the weather may turn dry and prevent the seed from germinating or cause the young plants to die before they are started. Sow turnips now while the time, soil and weather are favorable.

Our good friend, John W. Hayes from Mobile County was in Clanton last week in a visit to his many old friends. Mr. Hayes has just been away from Chilton one season, and we are glad to learn that as soon as his crop is gathered he is coming back to us. You will remember that Mr. Hayes is the man who came so near being County Commissioner a few years ago, and he kindly intimated to the editor Saturday that when he gets back up here again he is going to give such fellows as D. H. Gentry and Will DeShazo a good chase for something.

Providence (R.I.) Journal—The small boy is observing with undisguised enthusiasm that feature of the food conservation campaign which promises to load the pantry shelves next winter with jams and preserves.

Ne wYork Sun—Every once in a while, Germany discovers another eatless day in her week.

Mrs. J. O. Middleton is visiting friends in Florida this week.

INCREASE PRODUCTION OF BEEF IN THE SOUTHEAST

By Carl G. Filler, Agent in Beef Cattle Extension.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

The livestock interests of the nation are confronted with the necessity of increasing beef production, and at the same time conserving grain. In the present emergency, the Southeast is the logical field in which beef production can be increased without the necessity of feeding large quantities of grain. In this section there are extensive tracts of unused lands fairly well adapted to grazing throughout the greater portion of the year.

Reports from all the Southeastern States indicate a very large current increase in the production of feed crops. Georgia, Florida, Alabama and Mississippi have planted something like 5,000,000 acres of velvet beans. This crop alone will add enormously to the supply of feed that will be available for stock. Something like as many tons of velvet beans will be produced as there are acres planted to this crop, and probably half of this can be most profitably used in feeding or wintering beef cattle, and would finish for the market something like 2,500,000 or 3,000,000 head of steers, or furnish enough grain for the wintering of three to four times that many females.

The feed crops produced in the Southeast this year should not be sacrificed on a glutted market, but should be used to increase the nation's meat supply, and, at the same time, more than double the profits of the producer. Practically all cattle, except a small percentage of the most inferior grade, should be fed on velvet beans and some cheap roughage before being marketed, in order to avoid selling at the low price which grass cattle command.

Parties who have not sufficient cattle to make use of the feed they are producing this year should secure them as soon as possible, while they are being forced on the market at a low price, and run them in the velvet bean fields later on, or feed them out in the feed lot. However, this is only one of the ways by which beef production may be increased.

Present Emergency Demands Action.

We are not growing as many cattle in the Southeastern States as it would be profitable to do, nor as many as we should grow. Changed economical conditions, resulting from the present emergency, now demand the immediate and fullest utilization of all agricultural resources. This means the use of all available grazing lands by the best female beef cattle that it is possible for us to secure.

The success which has attended the campaign for tick eradication, and the increased knowledge of the cattle industry in this section, justify a plan which promises quicker returns than by the slow process of grading up our common cattle by the use of pure-bred bulls.

The Southwestern Range Most Important Source of High-Grade Beef Cattle.

The Southwestern Range is today the most important available source of well-bred, unregistered beef stock. For years the ranchmen of the Southwest have used pure-bred bulls of the highest quality. At a time when good bulls could be purchased for around $100, the large ranch companies were purchasing car loads of the pick of such herds as those of Messrs. Gudgell & Simpson, Cornish & Patton, the Sothams, and the Vanattas, at prices ranging up to $200, or even, in some cases, to $250 per head.

In the past the range has retained all well-bred cows and heifers, disposing only of those of inferior grade and quality. At present the range has practically reached its maximum production, and every year large numbers of good high-grade heifers are being forced upon the market. This stock usually comes on the market in the fall. However, owing to the serious drought in a large section of Texas, many good cattle are now being forced upon the market and sold at a sacrifice. These cattle can be bought at reasonable prices, considering the quality and breeding.

United States Department of Agriculture Assisting.

To assist in saving females needed for breeding purposes, the United States Department of Agriculture has placed experienced men in the Southwest to locate cows and heifers that are likely to be forced upon the market. This stock will be graded according to age, quality, breeding and condition. The very best grade and quality can be purch sed for 8 cents per pound. The cost of shipping will add about another cent per pound. This is the cheapest female stuff that can be purchased for breeding purposes, as calves from these cows and heifers will produce beef so much more economically than calves from our common or scrub cows.

The United States Department of Agriculture has also placed a man in the Southeast to co-operate with commercial organizations interested in the livestock development of this section, and with the Extension forces of the various State Agricultural Colleges. The purpose is to locate such persons as will be able to handle this class of stock, and put prospective buyers in touch with present owners.

Southeastern Cattlemen and Land Owners' Opportunity.

By taking advantage of this opportunity those desiring to stock large tracts of unused land can put themselves from six to a dozen years ahead in the cattle business. Persons interested in obtaining one or more car loads of steers or heifers should get in touch with their County Agricultural Agent, or correspond with Carl G. Filler, of the Alabama Extension Service, Auburn, Ala., or with the Animal Husbandry Division of the Bureau of Animal Industry, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

These cattle will come from tick-free areas, or will be dipped under Federal supervision, and freed from ticks before being moved inter-state.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

A. C. Smith B. Guy Smith
SMITH & SMITH
Attorneys At Law
General Practice
Clanton, - - - - - Alabama.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. A. B. BAXLEY
Optometrist
Office in Mullins Bldg.
Clanton, Ala.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

F. B. COLLIER
Attorney at Law
Office in the Johnson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in Hopkins Bldg.
Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women & Surgery
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

C. Reese Mullins
—Agent—
Life Insurance
Fire Insurance
Real Estate and
Singer Sewing Machines
CLANTON, ALA.

DEATH OF A WORTHY MAN

The Union-Banner regrets most sincerely to note the death of one of the most worthy citizens of our county, in the person of Mr. P. K. Villadsen of Thorsby. Chilton county was the adopted home of this good man. He had seen much of this world, his experiences had been wide and far-reaching, no doubt bringing him into touch with many of the varied elements and aspects of human activity; but he chose the quiet little city of Thorsby, there with other men of his nationality, in which to spend the declining years of his life. His death was sudden and unexpected. We, with many other of his friends, sorely regret his departure. He is a good man, gone to his reward—one of those whom it hurts us to lose, and by whom heaven is enriched and glorified.

Wet Buckeye Hulls carry the feed perfectly



ROUGHAGE is of little value if it allows the concentrated foods to sift to the bottom of the trough and become separated from it. There is no danger of this with

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

when they are wetted down a half hour or so before using. Then they combine more thoroughly and uniformly with the other forage than the old style hulls.

Use Buckeye Hulls properly and you will find them a better roughage than old style hulls and far more economical.

Other Advantages

Buckeye Hulls cost much less than old style hulls.
They allow better assimilation of food.
No trash or dust. No lint.
2000 pounds real roughage to the ton—not 1500 pounds of roughage and 500 pounds of lint.
Sacked—easy to handle.
Take less space in the barn.

Mr. E. W. Leonard, Ellendale, Tenn., has been feeding Buckeye Hulls to three milch cows. He says that the cows are giving more milk and butter and are in fine condition. He prefers Buckeye Hulls.

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K **The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.** *Dept. K*

Atlanta, Augusta, Birmingham, Charlotte, Greenwood, Jackson, Little Rock, Macon, Memphis, Selma

PROFESSIONAL TRAINING

Alabama has four class A normal schools—institutions which are devoted exclusively to educating and training teachers. These schools, located in Florence, Jacksonville, Livingston, and Troy, were attended last year by 1200 students. They graduated 200 teachers — men and women who had proved themselves qualified to teach, and who were sent out with the diploma and first grade certificate which are tangible proof of the work they had done in preparation for the greater work they will do in teaching and training the children of the State.

About eighty per cent of them go to the rural and village schools. Their work is real teaching. It is education and community building and citizen making. It is the kind of work that characterizes the graduates of normal schools.

These four normal schools are in session from September to September. They are training teachers every month in the year. Their sole object is to prepare the best possible teachers for the schools of Alabama, and they are proving signally successful in this work for the state.

CLANTON'S FIRST BALE OF COTTON FOR THIS SEASON

On Monday afternoon the first bale of Chilton County's cotton crop for this season was brought to Clanton by Archie Hall, who lives four miles west of town. It was ginned by J. A. Maddox. The bale weighed 538 pounds and sold at 22.75, bringing the owner—seed and all—$150.00. There have also been other bales brought to town this week, but Mr. Hall has the honor of the first one.

Don't forget your Subscription.



You Save Money
when you refinish furniture and woodwork yourself with
Pee Gee RE-NU-LAC
"WORKS WONDERS"

NO matter how badly scratched your doors, floors or furniture, you can easily restore them with one coat of Pee Gee RE-NU-LAC. The cost is small, the results are great.
It comes in all sizes, from 15c up. Made in 20 Natural Wood and Enamel Colors. White Gold and Silver.

PEASLEE-GAULBERT CO., Inc.
Louisville, Ky

UPCHURCH DRUG CO.,
Clanton, Ala.

County Treasurer Bice has been busy all this week paying out money.

Farm Lands for Sale

I have a number of nice farms listed with me of from 30 to 1600 acres each and with prices to suit anyone. Can give terms. NOW is the time to see about getting your farm. Write me.

W. HARRY PEEBLES
WHIGHAM, GA.

This week we wish to call your attention to

Some Special Prices

Beginning right now we are making some real low prices on a great number of items in order to reduce our summer stock and make room for our Fall and Winter Goods.

Mens Fancy Shirts

This summer we placed a special line of Men's High Grade Sumer Shirts in the latest fancy paterns. They have sold well and pleased the buyers. A few of these shirts remain, and owing to the late season now, we offer them at Bargain Prices.

Prices range from One Dollar on up.

Neckties and Collars

There has never been a prettier line of Men's Fancy Neckties than those which we have left over from the lot we bought for our trade this summer. They are the latest and most equisite colors, most attractive to the eyes. Also a fine line of Collars for men and boys. Special bargains now being offered in both Collars and Ties.

Cool Summer Suits.

We have on hand a few more suits of our special summer stock of Cool Cloth. Also a few pairs of pants for hot weather wear. We urge you to buy one of these suits to help you over the remaining hot days of summer time.

Slippers and Straw Hats

This is a little late in the season to buy Low Cut Shoes, and for that reason we offer some special prices on the remainder of our stock of this kind. We have a few pairs of Palm Beach Canvas shoes at bargains.

We have a few Straw Hats in the latest styles, which we want to dispose of as quickly as possible.

Other Mens Furnishings

Anything else you want in the way of Gents' Furnishings. Fine Hose, Belts, Handkerchiefs, Underwear, etc. All specially reduced in price owing to late season.

We have anything noy need to piece out your wearing apparel to the winter season.

Ladies Dress Goods

In our Ladies' Department, as well as all the other lines, you will find special prices on all goods in order to close out our summer stock. You already know the reputation and class of our ladies' wearables. The very latest things in the way of dress goods, specially suited for the summer comfort. Come in and let Miss Thomas show you what we have left in these lines.

All Kinds of Notions

Not only will the ladies find dress goods here, but many other little items which they alweys need. All kinds of ribbons, lace, thread and trimmings.

Special lot of Ladies' Hose in Silks, which we want to close out soon. Also Ladies' Shoes and Slippers in both Leather and Canvas. Our Ladies' Department is complete in every detail.

We are especially anxious right now in the remaining days of the summer to reduce our stock. The best way to move goods is make the price right. Now we want you to come and see these goods we are offering, and find out what money-savers they will be to you.

Clanton Mercantile Company

The Big Bargain Store.

If your child is pale and sickly, picks at the nose, starts in the sleep and grinds the teeth while sleeping, it is a sure sign of worms. A remedy for these parasites will be found in WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE. It not only clears out the worms, but it restores health and cheerfulness. Price 2 5 rpcebottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

NOTICE

I am now ready to pay all outstanding Chilton County warrants of all kinds against the general funds also against the fine and forfeiture fund.

J. BICE, County Treas.

MONEY TO LEND

I represent a mortgage company, lending money on real estate at a low rate of interest. All charges less than 8 per cent. If loan is desired, see me and place application.

F. B. COLLIER,
Clanton, Ala.

Saves Doctor's Bills

Instead of calomel and other violent purgatives, which are dangerous as well as nauseating, it is better to use a reliable medicine like

Granger Liver Regulator



Under date of Oct. 27, 1916, J. W. Clark, Lafayette, Ala., R. F. D. No. 4. writes: "I have been using Granger Liver Regulator in my family for years and find it to be a fine family remedy which has saved numerous doctor's bills. I always keep it in my house and would not be without it."

Sold by druggists, 25c a box. Refuse all substitutes.

Granger Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

If you feel "blue", "no-count", lazy you need a good cleaning out. HERBINE is the right thing for that purpose. It stimulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

You Can Shake Loose from The Tortures of Rheumatism

By using S. S. S.

The germs of Rheumatism are in the blood, which is laden with millions of the minute demons of pain, causing untold suffering and bringing its victim from vigor and strength to almost helplessness. To get real and genuine relief from this disease, these disease germs must be completely routed out of the system through the blood.

S. S. S. has been used for fifty years with satisfactory results in the treatment of Rheumatism. It acts directly upon the blood, which it promptly purifies of all disease germs. It is a powerful antidote, and eliminates from the blood all trace of rheumatic germs, building up and strengthening the run-down system.

Write to-day to our medical director, who will give you valuable advice regarding the proper treatment of your own case. Address Swift Specific Co., Dept. I Atlanta, Ga.

IF you want what you want when you want it—in the printing line— WE HAVE IT!

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Emily H. Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery, Alabama, did, on the 6th day of March, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application No. 010141, to purchase the SE¼ of the NW¼ of the SW¼, of Section 36, Township 22 North, Range 16 East, St Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber estimated 144,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $79.70; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9 day of November, 1917 before Register or Receiver, U. S. Land office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GRAVES, Register.

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Gaston Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery, Alabama, did, on the 27 day of February, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application, No. 010140, to purchase the NE ¼ of the NE ¼, Section 2, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St. Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known os the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised, one hundred and sixty dollars, the timber estimated 60,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $40.00; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9 day of November, 1917, before Register or Receiver of the U.S. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GRAVES, Register.

LEARN TO WRITE

I can make a good penman of you at home during your spare time. Send me your name and $3.50, and take my 8-weeks course by mail.

J. E. THORNTON,
Carrollton, Ga.

Des Moines Register—A St. Louis man claims exemption on the ground that he suffers from cold feet. He is a bit more frank than the others, that's all.

MORTGAGE SALE

Default having been made in the payment of the indebtedness secured by that certain mortgage executed by Guy H. Gerald and Clara Gerald, to O. P. Lindquist on March 25, 1915, which said mortgage being recorded in Vol. 150, page 426, record of mortgages, in theo fice of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Ala., I, O. P. Lindquist will offer for sale at public outcry, to the highest and best bidder for cash, on Monday, Sept 17, 1917, during the legal hours of sale, at the courthouse door in Clanton, Ala., the following described real estate situated in Chilton County, Alabama, to-wit:

Certain lots or parcels of land in the Town of Thorsby, described as follows: Beginning at a point one hundred (100) feet west of the southeast corner of the southwest quarter of northwest quarter of northwest quarter of Section seven (7), Township twenty-two (22), Range Fourteen (14), running thence south two hundred (200) feet, thence east to a point on the west line of the northwest quarter of the Southeast quarter of the Northwest quarter on the Birmingham & Montgomery Highway, thence in a northerly direction along said road to the north line of Southwest quarter of Northwest quarter, thence west to the point of beginning, containing thre and one-half (3½) acres, more or less;

Also S.W.¼ of N.W.¼ of N.W.¼, Sec. 7, T.P. 22, Range 14, containing ten (10) acres, more or less.

Also S.½ of S.E.¼ of S.E.¼ of Section 1, Township 22, Range 13, containing twenty (20) acres, more or less;

Also N.E.¼ of N.E.¼ ;N.½ of S.E ¼ of N.E.¼, Sec. 12, T. P. 22, Range 13, containing sixty (60) acres, more or less;

Also N.E.¼ of N.E.¼ of S.E.¼; S.W.¼ of N.W.¼ of N.E.¼, Sec. 12, T.P. 22, Range 13, containing twenty (20) acres, more or less.

Also part of N.W.¼ of S.W.¼ of S.W.¼, Sec. 6, T.P. 22, Range 14, described as follows: a strip of land one hundred feet wide along the west side of said land, also a parcel of land described as Lots Nos. 8, 9, 10, in Block 1 of Siminton's Addition to Thorsby, said lots extending east from the strip above mentioned and fronting fifty feet, each, on Franklin Street, and extending in a southerly direction 140 feet, said strip and lots containing in all, two acres, more of less.

Containing in all, 115 acres, more or less.

All above land in Sections one and seven, are conveyed subject to any valid reservation or mineral right in force at the execution of said mortgage.

The proceeds of said sale will be applied to the payment of the expenses incident to said sale, including attorneys' fee, and to the amount of the indebtedness due on said mortgage.

This, August 1, 1917.

O. P. LINDQUIST, Mortgagee.
Middleton & Reynolds,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.

If you sit in a cool draft when you are heated and get a stiff neck or lame back, you will be looking for something that will ease the pain. Fix your mind on BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT and don't be talked out of it because it is the best pain relieving liniment you can get anywhere. Price 25c, 50c and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

FLAKETOWN GRAPHITE MINES

Large quantities of graphite is being shipped by Flaketown Graphite Company to eastern concerns. The Company is now running a full force of men and producing large quantities of graphite which is being made use of in munitions plants. The product before the war sold for six and seven cents per pound, and now it is sold for twenty-seven cents. The mines are owned by Montgomery Investors.

MILCH COWS, DRY CATTLE, HOGS

When you need milch cows, dry cattle, hogs, or have any to sell or trade, see us. Will sell for cash or on time. Gulledge Bros., or W. M. Bridges,
8-9-17-3t Verbena, Ala.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Cure fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Pay for the Union-Banner a year. $1

DELCO-LIGHT



Electricity for Every Home and Farm

A City Bath-Room in the Rural Home!

DELCO-LIGHT FURNISHES THE POWER

Fresh running water piped to bathroom, kitchen and barn—clean, brilliant electric light—cool breezes from electric fans—these are the greatest joys of the Delco-Light Owner.

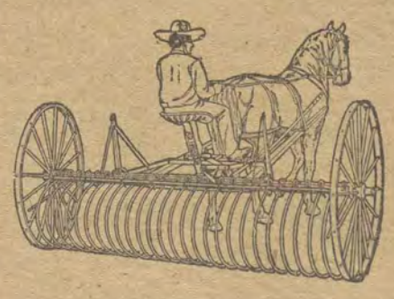
Two Sizes.....$350 and $420 (f. o. b. Dayton, O.)

FOR ACTUAL DEMONSTRATION WRITE, PHONE OR WIRE TO BLOCH BROTHERS, DEALERS, SELMA, ALA.



The Domestic Electric Company,
Distributors, Atlanta, Ga.

The McCormick Mowing Machine



We handle the McCormick Mowers & Rakes, and have a Stock of them now on hand.

Come in and let us explain to you the many good features of the McCormick line of Harvesting Machines, which will allow you to save all the hay you have been losing.

Clanton Hardware Company

Try us Once

We want to prove to you that you get Higher Quality, Better Service, More Satisfaction and Lower Prices on any thing you buy from us.

Remember you Get

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back."

W. A. KEMP

CLANTON, ALA.

THE NEED FOR INCREASED STORAGE THIS FALL

By J. F. Duggar, Director of Extension Service.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

In years past the warehouse facilities have been insufficient to completely protect the largest crops of cotton that the State has produced. This year Alabama's need for storage facilities is far greater than ever before. This is because we have now to put on the market not alone a compact article, cotton, but the bulky farm products—corn, velvet beans, peanuts and sweet potatoes.

Not only has the character of crops to a large extent changed, but the quantity of these bulky crops has been increased many fold as compared with their production in any previous year. For example, corn occupies about 1,000,000 acres more than last year, and the prospects are that last year's crop will be fully doubled, with the possibility that the aggregate yield of corn in the State will come close to 1,100,000 bushels.

Velvet beans are estimated to occupy more than 2,400,000 acres. If these average one-half ton of beans per acre, and if one-half the bean crop be harvested by hand we should need to provide storage for the greater part of this 600,000 tons of this bulky but valuable product.

The shortage of corn, together with the large production and consequent danger of a slump in prices if attempt is made to sell this grain as soon as gathered, requires that provision should be made on the farms to store a large part of the immense crop of corn, velvet beans, and peanuts.

All this means that every period when work is slack should be utilized in the erection of cheap storage shelters. The advance in the cost of metal roofing, composition roofing, and lumber will often make it desirable for these roofs to be of boards. The main point is that the erection of such structures should not be postponed until the time for gathering the crop is upon us.

CHILTON COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

CLANTON, ALABAMA.

The School for Chilton County Boys and Girls, prepared to do High School Work. Devoted to Secondary Education only. Fully affiliated with every State Institution and the Southern Association of Colleges. Also offers Course of Study for the Boy or the Girl who cannot go to College.

Faculty fully competent—every member a College Graduate; every member has a College Degree. Every Section of the County represented in the Student Body.

Listen, Fellow Citizens, this school is your school. Your tax money supports it. Send us your son or your daughter, and let them claim their own. All departmnets fully organized. Look out for announcement of the strongest Department of Music to be found outside of the cities and colleges.

Next Session opens September 5, 1917. Conference and correspondence solicited. We are here to serve.

H. C. McDONALD, A. B., Principal,
CLANTON, ALA.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Thomas J. Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery ,Alabama, did, on the 27th day of February, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application, No. 010139, to purchase the NE ¼ of the SE ¼, Section 2, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised, one hundred and sixty dollars, the timber estimated 60,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $40.00; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9th day of November, 1917, before Register or Receiver, U S.. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GRAVES, Register.

Master Isadore Bonfield returned home at Wylam, Ala., after spending several days with the family of H. Kanjutzky.

Form

your own opinion of the quality of printing we turn out by looking over the samples we will be glad to show you. There is nothing in this line that we can't do to your entire satisfaction. High-class printing creates a good impression for you and your business.



Consult Us Before You Send Your Work Out of Town

Syrup making time is close at hand. Get your syrup barrell from Clanton Mercantile Co.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON,
(Seal) Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

For the stomach and bowel disorders of babies McGEE'S BABY ELEXIR is a remedy of genuine merit. It acts quickly, is pure, wholesome and pleasant to take. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Mr. W. Y. Nix of Maplesville was in Clanton Tuesday. He came over to bring the returns of the three-mill tax election from Beat 7.

Why Suffer?

Mrs. J. A. Cox, of Alderson, W. Va., writes: "My daughter . . . suffered terribly. She could not turn in bed . . . the doctors gave her up, and we brought her home to die. She had suffered so much at . . . time. Having heard of Cardui, we got it for her."

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

"In a few days, she began to improve," Mrs. Cox continues, "and had no trouble at . . . Cardui cured her, and we sing its praises everywhere." We receive many thousands of similar letters every year, telling of the good Cardui has done for women who suffer from complaints so common to their sex. It should do you good, too. Try Cardui. E-77

CRIMSON CLOVER

By E. F. Cauthen, Associate Agriculturist, Alabama Experiment Station.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

Crimson clover can be made a profitable crop on most farms in Alabama. It is primarily a soil improvement crop, but it can be used for hay, winter cover crop, and grazing. This clover will grow on almost any kind of soil that is well drained and has humus. On poor sandy land that has its humus burnt out by long continuous cropping in cotton or corn, it makes a poor growth the first year, but as the supply of organic matter increases and the soil becomes thoroughly inoculated, the growth of clover will become greater.

Crimson clover may be planted in the cotton or corn middles or on especially prepared land. When planted in inter-tilled crops like corn and cotton the seed may be sown broadcast and covered with a large scrape and scooter or "gee whiz" harrow. These implements will not do much damage to the crops if the plants have not fallen down, and short single trees are used.

To make a good seed bed the land should be plowed early enough to permit the surface being firmed by rain. The fact that it requires a firm seed bed to get a satisfactory stand should not be overlooked, nor be taken to encourage careless preparation.

Most lands need to be inoculated to grow crimson clover successfully. This may be done by inoculating the seed with soil from some neighbor's crimson clover field, or place where one of the true clovers has grown. The seed may be mixed with the damp soil and both sown together. This should be done some cloudy day or in the evening, as the direct sun's rays tend to kill the bacteria.

A second way to inoculate seed is to put the inoculating soil in a bucket and cover it with water. Dip the clover seed in the muddy water and spread them out in the shade to dry. They should not be kept damp long, as they will sprout quickly.

The cleaned seed are planted at the rate of 15 to 20 pounds per acre. They may be sown by hand, or with a seeder, and covered lightly, one half to one inch deep.

The best time to plant is from 15th of September to the 1st of October. About the autumnal equinoxial gale period several days of cloudy weather usually occur that affords favorable conditions for planting. The plants are so tender when they first come up that they can't stand much dry, hot weather.

If you wish to secure a good growth the first year, make a liberal application of stable manure in the preparation of the land or as a top dressing after the plants come up. The stable manure not only fertilizes the plant, but also aids in inoculating the soil.

Some causes of failure are a lack of proper inoculation of soil; sowing when weather is too dry and hot; sowing so late that the young plants freeze before becoming firmly rooted; and planting poor seed.

Admire Babies?



Every normal woman's heart thrills with the thought of possessing a baby. What man can fully perceive the sympathetic understanding and the lovelight that glows in a woman's eyes at the sight of her flesh and blood represented in the tiny infant. Every woman in the joy of coming motherhood should prepare her system for the crisis and the unusual strain. Three generations have found the tried and reliable external application, "Mother's Friend" of the greatest help at such a time. By its daily use throughout the period, the skin of the abdomen is made soft and elastic, the expanding muscles relax naturally and with ease, when baby arrives, and the inflammation of breast glands is soothed.

By no chance neglect to obtain this great preparation which science has offered for so many years to expectant mothers. Write the Bradfield Regulator Co., Dept. L, 200 Lamar Building, Atlanta, Ga., for their helpful and interesting book, "Motherhood and the Baby". It is free and is well worth writing for. No woman should fail to help nature in the severest strain ever put upon her. "Mother's Friend" is procurable from any druggist and is a real help to nature in her glorious work. "Mother's Friend" is absolutely and entirely safe.

FOR SALE—AUTO

I have a good automobile for sale cheap on good terms.
Joe VannDerveer, Jr., Clanton, Ala.

State of Alabama, Chilton County.
Estate of P. E. Coleman, deceased.
This day came W. B. Tomlin, as administrator of the estate of said decedent, and filed his application, in due form and proper oath, praying an order for sale of certain personal property described therein, and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of paying debts of said estate. It is ordered that the 14th day of August, 1917, be appointed a day for hearing said application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.
L. H. REYNOLDS, Judge of Probate.

All kind of broken machinery repaired and made as good as new. We rebore automobile cylinders and make a new engine out of an old one. All work guaranteed. We Mend Everything but broken bones.
SOUTHERN WELDING CO.,
Monagomery, Ala.

Miss Mary Sue Mullins is at present visiting friends in Mississipi.

FREE ART SERVICE

For the Correct Finishing of the Interior of Your Home.

The artistic decoration of the interior of the home presents many problems: Dimensions of various rooms; the character of the furniture and woodwork; the colors of draperies and carpets must be considered; all this requires experience, taste and skill.

If you are contemplating redecorating your home or building a new one—you will find it a decided advantage to consult with the Art Department of the Peaslee-Gaulbert Company, Incorporated, of Louisville, Ky.

Every assistance, every information, every suggestion bearing on the subject of proper finishing of your interiors will be gladly furnished without cost or obligation to you.

Write for any information or suggestions you may wish. Send in your specifications and the Art Department will originate designs, suggest practical ideas and schemes, and give you the promptest and most careful service.

The best architects and decorators of this country frequently call upon this department for information and help for obtaining desirable effects in the execution of their plans. That these suggestions are almost uniformly adopted makes us believe that the word of our Art Department is authoritative and final on such matters.

There's a Pee-Gee finish for every purpose. Ask for Free Paint Books and Color Cards.

A Railroad's Share in Southern Industry

Haulage Record—Freight and Passenger

NO BETTER evidence of the service rendered the people of the South by the L. & N. can be offered than the figures showing the liberal appreciation accorded L. & N. service by the people.

During the past sixteen years the L. & N. has carried 167,560,742 passengers, a number of people equal to the total population of North and South America combined. The number of passengers carried one mile in sixteen years was 6,831,186,990, about four times the population of the earth. The revenue received from five billions of those passengers had to be paid out for the operation of the trains.

The total number of tons of freight carried in sixteen years was 414,340,026, and these figures speak eloquently of the part played by L. & N. service in the South's development. The number of tons carried one mile was 70,773,607,021. The revenue received from forty-six billion tons had to be paid out for the operation of the trains.

During sixteen years the L. & N. has transported 9,800,000 bales of cotton, 207,000,000 bushels of corn, 125,302,800 bushels of wheat, 26,907,065 tons of lumber, 57,637,354 tons of ore, 20,519,355 tons of coke, 133,796,950 tons of coal and 86,309,672 tons of merchandise and manufactured articles.

Since the prosperity of the country is, and must be measured by the ability of the railroads to transport its commerce, it will readily be seen what a prominent part the L. & N. has taken in the development and prosperity of the South, especially when it is remembered that 96 per cent. of L. & N. mileage is in the South. The L. & N. may be relied upon to continue to maintain the high standard of service rendered the South, and asks the sympathy, understanding and co-operation of the people of the South.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.
The Old Reliable (11)



Everything high so is Groceries

But I am still selling Groceries at lowest possible prices, considering everything. Call to see me and bring your Produce.

J. W. Littlejohn

CLANTON, ALA.

!BARGAINS!

Don't Miss These Money Savings

Whatever you need in Wearing Apparel for Men, Women and Children can be bought here at a Great Saving in Price. This great End-of-Season Sale of L. H. Reynolds is for the purpose of Cleaning out all Summer Stocks. The very Things you need for the hot, sultry days. Original Costs are lost sight of during this Sale.

MEN'S SHOES

6 pair Men's Kid Oxfords, $5.00 value, now $3.50
15 pair Men's Tan Oxfords, $5.00 value, now $3.60
17 pair Men's Gun Metal Oxfords, $6.00 value, now.. $3.75
22 pair Men's Gun Metal Oxfords, $4.00 value, now.. $2.60
12 pair Men's Palm Beach Oxfords $2.75, now $1.25
17 pair Men's White Oxfords, $4.00 value, now $2.75
14 pair Men's Gun Metal Oxfords, $4.50 value, now.. $2.60
12 pair Men's Gun Metal Oxfords, $3.25 value, now.. $2.00
7 pair Men's Canvas Shoes, $1.50 value, now $1.10
21 pair Men's Canvas Shoes, $1.00 value, now 65c
20 pair Men's White Tennis Oxfords, $1.00, now 75c
7 pair Men's White Tennis Oxfords 75c, now 50c
22 pair Men's White Tennis Oxfords $1.00, now 75c
45 pair Men's White Tennis Oxfords, 75c value, now.. 45c

BOYS' SHOE

21 pair Boys' White Tennis Oxfords, $1.00 value, now.. 75c
45 pair Boys' White Tennis Oxfords, $1.00 value, now.. 65c
18 pair Boys' White Tennis Oxfords, 65c value, now .. 45c

BOYS CAPS

48 Boys' Caps, $1.00 value, now 69c
48 Boys' Caps, 65c value, now 40c
48 Boys' Caps, 50c value, now 40c

UNDERWEAR

60 suits Men's B.V.D. Underwear, 50c value, now 40c
60 Men's Slips that sold for 50c, now 40c
24 Men's B. V. D. Union Suits, $1.00 value, now 75c
36 Boy's B. V. D. Union Suits, 50c value, now 40c

LADIES' SHOES

3 pr. Ladies' Black English Walker Slippers $4, now.. $2.60
7 pr. Ladies' Gun Metal Pumps, $3.50 value, now .. $2.75
16 pr. Ladies' Baby Doll Pumps, $4.00 value, now $2.75
10 pr. Ladies' Patent Leather Pumps, $3 value, now.. $1.75
16 pr. Ladies' Patent Baby Doll Pumps $3 value, now.. $1.75
17 pr. Ladies' Patent Baby Doll Pumps $4 value, now.. $2.65
11 pr. Ladies' Gun Metal Mary Jane pumps $3, now.. $2.10
7 pr. Ladies' Colonial Pumps, $3.50 value, now $2.10
7 pr. Ladies' Kid Oxfords, $3.50 value, now $2.15
17 pr. Ladies' Pumps, $3.75 value, now $2.45
58 pr. Ladies' Slippers, sold for $2.50, to $3.50 now .. $1.75
21 pr. Ladies' Pumps, $4.00 value, now $2.60
15 pr. Ladies' Gun Metal Pumps, $2.50 value, now $1.75
4 pr. Ladies' Vici Oxfords, $3.50 value, now $2.40
9 pr. Ladies' Canvas Pumps, $1.00 value, now 65c
24 pr. Mary Jane Canvas Slippers, $1.50, now $1.10
14 pr. Ladies' White Slippers $1.50 to $3.00, now 75c

MISSES' SHOES

14 pr. Misses' Mary Jane Pumps, 75c value, now 55c
32 pr. Children's White Slippers, $1.50 to $2.00, now.. 90c
26 pr. Misses' Canvas Pumps, 90c value, now 69c
30 pr. Little Girls' Slippers, $2.75 value, now $1.79
37 pr. Girls' Slippers, $3.00 value, now $1.98
12 pr. Girls' Slippers that sold for $3.25, now..... $1.19
8 pr. Girls' Slippers, that sold for $1.25, uow 79c
6 pr. Babies' Shoes, that were sold at 50c, now 39c
10 pr. Babies Shoes that sold for $1.00 now 59c
11 pr. Misses' Slippers, that were $3.00, now $1.98
17 pr. Misses' Slippers that sold for $2.75, now $1.59
24 pr. Misses' Slippers that were $2.25, now $1.59
23 pr. Misses' Slippers, $2.00 value, now $1.59
19 pr. Misses' Slippers, $1.75 valus, now $1.19
7 pr. Misses' Slippers, $3.50 value, now $1.69

LADIES' HATS

12 Ladies' Hats that were selling for $3.00, now 69c

MEN'S HATS

24 Men's Leghorn Hats, $3.50 value, now $2.00
12 Men's Panama Hats that sold for $3.00, now $2.00
60 Men's Felt Hats, $2.50 value, now $1.98

MEN'S SHIRTS

18 Men's Dress Shirts, that were $1.25, now 75c
30 Men's Shirts, 75c values, now 40c

Mens Half Hose

96 pr. Men's Silk Half Hose, 50c value, now 25

LADIES, ATTENTION!

350 yds. 15c Bleaching, limited to 10 yds., per yd. now 10c
550 yds. Crepe and Lawns that sold for 12½c, now 10c
150 yds. 15c Linene that sold for 15c per yd., now 12½c
24 Ladies' Dress Shirts that sold for $1.00, now 40c
Embroidery from 2½ to 8 in. wide, 10c to 25c value.... 6c
1 lot of White Corduroy shirts that were $2.50, now .. $1.15
1 lot of White Poplin Skirts that were $1.50, now 79c

THREAD

1200 balls Silkine Crochet Thread, 3 balls for 25c
660 spools of Black Sewing Thread, 7 spools for 25c

CATTLE EXCHANGE

I buy, sell of exchange milch cows and all kinds of cattle. Will pay the highest market price if you want to sell, or will sell or trade any kind of cattle you wish to buy. Remember I pay the highest cash market price for cattle. Make arrangements to see me before you sell or buy.

Automobile Casings and Tubes at Cost. Will buy Worn Casings at highest Prices.

The above goods are much cheaper than they can be bought at wholesale prices. The goods are exactly as represented and will be sold at the prices advertised here.

Merchants needing any of the above goods will do well to come and inspect the stock, as these goods were purchased when they were at least 40 per cent cheaper than they could be bought at wholesale now.

I have several thousand dollars worth of other goods on hand which I will sell at cost. None of these Goods are damaged. All of them are brand new. Drop in and look over my entire display of goods.

L. H. REYNOLDS

CLANTON, - - ALABAMA

Co-operation Means A Better Community

Today we begin a fifty-two weeks Booster Campaign on this page. The firms whose names appear below are all Live Wires and have agreed to co-operate with this paper for a year to maintain this movement. This is a movement inaugurated to get the business men of Clanton together on all questons for "United we Stand, Divided we Fall." We have the best little city in the world. Lets all pull together along all lines in order to keep abreast with the rush of time.

W. A. KEMP
General Merchandise

J. W. LITTLEJOHN
Staple and Fancy Groceries

EXCHANGE HOTEL
W. H. Goodgame, Prop'r.

Mr. Merchant:

Do you believe in Co-operation? If so, you can help out by putting your name in this space. Show your grit!

L. H. REYNOLDS
General Merchandise

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.
Hardware

IDEAL THEATRE
Paramount Features
Tuesdays and Fridays
Mixed Program Saturdays

SPEND YOUR MONEY WITH CLANTON BUSINESS MEN

NEW WILSON HOTEL
Everything New and Modern
Rates Reasonable

L. J. DUNCAN
Garage

Leave Your Laundry at The
CANDY STORE
We have not raised prices but do keep up the Quality and Service of our work all times.

CLANTON MERCANTILE COMPANY
General Merchandise

WILEY LITTLEJOHN
Grocer

UPCHURCH DRUG CO.
Drugs—Prescriptions

Your Card here would Show the People that you believe in the upbuilding of your home and Surrounding Community.

CLANTON LOCALS

Dr. E. A. Matthews passed through Clanton on Tuesday on his way to Birmingham.

Mrs. Geneva Robinson, Proprietress of a hotel in Marbury, was in Clanton on Wednesday.

Mrs. Ollie Camp and Miss Jennie Robinson of Thorsby visited Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Smith and family last week.

Captain G. W. Bogan has been selected as newspaper correspondent at the Soldiers' Home and the vicinity of Mt. Creek.

LOST—Edison Fountain Pen without cap. Finder please return to Union-Banner office and receive reward.

WANTED—To buy a young gentle horse. Nothing accepted without a thorough trial.
W. E. MARTIN, Thorsby, Ala.

BEAN, CORN AND FEED MILL

The velvet bean mill, corn mill and feed mill in course of construction by Wm. M. Adams, on his property at Clanton, will be completed this week ready for machinery, which will be placed in a week or ten days.

This plant will grind corn into meal, either on the old kind of mill rocks or on the new-fashioned burr mill.

The velvet beans and corn and the stalks and hay can be mixed together and ground into mixed feed by the bean mill.

The plant will be equipepd with such incidental machinery as corn sheller, shucker, etc.

THORSBY ITEMS

Mr. Raymond Carlson left on Thursday of last week for a visit with relatives and friends in Chicago. He goes from Chicago to Rock Island, Ill., where he expects to attend Augustana college the coming year.

Miss Agnes Leary spent a few days of last week in Jemison visiting her friends.

Rev. J. P. Leaf of Tennessee River, Tenn., assisted Rev. Arnold Nelson in the Confirmation Services at the Lutheran Church last Sunday. The class of six which was examined showed considerable knowledge of the scriptures.

Miss Elizabeth Hoopes left on Thursday of last week for Clay County where she was in attendance upon Tallapoosa District Association of Congregational Churches.

Miss Clara Millsap of Jemison and Miss Amanda Parker of Birmingham have been visiting Miss Agnes Leary the past week.

Rev. Arnold Nelson left on last Thursday for Silver Hill. He will fill his regular appointment there, after which he returns to his home in St. Paul. After a short stay with relatives and friends in St. Paul, he returns to Augustana College, where he will be in school the coming year.

Miss Bertha Littleton, who has been visiting in Birmingham for a few weeks, has returned to Thorsby.

The Camp Fire girls are enjoying their annual camping trip on the bank of Honeycutt's Pond, six miles west of Thorsby. They expect to reeurn to Thorsby Friday, after the Boy Scouts arrive to take up the camp for a week.

Mr. T. W. Robinson spent last week with his family.

Mr. T. F. Saltsman left on Monday of this week for a visit with his sons, T. F. and E. F. Saltsman, at Haleyville and Eufala, Okla.

NEW CHURCH ORGANIZED ON THE EAST SIDE OF CLANTON

As an evidence that the eastern part of Clanton, or in other words that part of the town which lies out across the creek on the Lock 12 Road and the adjacent community is fast coming to the front as a most progressive center of activity, we call attention to the fact that a live and most promising Baptist Church was organized there last Friday, and has started out with a goodly number of supporters and active members. Rev. Ben Hughes, a strong and hustling Baptist preacher from Birmingham was called into the community to conduct a revival at the house of the old Unity Presbyterian Church, which has been inactive for a number of years. Much interest was displayed at once, and prospects at once were revealed, showing splendid posibilities for a church. The people of the adjacent community were interested and faithful enough to bring in the necessary credentials to organize themselves into a Baptist Church ,and with the assistance of Rev. Hughes the work was done in due order.

The revival continued till Sunday night, and at the close the new church had a total of thirty-four members. Prospects are good for at least that many more in the near future.

At a little business meeting Sunday night, the church elected the following officers: S. M. Adams, Pastor; W. M. Wyatt, Clerk and Treasurer; J. L. Bennett, W. J Miner, J D. Collins and W. O Rich, Deacons

The people of the community out there are proud of the church and are proud that the spirit of church work and Christian co-operation is so live and promising in their midst. Much credit is due to Rev. Hughes for the splendid work which he did there. He is a powerful preacher of the undeniable truths of the Gospel, and his stirring words did much to arouse the sentiment that has already crystalized itself into an active and promising church.

An effort wil be made by the members of the new church to purchase the property of the former Presbyterian church, and use it as a meeting place. But if it should be impossible to acquire that property, a movement will at once be started to erect a new church building somewhere not far from the one which already stands there.

All who are inclined to help out in the work of the church are invited to come and participate. Preaching will be held regularly every second and fourth Sundays and on Sunday nights following.

The new sanctuary is to be called the Friendship Baptist Church.

Mr. W. P. Thompson has been placed as manager of the Marbury Journal. Mr. Thompson will divide time between Clanton and Marbury.

Miss Thomas Howell, of Montgomery is the guest of Mrs. Claud Reynolds this week.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE

Default having been made in the payment of that certain mortgage executed on the 14th of April, 1914, by Thorsby Building Association, a corporation, to Mrs. Birget Erdahl and Gertrude Ellengson, which said mortgage is recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in Vol. 137 of Mortgages, at page 616. The undersigned mortgagee will sell the following described property at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the courthouse door of Chilton County, Alabama, during the legal hours of sale, on Monday, the 3rd day of September, 1917. The said property being described as follows: Lots No. 8, in Block No. 1, in Thorsby, Alabama, as per lot of said town of Thorsby on record in the office of the Judge of probate of Chilton County, Alabama, together with the two-story brick building thereon, the said property being in Chilton County, Alabama.

The proceeds of said sale will be used to pay the expenses of advertising said sale and conveying said property and paying all necessary taxes, insurances, and the balance due on said mortgage including a reasonable attorney's fee.

MRS. BIRGET ERDAHL,
GERTRUDE ELLENGSON,
Mortgagees.
Middleton & Reynolds,
8-9-4t Attorneys for Mortgagees.

Judge L. H. Reynolds made a business trip to Montgomery on Monday.

Mr. Thomas Smith of Mt. Creek was in Clanton during the week.

The Clanton Mercantile Co., has just gotten in a car load of new syrup barrells. The price is $2.00 each.

DR. W. L. PARRISH
Graduate Veterinarian.
Hurry Calls made in Auto.
'Phone 110-35, Clanton.

TAX NOTICE

COLLECTOR'S AND ASSESSOR'S ROUND

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of collecting the State and County Taxes for Chilton County for the year 1917 and assessing taxes for the year 1918.

Maplesville,	Beat 7,	October 1, 1917
Stanton,	Beat 8,	October 2, 1917
Pletcher,	Beat 15,	October 3, 1917
Enterprise,	Beat 6,	October 4, 1917
Verbena,	Beat 5,	October 5, 1917
Minooka,	Beat 13,	October 6, 1917
Thorsby,	Beat 9,	October 8, 1917
Jemison,	Beat 2,	October 9, 1917
Benson,	Beat 3,	October 10, 1917
Macedonia,	Beat 14,	October 11, 1917
Mineral Springs,	Beat 12,	October 12, 1917
Robinson's Store,	Beat 12,	October 13, 1917
Mullins Academy,	Beat 1,	October 15, 1917
Cane Creek,	Beat 11,	October 16, 1917
Providence,	Beat 16,	October 17, 1917
Cooper,	Beat 10,	October 18, 1917
Mt. Creek,	Beat 5,	October 19, 1917
Evergreen,	Beat 10,	October 20, 1917
Kincheon,	Beat 6,	October 22, 1917
Culp Schoolhouse,	Beat 15,	October 23, 1917
Riderville,	Beat 8,	October 24, 1917
Shoults,	Beat 7,	October 25, 1917
Mars Hill,	Beat 2,	October 26, 1917
Concord,	Beat 13,	October 27, 1917
Clanton,	Beat 4,	Nov. 12 to 30, 1917

Take notice that under Section Number 34, of the Revenue Code of 1915, it is the duty of every person liable to taxation in each election precinct, to attend in person on the first day of the appointment in your Precinct, and then and there render to the Assessor a full and complete list of all property, of which he or she was owner on the 1 day of October of that year.

All taxes and assessments are delinquent after December the 31st, 1917.

J. D. COLLINS, Tax Collector,
J. N. DENNIS, Tax Assessor.

Coffins, Burial Supplies, Automobile Accessories For sale at
DOWNS HARDWARE CO.
CLANTON, ALA.

Do You Need Any
JOB PRINTING
Today?

If So, Send or Phone Us Your Order NOW

If you believe in home trade—in a home newspaper—in boosting your town—advertise in this paper

We can also do your job work quickly and satisfactorily

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., SEPTEMBER 6, 1917. NUMBER 23.

THE COMMANDFR-IN-CHIEF SENDS MESSAGE TO ARMY

President Wilson Tells Men Who are to Form National Army that the Eyes of the World are on Them, and to Live and Fight to Honor Old Glory.

Washington, September 3.—The Soldiers of the national army were welcomed into the nation's service today by President Wilson with a message of affectionate confidence and a prayer to God to keep and to guide them. Everything that these young men do, the President told them, will be watched with the deepest solicitude by the whole country and the eyes of the world will be upon them because they are "in some special sense the soldiers of freedom."

The first soldiers of the army to be raised under the draft law will start from their homes to the training cantonments Wednesday. The President asks them as brothers and as comrades in the great war to keep straight and fit by a standard so high that living up to it will add a new laurel to the crown of America.

The message follows:

"White House, Washington.

"To soldiers of the national army:

"You are undertaking a great duty. The heart of the whole country is with you. Everything that you do will be watched with the deepest interest and with the deepest solicitude not only by those who are near and dear to you but by the whole nation besides. For this great war draws us all together, making us all comrades and brothers, as all true Americans felt themselves to be when we first made good our national independence. The eyes of the whole world will be upon you, because you are in some special sense the soldiers of freedom. Let it be your pride, therefore, to show all men everywhere not only what good soldiers are, but also what good men you are, keeping yourselves fit and straight in everything and pure and clean through and through. Let us set for ourselves a standard so high that it will be a glory to live up to it and then let us live up to it and add a new laurel to the crown of America. My very affectionate confidence goes with you in every battle and every test. God keep and guide you!

"WOODROW WILSON."

OF INTEREST TO THE FARMERS OF ALABAMA.

Send by mail ,at once, a list of all farm products you wish to sell, buy or exchange, to the Alabama Markets Journal, which will devote its columns to the marketing interests of our Alabama farmers. The service is absolutely free, and the Journal's mission is to help market Alabama products. Address Markets Clerk, Department of Agriculture and Industries, Montgomery, Ala.

HOOVER WANTS BANKS TO AID FARMERS BY LENDING MONEY

Washington, Sept. 2.—Food Administrator Hoover has enlisted the aid of the Federal Reserve Board in a campaign to increase the meat supply of the country. Mr. Hoover has asked the Board to help the farmers by suggesting that the banks lend them money at no more than 7 per cent interest, as compared with the legal rate of 8 per cent, or more, and the board has transmitted the request, through the Federal Reserve Banks, to the bankers of the districts concerned.

Uncle Ben Gray of Mt. Creek was a visitor to Clanton on Monday.

ALABAMA BOYS WANT TO SEE CITY OF NEW YORK

Members of two Companies Attempt to Break Quarantine and Overpower Police.

Camp Mills, Mineola, N. Y., Sept. 3.—Military punishment today was facing members of two companies of the one hundred and sixty-seventh infantry (Alabama Guardsmen) who late Sunday attempted to break the quarantine regulations and overpower the military police.

More than forty of the guardsmen broke from their regimental camp and attempted to stampede the camp guard of the one hundred and sixty-fifth infantry. A prolonged fight resulted, in which a majority of the guardsmen were cut or bruised. The Alabama guardsmen were ordered into quarantine shortly after their arrival here because several cases of the measles had been discovered in the regiment. The regiment explained that being so closely confined and having wanted to see something of New York was the cause of the trouble.

PUBLIC SCHOOL OPENING WITH PROMISING PROSPECT

About 155 Pupils Enroll on First Day of Session Wednesday.

Indeed was the opening of the Clanton Public School most promising Tuesday. There was the largest attendance and opening that the school has had in recent years, and this session bids fair to be the most successful we have had in some time.

Much of the school interest that has been aroused in our town must be credited to the principal of the city school, Mr. J. L. Johnson and his splendid assistants. Miss Gladys Wood who has been a teacher here for several sessions, is his first assistent; Miss Elsa Nonenmacher, who i likewise well known here as a former teacher, has charge of the third and fourth grades; Miss Hattie Hancock has charge of the first and second grades.

This year the school will be practically free. As a result of the carrying of the three-mill tax, there is provided seven months free school. The first two months will be financed by incidental fee of $2.50 for each pupil, supplemented by funds from the town.

The opening of the school this year finds the school house and surroundings in splendid condition for the accommodation of those who will attend. Through the efforts of the school improvement association, the civic league, and individuals who are interested, the floors of the building have been oiled, the play grounds cleaned off, and everything put in good shape. This interest is much appreciated by the teachers and by the pupils.

The citizens of Clanton are urged to make any reasonable sacrifice they can for the promotion of our school. The teachers want everybody to stand by them in the discharge of their duty, and the result will be felt as a mighty force in upbuilding our town morally and educationally.

BIG "MOONSHINE" RAID

U. S. Marshall Wall, Sheriff Harris and Deputy Gillespie Make Big Raid near River.

On last Friday morning before good daylight, Sheriff Harris, Deputies Gilespie and Cobb, accompanied United States Marshall Wall and Revenue Officer Baker to 12 miles east of Clanton where a plant containing two large stills was making "moonshine" whiskey.

The officers raided the place, destroyed 400 gallons of mean stuff, and then wrecked the plant.

FARMERS TO MEET AT CLANTON ON SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 15

Will Seek Co-operation in Securing Adequate Prices for all Farm Products. Permanent Organization will be Effected for the County on that day.

COUNTY ORGANIZATION TO BE THE BASIS OF STATE PLAN.

The time has come when men who are interested in the situation of the Farmers of Alabama are taking gauge of the surrounding circumstances and seeking a way that will get for the producer the recompense which he deserves for his labors. The best thought and brain of the state is becoming centralized on the question of proper markets for the farmer's products. All over Alabama the need of some place to dispose of what the farm has produced this year is imperative.

Hon. Joseph O. Thompson, well known farmer and land holder, of Birmingham, writes Judge Reynolds about the matter, and requests a meeting of the farmers here September 15th. His letter follows, and within itself is explanatory. It is easily understood, and needs no comment.

Birmingham, Ala., Sept. 1, 1917.

Hon. L. H. Reynolds,

Clanton, Ala.,

Dear Judge:

Unless something is done, some movement started, some organization formed by the farmers of the South, we are going to see the farmers robbed of their big diversified crop as they were of their cotton crop in 1914. I want to propose that you call a mee'ing at the court house in Clanton, if you think it advisable, for Saturday, Sept.. 15, for the purpose of organizing a farmers' protective league for Alabama. At the Clanton meeting, which will be attended principally by county people, you can select the officers and put them to work. A good organizer as president should be able to organize the State in sixty days.

The purpose of the organization will be to bring about co-operation among the farmers in withholding all crops from the market until adequate prices can be received. The South should ask no more in proportion for its products than the West; they should ask as much. Unless something is done, however, we will not get anything like what we are entitled to. Wheat has already been stabilized at $2.20 per bushel. Why shouldn't we ask that cotton be stabilized at a minimum of 25cents, peanuts at $1.50 per bushel, corn at $1.50 per bushel, and velvet beans at $1.50 per bushel. We are not going to get them stabilized, but we can withhold the stuff from the market until adequate prices are obtained. There is a program, which, if the Alabama farmer will pursue it will enrich him and the state in a few years. The program provides for the growing of cotton as well as other crops. It is as follows: one-third corn, one-third cotton, one-third peanuts, with velvet beans in the corn, subject to variations with other crops such as the individual farmer may choose from time to time.

You have a paper there that may be used as the State organ for its organization, provided the editor is an aggresive and reliable fellow. There are many good uses that this organization could be put to. I tried such an organization, as you know, in 1915, but I started it wrongly by organizing the State all at once. The organization must come as suggested above, if it is to be successful. It is possible for such an organization, properly officered, to save the State this year one hundred million dollars. I will be glad to be connected with such an organization.

Yours very truly,

JOS. O. THOMPSON.

TALKING TO FARMERS AND CATTLE MEN

Mr. W. H. Conway and Mr. J. N. Dennis attended the meetnig of the farmers and dairy men at Billingsley, and told the people just what they knew about farming, raising stock and the dairy business. It was a large meeting of progressive Chilton County people composed of men and women interested in farming and the cattle business.

STILL CAPTURED IN BEAT 16

On last Wednesday Deputy Gillespie with J. P. Gore and Bernie Cobb captured a still in Beat 16 on Coosa River, together with about 200 gallons of beer. The still was of 100 gallons capacity and was made of copper and complete in every way. No one has, as yet, been arrested, but the officers say that they will bring in the owner within a short while. It is intimated that one of them is connected with a very prominent family in Beat 16.

JUDGE REYNOLDS ISSUES CALL FOR MEETING

To the Farmers of Chilton County:

Being in accord with the facts set out in the letter of Mr. Thompson above, and realizing the need of the farmers of this county and state for such a marketing organization, I hereby take the liberty to call a meeting as suggested, for Saturday, September 15. and request that every farmer in this county, who has anything he needs to sell, meet with us at the court house on this date, for the purpose of organizing and discussing the situation of the farmers as outlined above in the letter of Mr. Thompson. I hope every farmer in the county will at once wake up to the predicament he is in, and come to this meeting with his mind made up to take some action to secure justice for his labors this year and for years to come.

Respectfully,

L. H. REYNOLDS.

FARMERS SHOULD ORGANIZE SYSTEM OF SELLING CATTLE

The suggestion has been offered, and it is a good one too, that the farmers of Chilton county should organize themselves into some system of selling their cattle and hogs.

There is not a dealer in the county who is prepared in a true sense, to handle cattle and hogs when they are brought in just one at a time every now and then by a farmer here and there. Under such a system the dealer, if he buys them, does not have a fair chance to come out on the proposition, and hence he is not able to make the farmer a fair proposition.

Judge Reynolds has suggested that the farmers of the county get together and set a day on which to all bring their cattle and hogs to Clanton and sell them. In that way a car load, or possibly more, could be centralized here in one day, and the proposition would then be much more attractive from the standpoint of the buyer. If it were known that on a certain day the farmers of the county would bring their cattle and hogs here to sell them, there would be dealers from Birmingham and Montgomery here prepared to buy them. They could put them directly on the cars and send them to their destinations, and would not be hampered by keeping them here till a collection could be gotten together. This convenience for the buyer would warrant them in giving the farmers a better price.

Something will be done about this matter at the meeting at the court house on the 15th of this month. It will be important and worth the while of the farmers who are to have cattle and hogs to sell later on to be present and help outline the system so that it may be successfully carried out.

MEETING OF CLANTON TRIBE OF THE IMPROVED O. R. M.

Good Addresses and a Splendid Supper Supplied for the Occasion.

On Tuesday evening the I. O. R. M. of Clanton and vicinity met, and after a brief meeting in the hall, the Red Men went to the Exchange Hotel with their wives and daughters, where arrangements had been made for a regular "Alabama Supper."

During the feast Rev. W. J. Armstrong, Great Sachem of the Great Council of Alabama made an address in which he referred at length to the many laudible achievements of the Red Men, a body looking to the betterment of mankind.

Rev. A. R. Aldridge made the opening address which was well taken.

After supper the Red Men (112) and their lady friends visited the Ideal Theatre, where a pleasing entertainment was awaiting thm.

"HOW TO FINANCE A COUNTY"

Judge L. H. Reynolds was invited by the official of Bibb County to come up and tell them "how to finance a county." The question was explained to Judge Reynolds on his arrival that the people of Bibb County were anxious to follow Chilton County as to its practice in financial matters.

Judge Reynolds was introduced to the audience by Judge Nicholson, and then he entertained the audience with an address as to how to finance a county and place it on a cash basis..

FIRST MEN ARE DRAFTED FROM CHILTON COUNTY

Six are Called to the Colors under Provisions of Selectove Draft.

On Tuesday the local exemption board for Chilton County called six of their qualified men to service under the conscription law. This number comprises five per cent of the entire quota which this county will have to furnish.

Following are the names of those who will go from here to the training camp this week:

Joseph Warren Franklin,
David C. Mooney,
Robert L. Williams,
Miles Vander Smith,
Will Henderson,
Samuel Kelsey Walker.

These men will go to Camp Gordon at Chamblee, Ga. On the 19th of this month forty per cent of the quota will be entrained.

DEATH OF MR. ALBERT PATTERSON OF JEMISON

Albert Patterson, a prominent citizen and Mason of Jemison, was buried with Masonic honors at Pleasant Grove Cemetery, near his old home. Mr. Patterson was one of the oldest and best citizens of Chilton County for forty years. He had been a member of the Missionary Baptist Church and a consistent Mason.

One of the largest crowd that ever assembled on such an occasion witnessed the funeral, which was conducted by the Masons of Jemison under the supervision of Judge L. H. Reynolds.

Mr. Patterson left no family other than an adopted child, his wife preceding him across the river, several years ago.

REPORT DISEASES TO PREVENT DEATHS, SAYS HEALTH BOARD

Any resident of Alabama who has knowledge of the presence of a case of communicable disease and who fails to report it to the health authorities as required by law may become a real enemy to the country. Health officers cannot take steps to protect the public against disease unless cases are promptly reported.

The diseases which the state of Alabama requires to be reported include Chicken pox, Diphtheria, German Measles, Glanders, Hydrophobia, Infantile Paralysis, Malaria, Measles, Meningitis, Mumps, Ophthalmia neonatorum, Pellagra, Scarlet Fever, Small pox, Tetanus, Trachoma, Trichinosis, Tuberculosis, Typhoid fever, and whooping cough.

Prevention is accomplished by stopping communication between the sick and the well, by the control of flies, mosquitoes, and by general cleanliness.

Apropos of this subject, one may quote from the Michigan State Bulletin:

Ten Commandments for Prevention Of Disease.

1. Honor thy country and keep its sanitary laws.
2. Remember thy cleaning day, and keep it wholly.
3. Thou shalt love thy children and provide for them decent homes and playgrounds.
4. Thou shalt keep fresh air in thy house day and night.
5. Thou shalt keep celan and in order thy alleys, thy back yard, thy halls and stairways.
6. Thou shalt not kill thine own, nor thy neighbors' bodies with poisonous air and disease breeding filth.
7. Thou shalt not let filthy flies live.
8. Thou shalt not steal thy children's happiness from them by neglecting their health.
9. Thou shalt not bear filthy, decayed teeth in thy mouth nor tolerate them in the mouths of those about thee.
10. Thou shalt not spit on the sidewalks, nor on the floor, nor in the street car, nor in any public place whatsoever.

Syrup making time is close at hand. Get your syrup barrell from Clanton Mercantile Co.

JURY TERM OF COURT HERE THIS WEEK

Judge McCord Disposing of Cases on the Civil Docket with Due Form and Procedure.

This week the Jury term of the Circuit Court of Chilton County is in session, presided over by Judge Leon McCord of Montgomery. This is the term of court which was due to be held last month, but was postponed till this week.

Judge McCord, up to the time The Union-Banner goes to press, is crowding the court business along with due regard to the importance of the many cases.

J. W. Oakes recovered $4,000.00 from the L. & N. Railroad for personal injuries. No appeal was taken.

J. H. Middleton was awarded $1,000.00 against the Alabama Power Company, for damages to property.

A number of other cases of minor importance have been disposed of. With this week Judge McCord will finish up the civil docket, a number however being deferred to the next term of court.

On Monday the criminal docket will be taken up, and it is expected that there will be "something doing" then. One murder case, the Clanton Bank failure cases, and some whiskey cases will face the court for disposal.

In addition to the docket of civil cases, which are being disposed of by the Judge, the grand jury is in session with Solicitor F. Lloyd Tate in charge. Following is a list of the men who are serving on the grand Jury:

J. Wiley Littlejohn, Foreman,
T. Calvin Jones,
Elijah Robinson, Jr.,
Enoch H. Adams,
Ross J. Mahan,
J. H. (Dock) Owen,
Thomas N. Howard,
Jim G. Miner,
Jesse Chambers,
T. Ernest Williams,
Ethan A. Norris,
W. Grear Culver,
W. Frank Reynolds,
Richard T. Robinson,
W. Henry Rayborn,
Henry Evan C. Smith,
Bluford H. Jones,
Columbus C. Williams.

The following list composes the petit jury for this week:

No.	Name	Beat
1.	Will L. Nix,	14
2.	John W. Foshee,	7
3.	Mack C. Broadhead,	4
4.	Allie R. Cooper,	4
5.	Dave W. Killingsworth,	2
6.	James A. Sims,	15
7.	R. Walter Kendrick,	15
8.	Cal M. Foshee,	7
9.	Shelby R. Barnes,	8
10.	C. Floyd Merchant,	7
11.	J. Hugh Lawrence,	7
12.	J. B. Hardy, Jr,	7
13	J. Clifford Driver,	10
14.	Dock Broadhead,	3
15.	Walter M. Claughton,	5
16.	Abbott B. Foshee,	15
17.	Chas. C. Vinson,	6
18.	Cary C. Burkhalter,	6
19.	Joe D. Culp,	15
20.	Will D. Burnett,	15
21.	J. Robert Owens,	6
22.	Frank Eiland,	6
23.	Alonzo M. Taylor,	4
24.	J. Monroe Parrish,	16
25.	Albert R. Dyer,	8
26.	W. Edd Skipper,	2
27.	Hughey S. Irven,	5
28.	J. J. Burkhalter,	10

See this paper next week for the honor roll of "Pine-Knot Academy Closing Exercises," at the high school auditorium on the night of the 14th.

FISH—FISH

We will be ready September 1st to fill all orders from fifty pounds up. Write us for prices. All orders lfiled at once. Will treat you right and save you all the money we can. A. M. ROLLINS & SON.

Miplan, Ala.

MULES WANTED

Sizes: 14-3 to 16 Hands. Ages: 5 to 9 years. The above Stock is wanted for United States Army.

ABRAHAM BROS.

Will be at D. Y. Johnson's Stables at Clanton, on Saturday, September 15.

Bring in Your Mules.

A School for Farm Boys and Girls.

THORSBY INSTITUTE

THORSBY, ALABAMA.

Offers Unusual Advantages for the Boy or Girl from the Farm. A Faculty of Well-Trained Teachers.

Large Library and Well-Equipped Laboratory. Boarding Department under supervision of the School.

Total School Expenses, including Board, for Nine Months, $135... An Opportunity to pay part of this Amount in work or provisions.

For Catalogue or Further Information, Write to

Principal S. H. HERBERT,
Thorsby, Ala.

Twelfth Year opens September 11.

THE UNION-BANNER

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J. B. WELLS, Business Manager.

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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

AS THE "JOURNAL" SEES US

"The Journal welcomes the Clanton Banner on the exchange list. The "Banner" is well edited by W. M. Wyatt, while the business end of the concern is looked after by Mr. J. B. Wells; and Jean Wyatt has charge of the Merganthaler-Hoe firing line." —The Marbury Journal.

The Deputies from Sheriff Harris's office last week made themselves quite a record at chasing wild cat stills. Gillespie and Cobb took part in the capture of two big stills, and in fact, it might be said that their parts were the principal parts. They were assisted in one of the raids by United States Marshals, but it is to the credit of the local force of officers that the outfits were located.

The farmers of this land and country have got to get out of the old plan of cutting each other's throats. Increased production has assumed such proportions that we cannot rely on selling a handful of this, that and the other, here and there, and at any kind of a price, just to sell it before the other fellow does. We have got to unite for the common good of all. That is by far the easier of the two ways. Let us do it. The 15th of this month is going to be our start toward better things in this county.

A POLITICAL APPOINTMENT

President Wilson has finally made the order placing control of exports under the new committee of which Vance McCormick is chirman. Mr. McCormick was chairman of the Democratic national committee in the last campaign and is, therefore, peculiarly fitted for service as chairman of an administrative committee non-partisan, in character. Perhaps!

'REVELATIONS' CAUSE DEBATE

Ambassador Gerard's "revelations" are causing sharp debate in the Reichstag at Berlin. But we have heard no voice raised in Congress at Washington to inquire how it happens that Mr. Gerard has possession of and can sell original documents from his Embassy files, how it happened that he sought to cheer up the Kaiser in opening days of the war, and how in the face of all that he knew better than anyone else, he went back to his post early last winter and made his famous speech extolling the close and friendly relations that, he said, existed between the German government and the United States.

PENSIONS, OR INSURANCE?

In considering the relative merits of a pension system or an insurance system for our new soldiers, one thing is likely to be lost sight of, and that is that the pension system applies to all alike, whereas, the insurance system is very likely to result in a larger benefit to the man of larger means. The proposal is to furnish insurance at the rate of eight dollars a thousand. The man of means who has been conscripted will take as much insurance at this rate as he is permitted to buy; so will the man of smaller means. But the wealthier man will necessarily take a great deal more than the poor man will or can. To that extent the proposed insurance plan will work to the advantage of the man of wealth; whereas, in a pension system, rich man and poor man will benefit to the same extent. Each would get so many dollars a month, depending upon his disability and not upon his capacity to pay premiums.

MEDALS FOR HEROES

Congressman Daniel R. Anthony has drawn up a bill to amend the present law regarding the awarding of medals of honor. Hereafter, Mr. Anthony would have the President award a medal of honor to officers and men who perform feats of exceptional heroism beyond the call of duty while in actual conflict with the enemy. A distinguished service medal is provided in the measure for service of slightly less importance, carrying with it an increase of $2 a month in the soldier's pay. Further distinguished services by the same man will entitle him to added bars on his medal and $2 a month for each such occasion. Mr. Anthony stands high in the committee on Military Affairs, to which the bill has been referred, and early action on the measure may be expected.

The Clanton Mercantile Co., has just gotten in a car load of new syrup barrells. The price is $2.00 each.

A PROMISE FULFILLED

We are glad of the fact that Chilton County has at the head of its business a man of such recognized business ability and judgment as Judge Reynolds. He has shown himself squarely to his constituents in the brief period which he has been in the Probate office. When he stood on the steps of the courthouse at midnight on November 7th, and said that he would put the affairs of the county on a cash basis and back in the hands of the people in less than 12 months, he was laughed at by some who did not have grit enough to be present and hear the words he spoke. But those who heard him believed him; and now they are gratified that his statements have all proven true. He has done what he said he would do.

Outside our own county his ability is recognized. Not many days ago he was invited over to Bibb County by the officials there to discuss with them the business of financing the county. He went, and it goes without saying that the men who heard what he had to say were benefitted by the ideas he gave them.

Chilton County has long been proud of this man. We have cause to be proud of him. And we will be still more proud of him in the future for so long as he has life and energy, he will be found zealous in the pursuit of the things that mean the betterment of the public interests.

The Ladies Missionary Society Circle No. 3, will give an entertainment at the High School auditorium on Thursday at 8 p.m., which will be deivered by both foreign and local talent. Admission 10c and 20c. Proceeds to new church fund. Everybody invited to come.

The Union-Banner wants to say that we heartily endorse the idea of co-operation among the farmers as outlined in the letter of Hon. Joseph O. Thompson, which is published this week. We have taken special notice of the surrounding conditions of the farmers, not only this year, but also for other years, and more than ever now are we convinced that the salvation of those who till the soil lies in their standing together on the proposition of safe and sane marketing of what they produce.

We wish to say that the Banner stands ready, willing and anxious to play any part in the program, which lies in its power to do. The success of each of us, one and all, is mutual. Our interests are mutual. Therefore we plead for united effort, and pronounce that we are ready to strike now while the iron is red. And we must strike truly and forcibly. There is no time to waste with effort expended in the wrong direction.

We cannot come to the meeting on the 15th and twist and quibble over the things that confront us, and go away with nothing accomplished. While we are wasting our time, the velvet beans, peas, corn and hay will be getting ripe, needing harvesting, and going to waste just the same. We must come here prepared to act. We must come with the intention of settling on some plan that will bring our farmers cash for the things that they have raised and cannot use at home. Farmers, the markets are waiting for what you have to sell. All you have to do is to get yourselves into systematic plans to reach the markets with your goods. We cannot fail, now that we are so near our goal.

MAKE HAY WHILE THE SUN SHINES

Now, that the rainy seaon is probably over for a few weeks, it is time to cut and cure hay. A luxurant growth of all hay crops such as sorghum, cow peas, soy beans, peanuts, sudan, Johnson grass and many winld grasses exist all over the State. If all the hay now in the state could be saved it would carry all the live stock through the winter and leave a fine surplus for sale to other states. As a general rule, much hay is never cut and a great deal that is cut goes to waste for lack of proper care in curing, stacking and storing. This is one of the times that every pound of hay should be saved in the best possible condition. It will save much grain for the cash market that would otherwise be fed away where hay is not available for a substitute. People in the dry districts of Texas and Oklahoma are already inquiring now about Alabama corn and hay.

Hay should be cut and allowed to lie broadcast about two sunny days. It should be raked the third morning and cocked the same evening. The cocks should be built around a pole set in the ground and two cross pieces nailed about a foot from the ground. As soon as the hay is thoroughly cured, it should be collected and baled and stored or stacked in a large stack with a covered top. Much good hay is damaged or lost by trying to cure it in little piles flat on the ground. This method usually cuses the hay to absorb moisture out of the ground as fast as it dries from the top. Labor is too scarce and too high to cut and stack hay to rot later in the stack. If storing is lacking and stacking is the only dependence, the stack should be large and some kind of cover or shelter placed over it. Hay grows entirely too coarse in this country and our winters are too wet to expect it to pass through the winter in good condition in unprotected stacks.

KAISERISM NOT ONLY MENACE TO AMERICA DECLARES GOVERNOR KILBY

WARNING SOUNDED AGAINST GROWTH OF SINISTER FOREIGN INFLUENCES IN AMERICA

PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF STATE MUST BE KEPT DEMOCRATIC

SHADOW OF ROME AND CROWNED MADMAN OF EUROPE SCORED BY ANNISTON CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR IN ADDRESS TO CONFEDERATE VETERANS

Jacksonville, Ala., August 10.—Lieut. Gov. Thomas E. Kilby delivered a strong address at the annual reunion of the Confederate Veterans at Schenck's Sulphur Springs yesterday, and his remarks was the subject of much favorable comment from the large audience. Mr. Kilby's address in part follows:

"Mr. Commander, Comrades and Ladies and Gentlemen:

Comrades in Spirit

"I have addressed you as comrades, and since you know I am too young to have followed you in the '60s, you wonder why I chose that salutation. I did so because I conceive of comradeship as being spiritual and not physical; because I can go back in spirit and become one with you, just as you become young again in contemplation of those heroic days of trial that lifted men's souls to immortal heights. A great poet has said that 'all souls are of one age,' and it is as a comrade that I love to mingle with you and look in your faces and read there the lines that tell me you have become great in spirit through the sufferings you have borne. Suffering and sacrifices have ever been precedent to peace, liberty, freedom and life more abundantly. Man is born into this life through suffering. It seems a part of God's divine tempering process that he should continue to suffer and to sacrifice, in order to reach a higher stature. It was true with the ancients; true in the day of Moses; magnificently exemplified on the Cross of Calvary, and so on through the ages.

History Repeats Itself

"History is continually repeating itself. In 1776 a little army of patriots signified to the world that they were willing to die, if need be, in order that the men of this nation might enjoy the inalienable right of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. In so doing they drew up a bill of indictment against a British King who sought to rule with autocratic power and after the continent was baptized in blood, the head of political autocracy was crushed, never to rise again in America.

"We are fighting again for the principle that all men are endowed by the Creator with certain inalienable rights, which I have mentioned, that governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed, and that whenever any form of government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the right of the people to alter or abolish it.

Crowned Madman at Large

"Those principles have been challenged by Hohenzollern Germany. Hohenzollern Germany has undertaken to destroy for all the world that generous faith in the rights of men and establish in its stead the ancient creed of the divine right of kings. It was difficult for us in this land of freedom to realize that believers of that tyrannous superstition will live and actually would invade our freedom. Born and nurtured in liberty ourselves and respecting the rights of other nations, we could not concetve of an enlightened nation in this twentieth century going forth with sword and torch in hand to spread feudalism and vassalage throughout the world. But when we saw unoffending Belgium invaded, her fields laid waste, her cities destroyed, her temples shot to pieces, her people reduced to starvation and carried into bondage, we knew that a crowned madman was at large. When we heard the piteous cries of the women and children victims of the Lusitania sea murder, we knew that ruthless savagery was abroad. And finally, after hundreds of our own citizens had been murdered, after scores of our industries had been burned or wrecked by the Kaiser's agents, after a plot to stir invasion on our southern border had been exposed, we realized that no effort to be peaceful and friendly could protect us against a militarism that inherently hated the things that we loved, and we entered upon the fight for the principles for which our forefathers had fought and died.

Autocracy Is Scored

"I am not here today to eulogize you as soldiers of a lost cause, remnant of the bravest, most unselfish and knightliest armies that ever went forth to battle. I would not cheapen your fame by any attempt to picture it in my feeble words. Nor would I attempt to enumerate your deeds of valor, for in mingling together here today, on this old camping grounds you have doubtless "counted them o'er each one apart," and eloquent tongues have paid tribute to the nobility of your cause. But I am here today to take my stand with you in a new age; in an old fight for old principles on a new battlefield. I am here to join you and the rest of my countrymen in this war against autocracy. Autocracy! I hate the very word. It is a synonym of hell. The crimes committed by its copper-capped minions cover the blackest pages in history. I am against all autocrats, be they Kings, Czars, Kaisers, popes, princes or potentates of lesser estate; whether they attempt to sway by so-called divine right or by human right, and I believe that when the madman of autocracy in this enlightened day bade defiance to the stronghold of democracy in the land of liberty, he not only sang his own untimely knell, but marked the beginning of the end of the rule of monarchs of his stripe on the face of the earth. At least, that is our hope and our prayer, and in this day of preparedness we are not only praying, but are keeping our powder dry.

All Must Play a Part

"I believe America will come out of this war victorious, for America has never lost a fight, because she has always been on the side of right. But we must hasten to victory, and if this would be done, we must all lend our aid. We must uphold the hands of the great man who is at the head of this nation, for God alone knows the weight of the responsibility that is resting on the shoulders of Woodrow Wilson. Shakespeare said, 'All the world's a stage, and every man must play his part.' This was never so true as today. The world stage is set with the scenery of Mars, and each of us has a place to fill in the gigantic war platform that has been erected by the federal administration. Those of us who have reached middle-age, and those who have grown too old, cannot go to the front, but there is a place for us on that stage. Whether we be farmer or merchant, lawyer or doctor, clerk, manufacturer or what not, a part of this stupendous responsibility is ours; for this is a government of the people, for the people and by the people.

Slackers Encourage Kaiser

"If every man lives up to the full measure of his responsibility, the war may not last so long, and many of the young men that have been called to serve at arms may not have to cross the waters, but if this country does not meet that responsibility, the end of war may be far off and the issue in doubt. Every slacker that protests against the call of his country offers encouragement to Berlin and prolongs the battle just that much longer.

"I have a son within the sound of the cannon's roar in the land of La-Fayette, that great Frenchman who came to our aid in our battle for freedom from a despot's rule, and only you who are fathers can understand how I hated to see that boy go. His country did not call him, for he is not yet 21; but he heard the call of duty, and went forth in freedom's name, and I can well endure the anxiety that I feel in return for the knowledge that a patriot's heart beats within his young bosom. It will be hard, too, I know, for many of you to give up sons or brothers or other loved ones, but we must remember that we are fighting for liberty and peace and we must be willing to sacrifice and to suffer, just as did the great souls that went before and fired the way for the civilization we enjoy today. If we lose this fight, we lose many of the blessings of democracy. Militarism will be forced upon us, as it was forced upon the nations or Europe; for should Canada and Mexico become German prizes, as this will if Germany wins, we would be compelled at all times to maintain a tremendous standing army and bear heavy taxes for the national defense from invasion from the north and south. But we will not lose. We must not lose. I have an abiding faith in the patriotism of our people and in the power of the nation. That patriotism and that power will give us the victory.

Separate Church And State

"We must not allow the war, however, to obscure our duties as citizens in civil life. We must not forget that eternal vigilance is the price of liberty, not only national liberty but civil and religious liberty within the state and nation. So, if we crush the power of the Kaiser in the contest of arms, as crush him we will, we must then look to the affairs of state, and see that no foreign influence is allowed to grow up in Alabama that will interfere with free speech, with religious and political liberty or the independence under state rule of our public schools, and we must see that church and state are kept forever separate. We should tolerate no domination of our public affairs by any institution or organization, secular or religious, that is more responsible to the mandates of a foreign power than to the laws of this land; that seeks to carry on its work behind a veil of secrecy, as if afraid of the pitiless light of publicity. Before the shadow of Kaiserism was cast upon the face of the world, we were warned of such an influence by Washington, Lafayette and other forward looking men of their time. Later on President Lincoln, whom we understand better as the years roll by made, this statement:

"'I do not pretend to be a prophet. But though not a prophet, I see a very dark cloud on the horizon. And that dark cloud is coming from Rome. It is filled with tears of blood. It will rise and increase till its flanks will be torn by a flash or lightning, followed by a fearful peal of thunder. Then a cyclone, such as the world has never seen will pass over this country, spreading ruin and desolation from north to south. After it is over there will be long days of peace and prosperity, for popery, with its Jesuits and merciless inquisitions, will have been forever swept away from our country. Neither I nor you, but our children will see these things.'

"Let us guard against that day. Let us be true Americans in every sense of the word, true guardians of the liberties of the people, standing loyally by our institutions and pledging the best of our abilities to crush out autocracy in this country in whatever garb it may arise. We who have studied the history of reconstruction find in the example of you heroes of the Confederacy a most worthy precedent, and if we but breathe into our lives the stalwart spirit that was yours, cherishing your victories and emulating your virtues, I believe that Alabama will be made and kept safe for democracy, and that this nation will continue a beacon light of civilization and of Christianity."

What Do You Know About Your Blood Supply?

Your ignorance may startle you.

Few people know of the many functions of the blood supply, and just how important it is that it be kept absolutely free from all impurities. The health of the entire body depends upon the condition of the blood. You are invited to write and obtain a booklet that gives you some invaluable information on this important subject. It tells how to keep the blood strong and free from the many impurities to which it is constantly subject.

It gives the history of S. S. S., the world's most successful blood remedy, which has been sold for more than fifty years by druggists everywhere. This book will be sent free to all who write to Swift Specific Co., Dept. A Atlanta, Ga.

SELECT SEED FOR NEXT CROP

Many people act as though there is nothing to be gained in seed selection, and a few have the ignorance and nerve to say it is not worth the while. If this conclusion be true, then all cattle are just cattle irrespective of breeding. Shorthorns, herefords, angus, jerseys, gurnseys, and scrubs are all the same thing. Then hogs are just hogs. Duroc, berkshire, hampshire, poland china, and piney woods rooters are all one and the same thing. Any man with half sense knows better. These breeds of cattle and hogs are the result of years of breeding and selection that established their color, type, quality and superiority over the general average of the scrub.

The same natural laws that govern the improvement of animal life will hold true in plant life. The type of corn you would like to grow next year must be in the seed you plant. These very plants are in your field now. Will you go select and save them for seed in order that your crop next year will be more nearly like them?

You will be raising sand next winter and offering big prices for early prolific cotton seed to plant to beat the boll weevils. The early prolific plants scattered around in your field that beat the weevils this year are the very ones with which to do it next year. Will you go now and select the seed from them while they can be easily found? I am selecting my seed today for the eleventh time.

I am not writing just to keep my job going. I am trying to get action, Mr. Reader, that will help you and the whole state. Have you selected your seed for next year? If not, will you be so kind and thoughtful to do it right away?

J. A. WADE.

Take HERBINE for all disturbances of the bowels. It purifies the bowel channels, promotes regular movements and makes you feel vigorous, bright and cheerful. Price 50c Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

We are in a position to give all

Job Printing

Prompt and Careful Attention

Individuality in your letterheads and other printed matter is helpful to your business. We are ready at all times to give you the benefit of our experience.

HALEYVILLE MAN INJUNED IN VERY PECULIAR WAY

Hearse Overturned During the Funeral Hour When Horses make Dash Away.

Haleyville, Sept. 5.—Carlton Webb, prominent business man, was seriously and almost fatally injured here on Tuesday afternoon in a most unusual way. J. W. Williams was also injured but less eriously.

The accident occurred during the funeral hour of W. W. Kyle, and it took place near his late residence, just before the body was placed in the hearse. The horses drawing the hearse ran away, the vehicle was overturned while Mr. Webb was sitting on top of the hearse. He was thrown to the ground and one of the horses stepped on his face, literally grinding out his left eye. It was thought for a whilet hat Mr. Webb was fatally injured and he is still in a precarious condition, but is resting easier than he was Tuesday.

DEATH OF GEORGE DORMINEY

George, the eighteen-year-old son of T. J. Dorminey, well-known citizen of Union Grove, died in a Birmingham infirmary last Tuesday and was buried at Union Grove Cemetery on Thursday of last week.

Miss Helen Norman, of Georgiana, Ala., daughter of Dr. J. H. Norman, will have charge of the music department of the Clanton Grammar School this eyar. She took up her work at the opening of school this week.

Colonel Gunter of Montgomery was among the out-of-town lawyers, who are here at Circuit Court this week.

One of the interesting and very culturing features of the opening of the high school Wednesday, was the music rendered by Dr. J. H. Norman and his accomplished daughter, Miss Helen.

Hon. H. P. Merrit of Tuskeegee was in Clanton this week attending to some legal business in connection with the Circuit Court.

Prof. A. H. Bowers of Lacy Springs arrived in Clanton this week to take up his duties as teacher of the mathematics devatment of the Chilton County High School. He is a graduate of the University of Alabama.

Col. Moody of Tuscaloosa, was in Clanton Wednesday attending to some legal business. Attorney Lapsey of Selma has been in Clanton this week, attending Circuit Court.

Miss Marie Sewell of Wetumpka, has taken up her work as teacher of the English department of the Chilton County High School. She has the destinction of being a graduate of the Woman's College of Montgomery.

Check a cough or cold in the lungs before it develops a serious case. BALLARD'S HOUSEHOLD SYRUP is an effective remedy for all soreness or congestion in the lungs or air passages. Price 25c, 50c and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Company.

"That miserable pain—don't you want relief?"



Close attention to work is the cause of much Pain and many Headaches. Obtain relief by taking one or two

DR. MILES' ANTI-PAIN PILLS

Then tone up the Nervous System by using

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine

AWFUL SUFFERING.

"I suffered untold agony with neuralgia. I thought I would go mad with pain. A friend of mine advised me to take Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. I did so and the pain stopped almost at once. Then I commenced using Dr. Miles' Nervine and before long I was so that I did not have these pains any more." E. J. WINTER, 561 E. Platte Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo.

IF FIRST BOTTLE, OR BOX, FAILS TO HELP YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

Try us Once

We want to prove to you that you get Higher Quality, Better Service, More Satisfaction and Lower Prices on any thing you buy from us.

Remember you Get

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back."

W. A. KEMP

CLANTON, ALA.

SAVE ALABAMA'S CORN CROP

By W. E. Hinds, Entomologist.

Prepared by Extension Service. Auburn, Ala.

The great need of the world today is for food. Alabama's principal contribution in the line of food materials is corn, and the prospect now is that we shall gather this year the largest corn crop ever produced in this state. There is good reason to expect that the crop will exceed 80,000,000 bushels. But even then we shall not have surplus corn for export, as we require over 100,000,000 to supply our own needs. We cannot expect to import corn this year from the Middle West, as their surplus corn will be going abroad. It is imperative therefore that we in Alabama save every bit of the crop that we are raising.

Experiment Station Studying Problem.

For eight years past the writer has been studying, for the farmers of Alabama, the problem of saving the corn that we raise in this state from the great loss that occurs through the insects that attack corn in the cribs. The results of this study are now available and may be the means of accomplishing an immense saving in corn at this critical time.

Importance of Insect Control.

It is necessary, first of all ,that we should realize as clearly as possible the immense importance of this problem. Let us make it as definite as we can. The figures we shall use are all conservative and are based upon careful studies made of actual losses occurring under usual methods of handling the corn crop in the past eight years. Take the estimate of 80,000,000 bushels as our probable yield and allow that one half of that amount will be used up before March 1, 1918, and that the balance will be used at the rate of 8,000,000 bushels per month. Under usual methods of handling it is extremely conservative to assume that one-fourth of the total crop, or 20,000,000 bushels, will suffer a damage of five per cent. between the time of its maturity in the field and the following March. After March 1st it is also conservative to figure a loss from all insects in the crib amounting to five per cent per month for the balance of the crop still carried in storage under ordinary conditions. On this basis we must look for an insect tax of fully 7,000,000 bushels that Alabama corn raisers and corn users must pay if this year's big crop is handled as crops of recent years have been. Think what 7,000,000 bushels of corn means. First, a cash value of around $10,000,000; second, an amount of corn in the shuck that it would require 14,000 freight cars to move. If these cars were made up into 400 trains of 35 cars each, they would make a solid line extending 114 miles in length. What would these trains contain? Not a grain of edible corn. This is only waste—the refuse or remnants—shucks and cobs left from corn destroyed by insects in Alabama.

Do you still think that weevils in the corn are only a trifling item or are you now prepared to do your part and save half or more of this easily preventable loss?

Utilize Early Corn as Trap Plot.

By changing somewhat their methods of harvesting and storing corn, Alabama farmers can save more than $5,000,000 worth of corn without using any insecticide or adding materially to the expense of handling the crop. How? First, by realizing that most of the weevils on any farm may be found in the very first matured plot of corn for about six weeks after that corn is in the roasting ear stage.

They are breeding there rapidly and after this six weeks period the first generation will emerge and spread from that plot to later maturing corn. Therefore, that earliest corn should be considered as being a trap plot and the ears from it all gathered with the husk on to keep the weevils from being scattered. Harvest this just as soon as it is mature enough to feed, which is within the six-weeks period mentioned above, and either fumigate it in the crib or feed it out promptly to prevent the general infestation of the main crop. The amount of corn in this field makes little difference, but all of that earliest maturity should be gathered at this time. It is an easy matter to find where the weevils are most numerous by opening up the ears having exposed tips as the shuck dries and shrinks away from the hardening grain. Most of them are likely to occur in fields near corn cribs or barns and on the outside rows.

Prompt Action Important.

This prompt gathering of the earliest maturing corn is the first and most important step in preventing the general infestation of later maturing fields. Other steps are necessary to reduce insect damage to a minimum and these will be published in due season. Tell your neighbors about this matter and get every corn raiser in your community to act with you in this important step toward saving millions of dollars worth of corn. Do not delay action and miss this opportunity.

CHILTON COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

The School for Chilton County Boys and Girls, prepared to do High School Work. Devoted to Secondary Education only. Fully affiliated with every State Institution and the Southern Association of Colleges. Also offers Course of Study for the Boy or the Girl who cannot go to College.

Faculty fully competent—every member a College Graduate; every member has a College Degree. Every Section of the County represented in the Student Body.

Listen, Fellow Citizens, this school is your school. Your tax money supports it. Send us your son or your daughter, and let them claim their own. All departmnets fully organized. Look out for announcement of the strongest Department of Music to be found outside of the cities and colleges.

Next Session opens September 5, 1917. Conference and correspondence solicited. We are here to serve.

H. C. McDONALD, A. B., Principal,
CLANTON, ALA.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Thomas J. Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery ,Alabama, did, on the 27th day of February, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application, No. 010139, to purchase the NE ¼ of the SE ¼, Section 2, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised, one hundred and sixty dollars, the timber estimated 60,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $40.00; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9th day of November, 1917, before Register or Receiver, U S.. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.
Register.

Syrup making time is close at hand. Get your syrup barrell from Clanton Mercantile Co.

Form

your own opinion of the quality of printing we turn out by looking over the samples we will be glad to show you. There is nothing in this line that we can't do to your entire satisfaction. High-class printing creates a good impression for you and your business.



Consult Us Before You Send Your Work Out of Town

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Gaston Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery, Alabama, did, on the 27 day of February, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application, No. 010140, to purchase the NE ¼ of the NE ¼, Section 2, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St. Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known os the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised, one hundred and sixty dollars, the timber estimated 60,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $40.00; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9 day of November, 1917, before Register or Receiver of the U.S. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.
Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Emily H. Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery, Alabama, did, on the 6th day of March, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application No. 010141, to purchase the SE¼ of the NW¼ of the SW¼, of Section 36, Township 22 North, Range 16 East, St Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber estimated 144,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $79.70; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9 day of November, 1917 before Register or Receiver, U. S. Land office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.
Register.

Don't forget your Subscription.

For the stomach and bowel disorders of babies McGEE'S BABY ELEXIR is a remedy of genuine merit. It acts quickly, is pure, wholesome and pleasant to take. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

My Business is still Growing

Because of the Quality of the Groceries I sell.

In purchasing my Groceries I think first of QUALITY, then of the price.

I deliver the goods promptly and efficiently to any place in town.

J. W. Littlejohn

CLANTON, ALA.

LEGAL NOTICE

To the Stockholders of the Farmers Warehouse and Storage Co:

You are hereby notified that there will be a meeting of the Stockholders oft he Farmers Warehouse and Storage Company, at the Court House in Clanton, Alabama, on the 6th day of October, 1917, at 10 o'clock, a.m., for the purpose of selling, mortgaing or renting, or otherwise disposing of the warehouse property located on Fourth Ave., in the Town of Clanton, Alabama, also for the purpose of disposing of any other business which may legally come before the meeting.

GRADY REYNOLDS, Pres.,
J. N. DENNIS, Secy.

GRADY REYNOLDS,
J. N. DENNIS,
R. J. WILLIAMS,
JOHN MIMS,
G. L. FOSHEE,
J. H. DUNCAN,
L. H. REYNOLDS.

Mr. Guy Roberts, son of James Roberts, this city, writes from Garden City, Long Island, and says that Alabama boys of the 167th U. S. Infantry are enjoying the sea breeze and are learning to live on "hard tack" and canned goods.

The New Wonder

What can be more of a wonder than the tiny infant. Its entire being is new and strange and glorious.

Millions of women have used the splendid penetrating preparation, "Mother's Friend", before baby is born. By its use the muscles relax naturally when baby arrives. Nervousness and the usual tendency to stretching and bearing down pains is avoided. Write to The Bradfield Regulator Co., Dept. M, 300 Lamar Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. They will send you a valuable book, "Motherhood and the Baby", free. It is not only very interesting, but it will make you helpful to others.

By no chance fail to get "Mother's Friend" from your druggist. It is indispensable to expectant mothers and is absolutely and entirely safe.

OBITUARY

On Wednesday night, August 22, the death angel visited the home of Mr. H. M. Ferguson of Ensley, and wafted away thes pirit of the beloved wife and mother. Mrs. Sallie Ferguson was enjoying perfect health when she retired at ten o'clock Wednesday night and had only been asleep a short while when her husband heard her making a strange sound and tried to arouse her, and found that life had almost gone.

She was sixty-eight years old, was a faithful wife and loving mother. To know her was to love her, kind, patient and loving.

This is a bright, glad and beautiful world, fragrant with the odor of flowers, and yet, its attractions now are unnoticed by us, for grim, merciless death has appeared in our midst and snatched away one of our loved ones, and in our hearts there is a dreary, dismal, aching, void feeling.

Our only consolation is that our heart's ideal has heard the words from the Father's lips, "Well done, good and faithful servant. Enter thou into the joys of the Lord."

Our loss we deeply feel,
But 'tis God that has bereft us.
He can our sorrows heal,
Yet, again we hope to meet thee
When the day of life is fled,
When in heaven enjoy to greet thee,
Where no farewell tears are shed.

Her niece,
MRS. ELDA TAYLOR.

C. D. Foshee of Billingsley was a visitor to Clanton on last Saturday.

A Railroad's Share in Southern Industry

Haulage Record—Freight and Passenger

NO BETTER evidence of the service rendered the people of the South by the L. & N. can be offered than the figures showing the liberal appreciation accorded L. & N. service by the people.

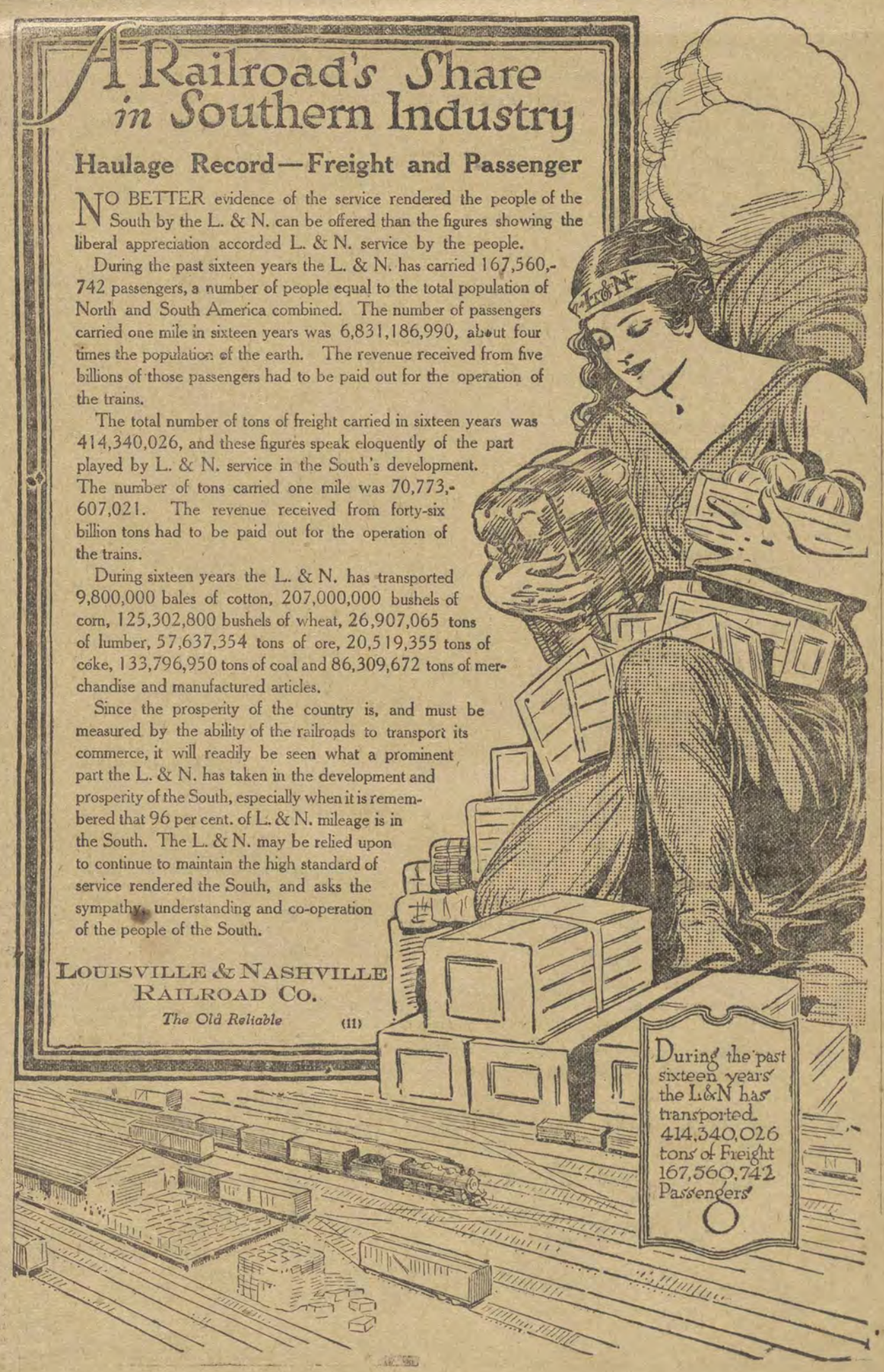
During the past sixteen years the L. & N. has carried 167,560,742 passengers, a number of people equal to the total population of North and South America combined. The number of passengers carried one mile in sixteen years was 6,831,186,990, about four times the population of the earth. The revenue received from five billions of those passengers had to be paid out for the operation of the trains.

The total number of tons of freight carried in sixteen years was 414,340,026, and these figures speak eloquently of the part played by L. & N. service in the South's development. The number of tons carried one mile was 70,773,607,021. The revenue received from forty-six billion tons had to be paid out for the operation of the trains.

During sixteen years the L. & N. has transported 9,800,000 bales of cotton, 207,000,000 bushels of corn, 125,302,800 bushels of wheat, 26,907,065 tons of lumber, 57,637,354 tons of ore, 20,519,355 tons of coke, 133,796,950 tons of coal and 86,309,672 tons of merchandise and manufactured articles.

Since the prosperity of the country is, and must be measured by the ability of the railroads to transport its commerce, it will readily be seen what a prominent part the L. & N. has taken in the development and prosperity of the South, especially when it is remembered that 96 per cent. of L. & N. mileage is in the South. The L. & N. may be relied upon to continue to maintain the high standard of service rendered the South, and asks the sympathy, understanding and co-operation of the people of the South.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.
The Old Reliable (11)



Co-operation Means A Better Community

THERE NEVER WAS ANOTHER PLACE IN THE WORLD THAT NEEDED THE SPIRIT OF CO-OPERATION DEVELOPED AMONG ITS BUSINESS MEN MORE THAN DOES THIS OUR OWN TOWN OF CLANTON. OUR BUSINESS MEN NEED TO AND IN FACT MUST CO-OPERATE WITH ONE ANOTHER; AND THEN IN TURN, THEY, AS A BODY, MUST CO-OPERATE WITH THE PEOPLE OF THE SURROUNDING VICINITY WHO ARE THE MAKING OF OUR TOWN. TO THIS END THE MERCHANTS AND BUSINESS MEN, WHOSE NAMES YOU SEE IN THIS BOOSTER ADVERTISEMENT HAVE CONSENTED TO WORK WITH THIS PAPER FOR A PERIOD OF ONE YEAR. THEY INVITE ALL THE PEOPLE OF THE TOWN AND COMMUNITY TO JOIN IN WITH THEM IN WORKING FOR THE BEST INTERESTS OF OUR OWN LOCAL DEVELOPMENT.

W. A. KEMP
General Mdse., & Gents' Furnishings

THE CLANTON MERCANTILE CO.
BEST IN CLOTHING & SOLID LEATHER SHOES

J. W. Littlejohn
Best and Cheapest Groceries in town

L.H. REYNOLDS
WILL BUY ALL KIND OF CATTLE, AND SELL MY GOODS CHEAP FOR CASH. AUTOMOBILE TIRES AT COST PRICES.

Don't forget about community success and prosperity while looking for the end of your individual "Rainbow." While your own advancement grows you can help your neighbor a little, and sleep a lot better every night. Try it awhile brother.

NEW WILSON HOTEL
Everything New and Modern
Rates Reasonable

Wiley Littlejohn
Sells Pawn Brokers Goods Cheap for Cash. Merchant.

Exchange Hotel
Modern, Sanitary, Clean & Equipped

Downs Hdwe. Co.
Has Hardware and Furniture for You.

Ford Cars and Parts; Oil, Gasoline and Accessories.
L. J. DUNCAN

School Supplies of all Kinds Sold at UPCHURCH'S

Mr. Merchant:

Do you believe in Co-operation? If so, you can help out by putting your name in this space. Show your grit!

FREE HONEY FRUIT
CHEWING GUM
FOR ALL ATTENDING THE 2:30 MATINEE SATURDAY. WILL ALSO GIVE A FULL BOX OF HONEY FRUIT TO ONE HOLDING LUCKY TICKET. CHILDREN UNDER 12 ACCOMPANIED BY EITHER PARENT ADMITTED FREE MATINEES
IDEAL THEATRE

GOOD VALUES IN SCHOOL TABLETS, PENCILS, ETC., AT THE
CANDY STORE
FRESH CANDIES AND COLDEST DRINKS ALL THE TIME.

Your Card here would Show the People that you believe in the upbuilding of your home and Surrounding Community.



Pee Gee SEMI-PASTE
ROOF & BARN PAINT
is by far the most economical and best paint you can use.
Simply add one gallon of pure Linseed Oil to one gallon of Pee Gee Semi-Paste and you get two gallons of paint that
Lasts Longest
Looks Best
This enables you to paint all your out-buildings at lowest cost. Pee Gee Semi-Paste Roof and Barn Paint is the best protection against destruction and decay.
Ask For Free Color Card.
A Pee Gee Finish For Every Purpose
UPCHURCH DRUG CO.,
Clanton, Ala.

OLD VETERANS PLEASED

The old men at the Alabama Old Soldiers Home are pleased to know that the 1917 reunion will be held at Birmingham on' October 10 and 11.

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR

U. S. Land office, at Montgomery, Ala., July 30, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that Louis T. Dennis, whose port office address is R. D. No. 2, Mt. Creek, Ala., did on the 29th day of January, 1917, file in this office sworn statement and application No. 010113, to purchase the N½ of the SW¼, Section 12, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St. Stephens Meridian, and the timber thereon, under provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that persuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised two hundred and seventy-seven and 58-100 dollars, the timber estimated at 98,563.00 board feet at $2.00 per M., and the land $80.46; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 19th day of October, 1917, before Register or Receiver, U. S. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a coroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would efeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.

Judge S. M. Adams has purchased a small tract of land a mile from town out on thhe Lock 12 Highway, and it is said thae he will build a home there.

MACHINERY REPAIRED

All kind of broken machinery repaired and made as good as new. We rebore automobile cylinders and make a new engine out of an old one. All work guaranteed. We Mend Everything but broken bones.

SOUTHERN WELDING CO.,
Monagomery, Ala.

BRITISH ALSO WANT EXPENDITURE CHECK.

The people of the United States are not alone in the idea that there should be some check or control over war expenditures in order to guard against waste or worse. A similar demand is heard in Great Britain. A recent issue of the "Financial News" of London, says that the large loans made by the United States to that country "do not in any way relieve the government from the obligation of exercising the most drastic economy compatible with efficiency, and earnestly endeavoring to check the huge and disquieting expansion which is taking place in public expenditure. Niggardliness in times such as these would be wrong, horribly wrong, but economy in the broadest and best sense of the word, economy produced by improved organiation and by the use of better methods of control over war finance, is urgently needed." In the early stages of the war, Canada uncovered not only waste but corruption. A little more effort to manage government business economically in our country would be neither unwise nor at variance with experience in other countries.

COLLINS ADVISES ON WHEAT SOWING.

Select a good high, dry piece of land, that is free from stumps and manure on and plow under, two or grubs, and put a good application of manure on and plow under. Two or three weeks before you drill (always drill if you can). Sow ¾ bushels to the acre. Sow but little and prepare it well. We have always made a mistake by sowing too much and not putting it in right. There is where the success lies. Don't send off after seed if you you can get what you want from a reliable friend. I made 20 bushels per acre this year, and what I have done you can do. My choice is the Purple Stem. I have no seed for sale; I am only giving you my advice for your own good.

All wheat should be planted as shortly atfer October the 1st as is convenient.

J. D. COLLINS.

T. J. Henderson of Mt. Creek was in Clanton Monday attending County Court.

Wiley Littlejohn is acting as Foreman of the Grand Jury at Circuit Court this week.

C. F. Merchant, a farmer of Beat 7, has been here this week in attendance upon Circuit Court as a juror.

AMERICAN SYSTEM OF FINANCE IS NOW FIRMER THAN EVER

Banks of Country are Definitely Established Upon New Reserve Basis, the Board Reports.

Washington, Sept. 2.—The country's financial system, the federal reserve board announced today, is stronger than it has ever been before.

"Adjustments necessitated by reserve transfers from members banks to federal reserve banks, with the consequent shifting of funds, have been completetd," says the board's statement. "The banks of the country are now, therefore, definitely upon the new reserve basis established by the act of June 21.

Resources Liquid.

Act of June 21: Federal Reserve Banks have continued the policy of maintaining their resources in as strong and liquid condition as possible, showing on August 24 a percentage of reserves against deposits of 80.6 per cent and against notes of 86.5 per cent.

"There has been a continuance of the movement of state banks into the Federal Reserve system while the opening clearing accounts with the Federal reserve banks and sending in gold and gold certificates nonmember banks in various parts of the country have been co-operating actively with federal reserve banks in consolidating the gold resources of the country.

"But of these and other contributing factors, the federal reserve banks finds itself in the opening of autumn in an unprecedentedly strong position, its total holdings of cash on August 24 being $1,424, 769."

The Clanton Mercantile Co., has just gotten in a car load of new syrup barrells. The price is $2.00 each.

Do You Need Any
JOB PRINTING
Today?

If So, Send or Phone Us Your Order NOW

If you believe in home trade—in a home newspaper—in boosting your town—advertise in this paper

We can also do your job work quickly and satisfactorily

MACEDONIA WORKING

All who are interested in the Macedonia Cemetery at Macedonia are requested to meet there on September 14 for the purpose of cleaning off the grounds. Bring the necessary tools. If the weather is not favorable we will meet on the next day.

JAMES BAKER.

DR. W. L. PARRISH
Graduate Veterinarian.
Hurry Calls made in Auto.
'Phone 110-35, Clanton.

TAX NOTICE

COLLECTOR'S AND ASSESSOR'S ROUND

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of collecting the State and County Taxes for Chilton County for the year 1917 and assessing taxes for the year 1918.

Maplesville,	Beat 7,	October 1, 1917
Stanton,	Beat 8,	October 2, 1917
Pletcher,	Beat 15,	October 3, 1917
Enterprise,	Beat 6,	October 4, 1917
Verbena,	Beat 5,	October 5, 1917
Minooka,	Beat 13,	October 6, 1917
Thorsby,	Beat 9,	October 8, 1917
Jemison,	Beat 2,	October 9, 1917
Benson,	Beat 3,	October 10, 1917
Macedonia,	Beat 14,	October 11, 1917
Mineral Springs,	Beat 12,	October 12, 1917
Robinson's Store,	Beat 12,	October 13, 1917
Mullins Academy,	Beat 1,	October 15, 1917
Cane Creek,	Beat 11,	October 16, 1917
Providence,	Beat 16,	October 17, 1917
Cooper,	Beat 10,	October 18, 1917
Mt. Creek,	Beat 5,	October 19, 1917
Evergreen,	Beat 10,	October 20, 1917
Kincheon,	Beat 6,	October 22, 1917
Culp Schoolhouse,	Beat 15,	October 23, 1917
Riderville,	Beat 8,	October 24, 1917
Shoults,	Beat 7,	October 25, 1917
Mars Hill,	Beat 2,	October 26, 1917
Concord,	Beat 13,	October 27, 1917
Clanton,	Beat 4,	Nov. 12 to 30, 1917

Take notice that under Section Number 34, of the Revenue Code of 1915, it is the duty of every person liable to taxation in each election precinct, to attend in person on the first day of the appointment in your Precinct, and then and there render to the Assessor a full and complete list of all property, of which he or she was owner on the 1 day of October of that year.

All taxes and assessments are delinquent after December the 31st, 1917.

J. D. COLLINS, Tax Collector,
J. N. DENNIS, Tax Assessor.

Coffins, Burial Supplies, Automobile Accessories For sale at
DOWNS HARDWARE CO.
CLANTON, ALA.

COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL OPENING ON WEDNESDAY.

Fourth Year of the Institution promises to be a Record of Success.

The Chilton County High School opened yesterday for the reception of pupils for the 1917-'18 session. Quite a large audience of citizens of the town and county gathered at the auditorium of the elegant high school building for the opening exercises.

Prof .H. C. McDonald, Principal of the school, presided at the exercises, with his usual culture and dignity. In a few well chosen remarks he showed the importance of the school to the town and county as well. He also showed the necessity of being progressive and keeping up with the demands from an educational standpoint of these hustling times.

Short talks appropriate to the occasion were made by Rev. T. G. Jones of the Methodist Church, Rev. Gable of the Baptist Church, Prof. W. T. Bean, County Superintendent of Education, Mr. J. J. Pickens, and Mr. W. I Mullins, and others

Dr. J. H. Norman of Georgiana, Ala., will have charge of the Music Department of the school this session. This is the department that was formerly taught by Prof. Tinsley.

Prof. A. H. Bowers of Lacy Springs will hold down the position held by Mr. Owens last year.

Miss Marie Sewell, of Wetumpka, a graduate of the Womans College of Montgomery will have charge of the English department.

Miss Ruth Sightler of Montgomery who is also a graduate of the Womans College of that city, will teach expression.

Mrs. M. R. Richardson of Elmore will have charge of the weaving basketry department, and other work of a similar nature for the ensuing session.

Prospects indicate that this year the enrollment of students will surpass in number that of last year.

Taking Cathartics Every Day for Weeks Don't Cure Stomach Trouble

They do not eliminate the poisonous bile accretions from the system, so declares a leading Chicago stomach specialist. Often gall stones, cancer and ulcers of the stomach and intestines, auto intoxication, yellow jaundice, appendicitis and other dangerouse ailments are the consequences. Mayr's Wonderful Remedy is the ideal prescription for stomach, liver and intestinal ailments. It has restored millions. One dose will prove that it will help you. Mayr's Wonderful Remedy is for sale by Upchurch Drug Co.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Wade are at home to their friends, at their residence on Tenth Street West.

MAN OVER AGE MAY HAVE TO SERVE IN NEW U. S. SERVICE

Albany, Sept. 5.—Because James B. Kitchens, aged 32 years, was so thoughtless as to register he finds that he is about to become a soldier. Mr. Kitchens did not understand the provisions of the draft law when he made application for a red ink serial number. The Morgan County Seletcion Board has ruled that he must appeal to the district board and furnish affidavits substantiating his claim to 32 summers before he can be discharged. The district board, then may not let him go.

When the bowels feel uncomfortable and you miss the exhilirating feeling that always follows a copious morning operation, a dose of HERBINE will set you right in a couple of hours. If taken at bedtime you get its beneficial effect after bfeakfast next day. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

FREE ART SERVICE

For the Correct Finishing of the Interior of Your Home.

The artistic decoration of the interior of the home presents many problems: Dimensions of various rooms; the character of the furniture and woodwork; the colors of draperies and carpets must be considered; all this requires experience, taste and skill.

If you are contemplating redecorating your home or building a new one—you will find it a decided advantage to consult with the Art Department of the Peaslee-Gaulbert Company, Incorporated, of Louisville, Ky.

Every assistance, every information, every suggestion bearing on the subject of proper finishing of your interiors will be gladly furnished without cost or obligation to you.

Write for any information or suggestions you may wish. Send in your specifications and the Art Department will originate designs, suggest practical ideas and schemes, and give you the promptest and most careful service.

The best architects and decorators of this country frequently call upon this department for information and help for obtaining desirable effects in the execution of their plans. That these suggestions are almost uniformly adopted makes us believe that the word of our Art Department is authoritative and final on such matters.

There's a Pee-Gee finish for every purpose. Ask for Free Paint Books and Color Cards.

Upchurch Drug Co., Clanton, Ala.

RUSSIAN OUTLOOK IS BRIGHTER IS LATE REPORT FROM MOSCOW

Strong Endorsement Given to Korniliff and Plans of Reform.

London, Aug. 25.—A dispatch to the London Times from Moscow, dated Wednesday gives this view of the conditions preceding Moscow Council called for today:

A meeting of provincial commissaries in Petrograd some days ago came to the conclusion that Russia was suffering from a state of "organized anarchy," due to the local committees. It was resolved that the moral control over their acts was necessary and that commissaries should have the power of challenging any act contrary to the policy of the provisional government.

The government went a step further and decreed plenary powers for the ministers of the interior and food supply, enabling them to take repressive measures against objectionable persons or bodies.

The necessity of saving the socialist regime from organized anarchy, which is thus recognized, has taken the form of the introduction of a dictatorship, there being no organized force behind it, but it serves as an indication of the general trend of Russian feeling.

The summoning of the members of the four Dumas and about 6,500 representatives of party and class interests to assemble in the conference at Moscow had already given evidence that the Socialists were conscientious of their inability to bring Russia up through the present ordeal. A reaction is plainly permeating the country against the methods which entailed the collapse of the army and the invasion of the country.

Apparently misgivings have been aroused regarding the scope and character of the Moscow deliberations, hence the attempt to introduce a Socialist dictatorship. Hence also the campaign against General Kornliff in the Socialist press, he being a very strong man, whom the nation and the army expect to save them from utter disaster. The exile of ex-Czar Nichols is another indication of the same thing.

The moderate parties which will attend the conference held a private preliminary meeting here yesterday. Several hundred public men, soldiers and civilians, assembled under the presidency of M. Rodzianko. The speech of the day was delivered by General Alexiff, and among other speakers were General Kaledin, a recognized leader of the Cossacks and General Bruisloff.

A delegation of Cossack units stationed at Moscow and of newly formed associations of Knights of St. George, which already number hundreds of thousands, assured the meeting of their support and their resolve to conquer or die. A message was sent to Korniloff expressing unbounded confidence in him and his program of army reform.

THREE PERSONS DROWN

Bodies of Pleasure Seekers at Bayou Sara, near Mobile, are received.

Mobile, Sept. 5.—D. B. Myers, 33, Mary Mendenhall, 19, and Emma Balzii, 9, were drowned while in swimming at Bayou Sara near here late Tuesday afternoon and their bodies were received by divers Tuesday night. The younger girl was in the watr when the Mendenhall girl jumped in to save her from drowning. Myers, a railway engineer, was attempting to save the two when he was drowned. The party was on a picnic trip.

TOWN IS SHELLED BY "SUB"

Three Killed, Five Injured When U-Boat Bombards English Coast.

London, September 5.—Scarbrough on the English east coast was bombarded last night by a hostile submarine, it was oficially announced today. About half of the shells in the thirty rounds fired from the undersea boat landed, three persons being killed and five injured, but little material damage was caused. The official announcement reads:

"A hostile submarine appeared off Scarbrough coast about 6:45 o'clock last night and fired about 30 rounds, about half of which fell on land. Three persons were killed and five injured. The material damage was slight."

NOTICE

I am now ready to pay all outstanding Chilton County warrants of all kinds against the general funds also against the fine and forfeiture fund.

J. BICE, County Treas.

PEACE IN 24 HOURS

for stomach sufferers who take Mayr's Wonderful remedy. Don't neglect your stomach ailments another minute. What appears to be only minor stomach disorders may often be symptoms of cancer and ulcers of the stomacha nd intestines, gall stone, acute indigestion, gastrites, auto intoxication, yellow jaundice and other dangerous ailments of which the sufferer is not aware until too late. An ideal prescription for quickly overcoming stomach, liver and intestinal trouble is Mayr's Wonderful Remedy. Millions of people have been restored by it. One dose will prove that it will help you. Mayr's Wonderful Remedy is for sale by Upchurch Drug Co.

GIVE YOUR HEIFERS A CHANCE

By J. P. Quinerly, Agent in Dairying.

Prepared by Extension Service. Auburn, Ala.

I want to call attention to what is probably the biggest and most general mistake dairymen are making in Alabama. I have seen it in all parts of the State.

We are allowing our heifers to breed too young. As a result they often drop calves before they are old enough to be bred and always earlier than is permissible for best results. Such heifers become stunted and the result is small delicate cows with little constitution, small capacity and less ability to produce milk. Generations of such practices have been responsible for the very small size of our native cows. A heifer cannot develop into a good cow if she is carrying a foetus and producing milk from feed that ought to be used entirely for body growth.

While in the dairy districts of Ohio recently, the thing that impressed me most was the size and capacity of the cows. We saw herd after herd of Jerseys that averaged from 900 to 1000 pounds in weight and 320 pounds of butter fat per year! I asked those dairymen how they got such wonderful cows. They replied: "Feed the heifers well, keep them growing, and do not breed them to freshen at less than thirty months of age." I didn't see a single pasture with the bull running with the cows and heifers. As a rule the heifers are kept in a separate pasture and always the bull has a lot to himself. I noticed that those Ohio dairymen were more particular about giving their heifers the best chance to develop and not allowing them to breed too young than almost any other dairy practice. And well they might be, for it is fundamental. Do you not realize that your heifers of today wil in a short time be the cows of your herd?

A heifer is made or ruined during the first eighteen months of her life. She should be fed liberally. Feed skim milk a year if she is a valuable heifer. Never cut it out at less than six or eight months. Feed oats and corn in such quantities as she will clean up. Always have hay in her reach. It will insure a large spring of rib and big barrel capacity. Only such a cow can eat enough feed to produce much milk. Provide good grazing, and DON'T LET A BULL OF ANK KIND RUN WITH HER. Some heifers will breed when less than six months old. I saw one the other day, fifteen months old, with a calf at her side. She will no more make a profitable cow than will the colt make a valuable horse if put to work as a yearling.

Our only chance to get good cows is to raise them from our native cows, using bulls bred-for-production. But no matter how good the bull nor how promising the calf, the cow will not be worth while unless the heifer is properly developed. Start with the heifer as a calf. Never allow it to lose its baby fat. A case of scours will usually stunt a calf for life. By all means don't allow her to breed under eighteen or twenty months of age. Try this plan once and you will be surprised how much more profitable your cows will be. Write the U. S. Department of Agriculture for Bulletin 77, which tells how to raise dairy calves.

REDTOP

By D. J. Burleson, Agronomist for Extension.

Prepared by Extension Service. Auburn, Ala.

Redtop has a wide range of adaptability of soil and climate. However, it is best adapted to low, moist lands, and does fairly well even on rather poor land of this type. Soil for this plant does not require liming. In fact, redtop can endure a considerable amoount of acidity.

The most important use of redtop is as a part of permanent pasture mixtures. It combines well with lespedeza and white clover to form permanent pastures on rather moist soils. Redtop is sometimes used for hay in the northern part of Alabama, but is only fairly palatable.

Ten to fifteen pounds of recleaned seed should be planted per acre in early fall. The sed need only light covering. Successful seedings are sometimes made by sowing broadcast, allowing the rains to cover the seed, but this practice is not to be generally recommended.

Redtop grows rather slowly the first year. It is well to fertilize the crop on poor soils.

MORTGAGE SALE

Default having been made in the payment of the indebtedness secured by that certain mortgage executed by Guy H. Gerald and Clara Gerald, to O. P. Lindquist on March 25, 1915, which said mortgage being recorded in Vol. 150, page 426, record of mortgages, in theo fice of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Ala., I, O. P. Lindquist will offer for sale at public outcry, to the highest and best bidder for cash, on Monday, Sept 17, 1917, during the legal hours of sale, at the courthouse door in Clanton, Ala., the following described real estate situated in Chilton County, Alabama, to-wit:

Certain lots or parcels of land in the Town of Thorsby, described as follows: Beginning at a point one hundred (100) feet west of the southeast corner of the southwest quarter of northwest quarter of Section seven (7), Township twenty-two (22), Range Fourteen (14), running thence south two hundred (200) feet, thence east to a point on the west line of the northwest quarter of the Southeast quarter of the Northwest quarter on the Birmingham & Montgomery Highway, thence in a northerly direction along said road to the north line of Southwest quarter of Northwest quarter, thence west to the point of beginning, containing thre and one-half (3½) acres, more or less;

Also S.W.¼ of N.W.¼ of N.W.¼, Sec. 7, T.P. 22, Range 14, containing ten (10) acres, more or less.

Also S.½ of S.E.¼ of S.E.¼ of Section 1, Township 22, Range 13, containing twenty (20) acres, more or less;

Also N.E.¼ of N.E.¼ ;N.½ of S.E ¼ of N.E.¼, Sec. 12, T. P. 22, Range 13, containing sixty (60) acres, more or less;

Also N.E.¼ of N.E.¼ of S.E.¼ ; S.W.¼ of N.W.¼ of N.E.¼, Sec. 12, T.P. 22, Range 13, containing twenty (20) acres, more or less.

Also part of N.W.¼ of S.W.¼ of S.W.¼, Sec. 6, T.P. 22, Range 14, described as follows: a strip of land one hundred feet wide along the west side of said land, also a parcel of land described as Lots Nos. 8, 9, 10, in Block 1 of Siminton's Addition to Thorsby, said lots extending east from the strip above mentioned and fronting fifty feet, each, on Franklin Street, and extending in a southerly direction 140 feet, said strip and lots containing in all, two acres, more of less.

Containing in all, 115 acres, more or less.

All above land in Sections one and seven, are conveyed subject to any valid reservation or mineral right in force at the execution of said mortgage.

The proceeds of said sale will be applied to the payment of the expenses incident to said sale, including attorneys' fee, and to the amount of the indebtedness due on said mortgage.

This, August 1, 1917.

O. P. LINDQUIST, Mortgagee.
Middleton & Reynolds,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.

GIRL'S STATEMENT WILL HELP CLANTON PEOPLE

Here is a girl's own story: "For years I had dyspepsia, sour stomach and constipation. I drank hot water and olive oil by the gallon. Nothing helped me until I tried buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as mixed in Adler-i-ka. One spoonful helped me instantly." Because Adler-i-ka flushes the whole alimentary tract, it relieves any case of constipation, sour stomach or gas and prevents appendicitis. It has quickest action of anything we ever sold. Upchurch Drug Co.

Miss Mary Key of Russelville, Ala., who was one of the popular and very efficient teachers of the county high school here last year, is in Clanton again, and will have charge of her same department of the school this session.

B. GUY SMITH APPOINTED SOLICITOR FOR COUNTY

Attorney B. Guy Smith of the law firm of Smith and Smith, has been appointed county solicitor for Chilton County, to succeed Mr. Victor J. Heard, who vacated the place to join the army.

The appointment was made by Circuit Solicitor Tate, and it confers quite an honor upon Mr. Smith.

Subscribe for The Union-Banner.

Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

FALL OATS FOR ALABAMA

By E. F. Cauthen, Associate Agriculturist, Alabama Experiment Station.

Prepared by Extension Service. Auburn, Ala.

The splendid price of oats makes them a profitable crop for Alabama farmers. Many growers insist that money is made from them when they yield 25 bushels per acre and sell for 50 cents a bushel. The present high price and increased demand for them will doubtless continue.

Between spring planting and fall planting at the Alabama Experiment Station, the fall planting exceeded the spring planting by a yearly average covering the past ten years of 25.1 bushels per acre, or 153 per cent. The average date of the fall planting was October 25th, and of the spring planting about February 10th. There are other reasons for fall planting. The oats form a winter cover crop that protects against soil erosion and leaching. They furnish some grazing during dry winter days if planted on good soil. The weather conditions for planting are usually better in the fall than in the early spring, and the crop comes off the land from ten to fifteen days earlier, making way for a good hay crop of summer legumes.

For fall planting the variety tests at the Alabama Experiment Station show that the members of the Red Rust Proof group have led in production. Among the highest yielding varieties are Appler, Bancroft, Texas Red Rust Proof, Culberson, Cook, etc. Culberson was found to resist best the severe February freezes of the past winter. Fulghum, which is about ten days earlier than the ordinary Red Rust Proof oats, did not resist the freezes as well as the others. It does not have so much beard, and is a splendid oats for average winter conditions, especially if it is planted in an open furrow.

Fulghum and Bert varieties are well suited to spring planting.

Do not delay the getting of your seed oats for fall planting. Select the fields now, and calculate the number of bushels necessary to seed them. Home grown seed, if not mixed, is usually better adapted than seed brought from other states.

For further information on oat culture, fertilizers, etc., ask for bulletin 173, Alabama Experiment Station, Auburn, Ala.

Swellings of the flesh caused by inflamation, cold, fractures of the bone, toothache, neuralgia or rheumatism can be relieved by applying BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It sheuld be well rubbed in over the part effected. Its great healing and penetrating power eases the pain, reduces swelling and restores natural conditions. Price 25c, 50c and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Company.

MILCH COWS, DRY CATTLE, HOGS

When you need milch cows, dry cattle, hogs, or have any to sell or trade, see us. Will sell for cash or on time. Gulledge Bros., or W. M. Bridges,
8-9-17-3t Verbena, Ala.

THANKS FROM MR. W. M. POOL

Editor Union-Banner:

Kind Sir: Please give me space in your valuable paper to thank our friends and neighbors for their kind aid and assistence during the sad death of our beloved wife and mother whom God took away from us on the 14th day of August, 1917. We most highly appreciate the kind help of aur friends toward us and the kind assistence shown us during this hour of need.

May God be with them all, is my prayer forever.

Respectfully,
W. M. POOL.

Yellow complexion, pimples and disfiguring blemishes on the face or body can be gotten rid of by doctoring the liver, which is torpid. HERBINE is a powerful liver correctant. It purifies the system, stimulates the vital organs and puts the body in fine vigorous condition. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Subscribe for The Union-Banner.

Miss Ruth Sightler of Montgomery, will no doubt prove to be an efficient teacher of expression at the Chilton County High School during this session. She has already arrived in Clanton to take up her work with the opening of the school.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Cure fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Auto-Intoxication Causes Death

Do you know why you have sick headache, diabetes, neuralgia, rheumatism and liver or kidney troubles? It's because you are being poisoned by products of your own body. Your organs of elimination are not working properly. Waste material that should be thrown out is being retained to poison and intoxicate your system. That could not happen if the bowels were kept open with Granger Liver Regulator. This splendid preparation is purely vegetable and non-alcoholic. Demand Granger Liver Regulator at your drug store—25c a box—and take no other. There is nothing "just as good."

COLOR LINE IS IGNORED IN NEW DRAFT ARMY

Washington, Sept. 4.—How color lines have been ignored in the assignment of negro troops in the drafted section of the national army is revealed in general orders issued today showing the war department's intention to apportion the negro troops evenly where possible in all cantonments. The order provides that in every cantonment there shall be one negro infantry regiment where sufficient personnel is available.

Protests have been made against quartering negro troops in certain parts of the South, but no modification has been made.

The order is taken as in indication of what the war department will do in disposing of similar regiments in national guard camps.

Representative Dent protested to the war department again today against location of negro troops in Alabama, but did not receive any promise that they would be withdrawn. The department is inclined to stand on its order and deal with the situation as it develops.

"TEN LITTLE 'TATERS"

There is a gingle going the rounds of the press which tells the story of "Ten Little 'Taters," like this: Ten little 'taters growing on a vine; local buyer got one, then there were nine. Nine little 'taters shipped away by freight; railroads got one, then there were eight. Eight little taters another ride were given; transfer got one, then there were seven. Seven little 'taters sold to Commissioner Dix, the commission man got one, then there were six. Six little 'taters in a store arrive; retailer took one then there yere five. Five little 'taters consumer paid for the ten.

Mrs. M. R. Richardson of Elmore, Ala., has begun her work with the county high school here, as teacher of the department of basketry, weaving and other similar work.



CLANTON LOCALS

Mr. C. Hall of Lawley was a visitor to court here this week. He paid the Banner a visit and put his name on our subscription list.

Ralph Calloway of Maplesville was in Clanton Tuesday attending Circuit Court.

T. C. Jones of Maplesville was on the streets of Calnton Tuesday greeting his many friends.

Mrs. Cothran and Mrs. Dobbins of Selma are the guests of the family of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Callen at their home in Clanton this week.

See Taylor Bros. before selling your eggs. They pay 30 cents per doezn cash.

Jim Cox of New Cedron was in Clanton Saturday. Mr. Cox said he had been attending a mighty fine protracted meeting at that place last week, conducted by Rev. Hughes.

LOST—Edison Fountain Pen without cap. Finder please return to Union-Banner office and receive reward.

J. Wiley Littlejohn has just returned from a few days' visit to the coast at Panama City, Fla. He is mighty well pleased with the ocean breezes.

Taylor Bros. are paying 30 cents per dozen for eggs, and the highest price for chickens.

R. L. Clark of Mt. Creek was in Clanton Monday attending the opening of court, and looking after some other business matters.

John Gore, Deputy Sheriff, is able to be up again after a couple of weeks confinement to his bed.

Orville M. and Walter E. Martin, two popular young teachers from up in Beat 9, were visitors to Clanton on Monday. They enrolled their names as subscribers to the Union-Banner, while here.

A call meeting of the Civic Improvement Club will be held with Mrs. W. T. Callen next Tuesday afternoon at three o'clock, for the purpose of electing officers. All members are requested to attend.

WILL PREACH AT THE CLANTON M. E. CHURCH

Rev. William H. White of Marbury requests us to announce that he will preach at the Methodist Church in Clanton on the Third Sunday in this month at 11 o'clock, a.m. He will have regular appointments here on each Third Sunday.

Enoch H. Adams of Thorsby was in Clanton Tuesday.

Wallace C. Edler of Thorsby was a visitor to Clanton Tuesday.

Prof. Cecil E. Harris leaves this week for Learned, Miss., where he takes charge of the Learned Consolidated Schools this session as Principal. The school opens next Monday.

LEARN TO WRITE

I can make a good penman of you at home during your spare time. Send me your name and $3.50, and take my 8-weeks course by mail.

J. E. THORNTON,
Carrollton, Ga.

Why Suffer?

Mrs. J. A. Cox, of Alderson, W. Va., writes: "My daughter . . . suffered terribly. She could not turn in bed . . . the doctors gave her up, and we brought her home to die. She had suffered so much at . . . time. Having heard of Cardui, we got it for her."

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

"In a few days, she began to improve." Mrs. Cox continues, "and had no trouble at . . . Cardui cured her, and we sing its praises everywhere." We receive many thousands of similar letters every year, telling of the good Cardui has done for women who suffer from complaints so common to their sex. It should do you good, too. Try Cardui. E-77

"A FRIDAY AFTERNOON IN PINE-KNOT ACADEMY"

An entertainment will be given by Circle No. 2, of the Baptist Ladies on Friday night, the 14th, at the High School auditorium. It will be a reproduction of the closing exercises of the above named famous school at the end of the week in the olden times. A small admission will be charged which will be applied to the building fund. Watch this paper next week for the "Pine Knot Academy" Roll of Honor.

RED CROSS LADIES OF VERBENA ENTERTAIN

On Thursday evening the Red Cross ladies of Verbena entertained on the Wilson Hotel lawn. A pleasant, profitable and interesting program was enjoyed by all who were present.

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week ending September 1, 1917.

Names—WOMEN. Mrs. A. L. Hayes, Miss Larcenia Cooper, Mrs. Bessie Bohanner, Addie Walker, Ellen Bethel, Mrs. R. L. Marcus, Mrs. Mary Geter, (2).

Names—MEN. Tom Ward, Adolphus Farr, J. J. Elliott.

These letters will be sent to the dead letter office Sept. 15, 1917, if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "advertised" giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON, P.M.

MRS. W. M. ANDERSON HOSTESS

Mrs. W. M. Anderson was hostess to the Missionary Society of the Methodist Church on Monday afternoon. There was a good attendance of the members, and encouraging reports especially on the finances of the Society were made. Special prayer was made for the soldier boys who have gone to the front. Mrs. Boss Jones sang with much pathos "He leads Along the Way," accompanied by Mrs. H. F. Chandler at the piano. The hostess read an interesting paper on our work. Delicious tea and sandwiches were served.

TROUBLE IN MOUNTAIN CREEK MUNICIPALITY

A Large Delegation are at Clanton To Attend County Court.

On Monday the streets of Clanton were crowded with Mountain Creek citizens long before Judge L. H. Reynolds called the case of T. J. Henderson vs. George W. Coburn, Policeman Weathers and J. Gray all charged with particapting in the "free-for all" which occurred when Office Henderson attempted to arrest Mayor Coburn and others.

Mayor Coburn is charged with extortion in addition to resisting an officer.

The witnesses included a large number of the leading citizens of the town.

Judge Reynolds, after considering and consulting decided to defer the "unpleasantness" until the first week of October term and to hear the case on Monday.

MRS. MARY E. BLALOCK PASSES HER EIGHTY-NINTH BIRTHDAY

Dear Editor:

I wish to write of spending the 89th birthday of my grandmother, Mary E. Blalock, born August 20th, 1828 in Montgomery County, at the site of the state capital, before the city was established. There were only two stores there at that time, one being Curis Barrett's the other her father's. The storehouses were constructed of small swamp logs.

She was married to W. J. Blalock on November 29th, 1849, and lived happily thereafter for a period of 56 years, when the death angel visited their home on January 26, 1906, and took her husband from the walks of life.

She is the mother of 9 children, 7 of whom are living. She has 108 grand children, 100 great-grand children, and 5 great-great-grand children.

Her health is excellent and her memory good. She delights in having company and being a great talker, makes it a pleasure for anyone to hear her talk of the days gone by.

She spent her eighty-ninth birthday, which was enjoyed by all present, at the home of her second son, G. B. Blalock. There was a most delicious dinner prepared for her on that day. Two nice cakes were presented to her, one by a friend, Mrs. Cattie Lewis having her name "Mary" inscribed thereon, and the other by her grand daughter, Mrs. Ivey Dupriest, having her age inscribed on it.

Yours sincerely,
IVY DUPRIEST.

Our good friend, W. P. Thompson, is now the editor of the Marbury Journal. Since assuming charge of the paper, only a few days ago, his experienced hand and mind in newspaper work has put a new touch of interest in the paper. The Union-Banner is glad to see the Journal in charge of Mr. Thompson. We thing the success of the paper is assured in Mr. Thompson's hands, as well as the satisfaction of its patrons and supporters in its home town.

Pay for the Union-Banner a year. $1

THORSBY ITEMS

IN HONOR OF THE MEMORY OF MR. PETER K. VILLADSEN

In the world's work it is perfectly natural that we prize most highly the person who renders the largest service, or who serves with greatest devotion. It is fitting that some public expression of real appreciation would be made when death puts an end to the physical activities of a co-laborer. The Executive Committee of the Board of Trustees of Thorsby Institute hereby attempts to express in part its apreciation of the services of one of its most active and faithful members.

For the past four and one half years Mr. Peter K. Villadsen of Thorsby, Ala., was a member of the Board of Trustees of Thorsby Institute, and erves in an official capacity the major part of the time. His devotion to the work has been such as to couse him to leave oft times his personal work, and to forego opportunities for personal recreation in order to serve the Institute. He was ever faithful to attend the meetings of the Board and its several committees of which he was a member. As a member of the Institute building committee he was always working to the end that the property should combine comfort, cleanliness and beauty, and his finger prints and foot steps will be in evidence for years to come. His desire to see Thorsby Institute render the highest service to its growing student body and the local community, seemed to be uppermost in his mind. In his death which occurred August 23, 1917, there was a great loss to his family, his church and to our school.

We extend to his widow and children our sincere sympathy in this hour of bereavement. We also rejoice with them in the fact that his life as we knew him was such as to leave behind him a record for patriotism, high ideals and large sympathy for his fellowmen. We pray that his children may emulate to his good examples.

Resolved, that a copy of this resolutions be published in the county paper, a copy spread upon our committee records, and a copy placed in the hands of the widow of our departed friend and brother.

Executive Committee of the Board of Trustees of Thorsby Institute.

The Thorsby Public School this session will be in charge of Prof. J. Leonard Harris, assisted by Mrs. McClain and Miss Bertha Littleton. The opening of the school will be next Monday.

THREE COMPANIES OF ALABAMA BRIGADE ORDERED TO MACON

Will Entrain Monday Night with Detachments of Signal, Ambulance and Hospital Units.

Montgomery, Ala., September 2.—Three companies of the Alabama National Guard, E. First Infantry of Mobile; I., Second Infantry of Luverne; and tropp C., First Cavalry of Tuscaloosa, tonight were ordered by Brig. Gen. Robert E. Steiner to leave Monday night for Camp Wheeler, Macon, Ga., to prepare camp for the coming of the remainder of the Alabama Brigade. Detachments of the signal Company, ambulance company and field hospital also were ordered to entrain.

The Mobile Company is commanded by Captain Miles D. Savelle, the Luverne company by Capt. Tobe R. Farmer and the Tuscaloosa troup by Capt. Wiliam D. Hays.

Sheridan Near Readiness.

Camp Sheridan will pass completely into the hands oft he Ohio division the later part of the week. Although Alabama officers decline to say when the brigade will move to Camp Wheeler at Macon, Gen. Steiner returned from Macon Sunday, and private information from Camp Wheeler was that the brigade could move during the week. The moving day will not be made public, and no information will be given out until the troops are quartered in the new camp. Several Ohio regiments could entrain for Camp Sheridan at any time, now, as the advance companies have put the camp in good condition. However, it is improbable that the final order for entrainment will be given until supplies of tentage and other equipment already ordered are received.

Sleeping in Open.

Several companies have been sleeping in the open with nothing over them but mosquito nets, because of the lack of tents. Heavy rains fell Saturday night and they were forced to seek the dryness of the mess halls which have not been put into use.

Although al lunits were given leave of absence from the camp Saturday night, the guard of 70 established by Major General Haslett, Provost Marshal, made only about six arrests and they were for minor infractions of the rules. No work was done at Camp Sheridan Sunday, the men not even being required to answer reviele and retreat, and Sunday was spent by oficers and enlisted men in making their first tramp over Montgomery and seeing interesting points where the Confederate States was born 50 years ago.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

A. C. Smith B. Guy Smith
SMITH & SMITH
Attorneys At Law
General Practice
Clanton, - - - - - Alabama.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. A. B. BAXLEY
Optometrist
Office in Mullins Bldg.
Clanton, Ala.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
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LAWRENCE F. GERALD
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Office in Johnson Building.
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Would you mix your cattle-feed with cotton?

YOU know that such a combination would be carried through the digestive tract without giving the milk-producing and fat-producing food a chance to be assimilated. The lint on old style hulls acts the same way. It forms a pad or cushion-like covering around the concentrates that prevents the digestive juices from extracting the full amount of protein.

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

contain no lint to clog or flux the digestive tract. They are digested and they allow the other forage to be digested the same as hay or any other roughage.

When you mix your feed with Buckeye Hulls you know that you are using roughage that will help—not hinder—the meal, corn, oats, or whatever concentrate you prefer.

Other Advantages

2000 pounds of real roughage to the ton—not 1500.
Cost much less per ton.
Go much farther.
No trash or dust.
Easy to handle because sacked.
They mix well with other forage.
They take less space in the barn.

Mr. C. K. Henderson, Aiken, S. C., says:
that he would rather have Buckeye Hulls than any others. He uses Buckeye Hulls altogether — says they are cheaper and better.

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K ***The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.*** *Dept. K*

Atlanta Birmingham Greenwood Little Rock Memphis
Augusta Charlotte Jackson Macon Selma

PREPARATION OF TEACHERS

In these days of war, Alabama is having her great struggle with her great enemy—ignorance, illiteracy.

To wage this campaign, Alabama has four training camps—her four Class A Normal Schools, located at Florence, Jacksonville, Livingston and Troy.

These schools must go on. Alabama cannot afford to neglect teacher training. Trained teachers mean leadears who are qualified to go into cities or towns or villages or remote country districts and to promote the factors which make for better living conditions, better health, better government, stronger, finer, happier men and women.

Such is the meaning of teacher training. Such is the trend of education in Alabama. This is not the mere acquisition of knowledge. It is knowledge plus the ability to act wisely for the good of the individual and the country. It is patriotism in the highest sense. It is true education.

The normal schools of Alabama have made it so. They have put education on a high plane, and they are sending out teachers who can maintain this position. They are in session twelve months in each year.

C. Reese Mullins
—Agent—
Life Insurance
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Real Estate and
Singer Sewing Machines
CLANTON, ALA.

SEED GRAIN FOR SALE

Fulgum Oats at $2.00 per bushel;
Blue Stem Wheat at $3.25;
Abruzzi Rye at $4.00.
Quantity limited—First come first served.

J. N. DENNIS,
8-23-2t. Clanton, Ala.

Coming In Now!

The Biggest Stock of Goods ever assembled under the roof of a single store house in Chilton County.

We will soon place this big line at the disposal of the trade for the fall and winter

Come here and get all the things you want right here, and not have to go to many different places.

We offer you hundreds of money-saving Bargains.

If you don't come and get them, you are the loser.

Clanton Mercantile Company

The Big Bargain Store.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., SEPTEMBER 13, 1917. NUMBER 24.

REPLY TO REPORT OF THE GRAND JURY

The Grand Jury reports as follows:

"We find that there are ten female and four male inmates in the county poor house, and two female and one male who receive aid from the county but who do not reside at the county poor house at present.

"Words are not strong enough to describe the condition in which we found our county poor house. To put it mildly, it is a disgrace to the good name of Chilton County. To find that those, who, through disease and poverty, are unable to provide for themselves, and who thus have a just claim for comfort and maintenance against the county are provided for in a manner in which a committe of this Grand Jury ascertained is horrifying indeed.

"We feel that it is our duty to make this report in ordert that the public may know of conditions there. Weeds have taken the place; comforts are few; filth abounds, and the food and raiment furnished the inmates, so far as we could ascertain, would in quantity and quality compare most unfavorably with that furnished our slaves in the days before the war. Medical attention is not such as it should be, and we found one of the inmates suffering from disease, her sores covered with flies, and her surroundings such that no decent person could long remain in her presence. Soap is cheap and water is plentiful, and there certainly can be no excuse for the very unclean and unsanitary condition in which we found the things.

"The system upon which the poor are cared for in this county is wrong in principle, and diametrically opposed to the higher instincts of civilization. They are farmed out at so much per head per month for their clothing and food to their keeper, and his profit must come, and can come only from the amount he is able to squeeze each month from the comforts and necessities of the inmates. We learn that he has a contract to keep the poor on these terms till January 1st, next, towit: $9.00 per month for each inmate, this to furnish both food and clothing. Under existing prices, this is too little, if every cent were spent upon the inmates; but as the keeper must make his own profit out of this besides, except what he gets from the poor farm, which he receives free of rent as part of his consideration, one may well wonder how conditions could be otherwise as to food and raiment.

But there can be no excuse for the uncleanliness which abounds. We are constrained to say that we consider the present mangement of the poor house entirely inefficient, and recommend that the Commissioners cancel his contract at once, or ask for his resignation; or take any steps neccssary to dispense with his services and employ a competent man in his stead."

The above report is pretty strong and I think that it needs some explanation that the people of the county may know the law and surrounding conditions of the poor house. In the first place the law provides, "The County Board of Health shall elect a County Health Officer," this board of health is composed of all the Doctors and Physicians of the County. This law is like many others of the Statute book, it takes away from the people the right of self government in that, that the Commissioners Court nor the people have no power in the selection of the County Health Officer, the law even fixes the salary of the County Health Officer and the Commissioners Court has no authority in this.

In Acts of 1915, page 784, Section 5, it fixes the duty of the county Health Officer as follows:

"To visit the county jail, all convict camps where any convicts are worked, and the county almshouse, at least once a month and to make a careful inspection as respects the drinking water, the food, the clothing and bedding supplied to the prisoners of the former and the inmates of the latter; also as to the ventilation, air space, heating and bathing facilities, closets, drainage, etc., of these institutions, and when any of said supplies are said to be inadequate in quantity or deficient in quality, or any of said conditions unsanitary, it shall be the duty of the health officer to make in writing a circumstantial report thereof to the Judge of Probate and Court of County Commissioners or other like board, whereupon, it shall be the duty of said Judge of Probate and Court of County Commissioners to carry out whatever recommendations are made by the County Health Officer as respects the county jail and County almshouse."

Now I suppose the Grand Jury was advised of the law when they wrote this report, and they certainly must have been familiar with the law which makes it clear that it is the duty of the County Health Officer to look after health conditions at County Poor House. You see that it is his duty to visit the almshouse at least once a month, and report to me, as Judge of Probate, or to Commissioners any suggestions that he sees fit. The last report that we had from the County Health Officer was dated June 12, 1917, and signed by Dr. Samuel E. Johnson, and was as follows:

"June, 12, 1917.

To theHon. Probate Judge and Commissioners,

" Gentlemen:—I beg to submit my report for the month of May as required by law.

I visited poor house on May, 11, 1917, and found it to be in good condition. There are 13 inmates.

"Respectfully,
"Samuel E. Johnson, M. D.
"County Health Officer."

The law says that we must pay the County Health Officer not less than $467.50 per year. When I came into office January, 15, 1917, the county was paying Dr. Samuel E. Johnson $1,000.00 per year for his services as County Health Officer. Since the finances of the county were in such a distressed condition the Commissioners Court reduced it as low as the law would permit.

Besides the $467.50, which the County Health Officer receives as his duties for such the County has to pay him extra for trips made to the poor house.

Now as to the criticism that the Grand Jury sees fit to heap upon the Commissioners Court regarding the contract with Mr. Golden, I want to say that I had nothing to do with it, as it was made by the former Judge of Probate and the Commissioners before I came into office. The contract was for two years, but he agreed to deliver the home and farm back to us after this year.

I have visited the poor house four times in person. Last week I heard there was an old lady that needed special attention. I went to the house last Sunday and visited every room. I asked this old lady if there was anything that she needed and she said that Dr. J. P. Hayes, who is County Health Officer, had seen her recently and there was nothing that she especially needed. I did not find conditions as bad as the Grand Jury reported.

The Commissioners Court and I, with the limited means of the county have done the best we could for the poor house. We had all the inmates' houses screened this spring and there is no necessity for flies being there if proper care is taken.

I have tried to make this explanation plain and to make the people of this county understand whose duty it is to look after the sanitary conditions of the almshouse. I would like to ask why it was the County Health Officer, Drs. S. E. Johnson, N. S. Johnson and J. P. Hayes, were not mentioned by the Grand Jury. Why was their attention not called to their duty as well as the Commissioners Court's, and why was the blame put on the Commissioners and me for the County Health Officers not doing their duty?

There was special mention of flies in the Grand Jury's report, but they say nothing about the homes of the inmates of the poor house being screened, which was recently done, and not at the request of the County Health Officer, but my own.

Respectfully,
L. H. REYNOLDS.

We the Commissioners of Chilton county, concur in the above reply.

S. E. WALDRUP,
R. J. WILLIAMS,
W. T. HERROD,
A. P. VINSON.
County Commissioners.

NEW FRIENDSHIP CHURCH PROSPERING AGREEABLY

The new Baptist Church north-east of Clanton had a good day last Sunday. Two new members were received, one for baptism and the other by letter, making in all 35 members. Fourteen of this number were baptised—eight two weeks ago and six last Sunday. Rev. Ben Hughes did the baptising.

The church also ordained four deacons, Brethren Rich, Miner, Bennett and Collins. Rev. A. R. Aldridge preached the administration sermon, and our pastor, Rev. S. M. Adams delivered the charge to the church and deacons. Rev. Adams also preached Sunday night, and he delivered as usual a very strong and forceful sermon.

And so our new church, Friendship, begins with hope in God, and prospects bright for good work.

FOR SALE

300 acres farm or stock land ten mile west of Clanton. Good road to town; good school and gin in quarter mile; three plantations. Good stream of water through land.

Also one block in town of Clanton one block from courthouse, with one five-room house. Good bargain. For information address P. O, box 202, Clanton, Ala. 9-13-3t

PREACHING

Rev. M. F. Lett will preach at Maple Springs school house on the 4th Sunday in September.

CARD OF THANKS

To all the friends and helpers who assisted us with their kind aid and sympathy at the passing of our father and husband, we extend our most heartfelt thanks and appreciation.

In loving gratitude to all,
RENO. S. VILLADSEN,
ARTHUR P. VILLADSEN,
Mrs. ANNA S. VILLADSEN.

THORSBY INSTITUTE OPENING

Thorsby Institute opened for its twelfth year on Tuesday of this week. The enrollment on the opening day, in spite of the wr conditions and the consequent shortage of older young men, showed a 10 per cent. increase over any previous year. A number of others are expected to enroll during this present week. Students are already present in the school from 13 counties in Alabama and two in Georgia. A larger number are present from Chilton county than in recent years. Addresses were made at the opening exercises by Rev. J.M. Graham and Rev. Chas T. Rogers.

The Girls' Dormitory has been newly painted inside and out and other improvements made and it now houses more young women than at the opening of any previous school year. The school has made arrangements whereby it has secured the use of the large residence formerly owned by J. F. Peterson for use as a Boys' Dormitory. Arrangements have also been made for the use of additional land for farming so that the school is able to offer an opportunity to a larger number of young men to earn their expenses wholly or in part by work, while attending school, Principal, S. H. Herbert, will be glad to get in touch with any young people of Chilton county or elsewhere who desire to attend high school and have not been able to do so because of financil difficulties, as he may be able to help them to solve the difficulty by giving them an opportunity to pay part of their expenses in work.

Howard Collins, who was killed in the auto accident near Columbiana Sunday night, was a brother of Jim Collins who was killed in the same way a few years ago. Friends of the family here are grieved at the unfortunate occurrence.

Prof. J. W. Moore, Clerk in the Probate's office has been quite ill for a week.

MR. GOLDEN SAYS THE REPORT OF THE GRAND JURY IS FALSE

Clanton, Ala., Sept. 9, 1917.
Editor Union-Banner:

Will you allow me space in your paper to say a few words in regard to the false report of the Grand Jury. Their report regarding the conditions of the county poor house is false from start to finish.

First, they reported that the food that is given the inmates was such as was not known in slavery time. This is absolutely false. They came into the cook room, and asked no questions, and turned and went out facing the smoke house. They did not go in, nor ask for any permit to go in.

They complain about the clothing. There was only one inmate who had on patched clothes. They also reported one inmate in a horrible condition. And they say that soap is cheap and water plentiful. I wish to say that I do not use cheap soap to wash her wounds. I use Cuticura, which costs 25 cents a bar. I use it once and twice each day. Soap and water will not kill the odor in her condition.

And as to her sores being covered with flies, I will say that the house in which she stays has screened windows and veranda also. And the rest they said about her is false.

As to the medical treatment, the doctor has been prompt to come, and I have carried out every suggestion that has been made to me by the County Health Officer.

They also complain about the wood and pine. I never knew anybody to freeze in August or the first of September.

I invite the good people of this county to visit this home as often as they like. I deem it unnecessary to say any more. Please read what the neighbors and doctors have to say about it.

R. L. GOLDEN, Supt.
Chilton County Alms House.

Clanton ,Ala. Sept. 10, 1917.
To the Hon. Commissioners Court of Chilton County:

I have been living in plain view of the poor house ever since Mr. Lee Golden has had charge of the same, and as for the way he has treated and cared for the inmates, I wish to say that it has been very good. I have visited the inmates and talked with them in regard to their treatment, and all but two or three of them told me that it was as good as they wanted. As for their food and clothing, they have plenty to eat, and it is as good or better than most of the people have. Their clothes are better than those the people of the country generally wear. In regard to the physical conditions which have been reported their, it seems to me to be impossible for anyone to live in such conditions as have been said to exist there. From the conditions surrounding the place it looks to me that everything has been very well cared for.

Yours very truly,
B. C. GLASS.

Clanton, Ala., Sept. 9, 1917.
To whom it may concern:

Since I have heard of such an awful report on Mr. R. L. Golden, the county poor house keeper, I feel it my duty to publish what I know about it. I live in a quarter of a mile of the poor farm and have visited it often and have taken meals there. I found that the food was plentiful and good enough for anybody. I am not guessing at it either.

Mr. and Mrs. Golden have given all the attention to the inmates that they could ask for, and they have been clothed far better than I am able to clothe my family. And as for the treatment it is as good as could be asked for. Everything is kept nice and clean.

Respectfully,
Mr. and Mrs. M. G. HENSON.

Clanton, Ala., Sept. 10, 1917.
Since I have heard such reports on the superintendent of the county poor house, I feel it my duty to say a few words. I live in sight and work land in 150 yards of the buildings, and I have never seen or heard him abuse or ill-use any of the inmates. Everything I have seen about the place was kept nice and clean.

Respectfully,
W. H. SHARPE.

Clanton, Ala., Sept. 10, 1917.
In regard to the keeping of the county poor house, I wish to say that I have been there two or three times to preaching since Mr. Golden has been there, and I did not see or hear anything out of the way. I have never at any time, heard that he did not do his duty in regard to caring for the inmates the best he could.

Yours truly,
S. J. GODDARD.

Clanton, Ala., Sept. 9, 1917.
Since I have heard such a report about the condition of the inmates of the poor house I feel it my duty to say a few words about them.

I have been living in one-half mile of the poor house for ten years, and it is my opinion that Mr. Golden is the best keeper that has been there. I pass there very often and never hear any quarreling at all, but heretofore I could hear them fussing to my house. I feel that the Grand Jury's report is all untrue.

J. W. GORE.

DR. HAYES MAKES STATEMENT AS TO CONDITION OF THE POOR

Clanton, Ala., Sept. 11, 1917.—
To whom it may concern:

I wish to make a public statement as to the condition of the County Poor House since I have been County Health Officer, inasmuch as the question of its sanitation, condition of the inmates, and conduct of the keeper has been recently opened up by a report of the Grand Jury of this County.

As to the sanitry condition of the poor house, I will say that it is being kept by the present management, in about the same status as it was by former keepers.

As to the report that there were maggots found in or on the person of one of the inmates, Nancy Guy, I wish to say that this report came to me, and I immdiately, in consultation with Dr. N. S. Johnson, made an investigation of the report. We examined the party named in the rumor, and did not find such conditions of her body as had been reported. Concerning the bad dor that exists, I say that it is due to the cancerous condition of her hand, that cannot be remedied under present circumstances. On the whole, it is my opinion from what I can observe, that speaking generally, the poor house and farm, under the management of Mr. Golden has been kept to bout the same standard as that set by his predecessors.

Respectfully,
J. P. HAYES,
County Health Officer.

Dr. Johnson's Statement.

Clanton, Ala., Sept .7, 1917.
I visited the poor house on the above date with Dr. J. P. Hayes and the above statement in my opinion is correct.

N. S. JOHNSON, M. D.

Dr. Gragg's Statement.

Clnton, Ala., Sept. 12, 1917.—
To whom it my concern:

I will state that I have had occasion to visit the poor house several times to see inmates during the 3 months preceding August 1st of this year.

It gives me pleasure to substantiate the foregoing statement of the present health oficer, and to add that the houses are now screened, a thing that was repeatedly recommended but only partially accomplished during my term in that capacity.

Respectfully,
V. J. GRAGG.

LEGAL NOTICE

To the Stockholders of the Farmers Warehouse and Storage Co:

You are hereby notified that there will be a meeting of the Stockholders of the Farmers Warehouse and Storage Company, at the Court House in Clanton, Alabama, on the 6th day of October, 1917, at 10 o'clock, a.m., for the purpose of selling, mortgaging or renting, or otherwise disposing of the warehouse property located on Fourth Ave., in the Town of Clanton, Alabama, also for the purpose of disposing of any other business which may legally come before the meeting.

GRADY REYNOLDS, Pres.,
J. N. DENNIS, Secy.

GRADY REYNOLDS,
J. N. DENNIS,
R. J. WILLIAMS,
JOHN MIMS,
G. L. FOSHEE,
J. H. DUNCAN,
L. H. REYNOLDS.

NEGRO TROOPS TO BE KEPT SEPARATE

National Army Policy Will Be In Line With Handling of Regulars, Says Baker.

Washington, Sept. 10—Negro troops of the Nationl Army will be organized in separate units, as is done in the regular army, and so far as possible will be trained in the states where they are raised. The call for negroes to mobilize at their camps will be postponed to allow the officers at the camp to arrange for the organization of these separate units.

Both white men and negroes of the selective forces will be given an opportunity to volunteer for service in the batallions of troops for service on the line of communication, their work being military, but non-combatants. However, there will be negro fiting regiments of the National Army as there are of the regulars and the National Guard.

Secretary Baker outlined this policy toward department officials today in a statement dealing with the method to be followed in the organization and training of negroes liable to draft under the National Army act. Presumably the negro regiments of the regular army and hte National Guard will be retained as they are as fighting units. The statement follows:

"The rule of the regular army governing the training and organization of colored troops will be followed in the National Army and they will be assembled and trained as separate organizations.

"The call for colored troops will be postponed until one of the latter calls, so that they will be called at camp at a separate time, giving an opportunity for the officers at the camps to assemble the organizations of which they are a part at one time. They will not be called last although they will be included in one of the latter calls.

"All colored troops called in a State which has cantonements in it will be trained there. Provisions will be made, but has not yet been made, for the assembling from those states which have no cantonments of their quotas of colored soldiers for training.

"Opportunity will be given to both the white and colored troops of the selective forces to volunteer in certain line of communication forces which it will be necessary to organize, and it is hoped that an adequate number wil volunteer for this military duty, but non-combatant service. There will be both combatant and non-combatant colored regiments."

The effect of the policy announced by Secretry Baker will be to delay the mobilization of the negroes of the National Army until the units already assembled or under orders to assemble this month hve been organized and are under training.

When the confusion incident to the organization of the new regiments, brigades nd divisions has been cleared up, there will be time to assemble and organize separate regiments, battalions or companies of negro troops. Of the 687,000 men called for the first increment of the National Army, it is estimated that approximately 70,000 will be negroes.

Syrup making time is close at hand. Get your syrup barrell from Clanton Mercantile Co.

FISH—FISH

We will be ready September 1st to fill all orders from fifty pounds up. Write us for prices. All orders lfiled at once. Will treat you right and save you all the money we can. A. M. ROLLINS & SON,
Miflin, Ala.

MULES WANTED

Sizes: 14-3 to 16 Hands. Ages: 5 to 9 years. The above Stock is wanted for United States Army.

ABRAHAM BROS.

Will be at D. Y. Johnson's Stables at Clanton, on Saturday, September 15.

Bring in Your Mules.

My Business is still Growing

Because of the Quality of the Groceries I sell.

In purchasing my Groceries I think first of QUALITY, then of the price.

I deliver the goods promptly and efficiently to any place in town.

J. W. Littlejohn
CLANTON, ALA.

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
W. M. WYATT AND J. B. WELLS
Publishers and Proprietors.

W. M. WYATT, Editor.
J. B. WELLS, Business Manager.

Subscription price $1.00 per year, payable in advance.

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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

We are pleased to hear a number of our farmers say that they are intending to come to the meeting at the court house on Saturday. This is a day and a time when farmerswho have hope in their work and interest in their future cannot help but be on the look-out for anything that tends to lead them into better things. The tide is drifting at a mighty rapid rate and we know it is not drifting in the direction of advantage altogether of the farmers. It never has, and it does not now. The farmer must make his own destiny in spite of conditions. He must "make his calling and election sure." He must force his way into what he chooses as right and proper recognition for his work and the products of his work.

The great agents of finance and commerce have ever been ready to declare that the farmer is the backbone of progress and development. Politicians have made this their cry from every stump throughout the breadth of the land. They all are ready to tell you anything about how the progress of the earth in its orbit depends on the farmer—but beyond the mere fact that they tell you these things, how much do you know of them?

The sum and substance of the whole thing is simply this: Bankers organie for the promotion of their interests; merchants counsel with one another to secure the ends they determine; all classes of commercial activity are united, and stand together for the good of the whole class. Farmers, likewise can depend only upon a valid and workable union. They are absolutely hopeless unless they unite in common purpose and declare to the world that they are ready to consider things that concern them in equitable terms that will bring them the justly deserved recompense for their work.

No class of people have ever attained success and recognition until they concluded to stand together and demand the things that they want. Farmers have been told these things thousands of times, and they KNOW IT IS THE SOLID TRUTH.

It now remains for them to step out on the strength of the faith they have in themselves and name their terms. When they do this, and back up their assertions with the proper organization, the rest of the world will readily bow their heads and bend their knees and listen and heed.

Come to Clanton Saturday. About 2000 farmers are expected to be here. Come prepared to tell what you know and believe about the situation we are in, and let's get our heads together on the best plan to adopt and pursue.

TIME LOST—GONE FOREVER

The Denman system for the construction of wooden ships is now definitely in the discard. No more contracts for such craft will be let; and the shipping board will devote itself exclusively to the building of a standardised fabricated steel ship, the competent parts of which will be manufactured in the steel mills and assembled in the ship yards. Under the plans as completed and accepted by large ship builders a 500-ton ship can be turned out for every two working days. This plan was laid before the shipping board in the days of the Denman domination as long ago as last April; and five precious and irreplceable months have been lost while the country was regaled with the Denman-Goethals controversy, which the president was so reluctant to terminate.

A GRUESOME REMINDER

The Eastland of tragic memory on the Lakes is to be converted into a gunboat for use as a training ship and will be known henceforth as Wilmette. Everyone will hope that her later days may obligate the gruesome recollections of her earlier career—but most people who see her will be reminiscent, we imagine, and among their reflections will be some over the pitiful way in which Secretary Redfield dealt with the problem which was presented to him when the Eastland turned turtle at her dock and carried hundreds of excursionists to their death.

The Weser Zeitung says that the German reply to Pope Benedict's peace plea will contain no details but will accept in principle the Pope's peace program. The paper adds that the reply will not be submitted to the main committee of the Reichstag.

The German Kaiser may conquer the world but even the God of War cannot withstand a discharge of little old Cupid's amorous arrows.

Very happily some of the fellows at the top of the ladder in this country have awakened to the importance of letting the little fellows know just why Uncle Sam has taken up the task of war with Germany. They have seen the lack of enthusiasm among many of our people in the prosecution of the aims of the government; and they know full well that no people can fight freely and zealously and efficiently unless they know why they fight, and believe in their own hearts that the cause is honest and worthy.

For the men who know why the United States is at war and feel conscientously that our men can afford to lay down their lives for the cause, it may seem rediculous that others in our country do not see these things and realize them as they themselves do. But this condition should not breed disgust for those who know. It should inspire them to make every other citizen in the country also see our situation in the proper light. They should not question the patriotism of the man who does not understand the underlying causes of the war There are few men among us who would not die for the country even if he is convinced that to die is the rendering of a worthy service to a worthy cause.

The Louisville Courier-Journal advances the idea that a speaking campaign should be inaugurated, and properly informed men from among those who know why the United States is at war, and feel and realize that we are justified in our aims, be sent abroad over the land to talk to the people in campaign stump style about the situation. In this way, it is believed that the people may be shown that they are justified in waging war for the causes maintained by our government. In the same suggestion, Col. Watterson's paper names Col. Roosevelt as a most appropriate man to put on the list of so-called informers.

But our friend, the Birmingham News pops up at once to say that Col. Roosevelt might do good in some parts of the country, but he would be hopeless in the South.

We are of the opinion that it is the denial of such influence as that of Roosevelt that has put us into such apathy on many of the live issues. We know there are people in the South that do not like Roosevelt; and right in those very people you will find plenty of them who do not like to fight this war with Germany. If more of the people of this country were imbued with Roosevelt's spirit of nationalism we would not have so many who are "slack" upon the subject of this war with Germany.

It is strange that placement cannot be found for the responsibility of conditions reported by the Grnd Jury at the county poor house. In fact the grand jury are the only ones who assert that conditions up there are and have been so bad. We have been unable to find anybody else who concurs exactly in the things which are reported. But we do not understand how it could be that the Grand Jury would report conditions that do not exist. Then too if they do or did exist, as is reported, somebody must certainly be responsible for such a negligence. Now if the poor house has not been managed properly, it is not a very big job to see that it is done properly. The law is very plain and explicit, and there is no excuse for any complexity to arise in the administration of it. It would be well for all concerned with the matter in any way to stop trying to lay some blame on somebody else for the alleged conditions, and on the other hand, exert every possible effort toward the welfare of those poor old unfortunate souls who are there and dependent upon the mercies of the county for their little remaining portion of life and happiness.

That meeting of farmers here next Saturday is the biggest thing that has happened here in many a day. The formation of a Protective league here among the farmers for the successful marketing of their crops is going to be a neucleus around which will be built a state-wide organization of the same purpose. Next week similar meetings to the one at Clanton Saturday will be held in other counties of the State, and the work of the League will be launched in full swing. Chilton should pride herself in having the honor of being the first county in the state to organize her farmers for this splendid work. The cause which prompts us in beginning this work is a just one. We must follow it with all the zeal that we possess. It is worth the while of everyone, and we cannot hesitate. All farmers are invited and urged to come in and take part. It is an effort for the welfare of the farmer, and no one else will have a say-so about what shall be done.

Everybody around here knows Hon. Jos. O. Thompson. He has been here on a number of occasions and has spoken to the people here a number of times. He is a man who figures closely on the farmer's situation and calculates wisely the destiny that awaits the man between the plow handles. He is coming here Saturday in the interest of the farmers and it is good for us. He wants to speak to every farmer in the county. Everyone of us need the things he is to say. Don't fail to come. You will be amply repaid.

Jobson System Being Brought To This County

Prominent Firms And Citizens Are Interested In Method To Increase Food Crop—Local Dealers Praised By Atlanta Official.

One of the most important announcements we've had the good luck to make to the farmers of this county in a good many years is just this: the Jobson System of common sense farming is coming to this county—and coming to stay. What this means in the way of a crop increase next year will be perfectly plain even before the next crop is gathered, for good healthy corn and oats and grass don't wait till the harvest to let you know when it's been treated right.

Too much can't be said for this system and John B. Jobson's remarkable plow which has already done so much for other sections of the South. To sum it up briefly, this plow cheapens the process of deep tilling and places the benefits of the most improved methods within the reach of the "one hoss" farmer as well as the big planter.

Realizing this, a number of the best and most progressive merchants in our county have gone into the work of securing these plows and giving out information about the Jobson methods. These gentlemen are well known and their interest in bringing this benefit to the communities they serve will be appreciated by every man, woman and child who realizes just what this thing is going to mean to us.

Referring to our local agencies, Maj. Jno. W. Norwood, manager of the Atlanta office of the Jobson Plow Co., said, a few days ago:

"These men are a credit to this section. They're the only kind of agents we appoint, because we must have men with broad ideas of service. Officials and members of Boards of Trade in other sections are becoming enthusiastic over the Jobson System and are helping to spread it among their people, and you have here just as patriotic men and women as may be found on the face of the earth.

"Selling a few plows is not the big idea about our work," he continued. "The Big Idea is that of bringing the gospel of deep plowing and simpler and better paying methods to the great mass of farmers who have not been able to see its practicability and have not had the means to purchase expensive outfits. We and these dealers in your county are 'doing out bit' and we're going to do a big thing right here in the matter of crop increase."

Among other things, the Jobson agents mentioned below are giving out free to all who call for them copies of the little booklet entitled "The Common Sense of Deep Plowing and Bigger Profits on the Farm." This contains full particulars of the famous Jobson System and has more good, hard common sense about plowing in it than anything that's been published since the Civil war.

The State Commissioner of Agriculture, Hon. James D. Price, of Georgia, said this about the book: "I wish every former in Georgia would get a copy and read it." It has also been commended by as high authority as Hon. F. J. Merriam, editor of the Southern Ruralist, and writer for at least a million Southern farmers.

These agencies also give out copies of the new farm paper published by the System. They can be had freely for the asking, but none will be given away to those who do not ask.

Following are Jobson System agents in this county to whom the Atlanta official was referring, and who are glad to serve the people with full and complete information:

Downs Hardwars Co., of Clanton, McSwain Mercantile Co., of Cooper, Jemison Hardware Co., of Jemison, Gulledge Bros., of Verbena.

SOME PRACTICAL ECONOMICS

The Raleigh, North Carolina, News and Observer publishes a column-long article on the soy bean industry, and says that soy beans are now grown successfully in every county of that state. It also makes the comment that 19,000,000 gallons of soy bean oil were imported into this country last year from Asia. We would suggest that the good people of North Carolina communicate these facts to Sentor Simmons of that state, who is chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, and, as such, is the principal factor in the making of a tariff law. Notwithstanding the fact that a tariff bill must originate in the House, its most important features are sometimes determined by the Senate. We would also suggest that those people in North Carolina who want to see North Carolina's soy bean oil substituted in our home markets for the product of Asia, write a letter to the Tariff Commission, which just now has not very much to do and indicate to that commission their views upon the desirability of a protective tariff which would discourage the purchase of the products of Japan and China.

HONOR TO A HERO

In the midst of our hurried preparation for participation in the war, it might not be wasted effort to stop long enough to pay the fitting tribute to one of the heroes who has recently passed to the freat beyond. General Frederick Funston is one of the great characters in American military history. He was a hero whose merits achieve no less recognition than that given to such men as Jackson, Sherman and other well known heroes of previous wars. A liberal provision made now for the erection of a suitable statue to General Funston would do much to stimulate those whom we are now sending to the trenches in Europe. We must not send our boys across the ocean with the impression that republics are ungrateful.

THE FARMER HAS DONE WHAT UNCLE SAM ASKED OF HIM

September 5th, 1917.—

"Mr. J. A. Wade
Commissioner of Agruculture,
Montgomery, Ala.

"My Dear Mr. Wade:

"I have read with a great deal of interest your letter to the farmers, urging them to plant more wheat, and urging them to help in this great struggle.

"The frmer is very ready to do his part, but is he getting a square deal? Last year about this time, the bankers, the government, and through you the state, were urging the farmers to plant food crops. President Wilson said that the man who planted food crops was doing a greater work than the man in the trenches. This was true, and the farmers went to work as I had never seen them before and they have produced enough food to lant them for two years. This is enough to last the entire state for 16 months. They made this crop under adverse circumstances, as you know. To start with ,we had a very late spring, and many of us had to plant our corn over three times and had to pay three prices for our seed corn, but we determined to win and let nothing come between us and our duty, believing that the government, the bankers, and the president would assist us in getting a fair price for our products. Are they doing it? Please put your ear to the ground and listen and see if it is not a fact that the speculator and manipulator are planning to force the farmer to dispose of his crop at less than cost of production.

"Our food commissioner tells the farmer to hold his corn until next summer when he can sell it for a fair price. Does he know that 80 per cent. of the farmers started this crop financially embarassed and that they had to borrow money from the banks and make their notes payable in October, November and December? If you are not aware of this investigate the records of the county court houses.

"The banker says: 'If you want to keep your credit good, pay your debts promptly.' The banker knows that the farmer has no way to pay his debts except by the sale of his farm products. These products cost the farmer more to produce them than ever before; his horse feed cost him three times the usual price, every pound of meat, lard, sugar, and flour, cost him the same in proportion. In fact, everything necessary to preserve life, except air and water, has cost him three times the usual price.

"We were forced to pay $2.65 per bushel for meal in August, and now as we are getting some of our corn ready for market, what do we find? We find that we can get ONLY $1.00 PER BUSHEL for corn in the market, which means 65 cents on the farm. Is this right, just or fair? Do you think for a minute that the laborer will remain on the farm to produce another crop? He will not. He had rather be in the army where he will get clothes, nourishing food and a salary. Those who cannot get in the army will look for work in some of the munition or rubber factories or in some of the other public works.

"You know as well as I do that we cannot count on wheat as a money crop. You know that Alabama cannot successfully raise wheat because the rainfall is too great. You know that if we get a great deal of rain when the wheat is in bloom it will ruin it. About one out of every five years we make a very good wheat crop, that is, about 15 bushels per acre, and the other years we make from 5 to 8 bushels per acre. After the farmer makes his wheat he hasn't a mill near his farm where he can get his wheat ground for toll, but is forced to sell it at a fixed price and pay the miller whatever he chooses to ask for flour. We have only a few small mills in the state where we can get our wheat ground for toll. I would not have quit raising wheat, but I had to carry it forty miles to Montgomery to have it ground and then I had to sell and buy flour. I quit the game.

"Now is it a fact that corn meal and bean meal can be substituted for flour, and is there a deficiency of 400,000,000 bushels of wheat? If this is so, is it not a bad policy to discourage the farmers by forcing them to sell his corn and beans at prices that mean starvation to him? Must these speculators always get all of the cream and most of the skimmed milk?

"Now, Mr. Commissioner of Agriculture, you know as a practical farmer that if the government will guarantee the farmer a fair price for his products he will produce these crops and you need not make any appeal to him. The government allows a profit to the munitions plants, the speculator, the farm leeches, and even to the distillers, but the farmers must let the speculators have the crops and then the government will buy them from the speculators for fancy prices.

You will see the smallest food crop in Alabama in 1918 that you have seen in several years, if the farmer is forced to sacrifice this crop, and you will see a great exodus of labor in this section.

"We want to farm—we love it; but with the army drafting our best labor, and with the government paying the amunition and steel plants so much profit, that they can pay a common farm hand $5.00 per day, how can they expect us to produce food crops?

"When the farmer can plant 5 or 10 acres and make food for himself and his family without going in debt, why should he strain every nerve and mortgage his soul to produce food for the towns, cities, and for the speculators, when they won't pay him cost of production? Please answer these questions honestly.

Your humble friend,
J. M. ADAMS,
A farmer who works 14 hours a day.

All Choked Up With Catarrh? Why Continue Makeshift Treatment?

Sprays and douches will never cure you.

Catarrh is annoying enough when it chokes up your nostrils and air passages, causing painful and difficult breathing and other discomforts. But the real danger comes when it reaches down into your lungs.

This is why you should at once realize the importance of the proper treatment, and lose no time experimenting with worthless remedies which touch only the surface. To be rid of Catarrh, you must drive the disease germs out of your blood.

Splendid results have been reported from the use of S. S. S., which completely routs from your blood the Catarrh germs, for which it is a perfect antidote.

S. S. S. is sold by all druggists. If you wish medical advice as to the treatment of your own individual case, write to-day to Chief Medical Adviser, Swift Specific Co., Dept. B Atlanta, Ga.

LEGAL NOTICE

To all persons of Chilton County who conduct a business for which a State and County License are required:

Take notice that all State and County License, will be due on October 1st, 1917, and will be delinquent on and after the first day of November, 1917.

If you desire to save additional fees and penalties, be sure and get your license from the Probate Judge during the month of October.

If you fail to do this you will have to pay a penalty; and this notice is given that all persons liable for a license may avail themselves of the opportunity and thereby save all additional cost.

This the 12th day of September, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
9-13-tf Judge of Probate.

COUNTY MAPS FOR SALE

The Union-Banner has made arrangements to print a number of Beat Maps of Chilton County, and now have them for sale to anyone desiring them, at the price of 25 cents each.

Take HERBINE for all disturbances of the bowels. It purifies the bowel channels, promotes regular movements and makes you feel vigorous, bright and cheerful. Price 50c Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

We are in a position to give all

Job Printing

Prompt and Careful Attention

Individuality in your letterheads and other printed matter is helpful to your business. We are ready at all times to give you the benefit of our experience.

VELVET BEAN MILL, FEED MILL, AND MEAL MILL.

The work on the velvet bean, feed and meal mill being constructed by William M. Adams, in Clanton goes steadily forward on his lot in the central portion of the town.

The power machinery, and the new and old kind of rocks for the manufacture of corn meal will be placed this week, and the construction of a warehouse in a western direction to the L. & N. Railroad siding is being pressed forward.

On the question of the shipment of the velvet bean mill and feed mill Mr. Adams has received the following telegram from Williams Patent Crusher and Pulverizer Company, St.Louis Missouri:

"St. Louis, Mo. Sept. 10, 1917.
Mr. William M. Adams,
Clanton, Alabama.

Your velvet bean mill and feed grinder of three tons capacity per hour will be shipped between the 25 and 30 of September.

"Williams Patent Crusher and Pulverizer Company."

This mill will arrive in a short time after its shipment. As previously announced, this mill is built to grind in saleable form, velvet beans, the velvet bean stalks and vines, hay and corn and corn stalks. It is therefore, to the interest of the farmer to save all of his feed and forage crop and dry and house it.

It is expected by Mr. Adams to provide means of securing the daily market quotations on all products raised on the farm, and used in the household, as well as on all feed products, so that the best available market price may be procured by our farmers for the present year's crop.

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR

U. S. Land office, at Montgomery, Ala., July 30, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that Louis T. Dennis, whose port office address is R. D. No. 2, Mt. Creek, Ala., did on the 29th day of January, 1917, file in this office sworn statement and application No. 010113, to purchase the N½ of the SW¼, Section 12, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St. Stephens Meridian, and the timber thereon, under provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that persuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised two hundred and seventy-seven and 58-100 dollars, the timber estimated at 98,563.00 board feet at $2.00 per M., and the land $80.46; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 19th day of October, 1917, before Register or Receiver, U. S. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a coroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would efeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.

Taylor Bros. are paying 30 cents per dozen for eggs, and the highest price for chickens.

"That miserable pain—don't you want relief?"



Close attention to work is the cause of much Pain and many Headaches. Obtain relief by taking one or two

DR. MILES' ANTI-PAIN PILLS

Then tone up the Nervous System by using

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine

AWFUL SUFFERING.

"I suffered untold agony with neuralgia. I thought I would go mad with pain. A friend of mine advised me to take Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. I did so and the pain stopped almost at once. Then I commenced using Dr. Miles' Nervine and before long I was so that I did not have these pains any more." E. J. WINTER, 561 E. Platte Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo.

IF FIRST BOTTLE, OR BOX, FAILS TO HELP YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

TWO KILLED WHEN AUTO IS WRECKED AND BURNS.

Howard Collins and Max Quinn Dead and their Companions Arrested After the Accident.

Columbiana ,Ala., Sept. 10—Two men were kiled and two other men and a woman were injured in an auto accident Sunday night at 11:30 at the Southern Railway crossing six miles west of Columbiana when the car in which they were riding struck a rail in the track and a wheel of the machine was smashed.

The dead are: Max Quinn formerly a newspaper salesman of the Birmingham News, and Howard Collins of Calera.

The injured are Charles H. Trim, J. H. Whitten, and Missouri Broom.

The latter are held in jail on a charge of transporting and keeping for sale intoxicating liquors. The 3 were arrested by Deputy Sheriff Fulton after the accident.

The car in which the party were riding was completely destroyed by fire which followed the wrecking of the machine.

The body of Quinn was burned to a crisp and is being held here for directioins from his people for final disposition.

It is said that the car was moving at a rapid speed when the railroad track was struck, and the three members of the party who were held in jail were thrown from the machine, while the two dead men were pinned under it and could not be rescued.

Only about two gallons of the whiskey said to have been carried in the car was taken in charge by the officers, as the greater part of it was consumed in the flames which destroyed the car.

SUDDEN DEATH OF VETERAN

Mt. Creek, Ala., Sept. 10.—Veteran L. E. Bushnel, age 72 years, was found dead in his bed Sunday morning. Heart failure was the cause of Mr. Bushnel's sudden death. Interment was made in the Home Cemetery on Sunday afternoon.

Miss Elizabeth Smith of Birmingham is in Clanton visiting her pretty cousin, Miss Conradine Lane.

Women!

Here is a message to suffering women, from Mrs. W. T. Price, of Public, Ky.: "I suffered with painful...", she writes. "I got down with a weakness in my back and limbs...I felt helpless and discouraged...I had about given up hopes of ever being well again, when a friend insisted I

Take

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

I began Cardui. In a short while I saw a marked difference... I grew stronger right along, and it cured me. I am stouter than I have been in years." If you suffer, you can appreciate what it means to be strong and well. Thousands of women give Cardui the credit for their good health. It should help you. Try Cardui. At all druggists. E-73

SOLILOQUY OF THE SPECULATOR AND THE MANIPULATOR

(By William Watson Thompson.)

Well done, thou good and faithful farmer. You have done as you have been advised and have made the best and largest food crop ever produced in Alabama. We cannot buy and store your corn for speculation, for if Mr. Hoover and Mr. Hobbie; our commissioners, catch us, they might take our corn and only pay us 10 per cent net profit, when we are accustomed to 100 per cent and over.

Now come on, dear farmer, bring us your corn in good even weight bags, and only as we can manipulate it, and we will pay you the enormous price of $1.00 per bushel to produce this corn for we charged you three prices for your food and everything else that you had to buy. We know that it will cost you 16 cents per bushel to shuck and shell your corn, we will charge you 8 cents per bushel for sacks to put it in, the country merchant or shipper will have to have 5 cents, and we will only dock 5 cents off grades, so you see, you will get about 64 cents per bushel for the corn that cost you only $1.00.

We know that we joined hands with distillers, cornered the corn market after the corn was out of the hands of the producer, and made the consumer pay $2.65 per bushel for it. Now, listen, you give us your corn at $1.00 per bushel, and we will make it into mixed feed and meal, or feed it to hogs, and in this way get $2.80 per bushel for it, or make it into grits and get $3.00 for it. It is all clear to us now. Come on my dear farmer friend and give us your corn for $1.00 per bushel. You will only lose 35 cents per bushel, and think what we will make. Why should you have the impudence to expect cost of production; you have never gotten it. You have always brought us your crops and asked us what we would give you for them and gone on your way rejoicing.

Now, if you do not come across, we will tell Uncle Sam that you are not loyal citizens, and we will have Mr. Hoover and Mr. Hobbie fix a price of $1.00 per bushel on your corn and then we will get it. If you kick or raise a noise, we will have you drafted for the army. Then we will make your corn and beans into flour and sell it to Uncle Sam to feed you on.

Why, some of us have contributed to the $57,000 fund for the cantonment, and we might have a million dollars for this.

Be good now, you farmers, for I have seen it written: "Blessed be the farmer who expecteth nothing, for he shall not be disappointed."

A BIG HAND MADE AGAINST LAWBREAKERS RECENTLY

Sheriff Harris Lands Six Burglars In County Jail.

On Tuesday night Sheriff H. A. Harris and deputies made a haul at Jemison and "bagged" six burglars in the "drag net."

The burglars had previously raided Mr. McNeil's store, and the Sheriff was "on to them" and knew of their intentions of raiding Mr. Cooper's store at Jemison on Tuesday night, nd so he and a deputy were on guard. They arrested and lodged in the county jail, the following: Thomas Hines, Tom Henderson, Douglas Towbrin, William Groshan, Pritt Northcutt and Leon Franklin.

These burglars were "caught in the act," and they are now in the county jail "looking out."

On one of the burglars a bunch of keys that would unlock fifty different locks was found.

Sheriff Harris deserves credit for this haul, for it was made at the point of guns.

John M. Patterson of Route 2, was in town last Friday. Mr. Patterson ordered the Union-Banner to print him labels for 200 gallons cans of syrup, which he is making on his frm this year.

48 MEN WILL GO AWAY ON THE 19TH OF THIS MONTH

The Local Exemption Board for Chilton county announces that they are called upon to furnish 48 men for the national draft army from this county on the 19th of this month. The list will be made up of those of the first selection who did not claim any exemptions, with the privilege of volunteering extended to those who claimed exemption but were denied. There will be need of about eighteen men besides those who did not claim exemption, and anyone who desires can volunteer in this number, provided he is one of those of the first selection who has been qualified by the District Board.

NOTICE

I am now ready to pay all outstanding Chilton County warrants of all kinds against the general funds also against the fine and forfeiture fund.

J. BICE, County Treas.

CATTLE DIPPING IS IN PROGRESS

The Union-Banner has been informed by Mr. J. N. Dennis that the dipping of cattle for ticks in this vicinity has put on a considerable advance move in the last few days. There is a vat on the farm of Mr. Dennis a mile south of Clanton, at which over a hundred head of cattle have been dipped in the last week or so. Among those who have dipped there are Judge L. H. Reynolds, D. C. Alred, Frank Higgins, N. J. Calloway ,J. E. Robinson, and J N Dennis. In the last few days Judge Reynolds has lost two cows which died with tick fever, and Mr. John Boockholdt of Beat 6 has lost one.

Taking Cathartics Every Day for Weeks Don't Cure Stomach Trouble

They do not eliminate the poisonous bile accretions from the system, so declares a leading Chicago stomach specialist. Often gall stones, cancer and ulcers of the stomach and intestines, auto intoxication, yellow jaundice, appendicitis and other dangerouse ailments are the consequences. Mayr's Wonderful Remedy is the ideal prescription for stomach, liver and intestinal ailments. It has restored millions. One dose will prove that it will help you. Mayr's Wonderful Remedy is for sale by Upchurch Drug Co.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT

Whereas, it has pleased Almighty God to call from the walks of men our beloved and worthy brother, Albert Patterson, therefore, it is resolved that we bow in humble submission to Him who does all things well.

Resolved second, that in the death of Bro. Patterson, our Masnic Lodge has lost a true friend and one who loved free masonry, the Baptist Church a true Christian, and his community a good citizen.

Bro. Patterson was about 75 years old and had been a Mason for a long time. He profested faith in Christ when a young man and joined the Missionary Baptist Church at Pleasant Grove, and remained a member there until his death.

The funeral services were conducted by Rev. R. M. Honeycutt, fter which his body ws laid to rest with Msonic honors.

Resolved third, that this be given to each of the county papers for publication.

W. H. SHAW,
J. M. LANGSTON,
J. H. PATTON, SR.,
Comittee.

When the bowels feel uncomfortable and you miss the exhilirating feeling that always follows a copious morning operation, a dose of HERBINE will set you right in a couple of hours. If taken at bedtime you get its beneficial effect after bfeakfast next day. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

MORTGAGE SALE

Default having been made in the payment of the indebtedness secured by that certain mortgage executed by Guy H. Gerald and Clara Gerald, to O. P. Lindquist on March 25, 1915, which said mortgage being recorded in Vol. 150, page 426, record of mortgages, in theo fice of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Ala., I, O. P. Lindquist will offer for sale at public outcry, to the highest and best bidder for cash, on Monday, Sept 17, 1917, during the legal hours of sale, at the courthouse door in Clanton, Ala., the following described real estate situated in Chilton County, Alabama, to-wit:

Certain lots or parcels of land in the Town of Thorsby, described as follows: Beginning at a point one hundred (100) feet west of the southeast corner of the southwest quarter of northwest quarter of northwest quarter of Section seven (7), Township twenty-two (22), Range Fourteen (14), running thence south two hundred (200) feet, thence east to a point on the west line of the northwest quarter of the Southeast quarter of the Northwest quarter on the Birmingham & Montgomery Highway, thence in a northerly direction along said road to the north line of Southwest quarter of Northwest quarter, thence west to the point of beginning, containing thre and one-half (3½) acres, more or less;

Also S.W.¼ of N.W.¼ of N.W.¼, Sec. 7, T.P. 22, Range 14, containing ten (10) acres, more or less.

Also S.½ of S.E.¼ of S.E.¼ of Section 1, Township 22, Range 13, containing twenty (20) acres, more or less;

Also N.E.¼ of N.E.¼ ;N.½ of S.E ¼ of N.E.¼, Sec. 12, T. P. 22, Range 13, containing sixty (60) acres, more or less;

Also N.E.¼ of N.E.¼ of S.E.¼ ; S.W.¼ of N.W.¼ of N.E.¼, Sec. 12, T.P. 22, Range 13, containing twenty (20) acres, more or less.

Also part of N.W.¼ of S.W.¼ of S.W.¼, Sec. 6, T.P. 22, Range 14, described as follows: a strip of land one hundred feet wide along the west side of said land, also a parcel of land described as Lots Nos. 8, 9, 10, in Block 1 of Siminton's Addition to Thorsby, said lots extending east from the strip above mentioned and fronting fifty feet, each, on Franklin Street, and extending in a southerly direction 140 feet, said strip and lots containing in all, two acres, more of less.

Containing in all, 115 acres, more or less.

All above land in Sections one and seven, are conveyed subject to any valid reservation or mineral right in force at the execution of said mortgage.

The proceeds of said sale will be applied to the payment of the expenses incident to said sale, including attorneys' fee, and to the amount of the indebtedness due on said mortgage.

This, August 1, 1917.

O. P. LINDQUIST, Mortgagee.
Middleton & Reynolds,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Swellings of the flesh caused by inflamation, cold, fractures of the bone, toothache, neuralgia or rheumatism can be relieved by applying BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It sheuld be well rubbed in over the part effected. Its great healing and penetrating power eases the pain, reduces swelling and restores natural conditions. Price 25c, 50c and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Company.

CLANTON BANK OFFICIALS SET FREE BY COURT HERE

Judge Leon McCord's court commenced business on Monday morning and Clanton was crowded with visitors owing to the fact that some important cases were on the docket.

The first case called was that in which George Tackett was charged with violating the prohibition laws, and the second case was that of Perry Glass charged with the killing of J.M. Cambell, and after examination the case was set for October 13th.

Then the joint indictment against the defunct Clanton Bank officials was the next case on the docket.

Solicitor Tate, when the Bank case was called, moved to nolle pross the indictment, which virtually confirmed ll of the nineteen different charges, and after consideration, Judge McCord affirmed the motion; and thus, the Clanton Bank failure case ended.

Just what bearing this proceeding will have on the case of Dr. E. A. Matthews, who is now serving a term is a matter of future result.

PEACE IN 24 HOURS

for stomach sufferers who take Mayr's Wonderful remedy. Don't neglect your stomach ailments another minute. What appears to be only minor stomach disorders may often be symptoms of cancer and ulcers of the stomacha nd intestines, gall stone, acute indigestion, gastrites, auto intoxication, yellow jaundice and other dangerous ailments of which the sufferer is not aware until too late. An ideal prescription for quickly overcoming stomach, liver and intestinal trouble is Mayr's Wonderful Remedy. Millions of people have been restored by it. One dose will prove that it will help you. Mayr's Wonderful Remedy is for sale by Upchurch Drug Co.

FARMERS TO FORM SECRET BODY TO AID IN SELLING OF CROPS

First "Protective League" Will be Formed at Clanton Next Saturday.

"KEEP THE MIDDLE MAN FROM GETTING IT ALL."

New Organization s ito be Non-Political nd to Have Branch in Every County in State.

The Farmers Protective League will be organized in Clanton Saturday of this week.

According to information obtainable in Birmingham yesterday the agricultural producers of Alabama will band themselves together in a determined effort to prevent "Middlemen" from acquiring their record breaking food crop at only nominal prices.

It is understood that 2000 farmers have signified intention of attending the Clanton meeting. Tuesday of next week a second gathering will be held in Autauga county, and Thursday a third will be held in Lowndes. Thereafter the farmers, county by county will be organized.

Farmers Deeply Aroused.

The cause of the preparation of the farmers to resist what they term the "taking away of their products,"is said to be an alleged concerted action on the part of the grain merchants to pay for corn only 75 cents per bushel.

It is reported that the farmers of the state are deeply aroused. They are represented as keenly resenting to dispose of the record breaking crops of corn, peanuts, velvet beans, and hay only at a sacrifice—food crops which they claim to have produced in a patriotic response to the appeal of the government and agents.

Word reaches Birmingham from outlying agricultural districts that the farmers are forecasting an all-cotton crop next seasonunless the government successfully aids them in the disposition at a profit of their present food yield.

Secret But Non-Political.

Unlike the Farmers Alliance which held sway in Alabama a score of years ago, the Farmers Protective League will be non-political. But it will be a secret organization. Its members will be limited to the white men, and men "75 per cent farmers." The latter clause will be adopted to prevent country merchants conducting a little farm as a side line acquiring membership.

To emphasize the non-political tendency of the organization, it is stated that at Clanton Saturday, the farmers will be ddressed by both Democrats and Republicans, among them to be some of the best known men of the state.

It is understood the farmers will agree to hold their production for a better market with the hope of the government stepping in with aid as it has been so insistent that they raise a great amount of foood.

They want the government to care for the southern farmer as it has cared for the western wheat growers.

May Become Southern.

The prime factors in the contemplated farmers organization predict that the movement will spread thruout Alabama, and state by state, thru out the South.

They contend that the farmer cannot protect himself until he organizes and forces a natural market. They expect the government, which urged the farmers to bandon money crops, and plant food crops, will come to his assistance.

Those in position to state further plans of the farmers were unwilling to be quoted yesterday. They declare however, that after the Clanton meeting, wide publicity will follow.

The above article is reproduced from the Birmingham Age-Herald of Tuesday.

BIDS WANTED FOR ROAD WORK

In pursuance of an order adopted by the Commissioners Court of Chilton County, Alabama, at their regular adjourned meeting on September 5th, 1917, I, L. H. Reynolds, Judge of Probate, have requested to be published the following notice:

Notice is hereby given at a regular adjourned meeting of the Commissioners Court of Chilton County, Ala held at Clanton, Alabama, on the 5th day of September, 1917, an order was adopted providing for the building or construction of a public highway from Clanton to Maplesville, in Chilton county, along or near the line of the present graded road or highway between said points.

Said road to be built by grading and graveling. The work to be done by contract, said contract to be let to the lowest bidder under sealed bid the same to be deposited with the Court on October 5th, 1917, at William Walker's place about twelve miles west of Clanton, on said road, from 11 to 12 o'clock noon. The Commisioners court will be in session a this place on above date for the receiving or the bids and the convenience of those who desire to bid on said work.

The bids shall set forth the number of yards of work each party will be able to perform, whether the same to be graded or graveled, and the charg per yard for each kind of work.

The payment for the building and grading of said road or highway to be made by issuing warrants on the county treasury, payable when the work has been done.

All persons offering to bid upon said work for the building or grading of said road, or any number of yards of the same, may deposit their bid in sealed envelope marked "Bids for County Road Work,"and addressed to the Commissioners court on or before 12 o'clock on the 5th day of October, 1917, at which time said bids will be passed upon by the court.

The court reserving the right to reject any and all bids made on said work.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

GIRL'S STATEMENT WILL HELP CLANTON PEOPLE

Here is a girl's own story: "For years I had dyspepsia, sour stomach and constipation. I drank hot water and olive oil by the gallon. Nothing helped me until I tried buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as mixed in Adler-i-ka. One spoonful helped me instantly." Because Adler-i-ka flushes the whole alimentary tract, it relieves any case of constipation, sour stomach or gas and prevents appendicitis. It has quickest action of anything we ever sold. Upchurch Drug Co.

Our good friend D. M. Apperson of Maplesville was a visitor at The Union-Banner office on Monday.

MILCH COWS, DRY CATTLE, HOGS

When you need milch cows, dry cattle, hogs, or have any to sell or trade, see us. Will sell for cash or on time.

Gulledge Bros., or
W. M. Bridges,
Verbena, Ala.

8-9-17-3t

Will Keep You Well



When you get a terrific sick headache, become constipated or have any stomach or liver trouble, a dose or two of

Granger Liver Regulator

will put you in good shape. It is a purely vegetable preparation, non-alcoholic and acts pleasantly and effectively.

Concord, N. H., Jan. 17, 1917
I was sick six months last year and the Doctor told me to go to Florida. I got some Granger Liver Regulator in Florida and it did me good. I brought four boxes home with me and now I am feeling a great deal better.
(Signed) R. J. Rowland

Sold by all druggists---25c a box
Granger Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.



Artistic Walls and Ceilings

YOU will enjoy the pleasure of artistic and sanitary surroundings when you have your walls and ceilings decorated with

Pee Gee Flatkoatt

The Modern, Durable, Sanitary, Flat-Oil Finish

It sets a new standard for interior decorating and has taken the place of old-fashioned and unsanitary wall paper and other antiquated material.

It comes in 24 soft, deep, velvety colors which can be combined into most artistic effects. It is very economical and if soiled can be easily cleaned.

Let Us Help You with Plans and Advice

Write to Decorating Department, Peaslee-Gaulbert Co., Incorporated, Louisville, Ky., regarding your walls and ceilings. Expert decorators will gladly assist you, free of charge.

UPCHURCH DRUG CO.,
Clanton, Ala.

FREE

48 page illustrated book, *"The Modern Method of Decorating Walls,"* contains suggestions for the artistic decoration of walls and ceilings, and color plates of rooms finished with Pee Gee Flatkoatt. Ask us for this book or write to PEASLEE-GAULBERT CO., Inc., Louisville, Kentucky.

Try us Once

We want to prove to you that you get Higher Quality, Better Service, More Satisfaction and Lower Prices on any thing you buy from us.

Remember you Get

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back."

W. A. KEMP

CLANTON, ALA.

Co-operation Means A Better Community

THERE NEVER WAS ANOTHER PLACE IN THE WORLD THAT NEEDED THE SPIRIT OF CO-OPERATION DEVELOPED AMONG ITS BUSINESS MEN MORE THAN DOES THIS OUR OWN TOWN OF CLANTON. OUR BUSINESS MEN NEED TO AND IN FACT MUST CO-OPERATE WITH ONE ANOTHER; AND THEN IN TURN, THEY, AS A BODY, MUST CO-OPERATE WITH THE PEOPLE OF THE SURROUNDING VICINITY WHO ARE THE MAKING OF OUR TOWN. TO THIS END THE MERCHANTS AND BUSINESS MEN, WHOSE NAMES YOU SEE IN THIS BOOSTER ADVERTISEMENT HAVE CONSENTED TO WORK WITH THIS PAPER FOR A PERIOD OF ONE YEAR. THEY INVITE ALL THE PEOPLE OF THE TOWN AND COMMUNITY TO JOIN IN WITH THEM IN WORKING FOR THE BEST INTERESTS OF OUR OWN LOCAL DEVELOPMENT.

Shoes and Clothing

I have a full line for Fall and Winter

W. A. KEMP

GROCERIES

The best and cheapest Line in town.

J. W. Littlejohn

Exchange Hotel

Modern, Sanitary, Clean & Equipped

Mr. Merchant:

Do you believe in Co-operation? If so, you can help out by putting your name in this space. Show your grit!

Cattle.

I will buy sell or trade Any and all kinds.

L.H. REYNOLDS

Syrup Cans

Only a few left Get them now.

Downs Hdwe. Co.

FREE HONEY FRUIT
CHEWING GUM
FOR ALL ATTENDING THE 2:30 MATINEE SATURDAY. WILL ALSO GIVE A FULL BOX OF HONEY FRUIT TO ONE HOLDING LUCKY TICKET. CHILDREN UNDER 12 ACCOMPANIED BY EITHER PARENT ADMITTED FREE MATINEES
IDEAL THEATRE

TO THE FARMERS:

While we business men of Clanton are co-operating in the interest of our town, we want the Farmers of this vicinity to remember that we are interested in them, and are willing to help them. Whenever the merchants of Clanton help the farmers, they also help themselves at the time.

TRADE WITH THOSE WHOM YOU KNOW.

NEW WILSON HOTEL
Everything New and Modern
Rates Reasonable

Ford Cars and Parts; Oil, Gasoline and Accessories.

Get your order in for new crs now nd not have to wait.

L. J. DUNCAN

GOOD VALUES IN SCHOOL TABLETS, PENCILS, ETC., AT THE
CANDY STORE
FRESH CANDIES AND COLDEST DRINKS ALL THE T'ME.

Allen Princess Ranges

See them on display at

Clanton Mercantile Company.

Good Farm for Sale

I have a good one-horse farm for sale cheap for cash. 2 miles north town on the highway.

Wiley Littlejohn

Ask to see the nsw

Edison Machine

UPCHURCH'S

L. C. REYNOLDS

Dealer in Fount and bottled drinks, Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobacco, Candies.

Located in Wright Bldg.

JURY LIST FOR THIS WEEK

No.	Name	Beat
1.	Edd Smitherman,	7
2.	Will E. Hayes,	15
3.	Alfred L. Robinson,	5
4.	John C. Courtney,	6
5.	Charles W. Martin,	2
6.	Joe A. Raines,	5
7.	James Franklin,	9
8.	Bird G. Jones,	1
9.	Rufus J. Downs,	10
10.	Joe W. Nelson,	10
11.	Dave A. Friday,	8
12.	Young E. Smith,	3
13.	Willie G. Culp,	4
14.	John W. Chambers,	7
15.	R. Harry Jones,	8
16.	John T. Sims,	8
17.	Ruben F. Wyatt,	4
18.	Baldwin B. Scott,	5
19.	Alvin A. Wheeler,	7
20.	Glaucus M. Durbin,	6
21.	Luman M. Brantley,	2
22.	J. Oliver Smith,	1
23.	Tom G. Lake,	5
24.	J. Wash Riggins,	9
25.	Jim W. Gay,	8
26.	Henry T. Williams,	5
27.	William B. Vance,	4
28.	Jeff D. Blankenship,	4
29.	Joe Bratton,	12
30.	J. Red McAfee,	7
31.	John W. Thornton,	10
32.	Wm. A. Weaver,	8
33.	Lafayette A. McGraw,	2
34.	Marion A. Gore,	4
35.	John C. Calloway,	5
36.	Jim O. Mize,	7

Our friend, Bill Benson, the well known singer from Collins Chapel, graced the streets of Clanton last Friday with his presence.

Yellow complexion, pimples and disfiguring blemishes on the face or body can be gotten rid of by doctoring the liver, which is torpid. HERBINE is a powerful liver correctant. It purifies the system, stimulates the vital organs and puts the body in fine vigorous condition. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

REPORT OF GRAND JURY

State of Alabama, Chilton County. To Hon. Leon McCord, Presiding Judge:

We, the Grand Jury, duly empanneled and sworn, at the regular Fall Term, 1917, of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama, beg leave to make this, our final report.

We have investigated — alleged violations of the law, and have returned into your Honor's Court 9 true bills.

We have inspected the County Court House and Jail, and find both well kept and in good condition. The prisoners confined in jail are properly cared for.

A committee of this Grand Jury made such inspection of the books and accounts of the various county officers as they were able to make, and examined the bonds of the county officers. All the books and records were found neatly kept, and insofar as this Grand Jury was able to determine, correctly kept. The report of the County Treasurer is hereto attached, as Exhibit "A" and made a part of this report.

The Grand Jury is of the opinion that crimes are on the decrease in Chilton County, and that this is, in a large measure, due to the rigid enforcement of the prohibition laws, and the laws in regard to carrying concealed weapons. We recommend that in cases of convictions for these offenses that hard labor sentences be imposed by the Courts.

The Grand Jury has had under consideration cases of alleged incendiary fires, and alleged cases of purjury of witneses testifying in court. and we are of the opinion that more attention should be given to the investigation of these two classes by future Grand Juries, to the end that the practice of using perjured testimony in the trial of cases in the courts may be stopped, and that people who would burn their property in order to collect the insurance may be deterred.

We beg to report that we have, after due investigation, reached the conclusion that certain indictments should no be returned to your Honor's Court, and we, therefore beg to suggest that Otis Burns and Jim Hammond be released from our county jail. Not being able to get the testimony before this Grand Jury in cases No. 8 and No. 24, on account of absent witnesses, we respectfully ask that your Honor have the proper order entered continuing these two cases on the Grand Jury Docket for investigation by the next Grand Jury.

We find that the roads of the county have not been worked recently. This is due to negligence on the part of no one, so far as we are able to learn; but is because of the fact that the present Board of County Commissioners are now engaged in trying to work out a plan or system for working the public roads of the county. They have not yet completed the details of their plans, but we are informed that they will soon have a plan looking towards the working of the roads of the entire county, and so soon as their plans are completed, work will begin.

We cannot stress too much the suggestion that our Commisioners do not make the mistake that other counties have made, and that is that in their zeal to build new roads, they neglect the roads already built, and allow them to get in bad condition. This, we think, is poor economy and bad business, and entails unnecessary road expense upon the county.

We find that there are ten female and four male inmates in the county poor house, and two female and one male who receive aid from the county but who do not reside at the county poor house at present.

Words are not strong enough to describe the condition in which we found our county poor huse. To put it mildly, it is a disgrace to the good name of Chilton County. To find that those, who, through disease and poverty, are unable to provide for themselves, and who thus have a just claim for comfort and maintenance against the county are provided for in a manner in which a committe of this Grand Jury ascertained is horrifying indeed.

We feel that it our duty to make this report in ordert that the public may know of conditions there. Weeds have taken the place; comforts are few; filth abounds, and the food and raiment furnished the inmates, so far as we could ascertain, would in quantity and quality compare very unfavorably with that furnished our slaves in the days before the war. Medical attention is not such as it should be, and we found one of the inmates suffering from disease, her sores covered with flies, and her surroundings such that no decent person could long remain in her presence. Soap is cheap and water is plentiful, and there certainly can be no excuse for the very unclean and unsanitary condition in which we found the things.

The system upon which the poor are cared for in this county is wrong in principle, and diametrically opposed to the higher instincts of civilization. They are farmed out at so much per head per month for their clothing and food to their keeper, and his profit must come, and can come only from the amount he is able to squeeze each month from the comforts and necessities of the inmates. We learn that he has a contract to keep the poor on these farms till January 1st, next, towit: $9.00 per month for each inmate, this to furnish both food and clothing. Under existing prices, this is too little, if every cent were spent upon the inmates; but as the keeper must make his own profit out of this besides, except what he gets from the poor farm, which he receives free of rent as part of his consideration, one may well wonder how conditions could be otherwise as to food and ramient.

But there can be no excuse for the uncleanliness which abounds. We are constrained to say that we consider the present mangement of the poor house entirely inefficient, and recommend that the Commissioners cancel his contract at once, or ask for his resignation; or take any steps necessary to dispense with the services and employ a competent man in his stead.

We beg to thank your Honor for the able and efficient charge which has made our line of duty clear, and to thank our able and efficient solicitor for his valuable assistance and advice given us, also the Sheriff and his deputies as well as our Bailiff for prompt and courteous services rendered. Having now completed our duties for this term of this Court, we respectfully ask to be discharged.

Most respectfully submitted,
WILEY LITTLEJOHN, Foreman.

MACHINERY REPAIRED

All kind of broken machinery repaired and made as good as new. We rebore automobile cylinders and make a new engine out of an old one. All work guaranteed. We Mend Everything but broken bones.

SOUTHERN WELDING CO.,
Monagomery, Ala.

W. A. Weaver of west Chilton was in town this week at Circuit Court.

MACEDONIA WORKING

All who are interested in the Macedonia Cemetery at Macedonia are requested to meet there on September 14 for the purpose of cleaning off the grounds. Bring the necessary tools. If the weather is not favorable we will meet on the next day.

JAMES BAKER.

DR. W. L. PARRISH
Graduate Veterinarian.
Hurry Calls made in Auto.
'Phone 110-35, Clanton.

TAX NOTICE

COLLECTOR'S AND ASSESSOR'S ROUND

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of collecting the State and County Taxes for Chilton County for the year 1917 and assessing taxes for the year 1918.

Maplesville,	Beat 7,	October 1, 1917
Stanton,	Beat 8,	October 2, 1917
Pletcher,	Beat 15,	October 3, 1917
Enterprise,	Beat 6,	October 4, 1917
Verbena,	Beat 5,	October 5, 1917
Minooka,	Beat 13,	October 6, 1917
Thorsby,	Beat 9,	October 8, 1917
Jemison,	Beat 2,	October 9, 1917
Benson,	Beat 3,	October 10, 1917
Macedonia,	Beat 14,	October 11, 1917
Mineral Springs,	Beat 12,	October 12, 1917
Robinson's Store,	Beat 12,	October 13, 1917
Mullins Academy,	Beat 1,	October 15, 1917
Cane Creek,	Beat 11,	October 16, 1917
Providence,	Beat 16,	October 17, 1917
Cooper,	Beat 10,	October 18, 1917
Mt. Creek,	Beat 5,	October 19, 1917
Evergreen,	Beat 10,	October 20, 1917
Kincheon,	Beat 6,	October 22, 1917
Culp Schoolhouse,	Beat 15,	October 23, 1917
Riderville,	Beat 8,	October 24, 1917
Shoults,	Beat 7,	October 25, 1917
Mars Hill,	Beat 2,	October 26, 1917
Concord,	Beat 13,	October 27, 1917
Clanton,	Beat 4,	Nov. 12 to 30, 1917

Take notice that under Section Number 34, of the Revenue Code of 1915, it is the duty of every person liable to taxation in each election precinct, to attend in person on the first day of the appointment in your Precinct, and then and there render to the Assessor a full and complete list of all property, of which he or she was owner on the 1 day of October of that year.

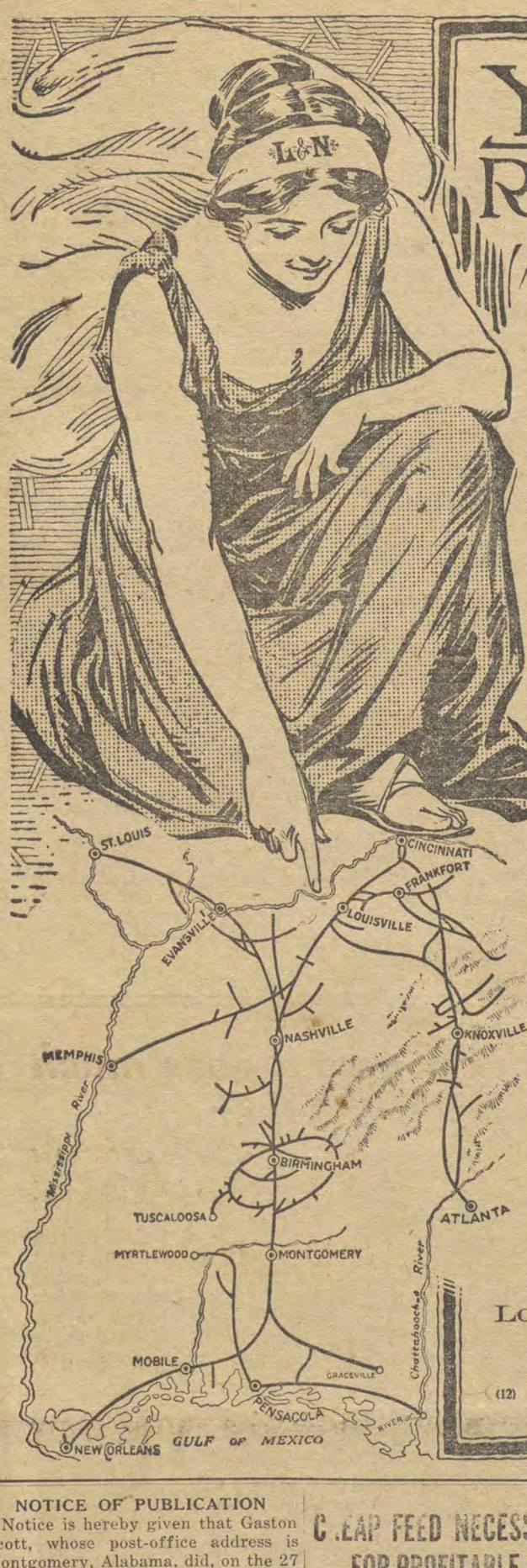
All taxes and assessments are delinquent after December the 31st, 1917.

J. D. COLLINS, Tax Collector,
J. N. DENNIS, Tax Assessor.

Coffins, Burial Supplies, Automobile Accessories For sale at

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.

CLANTON, ALA.



YOUR Railroad

THE L. & N. SYSTEM penetrates the very heart of the industrial South and its steel rails are arteries over which Southern commerce circulates to the markets of the world at a profit to the people of the South.

By creating a railroad in the South, the L. & N. affords constant, lucrative employment to hundreds of thousands of people of the South.

As the South prospers, the duty of the L. & N. to supply increased facilities increases and additional employment is afforded.

During this time the L. & N. is not only supplying good service at minimum rates, but is co-operating with the people of the South in building for the future development of the South.

The annual average payroll of $21,839,547.66 is the means of support for 30,460 L. & N. employees and their families, and is a subject of vital consideration to the welfare of the South, because every one of these employees lives in and spends his money in the South.

The Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company is pre-eminently a Southern road: ninety-six per cent. of its operated mileage is below the Mason and Dixon line, and its interests and the interests of the people of the South are mutual.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.

(12) *The Old Reliable*

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

A. C. Smith B. Guy Smith
SMITH & SMITH
Attorneys At Law
General Practice
Clanton, - - - - - Alabama.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. A. B. BAXLEY
Optometrist
Office in Mullins Bldg.
Clanton, Ala.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

F. B. COLLIER
Attorney at Law
Office in the Johnson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in Hopkins Bldg.
Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women & Surgery
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

OAK HILL NEWS

Editor Union-Banner:

We had preaching here Sunday with our pastor, Bro. Stephenson presiding.

The cream supper at Mr. A. K. Durbin's was a grand success with a large crowd. Also there was a guessing cake, which was won by Mr. Earl Cable.

A large crowd went to the singing at Geneva Cable's.

Miss Ivey Sulley spent Saturday night with Miss Gertrude Durbin.

Miss Martha Howard spent the day Sunday with Miss Ora Durbin.

Mr. Bud Williams of Bessemer is spending a few days with home folks this week.

We are sorry to hear of Vester Langston's illness.

Syrup making is all the go in this community this month.

Our school begins the Fourth Tuesday with a rally. Everybody is invited to come and bring their dinner. There is sure to be something good.

OBITUARY

Died at his home at Sylacauga, on August 12th, Bernie Cofer. His remains were laid to rest in Mars Hill Cemetery, attended by a large concourse of people. Bernie was a nice good young man. He leaves a young wife, one child, and a host of friends and relatives to mourn his early demise.

He is gone. And the natural thought is where are the dead? Holy writ answers that they are sleeping in the grave, waiting the return of earth's rightful king, when they will be called forth from the prison house of death.

We sympathize with Mr. Cofer's relatives; but let them be consoled with the thought that he has escaped probably the severest trials of earth's history, and when he returns it will be blessings untold.

SINGING AT MT. MORIAH

On the 26th was a great day at Mt. Moriah Church, near Wessington. The day was spent in singing until 3 p.m., when Rev. Abercrombie of Randolph preached to the vast audience. Prof. Milstead was the chief music director for the day, and he did his work well. The class was large and attentive. Kindness and good feeling abounded. The weather was ideal. It is a great pleasure to attend Prof. Milstead's singings.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Emily H. Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery, Alabama, did, on the 6th day of March, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application No. 010141, to purchase the SE¼ of the NW¼ of the SW¼, of Section 36, Township 22 North, Range 16 East, St Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber estimated 144,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $79.70; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9 day of November, 1917 before Register or Receiver, U. S. Land office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.

SINGING CONVENTION

The Chilton County Singing Convention was held on the 1st and 2nd insts. at Hampton, west of Verbena. It was a good session, several of our best directors being present. Attendance was good.

Elected officers for the ensuing year: Prof. J. H. Williams of Clanton, president; Prof. J. Henry Scott of Verbena, vice-president, Z.J. Jones of Jemison, Secretary.

The following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, a visit to the people of Hampton has been so pleasant and will be the source of many sweet memories in the future, therefore, resolved that we most heartily thank them for their great kindness to us during our stay with them. Resolved that we as a convention strive harder to grow more perfect in the divine art of music, that our gatherings may grow in interest and that our songs may be truly the songs of our pilgrimage on the way to the sweet Highlands of Heaven. Whereas, our worthy president, Mr. T. J. Jackson, at his own request, has been excused for the present from the presidency of this convention; and whereas he has been so untiring in his labors for us, therefore, resolved that we ever appreciate most highly him and his work while presiding over this convention.

The service in memory of the noble Mrs. E. Driver by T. C. Jackson was quite impressive.

In behalf of the convention, we wish to thank the county papers for their liberal notices of this session. Our visit to Hampton will be remembered with pleasure.

J. H. WILLIAMS, Pres.
Z. J. JONES, Secretary.

FIFTH SUNDAY MEETING

The Fifth Sunday Meeting of the Chilton County Association will meet with Pates Chapel Church, 3 miles west of Thorsby, on the 29 and 30 of September, 1917.

The Brethren will please take due notice and govern themselves accordingly. Come and bring something inspiring for others and get something for yourselves. The program will appear later. T. J. DEASON.

POCKET BOOK LOST. Mrs. A. S. Killebrew lost a small pocket book containing about $15.00. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning same to owner.

SEED GRAIN FOR SALE

Fulgum Oats at $2.00 per bushel;
Blue Stem Wheat at $3.25;
Abruzzi Rye at $4.00.
Quantity limited—First come first served.

J. N. DENNIS,
8-23-2t. Clanton, Ala.

C. Reese Mullins
—Agent—
Life Insurance
Fire Insurance
Real Estate and
Singer Sewing Machines
CLANTON, ALA.

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Gaston Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery, Alabama, did, on the 27 day of February, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application, No. 010140, to purchase the NE ¼ of the NE ¼, Section 2, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St. Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known os the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised, one hundred and sixty dollars, the timber estimated 60,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $40.00; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9 day of November, 1917, before Register or Receiver of the U.S. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.
Register.

Awaiting Motherhood



Women, almost without exception, are prone to nervous apprehension when on the road to motherhood. A woman knows that however many people there are close or dear to her, she must face the crisis alone.

There is nothing today prepared for women at such a time that receives such heartfelt expressions of gratitude as does the absolutely safe, tried and reliable preparation, "Mother's Friend".

By the use of this penetrating massage, the expanding muscles of the abdomen relax naturally when baby arrives. The nerves, ligaments and tendons beneath the skin are soothed; the tendency to morning nausea is avoided, and the expectant mother enjoys days of cheerfulness. The nights are not disturbed with nervous twitchings and the crisis is one of great happiness and less pain.

Get a bottle from the druggist and write the Bradfield Regulator Co., Dept. N, 200 Lamar Building, Atlanta, Ga., for their interesting little book, "Motherhood and the Baby", It will be sent without charge to any woman. "Mother's Friend" is a wonderful help to nature and no woman should fail, by any chance, to apply it herself night and morning.

More than twenty men, members of ero squadrons stationed at Kelly Field, Texas, are at the army base hospital, suffering from ptomaine poisoning. They are out of danger.

CHEAP FEED NECESSARY FOR PROFITABLE DAIRYING

By J. P. Quinerly, Agent in Dairying.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

There are many factors which play an important part in successful dairying, but the most important one is cheap feed. We must raise the feed at home and feed our cows by the rule of plenty if we wish the dairy to make a satisfactory profit. Very few, if any, of the cows that we have or can buy are efficient enough to declare dividends on bought feed at present prices. For this reason, no farmer should go into the daily business unless he plans to raise practically all his feed at home. His product must be sold to the Creamery on a butterfat basis—and that means from 12 cents to 15 cents for the cream from a gallon of average milk. Even the city dairyman who receives 40 cents or 50 cents per gallon for his milk usually finds it difficult to make much profit on bought feed. The prices received in both cases are high enough. It is a problem of cheaper production—better cows and home raised feed. We must not expect the consumer to pay us a premium on our inefficiency.

Nature's feed for dairy cows is grass and other pasture plants, hence we should devote our best land and attention to pastures. Our long growing season makes it possible to utilize grazing much longer than can dairymen in many other sections. A piece of waste land full of gullies and bushes is not a pasture and cows will not produce profitably under such conditions.

Green, succulent feed is necessary all the year for profitable dairying. "Canned" pasture should therefore be provided for all seasons when field pastures are not good. Fill the silo with corn or sorghum, or both. No farm investment will pay as great dividends as a silo where dairy cows are kept. In fact many farmers who fed silage during the past winter report that they got excellent results and would not think of milking cows again without a silo even if they were sure of an abundance of velvet bean pasture. In many cases the silo has spelled the difference between profit and loss on dairy farms right here in Alabama this season.

We should feed our cows, first all the pasturage or silage they will eat; then what hay (preferably a legume such as cow-pea, peanut, soy bean, or alfalfa) they will clean up; and grain in proportion to their individual ability to produce milk. When on good pasture, a cow does not require much if any hay or grain unless she can produce over fifteen or twenty pounds of milk per day.

Very satisfactory results follow the feeding of velvet beans (in the pod or ground) alone as the grain part of a dairy ration, but it is more profitable to feed some corn meal (or corn and cob meal) and a small percent of cotton seed meal (not over one-fourth of each) with the beans. Experiments and practical experience show that velvet beans in the pod are worth practically half as much as prime cotton seed meal for milk production. They can be produced for $5.00 per ton or $10.00 for two tons—the equivalent of a ton of $40.00 meal.

Nowhere in the world is it possible to raise feed for dairy cows cheaper than in Alabama. And there is no place where the farmer who depends on bought feed will make much less than here.

Why not profit by recent experiences and "play safe" next summer and winter? Plan now for a plenty of raised-at-home feed—real pastures, good silage, and an abundance of velvet beans, corn, and hay. These mean PROFIT in the dairy business.

NEW BULLETIN OF FEEDING VALUE ON VELVET BEANS

The velvet bean is now one of the leading crops in South Alabama and is attracting considerable attention in other parts of the State. A bulletin on the feeding value of this crop has been prepared by G. S. Templeton, Animal Husbandman, and E. Gibbens, Assistant. It is issued by the Alabama Experiment Station as Bulletin No. 192, and is entitled "Cotton Seed Meal Compared with Velvet Beans for Fattening Steers."

The bulletin gives the result of an experiment to determine the value of the velvet bean as a concentrate for fattening steers, the experiment being part of the Local Experiment Work provided for by the Legislature of 1911.

Coming In Now!

The Biggest Stock of Goods ever assembled under the roof of a single store house in Chilton County.

We will soon place this big line at the disposal of the trade for the fall and winter

Come here and get all the things you want right here, and not have to go to many different places.

We offer you hundreds of money-saving Bargains.

If you don't come and get them, you are the loser.

Clanton Mercantile Company

The Big Bargain Store.

CLANTON LOCALS

Mr. W. W. Fox has returned from East Tennessee where he was called by the illness of a friend.

The Clanton Mercantile Co., has just gotten in a car load of new syrup barrells. The price is $2.00 each.

WANTED TO BUY—One or two good mules. E.H. Foshee, Clanton R 5

Check a cough or cold in the lungs before it develops a serious case. BALLARD'S HOUSEHOLD SYRUP is an effective remedy for all soreness or congestion in the lungs or air passages. Price 25c, 50c and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Company.

Rev. E. L. Manning of Verbena was in Clanton last Thursday.

T. G. Lake of Mt. Creek, was in Clanton at Circuit Court this week.

Alfred L. Robinson of Corinth, Beat 5 was a visitor to Clanton Monday.

Wallace C. Edler of Thorsby, former editor of The Union, was a visitor to Clanton Monday.

Philip O. Barrett of Birmingham was in Clanton Monday at Circuit Court, as a witness in the Clanton Bank cases.

Newton W. Askins of the Upchurch Drug Company has accepted a position as pharmacist for a drug house in Geneva, Ala. He left Tuesday morning to take up his duties there. Many warm friends here wish him success.

The Editor of the Union-Banner was married Wednesday afternoon to Miss Vedie Retherford, the most lovely young lady in the world. (The office boy didn't write this local.)

Arthur Leonard Farley, who joined the U. S. Navy some weeks ago, was called to Montgomery Tuesday, from where he will go to training, preparatory to entering active sea service.

Willie Parrish went to Montgomery Tuesday to join the aviation corps of the U. S. army.

Arthur Tippett went to Montgomery Tuesday for assignment to trining station for the United States Navy. He was accepted in the Navy several weeks ago.

Mr. B. E. Collum, merchant of Jemison was here Wednesday attending Circuit Court.

W. H. Shaw, ex-county commissioner of Jemison, was here Wednesday at Court.

Mrs. J. Claud Jones and little daughter, Mary Sue, returned to Decatur today, after spending quite a while with relatives and friends.

Eric Hart went to the Capital city Tuesday in the Clanton Hardware Company's fliver.

Mr. V. J. Elmore is away looking after the war.

Mr. W. Z. Hodges has gone to Roanoke to see his mother who is very sick.

Bring your butter and eggs to W.Z. Hodges. who is paying the highest mrket price for them.

Uncle Jim Mims of Colilns Chapel, member of the county board of education, was in Clanton last Friday attending Circuit Court.

D. H. Gentry of Beat 9 was in town Friday selliing cotton. Mr. Gentry says he will raise about six bales on his place this year.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Thomas J. Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery ,Alabama, did, on the 27th day of February, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application, No. 010139. to purchase the NE ¼ of the SE ¼, Section 2, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised, one hundred and sixty dollars, the timber estimated 60,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $40.00; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9th day of November, 1917, before Register or Receiver, U S.. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.
Register.

LOST—Edison Fountain Pen without cap. Finder please return to Union-Banner office and receive reward.

COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE SCHOOL LAW OF ALABAMA

The following is a synopsis of the Compulsory Attendnce School Law of Alabama, which becomes effective October 1st, 1917:

I. **Goes Into Effect.** The compulsory attendance statute becomes effective October 1, 1917, the beginning of the next school year. (Sec. 1).

II. **Period of Compulsory Attendance Begins.** The compulsory attendance period must begin with the opening of the school unless the county or city board of education shall, by resolution, designate a different time for its beginning. (Sec. 1)

III. **Length of Period of Compulsory Attendance.** The compulsory attendance period is for a term of eighty days, but the board of education may, by resolution spread on their minutes, reduce the time for not less than sixty days.

IV. **Required to Attend School.** All boys and girls between the ages of eight and fifteen years of age, inclusive, must attend school during the compulsory attendance period.

V. **Exceptions to the Law.** The following are exempt from the provisions of the law requiring school attendance:

I. Any child who has completed the elementary course of study of seven grades or the equivalent thereof.

2. Any child living two and a half miles or more from the nearest public school, unless transportation at public expense shall be provided.

3. Any child who is physically or mentally incapacitated for the work of the school.

4. Any child whose services, because of EXTREME poverty, are necessary for his own or his parent's support.

5. Any child whose parent or guardian shall make affidavit before a justice of the peace that the child is without the necessary books and clothing for attending school and that the parent or guardian is unable to provide the same.

VI. **Attendance at Private, Denominational and Parochial Schools may meet Legal Requirements.** The law will be satisfied by the attendance of any pupil falling within the compulsory age limits at a private, denominational or parochial school for the required time, provided such school is taught by a competent teacher, and provided further that the officials of such schools shall make such reports as are required by the proper state, county and city authorities. These reports will be substantially such as are made by teachers in the public elementary schools.

VII. **Formation of Attendance Districts and Appointment of Attendance Officers.** It is the duty of the county board of education to arrange the county into not less than one nor more than five attendance districts and appoint an attendance officer for each district so created. The city board of education in towns of two thousand inhabitants and more will appoint one or more attendance officers as may be needed. The attendance officer serves in the district for which he was appointed and at the will of the appointing board.

VIII. **County Superintendent furnishes List of Pupils to Teacher, Principal or Superintendent.** The county superintendent, not later than ten days before the beginning of the compulsory attendance period, must furnish each principal teacher teacher of a rural school and the superintendent or principal of each city or town school system in his county, a list of all the children between the ages of eight and fifteen years of age inclusive, who should attend the school or schools in charge of said principal teacher, superintendent or principal. The list so furnished shall give the name, date of birth, age, sex, race, estimated distance from the schoolhouse by the nearest traveled road, and the name and address of the parent or guardian.

IX. **County Superintendent Prepares the list with the aid of School Trustees and Secretaries of Boards of Education in cities of two thousand inhabitants or more.** The County superintendent of education shall prepare the list of pupils required above during each even numbered year from the census booklets on file in his office. In the odd numbered years he shall prepare the list by correcting and supplementing the list for the preceding even numbered year. In order that the superintendent may properly do this work, the trustee of each school and the secretary of the board of education in incorporated towns of two thousand inhabitants and more must furnish to the county superintendent of education not later than August 15th of each odd numbered year a list of all pupils between the ages of eight and fifteen years of age inclusive, who have moved without the school district, and an additional list of those who have moved into the school district during the scholastic year, together with the necessary information about age, sex, race, estimated distance from schoolhouse by the nearest traveled road, and the name and address of the parent or guardian.

X. **Teacher uses list and reports Absentees to Attendance officer.** At the end of the fifth day of the compulsory attendance period of any school the principal teacher must report to the county or city superintendent of schools the names and addresses of all persons between the ages of eight and fifteen years inclusive, who have failed to enroll in the school, and, thereafter, the principal teacher shall, at the close of each day, report to the county or city superintendent of schools the names and addresses of any and all pupils between the ages of eight and fifteen years inclusive who have been absent from school for five days without lawful excuse rendered by parent or guardian.

Likewise, it shall be the duty of any private tutor, the superintendent or principal teacher or other official of a private, denominational or parochial school to furnish to the board of education not later than the fifth day from the beginning of the compulsory atendance period, a list of all children of scholastic age enrolled under their supervision and direction. The county superintendent shall certainly recheck all such lists promptly and furnish to the attendance officer a definite list of all children, subject to the compulsory attendance law, who are not complying with the law.

XI. **Teacher must excuse child for Temporary absence in an extreme case of Emergency or Domestic Necessity.** The principal teacher of any school with the approval of the attendance officer is authorized under the law to excuse a child for temporary absence from school in an extreme case of emergency or domestic necessity, as for example, the sickness of the pupil himself or of some member of the family that demanded the presence of the pupil. The teacher must exercise sound discretion in granting such excuse in order that the purpose of the law not be thwarted. The county or city board of education should make rules and regulations governing the exercise of the teacher's authority in excusing pupils for temporary absence.

XII. **Attendance officer must Investigate cases of absence and non-enrollment and Institute Proceedings against the offenders.** The Attendance officer must investigate all cases of failure to enroll in the school and all cases of unexcused absence reported to him by the teacher in the manner fixed by the county board. If no valid reason is found for failure of child to attend, the attendance officer must give written notice to the parent or guardian either in person or by leaving it with some person over twelve years of age living at the place of residence of the parent or guardian. This notice shall require the attendance of the child at school within three days from the date of the notice. Should the parent or guardian fail to comply with the law and the terms of said notice, the attendance officer must make complaint against the parent or guardian in the name of the State of Alabama in some court of record.

XIII. **Duty of the County and City Attorneys to Prosecute Offenders.** It is made the duty of city and county atterneys to prosecute all complaints filed and actions brought under the law.

XIV. **Penalty in Case of Conviction.** Said court of record has full authority to try all complaints against parents or guardians for failure to comply with the compulsory attendance statute and in case of conviction to impose a fine of not less than five dollars nor more than fifty dollars, and also, to commit the offending parent or guardian to the county jail for a term not to exceed thirty days. All fines go into the public treasury.

XV. **Children of compulsory attendance age shall not be employed by any merchant, corporation, company, or other person during compulsory attendance period.** Any merchant, corporation, company, or other person that shall employ during the hours of school any child between the ages of eight and fifteen years inclusive, during the period of cumpulsory attendance is operative, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be subject to the same penalty as mentioned under XIV above.

XVI. **Teachers must make monthly reports showing pupils who have been truant or habitually absent.** Each teacher in the public schools before receiving any month's salary and each tutor, principal, superintendent or other official of a private, denominational or parochial school must make a report to the county superintendent of education or to the city superintendent of schools, showing the names and addresses of each and every pupil who has been truant or habitually absent from school during the month for which the report is made. The report must show the reason for each case of truancy and absence. All cases so reported must be placed in the hands of the attendance officer for investigation.

XVII. **The attendance officer, when directed, must investigate cases of habitual absence and truancy.** It is the duty of the attendance officer to promptly investigate all cases of habitual absence and truancy when directed to do so by the county superintendent of education or by the city superintendent of schools.

XVIII. **Method of dealing with Incorrigible and Habitually truant pupils.** When a pupil has become a habitual truant or is incorrigible, the attendance officer must report the facts to the parent or guardian who must be held liable for his regular attendance and good conduct. The parent or guardian may escape legal responsibility, however, by filing a written statement with the attendance officer that he or she is unable to control the child. It then becomes the duty of the attendance officer to institute proceedings agains such incorrigible or truant pupil before a court of competent jurisdiction. Any pupil so convicted may be sentenced to the proper penal institution; if a white boy to the Alabama Boys' Industrial School; if a white girl to the Mercy Home and Industrial School; if a negro boy, to the Alabama Reform School for Juvenile Negro Lawbreakers; if a negro girl, to such custodial institution as the judge may designate and for such time as he may decide. Any pupil committed to one of the aforesaid institutions must be accompanied by a suitable person. A woman must always accompany a girl so committed.

XIX. **Records and Reports by Attendance Ofifcer.** Each attendance officer must keep an accurate record of all notices served, of all cases prosecuted and of all other services performed by him and must make an annual report including all the above items, to the county board of education or to the city board of education by whom he is employad.

XX. **The Pay of Attendance Officer.** He shall not receive more than three dollars per day for the number of days he actually works. He serves at the will of the appointing board and, inasmuch as the maximum compulsory attendance period is eighty days, he cannot legally serve for more than that number of days in a year. He will probably serve for a considerably shorter time. The attendance officer is paid by the county or city in which he is employed, and in the same way other employees of the county or city are paid. The attendance officers before receiving any pay for services rendered must file an itemized statement to the number of days actually employed and this statement must be certified to by the county superintendent of education or by the secretary of the board of education in the city in which the atendance officer is employed.

"LAUGH AND THE WORLD LAUGHS WITH YOU"

"Friday Afternoon in Pine Knot Academy" will be given on Friday night, September 14, 1917. Benefit new Church Fundy. Admission only Ten Cents.

Come. Come and bring the children.

The following is the "honor roll" in the play.

Pansy Polly Perkins, Mrs. Sallie Stewart; Gideon Band Tucker, McD. Ruffin; Tempy Penelope Thumb, Miss Key; Michael M. Greenleaf, Ruben Lowe; Hanks Hairlip Dewberry, W. H. Sartor; Christopher C. Cracker Jack, Dr. Earl Gowan; Caline Misseltoe Tartantula, Miss M. Hannon; Daniel Deliverance Hoosier, P. D. Wilson; Meekly Alamo Nonesuch, Mrs. J. O. Askins; Techer, Jeremiah Snodgrass Fitspoodle.

Everybody come High School Auditorium, Friday night, September 14. Admission 10 cents.

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week ending September 8, 1917.

Names—WOMEN

Mry E. Bolan
Cora Jackson
Annie L. Goldsmith
Edard Wilson
Mary Brown
N. N. Andrews
Lula Flowers

Names—MEN

Earnest Sites
J. A. Cuder
Jno. S. Wood
C. N. Barksdale
Eddie Clark.

These letters will be sent to the dead letter office Sept. 22, 1917, if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "advertised" giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON, P.M.

See Taylor Bros. before selling your eggs. They pay 30 cents per doezn cash.

THORSBY ITEMS

Mr. J. L. Winslow returned last Saturday from an extended visit with friends and relatives in the north.

Miss Luella Winslow left on Monday of this week for Piedmont College, Demorest, Ga., where she will take advanced work in music and Domestic art while completing her high school course.

Mrs. Louis Howard is visiting friends in Birmingham this week.

Mr. Arthur Villiadsen left on Friday evening of last week for San Antonio, Texas, going by way of Birmingham. His mother accompanied him to Birmingham where she was met by her son Reno Villadsen.

Mrs. A. H. Warren of Montgomery accompanied by her small son, spent a few days in Thorsby last week visiting her father, Mr. A. K. Horn.

Misses Elizabeth Hoopes and Elizabeth Wilkins, teachers in Thorsby Institute, attended a church rally at the Stony Point Church near Deatsville, Saturday night and Sunday.

The many friends of Robert Robinson will be glad to know that he has been transferred from Fort Bliss Texas, to the Officers Reserve Training Camp, Fort Sheridan Illinois.

Miss Edith McCrilliss, who has been visiting in Eufaula, Ala., and Appalachicola, Fla., has just returned to Thorsby.

Miss Fae L. Smith of Marshalltown Iowa, and Miss Elizabeth C. Wilkin of Delaware, Ohio, teachers in the Thorsby Institute, for thecoming session, arrived Friday of last week. Miss Clark, who spent the summer in the Summer School of the South, and Mont Eagle Summer Assembly, arrived Thursday evening. Miss Angel, the librarian, who spent her vacation in Florida, arrived Saturday night. Miss Cyrena Slayton of Hillsdale, Michigan, arrived on Tuesday of this week.

The Public School of Thorsby opened for the session of 1917-18 on Monday, September the 10th. In connection with the opening of the school a new flag pole was raised and a flag the gift of the Patriotic Sons and Daughters of America. The devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. J. M. Graham; Principal S. H. Herbert of Thorsby Institute, who made a few remarks on the need of educated men because of the war. County Superintendent Bean spoke at length to the pupils and parents on the importance of the school work. The teachers for the coming year are, Principal, J. L. Harris, Intermediate, Miss Bertha Littleton, Primary Mrs. Alice McLean.

Miss Lois Abernathy spent a day at the Girls Dormitory last week while on her way from Ensley to spend the week-end with her mother in Montgomery. She returned to enter school on Monday night of this week.

Mr. Thos. Bosworth returned recently from Indiana, after a two-month's visit with relatives and his friends there.

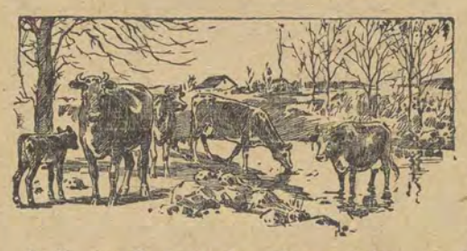
Prof. and Mrs. C. M. Williams returned from their vaction trip to Georgia during the past week. Mrs. Williams was accompanied by her sister, Miss Inez Garrick, and cousin, Miss Gladys Putnam of Senoia, Ga., who will register this week as students of Thorsby Institute.

LEARN TO WRITE

I can make a good penman of you at home during your spare time. Send me your name and $3.50, and take my 8-weeks course by mail.

J. E. THORNTON,
Carrollton, Ga.

Every pound goes much farther



A POUND of old style hulls contains about ¾ pound of real roughage and about ¼ pound of lint. After being eaten, the old style hulls swell to twice the weight, or 1½ pounds. A pound of

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

also doubles after being eaten but as they are 100 per cent roughage, the original pound becomes 2 pounds—not 1½ pounds.

Therefore, a pound of Buckeye Hulls goes a third again as far as a pound of old style hulls. In other words, you only have to feed ¾ pound of Buckeye Hulls to give the same food value as a full pound of old style hulls.

Other Advantages

Buckeye Hulls cost much less per ton than old style hulls.
Buckeye Hulls allow better assimilation of other food.
No trash or dust.
Sacked—easy to handle.
They mix well with other forage.
They take less space in the barn.

Mr. Ben Faulk, Dothan, Ala.,
prefers Buckeye Hulls to old style hulls because cows like them as well, they are cheaper, they agree with the cows, and they go farther, one sack lasting as long as two sacks of the old style.

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

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CHILTON COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

The School for Chilton County Boys and Girls, prepared to do High School Work. Devoted to Secondary Education only. Fully affiliated with every State Institution and the Southern Association of Colleges. Also offers Course of Study for the Boy or the Girl who cannot go to College.

Faculty fully competent—every member a College Graduate; every member has a College Degree. Every Section of the County represented in the Student Body.

Listen, Fellow Citizens, this school is your school. Your tax money supports it. Send us your son or your daughter, and let them claim their own. All departmnets fully organized. Look out for announcement of the strongest Department of Music to be found outside of the cities and colleges.

Next Session opens September 5, 1917. Conference and correspondence solicited. We are here to serve.

H. C. McDONALD, A. B., Principal,
CLANTON, ALA.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., SEPTEMBER 20, 1917. NUMBER 25.

Reception Given in The Honor of Drafted Men

Ladies Missionary Society Receives Chilton's 48 Drafted Boys at Clanton Methodist Church.

APPROPRIATE SPEECHES MADE

The young men who were to leave Chilton County as the "advance guard" of the soldiers that are to follow soon, were recipients of the farewell tendered in their honor by the ladies of Methodist Missionary Society at the Methodist Church on Tuesday evening, which was surely convincing of the esteem and respect that the brave boys are entitled to.

The meeting was opened by the choir singing an appropriate selection which was followed by prayer.

Hon. J. B. Atkinson made a short address full of patriotic utterance and then introduced Hon. J. Osmond Middleton as the speaker of the occasion.

Mr. Middleton reviewed ancient and modern history as to notable events and the great men who participated; he spoke feelingly and eloquently as to the young men who were being honored by the Clanton people. He referred to the World War and America's forced entry into it, owing to the Kaiser's ruthless practices on the high seas. He paid a highly enthusiastic compliment to our nation and our rulers and complimented the young men who would soon join hands with the English and French soldiers in the war which is being waged in order to insure the march of a religious and moral customs.

Col. Middleton delivered a thirty-minute oration that was filled with sentences of admiration, love and respect.

Prof. McDonald spoke for a few minutes and assured the young men that they were leaving friends who would pray to God for their safe and speedy return to their homes and to their friends here in Chilton County.

The church was crowded and the audience was composed of Clanton's good Christian people, who came solely for the purpose of honoring by their presence the esteem and love entertained for the brave boys who are going to carry the flag of our country across the Atlantic and defend America't honor by offering up their own individual lives, if necessary. Clanton people who were present and assisted in their leave-taking surely evidenced by their presence a worthy recognition of the occasion.

The "honor roll" is as follows of those who left for the war:

Henry C. Mullins
George T .Tippett
Joseph Archie Jones
Charles J. Cobern
Walter M. Heaton
Willie W. Shaw
Moodie McGee
Thos. Clinton Foshee
Isaac N. Atchison
Robert J. Culver
Samuel J. Henderson
Walter Caton
Andrew T. Hancock
Albert H. Pyron
Albert A. Pounds
Willie J. Mims
Willie L. Martin
G. C. Smith
C. A. Davenport
Pierce A. Garrett
Charles H. Dansby
Walter B. Northcutt
J. G. Dasby
W. A. Robinson
Alvin Marlow
George H. Gandy
Joseph Montgolf
John T. Morgan
Clifton E. DeLoach
W. E. Childress
N. A. Minor
Luther M. Wright
Walter H. Dobbs
C. Y. Holley
Percy Henson
Ira Billingsley
Leonard H. Jones
J. E. Rasberry
Johnnie M. Burnett
Tommie Hand
C. M. Bearden
Charles E. Sims
J. L. DuBose
Arthur Poe
Grady Williams
Arnold Cherry
Tom Holley

After the church exercises the young men were entertained at the Wilson and Exchange hotels, where refreshments were furnished.

Sheriff H. A. Harris accompanied the young men to the train Wednesday morning and a large number were present to bid the soldiers a heart-felt good-bye.

A reportorial mention of the meeting would be incomplete without a mention of the young ladies, Misses Lane and Harper, who acted as ushers. In fact all—audience, singers and speakers are deserving of praise for this most elegant, appropriate leave-taking of the noble young men who leave Chilton County to serve the country, and when shot and shell are swiftly hurled at them on the battle field, they will no doubt think of the dear, good people of Clanton, who with moistened cheeks and trembling voices bade them good-bye on the eve of their departure..

Again Clanton should feel proud of the occasion and the work of the Methodist Missionary Ladies.

The program, as arranged by Mrs. Killabrew and Miss Lurline Harper was exceptional as to appropriateness and rendition.

The music furnished by Dr. Norman at the Hotel Wilson, both instrumental and vocal, was of a character most creditable.

The civic improvement society is entitled to much praise for their timely attention, devotion and respect to the gallant boys, whom they assisted in entertaining.

At the train when the boys were about to leave there were several noticeable occurrences—several mothers and sisters kissed some of the brave boys good-bye.

FOOD CROPS FOR MAN AND ANIMALS

Their Gathering, Storing, Manufacturing and Preservation.

On account of the limited experience of the Editor of this paper, it probably does not seem fitting that he should attempt to advise the expert and experienced farmer on the methods of gathering, storing, manufacturing and preserving his crops. However, it would not be amiss to call attention to the fact that it will be much to the interest of our farmers to gather all of their grain, such as corn on the ear, velvet beans and soy beans in the pod, in-so-far as possible. Where this method of gathering and saving is not possible then it would be to the interest of our farmers to gather as hay or forage all velvet bean vines, with the beans on them, all hay and all corn stalks and store them in a place where they will dry, if possible.

All such forage products and grain can be manufactured into a mixed feed of the highest food value for animals, on the bean mill and food crusher being constructed by Mr. W. M. Adams at Clanton. This mill will turn out at least thirty tons per day, of mixed feed, such as the kind that is sold and bought at the feed stores in our midst. This Williams mill is guaranteed to mix in the fine form of meal, all hay, corn salks, bean vines, the ear corn and shuck and the velvet beans. It, therefore, is of the utmost interest to our farmers to gather and save every product on their farm this year, so that as it is needed for home consumption, or for sale, when the market price justifies selling, they can place their product in manufactured form which will give it the highest feeding value, or increase its market value.

Mr. Adams informs us that in a short time he will install a flour mill of twenty-five barrels daily capacity, to do some of this year's wheat grinding and to take care of the next years crop of wheat.

This business enterprise located centrally in Clanton will be of much benefit to the farmer and general public.

L. J. DUNCAN DIED SUDDENLY EARLY MONDAY MORNING

Prominent Citizen and Business Man of Clanton Succumbs to Instant Stroke.

About nine o'clock Monday morning sudden death ocurred to Mr. L. J. Duncan, one of Clanton's foremost citizens and business men.

He came down to his place of business as he was always accustomed to do, in ordinarily good health. He went directly to work at his business, and as he was at work about nine o'clock a severe pain seized him in his head.

A few customers and friends were in his garage when he was stricken, and they immediately called in Drs. Hayes, Gragg and Downs. They made every effort to revive the man but to no avail. His pain grew more severe until about twenty minutes he was unconscious, and death relieved him. Mrs. Duncan and his children were brought to his side as quickly as they could, but he was past speech or recognition when they arrived.

Mr. Duncan seemed to realize from the moment the pain seized him that death was certain. He expressed himself as knowing that it meant death, and gave those present his dying message to his wife.

For a number of years Mr. Duncan has been conducting an automobile business in Clanton, and had become the friend of many people all over the county. He had made himslef a splendid reputation here. His sudden death came as a shock to the people of the town.

He leaves a wife and three children, who have the sincerest sympathy of their many friends.

Funeral services were held at the family residence on Tuesday afternoon, after which interment was made in the Clanton cemetery.

Omar L. Reynolds, son of Judge L. H. Reynolds is again at the University of Alabama.

Miss Kathleen Mullins leaves today for Shorta College, at Rome, Ga.

FARMERS PROTECTIVE LEAGUE OF THE STATE OF ALABAMA

Permanent Agricultural Organization Formed, with Interest Directed Mainly toward Properly Marketing and Disposing of Products of the Farm.

The Organization was made Statewide, and the Officers Were Elected. Local Leagues to be Formed in Every County in the State.

Pursuant to the call recently made by Judge L. H. Reynolds at the instigation of Hon. Jos. O. Thompson of Birmingham, a large number of Farmers of Chilton and adjoining counties met at the court house in Clanton last Saturday, interested in the subject of successful marketing of farm products.

At the appointed hour Judge Reynolds called the house to order and entered a motion that Mr. Thompson act as Chairman of the meeting. The suggestion was approved by the audience, whereupon Mr. Thompson came forward and presided. Before taking his chair Mr. Thompson addressed the meeting with a few of the most forceful remarks in touch with the conditions confronting the Southern farmers of to-day. His broad knowledge of agricultural conditions, obtained by wide observation and careful aplication, made it possible for him to present the brief summing up of the facts of the case clear and to the point; in fact he did, as one would say, tell "the whole thing in a nut shell."

Mr. Thompson was followed with an address by Hon. Emmett A. Jones, formerly the man in charge of the Markets and Immigration Bureau of the Department of Agriculture of the State of Alabama. The things which he said were very conclusive indeed, showing strngth and cleverness. Mr. Jones is heartily in sympathy with the farmers, and he desires above all else, to have it brought about in some way for the producers to secure what they are justly entitled to for the things which they are raising.

Judge S. M. Adams followed Mr. Jones with a strong plea for organization and co-operation among the farmers in order to obtain the success and recognition which they deserve.

These discussions brought the audience of interested farmers up to a pitch of mind ready for action, definite and pronounced. Accordingly a motion was carried that proceedings be entered into for the organization of the Farmers' Protective League of Alabama. All who were eligible, and who desired to join were invited to remain in the house. The matter of organization was done in due form with the following officers for the State Organization: Chairman, Hon. Jos. O. Thompson, of Birmingham; Secretary-Treasurer, Hon. Emmett A. Jones, Montgomery, Ala.; State Lecturer and Organizer, Judge S. M. Adams, Clanton, Ala.

A Constitution and By-Laws for the organization was perfected and adopted as follows:

ARTICLE I.

Sec. 1. **Name**—The name of this organization shall be the Farmers' Protective League of Alabama.

ARTICLE II.

Sec. 1. **Object**—Its object and purpose shall be to foster the organization of as many local Farmers' Protective Leagues in as many communities of the several counties of Alabama as will best conserve the interest of the farmers in the uniform development of agricultural conditions, by properly assembling preparing and distributing farm products to the end that a profitable price for farm products may be obtained by the farmers and not by the speculators.

Sec. 2. **Co-operation with all Local Organizations.**—By strengthen- and up-building the work of local agricultural organizations and the Farmers' Union, in particular.

Sec. 3. **County Co-operation.**—By bringing about harmonious co-operation between the several counties of the State.

ARTICLE III.

Membership in the Farmers' Protective League shall be constituted as follows:

Sec. 1. A white man or woman over 18 years of age, a profound believer in Almighty God, of good moral character, a citizen of the United States, a firm believer in America and American principals—and whose greatest interest is in agriculture and the profitable marketing of such products.

Sec. 2. **Applications.**—Application for membership shall be in writing, signed by the applicant, addressed to the State Secretary-Treasurer, recommended by two members of this organization and be accompanied by one dollar initiation fee. Upon receipt of application and initiation fee the Secretary and Treasurer shall receipt for same and forward a card of membership, entitling him to all benefits and privileges of this organization.

The annual dues of this organization shall be $2.00, payable every six months—50 per cent. of same to be remitted to the State Secretary and Treasurer of the Farmers' Protective League for operating expenses and the remainder to be retained for the maintenance of the local League.

Sec. 3. The first meeting of the State Farmers' Protective League shall be held in Clanton, Alabama, on the first Tuesday in January, 1918, and each year thereafter. At such time officers for the ensuing year shall be elected by ballot.

Sec. 4. **Officers:**—A President, a Vice-President, a Secretary-Treasurer and a State Lecturer and Organizer.

The State Secertary and Treasurer shall give a good and sufficient bond which shall be approved by the President.

County organizations of this Institution may organize in the same manner as the State organization and also elect one delegate to represent the county organization to the State assembly of the Farmers' Protective League.

Sec. 5. **Amendments.**—This Constitution and By-Laws or any part thereof may be repealed, substituted or amended at any regular or special meeting of the Farmers' Protective League called for the purpose; but no such repeal, substitute or amendment shall be adopted unless notice of the character and nature thereof as well as the time when same will be presented shall be given in writing to the regular elected delegates to the State Protective League.

The following Declaration of principles was adopted by the members of the League in session:

Agriculture was honored by the Creator when He assigned to man the work of tilling the soil.

We believe that agriculture is the most essential of all other vocations in life.

We believe that the farmer should be educated in his business. That he should know, not only how to prepare the soil and to cultivate the same, but he should know how to market his crops. No successful business man ever allowed the public to price his goods, and the farmer should not allow the speculator to price the products of the field.

The combined activities of the producers of farm products is truly an immediate necessity in order that they may protect themselves against inadequate prices for their products.

Manufacturers have increased their profits from 100 to 900 per cent. Is not the producer entitled to at least a fair and just profit for his labors? The Farmers Protective League answers that HE IS.

ALABAMA POLITICS WILL BE OPEN BEFORE LONG

POLITICAL POT WILL BEGIN TO "BOIL" BY JANUARY THE FIRST, IT IS PREDICTED BY AGE-HERALD.

Prospects Now Look Like We Will Have a Lively Race for the Gubernatorial Chair.

Montgomery, September 16,—If the stories may be believed, Alabama's political flivver will be runnig well on four cylinders by January 1. Before that date William W. Brandon of Tuscaloosa and the state-at-large will have formally announced his candidacy and started his campaign for governor, Thomas E. Kilby of Anniston will have entered fully into the fight and John H. Wallace, Jr., of Montgomery, will have started a speaking campaign which will be continious with short interruptions until the second Tuesday in August, when the issues will be submitted to the democratic voters of Alabama.

Each candidate and prospective candidate has indicated that he hopes the campaign will not be started until next spring, but, nevertheless, it is starting now, and the man who intends to be in the thick of the fight must start his maneuvers right away.

Signs during the past month have pointed to the starting of the campaign before many weeks. Just as B. B. Comer's speech in Etowah county started the fight in 1914 long before it had been expected, Thos. E. Kilby's address to the Confederate veterans at Jacksonville early August has renewed interest in politics of the 1918 variety.

New Issue In State

No one can know how wide is the effect of Mr. Kilby's declaration against the spear of Romanism, but there is every indication that an effort will be made to make the issue of paramount importance. Mr. Kilby's opponents contend that he is backed in his declaration by Thomas E. Watson of Georgia and Gov. Sidney Catts of Florida. Whether this be true or not, Mr. Kilby will find ready support from a large portion of the anti-Catholic voters of Alabama. This statement is supported by the fight in Birmingham today, one great issue apparently being employment of members of the Catholic church in the municipal government. The election in Birmingham next month, it is felt here, will determine how strong the anti-Catholic party or "True Americans," as they call themselves, are in Birmingham.

Watching Birmingham

This issue was raised in Jefferson county several months ago. It is a matter of common knowledge that one strong point against the man who became health officer last year and whose work was hampered for sometime by litigation was that he was a Catholic. The Birmingham election will be a criterion for the state.

This does not mean that Birmingham will point the way for the state, but only that the election will show whether or not the issue will be an important one in the state campaign.

Mr. Brandon is expected to make his formal announcement within 30 days. He is already a candidate and is making addresses throughout the state, mainly at Woodmen celebrations and unveilings of monuments.

Mr. Wallace hopes the campaign will not open until spring, but is ready to begin his speech making campaign at any time.

Attorney General Race

Lawrence E. Brown of Scottsboro, special assistant attorney general, is looked upon as a probable candidate for attorney general as the successor of William L. Martin. He is well known throughout the state and in addition to the support of the Martin faction, will obtain votes from those who opposed Mr. Martin in the last campaign.

Fitzhugh Lee, secretary of the state board of equalization and former chief clerk of the state auditor's department, probably will be a candidate for auditor. His opponent, or one of them, will be R. E. Morris of Birmingham. Mr. Morris announced soon after the last election and is making an active canvass of the state.

Two persons are tentative candidates for secretary of state, John Moffat, recording secretary to Governor Henderson, and William P. Fonville, state fire marshal. They have not filed their declarations, but will do so at the proper time. William P. Cobb of Tuskegee is also looked upon as a candidate for this office.

Another Big Fight.

A big contest is expected for positions on the public service commission. The story goes the rounds that friends of Samuel P. Kennedy, president of the commission and of Governor Henderson, will attempt to defeat S. P. Gaillard of Mobile for re-election as associate commissioner, contending that he has not stood with the majority in many matters which were for the best interests of the state. These matters have not been enumerated. An effort is being made to get John Gamble of Troy to enter the race against Mr. Gaillard. Mr. Gamble informed friends a few days ago that he did not seek any political office. He is now a member of the district exemption board for the middle district.

Spright Dowell. who will become state superintendent of education October 1, as the successor of William F. Feagin, resigned, will be a candidate to succeed himself for a full term. S. R. Butler of Huntsville is the only person mentioned as a candidate in opposition.

James A. Wade, state commissioner of agriculture, will be a candidate for state treasurer, while M. C. Algood, state auditor, is expected to enter the race for commissioner of agriculture.

Thomas C. McClellan and A. D. Sayre will be candidates to succeed themselves as associate justices of the supreme court. Their terms will expire in January, 1919. Insofar as is known, they have no opposition.

William H. Samford will ask for the unexpired term of John Pelham as a member of the court of appeals. He was appointed by Governor Henderson this year, but the law requires the filling of a judicial position at the next election. If re-elected he will serve the full six-year term.—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Notice the advertisement of the Clanton Hardware Company in this issue of he Union-Banner. They have some unusual bargains in Furniture which they offer to trade.

SPIES OF GERMANY SHOULD BE CRUSHED WITHOUT MERCY SAYS MRS. MATHIS

H. W. Davis, 3-1-18.

CELEBRATED WOMAN FARMER AND LECTURER DENOUNCES SPIES AND SAYS IF AMERICAN BLOOD IS SPILLED IN FRANCE HANGING WILL BECOME FREQUENT

MAKES SPEECH AT EMPIRE.

Relates Fact That Her Son Is On the Ocean Bound for France And Is At the Mercy of Spies

"Unless the German spies in America cease their disreputable operations the American people will rise up and hang at least 100,000 of them," was the ringing declaration of Mrs. G. H. Mathis before an audience of nearly 1000 persons at Empire Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. Mathis never appeared more deadly in earnest than when she denounced the German spies in America and advocated their rapid extermination. Her voice quivered with emotion which she held in check with an effort and her eyes flashed as she told how her only son was on the wide ocean bound for France and his life was imperiled by and at the mercy of German spies that are harbored and protected in this country.

She said that she regretted very much to say it, but that when the news came back home that some of our boys have with their blood crimsoned the fields of France it would result in wholesale execution within every state of the American union. Her remarks made a deep impression upon the miners, farmers and officials that heard her.

Represent Government

"I am representing Mr. Hoover, the food administrator, and the government," began Mrs. Mathis in her address. "I come to you direct from Washington and this, I hope, you will immediately appreciate.

"Alabama is my own dear home. I was born and reared at Florence. This is your own dear home and we must realize all of us, men, women and children, that we face a most serious war. I bring you the solemn warning of our government at Washington that because we have no armies fighting on our shores is no reason that we are not earnestly engaged in this deadly conflict. I declare to you that if Germany wins we will be invaded in 30 days. This is a fact that is known by our President, God bless him, and all of the statesmen at Washington. I hate to tell you this, but God knows it is the truth.

Spies Everywhere.

"America is honeycombed with German spies. Mexico is likewise honeycombed with these scoundrels. South America and Cuba are peopled with them. And the German Kaiser brags about the fact that he has a half million men in America that will turn upon us at his word and they are trained soliders. I want to ask you

(Continued to col. 4, last page.)

FIFTH SUNDAY MEETING TO BE HELD AT PATES CHAPEL

Program of Exercises to be Held on the 29 and 30 of September.

9:30, a.m. Devotional services to be conducted by W. J. Billingsley.

Subject: Are we, as Christians, carrying on the Work of God in a way that is most to the Glory of God; and if not, what is the hindering causes?

11:00, a.m. Opening by W. H. Shaw and others. Preaching by Rev. R. D. Bevis.

1:30, p.m. What is Scriptural giving as taught by the New Testament? Open by Rev. W.P. Lowery.

2:30, p.m. For what purpose were the deacons first selected and ordained? By Prof. J. L. Johnson.

Sunday, 9:30, a.m. Devotional services by T. J. Deason.

10, a.m. Does the New Testament set out the doctrine for a contract for Slavery between Pastor and church? By Prof. H. C. McDonald.

11:00, a.m. Preaching by Rev. Gable, pastor Clanton Baptist church.

W. H. SHAW.

THE UNION-BANNER

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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

A Bad Plight.

'Editor Press—Will you please give me space to ask some smart Aleck to tell me how to get out of the brush?

"Last year the Tax Commissioners raised my tax to where I had to stop the Union-Banner and stop paying for Sunday school literature to save enough money to meet the raise. Now we have the three mill tax and that will take all I have to pay the preacher and the Press So what will I do? I must quit reading and going to meeting and Sunday school, and God only knows what the next move will stop me from doing.

"So let me ask these questions through your columns and maybe some bell weather can tell me the way out.

"TAX RIDDEN FARMER."

The fellow with the narrow ideas expressed in the above article in the Clanton Press of last week is not to be treated as an individual but as a class; as one who belongs to a particular "order" of farmers of whom, we are sorry to say, there are quite a few in the South.

To begin with we will illustrate his case by using the story of the Irishman which Judge Adams told at the court house Saturday. It very aptly applies to such farmers as the one who wrote the above.

The story is about as fololws:

An Irishman who belonged to the Catholic church became very extreme in the use of profane language. The priest reasoned and insisted with him for a long time in the effort to get him to cease his cursing. Finally the priest told him that if he used an oath three more times he would die instantly. Believing that the word of the priest was the law of God the Irishman went his way in wonder. He had not gone far before he let loose a vicious oath; in a little while another. He resolved certainly not to curse again, for he knew that it meant death. The next day he put a sack of corn on the back of his old mule and started jogging on his way to mill. Along down the road something happened to provoke him and out came his third oath with much force. Instantly he thought of what the priest had told him, and he just turned loose and fell over to the ground the sack of corn falling on top of him. As he lay there, making himself believe he was really dead because the priest had told him he would die if he cursed, an old sow came along and began to eat his corn. He raised up and said "You can eat it darn you, but if I wasn't dead you wouldn't."

Now, Mr. Tax Ridden Farmer, that is what is the matter with men of your kind. Somebody has harped on a hard luck story till they have made you believe you are dead, and all you know how to do is to yawn and say if it wern't for so and so and such and such I would do this or the other.

If you would give some good hard study to the questions that confront the farmer and make a true and honest to-goodness real gritty effort to accomplish something while you sit around and whittle and listen to some wind jammer belittle everything from the birth of Christ on down to kingdom come, you would not long need the advice of some smart aleck to find the way out.

No you don't have to quit reading and going to church and Sunday school and paying the preacher. Keep that up, in spite of all else, and it will give you ease of conscience when you are in need of consolation.

No, there is no telling what you will stop next. But let me tell you what would be the best thing for you to stop. It would be the best thing you could do to stop listening at every smart Aleck who comes along telling you what to do, and get your own head to work and figure out the best thing for you to do, and stop depending on the light and guidance that is so meagerly handed out to you by the little merchant every year via the chattle mortgage plan.

We express the universal sentiment of the people of Clanton when we say that in the sudden death of Mr. L. J. Duncan, the town and community loses a most splendid citizen. The heart of many a friend of the man is grieved sorely at the great shock of his death.

Never hurt anyone who likes you. You will discover later on that those who like you are mighty few and far between.

Some men can't keep up with the procession. And some are so far ahead of it that no one knows they are in it.

SOME POLICY

The late J. P. Morgan once testified before a committee of congress that he had frequently loaned a million dollars to a man upon no further security than his character. That seems to be the manner in which McAdoo has loaned hundreds of millions to the provisional government of Russia, taking the note of hand of the Russian representatives in this country, to whom no authority of the Duma or other repository of real power has been voted. The difference between Mr. McAdoo and Mr. Morgan is that the latter loaned his own money, while the former loans the money of the American people. In addition, Mr. Morgan's judgment of men was exceptionally keen, and whereas Mr. McAdoo is not so noted in that regard. It is possible that some men in New York have known both Morgan and McAdoo, might find other points of difference between the two.

Remember that in war vital results may depend upon small things. The old nursery story tells us that "for the want of a nail the shoe was lost, for the want of a shoe the horse was lost, for the want of a horse the rider was lost, for the want of a rider the battle was lost, and all for the want of a horseshoe nail". Don't withhold any nails, either literally or figuratively.

The case of Perry Glass charged with the killing of Jim Cambell, in the Circuit court last week was one of wide interest and no little importance. From a legal standpoint the contest was a pitched battle, with able lawyers contending against one another from both sides. The defendant was represented by Messrs. Longshore and Koenig of Columbiana, and the prosecution for the State was conducted by Solicitor Tate and Hon J. Osmond Middleton. While all the speeches in the case before the jury were of an exceptionally high order, that of Attorney Middleton for the State seemed to touch the most responsive cords in the ears of his listeners. It was a remarkable exposition of the precepts of the law, and filled with wonderful inspiration and a seemingly divine insight into the application of the broad principles of human nature in the display of personal relations, one man to another.

What the farmers of the South need at present is not so much a raise in the price of the farm commodities which the city consumers are paying, but some way to bring to himself (the farmer) these prices instead of letting the middle man get it all. The man who eats sweet potatoes in the cities of the north is paying a good price for them, but the fault is in the fact that the man who grows the potatoes is not getting the profits. The middle man stands between the producer and the consumer is causing the products to pass through his own hands and the consumer is paying him more profit than the middle man has to pay the farmer who grows the article sold. To overcome such a system as this, and place the farmer in direct touch with the consumer, and cut out so many transactions between the producer and the consumer is the prime secret in the question of successful co-operation among farmers for marketing their products.

"When your uncle Harmless gets elected to the next legisdature watch him introduce a bill abolishing most all of the Normal School districts agricultural schools and county high schools and apply the money to the common schools."—Collinsville Courier.

Yoy have gone too far with your "threats" in the above prediction of what you are going to do. You may get to the legislature, and we hope you do; and you may abolish some of the normal schools or agricultural schools; but you will strike a "knot" when you tackle the proposition of abolishing the county high schools. The latter are the best class of institutions in our state, and no legislature will have enough extremists in it to suffer these schools to be taken from the boys and girls of Alabama.

The scene at the depot in Clanton Wednesday morning when 48 of Chilton County's young men boarded the train for the army training camp at Ft. Gordon, Ga., was one of the deepest solemnity. A great crowd of friends and relatives of the boys was there to tell them good-bye, and this task many of them did with sobs and tears. The boys went away with the full impression that the hearts of their home people are with them. Everybody wishes that God may attend our boys in whatever circumstances their duty places them.

JUDGE ADAMS WILL GO OUT AND ORGANIZE FARMERS

Judge S. M. Adams, who has been elected State Lecturer and Organizer of the Farmers Protective League, is having the necessary literature and supplies printed and arranged preparatory to going out over the state and organizing Farmers Local Protective Leagues in the several counties of Alabama. He goes to Wetumpka Saturday to organize Elmore County, and has other appointments for places at subsequent dates.

Pay your Subscription. $1 a year.

MADDEN SAVED PRINT EXPENSE

Washington, Sept. 19.—The habit of many democrats in the House of "extending their remarks in the Record" on bills of popular concern, so that their ideas may be distributed free among their constituents, cropped out again when the measure providing insurance for our soldiers and sailors was taken up for consideration. "I ask unanimous consent" boldly remarked the democratic chairman of the committee having the bill in charge, "that the members who desire to speak on this bill and fail to do so may have ten legislative days in which to print their remarks." Republican Representative Martin B. Madden of Illinois was quick to object, and succeeded in preventing, with regard to this bill at least, the abuse of printing matter in the Congressional Record that has never been spoken in the House.

Last Saturday at the meeting of farmers at the Court House when the state organization of the Farmers Protective League was organized Judge S. M. Adams was elected State Lecturer for the organization. No better selection could have been made for this important place. The Judge is a man of much force and convictions, and he carries his ideas with him wherever he goes, plain and open to the world. When he has anything to say he says it. He has a lot of good things to tell the farmers over Alabama, and can help them wonderfully in getting together for the important work before them which is purposed to be accomplished by the Farmers Protective League. He will go all over the state into every county; and we commend him to the people whom he will meet and speak to. He goes out as a worthy and competent man for the administration of a profound and most laudable duty to the Farmers.

COUNTY ROAD BUILDING

You will note that the county commissioners are asking for bids on the work of building the Clanton-Maplesville highway. It will be good news to the citizens who live along this road, and in fact the whole county as well, to learn that this road will be built, as this is one of the most needful pieces of road construction that could be undertaken.

Our county has in the past few years, made much advancement in the way of road improvement, in spite of the undesirable plan upon which the roads were built—that is by the issuance of county warrants bearing interest.

In the matter of building the road to Maplesville, which is now before the commissioners, there is one feature that looks much better than the time warrants plan—that the money is in the county treasury with which to pay for the work as soon as it is done. Of course it is borrowed money, but the fact that it is secured by five per cent bonds is better than the uncertainty which inevitably hangs over the warrants system.

And there is one other thing about the present plan of the commissioners in building the highway that looks better to us than any former system that has been used in the county. The work is sought to be contracted out to men who live in Chilton County. In this way the money that is spent is kept at home among our own folks and not sent away. The money that is to be spent on the road in question, circulated from one farmer and business man to another over our county will soon be broken up into many pieces and provide pocket change for a great many of our people. It is a good piece of work to have this road built, as we have said many times before ,and it is better to have our local people do the work than somebody outside of the county. They can do it just as well.

EXAMINE ALL THE DRAFTS

From Washington comes the suggestion that it may be well to examine physically all the men drafted for the army, no matter what these numbers may be, or however improbably their chance to serve. The idea seems to be a good one. Waiting until each separate call is made is disquieting because of the uncertainty. One may be on the list with the fear that the call may come any time. A man hesitates to undertake any duty that could not be dropped when the call comes.

If the whole list be examined now, it relieves the uncertainty in many cases. A man may be found unfit and given his button, and can go about his duties with definite knowledge that he will not be a soldier. One may be found fit and subject to call. He is in no further doubt, and can arrange his affairs. Another may be found fit but not likely to be called, and he, too, knows what to look for.

The idea of settling such man's position at once seems reasonable. Get the uncertainey down to a certainty and save nerve tension of men and families. No doubt it has been the uncertainty that has disorganized the minds of the men who have committed suicide because of the draft. Have it over while the examinations are on.—Birmingham Ledger.

Some women are operated on so often that you wonder why the surgeons didn't equip them with a set of hooks and eyes the first time they opened them—Luke McClure.

JUDGE ADAMS URGES THE FARMERS TO ORGANIZE

Invitation Extended to Them to Unite With the Farmers Protective League of Alabama.

The farmers of Alabama will be called on in a few days to place on the market whatever crops they may have produced.

They have, in obedience to the universal advice of the press and of the country, diversified their crops; and as a result they have velvet beans, peanuts, potatoes, syrup, etc., and no market for any of them. Isn't it serious if not a reflection to know that the producers of the food for man and beast is facing the problem now, as in the past, of receiving a fair price for his labors, while all other businesses, without a single exception, are receiving the very highest prices, and other vocations reaping abundant profits? What is the matter? Can the men who are skilful enough to produce such a harvest not solve the problem? I believe they can if they will and will act at once. The speculator is preparing to buy not only the crops named above, but to buy the farmers' spare corn at 75 cents per bushel. Are the people willing to sit idly by and see their products that cost them $1.50 sell for 75 cents? If they are, this is just what will take place, and many other things like unto it.

We will be called on this year and next to feed a million men that are called from among us to do a soldier's duty in France. Besides, we will be called upon to feed the nations at war, who are farmers. Bro. Farmer, do you realive that now is the time for you and that this is your day; and now more than any other day it behooves you to wake up and act. Organize and do it with business methods, just like other business men, and thereby save the reward to yourself that you are justly entitled to, by placing one good business man in charge in each county, whose business it will be to put you in touch with your state agent, whise business it is to find a market for all that you may produce at a profitable price.

Let us get busy today. There is no time to lose.

S. M. ADAMS,
State Organizer.

Take HERBINE for all disturbances of the bowels. It purifies the bowel channels, promotes regular movements and makes you feel vigorous, bright and cheerful. Price 50c Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

When the Skin Seems Ablaze With Itching and Burning

There's just one thing to do.

If your skin seems ablaze with the fiery burning and itching of Eczema, real and lasting relief can only come from treatment that goes below the surface—that reaches down to the very source of the trouble. So-called skin-diseases come from a disordered condition of the blood, and the proper treatment is through the blood

Search far and near, and you cannot find a blood remedy that approaches S. S. S. for real efficiency. It has been on the market for fifty years, during which time it has been giving uniform satisfaction for all manner of blood disorders. If you want prompt and lasting relief, you can rely upon S. S. S. For expert advice as to the treatment of your own individual case, write to-day to Chief Medical Adviser, Swift Specific Co., Dept. C Atlanta, Ga.

PONTIFF HAS MADE LAST PEACE OFFER, HEARS WASHINGTON

Realizes that Further Negotiations Are Impossible at Present.

GERMANY MAY ACT ERE LONG

Peace Move from Berlin Before Winter is in Prospect.

Washington, Sept. 19.—Pope Benedict has made his last peace proffer, according to official cables received here today. The holy see believes the war must go on at least two or three years more—until the full effect of America's vast power has been felt and either a victory or a hopeless deadlock in the great struggle is reached.

The United Press states on the highest authority that the Vatican realizes peace or further negotiations at the present time impossible.

President Wilson's rejection of the pope's last peace offer, which rejection was approved by the Allies, has convinced the Vatican the allies want no place which will leace the central powers under their present rulers. No peace is possible, as the United Press announced semi-officially recently—which is based on mutual concessions as suggested by the pope.

Allies Have Upper Hand.

It is realized by the Vatican that the allies with America's vast resources thrown into the balance now have the upper hand and can wring from the central powers a peace acceptable to the democracies.

Any further profits from the pope would be foredoomed to failure—even as the last was—it was admitted.

Official cables today state that the Vatican circles throw out the suggestion of an understanding, at least between England and Italy, that no peace proposals eminating from the Vatican shall be seriously considered and that when peace negotiations begin, the church is not to be admitted into the pour parlers. These hints go so far as to say that Italy's entrance into the war hinged upon acceptance of this condition two years ago.

German Move Likely.

It is added that this has never been denied by the allied powers. Germany however, is expected to initiate another peace move before winter. The basis of this is seen in vague outlines of terms set afloat first in Washington three weeks ago and now seeping through the Berlin censor.

These appear to be "feelers" both for the benefit of the allies and the German people. They have been so confused in so many cases launched, only to be denied by the German foreign office when found unacceptable that no attention is now paid them.

Diplomats here are in intimate touch with the international situation and say there is positive knowledge that Germany will move again to end the war before 1918.

German Peace Discussion is Raging Unrestricted.

London, Sept. 19.—England sees in the recrudence of German peace feelers of a Russian plot that failed.

Germany now hopes to make peace stick before the Russian army, reorganized, rehabilitated and modernized by American aid, can get into action, making complete the cordon of the allies about her strongholds.

The German peace discussion is raging unrestricted by censorship in the German press. No doubt was expressed here that the greater part of the editorials and review articles are inspired.

As observers here read the signs today, Germany now sees herself balken in Russia. She fomented mutiny in the ranks of General Korniloff's soldiers when they began making alarming inroads against the Teutonic Lemberg line. She started what was extensively advertised as a tremendous land and sea offensive against Riga and Petrograd. She took advantage of General Korniloff's revolt to press her agents in the Russian army to redoubled activity.



YOUR Railroad

THE L. & N. SYSTEM penetrates the very heart of the industrial South and its steel rails are arteries over which Southern commerce circulates to the markets of the world at a profit to the people of the South.

By creating a railroad in the South, the L. & N. affords constant, lucrative employment to hundreds of thousands of people of the South.

As the South prospers, the duty of the L. & N. to supply increased facilities increases and additional employment is afforded.

During this time the L. & N. is not only supplying good service at minimum rates, but is co-operating with the people of the South in building for the future development of the South.

The annual average payroll of $21,839,547.66 is the means of support for 30,460 L. & N. employees and their families, and is a subject of vital consideration to the welfare of the South, because every one of these employees lives in and spends his money in the South.

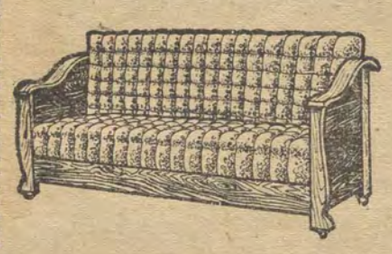
The Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company is pre-eminently a Southern road: ninety-six per cent. of its operated mileage is below the Mason and Dixon line, and its interests and the interests of the people of the South are mutual.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.

(12) *The Old Reliable*

Two cars of **FURNITURE** *Just received*

OUR STOCK OF FURNITURE AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS IS LARGER AND MORE VARIED THAN IT HAS EVER BEEN.

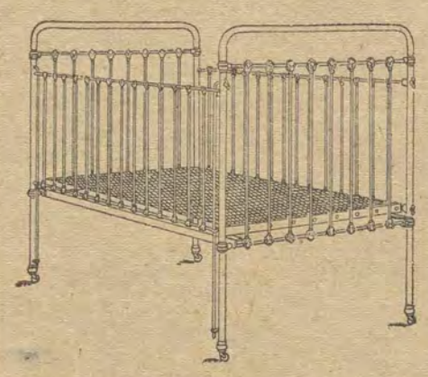


COME AND SEE

Our display of Bedroom, Parlor and Dining Room Suites
Dressers, Wardrobes, Chifforobes.



Rockers, Tables,
Hat Racks,
Iron and Brass Beds,
Mattresses and Pillows.



Art Squares, Rugs, and Suit Cases.

Stoves, Ranges etc.

All Goods and Prices are Right. Give us a call and You will be Convinced.

CLANTON HARDWARE CO.

Awaiting the Crisis

The expectant mother, awaiting the greatest time in a woman's life, should by all means render nature a helping hand. "Mother's Friend" has been used by thousands of women. By regular use the muscles relax naturally and without strain when baby is born. The work which nature is performing is wonderfully aided by this safe, scientifically prepared preparation. The usual stretching pains during the period are avoided and the time before baby arrives is one of quiet repose and joyful anticipation.

The expectant mother should not go a single night without applying it herself. Write to The Bradfield Regulator Co., Dept. A, 300 Lamar Bldg., Atlanta, Ga., for their book, "Motherhood and the Baby". It will be sent at once without charge.

"Mother's Friend" is procurable from any drug store. Ask for it today.

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Gaston Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery, Alabama, did, on the 27 day of February, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application, No. 010140, to purchase the NE ¼ of the NE ¼, Section 2, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St. Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known os the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised, one hundred and sixty dollars, the timber estimated 60,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $40.00; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9 day of November, 1917, before Register or Receiver of the U.S. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.
Register.

LEGAL NOTICE

To all persons of Chilton County who conduct a business for which a State and County License are required:

Take notice that all State and County License, will be due on October 1st, 1917, and will be delinquent on and after the first day of November, 1917.

If you desire to save additional fees and penalties, be sure and get your license from the Probate Judge during the month of October.

If you fail to do this you will have to pay a penalty; and this notice is given that all persons liable for a license may avail themselves of the opportunity and thereby save all additional cost.

This the 12th day of September, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
9-13-tf Judge of Probate.

More than twenty men, members of ero squadrons stationed at Kelly Field, Texas, are at the army base hospital, suffering from ptomaine poisoning. They are out of danger.

Pay your Subscription. $1 a year.

MACHINERY REPAIRED

All kind of broken machinery repaired and made as good as new. We rebore automobile cylinders and make a new engine out of an old one. All work guaranteed. We Mend Everything but broken bones.

SOUTHERN WELDING CO.,
Monagomery, Ala.

Prof. O. B. Thompson has accepted the position of Principal of the Mulberry Public School in West Chilton for the coming session. Mr. Thompson is one of the best prepared teachers of the county, having recently graduated from the State Normal School at Jacksonville.

Subscribe for The Union-Banner.



Yes it's

MASTIC PAINT

"The Kind that Lasts"

Contains highest Percentage of ZINC

It is the unadulterated combination of the finest Pure White Lead, ZINC-OXIDE and genuine Linseed Oil.

MASTIC PAINT presents a uniform, beautiful, enamel-like finish, that will resist the weather conditions in any climate.

It lasts longer—looks better—covers more surface than any other Paint.

Ask for illustrated Book, "Homes and How to Paint Them." It's Free.

UPCHURCH DRUG CO.,
Clanton, Ala.

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR

U. S. Land office, at Montgomery, Ala., July 30, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that Louis T. Dennis, whose port office address is R. D. No. 2, Mt. Creek, Ala., did on the 29th day of January, 1917, file in this office sworn statement and application No. 010113, to purchase the N½ of the SW¼, Section 12, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St. Stephens Meridian, and the timber thereon, under provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that persuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised two hundred and seventy-seven and 58-100 dollars, the timber estimated at 98,563.00 board feet at $2.00 per M., and the land $80.46; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 19th day of October, 1917, before Register or Receiver, U. S. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a coroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would efeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week ending September 15, 1917.

Names—WOMEN

Mrs. Cora Kirklin, Mrs. Sadie Williams, Miss Mary Pickett, Miss Annie Edward.

Names—MEN

Nen Todd, Abe Reese, Earle D. Stevens, Grant Smith, and Earnest Bradford.

These letters will be sent to the dead letter office Sept. 29, 1917, if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "advertised" giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON, P.M.

Subscribe for The Union-Banner.

Do You Need Any JOB PRINTING Today?

If So, Send or Phone Us Your Order NOW

If you believe in home trade—in a home newspaper—in boosting your town—advertise in this paper

We can also do your job work quickly and satisfactorily

ASTOUNDING REPORT FOR CLANTON

The wife of a merchant had stomach trouble so bad she could eat nothing but toast, fruit and hot water. Everything else would sour and ferment. ONE SPOONFUL of buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as mixed in Adler-i-ka benefited her instantly. Because Adler-i-ka flushes the ENTIRE alimentary tract, it relieves ANY CASE of constipation, sour stomach or gas, and prevents appendicitis. It has quickest action of anything we ever sold. Upchurch Drug Company.

Mr. Joseph P. VanDerveer, Sr. of the Chilton county Abstract Co. has removed his office from the court house to the Johnson Building over Upchurch Drug store. His former office in the court house will in future be occupied by Treasurer J. Bice.

GOATS WANTED.—One buck and several nannies—just plain goats. Address C. L. Forsmann, Thorsby.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Of first meeting in the district court of the United States, for the Middle District of Alabama, Northern Division—in bankruptcy, in the matter of Minnie Muse, post office, Clanton, County Chilton, Alabama.

The aofresaid party havnig been adjudged a bankrupt, under the Act of congress entitled "An Act to Establish a uniform System of Bankruptcy throughout the United States" approved July 1st, 1898, meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt is called at the office of the undersigned Referee, in the United States Court House, Montgomery, Alabama, on the 28th day of September next, at 10:00 o'clock, a.m., to make proof of debts, and for the election of a trustee, and such other matters as are necessary and required by the Act of congress aforesaid.

Montgomery, Ala., Sept. 13, 1917.
M. S. CARMICHAEL, Referee.

Miss Bertha Smith has returned from a visit of several days with friends at Stanton.

SEED GRAIN FOR SALE

Fulgum Oats at $2.00 per bushel;
Blue Stem Wheat at $3.25;
Abruzzi Rye at $4.00.
Quantity limited—First come first served. J. N. DENNIS,
8-23-2t. Clanton, Ala.

C. Reese Mullins

—Agent—

Life Insurance
Fire Insurance
Real Estate and
Singer Sewing Machines

CLANTON, ALA.

Coming In Now!

The Biggest Stock of Goods ever assembled under the roof of a single store house in Chilton County.

We will soon place this big line at the disposal of the trade for the fall and winter

Come here and get all the things you want right here, and not have to go to many different places.

We offer you hundreds of money-saving Bargains.

If you don't come and get them, you are the loser.

Clanton Mercantile Company

The Big Bargain Store.

An Eight Year Paint Test

Mastic Paint Won Out Over All Other Paint in Longest Endurance.

In order to determine which paint would stand best the test of time, the Pacolet Mfg. Co., of Spartanburg, S. C., painted some sixty houses for an eight-year endurance test, using the leading brands.

Here is their opinion of Mastic Paint:

"After eight years we find that the ten cottages covered with 'MASTIC PAINT' are in better condition and stood the test better than any of the other paints we used. Will say further that the houses were all of the same architecture, weather-boarded with long yellow leaf pine of the same grade, having same exposure to the sun; that is, none of them were partially protected by shade trees, but fully exposed."

"We are well pleased with the results of the 'MASTIC PAINT' and can heartily recommend same to any one who is a buyer."

MASTIC PAINT contains highest percentage of zinc. It is the unadulterated combination of the finest Pure White Lead, ZINC-OXIDE and genuine Linseed Oil.

MASTIC PAINT presents a uniform, beautiful, enamel-like finish, that will resist the weather conditions in any climate. For color cards, estimates and practical advice call on

Upchurch Drug Co.

Opinions from Folks Who Know

For malarial headache, Granger Liver Regulator entirely relieved my trouble.—J. Height, Wetumpka, Ala.

Had heavy headache. Vomited twice to six times a day. Four doses of Granger Liver Regulator made me well.—Loundas P. Brindley, Somerville, Ala.

Mother had sick headache. Granger Liver Regulator did her more good than all the medicine she had taken before.—Pearley Davis, Pacio, Ala.

I never expect to be without it in my home.—Jenie Usey, Gadsden, Ala.

It is a great saver of doctors' bills. —Louis N. Kent, Honoraville, Ala.

There is none better.—Dr. T. E. Cothram, Alexis, Ala.

All druggists sell Granger Liver Regulator—25c. Try it.

FOR SALE

300 acres farm or stock land ten mile west of Clanton. Good road to town; good school and gin in quarter mile; three plantations. Good stream of water through land.

Also ¼ block in town of Clanton one block from courthouse, with one five-room house. Good bargain. For information address P. O. box 202, Clanton, Ala. 9-13-3t

"Uncle Ben" Gray and Mr. E.V. Speer, of Mountain Creek were at Clanton on Tuesday for the day.

Attorney Grady Reynolds has purchased a big new Cadillac automobile.

HANDS, ARMS, LIMBS ASLEEP

And Was Run-Down, Weak and Nervous, Says Florida Lady. Five Bottles of Cardui Made Her Well.

Kathleen, Fla.—Mrs. Dallas Prine, of this place, says: "After the birth of my last child...I got very much run-down and weakened, so much that I could hardly do anything at all. I was so awfully nervous that I could scarcely endure the least noise. My condition was getting worse all the time...

I knew I must have some relief or I would soon be in the bed and in a serious condition for I felt so badly and was so nervous and weak I could hardly live. My husband asked Dr. ———about my taking Cardui. He said, 'It's a good medicine, and good for that trouble', so he got me 5 bottles...After about the second bottle I felt greatly improved...before taking it my limbs and hands and arms would go to sleep. After taking it, however, this poor circulation disappeared. My strength came back to me and I was soon on the road to health. After the use of about 5 bottles, I could do all my house-work and attend to my six children besides."

You can feel safe in giving Cardui a thorough trial for your troubles. It contains no harmful or habit-forming drugs, but is composed of mild, vegetable, medicinal ingredients with no bad after-effects. Thousands of women have voluntarily written, telling of the good Cardui has done them. It should help you, too. Try it. E 74

LEGAL NOTICE

To the Stockholders of the Farmers Warehouse and Storage Co:

You are hereby notified that there will be a meeting of the Stockholders of the Farmers Warehouse and Storage Company, at the Court House in Clanton, Alabama, on the 6th day of October, 1917, at 10 o'clock, a.m., for the purpose of selling, mortgaging or renting, or otherwise disposing of the warehouse property located on Fourth Ave., in the Town of Clanton, Alabama, also for the purpose of disposing of any other business which may legally come before the meeting.

GRADY REYNOLDS, Pres.,
J. N. DENNIS, Secy.

GRADY REYNOLDS,
J. N. DENNIS,
R. J. WILLIAMS,
JOHN MIMS,
G. L. FOSHEE,
J. H. DUNCAN,
L. H. REYNOLDS.

NEW VARIETY OF VELVET BEANS RAISED BY MR. BEAN

On last Saturday Mr. Robert Bean left at the Union-Banner office a specimen of Velvet Beans which are growing on his farm this season.

The Bean's (velvet beans) are the New Osceola variety, recently introduced in this county, and are larger than the common variety which have been grown here for previous years. And one of the best features about the Osceola bean is that it is claimed not to have the qualities of stinging the flesh while being handled. The ordinary velvet bean is a very undesirable article to handle because of the stingers. It would be worth a great deal to have a variety of beans that do not sting. Samples of Mr. Bean's velvet beans can be seen at The Union-Banner office.

SHAW BOYS ACQUITTED ON A CHARGE OF PERJURY

After a hard fought legal battle in the Circuit Court of Chilton County last week, Clarence and Euel Shaw, of Jemison, were acquitted of a charge of perjury. They are two of the most prominent and highly respected young men in the county, and their friends congratulate them on their vendication at the hands of the jury. In their defense they were most ably represented by Attorneys Middleton & Reynolds of this city.

Read the Union-Banner. $1 a year.

Taking Cathartics Every Day for Weeks Don't Cure Stomach Trouble

They do not eliminate the poisonous bile accretions from the system, so declares a leading Chicago stomach specialist. Often gall stones, cancer and ulcers of the stomach and intestines, auto intoxication, yellow jaundice, appendicitis and other dangerouse ailments are the consequences. Mayr's Wonderful Remedy is the ideal prescription for stomach, liver and intestinal ailments. It has restored millions. One dose will prove that it will help you. Mayr's Wonderful Remedy is for sale by Upchurch Drug Co.

STATE SACRED HARP SINGING CONVENTION

The B. F. White State Sacred Harp Singing Convention will be held in the Fraternal Hall in Birmingham, September the twenty-first, twenty-second and twenty-third, being the Fourth Sunday and Friday and Saturday before. The fraternal hall is located on Third Avenue between twenty-second and twenty-third sts., one block east of the Court House.

A large delegation from various counties of the state will attend this convention which is anticipated to be the largest ever held in the state.

Let us come together in this great annual gathering for no other purpose than for the advancement of God's cause in sacred song, and honor B. F. White as the author of the Sacred Harp Song Book.

All sacred harp singers throughout the state have a cordial invitation to attend this convention. Don't miss the opportunity of hearing the best music ever rendered by expert singers. There will also be a special chorus of alto singers at this convention. Come and bring all your friends with you and let them enjoy this occasion.

Yours in Song,
A. A. JACKSON, Pres.,
301 Bank St., Birmingham, Ala.
J. W. HUGHES, Secy.,
Oneonta, Ala.

FEW WOMEN OF TODAY WORK BLINDLY

Used to be that daughters adhered strictly to mothers' methods of home management. They used certain baking receipes simply because they were favorites of a former generation.

Times have changed radically. Colleges and clubs have been established for the express purpose of determining just which baking methods and baking materials are best. Many domestic scientists devote their lives to research and experimental work. They are constantly testing food products. They conduct exhaustive comparative tests. They accept and endorse only such methods and baking processes as have been found superior through scientific measurement of merit. These decisions are given wide publicity. The result is that the housewife of today produces more wholesome and perfect bakings at less cost than ever before.

In investigating the decisions handed down by pure food specialists and eminent domestic scientists, it is very evident that the overwhelming majority employ and advocate the use of Calument Baking Powder. Calumet has won this popularity among experts on merit alone. They show no partiality. To obtain their approval a product must possess superiority. Calument has been granted that approval for several reasons—first because it is absolutely sure in results, never fails, and next because it is perfectly pure, leaves no trace of harmful residue in foods. Then because it produces a better grade of bakings such as cakes, biscuits, etc., that are remarkably light, tender and tasty. Finally—because of Calumet's surety and modern price, it is the most economical of all baking powders in cost and use.

This verdict—this hearty endorsement coming from experts who have proved Calumet's excellence beyond dispute certainly indicates that Calumet gives the housewife the utmost in Baking Powder value.

When the bowels feel uncomfortable and you miss the exhilirating feeling that always follows a copious morning operation, a dose of HERBINE will set you right in a couple of hours. If taken at bedtime you get its beneficial effect after bfeakfast next day. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

OF INTEREST TO FARMERS

The Union-Banner has direct information that ample capital, composed of interests locally and from Birmingham and Montgomery, has organized to serve the public promptly in the operation of works suitable to take care of all grain produced in the neighborhood of Clanton, and in the entire county.

In accord with foregoing notice, which has been carried in both the papers of the county, I have made arrangements to place upon my property at Clanton between the L. & N. railroad and Seventh Street, a velvet bean crusher of 25-tons per day capacity, and other grain machinery, to care for the grain crop. Ample storage room will be provided to take care of this situation.

Ample arrangements to market the product in commercial form will be perfected and daily quotations from the market procured.

The support and co-operation of every citizen whose personal and community interest is involved is respectfully solicited.

Respectfully,
Wm. M. ADAMS.

Dr. O. C. McGee, of Montgomery, Presiding Elder of the Prattville District will preach at the Methodist church in Clanton next Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Dr. McGee is a divine of great ability, having filled for a number of years prominent pulpits in the cities of Montgomery and Mobile. Attractive music will be furnished for the two services. The public is cordially invited to come.

Jobson Brings Bigger Crops To Our Farms

Georgia Boy's Big Idea Sets Farmers In Many States To Talking—Leading Men And Firms Get Behind It In This County.

That the day of small beginnings and ultimate greatness of accomplishment is not over is certainly proven to be a fact by the case of John B. Jobson, who, in the opinion of Atlanta capitalists, practical farmers and government agricultural experts, has given to the South and to the country one of the greatest inventions of the decade—one which, in the practical words of Loring Brown, a leading farmer and writer of Georgia, is "now sweeping over the South, and is going to give us a crop increase of at least a fourth."

Mr. Jobson has invented a plow—that's all. He hasn't wrought out a new rapid-fire man-killer or fashioned a model sword; but he has, it is thought, produced an idea that will make available, without a penny of extra cost, thousands of tons of natural fertilizers that have lain dormant right under the feet of the farmers of the country, but which have been so completely locked up in the soil that they have heretofore been of no profit whatever.

The Jobson System of soil cultivation and this remarkable plow will, it is claimed, open up new possibilities in soil tillage that have heretofore been impracticable and entirely beyond the reach of the backbone of this country—the "one-hoss farmer."

With its simplicity and practical adaptability to the one, two or three—horse stock; its easy adjustment to clay, loamy, hard or shallow land; its peculiar handling of the soil so that it can be worked several days earlier than the ordinary plow in wet land, and its wonderful digging and turning power which gives it more efficiency per horse-power—all of these combine to make it something which has set the farmers of this and adjoining states to talking deep plowing as they have never talked it before.

That Mr. Jobson's plow comes highly recommended is readily seen in the hearty indorsements of such men as F. J. Merriam, editor of The Southern Ruralist; W. A. Parker, vice president and general manager of Beck & Gregg, one of the biggest hardware firms in the south; W. L. Hunnicutt, editor of The Southern Cultivator; Hon. Jas. D. Price, Commissioner of agriculture; Dr. J. R. Horn, of Luverne, Ala.; R. C. Carlisle, U. S. Agriculture expert; E. G. Willingham, Sr., of Atlanta, and many others from all sections of the country.

That this plow and the Jobson Common Sense Methods have strong backing in this county can not be denied when we consider the names of the progressive dealers who are helping to introduce the plow and secure for our people the crop increase that will necessarily follow.

These firms, who are now giving out copies of the Jobson paper, "Common Sense Farming," are as follows: Downs Hardware Co., of Clanton, McSwain Mercantile Co., of Cooper, Jemison Hardware Co., of Jemison, Gulledge Bros., of Verbena.

Swellings of the flesh caused by inflamation, cold, fractures of the bone, toothache, neuralgia or rheumatism can be relieved by applying BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It sheuld be well rubbed in over the part effected. Its great healing and penetrating power eases the pain, reduces swelling and restores natural conditions. Price 25c, 50c and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Company.

NOTICE TO SUNDAY SCHOOL WORKERS

To the District Presidents and County officials of the Sunday School Association of International Work:

We find in the county, according to the last census, over eighteen thousand white people; there are possibly twenty thousand or over now. Out of this number only 2,848 are enrolled in the Sunday School—hardly 16 per cent.

Fellow workers, can we allow matters to stand as they are? Let every man double his efforts. This county must be evangelized through Bible study.

J. B. NORTHCUTT, Pres.

CHRISTIAN HARMONY SINGNIG CONVENTION

The Christian Harmony Singing Convention of Chilton County will convene at Union Grove on the Fifth Sunday in September. Everybody is invited to come and bring their Christian Harmony song books.

J. N. SCOTT, Secy.

PEACE IN 24 HOURS

for stomach sufferers who take Mayr's Wonderful remedy. Don't neglect your stomach ailments another minute. What appears to be only minor stomach disorders may often be symptoms of cancer and ulcers of the stomacha nd intestines; gall stone, acute indigestion, gastrites, auto intoxication, yellow jaundice and other dangerous ailments of which the sufferer is not aware until too late. An ideal prescription for quickly overcoming stomach, liver and intestinal trouble is Mayr's Wonderful Remedy. Millions of people have been restored by it. One dose will prove that it will help you. Mayr's Wonderful Remedy is for sale by Upchurch Drug Co.

Coffins, Burial Supplies, Automobile Accessories For sale at

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.

CLANTON, ALA.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

A. C. Smith B. Guy Smith
SMITH & SMITH
Attorneys At Law
General Practice
Clanton, - - - - - Alabama.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in Hopkins Bldg.
Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women & Surgery
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

FISH—FISH

We will be ready September 1st to fill all orders from fifty pounds up. Write us for prices. All orders lfiled at once. Will treat you right and save you all the money we can. A. M. ROLLINS & SON, Miflin, Ala.

The good ladies of Clanton gave the 48 soldier boys that have to leave Wednesday morning a reception at the Wilson Hotel, after the special service that was held for them at the Clanton Methodist Church on last Tuesday night.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Emily H. Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery, Alabama, did, on the 6th day of March, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application No. 010141, to purchase the NE¼ of the SW¼ and SE¼ of NW ¼, Sec. 36, Township 22 Range, 16 East, St Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber estimated 144,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $79.70; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9 day of November, 1917 before Register or Receiver, U. S. Land office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.

Dr. Newton Askins' family has moved to Geneva, and Dr. Neighbors has rented their house in Clanton.

BIDS WANTED FOR ROAD WORK

In pursuance of an order adopted by the Commissioners Court of Chilton County, Alabama, at their regular adjourned meeting on September 5th, 1917, I, L. H. Reynolds, Judge of Probate, have requested to be published the following notice:

Notice is hereby given at a regular adjourned meeting of the Commissioners Court of Chilton County, Ala held at Clanton, Alabama, on the 5th day of September, 1917, an order was adopted providing for the building or construction of a public highway from Clanton to Maplesville, in Chilton county, along or near the line of the present graded road or highway between said points.

Said road to be built by grading and graveling. The work to be done by contract, said contract to be let to the lowest bidder under sealed bid the same to be deposited with the Court on October 5th, 1917, at William Walker's place about twelve miles west of Clanton, on said road, from 11 to 12 o'clock noon. The Commisioners court will be in session a this place on above date for the receiving or the bids and the convenience of those who desire to bid on said work.

The bids shall set forth the number of yards of work each party will be able to perform, whether the same to be graded or graveled, and the charg per yard for each kind of work.

The payment for the building and grading of said road or highway to be made by issuing warrants on the county treasury, payable when the work has been done.

All persons offering to bid upon said work for the building or grading of said road, or any number of yards of the same, may deposit their bid in sealed envelope marked "Bids for County Road Work,"and addressed to the Commissioners court on or before 12 o'clock on the 5th day of October, 1917, at which time said bids will be passed upon by the court.

The court reserving the right to reject any and all bids made on said work.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

My Business is still Growing

Because of the Quality of the Groceries I sell.

In purchasing my Groceries I think first of QUALITY, then of the price.

I deliver the goods promptly and efficiently to any place in town.

J. W. Littlejohn

CLANTON, ALA.

Try us Once!

We want to prove to you that you get Higher Quality, Better Service, More Satisfaction and Lower Prices on any thing you buy from us.

Remember you Get

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back."

W. A. KEMP

CLANTON, ALA.

Co-operation Means A Better Community

THE MERCHANTS WHOSE NAMES APPEAR ON THIS PAGE ARE INTERESTED IN THE ADVANCEMENT OF OUR TOWN AND COMMUNITY. THEY BELIEVE IN BILL SARTOR'S OLD SLOGAN, "LIVE AND LET LIVE." THEY DO NOT EXPECT TO LIVE OR DIE BY THE PENNY WHICH THEY MAKE OFF THE LITTLE ARTICLE THEY SELL YOU. THEIR AIMS ARE HIGHER AND FARTHER REACHING. THEY REALIZE THAT WE ALL LIVE HERE TOGETHER IN THIS TOWN AND ARE IN DUTY BOUND TO MAKE THE PLACE AS PLEASANT FOR ONE ANOTHER AS POSSIBLE. DON'T LET YOURSELF BELIEVE THAT WHEN ONE OF THEM SELLS YOU SOMETHING THAT HE IS TRYING TO ROB YOU. HE IS JUST REALIZING A LITTLE LIVING PROFIT ON THE TRANSACTION. OUR MERCHANTS BELIEVE IN GIVING BACK TO THE COMMUNITY AS MUCH AS THE COMMUNITY GIVES THEM—AND THEY DO IT.

Lion Shirts and Collars

I have a full line for Fall and Winter

W. A. KEMP

GROCERIES FOR SALE

The best and cheapest Line in town.

J. W. Littlejohn

Exchange Hotel

Modern, Sanitary, Clean & Equipped

Mr. Merchant:

Do you believe in Co-operation? If so, you can help out by putting your name in this space. Show your grit!

Closing Out.

I am closing out my stock of goods, and will sell anything at cost for cash — cheaper than present wholesale prices. Come and see me.

L.H. REYNOLDS

Syrup Cans

Only a few left

Get them now.

Downs Hdwe. Co.

FREE HONEY FRUIT
CHEWING GUM

FOR ALL ATTENDING THE 2:30 MATINEE SATURDAY. WILL ALSO GIVE A FULL BOX OF HONEY FRUIT TO ONE HOLDING LUCKY TICKET. CHILDREN UNDER 12 ACCOMPANIED BY EITHER PARENT ADMITTED FREE MATINEES

IDEAL THEATRE

TO THE FARMERS:

While we business men of Clanton are co-operating in the interest of our town, we want the Farmers of this vicinity to remember that we are interested in them, and are willing to help them. Whenever the merchants of Clanton help the farmers, they also help themselves at the time.

TRADE WITH THOSE WHOM YOU KNOW.

NEW WILSON HOTEL
Everything New and Modern
Rates Reasonable

Ford

Ford Cars and Parts; Oil, Gasoline and Accessories.

Get your order in for new crs now nd not have to wait.

L. J. DUNCAN

GOOD VALUES IN SCHOOL TABLETS, PENCILS, ETC., AT THE

CANDY STORE

FRESH CANDIES AND COLDEST DRINKS ALL THE TIME.

Allen Princess Ranges

See them on display at

Clanton Mercantile Company.

FOR SALE or RENT

ONE 4 ROOM HOUSE AND LOT ON MAIN STREET IN CLANTON—CHEAP FOR CASH.

Wiley Littlejohn

Ask to see the new

Edison Machine

UPCHURCH'S

L. C. REYNOLDS

Staple and Fancy Groceries. All new Stock, Just received. Any trade you may give me will be greatly appreciated.

Those farmers who were not at the organization meeting of the Farmers Protective League here Saturday will do well to inquire into the intents and pruposes of the institution, and put themselves in shape to reap the bnefits that await them if they will only make thep roper effort to secure the advantages.

Literature concerning the first principles and details of the work has been prepared and is now available for the public, in so far as the public workings of the League are concerned. It has been arranged—and well enough too— that the real business activities of the League be kept secret. But enough may be known on the outside to convince any very clearly-thinking farmer that it is a splendid opportunity for him to strike a death blow to his one dreaded adversary—the produce speculators.

If you are a farmer you need to look into this matter at once. You have already lost too much time.

HOW IT STARTED

Absolute knowledge I have none,
But my aunt's washerwoman's sister's son
Heard a policeman on his beat
Say to a laborer on the street,
That he had a letter just last week,
Written in the finest Greek
From a Chinese Coolie in Timbutcoo,
Who said the negroes in Cuba knew
Of a colored man in Texas town,
Who got it straight from a circus clown,
That a man in Klondike heard news
From a gang of South American Jews,
About somebody in Borneo,
Who heard a man who claimed to know
Of a swell society female fake,
Whose mother-in-law will undertake
To prove that her seventh husband's sister's niece
Has stated in a printed piece,
That she has a son who has a friend,
Who knows when the war will end.

Author Unknown.

BAKER ASKS MONEY FOR SECOND DRAFT

Indications are thrt Second Half Million Men will Be called Out in a Few Months.

Washington, Sept. 19.—Secretary of War Baker today submitted to the Senate Appropriations Committee $287,416,000 additional estimates for the army. He explained the imperative need of the money and asked that it be included in the $7,000,000,000 urgent deficiency bill.

Baker, in submitting the estimates forecast a call for 500,000 more men for the national army soon. He said "submission to these estimates is necessary to provide increased facilities for manufacture and storage of ordnance; equipment for additional half million men, in anticipation of a call for that number and in securing a supply of small arms ammunition for the machine gun, rifle and pistol practice for an army of 2,300,000."

Secretary Daniels is to submit additional navy estimates this afternoon. Of the sum Baker asked $10,000,000 is for ordnance service, covering chiefly storage of amunition.

Forty million dollars is for ordnance supplies exclusive of ammunition; $333,750,000 is for ammunition for target practice for an army of 2,300,000 men.

For the manufacture of arms, $32,690,000 is asked, and for new equipment at the Rock Island arsenal $500000; engineer equipment, $7,800,000.

Brigadier Generals Crozier and Black explained the urgency of the requests is due to conditions not apparent when regular estimates were made.

COUNTY BOARD TO NAME DATE FOR THE OPENING OF SCHOOLS

The county board of education will in the near future set a uniform date for the opening of all public rural schools in the county. Supt. Bean is now soliciting the opinions of all the district trustees as to what date will be most accepatble to all the schools. As soon as the trustees are heard from the county board will take up all the suggestions and decide on an average and select the date which is suggested by the largest number of trustees.

MARRIAGES 1917

UNION BANNER

John Edgar of Birmingham, to Miss Nellie Dott Woolley, Stanton.

Mr. Cleve Scott of Jemison, to Miss Florence Coker, Jemison

John Wesley Grear of Clanton, to Miss Lillie Mae Blackwell, Clanton.

D. Bates of Verbena, to Miss Lillian Caton, Verbena.

Fred Holcombe of Clanton, to Miss Elmer Ruth Noah, Clanton.

Lexie Mims of Clanton, to Miss Beatrice Mims, Clanton.

J. W. Holsomback of Bessemer, to Miss Effie McGraw, Jemison.

Do the average man a favor and he will act as if he is doing you a favor in letting you do it.

As a rule a man's respect for the law depends on whether he wins or loses his suit.

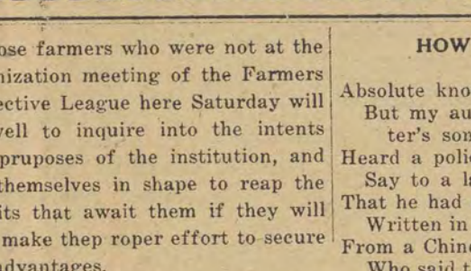
Secretary W. T. Bean of the Chilton County Fair states that the date for holding the Chilton County Fair at Clanton his fall has not yet been decided by the directors. The catalogue and premium list has already been issued, and copies may be secured from Mr. Bean by those who desire them.

Always figure on a smaller crowd than you anticipated and you will never be disappointed.

There are splinters on the ladder of fame. But you never notice them until you begin to slide down.

Pay for the Union-Banner a year. $1

"Nervous exhaustion—blinding headache"



Striving to satisfy the demands of everyone is apt to affect the nerves, and continual standing may weaken the Heart.

Dr. Miles' Nervine

is invaluable for Nervous troubles, and for the Heart

Dr. Miles'

Heart Treatment

is highly recommended.

IF FIRST BOTTLE FAILS TO BENEFIT YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

LIVED IN MISERY.

"I suffered greatly from nervousness and headaches. The least excitement gave me dreadful pain. I began using Dr. Miles' Nervine and a few days later started to take Dr. Miles' Heart Treatment. I soon got so much better that I was encouraged and continued taking the two remedies until I was so well that work was no bother to me at all."

MRS. LOUIS ELG,
Idaho Falls, Idaho.

Why Suffer?

Mrs. J. A. Cox, of Alderson, W. Va., writes: "My daughter . . . suffered terribly. She could not turn in bed . . . the doctors gave her up, and we brought her home to die. She had suffered so much at . . . time. Having heard of Cardui, we got it for her."

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

"In a few days, she began to improve," Mrs. Cox continues, "and had no trouble at . . . Cardui cured her, and we sing its praises everywhere." We receive many thousands of similar letters every year, telling of the good Cardui has done for women who suffer from complaints so common to their sex. It should do you good, too. Try Cardui. E-77

TAX NOTICE

COLLECTOR'S AND ASSESSOR'S ROUND

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of collecting the State and County Taxes for Chilton County for the year 1917 and assessing taxes for the year 1918.

Maplesville,	Beat 7, October 1, 1917
Stanton,	Beat 8, October 2, 1917
Pletcher,	Beat 15, October 3, 1917
Enterprise,	Beat 6, October 4, 1917
Verbena,	Beat 5, October 5, 1917
Minooka,	Beat 13, October 6, 1917
Thorsby,	Beat 9, October 8, 1917
Jemison,	Beat 2, October 9, 1917
Benson,	Beat 3, October 10, 1917
Macedonia,	Beat 14, October 11, 1917
Mineral Springs,	Beat 12, October 12, 1917
Robinson's Store,	Beat 12, October 13, 1917
Mullins Academy,	Beat 1, October 15, 1917
Cane Creek,	Beat 11, October 16, 1917
Providence,	Beat 16, October 17, 1917
Cooper,	Beat 10, October 18, 1917
Mt. Creek,	Beat 5, October 19, 1917
Evergreen,	Beat 10, October 20, 1917
Kincheon,	Beat 6, October 22, 1917
Culp Schoolhouse,	Beat 15, October 23, 1917
Riderville,	Beat 8, October 24, 1917
Shoults,	Beat 7, October 25, 1917
Mars Hill,	Beat 2, October 26, 1917
Concord,	Beat 13, October 27, 1917
Clanton,	Beat 4, Nov. 12 to 30, 1917

Take notice that under Section Number 34, of the Revenue Code of 1915, it is the duty of every person liable to taxation in each election precinct, to attend in person on the first day of the appointment in your Precinct, and then and there render to the Assessor a full and complete list of all property, of which he or she was owner on the 1 day of October of that year.

All taxes and assessments are delinquent after December the 31st, 1917.

J. D. COLLINS, Tax Collector,
J. N. DENNIS, Tax Assessor.

CLANTON LOCALS

W. Z. Hodges has been over to his old home at Roanoke for the past week with his mother who has been very dangerously ill.

Newton Minor and Joe Gore, who have been at work the past year at Niagara Falls, New York, are at home for a while now.

WANTED TO BUY—One or two good mules. E.H. Foshee, Clanton R 5

Check a cough or cold in the lungs before it develops a serious case. BALLARD'S HOUSEHOLD SYRUP is an effective remedy for all soreness or congestion in the lungs or air passages. Price 25c, 50c and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Company.

Bring your butter and eggs to W.Z. Hodges. who is paying the highest mrket price for them.

Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Smith are happy as usual,—its a boy, and he weighs 12, pounds. He arrived on Tuesday and can make himself heard.

The forty-eight boys who left Wednesday for Camp Gordon were in charge of two of their felow boys, Jim Rasberry and Ira Billingsley.

The Union-Banner is in receipt of a card from Leonard Farley, who is now at the Great Lakes Training Station near Chicago. He left here for the station last Tuesday.

B. McKee is preparing to remove his family to Sylacauga where he has made arrangements to go into the meat market business.

Miss Minnie Muse has returned to Clanton after spending all the past summer at Colorado Springs. She left Colorado Sept. 10th and there was snow on the mountains. Speaking of her stay in the west Miss Muse says she enjoyed it splendidly, but she closed with the remark, "But the Alabama cotton fields look good to me."

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Wyatt, Miss Mollie Murrah, Miss Alice Wyatt and T. G. Wyatt made an auto trip to Rockford Sunday. The return trip was made via. Wetumpka.

Hon. Emmett A. Jones, formerly Director of the Markets Bureau of the State Department of Agriculture, was a conspicious figure Saturday at the organization of the Farmers Protective League. Mr. Jones was made Secretary-Treasurer of the State Organization. He is a young man of much "grit" and will show his hand in the manipulation of the new organization of which he is an important officer.

LEARN TO WRITE

I can make a good penman of you at home during your spare time. Send me your name and $3.50, and take my 8-weeks course by mail.

J. E. THORNTON,
Carrollton, Ga.

Go to Hodges' Grocery Store before buying elsewhere. He has flour and many other articles at a bargain, regardless of high prices.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Mauk and children of Birmingham spent the week end with their mother, Mrs. Elijah Jones.

Mr. Barney Roberts and family are going to remove to Clanton and will live at the Latham place. They have been living at Myrtlewood for the past year.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Thomas J. Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery ,Alabama, did, on the 27th day of February, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application, No. 010139, to purchase the NE ¼ of the SE ¼, Section 2, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised, one hundred and sixty dollars, the timber estimated 60,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $40.00; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9th day of November, 1917, before Register or Receiver, U S.. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.
Register.

LOST—Edison Fountain Pen without cap. Finder please return to Union-Banner office and receive reward.

HIGH SCHOOL NEWS

(By Willus Lowe.)

The high school opened with about fifteen more pupils than they had last year. The new students are re-learning to work, and new ones are coming in every day. We feel sure that when the total for the year shall have been counted up we shall find ourselves considerably beyond the two hundred mark.

The department of music is showing up in a manner very gratifying to the management of the school.

The new departments—those of expression and practical arts, in the charge of Miss Sightler and Mrs. Richardson will find plenty of support and be a great asset to the school and the community.

It seems that Briggs enjoys being a Sophomore, as this is his third year in the Sophomore class.

Miss Sewell—Denson, will you spell altogether, please?

Denson—Yes, m'am, "altogather.".

Miss Sewell—You may stand in the corner until you learn to spell this word.

Marjorie and Myrtle were waiting until a freight train passed one afternoon when a crowd of soldiers drove up in a Paige. Marjorie got excited (naturally) and yelled, "Oh my, when is the pullman going to pass?" Just then the cab went by.

We are glad to have Miss Leona Pipes back in school again after a brief illness.

Miss Key in Chemistry class—Dick, Give me the properties of water.

Dick—If you fall in it you will drown.

Dr. Norman—Roberta, what is a tonic?

Roberta—I think it is a medicine to cure the colic.

The Senior Class is very glad to have Aaron Vines enroll with them.

Erle—I will study my English lesson if you will just give us 25 pages.

Miss Sewell—I don't have to hire you to study your lesson.

The C. C. H. S. is rough on rats.

Miss Sewell—Juilus, spell saucer.

Harold—'Wednesday."

Miss Sewell—Julius, spell soucer.

Julius—"Sacer."

Clara—Anice, what is the matter with your dress?

Anice—The front happened to be on the back.

Misses Kate McNeill and Eula Mae Vines joined the Junior class ranks Monday, giving them a total of 25

The New Exchange Hotel that is managed by W. H. Goodgame is crowded all the timeand could use several more rooms if they could possibly procure them.

Miss Beverly Hester leaves for Judson College today.

THORSBY ITEMS

The annual reception given by the Ladies' Guild to the Trustees, Faculty, Alumni and Students of Thorsby Institute, was held at Bates' Hall on Friday night of last week. A program of music and speaking was rendered. Punch was served and a pleasant evening was enjoyed by all.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Caldwell of Pletcher, Ala., accompanied by Mrs. Pounds motored to Thorsby on Sunday last for the purpose of entering their daughter Miss Elsie ,a student in Thorsby Institute.

Mrs. H .M. Gerald and daughter, Agnes, spent Monday in Clanton on business. Miss Agnes Gerald, who graduated last June from Thorsby Institute, left on Tuesday of this week for Demorest, Ga., where she will enroll as a student in Piedmont College.

Mr. Albert Johnson, recently of Nebraska, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Tom Johnson in Thorsby on his way for enlistment in the navy.

Rev. Jas. M. Graham spent the week end with his family in Thorsby, and preached at the Congregational church on Sunday morning last.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. McDonough, of Marvel, Ala., spent Saturday in Thorsby visiting their son, Clifford Mc, who is attending Thorsby Institute.

Miss Ella Gilbert, formerly a student of Thorsby Institute, and who now resides in Birmingham, was a caller at the Institute Monday of this week.

Mr. J. L. Johnson and little daughter, Esther, spent Saturday and Sunday in Birmingham.

Mrs. J. M. Scott, who has purchased the millinery stock of Mrs. G. H. Gerald, has opened up a millinery store in connection with the cafe and grocery store of J. M. Scott.

A number of new students enrolled in Thorsby Institute this week and others are expected in a few days.

CLANTON BAPTIST CHURCH

The annual business conferences of the Clanton Baptist Church and Sunday School are being held this week. The active members of the church are agitating the matter of building a new house of worship at some time in the near future which will be a credit to the city and to the standing of the church in the county. A building fund has been started and is being added to in various ways.

The Unity Baptist Association, with which the Clanton church co-operates will meet on October the 9th at Evergreen church in Autauga County. It is expected that a full delegation of messengers will attend from here, and also that a way will be found for all who wish to attend. Some of our people favor the county association plan, such as is advocated by our mission headquarters. If all of the Baptist churches within the bounds of any given county form an association called by the name of the county, it not only locates at once the bounds of the association to those abroad in the state, but it also locates any particular church, which may be one of a dozen called by the same name in the state, when the association with which it is affiliated is named.

The Clanton Baptist Sunday School has adopted a progressive policy, it which, it is hoped, will materially increase the size and efficiency of the school. Teacher training classes have been started and other measures adopted for development under the inspiration of the deacons and church supervision and patronage. It is hoped that a standard Sunday School will soon be the outcome.

A Baptist Young Peoples Union has also been organized which meets on Sunday nights one hour before the preaching service. This is especially intended for young church members, and a course in the B. Y. P. U. Manual will be started on the night of September 23rd. In this the young people are prepared for the activities of Union work. A cordial welcome is extended to all who are willing to enter the various departments of the work of the church.

Mrs. Ben Harrison of Woodlawn spent several days with Mrs. W. I. Mullins and other relatives in Clanton.

Miss Mary Sue Mullins will enter school at the Barton Academy of Mobile this term.

Mr. Joe Kicker of Tuscaloosa is visiting his brother, Mr. N. A. Kicker this week.

B. Guy Smith is out of Clanton this week, but he is looking after love affairs this time—not war.

Mrs. Parrish of Montgomery is spending the week with her sister, Mrs. R. E. Luckie.

ROCKYMOUNT

On Saturday, September 22, there will be a public working on the Rocky Mount school house grounds. Bring your dinner and tools to work with.

On Tuesday, the 25th, the school will open with a school rally and dinner. Dr. Fielding, President of Boaz University, Prof. McDonald, Principal of the Chilton County High School at Clanton, and County Superintendent of Education W. T. Bean will be there. Come and bring dinner and spend the day.

J. B. NORTHCUTT.

Mr. Hobbie of Montgomery, the Alabama representative of Mr. Hoover, national food administrator, was in Clanton last Saturday and spoke to the Farmers Protective League in the afternoon. Mr. Hobbie expressed approval of the efforts of the farmers of the South in securing a favorable market for their farm products. Other government representatives of various branches of the agricultural departments were here with Mr. Hobbie.

Judge Longshore of Columbiana was in Clanton last week attending the Circuit Court. The Judge was one of the atternoys defending Perry Glass in the charge of murder.

Henry W. Pond and Mr. Porter of Rockford were in Clanton Wednesday on business.

Taylor Bros. are paying 30 cents per dozen for eggs, and the highest price for chickens.

REPORT

all the news happenings that come to your attention to this office. It will be appreciated for every piece of news will make the paper more interesting for you as well as others. We want and with your help will print all

THE NEWS

THE SPIES OF GERMANY SHOULD BE CRUSHED

(Continued from Page 1.)

what would Germany do if we boasted that we had a half million spies in the German empire? I will tell you. They would hunt them down like lions and they would kill them just as fast as they were found. That is what Germany would do. And, my friends, I want to warn you solemnly that we must go lion hunting. We must search them out here at Empire, in Birmingham, in every nook and cranny of America, give them a trial if you think best but hang them high as Haaman just as fast as you find them. I hate to tell you this, but it is time we were getting mad. We must give Germany a dose of the medicine that she arrogantly and boastfully gives the remainder of the civilized world.'

Facts to Bear in Mind

Mrs. Mathis gave a short history of German aggression and her disregard for neighborly relations and solemn treaties and then launched into a denunciation of the Germans higher up that take advantage of our democratic laws and hide behind them while carrying forward their deadly propaganda. She then recited three propositions that she wished every American to bear in mind:

"1. Watch the Mexican border for there is a terribly weak spot.

22. Hang the spies. Root them out Go lion hunting. Don't let up.

"3. Organize a home guard and don't let dissension creep into the American family.

"Do as Ambassador Gerard promised the Kaiser," cried Mrs. Mathis. "For when the Kaiser said he had 500,000 spies here Mr. Gerard said we had 500,000 telegraph poles on which to hang 'em.'

Mrs. Mathis said the people were wasting too much. She appealed to them to save; save and keep on saving. She impressively pointed her arm out to assembled miners blackened with grime form the mines and told them not to cease in their work of digging coal.

"For food can't be cooked," said Mrs. Mathis. "Ships can't cross the seas, machine factories can't be operated unless you men furnish the coal. Let me beseech you not to tarry. Work early and work late and let every pound of coal count."

Tribute to Coal Digger

She paid a glowing tribute to the coal digger when she declared in ringing tones:

"For every ton of coal you send out let your prayers to God be upon it. Christ calls upon you to go down into the bowels of the earth and bring out the treasure of coal that He has placed there to the end that this German monster may be crushed. It is the treasure of Jehovah that you are mining and with every pound of it you fire a shot across the lines into the Germans. God Himself will bless you in your work and oncoming generations will call down their blessing upon you if you stand by your duty as I believe you will."

To the farmers before her Mrs. Mathis appealed that at least five acres be planted in wheat that we may have on abundance of bread for our folks and some for our allies. She advocated raising sheep instead of dogs and cattle instead of ticks. Mrs. Mathis reiterated her plea for harmony among all classes and said a united people, an earnest people and a consecrated people would convince all Germany of our intention to carry this war through.

Mrs. Mathis made the statement that the farmers had increased the food crop in this state in one year $200,000,000 through personal appeals and she was appealing to all people now to practice economy, work hard, save money and in this wise whip the Germans.

Congratulated Speaker

After Mrs. Mathis closed her speech the miners blackened with grim, farmers ladies and children crowded around her and congratulated her upon the speech. It was added by many of the men that if any German spies are caught in that section that they would deal with them without any foolishness. The statement was made that Mrs. Mathis was right in that the American people should get mad and start some wholesome work to rid this country of the spy.

Mrs. Mathis said that every mother who had given a son to the American army as she had and every person that had parted with a loved one should keep behind the German spy system until this country was free of them. She said that she did not mind so much her son fighting to make Democracy safe on a battlefield but she did not intend to stand idly by and see him murdered by an assasin in the back.

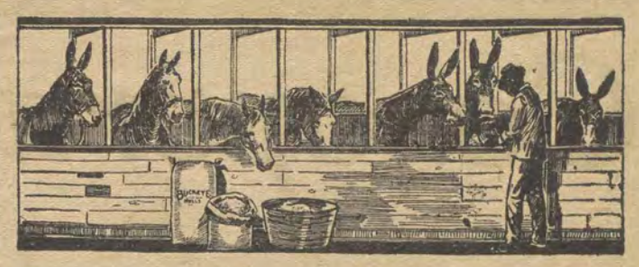
100 Spies Leave Birmingham.

Following the publication of the address of Mrs. Hathis Monday by the Birmingham Age-Herald it was reported to Mrs. Mathis that at least 100 spies had left Birmingham saying that some of the hot headed Southerners might start a lynching bee. This information was published in the Age-Herald for Tuesday.

From all indications the spy system is most menacing in Alabama as well as other states in the Union and action should be taken without delay.

As Mrs. Mathis says: "We should begin to get mad."

Yellow complexion, pimples and disfiguring blemishes on the face or body can be gotten rid of by doctoring the liver, which is torpid. HERBINE is a powerful liver correctant. It purifies the system, stimulates the vital organs and puts the body in fine vigorous condition. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.



Is your barn a cotton warehouse?

WHEN you store a ton of old style cottonseed hulls you give space to almost 500 pounds of lint and all the extra bulk that the lint causes.

When you store a ton of

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

you give space to 2000 pounds of real roughage, free from lint, compact, concentrated, solid.

Buckeye Hulls save half your storage space or enable you to carry twice as much roughage.

Other Advantages

2000 pounds of roughage value to the ton—not 1500.	Better assimilation of other food. No trash or dust.
Priced much less per ton.	Sacked—easy to handle.
Every pound goes farther.	Mix well with other forage.

Mr. John Wicker, Forest, Miss., says:

that his first experience in feeding Buckeye Hulls was unsatisfactory as he fed them improperly. He now soaks the hulls over night, then feeds them and has very satisfactory results. Mr. Wicker states that these hulls are more economical than the old style hulls and thinks that they go almost twice as far as the old style hulls at a considerably less cost to begin with.

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K **The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.** Dept. K

Atlanta Birmingham Greenwood Little Rock Memphis
Augusta Charlotte Jackson Macon Selma

LOCAL FARMERS PROTECTIVE LEAGUE FOR CHILTON COUNTY

Last Saturday the farmers of Chilton County in session at the court house, after the state organization of the Farmers Protective League was organized, proceeded to organize a local branch of the organization for Chilton County.

The following officers were elected for the county organization:

W. H. Conway, President; W. J. Billingsley, Secy-Treas.; W. A. Reynolds, Business Agent.

Local Leagues subordinate to the county league may be organized over the county at any time later.

PERRY GLASS GETS LIFE SENTENCE FOR MURDER

The jury last week in the Circuit Court in the case of Perry Glass, charged with shooting Jim Cambell, rendered a verdict of murder in the first degree. The court imposed the sentence of imprisonment for life. The defendant will appeal the case in all probability.

COUNTY MAPS FOR SALE

The Union-Banner has made arrangements to print a number of Beat Maps of Chilton County, and now have them for sale to anyone desiring them, at the price of 25 cents each.

FOR GOOD PRINTING CALL ON US

DR. W. L. PARRISH
Graduate Veterinarian.
Hurry Calls made in Auto.
'Phone 110-35, Clanton.

CHILTON COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

The School for Chilton County Boys and Girls, prepared to do High School Work. Devoted to Secondary Education only. Fully affiliated with every State Institution and the Southern Association of Colleges. Also offers Course of Study for the Boy or the Girl who cannot go to College.

Faculty fully competent—every member a College Graduate; every member has a College Degree. Every Section of the County represented in the Student Body.

Listen, Fellow Citizens, this school is your school. Your tax money supports it. Send us your son or your daughter, and let them claim their own. All departmnets fully organized. Look out for announcement of the strongest Department of Music to be found outside of the cities and colleges.

Next Session opens September 5, 1917. Conference and correspondence solicited. We are here to serve.

H. C. McDONALD, A. B., Principal,
CLANTON, ALA.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., SEPTEMBER 27, 1917 NUMBER 26.

Judge of Probate, 1Jan15

UNDERCURRENT OF PEACE IS SENTIMENT AT CAPITAL

America's Sentiment toward Germany Unchanged, but Rumor Says That End is Near.

Washington, Sept. 22.—The "Christmas Bells" will be peace bells.

That sentiment, enunciated by Herr Leube, President of the German Reichstag, found a strange voice in Washington. "Peace negotiations will be in full swing by the new year, is a sentiment current in circles close to the White House.

Officially the State Department indicated that the United States had not been changed by the new Teutonic offers from her position as expressed in President Wilson's reply to the Pope.

That reply said no negotiations would be possible until a German government that could be trusted made the offer.

These two statements must be taken together to get the true significance of the attitude at Washington. It is this:

There will be no peace negotiations by the New Year—but there will be negotiations carried on under the terms laid down by the United States and the other allies.

They will be peace negotiations which will crown triumphant the fight for democracy. They will be peace negotiations that will have a more far-reaching effect on the future history of nations than any peace since the Middle Ages. They will be peace negotiations to make effective the universal community of nations preached by Woodrow Wilson.

Many Never Enter War.

There is still the amazing industry of those connected with the preparation of the United States for war. But there is also admission that the engine of battle which the United States is building may never be launched against the Germans.

"How long will you be in Washington?" a certain official here on special war duty asked today. He is one of the men closest to the center of the administration.

"I'll be here through the winter," he replied. "My job will keep me here a couple of months after peace is declared anyway."

In detail, the entangling developments of the day was the desire of the United States and the allies to find in the Teuton replies evidence of the "change of heart" which Secretary Lansing says will be the demand of Germany.

On the face of things no such a guarantee appears.

It is the same old German military autocracy which extended the right hand to Argentina while its envoy advised the "sinking without trace" of Argentine ships. It is the same old Kaiserism that gave and revoked the Russian pledge. It is the same old kultur that tore up the scrap of paper which protected Belgium. It is the same system of diplomacy that permitted Von Bernstorff and Von Papen and Boy-Ed to blow up ships and munitions factories, plot a Mexican war and try to corrupt the government of the United States while they enjoyed her protection as "friendly" diplomats.

EFFICIENCY IN EDUCATION

Efficiency is the need of the hour. We need efficiency in education as we need it in every other line, and we have only one way to secure it. That is, there must be general recognition of the fact that teaching is a profession that requires skill, trained workers; and there must be schools where prospective teachers may become skilled and trained; and there must be a refusal to accept any teacher who is not skilled.

To give this training, to make for efficiency, Alabama maintains four class A normal schools. They stand preeminently for efficiency in education. They give the prospective teacher an opportunity to become skilled and trained. To these schools Alabama looks for teachers who are efficient and who will be exponents of efficiency in education. To them, county superintendents of education and school boards are applying for men and women who are really qualified to teach. Through them Alabama is steadily gaining in her endeavor for efficiency in education.

These schools are now kept open for service twelve months in each year.

These schools are located at Florence, Jacksonville, Livingston and Troy.

Dudley Smith of Rome, Ga., writes the Editor of the Union-Banner that he has got him a new auto, and intends to come over to Clanton this week—about Thursday, and spend a while. We just put this local in as a warning to some young fellows of the society circle, for when J. D. gets here with his car he is going to put somebody on the faded list. He is bad enough without an auto. So you may know if he has got one of these things he will be some "bug" when he gets back home.

EIGHTY-ONE VETERANS NOW AT THE OLD SOLDIERS HOME

Mountain Creek, Ala., Sept 26—There are now 81 men at the Alabama Old Soldiers Home near Mt. Creek, and their ages are from 71 to 91 years. One man is seventy, seven men seventy-one, nine men seventy-two, twelve men seventy-three, seven men seventy-four, ten men seventy-five, five men seventy-six, five men seventy-seven, four men seventy-eight, five men seventy-nine, three men eighty, three men eighty-one, two men eighty-three, one man eighty-four, three men eighty-five, one man eighty-six, one man eighty-seven, one man ninety, and one man ninety-one years old.

There are at the home about an even dozen old soldiers ranging in ages from 45 to 65 years.

The occupations of these men prior to entering the home were varied. Carpenters, railroad engineers, farmers, show men, insurance men, book binders, river men, merchants, with doctors and preachers plentiful, as to percentage of numbers.

These inmates are being cared for by the state well, and they are in as good health as could be expected.

Of the 91 male inmates, about 25 of them are being cared for in the hospital, being almost helpless.

Dr. Eiland, the Commandant in charge, is well-liked, and Mrs. Eiland, the Matron is mindful of the attention the old soldiers require.

U-BOAT SITUATION IS PLEASING SAYS HIGH ADMIRAL BENSON

Believes that Percentage of Destroyed Ships Now Less than Ever.

Washington, Sept. 22.—Navy experts regard the submarine situation as highly satisfactory.

Admiral Benson, acting secretary of the navy, stated today that the percentage of destroyed ships is believed to be even smaller at present than the one-half of one per cent that had been lost up to a month ago.

Ships of all allied and neutral nations are being taken across the Atlantic under the protection of warships. Ships that have come through the Panama Canal joined the fleet leaving Atlantic ports in this country in great numbers.

Submarine operations recently in the Medeterranean around Gibralter, and around the Azores have been negligible, Admiral Benson said .

There have many reports of proposed new submarine activities, Admiral Benson declared. One of these is that a huge U-boat will operate in the mid-Atlantic. The Navy Department is working upon the assumption that the recent attack by six submarines upon a convoyed fleet of merchantmen near the European coast inaugarated a new policy of submarine warfare—that of meeting merchant fleets with submarine fleets.

MEETING OF CIVIC LEAGUE

The regular meeting of the Civic Improvement Club will meet with the president, Mrs. Callen, Tuesday October 2,a t 3:00 p.m. All members are urged to be present, pay up dues and elect new officers.

The Civic Improvement Club has donated a swing to the Grammar School, and will soon place on the grounds sand piles, seesaws, slides and other life-giving and beneficial accessories.

A thorough cleaning of the cemetery last week was a notable feature due mainly to the efforts of the President of the Civic Club.

Prof. J. Leonard Harris, Principal of Thorsby Public School spent Sunday with friends here, and attended the Singing out at Friendship Church.

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR

U. S. Land office, at Montgomery, Ala., July 30, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that Louis T. Dennis, whose port office address is R. D. No. 2, Mt. Creek, Ala., did on the 29th day of January, 1917, file in this office sworn statement and application No. 010113, to purchase the N½ of the SW¼, Section 12, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St. Stephens Meridian, and the timber thereon, under provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that persuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised two hundred and seventy-seven and 58-100 dollars, the timber estimated at 98,563.00 board feet at $2.00 per M., and the land $80.46; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 19th day of October, 1917, before Register or Receiver, U. S. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a coroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would efeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.

RICHARD HOBBIE WILL MAKE TOURS OF ALL ALABAMA

Representative of U.S. Food Director Hoover Will Help Farmers With Marketing.

With Richard M. Hobbie, Herbert C. Hoover's personal representative in Alabama, as their leader, the marketing committees of the Food Preparedness Bureau Monday will begin their week's work in helping the farmers or North and Central Alabama in marketing their crops with added interest and enthusiasm.

Mr. Hobbie has expressed time and again the favor in which the Birmingham Bureau was held by the Administration, and has become so interested in its work that he will spend the entire week with one of the regular marketing committees on its tour of North Alabama towns.

Accompanying Carl B. James, S. W. Westbrook and T. P. Hay, Jr., Mr. Hobbie will visit Blocton Monday on an invitation of Mayor Griffin. A meeting will be held there of the farmers and merchants of the community, and on Tuesday the committee with Mr. Hobbie will go to Albany on the invitation of W.R. Hall, President of the Board of Commerce. There they will hold a similar meeting in the afternoon, and in the evening will hold a mass meeting in Decatur. This meeting has been arranged by the local marketing organization, and the farmers and merchants of the community have demonstrated their interest in the visit of Mr. Hobbie and the committee.

On the invitation of Ernest Hinn, the committee with Mr. Hobbie will visit Athens Wednesday, and at that place will make up the itinerary for the remainder of the week.

Mr. Hobbie is at the head of the work of the Food Administrator for Alabama. His services are voluntary and are given directly to Mr. Hoover himself.

Throughout the marketing tour the purpose of the committee with which he travels will be to assist the farmers and merchants of the marketing centers to provide warehouse facilities for storing part of the food crops, that they may be held for a profitable marketing price in place of being thrown on the market in such abundance at this time. The conservation of the food crops from early fall markets is one of the big services the food administrator hopes to do.

At the same time Mr. Hobbie is touring Alabama a committee headed by Emmett A. Jones will visit Noville and Alexander City.

Principal S. H. Herbert of Thorsby Institute was a visitor to Clanton Saturday.

Judge S. M. Adams, State Organizer and Lecturer of the Farmers Protective League, is in South Alabama this week organizing county locals of the league. The Judge was at Wetumpka last Saturday and organized the Elmore County branch of the league. He reports that the farmers of Elmore County are greatly interested in the movement that is being fostered by the new organization.

Rev. W. P. Lowery has been elected as pastor of Friendship Baptist Church east of town, to succeed Rev. S. M. Adams, who resigned last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Martin of Jemison were visitors to Clanton on Monday. Mr. Martin will begin teaching near Jemison in the near future.

Prof. James Franklin of Thorsby was down here Sunday to sing at Friendship Church east of town.

Felix O. Dudley of Montgomery was in Clanton Wednesday.

WISCONSIN MAN'S DISMISSAL FROM THE SENATE IS HINTED

Warrant for Arrest of LaFillette May Be Result of Speech Bitterly Attacking Administration.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 22.—A warrant for the arrest of Senator Robert M. LaFollette will be asked by the Minnesota public safety commission, if official investigation reveals that his speech at the non-partisan league conference here Thursday night was treasonable, Governor Burnquist declared today.

If the warrant is issued, and Lafollette refuses to return to this state for trial, evidence will be laid before the United States Senate and his dismissal from the body be sought.

In his speech LaFollette bitterly attacked the administration for its conduct of the war, particularly for its method of raising finances. Burnquist, also stated that other speakers will be held responsible for any seditious or treasonable remarks.

Says U. S. Went to War Over "Technical Rights."

St. Paul, Sept. 22.—Senator LaFollette told a large audience gathered at the closing session of the producers and consumers conference that he was opposed to war, that he thought Germany had been rather rough with the "technical rights" of American citizens, but that he did not think the exercise of those rights in traveling on belligerent merchantmen laden with munitions was worth going to war about.

When the senator, in making his declaration that the United States should have never entered the war, sought to defend the sinking of the Lusitania, there came cries of "You are yellow " Instantly there was confusion, but above the uproar the senator shouted: "Any man who says that in an audience like this is yellow himself. I'll take care of any man who interrupts me if you will give me a chance."

A PLEASING PRESENTATION

Mrs. J. C. Jones, president of the Methodist Missionary Society was the recipient of a handsome piece of cut glass, presented by the ladies of the society. The occurrence took place at the home of Mrs. Jones, and the presentation made in the presence of members of the society and other friends through Rev. T. G. Jones, pastor of Clanton Methodist church. Refreshments were served by the hostess and a happy time was enjoyed by all present.

On Monday afternoon veteran W. W. Thrasher, age 89 years, died at the Alabama Old Soldiers Home, and interment was made at the Home Cemetery on Tuesday afternoon at 4:00 p.m. Veteran Thrasher is survived by three sons and one daughter.

FORM FOR SALE

1 60 acres 6 miles east of Clanton, 75 acres in cultivation, lasting water, 40 acres in pasture, an ideal place for stock raising; good terms if desired. Will accept small place as part pay.

M. D. FOSHEE, Clanton, Ala.

BOYS ARRIVE AT CAMP

A card from Ira Billingsley to Sheriff Harris, states the following in regard to the Chilton boys who left last Wednesday for Camp Gordon:

"We arrived all O.K. at Camp Gordon. All the men seem to be very well satisfied, and we hope to continue so. We have a fine camp.

"IRA BILLINGSLEY."

Letters have been received by the friends of other boys who went, stating that they are well situated and getting down to business at their training.

Do You Think

Such an enormous business as we are doing could be built up and continually increased if our goods did not have exceptional value and merit? Do you think we could have the trade of hundreds of people if our reputation for doing exactly what we say was not firmly established? Just think these things over carefully and then give us a trial. We have the goods and we sell them at prices that will please you.

Give Us a Call.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back."

CLANTON, ALA.

POPE IS HOPEFUL OF EARLY PEACE WITH THE TEUTONS

Rome, September 22.—Pope Benedict is hopeful the Teutonic replies to his peace appeal will result in ending of war at some early date.

The Papal Secretary of State tonight made this announcement to the United Press: "The holy father regards the replies at bottom definite acceptance of the proposals in pontifical appeal. He is hopeful of the negotiations for a 'just Christian peace' in the not far distant future."

The official attitude of the Vatican it was explained, is not only deepest sophistry can stand in the way of a just and durable peace.

The United Press was informed by the Papal Under Secretary of State that the holy father "finds replies generally satisfactory."

"The Pope" it was stated, "considers, inasmuch as both clearly accept the pontifical proposals as the basis for peace, there is no necessity for a repetition of the particulars for which the press clammors."

This was taken definitely to indicate that for the present, at least, the Vatican will issue no further peace notes.

MARKET CROPS GRADUALLY SAYS COMMISSIONER WADE

Farmers of Alabama are advised to store their large food and feed crop on the farms and market them gradually, thus stretching the market period to cover six or nine months instead of three months as previously practiced. This would be splendid advice if the farmers were all out of debt and the crop entirely surplus and sufficient storage room had been supplied. Only about twenty-five per cent of the farmers are able to do this unassisted. What about the other seventy-five per cent who owe money due this fall and have no storage facilities and no money with which to buy building material for storage? There is something for the business man and banker to do. If marketing must be done gradually to save the situation for all concerned, then collections should be made gradually and extended to conform to the marketing period instead of the usual "pay in the fall" policy. It is folly to advise a man to do two things when one prohibits the other. The farmer must do his part, but he can do but little unless the merchant and banker co-operate by collecting a little, extending payment on part and assisting in providing storage policy cannot be universally carried out as there are always individuals with whom we cannot deal leniently, but to a greater extent this kind of policy can and must be pursued, if the farmers are protected from a speculative depressed market and the program of diversified farming continued in the future.

HARVESTING AND STORING OUR CROP OF SWEET POTATOES

Farmers in this county grow great quantities of sweet potatoes. They do not grow many for market and comparatively none are grown here for shipment, although there may be some shipped away from here this year.

But every farmer has a patch of potatoes which he is growing for his own home use. And there is not a problem that confronts this farmer that is of as much concern to him as the problem of how to save the potatoes and keep them from rotting till they are consumed on his table.

About as many potatoes rot every winter in the average farmer's potato hill as he consumes. This is a great loss and should not be tolerated. Farmers would gain much if they could have for sale even the potatoes that rot and go to waste.

The Alabama Agricultural Experiment Station at Auubrn has issued bulletin No. 197 on the subject of "Harvesting and Storing Sweet Potatoes," and any farmer who desires a copy of this bulletin can secure same on request to the Experiment Station.

If you have been having trouble in keeping your potatoes, you should get this bulletin, as it will convey to you the very best and most approved methods of handling your sweet potatoes. Write for it. It will cost you nothing.

A BIRTHDAY PARTY

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Davis gave a birthday party in honor of their daughter, Miss Jewel Davis.. About 30 of Clanton's young people were present, and an enjoyable evening was spent.

OLD CONFEDERATE VETERANS ELECTED AS DELEGATES

At a recent meeting of the Old Confederates of Chilton and Vicinity Judge J. W. E. Gulledge and Veteran H. C. Roberts were elected as delegates and W. P. Thompson as alternate, to the Confederate Reunion to be held at Birmingham on October 10 and 11, 1917.

ROOSEVELT WOULD OUST LAFOLLET FROM SENATE

"I Would be Ashamed to Sit in That Body until I did this," says the Col. in Kansas City Speech.

WANTS WAR DECLARED ON AUSTRIA AND TURKEY

Kansas City, September 24.—"If I were this minute a member of the United States Senate I would be ashamed to sit in that body until I found out some method of depriving Senator LaFollette of his seat in that chamber which he now disgraces by his presence there." Col. Roosevelt declared in a talk today at a luncheon given for Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood and himself as a part of the middle western patriotic celebration of this city.

Continuing his remarks concerning congress, Colonel Roosevelt asserted that if congress had taken that action three years ago that it has since the declaration of war the war would have been over.

"If we take the heed of any peace utterances Germany prepares, we will show that we are not prepared to go out yet into the world without a guardian," the Colonel added. "America must make good the words of President Wilson (make the world safe for democracy). For this reason we should declare war against Austria and Turkey."

At the conclusion of this talk, Col. Roosevelt was presented with a gold quill with the reminder that "the pen is mightier than the sword."

"But I would rather have a sword" the Colonel said. "This is a very exclusive war as far as I am concerned. I was blackballed by the committee on admission."

Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, in a speech following the former President, said: "It is utter foolishness to say that American can win the war in the air or with chemical devices. It can only be won by men and with sacrifices."

After praising General Wood, Col. Roosevelt said:

"Now that I have spoken to you of Americans who stand for and are representatives of America, I now wish for a minute to speak to you of an American who represents the worst of American characteristics—Senator LaFollette.

"Senator LaFollette is at this moment loyally and efficiently serving one country—Germany. He is actenemy of democracy. He is doing everything in his power to enthrone autocracy under the German flag throughout the world by the attitude he is now taking toward the war.

"I read a couple of days ago of Senator Lafollette's utterances before an organization out in Minneapolis and hereafter any organization that asks Senator LaFollette to speak ought to be made to show conclusively why it should be considered a patriotic organization thereafter."

MARKET CORN THROUGH LIVE STOCK

Feeding experiments have proven that corn when fed to hogs produces pork at a cost of one cent per pound for each ten cents increase cost per bushel. Pork is selling at eighteen cents .per pound and gives corn a value of $1.80 cents per bushel when fed to hogs. There are one million six hundred thousand hogs in Alabama. Every hog for the market should be made as fat and large as possible. Summer pigs may be fed through the winter and marketed in the spring to good advantage and a splendid price secured for surplus corn, beans, and peanut meal which would otherwise go on a depressed market at a sacrifice. The same policy may be adopted with feeding cattle for the market. Much corn, beans and hay can be converted into a profitable and ready market by feeding them to cattle.

MARKETING MACHINERY

There are at present about fifty feeding stuff mills in the State which crush velvet beans. If these mills run full time they can crush only one-third of the velvet beans now grown in the state. A few power corn shellers have been established but not enough to begin to handle the surplus corn which the market will demand to be shelled. There were six million dollars worth of mixed feeds shipped into the state during the present year. We have the feed material, hence the need of marketing machinery and financing to prepare it for the market.

The situation is not one which the farmers can handle alone. It is a problem of co-operation between the farmers and business men consisting of gradual marketing machinery. Time is limited and quick action is needed. Farmers, put it up to your business men and bankers.

H. B. Oliver of Verbena was attending to business in Clanton on Tuesday.

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
W. M. WYATT AND J. B. WELLS
Publishers and Proprietors.

W. M. WYATT, Editor.
J. B. WELLS, Business Manager.

Subscription price $1.00 per year, payable in advance.

Entered April 15, 1913, at Clanton Ala., as second class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

Write to the Alabama Agricultural Experiment Station at Auburn and tell them you want their late bulletin of information on the subject of gathering, storing and keeping sweet potatoes. It will be much aid to you in preventing the loss you incur every year from loss of potatoes due to rotting as a result of improper methods of gathering and storing.

Thursday and Friday of this week the local exemption board of Chilton County will conduct physical examinations of 115 men, out of which they will complete the first quota of 120 men for the County. This Makes a total of 555 men examined to get the 120 qualified and acceptable ones.

Last week a party of Chilton County men who are interested in farm and agricultural conditions, made an auto trip of South Alabama counties for the purpose of observing and comparing farm methods etc. They went into Dallas, Perry and other counties, and report that they saw a great many things of interest. They were particularly observant of the great amount of hay and live stock which are being grown there.

Among those who went, we remember the names of W. H. Conway, J. N. Dennis, C. B. Cox, J. D. Collins. While down there Mr. Cox purchased a couple of head of fine blooded Hereford cattle and has brought them to his farm in this county.

Somebody said, what's the use of forming another organization of the farmers when the Farmers Union is already in existence for the same purpose for which the new Farmers Protective League was organized. On first thought it would seem a plausible question to ask, but when you come to reason on the proposition you can see into the matter better.

You might say that since the aims and purposes of the two organizations are similar—of likeness in purpose, we should just let one of them suffice, and all join and work under [illegible] churches point singularly to the salvation of souls of men and women, and the elevation of morals and ideals—they all have this purpose. But we do not hear anybody saying that all the churches should be done away with and merged into the creed and plan of one particular church.

Well, the idea is about the same as regards the organization of farmers in the advancement of their interests. The plan of the Farmers Union is good and ought to accomplish much. The plan of the Farmers Protective League is likewise good and ought to accomplish much. And we should encourage them and hope that each will succeed and bring to the farmers all the good and recognition which they deserve.

Having a likeness of purpose the two organizations should co-operate and work together in pursuing their common aims.

A BIG DEAL IN HOGS

Judge C. E. Thomas of Prattville has purchased the entire herd of Hampshire hogs formerly owned by Mr. Shaffir of Alendale, La. Mr. Shaffer being drafted into the army made a proposition to Judge Thomas and succeeded in closing the 600 porkers. These breeders will be brought immediately to a large ranch owned by Judge Thomas, near Prattville.

A large sum of money changed hands in this deal; one boar being valued at $800. There is included 106 boars, and Judge Thomas intends to scatter these Hampshire hogs among farmers in Chilton and Autauga counties, and thus improve hog culture in this section of Alabama.

This is the largest hog deal ever pulled off in the South, and this section is glad to learn of Judge Thomas's big venture.

Dr. Milton P. James, special representative of the U. S. Internal Revenue Department, was in Chilton last week and took part in the capture of the biggest whiskey business that has ever been raided by officers here.

DR. HOPKINS HERE MONDAY

A card from Dr. P. I. Hopkins of Dothan, announces that he will be in Clanton next Monday, October 1st and that he expects those having unsettled business with him to come and see him on that day.

MORE MEN EXAMINED BY THE LOCAL BOARD

ADDITIONAL CALL WITH WHICH TO COMPLETE FIRST QUOTA FROM CHILTON COUNTY.

The Local Board for Chilton County has summoned 115 more men here to be examined for the selective service in the army. This call was in order to complete the number of men required to fill the quota from this county, 120 men, for the first call.

Examinations of this 115 will be held Thursday and Friday. Following is a list of those who are being examined to-day (Thursday.)

Monroe Baker.
John Robert Roper
John Dalton Weldon
Edward F. Taylor
John Motley
Ira Jackson Scott
Mose Wilson
Hugh Headley
Fred Otto Sims
Lemmie Melton
Elbert Bone
Alvin Jones
David Bush
Joseph Martin Gore
B. DeLeon Popwell
Rhoads Williams
Lay Marvin Lamberson
Howard Atchison
Robert Baker
Samuel Thomas Rogers
Albert Robinson
John Callen
Pat Lacey Lowery
General Bear
Grover Cleveland Latham
Matthew Williams, Jr.
Eunice Watson
Mart Daniel Whitener
Dosh Bryant
Lee Roy Caton
Walter Oliver Little
William Lee Moore
Herbert Lindsey Smith
Thomas Phillip Franklin
Ervin Wilson
Arthur Verge Culver
Madison Lee Ware
Charley Hayes
Stanley Hayes
John C. Dennis
Elijah Nix
Robert Weston Hayes
Manley Foshee.
Hayden Killingsworth
Henry Clay Lucas
Thomas H. Blaw
Wilbur L. Speer
John Wesley Lowery
Cornelius Caton
Edgar M. Langston
David S. Mims
Frank Lockhart
James Oliver Smith
John Proctor Nix
Sam Vester Peoples
Leroy Elison

Those to be examined on Friday are as follows:

Alphred Marler
John H. Booth
Elisha Hatchell
O. E. Green
Ed Logan
O. D. Grooms
Dan Rodgers
Lee Caver
Willie Pasco Martin
Samuel Dawson Lovelady
Durwood Columbus Mims
Wiliam Elijah Easterling
Maury Rufus Jones
Sam C. Crysell
Richard Andrew Hicks
Robert Patillo Richardson
Arnold G. Nelson
Charles E. Headley
Samson Williams
Ernest Edgar Williams
James L. P. Collins
Fonie Headley
Lonie Minor
Lawrence Littleton
Isiah White
James Madison Foshee
Luther M. Nations
Irby Morgan Martin
Forest M. Popwell
George Cary Robinson
Arthur Arnold Conway
Reguston Gatewood
Monroe Hayes
George W. Braier
Will Latham
Robert Carey Houston
Rich Parker
Jessie L. Chandler
Andrew J. Ellison
Joseph Thomas Adams
Lee Headley
Calvin David Teel
Henderson Howard Teel
Walter Lee Morgan
John Henry Austin
Isaac Motley
George Guledge
Milford Gore
Joseph Alfred Groom
Nathaniel Davis
Fannie Mims
Olis D. Smith
James Ervin
William Clay Skipper
John Bryant
Claudie M. Baker
Cleveland J. Penton

LEARN TO WRITE

I can make a good penman of you at home during your spare time. Send me your name and $3.50, and take my 8-weeks course by mail.

J. E. THORNTON,
Carrollton, Ga.

Pay your Subscription. $1 a year.

GATHERING, DRYING, GRINDING AND STORING FORAGE STUFF

Suggestions on Methods of Saving Grain and Food Products on the Farm.

The national and state departments of agriculture have recently issued statements and circulars on the subject stated above, which circulars or bulletins can be readily obtained by writing the Department of Agriculture at Montgomery, or the national department at Washington, D. C.

The velvet bean is the leading grain crop, which brings ready money, when manufactured into meal form, in combination with the hull. At the same time, it is of the most importance to save and store as forage, to be ground later, all forage, such as velvet bean vines, pea vines, hay, corn stalks, sorghum pummies, ribbon cane pummies and the skimming from the making of surghum and syrup. The mills of Louisiana have learned to use and are using to profitable advantage, this skimming from the making of sorghum and syrup, in the mixing of sweet feeds. The pummies when dried can be stored and ought to be stored and hauled to the mill and ground; when the pummies are placed in this fine concentrated form it makes an excellent base to be mixed with other stronger food pruducts.

The foregoing ovservations are the results of the experience of experts, who have tried out the different methods set forth in the bulletins referred to. Every farmer and person interested would do well to ask for the bulletins and act upon the suggestions. In line with the foregoing, the prompt construction of houses for the storage of sweet potatoes is of far reaching importance.

COUNTY BOARD SUGGESTS DAY FOR OPENING PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

At a meeting of the County Baord of Education on Wednesday it was agreed that the Board would suggest October 1st be the date for the opening of the public rural schools of the county. But it was voted that in no case should a public school be opened at a date later than October 15.

October the 29th was set as the date for the beginning of the compulsory attendance period.

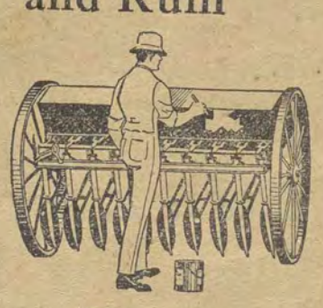
Mr. and Mrs. P. D. Wilson and Mrs. Annie Killebrew spent Tuesday at Thorsby.

This issue of The Union-Banner contains a letter from Joseph Archie Jones, a Chilton county boy who went to Camp Gordon in the selected army last week. We are glad to have letters from these boys, and we know our readers will be interested to read the things they say.

before it develops a serious case. BALLARD'S HOUSEHOLD SYRUP is an effective remedy for all soreness or congestion in the lungs or air passages. Price 25c, 50c and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Company.

IF you want what you want when you want it—in the printing line— WE HAVE IT!

Protect Your Implements against Rust and Ruin



Pee Gee Wagon and Implement Paint

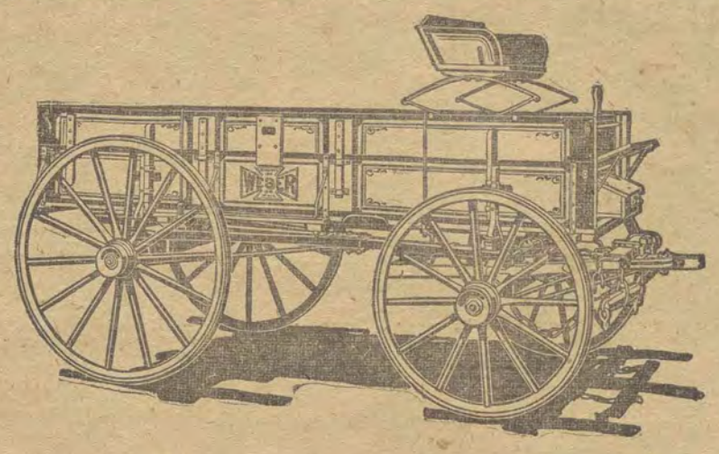
A weather-resisting paint especially made for use on plows, harrows, wagons and all implements where a bright gloss finish is desired.

Ask for Color Card

PEASLEE-GAULBERT CO., Inc.
LOUISVILLE KENTUCKY

UPCHURCH DRUG CO.,
Clanton, Ala.

Weber Wagons



Cheaper now than you can ever buy them again.

On account of the increased cost of all material used in the making of wagons, the manufacturer has found it necessary to advance the price considerably, and we are therefore obliged to raise our price also.

We placed an order some time ago for two car loads of wagons at a price higher than we had ever paid before, but at a less price than the present market value. One car of these wagons will be shipped in the near future, but we yet have a few on hand which we offer at the old price until the first of November, and on that date our price will be advenced according to our new cost, which will be from about $8.00 to $15.00 on the different sizes.

This is fair notice, and if you want one of the very best wagons made cheaper than you will buy it again within a year or two, you had better take advantage of this opportunity.

Clanton Hardware Company

BUILDING FOR THE FUTURE

THE L. & N. represents an investment of more than $250,000,000 devoted to the public interest in the South.

During the past sixteen years the L. & N. has spent $148,000,000 or more than 100 per cent, in creating new, and improving existing facilities, such as modernizing its stations, building double track, and installing devices to increase the safety, and facilitate the operation of its trains.

The L. & N. has spent, and contracted to spend, $12,162,742 during eighteen months, ending Dec. 31st, 1917, to meet the high standards which the public demands in Freight and Passenger equipment.

In sixteen years the L. & N. paid out for the operation of its trains $559,448,992.52, or an average of $34,965,000 per year, of which $324,870,160.41, or 58 per cent, or an average of $29,304,385.02 per year was paid to employes, the average number of whom was 30,112.

During that time L. & N. passenger rate decreased 7.7 per cent and L. & N. freight rate decreased 10.8 per cent.

Every piece of construction is with a view of the South's present and future preeminence. Adequate transportation is a fundamental business necessity. The L. & N. will be able to do its full share, provided it is permitted to earn a reasonable margin of revenue over expenses. The South is equally interested.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.
The Old Reliable

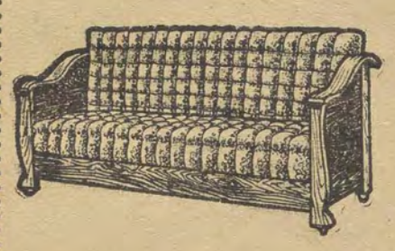




Two cars of **FURNITURE** *Just received*

OUR STOCK OF FURNITURE AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS IS LARGER AND MORE VARIED THAN IT HAS EVER BEEN.

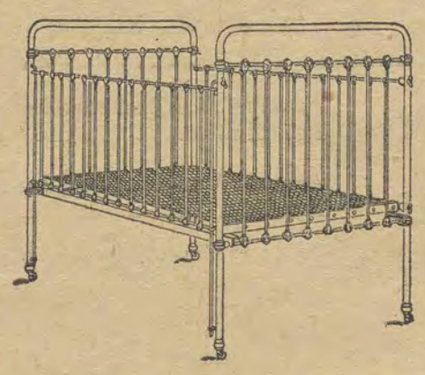
COME AND SEE



Our display of Bedroom, Parlor and Dining Room Suites
Dressers, Wardrobes, Chifforobes.



Rockers, Tables,
Hat Racks,
Iron and Brass Beds,
Mattresses and Pillows.



Art Squares, Rugs, and Suit Cases.
Stoves, Ranges etc.

All Goods and Prices are Right. Give us a call and You will be Convinced.

CLANTON HARDWARE CO.

The Storks Arrival

What a world of love the baby brings! Thousands of women for over three generations awaiting motherhood have themselves given nature a helping hand by the daily use of the time-honored external preparation, "Mother's Friend". By its regular use the tendons and ligaments are made elastic and the tendency to morning sickness is avoided. Stretching and bearing down pains usually are not felt and the muscles relax easily when baby arrives. Do not go a single night without applying it. By assisting nature, the crisis is one of less pain and danger. Ask for a bottle of "Mother's Friend" at your druggist's today and write for valuable book brimful of information, "Motherhood and the Baby". It is free. Address The Bradfield Regulator Co., Dept. B, 300 Lamar Building, Atlanta, Ga.

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Gaston Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery, Alabama, did, on the 27 day of February, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application, No. 010140, to purchase the NE ¼ of the NE ¼, Section 2, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St. Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known os the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised, one hundred and sixty dollars, the timber estimated 60,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $40.00; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9 day of November, 1917, before Register or Receiver of the U.S. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.
Register.

The Chilton County Board of Education was in session Wednesday. All the members were in attendance as follows: W. J. Billingsley and J. M. Mims of Thorsby, T. J. Dorminey of Stumps Hills and J. E. Littlejohn of Baker Schoolhouse.

LEGAL NOTICE

To all persons of Chilton County who conduct a business for which a State and County License are required:

Take notice that all State and County License, will be due on October 1st, 1917, and will be delinquent on and after the first day of November, 1917.

If you desire to save additional fees and penalties, be sure and get your license from the Probate Judge during the month of October.

If you fail to do this you will have to pay a penalty; and this notice is given that all persons liable for a license may avail themselves of the opportunity and thereby save all additional cost.

This the 12th day of September, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

9-13-tf

BETTER MOTION PICTURES

Beginning October 1st, price of admission to the Ideal Theatre regular shows will be Matinee, 5c and 10c; Nights, 10c and 15c.

This is absolutely necessary for us to maintain and improve the good service we are giving you.

Have some specially fine treats to offer you in October.

P. C. SMITH, Mgr.

Mrs. L. J. Duncan and children desire to express their thanks and appreciation for the many kindnesses and expressions of sympathy tendered them during their recent sad bereavement.

Keep Well

Do not allow the poisons of undigested food to accumulate in your bowels, where they are absorbed into your system. Indigestion, constipation, headache, bad blood, and numerous other troubles are bound to follow. Keep *your* system clean, as thousands of others do, by taking an occasional dose of the old, reliable, vegetable, family liver medicine.

Thedford's

Black-Draught

Mrs. W. F. Pickle, of Rising Fawn, Ga., writes: "We have used Thedford's Black-Draught as a family medicine. My mother-in-law could not take calomel as it seemed too strong for her, so she used Black-Draught as a mild laxative and liver regulator . . . We use it in the family and believe it is the best medicine for the liver made." Try it. Insist on the genuine—Thedford's. 25c a package. E-75

GREATEST CIRCUS IN THE WORLD IS COMING SOON

Barnum and Bailey Show will Positively Exhibit in this Vicinity.

There is to be a real circus day this year—a Barnum and Bailey circus day. Advance guards of the greatest show on earth announce that this season's route carries it close enough to be visited by everybody in this vicinity. Thirty acres of tents will be set, and the big show will be exhibited in Montgomery on Oct. 18.

A wonderful new program is promised, and it is claimed that this season the monster entertainment has more and better things to show than ever before. Starting with a magnificent pageant entitled, "Aladdin and his wonderful Lamp," the circus will occupy three hours or more with events in air, on platform, and rings, and in the huge hippodrome surrounding. Not one moment will be lost in all of the spaces of the vast inclosure.

The opening feature is the first attempt at Chinese pageantry in the history of American circuses, and it has been described as the most gorgeous presentation ever attempted. The story of the genie slave of the magic lamp is too well known to need description here. However, it may be well to call attention here to the possibilities for display in coloring and magnificent settings in the Chinese locale, and to the fact that Barnum and Bailey have spent $1,000,000 to reproduce all of its glorious possibilities.

The circus program which follows the pageant, is made up almost entirely of names and acts new to the American public, the cream of all continental circuses having rushed to the big show's European agents for booking on account of the closing of the most big foreign curcuses. There is a complete Chinese circus, replete with thrilling aeriel and acrobatic feats; the famous Hanneford family, champion riders of Europe, will display their wonderful skill; Signor Bagonghi, the dwarf bareback rider, described as the equestrian comic of the century, will thrill and convulse with laughter; Pallenberg's wonderful bears will ride on high bicycles, skate and perform on trapeze, there will be more clowns than ever before, and in the menagerie will be seen many new specimens of wild and untamed animals. There a dozen of new baby animals in the great zoo.

There will be more than one hundred acts, and to name and describe them would occupy too much space.

The parade, which is entirely new, will start from the show grounds in Montgomery as nearly at 10 o'clock in the morning as possible. It will be three miles in length and there will be six bands, three calliopes and a steam piano to create music for the marching throng.

Do you think your father would be willing for you to marry me?, asked the enamored youth. He might be, replied the girl. Pa's queer at times, you know.

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week ending September 22, 1917.

Names—WOMEN

Miss Mary Gete, Mrs. Annie Sewelles, Miss Hattie Hughes, Miss Lelia Wade, Miss Verlie Abercrombie.

Names—MEN

A. T. Kinson, Cary Dixon, J. J. Hayes, Tom Robbins, S. B. Bone, Lwarence Antonio, Bud Varner.

These letters will be sent to the dead letter office Oct. 6, 1917, if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "advertised" giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON, P.M.

MACHINERY REPAIRED

All kind of broken machinery repaired and made as good as new. We rebore automobile cylinders and make a new engine out of an old one. All work guaranteed. We Mend Everything but broken boneg.

SOUTHERN WELDING CO.,
Monagomery, Ala.

FIVE BOYS SENTENCED TO REFORM SCHOOL BY JUDGE

Last Saturday in the County Court of Chilton County before Judge Reynolds, the cases of the six boys who were charged with burblaring the store of J. D. Cooper at Jemison on September 12, were brought up for trial and disposition by County solicitor B. Guy Smith.

Five of the boys were ascertained to be under 16 years old, and the cases against them were transferred to the juvenile docket. Upon disposition of the charges against the boys Judge Reynolds sentenced them to the Alabama Reform School at East Lake. The names of the five boys sent to the school by the order of the court are as follows:

Howard Billings, Douglas Durbin, Willie Graham, Tom Hartman, Pratt Northcutt.

One of the boys, Hugh Brassell, was over 16 years old, and he was retained by the court and remanded to jail under $500 bond to await the action of the grand jury.

Paint Promotes Prosperity

And Affords the Best and Cheapest Insurance Against Decay.

No other factor adds more to the value, life and beauty of your home than good paint—Pee-Gee Paint.

Facts and figures conclusively prove that in any community where homes are well painted, property values have greatly increased.

The cost of painting is small compared with the amount it enhances the value and looks of your home.

Remember, you cannot get better and cheaper protection against decay and depreciation than Pee-Gee Paint.

Right now is the time to paint, and whatever your paint needs may be, there is a Pee-Gee Paint or Finish for every purpose.

For estimates, color cards, paint booklets, and practical advice, please call on

Upchurch Drug Co.

Subscribe for The Union-Banner.

Here With the Goods

The Coming of Fall and Winter brings to your Mind the Question of

WHERE SHALL I BUY MY WINTER GOODS?

We answer this question for you with our immense stock of everything in the world you can need. You can get it all right here at one place.

Clanton Mercantile Company

The Big Bargain Store.

Specials for this Week and Next

Home Ground Meal	Standard Granulated Sugar	Pearl and Bermuda Onion Sets
Peck, 58 Cents	10 lb, 97 Cents.	1 qt. 15c—2 qt. 25c.

Polo Laundry Soap 7 Cakes, ... 25c	Light House Washing Powder 5 Boxes, ... 23c	1-lb. Can Whitehouse Coffee Per Can, ... 34c	Sweetheart Soap 6 Bare, ... 35c
Fairfax and Red Deamon Pure Coffee 3-lb. Can, ... 94c	Arm & Hammer Soda, Seven Pounds, ... 31c	Purity Rolled Oots Per Box, ... 17c	Donavan & After Dinner Brand Coffee 4lb. Bucket, ... 96c

Green Coffee	Full Head Rice	Arbuckle Coffee
5 lb, 6 lb, and 7 lb for $1.00	10 pnunds for 96 CENTS	A 1-pound package 24 CENTS

Post Toasties 2 Boxes, ... 24c	Lo-Mo-Co Petit Pois Peas 2-lb. Can, ... 23c	Armour Veri-Best corn beef Per Can, ... 29c
Shredded Whole Wheat 1 Box, ... 14c	Lo-Mo-Co Sweet Peas 2-lb. Can, ... 18c	Armour Veri-Best veal loaf Per Can, ... 19c
Evaporated Milk 3 Cans, ... 20c	Lo-Mo-Co Pineapple grated ½-lb. Can, ... 14c	Armour Veri-Best roast beef Per Can, ... 29c
Grated Cocoanut ½-lb. Can, ... 13c	Lo-Mo-Co Pineapple shred ½-lb. Can, ... 14c	Armour Helmet Brand Cooked Brains, Per Can, .. 22c
Hershey's Cocoa Per Can, ... 9c	Lo-Mo-Co Pineapple shred 2-lb. Can, ... 23c	Veri-Best Pork and Beans Per Can, ... 10c
Dime Brand Condnsd. Milk Per Can, ... 14c	Lo-Mo-Co Asparagus tips 1-lb. Can, ... 28c	Veri-Best drief Chipped Beef Per Can, ... 14c
Purity Brand Hominy Grits Small Package, ... 14c	Lo-Mo-Co Pork and Beans 1½-lb. Can, ... 14c	Veri-Best Deviled Ham Per Can, ... 18c
Purity Brand Hominy Grits Large Package, ... 30c	Lo-Mo-Co Pineapple Sauce Per bottle, ... 9c	Veri-Best Deviled Tongue Per Can, ... 18c
Baker Chocolate 3 Blocks, ... 28c	Lo-Mo-Co Ketchup Per bottle, ... 14c	Veri-Best Deviled Chicken Per Can, ... 18c
Lard 10-lb. Bucket, ... $2.10	Del-Monte brand Ketchup Per bottle, ... 28c	Armour Veri-Best large size Sliced Bacon in glass jars, Per Jar, ... 36c
Lard 4-lb. Bucket, ... 84c	Lo-Mo-Co Peanut Butter Medium sized jar, ... 14c	Armour Veri-Best Lunch Tongue, Per Can, ... 28c
Lo-Mo-Co Sweet Corn Per Can, ... 19c	Monogram Brand Pickles Per bottle, ... 13c	Armour Veri-Best Steak Per Can, ... 14c
Southern Beauty Hominey Per Can, ... 14c	Welch's Grape Juice 1 pt-bottle, ... 23c	Armour Veri-Best Lunch Sausage, per can, ... 14c
Lo-Mo-Co Brand Pears 3-lb. Can, ... 28c	Welch's Grape Juice 1 qt-bottle, ... 46c	Armour Veri-Best Mince Meat, Per Package 12c
Lo-Mo-Co Lemon Peaches 3-lb. Can, ... 27c	Armour Veri-Best Tripe Per Can, ... 28c	Armour Helmet Brand Potted Meats, Per Pkg., ... 5c

A FULL LINE OF CIGARS, CIGARETTES, SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO—ALL FRESH AND NEW, AT MODERATE PRICES IN REACH OF ALL. FOUNTAIN AND BOTTLE DRINKS; TABLES TO SERVE THE LADIES.

I AM HEER TO SERVE THE PUBLIC. PHONE ME YOUR ORDER, AND IF I HAVEN'T EVERYTHING IN STOCK YOU WANT, I WILL GO OUT AND GET IT FOR YOU. YOUR TRADE WILL BE APPRECIATED. CALL ON ME WHENEVER YOU NEED GROCERIES.

Prompt Delivery on Sunday and any other time.

L. C. REYNOLDS

Located in Wright Bldg. next to Uncle Jim Broadhead's.

CLANTON, ALA.

How Long Must I Suffer From the Pangs of Rheumatism?

Is there no real relief in sight?

Doubtless like other sufferers, you have often asked yourself this question, which continues to remain unanswered.

Science has proven that your Rheumatism is caused by a germ in your blood, and the only way to reach it is by a remedy which eliminates and removes these little pain demons from your blood. This explains why liniments and lotions can do no permanent good, for they cannot possibly reach these germs which infest your blood by the millions.

S. S. S. has been successfully used for Rheumatism for more than fifty years. Try it to-day, and you will find yourself at last on the right track to get rid of your Rheumatism. You can get valuable advice about the treatment of your individual case by writing to the Chief Medical Adviser, Swift Specific Co., Dept. D Atlanta, Ga.

DATE SET FOR THE CHILTON COUNTY FAIR

October 29 to November 3 Selected as Exhibition Week for Chilton Agricultural Products.

FINEST SHOW EVER BROUGHT HERE FOR THIS YEAR'S FAIR

The date for the Chilton County Fair has been officially announced as the week from October 29 to November 3.

All who are interested in the exhibition of your products at the Fair are now urged to get their goods ready to show during this week. Secure a catalogue and premium list at once from Secretary W. T. Bean if you have not already done so, and make yourself familiar with the rules and regulations governing exhibitions. It is the hope of the Fair management that this may be made the most successful and most interesting Fair ever held from an agricultural standpoint.

Good Shows to Come.

It is stated on good authority that the shows which will furnish the amusement for this Fair are in a class that has never been approached by former shows here. The combined attractions are under the direction of the Great United Shows, and everyone of the many details are the fineset in their line. The show carries a 22-piece band of the the finest musical artists. The Merry-go-round is there for the kiddies. The best vaudeville shows on the road. The Old Plantation Show is high class, and is made up of 22 trained comedians and players.

See the monkeys drive real, sure-enough automobiles—something that has never been done here before.

These and many other great new features promise a week of the best entertainment the Fair has ever offered the people here before. Other announcements will be made from time to time. But you may rest assured now that the fair will be here for the week of Oct. 29 to Nov. 3

Advertise it in this Paper

KRESS'

Mail Order Store at New Orleans, La.

Offers This Beautiful Silk Poplin Dress $4.98 Delivered to Your Home

Example of Our Money-Saving Power

Comes in Sizes 34 to 44 Royal Blue Shade Only



E-600. This beautiful dress is fashionably made from an excellent quality of silk and cotton poplin in a lustrous Royal Blue shade. It is equally adapted for evening, party or afternoon wear. The illustration shows the pretty embroidery of gold and colored thread in Oriental designs on the waist and belt; also novel button-trimmed pockets that are so fashionable this season. Waist has two wide panels in front, and dainty white collar of poplin, forming a pleasing contrast. Dress closes in front with six blue and white covered buttons; skirt full flaring and gathered in back. A 4½-inch belt fastens in back. A lapped seam runs entire length of skirt in front. Sizes 34 to 44. Be sure to state size wanted.

Send for "The Book of a Thousand Bargains" IT'S FREE

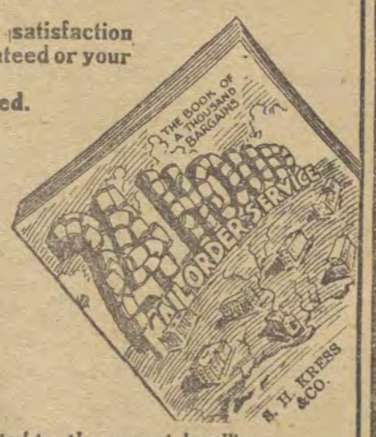
It contains page after page of unusual bargains in women's coats, waists, skirts, shoes, millinery, etc.; also much that men and children will need for winter. Kress prices are always lowest, owing to our tremendous purchasing power. All who want to practice true economy will find our "Book of a Thousand Bargains" a true road to money saving.

Write for it.

Entire satisfaction guaranteed or your money refunded.



Kress' Mail Order Store New Orleans, La.



This large building devoted to the prompt handling of your Mail Orders

KRESS' MAIL ORDER STORES

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

ANOTHER BIG STILL CAPTURED

The largest distilling plant ever found in this section was raided by Sheriff H. A. Harris and Deputies Gillespie and Gore, on Saturday.

The plant was located by the officers mentioned, and as it was run in violation of the U. S. government pure food law, the officers at Montgomery were notified and a rush for U. S. Deputies was made.

On the arrival of the United States officers a plan of action was determined and a raid made on the home of a Mr. DuBose, east of Clanton. Near by on a branch a most complete distillery was in operation. On searching the DuBose home an underground passage was discovered through a trap door, which led to a place 16 by 20 feet, where a 200 gallon copper still had been recently placed. Another subterranean passage had been made and pipes run to the home well where a constant small stream of water was run into the still when in use.

A gasoline engine was utilized for the purpose of furnishing power with which to run the actelyne lighting plant.

All of these facilities had been made and were most complete.

The owner of the plant and a man named Graham were on the premises, and on securing evidence, the officers pulled their guns and made prisoners of the men mentioned, and brought them to Clanton and taken to Montgomery, where they will be confined with the double charge of illicit distillery and violation of the pure food laws.

The whiskey and mash on hand was destroyed and the still broken to pieces and brought to Clanton, and it is now in charge of Sheriff Harris.

DuBose was owner and operator of another small still of fifty gallons capacity nearby, which was also destroyed.

Sheriff H. A. Harris and Deputies Gore and Gillespie are deserving of the credit for the destruction of this, the largest illicit whiskey plant as yet ever known in this vicinity.

The kids will want to see the monkeys driving automobiles at the fair this year. Prepare to bring them.

IN MEMORY

The death angel visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fletcher Pyron on September 10 at 8 o'clock, a.m., and took away from them their darling little baby, James Edward.

Little Edward was 19 months old, and was a very bright little baby. He was loved by all who knew him.

Oh, how we will miss him. He leaves a father, a mother and one sister, and a host of relatives and friends.

While we mourn his death in this world the angels in heaven rejoice.

Little Edward was ill six weeks, during which time he suffered so much, but he bore his sufferings with patience till the dear Lord saw fit to call him home.

I want to thank the dear good people of Elmore for their tender care and kindness to Mr. and Mrs. Pyron during the sickness and death of their baby. May the Lord bless each and everyone of them. I also wish to thank Dr. and Mrs. Harmon for their kindness. We feel that everything was done for him that loving hands and kind physicians could do, yet all was in vain.

SACRED HARP SINGING

On last Sunday, your correspondent had the pleasure of attending the Sacred Harp Singing Convention held in Fraternal hall, Birmingham. It was a great success, spiritually, musically, and financially—all the expenses of the convention were met favorably. Attendance was large, various parts of the state being represented. Among the distinguished visitors we met our esteemed friend, Hon. Morgan D. Jones, of Dadeville. It was good to be there.

It would have been a rare treat to all our Chilton County singers to have heard the enthusiastic singing. Miss Bettie Jackson, the wonder of Sacred Song was there as one of the star directors.

Miss Heartsfield of Shelby was there, who is also a talented director. Another noted feature was the directing by four little girls of Blount County, aged about eleven or twelve years. It was a great convention.

Z. J. JONES.

Remember that the date of the Chilton County Fair is for the week from Oct. 29 to November 3rd.

Co-operation Means A Better Community

Lion Shirts and Collars

I have a full line for Fall and Winter

W. A. KEMP

THE MAIL ORDER HOUSES ARE BIDDING FOR YOUR DOLLAR, BUT WHEN YOU SPEND IT WITH THEM IT IS GONE FROM HERE, FOR GOOD AND FOR ALL, AND THE COMMUNITY DOES NOT GET ONE PENNY OUT OF THAT DOLLAR FOR IMPROVEMENT AND UPBUILDING. WHILE, IF YOU SPEND IT WITH THE HOME MERCHANTS, WHOSE NAMES APPEAR BELOW, THE MONEY IS KEPT AT HOME, AND THE CONSTANT CIRCULATION OF IT HERE WILL BENEFIT POSSIBLY A GREAT NUMBER, THROUGH WHOSE HANDS IT WILL PASS. WE SHOULD KEEP OUR DOLLARS AT HOME. SPEND YOUR MONEY WITH THE HOME MERCHANTS AND NOT WITH THE MAIL ORDER HOUSES. .:. .:. .:. .:. .:.

Thornhill Wagons

Cheapest because they are the Best.

Clanton Mercantile Company.

GROCERIES FOR SALE

The best and cheapest Line in town.

J. W. Littlejohn

Closing Out.

I am closing out my stock of goods, and will sell anything at cost for cash — cheaper than present wholesale prices. Come and see me.

L.H. REYNOLDS

If you buy out of town
And we buy out of town
And all our neighbors
Buy out of town,
What in the thunder will
Become of our town?

Ever Think About it?

NEW WILSON HOTEL
Everything New and Modern
Rates Reasonable

FOR SALE or RENT

ONE 4 ROOM HOUSE AND LOT ON MAIN STREET IN CLANTON—CHEAP FOR CASH.

Wiley Littlejohn

Exchange Hotel

Modern, Sanitary, Clean & Equipped

Stoves and Ranges

The best in the world are for sale by

Downs Hdwe. Co.

Ford

Ford Cars and Parts; Oil, Gasoline and Accessories.

Get your order in for new crs now nd not have to wait.

L. J. Duncan Motor Co.

Clocks and Watches

See the new stock at

UPCHURCH'S

Mr. Merchant:

Do you believe in Co-operation? If so, you can help out by putting your name in this space. Show your grit!

FRIDAY

"The Reward of Patience,"

A tenderly pathetic photo play featuring LOUISE HUFF.

"HER SCRAMBLED AMBITION"

A screamingly funny comedy—also a splendid Educational, and Cartoon Comedy.

IDEAL THEATRE

Beginning October 1

Price of admission to Regular Show

Ideal Theater

Will be

MATINEE.....5 and 10c.
NIGHT .....10 and 15c.

L. C. REYNOLDS

Staple and Fancy Groceries. All new Stock, Just received. Any trade you may give me will be greatly appreciated.

FROM A BOY IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY

Dear Editor:

Please allow me space in the paper to say a few words. I haven't been in the army very long, but I find that it is not what it had been told to me by the boys that say it is a real bad place. It is just what they make it. If a boy is living right he gets through all right, but a boy who thinks not of what will become of him later he makes it hard on himself. You can live right anywhere you may be.

And if you have never thought of how you are living, you will think of yourself here in the army.

We have a good Sunday School at Camp Gordon. There are 3 churches in the camp, each church has Sunday School and preaching every Sunday and Sunday night. Each church receives members and will transfer them to their home church so as to let them become a member at home. We thank God for the good men we have in the camp. There is a great work going to be done here in the study of the bible.

In the church I visit we received 18 members last Sunday and we were glad to shake their hands and we were glad to shake their hands and bid them God speed in the work.

So now, I cant' forget to thank the good people and the young ladies of Clanton for their kindness and their respect shown us while we were sad and heart-broken. I can't forget you all while I live. The young ladies showed us a good time and bade us good bye. I ask you all to live a good life, and we will meet on one of God's good days.

I ask all of you to remember us while you are about your affairs and drop us a card sometimes to remind us that you haven't forgotten us yet.

God be with you,
ARCHIE JONES,
326 Inf., Camp Gordon,
Atlanta, Ga.

WILL CONTINUE AUTOMOBILE BUSINESS AT SAME PLACE

The automobile and garage business of the late L. J .Duncan will be continued at the same location in Clanton under the direction of Mrs. Duncan and son, Lucian Duncan. Particular attention as heretofore will be given to the Ford agency for this county.

W. E. Baker of Verbena, Route 2 was in Clanton Monday on business.

WANTED TO BUY—One or two good mules. E.H. Foshee, Clanton R 5

ABOUT SELLING CATTLE

Some week ago this paper called attention to the advisability of the farmers of this community having a day set on which to bring their cattle and hogs here to sell, and all sell at one time, instead of selling them out one at a time just now and then.

This plan of co-operation in selling would make it possible, as we have heretofore stated, to get buyers here who could handle car-load lots of cattle or hogs at a time, and thereby the farmers would get a better price than they can possibly obtain by selling in the old uncertain way.

One man who has property in Clanton, was talking with the editor of this paper about this subject. The man expressed himself as being interested to prepare a certain vacant lot which he has, to be used by the farmers for just such purpose, at their pleasure. The spirit of the man is indeed good, and our farmers who have hogs or cattle to sell should certainly be glad to take advantage of his kind offer, when the arrangements have been completed. Later a full announcement will be made of the details in the Union-Banner.

"Uncle" Moses Robinson of Beat 16 was peraminating around town Wednesday.

VELVET BEAN MILLERS MEET AT MONTGOMERY THURSDAY

On Thursday, the 20th of this month, the Velvet Bean Millers Association convened at Montgomery, for the purpose of discussing the problems of gathering the velevt bean crop, and the manufacture into meal form and other commercial feed of bean and other mixed feeds.

Mr. Wm. M. Adams, whose velvet bean mill and mixed feed mill is approaching completion, attended this meeting at Montgomery. Mr. Adams informs this paper that the question of markets for the velvet bean meal in its different forms was discussed by Mr. R. M. Hobbie, the Alabama Representative of Mr. Hoover, national food commissioner.

The Millers Association seems to be very hopeful that the farmers will get for their bean crop a good and constant market, especially if the beans are gathered and ground into the form of meal. It is of the utmost importance to the farmers to gather their beans and store and dry them. This adds commercial value to the bean meal. The farmers of this section and of Chilton County should consider themselves fortunate in having for their use the bean mill plant and warehouse of Mr. Adams at Clanton, which will place the bean crop in commercial form, either for shipment or for the use of the local market or trade. Every available bean as well as forage crop, such as the pea vine, velvet bean vine, hay and corn stalks should be cut, stored and thoroughly dried, so that different forms of feed can be manufactured out of it.

The Velvet Bean Millers Association will reconvene at Montgomery on October 9th, for the purpose of further considering the question of markets and other like questions of interest to the farmers and producers of beans and their manufacture

COUNTY MAPS FOR SALE

The Union-Banner has made arrangements to print a number of Beat Maps of Chilton County, and now have them for sale to anyone desiring them, at the price of 25 cents each.

Yellow complexion, pimples and disfiguring blemishes on the face or body can be gotten rid of by doctoring the liver, which is torpid. HERBINE is a powerful liver correctant. It purifies the system, stimulates the vital organs and puts the body in fine vigorous condition. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

TAX NOTICE

COLLECTOR'S AND ASSESSOR'S ROUND

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of collecting the State and County Taxes for Chilton County for the year 1917 and assessing taxes for the year 1918.

Maplesville,	Beat 7,	October 1, 1917
Stanton,	Beat 8,	October 2, 1917
Pletcher,	Beat 15,	October 3, 1917
Enterprise,	Beat 6,	October 4, 1917
Verbena,	Beat 5,	October 5, 1917
Minooka,	Beat 13,	October 6, 1917
Thorsby,	Beat 9,	October 8, 1917
Jemison,	Beat 2,	October 9, 1917
Benson,	Beat 3,	October 10, 1917
Macedonia,	Beat 14,	October 11, 1917
Mineral Springs,	Beat 12,	October 12, 1917
Robinson's Store,	Beat 12,	October 13, 1917
Mullins Academy,	Beat 1,	October 15, 1917
Cane Creek,	Beat 11,	October 16, 1917
Providence,	Beat 16,	October 17, 1917
Cooper,	Beat 10,	October 18, 1917
Mt. Creek,	Beat 5,	October 19, 1917
Evergreen,	Beat 10,	October 20, 1917
Kincheon,	Beat 6,	October 22, 1917
Culp Schoolhouse,	Beat 15,	October 23, 1917
Riderville,	Beat 8,	October 24, 1917
Shoults,	Beat 7,	October 25, 1917
Mars Hill,	Beat 2,	October 26, 1917
Concord,	Beat 13,	October 27, 1917
Clanton,	Beat 4,	Nov. 12 to 30, 1917

Take notice that under Section Number 34, of the Revenue Code of 1915, it is the duty of every person liable to taxation in each election precinct, to attend in person on the first day of the appointment in your Precinct, and then and there render to the Assessor a full and complete list of all property, of which he or she was owner on the 1 day of October of that year.

All taxes and assessments are delinquent after December the 31st, 1917.

J. D. COLLINS, Tax Collector,
J. N. DENNIS, Tax Assessor.

CHILTON COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

CLANTON, ALABAMA.

The School for Chilton County Boys and Girls, prepared to do High School Work. Devoted to Secondary Education only. Fully affiliated with every State Institution and the Southern Association of Colleges. Also offers Course of Study for the Boy or the Girl who cannot go to College.

Faculty fully competent—every member a College Graduate; every member has a College Degree. Every Section of the County represented in the Student Body.

Listen, Fellow Citizens, this school is your school. Your tax money supports it. Send us your son or your daughter, and let them claim their own. All departmnets fully organized. Look out for announcement of the strongest Department of Music to be found outside of the cities and colleges.

Next Session opens September 5, 1917. Conference and correspondence solicited. We are here to serve.

H. C. McDONALD, A. B., Principal,
CLANTON, ALA.

Take HERBINE for all disturbances of the bowels. It purifies the bowel channels, promotes regular movements and makes you feel vigorous, bright and cheerful. Price 50c Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

DR. W. L. PARRISH
Graduate Veterinarian.
Hurry Calls made in Auto.
'Phone 110-35, Clanton.



AlwaysWelcome

"You little rascal—played along the way, didn't you? Kept grandma waiting! Oh well, it's all right. Because

CALUMET
BAKING POWDER

is always right. It's worth waiting for. Always welcome. Never shirks its work. Never fails. Never wastes minutes or materials and I *know* it's pure and wholesome, as Calumet contains only such ingredients as have been approved officially by the U. S. Food Authorities."

You save when you buy it—you save when you use it.

HIGHEST Quality Awards

HIGH SCHOOL NEWS

(By Willus Lowe.)

After final exams last year, John Allen told his sweetheart he was going to South Alabama for the purpose of making enough money to buy a Ford automobile. Was Lucile Smith surprised to see John drive up Wednesday with a new 1917 Ford?

Mr. Mc.—Wallace, did you study late last night?

Wallace—No, Sir.

Mr. Mc.—What did you do?

Wallace—I went to the Baptist parsonage.

NOTICE—If anyone has any shoes to stretch, apply to "Pete" Pinckard.

It seems hard for Leona Pipes to catch up with her correspondence. She brings a box of new stationery to school every day.

Mr. Dewdell Johnson joined the Senior Class Monday.

Conradine—That letter is too heavy, Alice. You will have to put another stamp on it.

Alice—Pshaw, that won't make it any lighter.

Leon Mullins has assumed his old position—walking the campus.

Miss Sewell—Frank, I think you are getting too smart back there.

Frank—Yes'm, I think I am learning very fast.

Vera—Ruth, when you come to grinning practice, you always make perfect.

Ruth—Well I think you have been practicing for about five years; you ought to make perfect sometime.

We are very sorry indeed to hear that Miss Sewell and her companions did not catch any 'possums Friday night.

Miss Sewell—Denson, throw away your chewing gum.

Denson—You don't see me chewing gum, I am chewing gnats.

Miss Sewell—Leave the room.

Miss Key—Harold, what is the matter with your eyes?

Harold—They are sore, and when I look at the girls I have to close one of them (winks.)

Mr. Bowers—Chester, who was Galileo?

Chester—He was a scientific strenomer who discovered perpetual motion.

Miss Key—Jack, you were talking.

Jack—No'm, I wasn't.

Miss Key—Yes but Jack, I saw you.

Jack—I was talking, but I didn't think you saw me.

GOATS WANTED.—One buck and several nannies—just plain goats. Address C. L. Forsmann, Thorsby.

My Business is still Growing

Because of the Quality of the Groceries I sell.

In purchasing my Groceries I think first of QUALITY, then of the price.

I deliver the goods promptly and efficiently to any place in town.

J. W. Littlejohn

CLANTON, ALA.

THORSBY ITEMS

A social was given by the Christian Endeavor Society of the Congregational church last Saturday night at Bates Hall. Misses Lois Abernathy and Lorena Graham and Mr. Orville Mastin deserve credit for the novel way in which the guests were entertained. The seats in the hall represented seats in a train. The conductor passed passed up and down the aisle taking up and punching the tickets which served as the invitations. A "Singing Valley" two songs were sung. At "Gossip Town" subjects were given for three minute talks. At "Speedway" there was racing for a prize, and at the "Cave of Months" an opportunity was given for everybody present to take part in the program. Those born in January gave a snow ball fight. All of the following months were represented with an original stunt by the persons born in that month. After refreshments everybody departed for their homes.

Mr. German Crosby of Detroit, Mich., spent three days of last week at the home of his uncle, T. W. Robinson, leaving for his home on Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Caldwell motored over from Pletcher last Sunday and spent the day with their daughter, Miss Elsie, who is a student at the Institute.

Mr. A. L. Gaines, who is working in Anniston, spent a few days with his family in Thorsby.

Principal S. H. Herbert, Rev. E. W. Butler and Mr. C. R. Foss were business visitors in Clanton last Saturday.

Mrs. Lida M. Jones and Mrs. Collier of Clanton made a trip to Thorsby Sunday in the interest of the Girls Conference to be held at Selma, October 12.

Mrs. C. R. Foss is spending a week with her sister, Mrs. Reagin at Selma.

The Ladies Guild will hold their reception with Miss Hoopes and Miss Payne at the girls dormitory on Thursday of this week.

The first meeting of the Helen Keller Literary Society will be held at the Institute on Saturday night, Sept. 29th, when the following program will be rendered:

Song by Society; Devotions, C.E. Woodham; Parlimentary Drill, E.W. Butler; Music, Elizabeth Thompson; Value of Literary Societies, Robert Majors; Discussion—Wealth, Education, Herbert Hughes, Odie Lee Arthur vs. Walter Morgan, Olga Soberg; Story, Mae Belle McJunkin; Story, Louis Marshall; Sketch, "The Modern Way" by seven pupils.

Rev. F. E. Jenkins of Demorest, Ga., President of the Board of Trustees of Thorsby Institute, and Rev. Dwight S. Bayley of Birmingham, a member of the Board of Trustees, spent Thursday of last week here.

FOR SALE

300 acres farm or stock land ten mile west of Clanton. Good road to town; good school and gin in quarter mile; three plantations. Good stream of water through land.

Also ¼ block in town of Clanton one block from courthouse, with one five-room house. Good bargain. For information address P. O. box 202, Clanton, Ala. 9-13-3t

Next Mondey the tax assessor and collector will begin their regular rounds for the assessment of property and collection of taxes. Their various appointments have been announced in the Union-Banner for several weeks.

Mrs. Belle George left Clanton for Birmingham, owing to the serious illness of her grand daughter, Miss Belle Acton.

When the bowels feel uncomfortable and you miss the exhilirating feeling that always follows a copious morning operation, a dose of HERBINE will set you right in a couple of hours. If taken at bedtime you get its beneficial effect after bfeakfast next day. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

OF INTEREST TO FARMERS

The Union-Banner has direct information that ample capital, composed of interests locally and from Birmingham and Montgomery, has organized to serve the public promptly in the operation of works suitable to take care of all grain produced in the neighborhood of Clanton, and in the entire county.

In accord with foregoing notice, which has been carried in both the papers of the county, I have made arrangements to place upon my property at Clanton between the L. & N. railroad and Seventh Street, a velvet bean crusher of 25-tons per day capacity, and other grain machinery, to care for the grain crop. Ample storage room will be provided to take care of this situation.

Ample arrangements to market the product in commercial form will be perfected and daily quotations from the market procured.

The support and co-operation of every citizen whose personal and community interest is involved is respectfully solicited.

Respectfully,
Wm. M. ADAMS.

JOHN B. JOBSON



of Georgia, the man whose remarkably practical invention, it is said, will enrich the farmers of the country by untold millions.

An Interesting Character

John B. Jobson, the inventor of the remarkable plow which bears his name, and expounder of progressive theories of soil tillage, is one of the most interesting characters in Georgia. He is even more remarkable than anything he has yet produced, for his gritty struggle for over fifty years to realize the big dream of his life marks him as a man of unusual tenacity of purpose and unswerving faith in the soundness of his own judgment.

Born in Houston county, Georgia, sixty-six years ago, John B. Jobson was brought up to know the value of honest toil. When nineteen years of age he hired out as a regular farm hand at $12.50 per month, and it was his duty to get up at daybreak and blow the horn to start a 46-plow plantation on its long summer-day stretch of activity.

It was just at this time and on this very plantation that young Jobson began to study the underlying principles of plant growth and plant culture, and then and there he conceived the idea of a deep reaching tiller that would be practical for the average farmer. Even in those days he worked and schemed to get an instrument that would prevent the clay from being brought to the top to bake and clod.

His first ideas, he admits, were not practical, and were laid aside for many years, until he became an expert mechanically as well as agriculturally. When he did complete his famous plow, about the year 1905, he continued to conduct experiments and further perfect it until now he believes his work is finished and that nothing further remains to be done but to give the result of his labor to the people.

As announced in a recent issue of this paper, the Jobson Common Sense System has been brought to our county and is being introduced by some of the most prominent and public spirited merchants and leaders of the people.

Copies of the official paper of the Jobson System, "Common Sense Farming," is being given out free of charge to all who call on these merchants. The paper gives full particulars regarding Mr. Jobson's plow and contains much valuable information on other topics. It is spicy, readable and extremely useful.

To secure one of them our readers should call at one of the following Jobson agencies:

Downs Hardware Co., of Clanton,
McSwain Mercantile Co., of Cooper,
Jemison Hardware Co., of Jemison,
Gulledge Bros., of Verbena.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Thomas J. Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery ,Alabama, did, on the 27th day of February, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application, No. 010139, to purchase the NE ¼ of the SE ¼, Section 2, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised, one hundred and sixty dollars, the timber estimated 60,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $40.00; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9th day of November, 1917, before Register or Receiver, U S.. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.
Register.

Moses Popwell, an old citizen of Chilton, who now lives at Palos in Jefferson County, was down to Clanton the past week greeting his many old friends here.

Miss Mary Sue Mullins left for Mobile where she will attend school this fall.

Swellings of the flesh caused by inflamation, cold, fractures of the bone, toothache, neuralgia or rheumatism can be relieved by applying BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It sheuld be well rubbed in over the part effected. Its great healing and penetrating power eases the pain, reduces swelling and restores natural conditions. Price 25c, 50c and $1 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Company.

Coffins, Burial Supplies, Automobile Accessories For sale at

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.

CLANTON, ALA.

BIDS WANTED FOR ROAD WORK

In pursuance of an order adopted by the Commissioners Court of Chilton County, Alabama, at their regular adjourned meeting on September 5th, 1917, I, L. H. Reynolds, Judge of Probate, have requested to be published the following notice:

Notice is hereby given at a regular adjourned meeting of the Commissioners Court of Chilton County, Ala held at Clanton, Alabama, on the 5th day of September, 1917, an order was adopted providing for the building or construction of a public highway from Clanton to Maplesville, in Chilton county, along or near the line of the present graded road or highway between said points.

Said road to be built by grading and graveling. The work to be done by contract, said contract to be let to the lowest bidder under sealed bid the same to be deposited with the Court on October 5th, 1917, at William Walker's place about twelve miles west of Clanton, on said road, from 11 to 12 o'clock noon. The Commisioners court will be in session a this place on above date for the receiving or the bids and the convenience of those who desire to bid on said work.

The bids shall set forth the number of yards of work each party will be able to perform, whether the same to be graded or graveled, and the charg per yard for each kind of work.

The payment for the building and grading of said road or highway to be made by issuing warrants on the county treasury, payable when the work has been done.

All persons offering to bid upon said work for the building or grading of said road, or any number of yards of the same, may deposit their bid in sealed envelope marked "Bids for County Road Work,"and addressed to the Commissioners court on or before 12 o'clock on the 5th day of October, 1917, at which time said bids will be passed upon by the court.

The court reserving the right to reject any and all bids made on said work.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

CHRISTIAN HARMONY SINGNIG CONVENTION

The Christian Harmony Singing Convention of Chilton County will convene at Union Grove on the Fifth Sunday in September. Everybody is invited to come and bring their Christian Harmony song books.

J. N. SCOTT, Secy.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Emily H. Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery, Alabama, did, on the 6th day of March, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application No. 010141, to purchase the NE¼ of the SW¼ and SE¼ of NW ¼, Sec. 36, Township 22 Range, 16 East, St Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber estimated 144,-000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $79.70; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9 day of November, 1917 before Register or Receiver, U. S. Land office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.

FISH—FISH

We will be ready September 1st to fill all orders from fifty pounds up. Write us for prices. All orders lfiled at once. Will treat you right and save you all the money we can. A. M. ROLLINS & SON,
Miflin, Ala.

LEGAL NOTICE

To the Stockholders of the Farmers Warehouse and Storage Co:

You are hereby notified that there will be a meeting of the Stockholders of the Farmers Warehouse and Storage Company, at the Court House in Clanton, Alabama, on the 6th day of October, 1917, at 10 o'clock, a.m., for the purpose of selling, mortgaging or renting, or otherwise disposing of the warehouse property located on Fourth Ave., in the Town of Clanton, Alabama, also for the purpose of disposing of any other business which may legally come before the meeting.

GRADY REYNOLDS, Pres.,
J. N. DENNIS, Secy.

GRADY REYNOLDS,
J. N. DENNIS,
R. J. WILLIAMS,
JOHN MIMS,
G. L. FOSHEE,
J. H. DUNCAN,
L. H. REYNOLDS.



Save several dollars per ton on roughage

NO matter how much or little you are paying for old style hulls you always can save several dollars per ton by buying

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE
COTTONSEED
HULLS
LINTLESS

You pay more for the old style hulls because you are paying for about a pound of lint to every three pounds of hulls.

You pay less for Buckeye Hulls because you pay only for hulls. The lint is sold separately.

Other Advantages

Buckeye Hulls are 100 per cent roughage.	Every pound goes farther.
They do not contain lint which has no food value.	They allow better assimilation of other food.
You get 2000 lbs. of real roughage to the ton—not 1500.	No trash or dust.
	Sacked—easy to handle.
	They mix well with other forage.

R. S. Parkham, Greenville, Ga., says:
"I feed about fifty cows and calves and use Buckeye Hulls very successfully. I consider Buckeye Hulls as good feed and cheaper feed than the old style hulls."

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K **The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.** *Dept. K*

Atlanta, Augusta, Birmingham, Charlotte, Greenwood, Jackson, Little Rock, Macon, Memphis, Selma

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., OCTOBER 4, 1917. NUMBER 27.

EXEMPTION BOARD TO RE-OPEN SOME CASES

Most all the Men who have been rejected physically arecalled for another test.

Instructions are Received From Adjutant General Hubbard.

Instructions received by the local exepmtion board Monday morning from Adjutant General Hubbard will probably make it necessary to reopen the cases of a number of men who have been rejected for physical reasons.

General Hubbard, in his letter of instruction, calls attention to the reports from various local boards which indicate a great lack of uniformity in the physical examinations of the men called before them. In many of the counties the percentage of the men discharged on account of physical disability is said to be entirely too high, and "is out of line with all averages."

Discharges Revoked.

In view of this great lack of uniformity, says a letter of General Hubbard, I have been directed to request you to revoke all discharges on account of physical disability, except such as have been heard on appeal by the district board, and to recall and re-examine all persons discharged on account of physical disability, except such as were passed upon by the district board on appeal.

The instructions further direct the local board to comply with this immediately, and to have the examinations conducted in accordance with the modified regulations of the government, and in every case of doubt to give the government the benefit of doubt, by sending the men to the mobilization camp for final physical examination.

It is further specified that if a man is held for service, who, after physical examination, had been discharged, this would reopen his case, and he would be entitled to file any claim for exemption, and the whole case will be conducted as if he had been found physically fit in the first instance.

Exceptions Noted.

However, the instructions make exceptions in certain extreme cases, and as to these, the letter says, "It is not the purpose, however, hat men who are patently unfit for service should have their discharge revoked and be re-examined. There are many such cases, and this is not the class of cases intended to be re-examined."

The members of the district board convened this morning for the purpose of reviewing all claims for exemption from divisions 5 and 6 of this district, and the district board physicians met the physicians of the local board for the purpose of going over all cases of physical rejections from all divisins, in accordance with the instructions received.

These Men are Called Back for Another Examination.

The local board for Chilton County has received instructions to recall all discharges which have been issued for physical defects, and re-examine the men. This order affects the following list of men who are called back for examination on Oct. 9th and 10th.

For October 9th.

Bernie M. Williams,
Fonzy D. Wilson,
Ernest Marvin Hilyer,
Alphred Marler,
Joseph Martin Gore,
Jesse L. Chandler,
Fonsy Headley,
Henderson H. Hayes,
Sam Vester Peoples,
Jim Jones,
B. DeLeon Popwell,
Dosh Bryant,
LeRoy Ellison,
Grover C. Latham,
Madison Lee Ware,
Dadid Rush,
Irby Morgan Martin,
Millard C. Childress,
David Green Cofer,
Charles C. Jones,
James G. Atchison,
Paul Goldsmith,
James M. Roper,
George F. Croxton,
Walter Oden,
John Motley,
O. E. Green,
Homer Carlee,
J. Luther Bennett,
Eddie C. Milford,
Thos. J. McDonald,
Robert C. Vines,
Noah L. Duffee,
W. C. Dickinson,
Herbert R. Wright,
William Lambert,
Sewell Driver,
John C. Vinson,
Lonzo Lee Chandler,
Tommie C. Croker,
William A. Honeycutt,
Joseph Thompson,
Evan Langston,
Romeo Latham,
George W. Murrah,
William Williams,
Ernest O. Porter,
Felston Mullins,
Dousie C. Luster,
Monroe Bryant,
Jerome Honeycutt,
Emit Scott,
James Arthur Vinzant,
Walter G. Gray,
Henry B. Page,
Grover A. Bice,
Ollie Camp,
Carl J. McCarty,
Oscar A. Posey,
William I. Lovelady
Ozzie J. Pool,
Robert M. Culp,
Lindsey Shelton,
Jessie Retherford,
Ernest Evans,
Grover C. Headley,
Chester A. Arthur Busby.

For October 10th.

Julius Chasteen,
Arthur D. Driver,
James Asa Baker.
Willie Houston Lenoir,
Alvin E. Lowell,
Colonel Lesson Blow,
James I. Watson,
Isaac T. Kendrick,
Bartley G. Brasher,
John T. Cooper,
Ben B. Scott,
Charles Williams
Lawyer Turner,
Arthur M. Mims,
Charlie T. Miller,
Josie Fulmer,
Eddie C. Payton,
William M. Roper,
Richmond Chaney,
Ruben A. Harris,
Dawson P. W. Jones,
Morey B. Northrup,
Delbert Brand,
James B. Blackmon,
George T. Watts,
S. Pinckner Cleckler,
Porter Martin,
Walter Henderson,
Willie C. Mims,
Perry Glasscock,
John N. Mitchell,
Howard L. Foshee,
Ocie Kile Weldon,
Joe Hinton,
W. Ray Durden,
A. D. Scott,
James W. Benson,
Garner Hilyer,
O. B. D. Williams,
Ocie L. Devaughn,
Raymond M. Brigance,
Tom Wallace,
Marion O. Bearden,
Lee Ellison,
J. B. Miner,
Robert W. Varden,
Robert B. Childress,
James Robinson,
Charley N. Ousley,
Jessie L. Lockhart,
William J. Davenport,
Walter Vinson,
Alfred Smith,
Monroe Mims,
J. E. Selmon,
John Robinson,
John R. Blow,
Howard Henson,
O. R. Robinson,
Lawrence F. Gerald,
J. C. Anderson,
George D. Curlee,
Samuel L. Ray,
Tom Williams,
Dave Cambell,
Willie Burnett,
Cecil Jones,
Walter C. Huston,

FARMERS PROTECTIVE LEAGUE TO MEET AT CLANTON OCT. 13

The local Farmers Protective League of Chilton County is hereby called to meet at Clanton on Saturday, October 13th, at 10:00 o'clock a.m. We request every member of the Local to be present at this meeting, so we can further push the work of the league. Let every member boost the campaign till we get the county organized so we may be able to lay the corner stone of obtaining the best prices for our products.

Wm. J. BILLINGSLEY, Secy-Treas.

Miss Gertrude Popwell has left to commence her work as teacher for the season. Miss Popwell has, during the summer, assisted in the Probate office.

THORSBY POSTMASTER IS DRAFTED INTO U. S. ARMY

Mr. Walter M. Parnell, postmaster of Thorsby, has been drafted in the national army, and left for Camp Gordon on Wednesday morning. Mr. Parnell was granted a release by the post office department pending his services in the army, and his position at Thorsby will be given to him upon his discharge from military service. In his absence the office will be filled by Mr. Sam W. Collins.

A SAD ACCIDENT

The Banner has received intelligence of the sad burning to death of the 8-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. N. F. Neal on Monday. The little one was playing near an open fire and the clothing came in contact with the flames.

Judge Gulledge and Uncle C. H. Roberts will attend the Birmingham re-union.

CHILTON COUNTY CHRISTIAN HARMONY CONFERENCE

The Chilton County Christian Harmony Conference, which was held at Union Grove last Sunday, was called to order at 10:15 o'clock, a.m., and the opening song was led by Hon. W. H. Conway and the tnue was No. 78—"Amazinz Grace," which raised the spirit of all. After the song we had prayer by J. N. Scott, then another song by Bro. Conway, No. 55 and "Am I Born to Die," something we all should be very much interested in. The last verse is as follows:

Soon as from earth I go,
What will become of me?
Eternal happiness or woe
Must then my portion be.

President J. E. Cobb took charge and appointed a committee on arrangements as follows: Bro. William Lowery, W. R. Scott, C. C. Conway, and after the report Bro. Lowery directed for 20 minutes. Each W. R. Scott, J. N. Scott and W. H. Conway directed; then recess for dinner one hour.

We had abundance of good eatables and plenty left, and at one o'clock we were called back into the house and had the following directors to lead lessons 20 minutes each: Roy Jackson, J. H. Martin and Bro. Blankenship; then recess for ten minutes. After recess we elected officers for the ensuing year: W. H. Conway, President; J. H. Martin, Vice-President; J. E. Cobb, Secretary. Then a place for the next convention was spoken of, but left with the President and Secretary to say where it should convene. Then Bro. Lowery led a short lesson before the closing song by our President—number 200. Dismission was rendered by Bro. Gore.

We claim the convention to be a success and we sure appreciate the young people's help, and especially young Mr. Lowery and others whom we are not acquainted with. Some of the young ladies did their part well. I would to God that all of you young folks would take a part in the old time singing because I think that is all the kind that is worth while for church services, and the church should be first of all things. I believe if everybody is saved or enjoys religion it is going to be thru the old way and the old time religion such as our old forefathers had.

J. E. COBB, President,
J. N. SCOTT, Secretary.

CAMPAIGN ON MARKETING AND GRAIN FOR COUNTY

There will be a campaign on marketing and grain for Chilton County, beginning October 8. We will have speakers from Auburn to meet the farmers at the following times and places:

Jemison, 9:00 a.m., October 8; Thorsby, 11 a.m., October 8; Mt. Pleasant, 1 p.m., October 8; Clanton 3: p.m., October 8; Fairview, 7:30 p.m., October 8; New Cedron, 9:00 a.m., October 9; Enterprise, 11:00 a.m., October 9; Evergreen, 2:00 p.m. October 9; Verbena, 4:00 p.m. October 9th.

All farmers and their families are asked to come out and hear these speakers.

W. H. CONWAY,
Co. Dem. Agent.

PROF. J. W. MOORE ELECTED PRINCIPAL LITTLEJOHN SCHOOL

Prof. J. W. Moore has been elected by the County Board of Education to the principalship of the Littlejohn School. This is a spelnidly equipped school, and much honor has been bestowed upon Prof. Moore by the board in giving him this appointment. He is to receive for his services $75.00 per month, and the vetcran teacher of Chilton County will make for the Littlejohn community a splendid school.

FREE SPRINGS

Health in this community is very good at present. Everybody is busy making syrup.

Some of the young people of this community attended the singing at Pates Chapel Sunday.

Mrs. Eva Brown visited her sister, Mrs. Martha Primm, Saturday night.

Miss Leona Scott visited Miss Ethel Primm Saturday night.

Mr. Clyatt Primm, who has been in the army since May, is now in New York, and thinks he will have to sail for Franee in a few days.

Miss Ethel Primm, one of the committee to collect money for the conference funds of the Methodist Church, has announced a box supper at her home for Saturday night, October 6th. We hope to have a large crowd. Everybody is invited. Girls, come and bring well filled boxes, and boys come prepared to buy them.

SAVE YOUR SWEET POTATOES

Mr. W. H. Conway is using efforts to instruct owners of sweet potatoes as to the best means of "banking" the crop.

Sweet potatoes will be in demand as the government intends to include this product in the army rations.

MORE MEN DISCHARGED ON PHYSICAL IMPERFECTION

Out of the 115 men who were examined last week for the army by the Local Board, the following were given discharges on account of physical defects:

Joseph Martin Gore, Jemison
Alfred Marlow, Clanton
Monroe Hayes, Clanton
James Ervin (col), Maplesville
Will Latham, Maplesville
Sam C. Crysell, Jemison
James L. Chandler, Billingsley
Fonsy Headley, Clanton
Lawrence Littleton, Clanton
Henderson H. Hayes, Clanton
Irby Morgan Martin, Jemison
David Bush (col), Plantersville
Madison Lee Ware, Clanton
Grover Cleveland Latham, Lawley
John Callen (col), Clanton
LeRoy Ellison, Clanton
Odis Euel Green, Lawley
Charley Hayes, Thorsby
William Rhodes, Clanton, R. 5
David S. Mims, Cooper
James Oliver Smith, Clanton
Hugh Headley, Clanton, R. 5
Edgar M. Langston, Jemison
Dosh Bryant, Clanton
Sam Vester Peoples, Jemison
B. DeLeon Popwell, Thorsby
John Motley (col), Clanton
Jim Jones, Clanton

Since the discharges were issued, the local board has received instructions to recall those who have been discharged for physical reasons. This affects the foregoing list of men, and they will be called back for another examination on October 9th and 10th.

These men are Certified as Fit for Service.

Out of the 115 men examined by the local board last week, the following were accepted for service and entered no claim for exemption or discharge.

Elbert Bone, Clanton, R. 3
Robert Baker, Clanton
James J. P. Collins, Thorsby
Derwood C. Mims, Thorsby
John Proctor Nix, Jemison
Lee Caver (col), Clanton, R. 7
Charles E. Headley, Verbena
Mose Wilson (col), Cooper
Isaac Motley (col), Clanton
John Robert Roper, Clanton, R. 3
Walter Lee Morgan, Thorsby
Ed Logan, Verbena, R. 1.

THE SECOND LIBERTY LOAN

The second issue of liberty bonds is about to be offered. The importance of this movement, and the necessity for its success need not be argued to any informed man. The present war calls for the very best that we have of munitions, of money, of men.

To those who do not know the frightful consequences to us, should Germany win, we commend a consideration of the following words, spoken to Admiral Dewey in Manila, in 1898, by Admiral Von Goetz, of the German navy, and reported to this government by Dewey:

"About fifteen years from now, my country will start a great war. She will be in Paris about two months after the commencement of hostilities. Her move on Paris will be but a step to her real object—the crushing of England. Some months after we finish our work in Europe, we will take New York, and probably Washington, and hold them for some time. We will put your country in its place with reference to Germany. The Monroe Doctrine will be taken charge of by us, and we will dispose of South America as we wish. Don't forget this, about fifteen years from now."

These are words worth thinking of. Germany has now one hundred and twenty-three divisions on the long eastern front. Each division numbers twenty thousand men, or more. What if Russia should collapse, and negotiate a separate peace? What if Germany's enormous eastern armies should be transferred to the western front? What if France should break down under the strain?

Each of the allies looks to us for financial aid. We are raising and equipping an army of one and a half million men. The number may reach four or five million before our task is done. We are making large expenditures on our navy. We are building a merchant marine to repair the ravages of the submarines.

Billions of dollars are needed for the successful termination of this war. The money must be subscribed, and will be subscribed. Loan after loan has been floated in Germany. We are not less patriotic than the Germans. The man who does not put on the uniform must stand squarely behind the soldier who goes to the front. We can do this by subscribing to the Liberty Bonds. Every dollar that is lent to the allies, every dollar spent on the army or navy, shortens the war and saves the lives of American boys.

If this is your country, if this is your flag, if the boys in khaki are your soldiers, you will gladly invest in the Liberty Bonds, every dollar which you can spare. No more effective blow could be struck at Germany at this time than the oversubscription of the second Liberty loan.

JUDGE REYNOLDS APPOINTED ON FOOD CONSERVATION

Probate Judge L. H. Reynolds has been appointed by Mr. Herbert Hoover, the national food conservation commissioner, to act as the local representative of the work of the national government under the direction of Mr. Hoover.

The official notification of such appointment came to Judge Reynolds Tuesday in a telegram from Mr. R. M. Hobbie of Montgomery, the chairman of Mr. Hoover's campaign committee for the state of Alabama.

Following is the telegram received by Judge Reynolds:

"Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 2, 1917.
"Judge L. H. Reynolds, Clanton, Ala.
"We take pleasure in advising you that Mr. Herbert Hoover has selected you as his representative in your county to take charge of the Registration campaign October 21 to 28. We will ask that you attend a meeting here Monday, October 8, at 10 o'clock, in the Senate Chamber at the Capitol. Will have a continuous session that you may go home that evening. Please wire your acceptance.

"R. M. HOBBIE."

Judge Reynolds Accepts.

Judge Reynolds accepted the appointment, and at once wired Mr. Hobbie as follows:

"Clanton, Ala., Oct. 3, 1917.
"Mr. R. M. Hobbie, Montgomery, Ala.
"Repyling to your telegram notifying me that I had been appointed Registration agent by Mr. Hoover, which position I accept, will say I shall take pleasure in assisting in any way I can to aid the county in conservation of food. I will attend the meeting October 8.

"L. H. REYNOLDS."

The movement for the conservation of food is nation-wide, and the President has put Mr. Hoover directly in charge of the great work. In each state Mr. Hoover has an assistant, which in this state is Mr. Hobbie. Then the states are subdivided according to the counties. Activities applying to the local aspects of the work will be detailed and set up at the meeting which Judge Reynolds will attend in Montgomery. After that local announcements of what is to be done will be made.

TWELVE MEN SENT OFF TO CAMP GORDON THIS WEEK

The third contingent of men who have gone from this county to Camp Gordon under the draft law for service in the national army left Wednesday morning. They were twelve in number and were in charge of Walter M. Parnell and Kin M. Vinson. The orders from the adjutant general called for another forty per cent of our first quota of 120, but there were not enough certified men to make up the number which would have been 48. Only twelve men were in a position to go. One of the twelve called to go failed to appear. His name is Adolphus B. Ratliff.

James Sidney Gore, who failed to appear for examination of the first call reported for duty and was sent with this number.

The names of the twelve who went on Wednesday of this week are as follows:

Jim Wyat,
Othel Baker,
Oscar Z. Kelley,
Kin M. Vinson,
Lee Jean Roberts,
John M. Anderson,
John Glasscock,
Eddie R. Brooks,
Walter M. Parnell,
Joshua George W. Sorrell,
Robert Lee Jones.

BOYS ENTERTAINED ON TUESDAY NIGHT

On Tuesday night, prior to their departure Wednesday, the boys were tendered a reception and entertainment by the people of Clanton at the Baptist Church. Music wsa furnished by the Thorsby Concvert Band, and a delightful occasion was made.

The Civic Improvement League served refreshments at the Exchange Hotel Tuesday night for the twelve boys.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

State of Alabama, Chilton County. Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of L. J. Duncan, deceased.

Letters on the administration of the estate of L. J. Duncan, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 2nd day of October, 1917, by the Hon. L. H. Reynolds, Judge of Probate of said county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

ELIZABETH C. DUNCAN,
10-4-3t Administratrix.

BUYING CORD WOOD

Mr. C. H. Russell is authorized to purchase for the government 10,000 cords of wood. This wood will be purchased, so far as possible, in Chilton and Autauga Counties.

ENTIRE MASONIC ORDER TO FIGHT BAKER'S PLAN

PERMISSION IS DENIED LODGES TO ERECT HALLS AT THE TRAINING CAMPS FOR SOLDIERS.

Atlanta,Ga., October 1.—The entire Masonic order of the United States will appeal to Congress against Secretary Baker's ruling that no secret order except the Knights of Columbus shall have the privilege of erecting lodge rooms at the national cantonments.

If congress fails to enact "such legislation as will forever bar a repetition of such outrageous discrimination," the Masons will appeal to the country at large and the question will become an issue in the next Presidential campaign.

Mills Fights "Embargo."

These facts became known today when Grand Master Frank O. Mills, of Georgia, made public through the International news service correspondence between Masonic officials and the War Department in which Secretary Baker personally upheld the embargo against Protestant orders.

The plan to have the Secretary's ruling set aside will begin when the Georgia Grand Lodge meets in about thirty days. It is very probable that the aid of other secret orders such as the Knights of Pythias, Woodmen, Redmen and Odd Fellows will be invoked.

Baker Severely Criticized.

In making the correspondence public Grand Master Mills was severe in his criticism of Secretary Baker's ruling:

"In my opinion, and unjust, unfair discrimination has been made," he stated. Certainly no one objects to the government allowing the Catholic secret order the same privilege in these camps as the Protestants, but we do object strenuously to the Catholic order being allowed privileges which are denied to Masons.

"Masons have made it a point to steer clear of politics, but in my opinion it is time for them to get busy now and take a hand in asking for some fair legislation, and in the next general election to see to it that parties are put into office who will accord us fair treatment."

Correspondence Pointed Out.

The first letter in the correspondence is a simple request from General Secretary Greenfield, of Atlanta, to Secretary Baker, for permission to erect a Masonic lodge and recreation room at Camp Gordon. This letter was answered by Adjutant General H. G. Leamard, who stated, "The Secretary of War desires me to inform you that no organization will be allowed on the grounds except the Y. M. C. A. and the Knights of Columbus."

Grand Master Mills then took up the matter with Secretary Baker and pointed out that "the Knights of Columbus and the Y. M. C. A. are not at all in the same class, the former being as much a secret order as any in existence, while the Y. M. C. A. is open to any and every one."

"Advisory Committee" Figured

In reply Secretary Baker, under date of September 12, stated the decision has been recommended by on "advisory committee" and the department would abide thereby. The letter suggested that the Masons and other Protestant fraternal orders erect their buildings in the towns adjutant to the camps.

"The entire matter will be placed before a committee of Grand Lodge with the power to act," stated Mr. Mills. "We will fight because there is nothing else to do. We expect to win."

CITIZENS OF CLANTON SEEK PARDON OF DR. MATTHEWS

For the past week there has been a petition circulated in Clanton, calling upon the chief executive of the State of Alabama, for the pardon of Dr. E. A. Matthews, who has been serving a sentence in the state penitentiary for alleged mismanagement of the business of the Clanton Bank.

The petition meets with favor of practically every citizen of Clanton and Chilton County. It is the universal opinion of the people here that Dr. Matthews should be released immediately, since the courts have failed to convinct any of the other officials of the bank.

As soon as the opportunity has been given to everyone to sign the petition for pardon, the papers will be laid before the Governor and the Board of Pardons, asking for the release of the Doctor.

JOY AT SOLDIERS HOME

Dr. Eiland, Commandant of the Old Soldiers Home at Mt. Creek, paid the old boys and old ladies their money on Monday, and now they are ready to attend the re-union at Birmingham, on October 10 and 11, and "hear the band play" Dixie again.

THE UNION-BANNER

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J. B. WELLS, Business Manager.

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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

THE EDITOR AND THE CORPSE

Perry Chapman tells the following on himself:

I fell asleep in a chair at Grand Junction last Wednesday night on my way home from Memphis, and let my train leave me. The hotel clerk told me to go upstairs and take the room on the right side of the hall with the lamp burning low. He said he was crowded and I would have o double up with a man. I went up and pulled off my things and went to bed without waking my bedfellow, who was sleeping soundly with the sheet over his head to keep off the muskeeters. Before I fell into the arms of Morpheus, I saw a young lady and a young gentlemtn came in and set down by the window. At first they talked so low I could not hear what they said. Finally I heard the little miss say: "Wallace, ain't you ashamed to try to kisse me right here where I was sitting up with a dead person?" I felt curious, I slowly reached over and touched the nose of the man I was in bed with, and saw at a glance that he was dead all right. I riz up instantly, and it was a race to a finish 'twixt us three for the bottom of the steps. It is useless to say that I was first past the post by two lengths. I didn't skeer that couple any wuser than the corpse scared me.

GOOD RESULT OF FARMERS ORGANIZATION

It is estimated that the cotton seed produced in Alabama this year will total approximaely 250,000 tons. The price per ton is now above $70.00. It has advanced about $10.00 a ton in the very recent past, equal to $2,500,000 for that by-product of the state's cotton crop.

This advance is the result, in large measure, of the well directed activity of the organization known as the Farmers Protective League, of which Jos. O. Thompson is President. Local branches of the league have been established in many counties. There should be one in every county.

Every farmer will find it to his advantage to become a member. Certain it is that cotton growers who have a good seed tonnage will not need much argument to be convinced that the league is a good thing. It is believed that the market for seed will go much higher. As every rise of $10 means an increase of $2,500,000 to the value of the cotton crop, it will be seen what a good work the leauge is doing.—Birmingham Age-Herald.

County Farm Demonstrator, W. H. Cnway was in Clanton Tuesday. He stated that he had just returned from a visit to several of the north Alabama counties, where he went in the interest of farm methods.

We have had some inquiry as to when the day is to set for the selling of cattle and hogs in Clanton. We are not prepared to state just here. In fact, the time is a little early right now to begin to sell. The editor had a talk with Mr. Conway on the subject and it is his opinion that the movement is a good one and should be developed. Mr. Conway will give some time to the consideration of the cattle marketing question this fall and winter, and as he goes over the county, will give the farmers all the advice possible. He will take a hand in the setting apart of the day for marketing.

WILL TAKE CARE OF KAISER

In a letter to the Editor from Ira Billingsley at Camp Gordon, he says he thinks the Chilton County boys will be able to take care of the Kaiser, after they have finished the training and gone to France. He reports that the boys are well satisfied in the Camp.

Much trading in real estate has been done between various parties in Clanton for the past few weeks.

Mr. Wallace C. Edler of Thorsby was a visitor to Clanton Tuesday.

Squire A. F. Childress of Thorsby Beat 9 was a caller at the Union-Banner office on Wednesday.

The Ideal Theatre is going to have a mighty fine picture next Saturday and Sunday. It is to be shown under the auspices of the Local Red Cross Committee.

WANTED TO BUY—One or two good mules. E.H. Foshee, Clanton R 5

THE NUMBER OF A MAN

Numbers are very queer things. That there is a peculiar relation between numbers and sentiment beings has been proven in many ways. The number which is allied with God is one, and it represents His chief characteristic—unity. Three is the number of the Trinity, and so one might go on, but while it is absorbingly interesting, it is foreign to the purpose of this article.

Of all the peculiar combinations of numbers in relation to men that have ever been compiled, the following which we find in Puck is by far the most significant and interesting:

"While we do not take it very seriously that because the mathematical calculations made, give 1917 as a result, therefore this is the year that shall see the termination of the war, nevertheless we shall give it as it stands and allow each reader to draw his own inferences. We shall rejoice with those who do rejoice if it should happen to be true that hostilities will cease throughout the world in 1917.

"The bible makes reference to a certain number as being the number of a man. Rev. 13-18 reads: 'Here is wisdom. Let him that hath understanding count the number * * * for it is the number of a man. and his number of six hundred three score and six—666.' Many very exhaustive treaties have been published in efforts to solve the riddle of the number, but nothing so far has been published which seems to fit it exactly. One thing is peculiar. If one will add the consecutive numbers from one to thirty-six together, the total number will be 666.

"Now for the most wonderful compilation. It will be noted that in the list following each ruler of all the nations involved in the great world war is considered. Take the year in which they were each born, add to it the year in which he assumed office or reign, add to that the years he has held office or reigned, and then add to that the years he has lived, and in every single case, the sum total is the same. Read and study the list given below and marvel as you do it:

President Wilson was born in	1856
Took office in	1912
No. of years in office	5
Age	61
	3834
President of France was born in	1860
Took office in	1913
No .of years in office	4
Age	57
	3834
King of England was born	1865
Ascended throne in	1910
No. oy years reigned	7
Age	52
	3834
King of Italy was born	1869
Ascended throne	1900
No. of years reigned	17
Age	48
	3834
Czar of Russia was born	1868
Ascended throne	1894
No. of years reigned	23
Age	49
	3834
King of Belgium was born	1875
Ascended throne	1909
No. of years reigned	8
Age	42
	3834
Emperor of Japan was born	1879
Ascended throne	1912
No. of years reigned	5
Age	38
	3834
King of Servia was born	1844
Ascended throne	1903
No. of years reigned	14
Age	73
	3834
King of Montenegro was born	1841
Ascended throne	1910
No. of years reigned	7
Age	76
	3834

3843 divided by two equals 1917.

THE MARBURY FAIR

The Marbury Community Fair will be held as usual thus year with Prof. Gibbons in charge of the details.

Mr. Finley of Montevallo is the guest of friends and relatives in Clanton this week.

Miss Bessie Durham of Kentucky has been visiting friends in Clanton for several days .

A child can't get strong and robust while intestinal worms eat away its vitality. To give the child a chance to grow these parasites must be destroyed and expelled. WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE is guaranteed to remove the worms; it also puts the vital organs in healthy, vigorous condition. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Company.

LEARN TO WRITE

I can make a good penman of you at home during your spare time. Send me your name and $3.50, and take my 8-weeks course by mail.

J. E. THORNTON,
Carrollton, Ga.

Pay your Subscription. $1 a year.

WADE'S WEEKLY LETTER

Save the Females

The greatest deficiency in food products in the world today is meat. The live-stock industry in the European countries is almost depleted and the warring nations are looking to America for meat. With hogs selling for eighteen cents per pound, cattle twelve to sixteen cents, sheep sixteen cents, lard compound twenty-one cents and bacon fifty cents, butter forty-five, hens twenty cents per pound, and eggs forty-five cents per dozen, it is the southern farmer's opportunity such as he never had to make money. It is as good as a gold mine and will last several years before production can increase sufficiently to lower these prices materially. It will last as long as the war goes on and for several years after the war is over. It will take a good many years for the European countries to restore their live-stock industry and until then, they will be dependent upon us for food. Meat, poultry and dairy products are selling at two and one-half times the prices that prevailed in normal times. Cotton would have to sell for 35 cents per pound, corn two dollars and twenty-five cents per bushel, oats one dollar and thirty cents and choice hay sixty dollars per ton to be in the same proportion with live stock, dairy and poultry products.

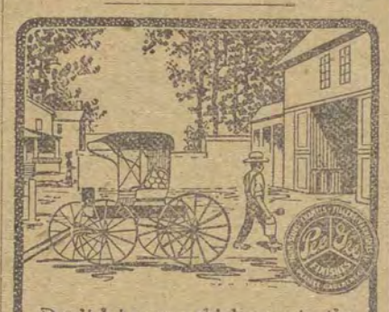
The only way we can increase our livestock is to save the females, especially the young ones. See to it that no females are slaughtered until they have shown themselves to be barren or poor breeders. Killing young females in times like this is the same as "Killing the goose that laid the golden egg." Do not sell your hens off unless you know them to be non layers. Twice as much poultry and live-stock are needed in Alabama as we now have. The best way to market corn, peanuts, velvet beans, and hay is to put them in a cowhide or pigskin. Corn is worth $1.80 per bushel and other products in the same proportion when fed to live-stock to prepare them for market. I would rather sell my corn to a four legged hog for $1.80 than to let a two legged hog have it at seventy-five cents per bushel. If the farmers had twice as many live-stock as they now have, very little would be heard about finding a market for corn, beans, peanuts, potatoes, and hay. The situation would solve itself and the talk now prevalent about being defrauded out of crops would not be heard. The remedy is to continue diversification, save and feed all young females among your livestock and poultry.

J. A. WADE,
Com. Agri. & Ind.

A COTTON ESTIMATE

Mr. W. H. Conway was in Clanton on Monday and called at the Banner office to say that, owing to recent weather conditions and the weevils, he would have to cut his cotton estimate for Chilton County to between 4500 and 5000 bales for 1917.

IF you want what you want when you want it—in the printing line— WE HAVE IT!



Don't let your vehicles go to the scrap heap. With little work and small cost you can make them look new by using

Pee Gee **Carriage Paint**

It is made especially for refinishing vehicles. Paints and varnishes with one application and is very durable

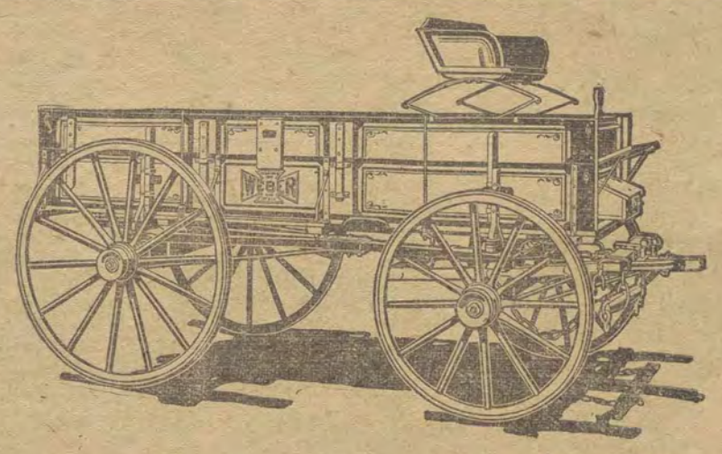
Ask for Free Paint Booklets and Color Cards

A Pee Gee Finish for Every Purpose

FOR SALE BY

UPCHURCH DRUG CO.,
Clanton, Ala.

Weber Wagons



Cheaper now than you can ever buy them again.

On account of the increased cost of all material used in the making of wagons, the manufacturer has found it necessary to advance the price considerably, and we are therefore obliged to raise our price also.

We placed an order some time ago for two car loads of wagons at a price higher than we had ever paid before, but at a less price than the present market value. One car of these wagons will be shipped in the near future, but we yet have a few on hand which we offer at the old price until the first of November, and on that date our price will be advenced according to our new cost, which will be from about $8.00 to $15.00 on the different sizes.

This is fair notice, and if you want one of the very best wagons made cheaper than you will buy it again within a year or two, you had better take advantage of this opportunity.

Clanton Hardware Company

BUILDING FOR THE FUTURE

THE L. & N. represents an investment of more than $250,000,000 devoted to the public interest in the South.

During the past sixteen years the L. & N. has spent $148,000,000 or more than 100 per cent, in creating new, and improving existing facilities, such as modernizing its stations, building double track, and installing devices to increase the safety, and facilitate the operation of its trains.

The L. & N. has spent, and contracted to spend, $12,162,742 during eighteen months, ending Dec. 31st, 1917, to meet the high standards which the public demands in Freight and Passenger equipment.

In sixteen years the L. & N. paid out for the operation of its trains $559,448,992.52, or an average of $34,965,000 per year, of which $324,870,160.41, or 58 per cent, or an average of $29,304,385.02 per year was paid to employes, the average number of whom was 30,112.

During that time L. & N. passenger rate decreased 7.7 per cent and L. & N. freight rate decreased 10.8 per cent.

Every piece of construction is with a view of the South's present and future pre-eminence. Adequate transportation is a fundamental business necessity. The L. & N. will be able to do its full share, provided it is permitted to earn a reasonable margin of revenue over expenses. The South is equally interested.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.

The Old Reliable

(1)





Co-operation Means A Better Community

THE MAIL ORDER HOUSES ARE BIDDING FOR YOUR DOLLAR, BUT WHEN YOU SPEND IT WITH THEM IT IS GONE FROM HERE, FOR GOOD AND FOR ALL, AND THE COMMUNITY DOES NOT GET ONE PENNY OUT OF THAT DOLLAR FOR IMPROVEMENT AND UPBUILDING. WHILE, IF YOU SPEND IT WITH THE HOME MERCHANTS, WHOSE NAMES APPEAR BELOW, THE MONEY IS KEPT AT HOME, AND THE CONSTANT CIRCULATION OF IT HERE WILL BENEFIT POSSIBLY A GREAT NUMBER, THROUGH WHOSE HANDS IT WILL PASS. WE SHOULD KEEP OUR DOLLARS AT HOME. SPEND YOUR MONEY WITH THE HOME MERCHANTS AND NOT WITH THE MAIL ORDER HOUSES.

Lion Shirts and Collars

I have a full line for Fall and Winter

W. A. KEMP

GROCERIES FOR SALE

The best and cheapest Line in town.

J. W. Littlejohn

Exchange Hotel

Modern, Sanitary, Clean & Equipped

Mr. Merchant:

Do you believe in Co-operation? If so, you can help out by putting your name in this space. Show your grit!

Closing Out.

I am closing out my stock of goods, and will sell anything at cost for cash — cheaper than present wholesale prices. Come and see me.

L.H. REYNOLDS

Stoves and Ranges

The best in the world are for sale by

Downs Hdwe. Co.

AT THE IDEAL

FRIDAY

OCTOBER 5TH.

EDNA GOODRICH

—in—

"THE HOUSE OF LIES."

with usual educational, cartoons etc. An evening of ideal entertainment.

IDEAL THEATRE

Success through Co-operation Comes from Persistent Effort.

One good Business Man has quit this space because he says his ad here is not bringing him any money. Now do you see the way he is looking at this business? His view is wrong. The idea is this:

These Business men did not contract with us to run this half-page space with the idea of standing by and seeing the dollars fall into their cash drawers fro mit. They did it because they were willing to Co-operate with this paper fo ra year in a campaign of boosting for the home town. They did not agree to even pay this paper for the ad. They agreed to pay the price they did to help us in the expense which we must go to in carrying our messages of boosting to the outside world, and on the side we just throw in the space which their ads occupy.

Now if you men do not want to co-operate in this campaign it is not hurting us. But you are just in effect saying that you are not willing to help boost your home town and community.

NEW WILSON HOTEL

Everything New and Modern

Rates Reasonable

Ford

Ford Cars and Parts; Oil, Gasoline and Accessories.

Get your order in for new crs now nd not have to wait.

L. J. Duncan Motor Co.

Ideal Theater

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 12TH

ELNORE ULRICH

—in—

"THE INTRIGUE"

With a Burton Holmes Trane Picture Another Paramount treat.

Thornhill Wagons

Cheapest because they are the Best.

Clanton Mercantile Company.

FOR SALE or RENT

ONE 4 ROOM HOUSE AND LOT ON MAIN STREET IN CLANTON—CHEAP FOR CASH.

Wiley Littlejohn

Clocks and Watches

See the new stock at

UPCHURCH'S

L. C. REYNOLDS

Staple and Fancy Groceries. All new Stock, Just received. Any trade you may give me will be greatly appreciated.

B. GUY SMITH AND THOS. A. CURRY CLASH IN DIFFICULTY

Late Wednesday afternoon B. Guy Oct. 27.

Smith and Thos. A. Curry two attorneys of Clanton had a fight on the streets of Clanton in which Mr. Curry was pelted and bruised about the face rather severely and Mr. Smith was scratched very slightly.

The trouble between the two men grew out of the course of matters concerning the case of Smith before the local exemption Board of Chilton county, of which Mr. Curry is a member, and the consideration of his claims before the District Board in Montgomery.

VELVET BEAN MANUFACTURE AT CLANTON

To the Farmers of Chilton County:

I desire to announce that I am in receipt of the following telegram from Patent Crusher and Pulverizer Co., St. Louis, Mo:

"St. Louis, Mi., Oct. 3, 1917.

Wm. Adams, Clanton, Ala. Your velvet bean mill was shipped on September 29th.

Williams Patent Crusher and Pulverizer Co.'

I expectt his will arrive at Clanton in the next few days. Everything at my plant in Clanton is in readiness for the installation of the mill upon its arrival.

Respectfully,
Wm. M. ADAMS,

Read the advertisements which appear in The Union-Banner each issue, and then come spend your money with the home merchants. They deserve your trade, and your dollar should be kept at home anyhow.

Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

LEONARD HAYES HURT BY JUMPING FROM TRAIN

Last Thursday evening Leonard Hayes a young man 17 years of age was seriously hurt at Falakto when he stepped from passenger train No. 11 before it came to a stop at the station yard. It is said the train was moving at the rate of from 15 to 20 miles per hour as the young man stepped off. He lost his balance and was thrown to the ground, the result being severe injuries on the head.

He was picked up by the train crew and carried to Cooper where medical aid was administered. When the doctors saw the extent of the injuries, it was decided to carry the young fellow to Birmingham. Fast train No. 4 was stopped at Coopers and he was carried to a Birmingham infirmary. He is still in a dangerous condition and it is not known whether his injuries will be healed.

NOTICE OF PETITION TO SELL LANDS TO DIVIDE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.
Probate Court, Oct. 4, 1917.

In the matter of the estate of J. M. G. Burke, Deceased.

To the Sheriff of said County:

Whereas Mary A. Burke and A. L. Burke, joint owners of the estate of J. M. G. Burke, deceased, has fuled their petition in said court for a sale of the lands described therein, belonging to said estate, for division, upon the ground that the same cannot be equitably divided among the heirs, and the 3rd day of November 1917, has been appointed for the hearing of said petition.

You are therefore, hereby commanded to cite Genie Walker, whose address is Artesia, Miss., care of Robt. Cox, to appear before said Court on said day to contest said petition if she think proper.

Witness my hand this 4th day of Oct. 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

Judge L. H. Reynolds made a business trip to Birmingham Wednesday.

Just say a good word for Clanton

Neuralgia of the face, shoulder, hands, or feet requires a powerful remedy that will penetrate the flesh. BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT possesses that power. Rubbed in where the pain is felt is allt hat is necessary to relieve suffering and restore normal conditions. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Company.

CLANTON BAPTIST CHURCH

There will be a special service held at the Clanton Baptist church on next Sunday morning for the newly elected officers and teachers of the Sunday School, who have been chosen by the church in its annual business meeting. The session of the Sunday School will be held much as usual, but the eleven o'clock hour will be given over to a special program for the occasion. Judge E. B. Deason has been elected Superintendent for the coming year, with Mr. T. E. Williams as assistant. Mr. E. E. Upchurch was re-elected Secretary and Treasurer.

The teachers who have had the charge of the classes have all been re-elected, with one change, in the case of Judge Deason's class, which will be taught by Mr. J. R. Mullins. An alternate or assistant has been selected for each class. A more complete grading is planned, as well as the use of graded lesson helps, especially for the smaller classes. At night the pastor will preach on the subject, "The relation of Children to the Kingdom of God."

The meeting was opened and closed with prayer. After the service refreshments were served at the Exchange Hotel by the Civic Improvement Club.

The Unity Baptist Association, with which the Clanton Baptist cuhrch is affiliated, will hold its annual session on next Tuesday, Actober 9th, at Evergreen church in Autauga County, about ten miles beyond Billingsley. The church is entitled to 12 messengers to the association, but about fifteen of the members are planning to go in four automobiles. Of course all will be welcome to go. The session will last two days. The messengers will leave early on Tuesday morning in order to get to Evergreen church by ten o'clock.

There is considerable sentiment in the Baptist churches located in Chilton County in favor of joining the Chilton County Association, thus making the bounds of the Association equal with the county lines. This would make the annual meeting of the association more readily in the minds of those who are not familiar with the Unity Association. It would also more readily locate any particular church by designating it as in Chilton County Association. At present the churches composing Unity Association are spread into three different counties. This matter will probably come up for discussion at the coming meeting.

R. L. Wells of Route 6 was a visitor to our office Wednesday.

BARNUM AND BAILEY CIRCUS IS COMING

Greatest Show on Earth will Soon Exhibit in this Vicinity.

Once again the glad tiding are being spread broadcast telling of the coming of Barnum and Bailey's Circus. The greatest show on earth is announced will positively be exhibited within easy traveling distance this season and , as usual, a large percentage of the population will declare a holiday to visit the show.

The big circus will exhibit in Montgomery on October 18.

It is promised that nothing to compare with the present Barnum and Bailey performance has ever been seen under canvas. New and novel features have been imported from abroad and a program of events, thrilling ,educational and screemingly funny, will occupy every instant in three rings, four stages, the riggings above and the hippodrome surrounding for moret han three hours.

There is a new and gorgeous pageant entitled, "Alladin and his Wonderful Lamp" in which nearly 1400 persons and one thousand animals appear in magnificent costumes rivaling the dress of the people of the famous "Arabian Nights" story. This will be followed by a host of acts in all parts of the great enclosure. There will be sixty clowns, a greatly increased menagerie of wild and untamed animals, four great herds of elephants, several caravans of camels and many recently born baby animals.

The free street parade, which will start from the circus lot at 10 o'clock on the morning of circus day, is entirely different from anything of the kind ever shown before. It will be three miles in length and there will beb ands on foot, on horseback, and riding on top of wagons of red and gold. There will be six bands in all and they will be assisted by three steam calliopes and an electric piano.

With the largest tent in the history of all circuses, the Barnum and Bailey circus promisest his season to make good again its boast that it is the greatest show on earth. Five railroad trains comprising 89 railroad cars, will be required to transport its paraphernalia, and more than 750 horses will be used to transfer its wagons from the railroad yards to the show lot.

Look for "Cinderella and the Magic Slipper," a wonderful moving picture to be presented by the Civic League at the Ideal Theatre on Saturday,

Read the Union-Banner. $1 a year.

COUNTY MAPS FOR SALE

The Union-Banner has made arrangements to print a number of Beat Maps of Chilton County, and now have them for sale to anyone desiring them, at the price of 25 cents each.

When the chest feels on fire and the throat burns, you have indigestion, and you need HERBINE to get rid of the disagreeable feeling. It drives out badly digested food, and strengthens the stomach and purifies the bowels. Price 50c. Cold by Upchurch Drug Company.

TAX NOTICE

COLLECTOR'S AND ASSESSOR'S ROUND

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of collecting the State and County Taxes for Chilton County for the year 1917 and assessing taxes for the year 1918.

Maplesville,	Beat 7,	October 1, 1917
Stanton,	Beat 8,	October 2, 1917
Pletcher,	Beat 15,	October 3, 1917
Enterprise,	Beat 6,	October 4, 1917
Verbena,	Beat 5,	October 5, 1917
Minooka,	Beat 13,	October 6, 1917
Thorsby,	Beat 9,	October 8, 1917
Jemison,	Beat 2,	October 9, 1917
Benson,	Beat 3,	October 10, 1917
Macedonia,	Beat 14,	October 11, 1917
Mineral Springs,	Beat 12,	October 12, 1917
Robinson's Store,	Beat 12,	October 13, 1917
Mullins Academy,	Beat 1,	October 15, 1917
Cane Creek,	Beat 11,	October 16, 1917
Providence,	Beat 16,	October 17, 1917
Cooper,	Beat 10,	October 18, 1917
Mt. Creek,	Beat 5,	October 19, 1917
Evergreen,	Beat 10,	October 20, 1917
Kincheon,	Beat 6,	October 22, 1917
Culp Schoolhouse,	Beat 15,	October 23, 1917
Riderville,	Beat 8,	October 24, 1917
Shoults,	Beat 7,	October 25, 1917
Mars Hill,	Beat 2,	October 26, 1917
Concord,	Beat 13,	October 27, 1917
Clanton,	Beat 4,	Nov. 12 to 30, 1917

Take notice that under Section Number 34, of the Revenue Code of 1915, it is the duty of every person liable to taxation in each election precinct, to attend in person on the first day of the appointment in your Precinct, and then and there render to the Assessor a full and complete list of all property, of which he or she was owner on the 1 day of October of that year.

All taxes and assessments are delinquent after December the 31st, 1917.

J. D. COLLINS, Tax Collector,
J. N. DENNIS, Tax Assessor.

Specials for this Week and Next

Home Ground Meal	Standard Granulated Sugar	Pearl and Bermuda Onion Sets
Peck, 58 Cents	10 lb, 97 Cents.	1 qt. 15c – 2 qt. 25c.

Polo Laundry Soap 7 Cakes, ... 25c	Light House Washing Powder 5 Boxes, ... 23c	1-lb. Can Whitehouse Coffee Per Can, ... 34c	Sweetheart Soap 6 Bare, ... 35c
Fairfax and Red Deamon Pure Coffee 3-lb. Can, ... 94c	Arm & Hammer Soda, Seven Pounds, ... 31c	Purity Rolled Oats Per Box, ... 13c	Donavan & After Dinner Brand Coffee 4lb. Bucket, ... 96c

Green Coffee	Full Head Rice	Arbuckle Coffee
5 lb, 6 lb, and 7 lb for $1.00	10 pnunds for 96 CENTS	A 1-pound package 24 CENTS

Post Toasties 2 Boxes, ... 24c	Lo-Mo-Co Petit Pois Peas 2-lb. Can, ... 23c	Armour Veri-Best corn beef Per Can, ... 29c
Shredded Whole Wheat 1 Box, ... 14c	Lo-Mo-Co Sweet Peas 2-lb. Can, ... 18c	Armour Veri-Best veal loaf Per Can, ... 19c
Evaporated Milk 3 Cans, ... 20c	Lo-Mo-Co Pineapple grated ½-lb. Can, ... 14c	Armour Veri-Best roast beef Per Can, ... 29c
Grated Cocoanut ½-lb. Can, ... 13c	Lo-Mo-Co Pineapple shred ½-lb. Can, ... 14c	Armour Helmet Brand Cooked Brains, Per Can, .. 22c
Hershey's Cocoa Per Can, ... 9c	Lo-Mo-Co Pineapple shred 2-lb. Can, ... 23c	Veri-Best Pork and Beans Per Can, ... 10c
Dime Brand Condnsd. Milk Per Can, ... 14c	Lo-Mo-Co Asparagus tips 1-lb. Can, ... 28c	Veri-Best drief Chipped Beef Per Can, ... 14c
Purity Brand Hominy Grits Small Package, ... 14c	Lo-Mo-Co Pork and Beans 1½-lb. Can, ... 14c	Veri-Best Deviled Ham Per Can, ... 18c
Purity Brand Hominy Grits Large Package, ... 30c	Lo-Mo-Co Pineapple Sauce Per bottle, ... 9c	Veri-Best Deviled Tongue Per Can, ... 18c
Baker Chocolate 3 Blocks, ... 28c	Lo-Mo-Co Ketchup Per bottle, ... 14c	Veri-Best Deviled Chicken Per Can, ... 18c
Lard 10-lb. Bucket, ... $2.00	Del-Monte brand Ketchup Per bottle, ... 28c	Armour Veri-Best large size Sliced Bacon in glass jars, Per Jar, ... 36c
Lard 4-lb. Bucket, ... 84c	Lo-Mo-Co Peanut Butter Medium sized jar, ... 14c	Armour Veri-Best Lunch Tongue, Per Can, ... 28c
Lo-Mo-Co Sweet Corn Per Can, ... 19c	Monogram Brand Pickles Per bottle, ... 13c	Armour Veri-Best Steak Per Can, ... 14c
Southern Beauty Hominey Per Can, ... 14c	Welch's Grape Juice 1 pt-bottle, ... 23c	Armour Veri-Best Lunch Sausage, per can, ... 14c
Lo-Mo-Co Brand Pears 3-lb. Can, ... 28c	Welch's Grape Juice 1 qt-bottle, ... 46c	Armour Veri-Best Mince Meat, Per Package 12c
Lo-Mo-Co Lemon Peaches 3-lb. Can, ... 27c	Armour Veri-Best Tripe Per Can, ... 28c	Armour Helmet Brand Potted Meats, Per Pkg., ... 5c

A FULL LINE OF CIGARS, CIGARETTES, SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO—ALL FRESH AND NEW, AT MODERATE PRICES IN REACH OF ALL. FOUNTAIN AND BOTTLE DRINKS; TABLES TO SERVE THE LADIES.

I AM HEER TO SERVE THE PUBLIC. PHONE ME YOUR ORDER, AND IF I HAVEN'T EVERYTHING IN STOCK YOU WANT, I WILL GO OUT AND GET IT FOR YOU. YOUR TRADE WILL BE APPRECIATED. CALL ON ME WHENEVER YOU NEED GROCERIES.

Prompt Delivery on Sunday and any other time.

L. C. REYNOLDS

Located in Wright Bldg. next to Uncle Jim Broadhead's.

CLANTON, ALA.

WITH THE ALABAMA BOYS IN CAMP AT NEW YORK

In a sloping dust field on lower Long Island, where 3 roads meet and end, are encamped more than 3600 Alabama boys, the old Fourth Alabama National Guard, waiting to be called overseas with the famous rainbow of 42nd division. They are a strange collection of men,—clerks from Birmingham and Mobile; soft-tongued, swarthy mountaineers from their huts in the Lookout range; free-limbed, big-hearted, with the ancient creed of the mountains "When in doubt fight"; and a scattering of business men, and sons of old Alabama families.

For most regiments this time of waiting is full of life and adventure, the seeing of new things and faces, performing of new duties, and the learning of new customs, and life seems too full for the loneliness that gnaws and breaks a man's heart. But the Alabama boys have been hit square amid-ships. Coming to a muddy field in a strange flat country, during a sickly, misty, drizzle, measles broke out in their ranks the very next day, and for nearly three weeks not a man left the aching emptiness of that barren field. Men pulled from what seemed the ends of the earth, and thrown indiscriminately together were confined in a little two-acre lot, and there left to their own devices. The strain of the long grind of deadly monotony, and the restraint to which the easy going mountaineers were entirely unaccustomed, bid fair to break both their nerve and their morale, and would indeed have broken them had it not been for one saving factor.

In the middle of their camp stands a white, three-peaked, circus tent with a red triangle over the door, and in front a sign bearing the letters, "Y. M. C. A." The tent is open from nine o'clock until taps; and within the tent are five men working night and day to make life tolerable for these homesick strangers from a far country. From early in the morning till late at night they always are on the job, and nothing is too big or too small fir them to do, if it adds to the comfort of the enlisted men.

Let us tell you of just one day spent in the tent of the Alabama regiment, one out of hundreds of buildings or tents throughout the country, located wherever a body of men are gathered together in the name of liberty; not to mention the hunts, (many of them long ago wrecked by German shells,) which dot the blood-scarred trenches of northern France, and nestle in the muddy streets of London, offering aid and shelter to rich and poor, RomanCatholic, Jew and Prostestant, wherever help is needed.

Early in the morning, long before opening time, grimy hands stretch across the counter, and a soft southern voice begs, "Could yah give me some paper, now, mister? Ah reckon Ah'll write home today." The paper is immediately forthcoming, for no one has ever refused anything at the Y. M. C. A. tent, but the soldier doesn't go. Instead he stands by the counter, idly shifting his weight from foot to foot, and chewing the end of a cigarette. "Yes, ah wish ah was home this minute;" he finally volunteers. Then follows a personal conversation rather too sacred to put down in print, and before the man leaves he knows that he has found a friend.

By nine o'clock the great tent is crowded with men writing home, for nearly 14,000 letters are written from that one tent every week. A talking machine is grinding out "Goodbye Girls, I'm Through," and "There's someone more Lonesome than You." One Secretary is kept busy nearly all day writing out money orders, and through the Y. M. C. A. many thousand of dollars are thus saved to the men, which otherwise might have been lost in the crap game—or worse. During one week the Y. M. C. A. at Camp Mills wrote out money orders for more than $20,000.

Stamps, letters, soap, books, buttons, matches, all the thousand and one little things which help to make life tolerable pass over the counter every minute of the day. A big burly soldier comes up to the counter and wants a ten dollar bill changed. "What do you want it changed for?" asks the secretary in charge, counting out the money.

Ah just wants to pay some bills," says the man blushing like a school girl. "What do you want to know for?"

"Oh, I just thought you might like it in very small change," replied the secretary putting the money into his hand.

The man turns away; then comes sheepishly back to the counter, saying, "Ah reckon you'd better give me back that ten; they say the money a man wins at crap never does him any good, nohow."

So it goes all day long, and through it all is an atmosphere of friendliness that is life to the unseasoned soldier. Not the old-time glad handism, but a sincere interest tnd friendly feeling on the part of the workers toward the men, which makes them feel that they have someone to whom they can talk of their own lives, their loneliness, their families and sweethearts back in the Lookout Mountains, and which in some cases enables them to find in the Y. M. C. A. a friend, where they have never known one before.

Thus, the golden door is opened to the hearts of the men, and as the secretaries get close to their soldiers, vice and immortality, with its thousand kindred miseries, diminish, and the old ideals are not forgotten in the glare of the furnace in which their hearts are being tried.

All day an auto runs back and forth from the adjoining town, taking laundry, buying sweets, and doing countless other errands that the men in detention camp cannot get away to do themselves, while scarcely has twilight settled into night before moving picture shows, sing songs, vaudeville entertainments of every description, wrestling and boxing matches, and religious meetings have been organized throughout camp. Old actors, now in the service, educators, ministers, as well as Charlie Chaplin, and other movie favorites all help pass the time away. And not a moment is left empty, which may allow the bitter loneliness and longing for a frindly word, to creep in, which often goads a man to do things and to mix with people for whom under normal conditions he can have nothing but contempt.

And do these quiet workers in grey get the appreciation of the soldiers? Most assuredly they do. Allow one instance in passing. When the aviation school was first established at Mineola, a group of men came in from somwehere in the South, after nighfall. No Y. M. C. A. was ready for them. But a tent was hurriedly procured and although the hour was too late to put it up one of the secretaries slept on it. In the morning a great rough soldier from Virginia shouted to a comrade, "Where's that —— Y. M. C. A?, we cant live without that." "I'm sitting on it," announced the secretary from behind.

For these men who have left their homes and positions to toil with and to help the soldiers, there is no theoretic religion; they are working night and day to help all in need;—by the needs for a penny postage stamp, or a strong arm to pull them out of the moral mire. They are working body and soul to make Christ real; working for those who are at home, that the boys may come back clean and whole hearted as they left; and that they will never be without a friend.

The Alabama men are soon to go overseas. The Y. M. C. A. is already there waiting to welcome them, and working while it waits.

Across the water, where life is raw, where restraint is off, and the soldier hardened by the universal brutality and loneliness, are temptations and pitfalls worse than the death in the trenches. Disease walks rampant upon the earth; filth and squalor follow in her wake; corruption is everywhere to be found; and misery reigns "supreme upon her throne of eternal dirt." From the multitude of besetting ills of body, mind and soul, the Y. M. C. A. has already saved hundrehs, and the work has only just begun. Millions have been spent; many millions more are needed. Even now our men are in the field, and more are almost daily streaming across the Atlantic. For them, for yourselves, their families and sweethearts, by those letters which you have received, bearing the insignia of the Y. M. C. A., and in the name of the clean cut, four-square man, whom you hope will return to you, the organization asks your co-operation.

Advertising in this paper will bring good returns on the money invested

VINOL MAKES GOOD BLOOD

Positive—Convincing Proof

Many so-called remedies for anaemia are only so in name. Their makers are afraid to prove their claims by telling what their medicines contain.

The only way to be honest with the people is to let them know what they are paying for. Here is the Vinol formula. When the doctor knows what a medicine contains, it ceases to be a "patent" medicine.

℞ Cod Liver and Beef Peptones, Iron and Manganese Peptonates, Iron and Ammonium Citrate, Lime and Soda Glycerophosphates, Cascarin.

Any doctor will tell you that the ingredients of Vinol, as named above, will enrich the blood and banish anaemia and create strength. When the blood is pure and rich and red, the body is strong and robust.

You can prove this at our expense because your money will be returned if Vinol does not improve your health.

Upchurch Drug Co.

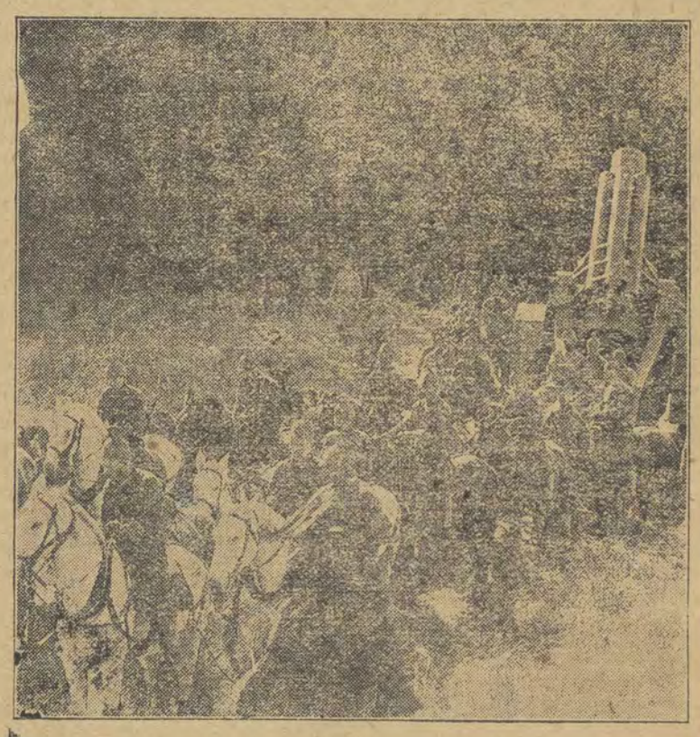
WAR! WAR!

Wonderful scenes of war

—At the—

IDEAL THEATER

Saturday and Sunday, October 6th & 7th.



THE MIGHTIEST PICTURE OF THE WORLD'S GREAT CONFLICT THAT THE BRAIN OF MAN HAS YET CONCEIVED AND REALIZED, DEALING WITH LOVE AND WAR, IN THE ORIGIN AND DESTINY OF OUR REPUBLIC.

SATURDAY—2:00, 3:45; 7:30, and 9:15, P. M.
Admission—Matinee, 10c and 15c; Night, 15c and 25c.

Sunday, 3:00 and 4:30 P. M. (Two shows only)

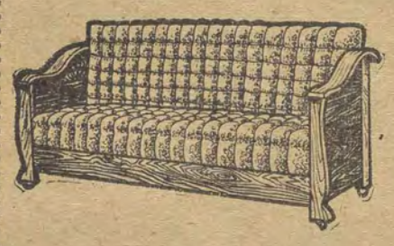
Admission—15c and 25c, under the auspices and for the Benefit of the Local Red Cross Society.

We are putting this picture on on Sunday with all due respect to the Sabbath, feeling that this is the only way we can get this timely patriotic appeal before many of our citiezns, who cannot see it at other times; and that instead of desecrating the day, we are rendering a service to many that cannot be reached in any other way—and under present war conditions is very opportune.

Two cars of **FURNITURE** *Just received*

OUR STOCK OF FURNITURE AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS IS LARGER AND MORE VARIED THAN IT HAS EVER BEEN.

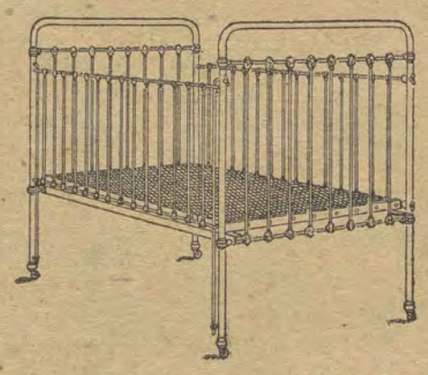
COME AND SEE



Our display of Bedroom, Parlor and Dining Room Suites
Dressers, Wardrobes, Chifforobes.



Rockers, Tables,
Hat Racks,
Iron and Brass Beds,
Mattresses and Pillows.



Art Sqares, Rugs, and Suit Cases.
Stoves, Ranges etc.

All Goods and Prices are Right. Give us a call and You will be Convinced.

CLANTAN HARDWARE CO.

A Mother's Guidance



The mother who advises her daughter to use "Mother's Friend" can rest assured that the crisis will be one of much less pain and danger.

"Mother's Friend" is a safe, external application for the abdominal muscles and breasts. It certainly has a wonderful influence in relieving pain, discomfort and nausea, and is a most grateful encouragement to the young woman awaiting the happiness of coming motherhood. The action of "Mother's Friend" makes the muscles free, pliant and responsive to expansion. Thus tension and strain upon the muscles and ligaments is avoided when baby arrives.

Nervousness and twitching spells and that constant strain known to so many women is avoided. "Mother's Friend" is the prescription of a famous physician and may be had at the drug store. It will surely prove of the greatest value, not only to the mother, but to the health and future of the child.

Write to the Bradfield Regulator Co., Dept. C, 200 Lamar Building, Atlanta, Ga., for their book, "Motherhood and the Baby". It is free and is a book which every woman should have. Every expectant mother should aid nature for by so doing pain at the crisis is avoided.

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Gaston Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery, Alabama, did, on the 27 day of February, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application, No. 010140, to purchase the NE ¼ of the NE ¼, Section 2, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St. Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known os the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised, one hundred and sixty dollars, the timber estimated 60,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $40.00; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9 day of November, 1917, before Register or Receiver of the U.S. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.
Register.

The Probate Judge's office was crowded Monday with old Confederate Veterans drawing their quarterly pension money.

If a fire had broken out in Mt. Creek Monday there wouldn't have been anybody there to put it out. Everybody from there was here at county court.

THE MT. CREEK MESS

The Cases nolle prossed Except that of T. J. Henderson.

In the Chilton County Court room on Monday a glance would have convinced anyone familiar with the faces of Mountain Creek citizens that they were here in force.

Arrests had been made a month ago of men charged with resisting an officer and other alleged offence.

It was suggested that thirty days contemplation would leave matters so that when Judge Reynolds called the case enmity would have ceased and the case would be to some extent called off, and so it was, by discharging everybody concerned except T. J. Henderson, who was assessed $10 and costs.

So now, the Mountain Creek people have settled the matter and all is peace and quiet again just as it should be.

The Thorsby Band furnished delightful music for the entertainment given the soldiers at Clanton on last Tuesday night. The Band also played some selections at the Ideal Theatre.

Keep Well

Do not allow the poisons of undigested food to accumulate in your bowels, where they are absorbed into your system. Indigestion, constipation, headache, bad blood, and numerous other troubles are bound to follow. Keep *your* system clean, as thousands of others do, by taking an occasional dose of the old, reliable, vegetable, family liver medicine.

Thedford's

Black-Draught

Mrs. W. F. Pickle, of Rising Fawn, Ga., writes: "We have used Thedford's Black-Draught as a family medicine. My mother-in-law could not take calomel as it seemed too strong for her, so she used Black-Draught as a mild laxative and liver regulator . . . We use it in the family and believe it is the best medicine for the liver made." Try it. Insist on the genuine—Thedford's. 25c a package. E-75

MULBERRY NEWS

After a few days of bad rain, we are glad to say it is fair again and farmers can go on gathering their crops.

We are sorry to learn that Mr. Henry Veazey is on the sick list with typhoid fever. We hope he will soon recover.

Mr. Ernest Grooms, from Birmingham is visiting home folks this week.

Mr. J. O. Darby from Camp Gordon visited relatives and friends here this week.

Ralph Manning from Mt. Berry, Ga., came home with Mr. J. D. Smith in J. D.'s new car, and surprised his home folks.

Mr. Sidney Webb from Weogufka was over on business last Monday.

Mrs. J. C. Carter visited relatives in Birmingham last week.

Mrs. Limmie Holloway from Goodwater visited relatives here recently.

Mr. Curtis Grooms is in Birmingham this week.

Mr. Robert Veazey went up to Birmingham on business last week.

Guy Deshazo is at home spending a while with his parents.

Mr. Wilbur Speer had to come home to stand his examination, as his number was called to report by the draft law.

Mrs. Benna Vickers, Mrs. Ola Massey, her two charming twin boys, Mrs. Mae Kelley, all from Mt. Pleasant, Mrs. Fannie Morris of Liberty Hill, Mr. and Mrs. Martha Manning of Jemison and Mrs. J. B. Manning, were the guests at Mr. D.O. Manning's last Thursday. They came in honor of Mrs. Limmie Hollaway.

Mr. Edmond Manning passed by home enroute to Florida, and spent a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Hubbard of Mt. Creek were visitors to Clanton Monday.

Veteran E. H. Smith of Mt. Creek was a visitor to Clanton Monday.

ORGANIZING FARMERS

Judge S. M. Adams is actively at work in organizing the Alabama farmers in the different counties in the state, in order that they may protect themselves in marketing their 1917 crops. Mr. Adams says that he has been well received and meets with warm co-operation in his work.

Mrs. Cleveland Kicker of the Old Soldiers Home was at Clanton on Tuesday, and visited her mother and Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Wells, near Falakto.

Tickling in the throat, hoarseness, loss of voice, indicate the need of BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP. It eases the lungs, quiets the cough and restores health in the bronchial tubes. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

THE VERBENA SCHOOL

The Verbena public school opened on Monday, with Miss Jimmie Morrow as principal and Misses Davis and Barnum as assistants.

All you who have torpid liver, weak digestion or constipated bowels look out for chills. The season is here and the air is full of disease germs. The best thing to do is to get your liver in good condition and purify the stomach and bowels. HERBINE is the right remedy, it answers the purpose completely. Price 50c. Sold by Ppchurch Drug Company.

MACHINERY REPAIRED

All kind of broken machinery repaired and made as good as new. We rebore automobile cylinders and make a new engine out of an old one. All work guaranteed. We Mend Everything but broken bones.

SOUTHERN WELDING CO.,
Monagomery, Ala.

Subscribe for The Union-Banner.

Nature Needs Assistance In Keeping You Well

A little help goes a long ways.

If you would keep your body in a healthy and robust condition, throbbing with that splendid vitality that indicates freedom from all ailments, first of all see that your blood is kept pure. Any slight impurity that creeps into your blood will soon effect the well-being of your whole system.

A few bottles of S. S. S. will give just the assistance that nature needs in keeping the blood absolutely free of all impurities. This old remedy is a wonderful purifier and tonic, and has no equal for keeping the blood rich and pure. It builds up the appetite and tones up the entire system.

S. S. S. is sold by druggists everywhere. It has been successfully used for more than fifty years, and people in practically every state testify to its great worth. Write for booklets and free medical advice to Swift Specific Co., Dept. E Atlanta, Ga.

PAYING VETERANS

Mr. Horace Davis, chief clerk in the Probate's office, paid off on Monday a large number of old veterans, and widows. Judge L. H. Reynolds requests that those entitled to pensions call as soon as possible, as, after a specified date, he must return unclaimed warrants to state authorities.

MARRIAGES

Willie Boatfield and Miss William Gibbons, R. M. Wright and Miss Ida Lovett, F. C. Harris and Miss Nora Huston, J. A. Chandler and Miss Ressie Mae Neeley, Fred Wallace and Miss Gertie Mae Martin, L. L. Scarbrough and Miss Libbie Henley, Lucien Baker and Miss Calia Hilyer, J. R. Roper and Miss Ethel Durham.

Here With the Goods

The Coming of Fall and Winter brings to your Mind the Question of

WHERE SHALL I BUY MY WINTER GOODS?

We answer this question for you with our immense stock of everything in the world you can need. You can get it all right here at one place.

Clanton Mercantile Company

The Big Bargain Store.



Cattle relish the sweet odor of wet Buckeye Hulls

BUCKEYE HULLS, after being wetted down for ten or twelve hours, acquire a taste or odor similar to the succulent ensilage odor that cattle like so well. Simply feed

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

properly and your stock will like them better than any other roughage. Once they are accustomed to them, they will not be satisfied with anything else.

There is every reason why your cattle should relish Buckeye Hulls. They are all roughage; no lint that is worthless as forage; no dirt, trash or dust.

Other Advantages

Buckeye Hulls cost much less per ton than old style hulls.
Buckeye Hulls allow better assimilation of other food.
Every pound goes farther.
They take less space in the barn.
They are sacked—easy to handle.
They mix well, when wet, with other forage.

Mr. L. R. Farmer, Louisville, Ga., says:
that he has used no other hulls but Buckeye for the past year and gets good results. Cows have not been bothered with cough since using Buckeye Hulls.

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K **The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.** Dept. K
Atlanta Birmingham Greenwood Little Rock Memphis
Augusta Charlotte Jackson Macon Selma

HIGH SCHOOL NEWS

(By Willus Lowe.)

We now have a large class of Seniors, but we are afraid we are going to lose one of them, as she now wears a diamond. Watch out, Daisy.

Tommie Sessions dressed up Monday and wore a new tie.

Miss Pipes wishes to change her name from Leona to Jack.

When Bert dresses up in crepe de chine you may guess who is coming up on No. 10.

Anyone wishing to know where Milton Smith is, just apply to Miss Jewel Davis.

You had better watch your love letters you get at this school, for I think we have a few "rats."

Col. Burrell Hinstail says that he exploded Lomax County some centuries ago with the assistance of Gov. Eiland.

Miss Sewell—Denson, how long did Charles I live?

Denson—'Bout as long as anybody else, I reckon.

Mr. Bowers—Chester, what is the world's record in races?

Chester—About ninety hours per mile,—aw, I mean—

Mr. Bowers—No, you can't have a second trial. Next please.

Miss Key—Fonzo, give me a quotation from Shakespeare.

Fonzo—"The very deep did rot; O, Christ that ever this should be, yea, slimy things did crawl—"

Miss Key—Stop! Stop!

Miss Sewell, to Myrtle Popwell—Myrtle, you may sit in that desk.

Myrtle Roberts—She's absent so much, and that desk looks so lonesome, please let me sit there.

The Freshmen Class selected the following officers: Jennie Robinson, president; Leon Evans vice-president; Anice Kemp, Secretary; Claudie Pipes, treasurer; Burdie Teel, poet; and Izader Kanjutzky, historian.

Miss Sewell—Denson, what is the meaning of zephyr?

Denson—I think it is a striped animal.

Myrtle seems to be glad when it is time for English—as she gets to sit with Vernon.

After organizing the Sophomore Class, the following officers were elected: Herbert Davis, president; Bert Robinson, vice-president; Warrene Spigener, secretary and treasurer; John Lee Thacker, poet; Lee Sartor, historian; and Mittice Hyman, goat.

THREE CLANTON BOYS RETURN FROM CAMP

Last Sunday, three of Chilton County's boys, who had been sent to Camp Gordon, at Chamblee, Ga., returned to their homes, having been rejected by army physicians on account of failure to measure up to the requirements physically. Those who came back were William Arthur Robinson, Lemuel DuBose and Nicholas A. Miner.

The boys report that they were well cared for while in the Camp. They say they got plenty to eat and some good hard drill work along with it.

GOATS WANTED.—One buck and several nannies—just plain goats. Address C. L. Forsmann, Thorsby.

DR. W. L. PARRISH
Graduate Veterinarian.
Hurry Calls made in Auto.
'Phone 110-35, Clanton.

THORSBY ITEMS

A cordial invitation is extended to anyone interested in Sunday School work to attend the Teacher Training Class for Sunday School Teachers, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 2:30, p.m., at Thorsby Institute. There are no charges for this class, and those completing the course successfully, will be entitled to the International Teacher Training Certificate

Mr. Clifford McDonough spent the week-end with his parents, Mr .and Mrs. J. M. McDonough, at Marvel.

The following new students have registered at Thorsby Institute during the past week: Beatrice Seale, Marvel, Ala.; Vivian Lucas, Thorsby, Pauline Tatum, Deatsville; Andrew Summers and Luther Machen, Goodwater; and John Woodham, Ozark.

Rev. Charles T. Rogers and family, of Atlanta, arrived in Thorsby Friday morning of last week, and now occupy the house recently vacated by Mrs. T. O. Swan.

Mesdames Emma Gordon and Luby Tatum, of Deatsville, spent Sunday at the girls dormitory.

Mrs. E. C. Dippery left on Thursday of last week for Birmingham where she was joined on Friday by Mrs. Guy Gerald and son, Frank, who accompanied her to Washington, D. C. Mrs. Dippery has located at Clarendon, Va., a suburb of Dashington, where she will keep house with her daughter, Miss Alma Dippery, who is employed in the Treasury Department at Washington.

Mr. Ruben Foss spent a few days of last week with his wife, who is visiting her sister, Mrs. Reagan, at Selma.

Mr. Phillip Horn spent Thursday night of last week in Clanton with his brother-in-law, attorney L. F. Gerald.

ENTERTAINMENT COURSE AT THORSBY

Arrangements are being made with the Redpath Lyceum Bureau for an Entertainment Course for the coming season. The course will open with a concert by the Oslen Sisters October 29th. The next number will be a male quartet. This is expected to come November 6th. Both these entertainments will contain musical numbers and other features, and will be very enjoyable. One of the most interesting numbers on the course will be an illustrated lecture by Lieut. McGibney, to be given sometime during February. Lieut. McGibney has been in France with the ambulance corps and tells of the experiences of war which he has himself seen. His lecture will be illustrated by stereopticon slides from photographs taken by himself. Sometime in April an entertainment will be given by the Honolulu Entertainers, who will tell of their country and will bring some of its distinctive music.

In addition to these numbers secured from the Lyceum Bureau, it is planned to have two additional numbers, one a concert and the other a lecture. These will be arranged so that one will come in January and the other in March, if possible. Tickets for the entire course of six numbers are being sold at the following prices: Adults, $1.50; students, $1.00; and children under 12 years of age, $.75. Subscriptions for tickets may be left at Horn's Drug Store or with Prof. C. M. Williams.

"In presenting 'The Fall of a Nation,' Thomas Dixon has rendered this country the highest possible service of any man of this day."—Alton B. Parker.

Mr. Evan P. Parrish left Monday morning for Hartford, Conn., where he has accepted a position with the Underwood Typewriter Company. Mr. Parrish is a talented young man and has won for himself a number of admiring friends in this his native community. The best wishes of all follow him to his new field.

Ex-Sheriff J. S. Catts, of Verbena was in Clanton Monday looking after business matters.

OF INTEREST TO FARMERS

The Union-Banner has direct information that ample capital, composed of interests locally and from Birmingham and Montgomery, has organized to serve the public promptly in the operation of works suitable to take care of all grain produced in the neighborhood of Clanton, and in the entire county.

In accord with foregoing notice, which has been carried in both the papers of the county, I have made arrangements to place upon my property at Clanton between the L. & N. railroad and Seventh Street, a velvet bean crusher of 25-tons per day capacity, and other grain machinery, to care for the grain crop. Ample storage room will be provided to take care of this situation.

Ample arrangements to market the product in commercial form will be perfected and daily quotations from the market procured.

The support and co-operation of every citizen whose personal and community interest is involved is respectfully solicited.

Respectfully,
Wm. M. ADAMS.

Don't Leave Coin Out In The Wet

Farmer Says He'd Just As Soon Leave Horse And Buggy Out All Winter As To Leave His Land Out. It's Like Washing Away Good Money.

A well-known Alabama farmer said this: "I'd as soon leave my horse and buggy out in the rain all winter as to leave my land out to wash away and lose all that richness I've worked to put in it." He's everlastingly right. Put a cover crop on your land. Don't throw away gold dollars just because they happen to be in the shape of nitrates and humus. You can coin 'em into "regular money" next year.

What this farmer said is nothing more nor less than good, hard common sense, and it's right in line with the Jobson System which he was discussing at the time.

This method and Mr. Jobson's remarkable plow are causing more talk and more enthusiasm in this country right now than anything that's been written about for 40 years; for everybody knows its not only bringing to our farms bigger crops on less labor but it's also going to be the salvation of our land.

For this reason a number of leading dealers are actively at work introducing the plow and the Jobson System in this county.

These dealers, who will be glad to give all interested customers who call for it a copy of the Jobson paper, "Common Sense Farming," are as follows:

Downs Hardware Co., of Clanton,
McSwain Mercantile Co., of Cooper,
Jemison Hardware Co., of Jemison,
Gulledge Bros., of Verbena.

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR

U. S. Land office, at Montgomery, Ala., July 30, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that Louis T. Dennis, whose port office address is R. D. No. 2, Mt. Creek, Ala., did on the 29th day of January, 1917, file in this office sworn statement and application No. 010113, to purchase the N½ of the SW¼, Section 12, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St. Stephens Meridian, and the timber thereon, under provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as feet at $2.00 per M., and the land $80.46; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 19th day of November, 1917, before Register or Receiver, U. S. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, initiate a contest at any time before patent might be fixed by appraisement, and that persuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised two hundred and seventy-seven and 58-100 dollars, the timber estimated at 98,563.00 board issues, by filing a coroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Thomas J. Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery ,Alabama, did, on the 27th day of February, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application, No. 010139, to purchase the NE ¼ of the SE ¼, Section 2, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised, one hundred and sixty dollars, the timber estimated 60,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $40.00; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9th day of November, 1917, before Register or Receiver, U S.. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.
Register.

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week ending September 29, 1817.

Names—WOMEN

Miss Ada Coker, Miss Dollie Peaple, Miss Sue F. Handill, Mrs. Lizzie Marmans, Miss Sallie Dejarnett, Miss Callie Sterrant, Miss Lelar M. Smith, Miss Alice Price.

Names—MEN

Joe Garden, S. H. Adams, H. J. C. A. Price, Mearn Wilson, Sie Lockhart, L. A. Thomas.

These letters will be sent to the dead letter office Oct. 13th, 1917, if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "advertised" giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON, P.M.

Remember that the date of the Chilton County Fair is for the week from Oct. 29 to November 3rd.

Coffins, Burial Supplies, Automobile Accessories For sale at

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.

CLANTON, ALA.

BIDS WANTED FOR ROAD WORK

In pursuance of an order adopted by the Commissioners Court of Chilton County, Alabama, at their regular adjourned meeting on September 5th, 1917, I, L. H. Reynolds, Judge of Probate, have requested to be published the following notice:

Notice is hereby given at a regular adjourned meeting of the Commissioners Court of Chilton County, Ala held at Clanton, Alabama, on the 5th day of September, 1917, an order was adopted providing for the building or construction of a public highway from Clanton to Maplesville, in Chilton county, along or near the line of the present graded road or highway between said points.

Said road to be built by grading and graveling. The work to be done by contract, said contract to be let to the lowest bidder under sealed bid for the same to be deposited with the Court on October 5th, 1917, at William Walker's place about twelve miles west of Clanton, on said road, from 11 to 12 o'clock noon. The Commissioners court will be in session a this place on above date for the receiving or the bids and the convenience of those who desire to bid on said work.

The bids shall set forth the number of yards of work each party will be able to perform, whether the same to be graded or graveled, and the charg per yard for each kind of work.

The payment for the building and grading of said road or highway to be made by issuing warrants on the county treasury, payable when the work has been done.

All persons offering to bid upon said work for the building or grading of said road, or any number of yards of the same, may deposit their bid in sealed envelope marked "Bids for County Road Work,"and addressed to the Commissioners court on or before 12 o'clock on the 5th day of October, 1917, at which time said bids will be passed upon by the court.

The court reserving the right to reject any and all bids made on said work.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

BUILDING A NEW CHURCH

A Foundation Fairly Commenced by The Baptist Ladies.

Church building. especially when ladies are engaged in the undertaking of serving "a chicken broil" in order to assist in the erection, is a most laudible and commendable work.

This "chicken broil" was served in the Mullins-Wilson grove, on Thursday evening by the ladies of the Baptist Church. Although the threatening clouds—forerunners of the recent story—hung heavily in the near west, still these ladies had prepared for the feast and entertainment and they surely did supply a menu copmosed not only of chicken, but other substantials of home-grown eatables.

"Little drops of water, little grains of sand," soon made an indoor late afternoon sociable, agreeable, and the spacious home of Mr. and Mrs. P. D. Wilson was comfortably crowded, where conversational minutes were pleasantly passed; and a determination to erect a new and magnificent Baptist Church building was uppermost in the minds of all present.

An attempt to mention those present would be unfair, for the reason that the "Banner" man was occupied at the time in "discussing the anatomy of a broiled chicken" with "fixins."

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Emily H. Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery, Alabama, did, on the 6th day of March, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application No. 010141, to purchase the NE¼ of the SW¼ and SE¼ of NW ¼, Sec. 36, Township 22 Range, 16 East, St Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber estimated 144,-000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $79.70; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9 day of November, 1917 before Register or Receiver, U. S. Land office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.

FISH—FISH

We will be ready September 1st to fill all orders from fifty pounds up. Write us for prices. All orders lfiled at once. Will treat you right and save you all the money we can. A. M. ROLLINS & SON,
Miflin, Ala.

LEGAL NOTICE

To the Stockholders of the Farmers Warehouse and Storage Co:

You are hereby notified that there will be a meeting of the Stockholders of the Farmers Warehouse and Storage Company, at the Court House in Clanton, Alabama, on the 6th day of October, 1917, at 10 o'clock, a.m., for the purpose of selling, mortgaging or renting, or otherwise disposing of the warehouse property located on Fourth Ave., in the Town of Clanton, Alabama, also for the purpose of disposing of any other business which may legally come before the meeting.

GRADY REYNOLDS, Pres.,
J. N. DENNIS, Secy.

GRADY REYNOLDS,
J. N. DENNIS,
R. J. WILLIAMS,
JOHN MIMS,
G. L. FOSHEE,
J. H. DUNCAN,
L. H. REYNOLDS.

Veteran Samuel J. Andress of the Old Soldiers Home was in Clanton on Monday extending greetings to his friends on the streets.

Mr. and Mrs. Wiley M. Bean, of Union Grove were visitors to Clanton Monday.

I have on hand about 65 bushels of Fulghum fall-sown oats, and about 25 bushels of wheat, which I will sell for planting seed. W.H. Cillespie,
Clanton, Ala.

Our friend, Veteran G. W. Bogan of the Soldiers Home was a caller at the Banner office on Monday. Mr. Bogan was in town on a visit of busnesss and pleasure combined.

If you are an American, you owe it to yourself and country to see "The Fall of A Nation" at the Ideal Theatre Saturday and Sunday.

My Business is still Growing

Because of the Quality of the Groceries I sell.

In purchasing my Groceries I think first of QUALITY, then of the price.

I deliver the goods promptly and efficiently to any place in town.

J. W. Littlejohn
CLANTON, ALA.

Do You Think

Such an enormous business as we are doing could be built up and continually increased if our goods did not have exceptional value and merit? Do you think we could have the trade of hundreds of people if our reputation for doing exactly what we say was not firmly established? Just think these things over carefully and then give us a trial. We have the goods and we sell them at prices that will please you.

Give Us a Call.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back."
CLANTON, ALA.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., OCTOBER 11, 1917. NUMBER 28.

EXEMPTIONS GRANTED BY LOCAL BOARD MONDAY

The local exemption board for Chilton County on Monday took up claims for exemption of those men who filed claims after the physical examinations were held on September 27 and 28.

Following is a list of those whose claims were granted by the local exemption board:

Luther M. Nations, Cooper
John W. Lowery, Clanton
William L. Moore, Clanton
John Bryant, Clanton
James M. Foshee, Plantersville
Edward F. Taylor, Verbena
John C. Dennis, Clanton
Henry C. Lucas, Montevallo
Howard Atchison, Maplesville
L. M. Lamberson, Maplesville
O. D. Groom, Maplesville
Stanley Hayes, Maplesville
Calvin D. Teel, Mt. Creek
Forest M. Popwell, Clanton
Linzie Miner, Clanton
Wm. E. Easterling, Clanton
Samuel T. Rogers, Clanton
Wilber L. Speer, Maplesville
Rich Porter, Jemison
Ernest E. Williams, Clanton
Cornelius Caton, Clanton
John H. Booth, Clanton
Monroe Baker, Clanton
Ervin Wilson, Clanton
Hubert L. Smith, Clanton
Robert C. Hutson
Mart D. Whitener, Sterrett
Walter O. Little, Jemison
Arthur V. Culver, Clanton
Lee Headley, Clanton
Eunice Watson, Randolph
Tommie Mims, Clanton
Columbus Pate, Pletcher
Geo. Gulledge (col), Mt. Creek
Nat. Davis (col), Maplesville
Claudie M. Baker, Clanton
Jos. T. Adams, Maplesville
Albert Robinson (col), Jemison
Obie D. Smith, Cooper
Milford Gore, Clanton
J. Dalton Weldon, Clanton
Maury R. Jones, Plantersville
Willie P. Martin, Jemison
George C. Robinson, Verbena
Samuel D. Lovelady, Maplesville
Cleveland J. Penton, Verbena
Lemmie Melton, Clanton
Elisha Hatchell (col), Jemison
R. P. Richardson, Maplesville

Names of Those whose Claims for Exemption were Denied.

Out of the number who were examined on September 27 and 28 the following claims for exemption were denied by the local board Monday and have been certified to the district board as accepted for military service:

Andrew J. Ellison, Clanton
Lee Roy Caton, Clanton
John Henry Austin, Clanton
Samson Williams (col) Clanton
Arthur A. Conway, Jemison
George Brazier, Jemison
Thomas Blow, Jemison
Isaiah White (col), Maplesville
Wm. Clay Skipper, Jemison
Alvin Jones, Clanton
Manley Foshee, Thorsby
Thomas Phillip Franklin
Richard A. Hicks, Billingsley
Elijah Nix (col), Jemison

Uncle "Bill" Mullins and Uncle "Lige" Parrish, with a number of others are attending the session of the Unity Baptist Association at Evergreen Church in Autauga County this week.

NO PEACE WITHOUT DEFEAT OF GERMANY SAYS MR. WILSON

President, in Address to men who Would Educate People on Principles of War, States that Enemy to Democracy Must Be Crushed.

Washington, October 8.—Americans who are discussing early peace with Germany forget that it would mean the crushing of the democratic ideals for which the United States has always stood, said President Wilson today at the organizers of a patriotic educational movement who called at the White House. He said that the only way to win the war is by complete victory of the nations representing those ideals over Germany's doctrine of force.

Many people, said the President, are inclined to let their thoughts on the causes and principles underlying the war wander into byways, and forget that the main reason the United States is at war is to defeat a government which threatens even the existence of democracy.

President Wilson endorsed the plan of the organization, which includes a number of religious, business, labor and fraternal groups, for underlying the spirit of America. Little real misunderstanding of the war exists in the United States, he said, but there is evident considerable cloudy thinking which a patriotic educational movement can set aright.

CLANTON TO HAVE NEW BANK ORGANIZED ABOUT NOV. FIRST

Paid in Capital Stock of the Institution is Twenty-Six Thousand.

There is a movement on foot and in fact practically consummated, whereby the town of Clanton and the adjacent community as well, will have the accommodation of a new banking institution in our midst.

The new corporation is to be styled as the First State Bank of Clanton, and will be incorporated with a paid up capital stock of 26,000.00. The stockholders are C. B. White, T. E. Williams, Tom Kemp, J. M. Potts, J. M. Nix and Grady Reynolds.

It is encouraging for the business interests of this town and community for a new bank to be organized, and we confidentally hope and predict for the new institution a full and fair measure of successful operation. The men behind it are men who know the field in which they are to operate, and their former success here as business men insures a continuance of same in the new venture.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE LISENSE FOR COUNTY

Birmingham, Ala., October 1, 1917.
Hon. H. A. Harris, Sheriff of Chilton County, Ala.

Dear Sir:

No U. S. Internal Revenue License has been issued to your county in September, 1917.

I hereby certify that I have carefully examined the record of the Collector of Internal Revenue and the above is complete and correct.

Yours very truly,
SAM P. JONES,

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this fifth day of October, 1917.
J. B. MOSLEY, Notary Pub.

ALABAMA MASONS TO ENTER PROTEST AGAINST BAKER'S CAMP FRATERNAL POLICY

Fraternity Men Indicate Georgia Movement will be Approved.

Anniston, Ala., October 3.—Prominent Masonic officials in this city state that Grand Master Walter Smith of the Masonic Fraternity in Alabama, has joined hands with Grand Master Frank Mills, of Georgia, in the fight instituted by Masons and other fraternal orders against the alleged discrimination shown by the War Department in allowing the Catholic order, Knights of Columbus, privileges not granted other fraternal orders and religious denominations within the cantonments of the United States army.

Steps have already been taken to secure an equal footing for the Masons and several other orders, and unless Secretary Baker recedes from his ruling the issue threatens to become an important one in national politics, and to figure prominently in the next campaigns, both state and national.

Scottish Rite Masons in Alabama are said to be almost solidly behind the movement to force the issue in their interest. A prominent Anniston Mason stated Tuesday that the Masonic fraternity would insist that they be given equal privilege with the other orders who are favored by the ruling of Secretary Baker.

Masons throughout Alabama will protest against the alleged discrimination and they will expect their representatives in Congress to act at once against what they term an unjust ruling of the Secretary of war.

FREE SPRINGS

Our protracted meeting began on the 7th. We have with us Bro. Brasher, also our pastor, Bro. S. Smitherman. It seems that God's word is being preached so clearly that the unsaved ones can't help but find the way to salvation.

Bro Brasher used for his text Sunday night Psalms, 51 12-13 and the last two verses of John 3.

Mr. L. A. Brown is to be complimented in that he made from one acre of land 260 gallons of Georgia Ribbon Cane syrup. Good for Mr. Brown.

Edd Brown and family motored up to C. L. Hayes' Sunday last.

The singing at J. M. Perry's on the night of September 30th was reported greatly enjoyed by all who were present.

T. J. Headley has the brag on velvet beans. 31 large Osceola beans on one bunch. In showing the pretty field of beans to his friends Mr. Headley likes to call their attention to the fact that the beans do not sting.

We were glad to have Miss Atchison with us on Sunday night, who acted as organist for us.

Eunice Watson doesn't think that syrup making is all the go. He can't get time to make his syrup for the many peas that he has to pick. Pick them, Eunice. They will be good feed for the stock next winter.

The story of Perry Chapman in last week's Union-Banner was very amusing to the little folks, and even caused the grown ups to smile some.



MULES HORSES

WE BUY, SELL AND --TRADE-- MULES & HORSES

Clanton Mercantile Company

The Big Bargain Store.

ALLIED ARMIES TO EXTEND VICTORY, BAKER PREDICTS

German Submarine Basis on Belgian Coast Threatened by Entente Ascendency.

Washington, Oct. 8.—Decisive ascendency for the Allies in the supreme test of battle strength now taking place on the bloody fields of Flanders is claimed by Secretary Baker in the weekly review of war operations issued by the War Department.

While it may be premature to assert that the British war machine has forced a decision over the Germans, Mr. Baker says the victories of the last fortnight, threatening the German submarine basis on the Belgian coast, are conclusive indications of Allied superiority. With favorable weather he thinks these victories will be repeated and extended.

The review which is for the week ending Saturday night, makes no reference to the American forces in France or to the great preparations for war going forward at home.

Battle's Scope Unprecedented.

"The attention of the world," it says, "is focused on the Titanic struggle now going on in Flanders. The battle raging there is proving an engagement of wholly unprecedented scope and potentialities.

"At the beginning of the week, owing to bad weather, the Germans were able to launch counter attacks against the positions recently gained by the British. Notwithstanding the fact, the Germans made use of smoke screens, liquid fire, and brought into action an imposing array of artillery in their attack against the advanced British lines between the tower Hamlets and Polygon wood as well as along Menin road, their efforts proved futile.

"Slowly but therefore the more irresistable, the allied drive at the heart of the German line in the west is sweeping onward.

The wisdom of the British in maintaining a great density of front will appear justified by the results achieved during the past week. It must be born in mind that it is due to the depth of the British line as much as to any other one factor, that while the enemy is still reeling under the blow, the allies are ready to deliver another and still a third.

"It has been characteristic of the campaign in Flanders hitherto that neither belligerent has attained what we may call a decisive success. The Germans have massed their greatest war strength along the battlefront.

Sound Strategy Pointed Out.

"To attack them at their strongest point of resistence is sound strategy. The defeats inflicted upon them during the last fortnight are conclusive indications of allied superiority. In the light of past experience it may be premature to assert that the British have succeeded in forcing a decision, but it may be stated with emphasis that in no engagement hitherto has such vigor, energy and concerted speed of action been displayed.

"The full success of these operations means that the Belgian coast, with its numerous submarine bases, will become untenable to the enemy. Zeebrugge, Ostend and the system of canals leading out of Bruges are threatened.

"The supreme test of the battle strength of the contending belligerents is taking place. The ascendency would appear decisive.

"The two immediate contributing factors of this success are air control and shell supply.

"The former made it possible for the Allies to locate enemy concentrations, the latter to break them up before they could be developed into offensive actions, at the same time permitting their own concentration of men and guns to be carried out with clock-work regularity, unhampered by enemy interference.

"The British are thus able to report that since July 31 last they have not lost a single gun, while they have captured 332 field and heavy guns and taken 51,435 prisoners. During the fighting of the past two days they have added 4,446 prisoners, including 114 officers to this imposing total.

"The enemy realizes the danger he is facing. We may expect him to counter attack in force. He may regain certain secondary objectives temporarily, but the British war machine is moving forward and if time permits and the combat season remains open, with the weather continuing favorable for reconnoissance and careful aircraft observation, the allied victories of the past two weeks will in all probability be repeated and extended.

"The enemy pressure along the eastern front has been relieved by the strong allied offensive in Flanders. No engagements of more than local importance are reported in the east.

"The German advance in the northeast has apparently weakened and the Russians have been able to reorganize their positions in the Riga sector."

The review sketches briefly the week's news from other fronts, with the comment that reports from the Russian front are more encouraging.

BREATH OF WINTER HITS FRENCH BATTLE FRONTS

High Winds, Snow and Fog Hinder Operations in Flanders, France and Vosges Mountains. Fighting Desultory.

London, October 8.—The first winter of the year has made its appearance on the western front. High winds, rain, snow and fog are hindering the operations of the British on the Flanders battlefield and the French in the Vosges.

Despite the gales and the fog, the British artillery continues to batter the German positions in Belgium and aviators performed extreme feats of valor in soaring out over the German lines of observation. A press dispatch from Paris today said:

"The line of heights dominating the Ypres basin from Warneton to Broodsiene have all been in possession of the British since Field Marshal Haig's big smash last Thursday and only feeble efforts could be put forward by the Germans to regain them. That section of the German army beaten back in the fighting Thursday night was demoralized.

The key position of Broodseinde, on the Pass Chendaele Ridge, was among the first of the German points of support taken when the British swept forward on Thursday morning. Broodsiende lies 60 yards above the sea level and is the highest pinacle on the ridge. Now it is the British who hold the ground dominating the Roulers plain instead of the Germans.

Advises from Amsterdam telling of German movements indicate that Von Hindenburg has already begun a rectification of the German front in Belgium, withdrawing his troops from the positions endangered by the latest British victory.

An extension of the artillery dueling on the West Flanders front beyond the zone of Thursday's drive indicated that the French and Belgian forces in Belgium may join the British when the next infantry thrust is made against the Germans.

SUNDAY SCHOOL NOTICE

To the Superintendents, teachers and workers of the Sunday Schools of the First District, as you are probably aware, November 4th has been set apart as "International Sunday School Day."

Therefore, we would suggest that you be governed accordingly, and invite everybody to the Sunday School service on that day. In order to succeed, begin the work at once, and make the best of the opportunity.

Z. J. JONES, Dis. Pres.

J. B. S. A. LECTURE

On the afternoon and night of October 18, Mr. L. F. Zink, V. D. M., of the International Bible Students Association, will lecture n bible subjects at or near the residence of Mr. John S. Waldrup, East Randolph. All are invited, ministers especially.

Everything absolutely free. No collections. These lectures will be in line with the oral and printed teaching of the world renowned pastor Russell, strictly undenominational.

DEATH OF MR. HENRY VEAZEY

On last Saturday morning, October 5, at 11 o'clock, the death angel visited the home of Mr. Henry Veazey and carried him away to b with his Heavenly Father, to await the coming of others. He realized that he was going to die and bore his sickness with patience. He called his wife to his bedside and told her how to manage the things he was leaving behind.

Mr. Veazey was about forty-one years of age and leaves besides his wife three sons, one daughter and a host of other relatives and friends.

His death was caused by Typhoid fever. His remains were laid to rest in Mulberry Cemetery Sunday at 11 o'clock, Rev. R. D. Bevis, his pastor, conducting the funeral rites.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO INCORPORATE

Notice is hereby given of the intention to incorporate a Bank; the name of the proposed corporators and stock holders are:

C. B. White,
T. E. Williams,
Tom Kemp,
Grady Reynolds,
J. M. Potts,
J. M. Nix.

The name of the proposed corporation is: First State Bank of Clanton, Alabama. Said proposed corporation proposes to do business in Clanton, in Chilton County, Alabama, and the amount of the capital paid in with which it will commence business is Twenty-Six Thousand Dollars.

C.B. WHITE,
TOM KEMP,
T. E. WILLIAMS,
J. M. POTTS,
J. M. NIX,
GRADY REYNOLDS.

People down in this section of the country delighted over the outcome of the election of Dr. Barrett for President of the City Commission of Birmingham.

DRAFTED MEN ARE ASKED TO GIVE CLOTHING TO BELGIANS

Secretary Baker will send Commission Agents to Camps to Collect Garmerts Contributed.

Herbert Hoover, Chairman of the Commission for Relief in Belgium, authorizes the following:

Drafted men entering the new national [illegible] to contribute civilian clothes they are about to discard for the duration of the war.

Judge of Probate, 1Jan16

Secretary of war Baker, at the suggestion of Herbert Hoover, chairman of the commission of relief in Belgium, has notified commanding officers at all cantonments that representatives of the commission will soon be on the ground to collect the clothing.

Permission has been secured to ship 400 tons of clothing into Belgium across the Dutch frontier. This will be a godsend to the needy population of America's pluck little ally, because the coming winter will bring even greater hardship than has yet been experienced since the German occupation began.

COTTON REPORT FOR COUNTY

Washington, D. C., Oct. 2, 1917.—The tabulation of the card reports shows telegraph summary to be correct. There were 988 bales of cotton, counting round as half bales, ginned in Chilton County, from the crop of 1917 prior to September 25, 1917, as compared with 1,124 bales ginned to September 25, 1916.

You will please furnish these totals to all newspapers in your district, being careful not to discriminate in favor of any of them.

Very Respectfully,
Sam L. Rogers, Director.
R. J. JONES, County Agent.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

State of Alabama, Chilton County. Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of L. J. Duncan, deceased.

Letters on the administration of the estate of L. J. Duncan, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 2nd day of October, 1917, by the Hon. L. H. Reynolds, Judge of Probate of said county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

ELIZABETH C. DUNCAN,
10-4-3t Administratrix.

SURRENDER OF DEVASTATED LAND IN FULL IS PROPOSED

Berlin Paper makes Semi-Official Announcement of Terms.

Amsterdam, Oct. 9.—Germany and Austria have agreed to make another peace offer on the basis of no territorial aggrandizement, surrender of Berlin and the French territories and no indemnity on either side, according to the Berlin Tages Zeitung.

The newspoper asserted that it made the announcement on "good authority."

No details were given on how the rumored peace offers would be advanced.

Speculation here was that Chancellor Michaels might make some sort of peace announcement today in his postponed speech advertised as likely to outline Germany's war aims.

A sensational session of the Reichstag is expected, according to Berlin reports. One dispatch said Chancellor Michaels was absent from Berlin, but in contradiction other messages reported him ready to speak.

Helfferich May Quit.

The German press is filled with comment on the crisis which Michaels now faces in the German parliament. The resignation of Vice Chancellor Helfferich was freely predicted in some comments.

Th radicals in the Reichstag and even many of the conservatives are solidly opposed to him because of his failure to announce a decisive governmental policy at Saturday's Reichstag session. Even a number of the conservative newspapers received here bitterly condemn Helfferich.

The socialist organ, Vorwaerts, boldly asserted that not only Helfferich but Michaels himself had both "proved to be failures" as well as the beaureaucratic system which they represent.

Today's debate, Berlin advices indicated, will center around a pending motion advanced by the independent socialists to censure Helfferich for his failure to respond to interpellations Saturday.

The old demand of the centrist-clerical group, for a statement by the government on the reichstag majority peace formula, is likewise becoming a burning issue again.

N. L. Duffee, who is now agent of the L. & N. at Jemison, was in Clanton Tuesday. He came before the exemption board for physical examination.

Dr. H. C. Duncan of New York advises soldiers to lick their wounds. Most of them are planning to lick the Kaiser.

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
W. M. WYATT AND J. B. WELLS
Publishers and Proprietors.

W. M. WYATT, Editor.
J. B. WELLS, Business Manager.

Subscription price $1.00 per year, payable in advance.

Entered April 15, 1913, at Clanton Ala., as second class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

MUCH OBLIGED, MR. WILKINS

The editor of the Union-Banner is greatly obliged to Mr. R. N. Wilkins for a half gallon of the finest kind of good thick sorghum syrup, the best in the world. There isn't but one thing bad about it—that is getting it out of the jug these cold mornings. It is so thick that our biscuit gets cold before the "lasses" runs out. But that is no odds for us. We will get syrup if we have to wait till next summer for it to thaw.

Many thanks, Mr. Wilkins. It is indeed gratifying to be remembered by our friends

---

One young man fainted Tuesday when the Exemption Board informed him that he was accepted for military service. It must be evident that he is not in much of a notion to go to France. There are a good number who dread conscription but he is the first one who was so radically affected.

ALABAMA'S WASTE OF FUNDS

Money paid to unskilled workmen is always dearly spent. The greatest waste that can be made of people's money to spend it for crude and inefficient work in the school room. Poor teachers are high at any price. Shall Alabama continue to pay a large proportion of her two billion dollars school fund to teachers who are not trained?

Four class A normal schools, located at Jacksonville, Florence, Troy and Livingston are maintained by the state for the training of its teachers, and the thinking people of Alabama are demanding training and efficiency on the part of the teachers who do so much to shape the lives and character of our children.

President Wilson will not attend the dedication of the McKinley memorial which will soon take place at Niles, Ohio, where the martyred president was born. Yet, Mr. Wilson could go and come in scarcely more time than he spent motoring and playing golf with Col. House in Massachusetts a few weeks ago. And McKinley was a "war president" too.

The profit of $1.41 per bushel on wheat at $2.00 was figured out, it should be noted, by a professor of "agronomy." Agronomy bears the same relation to old-fashioned agriculture that modern engineering does to old-fashioned surveying.

Chauncey Depew says the Kaiser is feeding the hopes of the German people by promising them a big indemnity from the United States when the war is over. Chauncey would always have his little joke.

It is better to buy a bond than to be sorry.

BUILDING McADOO'S FENCE

One of the interesting incidents in the transfer of Daniel C. Roper from the Tariff Commission to the office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue is the announcement that his former position paid a salary of $7500 while his new one will pay only $6500. A transfer that means a $1000 cut in compensation certainly has much significance of some sort. The New York Journal of Commerce, which calls attention to this reduction also gives the information that Roper will have under him an army of revenue agents and collectors, which force is second to none outside of the U. S. Postoffice Department. The information is also conveyed that as first assistant postmaster general, Roper, obtained some valuable political schooling. It will be remembered that Abraham Lincoln said that when you find a number of men cutting and shaping timbers, which, when put together, fit exactly, it is reasonable to conclude that they were working in accordance with the plan that had been agreed upon. It is a safe guess that the McAdoo Presidential nomination fence is being built.

NOTICE

Road Overseers and Apportioners Beat 7, 8, and 15:

The Commissioners Court will meet at Adams on October 16th 1917, at 10 o'clock for the purpose of seeing about changing the Stanton Road at the Roebuck Hill. All overseers of beat 7, 8, and 15 are requested to be present at the plaec on above date, and all other parties who are interested in fixing this road.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

HOW WE HELPED GERMANY

Dr. E. E. Pratt, formerly Chief of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, asserts that the meat exported to neutral countries from the United States during 1916 would have surficed to support the entire German and Austrian armies for 275 days out of the year. During the same year 25 per cent of all the fats required by Germany were obtained from neutral countries. We were selling to the neutral countries and they were passing the supplies on to Germany. And here is what Secretary Lansing said in his note to Earl Grey, of the British Government, in defense of such trade:

"When goods are clearly intended to become incorporated in the mass of merchandise for sale in a neutral country, it is an unwarranted and inquistorial proceeding to detain shipments for examination as to whether those goods are ultimately destined fr the enemy's country or use."

That was the attitude of our department of State at a time when Bernstoff and his colleagues were plotting against the United States.

A child can't get strong and robust while intestinal worms eat away its vitality. To give the child a chance to grow these parasites must be destroyed and expelled. WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE is guaranteed to remove the worms; it also puts the vital organs in healthy, vigorous condition. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Company.

LEARN TO WRITE

I can make a good penman of you at home during your spare time. Send me your name and $3.50, and take my 8-weeks course by mail.

J. E. THORNTON,
Carrollton, Ga.

Nature Proves Jobson Theory

Little Green Spots Where Stumps Have Been Dug Teach Farmers A Valuable Lesson—Same Medicine Good For The Whole Field.

Did you ever notice little patches of deeper green and higher stalks of wheat or corn out in the field where old stumps have been dug? These little healthy spots have never failed to show up in such cases, and they never will—because that ground has been loosened up to a depth and the roots have gone somewhere. Now get your Jobson and give the rest of the field the same medicine. There will be no more green spots because it will all be green.

This is just one illustration of the way John B. Jobson developed his Common Sense System of farming, in accordance with nature's laws, for bigger profits and constant improvement of the land. His remarkable plow, which is now being pushed by some of the leading public men and dealers in the country, is designed to make these methods cheap and practicable for the small farmer as well as the large planter. It's going to do a great deal for the food crops right here in this county.

For full information and some very interesting reading on this big subject apply to:

Downs Hardware Co., of Clanton,
McSwain Mercantile Co., of Cooper,
Jemison Hardware Co., of Jemison,
Gulledge Bros., of Verbena.

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR

U. S. Land office, at Montgomery, Ala., July 30, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that Louis T. Dennis, whose port office address is R. D. No. 2, Mt. Creek, Ala., did on the 29th day of January, 1917, file in this office sworn statement and application No. 010113, to purchase the N½ of the SW¼, Section 12, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St. Stephens Meridian, and the timber thereon, under provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as feet at $2.00 per M., and the land $80.46; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 19th day of November, 1917, before Register or Receiver, U. S. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, initiate a contest at any time before patent might be fixed by appraisement, and that persuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised two hundred and seventy-seven and 58-100 dollars, the timber estimated at 98,563.00 board issues, by filing a coroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.

Tickling in the throat, hoarseness, loss of voice, indicate the need of BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP. It eases the lungs, quiets the cough and restores health in the bronchial tubes. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

All you who have torpid liver, weak digestion or constipated bowels look out for chills. The season is here and the air is full of disease germs. The best thing to do is to get your liver in good condition and purify the stomach and bowels. HERBINE is the right remedy, it answers the purpose completely. Price 50c. Sold by Ppchurch Drug Company.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

Circuit Court, in Equity. Oct. 10, 1917.

Mary Townsend Complainants vs. Lucian L. Townsend Defendants.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit on file of A. C. Smith, Solicitor for complainant that the Defendant, Lucian L. Townsend is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and resides in a place unknown to affiant and further that in the belief of said affiant, the Defendant Lucian L. Townsend is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Union-Banner a newspaper published in Clanton, Ala., once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said Lucian L. Townsend to answer, plead or demur to the Bill of Complaint in the above cause, on or before the 10th day of November 1917, and failing so to do within thirty days after service of this summons, a Decree Pro Confesso may be taken against him in said cause.

Witness my hand, this 10th day of October 1917.

H. M. SIMPSON,
Register.

J. D. Sims of Fairview was in Clanton Wednesday.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Emily H. Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery, Alabama, did, on the 6th day of March, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application No. 010141, to purchase the NE¼ of the SW¼ and SE¼ of NW ¼, Sec. 36, Township 22 Range, 16 East, St Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber estimated 144,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $79.70; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9 day of November, 1917 before Register or Receiver, U. S. Land office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.

MACHINERY REPAIRED

All kind of broken machinery repaired and made as good as new. We rebore automobile cylinders and make a new engine out of an old one. All work guaranteed. We Mend Everything but broken boneg.

SOUTHERN WELDING CO.,
Monagomery, Ala.

NOTICE

All Road Apportioners and Overseers in Chilton County:

All apportioners and overseers are hereby notified by order of the Commissioners Court of Chilton county to make no more bills against the county this year, unless they first get permission from the Commissioners or the Judge of Probate, before they make said bills.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

NOTICE

Let Mt. Pleasant Thrashing Co. thrash your Peas and Beans.

We have the latest improved 1916 Model Machinery.

Call, Write or Phone

W. M. PIERCE
CLANTON, ALA., R. 4

R. W. SCOTT
THORSBY, ALA.

NOTICE

I have been instructed by the Commissioners Court to amend the Road Laws of Chilton county, so as t omake it a violation of the law for persons to change water from its natural course into the Public Roads of the county. Said law to take effect January 1st, 1918.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

SYRUP MILL FOR SALE

I have a good two-horse Chattanooga syrup mill and pan for sale at a bargain. For further particulars call or write. A. L. GOLDEN, Clanton, Ala.

Subscribe for The Union-Banner.

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Gaston Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery, Alabama, did, on the 27 day of February, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application, No. 010140, to purchase the NE ¼ of the NE ¼, Section 2, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St. Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known os the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised, one hundred and sixty dollars, the timber estimated 60,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $40.00; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9 day of November, 1917, before Register or Receiver of the U.S. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.
Register.

PREPARE FOR THE CRISIS

Every mother awaiting motherhood should get in condition for the crisis.

There is just one thing to do—give nature a helping hand throughout the waiting period.

No time should be lost in beginning the use of the penetrating external preparation, "Mother's Friend". By its use during the period the muscles of the abdomen are made pliable and elastic; they can then expand with ease when baby is born and pain at the crisis is naturally less. Ask for a bottle of "Mother's Friend" at the drug store today and do not go a single night without applying it. Write The Bradfield Regulator Co., Dept. D, 300 Lamar Building, Atlanta, Ga., and they will send you a book of scientifically prepared, practical information, without charge. "Mother's Friend" is composed of such penetrating oils and other ingredients as to make it entirely indispensable to expectant mothers.

All Traces of Scrofula Eradicated from the System

By the greatest of all purifiers.

A common mistake in the treatment of scrofula has been the use of mercury and other mineral mixtures, the effect of which is to bottle up the impurities in the blood, and hide them from the surface.

The impurities and dangers are only added to in this way.

For more than fifty years S. S. S. has been the one recognized reliable blood remedy that has been used with highly satisfactory results for Scrofula. Being made of the roots and herbs of the forest, it is guaranteed purely vegetable, and absolutely free from all mineral ingredients.

You can obtain S. S. S. from any drugstore. Our chief medical adviser is an expert on all blood disorders, and will cheerfully give you full advice as to the treatment of your own case. Address Swift Specific Co., Dept. F Atlanta, Ga.

Do You Think

Such an enormous business as we are doing could be built up and continually increased if our goods did not have exceptional value and merit? Do you think we could have the trade of hundreds of people if our reputation for doing exactly what we say was not firmly established? Just think these things over carefully and then give us a trial. We have the goods and we sell them at prices that will please you.

Give Us a Call.

W. A. KEMP
"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back."
CLANTON, ALA.



The Story of a Wonderful Pay-roll

NOT only is the L. & N. individually a citizen and large tax payer in nine Southern States, but it has many thousands of Southern people on its payroll who, likewise, are taxpayers. The L. & N. is essentially a railroad of and for the South, and maintains an enormous payroll in the South.

The total number of people employed by the L. & N. in the South for the past ten years, and their compensation, is as follows:

Year	Number	State	Ten Years	Compensation for 10 Years
1907	31,501	Alabama	88,013	$ 61,358,524.64
1908	24,707	Florida	11,876	8,032,265.83
1909	25,486	Georgia	5,315	3,984,761.75
1910	29,917	Kentucky	136,500	100,658,695.33
1911	29,307	Louisiana	6,655	4,754,745.21
1912	31,789	Mississippi	4,325	2,907,407.94
1913	32,785	N. Carolina	273	148,307.01
1914	34,276	Tennessee	49,109	34,698,885.82
1915	32,366	Virginia	2,447	1,850,883.10
1916	32,487			
Total 10 Yrs..	304,603		304,603	$218,395,476.63

Labor constitutes 58.07 per cent of L. & N. expenses, and has increased 116 per cent in sixteen years. Out of every dollar of L. & N. revenue received, 42 cents is paid for labor.

In addition the L. & N. has paid out indirectly for Southern labor engaged by contractors for various construction and extension projects a sum that would materially augment the above enormous total.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.
The Old Reliable

(2)

DURING the past ten years the L. & N. has paid out in the South for wages alone $218,395,476.63 which was distributed to an average of 30,460 employees, every one of whom lives and has interests in the South.

On the basis employed by the Bureau of Census that five persons are dependent on each wage earner, it is seen that the L. & N. contributes directly to the support of 152,300 people per annum.

Specials for this Week and Next

Home Ground Meal	Standard Granulated Sugar	Pearl and Bermuda Onion Sets
Peck, 58 Cents	10 lb, 97 Cents.	1 qt. 15c – 2 qt. 25c.

Polo Laundry Soap 7 Cakes, ... 25c	Light House Washing Powder 5 Boxes, ... 23c	1-lb. Can Whitehouse Coffee Per Can, ... 34c	Sweetheart Soap 6 Bare, ... 35c
Fairfax and Red Deamon Pure Coffee 3-lb. Can, ... 94c	Arm & Hammer Soda, Seven Pounds, ... 31c	Purity Rolled Oats Per Box, ... 13c	Donavan & After Dinner Brand Coffee 4lb. Bucket, ... 96c

Green Coffee	Full Head Rice	Arbuckle Coffee
5 lb, 6 lb, and 7 lb for $1.00	10 pnunds for 96 CENTS	A 1-pound package 24 CENTS

Post Toasties 2 Boxes, ... 24c	Lo-Mo-Co Petit Pois Peas 2-lb. Can, ... 23c	Armour Veri-Best corn beef Per Can, ... 29c
Shredded Whole Wheat 1 Box, ... 14c	Lo-Mo-Co Sweet Peas 2-lb. Can, ... 18c	Armour Veri-Best veal loaf Per Can, ... 19c
Evaporated Milk 3 Cans, ... 20c	Lo-Mo-Co Pineapple grated ½-lb. Can, ... 14c	Armour Veri-Best roast beef Per Can, ... 29c
Grated Cocoanut ½-lb. Can, ... 13c	Lo-Mo-Co Pineapple shred ½-lb. Can, ... 14c	Armour Helmet Brand Cooked Brains, Per Can, .. 22c
Hershey's Cocoa Per Can, ... 9c	Lo-Mo-Co Pineapple shred 2-lb. Can, ... 23c	Veri-Best Pork and Beans Per Can, ... 10c
Dime Brand Condnsd. Milk Per Can, ... 14c	Lo-Mo-Co Asparagus tips 1-lb. Can, ... 28c	Veri-Best drief Chipped Beef Per Can, ... 14c
Purity Brand Hominy Grits Small Package, ... 14c	Lo-Mo-Co Pork and Beans 1½-lb. Can, ... 14c	Veri-Best Deviled Ham Per Can, ... 18c
Purity Brand Hominy Grits Large Package, ... 30c	Lo-Mo-Co Pineapple Sauce Per bottle, ... 9c	Veri-Best Deviled Tongue Per Can, ... 18c
Baker Chocolate 3 Blocks, ... 28c	Lo-Mo-Co Ketchup Per bottle, ... 14c	Veri-Best Deviled Chicken Per Can, ... 18c
Lard 10-lb. Bucket, ... $2.00	Del-Monte brand Ketchup Per bottle, ... 28c	Armour Veri-Best large size Sliced Bacon in glass jars, Per Jar, ... 36c
Lard 4-lb. Bucket, ... 84c	Lo-Mo-Co Peanut Butter Medium sized jar, ... 14c	Armour Veri-Best Lunch Tongue, Per Can, ... 28c
Lo-Mo-Co Sweet Corn Per Can, ... 19c	Monogram Brand Pickles Per bottle, ... 13c	Armour Veri-Best Steak Per Can, ... 14c
Southern Beauty Hominey Per Can, ... 14c	Welch's Grape Juice 1 pt-bottle, ... 23c	Armour Veri-Best Lunch Sausage, per can, ... 14c
Lo-Mo-Co Brand Pears 3-lb. Can, ... 28c	Welch's Grape Juice 1 qt-bottle, ... 46c	Armour Veri-Best Mince Meat, Per Package 12c
Lo-Mo-Co Lemon Peaches 3-lb. Can, ... 27c	Armour Veri-Best Tripe Per Can, ... 28c	Armour Helmet Brand Potted Meats, Per Pkg., ... 5c

A FULL LINE OF CIGARS, CIGARETTES, SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO—ALL FRESH AND NEW, AT MODERATE PRICES IN REACH OF ALL. FOUNTAIN AND BOTTLE DRINKS; TABLES TO SERVE THE LADIES.

I AM HEER TO SERVE THE PUBLIC. PHONE ME YOUR ORDER, AND IF I HAVEN'T EVERYTHING IN STOCK YOU WANT, I WILL GO OUT AND GET IT FOR YOU. YOUR TRADE WILL BE APPRECIATED. CALL ON ME WHENEVER YOU NEED GROCERIES.

Prompt Delivery on Sunday and any other time.

L. C. REYNOLDS

Located in Wright Bldg. next to Uncle Jim Broadhead's.

CLANTON, ALA.

LET ROAD CONTRACT

On October 5 the commissioners and Judge of Probate went to William Walker's place on the Maplesville road and considered bids on the grading and graveling of about three miles of the highway. The contract for the work was awarded to W. F. DeShazo. When this piece of work is completed it will make the road from Clanton to Maplesville in fairly good condition, being graded all the way and for the most part graveled.

"Cinderella" will be shown at the Ideal Theatre on Saturday, Oct., 27, under the ausnices of the Civic Improvement Club.

Attorney F. B. Collier, who has been for the past two months at Fort Oglethorp training camp for officers, is at home again.

Remember that the date of the Chilton County Fair is for the week from Oct. 29 to November 3rd.

DR. W. L. PARRISH

Graduate Veterinarian.

Hurry Calls made in Auto.

'Phone 110-35, Clanton.

Pay for the Union-Banner a year. $1

Coffins, Burial Supplies, Automobile Accessories For sale at

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.

CLANTON, ALA.

OF INTEREST TO FARMERS

The Union-Banner has direct information that ample capital, composed of interests locally and from Birmingham and Montgomery, has organized to serve the public promptly in the operation of works suitable to take care of all grain produced in the neighborhood of Clanton, and in the entire county.

In accord with foregoing notice, which has been carried in both the papers of the county, I have made arrangements to place upon my property at Clanton between the L. & N. railroad and Seventh Street, a velvet bean crusher of 25-tons per day capacity, and other grain machinery, to care for the grain crop. Ample storage room will be provided to take care of this situation.

Ample arrangements to market the product in commercial form will be perfected and daily quotations from the market, procured.

The support and co-operation of every citizen whose personal and community interest is involved is respectfully solicited.

Respectfully,
Wm. M. ADAMS.

Attorney B. Guy Smith spent the day Tuesday in Birmingham on legal business.

Dr. Arnold Conway of Jemison was in Clanton a short while on Wednesday afternoon.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Thomas J. Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery ,Alabama, did, on the 27th day of February, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application, No. 010139, to purchase the NE ¼ of the SE ¼, Section 2, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised, one hundred and sixty dollars, the timber estimated 60,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $40.00; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9th day of November, 1917, before Register or Receiver, U S.. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.
Register.

Kin Vinson writes a letter from Camp Gordon to the Editor, stating that the camp is a fine place, and is conducted by splendid officers and officials; but he also adds in closing that there's no place like home.

THORSBY ITEMS

Mr. Walter Morgan left on Saturday morning of last week for a visit with his mother, Mrs. Harriet Gray at Talladega.

Mr. and Mrs. Jno. A. Carlson left on Tuesday of last week for Rock Island, Ill., where they were called to the bedside of their son, Raymond, who has undergone an operation for appendicitis. His many friends will be glad to learn that he is steadily improving since the operation.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Congregational church met with Mrs. E. W. Butler on Thursday afternoon of last week.

Prof. and Mrs. C. M. Williams, and little daughter, Martha spent last Saturday in Montgomery shopping.

Mrs. Prillie Griggs of Ozark spent Sunday with her brothers, Cowan and John Woodham.

Miss Elizabeth Hoopes and Miss Smith spent last Saturday in Birmingham shopping.

Mr. Walter Parnell, who has been the faithful and efficient postmaster at Thorsby for the past three years, has been called into army service. He is now at Ft. Gordon, Atlanta.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Sweedish Lutheran Church will meet with Mrs. Soberg on Thursday afternoon if this week.

Rev. J. M. Graham spent Sunday with his family in Thorsby after an absence of three weeks.

Rev. W. P. Cline of Birmingham conducted services at the Swedish Lutheran Church last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Roebuck of near Maplesville, spent Sunday at Thorsby at the dormitory with their son, Otto, who is a student in Thorsby Institute.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Caldwell accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Roper of Pletcher, spent Sunday with their daughter, Elsie, who is a student at the Institute.

The regular meeting of the Helen Keller Literary Society will meet on Friday night of this week when an interesting program will be rendered. The executive committee of the society has given the contesting sides the names: Lanier and Riley, and their first program will be contested on next Friday night, October 12. Everybody is invited to be present.

Mr. John R. Little and Mr. James Little, accompanied by the Misses Martin, teachers of the public school at Marvel, visited the Marvel students at the dormitory Sunday.

Mrs. Nellie Thompson, accompanied by her brother, Mr. Richard Thompson and her son, Billie, spent Sunday with her daughter, Elizabeth at the dormitory. Miss Elizabeth accompanied them home Sunday afternoon to spend a couple of days.

Charles Cooper and wife of Midway motored to Clanton Wednesday afternoon.

VINOL MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG

Positive—Convincing Proof

We publish the formula of Vinol to prove convincingly that it has the power to create strength.

Cod Liver and Beef Peptones, Iron and Manganese Peptonates, Iron and Ammonium Citrate, Lime and Soda Glycerophosphates, Cascarin.

Any woman who buys a bottle of Vinol for a weak, run-down, nervous condition and finds after giving it a fair trial it did not help her, will have her money returned.

You see, there is no guess work about Vinol. Its formula proves there is nothing like it for all weak, run-down, overworked, nervous men and women and for feeble old people and delicate children. Try it once and be convinced.

Upchurch Drug Co.

TAX NOTICE

Collector's and Assessor's Round.

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of collecting the State and County Taxes for Chilton County for the year 1917 and assessing Taxes for the year 1918

Maplesville	Beat 7,	Oct. 1
Stanton	Beat 8,	Oct. 2
Pletcher	Beat 15,	Oct. 3
Enterprise	Beat 6,	Oct. 4
Verbena	Beat 5,	Oct. 5
Minooka	Beat 13,	Oct. 6
Thorsby	Beat 9,	Oct. 8
Jemison	Beat 2,	Oct. 9
Benson	Beat 3,	Oct. 10
Macedonia	Beat 14,	Oct. 11
Mineral Springs	Beat 12,	Oct. 12
Robinson's Store	Beat 12,	Oct. 13
Mullins Academy	Beat 1,	Oct. 15
Cane Creek	Beat 11,	Oct. 16
Providence	Beat 16,	Oct. 17
Cooper	Beat 10,	Oct. 18
Mt. Creek	Beat 5,	Oct. 10
Evergreen	Beat 10,	Oct. 20
Kincheon	Beat 6,	Oct. 22
Culp Schoolhouse,	Beat 15,	Oct. 23
Riderville	Beat 8,	Oct. 24
Shoults	Beat 7,	Oct. 25
Mars Hill	Beat 2,	Oct. 26
Concord	Beat 13,	Oct. 27
Clanton	Beat 4,	Nov. 12 to 30

Take notice that under Section No. 34, of the Revenue Code of 1915, it is the duty of every person liable to taxation in each election precinct, to attend in person on the first day of the appointment in your precinct, and then and there render to the Assessor a full and complete list of all property, of which he or she was owner on the 1st day of October of that year.

All taxes and assessments are delinquent after December the 31st, 1917. J. D. COLLINS, Tax Col.,
J. N. DENNIS, Tax Ass'r.

Subscribe for The Union-Banner.



My Business is still Growing

Because of the Quality of the Groceries I sell.

In purchasing my Groceries I think first of QUALITY, then of the price.

I deliver the goods promptly and efficiently to any place in town.

J. W. Littlejohn

CLANTON, ALA.

Co-operation Means A Better Community

Buster Brown Hosiery

I have a full line for Fall and Winter

W. A. KEMP

IF YOU WANT THE BEST COFFEE IN TOWN, GET

"Littlejohn's Pride"

ALWAYS FRESH

J. W. Littlejohn

Exchange Hotel

Modern, Sanitary, Clean & Equipped

Mr. Merchant:

Do you believe in Co-operation? If so, you can help out by putting your name in this space. Show your grit!

THE MAIL ORDER HOUSES ARE BIDDING FOR YOUR DOLLAR, BUT WHEN YOU SPEND IT WITH THEM IT IS GONE FROM HERE, FOR GOOD AND FOR ALL, AND THE COMMUNITY DOES NOT GET ONE PENNY OUT OF THAT DOLLAR FOR IMPROVEMENT AND UPBUILDING. WHILE, IF YOU SPEND IT WITH THE HOME MERCHANTS, WHOSE NAMES APPEAR BELOW, THE MONEY IS KEPT AT HOME, AND THE CONSTANT CIRCULATION OF IT HERE WILL BENEFIT POSSIBLY A GREAT NUMBER, THROUGH WHOSE HANDS IT WILL PASS. WE SHOULD KEEP OUR DOLLARS AT HOME. SPEND YOUR MONEY WITH THE HOME MERCHANTS AND NOT WITH THE MAIL ORDER HOUSES.

Closing Out.

I am closing out my stock of goods, and will sell anything at cost for cash — cheaper than present wholesale prices. Come and see me.

L.H. REYNOLDS

Stoves and Ranges

The best in the world are for sale by

Downs Hdwe. Co.

Charlie Chaplin

AT THE

IDEAL THEATRE

SATURDAY, OCT. 13

ALSO A THRILLING MEXICAN WAR PICTURE

ANIMATED WEEKLY WAR NEWS AND COMEDIES.

Success through Co-operation Comes from Persistent Effort.

One good Business Man has quit this space because he says his ad here is not bringing him any money. Now do you see the way he is looking at this business? His view is wrong. The idea is this:

These Business men did not contract with us to run this half-page space with the idea of standing by and seeing the dollars fall into their cash drawers fro mit. They did it because they were willing to Co-operate with this paper fo ra year in a campaign of boosting for the home town. They did not agree to even pay this paper for the ad. They agreed to pay the price they did to help us in the expense which we must go to in carrying our messages of boosting to the outside world, and on the side we just throw in the space which their ads occupy.

Now if you men do not want to co-operate in this campaign it is not hurting us. But you are just in effect saying that you are not willing to help boost your home town and community.

NEW WILSON HOTEL

Everything New and Modern

Rates Reasonable

Ford Cars and Parts; Oil, Gasoline and Accessories.

Get your order in for new crs now nd not have to wait.

L. J. Duncan Motor Co.

Free Movie Ticket

GET A COUPON WITH EACH 5-CENT PURCHASE AT THE CANDY STORE AND STAND A CHANCE OF GETTING A FREE SEASON TICKET TO THE IDEAL THEATRE. ONE SEASON TICKET GIVEN AWAY EVERY SATURDAY

BEST QUALITY OF *OLD HICKORY* AND *STETSON HATS*

Clanton Mercantile Company.

Complete line of Shoes, Clothing, Pawn Brokers articles cheap.

Wiley Littlejohn

GO TO UPCHURCH'S FOR Clocks and Watches

Give us your order this week and learn how our Groceries make a better table at your house, and at a Smaller Cost.

L. C. REYNOLDS

CLANTON LOCALS

Last Saturday afternoon the Editor of the Union-Banner was over at the court house pasting some war news on the bulletin board in the front of the hall. Down the corridor we chanced to hear the sound of a voice that seemed familiar, and upon glancing around saw that it was old "Honest" Tom Littlejohn emerging from an office down the aisle. And just to think too that he came all the way from Knoxville.

Several Clanton people are attending the state fair in Birmingham this week.

Judge Gunter of Montgomery, presiding judge of this judicial district, was in Clanton on Monday on business connected with the court here.

H. N. Mullins of Mulberry was in Calnton Saturday.

Question—Where are you going, my pretty maid?
Answer—To the moving picture show, she said.
Ques.—How do you know that you can, my dear?
Ans.—It's Cinderella night—I have nothing to fear.

What is your favorite story? It's Cinderella and the Magic Slipper, at the Ideal Theatre on Saturday, October 27th.

WANTED—A Competent Man to run my Cotton Gin. State age, experience and wages wanted, in first letter. Allen P. Howison, Randolph, Ala.

Patrons of the Picture Show were delighted at the production of the "Fall of a Nation" which was put on by Mr. Smith last Saturday and Sunday for benefit of the local Red Cross work. Many spectators witnessed the picture and enjoyed the riotic tenor of the same.

CEMETERY CLEANING

All those interested in the cemetery at New Salem are requested to meet there on Thursday, October 18, for the purpose of cleaning off the cemetery.

G. W. MADDOX,
J. L. VINES,
D. H. GENTRY,
Committee.

Read the Union-Banner. $1 a year.

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week ending October 6th, 1917.

Names—WOMEN

Emma Dudley, Nancy Goggins, Miss Carrie E. Simmons, Cilvia Williams, Miss Fhona Edwards.

Names—MEN

W. L. Luster, Archie Culver, J. H. Thornton, Emmer Thomas, Albert Scarbrough, W. C. Shelby, George Taylor, Boon Wright.

These letters will be sent to the dead letter office Oct. 20, 1917, if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "advertised" giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON, P.M.

COUNTY MAPS FOR SALE

The Union-Banner has made arrangements to print a number of Beat Maps of Chilton County, and now have them for sale to anyone desiring them, at the price of 25 cents each.

NOTICE OF PETITION TO SELL LANDS TO DIVIDE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.
Probate Court, Oct. 4, 1917.

In the matter of the estate of J. M. G. Burke, Deceased.

To the Sheriff of said County:

Whereas Mary A. Burke and A. L. Burke, joint owners of the estate of J. M. G. Burke, deceased, has fuled their petition in said court for a sale of the lands described therein, belonging to said estate, for division, upon the ground that the same cannot be equitably divided among the heirs, and the 3rd day of November 1917, has been appointed for the hearing of said petition.

You are therefore, hereby commanded to cite Genie Walker, whose address is Artesia, Miss., care of Robt. Cox, to appear before said Court on said day to contest said petition if she think proper.

Witness my hand this 4th day of Oct. 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

Just say a good word for Clanton

Neuralgia of the face, shoulder, hands, or feet requires a powerful remedy that will penetrate the flesh. BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT possesses that power. Rubbed in where the pain is felt is allt hat is necessary to relieve suffering and restore normal conditions. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Company.

STATEMENT

Of the Ownership, Management, Etc., Required by the Act of August 24, 1912,

of the Union-Banner, published weekly at Clanton, Alabama, for October 1, 1917.

Publisher: Wyatt & Wells, Clanton, Ala.
Editor: W. M. Wyatt, Clanton, Ala.
Managing Editor: None.
Business Manager: J. B. Wells, Clanton, Ala.
Owners: W. M. Wyatt, Clanton, Ala., J. B. Wells, Clanton, Ala.
Known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders, owning 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities: Merganthaler Linotype Co., New York.

W. M. WYATT, Editor.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 29 day of September, 1917.

M. D. FOSHEE,
Clerk Circuit Court Chilton Co., Ala.

Women!

Here is a message to suffering women, from Mrs. W. T. Price, of Public, Ky.: "I suffered with painful...", she writes. "I got down with a weakness in my back and limbs...I felt helpless and discouraged...I had about given up hopes of ever being well again, when a friend insisted I

Take

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

I began Cardui. In a short while I saw a marked difference... I grew stronger right along, and it cured me. I am stouter than I have been in years." If you suffer, you can appreciate what it means to be strong and well. Thousands of women give Cardui the credit for their good health. It should help you. Try Cardui. At all druggists. E-73

HIGH SCHOOL NEWS

Erle Pinckard did not hesitate in answering this ad in the News:—Marry Rich Widow, worth $40,000; would marry right man. But Erle happened not to be the right man.

It has been circulated through school that Miss Inez Higgins and her best fellow are on a "bust up." She further says that she is never going to love again.

Isader Kanjutzky said that he could easily prove this statement, that it is much nicer to stand on the side line and watch a football game than to help play one.

Harold says that Jennie not only has a habit of saying but also putting into action the words "I'll slap you."

John Allen—Miss Sewell, you had better move Otto back over yonder before Minnie ruins her eyes looking around Maggie at him.

Miss Sewell (in French Class)—Kate, you may correct the next sentence.

Kate—I havent' seen the sentence yet for Margie.

The following officers have been elected for the Junior Class: President, Willie B. Jones; Vice President, Anita Norman; Secretary and Treasurer, Mary Mullins; Poet, Minnie Gable; Historian, Kate McNeil.

Ernest—John, what did you think about most during the game Friday?

John—I thought about how good I would feel if I had been at home.

Mr. Higgins—Flem, how do you like Latin?

Flem—Oh, fine. I'm reading about some crackerjack plans that Caesar worked out. I may use some of them when I get to be Commander-in-Chief of Uncle Sam's army.

Notice—If you want to know the final ending of a fight, see or write Roy Mahan or Jack Patton.

Myrtle Roberts has come to the conclusion that there is no one like Vernon. She has strong hopes of him becoming a great orator by'n by.

The Sophomore Class is sorry to lose one of its best members, Miss Rena Childress, who is now engaged in teaching.

Briggs Makes five every day on "The Ancient Mariner," as he has almost memorized the entire book these three years in Sophomore class.

Thomas Sessions and Aaron Vines seem to be in love with each other and the same girl, as they both visit her at the same time.

GOATS WANTED.—One buck and several nannies—just plain goats. Address C. L. Forsmann, Thorsby.

WANTED TO BUY—One or two good mules. E.H. Foshee, Clanton R 5

When the chest feels on fire and the throat burns, you have indigestion, and you need HERBINE to get rid of the disagreeable feeling. It drives out badly digested food, and strengthens the stomach and purifies the bowels. Price 50c. Cold by Upchurch Drug Company.

FISH—FISH

We will be ready September 1st to fill all orders from fifty pounds up. Write us for prices. All orders lfiled at once. Will treat you right and save you all the money we can. A. M. ROLLINS & SON, Miflin, Ala.

Book of Mixed Feeds FREE!

Useful to every owner of dairy cows, beef cattle, work oxen, horses and mules



TELLS you how to prepare mixed feed scientifically. Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells the percentage of protein and carbohydrates. Directs what amount of each mixture to feed for maintenance, for milk production, for fattening and for work.

This book also contains an interesting chapter on

TRADE MARK BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS LINTLESS

Shows why these delinted hulls have greater forage value than the old style hulls, why they allow better assimilation of food, why they go farther, why they take less space for storage, why they are easy to handle, why they mix well with other food, why cattle relish them, why they cost much less than old style hulls and why thousands of feeders are enthusiastic about them. The mixed feed formulas show how to combine Buckeye Hulls properly with concentrates and other feeds.

Mr. W. B. Lifford, Troy, Ala.,

prefers Buckeye Hulls to old style hulls. He says that they are less trouble to feed, are better for the digestive organs and seem to agree with the cows better.

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, ***wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.*** It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Send to the Nearest Mill for Your Copy of the Book

Dept. K ***The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.*** *Dept. K*

Atlanta, Augusta, Birmingham, Charlotte, Greenwood, Jackson, Little Rock, Macon, Memphis, Selma

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., OCTOBER 18, 1917. NUMBER 29.

Judge of Probate, Lian10

ARRANGEMENTS BEING MADE FOR CALL OF 2ND ½ MILLION

Plans and Details Under Advisement of the War Department at its Washington Headquarters.

MAY BE DECEMBER OR JANUARY

Washington, Oct. 12.—Discussion of the advisability of expediting the call for the second increment of the draft army is now in progress at the war department, and it appears likely that the date may be fixed for some time in December of January.

Mobilization of the first increment of 687,00 men is now far enough advanced to show clearly that there will be a big deficiency for the 17 national army divisions. More than 250,000 of the first increment are still to be assembled ,but it already is evident that there will be available at the 16 cantonment quarters for an additional regiment at each post, and at some for a full brigade of two regiments.

The strength of the new regimental organization is 3600 men. With a regiment lacking at each cantonment this alone would mean a shortage of nearly 50,000 men. In addition, there has been authorized a separate division of negro troops, which means nearly 30,000 men withdrawn from the original number assigned to the 16 cantonments.

Reason for Shortage.

The shortage is due partly to the necessity of taking out national army men to fill up national guard divisions. Two complete national army divisions of southern troops have absorbed in this way. The remnants of three other consolidated to form a single divisional unit and the surplus men sent south to make up the missing divisions.

Aviation Draft.

Drafts on the national army forces also must be made to fill the enlisted personnel of the aviation service, the medical corps and the service batalions needed behind the fighting lines abroad. Eventually there will be 250,000 men in the last named service alone, and aviation and the medical service will take nearly as many more, though not all of them will be taken from the national army.

Delay Expected.

Operating to delay the calling out of the second increment to make good these shortages are several factors. Clothing and equipment is coming forward only at a rate that can meet the demands of the forces already called, and the railways of the country have been overburdened with the job of moving the army and its necessities without hindering the freight shipments vital to the allies.

Crowder to Fix Date.

Fixing the date of the call for the second increment probably hinges also upon the careful study being made by Provost Marshal General Crowder and his assistants, of the results of the plan followed in assembling the men called first. Many questions have arisen which it may be desired to avoid hereafter, and substitute regulations to guide both the local and district board, prepared in the light of what actual experience taught may be issued, to govern the second call.

CLANTON BAPTIST CHURCH

On Tuesday and Wednesday of last week the messengers of Clanton church met with the Unity Association, with which it is affiliated. A great and good time was enjoyed by all at the meeting. Rev. J. F. Gable, the pastor of Clanton church, was unanimously elected Moderator of the Association for the year, and was also made chairman of the Executive Committee.

The gathering was very earnest and spiritual, and liberal in its support of the Kingdom of God. District meetings among the churches are proposed for the coming year. An appeal in behalf of the Baptist Orphanage at Evergreen resulted in a cash collection of $35.00 and the gift of a barrel of syrup by one of the Clanton messengers. It is worthy of mention that the Clanton Baptist church and Sunday school stood at the head in the Association as regards the varied activities and gifts, contributing fully fifty per cent of all that was raised in money.

Later a cash offering for State Missions resulted in the collection of $75.00, and the representatives of the churches accepted a proposed raise in the apportionments prorated from $1400 of the past year to $1500 for the year to come. This is to cover all benevolences. The entertainment in every respect was all that could be desired. The invitation extended by the Clanton church to the Association to meet here next year was unanimously accepted. It is proposed that the representatives of the thirty churches who will come shall have a good time.

The Clanton Baptist Sunday school is progressing in efficiency and enlarging in interest and power. The needs of the young people are being met also in the Young Peoples Union. The pastor expects soon to announce a series of sermons on "The blessedness of Full Salvation."

THE FARMERS "BIT" IN FOOD CONSERVATION

It is no longer a question that needs concern us whether America should have entered the war against Germany or remain neutral. Some of us think one way and some another. It matters not how we think, we are in it, and there is no honorable and safe way out but sure victory. This should be the only thought and the sole ambition of every true American. A speedy victory will lessen our grief and sacrafices in men and money. A sure and speedy victory can be obtained only by our feeding and financing our Allies who are now on the firing line and who are in need of such assistance.

This can be done only by striving hard for greater production and by rigid economy. As we are by heart an extravagant people and need many lessons in economy, it will do us good to economize if the war shuld close soon; and if the war should go on for years, it is one of the big essentials of final victory, for victory we must have; therefore, we appeal to you to save, believing that you will answer the call as nobly as you did last Spring, when we asked you for the largest food crop in the history of the State and you have so patriotically delivered the "goods."

In addition to the saving of food in your dining rooms and kitchens and the substitution of cheaper and more plentiful diet which is the duty of the good houskeeper, the men of the farms can effect a greater saving by clean harvesting and more careful handling and storing of food crops. There are thousands of bushels of corn, beans, peas, potatoes, and sorghum seeds left in the fields every year which can be saved by clean hervesting.

Many bushels of grain can be saved by stopping the leaks in the wagon bodies that strew grain along the public highways. While loading cars with corn, beans, cotton seed and other products, a great saving should be effected by a little carefulness. A more careful saving, gathering, and handling of all farm products will pay you handsomely for your trouble. Cultivate the saving habit which is so necessary to you as an individual and render a patriotic service to your country, the greatest country on earth, which shall speak peace to all mankind.

J. A. WADE,
Com. of Agri. & Ind.

LIBERTY BONDS SELLING HERE

Mr. Guy Higgins, Chairman of the Libert Bond Campaign for this county informed us Monday morning that up to that time, he had sold $2050.00 worth of the bonds, and had more applications pending. The bonds are ready for delivery to purchasers immediately after they buy them. See Mr. Higgins if you are interested and he can give you full details about how to proceed.

FOR SALE—I have for sale 2 milk cows, fresh. 2 fillies 2 year old, 2 mules 5 year old. Will sell cheap for cash. Also 211½ acres of land 3¾ miles west of Jemison, close to good church and school. For further partiulars see or write J. N. Scott, Jemison, Ala. 10-18-3t.

HERBERT HOOVER'S APPEAL TO ALABAMA

"The week of October 21 to 28 has been selected for a nation wide campaign to complete the enrollment of our forces in conservation of our food supply.

"The available supplies this harvest year are less than last year; the demand upon us is greater than last year. We can only meet the call upon us by savings and by substitution of commodities which cannot be transported.

"The allies are our first line of defense. They must be fed, and food will win the war. All Europe is on rations or restricted supplies. Only in our country is each one permitted to judge for himself the duty he owes his country in food conservation, although the world depends upon us to guard and provide it's food supply.

"This is a duty of necessity, humanity and honor.

"We are asking every householder, every hotel, restaurant, and dealer in foodstuffs in the nation to become a member of the food administration for conservation, and to pledge themselves to follow, insofar as circumstances permit, the suggestions that will be offered from time to time as to measures of food saving.

We wish only that our people should eat plenty, but wisely and without waste.

Therefore we appeal to the churches and to the schools for their assistance in this crusade; to all the organizations for defense, local and national; to all the agencies, commercial, social and civic, that they join the administration in this work for the fundamental safety of the nation.

"HERBERT HOOVER."

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week ending October 13th, 1917.

Names—WOMEN
Miss Amie German
Miss Katie Eastman
Mrs. Lou Johnson
Miss Erlene Durrett

Names—MEN
Archie Price
Frank Means
C. C. Headley
Willie Smith
Boom Wright
Y. Moore
John H. Wright
Jim Finley
Robert H. Knox
P. Johnson
M. C. Henley
Olive Means

These Letters will be sent to the Dead Letter Office October 27, 1917, if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "Advertised," giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON, P. M.

J. N. Scott of Jemison was in Clanton Monday looking after some business matters. He has some cows, horses, etc., which he wants to sell. Read his adv. in this paper. You may be interested.

John W. and Clarence Henley, Lumber men from Maplesville, were in Clanton on Monday.

EIGHTEEN MORE MEN TO GO TO CAMP GORDON SATURDAY

The local board for Chilton County will send eighteen more men to Camp Gordon next Saturday under the regulations of the draft law. Following are the names of those who have been ordered to leave Saturday:

Ed Logan,
Walter L. Morgan,
John Robert Roper,
Elbert Bone,
Robert Baker,
Jas. L. P. Collins,
Durwood C. Mims,
John P. Nix,
Charley E. Headley,
J. F. Busby,
Emmett Lake Thompson,
Ruben E. Wyatt,
Ollie McDowell,
J. F. Hicks,
Ira Kelley,
Claud C. Klinner,
J. L. Morrow,
Grady D. Broadhead,

This makes a total of 85 men sent from this county, and leaves a deficiency of 35, which is necessary to complete the first quota of 120 men.

PROGRAM

Of the District Sunday School Convention of the 3rd District of Chilton County to be held at Isabella Church Oct. 28, 1917.

9:30 A. M. Devotional Exercises, led by J. C. Veazy.

10:00. How to conduct a Sunday School, led by G. W. Fox.

10:30. S. S. and Evangelastic force, by Prof. H. C. McDonald.

11:00. Sermon, by the pastor.

11:50. Marking up District chart and appointment of Bulletin Committee, by the District Pres.

12:00. Adjourn for dinner.

1:30 P. M. Devotional Exercises.

1:45. Soul winning in the Sunday School, by A. A. Beawveet.

2:10. Making the Cradle Roll effective, by Della Williams.

2:35. General Discussion.

3:00. Report of Bulletin Committee. Next place of meeting. Adjourn.

We cordially invite all Sunday School workers, Superintendents and Delegates from each school in the District to attend the Convention.

H. J. GROOM,
President.

CLANTON'S NEW BANK TO HAVE ELABORATE PLACE

The First State Bank of Clanton, which will open for business about November 1st, is to have a well furnished place to stay, and everything is going to be fixed right "up to snuff." The new institution is to be housed in the Johnson building, formerly occupied by Elmore's next to W. A. Kemp's store.

Carpenters have already begun the work of remodeling the building. A fireproof safety vault is being built, and every detail of a modern banking house is to be installed.

Judge S. M. Adams went to Columbiana Saturday to organize a branch local of the Farmers Protective League of Alabama.

WANTED TO BUY—One or two good mules. E.H. Foshee, Clanton R 5



MULES HORSES

WE BUY, SELL AND --TRADE--

MULES & HORSES

Clanton Mercantile Company

The Big Bargain Store.

ALABAMA NEGRO SELECTMEN ARE GOING TO FORT DODGE

Montgomery, October 15—Twenty-five per cent of the negroes of Alabama who have been selected for military service will be sent to the colored training camp at Fort Dodge, Des Moines, Ia., during the five days beginning October 27. This information was given to the adjutant general by the provost marshal general Monday, and will be transmitted to all local boards.

One-fifth of the 25 per cent will be started each day so the movement will not increase the work of the railroads to such an extent as to prevent the handling of other business. This will be the first movement of Alabama negro selectmen. The department was not advised when the remainder of the negro soldiers will be started.

HIGH SCHOOL NEWS

Quite an interesting event took place on the grounds of the C. C. H. S. Friday afternoon, when the Chilton eleven went up against the Fourth District Agricultural School eleven of Sylacauga. We are glad to state that the Chilton eleven defeated the "aggies" entirely. Although the Chilton team is very light, as usual, it is making good progress in football. (A rabbit can out run a cow sometimes.)

After failing on a Cicero lesson, Dick told Tom that he had already spent two years in Junior class and prospects were good for two more, after mid-term exams.

Agnes Howard—Love makes the heart light.

Howard—Yes, and love makes the parler dark.

Isader Kanjutzky has made his resolution, never to eat another peanut in school. He wishes to give this advice to his classmates: "Beware of Mr. Mc."

On Friday afternoon leaving school Lurline seemed to be so upset about going to Birmingham until she went to the grocery store to purchase a belt.

If you care to know anything about love affairs apply to Marjorie Pinckard.

John Lee must have been dreaming of Sylvester the other day as she missed her English.

Warren's history lesson was very interesting today, as she had an interesting companion to sit with—Willie Murphy.

C. C. H. S. is thinking about calling in a physician for every time Mittice is called upon to recite she has a severe headache.

We don't think it is very beneficial for C. C. H. S. to play Sylacauga as the girls fall desperately in love with them—especially Conradine.

Fonza—Miss Key, I am glad that it has turned cooler.

Miss Key—Why, Fonza?

Fonza—Oh, I don't know; oh, yes I do, the gnats are not so bad.

History is getting very interesting now for it seems like Miss Key is giving a lot of tests. (Freshmen.)

Miss Pink is getting along very well these days at school. (Rosa Kanjutzky.)

Oh, gee, Miss Sewell sure does have lots of letters to mail every morning. (Claudie.)

The Freshmen and glad to have Jack Patten back in school again after a brief illness caused by a fight.

THIRTY-SIX HUNDRED ALABAMA NEGROES EXPECTED AT DODGE

Camp Dodge, Ia., Oct. 15.—Thirty-six hundred Alabama negroes are expected to arrive at Camp Dodge on October 27, according to advices received from the war department by officials at the cantonment today. The negroes are the advance guard of 6600 from that state. Officers who graduated from the negro officers' training school at Fort Des Moines will be named as officers in the negro regiment to be formed.

DAVID VINES QUITS MAIL ROUTE

Mr. David Vines, who for the past four years has been the rural mail carrier on Route No. 5 from here, has tendered his resignation to the post office authorities, and will leave on Thursday of this week to take up a position at Akron, Ohio.

The many friends of this young man here are sorry to see him leave Clanton; but he has bushels of good wishes to take along with him to his new location.

LEM SIMS SOMEWHERE ON THE ATLANTIC

The Union-Banner is in receipt of a letter from Mr. Lemuel Sims, who is now a sailor on the U. S. S. Pennsylvania, somewhere in the Atlantic. All you can tell about Lem's letter is about as much as the old negro told when asked where a certain scooter plow was. He said it is over in the field on a stump or somewhere else. That's all we know about where our navy boys are.

Lemuel will be well remembered in Clanton. He was raised out at Fairview, and just prior to his enlistment in the navy he was engaged in the barber's trade here.

NEW RULING FORM WASHINGTON MAY RELEASE MEN

Gen. Crowder Makes Specific Ruling on Exemption of Married Men

The difficulties and vagueness as to the exemption of married men, from the operations of the military draft were practically removed by the receipt Wednesday by the Exemption Board of the Middle District of Alabama from Provost Marshal General Crowder of orders which probably will result in the release of married men already drafted from Chilton county, and which will halt the drafting of several others whose cases were pending.

Order General in Nature

The order is general in its nature and applied only to a specific class. It clarifies the law and the conflicting orders which have come out of Washington on the drafting of married men. The official order from Washington directs all boards to exempt married men who support their wives, by their labor of hand or brain, if they have no other separate means of support for their wives, notwithstanding the willingness of relatives or friends to support the drafted man's wife in his absence. In other words the married man who has actually supported his wife by his own earnings, and who has no private fortune capable of supporting her in his absence is to be exempted. The willingness of friends or relatives to support the wife, unless they are already doing it has no bearing upon the individual's case.

This ruling is expected to release ultimately ten or a dozen married men from here whose cases have been presented in the newspapers and about which there has been general discussion. These men, however, have been drafted so far as the local and district boards are concerned, and these boards have no power whatever to release them from the draft. If release is obtained, it must be done in an appeal to the Provost Marshal's office at Washington.

May Appeal To Washington

While no announcement has been made of appeals to Washington in these cases it is reasonably certain that the married men, who would be exempt under the new order, but who have already been drafted, will make immediate appeals to Washington, for the exemption, allowed under the new order. In the meanwhile the cases of half a dozen other married men now before the District Board have been suspended for future action.

THORSBY ITEMS

Mr. Amos Knott left on Monday of this week for his home in Loretta, Tenn. After a short stay with relatives and friends he expects to return to school.

Miss Helen Forsyth of Birmingham spent the week-end with Miss Maud Robinson.

Mrs. Lida Jones was a pleasant caller at the Girls Dormitory on Wednesday of last week.

Rev. J. M. Graham delivered two interesting sermons at the Congregational Church last Sunday.

Mrs. T. W. Robinson is spending a few weeks with her husband at Milton, Fla.

There will be a business meeting of the Ladies Guild at the home of Mrs. C. M. Williams Wednesday afternoon of this week. All members are urged to be present.

Miss Elizabeth Thompson returned to school Sunday after a week's visit with her mother, Mrs. Nellie Thompson, at Marvel, Ala.

Mrs. C. M. Williams, accompanieb by her daughter, Bernice, her sister, Inez Garrick and her cousin, Gladys Putnam, spent Thursday of last week in Birmingham visiting the Fair.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Bolton of Millerville, spent Saturday and Sunday with their daughter and son, Exa and Hugh, who are students in Thorsby Institute.

Mr. Louis Howard and son, Edward spent a few days of last week in Birmingham visiting the state fair.

Mrs. Lou Williams of Millerville spent Saturday and Sunday with her son, Montague, who is a student in Thorsby Institute.

The many friends of Mrs. Alice McLean, will be interested in learning of her marriage on Monday afternoon at 4:00 o'clock to Mr. Louis Guth. They left immediately for Memphis where they expect to make their future home.

Miss Lois Abernathy and Lorena Graham spent a few days at Selma last week in attendance upon the Older Girls Conference of Sunday School workers.

Miss Bessie Rogers, of Atlanta, has recently arrived in Thorsby. She will make her home with her parents, Rev. and Mrs. Chas. T. Rogers, who have recently come to Thorsby to live.

WILL BUY SYRUP

Taylor Brothers, Clanton, Ala., are in the market for sorghum syrup in any quantity.

FOR SALE

A forty acre farm modernly equiped for darying. Call on, or write, M. J. BARRETT, Thorsby, Ala.

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
W. M. WYATT AND J. B. WELLS
Publishers and Proprietors.

W. M. WYATT, Editor.
J. B. WELLS, Business Manager.

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Entered April 15, 1913, at Clanton Ala., as second class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

What's the matter with the Chilton County local of the Farmer's Protective League? There was a meeting of the local called and duly announced to be at the court house last Saturday; and so far as we are able to learn there were not enough of the members present to hold a meeting. This does not look much like the farmers here are taking advantage of the opportunities which await them. Better get wise, Mr. Farmer. If you go to sleep on your job, there will be a hand reaching out in the dark to grab whatever you have not taken proper precautions to protect.

COMPLACENCY NEAR AN END

The mild temper which Congress voted upon Representative Heflin of Alabama may serve to temper his extravagance of speech in the future; and it is far less than he deserved. His unrestrained voice has so often poisoned the air at Washington that he should congratulate himself upon getting off so lightly now. When he goes back to the Capitol in December it will be interesting to note whether he presents himself in a chastened spirit or whether he will continue to essay the role of "spokesman for the administration." If he is to remain in this position, it may be fairly assumed that the White House stands sponsor for a policy of unjustifiable attach upon all and sundry who may chance to disagree with the administration. Under such circumstances the Republicans in Congress will feel free to abandon the complacency with which their patriotism has thus far led them to "stand by the President" whose own party has failed him. Indeed, Congressman Madden has already given notice that the next session of Congress will find a more self-assertive minority.

"What is the politics of your paper?" was the question propounded the editor by a gentleman from a sister county the other day. We told the gentleman we had been a resident of the Blackbelt for about 18 years and as there are only two Republicans in that county we thought that party had died out in Alabama. —Sylacauga News.

We predict that if Bro. Greer stays very long in the Fourth District he will come across enough Republicans to convince him that everybody in the world has not been "bagged" by the old worn out political humdrums that he has been listening to down in the black belt for these many years. We wish all your kind, Uncle Charley, who have got so much of that black belt stuff in them, could just come to Chilton or Shelby county and take a peep at some real Republican counties right herein your good old solid Democratic Southern state of "Here we Rest." It would maybe knock a few of the scales from your blinded eyes.

NOT A WAR OF RHETORIC

All this talk of the weakening of the German Army's morale may have a tendency to cause our soldiers to underrate the enemy against whom they will fight. There is very slight evidence that the German power of resistance is weakening, even if the power to attack has lost its vigor. It is still a long way to the Rhine and further yet to Berlin. The Southern Confederacy kept up a gruelling war fare against the Federal troops for fully two years after they found themselves in a worse plight than anything which Germany has yet experienced; and there is nothing to show that the Hun is within sight of real disaster. The war will not be over shortly; and military opinion at Washington is proceeding upon that theory. It is the politicians of the administration who are putting out the rosy views of a weakened Germany; and they are probably sowing the wind from which they will reap the whirlwind when the casualty lists begin to come in. The United States is in for a long, hard struggle which will not be won by rhetoric.

Peru adds herself to the list of the Kaiser's enemies; and at Potsdam they are now quoting Dr. Johnson's lines with slight modification: "Let observation with extensive view survey the foe from China to Peru."

H. W. Varden of Thorsby Route 1, was in to see us on subscription business last Friday. We are glad to see his kind.

ANOTHER FREE TRADER IN POWER

It is announced that Col. House, Democratic politician from Texas, will make a study of foreign trade conditions as they are likely to be presented after the war. He is one more free trader added to the already long list of administration agencies trying to tell American business men what to expect when the protective influence of the war has been removed. Our free trade administration is throwing up a coin and saying "heads I win and tails you lose."

The organized Sunday School firces of Alabama will co-operate in the food Administration Campaign in this State, according to a statement made by Leon C. Palmer, General Secretary Alabama Sunday School Association at the Food Administration Conference in Montgomery Monday afternoon.

"The Sunday Schools of Alabama" said the speaker, "enroll a total of a quarter of a million white citizens. The Alabama Sunday School Association, with its four hundred auxiliary county and district associations and twelve hundred employed and volunteer workers, is able to come into direct touch with practically this entire number. As this organization is the only channel through which the entire Sunday School forces of Alabama, including all denominations, can co-operate, we feel a sense of responsibility, and it gives me pleasure to tender to you our services in this patriotic movement."

Chairman Richard M. Hobbie of Montgomery, Federal Food Administrator, thanked the speaker and expressed appreciation of the promised service.

TWO ALABAMA MEN DIE FROM FUMES OF ILLUMINATING GAS

New York. Oct. 16.—Two soldiers were found dead from illuminating gas fumes today in a room they had rented the night before over a restaurant in the poorer section of Paterson, N. J.

The police believe them to have been in company H, 167th Infantry from Alabama. One had a postal card addressed to Frank Bial, Simlex Alabama. Officials at Camp Mills, where the 167th is stationed, were notified. The men rented the room early Tuesday morning. Employes of the place smelled gas and forced the door. The police believe the gas jet had been turned off and accidentally on again. The bodies are held at a morgue in Paterson.

CURING SWEET POTATOES FOR USE IN THE HOME

By J. C. C. Price, Associate Horticulturist, Alabama Experiment Station.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

Storing the sweet potato crop has been one of the most serious problems of the sweet potato grower. The practice of storing in banks, pits, or trenches is not safe or satisfactory. Sweet potatoes should be cured and then kept in a dry place and at a temperature of about fifty to sixty degrees Fahrenheit, as shown in Bulletin No. 197 of the Alabama Experiment Station, which has just been published. Those growing fifty bushels, or more, can well afford to build a storage house as described in the above named bulletin. If the grower has but five to fifty bushels, they may be handled as follows:

When the potatoes are well matured they should be dug, sorted and cured. Do not wait for frost to kill the vines, as frozen potatoes are dangerous for food and are hard to keep. The curing may be done by grading and spreading the potatoes in the sun for a week to ten days, being careful to protect them from rain or heavy dews. At the end of this period the potatoes may be packed in barrels, boxes, or crates and placed in a dry room and protected from freezing. Or they may be placed in an out room that is dry and protected from the cold by covering with dry fodder, hay or pine straw. Do not use cellars or out-houses with dirt floors that are damp.

If a vacant room is available that has means of heating, the potatoes may be kept there by carefully sorting and placing in slatted boxes, crates, or hampers, or the slatted potato barrel. A fire should be built as soon as the potatoes are brought into the room, raising the temperature to eighty or eighty-five degrees Fahrenheit if possible, with windows and door open. Continue the fire for ten days or until the potatoes appear to be thoroughly cured. On cold nights during the curing, the room may be closed.

As soon as the potatoes are cured, the room is closed. During a cold spell, when the temperature in the room falls to forty-five degrees Farenheit and the temperature outside is still falling, a fire should be built, but not hot enough to raise the temperature above sixty degrees.

If a farmer has just a few bushels and has plenty of floor space, the potatoes can be fairly well cured by spreading out in thin layers on the floor and let remain until cured and then store in box or barrel as described above.

J. O. Culp of Plantersville was in Clanton last Friday.

NOTICE

Let Mt. Pleasant Thrashing Co. thrash your Peas and Beans.

We have the latest improved 1916 Model Machinery.

Call, Write or Phone

W. M. PIERCE
CLANTON, ALA., R. 4

R. W. SCOTT
THORSBY, ALA.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Emily H. Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery, Alabama, did, on the 6th day of March, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application No. 010141, to purchase the NE¼ of the SW¼ and SE¼ of NW ¼, Sec. 36, Township 22 Range, 16 East, St Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber estimated 144,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $79.70; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9 day of November, 1917 before Register or Receiver, U. S. Land office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.

Carl Johnson of Thorsby was in town on business Tuesday.

Just say a good word for Clanton

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Gaston Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery, Alabama, did, on the 27 day of February, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application, No. 010140, to purchase the NE ¼ of the NE ¼, Section 2, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St. Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known os the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised, one hundred and sixty dollars, the timber estimated 60,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $40.00; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9 day of November, 1917, before Register or Receiver of the U.S. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.
Register.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE ANNUAL

CHILTON COUNTY FAIR

1917 October 29 —— to —— November 3 6 DAYS

This Year the Fair will be Made Bigger, Cleaner and More Worth While than Ever Before.

Purpose of the Fair:

The purpose of the Chilton County Fair is, and has ever been, first,to promiot the agricultural interest of Chilton County and to encourage every phase of our local home life and development. To serve this end the Fair Association was organized, and has labored for a number of years with the most zealous efforts.

In connection with the annual assembly of our products and exhibits we attempt to furnish our people a series of clean, wholesome and amusing features in the way of shows. We thereby hope to make business of the institution combine with the pleasure of the occasion in such a way as to stimulate the interest of the people, but always careful not to detract from the first intentions of the Fair.

This year we have done the best we could toward the accomplishing of these purposes, and we will submit our efforts to the public the week of October 29 to Nov. 3. We hope every citizen of the county wil come and aid us in making the Fair a success.

Announcements:

The Fair Association announces the opening of the Chilton County Fair for 1917, at the usual grounds in Clanton, on Monday, October 29. The exhibition will continue through and including November 3, a solid week. Six days of the most interesting features ever presented here.

The gates will be closed Monday, October 29 against alyl persons, except those bringing or making exhibits. The public will be admitted on Tuesday, October 30, at 8 o'clock.

Season tickets will be on sale again this year, and may be purchased from the Secretary, W. T. Bean.

One day will probably be given at the Fair as Educational and School day. Announcement will be made definitely as to this feature later.

The agricultural and home development feature of the Fair is particularly stressed this year, and we desire the people to bring the best things there are in the county and put on exhibit. Get them up and bring them to the Fair. Liberal prizes and premiums will be awarded for he best exhibits in every line.

Special Features:

The great United States Show will furnish attractions for Fair week. We feel safe in saying that never before has the Fair Association been able to secure a show that is superior to this one. It is absolutely a clean, respectable amusement company, and guarantees nothing but respectable features.

A big free attraction will be furnished each day. It will be either a high dive, balloon ascension, or aeroplane.

The monkeys driving real automobiles is a wonder never seen here before. Don't let the kids miss seeing this novelty.

The finest old plantation show on the road. 22 expert comedians make up the crew, and they are full of good new acts and jokes.

A splendid 22 piece brass band will furnish music for the week.

Many other special features to be announced between now and the opening of the Fair.

Get your Exhibits ready to place on the Opening day. Everybody is urged to co-operate in making the Fair this year a creditable and overwhelming Success.

Everyone who wants Individual Booths must notify Mrs. Annie Thacker, Clanton, Ala., not later than noon Thursday, Oct. 25, so arrangements may be made.

TEXAS RED RUST PROOF OATS

SEED NOW READY FOR FALL SOWING

I have just received a large shipment of these famous Seed Oats, and have them for sale to Farmers of Chilton County in particular.

READ THIS SWORN STATEMENT

The Howe Grain & Mercantile Company

Wholesale Grain, Hay, &tc.

Howe, Texas.

October 12, 1917.

This is to certify that we have this day shipped to Clanton, Ala,, for L. H. Reynolds of Clanton, Ala., two hundred 160-lb sacks,—32,000 pounds of Texas Red Rust Proof Oats, in M. K. & T., car No. 190115, and that said oats were raised near Howe, in Grayson County, Texas, in year 1917. Signed at Howe, Texas, this 12 day of October, 1917.

Loy Helney, Mgr. Howe Grain & Merc. Co.

Subscribed and sworn to bifore me, a Notory Public, in and for the County of Grayson, State of Texas, this 12 day of October, 1917.

(SEAL) A. B. Cowan, Notary Pub., Crayson Co., Texas.

These are the same quality and grade of Oats which I have sold here for several years, and so far, I have never had a single complaint against them. I aim to sell them as cheap as they can be sold this year, and would be glad for every farmer to come and see me and investigate this kind of oats before you buy for fall sowing this year.

L. H. REYNOLDS

Clanton, Alabama.

Now Is a Good Time To Treat Your Catarrh

Mild weather aid treatment.

Don't be misled into thinking that your Catarrh is gone. The first touch of winter weather will bring it back with all its discomforts.

But this is an excellent time to thoroughly cleanse the blood of the germs of Catarrh, and be forever rid of the troublesome sprays and douches that can never cure you.

S. S. S., the great blood purifier, searches out the germs of Catarrh which infest your blood, and chases them entirely out of your system. It is by far the most satisfactory treatment for the disease, because it reaches down to its very roots and gets at the cause. Write to-day for full information, and expert medical advice regarding the treatment of your own case. Take advantage of this chance to-day. Address Swift Specific Co., Dept. G Atlanta, Ga.

A Mother's Love



Through all the ages, a mother's love has been the most beautiful sentiment ever expressed. It is the most pathetic, the most joyful and the most wonderful feeling mortals have ever felt. The mother who does not want her child to be perfect is yet unborn. The strongest characteristic of womanhood is a mother's love and pride for her baby.

The external application, "Mother's Friend", is prepared especially for expectant mothers. It relieves the pain and discomfort occasioned by the stretching strain upon the ligaments and the skin of the abdomen, when baby is born. It makes elastic those muscles which nature is expanding and soothes the inflammation of breast glands. The expectant mother remains a pretty mother by using "Mother's Friend". Her form is preserved and danger is avoided.

"Mother's Friend" is to be had at your drug store. Write the Bradfield Regulator Co., Dept. E, 200 Lamar Building, Atlanta, Ga. They will send you a most valuable and interesting book, without charge, "Motherhood and the Baby". "Mother's Friend" makes it possible for you to aid nature yourself in the wonderful work to be done and no woman should go a single night without using it.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Notice is hereby given that Thomas J. Scott, whose post-office address is Montgomery ,Alabama, did, on the 27th day of February, 1917, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application, No. 010139, to purchase the NE ¼ of the SE ¼, Section 2, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St Stephens, Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised, one hundred and sixty dollars, the timber estimated 60,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M, and the land $40.00; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 9th day of November, 1917, before Register or Receiver, U S.. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.

Coffins, Burial Supplies, Automobile Accessories For sale at

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.

CLANTON, ALA.

TAX NOTICE

Collector's and Assessor's Round.

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of collecting the State and County Taxes for Chilton County for the year 1917 and assessing Taxes for the year 1918

Maplesville	Beat 7,	Oct.	1
Stanton	Beat 8,	Oct.	2
Pletcher	Beat 15,	Oct.	3
Enterprise	Beat 6,	Oct.	4
Verbena	Beat 5,	Oct.	5
Minooka	Beat 13,	Oct.	6
Thorsby	Beat 9,	Oct.	8
Jemison	Beat 2,	Oct.	9
Benson	Beat 3,	Oct.	10
Macedonia	Beat 14,	Oct.	11
Mineral Springs	Beat 12,	Oct.	12
Robinson's Store	Beat 12,	Oct.	13
Mullins Academy	Beat 1,	Oct.	15
Cane Creek	Beat 11,	Oct.	16
Providence	Beat 16,	Oct.	17
Cooper	Beat 10,	Oct.	18
Mt. Creek	Beat 5,	Oct.	10
Evergreen	Beat 10,	Oct.	20
Kincheon	Beat 6,	Oct.	22
Culp Schoolhouse,	Beat 15,	Oct.	23
Riderville	Beat 8,	Oct.	24
Shoults	Beat 7,	Oct.	25
Mars Hill	Beat 2,	Oct.	26
Concord	Beat 13,	Oct.	27
Clanton	Beat 4, Nov. 12 to		30

Take notice that under Section No. 34, of the Revenue Code of 1915, it is the duty of every person liable to taxation in each election precinct, to attend in person on the first day of the appointment in your precinct, and then and there render to the Assessor a full and complete list of all property, of which he or she was owner on the 1st day of October of that year.

All taxes and assessments are delinquent after December the 31st, 1917. J. D. COLLINS, Tax Col.,
J. N. DENNIS, Tax Ass'r.

S. G. Glenn of Billingsley Route 1, was in town Tuesday.

COUNTY MAPS FOR SALE

The Union-Banner has made arrangements to print a number of Beat Maps of Chilton County, and now have them for sale to anyone desiring them, at the price of 25 cents each.

MR. W. T. MAHAN DEAD

The Union-Banner received information Wednesday of the death of Mr. Bill Mahan, which occurred on Wednesday morning. Mr. Mahan was a prominent citizen who lived in Beat 1, near Lock 12. He was at one time county commissioner of Chilton County.

CLANTON PEOPLE BUYING LIBERTY BONDS

The following persons in Chilton County have subscribed to the Liberty Loan:

E. E. Upchurch, Clanton
Mrs. Alice R. Foshee, Clanton
C. Fenn Jones, Clanton
Wm. A. Kemp, Clanton
Joseph B. Downs, Clanton
G. O. Foshee, Clanton
Mrs. E. F. Higgins, Clanton
W. H. Foshee, Clanton
Miss Rilla A. Smith, Clanton
John M. Robinson, Clanton
Moses A. Kilgore, Clanton
Thomas S. Pyron, Clanton
Wm. L. Popwell, Clanton
Walter Popwell, Clanton
Dr. N. S. Johnson, Clanton
J. Watts Moore, Clanton
J. Renfroe Mullins, Clanton
Robert M. Smith ,Clanton
J. Q. Wade, Clanton
J. Y. Gray, Clanton,
John W. Stanfield, Clanton
Wm. C. White, Mt. Creek
Forest Williams, Jemison
Mrs. C. G. Deramus, Verbena
Dr. A. B. McNeil, Jemison
Dr. A. K. Horn, Thorsby

VELVET BEAN MILL, MEAL MILL AND MIXED FEED MILL NEAR COMPLETION

This piece of machinery which is located on Seventh Street in Clanton, and which is being operated by the Central Alabama Farm Products Co., of which Mr. Wm. M. Adams is proprietor, and Mr. S. W. Adams is Secretary, is near completion, and by the time that the Velvet Bean crop and corn crop and has is ready for manufacturing, this mill will be ready to serve the public with promptness and dispatch.

J. G. Billingsley of Thorsby Route 1, was a vicitor at our office Saturday.

J. N. Ervin of Randolph was in town Saturday.

C. B. Huett of Billingsley Route 1, was in Clanton last Friday.

Neuralgia of the face, shoulder, hands, or feet requires a powerful remedy that will penetrate the flesh. BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT possesses that power. Rubbed in where the pain is felt is allt hat is necessary to relieve suffering and restore normal conditions. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Company.

DR. W. L. PARRISH

Graduate Veterinarian.

Hurry Calls made in Auto.

'Phone 110-35, Clanton.

CENTRAL ALABAMA FARM PRODUCTS COMPANY

Wm. Adams, Proprietor, S.W. Adams Secretary.

Members of the Velvet Bean Millers Association, Clanton Alabama. Manufacturers of Velvet Bean Mean, Corn Meal and Mized Feeds.

Marketing connection with the dealer and consumer will give the customers and patrons of this mill a chance to get for their products, when manufactured, the best market prices.

Reports of the market prices of velvet bean meal, corn meal and mixed feed each week will keep the customers of this mill in touch with the markets at a distance.

A comfortable rest room has been provided fort he families of the customers, and a convenient warehouse for the farm products and hitching grounds for the stock.

The velvet bean mill has been placed, and upon an immediate date in the future, announcement will be made to the public when this mill is ready for actual service to the public.

The patronage and cooperation of everyone is respectfully solicited in support of this new industry.

Our Job Work Advertises Itself

Judicious Advertising

Creates many a new business.
Enlarges many an old business.
Preserves many a large business.
Revives many a dull business.
Rescues many a lost business.
Saves many a failing business.
Secures success in any business.

We Are at Your Service
Call on Us or Call Us Up and We Will Call on You

NEXT SATURDAY,

OCTOBER 20th IS

Valentine Day at The Ideal Theatre

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

MARGUERETE CLARK,
The Sweetest Girl on the Screen.
in
"THE VALENTINE GIRL"

A perfect plot in which Miss Clark's winsome personality lends itself particularly in her child impersonations; and yet, as a grown up young lady, she has a certain charm of manner, seldon if ever equaled on the Picture Screen. In addition to the above we will give

"BOBBY BUMPS AT THE CIRCUS"
Which is well worth the price paid to enter the show, and

"THE PARAMOUNT PICTOGRAPH"
EVOLUTION OF A POSTER; HOLIDAY RESORTS OF ITALY; A LITTLE EXPERIMENT IN LIP READING; AND TURKEY PUNCHING

Is a whole show within itself, yet we will give you all these **Three Big Shows,** at our regular price—5 and 10 cents during the day, and 10 and 15 cents at night.

As our regular shows will be crowded, we will put on a show Saturday morning at 10 o'clock, and it will be well that all who can, attend the morning show.

Afternoon Show Starts at 2:00 O'clock.
Night Show Starts at 7:00 O'clock.

VINOL MAKES CHILDREN STRONG

And Invigorates Old People

Any doctor will tell you that the ingredients of Vinol as printed below contain the elements needed to improve the health of delicate children and restore strength to old people.

Cod Liver and Beef Peptones, Iron and Manganese Peptonates, Iron and Ammonium Citrate, Lime and Soda Glycerophosphates, Cascarin.

Those who have puny, ailing or run-down children or aged parents may prove this at our expense.

Besides the good it does children and the aged there is nothing like Vinol to restore strength and vitality to weak, nervous women and overworked, run-down men.

Try it. If you are not entirely satisfied, we will return your money without question; that proves our fairness and your protection. Millions of people have been convinced this way.

Upchurch Drug Co.

OF INTEREST TO FARMERS

The Union-Banner has direct information that ample capital, composed of interests locally and from Birmingham and Montgomery, has organized to serve the public promptly in the operation of works suitable to take care of all grain produced in the neighborhood of Clanton, and in the entire county.

In accord with foregoing notice, which has been carried in both the papers of the county, I have made arrangements to place upon my property at Clanton between the L. & N. railroad and Seventh Street, a velvet bean crusher of 25-tons per day capacity, and other grain machinery, to care for the grain crop. Ample storage room will be provided to take care of this situation.

Ample arrangements to market the product in commercial form will be perfected and daily quotations from the market procured.

The support and co-operation of every citizen whose personal and community interest is involved is respectfully solicited.

Wm. M. ADAMS.

Do You Think

Such an enormous business as we are doing could be built up and continually increased if our goods did not have exceptional value and merit? Do you think we could have the trade of hundreds of people if our reputation for doing exactly what we say was not firmly established? Just think these things over carefully and then give us a trial. We have the goods and we sell them at prices that will please you.

Give Us a Call.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back."
CLANTON, ALA.

My Business is still Growing

Because of the Quality of the Groceries I sell.

In purchasing my Groceries I think first of QUALITY, then of the price.

I deliver the goods promptly and efficiently to any place in town.

J. W. Littlejohn

CLANTON, ALA.

Co-operation Means A Better Community

THE MAIL ORDER HOUSES ARE BIDDING FOR YOUR DOLLAR, BUT WHEN YOU SPEND IT WITH THEM IT IS GONE FROM HERE, FOR GOOD AND FOR ALL, AND THE COMMUNITY DOES NOT GET ONE PENNY OUT OF THAT DOLLAR FOR IMPROVEMENT AND UPBUILDING. WHILE, IF YOU SPEND IT WITH THE HOME MERCHANTS, WHOSE NAMES APPEAR BELOW, THE MONEY IS KEPT AT HOME, AND THE CONSTANT CIRCULATION OF IT HERE WILL BENEFIT POSSIBLY A GREAT NUMBER, THROUGH WHOSE HANDS IT WILL PASS. WE SHOULD KEEP OUR DOLLARS AT HOME. SPEND YOUR MONEY WITH THE HOME MERCHANTS AND NOT WITH THE MAIL ORDER HOUSES. .:. .:. .:. .:. .:.

Buster Brown Hosiery

I have a full line for Fall and Winter

W. A. KEMP

IF YOU WANT THE BEST COFFEE IN TOWN, GET

"Littlejohn's Pride"

ALWAYS FRESH

J. W. Littlejohn

Exchange Hotel

Modern, Sanitary, Clean & Equipped

Mr. Merchant:

Do you believe in Co-operation? If so, you can help out by putting your name in this space. Show your grit!

Buying.

I will buy your Syrup, Corn, Cattle and Hogs. And I pay you the best Market Prices.

L.H. REYNOLDS
CLANTON, ALA.

Stoves and Ranges

The best in the world are for sale by

Downs Hdwe. Co.

IDEAL THEATRE
FRIDAY
FANNIE WARD
in
"WITCHCRAFT"
VICTOR MOORE
in
"ROUGH & READY REGGIE"
And a Pictograph.
"Beach Sports in Southern California," "Helping the Deaf to Hear," and Otto Luck's "Flivered Romance."

Success throngh Co-operation Comes from Persistent Effort.

One good Business Man has quit this space because he says his ad here is not bringing him any money. Now do you see the way he is looking at this business? His view is wrong. The idea is this:

These Business men did not contract with us to run this half-page space with the idea of standing by and seeing the dollars fall into their cash drawers fro mit. They did it because they were willing to Co-operate with this paper fo ra year in a campaign of boosting for the home town. They did not agree to even pay this paper for the ad. They agreed to pay the price they did to help us in the expense which we must go to in carrying our messages of boosting to the outside world, and on the side we just throw in the space which their ads occupy.

Now if you men do not want to co-operate in this campaign it is not hurting us. But you are just in effect saying that you are not willing to help boost your home town and community.

NEW WILSON HOTEL
Everything New and Modern
Rates Reasonable

Ford Cars and Parts; Oil, Gasoline and Accessories.

Get your order in for new crs now nd not have to wait.

L. J. Duncan Motor Co.

AT THE IDEAL THEATRE
TUESDAY, OCTOBER 23.
OWEN MOORE and MARGUERITE COURTOT, in
"THE KISS"
A Comedy-Drama of unusual merit, with a Burton Holmes Travel Picture.

BEST QUALITY OF
OLD HICKORY
AND
STETSON HATS

Clanton Mercantile Company.

Complete line of Shoes, Clothing, Pawn Brokers articles cheap.

Wiley Littlejohn

GO TO
UPCHURCH'S
FOR
Clocks and Watches

Give us your order this week and learn how our Groceries make a better table at your house, and at a Smaller Cost.

L. C. REYNOLDS

MT. PLEASANT

Please allow me space to say a few words.

Health of this community is fairly good at present.

School is progressing nicely under the instructions of Prof. Dye and Miss Graves, they have an enrollment of 45 the first week.

There will be preaching at this place next Saturday night, Oct. 20, by Rev. Gant Riggins. Everybody is invited to attend.

WANTED—A Competent Man to run my Cotton Gin. State age, experience and wages wanted, in first letter. Allen P. Howison, Randolph, Ala.

GOATS WANTED.—One buck and several nannies—just plain goats. Address C. L. Forsmann, Thorsby.

A child can't get strong and robust while intestinal worms eat away its vitality. To give the child a chance to grow these parasites must be destroyed and expelled. WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE is guaranteed to remove the worms; it also puts the vital organs in healthy, vigorous condition. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Company.

NOTICE

I have been instructed by the Commissioners Court to amend the Road Laws of Chilton county, so as t omake it a violation of the law for persons to change water from its natural course into the Public Roads of the county. Said law to take effect January 1st, 1918.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

All you who have torpid liver, weak digestion or constipated bowels look out for chills. The season is here and the air is full of disease germs. The best thing to do is to get your liver in good condition and purify the stomach and bowels. HERBINE is the right remedy, it answers the purpose completely. Price 50c. Sold by Ppchurch Drug Company.

HEY! CROOSTIE MEN

I am paying 54 cents for first class Pine, White Oak and Post Oak Ties, and 35 cents for second class.

J. E. LITTLEJOHN
CLANTON, ALA.

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR

U. S. Land office, at Montgomery, Ala., July 30, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that Louis T. Dennis, whose port office address is R. D. No. 2, Mt. Creek, Ala., did on the 29th day of January, 1917, file in this office sworn statement and application No. 010113, to purchase the N½ of the SW¼, Section 12, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St. Stephens Meridian, and the timber thereon, under provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as the land and timber thereon have been appraised two hundred and seventy-seven and 58-100 dollars, the timber estimated at 98,563.00 board feet at $2.00 per M., and the land $80.46; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 19th day of November, 1917, before Register or Receiver, U. S. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, initiate a contest at any time before patent might be fixed by appraisement, and that persuant to such application, issues, by filing a coroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.

H. J. Groom of Maplesville was a visitor to Clanton on Tuesday.

NOTICE OF PETITION TO SELL LANDS TO DIVIDE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

Probate Court, Oct. 4, 1917.

In the matter of the estate of J. M. G. Burke, Deceased.

To the Sheriff of said County:

Whereas Mary A. Burke and A. L. Burke, joint owners of the estate of J. M. G. Burke, deceased, has fuled their petition in said court for a sale of the lands described therein, belonging to said estate, for division, upon the ground that the same cannot be equitably divided among the heirs, and the 3rd day of November 1917, has been appointed for the hearing of said petition.

You are therefore, hereby commanded to cite Genie Walker, whose address is Artesia, Miss., care of Robt. Cox, to appear before said Court on said day to contest said petition if she think proper.

Witness my hand this 4th day of Oct. 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

SYRUP MILL FOR SALE

I have a good two-horse Chattanooga syrup mill and pan for sale at a bargain. For further particulars call or write. A. L. GOLDEN, Clanton, Ala.

Tickling in the throat, hoarseness, loss of voice, indicate the need of BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP. It eases the lungs, quiets the cough and restores health in the bronchial tubes. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

MACHINERY REPAIRED

All kind of broken machinery repaired and made as good as new. We rebore automobile cylinders and make a new engine out of an old one. All work guaranteed. We Mend Everything but broken bones.

SOUTHERN WELDING CO.,
Monagomery, Ala.

HANDS, ARMS, LIMBS ASLEEP

And Was Run-Down, Weak and Nervous, Says Florida Lady. Five Bottles of Cardui Made Her Well.

Kathleen, Fla.—Mrs. Dallas Prine, of this place, says: "After the birth of my last child...I got very much run-down and weakened, so much that I could hardly do anything at all. I was so awfully nervous that I could scarcely endure the least noise. My condition was getting worse all the time...

I knew I must have some relief or I would soon be in the bed and in a serious condition for I felt so badly and was so nervous and weak I could hardly live. My husband asked Dr. ———about my taking Cardui. He said, 'It's a good medicine, and good for that trouble', so he got me 5 bottles...After about the second bottle I felt greatly improved...before taking it my limbs and hands and arms would go to sleep. After taking it, however, this poor circulation disappeared. My strength came back to me and I was soon on the road to health. After the use of about 5 bottles, I could do all my house-work and attend to my six children besides."

You can feel safe in giving Cardui a thorough trial for your troubles. It contains no harmful or habit-forming drugs, but is composed of mild, vegetable, medicinal ingredients with no bad after-effects. Thousands of women have voluntarily written, telling of the good Cardui has done them. It should help you, too. Try it. E 74

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

State of Alabama, Chilton County. Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of L. J. Duncan, deceased.

Letters on the administration of the estate of L. J. Duncan, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 2nd day of October, 1917, by the Hon. L. H. Reynolds, Judge of Probate of said county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

ELIZABETH C. DUNCAN,
10-4-3t Administratrix.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

Circuit Court, in Equity. Oct. 10, 1917.

Mary Townsend Complainants vs. Lucian L. Townsend Defendants.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit on file of A. C. Smith, Solicitor for complainant that the Defendant, Lucian L. Townsend is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and resides in a place unknown to affiant and further that in the belief of said affiant, the Defendant Lucian L. Townsend is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Union-Banner a newspaper published in Clanton, Ala., once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said Lucian L. Townsend to answer, plead or demur to the Bill of Complaint in the above cause, on or before the 10th day of November 1917, and failing so to do within thirty days after service of this summons, a Decree Pro Confesso may be taken against him in said cause.

Witness my hand, this 10th day of October 1917.

H. M. SIMPSON,
Register.

NOTICE

All Road Apportioners and Overseers in Chilton County:

All apportioners and overseers are hereby notified by order of the Commissioners Court of Chilton county to make no more bills against the county this year, unless they first get permission from the Commissioners or the Judge of Probate, before they make said bills.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

When the chest feels on fire and the throat burns, you have indigestion, and you need HERBINE to get rid of the disagreeable feeling. It drives out badly digested food, and strengthens the stomach and purifies the bowels. Price 50c. Cold by Upchurch Drug Company.

FISH—FISH

We will be ready September 1st to fill all orders from fifty pounds up. Write us for prices. All orders lfiled at once. Will treat you right and save you all the money we can. A. M. ROLLINS & SON, Miflin, Ala.



How many pounds to a ton—2000 or 1500?

HOW many pounds of real roughage are you getting to a ton? If you are buying old style hulls you are getting about 1500 pounds because they are about one-fourth lint which has no food value.

If you are buying

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE
COTTONSEED
HULLS
LINTLESS

you are getting 2000 full pounds because they are free from lint and are practically 100 percent roughage. Try them and see how much farther they go.

Other Advantages

- Cost much less per ton than old style hulls.
- Allow better assimilation of other food.
- No trash or dust.
- Sacked—easy to handle.
- They mix well with other forage.

Mr. W. C. Owens, Charlotte, N. C.,

feeds thirty cows. He considers Buckeye Hulls the cheapest feed and gets the best results.

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K *The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.* *Dept. K*

Atlanta Augusta Birmingham Charlotte Greenwood Jackson Little Rock Macon Memphis Selma

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., OCTOBER 25, 1917. NUMBER 30.

Judge of Probate, 1Jan16

REGISTERED MEN HAVE NEW CLASSIFICATION

Separation into Five Groups of Those Registered for Service Planned.

NEW SYSTEM IS BASED ON BOARD ENDORSEMENT

Crowder Works out Plan to Establish Economic Positiaon of All Citizens.

Washington, October 20.—Nine million men, still subject to army draft will be divided into five classes, and called according to class.

Provost Marshal General Crowder announced this today, pointing out that economic considerations will govern the new system of selection, and that those least available, either for industrial or dependency reasons, will be the last called.

The new system, based on recommendation of draft boards the country over, will simplify their tasks and make the drawing hereafter even more equitable than in the past. The system is designed to get the best military material first and to allow the man himself to establish his own economic position. Each man will be allowed seven days to answer as to his industrial status and the dependency of any relatives.

The exact time of sending out these questionaire, or just what questions it will include, still are under discussion.

General Classification.

The classes in general will be divided about thus:

Class One—Bachelors without dependents; men with self-supporting wives; and others with no claims of dependency.

Class Two—Highly skilled farm laborers; men with wives who could work; and others of only slight dependency.

Class Three—Men with aged mothers; highly skilled operators in war industries.

Class Four—Men with large families dependent upon them—say with a wife and three or four children.

Class Five—Legless men, paralytics and others of the military unfit.

Class one would be called first; Class two next, if needed ,and so on.

In each class the men would be subject to call in the turn which the original drawing gave them. Appeals from the classification can be taken.

Only twenty forms will be needed in handling the clerical work under the new system as against 182 under the old.

"Number 1000" will be the form number for the questionaire. Crowder's announcement says:

General Crowder's Statement.

"Along with the reduction of labor, there will be provided a system which will classify each one of the nine millions of men who have not yet been inducted into military service, and each man will have been given his place in the national army of defense.

"To this it has been determined to obtain from each man complete information of a character which will definitely fix his economic worth as compared with his fellow registrants, and from the information thus obtained, to place him in one of five classes, each to be called in turn as the need arises.

"The method of obtaining this information is through a 'questionaire,' a series of questions calculated to produce the information required. This document will be mailed to every registrant not yet in service on a date to be fixed, seven days being given to each registrant to complete and return the same. Every opportunity will be offered to each man to complete his questionaire fully and without error.

"The local boards will then examine each questionaire and assign each registrant to one of five classes.

"These classes will be based upon every conceivable condition, from the family or occupational standpoint that should be properly advanced by a man desiring to be excused from military service Class 1 will be the first called for physical examination and service and when it is exhausted, if the nation's needs are such as to make it necessary, class 2 will follow and thus each man registered will ultimately take his place if needed.

"Every opportunity for appeal from each classification by the local board has been retained and perfected, but proceedings have been greatly simplified.

The tedious work of the local boards has been practically eliminated by the production of a form to be known as number one thousand, which will be the foundation stone of the system. Through its use all laborious work of making and posting lists has been eliminated. All of the old docket sheets and records will be made unnecessary and by arrangements of its columns work of the local boards will be reduced to a minimum.

"On this new form, the complete history of each man's case will appear at a glance, beginning with his order number and ending with his induction into a military camp. while at the close of each day's work the local board is enabled to complete in a few minutes with a rubber stamp what has hitherto taken hours to complete. The system is such that it will present each case almost automatically to the local board.

"The completion of the new system will solve problems which have confronted the Provost Marshal General and caused him much concern.

"One of the most serious of these has been keeping together the great organization of the local and district boards which from a numerical viewpoint, is of the strength of the national army division. Many of these division shave been clamoring for relief on account of the drain on their time, and the new system will make it easily possible for them to continue their duties for which they have proven themselves eminently fitted. Another problem solved was the question of expediency of continuing the examination of the entire registry, thus fixing each man's status. This would have involved a medical examination of each man, whose physical condition might change from day to day, thus making this great undertaking valuless.

"Again under the old system of exemption and discharge, it would have been necessary if the national boards had required, for the local boards to send for the exempted men to return for physical re-examinaiton while in the meantime his industrial or family status might have changed, thus envolving endless appeals and confusion.

"The new system fixes a man's class and calls him in his proper turn when he is needed. He will be examined physically only when needed. Thus the labors of the medical officers will be called for only when required. If the nation needs a half million men they will respond each in his turn fixed by his class.

"The man who can least be spared either as the head of a family or the head of a business necessary to the defense of the nation will be the last to go.

"The new plan is being made ready for the printer and will be submitted to the local and district boards in ample time to enable them to familiarize them with it and thus approach their next draft with a thorough knowledge of its requirements."

NOTICE TO APPORTIONERS AND OVERSEERS AND THE PUBLIC

We want all the apportioners and overseers in the county to meet the Commissioners Court Tuesday, the 6th day of November, 1917, at 10:00 o'clock, a.m.

The Commissioners want to hear reports from all the public roads in the county, and they want to confer about the future working of the roads.

We will be glad for as many as feel interested in the roads to meet with us. We ask all mail carriers to meet us if they can, and if they cannot come we would be glad to have any suggestions from them concerning the needs of their routes, and if there are any places that get so bad in the winter they cannot travel them, specify them. Now is the time to work places that get bad in the winter, for after they get wet it is hard to fix hem.

We hope all the people will keep in minds the public roads and remember that if we ever have good roads we must build them. We will never see any more bonds or debts for roads.

If every team in the county were to help on the roads two days each year and every man that is able to work give two days, it would give us good roads all over the county, and no one would miss the time.

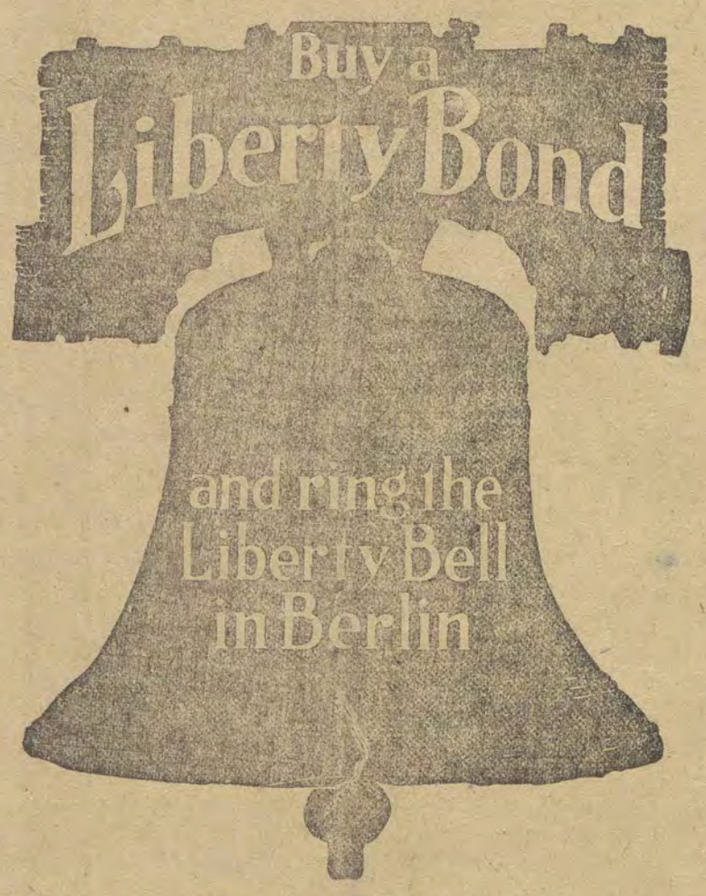
If anyne knows of an overseer who is not spending the money he has for roads as he should we would be glad to hear any complaints at this meeting or at any other time.

Respectfully,
L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate,
W. T. HERROD,
A. P. VINSON,
S. E. WALDRUP,
R. J. WILLIAMS,
Commissioners.

DON'T FORGET US

While you are in Clanton next week at the Fair, don't forget that it is a mighty good time for you to come around and subscribe for the Union-Banner; or if you are already a subscriber, renew your subscription before it is out and your paper stops. You know we stop sending papers now on the very day the subscription expires. So you must be on the dot or else you will miss a copy.

But then, if you don't want to pay your subscription, we would be glad to have you call to see us. You are always welcome to our office. You may find us up to our eyes in printers ink and too busy to talk much, but we will find time to welcome you and extend a hand shake. Come to see us, friends.



AMERICAN FARMER PATRIOTIC— PROVIDES SUPPLIES AND MONEY

Few will question the patriotism of the American farmer.

If there is any man in whom the love of home, the love of liberty, and the love of independence is thoroughly grounded, it is the American farmer.

Naturally, therefore, he is the one man more than any other, who will stand firmly behind his Government in making the world safe for Democracy.

The farmer is doing, and will continue to do, all in his power in the matter of the production of foods to support our people at home, our boys in the trenches and our allies.

But it is as necessary to finance liberty as it is to fight for it, or to feed those who fight.

Because all of this is true and because he can afford it on account of the prices he is receiving for his products, the farmer should be one of the most eager purchasers of Liberty Bonds.

He should be willing and glad to share a part of his profits in support of his government in the prosecution of the war.

It should not be necessary to convince any man of the need of the Government for his aid.

Charity is not asked for, but help; and help of a kind that knows no selfishness.

If money is loaned to the Government at a fair rate of interest and repaid at the specified time full value has been returned.

The man lending the money always has something on which he can realize full value at any time he may need money.

The man who cannot on account of age, infirmities, dependents, or any other reason enter active service can send his dollars to fight for him, realizing every day that he has done his best and that full credit will be given him.

Small Investors Buy Liberty Bonds

Of the first Liberty Loan of $3,000,000,000 sixty-five per cent of the subscriptions were for amounts of $10,000 and less. The same ratio is expected to prevail for the second.

NOTICE

The following persons have Pension warrants in the office of the Judge of Probate: Mrs. T. J. Martin, Sarah A. Eiland, Frank M. Thacker, Malone A. Rasberry, and H.C. Young. These parties will please call or send for these warrants at once, as all undelivered warrants will be returned to the State Auditor on the first day of November, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

NOTICE

Automobile and all business license were due on the first of October, and becomes delinquent on the first day of November, 1917. All persons who wish to save additional fees must take out these license by the first of November, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

Just say a good word for Clanton

FAIR OFFERINGS

Cut Prices on Everything in the Line of General Dry Goods.

I Sell Everything that is commonly found in a Dry Goods Store, from Pins and Buttons on up. Come here and you will find the best Bargains in town in Shies, Hats, Caps, Ladies Dress Goods, and Notions, Ladies Ready-Made Suits and Coats.. All kinds of Cloth, and all selling at the Lowest Prices that can be found anywhere in town.

I WANT TO CALL ESPECIAL ATTENTION TO MY BIG LINE OF MEN'S AND BOYS' SUITS, CLOTHING AND OVERCOATS. I CAN FIX YOU UP AT A BARGAIN

H. Kanjutzky

CLANTON, ALABAMA

CHILTON COUNTY FARM LOAN APPLICATION IS APPROVED

Mr. B. Guy Smith, Attorney and Secretary & Treasurer of the Chilton County National Farm Loan Association, has been advised by the Federal Loan Bank of New Orleans that applications to that bank for loans through the local association have been approved to the extent of twenty-one thousand dollars.

The local Association was handicapped and delayed in its infancy by the original papers not being properly fixed up, necessitating their reutrn for proper execution. This occasioned several months delay, but Mr. Smith was eventually able to get all in proper shape.

These loans are made to the farmers by the government at 5 per cent interest and long time payments. The letter which Mr. Smith has received means that there has already been approved $21,000 worth of applications and the local association has about 25 new applications to send off.

MAGNOLIA ENCAMPMENT CHANGES MEETING NIGHTS

Notice is given that a change has been made in the time of meeting of the lodge of Magnolia Encampment No. 75, at Clanton. Heretofore the Encampment has been meeting the first Wednesday night in each month. Henceforth, under the new order made by the Lodge the meeting time will be the first Thursday nights in each month. All members are urged to take due notice and govern themselves accordingly.

LOOKING FOR PLUNDER

The annual budget of the City of New York for 1918 lacks only about five thousand of being $240,000,000. This is a sum to excite the cupidity of Tammany, or of other political organizations. It is a great stake in a great game; and it is small wonder that New York in these days is displaying more interest in politics than in the Liberty Loan.

GIRLS CLUB WORK

This appeal is made to you not only as club members but as patriotic American citizens, as mothers and wives, as sisters and friends of the boys that are "somewhere in France" and the loved ones of your home land.

From October 28th to November 3rd has been set aside as food conservation week. Cards will be sent to your homes from the schools. We urge you to sign these cards and to put into practice the suggestions on them. To win the great war in which almost the whole world is engaged, we must feed them, and to do this we must use our food most judiciously at home.

There are hundreds of ways in which we can do this. Below are a few worthy suggestions from Food Administrator Hoover:

The wise and careful use of wheat, meat, butter-fat, milk;

The use of other fats for butter in cooking;

The use of other cereals for part of the wheat in bread;

The use of other meats such as fish and game or the use of eggs and cheese, to reduce the demand for beef, pork and mutton, should be advocated;

The larger use of fruits and vegetbles should be featured;

The proper nourishment of every member of your family is your first duty;

The substitution of the foods that are plentiful for the foods that are scarce, or especially needed for export, does not imply any cutting down in the ration of nourishing foods;

Waste in cooking and serving must be eliminated;

Perishable foods, locally grown, must be consumed more freely;

The "Gospel of the Clean Plate" must be preached.

The canning club members have been given many demonstrations in making cottage cheese and peanut butter, both good meat substitutes. There are a number of bulletins available at the department of agriculture with recipes for using these substitutes, and almost any information wanted can be obtained there, in regard to food value of the various products. Hundreds of bulletins have been distributed over the county, so I appeal to you to read them, sign a card and practice the economical use of food in your homes.

The poultry club members are urged to pay more attention to their poultry than ever before. You have this year raised almost a perfectly balanced egg ration for your hens—corn, soy beans, velvet beans, peas, wheat, peanuts and sun flower seed. Protect your flocks from the weather and you can expect large returns in eggs, which will go far in feeding the home.

I feel sure that every club member in the county will sign one of these cards and play their part in helping win the war.

LIDA JONES, Agent.

URGE CONSERVATION OF OUR FOOD PRODUCTS

TO THE PUBLIC IN CHILTON COUNTY:

We all know that our country is engaged in the most stupendous war the world has ever seen. This war is on and whether we want it or not is no longer a question. Many of our boys are now in Europe almost ready to go on the firing line, and they must be fed; and we are the ones to feed them, for our allies are not on their farms, but most of the men are at the front fighting, so the responsibility rests upon us to feed the world.

The government wants to get in touch with every family in the United States and we hope to reach every housewife by getting her to sign a pledge to help conserve the food supply of the country. Those who sign these cards will be in touch with the Department of Food Conservation at Washington and will thereby get much information that they would not otherwise get. No contribution of any kind will be asked. All information will be sent free, and we have all to gain and nothing to lose.

We want all the schools in the cunty to have appropriate exercises on Friday, October 26th and fully explain to the children and parents the necessity of signing the pledge cards, and we want all of the preachers in the county to lecture on the subject of food conservation on Sunday, Octber 28th.

We feel sure that all realize the necessity of taking care of our food and especially at this time, though it is a good lesson to learn at any time. Remember that it is possible and not improbable for this country to have the greatest food panic we have ever seen, and it is now our duty to take every opportunity to help conserve the food we have. We would be much better off to have food on hand that we did not need than to need food and not have it.

Remember that we should plant all of the winter crops we can and try to keep something growing in our gardens for table use and plant as many of the various small grains as possible.

Let us ask you this question: Suppose that the lumber business were to become dull and the steel plants stop. Who would feed the people who are laboring at this business and receiving their entire support from same?

I hope that everyone will do his duty and that every housewife will sign one of these cards and get in touch with the government. Everyone who signs should write their names plainly and give their rural route address so that the government can reach them often.

I have selected Mr. J. C. Jones, Dr. A. M. Gowan, J. Wiley Littlejohn and Prof. W. T. Bean as an executive committee to help in this work, and we trust that every teacher in the county will give us their hearty co-operation in this great movement.

The work is to begin on Monday, October 29th and continue for one week. All literature will be sent the teachers in due time for the registration.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Chm. Food Con. Com. Chilton Co.

IRA BILLINGSLEY WRITES FROM CAMP WHEELER, GA.

Editor Union-Banner:

I suppose you know of our move to Camp Wheeler. We came over Monday, and all the boys I have seen seem to be liking here just fine, tho they are not as well fixed up here as they were at Camp Gordon. I can't see much difference in it for it is all war. I am liking fine. Could not be doing any better anywhere than I am here. I am sure it will do us all good to havet his training.

I trust everything in Clanton is doing fine and that we will all be back again soon with you people.

I remain,

Your friend,
IRA BILLINGSLEY.

AN EVIDENCE OF WEAKNESS

The most vigorous stand which the German troops made before they were dislodged from the village of Poelcapelle during Haig's latest drive was from a position in a brewery. With machine guns they made a desperate defense, but they were compelled to withdraw. This more than any rumors of revolt in the army or navy, impresses us with the truth of the reported slackening in German morale. When a bunch of Germans can be driven out of a brewery they must be, indeed, in sore straights.

NO COALITION HERE

Canada has a coalition Cabinet. England has a coalition Cabinet. France has a coalition Cabinet. Russia has a coalition Cabinet. The United States has a Democratic Cabinet.

NEGROES WILL JOIN IN FOOD CONSERVATION

ERNEST ATTWELL APPOINTED COLORED FOOD ADMINISTRATOR

Tuskegee, Ala., October 23.—Mr. Richard M. Hobbie, the Food Administrator for Alabama has recently announced the appointment of Ernest T. Attwell of Tuskegee Institute, Ala. as State Director for work among the colored people. His first public activity in this connection is being felt in the Conservation Pledge Campaign which is to be intensified during the week commencing October 28th in an effort to secure signed pledge cards on the part of the heads of families throughout the state. There are perhaps over 200,000 negro families in the state of Alabama, and therefore, the work of engaging the interest and attention of the people to this important matter is one of the big jobs of the war. It is a work in which every individual family should give hearty cooperation and if these pledge cards do not reach persons during the week mentioned an effort should be made to get in touch with the County Chairman or Director Attwell so that no single family will be overlooked. The greatest opportunity since the war began is being given in this campaign for the colored people to make a fitting exhibition of their patriotism and loyalty in the part the nation is playing in conquering Germany and protecting the countries who are fighting for a world-wide democracy and universal liberty. Mr. Attwell's long connection with the Tuskegee Institute and his service thruout the state for movements for general welfare gives him a particular fitness to do this work which requires organizing his people in harmonious relationship to the activities of the people in the state under the plans of the Food Administration.

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week ending October 20th, 1917.

Names—WOMEN

Mrs. Mollie Dunkin,
Miss Nellie Drake,
Miss Sallie Williams,
Mrs. Ider Womac,
Miss Roberta Wright,
Miss Versie Littleton,
Miss Alice Coleman,
Miss Mable Jones,
Mrs. Sallie B. Abercrombie.

Names—MEN

J. H. Crosby,
Lee Jones,
F. A. Dupree,
Robert Clark,
W. W. Prestage,
W. W. Weathers,
R. S. Williams,
John Henderson,
J. H. Hilyer,
Maxie Boswell.

These Letters will be sent to the Dead Letter Offoce Nov. 3, 1917, if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "Advertised," giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON, P. M.

Tickling in the throat, hoarseness, loss of voice, indicate the need of BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP. It eases the lungs, quiets the cough and restores health in the bronchial tubes. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR

U. S. Land office, at Montgomery, Ala., July 30, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that Louis T. Dennis, whose port office address is R. D. No. 2, Mt. Creek, Ala., did on the 29th day of January, 1917, file in this office sworn statement and application No. 010113, to purchase the N½ of the SW¼, Section 12, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St. Stephens Meridian, and the timber thereon, under provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that persuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised two hundred and seventy-seven and 58-100 dollars, the timber estimated at 98,563.00 board feet at $2.00 per M., and the land $80.46; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 19th day of November, 1917, before Register or Receiver, U. S. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a coroborated affidavit in this office; alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

Circuit Court, in Equity. Oct. 10, 1917.

Mary Townsend Complainants vs. Lucian L. Townsend Defendants.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit on file of A. C. Smith, Solicitor for complainant that the Defendant, Lucian L. Townsend is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and resides in a place unknown to affiant and further that in the belief of said affiant, the Defendant Lucian L. Townsend is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Union-Banner a newspaper published in Clanton, Ala., once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said Lucian L. Townsend to answer, plead or demur to the Bill of Complaint in the above cause, on or before the 10th day of November 1917, and failing so to do within thirty days after service of this summons, a Decree Pro Confesso may be taken against him in said cause.

Witness my hand, this 10th day of October 1917.

H. M. SIMPSON,
Register.

FOR SALE or Exchange—193 acres good level land; well timbered, about 50 acres virgin growth, in Butler County. Will trade for property in or near Clanton. Write Mrs. Carrie Moss, Calera, Ala.

WANTED TO BUY—One or two good mules. E.H. Foshee, Clanton R 5

HEY! CROOSTIE MEN

I am paying 54 cents for first class Pine, White Oak and Post Oak Ties, and 35 cents for second class.

J. E. LITTLEJOHN
CLANTON, ALA.

PROGRAM OF FAIR INCLUDES VARIETY OF BIG FEATURES

New Orleans To Have Events of Interest to Every State in the South.

One of the greatest tributes to the position attained by the National Farm and Live Stock Show, New Orleans, at a single bound and in less than a single year, was the granting of unusually low rates by all the railroads. It was recognition of the benefit of the enterprise to the farming and all other industries of the south, and of the wisdom of giving all the people of the south a chance to reach it and profit by it.

The war has placed an immense strain upon transportation facilities, and it is anticipated that there will be a shortage of cars and locomotives. For that reason the roads all over the country have largely reduced their concessions to the fairs. In some of the northern states there were no special rates put on, so that the attendance was seriously interfered with. The rates allowed the National are much better than last year, from the very cheap two days excursion privilege to the practically one-way fare for the round trip and "stay as long as you like."

The opportunity of taking in the big event with all its education and its chances to buy, sell and get acquainted, is too strong to resist. The farmer's and the farm wife's and the farm youths' difficulty is going to be to decide as to the days on which to come, for each day has its own attraction and its own appeal. The best plan is to go for the entire fair. The ten days will be equivalent to a college course and a trip to half a dozen states and markets. If that is impossible, then the proper course is to get together and organize parties to enjoy some of the bright spots that tempt most. To facilitate such a survey the list of days is appended, although the mere titles do not begin to furnish all the details, nor is the list entirely complete even so short a time before the show. However, here it is:

Saturday, Nov. 10—Inaugural Day parade, Louisiana Travelers' Day, School and Children's Day.

Sunday—New Orleans Day, Fraternal Day, Floral Night parade.

Monday—America and Allies' Day, Liberty Loan Day, Retail Merchants' Day.

Tuesday — Wholesale Merchants' and Manufacturers' Day, University and College Day, Land Day.

Wednesday—International live stock convention, John M. Parker, chairman; Louisiana and Mississippi Day.

Thursday—Farmers' and Planters' Day, Federal Land Bank Day, Agricultural Products Night parade, auction sale of Hereford and Holstein cattle, Duroc-Jersey swine and horses.

Friday—Pan-American Day, night horse show, auction sale of Angus and Jersey cattle, Poland China and Berkshire swine.

Saturday—Food Conservation Day, Boys' and Girls' Club Day, night horse show, Football Day, auction sale of Shorthorn and Red Poll cattle, Chester White and Hampshire swine, and various breeds of sheep.

Sunday—Concessionaires' Carnival Day, Trades and Labor Day, Press Day.

Monday—Negro Day.

The department of ethics and fair extension propaganda, under the direction of Mrs. M. R. Graham Bankston, has an individual and distinctive programme of days, each with a separate chairman and noted speakers. Patriotism, woman's progress, art, social service, ethnology, modern philosophy, economics, philanthropy and good times are the wide range of subjects that will appeal to thoughtful citizenship during nine days of public discussion and instruction.

The list of special days reveals the fact that the nights will be as attractive as the days. Friday and Saturday will be the night horse shows, among the most brilliant society functions given in New Orleans in years. There will be other features for various evenings, and the grounds will be as bright as day through the use of electric flood lighting, which is to receive its first test on such a big scale in this section.

A. B. Graves, superintendent of the agricultural department, originated and is organizing a series of night parades. The flower show will break out of bounds one night and stage marching gardens aglow with light and beauty. There will be a similar night when agriculture will be afoot. Towards the end of the show the concessionaires and the white city dwellers will combine in a carnival. The live stock buyers' convention and sale will run through almost a week, and it will be international in scope, for half a dozen nations as well as a dozen states will be represented.

National Farm and Live Stock Show, to be held in New Orleans, Nov. 10-19, is the best place for the man who wants to buy good cattle or hogs to meet the man who has them to sell. Auction sales of pure-bred live stock will attract thousands to New Orleans during the big fair.

FAIR VISITORS WELCOME

We know you will Buy Something while in town at the Fair.

AT OUR STORE YOU WILL FIND THE BIGGEST STOCK OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE OF ALL KINDS EVER ASSEMBLED UNDER ONE ROOF IN CHILTON COUNTY COUNTY, AND WE HAVE GOT WHAT YOU WANT. IT IS NEEDLESS TO SAY THAT WE SELL OUR GOODS AT THE RIGHT PRICES.

The Best thing for you is to just Come See what we've got.

We will not take the time and space to outline the many bargains which we offer. We just desire to urge you to come and see our line, and then we know you will buy if you need any of the things which we have. Be sure to come around and see us while you are at the County Fair.

We call your attention to a few of our special lines which are as follows:

Men's and Boy's Clothing and Overcoats; the old reliable Star Brand Shoes, to fit every member of the family; Household Furnishings of all kinds, from the Kitchen Range or down to the smallest article.

Don't overlook our Special Ladies Department of the latest styles of Dress Goods and Wearing Apparel. Gent's Furnishings of all kinds—Shirts, Hosiery, Collars, Ties.

Clanton Mercantile Co.

The big Bargain Store.

38,000,000 BEAR ARMS; 27,000,000 FOR ALLIES

Central Powers Using 10,600,000, According to Latest War Department Compilation.

Washington, October 22.—At least 38,000,000 men are bearing arms in the war—27,500,000 on the side of the Allied Powers, according to the latest war department compilation from the published reports in various countries. These figures do not include naval personnel strength which would raise the total several millions.

Against Germany's 7,000,000, Austria's 3,000,000, Turkey's 300,000, and Bulgaria's 300,000, are arrayed the following armed forces: Russia 9,000,000, France 6,000,000, Great Britain 5,000,000, Italy 3,000,000. Japan 1,400,000, United States more than 1,000,000, China 541,000, Rumania 320,000, Serbia 300,000, Belgium 300,000, Greece 300,00, Portugal 200,000, Montenegro 40,000, Siam 36,000, Cuba 11,000, and Liberia 400. San Marina and Panama also have small forces under arms.

Military experts do not regard these figures as exactly correct, but believe they represent in round numbers the comparative strength of the contending armies as published recently. The War Department has many confidential reports on the forces of the allies and considerable data concerning enemy armies, but this information is not made public for military reasons.

Germany and Austria have made every effort to conceal the precise numbers in their armies, but careful estimates of the Allied Military Intelligence Departments have placed the total at about 10,000,000 with Germany's force more than double Austria's.

WANTED TO RENT—One-horse farm on halves. R.W. FOSHEE, Thorsby, Ala, R. 1.

Subscribe for The Union-Banner.

All you who have torpid liver, weak digestion or constipated bowels look out for chills. The season is here and the air is full of disease germs. The best thing to do is to get your liver in good condition and purify the stomach and bowels. HERBINE is the right remedy, it answers the purpose completely. Price 50c. Sold by Ppchurch Drug Company.

WANTED—A Competent Man to run my Cotton Gin. State age, experience and wages wanted, in first letter. Allen P. Howison, Randolph, Ala.

SYRUP MILL FOR SALE

I have a good two-horse Chattanooga syrup mill and pan for sale at a bargain. For further particulars call or write. A. L. GOLDEN, Clanton, Ala.

WELCOME!

While visiting the Fair make our store Your Store.

You are always welcome here. We will take care of your packages and furnish you free telephone.

Our store is one of the largest Drug Stores in Alabama, and we can take care of all your drug wants. Let us serve you.

Alred Drug Co.

"The Home of Quality."

P. S.—By helping your country you help yourself. Buy Liberty Bonds, the safest investment possible.

Used successfully a whole year all over the South



BUCKEYE Lintless Hulls have been fed by farmers, dairymen and stockmen throughout the South for the past year. Reports from these feeders indicate that these lintless hulls when properly fed, are a great improvement over the old style hulls.

By actual use, these feeders have found the following advantages of using

TRADE MARK BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS LINTLESS

Every pound of the Buckeye Hulls contains much more food value because the lint on the old style hulls has no food value.

The price per pound of real roughage in the form of Buckeye Hulls is very much less than in the form of the old style hulls. Buckeye Hulls do not clog or flux the digestive tract. Other foods mixed with them are readily assimilated.

They are free of trash and dust.
They are sacked and easy to handle.
They take half as much space in the barn.

If you have not tried Buckeye Hulls, please remember that thousands of feeders are using them and will use no other roughage. If you have not given Buckeye Hulls a fair trial, let the experience of these successful feeders guide you in using them as they should be used.

Mr. Olwey Yarber, Booneville, Ark., has fed a carload of Buckeye Hulls to cows and calves to get them ready for the range. He had been feeding hay and he finds that they did much better on Buckeye Hulls as roughage. He has another car of Buckeye Hulls bought.

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K **The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.** *Dept. K*

Atlanta, Augusta, Birmingham, Charlotte, Greenwood, Jackson, Little Rock, Macon, Memphis, Selma



Of Interest to the County Fair Visitors.

I carry a sprcial line of Staple and Fancy Groceries at the lowest prices it is now possible to sell them.

A Full Line of Cigars, Cigarettes, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco—all Fresh and New at Moderate Prices in reach of all. Buy your Sunday Cigars Here.

Fountain and Bottled Drinks of every kind. Tables to serve the ladies. Your trade will be appreciated. Call on me when you are in Clanton.

My place is open every day and Sunday too.

L. C. REYNOLDS

Located in Wright Building Next to Uncle Jim Broadhead's

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL DAY NOVEMBER 4

November 4th is to be observed as International Sunday School Day all over the United States and Canada. We, therefore, call upon all the people of Chilton County to attend Sunday School at the church of their choice, and let us break all former records for attending. Our motto is everybody invited, everybody welcome, everybody come.

J. B. NORTHCUTT, Pres.
DELLA WILLIAMS, Secy.

GOATS WANTED.—One buck and several nannies—just plain goats. Address C. L. Forsmann, Thorsby.

W. H. Shaw of Jemison, Clerk of the Chilton County Baptist Association, was in Clanton Tuesday on business connected with the Association.

CONCERT AT THORSBY INSTITUTE ON MONDAY

The Olsen Sisters, presenting program of folk-songs, dialect stories, humorous readings, piano and vocal solos, will give an entertainment at Bates Hall, Thorsby Institute, Monday night, October 29th, beginning at 7:45. This is the first number of the entertainment course for this year. Season tickets for the course can be secured at Horn's Drug Store or of students of Thorsby Institute. The price of season tickets is $1.50 for adults and $1.00 for students, and $.75 for students under 12 years of age. Single admissions for this concert will be 50, 35 and 25 cents. The program to be presented at this time will be one that will be enjoyed by all, and no one within reach of Thorsby should fail to be present.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Of first meeting, in the District Court of the United States, for the Middle District of Alabama. In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of J. M. Willis, post office, Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

The aforesaid party having been adjudged a bankrupt, under the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to Establish a Uniform System of Bankruptcy throughout the United States" approved July 1st, 1898, meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt is called at the office of the under Referee, in the United States Court House, Montgomery, Alabama, on the 30th day of October next, at 10 o'clock, a.m., to make proof of debts, and for the election of a Trustee, and such other matters as are necessary and required by the Act of Congress aforesaid. M.S. Carmichael, Referee.

Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 17, 1917.

MINOOKA ITEMS

The health of our community is good at present, for which we are very thankful. Everybody seems to be getting along nicely harvesting their crops. Sorghum and velvet beans are plentiful in this section of Chilton County.

A Mr. Ellzey from Birmingham has bought out Mr. Jim Killingsworth and moved to our community. We are all glad to have him as our neighbor. Mr. Killingsworth's family has moved to Louisiana. Mr. John Killingsworth has also sold out. Mr. Walter Blankenship has sold his place too, but will remain in this community this winter.

There are several good farms for sale in this district.

The singing led by Mr. Woods of Calera at Minooka Sunday p.m. was a grand success. The house was full and running over.

The Sunday Schools both at Minooka and Mudtown are taking on new life. We hope, with the help of our teacher and Mr. Ellzey, we will pull this winter more successfully than ever in the past.

We have our same old teacher in the public school this time, Mr. F. B. Williams. He has been teaching a month next Friday. We hope to have an assistant to help him right soon.

Next Friday, October 26 we are all invited to spend the day with our teacher and children, and see what they have learned the first month of the school. There will be dinner on the ground, and everybody interested in school work will be welcome to spend the day with us. Two or three other schools have been invited to come to our school but we have not heard from them at this writing. We would be glad to have the County Superintendent and at least two or three members of the board of education spend the day with us. Everybody come.

AT THE IDEAL THEATRE

Special Morning Matinee Saturday 10:00 o'clock for children between ages of two and eighty to take a trip to Fairyland with Cinderella. 10 and 15 cents. A mounted United States flag to each one attending.

A child can't get strong and robust while intestinal worms eat away its vitality. To give the child a chance to grow these parasites must be destroyed and expelled. WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE is guaranteed to remove the worms; it also puts the vital organs in healthy, vigorous condition. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Company.

NOTICE

Let Mt. Pleasant Thrashing Co. thrash your Peas and Beans.

We have the latest improved 1916 Model Machinery.

Call, Write or Phone

W. M. PIERCE
CLANTON, ALA., R. 4

R. W. SCOTT
THORSBY, ALA.

MORE CLAIMS FOR EXEMPTION PASSED BY BOARD ON MONDAY

On Monday the local exemption board for Chilton County had before them the consideration of eighteen more cases of claims for exemption from military service, being those who had previously been rejected for physical defects on the first examination, but on recall were accepted and entered claims for exemption.

The action of the board resulted in the exemption of the following:

Walter Oden, Stanton
Dawson P. W. Jones, Clanton
Arthur M. Mims, Billingsley
John T. Cooper, Cooper
Joseph Martin Gore, Jemison
Ernest Porter, Clanton
O. R. Robinson, Clanton
Fonzo D. Wilson, Pletcher
Tom Croker, Clanton
Grover C. Latham, Lawley
Leroy Ellison, Clanton
Grover C. Headley, Clanton
Romeo Latham, Maplesville
James M. Roper, Clanton

The following persons had claims for exemption before the local board and were denied, and certified to the district board as accepted for military service by the local board:

Ira Jackson Cox, Stanton
Pat Lacy Lowery, Jemison
Lee Ellison, Clanton
Alfred Marler, Jemison.

The Chilton County Baptist Association men in its annual session at Union Springs Church last week. Among those who attended the session were Judge S. M. Adams, Rev. A. R. Aldridge, Rev. J. F. Gable, Sheriff H. A. Harris, J. D. Martin, W. M. Wyatt and W. J. Miner from Clanton. Reports are to the effect that the Association had a most interesting and profitable session.

Will Keep You Well



When you get a terrific sick headache, become constipated or have any stomach or liver trouble, a dose or two of

Granger Liver Regulator

will put you in good shape. It is a purely vegetable preparation, non-alcoholic and acts pleasantly and effectively.

Concord, N. H., Jan. 17, 1917
I was sick six months last year and the Doctor told me to go to Florida. I got some Granger Liver Regulator in Florida and it did me good. I brought four boxes home with me and now I am feeling a great deal better.
(Signed) R. J. Rowland

Sold by all druggists—25c a box
Granger Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE ANNUAL

CHILTON COUNTY FAIR

1917 October 29 —— to —— November 3 6 DAYS

This Year the Fair will be Made Bigger, Cleaner and More Worth While than Ever Before.

Purpose of the Fair:

The purpose of the Chilton County Fair is, and has ever been, first,to promiot the agricultural interest of Chilton County and to encourage every phase of our local home life and development. To serve this end the Fair Association was organized, and has labored for a number of years with the most zealous efforts.

In connection with the annual assembly of our products and exhibits we attempt to furnish our people a series of clean, wholesome and amusing features in the way of shows. We thereby hope to make business of the institution combine with the pleasure of the occasion in such a way as to stimulate the interest of the people, but always careful not to detract from the first intentions of the Fair.

This year we have done the best we could toward the accomplishing of these purposes, and we will submit our efforts to the public the week of October 29 to Nov. 3. We hope every citizen of the county wil come and aid us in making the Fair a success.

Announcements:

The Fair Association announces the opening of the Chilton County Fair for 1917, at the usual grounds in Clanton, on Monday, October 29. The exhibition will continue through and including November 3, a solid week. Six days of the most interesting features ever presented here.

The gates will be closed Monday, October 29 against alyl persons, except those bringing or making exhibits. The public will be admitted on Tuesday, October 30, at 8 o'clock.

Season tickets will be on sale again this year, and may be purchased from the Secretary, W. T. Bean.

One day will probably be given at the Fair as Educational and School day. Announcement will be made definitely as to this feature later.

The agricultural and home development feature of the Fair is particularly stressed this year, and we desire the people to bring the best things there are in the county and put on exhibit. Get them up and bring them to the Fair. Liberal prizes and premiums will be awarded for he best exhibits in every line.

Special Features:

The great United States Show will furnish attractions for Fair week. We feel safe in saying that never before has the Fair Association been able to secure a show that is superior to this one. It is absolutely a clean, respectable amusement company, and guarantees nothing but respectable features.

A big free attraction will be furnished each day. It will be either a high dive, balloon ascension, or aeroplane.

The monkeys driving real automobiles is a wonder never seen here before. Don't let the kids miss seeing this novelty.

The finest old plantation show on the road. 22 expert comedians make up the crew, and they are full of good new acts and jokes.

A splendid 22 piece brass band will furnish music for the week.

Many other special features to be announced between now and the opening of the Fair.

Get your Exhibits ready to place on the Opening day. Everybody is urged to co-operate in making the Fair this year a creditable and overwhelming Success.

Everyone who wants Individual Booths must notify Mrs. Annie Thacker, Clanton, Ala., not later than noon Thursday, Oct. 25, so arrangements may be made.

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
W. M. WYATT AND J. B. WELLS
Publishers and Proprietors.

W. M. WYATT, Editor.
J. B. WELLS, Business Manager.

Subscription price $1.00 per year, payable in advance.

Entered April 15, 1913, at Clanton Ala., as second class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

People are now being urged to co-operate in the Federal movement to conserve the food supply of the country. We are giving space elsewhere to some articles in this connection, and urge our readers to take notice of what is intended to be done and take the proper steps to aid in the work. It is a very necessary part of our national war campaign to conserve our food supply and curtail the waste in every way possible. Let us learn well this lesson of economy and thereby aid our country in the prosecution of its aims and purpose in the World War.

We want to ask one thing of those who come to the Fair net week, and it is this: if you need anything and expect to buy any goods of any sort, we urge you to go trade with the business men who are asking for your trade through the columns of the Union-Banner this week. Our merchants are extending a public invitation for you to come to see them when you come to the Fair and we hope you will do so and patronie them. You can't do better than to buy from these home merchants, and let your dollar stay in the community where you live.

Some farmers in Chilton County are to realize direct results from the Federal Farm Loan system. Attorney B. Guy Smith, Secretary of the County Federal Farm Loan Association, informs us that approval by the government has been made of applications for loans from farmers in this county in the aggregate sum of $21,000.00. This, with other applications pending, upon which government loans will in all probability be made, wil bring quite a deal of money into the hands of our farmers, much to their advantage and the general development of the county.

WINTER INACTIVITY NEAR

Snow has fallen in Northern Maine and snow is daily expected in Northern France, which is substantially in the same latitude. Before winter quarters are necessary, the Allied commanders seek to establish themselves upon lines whence they can come down upon the Boche with the melting snows of springtime, and when that time comes the sweeping tide of allied success will have been swollen to victorious proportions by the American contingent.

LITTLE CUSTOMS REVENUE

The daily treasury statement for October 10 is suggestive. It shows ordinary receipts of $1,849,000, and ordinary disbursements of $11,771,000; and it shows that only $104,000 of the receipts for the day were derived from customs duties. These figures are exceptional, of course; but they are indicitive of the trend of the fiscal policy of the Democratic party. The custom houses now yield the smallest percentage of the national income that they have ever produced, and the policy of the party in power is to render our tariff income negligible on the country's balance sheet. At the same time the direct taxes are being piled on thicker and thicker.

VELVET BEAN GRINDING

On account of the unexpected delay of a few days in getting completion of the work on a fifty-horse power engine, by Alabama Machinery & Supply Co., of Montgomery, the actual work of grinding will necessarily be delayed a few days longer than was expected. We hope and expect to have the entire plant ready to do business not later than between the 2nd and 5th of November. We have the assurance of Alabama Machinery & Supply Co. that this engine will be delivered to us in ample time to begin operation by the time needed. This engine will give our plant 85 horse-power, with the 35 horse-power engine which we now have on hand.

Everyone attending the county fair next week is cordially invited to inspect our plant in all of its details, and to discuss with us the question of markets and marketing of their products.

Central Alabama Products Co.,
By Wm. M. Adams, Pres.
S. W. Adams, Secy.

A grand champion prize on corn—a beautiful medaled banner—has been added to the premiums at the National Farm and Live Stock Show, New Orleans, Nov. 10-19. Competition is open to the world and any variety of corn may compete.

SPECIAL PROGRAM AT SCHOOLS NEXT FRIDAY, OCTOBER 26TH

To the Teachers of Chilton County:

The State Superintendent has requested that every school make arrangements to observe a special program on next Friday, October 26th, on the subject of food conservation for our nation and for our Allies.

This food conservation is a great problem before the American people today, and you can do a great part by acquainting yourself with the literature that you will receive and then arouse your patrons to the need of action at this perilous time. Whether the war was waged justly or unjustly is no longer a question, for it is upon us and we must feed ourselves and our allies or go down in disastrous defeat at the close of this war. The question now is "Conquer or be Conquered" and to have an ample supply of food for ourselves and our allies means a sure victory for us, but without this food we must be conquered and our own government be overthrown. Which do we prefer?

It has been said that the South wastes enough each year to feed the entire nation, but if every home can be reached and if more economy will be practiced the victory is ours.

Please begin as soon as you receive this notice to arrange for the observance of at least the latter half of next Friday afternoon. If you can not make a speech on this subject, you can read the literature and make some comments, but do your utmost to impress your people of the great importance of acting. It would be of much interest to formulate several problems for exercise work that would greatly impress upon the minds of those present the great importance of this movement.

You might formulate a great number of interesting little broblems using the following data, and figure what could be saved to the nation each day or each year by each person saving only one cent per day, or each family would save 10 cents per day or per meal, or if each child would save just one biscuit per day that is often wasted, etc. There are approximately 3500 families in Chilton County, 23,000 people, and 7,000 school children; and approximately 50,000,000 families in the United States. These little problems can be varied and made interesting and at the same time greatly impress that a vast amount can be saved.

Please do your best to have the heads of each home in your district present and have them sign one of the pledge cards. If your patrons do not attend your exercises, please fully explain to the children what is expected of their parents and see that a card is put into each home.

Yours very truly,
W. T. BEAN, Co. Supt. Ed.

NOTICE

Increase in Rate of Postage on First Class Mail, Including Postal and Post Cards.

Postmesters shall, on and after November 2, 1917, see that postage is paid at the rate of THREE cents an ounce or fraction thereof on letters and other first-class matter except drop letters. All drop letters, that is letters mailed for delivery from the office at which posted, including those for delivery by city, rural or other carriers of such office, are requested to have postage paid on them at the rate of TWO cents an ounce or fraction thereof. Postal cards are required to be prepaid TWO cents, and therefore, the one-cent postal cards must have a one-cent postage stamp affixed to them in addition to the one-cent stamp impression on such card. Post cards (private mailing cards) bearing written messages must have two cents postage paid on them. Postmasters at offices of address shall be careful to rate up the proper amount of postage due all mail reaching their offices with the postage insufficiently prepaid.

The above is a copy of the new postage law, and I wish to call special attention to the change in postage rate, and ask that the public comply with same.

Respectfully,
JAMES E. ROBINSON,
Postmaster.

MORE MEN ACCEPTED BY THE DISTRICT BOARD

Another Lot to Be Sent to Camp Gordon in Next Few Days by Local Board Here.

The local board has received another list of men from the district board who are passed up as acceptable for service, their claims for exemption having been denied an appeal to the District Board.

Thise on this list will be sent to Camp Gordon within the next few days, as the war department is urging this local board to complete their quota in the first call.

Following are the names of the latest list of accepted ones:

Alfred Smith, Maplesville
Wilton C. Dickinson, Billingsley
Henry B. Page, Clanton
Richard Chaney, Clanton
Alvin Jones, Clanton
Leroy Caton, Clanton
Elijah Nix, Jemison
Manley Foshee, Thorsby
Thomas H. Blow, Jemison
Richard A. Hicks, Billingsley
Samson Williams, Clanton
Isaiah White, Maplesville
John H. Austin, Clanton

We have arranged for a series of six interesting articles, "War Talks, by Uncle Dan," written by Mr. Howard H. Gross, president of the Universal Military Training League, of which this is the first. They tell in a graphic way why military training is of value, both to the nation and to the individual, and our readers will find them of unusual interest.

WAR TALKS

By UNCLE DAN

Number One

America Must Fight Hard or Germany May Win—Necessity for Military Training.

"Now, Billie," said his mother, "your Uncle Dan is coming tomorrow to spend a week with us on the farm, and if you want to know about the war, here's your opportunity. Uncle Dan is probably one of the best-informed men in the country." Billie clapped his hands and gave such a whoop that he wakened the baby, but what could you expect of a fifteen-year-old boy who is a living interrogation point and wants to know about war?

Uncle Dan arrived in due time and Billie watched for an opportunity. It came that evening after dinner when Uncle Dan had lighted a cigar and taken a seat on the porch.

"I'm mighty glad you came, Uncle Dan. I want to talk to you about the war. We have just put military training in our township high school, but we had a hard time to do it. The Joneses and the Greggs objected. They said the war wouldn't come over here. Grandma Jones said: 'They ain't no use to worrit, it will soon blow over.' Well, we put the training in just the same. You orter heard Judge Brownell, the president of the school board, do the slackers up. He said unless we take off our coats and go to it, Germany may yet win, and if she does, she will take over the great British fleet as a war trophy and compel us to do what ever she wants to; that she could make us pay all the cost of the war; the kaiser could tax us as he pleased and that we couldn't help ourselves. He could make every one pay over a part of what he earns; that he could make the farmers pay rent for their own farms, etc. Now, Uncle, what do you think of that?"

"Well, my boy," said Uncle Dan, "all that Judge Brownell says might easily come true and may unless we go quickly to the aid of the allies with large numbers of men and help them break the German line. Unless we can beat the submarines, they may prevent us from getting enough food to the allies to keep them going. In that case Germany would win. As matters stand today, our greatest need is trained men. If we had had several millions of men with military training in our industries and on our farms when the war came, who could have been called at once for service, I do not believe the kaiser would have forced the war upon us. As it was, he had no respect for us, and now we are in it and must go through with it. But never again must we be caught so wholly unprepared.

"There is only one safe way," said Uncle Dan, "and that is to adopt permanently universal military training, apply it to every young man who is physically fit, say in his nineteenth or twentieth year. The training can be carried forward in the United States training camps that are now being established for training men called by the selective draft. As soon as these men vacate these stations, they should be filled by younger men, and this should be made the permanent policy of the country."

Billie's mother, Mrs. Graham, had overheard the conversation. She came out and said: "Really, Brother Dan, are you serious as to the dangers of our country? If it is as bad as that, it is high time for us to wake up and do something about it."

"Exactly," replied Uncle Dan. "It is better to wake up now than to be rudely awakened later. We may as well understand, sister, that this is our war and we must win it or God help America. Everything that we have or hope to have—our liberties, our blessings, our opportunities are all involved in the great issue before us. Nothing must stand between us and winning this war. It is a question whether the peoples' right or the kaiser's might shall dominate the world. If there ever was a holy war, this is it. We are fighting for world liberty. We are fighting for the freedom of humanity. We are fighting for the right of men to govern themselves instead of being governed against their will by a war-mad overlord. Perilous times are ahead of us. We must be prepared to make any sacrifice, to perform any service that may be required of us."

"Oh, Uncle Dan," exclaimed Billie, "may I bring my chum, Jimmie Collins, when we have our next talk? He is a bug on this war business and just crazy to see you."

"Certainly," said Uncle Dan, with a hearty laugh. "If we are to have more talks, I shall be glad to have Jimmie join us."

Billie clapped his hands and ran to the 'phone and told Jimmie to be over at seven o'clock the next evening.

WINTER GRAZING FOR HOGS

By J. C. Ford, Field Agent for Pig Clubs.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

Since hogs are bringing the highest prices they have brought in fifty years, and since the state is overflowing with feedstuffs, Alabama farmers should give the best of care to their hogs this winter, especially to their brood sows and fall litters.

Some feedstuffs are as high priced relatively as hogs. This is especially true of corn and peanuts. Even at the present price of hogs, they will not make money when fed for very long on corn as the only feed. In order to make money out of hogs, it is necessary that a good part of their feed come from some cheap source. One of the most profitable sources for a good part of the hogs' ration is green feed which the hogs harvest themselves.

The experiment stations and successful farmers have found that such winter-growing crops as rape, rye, oats and barley will very successfully make up from half to three-fourths of the ration of sows and pigs and young, growing stuff and from one-fourth to one-third that of fattening hogs. It is a very bad policy, however, to force any kind of hogs to live entirely on such feed as they cannot eat enough of it to do well.

It is now too late for the fall seeding of rape in North Alabama. Oats seeded after October 15th in North Alabama will not give much grazing till toward spring. Rye will do better for late planting than oats. Barley does best if seeded after the weather gets a little cool. Barley and rye are hard to kill by freezing.

Rape is not very safe for central Alabama if seeded after October 15th, but rye will do well and oats will furnish considerable grazing of the weather is not too cold. In extreme south Alabama any of these crops may be planted as late as December 1st, but will be more valuable if planted earlier.

Rape will furnish about two or two and one-half times as much grazing per acre as the other crops mentioned. On fairly rich land an acre of rape will usually furnish plenty of grazing for a litter of six fall pigs throughout the winter. If the winter is mild it will do still better. Another half acre will take care of the sow.

The regular grain crop of oats, rye and wheat can be grazed during the winter by light hogs without material injury. They need to be taken off by February 1st or earlier in the southern part of the state and by March 1st, or earlier in the Tennessee Valley.

NOTICE—I grind wheat only two days in the week—Monday and Thursday.
F. E. GRONQUIST,
Thorsby, Ala.

Don't forget your Subscription.

—MEET ME AT—

The Busy Corner



Elmore's

LADIES & GENTS FURNISHINGS

CLANTON, ALA.

A booth from which all information that farmers, gardeners and orchardists may desire about the control of insect pests on crops or trees, will be maintained at the National Farm and Live Stock Show, New Orleans, Nov. 10-19, by the Mississippi A. and M. College extension department. L. G. Herron, practical horticulturist, will be in charge, and insect specialists will also be there.

SPEAKING AT COURT HOUSE ON THE ISSUES OF THE WAR

We are requested to announce that Hon. John S. Tilley, of Montgomery, and others will speak at the court house on Saturday. Discussion will be made of the issues involved by America's part in the war at present. The public is urged to be present and hear what is to be said.

EVERY DAY

the L. & N. distributes $148,300 throughout the South for operation of its trains and up-keep of its property.

This daily distribution is made possible through the successful management of a constructive railroad which is an important factor in Southern progressive development and commercial supremacy.

Because the L. & N. realizes that its interest and the interest of the people are mutual, it co-operates in every possible manner for better farms, (the foundation of all prosperity); for better industrial conditions; for better commercial co-operation; for better educational facilities; for more cordial social relations.

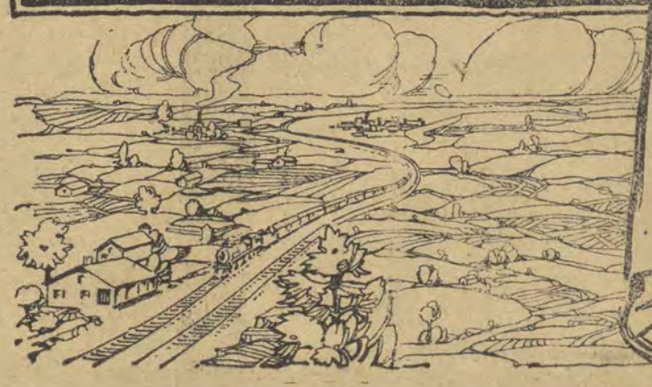
Through their share in the L. & N's daily distribution of $148,300 many individuals and enterprises are able to realize their desire for business prosperity and personal happiness.

A considerable portion of the $7,200.00 paid daily for taxes is devoted to Southern education.

One out of every ten people derives his or her means of livelihood directly or indirectly from the railroad industry. The L. & N. operates in nine Southern states. Therefore the ability of the L. & N. to operate successfully is a matter of vital concern to Southern prosperity.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.
The Old Reliable





EVERY time the sun sets on the Southland, the L. & N. pays out $148,300 in the operation and upkeep of its line of road.

It costs every day—
$69,900 for wages,
$47,700 for materials and supplies,
$23,500 for interest and rent,
$7,200 for taxes.

L&N



Visitors to the Fair!

DURING YOUR STAY IN CLANTON WE WANT YOU TO MAKE OUR STORE YOUR HEADQUARTERS, — THE PLACE TO MEET YOUR FRIENDS. WE WILL TAKE CARE OF YOUR PACKAGES, OR WE WILL BE MORE THAN GLAD TO SERVE YOU IN ANY WAY WE CAN WHILE YOU ARE IN THE CITY. DROP IN AND SEE US. COURTEOUS SERVICE WILL BE GIVEN EVERYONE. INCIDENTALLY, IF YOU NEED ANYTHING IN OUR LINE OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE, YOU WILL FIND THAT OUR PRICES ARE REASONABLE. AND AS YOU KNOW YOU GET "YOUR MONEY'S WORTH OR YOUR MONEY BACK," ALWAYS.

Come to see us, for you are welcome whether you buy or not.

W. A. KEMP

CLANTON, ALA.

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Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
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Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women & Surgery
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Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
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LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

"Nervous exhaustion—blinding headache"



Striving to satisfy the demands of everyone is apt to affect the nerves, and continual standing may weaken the Heart.

Dr. Miles' Nervine
is invaluable for Nervous troubles, and for the Heart

Dr. Miles' Heart Treatment
is highly recommended.

LIVED IN MISERY.

"I suffered greatly from nervousness and headaches. The least excitement gave me dreadful pain. I began using Dr. Miles' Nervine and a few days later started to take Dr. Miles' Heart Treatment. I soon got so much better that I was encouraged and continued taking the two remedies until I was so well that work was no bother to me at all."

MRS. LOUIS ELG.
Idaho Falls, Idaho.

IF FIRST BOTTLE FAILS TO BENEFIT YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

SAVE PLENTY OF HAY

Before frost comes every farmer needs to make sure that he has an abundance of roughage to carry his livestock through the winter. Indeed, it is a safe rule to provide more hay and other roughage than will probably be needed. This is especially true the present year, when all food stuffs and all animal products are so high in price.

Those who did not sow a sufficient acreage in cowpeas, soybeans, sorghum or other crops especially for hay, should before frost mow such patches of crabgrass and other wild grasses as can be found. Even some classes of weeds make hay that will be eaten during the winter.

The roughage may be considerably increased by cutting a part of the corn stalks and curing them in shocks. This is especially advisable for late corn, or for the small corn plants growing on galled spots or in other places where the ears are small.

A still better forage, where sufficient shelter is available, is made by cutting the smaller corn stalks and the velvet bean vines if not too luxuriant. Some farmers have found this to pay, even though the cutting had to be done by hand, and even where it was practicable to cut only the upper part of the corn stalk and the upper part of the velvet bean vine, thus saving corn tops and velvet bean vines by a laborious hand process.

UNCLE SAM GIVES SOUTHERN FARMERS FINE OPPORTUNITY

Will Bring Greatest Exhibit To National Farm and Live Stock Show.

The United States is coming to the National Farm and Live Stock Show at New Orleans, Nov. 10-19, prepared to tell the farmer all it knows, and to illustrate the reason for all that it asks and advises.

This is the first time that the United States has sent its great agricultural exhibit to this section. This is war time and the government is very busy. It is sparing the time and the men because it realizes that the south is bound to be the main food source of the future, and it believes that by coming to New Orleans it will be able to reach most of the south at one time.

The United States department of agriculture had a great display at the Panama-Pacific Exposition, and thousands voted it a revelation and a marvel. The exhibit has been made much larger for the approaching occasion. It will be like a veritable four-ring circus of agricultural acts and features, and it will have dozens of experts along to explain the displays and give further information. It will run the finest kind of a moving picture show all day, and it will have frequent lectures in addition. There will even be chiefs of departments like Dr. George H. Rommel, head of the animal husbandry bureau, and probably Dr. Bradford Knapp of the states relations service, and others.

As the exhibit will crowd 12,000 square feet of space, and will be a complete fair in itself, it would require a book to give the details. Wherever the products themselves are not used, there are artificial duplicates, and there are models of all sorts of buildings to serve as guider to the farmers. There are collections of all the insects that affect crops, stuffed animals and birds that have direct bearing on agriculture, miniature orchards and forests, and a thousand other things. Meat inspection is shown in all its phases, with a tiny abatoir in action. There are types of barns and other buildings and equipment best suited to farm dairying. Poultry will have almost first place, not only the ideal structures being shown, but some of the very latest discoveries on the poultry experiment farm which the government operates near Washington. Reforestation is exploited in a picturesque way, and the growing tobacco industry is visualized in various ways. An entirely new exhibit compares and explains the newly established grades of cotton. The boys' and girls' clubs will be treated in their national aspect, affording a medium of comparison as well as example. The good roads display will be of immense service, especially as it will treat with construction material and methods as well as the benefits which follow.

Uncle Sam determined that if he would stop in his war rush to get up a fair exhibit he would get up one that would be of as much help and inspiration as possible; and the people can make it of more service by taking fullest advantages of its important lessons and demonstrations.

PLAN GREAT POULTRY EXHIBIT.

National Farm and Live Stock Show, to be held in New Orleans, Nov. 10-19, offers $1,450 cash premiums on poultry exhibits. R. E. Bruce, New Orleans, is superintendent. He states that poultry will be exhibited from more than a dozen states and some of the very best specimens of each breed will be included. Competition is open to all states. A special effort is being made to not only have every breed of chicken represented, but to have also turkeys, geese, guineas, ducks, pheasants, pea fowls, etc., shown in the big poultry building.

COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE OFFICERS APPOINTED

The County Board of Education has appointed the following persons as the compulsory attendance officers for the schools of the county under the provisions of the new compulsory attendance laws of the state.

Rev. W. P. Lowery for the Northeast Division of the county.

J. C. Veazy for the Northwest Division.

D. M. Apperson for the Southwest Division.

S. M. Yates for the Southeast Division.

Quite a number of people from Clanton and vicinity attended the Circus at Montgomery last Thursday.

"Tell me the worst, doctor!" cried the sick man. The doctor hesitated.

"Can you stand it?" he asked very gently.

"Yes, yes, exclaimed the sick man. "Tell me the worst!"

"Well, if you insist," said the doctor in a hushed voice, "your bill will be $897.00."

Pay your Subscription. $1 a year.

CLANTON BAPTIST CHURCH NEWS

A joint meeting is being planned by the churches of the city for next Sunday night, which it is hoped will be attended by everyone who possibly can. This is in the interest of the food conservation movement. The Federal government is sending out earnest and urgent appeals to all classes of people to avoid the waste of food in every way possible, so that the general markets will not be drawn upon more than is absolutely necessary. And the home stocks which may be preserved will doubtless have a high value for sale if such can be spared during the coming winter. The purchasers are receiving weekly bulletins which they are urged to lay before their people.

The pressing appeal to the people is not only to avoid waste, but also to use as little as possible of certain classes of food which may be best exported, and instead, use that which cannot well be shipped. The evident intention is to impress upon us that the future food supply of the world has a critical outlook, and that saving and sacrifice at home are necessary to feed the soldiers in the fields who are fighting our battles for us. In addition to the 40 millions of men who are withdrawn from productive labor must be considered the countless thousands who are starving to death in ruined countries, and whose only hope for life lies in America's food supply.

Wheat and meat can be most easily and economically sent abroad, the Europens know nothing of the use of our corn. Hence, it is urged that we use corn, vegetables, fish, and other home products which cannot be exported, and stint ourselves in flour, all kinds of meat except poultry, and in sugar, which is very scarce. In eastern cities stores are already having out "No Sugar" signs. Thus he who "remains by the stuff" shares in the honor of winning the war with "those who go down to the battle."

Is the church and church attendance to be lightly regarded? Does the Bible allow any ground for the belief that one who is not vitally connected with a church is truly a Christian? Spiritual life, like all other life, produces growth. Does church membership, then, without church cultivation and development, mean that the member's soul is saved? May he not be deluded and on the way to hell if he is not growing into the image and spirit of Christ? Is it not possible that men, in or out of the church, may be presuming upon the mercy of God and the saving Grace of Christ when their lives are not showing the "fruits of the Spirit" according to the word of God? These questions will be discussed at the Clanton Baptist Church on next Sunday morning, October 28th.

W. A. Mims of Route 2 was in town Wednesday.

We are in a position to give all

Job Printing

Prompt and Careful Attention

Individuality in your letterheads and other printed matter is helpful to your business. We are ready at all times to give you the benefit of our experience.



Shoulders All Baking Cares

When CALUMET comes in, all baking troubles take quick leave. You go right ahead and mix up baking materials, for biscuits—cakes—*anything* without fear of uncertainty. Calumet makes you *forget* failure.

CALUMET
BAKING POWDER

is the most *popular* because it *does* give most *perfect* results. It has the biggest *demand* because it is the most *dependable*. The fact that it *is* the biggest seller proves that it is the best. A trial will convince you that there is none "just as good." Buy a can—if you are not satisfied take it back and get your money back.

Calumet contains only such ingredients as have been approved officially by the U. S. Food Authorities.

You save when you buy it.
You save when you use it.

HIGHEST QUALITY
HIGHEST AWARDS

THE RURAL TEACHER'S OPPORTUNITY FOR SERVICE

By L. N. Duncan, Superintendent, Junior and Home Economics Extension.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

I sincerely trust that every rural teacher in our great State may catch the spirit of the times and make the school an efficient training camp for the big life work that lies before our boys and girls. There has never been a time when the necessity for training for effective service has been so great. Every teacher should strive to turn out from the school boys and girls possessing good health, the proper respect for law and order, a full appreciation of the higher and better things of life, and above all else equipped with a desire to make and the necessary knowledge for making a living.

If the teacher has the proper spirit, she will not confine her efforts to the school room alone. She should be a leader in the community. She should organize her boys and girls into a community club for study, recreation, and pleasure. Above all each boy and girl of the proper age should carry on some home project such as gardening, canning, poultry raising, corn growing, and pig raising. Get in touch with your County Farm Demonstration Agent and your County Home Demonstration Agent for help.

If we are to make the world "sawe for democracy," our farm boys must be taught to be skillful farmers, and our girls efficient home-makers. The hope is in the young generation. It is the teacher's opportunity.

David Vines hasreturned from a weeks stay in Akron, Ohio. He says he now knows how to appreciate the sunny south.

Some Special Annonncements About the Chilton County Fair this year.

Exhibits in any and all departments will be received from Saturday, October 27th to Monday, October 29th, at 9:00 o'clock, p.m.

Those who desire to enter milch cows in contests to compete for prizes need only to have them at the Fair on Thursday, November 1st, as that is the day on which they will be judged.

Friday, November 2 will be school day at the Fair, and 3,000 school children are expected to attend on this day, when special attractions will be arranged.

Big free attractions will be furnished free every day, either Aeroplane, Balloon or High Dive.

W. T. BEAN, Secretary.

TO THE SCHOOL PATRONS OF CHILTON COUNTY:

I hereby give official notice that the Compulsory Attendance School law will become effective on October 29th, 1917, for Chilton County, and every child who was eight years old or older but was not fifteen on the first day of October, will be required to attend eighty days during this scholastic year.

If a child was seven years old on the first day of October, 1917, but becomes eight during the scholastic year, the law will not apply to him. If a child were fourteen during this scholastic year, the law will apply to him and he will be required to attend school eighty days.

Any child who lives two and one-half miles or more from the nearest public school for his race, the distance being measured by the nearest traveled route, will not be required to attend school.

Any child who is mentally or physically unable to do the work of the school may be exempted from this law, but such claim must be substantiated by a properly attested certificate from a practicing physician.

Any child whose services, because of extreme poverty, are necessary for his own or his parents' support, may be excused from attending any school, by the parent or guardian making affidavit that such necessity exists.

If a child is too young to be of service for his own or his parents' support and his parent or guardian makes affidavit that said child is without the necessary clothes and books for attending school, said child may be excused from attending school until he is provided with the necessary clothes and books through charity or other means.

Any child may be excused from this law when he can show to the satisfaction of the county superintendent of education that he has finished the elementary course of seven grades.

All children who are within the compulsory age limit will be required to attend eighty days in succession unless exempt, but the principal teacher may excuse any child for temporary absence in an extreme case of emergency or domestic necessity, but the time put in school since October 1st and before October 29th will be counted on the records.

It is the duty of the principal teacher to report to the county superintendent of education the names of all children subject to this law who fail to enroll within five days after the law becomes effective, and any teacher who fails to make such report is subject to having his contract and license canceled.

Any parent or guardian of any child who fails to attend school as is required by law, upon conviction, must be fined not less than five nor more than fifty dollars, and may be sentenced to jail for not more than thirty days. The parent or guardian s held responsible for the conduct of his child, but if any parent or guardian makes affidavit that he can not control his child, said child must be sent to the proper reform school.

Children of compulsory attendance age shall not be employed by any merchant, corporation, company or other person, during the compulsory attendance period, except when such child has a written permit of absence from school from the county board of education. and anyone violating this law shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction must be fined not less than five nor more than fifty dollars ,and may be sentenced to jail for not more than thirty days.

W. T. BEAN, Co Supt .Ed.

FAMOUS LECTURES

As per announcement in the Union-Banner, Mr. L. F. Zink of New York City, of the International Bible Students Association, lectured to attentive audiences on the 18th, in Union Springs community. First subject was "The Day is at the Hand"—the world judgment day; the golden age; the grand Sabbatic year; earth's great jubilee; a period of a thousand years when the world not the church will be on trial; when evil will be restrained; when all who will obey may have eternal life. He stated that that day was now at the door, introduced by world-wide trouble, such as would never be again.

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His second subject was "The resurrection of the Dead," that during the thousand-yead day all the dead billions will be awakened from death. On this planet, man's normal home, that man with comparatively few exceptions really wished to go to heaven, the home of the true church, but preferred this earth as his eternal abode. His counsel to all was to get right as nearly as possible and thus be better prepared to obey the law of the thousand-year judgment day and live forever on the earth—that the great work of salvation would continue through this judgment day. The most joyful message ever heard. He is a forceful speaker of fine intellect, bold, definite and logical.

WANTED TO BUY—One or two good mules. E.H. Foshee, Clanton R 5

MODEL DAIRY BARN AT NATIONAL SHOW

A model dairy barn has been erected on the fair grounds at New Orleans and will be in actual operation during the second annual National Farm and Live Stock Show, to be held Nov. 10-19. Silo demonstrations will be given in connection. Almost every modern and practical labor-saving device is included in the dairy barn outfit. A home-made stall and stanchion which costs but 50 cents to make will be on exhibition.

The dairy barn will be under charge of C. H. Staples and C. W. Radway of the Louisiana agricultural extension department, and L. A. Higgins and his assistants of the Mississippi dairy extension service will also be on hand to answer all questions pertaining to dairying.

Keep Well

Do not allow the poisons of undigested food to accumulate in your bowels, where they are absorbed into your system. Indigestion, constipation, headache, bad blood, and numerous other troubles are bound to follow. Keep *your* system clean, as thousands of others do, by taking an occasional dose of the old, reliable, vegetable, family liver medicine.

Thedford's

Black-Draught

Mrs. W. F. Pickle, of Rising Fawn, Ga., writes: "We have used Thedford's Black-Draught as a family medicine. My mother-in-law could not take calomel as it seemed too strong for her, so she used Black-Draught as a mild laxative and liver regulator . . . We use it in the family and believe it is the best medicine for the liver made." Try it. Insist on the genuine—Thedford's. 25c a package. E-75

Visitors to the Fair Invited to Come to Our Store.

FAIR DISCOUNTS

Come to See Us and We will do the Rest. Welcome

YOUR DOLLARS WILL HAVE MORE CENTS

If you Spend them at this Big Store.

Our shelves are laden with Brand New, Crisp Fall Merchandise. We carry a Full Line of Everything for Man, Woman and Child. If its Farm Supplies, Groceries, Grain, Shoes, Hats, Hardware, Groceries, or Fancy Goods, we can supply you, and supply you at figures that will make your Pocket Book laugh. :. :. :. :.

Complete Line of Funeral Supplies—Prompt Personal attention Given Every Call.

Mullins & Moore

W. I. Mullins Old Stand.

CLANTON, = ALA.

MONEY SAVING SALES

Are Going on here all the time

If you don't come and take advantage of the Bargains that are here for you, I can't help it.

I ask you to come trade with me for I will save you money.

WHILE HERE AT THE COUNTY FAIR

Let us show you our most attaactive line of the following items:

Mens and Boys Clothing, Suits, Hats, Caps, Collars and Neckties.
Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies, Gents Furnishings

We are Agents for the Famous W. L. Douglas Shoes, and can fit any member of the family.
Full line of Groceries.

We sell anything you need except burial supplies, and we want to ask you to be at home in our store during the Fair week.

TOM KEMP

Clanton, Ala.

THORSBY ITEMS

The Christian Endeavor Society for the Congregational Church gave a social at Bates Hall on Friday night of last week. Everyone present enjoyed a pleasant time, and the success of the social was due to a well-arranged program prepared by Miss Payne.

Don't forget the Olsen Sisters on Monday night. October 29th.

The next program of the Helen Keller Literary Society will be rendered on Friday night of this week at Bates Hall. Everybody is cordially invited.

Prof. S. H. Herbert returned on Friday of last week from attending the national council of Congregational Churches at Columbus, Ohio. He reports a very pleasant and profitable time, and says that, contrary to some reports which were published in the newspapers, the council put itself on record as heartily supporting President Wilson in the conduct of the war.

Mrs. George R. Hoskins, spent last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Peterson, returning to her home in Ensley, Ala., Sunday afternoon.

Rev. Chas. T. Rogers is spending a few days of this week with his family in Thorsby.

Mr. Clifford McDonough left his home in Marvel, Ala., on Saturday of last week.

Mr. Albert Peterson is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Peterson. Mr. Peterson has served for years in the navy and has just returned from the War Zone.

Mrs. Anna Villadsen left Saturday morning of last week for Jasper, Ala., where she will visit a couple of weeks with her son, Mr. Reno Villadsen.

Mr. Lawrence Richardson of Georgiana, Ala., came in on Wednesday to visit with his sister, Belle, who is a student in Thorsby Institute.

Mr. C. E. Woodham, who is principal of Smith School, eight miles north of here, spent Friday night with friends in Thorsby.

Rev. W. H. Hopkins of Atlanta, Ga., preached at the Congregational Church last Sunday morning and evening. He also conducted chapel exercises at the Institute Monday morning.

Miss Elsie Caldwell, who is attending the Institute, spent the week end with her parents at Pletcsher. She was accompanied to Thorsby Sunday afternoon by her father and mother and her brother William, of Shuqualak, Miss.

Mr. Paul T. Bath of Atlanta, Ga., was in Thorsby on Monday of this week for the purpose of tuning the Institute pianos.

Mr. Walter Morgan left on Saturday morning of last week for Camp Gordon, Atlanta, Ga. He is another one of Thorsby Institute students to respond to Uncle Sam's call.

Mrs. H. M. Gerald was elected primary teacher in the public school this week to fill the vacancy made by the marriage of Mrs. McLean.

Mrs. C. W. Adams of Birmingham, accompanied by her little daughter, Elizabeth, was the guest at the home of her brother, Prof. C. M. Williams for a few days last week. Mrs. Adams was a student in Thorsby the first year Prof. Rosco taught in the building now occupied by Thorsby Institute.

Jim Grant, Senator from Beat 10, was in Clanton Monday to the delight of his many friends.

BUYING THE PLANTS FOR THE HOME ORCHARD.

By G. C. Starcher, Horticulturist, Alabama Experiment Station.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

The home orchard has almost disappeared from Alabama farms. The same is true of farms almost universally, and as a result fruit has become so scarce and high priced that it is now considered a luxury rather than a necessity. Damage wrought by insects and diseases is the direct cause of this condition. Until recently it was difficult if not impossible to control these plant enemies, but now their control is a very simple matter. Simple spray materials and spraying machinery can be easily purchased and the Agricultural College will gladly give the necessary directions for their use. Therefore, many new farm orchards should be planted this winter.

All of the fruits should have a season range. For the apple orchard buy such varieties as Early Harvest, Red June, Hackworth, Fanny Grimes Golden, Kinnards Choice, Stayman Winesap, Arkansas Black, and Yates. They are named in order of ripening. For the peach orchard select Mayflower, Greensboro Carman, Hiley-Belle, Belle of Georgia, Elberta and Salway. Plums—Red June, Wild Goose, and Shropshire Damson. Pecans—Schley Stuart, Success and Van Deman. Pears—Le Conte and Kieffer. Grapes—Moore's Early, Diamond, Delaware Concord, Scuppernong, and James Strawberries—Excelsior, Lady Thompson, Aroma, and Klondike.

Purchase one year apple, pear, plum and grapes. Buy small one year peach, or June budded peach. Either one or two year pecans will do.

J. L. Gore and W. H. Gillespie, Deputies of the Sheriff's office, are in Montgomery this week attending court as witnesses.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of Interior, U. S. Land Office, Montgoremy, Ala., October 6, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that Russell I. Perkins, whose post-office address is Dollar, Ala., did, on the 14th day of March, 1917, file in this office sworn statement and application, No. 010149, to purchase the SW¼ of the SW¼, Section 36, Township 22 N., Range 16 E., St. Stephens Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisinos of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised One Hundred Fifty-one and 75-100 Dollars, the timber estimated 56,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M., and the land $39.75; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 20th day of December, 1917, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rockford, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER, Register.

FOR SALE—I have for sale 2 milk cows, fresh. 2 fillies 2 year old, 2 mules 5 year old. Will sell cheap for cash, Also 211½ acres of land 3¾ miles west of Jemison, close to good church and school. For further partiulars see or write J. N. Scott, Jemison, Ala. 10-18-3t.

There is a Civic Club in our Town,
And it is wondrous wise,—
It knows just what kind of Pictures
That will please the Children's eyes;
And when it has the Children pleased,
What does this Club do?
It just runs of the self-same reel
To please the old folks too.

And this time it is

"Cinderella and the Magic Slipper"

At the Ideal Theater, Clanton, Ala.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 27TH.

10:00, a.m.; 2:00, 3:30, 7:00, and 8:30, p.m.

Admission all Shows, 10 and 15 cents.
For benefit of the Grammar School.

A mounted United States Flag will be given each one attending the Morning Matinee.

This is a **New Cinderella** on the Screen. All the old parts that the children love are kept — the lizzard's change to footmen; live rabbits become the cunningest little ponies possible; the pumpkin becomes a fine coach. and the little girl's rags change into a gorgeous ball gown under the magic wand of the Fairy God Mother.
One hundred and fifty talented and trained children—ages five months to fourteen years—dance and frolic thru Fairy Land to the heart's content.
This is a picture for young and old and a rare treat for all.

TEXAS RED RUST PROOF OATS

SEED NOW READY FOR FALL SOWING

I have just Received a Large Shipment of these Famous Seed Oats and have them now for Sale.

READ THIS SWORN STATEMENT

The Howe Grain & Mercantile Company

Wholesale Grain, Hay, &tc.

Howe, Texas.

October 12, 1917.

This is to certify that we have this day shipped to Clanton, Ala,, for L. H. Reynolds of Clanton, Ala., two hundred 160-lb sacks,—32,000 pounds of Texas Red Rust Proof Oats, in M. K. & T., car No. 190115, and that said oats were raised near Howe, in Grayson County, Texas, in year 1917. Signed at Howe, Texas, this 12 day of October, 1917.

Loy Helney, Mgr. Howe Grain & Merc. Co.

Subscribed and sworn to bifore me, a Notory Public, in and for the County of Grayson, State of Texas, this 12 day of October, 1917.

(SEAL) A. B. Cowan, Notary Pub., Crayson Co., Texas.

The above Certificate Speaks for itself.

I HAVE HANDLED THESE OATS FOR YEARS AND HAVE NEVER HAD A SINGLE COMPLAINT MADE AGAINST THEM. IF YOU WANT SEED OATS, YOU CAN'T DO BETTER THAN TO PLANT THIS KIND. JUST ASK THE MAN WHO HAS USED THEM. I SELL THEM JUST AS CHEAP AS THEY CAN POSSIBLY BE SOLD ANYWHERE NOW UNDER THE PRESENT HIGH COST OF EVERYTHING IN GENERAL.

I Sell Shoes, Clothing, Hats, and Dry Goods of all Kinds Cheap.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF SHOES AND DRY GOODS, WHICH I HAD ONCE DECIDED NOT TO HAVE SHIPPED THIS SEASON; BUT AFTER SEEING THE ADVANCE IN ALL LINES OF MERCHANDISE, I WIRED MY HOUSE TO MAKE THE SHIPMENT AT THE EARLISET DATE.

I HAVE A FULL STOCK, AND WHEN YOU ARE IN THE MARKET FOR ANY KIND OF GOODS, ALL I ASK IS FOR YOU TO POST YOURSELF ON PRICES AND COME AND SEE MY GOODS BEFORE YOU BUY. REMEMBER I WILL BUY ANYTHING YOU HAVE FOR SALE—COWS, HOGS, CORN, BEANS, HAY, FODDER, SYRUP AND FARM PRODUCTS.

L. H. REYNOLDS

CLANTON, - - - ALA.

America's Future

The future of America is in the hands of its women. It is and has ever been woman's sphere to rear the generations.

Thousands of women awaiting motherhood have helped nature in her glorious and wonderful work by the use of the safe, penetrating external preparation, "Mother's Friend". The muscles relax easily when baby is born and the crisis is safer for both the mother and the baby when "Mother's Friend" is used.

All druggists supply "Mother's Friend". Ask for it today and write The Bradfield Regulator Co., Dept. H, 300 Lamar Bldg., Atlanta, Ga., for free book, "Motherhood and the Baby". It will be sent to you at once.

To neglect the use of "Mother's Friend" for a single night is a mistake. The preparation has brought relief to millions of women at the most critical time in their lives.

CENTRAL ALABAMA FARM PRODUCTS COMPANY

Wm. Adams, Proprietor, S.W. Adams Secretary.

Members of the Velvet Bean Millers Association, Clanton Alabama. Manufacturers of Velvet Bean Mean, Corn Meal and Mized Feeds.

Marketing connection with the dealer and consumer will give the customers and patrons of this mill a chance to get for their products, when manufactured, the best market prices.

Reports of the market prices of velvet bean meal, corn meal and mixed feed each week will keep the customers of this mill in touch with the markets at a distance.

A comfortable rest room has been provided fort he families of the customers, and a convenient warehouse for the farm products and hitching grounds for the stock.

The velvet bean mill has been placed, and upon an immediate date in the future, announcement will be made to the public when this mill is ready for actual service to the public.

The patronage and cooperation of everyone is respectfully solicited in support of this new industry.

COUNTY MAPS FOR SALE

The Union-Banner has made arrangements to print a number of Beat Maps of Chilton County, and now have them for sale to anyone desiring them, at the price of 25 cents each.

FISH—FISH

We will be ready September 1st to fill all orders from fifty pounds up. Write us for prices. All orders lfiled at once. Will treat you right and save you all the money we can. A. M. ROLLINS & SON, Miflin, Ala.

NOTICE

I have been instructed by the Commissioners Court to amend the Road Laws of Chilton county, so as t omake it a violation of the law for persons to change water from its natural course into the Public Roads of the county. Said law to take effect January 1st, 1918.

L. H. REYNOLDS, Judge of Probate.

Advertising in this paper will bring good returns on the money invested

AFTER SICKNESS THEY GAVE HER VINOL

And She Soon Got Back Her Strength

New Castle, Ind.—"The measles left me run down, no appetite, could not rest at night, and I took a severe cold which settled on my lungs, so I was unable t keep about my housework. My doctor advised me to take Vinol, and six bottles restored my health so I do all my housework, including washing. Vinol is the best medicine I ever used."—Alice Record, 437 So. 11th St., New Castle, Ind.

We guarantee this wonderful cod liver and iron tonic, Vinol, for all weak, run-down, nervous conditions.

Upchurch Drug Co.

TAX NOTICE

COLLECTOR'S AND ASSESSOR'S ROUND

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of collecting the State and County Taxes for Chilton County for the year 1917 and assessing taxes for the year 1918.

Maplesville,	Beat 7,	October 1, 1917
Stanton,	Beat 8,	October 2, 1917
Pletcher,	Beat 15,	October 3, 1917
Enterprise,	Beat 6,	October 4, 1917
Verbena,	Beat 5,	October 5, 1917
Minooka,	Beat 13,	October 6, 1917
Thorsby,	Beat 9,	October 8, 1917
Jemison,	Beat 2,	October 9, 1917
Benson,	Beat 3,	October 10, 1917
Macedonia,	Beat 14,	October 11, 1917
Mineral Springs,	Beat 12,	October 12, 1917
Robinson's Store,	Beat 12,	October 13, 1917
Mullins Academy,	Beat 1,	October 15, 1917
Cane Creek,	Beat 11,	October 16, 1917
Providence,	Beat 16,	October 17, 1917
Cooper,	Beat 10,	October 18, 1917
Mt. Creek,	Beat 5,	October 19, 1917
Evergreen,	Beat 10,	October 20, 1917
Kincheon,	Beat 6,	October 22, 1917
Culp Schoolhouse,	Beat 15,	October 23, 1917
Riderville,	Beat 8,	October 24, 1917
Shoults,	Beat 7,	October 25, 1917
Mars Hill,	Beat 2,	October 26, 1917
Concord,	Beat 13,	October 27, 1917
Clanton,	Beat 4,	Nov. 12 to 30, 1917

Take notice that under Section Number 34, of the Revenue Code of 1915, it is the duty of every person liable to taxation in each election precinct, to attend in person on the first day of the appointment in your Precinct, and then and there render to the Assessor a full and complete list of all property, of which he or she was owner on the 1 day of October of that year.

All taxes and assessments are delinquent after December the 31st, 1917.

J. D. COLLINS, Tax Collector,
J. N. DENNIS, Tax Assessor.

MACHINERY REPAIRED

All kind of broken machinery repaired and made as good as new. We rebore automobile cylinders and make a new engine out of an old one. All work guaranteed. We Mend Everything but broken bones.

SOUTHERN WELDING CO., Monagomery, Ala.

When the chest feels on fire and the throat burns, you have indigestion, and you need HERBINE to get rid of the disagreeable feeling. It drives out badly digested food, and strengthens the stomach and purifies the bowels. Price 50c. Cold by Upchurch Drug Company.

NOTICE

All Road Apportioners and Overseers in Chilton County:

All apportioners and overseers are hereby notified by order of the Commissioners Court of Chilton county to make no more bills against the county this year, unless they first get permission from the Commissioners or the Judge of Probate, before they make said bills.

L. H. REYNOLDS, Judge of Probate.

FOR SALE

A forty acre farm modernly equiped for darying. Call on, or write, M. J. BARRETT, Thorsby, Ala.

NOTICE OF PETITION TO SELL LANDS TO DIVIDE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Chilton County.

Probate Court, Oct. 4, 1917.

In the matter of the estate of J. M. G. Burke, Deceased.

To the Sheriff of said County:

Whereas Mary A. Burke and A. L. Burke, joint owners of the estate of J. M. G. Burke, deceased, has fuled their petition in said court for a sale of the lands described therein, belonging to said estate, for division, upon the ground that the same cannot be equitably divided among the heirs, and the 3rd day of November 1917, has been appointed for the hearing of said petition.

You are therefore, hereby commanded to cite Genie Walker, whose address is Artesia, Miss., care of Robt. Cox, to appear before said Court on said day to contest said petition if she think proper.

Witness my hand this 4th day of Oct. 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS, Judge of Probate.

WILL BUY SYRUP

Taylor Brothers, Clanton, Ala., are in the market for sorghum syrup in any quantity.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

State of Alabama, Chilton County. Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of L. J. Duncan, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of L. J. Duncan, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 2nd day of October, 1917, by the Hon. L. H. Reynolds, Judge of Probate of said county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

ELIZABETH C. DUNCAN, 10-4-3t Administratrix.

I will buy all your Chickens, Eggs, Goobers and White Peas. $1.00 per bushel for goobers and 4 cents per pound for peas. Sam Johnson.

DR. W. L. PARRISH

Graduate Veterinarian.

Hurry Calls made in Auto.

'Phone 110-35, Clanton.

Fiery Eczema and Skin Eruptions Readily Yield to This Old Remedy

Sucessfully used for fifty years.

Eczema and similar skin troubles come from a disordered, impure condition of the blood, and they can only be cured by giving the blood a thorough cleansing, and removing from it all traces of impurity.

This is why S. S. S. has been used so successfully in hundreds of cases of Eczema and other skin eruptions.

This wonderful remedy is without an equal as a blood purifier, being probably the oldest blood medicine on the market. It has been sold by druggists for fifty years.

You are invited to write to-day for complete and full advice as to the treatment of your own case. Address, Chief Medical Adviser, Swift Specific Co., Dept. H Atlanta, Ga.

Coffins, Burial Supplies, Automobile Accessories For sale at

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.

CLANTON, ALA.



The Merchants whose Advertisements appear Below Ask You to Come to see Them While you are at the County Fair.

They all have some kind of Bargains that will be of interest to you.

J. L. Ruffin

Cigars, Cigarettes, Candies, and Soft Drinks. Leave your parcels with me while in town.

HEADQUARTERS W. O. W.

"Fall of a Nation,"

Will be shown again at the

Ideal Theater

(CANDY STORE)

On Friday of Fair Week. Those who have seen it will confer an appreciative favor by impressing on others the importance of seeing this Wonderful Production of the Screen

BUYING

I WILL BUY YOUR SYRUP, CORN, CATTLE, AND HOGS. I WILL PAY THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICES FOR FARM PRODUCTS.

L. H. Reynolds

Ford Cars

Ford

AND PARTS; OIL, GASOLINE, AND ACCESSORIES. GET YOUR ORDER IN FOR NEW CARS NOW AND AVOID HAVING TO WAIT.

L. J. Duncan Motor Company

MEAT MARKET

Complete line of meats and Groceries. If you are in need of any thing in my line, don't fail to call on me.

Will buy your Hogs, Chickens, Cattle, etc.

PROMPT SERVICE

E. T. WELDON

—SEE—

Downs Hardware Co.

A few Syrup Cans at Atrractive Prices.

AUTOMOBILE CASINGS
At present Cost Prices.

Stoves and Ranges at Last Year's Prices, and Furniture at a Bargain.

WHILE AT THE FAIR
STOP AT

The Wilson Hotel

THE BEST HOTEL SERVICE TO BE FOUND IN CLANTON

REASONABLE RATES
FOR MEALS & ROOMS

IF YOU NEED

Letterheads Cards
Invitations Folders
Statements Circulars
Envelopes Billheads

or anything else in the printing line, come in and see us.

UNION-BANNER

McD. Ruffin

Come in and Get you a Daily Paper. Agent for The Birmingham News, Age-Herald, and Ledger, and the Montgomery Advertiser and the Montgomery Journal.

LAUNDRY AGENT

Bring me your Laundry and be Satisfied.

A Wonderful Picture

DONT FAIL TO SEE CINDERELLA AND THE MAGIC SLIPPER—AT THE IDEAL, AT CLANTON, ON SATURDAY, OCTOBER THE 27.

Taylor Bros.

ARE IN THE MARKET FOR PEAS, SYRUP AND PEANUTS, and WILL PAY 6 CENTS A PIECE FOR 2½ BUSHEL SACKS. HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR CHICKENS, EGGS AND BUTTER.

While You are at the Fair

MAKE OUR STORE
YOUR HEADQUARTERS.

You Will find Your Friends Here.

Upchurch Drug Co.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., NOVEMBER 1, 1917. NUMBER 31.

Judge of Probate, Ala.

THIS IS FOOD CONSERVATION WEEK ALL OVER THE UNITED STATES

People are urged to co-operate with the Government in this vitally Important work.

This week is being ovserved all over the United States as Food Conservation Week, and the people are being urged in every way possible to aid and co-operate with the government in bringing about a more rigid adherence to the vital principles of economy in our kitchens and households.

This conservation of food will help our government to win the war, and for this reason alone, it should be carried out by every man, woman and child who is under the shadow of the stars and stripes. But it will do more than this: It will keep the high cost of living, for without economy the present high prices will go even higher.

Mr. Hoover's Statement.

We want to call your attention to something Mr. Hoover, the national food administrator, said recently in regard to economy in the use of foods in this country. It is this:

"There is no force by which conservation could be imposed upon the American people. Conservation can be accomplished in some countries by iron-clad law, or by forcing legal limitations on every individual in the country, but in our country that is not only unfeasible from the governmental point of view, but it is against the instincts of the people. On the other hand, we may accomplish the same result voluntarily if we can give the people a stimulus in the knowledge that every individual has here a definite service to perform. We have therefore never considered this problem from the viewpoint of force —we have considered it always from the viewpoint of voluntary effort. We have asked all to join us as voluntary workers, as we are to effect by a democratic movement the result which autocracy has only been able to effect by law and organization.

Indeed, we feel that there is a service here greater than the actual saving and the actual practical result. There is a possibility of demonstrating that democracy can organize itself without the necessity of autocratic direction and control. If it should be proved that we cannot secure a saving in our foodstuffs by voluntary effort, and that as a result of our failure to our country we are jeopardizing the success of the whole civilized world in this war, it might be necessary for us to adopt such measures as would force this issue, but if we come to that unhappy measure, we shall be compelled to acknowledge that democracy cannot defend itself without compulsion—that is autocracy and a confession of failure of our political faith.

If we can secure allegiance to this national service in our 20,000,000 kitchens, our 20,000,000 breakfast and lunch tables; if we can multiply an ounce of sugar, or fats or what not per day by 100,000,000 people, we have saved 180,000,000 pounds in a month. If we save a pound of flour per week, we save 125,000,000 bushels of wheat per annum. It is this multiplication of minute quantities—teaspoons full—slices, scraps —by 100,000,000 and 360 days that will save the world. Is there anyone in this land who cannot deny himself or herself of something? Who cannot save some waste? Is not your right to life and freedom worth this service?

Sign Pledge Cards.

The people are being urged this week to sign pledge cards in co-operation with the government in the conservation of food. We hope every family in Chilton County will sign and return one of these cards to the government representative.

Following is a copy of the card, which you are asked to sign:

TO THE UNITED STATES FOOD ADMINISTRATION:

I pledge myself to use the practical means within my power to aid the Food Administration in its efforts to conserve the food supplies of the country, and as an evidence of my support I wish to be enrolled with yourselves as a volunteer member of the Food Administration.

Name .....

Street .....

City ....., State .....

There are no fees or dues. We want your help, in the form both of your personal efforts to economize food and your influence with others toward food economy and wise control of our national supply. If you will give this help it will be a direct service to your country.

Reports are coming in from some parts of the state to the effect that there is some opposition to signing he Food Conservation Pledge Cards during Cnservation week. This opposition it is believed arises from the fact that the people of the state are not familiar with the pledge which they are asked to sign, and are laboring under the false impression that they are asked to bind themselves to something which will involve unusual self-sacrifice or cause much personal inconvenience.

To eliminate this misunderstanding and to show how simple is the the pledge asked for, we publish above the text and form of the card.

Sign the pledge card and fall in line with others to prove your Americanism and help to win the war.

NOTICE TO APPORTIONERS AND OVERSEERS AND THE PUBLIC

We want all the apportioners and overseers in the county to meet the Commissioners Court Tuesday, the 6th day of November, 1917, at 10:00 o'clock, a.m.

The Commissioners want to hear reports from all the public roads in the county, and they want to confer about the future working of the roads.

We will be glad for as many as feel interested in the roads to meet with us. We ask all mail carriers to meet us if they can, and if they cannot come we would be glad to have any suggestions from them concerning the needs of their routes, and if there are any places that get so bad in the winter they cannot travel them, specify them. Now is the time to work places that get bad in the winter, for after they get wet it is hard to fix hem.

We hope all the people will keep in minds the public roads and remember that if we ever have good roads we must build them. We will never see any more bonds or debts for roads.

If every team in the county were to help on the roads two days each year and every man that is able to work give two days, it would give us good roads all over the county, and no one would miss the time.

If anyne knows of an overseer who is not spending the money he has for roads as he should we would be glad to hear any complaints at this meeting or at any other time.

Respectfully,
L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate,
W. T. HERROD,
A. P. VINSON,
S. E. WALDRUP,
R. J. WILLIAMS,
Commissioners.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Of first meeting, in the District Court of the United States, for the Middle District of Alabama. In bankruptcy, in the matter of L. J. Perry, bankrupt, post office, Maplesville, county Chilton, Alabama.

The aforesaid having been adjudged a bankrupt, under act of congress entitled "An Act to Establish a Uniform System of Bankruptcy Throughout the United States," approved July 1st, 1898, meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt is called at the office of the undersigned Referee in the United States Court House, Montgomery, Alabama, on the 8th day of November next, at 10 o'clock, a.m., to make proof of debts and for the election of a Trustee and such other matters as are necessary and required by the act of congress aforesaid.

M. S. CARMICHAEL, Referee.
Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 25, 1917.

NOTICE

All persons having accounts with me will please call and settle with Mrs. Johnson at the office.

Dr. SAM JOHNSON.

Mrs. K. M. Vinson has returned from a visit to her husband who is in the military training camp at Macon, Ga. She reports that Kin is getting along fine.

LODGES TO BUILD CLUBS IN OUR MILITARY CAMPS

Atlanta, Ga., October 29.—The Masons, Odd Fellows and other Protestant fraternal orders are to be permitted to erect a combined club house in each of the army camps, according to additional information received from Washington today on the decision of the War Department, to reconsider its former ruling barring all Protestant secret orders from the camps.

In Washington today to work out the plans for the erection of the clubhouses are a number of prominent Masonic officials, including Geo. F. Cooper of Washington, and Barton H. Smith of Columbus, Ohio, commanders of the Southern and Eastern Jurisdictions, respectively, of the Scottish Rite, and Lee Smith of Pittsburgh, head of the Knights Templar.

They will confer with Secretary Baker and formulate plans whereby all fraternal orders may combine and have one community clubhouse in each camp. This is regarded as a satisfactory settlement of the controversy.

THORSBY ITEMS

Rob Roy Quartet, presenting a progarm of Scottsh humor and song, will be the next number on the entertainment course coming Thursday, November 8th.

Mrs. T. W. Robinson. who has been visiting relatives and friends in Milton and Pensacola, Fla., the past two weeks, returned home last Sunday.

Miss A. E. Parker of Birmingham is visiting at the home of Mrs. W. L. Leary. The Ladies Guild of Thorsby entertained in honor of Miss Parker on Wednesday afternoon of last week at the home of Mrs. Leary.

Mesdames H. M. Gerald and P. W. Horn spent Saturday of last week in Birmingham shopping.

Thorsby regrets the loss of Dr. O. C. Mastin, who left on Sunday of this week for Midway, Ala., where he expects to practice his profession.

Mr. L. E. Diefenderfer is rejoicing over the arrival of a little son, October 26th.

Miss Lois Abernathy spent Sunday at Calera with her mother, who is visiting Miss Sallie Williams.

The citizens of Thorsby and neighborhood regret the loss of Dr. A. M. Wooley, who has been called into military service.

Messrs Arthur Johnson and Marvin Marshall spent Tuesday of last week in Montgomery for the purpose of consulting an oculist.

The many friends of Miss Lena Franklin will be glad to learn that she is very much improved and that she will return home soon.

Mr. F. A. Gulledge of Verbena was in town Monday making arrangements for repairs on the hotel, which he expects to open the first on Nov.

DR. HOPKINS TO BE HERE

Dr. P. I. Hopkins requests us to announce that he will be in Clanton November 3rd and 4th, to see those who have business with him. He is now in New York, doing post graduate work.

Just say a good word for Clanton

COTTON SEED PRODUCTS UNDER FOOD CONTROL

President Wilson's proclamation putting cotton seed products under the food control and providing for licensing ginners, buyers of seed and oil mills has created a fear on the part of cotton growers throughout the South that it will tend to reduce the price of cotton seed to such an extent as to put it below a par value of other products, and thereby tend to discourage the production of cotton another year. There is no provision in the food bill that will permit the naming of a maximum price that may be paid to the farmer or to force him to sell at any given time or price. The licensing of buyers and oil mills, restricting them to a reasonable profit and regulating them to the amount of stocks they may keep on hand, does tend to eliminate or regulate the independent buyers, which has a tendency to take the keen interest out of the market and allow the price to sag of its own weight. The matter was discussed before the food administration committee by Commissioners af Agriculture, Farmers Union Officials, and oil mill representatives at Washington October 15th 16th. It was agreed that suspension of operations of the law was impossible in wiew of the fact that the proclamation was made and became effective October 5th. There remained nothing else to do but to promulgate the best possible rules and regulations in carrying into effect the purposes and intent of the law. This was done and will become operative in the near future. The effect it will have on the seed market remains to be seen. Farmers will be allowed to hold their seed for any length of time or purpose they desire. Independent buyers may be allowed to enter the market and buy not to exceed one hundred and fifty tons without regulation, unless the privilege has been stricken out since the conference.

Grain Plentiful.

The large yield of corn this year seems to have dispelled all fear, for the present, of a grain shortage, in the opinion of Mr. Hoover. He gives as his opinion that the greatest shortage will be in fats and oils, and that the shortage will be acute by next April or May. This being the case, a market for surplus corn, beans and hay can best be had by feeding hogs and cattle.

The European countries are killing off their breeding animals at such rate as to deplete their stock in three more years. America will have to produce meat and fats for the countries in Europe during the war and for at least five years thereafter, in addition to furnishing them a supply of breeding animals for the war. A wise farmer will get into the live stock business as fast and as efficiently as he can. It is the best opportunity ever offered to American farmers and those who grasp it first will get most out of it.

"WITH THE COLORS"

Dear Editor:

Will you please allow me space for just a few words?

I am in the United States Army and like army life fine. I had been told before I came here that army life was awfully hard, but I find it is all a mistake. I have been here at Camp Gordon only one week and have already learned to love the place. We have many good boys here, which makes me feel much better than I expected I would when I first came here. We also have good Sunday Schools and preaching here, and entertainments of all kinds. We have an entertainment at the Y. M. C. A. almost every night. Sometimes we have movies, sometimes music, and sometimes concert and singing.

We have anything to make life a pleasure. Many thanks for the Y. M. C. A. I think the Y. M. C. A. is just grand. It is doing great work for our country.

I and my friend, Mr. Robert Baker, went to Atlanta this p.m., Oct 27. We had a splendid time, and I wish some of our old friends from home could have been with us.

I would like to have a letter from anyone, who wishes to write to me.

Yours truly,
CHAS. E. HEADLEY,
7th Co., 2nd Tr. Bn., 157 Depot Brigade, Camp Gordon, Atlanta, Ga.

NOTICE

Automobile and all business license were due on the first of October, and becomes delinquent on the first day of November, 1917. All persons who wish to save additional fees must take out these license by the first of November, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

County Superintendent of Education W. T. Bean is busy this week with a force of clerks and assistants, getting everything in proper shape for the enforcement of the compulsory School Attendance Law in this county. There are a great many details to the operation of the law, but our best educators say it is in every way advantageous when enforced.

THE COUNTY FAIR WILL BE SUCCESS THIS WEEK

Bad Weather to begin with will not Affect a Good Showing the Latter part of week.

In spite of the unfavorable weather with which this week began, the County Fair offers every indication of a successful termination. The exhibits are all in place, and the return of sunshine weather will bring hundreds of people out to the Fair grounds the remainder of this week.

The school children are restless for the big time they are to have on the school day—Friday. The fair management predicts a big day for the kids. They are preparing to entertain 3,000 school children on that day. The agricultural and live stock exhibits are about up to the standard of former years, and speak well for the industry of our farm citizens.

ADMISSION SAME AS EVER

The price of admission to the Fair this year is the same as it has ever been before. The season tickets are $1.00 and the price of gate tickets where no season ticket is purchased is 25 cents.

There is a false impression among the people over the county in regard to the price of admission. The above prices are correct.

HIGH SCHOOL NEWS

A Shakespearean Club was organized last Thursday afternoon, and the following officers were elected: Miss Leona Pipes, President; Miss Roberta Curry, Vice-President; Miss Inez Higgins, Secretary & Treasurer; Miss Sightler, Critic; and Miss Sewell, Manager.

The club agreed to study Romeo and Juliet First. They expect to do a great work this year.

Last Friday a week ago, the Chilton High eleven defeated the Marbury High eleven in a football game on the former's field. The Chilton boys made nineteen points; Marbury did not make any.

Marjorie—Alice, why did you look so sleepy, and why did you miss your algebra?

Alice—Oh, it was 12:30 last night when my friend from Verbena left, and I could not study or sleep either.

Elizabeth seems to be very happy now, as she is about to get Vernon from Monk.

Denson says that he must quit walking the campus and get to studying, as he thinks he will soon be elected Judge.

Earlie says he can't keep his eyes still when he is around Miss Sewell.

The girls have almost decided to quit wearing white shoes to school on rainy days.

A little freshman girl said that she knew some of the girls were sleeping very miserably now, for they wore their hair curled every day.

Oh, Gee! The fair's here, and just such lessons!

Bert (at the breakfast table one morning)—Oh, mama, I'm full of glory.

Mrs. Robinson—Why, child, what do you mean?

Bert—Well, mama, a sun-beam got on my spoon and I swallowed it.

Quite an interesting football game was played Friday between Shelby County High School and Chilton, on the latter's field. The game resulted in a tie—each team made six points. The game was witnessed by a very large crowd—people from Clanton, marbury, Coopers and Thorsby.

WANTED—To buy a few tons of good hay at a reasonable price.

E. E. UPCHURCH.

UNION GROVE

Health here is very good at present. The farmers are almost done gathering their crops.

The speaking at this place was enjoyed by a large crowd.

Dr. A. A. Conway and wife visited home folks Saturday night and Sunday.

Miss Mae Dorminey spent Sunday with Miss Mattie Dorminey.

Miss Bessie Chandler spent Sunday with Miss Lessie Vinzant.

Mr. and Mrs. Jessie Collum spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Robinson.

Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Shaw of Jemison spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Dorminey.

Miss Lessie Robinson spent Sunday with Miss Orella Robinson.

The literary school at this place is progrsesing nicely.

Rev. Bevis, of Jemison will preach at this place Sunday afternoon at 2:00 o'clock. Everybody is invited to come.

NOTICE—I will grind wheat at Thorsby Flour Mill on Monday and Tuesday of each week, and corn on Saturdays.

F. B. GRONQUIST.

FARMER NEAR CLANTON HAS TERRIBLE EXPERIENCE

"I don't think anybody ever suffered more pain than I have. Twice I was operated for gall stones and a third operation was advised. A friend in Iowa wrote me how he was cured by taking Mayr's Wonderful Remedy. I took a bottle of it on his advice with good results, and have also taken the full course. My pains are all gone and I feel that I am permanently cured. It removes the catarrhal mucous from the intestinal tract, and allays the inflamation that causes practically all stomach, liver and intestinal ailments includoing appendicitis. One dose will convince or money will be refunded.

Upchurch Drug Co. 1

NOTICE

The following persons have Pension warrants in the office of the Judge of Probate: Mrs. T. J. Martin, Sarah A. Eiland, Frank M. Thacker, Malone A. Rasberry, and H.C. Young. These parties will please call or send for these warrants at once, as all undelivered warrants will be returned to the State Auditor on the first day of November, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

"Nobody knows," says a returned war correspondent, "what is inside of Germany." However, with the stiffening up of the American embargo we do know that no more American food will be found inside of Germany.

Some men can fight, but all men must eat!

LADIES MISSIONARY SOCIETY MEETS WITH MRS. KILLEBREW

The Women's Missionary Society of the Methodist Church held its regular social and business meeting at the home of Mrs. Annie Killebrew Monday afternoon. Reports from the officers were heard and interesting papers bearing on Missionary Work were read.

Those present were: Mesdames J. C. Jones, W. W. Fox, W. D. Spigener, W. M. Adams, J. M. Nix, Clyde Jones, Thos. G. Jones, J. R. Broadhead, O. O. Roper.

The hostess, assisted by her daughter, Mrs. J. P. VanDerveer, Jr., served a delicious salad course.

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week end ing October 27th, 1917.

Names—WOMEN
Emma Williams,
Miss Bertha Carroll,
Verlie Abercrombie.
Names—MEN
Carey Speer,
Joseph Littleton,
J. W. Smith,
J. N. Zorn,
J. R. Atchley,
O. C. Wright,
James Watkins,
Robert E. Martin,
George Wells.

These Letters will be sent to the Dead Letter Office, Nov. 10, 1917, if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "Advertised," giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON, P. M.

Mrs. Clara Mullins

Has accepted a Position with us and will

Condnct our Up-to-Date

Millinery Department

Which we have Just Established

She invites her Friends and Former Patrons to call on her at our Store.

CLANTON MERCANTILE CO.

"The Big Bargain Store."

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
W. M. WYATT AND J. B. WELLS
Publishers and Proprietors.

W. M. WYATT, Editor.
J. B. WELLS, Business Manager.

Subscription price $1.00 per year, payable in advance.

Entered April 15, 1913, at Clanton Ala., as second class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

Think of nice, hot corn muffins, delicious, creamy, Southern batter-bread; tender chicken or duck; fish, fresh ar salted, as you like best; eggs in wonderful sauces, creamed or tasty brown; tender, green vegetables; mealy baked potatoes, piping hot; fruits in an infinite variety.

Does that sound difficult to you?

Yet, if you eat those, consistently, you will serve your country as truly as he who carries a gun.

BECAUSE—that will leave the meat, the wheat, the fats and the sugar to go across the sea to the army and the allies.

FOOD WILL WIN THE WAR!

Judge S. M. Adams was in Birmingham Monday. While there he had a counsel with Mr. Thos. E. Kilby of Anniston, whom the Judge believes will be our next Governor. As compared with some other of our state administrations, we believe that Mr. Kilby in the chair would be somewhat of a blessing to our state.

According to press dispatches, Senator Gore, Democrat, of Oklahoma, "recommended taxation to reduce the cost of living." If taxation would reduce the cost of living, no one will deny the democratic administration credit for making every possible effort. Increased taxes were in order before the war began and three years before we entered it.

The Argentine is evidently the Katy-did and Katy-didn't of nations. Her congress votes by large majorities for diplomatic break with Germany, but her president refuses to act. Members of the cabinet threaten to resign because of it, but they all hold their portfolios. Von Luxburg receives passports, but he remains in the country. Our Ambassador at Buenos Ayres is a novelist, maybe he can unravel the tangled threads of all this.

A special dispatch to the New York Journal of Commerce says that administration officials are having lots of trouble interpreting the new tax law, and that "the more it is examined the more complex does it appear." Well, it was in the control, from first to last ,or committees overwhelmingly Democratic. The final touches were placed upon it by 2 Democratic statesmen from North Carolina. If the administration has any complaints to make, they can be addressed to the Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee of the Senate ,both of whom gave frequent evidence of their willingness to confer with the administration officials while the bill was under consideration.

About two years ago when William Jennings Bryan was following the administration lead of opposition to preparedness, he asserted that there was no need of preparedness, for, in case of war, "a million men would spring to arms over night." In the latest issue of the "Commoner", he has this editorial paragraph:

"Those who are inclined to criticize the government for alleged slowness in getting the troops equipped and started seem to overlook the fact that fitting out an army is not one of those propositions that can be taken care of by merely putting in the order over the long distance phone and expecting delivery the next day."

Mr. Bryan, like President Wilson, has changed his mind. Undoubtedly they are to be commended for changing their minds when they found they were wrong, but what shall we have to say for such men as Theodore Roosevelt and Leonard Wood who were right all the time and did not have to change their minds. Mr. Wilson condemned such men as are "nervous and excited," and has never made suitable amends. Nor has any suitable acknowledgment been made to former Secretary of War Garrison who was forced out of the cabinet for the apparent reason that he was too aggressive an advocate of preparedness.

Mr. R. I. Prkins, a prosperous farmer and prominent citizen of Dollar, Coosa county, was in Clanton Wednesday on business.

Elbert Bone, son of Dock Bone, returned Wednesday from Camp Gordon. He was drafted into the army recently, but was rejected at mobilization camp.

M. J. Barrett of Thorsby was a visitor to Clanton Wednesday.

Commissioner A. P. Vinson of Route 6 was in town Wednesday.

Richard M. Hobbie, Food Administrator for Alabama, has received a telegram from Herbert Hoover, United States Food Administrator, stating that sugar scarcity in the eastern states is another evidence of the importance of heeding the advice of the national food administration, regarding the hoarding of food supplies and the restriction of their use.

Mr. Hoover says that the present sugar condition in the eastern states points a great moral to the rest of the country. If the consumption had been restricted as had been repeatedly advised by the Food Administration, a shortage might have easily have been avoided and the one hundred thousand tons of sugar for which France was imploring, could have been shipped.

"Food Pledge Week," Mr. Hoover says, "means the uniting of American consumers of food stuffs to follow the Food Administrator's advice."

The observance of this advice will prevent the necessity of drastic action in regard to the fixing of prices or restriction of consumption on other conditions.

Mr. Hoover's telegram also says that a number of the principal railroads of the country have requested pledge cards by the thousands for distribution to every passenger traveling on these roads during Food Administration week.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of Interior, U. S. Land Office, Montgoremy, Ala., October 6, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that Russell I. Perkins, whose post-office address is Dollar, Ala., did, on the 14th day of March, 1917, file in this office sworn statement and application, No. 010149, to purchase the SW¼ of the SW¼, Section 36, Township 22 N., Range 16 E., St. Stephens Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisinos of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised One Hundred Fifty-one and 75-100 Dollars, the timber estimated 56,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M., and the land $39.75; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 20th day of December, 1917, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rockford, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER, Register.

GO-TO-SUNDAY-SCHOOL DAY NOVEMBER 4.

This is a day to be observed by all Sunday Schools of every Denomination in America. A Rally-Day, a day when all efforts will be put forth to get as nearly everybody in Sunday School as is possible to get them.

The President of the United States and the Governor of Alabama have issued proclamations calling upon everybody to go to Sunday School on November 4th, 1917.

The Sunday Schools of Clanton are going to observe the day. This was decided at a joint meeting of the Sunday School teachers of the town Monday night. It is hoped that every Sunday School in Chilton county will take advantage of this day and build up their Sunday Schools.

E. L. Jones of Verbena was in town Wednesday. He remembered The Union-Banneer with a call to renew his subscription.

First Lieutenant, Dr. Hosea F. Downs, of the U. S. Medical Reserve Corps, is showing his friends in Clanton how he looks in his official "duds" before he is called to the service under his Commission recently received from the war Department. He is awaiting orders to begin his active service.

FALL ORCHARD WORK

That the farm orchard may be made one of the most productive parts of the farm throughout a large part of Alabama has been demonstrated beyond the question of a doubt. Alabamians do not seem to realize the fact that fruit will grow in Alabama as successfully as elsewhere if the same common sense methods of orchard management are adopted as are practiced in the states of the East and West. Wonderful changes have been made along other lines in agriculture in Alabama, yet no more wonderful than is possible in the development of our farm orchards. A few suggestions that may be put into practice are given below.

Remove grass and trash from around or near the trees, as material of this character harbors insects and rodents and oftentimes aids in the destruction of the trees, if fire happens to get a start. The apple and peach trees should all be examined just at and below the surface of the ground for boring insects. These insects are most easily destroyed by cutting them out of the bark with a sharp bladed knife. In the apple trees it may be necessary to destroy the insect in its burrow with a wire or slender twig.

All dead, dying, surplus or broken branches should be carefully removed with a saw, making the cut very close to the trunk of larger branch. Trees should be ordered to fill all vacant spaces. Trees which are so badly diseased from any cause that they do not promise fruitfulness should be dug out by the roots to permit tillage and later replanting of the same ground. Small calves, sheep and hogs may be permitted in the orchard, but they will do more harm than good.

The orchard should be thoroughly sprayed, as soon as the foliage is off the trees, either with concentrated lime sulphur solution at winter strength or with Scalecide. It is not necessary to ask what this spraying is for, since there is not an orchard in Alabama that does not need a thorough application of one or the other of these solutions. One is about as valuable as the other for destroying insects and disease spores.

Most orchards should be plowed. The plowing may be deep between the rows but in no case should it be deep enough in any part of the orchard to seriously interfere with the root-system. If the roots are shallow, the plow should be run shallow above them. Many of the orchards, which are located on good soil, will not require plowing if proper methods of fertilization are practiced later, but most of the orchards would be benefitted by plowing. If plowing can be done early enough in the season, rye may be sown for a cover crop, which would help to catch and hold much of the plant food that becomes available during the winter season. The rye would furnish excellent pasture for poultry and young stock during the latter part of the winter and it could then be plowed down to further enrich the soil.

Fruit trees respond wonderfully to fertization. Most Alabama farmers should make a great effort to apply the fertilizers made on the home farm, thus reducing their fertilizer bill to a minimum. Manure from barns may be hauled out to the orchard throughout the winter, or, if preferred, it could be stored under a dry shed to be applied about thirty days before the growing season starts in the spring. If a cover crop is used, the manure should be applied to stimulate its growth. If the supply of home fertilizer is so limited that all of the orchard cannot be treated, then commercial fertilizer should be purchased for an early spring application.

If the foregoing simple directions are followed and a careful schedule of spraying is adopted for the coming season, fruit will be grown on many an Alabama farm that will be a revelation to all who see it, and a charm will be added to life on the farm which has long been wanting.

Sale Bills

If you need some come in and see US

New Store

Filled with new stock of

General Merchandise, Dry Goods, clothing, Shoes and Notions.

YOUR TRADE IS SOLICITED.

I will buy your Corn, Peas, Velvet Beans at highest market price.

J. HUGH JONES

In New Hayes Bldg. Clanton, Ala.

MONEY SAVING SALES

Are Going on here all the time

If you don't come and take advantage of the Bargains that are here for you, I can't help it.

I ask you to come trade with me for I will save you money.

WHILE HERE AT THE COUNTY FAIR

Let us show you our most attractive line of the following items:

Mens and Boys Clothing, Suits, Hats, Caps, Collars and Neckties.
Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies, Gents Furnishings

We are Agents for the Famous W. L. Douglas Shoes, and can fit any member of the family.
Full line of Groceries.

We sell anything you need except burial supplies, and we want to ask you to be at home in our store during the Fair week.

TOM KEMP

Clanton, Ala.

FAIR VISITORS WELCOME

We know you will Buy Something while in town at the Fair.

AT OUR STORE YOU WILL FIND THE BIGGEST STOCK OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE OF ALL KINDS EVER ASSEMBLED UNDER ONE ROOF IN CHILTON COUNTY COUNTY, AND WE HAVE GOT WHAT YOU WANT. IT IS NEEDLESS TO SAY THAT WE SELL OUR GOODS AT THE RIGHT PRICES.

The Best thing for you is to just Come See what we've got.

We will not take the time and space to outline the many bargains which we offer. We just desire to urge you to come and see our line, and then we know you will buy if you need any of the things which we have. Be sure to come around and see us while you are at the County Fair.

We call your attention to a few of our special lines which are as follows:

Men's and Boy's Clothing and Overcoats; the old reliable Star Brand Shoes, to fit every member of the family; Household Furnishings of all kinds, from the Kitchen Range or down to the smallest article.

Don't overlook our Special Ladies Department of the latest styles of Dress Goods and Wearing Apparel. Gent's Furnishings of all kinds—Shirts, Hosiery, Collars, Ties.

Clanton Mercantile Co.

The big Bargain Store.

TEXAS RED RUST PROOF OATS

SEED NOW READY FOR FALL SOWING

I have just Received a Large Shipment of these Famous Seed Oats and have them now for Sale.

READ THIS SWORN STATEMENT

The Howe Grain & Mercantile Company

Wholesale Grain, Hay, &tc.

Howe, Texas.

October 12, 1917.

This is to certify that we have this day shipped to Clanton, Ala,, for L. H. Reynolds of Clanton, Ala., two hundred 160-lb sacks,—32,000 pounds of Texas Red Rust Proof Oats, in M. K. & T., car No. 190115, and that said oats were raised near Howe, in Grayson County, Texas, in year 1917. Signed at Howe, Texas, this 12 day of October, 1917.

Loy Helney, Mgr. Howe Grain & Merc. Co.

Subscribed and sworn to bifore me, a Notory Public, in and for the County of Grayson, State of Texas, this 12 day of October, 1917.

(SEAL) A. B. Cowan, Notary Pub., Crayson Co., Texas.

The above certificate Speaks for itself.

I HAVE HANDLED THESE OATS FOR YEARS AND HAVE NEVER HAD A SINGLE COMPLAINT MADE AGAINST THEM. IF YOU WANT SEED OATS, YOU CAN'T DO BETTER THAN TO PLANT THIS KIND. JUST ASK THE MAN WHO HAS USED THEM. I SELL THEM JUST AS CHEAP AS THEY CAN POSSIBLY BE SOLD ANYWHERE NOW UNDER THE PRESENT HIGH COST OF EVERYTHING IN GENERAL.

I Sell Shoes, Clothing, Hats, and Dry Goods of all Kinds Cheap.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF SHOES AND DRY GOODS, WHICH I HAD ONCE DECIDED NOT TO HAVE SHIPPED THIS SEASON; BUT AFTER SEEING THE ADVANCE IN ALL LINES OF MERCHANDISE, I WIRED MY HOUSE TO MAKE THE SHIPMENT AT THE EARLISET DATE.

I HAVE A FULL STOCK, AND WHEN YOU ARE IN THE MARKET FOR ANY KIND OF GOODS, ALL I ASK IS FOR YOU TO POST YOURSELF ON PRICES AND COME AND SEE MY GOODS BEFORE YOU BUY. REMEMBER I WILL BUY ANYTHING YOU HAVE FOR SALE—COWS, HOGS, CORN, BEANS, HAY, FODDER, SYRUP AND FARM PRODUCTS.

L. H. REYNOLDS

CLANTON, - - - ALA.

MACHINERY REPAIRED

All kind of broken machinery repaired and made as good as new. We rebore automobile cylinders and make a new engine out of an old one. All work guaranteed. We Mend Everything but broken bones.

SOUTHERN WELDING CO.,
Monagomery, Ala.

When the chest feels on fire and the throat burns, you have indigestion, and you need HERBINE to get rid of the disagreeable feeling. It drives out badly digested food, and strengthens the stomach and purifies the bowels. Price 50c. Cold by Upchurch Drug Company.

NOTICE

All Road Apportioners and Overseers in Chilton County:

All apportioners and overseers are hereby notified by order of the Commissioners Court of Chilton county to make no more bills against the county this year, unless they first get permission from the Commissioners or the Judge of Probate, before they make said bills.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

FOR SALE

A forty acre farm modernly equiped for darying. Call on, or write, M. J. BARRETT, Thorsby, Ala.

NOTICE OF PETITION TO SELL LANDS TO DIVIDE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

Probate Court, Oct. 4, 1917.

In the matter of the estate of J. M. G. Burke, Deceased.

To the Sheriff of said County:

Whereas Mary A. Burke and A. L. Burke, joint owners of the estate of J. M. G. Burke, deceased, has fuled their petition in said court for a sale of the lands described therein, belonging to said estate, for division, upon the ground that the same cannot be equitably divided among the heirs, and the 3rd day of November 1917, has been appointed for the hearing of said petition.

You are therefore, hereby commanded to cite Genie Walker, whose address is Artesia, Miss., care of Robt. Cox, to appear before said Court on said day to contest said petition if she think proper.

Witness my hand this 4th day of Oct. 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

WILL BUY SYRUP

Taylor Brothers, Clanton, Ala., are in the market for sorghum syrup in any quantity.

A child can't get strong and robust while intestinal worms eat away its vitality. To give the child a chance to grow these parasites must be destroyed and expelled. WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE is guaranteed to remove the worms; it also puts the vital organs in healthy, vigorous condition. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Company.

Mr. T. J. Dorminey of Stumps Hills was down to Clanton Saturday. He is a member of the County Board of Education, and was here performing some duties in connection with his job.

WANTED TO BUY—One or two good mules. E.H. Foshee, Clanton R 5

I will buy all your Chickens, Eggs, Goobers and White Peas. $1.00 per bushel for goobers and 4 cents per pound for peas. Sam Johnson.

DR. W. L. PARRISH

Graduate Veterinarian.

Hurry Calls made in Auto.

'Phone 110-35, Clanton.

You Can Shake Loose from The Tortures of Rheumatism

By using S. S. S.

The germs of Rheumatism are in the blood, which is laden with millions of the minute demons of pain, causing untold suffering and bringing its victim from vigor and strength to almost helplessness. To get real and genuine relief from this disease, these disease germs must be completely routed out of the system through the blood.

S. S. S. has been used for fifty years with satisfactory results in the treatment of Rheumatism. It acts directly upon the blood, which it promptly purifies of all disease germs. It is a powerful antidote, and eliminates from the blood all trace of rheumatic germs, building up and strengthening the run-down system.

Write to-day to our medical director, who will give you valuable advice regarding the proper treatment of your own case. Address Swift Specific Co., Dept. I Atlanta, Ga.

WHAT GRAINS NEED SEED TREATMENT

By J. F. Duggar, Director Extension Service and Experiment Station.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

No oats should be sown this fall without treatment of the seed to prevent smut. An article on the method of treatment appeared in these columns a few weeks ago. The formalin treatment is the simplest. If the directions for making it have been mislaid, write to Alabama Experiment Station, Auburn, Alabama, for a number of copies of the brief direction, and distribute them among neighbors who still have oats to sow.

It should be remembered that while the ordinary black smut of oats is easily prevented by the formalin treatment, that neither this treatment nor the bluestone treatment prevents that one of the smuts of wheat which somewhat resembles the smut of oats. That is, it does not prevent the loose or "black" smut of wheat.

If the seed wheat should contain any grains affected with the concealed (stinking) smut of wheat, which is never conspicuous, the formalin treatment, and to some extent the bluestone treatment, would constitute a means of prevention. But fortunately it seems that most of the seed wheat grown in this latitude is not troubled with this latter disease, the inconspicuous concealed smut. Much of our Southern wheat has the other kind ("black"), for which no treatment is generally recommended.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Of first meeting, in the District Court of the United States, for the Middle District of Alabama. In bankruptcy, in the matter of P. D. Wilson, bankrupt, post office, Clanton, county Chilton, Alabama.

The aforesaid having been adjudged a bankrupt, under the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to Establish a Uniform System of Bankruptcy Throughout the United States," approved July 1st, 1898, meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt is called at the office of the undersigned Referee, in the United States Court House, Montgomery, Alabama, on the 8th day of November next, at 10:00 o'clock, a.m., to make proof of debts, and for the election of a trustee, and such other matters as are necessary and required by the act of congress aforesaid.

M. S. CARMICHAEL, Referee.
Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 25, 1917.

Tickling in the throat, hoarseness, loss of voice, indicate the need of BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP. It eases the lungs, quiets the cough and restores health in the bronchial tubes. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

CENTRAL ALABAMA FARM PRODUCTS COMPANY

Wm. Adams, Proprietor, S.W. Adams Secretary.

Members of the Velvet Bean Millers Association, Clanton Alabama. Manufacturers of Velvet Bean Mean, Corn Meal and Mized Feeds.

Marketing connection with the dealer and consumer will give the customers and patrons of this mill a chance to get for their products, when manufactured, the best market prices.

Reports of the market prices of velvet bean meal, corn meal and mixed feed each week will keep the customers of this mill in touch with the markets at a distance.

A comfortable rest room has been provided fort he families of the customers, and a convenient warehouse for the farm products and hitching grounds for the stock.

The velvet bean mill has been placed, and upon an immediate date in the future, announcement will be made to the public when this mill is ready for actual service to the public.

The patronage and cooperation of everyone is respectfully solicited in support of this new industry.

COUNTY MAPS FOR SALE

The Union-Banner has made arrangements to print a number of Beat Maps of Chilton County, and now have them for sale to anyone desiring them, at the price of 25 cents each.

FISH—FISH

We will be ready September 1st to fill all orders from fifty pounds up. Write us for prices. All orders lfiled at once. Will treat you right and save you all the money we can. A. M. ROLLINS & SON,
Miflin, Ala.

A Woman's Happiness Depends Upon Care



Joy in its supremest mood thrills in the ecstacy of motherhood. The expectant mother pictures a miniature of self and soul, and her thoughts console her for the days of suspense. For over three generations, thousands of women have used the tried and well-known preparation, "Mother's Friend". By its daily use the muscles which nature is expanding relax easily; when baby is born strain is relieved. Tendency to morning sickness or nausea is counteracted and the inflammation of breast glands is soothed; they are kept in good condition, and the time before baby comes is full of quiet repose and joyful anticipation. This makes greatly for the health of the mother and for the future good nature of the coming child.

Write the Bradfield Regulator Co., Dept. G, 200 Lamar Building, Atlanta, Ga., for their helpful and very interesting book, "Motherhood and the Baby". They will send it to you without charge. Your druggist will supply you with "Mother's Friend". It is a mistake to go a single night without using it for the preparation is truly wonderful and its use makes it possible for you yourself to do your share in aiding nature in its difficult task. By doing so pain and danger at the crisis is avoided.

TO ROAD APPORTIONERS AND OVERSEERS OF THE COUNTY:

Gentlemen:

I would advise that you take special notice of all persons hauling logs, lumber and such other articles, as set out in the Road Laws of Chilton County, upon which there is a license.

There are a number of persons over the county who have not paid for October, and who should have paid some time ago. I would suggest that you notify these parties to take out license at once.

Tags have been issued to each person who has paid the license since October 1st, 1917. These tags are printed on red cardboard, and have "October, 1917," and the number of horse-wagon, for which they were purchased.

Please look after this at once, and see that all persons, who are due the license, at once pay the same.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

WANTED TO RENT—One-horse farm on halves. R.W. FOSHEE,
Thorsby, Ala, R. 1.

If you cannot go to war for your country, why not eat for it?

All you who have torpid liver, weak digestion or constipated bowels look out for chills. The season is here and the air is full of disease germs. The best thing to do is to get your liver in good condition and purify the stomach and bowels. HERBINE is the right remedy, it answers the purpose completely. Price 50c. Sold by Ppchurch Drug Company.

GOATS WANTED.—One buck and several nannies—just plain goats. Address C. L. Forsmann, Thorsby.

NOTICE

I have been instructed by the Commissioners Court to amend the Road Laws of Chilton county, so as t omake it a violation of the law for persons to change water from its natural course into the Public Roads of the county. Said law to take effect January 1st, 1918.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

TIRED, NERVOUS HOUSEWIFE TOOK VINOL

Now She is Strong and Well

Berkeley, Cal.—"I was nervous, irritable, no appetite, could not sleep, and was always tired, so my housework was a great effort. After many other medicines had failed Vinol built me up and made me strong. I have a good appetite and sleep well. Every nervous, weak, ailing woman should try it."—Mrs. N. Edmunds, 2107 Dwight Way, Berkeley, Cal.

We ask every nervous, weak, rundown, ailing woman in this town to try this cod liver and iron tonic on our guarantee to return their money if it fails to help them.

Upchurch Drug Co.

Coffins, Burial Supplies, Automobile Accessories For sale at

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.

CLANTON, ALA.



Of Interest to the County Fair Visitors.

I carry a sprcial line of Staple and Fancy Groceries at the lowest prices it is now possible to sell them.

A Full Line of Cigars, Cigarettes, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco—all Fresh and New at Moderate Prices in reach of all. Buy your Sunday Cigars Here.

Fountain and Bottled Drinks of every kind. Tables to serve the ladies. Your trade will be appreciated. Call on me when you are in Clanton.

My place is open every day and Sunday too.

L. C. REYNOLDS

Located in Wright Building Next to Uncle Jim Broadhead's

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR

U. S. Land office, at Montgomery, Ala., July 30, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that Louis T. Dennis, whose port office address is R. D. No. 2, Mt. Creek, Ala., did on the 29th day of January, 1917, file in this office sworn statement and application No. 010113, to purchase the N½ of the SW¼, Section 12, Township 21 North, Range 16 East, St. Stephens Meridian, and the timber thereon, under provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that persuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised two hundred and seventy-seven and 58-100 dollars, the timber estimated at 98,563.00 board feet at $2.00 per M., and the land $80.46; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 19th day of November, 1917, before Register or Receiver, U. S. Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a coroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER.

During this week you will be asked to sign the Pledge Card of the United States Food Administration.

HEY! CROOSTIE MEN

I am paying 54 cents for first class Pine, White Oak and Post Oak Ties, and 35 cents for second class.

J. E. LITTLEJOHN
CLANTON, ALA.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

Circuit Court, in Equity. Oct. 10, 1917.

Mary Townsend Complainants vs. Lucian L. Townsend Defendants.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit on file of A. C. Smith, Solicitor for complainant that the Defendant, Lucian L. Townsend is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and resides in a place unknown to affiant and further that in the belief of said affiant, the Defendant Lucian L. Townsend is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Union-Banner a newspaper published in Clanton, Ala., once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said Lucian L. Townsend to answer, plead or demur to the Bill of Complaint in the above cause, on or before the 10th day of November 1917, and failing so to do within thirty days after service of this summons, a Decree Pro Confesso may be taken against him in said cause.

Witness my hand, this 10th day of October 1917.

H. M. SIMPSON,
Register.

FOR SALE—I have for sale 2 milk cows, fresh. 2 fillies 2 year old, 2 mules 5 year old. Will sell cheap for cash. Also 211½ acres of land 3¾ miles west of Jemison, close to good church and school. For further partiulars see or write J. N. Scott, Jemison, Ala. 10-18-3t.

FOR SALE or Exchange.—193 acres good level land; well timbered, about 50 acres virgin growth, in Butler County. Will trade for property in or near Clanton. Write Mrs. Carrie Moss, Calera, Ala.

EXTENSION WORK FOR WOMEN AND GIRLS.

By Mary S. Keown, Assistant State Agent Home Demonstration Work.

Home Demonstration work in Alabama has recently received greatly increased co-operation from the United States government. Under the provisions of the Food Production Bill just enacted by Congress, the Department of Agriculture has undertaken on a larger scale than ever before, the task of maintaining during the war an ample supply of food.

One of the most important steps to be taken this winter will be the extension of the existing force of county demonstration agents. In Alabama, there were on September first, 29 Home Demonstration agents at work in 29 counties under the direct supervision of the United States Department of Agriculture, and the State Extension Service at Auburn. These women have given their entire time to stimulating interest in the production of garden truck, poultry and other products, among the women and girls, and have advised and instructed the people in their counties in regard to the most efficient methods of food utilization and conservation.

Under the emergency appropriation, there will be appointed home demonstration agents in every county in Alabama. The work of the Home Demonstration agent is one of extreme practicality. In the organized clubs, a four-year course of study is offered to girls between ten and eighteen years of age. Upon use approved methods in planting tenth-acre gardens. This tenth acre garden is the basis of the individual club members' work but it is by no means the only work the club members undertake.

During the first year the girls select tomatoes as their main crop, learning how best to market both fresh and canned products. Each girl keeps an accurate record of the year's work, in a book provided especially for this purpose.

Lessons in plain sewing are given in the making of attractive uniforms, caps, towels, etc. The girls are taught to can, preserve, and dry various fruits and vegetables, while the study of the preparation of vegetables for the tables and contests in bread-making and instruction in this matter are given active places.

The work with women will follow the same general plan as that with the girls. Women will be encouraged to plant gardens, but special work will be done with them in showing ways and means of economizing in the preparation of the food for the family. A study of the food needs of the family will be given, and lessons in the making of various household conveniences, such as the iceless refrigerator, the fireless cooker, and others.

In order to do the most effective work, the counties must be thoroughly organized. With this end in view, community centers will be selected in each county, and the work will be conducted from these central points. Clubs for girls and women will be formed at these points, and in co-operation with the agent and the local school teachers, definite programs will be planned and followed. Every woman and girl in the surrounding territory is urged to join one of these clubs and learn to do her part under our present war conditions.

This season attention has been given especially to conserving the large food crops raised throughout the state. Hundreds of thousands of cans have been filled, and pantries of the homes in Alabama are better filled than ever before. In some parts of the country, however, the statement has been repeatedly made that the government intends to take from every family, all goods put up in excess of 100 puarts. The authorities state emphatically that no such course has ever been contemplated by the government. On the contrary, the Department of Agriculture, and the Food Administration are strongly urging house-wives to can and preserve all surplus fruits and vegetables in order that the households themselves may have a cheap and plentiful supply of food.

Meet your County Home Demonstration Agent and learn from her what you can do to aid in this great work.

CLANTON BAPTIST CHURCH

The Sunday School, under the leadership of Judge E. B. Deason, the newly installed superintendent, is doing well and increasing in interest. The classes are becoming interested in helping to swell the fund for the new church building, and the weekly collections are growing.

Prof. McDonald's Baraka Class, which weets at 10 o'clock in the old Banner building, is popular as usual. There is still room for others in all of the classes, and it has been well remarked by some that the people lounging around on Main Street on Sunday mornings could either be induced to go to Sunday School or be made very uncomfortable in the effort to do so.

This is food conservation week and the mass meeting held at the Baptist Church on last Sunday night gave it quite a "send-off" although not so many attended as were looked for.

Besides the interest and enthusiasm aroused in the movement, its intent and purpose was made clearer. It seems that in some places persons willing to misrepresent the government have been telling the people that a general confiscation of all available food is being planned, and they will be robbed if they sign the cards. It reminds one of the tactics employed during the amendment campaign for state prohibition. It is hoped that every family that is willing to carefully save its food and sugar, and use home products such as corn, vegetables, poultry, syrup, etc., rather than the usual amounts of flour and meats (both imported and domestic), will sign the cards and give such assurance to the food conservators appointed by the government.

Rev. J. F. Gable, the pastor of the Clanton Baptist Church, has been appointed Vice-President of this interest for the Unity Baptist Association, of which he is Moderator.

The subject of the sermon at the Baptist Church next Sunday morning will be "Divine Economy in the Midst of Plenty." At 7 p.m., the pastor will preach on "Inherited Blessings, and Our Care for them."

The Baptist Young Peoples Union which meets at 6 p.m., is forming into a live and interesting organization under the leadership of President J. L. Johnson. Systematic work and regular Bible reading is being entered upon.

The Childrens Sunbeam Band, which meets at two o'clock on Sunday afternoons, has Mrs. McDonald for a leader, whose very name is a guarantee of good work.

At the prayer meetings on Wednesday nights a study of "The Life of Christ, the Marvel of the Ages" will occupy a part of the hour. After the prayer meeting a choir meeting is held directed by Dr. Norman, Professor of Music at the High School. All of these services are intended for the pleasure and benefit of the public, and everybody is invited to attend regularly.

Mr. C. C. Ellzey of Minooka was in Clanton Saturday and subscribed for the Union-Banner. Mr. Ellzey is a recent settler in North Chilton, coming originally from South Carolina, but recently from Birmingham. He is enthused over conditions and has purchased a large farm on which he will grow crops and live stock. From our brief talk with this man, we judge that the community which he has selected to live in will be much benefitted by his presence and activities, for he is a man who believes in striving onward and upward. A man like Mr. Ellzey is a welcome and a valuable asset to any community.

—MEET ME AT—

The Busy Corner



Elmore's

LADIES & GENTS FURNISHINGS

CLANTON, ALA.

Opinions from Folks Who Know

For malarial headache, Granger Liver Regulator entirely relieved my trouble.—**J. Height, Wetumpka, Ala.**

Had heavy headache. Vomited twice to six times a day. Four doses of Granger Liver Regulator made me well.—**Loundas P. Brindley, Somerville, Ala.**

Mother had sick headache. Granger Liver Regulator did her more good than all the medicine she had taken before.—**Pearley Davis, Pacio, Ala.**

I never expect to be without it in my home.—**Jenie Usey, Gadsden, Ala.**

It is a great saver of doctors' bills. —**Louis N. Kent, Honoraville, Ala.**

There is none better.—**Dr. T. E. Cothram, Alexis, Ala.**

All druggists sell Granger Liver Regulator—25c. Try it.

SYRUP MILL FOR SALE

I have a good two-horse Chattanooga syrup mill and pan for sale at a bargain. For further particulars call or write. A. L. GOLDEN, Clanton, Ala.

WANTED—A Competent Man to run my Cotton Gin. State age, experience and wages wanted, in first letter. Allen P. Howison, Randolph, Ala.

VELVET BEAN GRINDING

On account of the unexpected delay of a few days in getting completion of the work on a fifty-horse power engine, by Alabama Machinery & Supply Co., of Montgomery, the actual work of grinding will necessarily be delayed a few days longer than was expected. We hope and expect to have the entire plant ready to do business not later than between the 2nd and 5th of November. We have the assurance of Alabama Machinery & Supply Co. that this engine will be delivered to us in ample time to begin operation by the time needed. This engine will give our plant 85 horse-power, with the 35 horse-power engine which we now have on hand.

Everyone attending the county fair next week is cordially invited to inspect our plant in all of its details, and to discuss with us the question of markets and marketing of their products.

Central Alabama Products Co.
By Wm. M. Adams, Pres.
S. W. Adams, Secy.

Dr. Sam Johnson, who is in the United States Naval service, has been removed from his station at New Orleans to other positions in the same branch of the service. Mrs. Johnson has returned to Clanton for a while.

For a Zestful Meal

The Drink That Puts Edge on Appetite—



Buffalo Rock GINGER ALE

So mild and mellow yet full of flavor, it just naturally makes your food taste better.

"Highest in quality." Kind to nerves. Genial to digestion. Non-reacting. Non-astringent.

In Individual bottles at Fountains and Soft Drink Stands **5c**

Keep a Home Box of Buffalo Rock in your home. Order from your grocer.

Buffalo Rock Company

Anniston Birmingham Montgomery

Visitors to the Fair Invited to Come to Our Store.

FAIR DISCOUNTS

Come to See Us and We will do the Rest. Welcome

YOUR DOLLARS WILL HAVE MORE CENTS

If you Spend them at this Big Store.

Our shelves are laden with Brand New, Crisp Fall Merchandise. We carry a Full Line of Everything for Man, Woman and Child. If its Farm Supplies, Groceries, Grain, Shoes, Hats, Hardware, Groceries, or Fancy Goods, we can supply you, and supply you at figures that will make your Pocket Book laugh. :. :. :. :.

Complete Line of Funeral Supplies—Prompt Personal attention Given Every Call.

Mullins & Moore

W. I. Mullins Old Stand.

CLANTON, = ALA.



Visitors to the Fair!

DURING YOUR STAY IN CLANTON WE WANT YOU TO MAKE OUR STORE YOUR HEADQUARTERS, — THE PLACE TO MEET YOUR FRIENDS. WE WILL TAKE CARE OF YOUR PACKAGES, OR WE WILL BE MORE THAN GLAD TO SERVE YOU IN ANY WAY WE CAN WHILE YOU ARE IN THE CITY. DROP IN AND SEE US. COURTEOUS SERVICE WILL BE GIVEN EVERYONE. INCIDENTALLY, IF YOU NEED ANYTHING IN OUR LINE OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE, YOU WILL FIND THAT OUR PRICES ARE REASONABLE. AND AS YOU KNOW YOU GET "YOUR MONEY'S WORTH OR YOUR MONEY BACK," ALWAYS.

Come to see us, for you are welcome whether you buy or not.

W. A. KEMP

CLANTON, ALA.



100 per cent. Roughage

BUCKEYE HULLS are real roughage in every particle. They are free of everything that has no value as forage. They are free of lint. They are free of trash. They are free of dirt and dust. When you buy

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

you are paying for nothing but roughage, and you are feeding your stock nothing that is worthless or injurious. Buckeye Hulls look like a real feed and are a real feed. Their very appearance will convince you that you should use them.

Even if Buckeye Hulls cost as much as old style hulls it would still be to your advantage to use them. Selling at several dollars per ton less, they put old style hulls beyond consideration.

Other Advantages

Buckeye Hulls allow better assimilation of other food.
They are sacked—easy to handle.
They take half the space for storage.
They mix well with other forage.
Every pound goes farther.
2000 pounds of real roughage to the ton—not 1500.

Mr. S. L. Jones, Jackson, La., says:

"I have been feeding my dairy cows Buckeye Hulls and find that they do as well on Buckeye Hulls as on old style and that they like the Buckeye Hulls better than the old style."

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K ***The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.*** *Dept. K*

Atlanta, Augusta, Birmingham, Charlotte, Greenwood, Jackson, Little Rock, Macon, Memphis, Selma

C. B. White of Birmingham was in Clanton last Thursday.

Grady Reynolds made a trip to Montgomery last Friday.

LIST OF CHILTON BOYS IN RAINBOW DIVISION

This list was complied by Arden Allen. There may be a few he has missed, and if anyone knows of a Chilton county boy in this Division who is not listed below the Red Cross Chapter of Clanton will greatly appreciate his name and address.

Arden says:

"These boys are from Chilton County and in the 167th Inf. U.S.A. Please remember us while we are in France. Anything will be appreciated.

Bice, Straughton M.
Roberts, Guy H.
Reynolds, Reuben
Foshee, Sie
Armstrong, Ceicle
Baxley, Pruett
Clark, Johnnie
Headley, M. W.
Henderson, Charlie
Plier, Porter M.
Foshee, Warnie
Holley, Alfred
Jones, Roberts
Jackson, Reuben
Lockhart, Zeb
Lockhart, J. T.
McKenney, John
Pounds, W. E.
Shirley, Alonzo.
Parker, Sloan
Roland, Cleveland
Devaughn, Sam
Downs, Evan
Hudgins, John H.
Patterson, Byron
Allen, Arden R.
Calloway, Walter
Clenner, Earl W.
Dennis, Richard
Glass, James B.
Hunter, Carl J.
Jones, Lonnie M.
Lockhart, Frank
Robinson, Arguness
McKee, Emmett
Boswell, Millard
Vernon, Lewis E.
Arant, Winston
Sims, Edward C.

RED CROSS MEETING

There will be a Red Cross Meeting at the Methodist church Sunday afternoon at 2:00 o'clock.

Mr. Wilkerson of New Orleans, Field Agent, will be present and deliver an address to the people.

Everybody cordially invited to attend.

WAR TALKS

By UNCLE DAN

Number Two

Jimmie Collins Tells What He Saw—What Military Training Does for Boys.

"Well, here we are!" exclaimed Billie, presenting his chum, Jimmie Collins.

"Very glad to see you, Mr. Collins," said Uncle Dan with a smile.

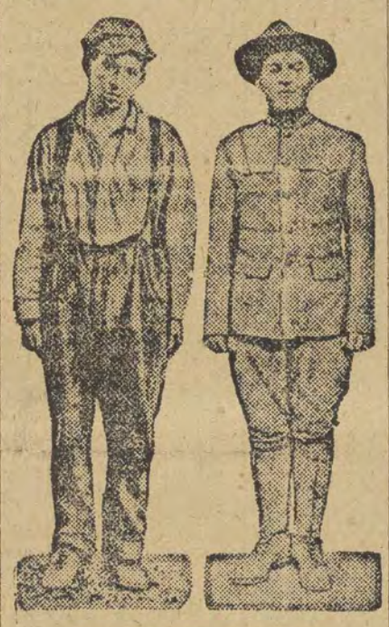
"Aw," said Billie, "Just call him Jimmie. That's the only name he knows. He's the pitcher of our baseball nine, and he's some pitcher, too. Just feel of his arm."

"Well," said Uncle Dan, feeling, "That's a mighty good arm!"

"Now, boys," said Uncle Dan, "what do you want to talk about?"

"Well," said Jimmie, "I was down to Galesburg a few months ago when the boys came home from the Mexican border. They looked fine. Everybody was surprised to see how straight they stood and how manly they were. The boys seemed proud to wear the uniform. I tell you their muscles were as hard as nails. I heard Banker Haskett say that the training and discipline the boys had had was exactly what every boy in the country ought to have, and that now these boys could get a better job at higher pay than they could have had before. Do you think that's so, Uncle Dan?"

Uncle Dan replied: "I have a friend who employs hundreds of young men. He always gives boys having had military training the preference; he says it pays to do so. He finds they are more alert, more prompt, more courteous; they know how to carry out orders; they are quicker to think and to act than those without training. He said from his experience he believed that six or eight months of intensive military training would add at least 20 per cent to a man's earning capacity, and that it was the best investment any young man could make.



AFTER FIVE MONTHS.

The two pictures are of the same young man. The first was taken the day he enlisted and the second after he had had five months' military training. His home is in North Carolina.

"Billie, if you will go up to my room and bring my small handbag, I will let you see two photographs of the same young man, showing what only five months of intensive training on the Mexican border did for him."

The bag was brought. Uncle Dan, showing the pictures, said: "Well, here they are. They tell their own story and it is a mighty interesting one. The young man, before training, has a discouraged look; he has seen but little of the world. There was very little in his surroundings to bring him out. When he joined the colors and Uncle Sam took him in charge, life for him took on a new meaning. He saw a chance to do something and be something. He woke up. His captain says he is twice the man he was when he joined the army. This may be one of the extreme cases," said Uncle Dan. "I can tell you, though, that war or no war, no one thing will do the young men of this nation so much good in so short a time as a few months of intensive military training. It fits a man to fight his own life battles in the business world as well as to defend his country and its flag.

"Nearly every civilized country gives its boys military training. It is compulsory. It is based upon the fact that it is the duty of everyone to help defend his country; and as war is now carried on, no one can do much unless he is trained. Also, the records show that the killed and wounded among untrained troops is nearly three times as great as it is with well-trained men who know how to fight and how to protect themselves. By this plan a nation has trained men to defend her and the individual is a stronger and better man for the training.

"If the Chamberlain Bill for Military Training is passed by congress, as it ought to be, the same thing would be done for millions of other young men throughout the land. Everybody ought to demand of his congressman and senators the passage of this bill."

"All right, sir, exclaimed Jimmie, we will see Judge Brownell, Mr. Haskett and Professor Slocum, and get them busy."

Ease Up

ON YOUR POCKET BOOK

Begin the Easing Process with your Table. Look into the size of your Grocery Bill—Then try us.

If you are not one of our Regular Customers we want you to try our High Grade Flour, Teas, Coffee and other Groceries.

We sell everything for the Table, Guarantee its Quality and keep the price away down.

I am still at the same old stand, and ready to serve my Customers.

J. W. LITTLEJOHN

"THE GROCERY MAN"
CLANTON, ALA

MORE MEN TO GO TO ARMY ON SATURDAY

The Local Board for this County has called for eight men to appear here Friday for transportation to Camp Gordon Saturday. Follow- are the names of the men:

Alvin Jones.
Wilton C. Dickinson.
Thos. H. Blow.
Alfred Smith.
Henry B. Page.
Richard A. Hicks.
Manley Foshee.
Lee Roy Caton.

FOR SALE or Exchange.—193 acres good level land; well timbered, about 50 acres virgin growth, in Butler County. Will trade for property in or near Clanton. Write Mrs. Carrie Moss, Calera, Ala.

Keep Well

Do not allow the poisons of undigested food to accumulate in your bowels, where they are absorbed into your system. Indigestion, constipation, headache, bad blood, and numerous other troubles are bound to follow. Keep *your* system clean, as thousands of others do, by taking an occasional dose of the old, reliable, vegetable, family liver medicine.

Thedford's

Black-Draught

Mrs. W. F. Pickle, of Rising Fawn, Ga., writes: "We have used Thedford's Black-Draught as a family medicine. My mother-in-law could not take calomel as it seemed too strong for her, so she used Black-Draught as a mild laxative and liver regulator . . . We use it in the family and believe it is the best medicine for the liver made." Try it. Insist on the genuine—Thedford's. 25c a package. E-75

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in Hopkins Bldg.
Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women & Surgery
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

A. C. Smith B. Guy Smith
SMITH & SMITH
Attorneys At Law
General Practice
Clanton, - - - - - Alabama.

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

M. J. Williams of Billingsley Route 1 was in town Wednesday.

Highest Cash Prices

Paid for Scrap Iron Hides, Beeswax, Tallow and Wool.

(Scrap pile at Downs Hardware Store.)

DUMBAR

The Scrap Iron Man.



The Merchants whose Advertising appears Below Ask You to Come to see Them While you are at the County Fair.

They all have some kind of Bargains that will be of interest to you.

IF YOU WANT THE BEST

Groceries

THAT MONEY CAN BUY, JUST CALL ON ME. I HAVE A COMPLETE LINE AT RIGHT PRICES.

J. W. Littlejohn

Candy for Xmas.

Should be bought now as the prospects are that there will be none at any price available then.

We have a supply

On hand now at lowest prices possible.

CANDY STORE

BUYING

I WILL BUY YOUR SYRUP, CORN, CATTLE, AND HOGS. I WILL PAY THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICES FOR FARM PRODUCTS.

L. H. Reynolds

Ford Cars

AND PARTS; OIL, GASOLINE, AND ACCESSORIES. GET YOUR ORDER IN FOR NEW CARS NOW AND AVOID HAVING TO WAIT.

L. J. Duncan Motor Company

COMPLETE LINE OF

Clothing, Shoes, etc.

ALL THESE ARE PAWN BROKER ARTICLES, AND THEREFORE WILL SELL CHEAP.

Wiley Littlejohn

—SEE—

Downs Hardware Co.

A few Syrup Cans at Atrractive Prices.

AUTOMOBILE CASINGS
At present Cost Prices.

Stoves and Ranges at Last Year's Prices, and Furniture at a Bargain.

WHILE AT THE FAIR STOP AT

The Wilson Hotel

THE BEST HOTEL SERVICE TO BE FOUND IN CLANTON

REASONABLE RATES FOR MEALS & ROOMS

See our Line of Madame Grace Corsets



W. A. Kemp

Hungry?

WELL, IF YOU GET HUNGRY, OR THIRSTY, OR WANT TO SMOKE WHILE AT THE FAIR GROUNDS, JUST COME AROUND TO MY PLACE AND GET QUICK RELIEF.

L. C. REYNOLDS

Millinery

WE ARE OPENING UP A NEW AND FASHIONABLE LINE OF MILLINERY TO BE UNDER THE DIRECTION OF MRS. CLARA MULLINS. YOUR PATRONAGE IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

Clanton Mercantile Company

WAR!

A Stupendous Realistic war Picture,

"Fall of a Nation,"

Will be shown again at the

Ideal Theater

Thursday Night, Friday and Saturday.

While You are at the Fair

MAKE OUR STORE YOUR HEADQUARTERS.

You Will find Your Friends Here.

Upchurch Drug Co.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., NOVEMBER 8, 1917 NUMBER 32.

AMERICANS AND GERMAN SOLDIERS ENGAGE IN THE FIRST TRENCH COMBAT

Three U. S: Soldiers killed and Others taken Captive by Superiors in Numbers.

With the American Army in France, November 5.—A small detachment of American infantrymen was attached in the front line trenches early Saturday by a much superior force of German shock troops. The Americans were cut off from relief by the heavy barrage in their rear. They fought gallantly until overwhelmed, solely by numbers.

The fighting in the trenches was hand to hand. It was brief and fierce in the extreme. As a result of the encounter three Americans were killed and four wounded. A sergeant and corporal and 10 men were taken prisoner.

Two French soldiers who were in the trenches also were killed. The enemy lost some men but the number is unknown, as their dead and wounded were carried off by the retiring Germans.

From the beginning of the engagement until the end the Americans lived up to all the traditions of the American army, the records showing the bravery of the detachment and of individual members.

Second Contingent

The German raid on the Americans trench was carried out against members of the second contingent entering the trenches for training. These men had only been in a few days. Before dawn Saturday the Germans began shelling vigorously the barbed wire front of the trenches dropping many high explosives of large calibre. A heavy artillery fire was then directed so as to cover all the adjacent territory, including the passage leading up to the trenches, thereby forming a most effective barrage in the rear as well as in the front.

Lieutenant Knocked Out

The young lieutenant in charge of the detachment of Americans started back to the communicating trenches to his immediate superior for orders. The barrage knocked him down, but he picked himself up and started off again. He was knocked down a second time, but, determined to reach his objective, got up again. A third time he was knocked down down and badly shell-shocked and put out of action.

Soon after that Germans to the number, according to the report, 210 rushed to the wire entanglements on each side of the salient, their general objectives barrage in the forefield having lifted for a moment. The Germans went into the trenches at several points. They met with stout resistance. Pistols, grenades, knives and bayonets were freely used.

Much Confusion

For many minutes there was considerable confusion in the trenches, the Germans stalking the Americans, and the Americans stalking the Germans. In one section of the trench an American private engaged two Germans with the bayonet. That was the last seen of him until after the raid, when a dead American was found on the spot. Another was killed by a blow on the head with a rifle butt from above.

Some of the Americans, apparently at the beginning of the attack, did not realize just what was going on. One of the wounded, a private, said: "I was standing in a communication trench waiting for orders. I heard a noise back of me and looked around in time to see a German fire in my direction. I felt a bullet hit my arm."

The Germans left the trench as soon as possible, taking their dead and wounded with them.

Left Hurriedly

An inspection showed, however, that they had abandoned three rifles, a number of knives and helmets.

The raid was evidently carefully planned and American officers admit that it was well executed. As a raid however, there was nothing unusual about it. It was such as is happening all along the line. There is reason to believe that the Germans were greatly surprised when they found Americans in the trenches instead of the French.

The French general in command of the division, of which the American detachment formed a part, expressed extereme satisfaction at the action of the Americans, for they fought bravely against a numerically superior enemy the handful of men fighting until they were smothered.

The bodies of the American dead were brought back to divisional headquarters and buried with honors today. The wounded are at the base hospitals.

The whole American expeditionary forces are thrilled by the fight put up by their comrades and all are anxious to get a chance to deal a blow.

RED CROSS WILL AID THE CAPTURED U.S. SOLDIERS

Washington, November 5.—Arrangements for supplying captured Americans with food and clothing in the German prison camps have been made through the Red Cross, which has a committee in Switzerland to send rations and other necessaries at regular intervals. As the number of Americans in German hands increases it may be necessary to make further provision for them through the Spanish ambassador in Berlin, who is caring for American prisoners in Germany. Other military prisoners have been used on roads and the fields and presumably the Americans will be treated the same way.

Secretary Baker would make no comment today on the capture. The facts made public were all that had reached the department, he said, and spoke for themselves. As to treatment of prisoners and reports of brutality in the German camps, Mr. Baker's on ly comment was that the United States was bound by the Geneva convention and would live up to the mso far as any prisoners falling into the American hands are concerned.

Y. M. C. A. WAR WORK

The American Red Cross has done and is prepared to do a wonderful work for the United States soldiers and sailors when they are ill or wounded.

But what about it when they are perfectly well, husky and full of pep?

And most of them are in that condition all the time.

Right-o,-Well, that's the job of the Red Triangle. And the Red Triangle is the war work of the Y. M. C. A. They are both red,-the Red Cross and the Red Triangle. But they are just as separate and distinct as anything could be. Not only are they entirely separate as to the class of service they perform but they are wholly unassociated as to organization.

Money subscribed to the Red Cross is used and used well as soon as fighting men get into the hospital. But before they get there it's up to the Y. M. C. A. to look after a very large number of their needs. The war department provides them with food, clothing and shelter. It trains them for their military duties. The personal influence of the officers is splendid in developing character, but the officers are busy and have little time to reach the men in large numbers for this definite porpose. The army and navy chaplains do their part but there is much they cannot do.

The Red Triangle does the rest. It supplies the fighting men with writing paper, envelopes, pens, pencils, postage stamps; it mails their letters for them, gives them picture shows, provides lectures on vital subjects, supplies them gymnastic exhibitions and musical and other entertainments; its buildings are equipped with pianos and victrolas for the use of the men; it conducts classes in French and English. it issues books and magazines; it promotes outdoor and indoor games, baseball, volly ball basket ball, football, checkers, chess, dominoes; it holds Bible classes and promotes a strong religious work program. It takes care of these strong well fighting men's spare time in a way that they like and that is good for them. It is not only a school, theatre, gymnasium, church and home but is a sort of club, as well. It is the thing that keeps him fit mentally, morally, physically and socially.

And the work is as broad as it is deep. In the great National Guard, National Army, Naval Station, Aerial Service, Officers' Reserve and other camps, the Association has established nearly 600 great buildings in this country manned by five secretaries each. Each building has 90 different items on its list of furnishings. "A book of twos", please",; "May I have some writing paper?"; "Have you got any wrapping paper?"; "Any twine?"; "Will you write a money order for me?"; "Can I get a testament here?". These and a thousand an one other requests are filled, always with a smile and a word of personal greeting or encouragement, and without a charge of one cent to the enlisted man for any of the things enumerated, excepting of course for the postage stamps.

This work is to be carried overseas as fast as the American troops cross the Atlantic. It is to be placed in the armies of our allies, France, Russia and Italy,—England already has it.—and it is to go into the camps of the prisoners of war. To do this a great nation-wide campaign is to be waged from November 11 to 19 to raise $35,000,000 which will be needed until July 1, 1918. Not a cent of this is to be spent on anybody but the fighting men,—the well ones, which the Red Cross cannot serve.

Reuben E. Wyatt came home from Camp Gordon last week having been rejected by army physicians on physical examination. He arrived here Friday.

A number of people from various parts of the county were in Clanton Monday attending county court.

HIGH SCHOOL NEWS

The Websterian Literary Society has been organized. Its officers are: Willis Lowe, President; Horace Popwell, Vice-President; Aaron Vines, Secy-Treas.

The boys decided to meet at the high school building on each Thursday evening. One meeting has been held with a very interesting program, one number being a debate—resolved that the United States should force boys under 21 years of age to go into military service. Speakers for the affirmative were Aaron Vines and Thomas Jones; negative, Horace Popwell and Fonza Cunningham. The negative won.

Fonza—Say Denson, you know I believe there are same girls that do not intend to get married.

Denson—Why, Fonza? What makes you think that?

Fonza—Well, just because I have proposed to several of them and no one has taken me up yet.

Otto—John, did you know that everyone had a chance to be President of the United States?

John—Yes, but I will sell mine for fifty cents.

Notice—Anyone wishing to exchange a first-class wheel-barrow for a 1917 Ford, apply to John Allen, as he thinks Lucile had rather ride in a Buick Six.

The Freshmen do not think that it is good for Moses to come to school, for all the girls are in love with him—especially Alice and Clara.

Clara—Pink, please give me some chewing gum.

Pink—I haven't any more but you may chew the other end of this piece with me.

Miss Roberta Curry announced to the class that she had gone into the retail business. Erle immediately carried her a shirt to be retailed.

Wallace—Tom, why does Miss Sewell always blush when you say "rock the cradle"?

Tom—Ask Conradine.

NOTICE—Friday afternoon at 3:00 o'clock the largest football game of the season will be played between Bibb County High School and Chilton High, on the latter's field. Everyone is urged to see this game.

Hon. Emmett A. Jones, candidate for commissioner of agriculture of the state of Alabama, was in town Monday. We know it was Emmett for we saw his big red-letter sign tied to the pack part of his automobile.

Mrs. J. M. Collins from Birmingham has been visiting in Clanton this week.

Read the advertisement of J. Hugh Jones in this paper and trade with him. He is known by everybody as a deserving young business man, and merits the patronage of people in this community. His store is on the corner in the new Hayes Building, next to the residence of Dr. Hayes.

NOTICE

All persons having accounts with me will please call and settle with Mrs. Johnson at the office.

Dr. SAM JOHNSON.

FIRST AMERICAN WAR SHIP SUNK BY A SUB

TWO ALABAMA BOYS AMONG THOSE WHO LOST LIVES IN ENCOUNTER.

Washington, Nov. 6.—The American patrol boat Alcedo was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine in the war zone early Monday morning and one officer and twenty enlisted men are missing. The Alcedo, a converted yacht, carried a crew of 7 officers and 85 men.

The Alcedo is the first American war vessel to go down in the war. The destroyer Cassin on patrol duty was torpedoed recently, but she made port safely with the loss of only one man.

No details of the engagement were given in the brief dispatch announcing the yacht's loss.

Announcement of Navy.

The navy department announced the disaster tonight in this statement: "The navy department has been advised by Vice Admiral Sims that at 1:30, a.m., November 5, the American patrol boat Alcedo, a converted yacht, was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine in the war zone. One officer and 20 men are missing. The ship sank in four minutes after being struck. Several vessels were searching for possible souvenirs at the time the report was made. The Alcedo carried a crew of seven officers and 85 men."

Aalbamians Missing.

The two men from Alabama who lost their lives in the engagement are E. H. Harrison, Tyler, Ala., and John T. Melvin, Selma, Ala.

NOTICE

The following persons have Pension warrants in the office of the Judge of Probate: Mrs. T. J. Martin, Sarah A. Eiland, Frank M. Thacker, Malone A. Rasberry, and H.C. Young. These parties will please call or send for these warrants at once, as all undelivered warrants will be returned to the State Auditor on the first day of November, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

Squire Waldrup, County Commissioner from the northwest district of this county was in Clanton Monday and Tuesday attending to court duties.

Rub a sore throat with BALLARDS SNOW LINIMENT. One or two applications will cure it completely. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

NOTICE

Automobile and all business license were due on the first of October, and becomes delinquent on the first day of November, 1917. All persons who wish to save additional fees must take out these license by the first of November, 1917.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

Just say a good word for Clanton

New Store

Filled with new stock of

Staple & Fancy Groceries

General Merchandise, Dry Goods, clothing, Shoes and Notions.

YOUR TRADE IS SOLICITED.

I will buy your Corn, Peas, Velvet Beans at highest market price.

J. HUGH JONES

In New Hayes Bldg. Clanton, Ala.

HOW TO GET GOOD CROP OF EARLY HAY IN SPRING

An early crop of hay may be grown on most Alabama farms by planting this fall a mixture of grain and hairy vetch. For the northern part of the state, the seed should be sown in September or early in October; for the middle part, in September or October; and for the southern part, in October or November. As soon as the fall rains come, the land should be plowed and planted.

HAIRY VETCH is a vine winter legume, which furnishes excellent grazing from February to May. If the seed are allowed to ripen and fall on the land, they will reseed.

The kind of grain to mix with the vetch depends upon whether it can resist winter-killing or not. In that part of the state where oats winter-kill, rye or wheat is the better grain, but, where oats stand the winter, they with the vetch make the largest tonage of hay.

Seeding the Mixture.

Vetch and grain do well on a great variety of soils including pood, sandy and clayey types. It enriches the soil and increases the yield of any summer crop that may follow. On land that makes half of a bale of cotton per acre, one and a half tons of oats and vetch hay has been housed by the first of May.

Vetch and grain can be sown broadcast on soft unplowed land that is comparitively free from trash. If it is hard or has a lot of litter on it, the land should be plowed before seeding. An application of 200 pounds of acid phosphate per acre usually increases the yield. If the soil is sour six or eight barrels of slaked lime per acre will prove beneficial. Sow broadcast 20 to 40 pounds of vetch seed and one bushel of either rye or wheat or two bushels of red rust proof oats per acre and cover them 2 or 3 inches deep. This may be done with a disk, spring-tooth, or spike-tooth harow.

The hairy vetch seed should be inoculated before planting. This consists in adding certain germs that will form nodules on the roots of the vetch plants. The nodules are homes of bacteria that add atmospheric nitrogen to the plant and enrich the soil.

The inoculation is done easily by mixing the vetch seed with soil taken from where vetch or English peas have grown successfully. The soil may be dampened and mixed with the seed. and both sown together, or the seed may be dipped in muddy water made from the soil and then sown, taking care to cover the seed promptly before they dry off.

VARIETIES OF RYE FOR USE IN THIS STATE NOW.

From the habit of growth rye may be divided into two distinct classes—one spreading out its early leaves close to the ground like turf oats, the other holding its early leaves more nearly upright, like Burt oats. Most of the so-called Tennessee and Piedmont ryes belong to the former class, and the Abruzzi and Florida ryes to the latter.

The Alabama Experiment Station has tested a number of varieties for several years and has found that the Florida rye, Georgia, (seed grown in Georgia many years), and Abruzzi rye give the largest seed yield. During the three years just closed, the average yield of these varieties planted on sandy soil was about 13 bushels per acre, while the seed from varieties grown from the north yielded about 50 per cent less. The northern varieties are usually late and consequently are often seriously injured by rust.

The Abruzzi and Florida rye (seed came originally from Leon County, Florida, where it is said to have been grown for many years) make an earlier and taller growth and produce more hay. The Abruzzi is not damaged so badly by rust. In some sections may be found a variety that has been grown there for many years. Such a variety usually gives better results for that community than seed brought from some other State.

Through the middle part of Alabama rye may be planted from the first of September to the last of November. Early September planting may suffer from dry, hot weather and loose a part of its stand. The rate of seeding is usually from 45 to 75 pounds of seed per acre. Where the land has had a clean tilled crop, like cotton or corn and is not hard, the seed may be sown broadcast by hand and covered with a disk harrow or spring-tooth cultivator. If the land is hard or has a great deal of vegetation on it, it should be plowed before seeding.

GRAINS SUITABLE FOR LATE SOWING.

By J. F. Duggar, Director Extension Service and Experiment Station.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

In the Northern part of Alabama it is getting late for the sowing of oats. However, by using the open furrow method, oats may be sown early in November further north in the State than is otherwise safe.

Wheat is much hardier toward cold than oats, and may be sown later. For Central Alabama the sowing of wheat need not be stopped until the first of December, though somewhat earlier sowing usually affords a larger yield.

Rye is even hardier than wheat, and the sowing of rye may continue even up to the first of December. Indeed, it may be sown several weeks later, but this would be inadvisable, especially in a year when seed are so expensive as now.

The same general consideration applies generally to the other grains; namely, that prompt sowing is more important in years when seed are high priced than when seed are cheap.

Don't forget your Subscription.

MIDDLE MAN GOUGES PRODUCER & CONSUMER

Wade Says Market Your Products in Cow hides and Pig skins—not crates and boxes.

There is not now and never has been a general business plan for marketing all the diversified crops grown in this country without a bunch of middle men operating between the producer and the consumer. So thick and anxious are these middlemen to live and speculate that they gore the sides of the producer with one elbow and that of the consumer with the other. They nudge the price downward to the producer and upward to the consumer, thus effecting a wide margin varying from moderate profits to excessive speculation.

The reason for such a condition is the lack of cooperative organization, storage and understanding of the producers, their failure to keep posted on market conditions, their disposition to sell all products in the crude form and to cash the whole years production in a few weeks. They trust too much with others to assemble, grade and prepare products for the convenience of the consumer instead o fperforming these functions and getting the extra profits themselves. They are too prone to live too close up to their income and sometimes ahead of it, often operating on short term loans. The habit of indulging in spring credit to be paid in the fall is not profitable because the interest rate is high; it takes the thrift out of one's economical management and forces a sale of his products when the money is due regardless of deman or price. It is nearest a form of servitude that can legally exist in this country, and one from which every farmer should refrain even though bitter economy must be endured.

These practices must end sometime, why not now while the country is at war, economy the slogan, and the state bright with the largest food crop in its history.

Market Crops in Cow Hides and Pig Skins

Farmers do not study the market and figure how one crop may be converted into another with a higher value. At the present time corn is worth fifty cents more per bushel when fed to hogs than when sold on the open market. The same may be said of peanuts, velvet beans and potatoes.

All these products including hay of all varieties and pasture grasses could be converted through cattle into beef or dairy products and sold at very high prices. The difficulty is that we have not the hogs and cattle in sufficient numbers. The increase in live stock is so rapid as to double in one or two years time if all the females are saved, bred and properly cared for. Meat and fats are higher than ever known and bid fair to be higher. They will not be cheap during the next ten years. Do away with boxes, crates, sacks and barrels and market your surplus crops in cow hides and pig skins. All you will have to do is to produce the crops and grow the skins and put them together. They are automatic fillers and will walk to the local markets and save hauling. There is a risk from diseases we know, but the risk is no greater than that of droughts, floods and storms on cultivated crops. Stop kicking and go to thinking. The world needs meat and you need money; figure it out.

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week ending November 3rd, 1917.

Names—WOMEN
Catherine Eastman,
Miss Myrtle Davis,
Mrs. Arrie Sugge,
Mrs. Demmie Porter,
Mrs. Bertha Nunn,
Miss Lular Cunningham.

Names—MEN
Charles Banks (2),
J. W. Smith,
R. E. Whatley,
P. A. Burns,
Ross Luckett,
N. H. Henderson,
Curtis Oden,
John Shields,
P. L. Thomas.

These Letters will be sent to the Dead Letter office, Nov. 13, 1917, if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "Advertised," giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON, P. M.

NOTICE—I will grind wheat at Thorsby Flour Mill on Monday and Tuesday of each week, and corn on Saturdays.

F. E. GRONQUIST.

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
W. M. WYATT AND J. B. WELLS
Publishers and Proprietors.

W. M. WYATT, Editor.
J. B. WELLS, Business Manager.

Subscription price $1.00 per year, payable in advance.

Entered April 15, 1913, at Clanton Ala., as second class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

WHERE WILL THE END BE?

On Monday the people of the United States read the first chapter of a history that is being enacted, and the end of which no one knows. This first chapter we read was the story of the first engagement between Americans and Germans in the trenches in France. We have recorded therein the names of three young men who gavet heir lives for the causes for which this country is fighting.

The first grim reality of what the war is going to mean to our peaceful homes has been felt somewhere in our land. And from one side of our country to another the gray father by the fireside and the young man in the schoolroom have read the first of the frightful chapter. God alone knows where it will end or how many of us will be permitted to live and see the bright rays of a peaceful sun shine out from behind the remorseful cloud. We know not how many of our homes and hearts will be blighted by the fearful monster of war ere it is done. But let us so hope that God will so direct the cause of our country that every life which is sacrificed may be rewarded by the consciousness of a just and worthy cause for which to die, and may the mothers and fathers of those who may die in the conflict be made sure that the lives of their dear ones were not wasted.

If you saw a little child liying on your doorstep dying of hunger. would you pass him by and go in to your own abundant meal?

Or would you leave him there because you thought some one else in your street would probably feed him as much as he needed?

Or, perhaps, because your husband is very particular about his food and the child might require something that he wanted and he would be cross?

Or, just because it wasn't your child, anyway, so why think about it?

The idea, even, of such cold-hearted conduct would bring a cry of protest from the women of the United States.

Yet, that is substantially what many of you are doing.

The fact that the child is not actually on your doorstep does not alter the principle. Realize him. Visualize him and all his tiny, suffering brothers and sisters in Belgium and Northern France.

Realize also that from America must come the food for them.

Sign the pledge card of the United States Food Administration and be comforted with the knowledge that your thought and self-denial are helping to feed the babies across the sea.

Did you sign the food conservation pledge card? Whether you did or not you should have done so; and whether you signed it or not you can help to conserve the ration by economizing in your own kitchen and dining room. Conservation means a certain brand old-fashioned stinginess about your eating business, and now is the time to get "stingy" along that particular line.

The government says go easy on the consumption of meat. But the fellow who has to pay ninety cents for a piece of meat big enough to boil in a little mess of peas for dinner does not particularly need the assistance of the government in calling a halt on his meat buying. He is like the little boy who picked up the red-hot iron; he didn't wait for the grizzled old blacksmith to see what he had done and tell him he should not handle the iron. He put it down without being told to do so.

Up in the State of Massachusetts the people have had before them and this week voted on a constitutional amendment which would prohibit the granting of state aid to any institution not entirely under public control. Cardinal O'Connell of the Catholics protested that it was a blow aimed at the Catholic Church and its subsidiary institutions. We would like it only the better if we knew that it was a direct shot at some of the infamous Catholic institutions which are so numerous in that state. We hope it does result in a keen rebuke to Father O'Connell and his priests.

Luther Bennett who is at work in Birmingham, spent the first of the week at home with his family. He expects to remove to Birmingham some time next month.

W. T. Aldridge of Blount county was in Clanton Thursday.

ANENT TICK ERADICATION

In our mail Wednesday there came a communication from Verbena in regard to tick eradication in Chilton County. The article was not signed, and we do not know who was the person who sent it. Neither do we know whether or not it was intended for publication. But anyway, we are taking a chance at it, and publish the text of the letter, as follows:

"Verbena, Ala., Nov. 7, 1917.
Editor Union-Banner,
Clanton, Ala.
Dear Sir:

I write to elicit the active co-operation of the two county papers for tick eradication. Why have you editors, in your zeal for other good causes, never gotten busy along this line, and thus come out on the Lord's side, as it were? The only well regulated dairy in Chilton County, owned by Mr. M. J. Barrett, of Thorsby, Ala., is likely to soon become a thing of the past, owing to the inactivity of people who are for tick eradication, and should have demanded it by word and by money years ago. It is indeed strange that Chilton County people are among the last in Alabama to take up and push an act of real progress. I would like to hear from the editors along this line with their approval or denunciation of this most progressive move. The Alabama agent for tick eradication is now in Chilton County making a canvass and I hope will meet with approval, by at least a majority of our people. Mr. Barrett was likely to sell me a bull calf when I saw him, and yet, when he got home, the calf was dead, all chargable to the want of this the faoresaid act of progress. Editors, get busy. Don't stay in the background. Come out in the open. It may cost you a few subscriptions, but tick eradication is bread cast on the water that will come back to the people fifty and four fold in the future.

Respectfully,

In regard to the inactivity of the Union-Banner on the subject of tick eradication, we wish to say that we have always felt that the farmers of the county who own and raise cattle are more acquainted with the things they need and want than the editor of this paper, who neither owns nor is directly interested in even as much as a milch cow. If we felt that we knew more about the farmers' cattle business than he does himself, then, we would very frankly offer him our advice through the columns of our paper. And if we chance to learn enough about the tick business to be in a position to advise at any time in the near or distant future, we will forthwith do so.

So far, we have seen and read some statements by experts on the subject which seems to us to be greatly favorable to eradication, but the farmers of the county have the same privilege of reading and learning these things as we have, and if they do not accept them as to their advantage, and rather on the other hand repudiate the arguments, then we say let them have their way. We do not presume to say what they shall do or have.

Our columns are, in regard to this question as in every other instance, open to full and free discussion. We have in a number of instances heretofore printed articles from the U. S. experts in regard to the subject. And we will gladly give all the space desired to anyone who feels that he is capable of showing our farmers whether or not eradication of the tick will be profitable and advantageous.

As for the Union-Banner, we can only say that we are in favor of the people deciding the matter for themselves. Then let the whole county be governed by the voice of the majority.

Now, if you have any arguments to offer for or against tick eradication, don't worry about why somebody else hasn't done thus and so, but get your dope ready and we will put it up to the people for you in black and white, and let them be their own judges.

The Verbena correspondent says it may cost us a few subscriptions, if we come out on the "Lord's side" for tick eradication. We don't see how he figures that way, for if we should come out for the movement we believe we could do it in a way that would not antagonize those who would be on the opposite side. What is there about the proposition that led this correspondent to think that we might lose some rfiends by making a fight for this movement? Does he estimate that we would have to disregard the rights of some citizens and in that way offend them by forcing something on them that they do not want?

If that is the way we must support tick eradication we will tell you right now this paper will not do much of it. If we ever conduct a campaign for or against tick eradication, we promise you right now that it will be in a spirit of absolute fairness to our opponents, with every just and equitable consideration for the rights and privileges of each individual citizen of the county, whatever he may contend for.

Mr. Newton Aldridge, operator for the Western Union Telegraph Co., at York, Ala., has been in Clanton for the past week attending his father in his recent fatal illness.

Read the Union-Banner. $1 a year.

WAR TALKS

By UNCLE DAN

Number Three

How War Methods Have Changed Everybody Must Help.

"Hello, Uncle Dan, Jimmie and I have been waiting for you."

"Sorry if I have kept you long," said Uncle Dan. "Your mother has been telling me how bashful I used to be. She said if a girl spoke to me I would blush to my hair roots. Well, I reminded her of the time your father first came to see her and the joke we played on them, so I guess that will hold her for a while."

Continuing, Uncle Dan said: "You want to talk more about the war, do you? Well, war methods have undergone many changes and they are still changing. No two wars are fought alike. In early times, the weapons were stones, clubs, spears, bows and arrows, swords, etc. In this kind of warfare, victory was with the strong right arm. Men of enormous size and strength were the great warriors. The invention of gunpowder, however, has changed all this. It has enabled men to kill one another at a considerable distance, and do it wholesale. The war, as we know it now, is a combination of chemicals, machinery, mathematical calculations and highly trained men. Just think of it! Airplanes, submarines, armored tanks, or caterpillars, poison gases, and curtains of fire are all used for the first time in this war; and they are destructive beyond anything heretofore known.

"The methods followed by the kaiser and his allies are simply devilish. He must answer in history to the killing of thousands of innocent women and children. He has broken every international law and every rule of warfare; he has bombarded hospitals and undefended cities, sunk Red Cross ships on errands of mercy; he has destroyed cathedrals and priceless treasures of art that can never be replaced; he has made slaves of his prisoners; he has tried to get us into war with Japan; his emmissaries have blown up our ships, burned our factories and fired our forests. He knows no mercy or honor. The most charitable view to take of this blood-thirsty tyrant is that he is crazy.

"One thing is certain," continued Uncle Dan, with great emphasis, "Our liberty, the safety of our homes and our country, and the security of the world demand the speedy and absolute overthrow of the kaiser and crushing out once and forever the reign of Prussian brutality."

"How about the German people," said Billie.

Uncle Dan replied: "The splendid German people were happy, thrifty, prosperous and contented. They have been tricked into war and made to suffer the tortures of the damned; they have been cruelly and systematically deceived. God grant that the real facts may get to them, and if they do, Lord help the kaiser!"

"Of course the allies will win," said Mrs. Graham.

"Probably so," said Uncle Dan. "But if we are to win, we must go the limit. We must check the awful destruction to shipping by the German submarines, or we may not be able to get food and supplies to our own men and to our allies; we must also put hundreds of thousands, and perhaps millions, of first-class soldiers in the battle line.

"Food is the first consideration," Uncle Dan continued. "No army can hold out against hunger. It has been said that food will win the war, and this is largely true. Hence the importance of the farm in the war plans of our country."

Mrs. Graham interrupted by saying: "In view of the importance of farming, don't you think, Daniel, that the farmers ought to be exempted from war service?"

"No, a thousand times no," said Uncle Dan, striking the table so hard to emphasize his protest that he tipped over a vase of flowers. "We must have no class legislation. The duty to serve is the common duty of all, and no class must be relieved of this obligation. The question of exemption must be a personal one and decided by the facts surrounding each case. In no other way can we have a square deal, and to insure this, it is the duty of congress to pass immediately the Chamberlain bill, or some such measure, which is fair to all classes. It would settle all these questions and do it fairly. Safety now and safety hereafter demands such legislation, and let me suggest that you and your friends get busy with your congressman and senators and urge them to prompt action.

"It is time for us to realize that we are not living in a fools' paradise; that this great country of ours cost oceans of blood and treasure and it is only due to the loyalty, sacrifice and service of our forefathers that we have a country, and it is our highest duty to preserve it unimpaired and pass it on to posterity, no matter what the cost may be. Our citizenship and their ancestors came from all parts of the world to make this country a home and enjoy its blessings and opportunities; hence, in the crisis before us, it is the duty of everyone to stand squarely back of our country and be prepared to defend the flag. Everyone in this crisis is either pro-American or pro-German. Great as the country is, there is not room enough for two flags."

Well "Armed"!



When company comes there is no time to waste—no chances to be taken—so mother sees that there is always a can of

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

on hand. Cakes, pies, doughnuts, muffins and *all* good things to eat must be dressed up in their best taste and looks.

Then, too, her reputation as a cook must be upheld — and she "stakes" it on **Calumet** *every* time. She *knows* it will not disappoint her.

Order a can and have the "company" kind of bakings *every* day.

Calumet contains only such ingredients as have been approved officially by the U. S. Food Authorities.

You save when you *buy* it.
You save when you *use* it.

HIGHEST QUALITY AWARDS

Marbury, Ala., Nov. 6, 1917.
Dear Sir:

Will you please announce in your paper that I will begin a meeting in Clanton in the Methodist Church at 11 a.m., on the 3rd Sabbath of November. All most cordially welcome. I would thank you in advance for your kindness.

Yours very respectfully,
Wm. H. WHITE.

VELVET BEAN GRINDING TO BEGIN AT AN EARLY DATE

To the Farmers of Chilton County:

We expect to have all of our machinery placed and connected up during the present week, so as to begin grinding during next week. The delay has not been on account of lack of diligence on our part or on the part of the machinists with whom we have been dealing, but has resulted from the scarcity of labor in the machine shops and the overcrowded condition of the work at the machine shops.

Announcement by circular and by 'phone will be made immediately upon the starting of the mill. We appreciate any and all inquiries from the public as to when the mill will begin work.

Central Alabama Farm Pro. Co.,
By Wm. M. Adams, Prop.,
S. W. Adams, Secy.

THE BATTLE CRY OF PEACE AT THE IDEAL THEATRE

Friday and Saturday, Nov. 9 and 10.

The admission will be 15 and 25 cents, which includes war tax.

You are helping win the war, and helping us to continue to show good pictures every time you attend our shows.

The Union-Banner is in receipt of a letter and subscription from J. Edgar Barrett, a Chilton boy who is stationed at the U. S. N. Medical dispensary, Pensacola, Fla. He says he is well situated and wants to get into France where the real fun is going on. His friends here would be doing a good deed to drop him a line at the above address. If you know any of our boys in the service you should write them a card or letter often. It would make them feel mighty good to hear from old friends at home.

STRAYED HOGS

I have three hogs which strayed from my place, two miles north of Clanton, the first of this week—one black gilt and two barrows, all marked swallow fork in the right and a split in left. I will reward any information as to their whereabouts. Notify me on Route 1, or phone line No. 6. TOM JONES.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE LAWS

The woman suffrage advocates have taken on much encouragement from the splendid victory which they won in the election in New York on Tuesday. The result in that state gives to the women the unlimited privilege of the ballot.

While the victory for the women in New York was complete and signal, it appears that the anti-suffragists won in the state of Ohio.

But all in all, the suffragists find much cause for rejoicing at the outcome of Tuesday's balloting on the whole.

G. P. ALDRIDGE DEAD

Mr. G. P. Aldridge, an honored and well known citizen of Clanton died on Tuesday night, after a short illness.

For the past few years the health of Mr. Aldridge had not been very good but the immediate cause of his death comes as a surprise to his many friends.

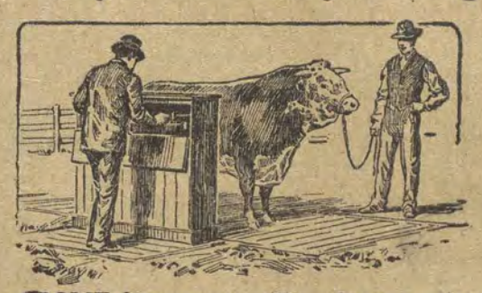
Funeral and burial ceremony were made Wednesday.

NOTICE

I will not crush any velvet beans until December 1st.

J. A. MADDOX.
Clanton, Ala., Nov. 8, 1917.

Will you wet down your roughage and save several dollars on every ton?



SOME farmers are still paying top prices for old style cottonseed hulls because they prefer a bulky filler. Others are paying much less for

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

and are making them as bulky as old style hulls by wetting them down a half hour or so before using.

By adding an equal part of water to Buckeye Hulls and stirring thoroughly they will swell and give you as bulky a roughage as you want. Most important, the bulkiness will be due to water which is of value to your cattle —not to lint which has no food value whatever.

Other Advantages

Buckeye Hulls go farther.
They allow better assimilation of other food.
No trash or dust.
Sacked—easy to handle.
They mix well with other forage.
Take half as much space in the barn.

Mr. Benjamin Thompson, Baldknob, Ark.,
is feeding Buckeye Hulls to stock cattle. He says that he gets more food value per ton with less waste. He has bought five tons and has them stored in barn. He says that they occupy less space than old style hulls.

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K ***The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.*** *Dept. K*

Atlanta Augusta Birmingham Charlotte Greenwood Jackson Little Rock Macon Memphis Selma

MONEY SAVING SALES

YOUR DOLLARS WILL HAVE MORE CENTS

If you Spend them at this Big Store.

Our shelves are laden with Brand New, Crisp Fall Merchandise. We carry a Full Line of Everything for Man, Woman and Child. If its Farm Supplies, Groceries, Grain, Shoes, Hats, Hardware, Groceries, or Fancy Goods, we can supply you, and supply you at figures that will make your Pocket Book laugh. :. :. :. :.

Complete Line of Funeral Supplies—Prompt Personal attention Given Every Call.

Mullins & Moore

W. I. Mullins Old Stand.

CLANTON, = ALA.

TEXAS RED RUST PROOF OATS

SEED NOW READY FOR FALL SOWING

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE SHIPMENT OF THESE FAMOUS SEED OATS, AND HAVE THEM NOW FOR SALE.

READ THIS SWORN STATEMENT

The Howe Grain & Mercantile Company

Wholesale Grain, Hay, &tc.

Howe, Texas.

October 12, 1917.

This is to certify that we have this day shipped to Clanton, Ala,, for L. H. Reynolds of Clanton, Ala., two hundred 160-lb sacks,—32,000 pounds of Texas Red Rust Proof Oats, in M. K. & T., car No. 190115, and that said oats were raised near Howe, in Grayson County, Texas, in year 1917. Signed at Howe, Texas, this 12 day of October, 1917.

Loy Helney, Mgr. Howe Grain & Merc. Co.

Subscribed and sworn to bifore me, a Notory Public, in and for the County of Grayson, State of Texas, this 12 day of October, 1917.

(SEAL) A. B. Cowan, Notary Pub., Crayson Co., Texas.

The above certificate Speaks for itself.

I HAVE HANDLED THESE OATS FOR YEARS AN D HAVE NEVER HAD A SINGLE COMPLAINT MADE AGAINST THEM. IF YOU WANT SEED OATS, YOU CAN'T DO BETTER THAN TO PLANT THIS KIND. JUST ASK THE MAN WHO HAS USED THEM. I SELL THEM JUST AS CHEAP AS THEY CAN POSSIBLY BE SOLD ANYWHERE NOW UNDER THE PRESENT HIGH COST OF EVERYTHING IN GENERAL.

I Sell Shoes, Clothing, Hats, and Dry Goods of all Kinds Cheap.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF SHOES AND DRY GOODS, WHICH I HAD ONCE DECIDED NOT TO HAVE SHIPPED THIS SEASON; BUT AFTER SEEING THE ADVANCE IN ALL LINES OF MERCHANDISE, I WIRED MY HOUSE TO MAKE THE SHIPMENT AT THE EARLISET DATE.

I HAVE A FULL STOCK, AND WHEN YOU ARE IN THE MARKET FOR ANY KIND OF GOODS, ALL I ASK IS FOR YOU TO POST YOURSELF ON PRICES AND COME AND SEE MY GOODS BEFORE YOU BUY. REMEMBER I WILL BUY ANYTHING YOU HAVE FOR SALE—COWS, HOGS, CORN, BEANS, HAY, FODDER, SYRUP AND FARM PRODUCTS.

L. H. REYNOLDS

CLANTON, - - - ALA.

ARMY "Y" BIG AID TO SOLDIERS



(Above) Boys write letters and enjoy refreshments from Y. M. C. A. tent during rest period on practice hike.
(Below) Standard War Work building; 450 constructed or authorized.

"It's always on the job."

That's what the soldiers and sailors of Uncle Sam say about the War Work of the Y. M. C. A.

Athletics are organized, recreational games are fostered, educational classes are maintained, social times are arranged with entertainers and moving pictures, Bible classes are conducted and a strong program of religious work developed.

Building 108 at Camp Greene, Charlotte, N. C., was crowded the night Dr. G. R. Stair gave his famous sermon on "The Potter's Clay." The invitation had been given and men were signing the War Roll and were being presented with the customary soldiers' Pocket Testament. One young man approached by Physical Director Arthur E. Bagley upon the question of making a decision, responded affirmatively at once. When the Testament was handed to him he said: "I am doing something for you that I refused to do for my mother. When I left home in Idaho a month ago, she asked me to take a pocket Testament with me, but I thought it was no part of a soldier's kit. This old Y. M. C. A. has surely made me change my mind. I'm going to sit down and write to her not to worry any more."

A different kind of work is shown in the experience of Captain Stanley Borleska of the Portland, Oregon, troops at the same camp. Borleska was a member of the University of Michigan football and track teams in 1914 and was chosen for the mythical all-star western intercollegiate football and track teams that year. He told Bagley what the "Y" had meant to him. He said: "When I came into this camp I wondered how I was going to keep in physical condition. I saw no opportunity or place to do any training. You Y. M. C. A. fellows have sort of made opportunities for me to recreate and exercise, for since I have been here, I've averaged three evenings each week out with my company football team."

To keep up this work in America, to follow the soldiers and sailors across the seas and to extend the same services to our allies, the Y. M. C. A. is conducting a great nation-wide campaign for $35,000,000 from November 11 to 19. The states of Alabama, Georgia, Florida, Mississippi, North and South Carolina and Tennessee have been asked to contribute $1,500,000 of this. Checks may be sent to the local committee or to C. K. Calhoun, Department Campaign Director, at Atlanta, Ga.

CENTRAL ALABAMA FARM PRODUCTS COMPANY

Wm. Adams, Proprietor, S.W. Adams Secretary.

Members of the Velvet Bean Millers Association, Clanton Alabama. Manufacturers of Velvet Bean Mean, Corn Meal and Mized Feeds.

Marketing connection with the dealer and consumer will give the customers and patrons of this mill a chance to get for their products, when manufactured, the best market prices.

Reports of the market prices of velvet bean meal, corn meal and mixed feed each week will keep the customers of this mill in touch with the markets at a distance.

A comfortable rest room has been provided fort he families of the customers, and a convenient warehouse for the farm products and hitching grounds for the stock.

The velvet bean mill has been placed, and upon an immediate date in the future, announcement will be made to the public when this mill is ready for actual service to the public.

The patronage and cooperation of everyone is respectfully solicited in support of this new industry.

COUNTY MAPS FOR SALE

The Union-Banner has made arrangements to print a number of Beat Maps of Chilton County, and now have them for sale to anyone desiring them, at the price of 25 cents each.

I will buy all your Chickens, Eggs, Goobers and White Peas. $1.00 per bushel for goobers and 4 cents per pound for peas. Sam Johnson.

VINOL CREATES STRENGTH

Positive—Convincing Proof

It is all very well to make claims, but can they be proven? We publish the formula of Vinol to prove the statements we make about it.

℞ Cod Liver and Beef Peptones, Iron and Manganese Peptonates, Iron and Ammonium Citrate, Lime and Soda Glycerophosphates, Cascarin.

Any doctor will tell you that the ingredients of Vinol as published above, combine the very elements needed to make strength.

All weak, run-down, overworked nervous men and women may prove this at our expense.

There is nothing like Vinol to restore strength and vitality to feeble old people, delicate children and all persons who need more strength.

Try it. If you are not entirely satisfied, we will return your money without question; that proves our fairness and your protection.

Upchurch Drug Co.

LEGAL NOTICE

Birmingham, Ala., Nov. 3, 1917.

Hon. H. A. Harris,
Sheriff of Chilton County,
Clanton, Ala.

Dear Sir:

No U. S. Internal Revenue License were issued to your county in Oct. 1917.

I hereby certify that I have carefully examined the record of the Collector of Internal Revenue and the above is complete and correct.

Yours very truly,
SAM P. JONES.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 3rd day of November 1917.

J. B. MOSLEY,
Notary Public.

COUNTY COURT

County Court of Chilton county was in session on Monday. The following disposal was made of the cases on docket by Judge Reynolds and county solicitor Smith:

Will Strength, operating lumber wagon without license, continued by Defendant.

Charles Johnson, operating lumber wagon without license, continued by Defendant.

Ed Brown, running wagon without license, continued by Defendant.

Oscar Sewell, injury to animals, trial and fined $100.00

Robert Edwards, injuring animals, continued by defendant.

Thos. J. Henderson, carrying concealed weapons, continued by consent.

W. C. Henderson carrying concealed weapons, continued by consent.

W. C. Henderson, abusive language continued.

Henry Killingsworth, grand larceny, discharged.

If you cannot go to war for your country, why not eat for it?

FOR SALE

A forty acre farm modernly equiped for darying. Call on, or write, M. J. BARRETT, Thorsby, Ala.

You Can Shake Loose from The Tortures of Rheumatism

By using S. S. S.

The germs of Rheumatism are in the blood, which is laden with millions of the minute demons of pain, causing untold suffering and bringing its victim from vigor and strength to almost helplessness. To get real and genuine relief from this disease, these disease germs must be completely routed out of the system through the blood.

S. S. S. has been used for fifty years with satisfactory results in the treatment of Rheumatism. It acts directly upon the blood, which it promptly purifies of all disease germs. It is a powerful antidote, and eliminates from the blood all trace of rheumatic germs, building up and strengthening the run-down system.

Write to-day to our medical director, who will give you valuable advice regarding the proper treatment of your own case. Address Swift Specific Co., Dept. I Atlanta, Ga.

TO ROAD APPORTIONERS AND OVERSEERS OF THE COUNTY:

Gentlemen:

I would advise that you take special notice of all persons hauling logs, lumber and such other articles, as set out in the Road Laws of Chilton County, upon which there is a license.

There are a number of persons over the county who have not paid for October, and who should have paid some time ago. I would suggest that you notify these parties to take out license at once.

Tags have been issued to each person who has paid the license since October 1st, 1917. These tags are printed on red cardboard, and have "October, 1917," and the number of horse-wagon, for which they were purchased.

Please look after this at once, and see that all persons, who are due the license, at once pay the same.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

Regulate the bowels when they fail to move properly. HERBINE is an admirable bowel regulator. It helps the liver and stomach and restores a fine feeling of strength and buoyancy. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

OFFICERS OF BANK NAMED

The following have been elected as officers to have charge of the business of the First State Bank, which will be open for business here in about a week:

C. B. White, President
Tom Kemp, Vice-President
T. E. Williams, Cashier.

The new bank will do business in the building next to W. A. Kemp's store, which was formemrly occupied by Elmore's.

Put a porous plaster on the chest and take a good cough syrup internally if you would treat a severe case of sore lungs properly. Get the dollar size BALLARD'S HOUSEHOLD SYRUP. With each bottle there is a free Herrick's Red Pepper Porous Plaster for the chest. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

DR. W. L. PARRISH
Graduate Veterinarian.
Hurry Calls made in Auto.
'Phone 110-35, Clanton.

Headquarters for Plow Points!

We are able to furnish you points for the Oliver, Chattanooga, Syracuse, Butcher & Gibbs, Vulcan, Avery Crtcket, and Lynchburg Plows. We have the Improved Self Sharpeners for the Oliver Plows.

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.

CLANTON, ALA.

No. 10 bucket Snow Drift Lard, ... $1.95

Special Sale

7 lbs. Green or 6 lbs. Pea Berry Coffee, ... $1.00

GROCERIES AT REDUCED PRICES

ALL STRICTLY CASH

Nothing will be charged nor delivered at these reduced prices.

WE ARE OFFERING OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF GROCERIES AT THESE SPECIAL CASH PRICES AS LONG AS THEY LAST. ALL THSE GOODS ARE NEW AND FREH, AND ARE GUARANTEED TO BE STANDARD IN EVERY PARTICULAR. IN ORDER THAT YOU MAY KNOW SOMETHING OF THE VALUE OF THE BARGAINS WE ARE OFFERING WE GIVE BELOW A LIST OF PRICES ON A NUMBER OF THE ARTICLES WE ARE GOING TO SELL. THERE ARE MANY OTHER BARGAINS WHICH WE OFFER, AT SIMILARPRICES, BUT WE HAVE NOT SPACE HERE TO ENUMERATE THEM ALL. READ THE FOLLOWING:

1 can No. 3 Lomoco Table Peaches,	22c	2 cans No. 2 Lomoco Baby Beets,	35c	2 cans No. 2 Stokely Beans Price,	25c
3 cans No. 1 Pie Peaches Price,	25c	1 can No. 2 Libby's Sliced Pineapple,	23c	1 can No. 3 Stokely Beans Price,	15c
1 9-oz. can Chunk Pineapple,	10c	2 ½-lb. cans Libby's Grated Pineapple,	25c	1 can Hawaiian Chunk Pineapple,	20c
2 cans Lomoco Sliced Pineapple,	25c	2 cans large size Libby's Pork and Beans,	25c	Heinz's large size India Relish,	30c
1 can No. 2 Bartlett Pears,	22c	3 10c cans or 6 5c cans Dromedary shreded Cocoa,	25c	Heinz's Mustard Dressing, Price,	20c
2 cans No. 2 Lomoco Country Gentleman Corn,	35c	2 pkgs. Corn Flakes or Post Toasties,	25c	Heinz's Olive Oil or Celery Soup,	22c
1 can No. 2 Southern Beauty or Stokely Corn,	15c	1 pkg. Purity Grits, large size,	25c	Heinz's Pork and Beans, or Spaghetti,	10c
2 cans No. 2 Royal White Corn,	25c	2 pkgs. Purity Rolled Oats or Grits,	25c	1 lb. can Calumet Baking Powder,	25c
2 cans Lomoco or Stokely Tomatoes,	25c	2 Kllogg's Bran Flakes or Wheat Crumbles,	25c	2 cans Pimientos, Price,	25c
1 can Stokely Hominy, Price,	10c	2 pkgs. Cream of Rice, Price,	25c	2 cans Pet Milk, Price,	13c
2 cans No. 2 Early June Stokely or Peli Polis Peas,	25c	1 lb. full headed loose rice, Price,	10c	1 jar Beech Nut Bacon, Price,	35c
1 can No. 2 Eearly June Sweet Violet Peas,	15c	1 bar Pearl Toilet Soap, Price,	5c	1 can Vienna Sausage or 1 can Oysters,	10c
1 can Burnham tiny Sliced Peas,	22c	2 bars Ivory Soap or Fairy Soap,	15c	1 can Potted Meat, Price,	5c
2 cans No. 1 Lomoco Sliced Peaches,	25c	1 bar Star or Export or Clean-Easy soap,	5c	1 can Boneless Chicken, Price,	30c
2 cans Okra, Corn and Tomatoes,	25c	1 bar Palm Olive Soap, Price,	10c	1 can Libby's Roast Beef, Price,	23c
1 can Lomoco Lima Beans, Price,	15c	1 box Blue-Tip or Bird's Eye Matches,	5c	1 can Atmore's or Heinz's Mince Meat,	25c
3 cans Lomoco Sweet Potatoes,	25c	1 3-lb Cafe-du-Monde Coffee,	85c	1 pkg. Lomoco Mince Meat,	10c
2 cans Heinz Tomato Soup or Campbells, veg. soup,	25c	1 3-lb. can St. Regis or Donavan's Special Coffee,	90c	2 cans French Sardines, Price,	35c
1 can Serv-us or Top Brand Tomato Soup,	10c	1 lb. Loose Lard, Price,	20c	2 cans Mustard Sardines, Price,	25c
1 large package Postum, Price,	24c	No. 4 bucket Snow Drift Lard,	75c	1 can Wesson's Cooking Oil,	35c
2 cans No. 1 Pink Salmon, Price,	35c	4 lbs. French Market or After Dinner Coffee,	90c	1 can Cooked Brains, Price,	18c
1 can Alaska Red Salmon, Price,	24c	Heinz large size Catsup or Chilli Sauce,	25c	1 can Tripe, Price,	20c
1 can Sockeye Salmon, Price,	27c	Heinz's Preserves, Price,	25c	1 can Veal Loaf or Chicken Loaf,	18c
2 cans Fish Flakes, Price,	25c	Heinz Sour or Sweet Pickles or Chowchow,	15c	1 box Argo or Celluloid Starch,	5c
Pickled Herring fish, Per Fish,	5c	Heinz's Worcester Sauce, Price,	18c	1 pkg. Grape Nuts, Price,	15c
2 small Mackeral or 1 9-oz. Mackeral,	25c	Heinz's Beef Steak or Cramberry Sauce,	20c	6 pkgs. Soda, Price,	25c
1 Baker's large size Cocoa,	23c	Heinz Plum Pudding, Price,	30c	½ gal. Heinz's Vinegar, Price,	35c
1 Baker's small size Cocoa,	9c	Heinz's small size India Relish,	15c	1 qt. Heinz's Vinegar, Price,	20c

COMPARE THE ABOVE PRICES WITH WHAT YOU HAVE BEEN PAYING FOR THE SAME THING, AND YOU WILL AT ONCE SEE WHAT A GREAT SAVING IT WILL BE TO BUY FROM US WHILE THIS SCALE OF PRICES PREVAILS. TO OUR CUSTOMERS IN THE COUNTRY WE WISH TO SAY ESPECIALLY THAT YOUR ATTENTION IS INVITED TO THESE EXTRA LOW PRICES. COME AND SAVE MONEY ON YOUR GROCERIES.

Turnip Seed
New crop good seed to sell at 25c lb.

W. Z. HODGES
CLANTON, ALA.

Children can buy here just as well as grown folks for it is one price to all

Ease Up
ON YOUR POCKET BOOK

Begin the Easing Process with your Table. Look into the size of your Grocery Bill—Then try us.

If you are not one of our Regular Customers we want you to try our High Grade Flour, Teas, Coffee and other Groceries.

We sell everything for the Table, Guarantee its Quality and keep the price away down.

I am still at the same old stand, and ready to serve my Customers.

J. W. LITTLEJOHN
"THE GROCERY MAN"
CLANTON, ALA

PROVIDENCE BEAT 16

In accordance with the internatianal proclamation, the Sunday school at this place assembled in an all-day session on last Sunday to observe the day that had been set apart by our rulers as go-to-Sunday-School day.

We had Sunday School in the morning and a brief song service before noon.

Dinner was served on the church ground, and in the afternoon we returned to the house for another song service.

One hour was given to a discussion of the Sunday School lesson of the day and many valuable points drawn from the lesson were brought out very forcibly.

We were all glad to observe the day according to the request of the President, and we pray that God will help our country to win as he did the King of Israel against the Syrians, as taught in our lesson for the day.

S. S. MEMBER.

NOTICE OF LAND SALE

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, rendered on the 6th day of October, 1917, the undersigned will sell to the highest bidder for cash in front of the court house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama, within the legal hours of sale on Monday the 17th day of December, 1917 ,the following described lands of the estate of P. E. Coleman, deceased, to wit:

Mineral rights of the NW ¼ of the SE ¼ of the NW ¼ Sec. 12, Tp. 22, Range 13, 10 acres; Mineral rights N ½ of the SW ¼ of the SE ¼ of the NW ¼ Sec. 12, Tp. 22, Range 13, 5 acres. Two lots 5 and 6 block 23 according to the map of Thorsby, Alabama, and lot 16, block 2 according to the map of Thorsby, Alabama, and lot 6 block H according to the map of Thorsby, Alabama; and the following described real estate situated, lying and being in the county of Fayette, State of Alabama, to wit: Lots 1 to 21 in block 1 according to the map of Fayette Highlands.

W. B. TOMLIN,
Administrator.

FOR SALE or Exchange.—193 acres good level land; well timbered, about 50 acres virgin growth, in Butler County. Will trade for property in or near Clanton. Write Mrs. Carrie Moss, Calera, Ala.

HEY! CROOSTIE MEN

I am paying 54 cents for first class Pine, White Oak and Post Oak Ties, and 35 cents for second class.

J. E. LITTLEJOHN
CLANTON, ALA.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in Hopkins Bldg.
Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women & Surgery
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

A. C. Smith B. Guy Smith
SMITH & SMITH
Attorneys At Law
General Practice
Clanton, - - - - - Alabama.

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

WANTED—To buy a few tons of good hay at a reasonable price.
E. E. UPCHURCH.

Highest Cash Prices

Paid for Scrap Iron Hides, Beeswax, Tallow and Wool.

(Scrap pile at Downs Hardware Store.)

DUMBAR
The Scrap Iron Man.

The campaign now under way for the securing of full and final reports on the results of the War Drive for Red Cross Funds in the Gulf Division, consisting of the states of Alabama, Louisiana, and Mississippi, is of live interest to Red Cross Chapters throughout the division. The Chapters are interested in two phases, one financially, one membership. In many communities the people were told that 25 per cent of the gross sum raised would be awarded to the Chapters representing the community, so that the chapter might use the fund for the purchasing of materials with which to make things for the soldiers.

Many of these communities were also advised that subscribers to the fund in the sums of one dollar or more would be entitled to membership in the Red Cross.

A great number of Red Cross organizations have used all of their other funds in making up supplies, and have been seeking to secure financial assistance which might enable them to continue the work.

It has been found a difficult matter to straighten out all of these cases by means of correspondence with Washington and the Bureau of Development of the Gulf Division has been called into service, so that the information might be collected at first hand, properly prepared, and all adjustments quickly made.

All chapters or other Red Cross organizations are requested to apply to Mr. W. J. Leppert, Washington Representative of the Red Cross War Fund, at New Orleans. Mr. Leppert will send to all inquirers a form, which, if properly filled out, will receive speedy attention, and permit of such quick adjustment as to clear up all doubt respecting membership matters, and enable the chapters immediately to get the funds to which they may be rightfully entitled.

WHEN in need of Printing see what we can do before you go elsewhere.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON, (Seal) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Mr. David Vines has resumed his duties as Rural Carrier on Route No. 5.

You Say You Believe in Clanton

And want to see this town become the best town in the State. That's Good!

But say, Did you know that Faith Without Work is Dead? Well it is anyhow.

IF YOU ARE ONE OF THOSE GOOD FELLOWS WHO WANTS TO SEE PROGRESS AND PROSPERITY GOING ON, BUT EXPECTS THE OTHER FELLOW TO DO ALL THE PUSHING, YOU ARE ALL RIGHT EXCEPT YOU ARE NOT WORTH ANYTHING TO YOUR TOWN AND COMMUNITY. ALL YOU NEED IS JUST A GOOD STRONG HINT TO KNOCK YOU DOWN A TIME OR TWO AND MAKE YOU WAKE UP TO THE FACT THAT THE JOB OF MAKING A GOOD TOWN AND A GOOD COMMUNITY IS AS MUCH YOUR RESPONSIBILITY AS IT IS THE OTHER FELLOW'S. YOU ARE GETTING YOUR MEAT AND BREAD FROM YOUR LABOR HERE, AND YOU OWE A PORTION OF IT IN RETURN TOWARD MAKING THE GENERAL ATMOSPHERE OF THE PLACE BETTER IN A SOCIAL, BUSINESS, RELIGIOUS AND MORAL WAY. EVERY MA NWHO LAGS ON THE JOB MAKES THE GENERAL EFFICIENCY OF THE TOWN ORGANIZATION LACK THAT MUCH OF COMING UP TO WHAT IT SHOULD BE. EXAMINE YOURSELF AND SEE IF YOU ARE BACKING UP YOUR FAITH IN YOUR TOWN WITH THE PROPER AMOUNT OF ACTUAL WORK.

Shoes!

We sell the Beacon Shoes
Best in the world.
For all of the Family.

W. A. KEMP

MAGAZINES

WE ARE ADDING A FULL LINE OF POPULAR MAGAZINES TO OUR STOCK. SEE THEM.

THE CANDY STORE

XMAS

Now is the time to buy your Christmas Gifts. We are receiving our Christmas goods and would be glad to have you come in and look them over.

Upchurch Drug Company.

—Buy it From—

Downs Hardware Company

CLANTON, ALA.

If you want the best

GROCERIES

That money can buy, just call on me. I have a complete line and at the right prices.

J.W.Littlejohn

What have yo got that you want to sell?

I will buy your Syrup, Corn, Cattle and Hogs. And will pay the highest market prices far all of your farm products.

L.H.REYNOLDS

FORD CARS

And Parts; Oil, Gasoline, and accessories. Get your order in for new cars now and avoid having to wait for delivery.

L. J. DUNCAN MOTOR CO.

These Merchants

The business men whose advertisements appear on this page have interest in a booster campaign with this paper for the promotion of the social, business and moral interests of this town and County. They are willing to work and talk for the things that mean progress for the people who live among us. They are spending their money for the furtherance of the various interests of our town. They support our schools and churches with eal and energy. And they invite everybody who lives here and has interests here to assist them in their efforts to make our town the best one in the state.

Tell them that you approve of the move that they have inaugurated. Tell them that you have faith in our town, and also tell the mthat you are willing to help in any way you can.

Then back up your faith with your Works.

Complete Line of

CLOTHING

Shoes, Etc.

All these are Pawn Broker's Articles, and therefore will be sold very cheap.

Wiley Littlejohn

Stop at

THE NEW WILSON HOTEL

The best hotel service to be found in Clanton. Reasonable rates for Meals and Rooms.

Putting it off today won't get it done tomorrow. An advertisement in this paper today will bring business tomorrow.

Millinery

WE HAVE ESTABLISHED A COMPLETE AND UP-TO-DATE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT WHICH IS IN CHARGE OF MRS. CLARA MULLINS. COME AND LOOK OVER THE NEWEST PATTERNS.

Clanton Mercantile Co.

AT THE

Ideal Theatre

Friday & Saturday, Nov. 9-10.

"The Battle Cry of Peace"

The greatest War Drama ever filmed—A Call to Arms against Wor.

Admission: 15 and 25 cents.



CUPBOARD SHELVES

well stocked with a variety of canned goods, easily prepared desserts, package goods, and all sorts of ready-to-serve pure foods from **Our Grocery** make house cleaning time, busy days and unexpected company so easy for the housekeeper that she has no worry about meals. Try keeping a reserve supply on hand. Order of us today.

L. C. REYNOLDS

America's Future

The future of America is in the hands of its women. It is and has ever been woman's sphere to rear the generations.

Thousands of women awaiting motherhood have helped nature in her glorious and wonderful work by the use of the safe, penetrating external preparation, "Mother's Friend". The muscles relax easily when baby is born and the crisis is safer for both the mother and the baby when "Mother's Friend" is used.

All druggists supply "Mother's Friend". Ask for it today and write The Bradfield Regulator Co., Dept. H, 300 Lamar Bldg., Atlanta, Ga., for free book, "Motherhood and the Baby". It will be sent to you at once.

To neglect the use of "Mother's Friend" for a single night is a mistake. The preparation has brought relief to millions of women at the most critical time in their lives.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

Circuit Court, in Equity. Oct. 10, 1917.

Mary Townsend Complainants vs. Lucian L. Townsend Defendants.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit on file of A. C. Smith, Solicitor for complainant that the Defendant, Lucian L. Townsend is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and resides in a place unknown to affiant and further that in the belief of said affiant, the Defendant Lucian L. Townsend is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Union-Banner a newspaper published in Clanton, Ala., once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said Lucian L. Townsend to answer, plead or demur to the Bill of Complaint in the above cause, on or before the 10th day of November 1917, and failing so to do within thirty days after service of this summons, a Decree Pro Confesso may be taken against him in said cause.

Witness my hand, this 10th day of October 1917.

H. M. SIMPSON,
Register.

M. D. Foshee made a business trip to Birmingham Thursday.

Keep Well

Do not allow the poisons of undigested food to accumulate in your bowels, where they are absorbed into your system. Indigestion, constipation, headache, bad blood, and numerous other troubles are bound to follow. Keep *your* system clean, as thousands of others do, by taking an occasional dose of the old, reliable, vegetable, family liver medicine.

Thedford's

Black-Draught

Mrs. W. F. Pickle, of Rising Fawn, Ga., writes: "We have used Thedford's Black-Draught as a family medicine. My mother-in-law could not take calomel as it seemed too strong for her, so she used Black-Draught as a mild laxative and liver regulator . . . We use it in the family and believe it is the best medicine for the liver made." Try it. Insist on the genuine—Thedford's. 25c a package. E-75

If the Union-Banner decides to wage a campaign in favor of tick eradication, we will be perfectly willing to take our chances on losing subscribers.

Rev. W. P. Lowery of Collins Chapel, one of the compulsory attendance officers of this county, was in Clanton a short while Wednesday.

We call your attention to the advertisement of W. Z. Hodges in this paper. He is making some very interesting prices on groceries now.

Ira Jackson Cox and Alfred Marler have been certified by the district board to the local board here as accepted for military service. They will be forwarded to training camp in the near future.

FAMOUS LECTURER WILL BE HERE FOR ONE WEEK

Wm. Loyd Clark will Expose Erroneous and Political Romanism.

WILL SPEAK AT COURTHOUSE EACH NIGHT AT 7 O'CLOCK

This will afford an exceptional opportunity for our people to hear one of the fremost lecturers of the country n the supreme question of the hour. It is a rare thing to listen to a public speaker with Mr. Clark's ready command. of every weapon of oratory from wit and humor to tears and pathos. And these superb qualities of his are magically connected with a profound sincerity which he possesses in a mighty revolt against the terrors of Romanism.

Such men stand for great principles—for your liberties and mine, and it behooves every true American citizen who holds dear the old rock principles of our civil liberties to come and hear him. He will speak at the courthouse in Clanton every night form now until next Thursday. Come and hear him and tell your friends to come too.

The last night he will deliver a lecture for men only. This is admitted to be the greatest lecture entertainment before the American public today. Admission fee will be charged to the last lecture. All the others are free, and the public is cordially invited.

Pays 25c a Month for Perfect Health

For 15 years, E. A. Little, Bessemer, Ala. has paid 25c a month to keep in perfect health. Read what he says:

"I desire to add my endorsement of Granger Liver Regulator. I have not used any other medicine for fifteen years, I know it is the best for all liver complaints, and will cure any case of indigestion known. When I first commenced to take your Granger Liver Regulator the Pegram-Patton Drug Co, was buying it by the dozen. Now I am told they buy it by the gross. I use one box each month and would not be without it for anything."

Granger Liver Regulator

is strictly vegetable, non-alcoholic preparation, and is highly recommended for sick headache, indigestion, biliousness and all stomach and liver complaints. Your druggist can supply you—25c a box.

Granger Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

OUTSTANDING FEATURES IN TUESDAY'S ELECTION

The outstanding feature of the elections of the United States Tuesday was the apparently assured victory for woman suffrage in New York State by a majority of approximately 40,000. While the suffragists were winning in the east, early returns from Ohio indicated defeat for them in that state.

Two states, Ohio and New Mexico, voted on prohibition. Immediate returns from Ohio showed that the contest in that state was very close with the wets leading by a small margin. The prohibitionists evidently had carried New Mexicon.

The entire republican state ticket headed by Governon Samuel W. McCall won an overwhelming victory in Massachusetts while the democratic state ticket headed by Westmoreland Davis for governor was successful in Virginia.

Interest of the municipal elections centered upon New York, were John F. Hylan, democrat, defeated Mayor John P. Mitchel, candidate for re-election, by a plurality of more than 140,000. The entire Tamminy city ticket also was elected.

William A. Maggee, former mayor of Pittsburg, seemingly was defeated by E. V. Babcock, a wealthy business man. Both are republicans. Harry L. Davis, republican, was re-elected mayor of Cleveland. Charles W. Jewett, republican, was chosen mayor of Indianapolis. By electing George W. Smith mayor of Louisville the republican party in that city scored their first victory in 10 years. John Calvin, republican, was chosen mayor of Cincinnati.

George F. Buck defeated Louis P. Fuhrman, the incumbent, for mayor of Buffalo. Buck is a republican. Hiram H. Edgerton, republican, was elected mayor of Rochester, and Walter R. Stone, also republican, mayor of Syracuse.

Schuyler Merritt, republican, was elected to Congress from Connecticut to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Ebenezer J. Hill, republican.

Morton E. Lewis, republican, was re-elected attorney general of New York state.

Come In

When you are in town don't fail to come in and let us show you our line of Goods. If you don't take advantage of the Bargains that are here for you, you will lose money.

Anything you need in the way of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Suits, Hats, Caps, Collars and Neckties, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Gents Furnishings, etc., you will find at our Store.

We are agents for the famous W. L. Douglas Shoes, and can fit any member of the family. We also carry a full line of Groceries.

All of our goods are New and Up-to-Date. Be sure to see them before buying elsewhere.

TOM KEMP

CLANTON, ALA.

Every Day

Every day we continue to grind out the same honest, fair and square bargains we have always given.

Our stock includes everything found in a general Merchandise Store, such as Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Ladies Dress Goods, etc., and in every way is the most complete you can find anywhere.

Everything is absolutely new—nothing stale or worn. Come to see us when you need anything. We assure you the most courteous treatment and honest dealing.

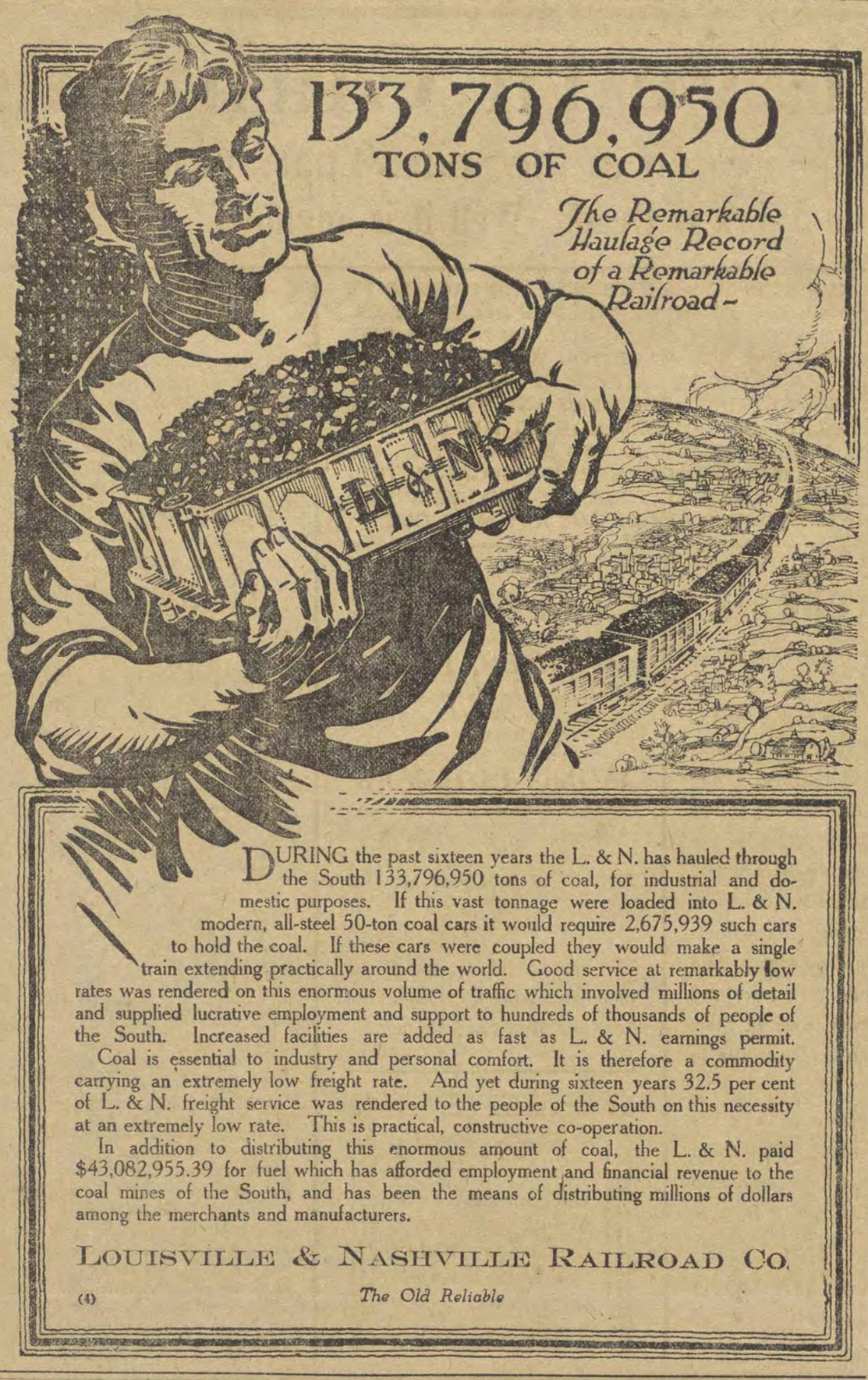
The foundation of our business is the principles of

TRUTH AND HONESTY.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Money's Worth or your Money Back."

CLANTON, ALABAMA.



DURING the past sixteen years the L. & N. has hauled through the South 133,796,950 tons of coal, for industrial and domestic purposes. If this vast tonnage were loaded into L. & N. modern, all-steel 50-ton coal cars it would require 2,675,939 such cars to hold the coal. If these cars were coupled they would make a single train extending practically around the world. Good service at remarkably low rates was rendered on this enormous volume of traffic which involved millions of detail and supplied lucrative employment and support to hundreds of thousands of people of the South. Increased facilities are added as fast as L. & N. earnings permit.

Coal is essential to industry and personal comfort. It is therefore a commodity carrying an extremely low freight rate. And yet during sixteen years 32.5 per cent of L. & N. freight service was rendered to the people of the South on this necessity at an extremely low rate. This is practical, constructive co-operation.

In addition to distributing this enormous amount of coal, the L. & N. paid $43,082,955.39 for fuel which has afforded employment and financial revenue to the coal mines of the South, and has been the means of distributing millions of dollars among the merchants and manufacturers.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.

(4) *The Old Reliable*

THORSBY ITEMS

The Rob Roy Quartet Thursday night, Nov. 8th, will be one of the musical treats of the year for the people of Thorsby and vicinity. Everyone who enjoys music and a good time should be present.

A merry company of people from Thorsby Institute, accompanied by Prof. S. H. Herbert, Mr. C. M. Williams and Miss Cyrena Slayton, attended the Chilton County Fair Educational day, and while there took in the moving picture show, "The Fall of a Nation." A pleasant time was reported by all.

Rev. Mr. Bice of Billingsley has been called pastor of the Baptist Church here and will preach regularly on the First Sunday of each month both morning and evening. He met his first regular appointment Sunday, November 4th.

Alabama-Go-to-Sunday-School Day was observed by the Congregational Church last Sunday, and as a result there was an increase in attendance of about 33 1-3 per cent. The church was beautifully decorated and a program as outlined by the State Sunday School Association was carried out.

The Helen Keller Literary Society will hold its regular meeting on Friday night of this week, when the following program will be rendered:

Song, Society; devotions, Miss Slayton; Lanier, recitation, Lewis Marshall; Riley, recitation, Earl Leary; debate, affirmative Alva Ranier, Luther Machen, negative Andrew Summers, Joe Myrick. (Subject to be selected); song, girls chorus; Riley, stunt, Ethel Bass; Lanier, Stunt, Lucile Bass.

Mrs. J. C. Nelson and son, James of Birmingham spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Louis Howard.

Mr. Hugh W. Wilkinson, who is a representative of the Southern Division of the Red Cross with headquarters at New Orleans, spent Wednesday of last week in Thorsby for the purpose of arganizing a Red Cross society. The work was duly organized and the ladies begain knitting sweaters for the soldiers Friday afternoon.

The Baptist Young Peoples Union gave a social at the home of Mr. Leonard last Friday night. A large crowd was in attendance and everyone enjoyed a pleasant time.

Rev. E. W. Butler left on Thursday afternoon of last week with Mrs. Tupper, for Miama, Fla., where she will spend the winter. Mr. Butler expects to return for the state conference of the Congregational Churches, which is to be held at Andalusia Friday and Saturday of this week.

—MEET ME AT—

The Busy Corner



Elmore's

LADIES & GENTS FURNISHINGS

CLANTON, ALA.

MARRIAGES

Orvill Martin and Miss Mattie Lee Mims.

Andrew J. Brand and Mrs. Mary Easterling.

Julius C. Alford and Miss Lillian B. Robinson.

Arthur Patterson and Miss Minnie M. Huett.

Bennie Mims and Miss Minnie Weldon.

Gaines Posey and Miss Mamie Rosie Ray.

Stop canghing! You rack the lungs and worrk the body. BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP checks irritation, heals the lungs and restores comfortable breathing. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

CLANTON BAPTIST CHURCH

The pastor is beginning a study of the life of Christ at the prayer meeting services. The attendance is fairly good but there is room for more. After prayer meeting a choir meeting is held which is greatly enjoyed.

The Sunday School Teachers Meeting will be held at the pastor's home on Friday night this week at 7 o'clock It is hoped that there will be a full attendance of both teachers and alternates.

On last Sunday the school surpassed itself in interest and contribution, in view of the dissipations of the Fair during the proceeding week.

On next Sunday morning the pastor will preach on "The Deaconship; or the Division of Labor." It is hoped that every deacon will be present to hear it. At night the subject will be "The Shepherd Spirit in the Church."

The Alabama Baptist State Convention will meet next Tuesday at Sylacauga, where Rev. Jerome O. Williams, well known in Clanton is pastor. This will be preceded on Monday by the annual Ministers meeting which will have as the subject for discussion "A Forward Movement." There will be three set speeches to be followed by general discussion. The first on "Why a Forward Movement should be Made," will be by Rev. J. A. Cook of Decatur, the second on "Things necessary to a Forward Movement" by Rev. H. R. Arnold; and the third on "How a Forward Movement may be Made," by Rev. J. F. Gable of Clanton. Three members of the Clanton church have already signified their intention of attending the Convention, which will last until Friday noon.

Miss Lena Downs visited Birmingham this week.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of Interior, U. S. Land Office, Montgoremy, Ala., October 6, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that Russell I. Perkins, whose post-office address is Dollar, Ala., did, on the 14th day of March, 1917, file in this office sworn statement and application, No. 010149, to purchase the SW¼ of the SW¼, Section 36, Township 22 N., Range 16 E., St. Stephens Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisinos of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised One Hundred Fifty-one and 75-100 Dollars, the timber estimated 56,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M., and the land $39.75; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 20th day of December, 1917, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rockford, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER, Register.

Mr. R. A. Miller has just returned to Clanton from New Mexico. He spent the summer here and went back west a month ago. When he arrived there he disposed of his property there and decided to return to this county. His friends are glad to see him back here. He says prospect for farming in the West are not good owing to dry weather.

Riley Robinson of Providence Beat 16 was in town Tuesday.

DR. HOPKINS TO BE HERE

Dr. P. I. Hopkins of Dothan asks us to announce that he will be in Clanton on next Sunday and Monday Nov. 11, and 12. Anyone wishing to see him on business can find him here on those days.

BOX SUPPER

There will be a box supper at Highland Saturday P. M., Nov. 10.

Everybody come.

LEE A. POPWELL,
Principal.

C. T. Walker of Lawley was a caller at the Union-Banner office on Tuesday. Mr. Walker stated, together with other things, that his son, Bert Walker, is now doing service with the U. S. expeditionary force in France.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Rev. T. O. Headley will preach at Mt. Carmal at the arbor near Lett's Sunday, Nov. 11, at 11 a.m.

M. F. LETT.

Deputy Sheriff, B. L. Cobb from Beat 2 was down here Monday attending to business around the court house.

R. N. Wilkins of Billingsley Route 1 was in town Tuesday.

UNION GROVE

There will be a box supper at the school house here on next Saturday night Nov. 10.

Everybody is cordially invited to attend.

Prof. and Mrs Wiley Bean of Union Grove were visitors to Clanton on Saturday.

CLANTON PHYSICIAN SURPRISED

"Hearing of some good results from the use of Mayr's Wonderful Remedy I decided to try it on a chronic case of indigestion and gastritis I was interested in. After the first dose the patient was relieved of gas trouble and was soon able to eat radishes and most everything else he had not eaten in years. It removes the catarrhal mucous from the intestinal tract and allays the inflamation which causes practically all stomach, liver and intestinal ailments, including appendicitis. One dose will convince or money refunded. Upchurch Drug Co. 2

Samuel M. Pate of Shelby was a visitor to Clanton on Wednesday. He is contemplating locating in Clanton in the near future.

Judge L. H. Reynolds made a business trip to the capital city Wednesday.

The Union-Banner ha been informed that Mr. Greene Burnett, who lives in Collins Chapel neighborhood was carried to Birmingham for operation for appendicitis the first of this week.

Irregular bowel movements lead to chronic constipation and a constipated habit fills the system with impurities. HERBINE is a great bowel regulator. It purifies the system, vitalizes the blood and puts the digestive organs in fine vigorous condition. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Mr. J. N. Scott of Jemison was in town Tuesday on business. Mr. Scott is planning to leave Chilton County and go to Jefferson County, near Birmingham, where he says he is going to conduct a truck farm. We regret to see Mr. Scott leave the county, and we know he will be missed in the community where he has for a long time been an active and prominent citizen.

FOR SALE—One 2-year-old Jersey Bull and two Jersey steers.

C. L. FORSMAN.

Commissioner W. T. Herrod of Plantersville was here the first of this week attending to official duties at the court house.

The Band Wagon

Beats the Water Wagon
Get Into It. Call for



Buffalo Rock GINGER ALE

The drink that is making friends right and left with everybody because it goes right to the spot, and leaves a good taste and a pleasant feeling for hours afterwards.

"Highest in Quality." Refreshing. Appetizing. Non-reacting. Non-astringent. Kind to the nerves. Genial to digestion.

In Individual Bottles at Fountains and Soft Drink Stands 5c

Keep a Home Case of BUFFALO ROCK in your home. Order from your grocer.

Buffalo Rock Company

Anniston Birmingham Montgomery

Sale Bills

If you need some come in and see US

The biggest Stock of goods Ever assembled under one roof in Chilton County.

Remember this when you get ready to buy any kind of Fall or Winter Goods, and come here, where you are sure to find any and everything you want.

Clanton Mercantile Co.

"The Big Bargain Store."

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., NOVEMBER 15, 1917 NUMBER 33.

Judge of Probate, 1Jan18

DETAILS OF NEW CLASSIFICATION OF REGISTERED MEN UNDER DRAFT

Whole Nation is Urged to Help Organize Conscription Machinery for Drafting Second Army According to the Newly Devised Plan of Action.

PROBABLE DATE OF THE SECOND DRAFT IS ANNOUNCED.

Draft Classilcation Work Will Require Help from Every Citizen, Says President Wilson

Washington, Nov. 10.—Calling upon every citizen in the nation to put personal interests aside and help the gevernment classify the remaining 9,000,000 draft registrants, President Wilson tonight issued a foreword on the new draft regulations.

He asked every lawyer to volunteer his services and every doctor to do the same, in order that free legal and medical aid bureaus may be established for the registrants in conjunction with each local board.

The Preesident estimated that the classification, which the Provost Marshal-General announced will begin throughout the country about December 15, should be completed in sixty days. The questionaire itself is now in the mails to the local boards and will be made public in a few days.

Under its terms the exact physical, mental, moral, social and commercial and industrial status of every registrant will be fixed.

It will give the government data on how many shipbuilders, foresters, bricklayers, hod carriers, musicians, and every other type of man power is at its disposal.

Speedy mobilization and equipment of units for any war task will be possible; efficiency that was practically impossible under the old draft system. The new method will enable the government to exempt men with closer regard to the nation's labor needs in all lines.

A place will be arranged near each local board headquarters, where the men may fill out their questions. Under the direction of county judges or other officials a committee will see that there are plenty of lawyers to help the registrants do this.

Questionaires will be mailed to 5 per cent. of the registrants each day, beginning December 15. Each man has seven days to fill out and return the list. December 23 the boards begin placing the men in five classes. They should finish their task about February 13 and soon after the second draft call may be expected.

The questionaire is somewhat formidable and complicated in appearance. But in explanation of this the Provost-Marshal-General today said:

"A reading of the questions shows that they are simple enough to answer for any person who can read and write understandingly. It is the only printed form which any registrant needs to use either in making claims or filing proof."

The President's foreword to this document tonight, said:

'The task of selecting and mobilizing the first contingent of the national army is nearing completion. The expedition and accuracy of its accomplishment were a most gratifying demonstration of the efficiency of our democratic institutions. The swiftness with which the machinery for its execution had to be assembled, however, left room for adjustment and improvement. New regulations putting the improvements into effect are, therefore, being published today. There is no change in the essential obligation of men subject to selection. The first draft must stand unaffected by the provisions of the new regulations. They can be given no retroactive effect.

"The time has come for a more perfect organization of our man power. The selective principal must be carried to its logical conclusion. We must make a complete inventory of the qualifications of all registrants in order to determine as to each man not already selcted for duty with the colors the place in the military, industrial or agricultural ranks of the nation in which his experience and training can best be made to serve the common good.

"This project involves an inquiry by the selection boards into the domestic, industrial and educational qualifications of nearly 10,000,000 men.

"Members of these boards have rendered a conspicious service. The work was done without regard to personal service and under pressure of immediate necessity which imposed great sacrifice. Yet the services of men trained by the experience of the first draft must of necessity be retained and the selection boards must provide the directing mechanism for the new classification. The thing they have done is of scarcely one-tenth the magnitude of the thing that remains to be done. It is of great importance both to our military and to our economic interests that the classification be carried swiftly and accurately to a conclusion. An estimate of the time necessary for the work leads to the conclusion that it can be accomplished in sixty days, but only if this great marshalling of our resources of men is regarded by all as a national war undertaking of such significance as to challenge the attention and compel the assistance of every American.

"I call upon all citizens, therefore, to assist local and district boards by proffering such service and such material conveniences as they can offer and by appearing before the boards, either upon summons or upon their own initiative, to give such information as will be useful in classifying registrants. I urge men of legal profession to offer themselves as associate members of the legal advisory boards to be provided in each community for the purpose of advising registrants of their rights and obligations and of assisting them in the preparation of their answers to the questions which all men subject to draft are required to submit.

"I ask the doctors of the country to identify themselves with the medical advisory boards which are to be constituted in the various districts throughout the United States for the purpose of making a systematic physical examination of the registrants. It is important also that police officials of every grade and class should be informed of their duty under the selective service law and regulations to search for persons who do not respond promptly and to serve the summons of local and district boards. Newspapers can be of very great assistance in giving wide publicity to the requirements of the law and regulations and to the numbers and names of those who are called to present themselves to their local boards from day to day. Finally I ask that during the time hereafter to be specified as marking the present day period of the classification all citizens give attention to the task in hand in order that the process may proceed to a conclusion with swiftness and yet with even and considerate justice to all.

(Signed) "WOODROW WILSON."

Crowder Issues Statement

Concerning the workings of the new system Provost Marshal General Crowder's office gave out the following statement:

"The questionaire, which is the basis of the new system, is a collection of questions bringing out the essential facts upon which all classifications are made. It is the only printed form which any registrant needs either in making claims of filing proof. At first sight, it may seem a little formidable, but a reading of the questions shows that they are simple enough for any person who can read and write understandingly.

"The President's message lines up the whole legal profession of the United States as assistants of the selective service system and as impartial advisers to registrants in filling out their questionaires. Under the new regulations a place is to be provided convenient to every local board where registrants may go for free advice and assistance in making out this document. The County Judge or other judicial officer of similar court is placed at the head of a committee of lawyers in each vicinity and this committee is charged with the duty of seeing that there are always plenty of lawyers and other volunteers present to help registrants in filling out the questionaire.

"Questionaires are to be mailed by the local board to five per cent of the registrants each day. The principal work of the advisory boards will thus be over in 20 days by which time all questionaires should be returned to the boards. Every man has seven days in which to return his questionaire fully made out. The process of classification will begin at about December 15. Eight days later the boards will begin the great process of classification which becomes in the words of the president, 'a national war undertaking is of such significance as to challenge the attention and compel the assistance of every American.'

"Not since the war began has an opportunity been offered for practically every person to take an active and vigorous part in so important a war measure as the actual raising of our armies. The president's foreword offers this opportunity. It gives a definite place for the doctors to work in making the physical examinatin. For the first time it assigns every lawyer to active duty in building up the national army. In the legal advisory boards it gives everyone who responds to the president's call a place in the ranks of the army behind the army.

"The nation already has a remarkable record of efficiency in adjusting its political machinery to the registration of 10,000,000 men within eighteen days after the enactment of the law authorizing registration. It is now proposed to better this record by classifying 10,000,000 men in a period of sixty days.

Second Draft Delayed.

One thing certain as a result of today's announcement is that there will be no second draft until after the middle of January. The sixty-day period of reorganization will not have expired until then. One class of men not exempted in the present draft except in certain cases is assured of exemption under the reclassification. They are the nation's shipbuilders as has been told before.

STATEMENT

Of the Candition of The Peoples Savings Bank, Located at Clanton, Alabama,

At the close of business November 2nd, 1917.

RESOURCES

Currency,	$11338.00
Gold,	200.00
Silver, Nickels & Pennies,	1266.14
Checks and cash items,	592.43
Exs. for Clearing House,	none
Cash Items in Transit,	16151.72
Due from banks in this state,	106096.44
Fue from banks in other states,	10923.34
Total,	146568.07
Bonds and Stocks owned by bank,	6900.00
Loans and discounts,	79784.51
Demand Loans,	34150.00
Overdrafts,	2555.37
Banking house,	2700.00
Furniture and Fixtures,	1880.14
Other real estate,	none
Other resources,	none
Cash Short,	none
Grand Total,	274538.09

LIABILITIES

Individual deposits,	$204915.08
Demand Certificates,	none
Time Certificates,	14918.03
Cashier's Checks,	5944.23
Certified Checks,	6888.13
Due to Clearing House,	none
Due banks in this state,	none
Due banks in other states,	none
Due unpaid Dividends,	none
Total Deposits,	232665.47
Capital Stock paid in,	15000.00
Surplus Fund,	none
Undivided profits less current expenses and taxes paid,	26872.62
Notes and bills payable,	none
Notes and bills rediscounted,	none
Reserve for taxes,	none
Reserve for interest,	none
Other liabilities,	none
Cash Over,	none
Grand Total,	274538.09

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

Before me came Jno. A. Thomas, Vice-President and Cashier of The Peoples Savings Bank, who being duly sworn, says that the above and foregoing statement is true, and gives the actual condition of said Bank, as shown by the books on file in said Bank.

JNO. A. THOMAS,
Vice-Pres. & Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 10th day of November, 1917.

H. M. SIMPSON,
Register Circuit Court in Equity.

ATTEST:
W. T. CALLEN,
E. E. UPCHURCH,
J. B. DOWNS,
Directors.

EPOCHS IN FIGHT AGAINST THE CATTLE FEVER TICK

Discovery of Transmission of Disease by a Cattle Parasite, led to Other Great Steps in general fight Against Human and Animal Diseases.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 4.—To many farmers in Southern States who have been infested by the cattle fever tick, December 1st will be a day marking an epoch. For on December 1st 65,520 square miles of Southern territory—the largest amount ever freed at one time—will be liberated from the Federal quarantine placed to prevent the spread of cattle fever.

But in the history of tick eradication there has been another epochal day, one that will remain epochal as long as diseases—lower animal and human—persist on the earth. That was the day when the true functions of the cattle fever tick were discovered, soon after the bureau of Animal Industry of the United States Department of Agriculture undertook in 1884 the problem of combating the disease.

The discovery that ticks can carry germs of disease from one animal to another was the first instance in which the important role of insects as carriers of disease was ascertained. From it arose new procedures in preventive sanitation. Since then it has been learned that mosquitoes carry malaria and yellow fever; that the rat flea carries bubonic plague; and the house fly typhoid fever.

Formerly no attention was paid to the carriers. Only treatment of the patients was considered necessary. Now mosquitoes are screened out of buildings and exterminated, rats are killed, house flies are screened, starved or swatted, and the cattle fever tick, to which, perhaps, the world may owe a debt because its ravages provoked the inquiry which has been of immense importance in the fight against all diseases, is destroyed by arsenic treatment and starvation.

CONVENTION NOTICE

The Sunday School Convention of the First District will be held at Rocky Mount School Building on Saturday, Nov. 24.

10:40. Devotional Exercises by Mr. C. H. Stevenson.

11:00. The banner points, by Prof. Howard Roper.

11:30. The forward step, by the County President, J. B. Northcutt.

1:00, P.M. A vision of the Sunday School Work, S. H. Marbury.

1:30. Writing up the District Chart.

2:00. Address by Prof. McDonald of the Chilton County High School, subject of his own selection.

All schools in the First District are urged to send delegates, and a statistical report at least.

Z. J. JONES, Pres.
Miss ADDIE HORSLEY, Secy.

BOX SUPPER

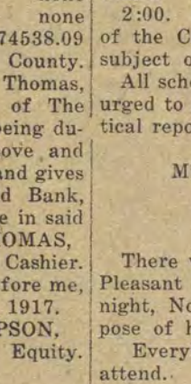
There will be a box supper at Mt. Pleasant School House, next Friday night, November 16th, for the purpose of helping the school.

Everybody cordially invited to attend. John M. Dye, Prin.

Rev. S. M. Adams contemplates removing to Florida soon, in the hope of gaining better health.

—MEET ME AT—

The Busy Corner



Elmore's

LADIES & GENTS FURNISHINGS.

CLANTON, ALA.

KEEP WEEVILS OUT OF THE CORN CRIBS

The first step in controlling all insects that attack stored corn is to gather the earliest maturing corn as soon as it is matured enough to feed This can be done in about six week after the corn is in roasting ear stage and if gathered thus promptly, with the shuck on, practically all of the insects of the first generation can be taken out of the field and the infestation of later corn can be prevented to a very large degree.

The second step should consist in the selection in the field from the standing stalks of an abundance of seed ears for next years planting Particular attention should be paid to the long, tight-fitting husk and pendent qualities which tend to give weevil resistance. Both of these matters will be found more fully considered in other articles.

The third step relates to the main crop. This should be gathered as soon as possible after it is thoroughly matured.

The sooner corn is placed where the insects can be controlled the better it is for the corn. The main crop should be gathered by breaking the ear from the shuck in the field as this practice leaves fully three-fourths of the adult insects in the field instead of putting them all in the crib as is done when the corn is gathered and stored with the shuck on. With a little practice and by the aid of a husking pin or hook the bare ears can be gathered practically as rapidly as they can in the slip shuck.

Numerous careful experiments have shown that corn from the same field loses less than half as much from weevil attack during a full seasons storage where shucked before storage as does similar corn stored with the shuck on. Shucks are a protection to the ears while they are growing and maturing but after that they are far more of a protection to the insects while they attack the grain than to the grain itself.

Separate Infested and Uninfested Ears.

Shucking the corn in the field, or at least before it is placed in the crib enables the farmer to separate the infested and uninfested ears so that they may be stored separately. Ears with open, exposed tips or loose husks will always have the major part of the weevils and it is pretty safe to consider these as infested in all except very late maturing corn. Other ears on which no insects appear may be safely classed as uninfested.

Store the infested ears where they will be disposed of first, in feeding or by sale. It may be advisable to fumigate this portion of the crop with carbon disulphid, or "high life." Fumigation calls for a tight room to confine the gas in killing strength for several hours. The tighter the room the less "high life" will be required and the more thorough the insect control. Information regarding the construction of a fumigation room will be sent on application to Entomologist, Alabama Experiment Station, Auburn, Ala.

The uninfested ears, and all very late maturing corn is likely to be uninfested, may be stored in almost any kind of a shelter in which it will be kept dry and kept until the following June or July with very little insect injury, and without requiring any fumigation to protect it.

STATE CAMPAIGN TO BE LAUNCHED SOON

Anti-Tuberculosis Forces Will Hold Convention in Birmingham In December.

A state-wide campaign in the interests of the Anti-Tuberculosis work in Alabama will be launched by the Alabama Tuberculosis Commission within a few days, and the sale of Christmas seals is to be pushed by campaign committees named in each county.

A convention is scheduled to be held here in the week beginning December 2, which promises to be large in scope and attendance, and will be attended by delegates from every county in the state.

A special crusade is to be started in the schools for the benefit of the general health of thec hildren, and every teacher in the state will be asked to co-operate.

PROHIBITION BEATEN IN OHIO

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 13.—With every county in Ohio having reported officially, 86 to the Secretary of State and the remaining by county seat officials, which have not yet been reported to the Secretary of State, Prohibition in Ohio has been defeated by a majority of 1,732 on the face of these returns.

The total vote stands: For Prohibition, 522,430, against, 524,153.

CLANTON BUTCHER REJOICES OVER WIFE'S RECOVERY

"My wife suffered for five years and practically lived on toast and hot water. Doctors said she would have to be operated on for gall stones. A lady advised her to try Mayr's Wonderful Remedy, and after taking 4 bottles over two years ago, she has been entirely well ever since. It removes the catarrhal mucous from the intestinal tract, and allays the inflamation which causes practically all stomach, liver and intestinal ailments, including appendicitis. One dose will convince or money refunded.

CALERA IS DOING HER BIT IN THE WAR WORK

Town Raises $100 More than is Asked in "Y" Campaign.

Calera, Ala., Nov. 13.—Special.—Intense and studious interest characterize the union patriotic service held at the Calera Methodist Church. C. W. Wade presided and Rev. J. A. Wales, Dr. S. D. Motley and Prof. Shelton Street, discussed respectively the spiritual, physical and educational phases of Y. M. C. A. work in the cantonments. At the close of the meeting a committee was appointed to raise $300, the amount decided upon as Calera's share of the $2,500 to be raised in Shelby County for the Y. M. C. A. army work. The committee got busy and has already raised $400, 33⅓ per cent more than had been asked of this town.

This is not the first concrete evidence of the patriotism of Calera's citizens. Perhaps, not a town in the country has a greater per cent of its available young men in the military service as volunteers. It is estimated that fully ninety per cent of the young men of draft age were in the army as volunteers before the draft law went into effect.

THORSBY ITEMS

Dr. Wm. Ewing, D. D., of Boston, Mass., representing the National Missionary Society lof Congregational Churches, stopped over in Thorsby on his way from the Alabama State Conference of Congregational Churches, which met at Andalusia. Dr. Ewing spoke to a large audience at prayer meeting at the Congregational Church Wednesday night.

Rev. Chas. L. Fisk of Cleveland, Ohio, Religious Educational Secretary for Ohio and the Southeast, was in Thorsby last Wednesday. He spoke to the students of Thorsby Institute at Chapel Wednesday morning and also at prayer meeting at the congregational church on Wednesday night.

Prof. C. M. Williams spent Saturday and Sunday with relatives and friends in Clay County.

Mr. Hugh Bolton, who has been attending Thorsby Institute, was called home last Friday on account of the illness of his father.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Caldwell of Pletcher visited Miss Elsie, at the dormitory on last Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. R. M. Roebuck of near Maplesville visited her son, Otto, at the dormitory on last Sunday.

"Lessons for Democracy from the Present War," will be the subject for the sermon at the Congregational Church next Sunday morning. Other regular services as usual.

Miss Anna Rasmusen of Bayou La Batre, a former student of Thorsby Institute, spent Sunday at the dormitory.

Mr. A. K. Horn spent Friday of last week in Birmingham shopping, and while there she spent some time with her daughter, Mrs. S. E. Pittman and husband, who were on their way to visit Mr. Pittman's parents at Tallassee.

Rev. C. T. Lunsofrd of Hackleburg, Mr. John S. Conway of Hackleburg and Mr. Rufas Turner of Haleyville stopped over in Thorsby on their way home from the state conference of Congregational Churches which has just closed its annual session at Andalusia. Rev. Lunsford spoke at the Institute at chapel Monday morning.

Mrs. T. W. Robinson and Mrs. J. H. Goddard are attending Grand Chapter of the Order of the Eastern Star in Montgomery this week.

All who failed to hear the Rob Roy Quartet at Bates Hall last Thursday night, missed something worth while. A very interesting musical entertainment was given and everyone present enjoyed it. This was the second number of the entertainment course.

Mr. E. N. Bentley of Camp Pike, Little Rock, Ark., spent the week-end at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Robinson.

Rev. E. W. Butler returned from Melbourne, Fla., on Monday of this week. He accompanied Mrs. M. E. Tupper, who expects to remain thru the winter.

Mrs. J. E. Dennis delightfully entertained her Sunday School Class last Tuesday night, Nov. 6, 1917. After a number of games were played, the funniest of which was blinding the girls and boys and letting them find the mule's tail in the right place. Being the most fortunate, Miss Ollie Bearden pinned the tail on and afterwards was presented a box of candy.

The evening was enjoyed by the following young people: Misses Ollie Bearden, Oma Seals, Will D. Hayes, Alice Crawford, Leanis Williams, Williams, Willie Perrin, Stella McGee, Ethel Mize, Eva Seals; Messrs Donald Merchant, Ezra Calloway, John Perrin, Alma Adams, J. C. Adams, Garvin Calloway, Lafayett Deason.

Irregular bowel movements lead to chronic constipation and a constipated habit fills the system with impurities. HERBINE is a great bowel regulator. It purifies the system, vitalizes the blood and puts the digestive organs in fine vigorous condition. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
W. M. WYATT AND J. B. WELLS
Publishers and Proprietors.

W. M. WYATT, Editor.
J. B. WELLS, Business Manager.

Subscription price $1.00 per year, payable in advance.

Entered April 15, 1913, at Clanton Ala., as second class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

Give us the address of your boy who is in the army and we will be glad to make him a present of an occasional copy of the Union-Banner, or better still would it be for you to subscribe for him and have him get all the news from home every week.

The fellows who expect to "run" for something in the next primary and contemplate starting the race now, surely must have up a good "head" of steam. If they haven't their going proclivities may weaken before the end is reached, for "its a long way to Tipperary" now.

Hon. F. A. Gulledge of Verbena authorizes us to state that he was the author of the unsigned communication printed last week in regard to tick eradication. He states that he left off the signature nuintentionally. He also states that his letter had the desired effect, which fact we are very pleased to note.

Think about what your boy in the army or training camp would give for a copy of the Union-Banner if he should come across one at the news stand. He would be willing to give the price of a whole year's subscription just to get one single copy. Send the paper to him. Nothing would please him more. You can't possibly write him all the news of home and home filks like he would get it from this paper every week. Don't neglect doing this because we know you are willing to do anything for the pleasure of your boy who is in the service of your country. Drop around and give us his address now before you forget it.

Pay your Subscription. $1 a year.

It is being said that Attorney General Wm. L. Martin will resign his office to take up service in the aviation corps of the U. S. army. Friends of Solicitor F. Lloyd Tate of this circuit are urging his appointment to the Vacancy. Mr. Tate has long been a close friend and political supporter of Governor Henderson, and good hope is entertained for his appointment to the place.

Have you heard the local political bee "a buzzing" around in Chilton? We have. He is making quite a bit of fuss already in regard to the race for the office of Sheriff next time. This famous old bee has stuck good and hard in the hats of one or two of our prominent local men in the last few weeks, and you may expect a formal announcement of some fellow in the race now just most any time. The longer the race the more the fun. It is a good little stretch from now to the primary election next August.

HAD HER NUMBER

A man was arraigned before a judge on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. He had just entered a store, pretending to be a customer, but proved to be a thief.

"Your name is Jim Lickmore?" said the judge.

"Yes, Sir."

"And you are guilty of a crime?"

"I am."

"And you ask for no mercy?"

"No, Sir."

"You have had a great deal of trouble within the last two years?"

"Yes, Sir, I have."

"You have often wished that you were dead?"

"I have, please your honor."

"You wanted to steal enough money to take you away from this city?"

"You are right, Judge."

"If a man had stepped up and shot you just as you entered the store, you would have said, 'thank you, sir."

"Yes, sir, I would. But Judge, how did you find out so much about me?"

"Some time ago, said the judge, with a solemn air, I was divorced from my wife. Shortly afterward you married her. The result is conclusive. I discharge you. Here, take this $50 bill. You have suffered enough."

The Y. M. C. A. is doing a great good in our contonments, and it takes money for them to carry on their work. Help them.

THE VELVET BEAN SITUATION

The work on the velvet bean mill of Mr. W. M. Adams is progressing. Mr. Adams returned on Tuesday from Montgomery. While there he speeded up the work on the engines, which is being done by the Alabama Machinery and Supply Co. The work by this company, for its individual customers, has been delayed, so Mr. Adams informs us, by work that this firm had to perform at the Soldiers Camps at Montgomery, for the government. Every effort is being made to get Mr. Adams' machinery in readiness, now, and as soon as the mill is ready to serve the customers, announcement will be made through the columns of this paper and otherwise.

The price f beans and bean meal shows indications of advancing, according to advices from the Velvet Bean Millers Association, received by Mr. Adams.

Rev. J. F. Gable, pastor of the Clanton Baptist Church, is attending the Baptist State Convention in Sylacauga this week. Rev. Gable is on the grogram to speak before the convention on an important subject of church progress.

REAL POLITIK

Washington Luncheon:

"The German policy for years has been frankly materialistic and selfish. 'Real Politik' they call it. Germany, in fact, works on actly the same policy as the peddler.

A peddler and his mate were crossing a bridge when they saw a notice stating that whoever saved a man from drowning in that town would get $5 reward. The stream was swift and deep, but the mate did not hesitate an instant. He plunged right in, for, though he could not swim, he knew the peddler would save him and then divide up the $5 reward.

"Hurry" gurgled the poor wretch. "Hurry, pard, I'm sinking!"

"Mate," said the peddler, "Iv'e just been reading the other side of this notice board, and it says the reward for a dead body is $10. Now, do be reasonable.—Detroit Free Press.

FINE CROP OF POTATOES

Mr. T. J. Littlejohn, who resides on Yellow Leaf Creek, raised 4500 pounds of sweet potatoes on 15 rows 75 yards in length. Some of them weighed three and four pounds each. The rows were arranged three and one-half feet apart.

The biggest Stock of goods Ever assembled under one roof in Chilton County.

Remember this when you get ready to buy any kind of Fall or Winter Goods, and come here, where you are sure to find any and everything you want.

Clanton Mercantile Co.

"The Big Bargain Store."

"There's just one condition I'd make before I accept the place," said the new servant-to-be.

"And what is that?"

"If you have any of them midnight lunches, you'll wash the dishes in the morning yourself."

Lady (to tramp)—No, I shall not give you anything. You look strong and healthy, and well able to work.

Tramp—Ah, Ma'am, you shouldn't judge people by their looks. I thought you looked a kind-hearted lady, but I find you ain't.

For the outdoor sleeper a Klondyke bed or sleeping bag is necessary in cold weather.

STATE CONVICTS ARE IN FINE CONDITION

J. M. Kyser of State Board Spends Tuesday in Birmingham.

Alabama convicts are in good shape, everything considered. The board of convict inspectors in weekly giving consideration to plans that will be of benefit to the unfirtunates of the state and innovations are being introduced right along.

ENLISTMENTS IN NAVY

The total enlisted men in the U. S. Navy on November 9 was 148,318.

VELVET BEAN MEAL BETTER

Cotton seed meal, 4 per cent, is quoted F. O. B., Memphis at $36.00 per ton.

Velvet Bean meal or feed, beans and pod ground, is superior to this product, in fact it has more feeding units than 7 per cent cotton seed metl.

The above is a statement made in a letter by W. C. Coker, President of the Velvet Bean Millers Association of Alabama. This should convince the farmers and those having velvet beans, of the advisability of holding them and also of having them ground into meal.

Announcing the opening of the

FIRST STATE BANK

OF CLANTON, ALA.

Tuesday, November 20th, 1917.

In a firm belief of the existence here of a field of opportunity for the kind of institution ours is to be, and with confidence that patronage which is merited will always respond, we have established in Clanton the FIRST STATE BANK. We propose to conduct a banking busi: ness according to our conception of the principles of a modern and aggressive institution of this character. We respectfully solicit the patronage of the public, assuring each and every one all the extension of courtesy that is legitimate and proper.

DIRECTORS:
C. B. White,
Tom Kemp,
J. M. Potts,
Grady Reynolds,
T. E. Williams.

[Capttal Stock Paid in $26,000.00]

OFFICERS:
C. B. White, President.
Tom Kemp, Vice-Pres.
T. E. Williams, Cashier.

(Banking house located next to W. A. Kemp's Store.)

TEXAS RED RUST PROOF OATS

SEED NOW READY FOR FALL SOWING

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE SHIPMENT OF THESE FAMOUS SEED OATS, AND HAVE THEM NOW FOR SALE.

READ THIS SWORN STATEMENT

The Howe Grain & Mercantile Company

Wholesale Grain, Hay, &tc.

Howe, Texas.

October 12, 1917.

This is to certify that we have this day shipped to Clanton, Ala,, for L. H. Reynolds of Clanton, Ala., two hundred 160-lb sacks,—32,000 pounds of Texas Red Rust Proof Oats, in M. K. & T., car No. 190115, and that said oats were raised near Howe, in Grayson County, Texas, in year 1917. Signed at Howe, Texas, this 12 day of October, 1917.

Loy Helney, Mgr. Howe Grain & Merc. Co.

Subscribed and sworn to bifore me, a Notory Public, in and for the County of Grayson, State of Texas, this 12 day of October, 1917.

(SEAL) A. B. Cowan, Notary Pub., Crayson Co., Texas.

The above certificate Speaks for itself.

I HAVE HANDLED THESE OATS FOR YEARS AN D HAVE NEVER HAD A SINGLE COMPLAINT MADE AGAINST THEM. IF YOU WANT SEED OATS, YOU CAN'T DO BETTER THAN TO PLANT THIS KIND. JUST ASK THE MAN WHO HAS USED THEM. I SELL THEM JUST AS CHEAP AS THEY CAN POSSIBLY BE SOLD ANYWHERE NOW UNDER THE PRESENT HIGH COST OF EVERYTHING IN GENERAL.

I Sell Shoes, Clothing, Hats, and Dry Goods of all Kinds Cheap.

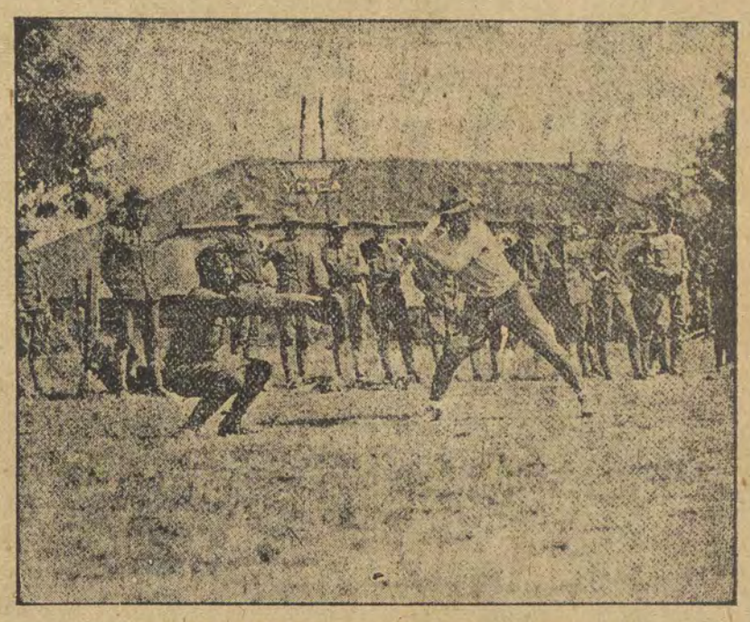
I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF SHOES AND DRY GOODS, WHICH I HAD ONCE DECIDED NOT TO HAVE SHIPPED THIS SEASON; BUT AFTER SEEING THE ADVANCE IN ALL LINES OF MERCHANDISE, I WIRED MY HOUSE TO MAKE THE SHIPMENT AT THE EARLISET DATE.

I HAVE A FULL STOCK, AND WHEN YOU ARE IN THE MARKET FOR ANY KIND OF GOODS, ALL I ASK IS FOR YOU TO POST YOURSELF ON PRICES AND COME AND SEE MY GOODS BEFORE YOU BUY. REMEMBER I WILL BUY ANYTHING YOU HAVE FOR SALE—COWS, HOGS, CORN, BEANS, HAY, FODDER, SYRUP AND FARM PRODUCTS.

L. H. REYNOLDS

CLANTON, - - - ALA.

AMERICANS TEACH FRENCH BASEBALL ON "Y" FIELDS



"Two strikes, three balls, two out and the bases full."

It might be on any Southern baseball lot, but it isn't. It's in France within the sound of the big guns on the battle-front. The first contingent of the American overseas expeditionary forces has introduced the good, old-fashioned national game and is playing regularly scheduled contests under the auspices of the War Work of the Y. M. C. A. on the athletic fields of the Association. And they are teaching the French to slide bases and swat the horsehide, too. The baseball paraphernalia being used is part of the $50,000 worth which has been shipped to France by the Y. M. C. A. All of which indicates that the War Work of the Red Triangle is going with our boys overseas just as it has been with them in the American training camps.

Hundreds of buildings will be needed by the "Y" on the French front. They will be the nearest touch to home that General Pershing's men will have. There the boys will enjoy moving pictures, music, entertainments; will learn French; will read American newspapers and magazines; will write their letters, will play their games and hold their Bible classes.

This work is to be extended to our French, Italian and Russian allies and among the millions of war prisoners. It is already doing valiant service among the British forces on many fronts.

British "Tommies" flock into Y. M. C. A. canteens in Mesopotamia, where it's a hundred and more in the shade and no shade to speak of. Soft drinks are in tremendous demand, and it is only by the most heroic efforts to overcome transportation difficulties that a supply can be kept on hand to meet even part of the demand.

In addition to this work "over-there" six hundred buildings must be maintained in the United States in the military and naval camps. This requires the services of 2,000 secretaries for America and hundreds more overseas.

To cope with these conditions, which require meeting the recreational, social, educational and religious needs of millions of men, the Y. M. C. A. is doing its best. It costs heavily in finances. The money to last until July, 1918, is to be raised in a great nation-wide campaign from November 11 to 19. Thirty-five million dollars is required. Every citizen should have a part, just as they had in the Red Cross and Liberty Loan campaigns.

Checks may be sent to C. K. Calhoun, Campaign director for the Southeastern Department, Y. M. C. A., Atlanta, Ga.

CENTRAL ALABAMA FARM PRODUCTS COMPANY

Wm. Adams, Proprietor, S.W. Adams Secretary.

Members of the Velvet Bean Millers Association, Clanton Alabama. Manufacturers of Velvet Bean Mean, Corn Meal and Mized Feeds.

Marketing connection with the dealer and consumer will give the customers and patrons of this mill a chance to get for their products, when manufactured, the best market prices.

Reports of the market prices of velvet bean meal, corn meal and mixed feed each week will keep the customers of this mill in touch with the markets at a distance.

A comfortable rest room has been provided fort he families of the customers, and a convenient warehouse for the farm products and hitching grounds for the stock.

The velvet bean mill has been placed, and upon an immediate date in the future, announcement will be made to the public when this mill is ready for actual service to the public.

The patronage and cooperation of everyone is respectfully solicited in support of this new industry.

COUNTY MAPS FOR SALE

The Union-Banner has made arrangements to print a number of Beat Maps of Chilton County, and now have them for sale to anyone desiring them, at the price of 25 cents each.

I will buy all your Chickens, Eggs, Goobers and White Peas. $1.00 per bushel for goobers and 4 cents per pound for peas. Sam Johnson.

OVERWORKED, TIRED WOMAN TOOK VINOL

Now She is Strong and Hearty

Philadelphia, Pa.—"I was overworked, run down, nervous, could not eat or sleep. I felt like crying all the time. I tried different remedies without benefit. The doctor said it was a wonder I was alive, and when Vinol was given me I began to improve. I have taken eight bottles and am now strong and perfectly healthy in every respect, and have gained in weight. I can not praise Vinol enough."—Mrs. Sarah A. Jones, 1025 Nevada St., Philadelphia, Pa.

We guarantee Vinol to make overworked, weak women strong or return your money. Formula on every bottle. This is your protection.

Upchurch Drug Co.

LEGAL NOTICE

Birmingham, Ala., Nov. 3, 1917.

Hon. H. A. Harris,
Sheriff of Chilton County,
Clanton, Ala.

Dear Sir:

No U. S. Internal Revenue License were issued to your county in Oct. 1917.

I hereby certify that I have carefully examined the record of the Collector of Internal Revenue and the above is complete and correct.

Yours very truly,
SAM P. JONES.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 3rd day of November 1917.

J. B. MOSLEY,
Notary Public.

SHEP RASBERRY DEAD

Last week occurred the death of Mr. Shep Rasberry, a very prominent and well-known citizen of Mulberry community, in West Chilton. Death was the result of a protracted illness, and did not come as a surprise to his family and intimate friends. His death will be distinctly felt in this community as he was a man of considerable worth to his neighborhood.

FOR SALE

A forty acre farm modernly equiped for darying. Call on, or write, M. J. BARRETT, Thorsby, Ala.

Put a porous plaster on the chest and take a good cough syrup internally if you would treat a severe case of sore lungs properly. Get the dollar size BALLARD'S HOUSEHOLD SYRUP. With each bottle there is a free Herrick's Red Pepper Porous Plaster for the chest. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

MR. CLARK CALLED AWAY

A large number of people were disappointed because Mr. Lloyd Clark did not deliver his scheduled lecture at the courthouse Sunday afternoon. Mr. Clark was called away to his home in Illinois Sunday morning on account of the death of his father-in-law.

TO ROAD APPORTIONERS AND OVERSEERS OF THE COUNTY:

Gentlemen:

I would advise that you take special notice of all persons hauling logs, lumber and such other articles, as set out in the Road Laws of Chilton County, upon which there is a license.

There are a number of persons over the county who have not paid for October, and who should have paid some time ago. I would suggest that you notify these parties to take out license at once.

Tags have been issued to each person who has paid the license since October 1st, 1917. These tags are printed on red cardboard, and have "October, 1917," and the number of horse-wagon, for which they were purchased.

Please look after this at once, and see that all persons, who are due the license, at once pay the same.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

Regulate the bowels when they fail to move properly. HERBINE is an admirable bowel regulator. It helps the liver and stomach and restores a fine feeling of strength and buoyancy. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

FIRST STATE BANK TO OPEN NEXT TUESDAY

Announcement is being made that the First State Bank of Clanton will open for business on next Tuesday.

The building which the new bank will occupy and the fixtures and equipment are being rapidly touched up with finishing. Other preliminaries have been amply and duly arranged, and on next Tuesday the new institution will open its doors to the patronage and accommodation of its customers and the general public.

The new organization is welcomed into the business activities of our town. This new bank together with the splendid bank which we already have will put Clanton in the forefront in the way of good financial institutions.

Read the Union-Banner. $1 a year.

DR. W. L. PARRISH

Graduate Veterinarian.

Hurry Calls made in Auto.

'Phone 110-35, Clanton.

What Do You Know About Your Blood Supply?

Your ignorance may startle you.

Few people know of the many functions of the blood supply, and just how important it is that it be kept absolutely free from all impurities. The health of the entire body depends upon the condition of the blood. You are invited to write and obtain a booklet that gives you some invaluable information on this important subject. It tells how to keep the blood strong and free from the many impurities to which it is constantly subject.

It gives the history of S. S. S., the world's most successful blood remedy, which has been sold for more than fifty years by druggists everywhere. This book will be sent free to all who write to Swift Specific Co., Dept. A Atlanta, Ga.

Headquarters for Plow Points!

We are able to furnish you points for the Oliver, Chattanooga, Syracuse, Butcher & Gibbs, Vulcan, Avery Crtcket, and Lynchburg Plows. We have the Improved Self Sharpeners for the Oliver Plows.

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.

CLANTON, ALA.

New Store

Filled with new stock of

Staple & Fancy Groceries

General Merchandise, Dry Goods, clothing, Shoes and Notions.

YOUR TRADE IS SOLICITED.

I will buy your Corn, Peas, Velvet Beans at highest market price.

J. HUGH JONES

In New Hayes Bldg. Clanton, Ala.

WHEN in need of Printing see what we can do before you go elsewhere.

It Helps!

There can be no doubt as to the merit of Cardui, the woman's tonic, in the treatment of many troubles peculiar to women. The thousands of women who have been helped by Cardui in the past 40 years, is conclusive proof that it is a good medicine for women who suffer. It should help you, too.

Take

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Mrs. N. E. Varner, of Hixson, Tenn., writes: "I was passing through the . . . My back and sides were terrible, and my suffering indescribable. I can't tell just how and where I hurt, about all over, I think . . . I began Cardui, and my pains grew less and less, until I was cured. I am remarkably strong for a woman 64 years of age. I do all my housework." Try Cardui, today. E-76

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of Interior, U. S. Land Office, Montgoremy, Ala., October 6, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that Russell I. Perkins, whose post-office address is Dollar, Ala., did, on the 14th day of March, 1917, file in this office sworn statement and application, No. 010149, to purchase the SW¼ of the SW¼, Section 36, Township 22 N., Range 16 E., St. Stephens Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisinos of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised One Hundred Fifty-one and 75-100 Dollars, the timber estimated 56,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M., and the land $39.75; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 20th day of December, 1917, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rockford, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER, Register.

Stop canghing! You rack the lungs and worrk the body. BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP checks irritation, heals the lungs and restores comfortable breathing. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Hodges still has a lot of those groceries at saving prices. Better buy from him whilet hey last.

NOTICE—I will grind wheat at Thorsby Flour Mill on Monday and Tuesday of each week, and corn on Saturdays.

F. E. GRONQUIST.

Ease Up

ON YOUR POCKET BOOK

Begin the Easing Process with your Table. Look into the size of your Grocery Bill—Then try us.

If you are not one of our Regular Customers we want you to try our High Grade Flour, Teas, Coffee and other Groceries.

We sell everything for the Table, Guarantee its Quality and keep the price away down.

I am still at the same old stand, and ready to serve my Customers.

J. W. LITTLEJOHN

"THE GROCERY MAN"

CLANTON, ALA

WAR TALKS

By UNCLE DAN

Number Four

Military Training Necessary for Safety and Defense.

"Say, Uncle Dan," said Billie, "Jimmie and I have been looking up about war in the encyclopedia at school. We found that in the war between Germany and France in 1870-71, Germany lost in killed and wounded 28,000 soldiers while France lost about six times as many, and besides that, she lost every battle. We asked Professor Slocum why this was. He said that the German army was highly trained and ably commanded, while the French soldiers were poorly trained; and that their war department was honeycombed with jealousy and politics; that the officers were not much good, and that's why France lost the war and so many men. What do you think about it, Uncle Dan?"

"Well," said Uncle Dan, "Professor Slocum is right. By inefficiency France lost that war, together with two of her best provinces—Alsace and Lorraine—and had to pay a billion dollars indemnity money. France today learned her lesson by that sad experience, so she put in universal military training, and as a result, her soldiers now know how to fight and how to protect themselves. They are losing less men in the war than the Germans. France also put politics out of her war department, so that expert authority, instead of bureaucratic stupidity, now directs the army. The result is, France has one of the best and most efficient armies every assembled, and this shows what thorough trainiag and good leadership means in warfare. This saved France in this crisis, as well as the liberties of the world."

"As war is now conducted, there is no place for an untrained man. A body of 10,000 well trained soldiers properly handled could defeat five times their number of raw recruits and do it every time with comparatively small loss to themselves. Proper training alone will reduce the death and casualty rate one-third of what it otherwise would be, and right here is an unanswerable argument for universal military training.

"Our government has no moral right to force her men into war service without properly training them for it. To do so is simply murder, hence the frantic effort that is now being made to give her soldiers some training before they are sent to the front. If we are to win this war, it will take trained men to do it, and it will take trained men to win any other war that may come upon us in the future. If we must fight, let us fight to win and not to lose."

"That's the stuff," said Billie.

Continuing, Uncle Dan said: "Our government has expended about $300,000,000 to put up cantonments and training stations in order to train the men called by the selective draft. When these men are trained the training stations should be immediately filled with younger men, say those in their nineteenth year, to receive six months of intensive military training along the lines of the Chamberlain bill. This will be of immeasurable benefit to them individually. It will do them more good than any other two years of their whole life; it will make them strong, manly, self-reliant, quick to see and quick to act; it will equip them for a successful life. In short, it will rebuild American manhood and will also give the government a body of trained men to draw from in case it is necessary to defend our flag and country. We must settle this question of universal military training immediately, otherwise these training camps may be demolished. The adoption of universal military training will be notice to the world that from then on we will be prepared to defend ourselves promptly and efficiently, and this will do more to keep us out of war in the future than anything else we could do."

"Do you think, brother," said Mrs Graham, "that there will ever be an other war?"

"I have no doubt about it," said Uncle Dan. "So long as men are selfish, so long as nations are ambitious to acquire territory, so long as population presses and demands more room, so long as there remains a scramble for world trade—so long wars will be. When the time comes that we reach the high plane for which we hope and dream, when all will recognize the fatherhood of God and the brotherhood of man, then, and then only, will wars cease. When that day comes doors will need no locks, banks will need no vaults to protect their treasures, but that day is a long way off.

"The only safe and sane plan is to be able to defend ourselves at all times. Therefore, every citizen should insist that senators and congressmen shall provide for universal military training, so that never again shall the country be caught so completely unready as this war found us. Fortunately, in this case, our enemy has been held back, so we have had a few months in which to prepare. This advantage probably will never come again. It is however our salvation today.

"Because she was ready, Switzerland is an island of peace in a sea of war. Safety first is good, but safety always is better. In strength there is safety. You never saw a tin can tied to the tail of a bulldog. There is a reason."

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in Hopkins Bldg.
Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women & Surgery
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

A. C. Smith B. Guy Smith
SMITH & SMITH
Attorneys At Law
General Practice
Clanton, - - - - - Alabama.

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

If you think the Peoples Savings Bank is not in good shape, you are invited to take a look at the statement of its condition which is published in this paper this week. It is conclusive evidence that they have the "goods."

James Sidney Gore, one of the Chilton County boys who was drafted into the army is at home this week from Camp Wheeler at Macon, Ga. He says he is well pleased with life and training in the army.

August Johnson of Thorsby was in our office Monday raising sand because he failed to get his paper last week. Mr. Johnson said it was the first copy of the paper he ever failed to receive.



Sacked hulls mean convenience and economy

PUTTING Buckeye Hulls in sacks is just one of the important little things that have been done to make this roughage an improvement over the old style. This makes

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

easier to handle when putting them in the barn and easier to measure out when mixing feed. It keeps them clean and makes your help think of them as forage—not as bedding.

Even though sacked, Buckeye Hulls sell for much less than loose old style hulls. It costs us money to sack them but we believe that anything that will help you use this product to best advantage is worth the expense.

Other Advantages

- Buckeye Hulls are free of lint which has no food value.
- 2000 pounds of real roughage to the ton—not 1500.
- Buckeye Hulls allow better assimilation of food.
- No trash or dust.
- They mix well with other food.
- They take less space in the barn.
- Every pound goes farther.

Kimbraugh Bros., Indianola, Miss., say:

"We are using Buckeye Hulls and are very much pleased with them. We think they are superior to old style hulls."

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K ***The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.*** *Dept. K*

Atlanta Augusta Birmingham Charlotte Greenwood Jackson Little Rock Macon Memphis Selma

NOTICE OF LAND SALE

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, rendered on the 6th day of October, 1917, the undersigned will sell to the highest bidder for cash in front of the court house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama, within the legal hours of sale on Monday the 17th day of December, 1917 ,the following described lands of the estate of P. E. Coleman, deceased, to wit:

Mineral rights of the NW ¼ of the SE ¼ of the NW ¼ Sec. 12, Tp. 22, Range 13, 10 acres; Mineral rights N ½ of the SW ¼ of the SE ¼ of the NW ¼ Sec. 12, Tp. 22, Range 13, 5 acres. Two lots 5 and 6 block 23 according to the map of Thorsby, Alabama, and lot 16, block 2 according to the map of Thorsby, Alabama, and lot 6 block H according to the map of Thorsby, Alabama; and the following described real estate situated, lying and being in the county of Fayette, State of Alabama, to wit: Lots 1 to 21 in block 1 according to the map of Fayette Highlands.

W. B. TOMLIN,
Administrator.

E. E. Plier of Route 1 was in the Union-Banner office Tuesday and entered his name on our list of subscribers. We welcome him with us.

NOTICE

I will not crush any velvet beans until December 1st.

J. A. MADDOX.

Clanton, Ala., Nov. 8, 1917.

Newton Aldridge has gone to a town over in Mississippi to hold down a job with the Western Union Telegraph Co.

We will pay 35c per dozen for eggs. Highest prices for turkeys geese, and ducks, and sorghum syrup.

Pay for the Union-Banner a year. $1

Rub a sore throat with BALLARDS SNOW LINIMENT. One or two applications will cure it completely. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

HEY! CROOSTIE MEN

I am paying 54 cents for first class Pine, White Oak and Post Oak Ties, and 35 cents for second class.

J. E. LITTLEJOHN
CLANTON, ALA.

MONEY SAVING SALES

YOUR DOLLARS WILL HAVE MORE CENTS

If you Spend them at this Big Store.

Our shelves are laden with Brand New, Crisp Fall Merchandise. We carry a Full Line of Everything for Man, Woman and Child. If its Farm Supplies, Groceries, Grain, Shoes, Hats, Hardware, Groceries, or Fancy Goods, we can supply you, and supply you at figures that will make your Pocket Book laugh. :. :. :. :.

Complete Line of Funeral Supplies—Prompt Personal attention Given Every Call.

Mullins & Moore

W. I. Mullins Old Stand.

CLANTON, = ALA.

No. 10 bucket Snow Drift Lard, ... $1.95

Special Sale

7 lbs. Green or 6 lbs. Pea Berry Coffee, ... $1.00

GROCERIES AT REDUCED PRICES

ALL STRICTLY CASH

Nothing will be charged nor delivered at these reduced prices.

WE ARE OFFERING OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF GROCERIES AT THESE SPECIAL CASH PRICES AS LONG AS THEY LAST. ALL THSE GOODS ARE NEW AND FREH, AND ARE GUARANTEED TO BE STANDARD IN EVERY PARTICULAR. IN ORDER THAT YOU MAY KNOW SOMETHING OF THE VALUE OF THE BARGAINS WE ARE OFFERING WE GIVE BELOW A LIST OF PRICES ON A NUMBER OF THE ARTICLES WE ARE GOING TO SELL. THERE ARE MANY OTHER BARGAINS WHICH WE OFFER, AT SIMILARPRICES, BUT WE HAVE NOT SPACE HERE TO ENUMERATE THEM ALL. READ THE FOLLOWING:

1 can No. 3 Lomoco Table Peaches,	22c	2 cans No. 2 Lomoco Baby Beets,	35c	2 cans No. 2 Stokely Beans Price,	25c
3 cans No. 1 Pie Peaches Price,	25c	1 can No. 2 Libby's Sliced Pineapple,	23c	1 can No. 3 Stokely Beans Price,	15c
1 9-oz. can Chunk Pineapple,	10c	2 ½-lb. cans Libby's Grated Pineapple,	25c	1 can Hawaiian Chunk Pineapple,	20c
2 cans Lomoco Sliced Pineapple,	25c	2 cans large size Libby's Pork and Beans,	25c	Heinz's large size India Relish,	30c
1 can No. 2 Bartlett Pears,	22c	3 10c cans or 6 5c cans Dromedary shreded Cocoa,	25c	Heinz's Mustard Dressing; Price,	20c
2 cans No. 2 Lomoco Country Gentleman Corn,	35c	2 pkgs. Corn Flakes or Post Toasties,	25c	Heinz's Olive Oil or Celery Soup,	22c
1 can No. 2 Southern Beauty or Stokely Corn,	15c	1 pkg. Purity Grits, large size,	25c	Heinz's Pork and Beans, or Spaghetti,	10c
2 cans No. 2 Royal White Corn,	25c	2 pkgs. Purity Rolled Oats or Grits,	25c	1 lb. can Calumet Baking Powder,	25c
2 cans Lomoco or Stokely Tomatoes,	25c	2 Kllogg's Bran Flakes or Wheat Crumbles,	25c	2 cans Pimientos, Price,	25c
1 can Stokely Hominy, Price,	10c	2 pkgs. Cream of Rice, Price,	25c	2 cans Pet Milk, Price,	13c
2 cans No. 2 Early June Stokely or Peli Polis Peas,	25c	1 lb. full headed loose rice, Price,	10c	1 jar Beech Nut Bacon, Price,	35c
1 can No. 2 Eearly June Sweet Violet Peas,	15c	1 bar Pearl Toilet Soap, Price,	5c	1 can Vienna Sausage or 1 can Oysters,	10c
1 can Burnham tiny Sliced Peas,	22c	2 bars Ivory Soap or Fairy Soap,	15c	1 can Potted Meat, Price,	5c
2 cans No. 1 Lomoco Sliced Peaches,	25c	1 bar Star or Export or Clean-Easy soap,	5c	1 can Boneless Chicken, Price,	30c
2 cans Okra, Corn and Tomatoes,	25c	1 bar Palm Olive Soap, Price,	10c	1 can Libby's Roast Beef, Price,	23c
1 can Lomoco Lima Beans, Price,	15c	1 box Blue-Tip or Bird's Eye Matches,	5c	1 can Atmore's or Heinz's Mince Meat,	25c
3 cans Lomoco Sweet Potatoes,	25c	1 3-lb Cafe-du-Monde Coffee,	85c	1 pkg. Lomoco Mince Meat,	10c
2 cans Heinz Tomato Soup or Campbells, veg. soup,	25c	1 3-lb. can St. Regis or Donavan's Special Coffee,	90c	2 cans French Sardines, Price,	35c
1 can Serv-us or Top Brand Tomato Soup,	10c	1 lb. Loose Lard, Price,	20c	2 cans Mustard Sardines, Price,	25c
1 large package Postum, Price,	24c	No. 4 bucket Snow Drift Lard,	75c	1 can Wesson's Cooking Oil,	35c
2 cans No. 1 Pink Salmon, Price,	35c	4 lbs. French Market or After Dinner Coffee,	90c	1 can Cooked Brains, Price,	18c
1 can Alaska Red Salmon, Price,	24c	Heinz large size Catsup or Chilli Sauce,	25c	1 can Tripe, Price,	20c
1 can Sockeye Salmon, Price,	27c	Heinz's Preserves, Price,	25c	1 can Veal Loaf or Chicken Loaf,	18c
2 cans Fish Flakes, Price,	25c	Heinz Sour or Sweet Pickles or Chowchow,	15c	1 box Argo or Celluloid Starch,	5c
Pickled Herring fish, Per Fish,	5c	Heinz's Worcester Sauce, Price,	18c	1 pkg. Grape Nuts, Price,	15c
2 small Mackeral or 1 9-oz. Mackeral,	25c	Heinz's Beef Steak or Cramberry Sauce,	20c	6 pkgs. Soda, Price,	25c
1 Baker's large size Cocoa,	23c	Heinz Plum Pudding, Price,	30c	½ gal. Heinz's Vinegar, Price,	35c
1 Baker's small size Cocoa,	9c	Heinz's small size India Relish,	15c	1 qt. Heinz's Vinegar, Price,	20c

COMPARE THE ABOVE PRICES WITH WHAT YOU HAVE BEEN PAYING FOR THE SAME THING, AND YOU WILL AT ONCE SEE WHAT A GREAT SAVING IT WILL BE TO BUY FROM US WHILE THIS SCALE OF PRICES PREVAILS. TO OUR CUSTOMERS IN THE COUNTRY WE WISH TO SAY ESPECIALLY THAT YOUR ATTENTION IS INVITED TO THESE EXTRA LOW PRICES. COME AND SAVE MONEY ON YOUR GROCERIES.

Turnip Seed
New crop good seed to sell at 25c lb.

W. Z. HODGES

CLANTON, ALA.

Children can buy here just as well as grown folks for it is one price to all

"Nervous exhaustion—blinding headache"



Striving to satisfy the demands of everyone is apt to affect the nerves, and continual standing may weaken the Heart.

Dr. Miles' Nervine
is invaluable for Nervous troubles, and for the Heart

Dr. Miles' Heart Treatment
is highly recommended.

LIVED IN MISERY.

"I suffered greatly from nervousness and headaches. The least excitement gave me dreadful pain. I began using Dr. Miles' Nervine and a few days later started to take Dr. Miles' Heart Treatment. I soon got so much better that I was encouraged and continued taking the two remedies until I was so well that work was no bother to me at all."
MRS. LOUIS ELG,
Idaho Falls, Idaho.

IF FIRST BOTTLE FAILS TO BENEFIT YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

GRAINS SUITABLE FOR LATE SOWING.

By J. F. Duggar, Director Extension Service and Experiment Station.

Prepared by Extension Service, Auburn, Ala.

In the Northern part of Alabama it is getting late for the sowing of oats. However, by using the open furrow method, oats may be sown early in November further north in the State than is otherwise safe.

Wheat is much hardier toward cold than oats, and may be sown later. For Central Alabama the sowing of wheat need not be stopped until the first of December, though somewhat earlier sowing usually affords a larger yield.

Rye is even hardier than wheat, and the sowing of rye may continue even up to the first of December. Indeed, it may be sown several weeks later, but this would be inadvisable, especially in a year when seed are so expensive as now.

The same general consideration applies generally to the other grains; namely, that prompt sowing is more important in years when seed are high priced than when seed are cheap.

TENANT WANTED

MRS. HENRY L. OLIVER, CALERA, ALA., SHELBY COUNTY, WISHES TO RENT HER TWO PLANTATIONS TO RELIABLE PARTY OR PARTIES, WHO OWN THEIR STOCK, EITHER FOR A CASH STANDING RENT OR ON THE THIRD AND FOURTH BASIS.

ONE TRACT HAS 60 ACRES OF FERTILE LAND WITH 2 CREEKS, LARGE HOUSE AND BARNS WITH IN 50 FEET OF PUBLIC ROAD, WITH GOOD WELL SUPPLYING WATER THE YEAR ROUND. IT LIES JUST ½ MILE FROM SCHOOL HOUSE.

ONE TRACT OF 40 ACRES OF THE BEST RED LAND IN SHELBY COUNTY, ONE MILE FROM SCHOOL HOUSE, HAS GOOD HOUSE, BARNS AND OTHER OUTHOUSES, GOOD WELL OF WATER, ONE CREEK. THIS PLACE HAS TO BE SEEN TO BE APPRECIATED.

WRITE, PHONE OR CALL UPON, MRS. HENRY L. OLIVER, CALERA, ALA., FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, AND MAKE APPOINTMENT TO BE SHOWN OVER THESE PLACES.

GIRLS ARE KEEPING MEN FROM ENLISTING, SAYS HUTCHINSON

Alabama's Chief Recruiting Officer Issues "Appeal to Sweethearts" to Keep Alabama's Standard of War up to Average.

It is the girls of Alabam to say just how successful the volunteer enlistment in the United States army shall be," declared Captain James B. Hutchinson, chief recruiting officer for the state, in a statement which he called "an apepal to sweethearts." "It is a question for the girls of Alabama to decide. Will they spare the boys now, when there is every likelihood of a speedy victory through the logical process of thorough training and careful action, or will they keep them away, holding them back, bringing about a condition that will make the war all the more terrible?"

Captain Hutchinson has just completed the compiling of certain statistics which shows how far Alabama is lagging behind in volunteer enlistment, as compared with other states. There must be an immediate quickening of enlistments, he declared, if the state is to retain the place on the register of the Union that it has established in the past year.

"We have made a fair record in the past," he said. "It is a reflection on the loyalty and patriotism of Alabama men and women to force the government to conscript liberally here in order to get a fair representation from this state in the nation's fighting forces."

All branches of service are now open, he declared, and men may enlist now with the assurance of getting employment in the army at the pursuit similar to their own occupation. The quartermaster deportment needs men of every kind of technical training; there are vacancies of every kind in the field artillery, coast artillery, aviation division and other branches.

Alabama's report for September which has just been received from the adjutant general's office, shows an enlistment of a little over 500 men. This does not include the heavy negro enlistment which was felt about this time, and which will, when added to the figures, boost the state's position on the roster perceptibility.

SILK MILL WORK HAS BEEN STARTED

Expert Operators Expected to Reach Albany from New York Soon.

Albany, Ala., Nov. 13.—Albany has an industry that is a bit different from any other in the South. It is the Albany Silk Mill, secured thru the activities of the Albany Board of Commerce, which has begun operations. The winding department got into action this morning and as soon as the silk can be prepared the looms will be started.

Help the Army Y. M. C. A. to Christianize your boy at the camp. This is a grand institution and must have help.

Griggs—I see that Borley has got a job at last. He's working now in Hick's livery stable.

Briggs—What doing?

Griggs—Hicks has some horses that won't take the bit; so Borley has to talk to them till they yawn.

T. E. Wililams, Cashier-to-be of the First State Bank, says he would be glad to see the man in Clanton who has not asked him when the new bank will open for business. He says the interest in the opening is wide-spread and the officials of the institution are glad to make announcement to the public this week thru the papers of the exact date they will be ready to handle the cash in the new bank.

AMERICANS WEAR GAS MASKS

Germans Let Loose Many Shells, Also Freely Using Shrapnel.

With the American Armies in France, Nov. 13.—The American infantrymen in the trenches and artilleryists in the gun pits have had their first real experience with gas shells. The Germans have let loose many in the last two days, making the use of gas masks necessary. Shraphnel also has been freely used by both sides.

During a recent night the enemy machine guns were again turned on the American trenches, the American army replying with an equal vigorous fire.

PARCEL POST TAX TO BE REQUIRED

Internal Revenue Stamp Must Go On Packages Costing Quarter to Send.

An internal revenue tax of 1 cent will be required after December 1 on all parcel post packages requiring more than 25 cents postage. Ordinary postage stamps will not serve for this tax, But for the convenience of patrons, the local postoffice will have the special revenue stamps required on sale at the stamp window.

Don't forget that the Red Cross deserves and needs your aid.

Help to save our soldiers who cannot save themselves.

The Band Wagon

Beats the Water Wagon
Get Into It. Call for



Buffalo Rock GINGER ALE

The drink that is making friends right and left with everybody because it goes right to the spot, and leaves a good taste and a pleasant feeling for hours afterwards.

"Highest in Quality." Refreshing. Appetizing. Non-reacting. Non-astringent. Kind to the nerves. Genial to digestion.

In Individual Bottles at Fountains and Soft Drink Stands 5c

Keep a Home Case of BUFFALO ROCK in your home. Order from your grocer.

Buffalo Rock Company

Anniston Birmingham Montgomery

You Say You Believe in Clanton

And want to see this town become the best town in the State. That's Good!

But say, Did you know that Faith Without Work is Dead? Well it is anyhow.

IF YOU ARE ONE OF THOSE GOOD FELLOWS WHO WANTS TO SEE PROGRESS AND PROSPERITY GOING ON, BUT EXPECTS THE OTHER FELLOW TO DO ALL THE PUSHING, YOU ARE ALL RIGHT EXCEPT YOU ARE NOT WORTH ANYTHING TO YOUR TOWN AND COMMUNITY. ALL YOU NEED IS JUST A GOOD STRONG HINT TO KNOCK YOU DOWN A TIME OR TWO AND MAKE YOU WAKE UP TO THE FACT THAT THE JOB OF MAKING A GOOD TOWN AND A GOOD COMMUNITY IS AS MUCH YOUR RESPONSIBILITY AS IT IS THE OTHER FELLOW'S. YOU ARE GETTING YOUR MEAT AND BREAD FROM YOUR LABOR HERE, AND YOU OWE A PORTION OF IT IN RETURN TOWARD MAKING THE GENERAL ATMOSPHERE OF THE PLACE BETTER IN A SOCIAL, BUSINESS, RELIGIOUS AND MORAL WAY. EVERY MA NWHO LAGS ON THE JOB MAKES THE GENERAL EFFICIENCY OF THE TOWN ORGANIZATION LACK THAT MUCH OF COMING UP TO WHAT IT SHOULD BE. EXAMINE YOURSELF AND SEE IF YOU ARE BACKING UP YOUR FAITH IN YOUR TOWN WITH THE PROPER AMOUNT OF ACTUAL WORK.

Shoes!

We sell the Beacon Shoes
Best in the world.
For all of the Family.

W. A. KEMP

NOTICE

Patrons of Picture Show

We will be compelled to discontinue our Tuesday programs on account of silm patronage, which will not justify pictures and war taxes.

Ideal Theatre

XMAS

Now is the time to buy your Christmas Gifts. We are receiving our Christmas goods and would be glad to have you come in and look them over.

Upchurch Drug Company.

—Buy it From—

Downs Hardware Company

CLANTON, ALA.

If you want the best

GROCERIES

That money can buy, just call on me. I have a complete line and at the right prices.

J.W.Littlejohn

What have yo got that you want to sell?

I will buy your Syrup, Corn, Cattle and Hogs. And will pay the highest market prices far all of your farm products.

L.H.REYNOLDS

FORD CARS

And Parts; Oil, Gasoline, and accessories. Get your order in for new cars now and avoid having to wait for delivery.

L. J. DUNCAN MOTOR CO.

These Merchants

The business men whose advertisements appear on this page have interest in a booster campaign with this paper for the promotion of the social, business and moral interests of this town and County. They are willing to work and talk for the things that mean progress for the people who live among us. They are spending their money for the furtherance of the various interests of our town. They support our schools and churches with eal and energy. And they invite everybody who lives here and has interests here to assist them in their efforts to make our town the best one in the state.

Tell them that you approve of the move that they have inaugurated. Tell them that you have faith in our town, and also tell the mthat you are willing to help in any way you can.

Then back up your faith with your Works.

Complete Line of

CLOTHING

Shoes, Etc.

All these are Pawn Broker's Articles, and therefore will be sold very cheap.

Wiley Littlejohn

DISTINCTIVE *Printing*

¶ Printing that will attract attention and put your advertising in a class by itself—printing that contains originality in conception and excellence in its execution—this quality of originality and individuality characterizes all the printed work we turn out.

Millinery

WE HAVE ESTABLISHED A COMPLETE AND UP-TO-DATE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT WHICH IS IN CHARGE OF MRS. CLARA MULLINS. ..COME AND LOOK OVER THE NEWEST PATTERNS.

Clanton Mercantile Co.

Romeo and Juliet

A $250,000 Production of eight reels with
FRANCIS X. BUSHMAN
AND BEVERLY BAYNE

At the Ideal Theatre

Friday and Saturday, Nov. 16 and 17.

Costumes cost $35,000. More than 600 people used. Admission 20 and 30 cens, which inclules war tax.

Stop at

THE NEW WILSON HOTEL

The best hotel service to be found in Clanton. Reasonable rates for Meals and Rooms.

Soft Drinks, Cigars, Cigarettes, Candies,

GROCERIES

Get them from

L. C. Reynolds

A FOUR MINUTE SPEECH

You ought to have heard the four minute speech on "liberty" made by Prof. J. L. Johnson, Principal of Clanton Grammar School, at the Ideal Theatre Saturday night. It was a short talk but all the more pure and laden with vital truth for those who love the one tradition of our country which above all others is our dearest asset—"Liberty."

Samel M. Pate, formerly an employee of the Union State Bank at Thorsby, has accepted a position with the Peoples Savings Bank as Assistant Cashier, and will soon locate his family for residence in Clanton. Sam is one of Chilton County's most deserving young men, and everybody is glad to see him enter the responsible position which he is to occupy.

CONCORD

There will be a box supper at this place, three miles east of Clanton, on Saturday night, November 17th. The proceeds will go toward school improvement.

J. M. PARRISH.

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week ending November 10, 1917.

Names—WOMEN

Mrs. Hattie Cooper,
Miss Effethia Pickie,
Mrs. Lela James,
Miss Davis Dennis,
Mrs. Nell Hopkins,
Miss Cecil Cook,
Ormie Baker.

Names—MEN

S. Rodgers,
J. J. S. Willis,
R. H. Hutchian,
Isaac Motley.

These Letters will be sent to the Dead Letter Office, Nov. 24, 1917, if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "Advertised," giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON, P. M.

Fox and Amphlett, representing Chilton County Real Estate Agency, made a trip to Birmingham last week in an important Real Estate deal.

Subscribe for The Union-Banner.

Subscribe for The Union-Banner.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

Circuit Court, in Equity. Oct. 10, 1917.

Mary Townsend Complainants vs. Lucian L. Townsend Defendants.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit on file of A. C. Smith, Solicitor for complainant that the Defendant, Lucian L. Townsend is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and resides in a place unknown to affiant and further that in the belief of said affiant, the Defendant Lucian L. Townsend is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Union-Banner a newspaper published in Clanton, Ala., once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said Lucian L. Townsend to answer, plead or demur to the Bill of Complaint in the above cause, on or before the 10th day of November 1917, and failing so to do within thirty days after service of this summons, a Decree Pro Confesso may be taken against him in said cause.

Witness my hand, this 10th day of October 1917.

H. M. SIMPSON,
Register.

SUPPER AT JACKSONS CHAPEL

There will be a box supper at Jacksons Chapel next Saturday night, November 17th. We want all the girls to come and bring boxes. This is for the benefit of the Public School house, as we must build an addition to the building in order to accommodate our children. All the proceeds will go for this addition building.

J. BICE,
Chm. Finance Com.

AUCTION SALE

On Monday, Nov. 19, I will sell at my place near Maple Springs Church, at auction to the highest bidder, the following property: Household Goods, Kitchen Utensils, Corn, Fodder, Hay, Potatoes, 4 head of cattle, and farming implements. J. S. DAVIS.

Chilton County farms for sale are being advertised throughout the west and northwest by the Chilton County Real Estate Agency.

Subscribe for The Union-Banner.

SEEKING RELEASE OF DR. E. A. MATTHEWS

A petition signed by over a thousand Chilton County citizens, asking for the release of Dr. E. A. Matthews from the state penitentiary, was presented to the State Board of Pardons on Tuesday by a committee of prominent business men of Clanton. Owing to the fact that the cases against other officials of the Clanton Bank, similar to the indictment upon which Dr. Matthews was sent to the prison, were nolle prossed in the Circuit Court here, the sentiment has grown strong in favor of the release of Dr. Matthews from the toils of the law.

BAKER SCHOOL

There will be a free musical entertainment play and box supper at our school house Saturday night, November 17, the sale of the boxes to go for the benefit of school.

Everybody come.

FACULTY.

If you have property to sell, list same with Fox & Amphlett.

The New Mother



Heartfelt sympathy of all mankind goes out to her who is to become a mother. For over three generations, thousands of women have found through experience, that the absolutely safe, tried and reliable massage known to all women as "Mother's Friend" is the greatest aid procurable from the many distresses of childbirth. By its daily application the expanding muscles relax easily when baby is born. The skin is made elastic and the fine network of nerves, tendons and ligaments are soothed. The breasts, too, are kept in good condition.

Write the Bradfield Regulator Co., Dept. J, 200 Lamar Building, Atlanta, Ga. They will send you without charge a very interesting book, "Motherhood and the Baby". Get a bottle of "Mother's Friend" from the druggist today. It is of the utmost importance that you aid nature in her work. "Mother's Friend" makes it possible for you yourself to give a helping hand. The preparation is without question a true and marvelous aid and is composed of such penetrating oils and other ingredients as to make it really indispensable to expectant mothers.

NOTICE STOCK LAW ELECTION

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held in Precinct Two, Chilton County, Alabama, on the 17 day of December, 1917, to ascertain whether or not a majority of the qualified electors, bona fide residents of said precinct Two, Chilton County, Alabama, desire or favor a law to permit horses and cattle to run at large, and prohibiting hogs, goats and sheep from running at large in said Precinct. Said election will be held at the usual voting places in said Precinct.

This, the 12th day of Nov. 1917.

J. E. COBB.

John W. Hayes, former citizen of Chilton County, who lived at Chunchula, in Mobile County, the past year, has returned to Chilton County again to make his home. His many friends gladly welcome him back here. where they hope he may long live and prosper.

Recommended by Doctor Cothram

Dr. T. E. Cothram is a well-known pharmacist of Alexis, Ala. And when he gets bilious or needs a purgative medicine, what do you suppose he does? Out of his whole big stock of liver medicine he selects and uses Granger Liver Regulator. He says "There is none better." That's a pretty strong endorsement, don't you think, from a man who knows all about the merits of the different medicines on the market? Granger Liver Regulator is purely vegetable, does not gripe nor irritate the delicate lining of the stomach and bowels and always gives quick and pleasant results. It is the best system purifier known. Your druggist can supply you—25c for large box. Accept no substitute.

We will pay 35c per dozen for eggs. Highest prices for turkeys geese, and ducks, and sorghum syrup.

TAYLOR BROS.

Come In

When you are in town don't fail to come in and let us show you our line of Goods. If you don't take advantage of the Bargains that are here for you, you will lose money.

Anything you need in the way of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Suits, Hats, Caps, Collars and Neckties, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Gents Furnishings, etc., you will find at our Store.

We are agents for the famous W. L. Douglas Shoes, and can fit any member of the family. We also carry a full line of Groceries.

All of our goods are New and Up-to-Date. Be sure to see them before buying elsewhere.

TOM KEMP

CLANTON, ALA.

Every Day

Every day we continue to grind out the same honest, fair and square bargains we have always given.

Our stock includes everything found in a general Merchandise Store, such as Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Ladies Dress Goods, etc., and in every way is the most complete you can find anywhere.

Everything is absolutely new—nothing stale or worn. Come to see us when you need anything. We assure you the most courteous treatment and honest dealing.

The foundation of our business is the principles of

TRUTH AND HONESTY.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Money's Worth or your Money Back."

CLANTON, ALABAMA.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., NOVEMBER 22, 1917 NUMBER 34.

MORE MEN CALLED BY LOCAL BOARD

Notices Will be Mailed out in a Few Days Summoning Them to Appear for Examination.

Are Needed to Complete the First Quota of 120 Men for Chilton County.

This week the Local Board of Chilton County is issuing a call for sixty-five more men to come for examination and out of this number the Board hopes to get the required number to complete the first quota. The 120 men called for by the War Department have already been accepted and qualified, but the regulations state that each Local Board shall have at its command a number of qualified and accepted men, equal to ten per cent of the entire quota, in addition to the actual number they are called upon to furnish. It is this excess of ten per cent which the Board is filling that makes it necessary to call more men.

Following are the names of those called:

Willie Washington Giles, Clanton
Cruse Jones, Verbena
J. A. Lawrence, Lawley
Jake Hartsell Johnson, Stanton
Sam Janjutzky, Clanton
Alvin C. Champion, Verbena
Edgar Rone Baker, Clanton
Joseph Frank Perry, Maplesville
Acy Sims, Plantersville
Henry Horton, Montevallo
Noah C. Wallace, Jemison
Harvey M. Nix, Maplesville
James L. Dennis, Clanton
Wm. Byrd Payton, Clanton
Bennie D. Dennis,
Jessie James Wright, Billingsley
Sylvester Lucas, Montevallo
Benjamin L. Cleckler, Jemison
Elsey Washen, Clanton
Leonard Boyd, Mt. Creek
Horace W. Davis, Clanton
Walter Vinson, Clanton
Mifford C. Hayes, Montevallo
T. S. Peavey, Clanton
Walter G. Ridden, Maplesville
Jake Henley, Clanton
Brady Nichols, Stanton
Fred Boatfield, Mt. Creek
Wm. H. Abney, Maplesville
Ellias W. Ellison, Calera
Marion Ford, Maplesville
Horace L. Aldridge, Clanton
David Childress, Clanton
Alexander Riggins, Thorsby
Rassie S. Burnett, Clanton
Vester B. Champion, Verbena
Nels C. Peterson, Thorsby
Alfred Ervin Mims, Clanton
Bob Johnson, Mt. Creek
Jasper W. Friday, Clanton
John Hurtt, Verbena
Claud Wm. Davis, Clanton
Virgil G. Elmore, Clanton
Grover C. Vance, Clanton
Arthur G. Rasberry, Maplesville
Tommie Lee Maddox, Clanton
Jim P. White, Clanton
Ervin Mims, Jemison
Fonzo Cleckler, Verbena
Lewis J. Pelham, Verbena
Joshua S. Cashatt, Montevallo
Elliott N. Adams, Starretts
John Cox Jones, Clanton
John D. Sanders, Stanton
James I. Gables, Jemison
Archie W. Giles, Maplesville
Carl R. Foss, Thorsby
Embury P. Heaton, Thorsby
Shelby Hicks, Maplesville
Irby Lewis, Clanton
Marshall B. Pounds, Pletcher
Rufas G. Culp, Clanton
Elzie Brazwell, Jemison
Mordiciah L. Rodgers, Jemison.

Hon. Alex E. Walker, State Superintendent of Banks, was in Clanton Wednesday to superintend the opening of the First State Bank.

"THE LAST LOAF"

A play to be presented by Miss Hattie Hancock, for the benefit of the Grammar School, at the high school auditorium, on Tuesday night, Nov. 27, at 8:00 o'clock.

Characters:

Mark Ashton,.....Erle Pinckard
Caleb Hanson,.....J. B. Atkinson
Harry Hansom,.....Guy Smith
Dick Bustle,.....Ruben Lowe
Tom Chubbs,.....Dr. A. M. Gowan
Kate Ashton,.....Hattie Hancock
Lilly Ashton,.....Rilla Smith
Patty Jones,.....Mary Key

Admission, 15 and 25 cents.

J. A. Huett of Enterprise was here Wednesday and renewed the subscription to Grandpa Henderson, who is getting too old to come to town. We hope the good old man may live a long time yet in peace and happiness, and would be glad if it were so he could come to see us again as he has done in the past. His visits were always pleasant.

Chilton County farms for sale are being advertised throughout the west and northwest by the Chilton County Real Estate Agency.

Subscribe for The Union-Banner.

COUNTY TEACHERS INSTITUTE TO BE HELD HERE NEXT WEEK

Session will be held at High School Building Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

Announcement is made that the Chilton County Teachers Institute will convene at the County High School Building in Clanton on next Monday, Nov. 26, at ten o'clock, A.M., and end at noon on Wednesday, Nov. 28. There will be an extra session held Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock, to make up the time for the fourth day.

All white public school teachers in the county will be required to attend the full session, regardless of position held or time one may have attended previous institutes. All schools in the county will be automatically vacated during the three days session of the Institute.

APPEAL MADE TO HELP OLD ALABAMA SOLDIERS AT HOME

An appeal was made through the newspapers, for clothing and blankets for the old veterans at the Alabama Old Soldiers Home. Mr. W. P. Thompson received the following letter from Dr. J. D. Eiland, the commandant as to the success of the effort:

Mt. Creek, Ala., Nov. 20, 1917.

Mr. W. P. Thompson, Clanton, Ala.

Dear Mr. Thompson:—I have your letter of yesterday, and wish to say in reply to your inquiry, that I am glad to inform you that the Home has been extremely fortunate in having a very large quantity of clothing as well as blankets sent in. I am sure that there has never been a nicer quality of goods sent in, and I am sure that such things were never more apperciated or in more service to the Home than they have been at this time.

I wish to thank you for all that you have done in this line and assure you that great good will be realized from this collection and contribution.

On Wednesday, the 21st, the Regiment Band from Camp Sheridan will visit the Home for the purpose of making music for the old people, and the principle part will be in the afternoon about 1:30, p.m. If you can arrange to come down and bring any friends that you care to come, or anyone that could come, we would be very glad to have them visit the Home at this time, for if the weather is good, I am sure that this will be a very nice occasion.

With kindest regards,
Yours, very truly,
J. D. EILAND.

DAVID SCOTT AND MILLARD LITTLEJOHN KILLED BY TRAIN

Accident Occurred on Warrior River Bridge, at Palos, Ala., as Train Hits Hand Car.

By an accident on Nov. 15, when a fast train on the Frisco Road hit a push car on the Warrior Bridge, at Palos, Millard Littlejohn and David Scott, Employees on the railroad, were instantly killed. They were a son and son-in-law, respectively, of Mr. T. J. Littlejohn, who lives in the western part of the county. Both were married and had families. The two dead men have many friends and relatives in this county.

The New Edison, "the phonograph with a soul." Buy yours now before the increased prices are put into effect. Freight congestion and possible embargoes may make it impossible for us to keep our stock of instruments complete at all times. Buy now while our stock is complete.

There will be no increase in price of Edison Re-Creations. Furthermore, they can be shipped from the laboritories by express in the event of a freight embargo.

UPCHURCH DRUG CO.

W. H. Splawn of Randolph was transacting business in Clanton Saturday.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.
Circuit Court in Equity.

J. S. Varner Complainant vs. Anna Varner Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit on file of Grady Reynolds that the Defendant Anna Varner is non-resident of the state of Alabama, and resides in the state of Ohio, place unknown, and further that in the belief of said affiant, the Defendant Anna Varner is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Union-Banner a newspaper published in Clanton, Ala., once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring her the said Anna Varner to answer, plead or demur to the Bill of Complaint in the above cause, on or before the 17th day of December 1917, and failing so to do within thirty days after the service of this summons, a Decree Pro Confesso may be taken against her in said cause.

Witness my hand, this 17th day of November 1917.

H. M. SIMPSON,
11-22-4t Register.

MT PLEASANT

Our school is progressing nicely with an enrollment of 108, and more to come. This community is noted for its school spirit, and the faculty and pupils and patrons are striving in a very harmonious manner to make the school a success.

Rev. Thomas filled his regular appointment here Saturday and Sunday.

There is good interest in the prayer meeting here. The house is filled at every service. We also have choir practice every Wednesday night, and it is proving very helpful especially in building up the musical interest.

The box supper here last Friday night for the benefit of the school was a success. The sum of $21.65 was netted, which will help greatly toward supplying the needs of the school.

There will be singing next Sunday afternoon, and all singers are invited to attend, as we wish to make this singing a success. The singing will begin at 1:30.

The Calhoun Literary Society which held its first meeting Friday afternoon was a splendid success. The pupils are all interested.

Our School Improvement Asoscian expects to do more this year than ever before.

The main issue with the boys and girls now is basket ball. The boys are very busy preparing a court for the girls who are anxious to begin.

Things here are moving along fine, everybody is busy trying to finish gathering and sowing grain for another year.

Rev and Mrs. A. R. Aldridge and Rev. Louis Thomas were visitors at L. O. Vicker's Sunday.

J. H. Duncan and wife visited relatives here Sunday.

Miss Myrtle Teel spent Sunday with Miss Odie Lindsey.

J. W. Hardy of Birmingham spent Saturday and Sunday at M. O. Culp's.

Misses Alvie Dozier and Dovie Foshee attended the box supper at Baker's school house Saturday night.

Mrs. Annie Floiy of Birmingham recently visited at B. F. Massey's.

B. G. Burnett of Ensley spent Sunday with home folks.

FOR SALE—1 heifer calf 5 weeks old ¾ Jersey ¼ Durham, price $8. 1 runabout buggy, price $6.00.

L. E. DEIFENDERFER,
Thorsby, Ala.

Sam Kanjutzky has set a record for getting in the army. He was at work in Akron, Ohio, last Wednesday when he took a notion to join the army. Packing his duds in his "g-away" he loaded on a south bound flyer and landed in Clanton Thursday night. He spent the night at home and went back to Birmingham Friday and jointd the army. He was examined and accepted Friday. He commandeered another fast train and had them to put him off at Clanton Saturday. Another night with the folks at home, and on the cross-tie pike again. Sunday night Sam hung up his hat at Fort Oglethorp, Ga., and announced to the boys in khaki that he was a full fledged member of the U. S. Medical Corps. He got such a record for going that we as soon think that he is in Berlin by now preparing a dose of pills for "Bill William Kaiser."

Commissioner A. P. Vinson of Route 6 was in town Tuesday.

L. E. Deifenderfer of Thorsby was in Clanton Tuesday.

THORSBY ITEMS

The American Red Cross Chapter of Thorsby was organized last Saturday afternoon at Bates Hall. The following officers were elected: Mr. Reuben Foss, Chairman; Mrs. C. M. Williams, Vice-Chairman; Mrs. Chas. Rogers, Secretary; and Mrs. Sorrensen, Treasurer. The following chairmen of committees were appointed; Knitting Committee, Mrs. S. E. Norton, Publicity Committee, Miss Elizabeth Hoopes; Membership Committee, Mrs. Goddard. The finance and entertainment committee will be appointed later. It was organized with a membership of thirty—sixteen belonging to the knitting department.

A Union Thanksgiving Service in which the three churches of Thorsby unite will be held this year at the Congregational church and the sermon wil be preached by Rev. F. W. C. Bice, Pastor of the Baptist church. Music will be furnished by the combined choirs of the three churches. Everyone is urged to obey the invitation of our President, "gather in the house of God for expression of Thanksgiving."

Mrs. J. T. Simmons of Birmingham spent Thursday and Friday of last week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Flummer.

Miss Marion Clark made a business trip to Montgomery last Saturday.

After a short visit with relatives and friends in Montgomery and Deatsville, Mr. Joe Myrick has returned to school.

Mrs. M. A. Sumners, and Mrs. J. W. Machen, of near Millerville, Clay county, spent Friday and Saturday with their sons Andrew and Luther, who are in school at the Institute.

Rev. E. W. Butler made a business trip to Clanton on Saturday of last week.

The many friends of Arthur Villadsen wil be interested to know that he sailed from New York for France on Tuesday of last week.

Mr. Hugh Bolton, who was recently called home on account of the illness of his father, has returned to school.

Mr. C. E. Woodham, who is teaching at Smith's Chapel spent a short time in Thorsby Saturday shaking hands with friends.

The Riley Literary Society and Faculty of Thorsby Institute were entertained at a Banquet on Friday night of last week at Bates Hall, by the Lanier Literary Society. The room was beautifully decorated with the society colors, Green and Gold. Throughout the evening many toasts and yells were exchanged by the members of the societies and Faculty. A pleasant evening was enjoyed by all.

Those who enjoyed the stereopticon slides on missionary subjects given at the Congregational church last year will be glad to know that arrangements have been made for the use of several sets of such slides this year. The first of this series of illustrated Sunday evening services will come next Sunday night Nov. 25. The subject for this service will be "John Huss and the Land of the Book and Cup." Everyone is cordially invited.

Mrs. Elbert Littlejohn is at home again from an infirmary where she has been undergoing treatment of her eyes. We are glad to state, according to information received from her husband, that her sight is repidly improving, and will probably soon be fully restored. She has been almost totally blind for about three months.

—MEET ME AT—

The Busy Corner



Elmore's

LADIES & GENTS FURNISHINGS

CLANTON, ALA.

LECTURE PROGRAM INCLUDES VITALSUBJECTS ON ROMANISM

Mr. William Lloyd Clark, Handling the Situation in a very Fearless and Straightford Patriotic way, Disclosing many Frightful Catholic Practices.

The program of lectures to be delivered by the famous anti-Catholic speaker and writer, Wm. Lloyd Clark, at the court house the balance of this week, includes some of the livest subjects concerning the present day activities and intrigues of the Romish so-called church in defiance of our national institutions. With the clearness with which Mr. Clark presents the facts and figures gleaned from a quarter of a century of studying, speaking and writing against this deadly enemy of the American people, everyone who hears him is assured of getting a world of information that it is dangerous to be without.

The following is the program which the speaker has outlined for the remainder of this week:

Thursday, 7 o'clock, P.M., "The Assassination of our Martyred Presidents."

Friday, 7 o'clock, P.M., "Life in Roman Catholic Convents."

Saturday, 2 o'clock, P.M., "Romanism vs. our free Institutions." Open air meeting on the streets.

Saturday, 7 o'clock, P.M., "The Assassination of Rev. Wm. Black by the Knights of Columbus, at Marshal, Texas."

Sunday, 2 o'clock, P.M., "Rome's Fight on an Open Bible."

Sunday, 7 o'clock, P.M., "My Battle with the Romish Beast."

Monday, 7:30 o'clock, P.M., "Three Keys to Hell." Lecture for men only.

Don't fail to hear part of this series of lectures if you can't hear all of them. They are calculated to benefit you immensely. We, here in this county, cannot afford to discount the evils of Romanism just because we are not in direct touch with its workings. It behooves us all the more to inform ourselves of what the Roman Church is trying to do in order that we may be better prepared to meet the invasion of this horde of evils when they do come upon us.

GOVERNOR NAMES ADVISORY COMMITTEE TO LOCAL BOARDS

Attorneys Selected To Aid Local Boards Under New Classification of Registered Men.

Governor Henderson, acting on the recommendations of the Central Committee of the Legal Advisory Board, Monday named county boards to serve in all counties of Alabama, in an advisory capacity when the next draft call is made. Those appointed by the Governor are to assist the registered men in filling out their blanks under the new rules for the classification of the men.

Following is the names of those appointed by the Governor for the county of Chilton: J. Osmond Middleton, Grover C. Walker, and A. C. Smith.

Each county Board will select a lawyer who will serve with the exemption Board and help straighten out legal tangles.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of Interior, U. S. Land Office, Montgoremy, Ala., October 6, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that Russell I. Perkins, whose post-office address is Dollar, Ala., did, on the 14th day of March, 1917, file in this office sworn statement and application, No. 010149, to purchase the SW¼ of the SW¼, Section 36, Township 22 N., Range 16 E., St. Stephens Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisinos of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised One Hundred Fifty-one and 75-100 Dollars, the timber estimated 56,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M., and the land $39.75; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 20th day of December, 1917, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rockford, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER, Register.

W. H. Shaw of Jemison, Clerk of the Chilton county Baptist Association, was in Clanton Monday attending to some business matters. Mr. Shaw is also the Justice of Peace in Beat 2.

Irregular bowel movements lead to chronic constipation and a constipated habit fills the system with impurities. HERBINE is a great bowel regulator. It purifies the system, vitalizes the blood and puts the digestive organs in fine vigorous condition. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

THE CATTLE BUSINESS IN CHILTON COUNTY

A Letter From Mr. Jackson, the Government Inspector in Charge of Tick-Eradication campaign.

Chilton county cattle owners have for years had a partner in the cattle business, who has been sharing the profits of your cattle industry. This partner is known as the cattle tick. Your tenants pay you one-third of the crops they make on your land. You furnish the cattle for your partner, the cattle tick, to take one-third of all the beef and dairy products made.

Now Chilton county has 3,233 farms reported having 14,302 head of cattle. These cattle would be worth $10 to $15 a head more if they were in any one of the 39 Alabama counties, which have gotten rid of the costly cattle tick and its quarantine restriction through cooperative tick eradication. This means that every farm in the county reporting cattle loses $40.00 by keeping the cattle tick as a partner; a total loss of $143,020.00 to Chilton county.

This blood sucking, milk stealing pest, takes 121 gallons of milk each year from every Chilton county farm. With milk at 60 cents a gallon retail, this amounts to $72.60 per farm reporting milch cows. Chilton county's milch cows give $16,915.80 each year to the cattle tick. The food supplied by the farmer to the cow is carried to the tissues and the milk secreting cells by the blood. The tick gets the blood and the milk supply is lowered one-third.

A beef animal with proper attention and feeding and without being robbed of its blood by the theaving cattle tick, should gain from two to three pounds in weight each day. Do yours do it? No; ole partner cattle tick steps in and takes his share of the proceeds; about $119,183.00 in real money from the cattle industry of your home county. $33.75 a year for each farm having four steers on it.

Today's quotations on hides and tallow in the Birmingham markets on green hides was 16 to 18 cents per pound. Damaged hides quoted at one-half these prices that means they were bringing 8 to 9 cents per pound. So you see old silent partner, cattle tick, damages the hide to the extent of one-half of its value. The average of 4 head of cattle to every farmer of your county, (14302 head on 3233 farms). These hides weigh about 40 pounds apiece, which means $3.20 per hide and 12.80 per farmer to be charged to the depradations of the cattle tick.

Statistics of the United States Department of Agriculture show that about 17 per cent of the cattle in the area quarantined for tick fever die from the fever carried and transmitted by the cattle tick. Seventeen per cent would make Chilton county's quota 2,421 head of cattle each year. Quite a lot of these deaths are attributed locally to the so-called hollow horn and hollow tail.

These figures based on the census of 1910 as given by the citizens of your county show that the cattle tick is doing a yearly business in Chilton county to the extent of nearly $373,052.85, a toll or tax of $115.42 on each farm reporting cattle. Is this food conservation or sheer waste?

The Nation needs all of the beef, dairy products and leather that can be produced. Will you in this time of your country's greatest stress share these necessities with that alien enemy and great friend of the Kaiser, the cattle tick? Do your share to win the war by eradicating the cattle tick in 1918.

Chilton county has at present 31 dipping vats completed. The balance of the vats needed to conduct regular systematic tick eradication can be built at this time of the year, when other farm duties are not so pressing. Your Commissioners court has granted cement for building vats, and your neighborhood can have a vat if you will furnish the labor.

With enough vats completed by March next, systematic tick eradicatin can be started. If every head of cattle is dipped every 14 days the cattle tick will be eradicated and the costly quarantine removed by December 1918.

Knowing your interest in the cattle industry and in your home county, we have written you this rather long letter, presenting the facts regarding the cattle ick. Do you need your share of he money the cattle tick takes? Your country sure needs the products of your cattle. Dissolve partnership with the cattle tickby getting rid of this disease producing, money wasting pest in 1918.

Very Respectfully,
R. E. JACKSON,
Inspector in Charge.

R. W. Littlejohn of Route 8 was a caller at our office Tuesday to enter his subscription on our list again.

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
W. M. WYATT AND J. B. WELLS
Publishers and Proprietors.

W. M. WYATT, Editor.
J. B. WELLS, Business Manager.

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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

OUR REPRESENTATIVE

There is to be another Representative for Chilton county in the state Legislature elected next year. There are many things this Representative ought to know and be able to do and stand for when he takes his seat among the mighty on goat hill. There are varied and sundry things which will be done or attempted in the halls of the Legislature; some of these things will be laudable and praiseworthy and some of them will be as devoid of sense and judgment as banana is of backbone. Our man down there should be capable of sizing the tricks that are to be turned, and should be brave and fearless and honest enough to lend his support to the things that are worth spporting, and oppose those that need opposing. And while we are essaying on this topic there is one thing which we think of that we hope the next Legislature will do, and it is this: They ought to grab hold of the Catholic convents of this state with a jerk and throw open their doors to the inspection of the officials of the counties who have the right to enforce civil laws as regards the conduct of our civil institutions.

It is nothing less than a wholesale rediculous outrage to let a thing like the Catholic church perpetrate a secret system such as their convents and monasteries right under the noses of decent and respectable people and allow them to close their doors to all representatives of law and order and say "No, you can't come in here and see what we are carrying on."

We hope the Legislature next year will make up on this proposition and do their duty. A man who is not willing to raise his voice against this and other vices of Romanism is not in the least degree worthy of his passports into the lawmaking halls of the people of a civilized and righteous commonwealth.

There are dozens of people right here in Clanton whom we can think of who ought to come out and hear the lectures every night by Mr. Wm. Lloyd Clark, on the evils of Romanism. Why they don't come is a mystery to us. There are good crowds to hear him every time, but it puzzles us to think why these special ones we have in mind don't come to hear him. When you fail to hear him you are not hurting him at all; there are plenty to listen to him without you. But it is sad to see how you are neglecting the safety of your own family and the liberties of the generations to come after you when you show indifference to a thing of such burning importance as the work which Mr. Clark and other brave men of his kind are doing in our land and country.

The Birmingham Ledger says they were glad to have congresswoman Rankin in Birmingham even if she is a Republican. The Ledger is trying to "put on" that Republicans are such a strange thing down here. But they are aware of the fact that there are plenty of that political party right in our own state. Don't forget, Brother Ledger, that there are some eight or ten counties in Alabama that are Republican, and even right in Birmingham you can see a good Republican or two just any day without having to send "up North" after one to come down.

Mr. C. B. White, President of the First State Bank of Clanton came down Tuesday night from Birmingham to be here at the opening of his bank Wednesday. Mr. White will remove his family to Clanton in a short time and make his home here among us. He will be a valuable citizen, one of the kind which we are proud of.

PROSPECTIVE TEACHERS MUST ATTEND TEACHERS INSTITUTE

Superintendent of Education Bean advises that all persons in the county who expect to stand the state examination for a certificate to teach, in December, are required to attend the Teachers Institute here next week, even though they may hold no certificate at present. This is necessary if they expect to teeach in the county any time before another institute is held. The requirements thus placed upon the would-be-teachers is a ruling recently issued by state superintendent Dowell.

Mr. Bean states that there are yet open about fifteen sositions for assistant teachers in public schools of the county.

GOOD ROADS ASSOCIATION

Much progress is being made in pushing the details of the Twenty-first Session of the Alabama Good Roads Association, which will meet in Birmingham on Tuesday Nov. 27, at ten o'clock at the Hillman Hotel. Secretary Rountree has mailed five hundred letters to the mayors, probate judges, presidents of Chambers of Commerce, Commercial, Good Roads, Automobile, Farmer, Merchants, and Labor organizations requesting each of them to appoint 25 delegates to attend the annual meeting of the Association. Over three hundred life members of the organization together with its board of directors and officers have been urgently requested to attend. With all of these delegates appointed it is safe to say that the attendance will be quite creditable, especially as there is so much interest in good roads in the state, as well as the desire of the people to secure aid at the hands of the next legislature to work the convicts on the public roads, build permanent roads and to secure the automobile license in full for the maintenance of roads throughout the state.

Many letters have been received at the headquarters of the Alabama Good Roads Association, from prominent citizens thruout the state saying that they will be in attendance and bring good delegations.

Birmingham Civic Association is planning a great automobile parade on Tuesday morning in honor of the delegates of the Alabama Good Roads Association, as well as members of the Bankhead Highway Commission that meets in the city, Monday, Nov. 26th.

POLITICAL CAMOUFLAGE

The Lansing-Ishii agreement regarding China is a bit of clever political camouflage, put forward to distract public attention from the distressingly weak and outrageously partisan composition of the American delegation at the allied war conference in Paris. It is presented as a great triumph of diplomacy; yet it gives to the United States nothing that John Hay had not obtained twenty years ago and nothing more than Elihu Root secured ten years ago. Japan, on the other hand, has secured our formal, written assent to her preponderant position vis-a vis China; and we shall be estopped from effective protest in case her interpretation of her special interests there shall ever lead her to a course inimical to American trade. It is probably a good thing to have our position on this question occasionally restated in formal terms, "lest we forget;" but if our position is to be weakened, as it seems to be by Mr. Lansing's concessions, we shall some day find that our "triumph" in this incident is like that which attended the writing of all the Lusitania notes.

The Union-Banner has this to say again to those who believe that tick eradication is a blessing to the farmers of this county: The farmers are entitled to know how you figure the advantages you believe in. You ought to show them. Give them the undisputable facts and we believe if there are any advantages in the proposition they will be honest enough to see them and admit what they see.

The question of tick eradication is taking on new interest every day in Chilton county. Dr. D. B. Strickler, the government veterinary expert who was here in the interest of the eradication work last year has returned to take up his duties again, and the people are promised a thorough drilling on the points of advantage which the experts and other interested ones claim would be given to us under the enforcement of the dipping regulations, and the raising of the federal quarantine from shipments of cattle from this county. If there really are all the advantages in cattle diping which it is said there are the people who own cattle should be shown and convinced, so they can prepare themselves for reaping the good things. We see no reason why the proposition cannot be presented in a way that will cause every sensible man to see through it clearly. But there is no use to fly up and say that a man is not sensible if he refuses to take to it and work for the enforcement of dipping laws, and in fact dip his own cows. Plenty of men of good mature judgment are no doubt oppsed to dipping cattle purely because they have not been made to see the advantage it would be to them. Now you can't blame a man for that. If the men who believe the dipping business is a good thing are not able to show a farmer where he would benefit by dipping it is no use for him to get peeved. He will just have to let Mr. Farmer have his way till he can go and come again with something that will convince. It seems to us that it is up to the advocates of dipping to prove their arguments to the farmers. If they will do this, then the rest will come easy. But until the farmer sees where he can "come in" on the proposition there will not be very many vats built around here. We do not see how one can blame the other for this condition. It looks perfectly feasible to us.

Clark is not so radical as you might think if you have not heard him. He allows for the good people who may be in the Roman Church; and he does not fail to allow for the bad ones either.

FIRST CLANTON BOYS CROSS

Latest information received from Guy Roberts and "Red" Reynolds, who are members of the Rainbow Division is to the effect that they are leaving New York for France. There are no doubt a number of other boys from Chilton county who are crossing over by this time. They are the first of our home boys in the army to go over there. While they are probably not the only ones of our home boys who will go and their going is not any more important than that of the others who will follow, yet their departure is significant and worthy of special note, as they are the first of ours who will see service with the Frenchmen in the trenches.

If you are opposed to dipping your cattle do not fly off the handle when a fellow comes at you in an honest well-meaning way attempting to prove that tick eradication is to your advantage. Some of the government experts have told us there are some men whom they cannot even talk to about cattle dipping. That's nonesense. Any man who is a bit wise is always ready to listen to such things and try to determine if there is really or not any advantages. Listen to what is said, and then form your conclusions. If a man argues cattle dipping to you you do not have to agree with him unless he convinces you. And if he does convince you that it will be better for you to dip your cattle, then you are not acting sensible if you do not agree with him.

NO TICKY CATTLE CAN BE SHIPPED AFTER JAUNARY 1

State Live Stock Sanitary Board Passes a War eMasure.

(From Montgomery Advertiser.)

The State Sanitary Livestock Board meeting at Montgomery, ruled that after January 1st, no tick infested cattle can be moved from quarantined counties to points either within or without the state.

As a War Measure.

The passing of such a ruling had been discussed by the members of the State Livestock Sanitary Board for some time. The outbreaks of the tick fever in tick-free territory, caused by the shipment of ticky cattle through tick-free territory, finally brought the question to an issue, and the board decided to prohibit the movement of any and all tick-infested cattle from counties now in quarantine.

It was stated that the measure was passed as a war measure. It was felt by the members of the board that such a ruling was absolutely necessary to keep ticks out of tick-free territory, and to aid the state in producing to her utmost beef and dairy products for the country's needs in the conflict.

Deaths from Ticks.

The members of the board, after collecting evidence for several weeks came to the decision that the movement of the tick-infested cattle thru tick-free counties was becoming a positive menace to the cattle in the counties out of quarantine. Reports from the tick-free counties showed that ticks brought in through the shipment of tick-infested cattle through the "free" area had caused the death of a number of fine cattle. It was feared that should this movement continue the tick-free counties would again have ticks within their borders to a considerable degree. In many of these tick-free counties pure-bred cattle from the North have been brought in. Ticks getting on such cattle almost invariable kill them, according to the reports of state and federal inspectors.

Must Clean Cattle.

The regulations of the State Livestock Sanitary Board in itself does not put on tick eradication in the twenty-eight counties of Alabama that have not carried on tick eradication work. But it does make it impossible for a man in a tick-infested county under quarantine to ship out his cattle after January 1 without cleaning them of ticks. The ruling will necessitate the cleaning of all cattle shipped out of tick-infested counties of Alabama.

May Force Eradication.

On December1, all of Alabama, except twenty-eight counties will have been released from the quarantine. It is generally believed that after the preliminary protests from some counties that are tick-infested these counties will get busy and clean out the ticks and get out of quarantine as soon as possible. The State Livestock Sanitray Board takes the stand that nothing must be permitted to cut down Alabama,s dairy products and beef production during the war and that stopping the movement of tick-infested cattle will remove the menace to cattle in tick-free counties.

Members of Board.

The members of the State Sanitary Livestock Board are: J. A. Wade, Commissioner of Agriculture, Chairman; Dr. C. A. Cary, State Veterinarian, Secretary; Prof. G. S. Templeton of Alabama Polytechnic Institute; Clarendon Davis, of Huntsville; and R. J. Goode, Jr., of Gastonburg.

We are not advertising for Mr. Clark just to get you to come for his benefit. We have been to hear him, and realize what his lectures are worth, and is is for the good of our citizenship as a whole that we take the time and space to print his program and appeal to you to come and hear him.

The biggest Stock of goods Ever assembled under one roof in Chilton County.

Remember this when you get ready to buy any kind of Fall or Winter Goods, and come here, where you are sure to find any and everything you want.

Clanton Mercantile Co.

"The Big Bargain Store."

HOW THE OFFICERS CAPTUTED A MOONSHINER'S OUTFIT LAST SATURDAY

The Arrest of John Boswell and the Demolition of the Outfit by the Sheriff's Deputies.

Some time last week the deputies from the Sheriff's office here succeeded in locating a "moonshine" liquor factory out in the hills of the eastern part of the county. With plans carefully laid to capture the operators of the business deputies Gore and Gillespie were sent to the scene to await activities.

When they arrived the outfit was reposing in silence with a large stock of beer going through the "making" stage. All evidences appeared to them that it was not long before the operators would be ready to make a run of "dew. Judging that it would not be long before the thing would be started up, the two men secreted themselves in the bushes close by to wait for something to happen. All through Friday night they remained there in utter quietude with nothing to disturb the silence save the chirp of crickets and other minor sounds that one is accustomed to hear in a silent wood at night time.

But just as the light of day was showing signs of breaking over the hills back of their hiding place, an approach of someone broke the long monotony which had grown sullen. The officers brushed away the drowsiness and at once were alert with expectancy for something which it was most certain would happen.

Down the dim rugged road on the opposite hill came the rattling noise of a shackly wagon. It presently turned away from the road and continued to approach in the directionof the place they were guarding. With all the silence possible the driver guided his old mule and wagon to the spot and quickly unloaded a barrel. With the same manner in which he came he also departed, driving his mule and wagon, and shielded from the recognition of the piercing eyes of the awaiting officers under the still hanging darkness over the quiet valley. When he had gone the two sentinels retired to their couch of heather to watch and wait.

After the sun had risen above the crest of the hills, and begun a profuse spreading of light down over the quiet valley, they further waited in hopeful anticipation. The bright little brook babbled along over the rocks as it passed the lonely spot that had been selected by someone unknown to them for the transaction of the scenes of this incident,, whatever they might prove to be.

As they reclined there ruminating over the surrounding situation, all of a sudden before they had caught even as much as a warning sound of his approach, there stood a man in the midst of the well appointed outfit of barrels and cans, and they knew not from which direction he had come.

The new comer began to perform first one thing and another around the place, arranging barrels, adjusting a big pot of a concern, and other wise attending to various things that comprised the outfit which was calculated to produce a brand of fire water that has come into particular prominence since the first of last July. He tasted the beer which was contained in the huge barrels, and apparently gave it the o. k. mark judging from the expression discerned by the two men who were secretly all this time watching him from a few yards distant. His activities continued first here and then there, apparently making minor preparations for beginning the work which it was supposed he had come to do.

At once this busy man spied something out in the bushes. It was a little gray squirrel gayly cavorting in the morning sun. From bush to bush, and from tree to tree he bounced and hopped as natural and free as ever in his life. The two men concealed in the underbrush right where the squirrel was playing saw the little felow but did not disturb him in the least.

With quick action the man who was busy about the "still" grabbed a long stick and dashed off after the squirrel in an effort to kill it. With only a few bounds after the little animal as he slashed through the bushes, the man came within a very few feet of the officers.

"Hold on a minute, John," came a sudden voice as the two men arose and faced the squirrel chaser.

John of course realized the whole situation at once. He glanced about and proceeded to walk away as if nothing had happened.

A second time one of the officers spoke and said, "Hold on a minute John, we want to talk to you about this business here."

But John continued his departure. A third time he was told to "hold on" but he didn't seem to wish to "hold on."

With quickness and pronounced accent this time rang out the voice of the other officer, "John, consider yourself under arrest. We hold you responsible for this unlawful business which is established here."

Without proceeding further, the man turned and faced the approaching officers. When they came up to where he was standing he said, "Why didn't you arrest me at first if you wanted me to stop. Then I would have stopped. I was not obliged to stop until you arrested me." The officers smiled.

"Come now John,"they said, "and let's go back down here and destroy this outfit, then we will go with you."

"No," said John, "that busniess down there is not mine, and I have have no right to destroy it."

The officers requested John to wait for them until they returned to perform the destruction of the outfit. This he did, after which the three proceeded not far to the home of the man they had under arrest. Upon arriving at the house another man, Pleasant Jones, supposed to be the man who visited the "still" and left the barrel before daylight, was also arrested for alleged complicity in the illicit business.

The two men were brought to town Saturday under arrest. They made bond, and are now awaiting the next term of court, at which they will have a chance to prove up their innocence if they so desire.

(We would not vouch for the exact truthfulness of this story. It is founded principally on rumors of the incident, and there very probably may be some of the things therein which are considerably amended to the actual way in which they occurred. The capture of a wild-cat still is a kind of thrilling piece of business, and is such a widely talked topic that a bit of exaggeration just for fun is permissible.—Editor.)

The changes of the last twenty-five years socially, industrially and economically have been very great, yet I believe they are infinitesimal compared to the changes that are coming. Precedent makes cowards of us all. But the educator, the scientist and the inventor have left us no choice. We must adjust our thought and action to new conditions.

GEORGE W. PERKINS.

It Is Our Daily Task

to consider and solve the printing problems for our customers, and each one we solve gives us just so much more experience to apply to the next one. This is what keeps us busy—this is why we are best equipped to do your printing in the way it should be done. Suppose you ask us to submit specimens and quote price.

We Make a Specialty of Printing FARM STATIONERY

Headquarters for Plow Points!

We are able to furnish you points for the Oliver, Chattanooga, Syracuse, Butcher & Gibbs, Vulcan, Avery Crtcket, and Lynchburg Plows. We have the Improved Self Sharpeners for the Oliver Plows.

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.

CLANTON, ALA.

No. 10 bucket Snow Drift Lard, ... **$1.95**

Special Sale

7 lbs. Green or 6 lbs. Pea Berry Coffee, ... **$1.00**

GROCERIES AT REDUCED PRICES

ALL STRICTLY CASH

Nothing will be charged nor delivered at these reduced prices.

WE ARE OFFERING OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF GROCERIES AT THESE SPECIAL CASH PRICES AS LONG AS THEY LAST. ALL THSE GOODS ARE NEW AND FREH, AND ARE GUARANTEED TO BE STANDARD IN EVERY PARTICULAR. IN ORDER THAT YOU MAY KNOW SOMETHING OF THE VALUE OF THE BARGAINS WE ARE OFFERING WE GIVE BELOW A LIST OF PRICES ON A NUMBER OF THE ARTICLES WE ARE GOING TO SELL. THERE ARE MANY OTHER BARGAINS WHICH WE OFFER, AT SIMILARPRICES, BUT WE HAVE NOT SPACE HERE TO ENUMERATE THEM ALL. READ THE FOLLOWING:

1 can No. 3 Lomoco Table Peaches,	22c
3 cans No. 1 Pie Peaches Price,	25c
1 9-oz. can Chunk Pineapple,	10c
2 cans Lomoco Sliced Pineapple,	25c
1 can No. 2 Bartlett Pears,	22c
2 cans No. 2 Lomoco Country Gentleman Corn,	35c
1 can No. 2 Southern Beauty or Stokely Corn,	15c
2 cans No. 2 Royal White Corn,	25c
2 cans Lomoco or Stokely Tomatoes,	25c
1 can Stokely Hominy, Price,	10c
2 cans No. 2 Early June Stokely or Peli Polis Peas,	25c
1 can No. 2 Eearly June Sweet Violet Peas,	15c
1 can Burnham tiny Sliced Peas,	22c
2 cans No. 1 Lomoco Sliced Peaches,	25c
2 cans Okra, Corn and Tomatoes,	25c
1 can Lomoco Lima Beans, Price,	15c
3 cans Lomoco Sweet Potatoes,	25c
2 cans Heinz Tomato Soup or Campbells, veg. soup,	25c
1 can Serv-us or Top Brand Tomato Soup,	10c
1 large package Postum, Price,	24c
2 cans No. 1 Pink Salmon, Price,	35c
1 can Alaska Red Salmon, Price,	24c
1 can Sockeye Salmon, Price,	27c
2 cans Fish Flakes, Price,	25c
Pickled Herring fish, Per Fish,	5c
2 small Mackeral or 1 9-oz. Mackeral,	25c
1 Baker's large size Cocoa,	23c
1 Baker's small size Cocoa,	9c
2 cans No. 2 Lomoco Baby Beets,	35c
1 can No. 2 Libby's Sliced Pineapple,	23c
2 ½-lb. cans Libby's Grated Pineapple,	25c
2 cans large size Libby's Pork and Beans,	25c
3 10c cans or 6 5c cans Dromedary shreded Cocoa,	25c
2 pkgs. Corn Flakes or Post Toasties,	25c
1 pkg. Purity Grits, large size,	25c
2 pkgs. Purity Rolled Oats or Grits,	25c
2 Kllogg's Bran Flakes or Wheat Crumbles,	25c
2 pkgs. Cream of Rice, Price,	25c
1 lb. full headed loose rice, Price,	10c
1 bar Pearl Toilet Soap, Price,	5c
2 bars Ivory Soap or Fairy Soap,	15c
1 bar Star or Export or Clean-Easy soap,	5c
1 bar Palm Olive Soap, Price,	10c
1 box Blue-Tip or Bird's Eye Matches,	5c
1 3-lb Cafe-du-Monde Coffee,	85c
1 3-lb. can St. Regis or Donavan's Special Coffee,	90c
1 lb. Loose Lard, Price,	20c
No. 4 bucket Snow Drift Lard,	75c
4 lbs. French Market or After Dinner Coffee,	90c
Heinz large size Catsup or Chilli Sauce,	25c
Heinz's Preserves, Price,	25c
Heinz Sour or Sweet Pickles or Chowchow,	15c
Heinz's Worcester Sauce, Price,	18c
Heinz's Beef Steak or Cramberry Sauce,	20c
Heinz Plum Pudding, Price,	30c
Heinz's small size India Relish,	15c
2 cans No. 2 Stokely Beans Price,	25c
1 can No. 3 Stokely Beans Price,	15c
1 can Hawaiian Chunk Pineapple,	20c
Heinz's large size India Relish,	30c
Heinz's Mustard Dressing, Price,	20c
Heinz's Olive Oil or Celery Soup,	22c
Heinz's Pork and Beans, or Spaghetti,	10c
1 lb. can Calumet Baking Powder,	25c
2 cans Pimientos, Price,	25c
2 cans Pet Milk, Price,	13c
1 jar Beech Nut Bacon, Price,	35c
1 can Vienna Sausage or 1 can Oysters,	10c
1 can Potted Meat, Price,	5c
1 can Boneless Chicken, Price,	30c
1 can Libby's Roast Beef, Price,	23c
1 can Atmore's or Heinz's Mince Meat,	25c
1 pkg. Lomoco Mince Meat,	10c
2 cans French Sardines, Price,	35c
2 cans Mustard Sardines, Price,	25c
1 can Wesson's Cooking Oil,	35c
1 can Cooked Brains, Price,	18c
1 can Tripe, Price,	20c
1 can Veal Loaf or Chicken Loaf,	18c
1 box Argo or Celluloid Starch,	5c
1 pkg. Grape Nuts, Price,	15c
6 pkgs. Soda, Price,	25c
½ gal. Heinz's Vinegar, Price,	35c
1 qt. Heinz's Vinegar, Price,	20c

COMPARE THE ABOVE PRICES WITH WHAT YOU HAVE BEEN PAYING FOR THE SAME THING, AND YOU WILL AT ONCE SEE WHAT A GREAT SAVING IT WILL BE TO BUY FROM US WHILE THIS SCALE OF PRICES PREVAILS. TO OUR CUSTOMERS IN THE COUNTRY WE WISH TO SAY ESPECIALLY THAT YOUR ATTENTION IS INVITED TO THESE EXTRA LOW PRICES. COME AND SAVE MONEY ON YOUR GROCERIES.

Turnip Seed
New crop good seed to sell at **25c lb.**

W. Z. HODGES

CLANTON, ALA.

Children can buy here just as well as grown folks for it is one price to all

A Woman's Way

It is the way of woman to bear pain and discomfort without complaint. Women awaiting motherhood should be given every help which will make for less pain.

Millions of women have used the safe, tried and reliable external massage known as "Mother's Friend". The abdominal muscles relax naturally and without strain when baby is born. Stretching pains during the period are avoided and the crisis is rendered safer for both the mother and the coming child by its regular use.

The woman who fails by any chance to procure "Mother's Friend" should be furnished it by those who are dear to her.

Write to The Bradfield Regulator Company, Department K, 300 Lamar Building, Atlanta, Ga., for book, "Motherhood and the Baby". It is free. "Mother's Friend" is procurable at the druggists'. Do not go a single night without using it. Ask for a bottle today without fail.

CONGRESS LIKELY TO BE MADE REPUBLICAN NEXT

Election Results Encourage Leaders to Fight for Senate and House.

Washington, Nov. 15.—Results of the elections held in several states last November 6 have encouraged the Republicans to believe that they can capture the Senate and House at the elections next year, and they will wrok to that end.

This does not mean any lack of sympathy and interest in the vigorous prosecution of the war. It means simply that the Republicans believe that it would be a good thing for the country to have a congress of one political color while the president remains of the other. Such an even balancing of party responsibility at least would be the best assurance in the world, they say, that the prosecution of the war is not a partisan matter.

The republicans in control of congress could keep a sharp lookout on the expenditures of the executive department, and there is a reason to believe that the people of the country will soon be demanding a little closer accounting.

The House of Representatives is now very close. It would not require an upheavel in the election next year to make the House Republican. The chances for the Republicans to carry the House are admitted by the Democratic leaders to be good.

But the Senate has at this time a Democratic majority of nine. There is no vacancy, through the death of Husting in Wisconsin, which may give the Republicans a gain of one by diminishing the Democratic representation one and increasing the Republicans one. The Republicans gained by the death of Senator Lane, a Democrat.

Here are the states in which the Republicans believe they have an almost certain prospect to win senators next year: New Hampshire, New Jersey, Illinois, Colorado, Deleware, Kansas, Montana, Wisconsin.

The following is the alignment: Democrats 52, Republicans 43, vacant 1. A change of five seats to the Republicans would do the work.

Mr. W. W. Fox, the only licensed auctioneer in Chilton county is doing quite a rushing business. He has sold out a number of collections of personal property, such as household gods recently. He says he is arranging to hold an auction sale every Saturday on the vacant lot across the street from the court house.

FOR RENT CHEAP

27 acres of land under wire fence, with seven room dwelling, three room dwelling, store, large barn, and out houses. Running water. Known as the Smith place, located on the Birmingham-Clanton highway and So. Railway at Dixie, Ala. If interested communicate with P. O. Box 136 Selma, Ala.

Rev. W. W. Robinson and C. H. Robinson of Providence Beat 16 were in Clanton Tuesday.

RED CROSS NEWS

(By Mrs. J. J. Pickens).

A great big box left Clanton for the boys in France Monday. The Christmas package for each boy contains tobacco, candy, tooth brush and paste, handkerchief and chewing gum.

If you haven't joined the Red Cross do it now.

Jemison and Verbena contributed generously to the Christmas box. Thanks.

Much is being accomplished at the Red Cross Sewing rooms but more could be done. If and woman in town has any spare time use it there.

Pajamas and hospital shirts are being made and bandages rolled. We expect to send off a big box next week.

The wool has come. If you can knit or will learn let Mrs. Stewart furnish you the wool and make something for the boys in the trenches. There are about a dozen sweaters to be knitted yet besides helmets and wristlets.

Mrs. Splawn is Vice-Chairman; Miss Lurline Harper, Membership; Mrs. W. D. Spigener, Military Relief; Mr. J. D. Martin, Finance; Mrs. F. B. Collier, Junior Extension; Mr. H. C. McDonald, Civilian.

NOTICE

All persons indebted to me will please call at the office and settle.

DR. SAM JOHNSON.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Rainwater of Billingsley were visitors to Clanton Saturday.

Mrs. C. V. Heath attended the funeral of Millard Littlejohn and David Scott in the Western part of the county last week. The two men were killed by an Illinois Central train above Birmingham at the Warrior River Bridge.

MOTHER GAVE THIS DELICATE CHILD VINOL

And He Got Well and Strong. That's True

Monaca, Pa.—"My little boy, who is the youngest of three, was weak, nervous and tired all the time, so he was most unfit at school, and nothing seemed to help him. I learned of Vinol and gave it to him. It has restored his health and strength and he has gained in weight."—Mrs. Frederick Sommers, Monaca, Pa.

Vinol is a constitutional cod liver and iron remedy for delicate, weak, ailing children. Formula on every bottle, so you know what you are giving them. Children love it.

Upchurch Drug Co.

ST. LOUIS MARKETS

Notes from National Live Stock Report of Friday Nov. 16, 1917

Cattle trade was strong and active. All buyers put in their appearance and with active movement it was the best Friday market in weeks.

Southern market unchanged on a fair run of cattle.

Cattle market on much improved basis.

Prices advanced 50c over previous week.

Stocker prices higher.

J. M. Brien sold 22 angus feeders for the boys and girls calf club of Warren county Miss., at $8.25 to $9.00 per 100 lbs. and they averaged 700 lbs each bringing $57.75 to $63.00 each.

AUCTION SALE

On Friday, Dec. 7, at 9:30 a.m. I will sell at my place near Maple Springs church at auction to the highest bidder the following property:

Farming implements, 1 mower with rake, 3 milk cows with young calves, 1 horse, hogs, fodder, household goods and kitchen utensils.

This is a Bona fide sale—no by-bidding.

J. B. MIMS.
W. W. FOX,
11-22-3t Auctioneer.

Samuel Kanjutzky of Akron, Ohio spent a day here with his parents last week. Sam has resigned his work in Akron and contemplates enlistment in the army.

CLANTON WINS 13 to 0.

In the foot ball game last Friday against the Fifth District Agricultural School, the Chilton county High School Team walked away with the honors by the score of 13 to 0. The game was a dandy in every sense of the word and our local boys took unto themselves some well deserved honors.

Frank Callen, heretofore employed as assistant cashier of The Peoples Savings Bank, has enlisted in the Quartermasters corps of the army, and is awaiting his assignment to duty, which will come in a few days. He will be succeeded at the Bank by Samuel M. Pate of Thorsby.

REGISTERED DUROC HOGS FOR SALE

Two months old pigs $10.00 each.
Four months old pigs $20.00 each
Six months old pigs $30.00 to $35.00 each.

Bred sows and gilts priced on request. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

ENLIST FOR SERVICE—RAISE A PIG.

CHAS. A. RUSSELL,
Marbury, Ala.

W. B. Jones, a faithful subscriber of the Union-Banner who lives in Beat 5 near Corinth was a caller at our office Saturday for a few words with the boys in the office.

Golden Goodness

In Your Home. Ever Ready. Always Acceptable



Buffalo Rock GINGER ALE

Is mild and mellow, yet full of flavor. Serve it to your callers, and the visit will be a fragrant memory. Put it on your table and "Good digestion will wait on appetite." Give it to your children and they will quit teasing for coffee.

BUFFALO ROCK is ginger ale of highest quality. Refreshing. Appetizing. Non-reacting. Non-astringent. Order a Home Box of BUFFALO ROCK from your grocer.

In Individual Bottles at Fountains and Soft Drink Stands 5c

Buffalo Rock Company

Anniston Birmingham Montgomery

New Store

Filled with new stock of

Staple & Fancy Groceries

General Merchandise, Dry Goods, clothing, Shoes and Notions.

YOUR TRADE IS SOLICITED.

I will buy your Corn, Peas, Velvet Beans at highest market price.

J. HUGH JONES

In New Hayes Bldg. Clanton, Ala.

WHEN in need of Printing see what we can do before you go elsewhere.

Why Suffer?

Mrs. J. A. Cox, of Alderson, W. Va., writes: "My daughter . . . suffered terribly. She could not turn in bed . . . the doctors gave her up, and we brought her home to die. She had suffered so much at . . . time. Having heard of Cardui, we got it for her."

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

"In a few days, she began to improve," Mrs. Cox continues, "and had no trouble at . . . Cardui cured her, and we sing its praises everywhere." We receive many thousands of similar letters every year, telling of the good Cardui has done for women who suffer from complaints so common to their sex. It should do you good, too. Try Cardui. E-77

JACKSON'S CHAPEL

I want to express my thanks to the people around Jackson's Chapel for their presence and help in the box supper Saturday p.m., and especially I want to thank the girls for so many pretty boxes, this shows the interest they have for the public school at this place. The net proceeds of the supper was $40.70 and I want to thank Mrs. Smith for the beautiful cake she gave which contributed so much to the supper and bushels of fun for the boys and girls and guarantees the addition to the school building at this place.

I hear it being rumored that there was trouble or misbehaving there Saturday night. There was no fussing there, everything passed off nicely a few boys were drinking or seemed to be drinking, but all were in a good humor they were a little noisy and that is all there is to it. There were several old ladies and old men there and after the sales were over all spread their supper and did eat and enjoy themselves and every body went away rejoicing.

Best wishes to the Union-Banner and the good people around Jackson's Chapel.

J. BICE.

C. R. Wells of Pletcher was in Clanton Saturday.

Stop canghing! You rack the lungs and worrk the body. BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP checks irritation, heals the lungs and restores comfortable breathing. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Hodges still has a lot of those groceries at saving prices. Better buy from him whilet hey last.

NOTICE—I will grind wheat at Thorsby Flour Mill on Monday and Tuesday of each week, and corn on Saturdays.

F. E. GRONQUIST.

Ease Up

ON YOUR POCKET BOOK

Begin the Easing Process with your Table. Look into the size of your Grocery Bill—Then try us.

If you are not one of our Regular Customers we want you to try our High Grade Flour, Teas, Coffee and other Groceries.

We sell everything for the Table, Guarantee its Quality and keep the price away down.

I am still at the same old stand, and ready to serve my Customers.

J. W. LITTLEJOHN

"THE GROCERY MAN"

CLANTON, ALA

WAR TALKS

By UNCLE DAN

Number Five

Jimmie and a German Boy Clash—Must Do Three Things to Save Country.

It was a warm evening, so Uncle Dan went out to a lawn seat under the spreading branches of the great tree that suggested the farm's name of Oak Hill. Billie and Jimmie had been laying for him, so Uncle Dan was captured by the boys on short order.

"Say, Uncle Dan," Billie began, "We had a red-hot argument at school yesterday with Carl Newman. Carl said that German schools were miles ahead of our schools and that no one could come up to the educated German. Well, Jimmie got hot under the collar and handed it back to him good and plenty. Jimmie said if their education taught them to torpedo Lusitanias, sink hospital ships, murder hundreds of women and children, make slaves of the Belgians, poison wells, destroy fruit trees and commit all sorts of crimes, then we did not want that kind of education here. What do you think about it, Uncle Dan? I told Jimmie you spent a lot of time in Europe and knew all about schools, so give us your opinion."

"Well," replied Uncle Dan, deliberately, "the German schools are very thorough; they furnish exceedingly valuable and practical instruction. The industrial training given there is probably the best to be found. The schools as a whole, however, in my opinion, appeal to the head only, and never to the heart. The aim and trend is to make the individual blindly submissive to the Prussian plan of world dominion; they teach that it is the destiny of Germany to rule the world, and that to the glory and advance of Germany, in this plan, all things must give way; that the kaiser as head of the state, can do no wrong if he carries forward the plan of world control. Some of the greatest teachers and preachers even defend and justify her heartless crushing of Belgians and the many other atrocious crimes she has committed in this war. Thank God, our American education reaches both the head and the heart. It is an education with a soul, and we must maintain the high ideals we have fixed. In a word, in Germany, the people are taught that they exist for the government, while here the government exists to serve the people."

"Just wait a minute," interrupted Billie. Say that over again slowly, so I can write it down."

Uncle Dan, smilingly, complied.

Billie exclaimed: "Now, we will hand that nut out for Carl to crack. Carl, you know," continued Billie, "has a very smart father who keeps him posted on the German arguments. Carl said our government was only an experiment anyway; that it would not last twenty years, and that it might burst up any old time. Jimmie asked him if Germany was so mighty good, why they did not go back there to live."

"Our government will go on forever, won't it, Uncle Dan?"

"Now," said Uncle Dan, "you are raising a big question, and one that has troubled me for years. Our government is still in the experimental stage; in fact, it is the greatest experiment ever undertaken, and if popular government is to be successful, a few things must be done, otherwise, to paraphrase the great Lincoln, the government of the people, by the people and for the people, will perish. It is my firm conviction," said Uncle Dan, in a very impressive manner, "that if our country is to go on, as we hope and pray, we must very quickly do at least three things, and I will name them in the order of importance as it appears to me:

"First, adopt compulsory universal military training of all young men physically fit before they reach the age of twenty years.

"Next, require that every foreigner who comes here to live must, within a reasonable time, say a year, declare his intention of becoming an American citizen and take the necessary steps to do so, thereby, from that moment, assuming all the obligations of citizenship of our country, and that means he must defend our flag upon equal terms with our native born, and if he is not willing to do this, he should be sent back from whence he came."

"That's the stuff," exclaimed Billie.

"And, finally, enact such legislation as will make voting compulsory. Popular government is based upon the participation of all and the rule of the majority, and democracy cannot continue and be successful unless we live up to the spirit of the institution.

"The first step, however, is the passing of the Chamberlain bill for universal military training. If you will get the leading citizen, and especially the editor of your paper, to write personal letters to your congressman and both senators, urging their support, it will help enormously.

"I see by the morning papers," said Uncle Dan, "that the Rotary clubs of the entire country, the livest, most efficient organization to be found, have unanimously decided to get back of the Chamberlain bill and give it loyal and enthusiastic support. They will work with the Universal Military Training league to accomplish this important piece of legislation, which will do more than anything else to make us a real nation with a common viewpoint, bring us back to sane living, and teach us the patriotism of service."

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in Hopkins Bldg.
Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women & Surgery
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

A. C. Smith B. Guy Smith
SMITH & SMITH
Attorneys At Law
General Practice
Clanton, - - - - - Alabama.

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

MR. CLARK RETURNED

The famous lecturer, Mr. Wm. Loyd Clark, has returned to Clanton to finish out his program of speeches at the court house which he began week before last. He will lecture every night this week, and on next Monday night he will deliver the lecture to men only. The public is urged to hear this man speak on the evils of Romanism. It is worth your time.

Dr. D. B. Strickler the government veterinarian in charge of tick eradication work in Chilton county has returned to Clanton and will be stationed here for an indefinite period.

Pay for the Union-Banner a year. $1

Lowest cost per pound of real roughage



OLD style hulls cost more per pound of roughage than the price per ton indicates. This is because they are one-fourth lint which has no food value. To know how much each pound of roughage in this form is costing you, you must divide the price per ton by 1500—not by 2000.

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

cost exactly what you pay for them. Every pound is all roughage—no useless lint. To really know the difference in cost between old style hulls and Buckeye Hulls you must know the cost per pound of real roughage.

Even though Buckeye Hulls do sell at a much lower price than old style hulls, you can't realize how much less they are costing you until you consider how much more real roughage a ton contains.

Other Advantages

Buckeye Hulls go farther.
They allow better assimilation of other food.
No trash or dust.
Sacked—easy to handle.
They mix well with other forage.
Take half as much space in the barn.

Mr. Dan Wolf, Hammond Bldg. & Mfg. Co., Hammond, La., says:
"I am feeding Buckeye Hulls to milch cows and find them a satisfactory filler when mixed with cottonseed meal and other concentrates. At the present price of feed stuff, Buckeye Hulls are the cheapest roughage on the market."

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K ***The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.*** *Dept. K*

Atlanta Birmingham Greenwood Little Rock Memphis
Augusta Charlotte Jackson Macon Selma

NOTICE OF LAND SALE

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, rendered on the 6th day of October, 1917, the undersigned will sell to the highest bidder for cash in front of the court house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama, within the legal hours of sale on Monday the 17th day of December, 1917, the following described lands of the estate of P. E. Coleman, deceased, to wit:

Mineral rights of the NW ¼ of the SE ¼ of the NW ¼ Sec. 12, Tp. 22, Range 13, 10 acres; Mineral rights N ½ of the SW ¼ of the SE ¼ of the NW ¼ Sec. 12, Tp. 22, Range 13, 5 acres. Two lots 5 and 6 block 23 according to the map of Thorsby, Alabama, and lot 16, block 2 according to the map of Thorsby, Alabama, and lot 6 block H according to the map of Thorsby, Alabama; and the following described real estate situated, lying and being in the county of Fayette, State of Alabama, to wit: Lots 1 to 21 in block 1 according to the map of Fayette Highlands.

W. B. TOMLIN,
Administrator.

John Fox, who has been in the army for quite a while, has been here for the past week on a visit to his uncle, W. W. Fox.

NOTICE

I will not crush any velvet beans until December 1st.

J. A. MADDOX.

Clanton, Ala., Nov. 8, 1917.

Hon. E. E. Calloway, formerly a resident of Clanton, now practicing law in Columbus Miss., was in Clanton last week visiting relatives. He and Mrs. Calloway had been to their old home in Coosa county for a visit, and Mr. Calloway attended to some business at court in Rockford last week. They stopped over in Clanton on their return home. They were travelling in their motor car.

Rub a sore throat with BALLARDS SNOW LINIMENT. One or two applications will cure it completely. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

HEY! CROOSTIE MEN

I am paying 54 cents for first class Pine, White Oak and Post Oak Ties, and 35 cents for second class.

J. E. LITTLEJOHN
CLANTON, ALA.

MONEY SAVING SALES

YOUR DOLLARS WILL HAVE MORE CENTS

If you Spend them at this Big Store.

Our shelves are laden with Brand New, Crisp Fall Merchandise. We carry a Full Line of Everything for Man, Woman and Child. If its Farm Supplies, Groceries, Grain, Shoes, Hats, Hardware, Groceries, or Fancy Goods, we can supply you, and supply you at figures that will make your Pocket Book laugh. :. :. :. :.

Complete Line of Funeral Supplies—Prompt Personal attention Given Every Call.

Mullins & Moore

W. I. Mullins Old Stand.

CLANTON, = ALA.

All Choked Up With Catarrh? Why Continue Makeshift Treatment?

Sprays and douches will never cure you.

Catarrh is annoying enough when it chokes up your nostrils and air passages, causing painful and difficult breathing and other discomforts. But the real danger comes when it reaches down into your lungs.

This is why you should at once realize the importance of the proper treatment, and lose no time experimenting with worthless remedies which touch only the surface. To be rid of Catarrh, you must drive the disease germs out of your blood.

Splendid results have been reported from the use of S. S. S., which completely routs from your blood the Catarrh germs, for which it is a perfect antidote.

S. S. S. is sold by all druggists. If you wish medical advice as to the treatment of your own individual case, write to-day to Chief Medical Adviser, Swift Specific Co., Dept. B Atlanta, Ga.

COUNTY MAPS FOR SALE

The Union-Banner has made arrangements to print a number of Beat Maps of Chilton County, and now have them for sale to anyone desiring them, at the price of 25 cents each.

Put a porous plaster on the chest and take a good cough syrup internally if you would treat a severe case of sore lungs properly. Get the dollar size BALLARD'S HOUSEHOLD SYRUP. With each bottle there is a free Herrick's Red Pepper Porous Plaster for the chest. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Judge Reynolds, Mrs. Reynolds, Sheriff Harris and J. E. Evans motored to the Soldiers Home Wednesday to pay a visit to the old veterans and hear the musical entertainment that was given the home men by the Regiment Band from Camp Sheridan.

DR. W. L. PARRISH

Graduate Veterinarian.

Hurry Calls made in Auto.

'Phone 110-35, Clanton.

Suits Cleaned and Pressed Nicely

WILL CALL FOR AND DELIVER SUITS. LET ME DO YOUR WORK AND YOU WILL BE SATISFIED.

Grady Taylor

In Rear of Wagner,s Barber Shop.

CENTRAL ALABAMA FARM PRODUCTS COMPANY

Wm. Adams, Proprietor, S.W. Adams Secretary.

Members of the Velvet Bean Millers Association, Clanton Alabama. Manufacturers of Velvet Bean Mean, Corn Meal and Mized Feeds.

Marketing connection with the dealer and consumer will give the customers and patrons of this mill a chance to get for their products, when manufactured, the best market prices.

Reports of the market prices of velvet bean meal, corn meal and mixed feed each week will keep the customers of this mill in touch with the markets at a distance.

A comfortable rest room has been provided fort he families of the customers, and a convenient warehouse for the farm products and hitching grounds for the stock.

The velvet bean mill has been placed, and upon an immediate date in the future, announcement will be made to the public when this mill is ready for actual service to the public.

The patronage and cooperation of everyone is respectfully solicited in support of this new industry.

CAR OWNERS

Have you seen our Vulcanizer?

Quick, Simple and Inexpensive

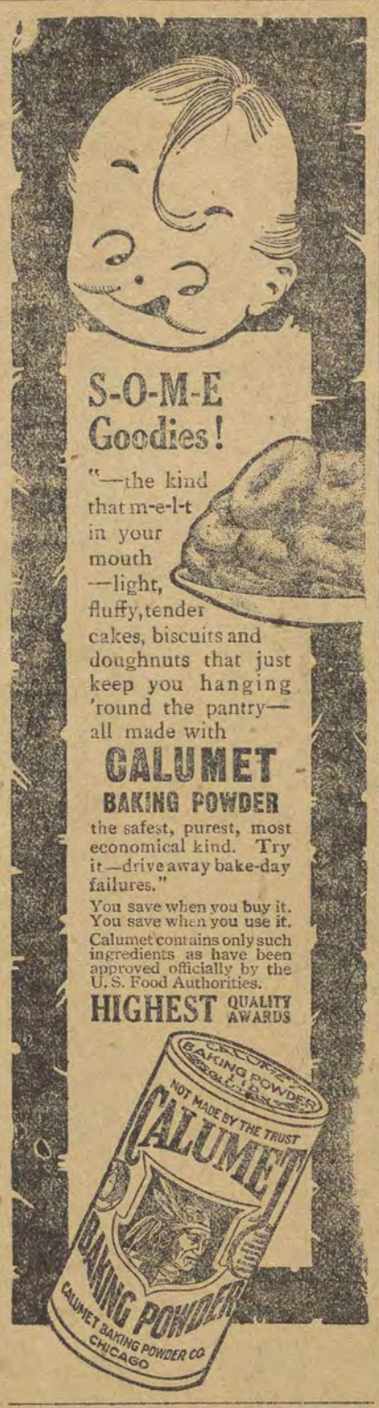
A vulcanized patch for 6½ c, better and nicer looking than the old way,

In five minutes

Price $1.50, complete with Patches.

Send for free circular,

THE LAWSON CO., Division "A" Birmingham, Ala.



The Corn and Pig Club boys of Chilton County are going to have a big time in Clanton next week. They will hear lectures by Auburn and Government experts, and be furnished entertainment of some kind by the citizens of town. Tell all the Corn and Pig Club boys to come. They will be cared for all right.

STATEMENT

Of the Candition of The Peoples Savings Bank, Located at Clanton, Alabama,

At the close of business November 2nd, 1917.

RESOURCES

Currency,	$11338.00
Gold,	200.00
Silver, Nickels & Pennies,	1266.14
Checks and cash items,	592.43
Exs. for Clearing House,	none
Cash Items in Transit,	16151.72
Due from banks in this state,	106096.44
Fue from banks in other states,	10923.34
Total,	146568.07
Bonds and Stocks owned by bank,	6900.00
Loans and discounts,	79784.51
Demand Loans,	34150.00
Overdrafts,	2555.37
Banking house,	2700.00
Furniture and Fixtures,	1880.14
Other real estate,	none
Other resources,	none
Cash Short,	none
Grand Total,	274538.09

LIABILITIES

Individual deposits,	$204915.08
Demand Certificates,	none
Time Certificates,	14918.03
Cashier's Checks,	5944.23
Certified Checks,	6888.13
Due to Clearing House,	none
Due banks in this state,	none
Due banks in other states,	none
Due unpaid Dividends,	none
Total Deposits,	232665.47
Capital Stock paid in,	15000.00
Surplus Fund,	none
Undivided profits less current expenses and taxes paid,	26872.62
Notes and bills payable,	none
Notes and bills rediscounted,	none
Reserve for taxes,	none
Reserve for interest,	none
Other liabilities,	none
Cash Over,	none
Grand Total,	274538.09

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

Before me came Jno. A. Thomas, Vice-President and Cashier of The Peoples Savings Bank, who being duly sworn, says that the above and foregoing statement is true, and gives the actual condition of said Bank, as shown by the books on file in said Bank.

JNO. A. THOMAS, Vice-Pres. & Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 10th day of November, 1917.

H. M. SIMPSON, Register Circuit Court in Equity.

ATTEST:

W. T. CALLEN,
E. E. UPCHURCH,
J. B. DOWNS,
Directors.

CLANTON MAN CAME HOME TO DIE

"Three years ago I came home thinking two or three weeks would be my limit to live. I had suffered for 15 years from colic attacks and severe liver and stomach trouble. I happened to see an advertisement of Mayr's Wonderful Remedy and purchased a bottle at the drug store, and after taking the first dose I felt better than I had for fifteen years. I am now in the best of health—thanks to Mayr's Wonderful Remedy. It removes the caarrhal mucous from he intestinal tract, and allays the inflamation which causes practically all stomach, liver and intestinal ailments, including appendicitis. One dose will convince or money refunded. Upchurch Drug Co.

Bargains at REYNOLDS'

Brood Sows For Sale.—Two Red Jersey Gilts; Three Mule-Footed Gilts.

Also have on hand several Heifers. Some will give milk soon. Some good milch cows for sale.

I do not want to ship milch cows or brood sows away from here.

I have several good meat hogs for sale.

I am closing out my Stock of **Furniture**—Bureaus, Wash Stands, Iron and Wood Bedsteads, Bed Springs, Matresses, Chairs etc.

Blacksmith Tools.—One set of Bellows, and a Chest of Tools.

Remember that I will buy Corn, Beans, Hay, Hogs and Cattle.

If you want anything in my Line, come and see me before you buy.

L. H. REYNOLDS

HOW TO SELECT SEED CORN IN THE FIELD

The yield of corn on most Alabama farms can be increased by the use of better seed. Some farmers are giving attention to improvement of their seed corn, but the practice is not followed widely.

The work of improvement should begin in the field before the corn is pulled. There a study of the type of plant can be made. When the selection is not made till the corn reaches the barn, the kind of plant on which it grew cannot be known.

In the variety tests at the Alabama Experiment Station during the past twelve years, those varieties that show a tendency to produce two ears to the plant have either led or been among the leading ones.

A tall plant is not necessary to make a good ear; a plant 6 or 7 feet high, medium large from the ear down and small from the top ear up, is desirable.

The ears should be about three or three and one-half feet from the ground, and have long enough shanks to permit them to hang down. The ears should have a good shuck covering extending out over the tips to protect the kernels from the weather. It is also noticeable that ears whose tips are well covered with shuck fitting tightly are not usually infested with corn weevils.

When a desirable stalk and ear have been found, the shuck may be pulled back and the ear examined. If the ear is filled out well at tip and butt and the kernels fit closely on the cob, it is pulled and placed in a bag. Double the number of ears that will be needed to plant the next crop should be harvested because some of them will be rejected on account of size, color of cob, depth of grain, etc. The bag of seed ears should be stored where it will be safe from rats and excessive dampness.

Putting it off today won't get it done tomorrow. An advertisement in this paper today will bring business tomorrow.



AS GOOD AS IT LOOKS

and just the thing when you're thirsty. What a pleasure to be able to walk up to our **Soda Fount,** whenever you like, and order the soda you want, hot or cold. There's no thirst quencher equal to soda drawn here.

L. C. Reynolds



L & N Freight Service

THE prosperity of any community is measured largely by the quality of Freight Service rendered and by the reasonableness of the charge made. Men, women and children eat, wear and sleep Freight Service and pay for that service directly or indirectly. Farmers, manufacturers and merchants, and those employed by them, must have Freight Service, otherwise the wheels of commerce become clogged and business stagnation results.

Therefore, the L. & N. long ago determined to supply the standard of excellence in Freight Service. No railroad in the South has a better road bed, with a lower grade and fewer curves, or a larger percentage of double track; none has more powerful modern engines or more commodious freight cars. No railroad approaches the L. & N. in speed of schedules and consequent promptness of delivery.

And no railroad in the South charges a lower rate, even for inferior service, than is charged by the L. & N. for superior service.

L. & N. Freight Service has widened the South's field of opportunity; has facilitated the development of her rich natural resources, and afforded a ready market for her varied commerce.

Since 1900 the L. & N. has transported 414,340,026 tons of freight. The L. & N. is equipped for yet greater service, and is planning with optimism and faith in the future of the South and her people.

Your favorable consideration of L. & N. Freight Service is requested with the assurance that the L. & N. will co-operate to the full limit of its unexcelled facilities.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.

The Old Reliable

The total number of tons of freight carried by the L. & N. in sixteen years was 414,340,026 tons. The percentage that each of the different commodity groups bears to total is as follows:

Agricultural Products.	33,523,715 tons or		8.09%
Animal Products.....	6,301 931	" "	1.52%
Forestal Products.....	43,010,877	" "	10.38%
Mineral Products.....	245,193,831	" "	59.18%
Merchandise.....	38,523,022	" "	9.30%
ManufacturersArticles.	47,785,650	" "	11.53%
	414,340,026 tons —		100.00%

Why a New Era Co-operation Must Succeed Pure Individualism.

"WITH intercommunication drawing the world together, the act of an individual can affect a large number of people; therefore that form of freedom which is simply another expression for license to do as one pleases can no longer exist."

—GEORGE W. PERKINS.

Regulate the bowels when they fail to move properly. HERBINE is an admirable bowel regulator. It helps the liver and stomach and restores a fine feeling of strength and buoyancy. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

FOR GOOD PRINTING CALL ON US

"Nervous exhaustion—blinding headache"



Striving to satisfy the demands of everyone is apt to affect the nerves, and continual standing may weaken the Heart.

Dr. Miles' Nervine

is invaluable for Nervous troubles, and for the Heart

Dr. Miles' Heart Treatment

is highly recommended.

LIVED IN MISERY.

"I suffered greatly from nervousness and headaches. The least excitement gave me dreadful pain. I began using Dr. Miles' Nervine and a few days later started to take Dr. Miles' Heart Treatment. I soon got so much better that I was encouraged and continued taking the two remedies until I was so well that work was no bother to me at all."

MRS. LOUIS ELG, Idaho Falls, Idaho.

IF FIRST BOTTLE FAILS TO BENEFIT YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

Don't Forget Your Home Town

While you are working for such laudable patriotic institutions as the Red Cross and the Y. M. C. A., don't overlook you duties right here at home.

WE ARE NOT ALL GOING TO GERMANY, AND THOSE WHO ARE TO REMAIN IN CLANTON CERTAINLY DESERVE AND WANT TO HAVE A TOWN THAT IS WORTH LIVING IN.

WE WANT TO DO OUR FULL DUTY BY THE BOYS WHO ARE TO GO TO THE FRONT AND FIGHT THE BATTLES FOR LIBERTY. WE WANT TO GIVE THEM ALL THE COMFORTS POSSIBLE. BUT AT THE SAME TIME OUR DUTY TO OUR HOME TOWN AND COMMUNITY IS NOT RELAXED ONE BIT. WE ARE STILL CALLED ON BY STERN NECESSITY TO GUARD OUR DESTINIES IF WE WOULD CONTINE TO PROSPER AND OVERCOME THE IMPEDIMENTS THAT COME OUR WAY IN COMMERCIAL, CIVIL, MORAL AND RELIGIOUS RELATIONS. OUR DUTIES ARE NOT JUST SHIFTED FROM ONE THING TO THE OTHER BY THE WAR,—THEY ARE MULTIPLIED. WE ACCORDINGLY MUST MULTIPLY OUR ENERGIES TO MEET THE DEMAND THAT WE ARE CALLED UPON TO FILL AS CITIZENS OF A WIDEAWAKE TOWN. LET US PATRONIZE OUR LOCAL FIRMS FIRST, AND CONTINUALLY YELL "CLANTON."

Overalls

We sell the Famous Carhartt Overalls, Each Pair guaranteed

W. A. KEMP

AT

Ideal Theatre

Monday, Nov. 26.

A special program for benefit of

Boys Pig and Corn Clubs,

Comprizing cartoon comedies, educational pictures, etc.

On January 1st, the New Edison, "The Phonograph with a Soul," will sell at an increased price. You will of course want to buy yours before January 1st. On account of the freight congestion and the possibility of freight embargoes, we advise you to buy now, while our stock is complete.

There will be no increase in the price of re-creations, and if there be a freight embargo, they can be shipped from the Edison Laboritories by express.

UPCHURCH DRUG COMPANY

—Buy it From—

Downs Hardware Company

CLANTON, ALA.

If you want the best

GROCERIES

That money can buy, just call on me. I have a complete line and at the right prices.

J.W.Littlejohn

What have you got that you want to sell?

I will buy your Syrup, Corn, Cattle and Hogs. And will pay the highest market prices far all of your farm products.

L.H.REYNOLDS

FORD CARS

Ford

And Parts; Oil, Gasoline, and accessories. Get your order in for new cars now and avoid having to wait for delivery.

L. J. DUNCAN MOTOR CO.

Merchants, Business men and Professional men, and none the less the good patriotic women, of Clanton, are showing to the outside world that they are active, awake and alert to the call of duty in the various ways it is devolved upon them by the abnormal times of war. Ceaseless and unrelenting work for the Red Cross and the Y. M. C. A. has resuled in a fair response from our local people. Both time and money, much thought and energy, have been expended all over our broad land to meet the demand of the times in which we live. Clanton has done and is doing her part nobly and well.

But now back to the other side of the picture: Look again upon the old scenes which confronted us before the war began. If we were all going to the trenches to fight we would not care much about what became of Clanton after we were gone. But some of us will remain here to work, live, and we hope, prosper. We must still grapple with the same ploblems that have ever confronted us in our efforts to make our town and community worth while.

The business men whose names you see in this paper are spending money to remind the other citizens that they are willing to work and actually working, to make Clanton an ideal place to live in. They implore the aid and co-operation of all who live around here. You can help them in their undertaking by co-operating with them in their booster campaign for home trading and home development.

Complete Line of

CLOTHING Shoes, Etc.

For Sale Cheap for Cash

Wiley Littlejohn

DISTINCTIVE *Printing*

¶ Printing that will attract attention and put your advertising in a class by itself—printing that contains originality in conception and excellence in its execution—this quality of originality and individuality characterizes all the printed work we turn out.

Millinery

WE HAVE ESTABLISHED A COMPLETE AND UP-TO-DATE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT WHICH IS IN CHARGE OF MRS. CLARA MULLINS. COME AND LOOK OVER THE NEWEST PATTERNS.

Clanton Mercantile Co.

At the Ideal Theatre

Friday and Saturday.

ETHEL BARRYMORE

in

"The Call of Her People."

The really big dramatic sensation of the year—a Seven-reel Marvel Production of Gypsy Life, Riches and Love.

10 and 20 cents,—war taxes

Stop at

THE NEW WILSON HOTEL

The best hotel service to be found in Clanton. Reasonable rates for Meals and Rooms.

Soft Drinks, Cigars, Cigarettes, Candies,

GROCERIES

We want to buy all the Chestnuts that we can possibly get within the next few weeks. Highest prices paid.

L. C. Reynolds

TELLS OF INCREASE IN CATTLE VALUE

Mississippi Governor says Tick Eradication Adds $10 a Head.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 21.—In a letter accompanying a proclamation setting aside Saturday, December 1, as a day to be celebrated throughout Mississippi because of the lifting of the Federal quarantine against the cattle tick fever, Governor Theodore G. Bilbo, of Mississippi, says:

"So important has been the work of eradication of the cattle tick, so far reaching are its benefits, and so greatly should our people congratulate themselves upon the success of this work, that I feel that everyone in the state should read it (the proclamation.)

"Much credit is due to the State Live Stock Sanitary Board and to the United States Bureau of Animal Industry for their zeal and untiring efforts to rid our state of this pest and place our cattle upon the markets of the world without quarantine restrictions.

"Our cattle will be enhanced in value fully ten dollars per head as the result of their free entrance into the markets and I look to see an amazing influx of pure-bred cattle into Mississippi now. Heretofore owners of pure-bred cattle outside of the state feared to bring them to Mississippi on account of the Texas fever and consequent quarantine. Mississippi is being looked to by every section now as a great cattle raising State with untold possibilities."

T. E. Williams cashier of the First State Bank of Clanton was in Montgomery last Friday in conference with the state Banking Department relative to the opening of the new Bank.

LOST OR STRAYED

One hound dog, light red, age about four months. Finder will please return to owner.

J. T. WYATT,
Clanton, Route 1.

Rub a sore throat with BALLARDS SNOW LINIMENT. One or two applications will cure it completely. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week ending November 17, 1917.

Names—WOMEN

Lizzie May Roberson
Hallie May Bells
Amer King

Names—MEN

A. N. Wilson
S. E. Hayes
Lester Neely
Arnold McDowell
C. M. Thompson
Harmon Broadhead
Oliver Davis
Jay McKinney
Bill Bishop
J. D. Martin

These Letters will be sent to the Dead Letter Office, Dec. 1, 1917, if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "Advertised," giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON, P. M.

AUCTION SALE

On Monday, Nov. 19, I will sell at my place near Maple Springs Church, at auction to the highest bidder, the following property: Household Goods, Kitchen Utensils, Corn, Fodder, Hay, Potatoes, 4 head of cattle, and farming implements. J. S. DAVIS.

LEGAL NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that at a regular meeting of the Commissioners Court of Chilton County, Alabama, held at Clanton, Alabama, on the 5th day of November, 1917, an order was made providing for the building af a bridge across Yellow Leaf Creek at Plier's Mill. Said bridge to be 200 feet in length and built of wood, and be across said mill pond, the same to be 10 feet above water of pond. The work to be done by contract, said contract to be let to the lowest responsible bidder, under sealed bids, to be deposited with the Judge of Probate on or before the 19th day of December, 1917.

All persons offering to bid upon said contract for the building of said bridge, may deposit their bids in sealed envelopes, marked "Bids for County Bridge Work" and addressed to the Commissioners Court, on or before 12 o'clock, the 19th day of December, 1917, at which time said bids will be passed upon by the court.

The court reserves the right to reject any or all bids made.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

MARKETING VELVET BEAN MEAL

With the price of Velvet Beans in the hull at $15 and $16, and the price of velvet bean meal at from $35 to $40, in the distant markets, it is much to the interest of the farmers of Chilton County and this immediate section of Alabama, to hold their velvet beans and have them ground into meal, and make shipment to purchasers at such cities as Birmingham, Memphis, Indianapolis, St. Louis, and other places. In all of these places there are numerous dealers who stand ready to purchase the velvet bean meal. Our Williams Mill will grind the velvet bean in the pod into the finest marketable meal, and likewise it will grind any products such as pea vine hay, corn in the shuck and on the cob, or in fact any forage product.

We have a safe method of marketing direct to the dealer and consumer; by this method our farmers will get the price of velvet bean meal and not the same price of the raw velvet bean. If anyone farmer has only a few tons of velvet beans, he and his neighbor or neighbors can combine and make a car-load and have it ground and ship the meal sacked at our mill, with bill of lading attached to draft upon the purchaser, and make the collection thru any local bank. This method insures safety and correct returns. The L. & N. Railroad Co. has seen fit to take steps to provide a special rate on velvet bean meal, which will be beneficial to the farming interest of this section.

As previously announced in the columns of this paper we are constantly on the alert to get our machinery in readiness to serve the public. We are unable to set a definite date at present on account of delay in machinery parts, but we will do so at the earliest possible moment.

Central Alabama Farm Products Co.,
Wm. M. Adams, President.

CATTLE FOR SALE

I will sell at public auction at Clanton next Saturday at D. Y. Johnston's old stables, about 15 or 20 young bred Jersey heifers. Will sell to highest bidder for cash.

D. C. ALRED.
W. W. FOX, Auctioneer.

John Henly, lumber man of Maplesville was here Saturday busy as usual, with hardly time to cuss a cat.

NOTICE STOCK LAW ELECTION

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held in Precinct Two, Chilton County, Alabama, on the 17 day of December, 1917, to ascertain whether or not a majority of the qualified electors, bona fide residents of said precinct Two, Chilton County, Alabama, desire or favor a law to permit horses and cattle to run at large, and prohibiting hogs, goats and sheep from running at large in said Precinct. Said election will be held at the usual voting places in said Precinct.

This, the 12th day of Nov. 1917.

J. E. COBB.

IOWA DEFEATED PROHIBITION BY A MAJORITY OF 932 VOTES

Des Moines, Iowa, Nov. 20.—Constitutional prohibition was defeated in the October 15 election in Iowa by a majority of 932 votes, according to the official canvass made today by the state executive council.

Saves Doctor's Bills

Instead of calomel and other violent purgatives, which are dangerous as well as nauseating, it is better to use a reliable medicine like

Granger Liver Regulator



Under date of Oct. 27, 1916, J. W. Clark, Lafayette, Ala., R. F. D. No. 4. writes: "I have been using Granger Liver Regulator in my family for years and find it to be a fine family remedy which has saved numerous doctor's bills. I always keep it in my house and would not be without it."

Sold by druggists, 25cs box. Refuse all substitutes.

Granger Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

We will pay 35c per dozen for eggs. Highest prices for turkeys geese, and ducks, and sorghum syrup.

TAYLOR BROS.

Come In

When you are in town don't fail to come in and let us show you our line of Goods. If you don't take advantage of the Bargains that are here for you, you will lose money.

Anything you need in the way of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Suits, Hats, Caps, Collars and Neckties, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Gents Furnishings, etc., you will find at our Store.

We are agents for the famous W. L. Douglas Shoes, and can fit any member of the family. We also carry a full line of Groceries.

All of our goods are New and Up-to-Date. Be sure to see them before buying elsewhere.

TOM KEMP

CLANTON, ALA.

Every Day

Every day we continue to grind out the same honest, fair and square bargains we have always given.

Our stock includes everything found in a general Merchandise Store, such as Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Ladies Dress Goods, etc., and in every way is the most complete you can find anywhere.

Everything is absolutely new—nothing stale or worn. Come to see us when you need anything. We assure you the most courteous treatment and honest dealing.

The foundation of our business is the principles of

TRUTH AND HONESTY.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Money's Worth or your Money Back."

CLANTON, ALABAMA.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., NOVEMBER 29, 1917 NUMBER 35.

MANY TEACHERS AT THE INSTITUTE HERE

Course of Instruction is Good, Presented by Competent Instructors.

Enrollment Reaches High Number. 127 Pedagogues in Attendance.

The school teaching force of Chilton County has been displaying itself in Clanton this week. The occasion of their getting together has been the regular session of the Teacher's Institute. As all teachers and prospective teachers are under the law now required to attend the Institute, practically every school and community in the county has been represented here with from one to four teachers and pupils.

The course of instruction and drilling for the teachers has been under the direction of Prof. R. E. Tidwell of the Department of Education of Birmingham, Director of Institutes for the State. Mr. Tidwell handled such subjects as language in the sixth and seventh grades and in high school supervision of games by the teachers on the playgrounds, and Patriotism. All of Mr. Tidwell's subjects have been vital and live ones, and the way he handled them and held them up to the view of the teachers was indeed ample and comparable with the importance of the themes.

Miss Lula Brodford of Birmingham is the assistant conductor of the Institute, and her splendid directing ability has been employed in school subjects such as primary work, oral language,, language games, and primary reading. Her illustrations of the proper conduct of primary teaching will prove a wonderful help to many young teachers who are engaged in primary work in this county.

Other notable figures about this session of the Institute were Prof. H. C. McDonald, Principal of the Chilton County High School, Supt. of Education W. T. Bean, J. L. Johnson, Principal of the Clanton Grammar School, Prof. Howard L. Foshee of Collins Chapel School, Prof. W. M. Bean of Union Grove School, Prof. O. B. Thompson of Mulberry School, Prof. J. L. Harris of Thorsby Public School.

The following is a complete list of the teachers enrolled, as taken from the official records of the Institute Directors:

J. L. Harris, Thorsby
Nora Harris, Clanton
John J. Hicks, Lawley
Charlie D. Hughes, Verbena
Hilda Mae Johnson, Cooper
J. L. Johnson, Clanton
Mabel Jones, Clanton
J. T. Kennedy, Clanton
Marcy C. Key, Clanton
L. M. Killingsworth, Montevallo
Winnie D. Kirby, Plantersville
Inez E. DeGrone, Montevallo
Eula LeCroy, Clanton
Ola Lesley, Cooper
Esther Davis, Clanton
Bessie Davis, Verbena
Herman Lee Davis, Clanton
Virgin Davis, Clanton
Pearl Durbin, Jemison
J. M. Eiland, Clanton
Elsworth Ellis, Maplesville
Howard L. Foshee, Clanton
Velma Friday, Jemison
Mrs. Hattie M. Gerald, Thorsby
Margaret Graves, Clanton, R. 4
Mrs. Prilla W. Griggs, Jemison
Mrs. O. L. Griggs, Maplesville
Hattie Hancock, Clanton
Lurline Harper, Clanton
Alice Harris, Planterville
Ennis Aldridge, Jemison
Marie Armstead, Stanton
Wm. R. Baker, Clanton
Claude M. Baker, Clanton
Cora Baldwin, Clanton, R. 3
Mrs. Maggie P. Bates, Jemison
Fredda Baxley, Billingsley
Wiley M. Bean, Clanton
F. O. Bishop, Jemison
Jos. F. Bone, Jemison
A. H. Bowers, Clanton
Jewell Bratton, Jemison
Celestia Bratton, Clanton
Grace Brock, Clanton
Elizabeth Brown, Verbena
Georgia Campbell, Maplesville
H. G. Carter, Plantersville
Rena Childress, Jemison
Maude B. Conway, Jemison, R. 2
Akins Collins Clanton
Madge Cooper, Jemison
T. E. Culver, Mt. Creek
John M. Dye, Clanton
Willie Drake, Stanton
Mrs. A. L. Dunlap, Shelby
John C. Dennis, Clanton(R. 6
Julia Mae Dawson, Clanton
Esther L. Lewis, Marble Valley
Bertha Littleton, Thorsby
Manila Littlejohn, Clanton
Herbert Lowery, Clanton
H. C. McDonald, Clanton
McMae McNeill, Clanton
Everee Maddox, Clanton
Mrs. E. W. Mahan, Clanton
Flossie Manning, Clanton
Orville M. Martin, Jemison
Eloise Mattison, Riderville
Tommie Millsap, Jemiso n
Herlie Mims, Clanton
John M. Mims, Clanton
John Z. Mims, Clanton
Oscar L. Mims, Clanton
Sam S. Mims, Clanton
Martha J. Mims, Maplesville
J. W. Moore, Clanton
May Morgan, Maplesville
Jimmie Morrow, Verbena
Felston Mullins, Clanton
Halcey H. Mullins, Newton
Mary E. Mullins, Clanton
Elsa Nonenmacher, Clanton
Mrs. L. N. Robinson, Thorsby
Calvin Parrish, Clanton
J. M. Parrish, Jr., Clanton
Belle Popwell, Clanton
Gertrude E. Popwell, Clanton
E. C. Popwell, Clanton
Lee A. Popwell, Clanton
Ora Pritt, Maplesville
Rilla D. H. Raines, Mt. Creek
Emma W. Robinson, Pletcher
J. W .Ray, Maplesville
Claude Rayfield, Clanton
L. D. Riggins, Maplesville
Dosie Robinson, Jemison
Henry L. Robinson, Clanton
Lizzie Mae Robinson, Verbena
Lottie Robinson, Verbena
Nannie A. Robinson, Verbena
Wm. E. Robinson, Clanton
Howard Roper, Jemison
Phala Belle Roper, Clanton
Mrs. M. A. Rome, Clanton, R.1
Lina Sawyer, Jemison
Emma G. Sellus, Verbena
Thomas Sessions, Clanton
R. A. Smith, Verbena
Annie Marie Sewell, Clanton
C. F. Stevenson, Jemison
Mary Strother, Jemison
Aughtie Thompson, Clanton
T. J. Thompson, Clanton
O. B. Thompson, Maplesville
Jos. W. Walker, Stanton
Mrs. Myrtle Virgin, Calera
J. E. Wallace, Jemiscon
O. B. A. White, Cooper
F. B. Williams, Calera
Joseph L. Wilson, Clanton
Cowan C. Woodham, Jemison
Gladys Wood, Clanton
Armour Woolleyl, Lawley
Lessie Reynlds, Clanton
Conradine Lane, Clanton
Mrs. Bessie Hayes, Jemison
Eloise Honeycutt, Clanton
Rosa Thornton, Clanton

EXAMINATION OF MEN BY LOCAL BOARD MONDAY

The local exemption board of Chilton County took up on Monday morning the physical examination of a number of men who had been called before them.

The result of the work showed the following men accepted for military service, with no claims for exemption:

Acy Sims,
Jake Johnson,
Jessie James Wright,
Joseph Frank Perry,
Alvin C. Champion,
Lewis J. Pelham,
Jake Henley,
Walter Vinson,
Leonard Boyd.

The following men were accepted on physical examination but entered claims for exemption from service:

Rassie S. Burnett,
Noah C. Wallace,
Dan Rogers,
E. P. Heaton,
J. A. Lawrence,
Jim P. White,
Sylvester Lucas,
H. W. Davis,
Arthur G. Rasberry,
Elias W. Ellison,
Cruse Joiner,
Tommie Lee Maddox
Archie W. Giles,
T. S. Peavey,
W. G. Payton,
B. D. Dennis,
H. M. Nix,
J. C. Jones,
Brady Nichols,
David Childress,
Alfred Ervin Mims,
Henry Horton,
H. L. Aldridge,
B. L. Cleckler,
W. W. Giles,
Vester B. Champion,
Henry Cleckler,
C. R. Foss,
N. C. Peterson,
Fred Bootfield,
W. H. Abney,
Elzie Brazwell,
R. G. Culp,
Shelby Hicks,
E. R. Baker,
E. N. Adams,
John Varner.

The following are those rejected on physical defects:

J. S. Cashatt,
M. L. Rogers,
John Hurtt,
Marion Ford,
M. B. Pounds,
J. W. Friday,
G. C. Vance,
M. C. Hayes,
J. L. Dennis,
Alexander Riggins,
J. D. Sanders,
J. H. Robertson,
C. W. Davis,

As Mr. B. G. Foshee was returning home Monday night from the lecture his mule became frightened at an automobile and showed intentions of "running away." When Mr. Foshee jumped from the buggy, he was thrown to the ground striking on his face. Only minor injuries sustained was his lucky portion. It was a dangerous experience.

Subscribe for The Union-Banner.

JIM WYATT DIED AT CAMP WHEELER, MACON

One of the recent victims of disease at Camp Wheeler in Macon, Ga., was Jim Wyatt, a selected man, who had been sent to camp from this county. He died of pneumonia Sunday, and his body has been received here and buried by his friends and relatives. Other boys from Chilton in camp there have been and are yet seriously ill, but this is the only one of them who has died, so far. The deceased was a son of Elijah Wyatt of Beat 16.

THORSBY WILL PASS THE MARK IN THEIR Y. M. C. A. CAMPAIGN

A campaign for funds for the Army Y. M. C. A. was opened in Thorsby last Sunday, at a mass meeting, addressed by Prof. H. C. McDonald of Clanton, in which all the churches of Thorsby united. The county committee has asked the Beat in which Thorsby is located to raise $100 as its quota, but the people of this community are not satisfied with this amount, and are determined to double it if possible. At the end of the second day the committee in charge are already in sight of the $100 goal, and are planning for a campaign for the second hundred.

NOVEMBER MARRIAGES

Julius C. Alford and Miss Lillian B. Robinson.

Arthur Patterson and Miss Minnie Huett.

Bennie Mims and Miss Minnie Weldon.

Gaines Posey and Miss Minnie Ray.

Bernard Durden and Miss Ada Nummy.

S.V. Miller and Miss Fannie Powell.

E. F. Conway and Miss Maud Bratton.

Robert Newton Miner and Miss Mattie Miller.

Hezzie Boozier and Miss Semantha Pierce.

Lee Kirklin and Miss Ella May Mink.

Charles E. Headley and Miss Tassie Pierce.

C. R. McMillin and Miss Ollie Glass.

Perry Edwards and Miss Jewel Manning.

Colored.

Madison Campbell and Varrie Johnson.

J. M. Tickman and Lela Love.

Will Broadhead and Parlee Hixon.

The lecturer, Wm. Loyd Clark left Clanton Tuesday morning. He goes to Wedowell in Randolph County, for a week of speeches, after which he goes to Birmingham to conduct a ten nights compaign. He promises to come back to some parts of this county again during the winter.

J. M. Mims and family of Birmingham are spending a few days with relatives near Clanton.

READY RIPE RABBITS

Dr. Whatley has established near the Old Soldiers Home a rabibtry, and has now in his breeding pens 106 Belgian and what he calls Chilton County rabbits. These meat producing substitutes multiply rapidly and prove to be profitable.

Dr. Whatley has, during the past year, sold to Chilton County farmers a number of pairs of these animals, and in every instance he has received word of the success of his "infant enterprise" industry.

DAVIS-HOWARD

A marriage of interest to many friends and relatives in the city is that of Miss Inez Davis, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. O. S. Davis, and Mr. Fred M. Howard, which took place Wednesday afternoon, at five-thirty o'clock, at the home of the bride's parents in Calera.

The home was thrown open and made most attractive with chrysanthemums and potted plants, the color scheme being pink and white.

Mrs. Boockholdt of Montgomery, sister of the bride, rendered a musical program, also played the wedding march.

Miss Frances Vaughn of Birmingham was the maid of honor and only attendant. She was becomingly gowned in pink georgette crepe with picture hat of pink. The flowers were pink chrysanthemums.

The bride was lovely in a traveling suit of dark blue cloth with gray hat and boots. She carried a shower bouquet of bride roses and lillies of the valley.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. P. C. Walker, of Columbiana, and witnessed by a few friends and relatives. Immediately after the wedding, Mr. and Mrs. Howard left for Sylacauga, where they will make their future home.—Sylacauga News.

RED CROSS NEWS

The solicitors for donations with which to buy cloth secured enough to purchase 90 yards, and this is to be made up into hospital sheets, shirts etc.

When Henry P. Davison gave up his partnership in J. P. Morgan & Co., and his magnificent income, to become chairman of the Red Cross, and work for nothing, he demonstrated his patriotism quite as clearly as the private in the front trench.

This reception in Birmingham last week must have done Mr. Davison good. I hope you read his speech in the daily papers.

Joining the Red Cross imposes no obligation of any sort on any member. If you are down town, Mr. Upchurch or Mr. Alred will gladly accept your dollar and sign your name to the Red Cross roll.

KILLED WHILE AT WORK IN SAWMILL

Mr. Olie Holcomb, a Chilton County young man, was killed on Friday, while at work in a sawmill near Chalsea, Ala.

AUCTION SALE

There will be an Auction Sale at my place, 1½ miles north of Cooper, on Monday, December 10, consisting of the following articles, to be sold to the highest bidder for cash:

Household and kitchen furniture, two 1-horse buggies, farming implements, four head of cattle, three hundred bushels of corn, four tons peavine hay, fifteen hundred bundles fodder, sweet potatoes, and other articles.

W. F. JONES.
(W. W. FOX, Auctioneer.)

During "BARGAIN DAYS," Dec. 1-15, THE BIRMINGHAM NEWS will accept subscriptions, Daily and Sunday (both) by mail (only) ONE YEAR (no less) for FOUR ($4) DOLLARS. Agents wanted every-

Pay for the Union-Banner a year. $1

—MEET ME AT—

The Busy Corner

NOVEMBER 29.

Elmore Says: "I am thankful for the Business you are giving me, the Friends I have made, and the opportunity to serve you and my Country.

Coat Suits, Ladies' Coats & Hats, All at "Live and let Live" Prices.

Elmore's
LADIES & GENTS FURNISHINGS
CLANTON, ALA.

CORN AND PIG CLUB BOYS HAVE LECTURE COURSES

The boys of the corn and pig clubs of Chilton County have been in town this week having the biggest time of the year.

They assembled here primarily to listen to lectures and instructions from their department directors regarding the principles and details of their work. Men of knowledge and experience from the U. S. Department of Agriculture have had these young farmers to listen to their lectures on various subjects. County Demonstrator Conway has been here and had the boys in charge.

The young visitors were assigned to homes in Clanton where they were taken in and cared for while here. And aside from the business side of the mission here, the boys have had much fun, as boys always do when they get together. They have been shown the movies and entertained by their friends in many ways. The whole delegation made a trip to the farm of Tax Collector Collins one day to see his collection of hogs. Mr. Collins is about the foremost hog raiser in this section of the county, and the boys can get some mighty good ideas from his plan of management of swine.

The boys were also accorded a visit to the farm of Mr. J. N. Dennis, where they, and many of them for the first time in their lives, witnessed the dipping of cattle as it is practiced in modern tick-eradication over the country.

Following are the names of the Chilton County boys who have been here attending the course:

Oscar Wells,
Charlie Robinson,
John Sorrell,
David Norris,
Ernest Moore,
Glover Smith,
Paul Littlejohn,
Hugh Crane,
Kirby Summers,
S. A. Speer,
J. O. Culp,
Louis Thomas,
Vernie Burnett,
Joyce Sorrell,
McD. Messer,
Claud O. Sims,
Mitchell Gray,
Emmett Popwell,
Lee Ray,
Edgar Johnson,
Aubrey Messer,
J. T. Tyus,
C. R. Mims,
Jodie Sammons,
Orman Aldridge,
Rudalph McDowell,
Roy Traywick,
Maxwell Hayes,
Wesley Veavey,
Ivy Childress,
Oscar Huett,
Roy Downs,
Judson Messer,
Tommie Gray,
Lincoln DeVaughn,
Grover Pierce,
Woolley Nix,
Euel Robinson,
Julius Downs,
Bernard Dunson,
Homer Dye,
Hanson Headley,
Noah Scott,
Looney Curlee,
Ernest Grant,
Lester Jones,
Wm. P. Barnett,
Willie Dykes,
Sam Jones,
Chester Maddox,
Harchel Maddox,
Aaron Dennis,
K. C. Foshee,
T. L. Lenoir,
G. W. Waldrup,

ATTENDING SHRINERS MEETING

A number of Clanton Shriners went to Montgomery Wednesday to attend a festival of Alcazar Temple. Among those who went were Judge L. H. Reynolds, W. A. Reynolds, M. D. Foshee, Grady Reynolds.

FROM U. S. WAR DEPARTMENT

To all Recruiting Officers of Army:

1. Under the new regulations approved by the president, no registrant may enlist voluntarily in the military service of the United States from and after December 15, 1917, except that "under such regulations as the Surgeon General may prescribe, and upon receiving permission from the Surgeon General to do so, any medical student, hospital interne, dentist, dental student, veterinarian, or veterinary student may enlist in the Enlisted Reserve Corps of the medical department."

2. All recruiting officers will be governed accordingly, and no registrant will be accepted after such a date that there is not reasonable assurance that the enlismen will be completed before December 15. In the meantime, the provisions of the present regulations that a man who has been called for physical examination by his Local Board is ineligible surance that the enlistment will be carefully observed.

By order of the Secretary of war.

W. T. BATES,
Adjutant General.

OLD SOLDIERS DELIGHTFULLY ENTERTAINED AT THE HOME ON THURSDAY

Ohio Military Band Rendered Fine Program of Musical Entertainment for Vets.

While the press of the Union-Banner was revolving on last week's issue of the paper an event was transpiring at the Mountain Creek Old Alabama Soldiers Home, the details of which reached the office too late for the issue referred to.

But acting on the principle that nothing that is good ever grows too old for publication, especially while there is unity of excellent purpose exercised, we are publishing an account of this event.

The event of the Mountain Creek occurrence was the gathering there at the Old Soldiers Home of some of the best people in Chilton County, also of Autauga County and Montgomery City and County, to join in with the veterans in a cordial greeting to some of the officers and men and the regimental band belonging to the United States Infantry from Ohio, who came a distance of 31 miles from Camp Sheridan to visit the Old Confederates who are now living at the Home.

With a large United States flag floating from a tall pole, with the old gray-haired veterans grouped on the campus and verandas, waiting the approach of the Ohioans, the Marbury Institute officered by Proffesors Gibson and Weston and Misses Jackson and Louise and Mary Griffs, teachers in charge of the several grades, entered the grounds 250 strong, with banners and patriotic cheers.

These were soon followed by the 147th Ohio band, and after their arrival, Rev. R. F. McLane, Chaplain of the Regiment, called for "Dixie."

It was when these stalwart young Ohio boys rendered the first stanza of the dear old song that the old soldiers with their feeble voices raised the feeble yell. It was then that the blood flowed through their veins

Strange it was that then silent tears like a rivulet rushing down a mountain side, trickled over their furrowed cheeks.

It was a happy thought when Mr. McLane decided to bring these gallant Ohio boys to visit the Home and mingle with the old veterans who had met the fathers of these Ohio sons on the battlefields of Chickmauga, Richmond, Petersburg, Manassas and Appomattox.

After rendering several selections the Ohio soldiers and band fraternalized with the veterans, and no north, no south, no east, no west, was discussed. The sentiment was that of defending our united country against the possibility of an invasion of the Kaiser's millions.

The picture was suggestive. To see these stalwart sons of Ohio, whose physique was perfect and who are now entering the world-war across the seas, mingling with old veterans, the youngest of whom is past seventy years, was to one who can draw conclusions, suggestive of what was done and possibly to some extent, paint in imaginary flights just what the soldiers of today are undertaking for America and the preservation of homes, including not only property but also the grand women of the day, in their grand country.

The day was fittingly observed in detail. The band rendered patriotic airs and selections written by master musical scholars, and now and then a "rag" familiar selection.

This notice of the home and the boys and the day would surely be incomplete without mentioning the excellent dinner, which consisted of soups, milk, coffee, meat, vegetables, breads and other accessories, and it is in order to say that all the eatables were excellently prepared and plentiful.

Dr. J. D. Eiland and his amiable wife, Mr. Cleveland Kicker and wife, the working officials of the Home are deserving of much credit for the many courtesies extended to the visitors.

Judge John B. Fuller, and Capt. J. M. Simpson, two of the executive board, were present and were pleasant and agreeable to visitors.

Judge L. H. Reynolds and wife, Sheriff H. A. Harris and Mr. J. E. Evans, one of Clanton's merchants, visited the Home, and assisted in the successful efforts and extended an invitation to Mr. McLane to visit Clanton and bring his excellent band with him.

A large number of old Confederate veterans from Montgomery were on hand.

Again, the occasion was a grand success and will be remembered by participants especially the old warriors now residing at the Alabama Old Soldiers Home.

Be sure to see our line of Christmas Goods before buying elsewhere.
UPCHURCH DRUG CO.

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
W. M. WYATT AND J. B. WELLS
Publishers and Proprietors.

W. M. WYATT, Editor.
J. B. WELLS, Business Manager.

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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

The boys who have been here at the instruction course for the corn and pig clubs this week, have been learning many things that are of much value to boys on the farm. According to their letters, which we publish elsewhere in this paper, the things which they have learned during this three days course include many valuable subjects which many of the old and experienced farmers to-day do not know. It shows what advantage the boys of today have over the opportunities that their fathers had when they were growing up.. If there is a club boy in the county who did not come to this course, he surely will be sorry he didn't when he reads about what a big time those who did come have been having. Every boy on the farm should be a member of the corn and pig club, and then everyone of them should attend every opportunity they have, like the short course which has been given them this week in Clanton. The good that they get out of this instruction will ripen into dividends of untold and inestimable value to them when they assume the duties of conducting their own business on the farm. And that day is not far away from some of them. Get your boy into some of these clubs.

The splendid audience of men which greeted Mr. Clark Monday night to hear his denunciation of the evils of Romanism, socially, morally, and politically, was a sufficient attest to the manner in which our people hold the subject in their minds. Not only on the direct subject of Romanism, but also on many other questions of social and moral importance to men, did Mr. Clark lay much needed emphasis. It would be far better for the men of our time if they could often hear and be advised on the subjects which Mr. Clark elucidated.

If this town and community is not awakened to the paramount evils of the political Roman so-called church after the series of splendid lectures on the subject by Mr. Loyd Clark, there is no telling what will happen to us before we wake up. Such a "shelling of the woods" as Mr. Clark has made is enough to arouse the slumbering passions of the most passive individuals, and open their eyes to the impending dangers that have hung like the sword of Diocles over our heads. We should not pass lightly by the things which this man so forcibly presented to our minds.

Along toward the last session of the Teachers Institute, down at the high school this week, the editor of the Union-Banner dropped in for a few minutes to see what was going on. We found the members and teachers engaged in a discussion of the seven-year itch and the compulsory attendance law. We don't know why they had these two subjects together on the program.

Prof. Howard L. Foshee, Principal of Collins Chapel School, has been in Clanton this week attending the teachers institute. Mr. Foshee is convinced that this county should have laws which will make is impossible for ticks and tick fever to infest our cattle. He is engaged rather extensively in the cattle business on his farms, and expects to import a big fine lot of registered cattle into this county soon, if he can get protection from ticks.

The argument of Mr. Foshee for the tick eradication movement is very reasonable, and his experience in Elmore County under the cattle dipping laws leads him to believe that there is nothing detrimental to cattle in dipping them to get rid of ticks. The opinion of a man who has seen both sides of the proposition ought to be convincing evidence.

Mr. A. B. Moore of the department of agriculture, of Montgomery, lectured interestingly on Food Conservation and Production, before the Teachers Institute Wednesday.

FUNERAL OF JAMES WYATT

The body of private Jim E. Wyatt, a member of Battery E, of the 117th U. S. Artillery, was brought back to Clanton for burial on Tuesday, the 27th inst.

Jim was 28 years old, and had been in the service only a few months. He had always lived with his parents in the neighborhood of Providence church, of which they are members, until his call took him to Camp Wheeler to train for service abroad.

There the epidemics of measles caught him, and, as is often the case, pneumonia followed and took his life. Jim was known by his friends to be a good and quiet young man, regular in his habits and loyal to his parents.

The body was escorted to Clanton by First Sergeant Cates of his company, who was joined here by Rev. J. F. Gable, and others, when it was taken to Providence Baptist Church, about eight miles in the country for burial. Between one and two o'clock a funeral service was conducted by Rev. Mr. Gable, after which the body was reverently laid away in the presence of his mourning parents, relatives and friends.

While Jim was never allowed to fully consummate his mission as a soldier, yet he, no less than his comrades, comes under the aegis of the glory of those whose lives are given, not only for their country and homes, but for the cause of righteousness, honor and Christianity.

"The neighing troop the flashing blade
The stirring bugle's blast,
The charge and dreadful cannonade.
The din and shout are past.
On fame's eternal Camping Ground
His silent tent is spread,
And Glory guards withsolemn round
The bivonac of the dead."

REPORT OF GIRLS CLUB WORK CHILTON COUNTY, FOR 1917

The club year has come to a close and I know all of you feel interested in the annual report of the work. It is with much pleasure that I submit the following:

Canned by girls,	20358 cans
Canned by women,	66864 cans
Total,	87222 cans

Value.

Girls' products,	$3527.53
Women's products,	7632.43
Total,	$11159.96

Poultry.

Sold 7109 doz. eggs,	$2587.81
Sold poultry,	314.43
Total,	2902.24
Canned products,	$11159.96
Grand total,	$14062.20

For lack of cans a large quantity of vegetables were lost.

You members of the club made it possible to accomplish so much. We had hopes for larger resluts from the tenths, but when the record books show that sixty-five girls made complete failures with their tomatoes on account of blight, and others dropped out when the work was in an unsettled condition, you can readily understand why the results were not greater. Many of you did splendidly, but in every contest someone always does best; so in this one Myrtle Herrod, of the Pletcher Club gets the first prize, a scholarship to the short course of one week, to Montevallo next year, the profits from her tenths being eighty-six dollars!

Myrtle Keel, of the Enterprise club came second, and gets the canning outfit.

The poultry work was more successful than we ever hoped for it to be. Club work in your county is practically in its infancy, with a growing canning community co-operation such as you have begun it would be difficult to predict what the results might be.

LIDA JONES,
Co. Dem. Agent.

If you don't believe General Sherman was right when he said: "War is Hell," just come to Chilton County and see some of the sad faces and broken hearts which it has already caused, and hear some of the boys relate the experiences which they have to go through with in Camp Wheeler.

The play, "The Last Loaf," which was to be given by Miss Hattis Hancock, at the high school last Tuesday night, will be played at the high school auditorium on Tuesday night, December 4.

REGISTERED DUROC HOGS FOR SALE

Two months old pigs $10.00 each.
Four months old pigs $20.00 each
Six months old pigs $30.00 to $35.00 each.
Bred sows and gilts priced on request. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.
ENLIST FOR SERVICE—RAISE A PIG. C.H.Russell, Marbury, Ala.

WHAT I HAVE LEARNED ABOUT CORN AND PIGS THIS WEEK

Letters from the Corn and Pig Club Boys, who Have Been in Attendance at the Lecture Course in Clanton this Week.

The boys of the corn and pig clubs of Chilton County, who have been in attendance at the lecture course of instruction here this week have been taught a great number of valuable things. The instructors of the course requested the boys to write letters about what they have learned, to be read before the assembly at one of the sessions just about the close of the course. The Editor of the Union-Banner happened in upon the meeting just about the time the letters were being read; and we latched on to a number of them. Below we are glad to publish the letters, in order that the people of the county, the parents of the boys here, may know just what the boys themselves say they have learned:

Dear Teachers and Instructors:

I am glad to say that I have learned more since I have been here than I have ever learned in the same length of time before. I have learned how to make a seed-tester, which is called the "rag doll." I have learned to tell the difference between the types of hogs, the lard type and the bacon type, and I have learned how to tell the difference between beef and milk types of cattle. I have learned how to tell when a hog has cholera, and have learned how to grow the best corn on the farm, and many other things too numerous to mention.

And I want to say that I have certainly enjoyed myself while I was here in Clanton with its people. I have had a fine place to stay, and I am sure the other boys have had. I want to thank the good people for their nice care of us. I hope I make a successful corn club boy.

Yours truly,
WESLEY VEAZEY.

What I have learned during the Boys Course:

I have learned to make a "rag doll" seed tester, to test corn, cotton and all other kinds of seed. I learned how to judge hogs, cows, and saw cows dipped. It was the first time I ever saw cattle dipped.

I have learned to tell when a hog has cholera by the appearance of the glands in the neck and the kidneys.

One man in this county had 4 sows. They raised 44 pigs. He sold 18 for $676.93, and had 16 left to sell. He has enough meat to do for his large family. He has 4 brood sows. One raised 15 pigs which brought him $500. These pigs were raised on sorghum and peanuts.

While here this week we have learned to sing some songs and some yells. I had the pleasure of getting acquainted with two men from Auburn, and some boys from all over the county.

EUEL ROBINSON.

I am greatly pleased to write a short letter of thanks to the Directors of the Boys Short Course, and also the people of Clanton for their kindness and hospitality.

I have learned several things during the three days I have been here. Dr. Burleson taught us several songs, recitations etc., and also how to make the rag doll seed tester for testing seed corn. Prof. L. T. Wells gave us several good lectures on hogs, corn, and club work.

I most especially appreciate the friendliness of the people of Clanton. They took care of about sixty boys during the Institute free of charge.

We all went over to Mr. Dennis' and saw some cows dipped, and we went over to Mr. J. D. Collin's and saw some fine registered Duroc Jersey hogs.

Again thanking the people of Clanton and the directors of the Institute for their kindness, I am,

Yours very truly,
HOMER DYE.

I have learned how to make a rag doll seed tester; how to judge beef cattle and hogs; how to tell when a hog has the cholera; how to grow corn; how to tell the different breeds of hogs and cattle.

Judge Reynolds visited the club boys in session, to see what we were doing. He offered as a prize, two Belgian Hares to the boy who wrote the best article on "How to make a living on the Farm." Maxwell Hayes won the rabbits.

I have met a great number of the boys of the county, whom I am glad to know. I thank the people of Clanton for the kindness shown us while we were here.

Very truly,
EMMETT POPWELL.

I have learned some things this week which I believe of much value to the boy on the farm. I learned how to test seeds, and to distinguish the different breeds of cattle, and how to judge the different breeds of hogs, and how to tell them apart. I learned how to tell when a hog has cholera.

I want to thank the managers of the corn and pig clubs for the information they gave us, also the people of Clanton for their kindness in entertaining us.

Mc. D. MESSER.

Dear Teachers and Instructors:

I want to write in regard to how I apperciate the people of Clanton taking care of the club boys here this week.

I certainly have enjoyed the work, and I thank the professors for the instructions they have given us. The people of Clanton are giving the corn club boys a chance to be educated. Judge Reynolds and the other speakers gave us many points which will be of great advantage to the boys.

KIRBY L. SUMMERS.

I have learned to make a seed-tester, to judge cattle, and have seen some cattle dipped. I have learned to tell lard type of hogs from the pork type. I have learned the symptoms of cholera in hogs. I thank the people of Clanton for their kindness to us while we were here. I have met a large number of the boys from over the county and have had a good time. I thank you all for your kindness.

GLOVER SMITH.

I have learned how to test seed, how to make the tester, how to tell the difference between breeds of hogs and to tell when a hog has cholera. I have learned how to select cattle for beef, and several other valuable things for the boys on the farm.

I have learned that the people of Clanton are good to us, and they welcomed us here. I am thankful for the good treatment given us.

DAVID C. NORRIS.

What I have learned at the Institute:

On Monday morning we met at the high school building.

We were assigned to boarding places, which the Clanton people furnished us free of charge. This was all we had Monday morning, and as soon as we could find our lodging places and get dinner, we went back to the school house.

The first thing in the afternoon we opened up with some songs and yells. We had some good songs for the club boys, but we could not sing them well the first time. But after we had sung them a few times, we got to where we could sing them well. After we had finished the songs, Dr. D. I. Burleton showed us how to make the "rag doll" seed tester, which I think is a nice and valuable thing and is worth many times its cost. Every farmer should have a good seed tester, so that he could test all the seed that he buys before he puts them in the ground. He should test not only the seed that he buys, but all the seeds that he plants. This will sometimes save a man a lot of work and money at a very little expense.

The next thing, Judge Reynolds came down to see what we were doing. He was surprised to see such a large crowd of us down there. Mr. Conway didn't expect to see but about fifteen of us, and there were fifty-five or sixty of us present.

I think Clanton is giving us boys some treat. She is boarding us all free, and you know 55 boys can soon eat up something—if they are all like me.

I forgot to tell you about the nice speech Mr. Reynolds gave us, which we all enjoyed very much. I think it is very nice in Mr. Reynolds in taking four of the boys, and think it is more than his part.

After we were turned out at the school house, we went on to the picture show, which the show man gave us free. We all enjoyed it very much and I think him very nice in giving us the show free.

After the show we went to our places of abode and got our supper and then we had some writing to do. Judge Reynolds told us Monday afternoon that he would give the boy who wrote the best piece on how to make the best living on the farm, well he would give him two Belgian rabbits. Maxwell Hayes won the prize, and his piece was read by Dr. Burleson, and it was certainly fine.

Well, I can say that I have learned to farm at the institute, I have certainly appreciated what Clanton has done for me.

Also Mr. Conway, Mr. Burleson and Prof. Wells have taught me a lot of things that I never knew before. I have them all down in my little note book.

I certainly wish we could stay until close today, for I know the boys are ging to pull off some stunts before the teachers.

S. A. SPEER.

The biggest Stock of goods Ever assembled under one roof in Chilton County.

Remember this when you get ready to buy any kind of Fall or Winter Goods, and come here, where you are sure to find any and everything you want.

Clanton Mercantile Co.

"The Big Bargain Store."

CHILTON COUNTY HOGS SOLD

Mr. J. D. Sims, owner of a farm seven miles from Clanton, sold on Friday a couple of hogs raised by him this year, which will weigh close aroung 300 each. Mr. Sims received a good price for his hogs, and says that he wil soon put on the market another car load.

JOHN BURNETT DIES OF PNEUMONIA AT MACON

John Burnett, age 22 years, died at Camp Wheeler, of pneumonia, and his remains were brought back to Billingsley, near his old home. Interment was made in the New Cedron Cemetery.

The death and burial of this worthy young Chilton County man was the occasion of a sad Thanksgiving for many of his relatives and friends in Chilton County.

MANUFACTURE OF BEANS

We have all details in readiness to begin the operation of our mill for the manufacture of velvet bean meal and other feed products, beginning December 5th. The public can begin to haul their beans and corn and other products on Monday, 3rd of December.

Central Alabama Farm Products Co.,
By Wm. M. ADAMS, Propr.
S. W. ADAMS, Secy.

DOCTOR SAYS VINOL IS THE BEST TONIC

Honest Opinion Doctor Gave His Patient

Bedford, Ohio.—"I was in a pitiful condition, weak, nervous and run down so I could not do my housework. I had doctored for years and tried everything under the sun. A friend told me about Vinol. I asked my doctor about it, and he replied, 'It certainly is the best medicine that can be had today. I couldn't give you any better.' I took it, and today I am as well and strong as any woman could wish to be. and it was Vinol that saved me."—Mrs. Frank A. Horkey, Ash St., Bedford, Ohio.

We guarantee this famous cod liver and iron tonic for all such conditions.

Upchurch Drug Co.



Is a Hog Like This Worth 20 Cts. More Than a Hog Like This?

YET—the fat, sleek one at the left cost only 20 cents more to bring to marketing size than the weak, sickly "specimen" at the right, due to the use of Avalon Farms HOG-TONE.

This remedy—tried out thoroughly on the well-known Avalon Farms (in Indiana, near Ft. Wayne) has wrought wonderful results with hogs. It absolutely removes deadly Thorn Head Worms—Stomach Worms—Liver Worms—Lung and Bronchial Worms. HOG-TONE not only *keeps* the hogs free from worms, in addition it is a first-class general conditioner—stimulates secretory and digestive organs. Thus it spurs on their appetites, makes them grow fatter faster, gives them the ability to get more flesh-building *good* out of feed.

There is nothing else like it. Farmers know its wonderful hog-saving, money-making value. We want every hog-raiser to know of it—to try it on his hogs.

ONE HOG WAS GIVEN
AVALON FARMS
HOG-TONE
—THE OTHER ONE WASN'T

We have stocked Avalon Farms HOG-TONE because we believe it a real money maker for the hog grower. Come in and talk to us about it.

Upchurch Drug Co., Clanton, Ala.

WANTED

To Buy Some Good Meat Hogs.
Will pay Market Price for Them.
Call or see

J. P. VanDerveer, Jr.,
Clanton, Alabama.

Headquarters for Plow Points!

We are able to furnish you points for the Oliver, Chattanooga, Syracuse, Butcher & Gibbs, Vulcan, Avery Crtcket, and Lynchburg Plows. We have the Improved Self Sharpeners for the Oliver Plows.

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.
CLANTON, ALA.

When the Skin Seems Ablaze With Itching and Burning

There's just one thing to do.
If your skin seems ablaze with the fiery burning and itching of Eczema, real and lasting relief can only come from treatment that goes below the surface—that reaches down to the very source of the trouble. So-called skin-diseases come from a disordered condition of the blood, and the proper treatment is through the blood.

Search far and near, and you cannot find a blood remedy that approaches S. S. S. for real efficiency. It has been on the market for fifty years, during which time it has been giving uniform satisfaction for all manner of blood disorders. If you want prompt and lasting relief, you can rely upon S. S. S. For expert advice as to the treatment of your own individual case, write to-day to Chief Medical Adviser, Swift Specific Co., Dept. C Atlanta, Ga.

COUNTY MAPS FOR SALE

The Union-Banner has made arrangements to print a number of Beat Maps of Chilton County, and now have them for sale to anyone desiring them, at the price of 25 cents each.

Put a porous plaster on the chest and take a good cough syrup internally if you would treat a severe case of sore lungs properly. Get the dollar size BALLARD'S HOUSEHOLD SYRUP. With each bottle there is a free Herrick's Red Pepper Porous Plaster for the chest. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.
Circuit Court in Equity.

J. S. Varner Complainant vs. Anna Varner Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit on file of Grady Reynolds that the Defendant Anna Varner is non-resident of the state of Alabama, and resides in the state of Ohio, place unknown, and further that in the belief of said affiant, the Defendant Anna Varner is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Union-Banner a newspaper published in Clanton, Ala., once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring her the said Anna Varner to answer, plead or demur to the Bill of Complaint in the above cause, on or before the 17th day of December 1917, and failing so to do within thirty days after the service of this summons, a Decree Pro Confesso may be taken against her in said cause.

Witness my hand, this 17th day of November 1917.

H. M. SIMPSON,
11-22-4t Register.

Chilton County farms for sale are being advertised throughout the west and northwest by the Chilton County Real Estate Agency.

DR. W. L. PARRISH
Graduate Veterinarian.
Hurry Calls made in Auto.
'Phone 110-35, Clanton.

Suits Cleaned and Pressed Nicely

WILL CALL FOR AND DELIVER SUITS. LET ME DO YOUR WORK AND YOU WILL BE SATISFIED.

Grady Taylor

In Rear of Wagner,s Barber Shop.

IN MEMORY OF A FRIEND

Mr. Editor:

Please give me space in your paper to say, that on the 15th of this month our beloved cousin and friend, J. D. C. Scott, while crossing the Warrier River Bridge, near Palos, Ala., with his push car was struck by an I. C. freight train, and was knocked off the bridge. The man fell seventy feet and was instantly killed.

He was 42 years old, a good man, and belonged to the Baptist Church about 26 years. He always attended Sunday School and church, and was never know to drink whiskey or swear an oath.

He was a son of Mr. O. P. Scott, and was always an obedient child, a dutiful husband and a loving father. He leaves a wife and five children, as well as his parents, to mourn after him.

Mr. Scott, like many men who try to serve the Lord, had his criticizers, but he went on in the warfare holding up for the right. But it is now all over, and I am sure he has won the robe of righteousness that will outshine the sun.

There could be many things said about him, but nothing can be done to bring him back to us. So weap not dear friends for him, be rejoice that your loss is Heaven's gain. We will meet again some sweet day.

The funeral was conducted by Rev. Bevis of Jemison, and the funeral was good and appropriate. Then the remains were laid to rest in the Mars Hill Cemetery, to await the great resurrection day.

CENTRAL ALABAMA FARM PRODUCTS COMPANY

Wm. Adams, Proprietor, S.W. Adams Secretary.
Members of the Velvet Bean Millers Association, Clanton Alabama.
Manufacturers of Velvet Bean Mean, Corn Meal and Mized Feeds.

Marketing connection with the dealer and consumer will give the customers and patrons of this mill a chance to get for their products, when manufactured, the best market prices.

Reports of the market prices of velvet bean meal, corn meal and mixed feed each week will keep the customers of this mill in touch with the markets at a distance.

A comfortable rest room has been provided fort he families of the customers, and a convenient warehouse for the farm products and hitching grounds for the stock.

The velvet bean mill has been placed, and upon an immediate date in the future, announcement will be made to the public when this mill is ready for actual service to the public.

The patronage and cooperation of everyone is respectfully solicited in support of this new industry.

We have our Xmas. Goods now on display. Buy before the rush.
UPCHURCH DRUG CO.

THORSBY ITEMS

THORSBY ITEMS

The many friends of Mr. Steve Pittman, Son-in-law of Mr. A. K. Horn, will be glad to learn of his appointment to a civil service position in Washington, D. C.

Mr. Raymond Goddard of Circleville, Ohio, is visiting at the home of his uncle, Mr. J. H. Goddard. this week.

Mr. G. A. Garrick of Senoia, Ga., accompanied by his daughter, Winnie, motored to Thorsby on Monday of last week and spent Tuesday and Wednesday with his daughters, Mrs. C. M. Williams and Miss Inez Garrick.

Mr. Louis Husby of Deerfield, Wis., is spending a few days with his sister, Mrs. Charlie Howad, befrore going on to visit his parents at St. Elmo.

Mr. J. A. Putman, of Brooks, Ga., accompanied by his son, Clark, spent a few days of last week with his daughter, Gladys, who is attending Thorsby Institute.

Regular preaching services will be held at the Congregational church next Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. There will be no evening service. Christian Endeavor will meet at the regular hour 6:30.

The three churches of Thorsby have completed their plans for the Union Thanksgiving service to be held at the Congregational church Thanksgiving morning. Rev. F. W. C. Bice, pastor of the Baptist church will deliver the sermon. Music will be furnished by the choirs of the three churches.

There will be morning and evening services at the Baptist church next Sunday by the pastor, Rev. F. W. C. Bice.

The two branches of the Helen Keller Literary Society, Rileys and Laniers, met a few days ago for the purpose of electing contestants for the annual contest to be held just before the Christmas holidays. The Rileys elected the following: Debaters, Raymond Kicklighter, Orville Mastin; Declamation, Rufus Pennington; Reading, Olga Soberg; Music, Elizabeth Thompson; Essay, May Bell McJunkin. The Laniers elected the following to contest the Rileys: Debaters, Luther Machen, Herbert Hughes; Declamation, Chester Turner; Reading, Lorena, Graham; Essay, Elizabeth Rogers; Music, Inga Erdahl.

Mr. and Mrs. Ottis Johnson accompanied by their three children and brother Webster, of Headland, Ala., motored to Thorsby Friday of last week to visit their sister, Maud, and brother, Arthur, who are students in Thorsby Institute.

Irregular bowel movements lead to chronic constipation and a constipated habit fills the system with impurities. HERBINE is a great bowel regulator. It purifies the system, vitalizes the blood and puts the digestive organs in fine vigorous condition. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

AUCTION SALE

On Friday, Dec. 7, at 9:30 a.m. I will sell at my place near Maple Springs church at auction to the highest bidder the following property:

Farming implements, 1 mower with rake, 3 milk cows with young calves, 1 horse, hogs, fodder, household goods and kitchen utensils.

This is a Bona fide sale—no by-bidding.

J. B. MIMS.
W. W. FOX,
11-22-3t Auctioneer.

TWELFTH ANNUAL BARGAIN DAY SALE OF

—THE—

Birmingham Ledger

A FULL YEAR BY MAIL FOR

$3.50

Both Old and New Subscriptions.

A real newspaper—conveying all the news of Alabama, of the United States, of the world.

War news—through its connection with the great United Press Association, THE LEDGER furnishes fullest first and mose reliable news from all the battle fronts.

Features—Novel-a-week by the best known authors; comic strips, "Mutt and Jeff" and "Bringing up Father;" fashions, daily horoscope; food and household suggestions; Sunday School lessons, poems, daily health hints, special articles by best known writers; Saturday comic and magazine pages in colors.

Billy Sunday's Atlanta revival reported daily for LEDGER readers.

Editorial—Honest and fearless expressions of editorial opinions on the questions of the day.

Every Alabamian should keep in touch through the LEDGER with the news at home and abroad during this great upheavel in the world.

Send your subscription through this paper, through the Ledger agent or direct to BIRMINGHAM LEDGER, Birmingham, Ala.

Offer open for limited period only.

DO IT NOW!

ABOUT SHIPPING CATTLE OUT OF TICK COUNTIES.

The State Sanitary Live Stock Board Writes a Letter to the Probate Judge.

I am having published a letter from the Live Stock Sanitary Department of Auburn, Alabama, which explains itself. From these rulings it will be seen that it will be almost impossible to ship cattle out of Chilton County after January 1st, 1918.

L. H. REYNOLDS.

Auburn, Ala., Nov. 22, 1917.

Serious war conditions confront our State and nation. Among these is the most unusual demands for beef, hides (leather), milks, butter and dairy products. The movement of ticky cattle retards and hinders tick eradication by endangering tick free areas and tick free cattle. The movement of ticky cattle makes the tick free counties, the state and federal authorities spend money, time and labor to protect tick free areas and tick free cattle when such money, time and labor should be spent in direct and effective tick eradication.

On December 1st, 1917, 61 per cent of the area of Alabama will have been released from U. S. quarantine. The remaining 39 per cent must become tick free and be released from federal quarantine if it receives the benefit of the high prices of beef and dairy products and does its part in the production of these necessary war-time products, and if it ceases to be dangerous to the tick free areas of this and other states.

Georgia prohibits the movement of ticky cattle. Louisiana, Arkansas and Texas have state-wide tick eradication. Tennessee has been tick free for several years, and the entire state of Mississippi will be released from quarantine on December 1, 1917.

The recent changes in the regulations of the live stock sanitary board of Alabama prohibit the movement of tick infested cattle from tick infested areas or counties in Alabama after January 1, 1918. The effect of this requirement will in no way interfere with counties that have taken up active tick eradication or counties preparing to do active tick eradication. It will help such counties. In fact, all tick infested counties can best comply with the new requirements, in shipping or moving cattle, and improving and raising cattle, by taking up active tick eradication.

Every tick infested county in Alabama should co-operate at once with the state and federal inspectors and begin building dipping vats. State and federal aid will be given to every county that will build dipping vats and get ready to comply with the state law and regulations and help banish the destructive cattle tick from Alabama.

Will you do your part? If so, write at once to Federal Inspector, Dr. R. E. Jackson, Birmingham, or Dr. C. A. Cary, State Veterinarian, Auburn, Alabama.

Amendment to Regulation 4.
(Adopted Nov. 19, 1917, to become effective January 1, 1918.)

Paragraph F.

Cattle dipping in accordance with this regulation shall be first inspected by a state live stock inspector or an agent or inspector of the U. S. bureau of animal industry ,and a written permit issued by such inspector or agent certifying that the cattle are apparently free from tick infestation.

Paragraph G.

It is hereby ordered that the transportation of railroad companies shall securely lock their stock pens or loading chutes in the quarantined counties of Alabama, not engaged in the tick eradication work, and not permit any cattle to be placed in such pens or chutes for shipment to any point in this or any other state, unless a written permit from a state live stock inspector or agent or inspector of the U.S. Bureau of Animal Industry for the movement is first presented by the owner or person in charge. Such permit shall be kept on file by the transportation or railroad agent receiving the shipment, and a copy of said permit shall be sent by mail at once to the State Veterinarian of Alabama by the transportation or railroad agent.

During "BARGAIN DAYS," Dec. 1-15, THE BIRMINGHAM NEWS will accept subscriptions, Daily and Sunday (both) by mail (only) ONE YEAR (no less) for FOUR ($4) DOLLARS. Agents wanted everywhere.

Regulate the bowels when they fail to move properly. HERBINE is an admirable bowel regulator. It helps the liver and stomach and restores a fine feeling of strength and buoyancy. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

FOR GOOD PRINTING CALL ON US

Bargains at REYNOLDS'

Brood Sows For Sale.—Two Red Jersey Gilts; Three Mule-Footed Gilts.

Also have on hand several Heifers. Some will give milk soon. Some good milch cows for sale.

I do not want to ship milch cows or brood sows away from here.

I have several good meat hogs for sale.

I am closing out my Stock of **Furniture**—Bureaus, Wash Stands, Iron and Wood Bedsteads, Bed Springs, Matresses, Chairs etc.

Blacksmith Tools.—One set of Bellows, and a Chest of Tools.

Remember that I will buy Corn, Beans, Hay, Hogs and Cattle.

If you want anything in my Line, come and see me before you buy.

L. H. REYNOLDS

CAR OWNERS
Vulcanize Your Own Inner Tubes
Have you seen our Vulcanizer?
Quick, Simple and Inexpensive
A vulcanized patch for 6¼c better and nicer looking than the old way,
In five minutes
Price $1.50, complete with Patches. Send for free circular,
THE LAWSON CO., Division "A"
Birmingham, Ala.

FOR RENT CHEAP

27 acres of land under wire fence, with seven room dwelling, three room dwelling, store, large barn, and out houses. Running water. Known as the Smith place, located on the Birmingham-Clanton highway and So. Railway at Dixie, Ala. If interested communicate with P. O. Box 136 Selma, Ala.

Stalk Cutters

We have a few Stalk Cutters made by the International Harvester Company, which are considered by most every person the very best Cutters ever sold in this Section. We are now offering them to the market at the

- - Old Price - -

If you are interested buy now!

Clanton Hardware Co.

Children Love It

This Wholesome Drink That Makes Them Thrive



Buffalo Rock GINGER ALE

"Highest in Quality." Mild and mellow yet full of flavor. Non-reacting. Non-astringent. Kind to nerves. Genial to digestion.

As fine for grown-ups as for kids. It's golden goodness—bottled.

Keep a home case of Buffalo Rock in your home. Order from your grocer.

In Individual Bottles at Fountains and Soft Drink Stands **5c**

Buffalo Rock Company

Anniston Birmingham Montgomery

"Torturing Headaches—don't suffer—Stop them!"



Long hours, close and tedious work are very apt to result in Headaches or other Pains. Don't suffer.

DR. MILES'
ANTI-PAIN PILLS
will quickly drive your Pain away, and
Dr. Miles' Nervine
will assist you by relieving the Nerve Strain.

IF FIRST BOX, OR BOTTLE, FAILS TO BENEFIT YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

DIZZY SPELLS.

"My nerves became all worn out. I had bad headaches and severe dizzy spells. I could not sleep and my appetite was poor. I began using Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills and they always gave me instant relief no matter what the pain. Then I used Dr. Miles' Nervine regularly and was soon in perfect health again."

MRS. S. L. YOUNG,
324 Pittsburg St.,
Newcastle, Penn.

New Store

Filled with new stock of

Staple & Fancy Groceries

General Merchandise, Dry Goods, clothing, Shoes and Notions.

YOUR TRADE IS SOLICITED.

I will buy your Corn, Peas, Velvet Beans at highest market price.

J. HUGH JONES

In New Hayes Bldg. Clanton, Ala.

WHEN in need of Printing see what we can do before you go elsewhere.

COULD HARDLY STAND ALONE

Terrible Suffering From Headache, Sideache, Backache, and Weakness, Relieved by Cardui, Says This Texas Lady.

Gonzales, Tex.— Mrs. Minnie Philpot, of this place, writes: "Five years ago I was taken with a pain in my left side. It was right under my left rib. It would commence with an aching and extend up into my left shoulder and on down into my back. By that time the pain would be so severe I would have to take to bed, and suffered usually about three days ...I suffered this way for three years, and got to be a mere skeleton and was so weak I could hardly stand alone. Was not able to go anywhere and had to let my house work go...I suffered awful with a pain in my back and I had the headache all the time. I just was unable to do a thing. My life was a misery, my stomach got in an awful condition, caused from taking so much medicine. I suffered so much pain. I had just about given up all hopes of our getting anything to help me.

One day a Birthday Almanac was thrown in my yard. After reading its testimonials I decided to try Cardui, and am so thankful that I did, for I began to improve when on the second bottle...I am now a well woman and feeling fine and the cure has been permanent for it has been two years since my awful bad health. I will always praise and recommend Cardui." Try Cardui today. E 78

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of Interior, U. S. Land Office, Montgomery, Ala., October 6, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that Russell I. Perkins, whose post-office address is Dollar, Ala., did, on the 14th day of March, 1917, file in this office sworn statement and application No. 010149, to purchase the SW¼ of the SW¼, Section 36, Township 22 N., Range 16 E., St. Stephens Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisinos of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised One Hundred Fifty-one and 75-100 Dollars, the timber estimated 56,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M., and the land $39.75; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 20th day of December, 1917, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rockford, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER, Register.

Stop canghing! You rack the lungs and worrk the body. BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP checks irritation, heals the lungs and restores comfortable breathing. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

Hodges still has a lot of those groceries at saving prices. Better buy from him whilet hey last.

NOTICE—I will grind wheat at Thorsby Flour Mill on Monday and Tuesday of each week, and corn on Saturdays.

F. E. GRONQUIST.

Ease Up

ON YOUR POCKET BOOK

Begin the Easing Process with your Table. Look into the size of your Grocery Bill—Then try us.

If you are not one of our Regular Customers we want you to try our High Grade Flour, Teas, Coffee and other Groceries.

We sell everything for the Table, Guarantee its Quality and keep the price away down.

I am still at the same old stand, and ready to serve my Customers.

J. W. LITTLEJOHN

"THE GROCERY MAN"

CLANTON, ALA

WAR TALKS

By UNCLE DAN

Number Six

Billie and Jimmie Will Take Military Training.

"I am mighty sorry, Uncle Dan, that this is your last night with us. Can't you stay longer? We boys are having a peach of a time," said Billie.

"Well, if you get more out of it in the way of pleasure than I," said Uncle Dan, "you are going some."

"Billie, I have been talking seriously with your father and mother about sending you to a military academy and they asked me to talk with you about it."

"Whoopee!" Billie screamed, like a wild Indian.

"Now, hold your horses," said Uncle Dan, "and listen to me. You know I sent my boy, Howard, to one of these schools for a year when he was about your age. He was narrow chested, stoop shouldered, rather loose jointed; he had the big head and needed discipline and physical development. He was growing fast and I wanted him to be strong physically."

"Say, Uncle Dan," said Billie, "I believe your description of Howard fits me pretty well, eh?"

"Well," said Uncle Dan, "to be frank I think it does; you need the same thing. Howard did not like it at first. I am told for a few weeks he had 'rough sledding,' but after he found that the only way was to obey orders, he caught the spirit of the institution and liked it. We did not see him for about six months, then he came home for a few days. We were astonished at his appearance. He had gained about 20 pounds in weight, his muscles were as hard as nails, he stood as straight as an arrow, he was courteous, consider-



Note the result of six months of military training. Compare lines A-A and B-B in cut.

ate and manly. His awkwardness had disappeared. The change was wonderful and it was all to the good. Here is a photograph showing 'before and after taking,' and I am sure no patent medicine advertisement could beat it.

"Well, mother and I were delighted. That was ten years ago, and Howard says the year he spent at the military academy was the best year of his life.

"Now," said Uncle Dan, with great earnestness, "when such training does so much good, makes better citizens and at the same time fits a man to defend his country, why should not Uncle Sam furnish this training at the government's expense? The government has the right to call anyone to serve in case of war, and without training, a man is worth nothing as a soldier. Uncle Sam has splendid new training camps that will soon be available for the purpose, therefore, here is double reason why the Chamberlain bill for compulsory military training should be passed at once, so that every boy physically fit may have this training and not leave it for his parents to pay for. On account of the expense, not one boy in 50 can take the training now. I am glad that you can do so. These big crops and big prices, I find, make the farmers rather 'cocky,' and that the best is demanded by them."

Billie was up with the lark the next morning, more excited and enthusiastic than ever. He had a plan. He knew Jimmie owned a colt worth $100; that he would make almost another $100 on his potatoes if they turned out well, and that he had from his previous savings, bought a $100 Liberty bond. Billie's plan was to have Jimmie cash in and go with him. He was disappointed to find that Jimmie would still lack about $300 of having enough to see him through. His lip quivering, he said: "I'm mighty sorry to leave Jimmie."

Uncle Dan was silent a moment or two, then he asked Billie to go down to the orchard and get him some apples to eat on the train. While he was gone, it was arranged that Uncle Dan and Mr. and Mrs. Graham would advance the money necessary so that Jimmie could go. When Billie returned he was told about it. He ran to the phone and called Jimmie, saying: "Come on over, run just as fast as you can, I've got the greatest news you ever heard of."

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
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DR. V. J. GRAGG,
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Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women & Surgery
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

A. C. Smith B. Guy Smith
SMITH & SMITH
Attorneys At Law
General Practice
Clanton, - - - - - Alabama.

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

AGENTS WANTED

WANTED—AGENTS IN EVERY CITY AND TOWN IN ALABAMA. Everybody wants to make extra money at this season of the year when unusual demands are made on the pocketbook. Here's your opportunity. Only requires some of your spare time working among your neighbors. THE LEDGER offers a special proposition to those who will solicit new and renewal subscriptions for the next few weeks.

Light and Pleasant work.

Many of our agents have made from twenty-five to one hundred dollars, depending puon how much time they could spare.

Write for particulars and agents instructions by first mail. Address.

CIRCULATION DEPARTMENT
The Birmingham Ledger.

Wet Buckeye Hulls carry the feed perfectly



ROUGHAGE is of little value if it allows the concentrated foods to sift to the bottom of the trough and become separated from it. There is no danger of this with

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

when they are wetted down a half hour or so before using. Then they combine more thoroughly and uniformly with the other forage than the old style hulls.

Use Buckeye Hulls properly and you will find them a better roughage than old style hulls and far more economical.

Other Advantages

Buckeye Hulls cost much less than old style hulls.	2000 pounds real roughage to the ton—not 1500 pounds of roughage and 500 pounds of lint.
They allow better assimilation of food.	Sacked—easy to handle.
No trash or dust. No lint.	Take less space in the barn.

Mr. E. W. Leonard, Ellendale, Tenn.,

has been feeding Buckeye Hulls to three milch cows. He says that the cows are giving more milk and butter and are in fine condition. He prefers Buckeye Hulls.

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K *The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.* *Dept. K*

Atlanta Birmingham Greenwood Little Rock Memphis
Augusta Charlotte Jackson Macon Selma

NOTICE OF LAND SALE

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, rendered on the 6th day of October, 1917, the undersigned will sell to the highest bidder for cash in front of the court house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama, within the legal hours of sale on Monday the 17th day of December, 1917 ,the following described lands of the estate of P. E. Coleman, deceased, to wit:

Mineral rights of the NW ¼ of the SE ¼ of the NW ¼ Sec. 12, Tp. 22, Range 13, 10 acres; Mineral rights N ½ of the SW ¼ of the SE ¼ of the NW ¼ Sec. 12, Tp. 22, Range 13, 5 acres. Two lots 5 and 6 block 23 according to the map of Thorsby, Alabama, and lot 16, block 2 according to the map of Thorsby, Alabama, and lot 6 block H according to the map of Thorsby, Alabama; and the following described real estate situated, lying and being in the county of Fayette, State of Alabama, to wit: Lots 1 to 21 in block 1 according to the map of Fayette Highlands.

W. B. TOMLIN,
Administrator.

FOR SALE—1 heifer calf 5 weeks old ¾ Jersey ¼ Durham, price $8. 1 runabout buggy, price $6.00.

L. E. DEIFENDERFER,
Thorsby, Ala.

NOTICE

I will not crush any velvet beans until December 1st.

J. A. MADDOX.

Clanton, Ala., Nov. 8, 1917.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS

Notes from National Live Stock Reporter of St. Louis, Friday, Nov. 23.

Southern supply of cattle was very slim. Market strong. Week's trade averaged 25 to 50 cents higher on all grades.

Only a moderate supply of hogs arriving. Prices average 15 to 25c lower than last week.

NOTICE

All persons indebted to me will please call at the office and settle.

DR. SAM JOHNSON.

HEY! CROOSTIE MEN

I am paying 54 cents for first class Pine, White Oak and Post Oak Ties, and 35 cents for second class.

J. E. LITTLEJOHN
CLANTON, ALA.

MONEY SAVING SALES

YOUR DOLLARS WILL HAVE MORE CENTS

If you Spend them at this Big Store.

Our shelves are laden with Brand New, Crisp Fall Merchandise. We carry a Full Line of Everything for Man, Woman and Child. If its Farm Supplies, Groceries, Grain, Shoes, Hats, Hardware, Groceries, or Fancy Goods, we can supply you, and supply you at figures that will make your Pocket Book laugh. :. :. :. :.

Complete Line of Funeral Supplies—Prompt Personal attention Given Every Call.

Mullins & Moore

W. I. Mullins Old Stand.

CLANTON, = ALA.

No. 10 bucket Snow Drift Lard, ... $1.95

Special Sale

7 lbs. Green or 6 lbs. Pea Berry Coffee, ... $1.00

GROCERIES AT REDUCED PRICES

ALL STRICTLY CASH

Nothing will be charged nor delivered at these reduced prices.

WE ARE OFFERING OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF GROCERIES AT THESE SPECIAL CASH PRICES AS LONG AS THEY LAST. ALL THSE GOODS ARE NEW AND FREH, AND ARE GUARANTEED TO BE STANDARD IN EVERY PARTICULAR. IN ORDER THAT YOU MAY KNOW SOMETHING OF THE VALUE OF THE BARGAINS WE ARE OFFERING WE GIVE BELOW A LIST OF PRICES ON A NUMBER OF THE ARTICLES WE ARE GOING TO SELL. THERE ARE MANY OTHER BARGAINS WHICH WE OFFER, AT SIMILARPRICES, BUT WE HAVE NOT SPACE HERE TO ENUMERATE THEM ALL. READ THE FOLLOWING:

1 can No. 3 Lomoco Table Peaches,	22c	2 cans No. 2 Lomoco Baby Beets,	35c	2 cans No. 2 Stokely Beans Price,	25c
3 cans No. 1 Pie Peaches Price,	25c	1 can No. 2 Libby's Sliced Pineapple,	23c	1 can No. 3 Stokely Beans Price,	15c
1 9-oz. can Chunk Pineapple,	10c	2 ½-lb. cans Libby's Grated Pineapple,	25c	1 can Hawaiian Chunk Pineapple,	20c
2 cans Lomoco Sliced Pineapple,	25c	2 cans large size Libby's Pork and Beans,	25c	Heinz's large size India Relish,	30c
1 can No. 2 Bartlett Pears,	22c	3 10c cans or 6 5c cans Dromedary shreded Cocoa,	25c	Heinz's Mustard Dressing, Price,	20c
2 cans No. 2 Lomoco Country Gentleman Corn,	35c	2 pkgs. Corn Flakes or Post Toasties,	25c	Heinz's Olive Oil or Celery Soup,	22c
1 can No. 2 Southern Beauty or Stokely Corn,	15c	1 pkg. Purity Grits, large size,	25c	Heinz's Pork and Beans, or Spaghetti,	10c
2 cans No. 2 Royal White Corn,	25c	2 pkgs. Purity Rolled Oats or Grits,	25c	1 lb. can Calumet Baking Powder,	25c
2 cans Lomoco or Stokely Tomatoes,	25c	2 Kllogg's Bran Flakes or Wheat Crumbles,	25c	2 cans Pimientos, Price,	25c
1 can Stokely Hominy, Price,	10c	2 pkgs. Cream of Rice, Price,	25c	2 cans Pet Milk, Price,	13c
2 cans No. 2 Early June Stokely or Peli Polis Peas,	25c	1 lb. full headed loose rice, Price,	10c	1 jar Beech Nut Bacon, Price,	35c
1 can No. 2 Eearly June Sweet Violet Peas,	15c	1 bar Pearl Toilet Soap, Price,	5c	1 can Vienna Sausage or 1 can Oysters,	10c
1 can Burnham tiny Sliced Peas,	22c	2 bars Ivory Soap or Fairy Soap,	15c	1 can Potted Meat, Price,	5c
2 cans No. 1 Lomoco Sliced Peaches,	25c	1 bar Star or Export or Clean-Easy soap,	5c	1 can Boneless Chicken, Price,	30c
2 cans Okra, Corn and Tomatoes,	25c	1 bar Palm Olive Soap, Price,	10c	1 can Libby's Roast Beef, Price,	23c
1 can Lomoco Lima Beans, Price,	15c	1 box Blue-Tip or Bird's Eye Matches,	5c	1 can Atmore's or Heinz's Mince Meat,	25c
3 cans Lomoco Sweet Potatoes,	25c	1 3-lb Cafe-du-Monde Coffee,	85c	1 pkg. Lomoco Mince Meat,	10c
2 cans Heinz Tomato Soup or Campbells, veg. soup,	25c	1 3-lb. can St. Regis or Donavan's Special Coffee,	90c	2 cans French Sardines, Price,	35c
1 can Serv-us or Top Brand Tomato Soup,	10c	1 lb. Loose Lard, Price,	20c	2 cans Mustard Sardines, Price,	25c
1 large package Postum, Price,	24c	No. 4 bucket Snow Drift Lard,	75c	1 can Wesson's Cooking Oil,	35c
2 cans No. 1 Pink Salmon, Price,	35c	4 lbs. French Market or After Dinner Coffee,	90c	1 can Cooked Brains, Price,	18c
1 can Alaska Red Salmon, Price,	24c	Heinz large size Catsup or Chilli Sauce,	25c	1 can Tripe, Price,	20c
1 can Sockeye Salmon, Price,	27c	Heinz's Preserves, Price,	25c	1 can Veal Loaf or Chicken Loaf,	18c
2 cans Fish Flakes, Price,	25c	Heinz Sour or Sweet Pickles or Chowchow,	15c	1 box Argo or Celluloid Starch,	5c
Pickled Herring fish, Per Fish,	5c	Heinz's Worcester Sauce, Price,	18c	1 pkg. Grape Nuts, Price,	15c
2 small Mackeral or 1 9-oz. Mackeral,	25c	Heinz's Beef Steak or Cramberry Sauce,	20c	6 pkgs. Soda, Price,	25c
1 Baker's large size Cocoa,	23c	Heinz Plum Pudding, Price,	30c	½ gal. Heinz's Vinegar, Price,	35c
1 Baker's small size Cocoa,	9c	Heinz's small size India Relish,	15c	1 qt. Heinz's Vinegar, Price,	20c

COMPARE THE ABOVE PRICES WITH WHAT YOU HAVE BEEN PAYING FOR THE SAME THING, AND YOU WILL AT ONCE SEE WHAT A GREAT SAVING IT WILL BE TO BUY FROM US WHILE THIS SCALE OF PRICES PREVAILS. TO OUR CUSTOMERS IN THE COUNTRY WE WISH TO SAY ESPECIALLY THAT YOUR ATTENTION IS INVITED TO THESE EXTRA LOW PRICES. COME AND SAVE MONEY ON YOUR GROCERIES.

Turnip Seed
New crop good seed to sell at 25c lb.

W. Z. HODGES

CLANTON, ALA.

Children can buy here just as well as grown folks for it is one price to all

WADE'S WEEKLY LETTER

Alabama Feed for Texas.

Alabama farmers will have the first opportunity of supplying feeding stuff to the drouth stricken district of Texas. Hon. Sam H. Dixon of the Texas Department of Agriculture spent several weeks touring Lousiana, Mississippi and Alabama in search of feeding stuff. He traveled quietly in Alabama for three weeks, accompanied by an official of the Alabama Department of Agriculture and Industries. Mr. Dixon reported to his state at a meeting in Waco on November 14th that he found the greatest surplus of feeding stuffs in Alabama and recommended that negotiations be opened at once between the people of the drought district and Alabama farmers and business men.

Alabama people will get this business and supply the West with thousands of car loads of corn, hay, and beans, if they will sell to Texas at the same price which home people are paying. Remember the freight rate to Texas is ten to twelve dollars per ton in car lots. Texas will pay cash for her stuff. Alabama farmers will not be expected to deal with the people of the dry district in a charitable way, but they are asked to refrain from speculative interest and to price their products to Texas people at the same price that it can be sold at home. This kind of policy will get the business amounting to thousands of car loads. If Alabama people quote speculative prices, the busines will be lost the the State and go to Missouri and Kansas where the freight is cheaper. Alabama farmers can afford to compete for this business and are urged to do so. Freight cars have been made available for this purpose by the Government.

Pink Boll Worm In Texas

It is no longer a doubt about the pink boll worm in Texas. It is a conceded fact and some of the Texas papers predict that it will prabably cause damage to the extent of $250,000,000 next year. Alabama farmers are warned not to buy planting seed or cotton bi-products from Texas on account of the danger of importing this destructive pest into our State.

From all indications at present Texas will increase her cotton acreage next year. The boll weevil having done very little or no damage this year and the high prices this fall seem to have stimulated a keen desire for increased production. Farmers are destroying old stalks now as fast as they can get the cotton out. They are taking advaneed steps to keep down the boll weevil damages next year This year's cotton crop for Texas will be about 3,300,000 bales.

JAS. A. WADE,
Commissioner of Agriculture.

Information from Camp Wheeler is to the effect that Robert Roper cannot survive his illness of pneumonia.

CLANTON BAPTIST CHURCH

A Thanksgiving Service will be held at this church, at 7 p.m., on Thursday.

If the circumstances are favorable, the pastor wishes to begin a series of services at the church, on next Sunday; preaching every night at 7 p.m.

This is intended for a kind of pre-Christmas rally, which, it is hoped will culminate in a 'White Christmas' program of a suitable nature, and the giving of gifts where they are needed most.

The pastor, Rev. J. F. Gable, conducted the funeral services of a Chilton County soldier boy, who died of pneumonia at Camp Wheeler. Jim Wyatt was 28 years of age, a member of Battery E, 117th U. S. Artillery. He was buried at Providence Church.

The simple birth-day offerings in the Sunday School have netted $11 up to date, for the building fund. This fund is constantly growing, being fed from several different sources. Mrs. Renfro Mullins' class is doing some good work, and they dare any other class in the school to beat them.

Our Superintendent, Judge E. B. Deason, is still suffering greatly from asthma his ancient enemy. He is thinking of taking a trip to the southwest for about a two-weeks stay, when he shall have somewhat recovered from his present attack.

In the meantime, the Assistant Superintendent, Mr. T. E. Williams, has taken zealous hold, and the school is running smoothly and with increasing interest. The per capita contributions are now standing at a somewhat higher average than formerly.

It is hoped that the new clock which has been placed in the church will conduce to a prompt attendance in both Sunday School and church services. Someone has wittily said, "The Pilgrims placed their Clocks inside the church, lest they come too late, moderns put them inside lest they stay too long."

EXPERTS HERE TO TALK TO CORN ANP PIG BOYS

The corn and pig club boys have had a rare treat this week. Besides having lots of fun they have listened to some of the finest kind of instruction from Mr. B. J. Burleson, of the Agricultural Extension Service at Auburn. Mr. L. T. Wells, Assistant State Club Agent, and County Farm Demonstrator W. H. Conway. The meeting of the club boys adjourned at noon Wednesday.

OPERATING LUMBER WAGONS WITHOUT COUNTY LICENSE

If a man operates a lumber wagon on the public roads of Chilton County D.J. Burleson showed us how to make and is arraigned before the court for violation of the laws, it costs him more to get the business settled than the license would cost him for a whole year.

Three examples of this kind have been before the court this week and were paid off Tuesday.

Will Strength was fined $1.00 by the court, and had to pay the cost also which amounted to $25.00. It cost the second, Charles Johnson $25.40, while the third party, Ed Brown, had to plank down $28.20.

It seems that it would pay to abide by the law.

THE SLACKER

(Composed by C. H. Latham, U.S.S. Montgomery, Norfolk, Va.)

We give you our services, you shut off our beer,
But the slacker can drink 'till it runs out of his ear;
We quit a good job to keep you from harm,
And a slacker goes by with a girl on his arm;
They laugh at a sailor, poor unlucky jackie,
Do you go with a slacker?
A slacker rides around in a Ford all his own,
And charges us a dolalr to carry us home;
We are doing our duty, he thinks he is right,
While we leave mother and father to take up the fight,
The slacker strikes around any place he cares,
And laughs at the sailor whenever he dares;
Dicipline we know is a thing that must be,
But honest to goodness we fail to see.
When a sailor drinks nothing but water and pop,
Why the drinks of the slacker can't also stop.
If a slacker can dance it seems rather hard,
When from decent dances the uniform is barred;
We have shouldred our rifles and taken our place,
And will go to our death with a smile on our face,
But this is our honest appeal to you,
Before we cross, over please give us our dues.

The ladies of the Methodist Missionary Society of Clanton met at the home of Mrs. B. E. Jones, on Tuesday. Several papers were read and refreshments furnished, consisting of varied salad courses.

A Woman's Duty



Since the beginning of time, it has been woman's sphere in life to rear the future generation. Three generations of expectant mothers have aided nature by the regular use of the time-honored external application, "Mother's Friend".

This safe and reliable emollient softens the skin of the abdomen; the muscles expand easily and more naturally when baby is born, and this liniment is the greatest contribution of science to a happy motherhood.

"Mother's Friend" is the prescription of a famous physician who prescribed it in his obstetrical practice for over forty years, and is of such a helpful and natural nature as to be in every way necessary to the expectant mother. All reliable druggists supply "Mother's Friend". Apply it yourself to the abdomen and breasts night and morning. Write the Bradfield Regulator Co., Dept. L, 200 Lamar Building, Atlanta, Ga., and they will send you a little book brimful of scientifically prepared information, without charge. Write for it by all means, and do not fail to aid nature by the use of "Mother's Friend". Ask for a bottle of "Mother's Friend" at your druggist's today.

NON-RESIDENT NOTICE

State of Alabama, Chilton County. Circuit Court, July Term, 1917.

J. P. VanDerveer, Jr., and J. H. Roberts, partners, doing business as The Pine Tree Lumber Co., plaintiffs, Southern Lumber and Manufacturing Company, a corporation, defendents.

To Southern Lumber and Manufacturing Company, a corporation:

Whereas, J. P. VanDerveer, Jr., and J. H. Roberts, partners doing business as the Pine Tree Lumber Co., as plaintiffs in said cause, has obtained an attachment out of this Court issued the 2nd day of November, 1917, against the estate of the said Southern Lumber and Manufacturing Co., a corporation, defendant, which attachment has been levied upon the following described personal property , as the property of said defendant, to-wit:

Four car-loads, about sixty thousand feet 2 x 6, eight, and 10 x 9 foot and nine foot, six inches long, rough, dry yellow pine lumber, and whereas, it appears that the said Southern Lumber and Manufacturing Company, a corporation, defendant, as aforesaid, is a non-resident of the State of Alabama

Now, therefore, the said Southern Lumber and Manufacturing Company a corporation, wherever it may reside, are hereby notified of the levy and pendency of said attachment.

Witness my hand, this 26th day of November, 1917.

M. D. FOSHEE, Clerk.

DEPUTIES CAPTURE AUTO AS IT WAS HUNTING FOR LIQUOR

On Wednesday night a strange auto from up about Birmingham made its way into the hills of North Chilton on a suspicious looking errand.

Officers of Chilton County caught the scent of his trail anl threw a net in his course. About two o'clock Thursday morning as the car was making its way out of the hills it fell directly into the hands of Deputies Gore and Gillespie, who took charge of the car and driver, W. D. McNair. A search found 16 jugs and 15 cans, each of a gallon capacity, which he had brought to convey his cargo of moonshine back to the city. But the containers were empty. He had failed to find the liquor and was on his way back without it. McNair was arrested and brought to Clanton and placed in the county jail.

The Chilton County oficers have lately apprehended several automobiles from the cities coming into the hills around here for whiskey, but this is the first one they have succeeded in getting.

Miss Lula Bradford of Birmingham was present at the three-days session of the Teachers Institute.

John A. Stanfield succeeded in securing a big Thanksgiving purse for the minister's Thanksgiving present.

WILLIAMS-SMITH

A mariage of unusual interest was that of Mr. Hudson Williams of Akron, Ohio, and Miss Rilla Smith of Clanton, which was consumated last Friday. The incident came as a surprise to the many friends of the two popular young people.

The have the good wishes of hundreds, that their lives may be happy and prsperous.

Rev. S. M. Adams has returned from a trip to Florida.

Kin Vinson, Derwood Mims and Albert Pyron are at home on furlough from training camp at Macon, Ga.

Hon. J. O. Middleton has been in Montgomery this week on legal business, at United States Court.

Miss Gertrude Popwell, one of the assistant teachers at Collins Chapel school, attended the teachers institute here this week.

Read the Union-Banner. $1 a year.

Don't Forget Your Home Town

While you are working for such laudable patriotic institutions as the Red Cross and the Y. M. C. A., don't overlook your duties right here at home.

WE ARE NOT ALL GOING TO GERMANY, AND THOSE WHO ARE TO REMAIN IN CLANTON CERTAINLY DESERVE AND WANT TO HAVE A TOWN THAT IS WORTH LIVING IN.

WE WANT TO DO OUR FULL DUTY BY THE BOYS WHO ARE TO GO TO THE FRONT AND FIGHT THE BATTLES FOR LIBERTY. WE WANT TO GIVE THEM ALL THE COMFORTS POSSIBLE. BUT AT THE SAME TIME OUR DUTY TO OUR HOME TOWN AND COMMUNITY IS NOT RELAXED ONE BIT. WE ARE STILL CALLED ON BY STERN NECESSITY TO GUARD OUR DESTINIES IF WE WOULD CONTINE TO PROSPER AND OVERCOME THE IMPEDIMENTS THAT COME OUR WAY IN COMMERCIAL, CIVIL, MORAL AND RELIGIOUS RELATIONS. OUR DUTIES ARE NOT JUST SHIFTED FROM ONE THING TO THE OTHER BY THE WAR,—THEY ARE MULTIPLIED. WE ACCORDINGLY MUST MULTIPLY OUR ENERGIES TO MEET THE DEMAND THAT WE ARE CALLED UPON TO FILL AS CITIZENS OF A WIDEAWAKE TOWN. LET US PATRONIZE OUR LOCAL FIRMS FIRST, AND CONTINUALLY YELL "CLANTON."

Overalls

We sell the Famous Carhartt Overalls, Each Pair guaranteed

W. A. KEMP

THE STAR SPANGLED

Will mean More to You after you see

"THE SLACKER"

Seven Smashing Acts surpassing all Triumphs on Screen or Stage, at the

Ideal Theatre

Friday and Saturday of this Week.

Admission, 10c and 20c, War Tax.

CHRISTMAS

Will soon be here, and we have supplied our Store with anything that you will want. Gifts for Father, Mother, Brother, Sister, and Sweetheart, will be found in display in our Store.

Buy Before the Rush.

UPCHURCH DRUG COMPANY

Just received a Carload of Nails, Wire and Fencing. See us before buying them.

Downs Hardware Company

If you want the best

GROCERIES

That money can buy, just call on me. I have a complete line and at the right prices.

J.W.Littlejohn

What have you got that you want to sell?

I will buy your Syrup, Corn, Cattle and Hogs. And will pay the highest market prices far all of your farm products.

L.H.REYNOLDS

FORD CARS

And Parts; Oil, Gasoline, and accessories. Get your order in for new cars now and avoid having to wait for delivery.

L. J. DUNCAN MOTOR CO.

Merchants, Business men and Professional men, and none the less the good patriotic women, of Clanton, are showing to the outside world that they are active, awake and alert to the call of duty in the various ways it is devolved upon them by the abnormal times of war. Ceaseless and unrelenting work for the Red Cross and the Y. M. C. A. has resuled in a fair response from our local people. Both time and money, much thought and energy, have been expended all over our broad land to meet the demand of the times in which we live. Clanton has done and is doing her part nobly and well.

But now back to the other side of the picture: Look again upon the old scenes which confronted us before the war began. If we were all going to the trenches to fight we would not care much about what became of Clanton after we were gone. But some of us will remain here to work, live, and we hope, prosper. We must still grapple with the same ploblems that have ever confronted us in our efforts to make our town and community worth while.

The business men whose names you see in this paper are spending money to remind the other citizens that they are willing to work and actually working, to make Clanton an ideal place to live in. They implore the aid and co-operation of all who live around here. You can help them in their undertaking by co-operating with them in their booster campaign for home trading and home development.

Complete Line of

CLOTHING

Shoes, Etc.

For Sale Cheap for Cash

Wiley Littlejohn

DISTINCTIVE

Printing

¶ Printing that will attract attention and put your advertising in a class by itself—printing that contains originality in conception and excellence in its execution—this quality of originality and individuality characterizes all the printed work we turn out.

Star Brand Shoes Are Better

We have a Full Line of Them for Fall and Winter.

Clanton Mercantile Co.

NO AMERICAN CAN SEE

"THE SLACKER"

Without feeling a Deeper Appreciation and Love for his Country than he ever Knew Before.

Friday and Saturday of this Week.

At the Ideal Theatre

Stop at

THE NEW WILSON HOTEL

The best hotel service to be found in Clanton. Reasonable rates for Meals and Rooms.

Soft Drinks, Cigars, Cigarettes, Candies,

GROCERIES

We want to buy all the Chestnuts that we can possibly get within the next few weeks. Highest prices paid.

L. C. Reynolds

NOTICE

There will be a negro Ministerial at this place on Saturday evening, Dec. 8, beginning at 7:30 o'clock.

Sixteen characters will be represented in the play and a brass band to furnish plenty of good music.

Be sure you see Mammy Manerva and UnclePlemus.

The public invited. Admission 10 cents. Proceeds will go for school improvements.

MRS. W. C. ROPER, Pres.

Bring us your chickens and eggs. We will pay highest prices for sorghum. Will pay 5c per lb. for peanuts. $1.40 for stock peas. Also in market for potatoes.

TAYLOR BROS.

Pay your Subscription. $1 a year.

During "BARGAIN DAYS," Dec. 1-15, THE BIRMINGHAM NEWS will accept subscriptions, Daily and Sunday (both) by mail (only) ONE YEAR (no less) for FOUR ($4) DOLLARS. Agents wanted everywhere.

The New Edison, "the phonograph with a soul." Buy yours now before the increased prices are put into effect. Freight congestion and possible embargoes may make it impossible for us to keep our stock of instruments complete at all times. Buy now while our stock is complete.

There will be no increase in price of Edison Re-Creations. Furthermore, they can be shipped from the laboritories by express in the event of a freight embargo.

Mr. L. T. Wells of Auburn has been in Clanton this week, with Mr. W. H. Conway, doing some excellent work with the pig and corn club boys.

Reports to his relatives here say that Alvin Jones, who is at Camp Wheeler, Macon, Ga., is seriously sick with pneumonia, and complications of minengitis. His brother, J. C. Jones has gone to the camp to see him.

Rub a sore throat with BALLARDS SNOW LINIMENT. One or two applications will cure it completely. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

LEGAL NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that at a regular meeting of the Commissioners Court of Chilton County, Alabama, held at Clanton, Alabama, on the 5th day of November, 1917, an order was made providing for the building af a bridge across Yellow Leaf Creek at Plier's Mill. Said bridge to be 200 feet in length and built of wood, and be across said mill pond, the same to be 10 feet above water of pond. The work to be done by contract, said contract to be let to the lowest responsible bidder, under sealed bids, to be deposited with the Judge of Probate on or before the 19th day of December, 1917. The county to furnish all material and the contractor to do all work.

All persons offering to bid upon said contract for the building of said bridge, may deposit their bids in sealed envelopes, marked "Bids for County Bridge Work" and addressed to the Commissioners Court, on or before 12 o'clock, the 19th day of December, 1917, at which time said bids will be passed upon by the court.

The court reserves the right to reject any or all bids made.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

During "BARGAIN DAYS," Dec. 1-15, THE BIRMINGHAM NEWS will accept subscriptions, Daily and Sunday (both) by mail (only) ONE YEAR (no less) for FOUR ($4) DOLLARS. Agents wanted everywhere.



ALL THE GOOD THINGS

that make the Thanksgiving feast remembered and anticipated the year around, we can help you prepare. GROCERIES FOR THE HOLIDAY are here in abundance and in wide variety. We extend the greetings of the season and invite your patronage.

$10.00 PER HEAD ADDED TO VALUE OF CATTLE BY TICK ERADICATION

Governor Bilbo of Mississippi has issued a proclamation setting aside Saturday, December 1, as a day to be celebrated throughout the state on account of the lifting of the quarantine against the cattle fever tick.

Governor Bilbo believes that, "So important has been the work of eradication of the cattle tick, so far reaching are its beneficient results, and so greatly should the people congratulate themselves upon the success and completion of the work in Mississippi that they should set aside this date to celebrate the annihilation of this great enemy of our cattle industry."

He says: "Our cattle will be enchanced in value fully $10 per head as the result of their free entrance into the worlds markets."

One year ago 28 counties in Mississippi had ticks and these 28 counties have been cleaned of all cattle fever ticks by systematic dipping of all cattle in these counties during the past summer.

Why could not we do likewise?

Gov. Bilbro says "Before the ticks were dipped out, the ticks annually killed many cattle with the tick fever, steadily sucked out of cattle vast quantities of blood which should have gone to make beef or milk; therefore wasting much of the grain and forage fed to cattle, also prevented the introduction of better bred stock to improve our native herds."

In Chilton county we have, according to records in the Assessor's office 7401 head of cattle, and by dipping we can add $10 value to each it will add $74,010 to our wealth besides the feed saved and the comfort afforded our cattle by eradication of the blood sucking parasite against which the cattle have no protection.

J. N. DENNIS.

Mr. R. I. Perkins of Dollar, Coosa County, came over with his car full of men Monday night, to hear the lecture by Mr. Clark. Men were here from four counties to hear the famous speaker.

CATTLE FOR SALE

I will sell at public auction at Clanton next Saturday at D. Y. Johnston's old stables, about 15 or 20 young bred Jersey heifers. Will sell to highest bidder for cash.

D. C. ALRED.

W. W. FOX, Auctioneer.

NOTICE STOCK LAW ELECTION

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held in Precinct Two, Chilton County, Alabama, on the 17 day of December, 1917, to ascertain whether or not a majority of the qualified electors, bona fide residents of said precinct Two, Chilton County, Alabama, desire or favor a law to permit horses and cattle to run at large, and prohibiting hogs, goats and sheep from running at large in said Precinct. Said election will be held at the usual voting places in said Precinct.

This, the 12th day of Nov. 1917.

J. E. COBB.

During "BARGAIN DAYS," Dec. 1-15, THE BIRMINGHAM NEWS will accept subscriptions, Daily and Sunday (both) by mail (only) ONE YEAR (no less) for FOUR ($4) DOLLARS. Agents wanted everywhere.

Subscribe for The Union-Banner.

Auto-Intoxication Causes Death

Do you know why you have sick headache, diabetes, neuralgia, rheumatism and liver or kidney troubles? It's because you are being poisoned by products of your own body. Your organs of elimination are not working properly. Waste material that should be thrown out is being retained to poison and intoxicate your system. That could not happen if the bowels were kept open with Granger Liver Regulator. This splendid preparation is purely vegetable and non-alcoholic. Demand Granger Liver Regulator at your drug store—25c a box—and take no other. There is nothing "just as good."

Miss Elsie Nonnemaker will spend the remainder of the week with her people at Anniston.

Come In

When you are in town don't fail to come in and let us show you our line of Goods. If you don't take advantage of the Bargains that are here for you, you will lose money.

Anything you need in the way of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Suits, Hats, Caps, Collars and Neckties, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Gents Furnishings, etc., you will find at our Store.

We are agents for the famous W. L. Douglas Shoes, and can fit any member of the family. We also carry a full line of Groceries.

All of our goods are New and Up-to-Date. Be sure to see them before buying elsewhere.

TOM KEMP

CLANTON, ALA.

Every Day

Every day we continue to grind out the same honest, fair and square bargains we have always given.

Our stock includes everything found in a general Merchandise Store, such as Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Ladies Dress Goods, etc., and in every way is the most complete you can find anywhere.

Everything is absolutely new—nothing stale or worn. Come to see us when you need anything. We assure you the most courteous treatment and honest dealing.

The foundation of our business is the principles of

TRUTH AND HONESTY.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Money's Worth or your Money Back."

CLANTON, ALABAMA.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY ,ALA., DECEMBER 6, 1917 NUMBER 36.

ALL FORMER EXEMPTIONS CANCELED BY NEW DRAFT

Under the new regulations of the selective draft law, every person registered for selective draft is restored to his original status, section 4 stating that all exemptions and discharges made prior to December 15 are revoked.

The office of the provost marshal general declares that it is imperrative that every registrant know his order number. Every person who registered June 5 is charged with a knowledge of the selective service law and additional regulations, and failure to perform any duty so prescribed is a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for one year, and may result in the loss of valuable rights and privileges and in immediate induction into military service.

UNION SPRINGS

While times look ominous, yet our people have harvested very abundant crops, and at present have their living at home, but with the market question, excepting cotton, is not satisfactory. We can't forget the suggestion of our old friend, M C. Cleveland, once a successful merchant of Randolph, that was, "make your food crop large enough for all your needs, then in addition, raise all the cotton you can." We have heard nothing better on that line.

Mr. Russ, the turpentine man, has moved from this part to Birmingham.

Mr. Eshleman of the International Bible Students Association, will lecture in this community on Bible subjects, December 18, afternoon and night. All are invited. His talks will be in line with the publications of the late eminent Charles Taze Russell, undenominational.

Some of the boys from Camp Wheeler have made hurried visits to the home folks here last week. How sad the parting, but let us look at the silver lining of the cloud. Though dark now, the future is bright indeed. After man has learned the needed lesson will come the golden fruits, also the golden rule.

Mr. J. A. Logan, formerly of Clanton, lectured here away back in the nineties, on the future outlook, and said inside of about twenty years we would witness more light and more light and more trouble than ever before. Both are here.

Mr. J. N. Scott of Jemison and Mr. G. W. Gothard were welcome visitors to the singing Sunday afternoon. It is almost a puzzle why professing church members have so little regard for the beauties of sacred music but so it is. Same can be said of the Sunday School work. Dullness and don't-care prevail.

We have good health, good weather, yet, how dull we are. we are living in no ordinary time, yet we sleep on in both pulpit and pew.

A larger acreage than usual is being planted in wheat in this section.

Messrs Gore and Gillespie, our efficient deputies sheriff, were here last week. We have noted with pleasure their industry and faithfulness to duty ever since they have been in the service. This county has never had a better Sheriff than Mr. Harris. Our county is to be congratulated on her officials from Probate Judge down. Mr. W. R. Redden is gone on a business visit to Monroe, La.

Mr. Walter McBride has moved to East Texas.

O. M. Bearden is behind the counter at Glass.

Rev. M. C. Crumpton has secured a position at Anniston.

CARD OF THANKS

Editor Union-Banner:

Please allow me space to thank the good people of Clanton for their kindness and sympathetic assistance so loyally rendered our family during the bereavement caused by the death of our son, Johnnie M. Burnett, at Camp Wheeler last week. The many acts of kindness and assistance will be long remembered by each and every member of the family.

Respectfully,
HENRY M. BURNETT.

John W. Patterson of Route 2 was in Clanton Tuesday.

E. C. Freeman of Maplesville came in to see the Union-Banner while while here Monday, and entered his subscription.

Hon. Leon McCord, of Montgomery, Judge of the Fifteenth Judicial Circuit of Alabama, is in Clanton this week conducting the civil term of his court.

MINUTES NOW READY

The minutes of the Chilton County Baptist Association are now ready for distribution from the Union-Banner office. Clerks of the various churches are hereby requested to call there and get them as early as practicable.

Very truly,
W. H. SHAW, Clerk.

W. H. Killingsworth of Jemison has been in Clanton this week attending to business in connection with Circuit Court.

FOUR MORE MEN TO GO TO TRAINING CAMP

The local board for Chilton County had four men who were to go to Camp Gordon on Wednesday. They were men who had been granted exemptions to December 1, by the district board. The names are:

William Lowery, Jemison
W. H. Lenoir, Stanton
F. J. Carroll, Plantersville
T. C. Sims, Plantersville

FAIRVIEW

There will be a Negro Minstrel at this place on Saturday evening, Dec. 8th, 1917, beginning at 7:30 o'clock.

Sixteen characters will be represented in the play and a brass band will furnish the music. Be sure to see Mammy Manervos and Uncle Rhemus. The public is invited. Admission 10 cents. Proceeds will go for School Improvement.

Mrs. W. C. ROPER, Pres.

OBITUARY

On November 25, at 6 p.m., 1917, Miss Elizabeth Virginia DuBose, one of South Chilton's noblest daughters, went home to God, to shine as the stars forever, yea, to live through the blissful cycles of eternity with the blood-washed billions in a world uninsulted with sin, untouched by death.

Miss DuBose was a decendant of notable Tennessee and South Carolina families and possessed many talents which she diligently improved. She was a great philanthropist, like Dorcas of old, she was a blessing to humanity. Were everyone for whom she did loving service to bring a rose to her grave, she would sleep tonight beneath a wilderness of flowers.

Early in life she espoused the cause of Christ and was a life-long student of God's Word. On November 26th at the Methodist Church the funeral rites were conducted by Rev. E. H. Norris in the presence of a congregation of relatives and friends. Her very little body, as it lay in the casket reflected a divinity, grace and beauty of spirit indescribable. One dear friend said she looked too good to be buried and many of us craved to see her again after we had taken the last look. To the writer she looked like a sleeping angel. Her body was laid to rest in Shady Grove Cemetery to await the bright and glorious resurrection morn when the Lord shall again return to this earth.

Oh how great is our loss and how sad our bereavement. But in the returning twilight I feel constrained to lay this tribute on her grave and thank God for the benediction she has been to us all.

TWO GOOD ASSISTANTS

With Miss Kate Aldridge and Miss Ruby Gore in the post office, Mr. J. E. Robinson has two assistants who do not keep post office frequenters waiting.

MOUNTAIN CREEK "PEARLS"

Mountain Creek lost one of her "pearls" temporarily when Miss Pearl Colley married, but then there is that other gem left — Miss Pearl Culver, and she is as brilliant as any "pebble on the beach."

J. N. Ervin of Randolph was here at court this week.

THE PRESIDENTS

(Dewey Graham, Maplesville, Ala.)

George Washington, the choice of all,
By Adams was succeeded,
Then came Thomas Jefferson,
Who bought the land we needed.
Next Madison was called upon
To keep our noble seaman.
And James Monroe now ushered in
The "Era of Good Feeling."
John Quincey Adams was the next,
And then came Andrew Jackson,
And after him Vanburen came
And the panic's wild destruction.
Then Harrison for one month ruled,
And Tyler came in order,
Then Polk and war with Mexico
About a little border.
Then General Tyler was the choice,
But after one year only
Death called this hero to rest
And left the chair to Fillmore.
Then Pierce and Buchanan came
And the war clouds thickly lower,
So Lincoln was the chosen one—
The statesman for the hour.
Then after Lincoln's martydom
Jackson of Tennessee;
Then Grant, awar-time hero,
The silent man was he.
Next R. B. Hayes was counted in,
And Garfield second martyr,
Whose term was ended peacefully
By Chester Allan Arthur.
Cleveland next, then Harrison,
And Cleveland second timer,
And then McKinley was the third
To fill the grave of martyr.
Then Roosevelt, the nice president,
Succeeded to the honor,
And was elected once again,
And Taft came from Ohio.
Now Wilson is the president
Of a hundred million people.
May peace her gentle wings outspread
And keep our land from evil.

These Chilton County Boys Have Already Given Their Lives in the Service of our Country:

JIM WYATT

JOHN M. BURNETT

JOHN ROBERT ROPER

ALVIN JONES

To the honor of their lives, and the glorious sacrifice of the same, this space is respectfully dedicated.

MIDDLETON WINS SUIT IN THE UNITED STATES COURT

Attorney J. Osmond Middleton of this city, the distinguished senior member of the law firm of Middleton & Reynolds, added another feather to his cap last week, when he pulled it over Ed Pettus of Selma, and won his case carrying a verdict of damages to Mr. Middleton's client for the sum of $5,000.00. The case over which the battle was waged was that of Arthur Hodgens vs. the Southern Railway.

Mr. Middleton has the unique distinction of never having lost a single damage suit in either the state or Federal Courts.

MR. J. E. EVANS, BANKRUPT

Proceedings in bnakruptcy were filed by Mr. Grady Reynolds, attorney for Mr. J. E. Evans, on Monday.

Mr. Evans has for many years enjoyed the confidence and esteem of his business, and it is regretted that he found it advisable to enter bankrupt proceedings.

DEATH OF MR. JOE CARWILE

Mr. Joe Carwile, for many years a worthy citizen of Clanton, died on Monday at the home of his daughter near Clanton, and interment was made at the Cooper Cemetery on Wednesday. Rev. S. M. Adams conducted the funeral services in the presence of a large number of friends of the deceased.

GONE TO THE FRONT

Mr. Frank Smith, son of Mr. P. C. Smith, left on Monday for Fort Oglethorpe, Ga. Frank has joined the U. S. Artillery service, and enlisted for the duration of the war.

WOOD READY TO BURN

Mr. J. Q. Wade is a public benefactor. He has established a "ready to burn" wood sawing plant, and furnishes fuel at a low rate.

MILWAUKEE PAPER DEMANDS PROOF OF DISLOYAL CHARGE

Washington, Nov. 30.—Proof of alleged disloyel statements of the Milwaukee Ledger was demanded by the post office department today in closing arguments in the mandamus hearing brought by the socialist republican to save its second class mail privilege.

The Ledger's charge that President Wilson and Congress declared war on Germany to protect foreign bondholders in Wall Street and to promote the interests of munitions makers, resulted in revocation of the privilege, it as stated. The burden of proof rests on the publishers, the government attorneys argued.

W. C. Neal of near Thorsby was a visitor at the Union-Banner office Saturday. Mr. Neal is just back from Indiana where he has been living for the past year or two. He says it is so cold up there that he decided he preferred to live in the Sunny South, and came back to his place at Thorsby.

AUCTION SALE

There will be an Auction Sale at my place, 1½ miles north of Cooper, on Monday, December 10, consisting of the following articles, to be sold to the highest bidder for cash:

Household and kitchen furniture, two 1-horse buggies, farming implements, four head of cattle, three hundred bushels of corn, four tons peavine hay, fifteen hundred bundles fodder, sweet potatoes, and other articles.

W. F. JONES.
(W. W. FOX, Auctioneer.)

During "BARGAIN DAYS," Dec. 1-15, THE BIRMINGHAM NEWS will accept subscriptions, Daily and Sunday (both) by mail (only) ONE YEAR (no less) for FOUR ($4) DOLLARS. Agents wanted every-

Pay for the Union-Banner a year. $1

—MEET ME AT—

The Busy Corner

Elmore Says: "I am thankful for the Business you are giving me, the Friends I have made, and the opportunity to serve you and my Country.

Coat Suits, Ladies' Coats & Hats, All at "Live and let Live" Prices.

Elmore's
LADIES & GENTS FURNISHINGS
CLANTON, ALA.

AN ELECTION ON IN CLANTON

There is an election on in Clanton and the result will be made known on Friday evening at 10 o'clock, p.m.

This "friendly contest" is to decide the question as to just which one of the many pretty girls in Clanton is regarded as the most popular young lady in the city, where so many educated, musical, amiable, entertaining conversationalists reside.

The interest manifested excites the voting patrons. The prize will be a handsome set of toilet articles now on display at the Upchurch Drug Store.

The net proceeds derived from this contest will be used to purchase needed articles in the city grammar school.

Of course every resident of Clanton who claims to be a judge as to Alabama beauty knows just who will be the winner.

The writer of these lines can name the successful young lady, now; but in all fairness to the candidates, his selection will be kept secret until the votes decide the matter.

Ballot boxes have been placed in the stores and at the post office. Vote as often as you comply with the requirements, and be sure that you assist in naming the winner.

The contestants are:

Miss Conradine Lane,
Miss Glennie Evan,
Miss Rosie Kanjutzky,
Miss Roberta Curry,
Miss Rosie Parrish,
Miss Esther Davis,
Miss Sallie Driver,

COUNTY COURT

The probate court of Chilton County was in session on December 3, presided over by Judge Reynolds. The following disposition of cases was made:

W. D. McNair, charged with carrying concealed weapon, fined $100 and 60 days hard labor. Appealed.

Jess Lewis, vagrancy, continued.

Pleasant Jones, charged with violating prohibition laws, convicted and sentenced to 6 months hard labor and fined $200.00, appealed and bond fixed at $750.00.

J. T. Boswell, violating prohibition laws, convicted, and sentenced to six months hard labor and fined $200. Appealed, and bond fixed at $750.

Miles Boston, charged with M. K. L., discharged after trial.

HELP THE OLD SOLDIERS

The Union-Banner has a suggestion to make, and it is this:

Christman is nearly here, and in Chilton County, at the Old Alabama Soldiers Home, near Mt. Creek, there are now 90 old Alabama veterans, the youngest being 71 years old. There are also thirteen old ladies, good old women, who were when young, working the fields and made crops in order to keep the Alabama boys at the front. These old women are just as deserving as the old veterans.

Now then, the Union-Banner makes this proposition to the canning club girls of Chilton County: Just send a few cans of the stuff you saved this prosperous year, to help out the Christmas dinner for those deserving old people. Never mind as to their politics or religion. Those questions no longer enter into conditions as they exist today. These old people are our own, and we must assist them.

The state appropriation, owing to the advance in prices, is not sufficient to support the worthy old people.

Even should too much be sent for the Christmas dinner, Dr. Eiland and his estimable wife can make good use of the surplus on the tables for the old people during the cold winter days.

But, this appeal is not made to canning club girls only. There is room for others. Just buy a few cans of Chilton County prepared stuff and send it to the Union-Banner, with your name, and marked, "for the old soldiers Home."

The Banner will pack the goods and pay the freight, and ship to Dr. J. D. Eiland, the commandant.

Come on now, and help to make the Christmas at the Home this year pleasant for the old and deserving people.

Merchants can contribute, ladies can contribute, in fact no one is barred. Just procure the goods and send them to the Union-Banner office We will do the rest.

Capt. E. H. Smith, an old veteran friend of the Union-Banner, from Mt. Creek, was a welcome visitor at our office on Saturday.

Uncle George Mims, that good old citizen of Collins Chapel Community was in Clanton Saturday. He paid his usual visit to the Union-Banner, which was much enjoyed by the editor.

R. E. L. Ward, of Route 4 came to see the Union-Banner on subscription business Saturday.

Tom Littlejohn left Sunday for Tuscaloosa, from which place he will travel for Cannon & Sheperd, wholesalers of that city.

CONGRESS CONTAINS BIGGEST SPENDERS IN WORLD HISTORY

531 Members will Average up to $5,000,000 a Month.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The halls of America's war congress filled up again today with the greatest body of money spending men the world has ever known.

Brewster with his millions was a mere piker compared with any one of the 531 senators and congressmen who are back here to fill up the government's river of gold again. Brewster had only to spend a few millions a year. Uncle Joe Cannon and his colleagues in the House, and Senator J. Ham Lewis and his colleagues in the Senate bid fare to strike an average of five million dollars a month each.

Thirteen and a Half Billions.

Having already shoveled out nearly nineteen billion dollars for the nation't first year of war, they started in today to open Uncle Sam's strong box to the extent of thirteen and a half billions more. The total of 32 billions divided among the 531 makes each senator and congressmen the spender of between sixty and sixty-two million dollars a year, or more than $75,000 a day apiece.

And there's many a man among them who never saw and probably never will see all in one bunch the amount each spends every day.

On the other hand, there are those among them who could spend that much for a picture and never miss it. Senator Gerry, of Rhode Island is one of these. Yet, in his senate seat today he didn't look a bit more opulent than a lot of the penniless congressmen over in the house.

Spends Millions a Month.

For doing this unprecedented job of spending, the government pays these 531 men $3,982,500 a year, or $7,500 apiece. And many of them after spending millions a month, will go back home some day and think themselves lucky to earn $10,000 a year, or less.

Those in the galleries who came today to see and saw not, were conscious only of the floor full of men in a seating arrangement much after the manner of an opera or church amphitheatre, carrying on dull routine affairs in a lackadaisical manner.

But these same men are starting the preliminaries of a lavish outlay such as never was dreamed of even in the Rome that was Caesar's or the Egypt that was Cleopatra's.

Camouflaged by the dull accounterments of parlimentary procedure and buried beneath a crust of official dignity and endless whereases and wherefores, they proceeded on the floor of congress today on the greatest romance that the gods of war have ever known.—The Birmingham Ledger.

LOST—Three Blue Work Shirts, lost in Clanton on Wednesday, Nov. 28. Finder please return to

J. C. HAMILTON,
12-6-1t Billingsley, Ala, R. 1

Miss Gertrude Popwell, teacher at Collins Chapel School states that she has 53 pupils in her department.

Mr. Alvie Wade and wife have taken a house in the Gowan Addition and are "at hame" to visitors.

Miss Mamie Smith visited Shelby friends on Sunday.

Commissioner R. J. Williams of Mulberry was attending Commissioner's Court here this week.

LIST OF JURORS

The following is the list of Jurors at Circuit Court here this week:

1.	Roy Sawyer,	12
2.	J. Monroe Ramsey,	7
3.	M. Columbus Binion,	8
4.	Hermie Childress,	9
5.	Oliver Y. Sims,	15
6.	W. O. Perry,	8
7.	Jim Best,	4
8.	George T. Guy,	5
9.	Newt Irvin,	2
10.	G. L. Foshee,	4
11.	Tom Traywick,	10
12.	T. Clyde Sims,	2
13.	Luther LeCroy,	3
14.	R. S. Chandler,	12
15.	Will T. Johnson,	10
16.	Robert N. Wilkins,	6
17.	M. A. Kilgore,	1
18.	C. C. Jones,	8
19.	John F. Williams,	10
20.	Geo. W. Willis,	4
21.	Frank Patterson,	10
22.	Robert F. Atkinson,	6
23.	Hiram Devaughn,	4
24.	Edd Wagoner,	4
25.	B. L. Jones,	4
26.	D. I. Deramus,	5
27.	Joe A. Maddox,	4
28.	J. J. Stanley,	9
29.	J. B. Hardy,	4
30.	C. C. Armstrong,	5
31.	Hill J. Foshee,	7
32.	J. D. Martin,	4
33.	W. Green Atkinson,	2
34.	Frank Calloway,	15
35.	Henry T. Williams,	5
36.	Grady Hutson,	8

Be sure to see our line of Christmas Goods before buying elsewhere.
UPCHURCH DRUG CO.

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
W. M. WYATT AND J. B. WELLS
Publishers and Proprietors.

W. M. WYATT, Editor.
J. B. WELLS, Business Manager.

Subscription price $1.00 per year, payable in advance.

Entered April 15, 1913, at Clanton Ala., as second class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

A body of 100 surgeons has been organized for service in the hospitals of Roumania.

In many cases throughout the country automobile owners have learned to drive their own cars or have given them up entirely so that their chauffeurs might be released to give their valuable specialized service to the army.

A woman 96 years old has written the woman's committee of the Council of National Defense asking for war work because she says, "my son is too old to be a soldier." A girl 9 years old wants to go to France as a messenger in the Red Cross service.

Between August 1 and December 1 the railroad transported 1,500,00 men to training camps and embarkation points. To insure the safety of the men in transit the railroads have adopted an average speed of 25 miles an hour except when freight cars needed for the transportation of equipment are included in the trains. The speed is then reduced to 20 miles.

What could a Republican do in the Legislature of Alabama? Is that the question? Well, then, if he didn't do anything else he would reflect the good judgment of the people of his home county in choosing a man of the right kind, even though his hands were tied by the iniquitous democratic colleagues whom he would have to sit with in the legislature.

The fuel administration is authority for the statement that, while the annual output of coal has been increased approximately 50,000,000 tons, the increase in consmuption caused by the war is 100,000,000 tons. An instance cited is that of the Bethlehem Steel Company, which demands an increased coal supply of approximately 3,000,000 tons a year. The coal demands of public utility plants, particularly in the industrial sections, have increased a third.

Durwood Mims came around to the Union-Banner office last week while he was here on furlough, and said, "send me the Union-Banner over to the camp. I get mighty lonesome for some news from home every week." The paper sent to the boy in the army every week will cheer him up. If your boy is over there you should see that he gets it regularly. It will carry news of things to him that you would never think of writing to him.

Many sorrowing friends from Clanton attended the burial of Private Johnnie M. Burnett, at New Cedron, last Saturday. For the past few years John had been a popular student in the high school here, and hundreds of friends in Clanton had learned to admire the splendid qualities of young manhood which were at all times manifest in his character. Unusual grief prevails now among these friends for his sad death.

There are rumors going the rounds of the newspapers that a plan is being considered by the war department for the removal of soldiers from Camp Wheeler at Macon, to Camp McClellan, at Anniston. We have no doubt but that this item of news would meet the approval of many people ni this state, who have relatives among the soldiers at Macon. And we believe too, that the soldiers themselves would be glad to get out of Camp Wheeler to a more healthful location.

Kin M. Vinson returned to Camp Wheeler Sunday, after a few days visit at home with his wife and parents. While here he had the sad experience of atending the burial of Johnnie Burnett, his brother-in-law, who was his companion in camp. They were soldiers in training together.

HERE'S THE RIGHT KIND

We notice in Sunday's Age-Herald that one, Roger W. Snyder, of Jefferson County, has about decided to enter the race for State Senator from that county in the next campaign. In speaking of the next legislature and what it will do, Mr. Snyder pledges his endorsement to some very important issues, according to the Age-Herald. Among them are the following: The strengthening of our organic laws, whereby the church and state are forever separated; upholding our great public school system throughout the state; a law whereby public funds or lands shall not be donated to sectarian institutions; inspection by regularly constituted officials or authorities of all public and private institutions; the state to publish and furnish free of charge all text books to children in our public schools.

These are a few of the "planks" Mr. Snyder outlines, and we want to say that they are sound to the core. We don't know anything about the man, never heard of him before, but we do know that he is on the right track for what should be the accomplishments of the next legislature. There is no objection among right-thinking men against the state doing the things enumerated above and advocated by the candidate from Jefferson.

We don't know what the politics of this man is; we don't know what his politics has been in the past; we don't care a flip about that. We suppose he is a Democrat, and for that we would rather he be a Republican. We simply have a preference for Republicans because our editorial mind has a way of running kindly Republican-like. But back to the discussion of these principles that have already been laid down and enumerated above.

With all the minor objections of politics and such frivolous things, if a man is sound on these vital measures, it is pretty safe to say that he is in that capacity, the kind of a man Alabama needs to sit in the next legislature, and help make our laws in 1919.

There is, in our opinion, something coming to the surface in this state pretty soon that is going to completely overthrow such musty old political buncomb as that which has been harped on for years. Men are going to wake up and realize that they have other things to wrestle with and something else to do besides sit around the capitol and see who can spin the greatest eulogy to the "solid Democratic South." The people are going to demand action on such issues as those outlined by Mr. Snyder, and let the traditions of the past rest only in the memories of those who have nothing to do but cherish such things. For a long time this writer has been of the idea that the time would soon be at hand when we would have to grapple with issues of the present time and not have time to cuss and discuss what was and was not fifty years ago.

These vital propositions concerning the life, liberty and happiness of our people are now confronting us, and they are growing bolder and bolder with every turn of the clock of time. And if the next legislature of Alabama is not wide awake to the accomplishment, properly and securely, of the things set out above, there is great danger for us just ahead. We are already in sight, and in fact directly facing the red sign of danger. The next legislature is the last chance of the people to put on the brakes and prevent the wreck of our sacred patriotic and democratic institutions.

When you hear a fellow hinting around in regard to going to the next legislature, to represent the people, pust ask him how he stands on this business of separation of church and state; upbuilding the public schools; stopping the donation of state funds to sectarian institutions; and the inspection of public and private institutions by authorities of the law. If he is not in favor of these things being enacted and enforced by the legislative and executive branches of the state government, it matters not what his politics is, whether Republican, Democratic or Socialist, he has no business in the next legislature of the State of Alabama.

REGISTERED DUROC HOGS FOR SALE

Two months old pigs $10 00 each.
Four months old pigs $20.00 each
Six months old pigs $30.00 to $35.00 each.

Bred sows and gilts priced on request. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

ENLIST FOR SERVICE—RAISE A PIG. C.H.Russell, Marbury, Ala.

In the prosecution of a great task like our present war, there are agents of death other than bullets, which must be conquered if we attain success. The most formidable of these is disease, which is next to the worst enemy our soldiers have. Already the men in the camps are having to go up against this adversary, and many of them are dying. With in the past week four Chilton County boys at Camp Wheeler have fallen victims to the clutching hand of the mighty enemy.

But because they must die before seeing the glory and tasting the valor of the battlefield, does not lessen the honor which will fall alike on everyone who dies in the cause of his country, whether he lose his life in action behind a gun or relinquish it to the silent foe which creeps unseen among our gallant heroes.

Representative Miller of Minnesota, an important member of the military affairs committee of the House of Representatives, who has just returned from the war zone, plans to put it out of the minds of Congressmen that the war will soon end. He is reported as saying in Washington: "If the war lasts until Christmas, and that it will, everyone is certain, it will last three years, and the United States must fight it to a conclusion. This in a nutshell is my opinion after a visit to the front, after a visit during which I was able to make first-hand calculations. We will win. But we have a fight on our hands. Let no one deceive himself."

The congress of the United States re-convened Monday, and according to Hugh Roberts of the Age-Herald, not a member of the body came to Washington with any idea as to what would be done by the session in the way of legislation. Every member of congress seems to have had his ears open to the suggestion of the President, and ready to bark up whatever tree Mr. Wilson pointed out. Without going into the matter of the propriety of the situation, we seem to be bound to admit, in the light of the information obtainable, that not only congress but this country as a whole, is directly under the individual dictation of the single power of the President. But we should be glad that there is someone who can outline policies at Washington, even if there are none in congress who are able to do it.



RUBEN REYNOLDS

The above is a picture of Soldier Ruben Reynolds, nephew of Judge L. H. Reynolds. He writes a pleasant letter to his uncle and says, "I am off for France. Good luck to you and all the good people of Chilton County, and May God bless you all."

AUCTION SALE

On Friday, Dec. 7, at 9:30 a.m. I will sell at my place near Maple Springs church at auction to the highest bidder the following property:

Farming implements, 1 mower with rake, 3 milk cows with young calves, 1 horse, hogs, fodder, household goods and kitchen utensils.

This is a Bona fide sale—no by-bidding.

J. B. MIMS.
W. W. FOX,
11-22-3t Auctioneer.

COUNTY MAPS FOR SALE

The Union-Banner has made arrangements to print a number of Beat Maps of Chilton County, and now have them for sale to anyone desiring them, at the price of 25 cents each.

Chilton County farms for sale are being advertised throughout the west and northwest by the Chilton County Real Estate Agency.

Bring us your eggs and chickens, potatoes, peas, peanuts. Will pay the highest price. 40c a gallon for good sorghum in new ½ barrels; 45c in new cans. TAYLOR BROS.

Mr. W. L. Campbell of Robertsdale near Mobile, was in town Tuesday. While here he came around and subscribed for the Union-Banner.

We will accept Liberty Bonds in payment for anything bought here. Upchurch Drug Co.

The biggest Stock of goods Ever assembled under one roof in Chilton County.

Remember this when you get ready to buy any kind of Fall or Winter Goods, and come here, where you are sure to find any and everything you want.

Clanton Mercantile Co.

"The Big Bargain Store."

TWELFTH ANNUAL BARGAIN DAY SALE OF

—THE—

Birmingham Ledger

A FULL YEAR BY MAIL FOR

$3.50

Both Old and New Subscriptions.

A real newspaper—conveying all the news of Alabama, of the United States, of the world.

War news—through its connection with the great United Press Association, THE LEDGER furnishes fullest first and mose reliable news from all the battle fronts.

Features—Novel-a-week by the best known authors; comic strips, "Mutt and Jeff" and "Bringing up Father;" fashions, daily horoscope; food and household suggestions; Sunday School lessons, poems, daily health hints, special articles by best known writers; Saturday comic and magazine pages in colors.

Billy Sunday's Atlanta revival reported daily for LEDGER readers.

Editorial—Honest and fearless expressions of editorial opinions on the questions of the day.

Every Alabamian should keep in touch through the LEDGER with the news at home and abroad during this great upheavel in the world.

Send your subscription through this paper, through the Ledger agent or direct to BIRMINGHAM LEDGER, Birmingham, Ala.

Offer open for limited period only. DO IT NOW!

Fred Henley of Maplesville was in town Tuesday.

COULD HARDLY STAND ALONE

Terrible Suffering From Headache, Sideache, Backache, and Weakness, Relieved by Cardui, Says This Texas Lady.

Gonzales, Tex.— Mrs. Minnie Philpot, of this place, writes: "Five years ago I was taken with a pain in my left side. It was right under my left rib. It would commence with an aching and extend up into my left shoulder and on down into my back. By that time the pain would be so severe I would have to take to bed, and suffered usually about three days ...I suffered this way for three years, and got to be a mere skeleton and was so weak I could hardly stand alone. Was not able to go anywhere and had to let my house work go...I suffered awful with a pain in my back and I had the headache all the time. I just was unable to do a thing. My life was a misery, my stomach got in an awful condition, caused from taking so much medicine. I suffered so much pain. I had just about given up all hopes of our getting anything to help me.

One day a Birthday Almanac was thrown in my yard. After reading its testimonials I decided to try Cardui, and am so thankful that I did, for I began to improve when on the second bottle...I am now a well woman and feeling fine and the cure has been permanent for it has been two years since my awful bad health. I will always praise and recommend Cardui." Try Cardui today. E 78

CENTRAL ALABAMA FARM PRODUCTS COMPANY

Wm. Adams, Proprietor, S.W. Adams Secretary.
Members of the Velvet Bean Millers Association, Clanton Alabama.
Manufacturers of Velvet Bean Mean, Corn Meal and Mized Feeds.

Marketing connection with the dealer and consumer will give the customers and patrons of this mill a chance to get for their products, when manufactured, the best market prices.

Reports of the market prices of velvet bean meal, corn meal and mixed feed each week will keep the customers of this mill in touch with the markets at a distance.

A comfortable rest room has been provided fort he families of the customers, and a convenient warehouse for the farm products and hitching grounds for the stock.

The velvet bean mill has been placed, and upon an immediate date in the future, announcement will be made to the public when this mill is ready for actual service to the public.

The patronage and cooperation of everyone is respectfully solicited in support of this new industry.

W. A. Ray and J. L. Lansford, proprietors of the "Knot Hole Lumber Co.," made a business trip to Montgomery Wednesday.

Mr. O. E. Latham of Dothan was in Clanton Wednesday.

PEOPLE WILL WRITE

J. E. Robinson says that the receipts of the Clanton post office for the month of November, 1917, are in excess of the receipts of the same month in 1916. The three-cent postage requirement does not stop Clanton people from writing.

BURIAL OF ALVIN JONES

The burial of a brave and gallant Chilton County boy, Mr. Alvin Jones, who died at Camp Wheeler, on Monday, occurred at the Clanton Cemetery on Wednesday afternoon.

Some of the business houses were closed in order that the owners and employees could follow the body of this gallant young man to the grave.

Wednesday was a sad day for the many relatives and friends of the deceased.

CLANTON GROCER THANKFUL

"I had been sick nearly 20 years with stomach trouble, and was slowly starving to death, as everything I ate caused terrible gas and pain and my food did not digest. I was reduced to 115 pounds. A friend advised me to take Mayr's Wonderful Remedy about four months ago, which I did and now weigh 151 lbs. and can eat anything. I am very thankful for Mayr's Wonderful Remedy. It remover the catarrhal mucous from the intestinal tract ,and allays the inflamation which causes practically all stomach, liver and intestinal ailments, including appendicitis. One dose will convince or money refunded.

UPCHURCH DRUG CO.



Is a Hog Like This Worth 20 Cts. More Than a Hog Like This?

YET—the fat, sleek one at the left cost only 20 cents more to bring to marketing size than the weak, sickly "specimen" at the right, due to the use of Avalon Farms HOG-TONE.

This remedy—tried out thoroughly on the well-known Avalon Farms (in Indiana, near Ft. Wayne) has wrought wonderful results with hogs. It absolutely removes deadly Thorn Head Worms—Stomach Worms—Liver Worms—Lung and Bronchial Worms. HOG-TONE not only *keeps* the hogs free from worms, in addition it is a first-class general conditioner—stimulates secretory and digestive organs. Thus it spurs on their appetites, makes them grow fatter faster, gives them the ability to get more flesh-building *good* out of feed.

There is nothing else like it. Farmers know its wonderful hog-saving, money-making value. We want every hog-raiser to know of it—to try it on his hogs.

We have stocked Avalon Farms HOG-TONE because we believe it a real money maker for the hog grower. Come in and talk to us about it.

ONE HOG WAS GIVEN AVALON FARMS HOG-TONE —THE OTHER ONE WASN'T

Upchurch Drug Co., Clanton, Ala.

WANTED

To Buy Some Good Meat Hogs.
Will pay Market Price for Them.
Call or see

J.P. VanDerveer, Jr.,
Clanton, Alabama.

Headquarters for Plow Points!

We are able to furnish you points for the Oliver, Chattanooga, Syracuse, Butcher & Gibbs, Vulcan, Avery Crtcket, and Lynchburg Plows. We have the Improved Self Sharpeners for the Oliver Plows.

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.
CLANTON, ALA.

Suits Cleaned and Pressed Nicely

WILL CALL FOR AND DELIVER SUITS. LET ME DO YOUR WORK AND YOU WILL BE SATISFIED.

Grady Taylor

In Rear of Wagner,s Barber Shop.

Hon. L. B. Liles, U. S. Commissioner, of Anniston, was in Clanton Sunday, p.m.

Fred Dennis of Mt. Creek was in Clanton Tuesday visiting friends.

DR. W. L. PARRISH

Graduate Veterinarian.

Hurry Calls made in Auto.

'Phone 110-35, Clanton.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.
Circuit Court in Equity.

J. S. Varner Complainant vs. Anna Varner Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit on file of Grady Reynolds that the Defendant Anna Varner is non-resident of the state of Alabama, and resides in the state of Ohio, place unknown, and further that in the belief of said affiant, the Defendant Anna Varner is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Union-Banner a newspaper published in Clanton, Ala., once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring her the said Anna Varner to answer, plead or demur to the Bill of Complaint in the above cause, on or before the 17th day of December 1917, and failing so to do within thirty days after the service of this summons, a Decree Pro Confesso may be taken against her in said cause.

Witness my hand, this 17th day of November 1917.

H. M. SIMPSON,
11-22-4t Register.

FREE SPRINGS

Health of this community is very good at present.

Master Roy Raybon gave a birthday party the 29th of November. Those present were: Felton and Truly Brown, Chester Carlee, E. J. Scott Ethel Scott and Rosa Carlee.

They had a nice dinner, had a birthday cake with candies to represent how old Roy was. He was ten years old so the cake had ten pieces of candy. After dinner the children played some games. Some among them were pinning the tail on the donkey.

Mr. Clarence Scott of Siluria visited relatives and friends in this community a few days last week. He is in school at Siluria.

Mr. Newton Atchison was at home Saturday and Sunday on a visit from Camp Wheeler. He says he likes army life fine. His many friends were glad to see him.

Mr. Clarence Scott and Misses Leona Scott and Ethel Primm visited Miss Norene Atchison Saturday night and Sunday.

Mr. S. Raybon visited his son, W. H. Raybon Sunday.

Mr. Ellis Scott and wife, and Mr. Gentry motored to Calera Sunday.

THORSBY ITEMS

Mrs. Nettie Marshall of Montgomery visited her son, Lewis at the dormitory on Tuesday.

Mr. Casper Freeman of Haleyville, enrolled as a student in Thorsby Institute on Monday.

Mr. Zell Pope spent Thanksgiving with his parents, of Georgiana, returning to school Sunday afternoon.

Prof. C. M. Williams took his little daughter, Martha to Birmingham to consult with an oculist Saturday.

Mr. Lewis Marshall returned to school Monday after spending his Thanksgiving vacation with his mother, Mrs. Nettie Marshall in Montgomery.

Me are sorry to lose Mr. Leon Stanley from our town. He has taken charge of his father's grocery business in Birmingham.

The following program will be rendered by members of the Helen Keller Literary Society on Friday night of this week at Bates Hall: Everyone is invited.

Song ..... Society
Devotions ..... Miss Hoopes
Locals-Riley .....Odie Lee Arthur
Locals-Lanier ..... Gladys Putman
Recitation-Riley ..... Hugh Bolton
Recitation-Lanier ....Relious Franklin
Dialogue-Riley .....Velvie Mims
Dialogue-Lanier ..... Essie Hughes
Special music .....Inez Garrick
4-min. talk-Riley .....Zell Pope
4-min. talk-Lanier .....Rosco Maddox
Stunt-Riley .....Luther Peterson
Stunt-Lanier .....Eula Foshee and Nels Nelson

Thorsby Institute dormitory entertained the members of the faculty and students at a Thanksgiving dinned. Rev. E. W. Butler was toast master for the occasion. In the afternoon the young people took a straw ride going to the poor farm for a short song and prayer service, returning home in the moonlight. A picnic supper was enjoyed around a camp fire.

Miss Elizabeth Rogers entertained a number of young people at her home on Friday evening. After some games and music, refreshments, consisting of hot chocolate and cakes were served. Everyone present enjoyed a delightful evening.

Mr. Walter Morgan of Camp Wheeler arrived Thanksgiving morning. He left on Saturday for a short visit to his mother, Mrs. Harriet Gray at Talladega, before returning to the camp.

Lieut. Robert Robinson, of Camp Sheridan, Ill., is spending his 15-day furlough with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Robinson.

Mr. Joe Myrick accompanied by Almon Graham spent their Thanksgiving vacation at the home of his mother, Mrs. M. V. Myrick, at Deatsville.

Mr. Charley Sims of Camp Wheeler, spent his Thanksgiving vacation at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Sims.

Miss Elsie Caldwell, who is at school at Thorsby Institute. spent Thanksgiving with relatives and friends in Birmingham, returning Monday for school.

LOCAL BOARD PASSED ON SOME MORE CLAIMS MONDAY

The local exemption board for Chilton County held a short session Monday morning, and went over the claims for exemption which had been filed by the men who were accepted on the last physical examination held on November 26.

Out of the number of claims, which were acted upon by the board, the following were denied, and certified to the district board as accepted and qualified for military service:

Willie W. Giles, Clanton
Vester B. Champion, Verbena
Marion Ford, (col), Maplesville
Irby Lewis, Clanton
William H. Abney, Maplesville
Edgar Rone Baker, Clanton
Elias W. Ellison, Calera
Fonzo Cleckler, Verbena
John Varner (col), Verbena

The following claims were allowed and the claimants certified to the district board as exempted from military service temporarily:

Henry Cleckler, Clanton
Sylvester Lucas, Montevallo
Shelby Hicks, (col), Maplesville
T. S. Peavey (col), Clanton
Rassie S. Burnett, Clanton
Noah C. Wallace, Maplesville
J. A. Lawrence, Lawley
Rufas G. Culp, Clanton
Elliott N. Adams, Sterretts
Arthur G. Rasberry, Maplesville
Bennie D. Dennis, Maplesville
Benj. L. Cleckler, Jemison
Elzie Brazwell, Jemison
Tommie Lee Maddox, Clanton
Horace W. Davis, Clanton
Horace L. Aldridge, Clanton
Archie Winder Giles, Maplesville
Cruse Joiner, Verbena
Jim P. White, Shelby
Fred Boatfield, Mt. Creek
Alfred Ervin Mims, Clanton
Carl Ruben Foss, Thorsby
David Childress, Clanton
John Cox Jones, Clanton
Brady Nichols, Stanton
Wm. B. Bayton, Clanton
Harvey M. Nix, Maplesville

During "BARGAIN DAYS," Dec. 1-15, THE BIRMINGHAM NEWS will accept subscriptions, Daily and Sunday (both) by mail (only) ONE YEAR (no less) for FOUR ($4) DOLLARS. Agents wanted everywhere.

Freight Rates in Alabama

A petition has been filed by the undersigned railroads, with the Alabama Public Service Commission, proposing a revision of Alabama freight rates, conforming to the principles followed by the Interstate Commerce Commission in its long and short haul order issued in compliance with Federal law. The Commission has set Jan. 16th as the date on which the hearing is to be held.

PURPOSES OF PETITION.

The purposes of the proposed revision in Alabama are:

First: To make an adjustment of intrastate rates that will conform to the long and short haul principles prescribed by the Interstate Commerce Commission in connection with interstate rates, thereby removing numerous inconsistencies and unjust discriminations in favor of the larger cities or communities and against the smaller towns or communities.

Second: To bring about a proper and consistent relationship in the intrastate rates applicable between points in Alabama and the interstate rates applicable between points in Alabama and points in surrounding states, thereby removing numerous inconsistencies and unjust discriminations against interstate traffic.

Third: To readjust the intrastate Alabama rates on many commodities moving in large volume, which do not now pay their just share of the cost of transportation, thereby removing this unjust discrimination against other traffic.

Fourth: To afford the carriers in Alabama more adequate revenue from intrastate freight transportation for the service performed.

TO FURNISH INFORMATION.

The effect of this proposed revision will be to produce both reductions and advances in the freight rates between points in Alabama on the several lines and will also remove many discriminations between interstate rates and intrastate rates which have been accentuated by the recent interstate revision made in conformity with the order of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

For the purpose of furnishing authoritative information in regard to the rates proposed in this revision, there will be located at the Exchange Hotel in Montgomery, Alabama, for the week of Dec. 10th, to Dec. 15th, inclusive, a committee composed of the following traffic representatives:

C. H. Pearson, Assistant General Freight Agent, Alabama Great Southern R. R.; C. B. Kealhofer, General Freight Agent, Atlanta, Birmingham & Atlantic Ry.; C. McD. Davis, General Freight Agent, Atlantic Coast Line R. R.; N. B. Wright, Assistant Freight Traffic Manager, Central of Georgia Ry.; W. H. Grumley, Assistant General Freight Agent, Mobile & Ohio R. R.; J. H. Toomer, Jr., Assistant General Freight Agent, Seaboard Air Line Ry.; E. H. Shaw, Freight Traffic Manager, Southern Railway and Northern Alabama Ry.; Frank G. Browder, Jr., General Agent, Western Railway of Alabama.

A DECLARATION OF POLICY

It is not and will not be the policy of the undersigned railroads to propose any system of rates which would unjustly discriminate against the Alabama producer in favor of producers located without the state. Should this policy appear to be violated by any technical construction of our petition we give assurance that we will not propose, nor will we attempt to adopt, in actual practice, any rates at variance with the same.

Alabama Great Southern Railroad
Atlanta, Birmingham & Atlantic Railway
Atlantic Coast Line Railroad
Central of Georgia Railway
Mobile and Ohio Railroad
Northern Alabama Railway
Seaboard Air Line Railway
Southern Railway
Western Railway of Alabama

Bargains at REYNOLDS'

Brood Sows For Sale.—Two Red Jersey Gilts; Three Mule-Footed Gilts.

Also have on hand several Heifers. Some will give milk soon. Some good milch cows for sale.

I do not want to ship milch cows or brood sows away from here.

I have several good meat hogs for sale.

I am closing out my Stock of **Furniture**—Bureaus, Wash Stands, Iron and Wood Bedsteads, Bed Springs, Matresses, Chairs etc.

Blacksmith Tools.—One set of Bellows, and a Chest of Tools.

Remember that I will buy Corn, Beans, Hay, Hogs and Cattle.

If you want anything in my Line, come and see me before you buy.

L. H. REYNOLDS

CAR OWNERS

Vulcanize Your Own Inner Tubes
Have you seen our Vulcanizer?
Quick, Simple and Inexpensive
A vulcanized patch for 6¼c better and nicer looking than the old way,
In five minutes
Price $1.50, complete with Patches. Send for free circular,
THE LAWSON CO., Division "A"
Birmingham, Ala.

FOR RENT CHEAP

27 acres of land under wire fence, with seven room dwelling, three room dwelling, store, large barn, and out houses. Running water. Known as the Smith place, located on the Birmingham-Clanton highway and So. Railway at Dixie, Ala. If interested communicate with P. O. Box 136 Selma, Ala.

Stalk Cutters

We have a few Stalk Cutters made by the International Harvester Company, which are considered by most every person the very best Cutters ever sold in this Section. We are now offering them to the market at the

-- Old Price --

If you are interested buy now!

Clanton Hardware Co.

"Torturing Headaches—don't suffer—Stop them!"



Long hours, close and tedious work are very apt to result in Headaches or other Pains. Don't suffer.

DR. MILES'
ANTI-PAIN PILLS
will quickly drive your Pain away, and
Dr. Miles' Nervine
will assist you by relieving the Nerve Strain.

IF FIRST BOX, OR BOTTLE, FAILS TO BENEFIT YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

DIZZY SPELLS.

"My nerves became all worn out. I had bad headaches and severe dizzy spells. I could not sleep and my appetite was poor. I began using Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills and they always gave me instant relief no matter what the pain. Then I used Dr. Miles' Nervine regularly and was soon in perfect health again."

MRS. S. L. YOUNG,
324 Pittsburg St.,
Newcastle, Penn.



THE L.& N. states without fear of successful contradiction that its Dining Car Service is equalled by few railroads and is surpassed by none.

Capable buyers have positive instructions to purchase only the best substantials and delicacies the markets afford. Every car is equipped with the best modern refrigeration systems to preserve fresh supplies without cold storage. Each chef, cook and assistant cook is selected solely on his demonstrated ability to properly prepare food which meets the standard requirements of L. & N. Dining Car Service. Every dining car is under the immediate and constant supervision of a capable conductor who will tolerate nothing but prompt, courteous and efficient service on the part of carefully trained waiters, each of whom renders such service.

The cars are bright and cheerful, strongly built and evenly balanced, and supplied with snowy linen and dainty glass and silverware.

The menu is chiefly characteristic for its wide variety and reasonableness of price. There is a blending of French dishes, characteristic of old New Orleans, with genuine Southern cooking, and favorite dishes of Chicago, St. Louis and Jacksonville.

The fruits of the tropics, the sea food of the Gulf, the juicy steaks of the West, and vegetables in season from the Great Lakes on the North to Florida on the South, are served in all their freshness.

Standard mineral waters and soft drinks are supplied as are imported and domestic cigars and cigarettes.

A meal aboard an L. & N. dining car is a genuine pleasure and delight. The service is exceptional; the price is reasonable.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.

(6) *The Old Reliable*

EXPRESSION OF THANKS FROM COMMANDANT OF OLD SOLDIERS

The following letter was received by Mr. Thompson from Dr. J. D. Eiland, Commandant of the Old Alabama Soldiers Home, and is self-explanatory.

Mt. Creek, Ala., Dec. 3, 1917.

Mr. W. P. Thompson, Clanton, Ala.

My dear Mr. Thompson: I wish to express through you, to the daily papers, namely, the Birmingham Age-Herald, News, and Ledger, the Montgomery Advertiser, and Journal, also the Mobile Register, to all who who have so generously contributed to the needs of the old people in the Confederate Soldiers Home. There has been a most wonderful interest shown in the old people in the Home, and while it has been impossible to acknowledge and express to each one the thanks and appreciation of the many articles, consisting of the most comfortable wearables, also blankets, etc. I assure them all that every article that was sent was highly appreciated, and will be of the greatest benefit and service during the wintery months.

The above named papers have the many thanks of the Home for repeated appeals through their columns for the above cause.

Very Respectfully,
J. D. EILAND.

CATTLE AT SOLDIERS HOME

A look over the stock at the Alabama Old Soldiers Home is as a pleasantry. Mr. Scott, the care-taker is certainly deserving of much credit for the admirable condition of the animals. There are now eleven regular milch cows, and from this bunch Mr. Scott gets over 30 gallons of milch each day.

With Mr. Cleveland Kicker as adjutant and Mr. Scott in charge of the stock, and Dr. J. D. Eiland as commandant, the home is well officered by Chilton County home-grown men.

FOR SALE—1 heifer calf 5 weeks old ¾ Jersey ¼ Durham, price $8. 1 runabout buggy, price $6.00.
L. E. DEIFENDERFER,
Thorsby, Ala.



Would you mix your cattle-feed with cotton?

YOU know that such a combination would be carried through the digestive tract without giving the milk-producing and fat-producing food a chance to be assimilated. The lint on old style hulls acts the same way. It forms a pad or cushion-like covering around the concentrates that prevents the digestive juices from extracting the full amount of protein.

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

contain no lint to clog or flux the digestive tract. They are digested and they allow the other forage to be digested the same as hay or any other roughage.

When you mix your feed with Buckeye Hulls you know that you are using roughage that will help—not hinder—the meal, corn, oats, or whatever concentrate you prefer.

Other Advantages

2000 pounds of real roughage to the ton—not 1500.
Cost much less per ton.
Go much farther.
No trash or dust.
Easy to handle because sacked.
They mix well with other forage.
They take less space in the barn.

Mr. C. K. Henderson, Aiken, S. C., says:
that he would rather have Buckeye Hulls than any others. He uses Buckeye Hulls altogether—says they are cheaper and better.

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K *The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.* Dept. K
Atlanta Birmingham Greenwood Little Rock Memphis
Augusta Charlotte Jackson Macon Selma

VINOL REMOVES THE CAUSE OF CHRONIC COUGHS

A Constitutional Remedy That We Guarantee

Lagrange, N. C.—"For years I suffered with a chronic cough, so I could not sleep nights and continued to lose flesh. My druggist asked me to try Vinol. It cured my cough, I can sleep nights and have gained twelve pounds. Vinol is the best tonic and tissue builder I have ever taken."—W. D. Ren, Lagrange, N. C.

We guarantee Vinol for chronic coughs, colds and bronchitis. Not a patent medicine. Formula on every bottle. Your money back if it fails.

J. Ed. Bearden of Maplesville was in Clanton at court this week.

NOTICE OF LAND SALE

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, rendered on the 6th day of October, 1917, the undersigned will sell to the highest bidder for cash in front of the court house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama, within the legal hours of sale on Monday the 17th day of December, 1917 ,the following described lands of the estate of P. E. Coleman, deceased, to wit:

Mineral rights of the NW ¼ of the SE ¼ of the NW ¼ Sec. 12, Tp. 22, Range 13, 10 acres; Mineral rights N ½ of the SW ¼ of the SE ¼ of the NW ¼ Sec. 12, Tp. 22, Range 13, 5 acres. Two lots 5 and 6 block 23 according to the map of Thorsby, Alabama, and lot 16, block 2 according to the map of Thorsby, Alabama, and lot 6 block H according to the map of Thorsby, Alabama; and the following described real estate situated, lying and being in the county of Fayette, State of Alabama, to wit: Lots 1 to 21 in block 1 according to the map of Fayette Highlands.

W. B. TOMLIN,
Administrator.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of Interior, U. S. Land Office, Montgoremy, Ala., October 6, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that Russell I. Perkins, whose post-office address is Dollar, Ala., did, on the 14th day of March, 1917, file in this office sworn statement and application, No. 010149, to purchase the SW¼ of the SW¼, Section 36, Township 22 N., Range 16 E., St. Stephens Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisinos of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised One Hundred Fifty-one and 75-100 Dollars, the timber estimated 56,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M., and the land $39.75; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 20th day of December, 1917, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rockford, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER, Register.

APPOINTMENTS MADE BY THE METHODIST CONFERENCE

Rev. T. G. Jones Goes to Wetumpka; Rev. E. C. Maye Takes his Place At Clanton Methodist Church.

At the Methodist Conference, which has just completed its session at Dothan, the appointment of ministers done by that body removes Rev. T. G. Jones from the Methodist Church here and takes him to Wetumpka. His place will be filled by Rev. E. C. Maye. Mr. Jones has made many friends while serving the church here the past year, and he will go away with high recommendations from his constituency. The Clanton Church will throw wide its doors of welcome to the coming preacher.

The county board of education was in session Tuesday, transacting business concerning the public schools of the county. All the members, consisting of T. J. Dorminey of Stumps Hills, J. M. Mims of Collins Chapel, J. E. Littlejohn of Baker School, W. J. Billingsley of Thorsby, and Supt. of Education W. T. Bean, were present at the meeting.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

NOTICE—I will grind wheat at Thorsby Flour Mill on Monday and Tuesday of each week, and corn on Saturdays.
F. E. GRONQUIST.

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in Hopkins Bldg.
Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women & Surgery
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

A. C. Smith B. Guy Smith
SMITH & SMITH
Attorneys At Law
General Practice
Clanton, - - - - - Alabama.

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

MEN CONVICTED FOR FAILURE TO REGISTER WILL GO TO ARMY

Under new Ruling, they will not be Allowed to get off With Jail Sentence.

Washington, Dec. 1.—Under the new draft rules and regulations, effective December 15, men convicted of failing to register on last June 5 will be dealt with more harshly than under the old system. Provost Marshal General Crowder announced today that such men, instead of being given jail sentences as has been done in many cases heretofore, will be so listed by local boards as to insure their call with the first increment summoned after the new rules are put in force.

Local boards are directed not to send the registration cards to the convicted men to their state adjutant general for serial number assignment but to place them at the top of the first class liable for call. Thus the men, it was pointed out, will forfeit all chances of the master list rotation, except in cases where physical condition of the terms of the law require exemption or deferred classification.

Men now under suspended sentence for failing to register also will be listed at the top of the first class, it was announced.

Hon. Chas. Ingram of Birmingham was in Clanton Monday attending court.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Of first meeting, in the District Court of the United States, for the Northern Division of the Middle District of Alabama: In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of J. E. Evans, bankrupt, post office, Clanton, County of Chilton, Alabama.

The aforesaid party having been adjudged a bankrupt, under the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to Establish a uniform System of Bankruptcy throughout the United States" approved July 1st, 1898, meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt is called at the office of the undersigned referee, in the United States Court House, Montgomery, Alabama, on the 17th day of December, next, at 10 o'clock, A.M., to make proof of debts, and for the election of a trustee, and such other matters ase are necessary and required by the acts of Congress aforesaid.

Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 4, 1917.
M. S. CARMICHAEL, Referee.

HEY! CROOSTIE MEN

I am paying 54 cents for first class Pine, White Oak and Post Oak Ties, and 35 cents for second class.

J. E. LITTLEJOHN
CLANTON, ALA.

Do You Live to Eat?

OR DO YOU EAT TO LIVE? IT DOESN'T MATTER WHICH. THE POINT IS, NO MATTEY WHY YOU EAT, YOU WANT THE BEST. -:- -:- -:- -:-

WE SELL THE BEST TEAS, COFFEES, PUREST OF LARDS, HIGHEST PATENT FLOUR, BEST CANNED GOODS, ETC. IN FACT, THE BEST GENERAL LINE OF GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS TO BE FOUND IN THIS TOWN. NOT A CASE OF DYSPEPSIA IN OUR ENTIRE STOCK. -:- -:- -:- -:- -:- -:-

IF YOU ARE NOT A CUSTOMER OF OUR STORE WE CORDIALLY INVITE YOU TO BECOME ONE AT ONCE. WE KNOW WE CAN SATISFY YOU. -:- -:-

J. W. LITTLEJOHN
"THE GROCERY MAN"
CLANTON, ALA

KILLS THE CHILL
Before It Strikes In.
On Raw, Damp Days



Buffalo Rock GINGER ALE

Will warm you as gently as the sunshine, and put you in tune for the day's work. "Highest in Quality." Mild and mellow, yet full of flavor. Refreshing. Appetizing. Non-reacting. Non-astringent. Kind to nerves. Genial to digestion.

In Individual Bottles at Fountains and Soft Drink Stands 5c

Keep a home box of Buffalo Rock in your home. Order from your grocer.

Buffalo Rock Company
Anniston Birmingham Montgomery



Makes Such Light, Tasty Biscuits

Just let mother call, "Biscuits for Breakfast!" We're sure there's a treat that can't be beat in store for us — light, tender biscuits — toasty brown and all puffed up with goodness! For mother is *sure* of her baking powder — Calumet. She never disappoints *us* because

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

never disappoints *her*. It's *dependable*. Results *always* the same—the *best*. *Try it.*

Calumet contains only such ingredients as have been approved officially by the U.S. Food Authorities.

You Save When You Buy It.
You Save When You Use It.

HIGHEST QUALITY AWARDS



Oscar Jones of Birmingham came down this week on account of the death of his brother, Alvin Jones.

Go to Upchurch Drug Co., for Xmas jewelry.

Clifford Mullins, who is among the Chilton boys at Camp Wheeler at Macon, was at home on furlough last week. Clifford has been sick some since he went to camp, but is looking well again now.

Christmas gifts now on display at Upchurch Drug Co.

Robert Roper died at Camp Wheeler last Thursday morning. His body was brought back to Clanton and buried at Mt. Nebo Sunday.

Buy your Xmas Jewelry from Upchurch Drug Co. They will treat you right.

Mr. Joe Wesson, prominent farmer who lives just north of town, is reported seriously ill with pneumonia.

Grady Broadhead is at home from Camp Wheeler, and is unable to return. He had about developed a full grown case of pneumonia, and he was lucky enough to get home before it got him.

Reasons!

Why you should use Cardui, the woman's tonic, for your troubles, have been shown in thousands of letters from actual users of this medicine, who speak from personal experience. If the results obtained by other women for so many years have been so uniformly good, why not give Cardui a trial?

Take

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Mrs. Mary J. Irvin, of Cullen, Va., writes: "About 11 years ago, I suffered untold misery with female trouble, bearing-down pains, headache, numbness . . . I would go for three weeks almost bent double . . . My husband went to Dr. —— for Cardui . . . After taking about two bottles I began going around and when I took three bottles I could do all my work." E-80

FROM U. S. NAVY RECRUITING STATION

Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 5, 1917.
Dear Editor:

This office is in receipt of a recent order that opens up a chance for men with trades to enter the Aviation Corps (ground service), as petty officers.

I am sure you ill be interested as it is the best chance that men of trades have had to enter a branch of the service as athor than provates. I hope you will be able to give as wide publicity to this as possible.

There is an important and immediate need for mechanics for naval aviation in the following ratings: (1) Machinists Mates. (aviation); (2) Carpenters Mates, (aviation); (3) Quaartermasters, (aviation); (4) Balcksmiths, and (5) Coppersmiths, for aviation duties.

The following trades are covered by the above ratings: Carpenters, Woodworkers, Machinists, Coppersmiths, Fabric Workers, Riggers, Acetylene Welders, Gas Engine Overhaul men and Instrument Makers.

Machinists mates are charged with the upkeep and overhaul of aircraft engines. They must have had previous experience in gasoline engines or any allied trade such as electricians. Men especially desirable may be enrolled as Machinists Mates, 2nd Class. Others will be enrolled as landsmen for Machinists mates. Pay of landsmen for Machinists mates, (aviation(is $32.60 per month.

Quartermasters Aviation.

Landsmen for Quartermaster, Aviation, are selected from men wha have alertness and intelligence and a general mechanical ability. Men having experience in hydrogen plants or balloon works are especially desirable. The duties of the Quartermasters are to see to the upkeep and overhaul of sea-planes or dirribles. Pay of Quartermaster, 2nd class is $46.50 per month. Pay for Quartermaster, 1st class is $52.00 per month.

Carpenter Mates.

Landsmen for Carpenter Mates (aviation) must have had experience as a skilled trade carpenter. After training is completed they will be rated according to proficiency as carpenters. Carpenters Mates, 1st class receive $52.00 per month. Carpenters Mates 2nd class receive $46.50 per month. Men especially qualified may be enrolled as Carpenter Mates 2nd class directly.

Blacksmiths and Coppersmiths.

These are not distinctly aviation duties, as the trade proficiency will easily qualify such men for aviation works. Such men must have engaged in actual work at their trade.

Acetylene welders may enlist as Coppersmiths 2nd class. Those failing to qualify at examination may be assigned to general service. Pay of Blacksmiths 2nd class is $61.00 per month. Pay of Blacksmiths 1st class is $77.50 per month.

Men enlisting in aviation branches above must enter with the understanding that they are to do ground work only. They will not be given an oportunity to fly. The course of training will be three months for Machinist Mates and Quartermasters, (aviation) and six weeks for Carpenter Mates.

Promotion is fast. No time limit applies after the fixed period of training, and men may be advanced on their ability. Age limits, 21 to 35 years. Respectfully,

J. E. MEREDITH,
Lieut. U. S. N. Rect Off.

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week ending December 1st, 1917.

Names—WOMEN
Mrs. J. D. Burns (2),
Miss Useless Connell,
Miss Burley Foshee,
Mrs. M. H. Johnson,
Vearlie Abercrombie.

Names—MEN
M. D. Dennis,
J. E. Ellison,
J. W. Hand,
John Lockham,
G. L. Lockhart,
J. A. Culver,
W. R. Smith,
A. H. Stephens,
Alex White,
G. H. Mercase,
R. H. Rewtles,
J. W. Silas,
Attum Pumas,
J. W. Baker,
Charlie Barrett.

These Letters will be sent to the Dead Letter Office Dec. 15, 1917, if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "Advertised," giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON, P. M.

CENTRAL ALABAMA FARM PRODUCTS COMPANY

In Readiness to operate its Velvet Bean Mill and Meal Mill.

On the 3rd and 4th inst the boiler and engine power to our plant was tested out and the connection with the town water main made. The mill was in readiness to operate on 5th, and by the last of the week, we hope to be in full service to the public.

We will be glad to answer promptly and fully any inquiries over the phone, made by any customers who expect to bring their products to the mill.

Central Alabama Farm Products Co.,
By W. M. Adams, Pres.
S. W. Adams, Secy.

ASTOUNDING REPORT FOR CLANTON

The wife of a merchant had stomach trouble so bad she could eat nothing but toast, fruit and hot water. Everything else would sour and ferment. ONE SPOONFUL buchthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as mixed in Adler-i-ka benefitted her instantly. Because Adler-i-ka flushes the entire alimentary tract, it relieves any case of constipation, sour stomach or gas, and prevents appendicitis. It has QUICKEST action of anything we ever sold.

UPCHURCH DRUG CO.

Pay your Subscription. $1 a year.



Precious Children, are Not They?

They are homeless; and we want some wholesome fine Christian couple to take them and love them and care for them.

Shall it be your home? They are sisters and as bright and smart as they can be.

We have two boys, too; sturdy little fellows, with hearts yearning for a real home. Will you make them glad and happy by opening your home to one or both of them?

A child will bring sunshine and gladness into the childless home.

Write to Ralph S. Barrow, State Superintendent, Alabama Children's Aid Society, headquarters 2212 First avenue, Birmingham, Alabama.

LET YOUR DOLLARS HELP

If you have children your heart cries out for these homeless little ones. There are just lots of them. Will you not let your money help to find mothers and fathers for them?

The work is supported entirely by voluntary contributions: any amount you desire to give, large or small, will help in our great work.

Won't you give $1.00 a month? You will miss it so little and 'twill mean so much to some little child. It may mean saving a life.

For $2.50 a month you can "endow" a child in a foster home. Will you do it? You could not contribute to a more worthy cause. Mail your money order or check now to Mr. Crawford Johnson, Treasurer, Alabama Children's Aid Society, Birmingham, Alabama.

TEXAS AND COTTON

A careful study of Texas farmers shows a strong tendency to increase the cotton crop in 1918. Everywhere farmers are talking about planting more cotton next year. They are destroying old stalks by grazing them more closely with cattle or plowing them under for the purpose of taking advantage of the boll weevil, which does not seem to have done very much damage this year on account of the dry season. Apparently, the weevils are a thing of the past, but a few are still found on late cotton in damp, rich places.

The pink boll worm has been discovered in several localities, one infestation as far east as Beaumont, in southeast Texas. This pest is more destructive than boll weevils, but spreads more slowly. They are not expected to reduce the yield of cotton in Texas materially for two or three years yet. Every effort is being made to exterminate them, and many people are hopeful that the pest will be completely stamped out. As a safeguard against this dangerous pest, Alabama farmers are warned against buying cotton seed or cottonseed products from Texas. Texas can make four million bales of cotton in seasonable years, and will, in our opinion, do it next year, if conditions are favorable.

Diversification Best for Alabama.

While the Texas farmer is tearing his shirt to make more cotton, the Alabama farmer will do well to continue his diversification (hog and hominy). Texas is without sufficient feed and food except in the Northern and Eastern part. They will need thousands of carloads, and have appealed to the government for aid. Primarily, this condition was brought about by the great drought in the Southwest, but is made more stringent by the extensive cotton regime. Cotton is still the cheapest agricultural product on the market. It serves best only as a cash crop after the living has been produced through diversified farming. Alabama farmers should increase their hogs, cattle and poultry as fast as possible by saving the young females. They should plant about three-fourths of their cultivatable crops to corn, beans peanuts, oats, peas, cane and vegetables. About one-fourth of the crop or six acres to the plow should be planted to cotton. The soil should be well-drained up-land, (pea-stubble preferred). It should be thoroughly plowed this fall. Plant early varieties medium early in the season. Use acid phosphate and stable manure as far as they will go. Work fast and destroy all weevils before squares are formed. It should make a bale per acre, if properly done, and make a fine cash surplus after the living has been produced. It is the only safe system. Remember to destroy all cotton stalks on the farm as early as possible.

J. A. WADE.

Miss Mattie Holcomb, of Calera hase been appointed Assistant Cashier of the Peoples Savings Bank of Clanton.

U. S. NAVY URGES MEN TO ENLIST

Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 4, 1917.
Editor Union-Banner:
Dear Sir:—

The new classification rules of the adjutant general include several classes that effect recruits for the navy that I think would be of interest to your readers.

By the new rulings, after December 15th no man who would be in the quota for the second army may enlist in the navy. This is of vital interest to a great many of your readers who are between the ages of 21 and 31 and who have no chance for exemption. These men will be automatically advanced to the top of the list and will, after December 15 have no chance of service, as they will not be allowed to enlist in the army or navy after that date.

The navy is extremely anxious to enlist 20,000 more apprentice seamen, pay $32.60 per month, and 5,000 firemen, pay $36,20 per month. It offers great inducements such as good food, dry bedding, cleanliness, warmth and a chance to see the world. The men interested can write to the navy recruiting stations, at Montgomery, Birmingham, Mobile, Dothan, Huntsville, Tuscaloosa, or Pensacola, Fla.

Thanking you for this and past favors, I am,

Yours truly,
J. E. MEREDITH,
Lieut. U. S. N. Recrt. Off.

Claud Jones who lives at Decatur now, attended the funeral of his brother here Wednesday.

Upchurch Drug Company will accept Liberty Bonds in payment for Merchandise bought of them.

NATIONAL RED CROSS CAMPAIGN TO OPEN

Tne national Red Cross will secure 10,000,000 new members before this Christmas. The campaign will begin December 17th, and run to Christmas Eve. A Red Cross Sermon will be preached in almost every pulpit in the United States by patriotic clergymen who see in the Red Cross the great undenominational agency for international relief.

In Alabama, Louisiana and Mississippi 500,000 new members must be secured and each of the 300 Chapters in the Division has been called on to name a special Campaign Manager, who, with his committees woll conduct this drive,—the greatest one for new members that has ever been undertaken in the United States.

The headquarters for the committee n charge of the movement is at New Orleans. Alabama is represented by Mr. Robert Jemison, Jr., a prominent real estate agent at Birmingham and by Judge Goodwyn, the well-known attorney at Montgomery. Louisiana is represented by Judge E. H. Randolph, one oft he most prominent attorneys of North Louisiana and by John Legier, Jr., President of the City Bank and Trust Co., at New Orleans. Mississippi is represented by Mr. T. F. Davis, President of the Federal Land Bank, formerly a resident of Yaoo City and by Mr. Thad B. Lampton, the well-known banker of Jackson, Mississippi. The executive secretary in charge of the work is Mr. W. J. Leppert, Director of the Bureau of Development in the Gulf Division.

A Woman's Duty



Since the beginning of time, it has been woman's sphere in life to rear the future generation. Three generations of expectant mothers have aided nature by the regular use of the time-honored external application, "Mother's Friend".

This safe and reliable emollient softens the skin of the abdomen; the muscles expand easily and more naturally when baby is born, and this liniment is the greatest contribution of science to a happy motherhood.

"Mother's Friend" is the prescription of a famous physician who prescribed it in his obstetrical practice for over forty years, and is of such a helpful and natural nature as to be in every way necessary to the expectant mother. All reliable druggists supply "Mother's Friend". Apply it yourself to the abdomen and breasts night and morning. Write the Bradfield Regulator Co., Dept. L, 200 Lamar Building, Atlanta, Ga., and they will send you a little book brimful of scientifically prepared information, without charge. Write for it by all means, and do not fail to aid nature by the use of "Mother's Friend". Ask for a bottle of "Mother's Friend" at your druggist's today.

TELEPHONE DIRECTORS TO HOLD MEETING

Teh directors of all lines of the Peoples Telephone Company, are requested to meet at the courthouse on Monday, December 10 at 10:00 a.m.

Let every line seet hat it has a representative at this meeting.

J. H. DUNCAN, Pres.
J. N. DENNIS, Secretary.

Red Cross buttons, literature, posters and other supplies are going forward to each community and will be in the hands of the Campaign Managers in time for them to make of the drive a success.

Form

your own opinion of the quality of printing we turn out by looking over the samples we will be glad to show you. There is nothing in this line that we can't do to your entire satisfaction. High-class printing creates a good impression for you and your business.

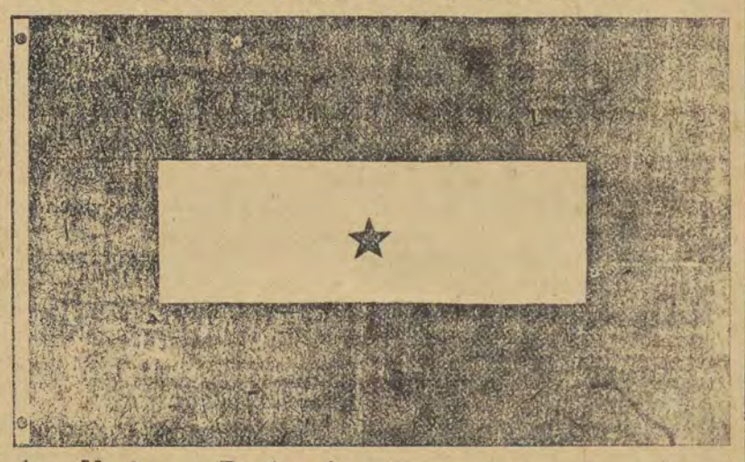


Consult Us Before You Send Your Work Out of Town

DISPLAY A SERVICE FLAG

To Show a Member of Your Family Is Serving His Country in the Great War.

A STAR FOR EVERY SOLDIER.



An Unique Device in Keeping With Loyalty and Patriotism for Our Country.



Display the Red Service Flag with a blue star in center, on the pole with your U. S. Flag. Then everyone will know how many of your household is serving Uncle Sam. **Show that your boy is not a slacker.**

The Service Flag is 2x3 feet, and is Red with a White center in which you can have one or more blue stars to show how many boys you have given to the service of Uncle Sam. Sent with a year's subscription to The Tri-Weekly Constitution for $1.50. These flags alone sell for $1 at retail. Thousands upon thousands of them are now being displayed all over the country. One star means one soldier; two means two soldiers; three means three soldiers. They are all the rage now. Get yours at once. State how many stars you want on your flag. Address your order and send $1.50 to **The Tri-Weekly Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.**

"What Have I Done in the Past Year?"

Ask yourself this question, and then reflect a moment and see if you could answer it. Have you done anything that this community is proud of?

IN THIS THE LAST MONTH IN THE YEAR, IT IS A GOOD TIME TO ASK YOURSELF THE QUESTION: "WHAT GOOD HAVE I BEEN TO MY COMMUNITY, MY FRIENDS AND MYSELF DURING THE PAST YEAR?" THIS IS A SEARCHING QUESTION INDEED; ONE WHICH EVERY CITIZEN OF THIS TOWN MAY WELL APPLY TO HIMSELF. IT MUST BE ANSWERED SOME WAY BY EVERYBODY.

THE MERCHANT, BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL MAN MIGHT ASK HIMSELF, "WHAT HAVE I DONE TO HELP THE MASS OF PEOPLE WHO COMPOSE THIS TOWN TOWARD BETTER CONDITIONS?"

THE MASS OF CITIZENS SHOULD SEEK TO SEE JUST WHAT THEY AS INDIVIDUALS HAVE DONE TO ASSIST THE BUSINESS MEN IN MAKING A BETTER TOWN. THIS MONTH IS A GOOD TIME FOR EVERYBODY TO TAKE STOCK OF THEMSELVES AND DETERMINE JUST WHAT THEY HAVE ACCOMPLISHED IN THE PAST YEAR THAT IS WORTH WHILE.

Overalls

We sell the Famous Carhartt Overalls, Each Pair guaranteed

W. A. KEMP

Ideal Theatre
Friday and Saturday, Dec. 7-8

"TANGLED HEARTS"
"HER FINAL CHOICE"
THE LAST THRUST"

Two thrilling Dramas and a Laugh-Forcing Comedy.
10c and 20c — War Tax.

CHRISTMAS

Will soon be here, and we have supplied our Store with anything that you will want. Gifts for Father, Mother, Brother, Sister, and Sweetheart, will be found in display in our Store.

Buy Before the Rush.
UPCHURCH DRUG COMPANY

Just received a Carload of Nails, Wire and Fencing. See us before buying them.

Downs Hardware Company

If you want the best
GROCERIES
That money can buy, just call on me. I have a complete line and at the right prices.

J.W.Littlejohn

What have you got that you want to sell?

I will buy your Syrup, Corn, Cattle and Hogs. And will pay the highest market prices far all of your farm products.

L.H.REYNOLDS

FORD CARS

And Parts; Oil, Gasoline, and accessories. Get your order in for new cars now and avoid having to wait for delivery.

L. J. DUNCAN MOTOR CO.

Splendid Efforts

The merchants of this town have been liberal buyers of newspaper advertising space in the past year, trying to impress the people of their intentions in the upbuilding of the town and community. They help the people by giving them money-saving prices when they buy the things that are sold in the stores. These merchants have spent good hard cash to convince the people of this town that they should help in the work of community building by co-operation with the local merchant and spending the money at home.

If you as a citizen, have not given the local merchant the proper support, the past year, you should repent of the wrong you have committed in sending youd dollars away and resolve to start even with the new year, and work in every conceivable way for your home town and home people first.

CLOTHING
Shoes, Etc.

For Sale Cheap for Cash

Wiley Littlejohn
"The Bargain Store"

DISTINCTIVE
Printing

¶ Printing that will attract attention and put your advertising in a class by itself—printing that contains originality in conception and excellence in its execution—this quality of originality and individuality characterizes all the printed work we turn out.

Star Brand Shoes Are Better

We have a Full Line of Them for Fall and Winter.

Clanton Mercantile Co.

FREE SEASON TICKET
TO THE MOVIES
At the Ideal Theatre

Get a ticket with every 5c purchase a tthe **Candy Store,** giving you a chance on a Season Ticket to the IDEAL THEATRE worth $1.20. One Season Ticket given away every Saturday. Not necessary to be present at drawing. See Lucky Number on Window at store.

Stop at
THE NEW WILSON HOTEL

The best hotel service to be found in Clanton. Reasonable rates for Meals and Rooms.

Soft Drinks, Cigars, Cigarettes, Candies,

GROCERIES

We want to buy all the Chestnuts that we can possibly get within the next few weeks. Highest prices paid.

L. C. Reynolds

Rev. Job Reynolds of Dry Valley, father of Judge L. H. Reynolds, was in Clanton Sunday, on a brief visit to his sons and their families. The old gentleman shows the signs of the years, and marks of many harrowing experiences during his long and active life. But he is still "going" and we hope he may continue so for time unlimited.

A force of 52 persons has been sent to France by the Treasury Department to audit the accounts of the army there.

Government loans to farmers in October amounted to $7,374,044, or practically double the amount paid out during the previous month. Applications for loans in the hands of the 12 Federal land banks total $193,250,945.

During "BARGAIN DAYS," Dec. 1-15, THE BIRMINGHAM NEWS will accept subscriptions, Daily and Sunday (both) by mail (only) ONE YEAR (no less) for FOUR ($4) DOLLARS. Agents wanted everywhere.



TAKE A SODA

and take it often. The oftener you take it the oftener you'll enjoy it. **Jim Good-Fellow Treat Wife Daily** to one of our sodas. They're one of the happiest couples in all the town. **Soda At This Fountain Makes Men Tractable,** andkeeps women lovable. Syrups fresh daily.

L. C. REYNOLDS

The food administration has seized 16,000 tons of sugar which was held in New York.

LEGAL NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that at a regular meeting of the Commissioners Court of Chilton County, Alabama, held at Clanton, Alabama, on the 5th day of November, 1917, an order was made providing for the building af a bridge across Yellow Leaf Creek at Plier's Mill. Said bridge to be 200 feet in length and built of wood, and be across said mill pond, the same to be 10 feet above water of pond. The work to be done by contract, said contract to be let to the lowest responsible bidder, under sealed bids, to be deposited with the Judge of Probate on or before the 19th day of December, 1917. The county to furnish all material and the contractor to do all work.

All persons offering to bid upon said contract for the building of said bridge, may deposit their bids in sealed envelopes, marked "Bids for County Bridge Work" and addressed to the Commissioners Court, on or before 12 o'clock, the 19th day of December, 1917, at which time said bids will be passed upon by the court.

The court reserves the right to reject any or all bids made.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

During "BARGAIN DAYS," Dec. 1-15, THE BIRMINGHAM NEWS will accept subscriptions, Daily and Sunday (both) by mail (only) ONE YEAR (no less) for FOUR ($4) DOLLARS. Agents wanted everywhere.

SOME HOG THIS

Mr. J. D. Collins, Chilton County Tax Collector, killed a Duroc Jersey porker that weighed, when dressed 496 pounds.

LUMBER FOR THE ALLIES

J .W. Stanfield shipped three cars of Chilton County lumber to the Canadian Munitions plant, Montreal, Canada, this week.

CLANTON BOYS ENLISTING

Young men of Clanton are hustling around now to get into the army and navy before the period for volunteers is closed.

This week a number including Dr. W. L. Parrish, Thos. M. Parrish, J. T. Wyatt, Alonza Robinson and David Vines have made application for various departments of the service.

Mrs. J. B. Atkinson returned Monday from a two-weeks visit to relatives at Vincent, Ala.

Rev. S. M. Adams went over to Jones, Ala., last Saturday and filled his appointment at the Baptist Church there. The Judge has been pastor of the church there for some years past, and he reports a live, wide-awake band of Christian workers there.

Newton Askins, who went to Geneva from here a few months ago, to take a position as pharmicist, is now employed by the Exchange Drug Company, in the city of Montgomery.

According to the deparment of agriculture, rats and mice destroy each year property worth more than $200,000,000 equaling the gross earnings of an army of 200,000 men.

NON-RESIDENT NOTICE

State of Alabama, Chilton County. Circuit Court, July Term, 1917.

J. P. VanDerveer, Jr., and J. H. Roberts, partners, doing business as The Pine Tree Lumber Co., plaintiffs, Southern Lumber and Manufacturing Company, a corporation, defendents.

To Southern Lumber and Manufacturing Company, a corporation:

Whereas, J. P. VanDerveer, Jr., and J. H. Roberts, partners doing business as the Pine Tree Lumber Co., as plaintiffs in said cause, has obtained an attachment out of this Court issued the 2nd day of November, 1917, against the estate of the said Southern Lumber and Manufacturing Co., a corporation, defendant, which attachment has been levied upon the following described personal property, as the property of said defendant, to-wit:

Four car-loads, about sixty thousand feet 2 x 6, eight, and 10 x 9 foot and nine foot, six inches long, rough, dry yellow pine lumber, and whereas, it appears that the said Southern Lumber and Manufacturing Company, a corporation, defendant, as aforesaid, is a non-resident of the State of Alabama

Now, therefore, the said Southern Lumber and Manufacturing Company a corporation, wherever it may reside, are hereby notified of the levy and pendency of said attachment.

Witness my hand, this 26th day of November, 1917.

M. D. FOSHEE, Clerk.

NOTICE STOCK LAW ELECTION

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held in Precinct Two, Chilton County, Alabama, on the 17 day of December, 1917, to ascertain whether or not a majority of the qualified electors, bona fide residents of said precinct Two, Chilton County, Alabama, desire or favor a law to permit horses and cattle to run at large, and prohibiting hogs, goats and sheep from running at large in said Precinct. Said election will be held at the usual voting places in said Precinct.

This, the 12th day of Nov. 1917.

J. E. COBB.

During "BARGAIN DAYS," Dec. 1-15, THE BIRMINGHAM NEWS will accept subscriptions, Daily and Sunday (both) by mail (only) ONE YEAR (no less) for FOUR ($4) DOLLARS. Agents wanted everywhere.

Subscribe for The Union-Banner.

GRANGER LIVER REGULATOR

Relieves Sick Headache & Constipation



Granger Liver Regulator is purely vegetable, contains no calomel or alcohol, and is a most efficient family medicine for liver and stomach ailments. Sold by druggists, 25c a box. Refuse all substitutes. Demand Granger.

Granger Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

T. J. Hubbard of Jemison was in town Wednesday. He came to see The Union-Banner about his subscription.

Come In

When you are in town don't fail to come in and let us show you our line of Goods. If you don't take advantage of the Bargains that are here for you, you will lose money.

Anything you need in the way of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Suits, Hats, Caps, Collars and Neckties, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Gents Furnishings, etc., you will find at our Store.

We are agents for the famous W. L. Douglas Shoes, and can fit any member of the family. We also carry a full line of Groceries.

All of our goods are New and Up-to-Date. Be sure to see them before buying elsewhere.

TOM KEMP
CLANTON, ALA.

Christmas

WE KNOW THAT YOU WILL WANT TO BUY SOMEONE A PRESENT FOR CHRISTMAS, AND WE HAVE SUPPLIED OUR STORE WITH A STOCK OF CHRISTMAS GOODS FOR YOU.

OWING TO THE WAR AND HIGH COST OF LIVING, WE HAVE ONLY PURCHASED ARTICLES OF REAL VALUE — THINGS THAT WILL BE USEFUL.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY SOMETHING THAT WILL BE APPRECIATED COME IN AND LET US SELL YOU SOMETHING IN OUR LINE OF GOODS SUCH AS CAPS, SWEATERS, GLOVES, SHIRTS, HANDKERCHIEFS.

W. A. KEMP
"Your Money's Worth or your Money Back."
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., DECEMBER 13, 1917 NUMBER 37.

Thirteen Negro Soldiers Hanged in Texas Camp

Black Troops pay Penalty for Outbreak. 41 Given Life Sentence in Addition to Those Executed. 4 Get Lighter Sentences.

Fort Sam Houston, San Antonia, Texas, Dec. 11.—Thirteen negro soldiers, members of the Twenty-Fourth U. S. Infantry, were hanged here today for participation in the Houston riot the night of August 23, in which 17 persons were killed and 22 injured.

The thirteen negro soldiers were hanged near Camp Travis. Corporal Chas. Baltimore was one of the men executed.

So far as it is officially known, this is the first execution of American soldiers on American territory since the United States entered the war.

Aside from the 13 blacks hanged at 7:17 this morning, 41 were given a life sentence in federal prison, one a sentence of two years; five were acquitted.

The executions were in charge of Maj. Gen. John W. Ruckman, commander of the southern department. They took place on the government reservation on Salado Creek, Camp Travis.

No one except military officials knew the impending executions until that morning. The verdict convicting the soldiers was rteurned Nov. 30, it was officially stated.

PROGRAM AT THORSBY NIGHT OF DECEMBER 14

The following musical program will be rendered by the students of Thorsby Institute, Friday night, December 14, at 7:30 o'clock, under the direction of the music teacher, Miss Elizabeth Wilkins. Everybody is invited.

Over Waters Gliding — Offenbach; America for Me—Schwartz; Girls Chorus.

Evening—Fontaine; Lois Abernathy.

Gretchen Serenade — Heins; Elsie Caldwell.

A Perfect Day—Carrie Jacobs Bond; The Blossom and the Bee—Lee; Agnes Leary.

Humoresque—Devorak; Lorena Graham, Lois Abernathy.

Where Blue Bells Sway—Selected; Spinning Song—Ellmreich; Berrice Williams.

The Shepherd Boy—Wilson; Gladys Putnam.

Thistle down—Reid; Lola Horn.

All Through the Night—Welsh Air; Nothing else to do—Meyers; Male Quartet.

Melody—Voiter; Odie Lee Arthur.

Serenade—Schubert; Lorena Graham

Qui Vive—Ganz; Agnes Leary, Lois Abernathy.

Valse Chromatique—Gothard; O thou Sublime Sweet Evening Star — Wagner; Inga Erdahl.

The First Nowell—Traditional; Bethlehem—Barnaby; Silent Night—Gruber; Chorus.

Meditation—Greenweld; Inez Garrick.

THREE MORE MEN SENT TO ARMY BY LOCAL BOARD

The local board for Chilton County this week sent three more men to the army. Alfred Marler and Ira J. Cox were called to appear here Tuesday and were sent to Camp Wednesday.

Furney J. Carroll was called to appear here last week and go to camp. For some reason he failed to appear, when due, but showed up on Wednesday of this week ready to go. He was sent to Camp Gordon by the local board on Thursday.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.
Circuit Court in Equity.

J. S. Varner Complainant vs. Anna Varner Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit on file of Grady Reynolds that the Defendant Anna Varner is non-resident of the state of Alabama, and resides in the state of Ohio, place unknown, and further that in the belief of said affiant, the Defendant Anna Varner is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Union-Banner a newspaper published in Clanton, Ala., once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring her the said Anna Varner to answer, plead or demur to the Bill of Complaint in the above cause, on or before the 17th day of December 1917, and failing so to do within thirty days after the service of this summons, a Decree Pro Confesso may be taken against her in said cause.

Witness my hand, this 17th day of November 1917.

H. M. SIMPSON,
11-22-4t Register.

"Little Bill" Mullins has joined the aviation department of the U. S. army service. He went to Fort Oglethorpe, for duty Wednesday.

COTTON GINNED IN ALABAMA PRIOR TO NOV. 14, 1917 AND 1916.

Director Sam L. Rogers, of the bureu of census, Department of Commerce, announces the preliminary report of cotton ginned by counties in Alabama, for the crops of 1917, and 1916. The report was made public for the state at 10, a.m., on Wednesday, November 2-, 1917.

(Quantities are in running bales, counting round as half bales. Linters are not included.)

County	1917	1916
Autauga,	4,397	3,712
Barbour,	7,875	11,399
Bibb,	635	564
Blount,	5,017	8,173
Bullock,	4,995	6,570
Butler,	4,407	3,231
Calhoun,	6,725	10,749
Chambers,	13,274	19,271
Cherokee,	7,838	7,934
Chilton,	3,249	3,551
Choctaw,	2,066	1,235
Clarke,	4,138	2,084
Clay,	2,937	8,068
Cleburne,	2,194	4,092
Coffee,	6,806	7,485
Colbert,	7,469	8,054
Connecuh,	3,838	1,950
Coosa,	247	2,222
Covington,	6,408	2,899
Crenshaw,	4,425	5,138
Cullman,	11,388	14,760
Dale,	3,162	5,282
Dallas,	12,995	7,870
Dekalb,	7,091	10,960
Elmore,	7,909	8,100
Escambia,	4,741	1,385
Etowah,	6,603	8,163
Fayette,	2,034	2,883
Franklin,	4,072	6,815
Geneva,	10,478	8,619
Greene,	2,063	1,466
Hale,	3,712	2,420
Henry,	7,847	9,847
Houston,	8,124	10,316
Jackson,	4,406	7,918
Jefferson,	415	2,300
Lamar,	2,959	2,272
Lauderdale,	9,919	13,690
Lawrence,	9,411	11,108
Lee,	8,256	15,042
Limestone,	10,944	13,604
Lowndes,	3,555	2,850
Macon,	8,933	8,831
Madison,	15,375	19,505
Marengo,	10,005	5,811
Marion,	3,317	5,060
Marshall,	14,346	15,161
Monroe,	9,723	3,495
Montgomery,	7,518	7,045
Morgan,	11,473	14,629
Peasry,	4,690	2,910
Pickens,	2,460	1,350
Pike,	4,545	8,043
Randolph,	7,891	11,503
Russell,	7,965	10,446
St. Clair,	2,128	5,501
Shelby,	633	2,713
Sumter,	2,154	2,027
Talladega,	6,069	16,709
Tallapoosa,	4,175	9,796
Tuscaloosa,	2,590	1,983
Walker,	796	3,894
Wilcox,	7,071	3,894
Winston,	2,875	5,706
All other,	1,140	156

THORSBY ITEMS

Don't forget that the next number of the entertainment course will come Saturday night, December 15th, when Prof. Macon, of Birmingham delivers his lecture. Single admission 25c and 15c.

Rev. J. M. Graham is spending ten days with his family, after an absence of about a month.

Mr. Wyatt A. Taylor, Field Secretary of the Christian Endeavor, will be in Thorsby on Sunday, Dec. 17th, and will speak to the young people at the Congregational church Sunday night. This will be an opportunity for young people to hear an interesting speaker and one thoroughly up-to-date on religious work for the young people.

Miss Elizabeth Hoopes of Thorsby Institute gave an address on "Our Needs of Vision" to an enthusiastic audience at Stony Point Church, near Deatsville, Sunday. She was accompanied by Mr. Chester Turner, a student of Thorsby Institute, who led the singing.

The citizens of Thorsby regret very much the loss of Mr. Phillip Horn, who has accepted a position with the Upchurch Drug Company of Clanton.

Mr. O. C. Mastin, accompanied by her son, Walter, left this week for Midway, Ala., where she will join her husband and where they expect to make their residence.

Prof. Geo. W. Macon, Howard College, Birmingham, will be here on Saturday, December 15th. This will be the next number on the intertainment course for Thorsby. All who have heard Prof. Macon know that the lecture will be worth hearing and those who have not heard him should not miss a chance to hear one of the most interesting speakers of Alabama

Mrs. Diefenderfer of St. Paul is visiting the home of her son, Mr. L. E. Diefenderfer. She is getting acquainted with her new grandson.

Miss Maud and Mr. Arthur Johnson left on Saturday of last week for their home near Headland. They were called home on account of serious illness of their brother.

A music recital will be given by the students of Thorsby Institute on Friday night of this week. Everyone is invited to be present.

TEN MILLION NEW RED CROSS MEMBERS IN ONE WEEK!

That is the goal that the American Red Cross has set for itself in its Christmas membership campaign that is to be launched December 16. Thruout the United States Red Cross chapters are preparing for the enrollment of the new army which is to stand as the organized support of the boys in the trenches.

No man is more deeply concerned in the world war than President Wilson—who is also president of the Red Cross—and this is his proclamation:

To the people of the United States:

Ten million Americans are invited to join the American Red Cross during the week ending with Christmas Eve. The times require that every branch of our great national effort shall be loyally upheld, and it is peculiarly fitting that the Christmas season the Red Cross should be the branch through which your willingness to help is expressed.

You should join the American Red Cross, because it alone can carry the pledges of Christmas good will to those who are carrying for us the real burdens of the world war, both in our own army and navy and in the nations upon whose territory the issues of the world war are being fought out. Your evidence of faith in this work is necessary for their heartening and cheer.

You should join the Red Cross because this arm of the national service is steadily and efficiently maintaining its overseas relief in every suffering land, administering our millions wisely and well and awakening the gratitude of every people.

Our consciences will not let us enjoy the Christmas season if this pledge of support of our cause and the world's weal is left unfulfilled. Red Cross membership is the Christmas spirit in terms of action.

(Signed) WOODROW WILSON,
President American Red Cross.

THE ALABAMA BOY

Dear Mr. Editor:

Will you allow me a space in my home paper? I was raised in Chilton County near Maplesville. I enlisted in the Navy at Birmingham on April 15, 1917; and I do hope and trust that every Alabama boy will wake up and do his bit for our own country.

Alabama is pretty well represented in the Navy. There are 26 of us on this ship.

I am sending you a poem, as I think it will be a great help to the boys at home. I would like to hear from any of the young folks back at home, who would like to make a sailor boy happy.

Sincerely yours,
C. H. LATHAM,
U. S. S. Montgomery,
Norfolk, Va.

"The Little Boys in Navy Blue"

(By C. H. Latham.)

Little boys in navy blue,
Come and get your guns;
Uncle Sam is going across,
You bet, we'll have some fun.

We will have the stars and stripes
Right over old Kaiser Bill
And make him drink the wasted blood
Of the innocent he has killed.

We will fight him in the air,
We will fight him on the sea;
While little countries are crying,
"Please save my land for me."

To the little boys in navy blue,
Better you could not have been;
Our soldiers are now in France.
The fun will now begin.

They can shoot you down by ones,
They can send you down by two;
But they will never find a better boy
Than the boy in navy blue.

COMPULSORY DIPPING

The Commissioners and Probate Judge of Chilton County have thrown down the proposition of cattle dipping and tick eradication to the open consideration of the people of the county. Everybody who is either for or against the dipping business, or who maintains an attitude of indifference, is urged to come to the meeting of the court on December 19, and hve a full and open discussion of the matter. Let everybody be prepared to look all the consideration over and help the court to reach a just and equitable solution. They want to do what the people want done, and that is the right way to go at it.

"WOMANHOOD, THE GLORY OF THE NATION"

At the Ideal Theatre, on Friday and Saturday, December 14 and 15.

The most stupendous, timely dramatic Spectacle ever produced.

Better and grander than the "Fall of a Nation" or "The Battle Cry of Peace." Eight Reels.

Admission: 15 and 25 cents, including War Tax.

DEALERS IN EXPLOSIVES MUST GET LICENSE

By Act of Congress promulgated through the Department of Interior at Washington, the Circuit Clerk of Chilton County, M. D. Foshee, has the authority to issue the license to dealers who are to sell explosive material, such as gun-powder, dynamite, etc. Those who are to sell such stuff in the county must secure license from the circuit clerk, and individuals who use the explosives must see the circuit clerk and satisfy him that it is to be used for a legitimate purpose, whereupon, he will issue to the individual a permit for such use as applied for. For instance, should a farmer wish to use dynamite in blasting stumps he would secure a permit to do so, and to secure the explosives necessary, from the clerk, and then proceed to the licensed dealer and secure his dynamite and other supplies necessary.

—NOTICE—

The public that is interested either for or against dipping vats, is invited to meet the Commissioners at the Court House on the 19th day of December, 1917, at 10, a.m., for the purpose of discussing the advisability of calling an election to allow the voters of this county to vote on the qhestion of compulsory dipping.

I suppose that everybody has learned that our county will be quarantined after January the first, and that we cannot ship any more cattle out of the county after this date, until we are tick-free.

I hope all that can will come to this meeting, and let the Commissioners know what to do, for they want to do what the people want done.

Respectfully,
L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

SERVICE FLAGS ON THE FARM

The American Red Cross will make an effort to increase its membership from 5,000,000 to 15,000,000 between December 16 and December 25. Obviously a considerable proportion of these 10,00,000 new members will have to be enrolled outside of the large cities and a large number of them must come from the farms.

When Europe went to war the service flag became the household badge of patriotism. At every home from whence had gone a man or boy to fight for his country there was unfurled the flag with one or more small stars on a white field to indicate the number of fighters that particular home had given.

When the United States went to war the service flag was transplanted overseas; and from thousands of homes, stores, offices, and factories it now waives defience to the Prussian. So what more natural than that this emblem of active military service should be adopted in modified form by the Red Cross to indicate the number in each home, who although compelled to stay at home, have found a way to serve their country through membership in the greatest relief organizations? Instead of the small star, it is a small red cross. But whether indicated by star or cross, both classes are serving.

Before this membership campaign is over the Red Cross service flag should be in the window of every American farm house. If the home displays the service flag bearing the stars, there should be placed beside it the service flag bearing the red cross. These two together evidence the fullness of service.

There is no reason why the farmer should not take as much pride in the display of the Red Cross service flag as might the employer of a thousand men—and no doubt he will. That comparatively few will see it is not an excuse, for the sight of one Red Cross service flg as on the prairie is a more inspiring sight than is a hundred in the crowded city.

Here is a cause that deserves the support of every man, no matter if he dwell in the city of millions or on the lonely ranch. A red cross service flag, indicating membership in that organization, even if seen by only a dozen passers-by a day. is not a light hid under a bushel.

MISS KANJUTZKY WINS IN POPULARITY CONTEST

Miss Rosa Kanjutzky, one of the most popular young ladies of Clanton was awarded the beautiful toilet set, which was given away by the Southwestern Shows on last Saturday, at 9:30, P. M.

One-fifth of the proceeds collected through this contest was given to the Clanton Grammar School.

Miss Kanjutzky received 4.065 votes, while Miss Driver had 1,972, Miss Lane 1,189, Miss Davis 164, Miss Parrish 144, and Miss Evans 120.

Alterations are being made which will double the seating capacity of the Naval Academy at Annapolis.

The strength of the naval reserve force is 49,250 men, 70 per cent of whom volunteered for general service.

CLANTON LADIES BUSY IN WORK OF RED CROSS

The ladies of Clanton have been very busy in the work of the Red Cross, for the past few months. Knitting of articles for use of our soldiers has been the chief engagement. They have made a splendid showing with the work they have done. The following is given as a list of the garments that have been made by the Clanton ladies in the Red Cross work up to the present time:

Two dozen suits of pajamas; three dozen hospital shirts; eight dozen bed caps; thirty-four sweaters; one dozen pairs of socks; fourteen helmets. Four sweters were given to boys who were recently at home on furlough. The other garments have been sent to Red Cross headquarters in New Orleans, to be distributed where needed most. The local chapter of the Red Cross at present have out sixteen sweaters and 38 pairs of socks which are in process of making by various persons, and will be completed and turned over in a short while.

The ladies of the local chapter in conjunction with the ladies of Verbena and Thorsby, have sent 38 Christmas boxes to Chilton County boys who are in France. This bit of remembrance by the good women at home will serve to warm the hearts of the boys "over there," and touch them as nothing else will ever do.

These few things serve to show one what the Red Cross work is doing right at home for our own boys, and should be, within itself, sufficient argument to cause every patriotic citizen to join the work in the Christmas week campaign. By everybody joining it will mean the continuation of this noble work which the good ladies have so far nobly done. They should have all possible assistance and cooperation.

SHERIFF'S SALE—REAL ESTATE

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Fall Term, 1916, of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama, and to me directed, whereby, I, as Sheriff of said county, was commanded to make the sum of Seventy-five and 5-100 Dollars, costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the Fall Term, 1916, of said court of said county, Alabama, in favor of B. K. Herring, against Lee Lykes, et als., I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the Court House door of said county, between the hours of 11 o'clock, a.m., and 4 o'clock, p.m., **On Monday, the 31 day of Dec. 1917,** all the right, title and interest of the above named Lee Lykes, et als., in and to the following described real estate, viz:

Three (3) acres of a portion of land lying and situated in the northeast corner of Section fifteen (15), Township twenty (20), Range sixteen (16), East, situated in Chilton County, Alabama, being the same piece of property on which the Joanna Baptist Church stands, and being the property used by the Joanna Baptist Church for religious and church purposes.

This 30 day of November, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at courthouse door Dec. 12, 1917.

12-13-3t H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

MILL OF CENTRAL ALABAMA FARM PRODUCTS COMPANY IS NOW IN FULL OPERATION

We desire to announce to the public that our mill is in full operation. Our large engine having arrived and having been placed in position, the mill is operating on full capacity. We are prepared to grind velvet bean meal, corn in the shuck and on cobb, hay or any combination of feed desired. Both the old kind of mill rocks and the new kind of mill rocks to make meal will be in operation on Saturday, December 15.

In instances where our customers see it to their interest to sell grain and farm products now, instead of holding them, we will try to give them or get for them, the best market price. Cooperative marketing of farm products is a part of our business.

Central Alabama Form Products Co.,
By Wm. M. Adams, Pres.
S. W. ADAMS, Secy.

Bring in your turkeys and geese while the price is good. Chickens and eggs. We want 5,000 gallons of good Sorghum Syrup. Also we want 500 bushels of Surghum Seed. Will pay $1.25 per bushel for stock peas; $3.00 per bushel for white peas. 5c per lb. for peanuts.

TAYLOR BROS.

Deep-seated coughs that resist ordinary remedies require both external and internal treatment. If you buy a dollar bottle of BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP you get the two remedies you need for the price of one. There is a HERRICK'S RED PEPPER POROUS PLASTER for the chest, free with each bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Company.

3 Moonshiners Caught Across River Sunday

Circuit Clerk, 1 Jan 16

Brought to Clanton by Officers and Placed in Jail to Await Trial at Court.

Another big whiskey raid was pulled off Sunday last by Deputies of the Sheriff's Offoce here. A big moonshine whiskey outfit was located over across the Coosa River, and after guarding the place for a few hours the officers walked in on Ben Ingram, Dick Brown and Curtis Ingram, while they were in the act of operating their outfit and producing the goods. The still was a forty-gallon affair, with seven "stands" of beer. The officers watched them run three of the "stands" and then they took the whole situation into custody, men and all. The beer and the whiskey and the still were destroyed and the men brought here and placed in jail.

PEOPLES TELEPHONE CO. STOCKHOLDERS MEETING

The annual stockholders meeting of the Peoples Telephone Company of Clanton was held at the courthouse Monday morning, with something over forty out of about 120 lines represented.

The roll of connecting lines to the central here was called and the representatives of the lines and proxies were received and recognized in the meeting. J. H. Duncan was in the chair and Secretary-Treasurer J. N. Dennis was at his post.

The annual report of the Secretary-Treasurer, showed that the company now has on hand a balance of a little over six hundred dollars.

On motion, the same officers of the past year were unanimously re-elected. They are as follows: J. H. Duncan, President; J. N. Dennis, Secretary-Treasurer; Directors—W. W. Fox, W. S. Cox and W. L. Popwell.

The ruling, under which the central operator heretofore, could not call for or to anyone who had not paid central fees, was by a majority vote changed so that the operator may call to anyone who has paid central fees or who has not, for one who has paid. But no call will be made by central for one who has not paid fees. This question was about the livest issue before the meeting and elicited a great amount of discussion from those present.

Red Cross relief shipments to Europe average over 10,000 tons a month. In one shipment was a consignment of 559 soccer footballs and 250 rugby footballs for American soldiers, purchased with funds raised by Harvard graduates.

Children take BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP willingly because it tastes nice. There isn't a better remedy anywhere for children's coughs, hoarseness and bronchitis. It's a good medicine and easy to take. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

NOTICE OF LAND SALE

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, rendered on the 6th day of October, 1917, the undersigned will sell to the highest bidder for cash in front of the court house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama, within the legal hours of sale on Monday the 17th day of December, 1917 ,the following described lands of the estate of P. E. Coleman, deceased, to wit:

Mineral rights of the NW ¼ of the SE ¼ of the NW ¼ Sec. 12, Tp. 22, Range 13, 10 acres; Mineral rights N ½ of the SW ¼ of the SE ¼ of the NW ¼ Sec. 12, Tp. 22, Range 13, 5 acres. Two lots 5 and 6 block 23 according to the map of Thorsby, Alabama, and lot 16, block 2 according to the map of Thorsby, Alabama, and lot 6 block H according to the map of Thorsby, Alabama; and the following described real estate situated, lying and being in the county of Fayette, State of Alabama, to wit: Lots 1 to 21 in block 1 according to the map of Fayette Highlands.

W. B. TOMLIN,
Administrator.

CLANTON BANKER'S FRIENDS ELATED

Twelve years ago, I become afflicted with stomach trouble, which steadily become worse until two years ago I frequently became prostrated with colic attacks and bloating. My doctors wanted to operate for gall stones. I wished to avoid an operation, and on advice of a friend tried Mayr's Wonderful Remedy with excellent results, as since taking it about two years ago my trouble has entirely disappeared. It removes the catarrhal mucous from the intestinal tractfi and allays the inflamation that causes practically all tomach, liver and intestinal ailments, including appendicitis. One dose will convince or money refunded.

Uuchurch Drug Co.

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
W. M. WYATT AND J. B. WELLS
Publishers and Proprietors.

W. M. WYATT, Editor.
J. B. WELLS, Business Manager.

Subscription price $1.00 per year, payable in advance.

Entered April 15, 1913, at Clanton Ala., as second class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

Get in and be one of the ten million. Join the Red Cross.

We venture that David Vines will not be back in two weeks this time to take his job on Route 5.

The national council of women, meeting in Washington for war work, embraces 27 national woman's or ganiations representing 7,000,000 American women.

By reducing the size of their samples wholesale dealers will save this year $419,500 worth of cloth, representing enough wool to provide uniforms for 67,500 soldiers.

According to the Department of Agriculture, over 5,000,000 eggs spoil in cold storage each year because they have been washed or in some other way become wet before being sent to market.

German aircraft is marked with a Maltese cross. Allied planes used in Europe are distinguished by a painted bull's eye. American planes bear a circular blue field with a white star and a bright red center.

If this ice and snow stays with us much longer, it looks like it will put all the cattle ticks and boll weevils out of business. Maybe it will save us the expense of cattle dipping and boll weevil catching.

According to Secretary Daniels there was turkey for Thanksgiving dinner of every man in the Navy. A naval supply ship arrived in European waters in time to furnish the men on the submarine destroyers with the traditional Thanksgiving fare.

The organization of the Cuban aviation unit to be offered France with complete equipment has been announced in Habana, Probably the Escadrille Cubaine, as the flying unit is called, will be the first body of fighting men from Cuba to serve on French soil.

John Cox has joined the navy. At the depot Thursday someone asked him what he would do when he got there if he didn't like it. He replied that he would stay there then just for "aggravation."

A bill has been introduced in Congress requiring all men who have become 21 years old since June 5th last, to register for military service under the draft law. It will probably pass the two Houses of Congress and become a law right away.

Applications for war-risk insurance are now far past the billion-dollar mark. All soldiers, sailors, marines, and nurses in active service may buy insurance from the government at the rate of from 65 cents a month at the age of 21 to $1.21 a month at the age of 51 for each $1,000.

In Minnesota a special war body has been organized, known as the Minnesota Motor Reserve. Its several hundred members, all automobile owners, are pledged to furnish their cars with drivers to transport representatives of the government who require such service.

Under the terms of a decision by Secretary McAdoo, the business of all insurance companies incorporated under the laws of enemy or ally of enemy countries is to be liquidated, with the exception of life insurance companies, which are allowed to continue existing contracts.

DR. CHRISTIAN, WRITER

We publish this week two contributions from the pen of Dr. J. Clark Christian, a Confederate veteran at the Soldiers Home. We commend the thoughts contained and expressed therein to our readers as true and worthy gems. We hope everyone will read and reflect upon them. The beauty of his expression of things that are beautiful, and the strength of his words of condemnation for those things that are detestable will furnish any mind a spot for dwelling and study for a considerable time. We hope to have other lines from this splendid mind of Dr. Christian in the near future.

DeWitt Easterling was among the boys who volunteered in the Navy from here this week.

David Easterling made a business trip to Montgomery Thursday.

MOUNTAIN CREEK SOLDIER'S PRAYER

(By a Confederte Soldier,)

Almighty God, with thy all-seeing eye, direct safely our transports across the waters. Unmask the hidden approach of the German pirates, so that we may send those villians to the bottom of an endless sea. Let the cup of their expectations be shattered by the unerring aim and iron shots from the muzzles of our great guns. May every shot fired by us penetrate the innermost vitals of their wicked deeds and their accursed souls. Transform their strategy into utter failure, dismay and confusion. May the poisoned darts of envy and the shafts of hatred directed against us, pierce their base "Kultured Vitals," pouring out the rotten stench of their bloated and putrid carcases, so great and so deep that it may never disturb the peace and happiness of the nation of the earth again. Lord Almighty, hear and grant our petition for Jesus Christ's sake, and for the world's sake.—Amen and Amen.

— PRAYER FOR THE KHAKI BOYS —

Eternal Father, thy strength to save
Our Khaki Boys on the restless wave,
O! hear us when we cry to thee
To guard our boys upon the sea.
O! Christ, whose voice the waters heard
And stilled the billows at thy word,
Speak once again thy words so true,
And save our boys and transports too,
From shot and shell and fire and foe.
Protect them, Father, where'er they go.
Father of Mercy, we call upon thee:
Safely bring them back from o'er the sea.

J. CLARK CHRISTIAN, M. D.,
Mountain Creek, Ala.

JOIN THE RED CROSS

The American Red Cross is offering everyone, rich and poor alike, a chance to contribute personally to the Christmas spirit of the enlightened world. At such an anomalous season—when there is not peace on earth, when good will toward man is mocked by death-dealing cannon and blood-stained steel—what could be more blessed than to comfort and cheer the suffering thousands of liberty defenders in the hospitals behind the battle lines?

To relieve the suffering of the wounded and to salvage battered human wrecks is the primary function of the Red Cross. Let us not forget that very soon our own boys in large numbers will be carried in Red Cross ambulances to Red Cross Hospitals, there to receive every care scientific Red Cross methods afford.

Where a few millions will start for "over there," many more millions must remain at home. To these latter the Red Cross in its drive for 10,000,000 new members between December 16 and December 25, offer the best form of stay-at-home service—membership in and cooperation with the Red Cross. It urges that you join the Red Cross, and then influence others to join by displaying from your home, your office, your store, or your factory the Red Cross service flag which bears one small red cross for each member where the flag is displayed.

Isn't it worth a dollar to you to know that you are privileged to fly the service flag and that you are helping—even in a small way— to lessen the agony of the boys in the trenches?

The Union-Banner wishes to most highly commend the work of the good women of Clanton and Chilton County in the Red Cross Society. Everywhere you look you see a good woman with a ball of yarn and knitting needles, plying the stitches that spell more comfort for our boys in the army. Don't you know it warms the hearts of the soldiers when they get the boxes containing the things made by tender hands of the loving mothers back home? Yes, indeed, the work they are doing is a glorious work, but the women must have something to work with. They must have thread to knit and to sew. The Red Cross must buy and furnish it to them. It therefore, falls to the lot of the men who can neither sew nor knit, to do their part in money to enable the ladies to do the work. Every man should join the Red Cross and pay his dollar. The money will be fairly and equitably spent in providing the ladies material to make into useful and much needed articles for the comfort of the soldiers. Every man who does not have to go to the army has a duty to perform in the providing of comfort for those who do go. This duty is performed through just such agencies as the Red Cross.

A letter from Emmett Powell, who lives up in Missouri, to his father here, received Monday, says that the country around there is covered up under a snow 20 inches deep and frozen over. He said it snowed there from last Friday morning to Sunday morning.

This week Clanton has been getting her part of the blizzard that has swept the country from Halifax to Florida. Everything has been frozen up since Sunday, and Tuesday it looked as if we would have plenty of snow, but the snow turned to rain which froze as it fell, and Tuesday night everything outside took on a thick coat of ice. The sidewalks were so covered with ice that many people unvoluntarily would slip down as they walked about.

J. L. Harris, Principal of the Thorsby Public School has volunteered in the navy. He left Wednesday for duty at Norfolk, Va.

This fellow Emmett A. Jones is getting up a mighty heap of steam in his race for Commissioner of Agriculture. He held a conference with W. B. Reynolds, his campaign manager, at Montevallo the other day, and they got so enthused and heated in their aspirations that the gas ignited and set fire to Mr. Reynold's house.

Emmett is pulling the strings right along, and to be frank, we about as soon see him down there as Commissioner as any Democrat we know. His plan to put a bill through the legislature appropriating money to buy newspaper space for the dissemination of the Department publications instead of publishing the same in pamphlet form, is a good one and should receive the hearty support of every newspaper in the state.

If you were over in France and came across a "Sammie" with a bullet wound in his body, would you not be glad to bandage his wounds, care for him tenderly, and in any possible way minister to the comfort of the the boy who risks his life for the cause of his country? Wouldn't you be glad to do these things? Of course you would, if you are human. And you can do these very things while you stay right here at home. How? Just give a dollar to the Red Cross.

Every postal employee in the United States has been instructed to take an active part in the campaign for the sale of war-savings stamps. In order to reach the desired sales mark of $2,000,000,000 by January 1, 1919 it will be necessary to sell sufficient stamps to average $16.50 for each man, woman and child in the country.

The port of New York is under military control, the water fronts being guarded by the regular army. Fully armed guards prohibit the passage of any person, alien or citizen, who cannot establish a business reason for access to the water-front areas. The same military control will be established at all other American ports and may include factories engaged in war work.

Owing to the fact that cattle cannot be shipped out of Chilton County after January 1, because of the tick, it is getting time to think seriously of the dipping business and means of getting rid of the tick, so we will have free markets for our live stock products. It would seem to us on first thought that the cattle sold out of this county every year will amount to enough to make it worth our while to institute necessary means to enable our farmers a continuance of the privilege of selling. Under the ban that will be put on us January 1, the business of selling cattle will be about done with until some steps are taken to raise the federal quarantine and give us free access to the market. It is time to settle this tick business now. Think of the matter and come to the meeting of the Commissioners, announcement of which is elsewhere in this paper, and whether you are for getting rid of the tick or for keeping him as a partner in your cattle business, you should come to this meeting and let's have an exchange of ideas on the proposition.

WANTED—To Rent Small Farm near Clanton. Address, R. 1, Box 24, Jemison, Ala. 1t

Upchurch Drug Company will accept Liberty Bonds in payment for Merchandise bought of them.

FOR CROUP

"Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is splendid for croup," writes Mrs. Edward Hassett, Frankfort, N. Y. "My choldren have been quickly relieved of attacks of this dreadful complaint by its use." This remedy contains no opium or other narcotic, and may be given to a child as confidentially as to an adult.

CALERA BEGINS RED CROSS DRIVE FOR MEMBERSHIP

Shelby County Town will do Her Bit in Getting new Members.

Calera, Ala., Dec. 12.—The local chapter American Red Cross, held a meeting Monday night for the purpose of inaugurating a membership campaign. Dr. S.D. Motley was scheduled for an address, but was absent, and his place on the program was ably filled by Rev. J. A. Wales, who spoke on "The American Red Cross: What is it, and Why?"

Following a patriotic number by the choir, Mrs. Wales talked inspiringly on "Kaiser Bill, the World's Great Menace." Mrs. Wash, Chairman of the Membership Committee, appointed a citizen's committee to secure Calera's quota of the 10,000,000 members wished by the national organization.

Several near by towns will be worked from Calera, and it is expected that the membership will greatly exceed that asked for by the apportioners. Miss Myrtis Clark, Chairman of the Junior Membership Committee, reported that a Junior Red Cross organization is being formed. The Presbyterian church, which is not being used for regular services at present, has been obtained as permanent Red Cross Headquarters, and was tastefully decorated for this and subsequent occasions.

LAST CHANCE FOR VOTERS TO REGISTER FOR TWO YEARS

From January 1st to January 5th, 1918 is the last chance for voters to register for two years. During these days the county registrar will sit at the courthouse in Clanton. The opportunity will be open for any eligible voter who is not already registered to have his name entered on the voting list. If any person is through any means qualified to register he must do so then, or wait two years for another opportunity.

Among those who are entitled to register now is anyone who may have moved into the county and not previously registered here; those who have become 21 years of age since the last registration; those who will become 21 years old any time between now and the next general election, which is next November.

Those who come in the latter class are entitled to register and participate in the primary and general elections next year.

Don't forget that the last opportunity is from January 1st. to January 5th, 1918, while the county registrar sits at the county court house for this purpose.

MATTHEWS CHOSEN AS PRESIDENT OF BOARD

Governor Surprises Many by Naming Broker to Head Convict Department.

Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 11.—Governor Henderson Monday afternoon announced the appointment of W. E. Matthews, of Montgomery, as President of the State Convict Department to succeed the late P. J. Rogers. Mr. Mathews is a broker and is connected withe the firm of Holland and Company, of Montgomery. He is a native of Madison County and has lived in Montgomery ten years. He was not an applicant for the position.

WILSON MAY HAVE TO TAKE CONTROL OF ALL RAILROADS

Adamson Tells Joint Committee that Railroad Problem is Serious.

Washington, Dec. 11.—At the opening of the hearing today by the joint congressional committee investigating transportation problems, Mr. Adamson, Chairman of the House Commerce Committee, declared that President Wilson probably would take over the "railroads during the war and hold them after the war until congress can provide some plan for proper management and efficient operation in peace and in war."

HOUSE WILL ACT ON QUESTION OF NATION-WIDE PROHIBITION

Nation-Wide Amendment that Passed The Senate Comes up Before House on Monday.

Washington, Dec. 11.—By unanimous consent today, the House agreed to consider Monday the constitutional amendment for nation-wide Prohibition, which already has been passed by the Senate.

TheJudiciary Committee today favorably reported the amendment.

Go to Upchurch Drug Co., for Xmas jewelry.

F. B. COLLIER
Attorney At Law
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

NOTICE—I will grind wheat at Thorsby Flour Mill on Monday and Tuesday of each week, and corn on Saturdays.
F. E. GRONQUIST.

Every pound goes much farther



A POUND of old style hulls contains about ¾ pound of real roughage and about ¼ pound of lint. After being eaten, the old style hulls swell to twice the weight, or 1½ pounds. A pound of

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

also doubles after being eaten but as they are 100 per cent roughage, the original pound becomes 2 pounds—not 1½ pounds.

Therefore, a pound of Buckeye Hulls goes a third again as far as a pound of old style hulls. In other words, you only have to feed ¾ pound of Buckeye Hulls to give the same food value as a full pound of old style hulls.

Other Advantages

Buckeye Hulls cost much less per ton than old style hulls.
Buckeye Hulls allow better assimilation of other food.
No trash or dust.
Sacked—easy to handle.
They mix well with other forage.
They take less space in the barn.

Mr. Ben Faulk, Dothan, Ala.,
prefers Buckeye Hulls to old style hulls because cows like them as well, they are cheaper, they agree with the cows, and they go farther, one sack lasting as long as two sacks of the old style.

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K **The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.** *Dept. K*
Atlanta, Augusta, Birmingham, Charlotte, Greenwood, Jackson, Little Rock, Macon, Memphis, Selma

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. W. L. PARRISH
Graduate Veterinarian.
Hurry Calls made in Auto.
'Phone 110-35, Clanton.

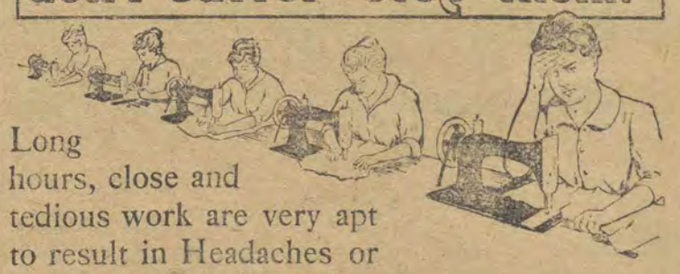
DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in Hopkins Bldg.
Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women & Surgery
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

A. C. Smith B. Guy Smith
SMITH & SMITH
Attorneys At Law
General Practice
Clanton, - - - - - Alabama

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

"Torturing Headaches—don't suffer—Stop them!"



Long hours, close and tedious work are very apt to result in Headaches or other Pains. Don't suffer.

DR. MILES'
ANTI-PAIN PILLS
will quickly drive your Pain away, and
Dr. Miles' Nervine
will assist you by relieving the Nerve Strain.

IF FIRST BOX, OR BOTTLE, FAILS TO BENEFIT YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

DIZZY SPELLS.

"My nerves became all worn out. I had bad headaches and severe dizzy spells. I could not sleep and my appetite was poor. I began using Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills and they always gave me instant relief no matter what the pain. Then I used Dr. Miles' Nervine regularly and was soon in perfect health again."

MRS. S. L. YOUNG,
324 Pittsburg St.,
Newcastle, Penn.

"What Have I Done in the Past Year?"

Ask yourself this question, and then reflect a moment and see if you could answer it. Have you done anything that this community is proud of?

IN THIS THE LAST MONTH IN THE YEAR, IT IS A GOOD TIME TO ASK YOURSELF THE QUESTION: "WHAT GOOD HAVE I BEEN TO MY COMMUNITY, MY FRIENDS AND MYSELF DURING THE PAST YEAR?" THIS IS A SEARCHING QUESTION INDEED; ONE WHICH EVERY CITIZEN OF THIS TOWN MAY WELL APPLY TO HIMSELF. IT MUST BE ANSWERED SOME WAY BY EVERYBODY.

THE MERCHANT, BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL MAN MIGHT ASK HIMSELF, "WHAT HAVE I DONE TO HELP THE MASS OF PEOPLE WHO COMPOSE THIS TOWN TOWARD BETTER CONDITIONS?"

THE MASS OF CITIZENS SHOULD SEEK TO SEE JUST WHAT THEY AS INDIVIDUALS HAVE DONE TO ASSIST THE BUSINESS MEN IN MAKING A BETTER TOWN. THIS MONTH IS A GOOD TIME FOR EVERYBODY TO TAKE STOCK OF THEMSELVES AND DETERMINE JUST WHAT THEY HAVE ACCOMPLISHED IN THE PAST YEAR THAT IS WORTH WHILE.

HATS

We carry the Famous Lion Special Hat. When in need of a Hat come and let us supply you.

W. A. KEMP

"WOMANHOOD, THE GLORY OF THE NATION."

Ideal Theatre

Friday nd Saturday, Dec. 14 and 15.

The most Stupendous, Timely, Dramatic Spectacle ever produced. Better and grander than "Fall of a Nation" or "Battle Cry of Peace."

— Eight Reels. —

15c and 25c
(Including War Tax.)

CHRISTMAS

Will soon be here, and we have supplied our Store with anything that you will want. Gifts for Father, Mother, Brother, Sister, and Sweetheart, will be found in display in our Store.

Buy Before the Rush.

UPCHURCH DRUG COMPANY

Just received a Carload of Nails, Wire and Fencing. See us before buying them.

Downs Hardware Company

If you want the best

GROCERIES

That money can buy, just call on me. I have a complete line and at the right prices.

J.W.Littlejohn

What have you got that you want to sell?

I will buy your Syrup, Corn, Cattle and Hogs. And will pay the highest market prices far all of your farm products.

L.H.REYNOLDS

FORD CARS

And Parts; Oil, Gasoline, and accessories. Get your order in for new cars now and avoid having to wait for delivery.

L. J. DUNCAN MOTOR CO.

Splendid Efforts

The merchants of this town have been liberal buyers of newspaper advertising space in the past year, trying to impress the people of their intentions in the upbuilding of the town and community. They help the people by giving them money-saving prices when they buy the things that are sold in the stores. These merchants have spent good hard cash to convince the people of this town that they should help in the work of community building by co-operation with the local merchant and spending the money at home.

If you as a citizen, have not given the local merchant the proper support, the past year, you should repent of the wrong you have committed in sending youd dollars away and resolve to start even with the new year, and work in every conceivable way for your home town and home people first.

CLOTHING
Shoes, Etc.

For Sale Cheap for Cash

Wiley Littlejohn
"The Bargain Store"

We are in a position to give all

Job Printing

Prompt and Careful Attention

Individuality in your letterheads and other printed matter is helpful to your business. We are ready at all times to give you the benefit of our experience.

Star Brand Shoes Are Better

Juse received a Car Load of Young Mules and Brood Mares.

Clanton Mercantile Co.

At the Ideal Theatre

Tuesday, December 18

"THE HEART OF A RERO"
Founded on the play of Nathan Hole.

A picture all schools should see.
15c and 25c
(Including War Tax.)

All net proceeds to go to Clanton Grammar School.

Stop at

THE NEW WILSON HOTEL

The best hotel service to be found in Clanton. Reasonable rates for Meals and Rooms.

Soft Drinks, Cigars, Cigarettes, Candies,

GROCERIES

We want to buy all the Chestnuts that we can possibly get within the next few weeks. Highest prices paid.

L. C. Reynolds

OUTLINE PLAN OF RED CROSS DRIVE FOR MEMBERSHIP

Plans are being outlined for the Red Cross Christmas Drive for Membership. The Chairman for Clanton in this national drive is Miss Lurline Harper. Miss Harper is planning to organize a campaign committee to canvass the town and surrounding community.

The nation's goal for membership is 15,000,000 members.

In speaking of the movement to secure members, a national Red Cross worker says: "We have set Christmas time to attain this goal, because we believe that the Red Cross and Christmas spring from the same spirit and we wish to bring together those great symbols of mercy–sacrifice and cheer. On this, our first Christmas in the war, we want the Red Cross symbol to add not a spirit of dejection but the thought of serious purpose and sacrifice, which, through accomplishment it represents."

One of the slogans of the campaign is : "Give your Christmas Present to Humanity;" another is: "Give a Red Cross membership as a Christmas present." A large number of people have already signified their intention of giving Red Cross memberships instead of the usual Christmas present. We cannot all serve in the trenches but we can all serve at home. Membership is service. Membership cost, $1.00. Let us help make it fifteen millions in our country.

Those appointed to help carry on this work are: West Clanton, Mrs. J. O. Middleton and Miss Lessie Reynolds; High School, Miss Roberta Curry; Lock 12, Mrs. H. C. McDonald; Business Districts, Mesdames Sallie Stewart, W. P. Splawn, F. B. Collier, J. J. Pickens, H. M. Simpson, Misses Mable Thomas and Willie B. Sortor; Gowan Addition, Mrs. J. E. Gowan; Maplesville, Mrs. J. P. VanDerveer, Jr.

CARD OF THANKS

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Marcus wish to express their heartfelt thanks to their friends in Clanton and the surrounding country for their kindness, sympathy and assistance in the bereavement caused by the death of their daughter, Mrs. Longcrier. Especially do they express their gratitude to Dr. and Mrs. E. E. Upchurch for their tender care of the infant child of the deceased.

LEGAL NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that at a regular meeting of the Commissioners Court of Chilton County, Alabama, held at Clanton, Alabama, on the 5th day of November, 1917, an order was made providing for the building af a bridge across Yellow Leaf Creek at Plier's Mill. Said bridge to be 200 feet in length and built of wood, and be across said mill pond, the same to be 10 feet above water of pond. The work to be done by contract, said contract to be let to the lowest responsible bidder, under sealed bids, to be deposited with the Judge of Probate on or before the 19th day of December, 1917. The county to furnish all material and the contractor to do all work.

All persons offering to bid upon said contract for the building of said bridge, may deposit their bids in sealed envelopes, marked "Bids for County Bridge Work" and addressed to the Commissioners Court, on or before 12 o'clock, the 19th day of December, 1917, at which time said bids will be passed upon by the court.

The court reserves the right to reject any or all bids made.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge of Probate.

INTERNAL REVENUE

Birmingham, Ala., Dec. 5, 1917.
Hon. H. A. Harris, Sheriff of
Chilton County, Ala.
Dear Sir:

No U. S. Internal Revenue License were issued to your county in November, 1917.

I hereby certify that I have carefully examined the record of the Collector of Internal Revenue, and the above is complete and correct.

Yours very truly,
SAM P. JONES.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this fifth day of December, 1917.
J. B. Mosley, Notary Public.

Lieutenant Hosea F. Downs has received notice to report for duty at Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., on Dec. 15. The doctor enlisted several months ago, and has been eagerly waiting the ordar to "come on."

Mr. C. Fenn Jones, Treasurer of the local Red Cross organization is urging everybody to join the movement during the Christmas week drive. Mr. Jones wants Clanton and Chilton County to furnish their share of the members.

Subscribe for The Union-Banner.

ADMINISTRATOR'S FINAL SETTLEMENT

In the matter of the estate of Elizabeth Prichard, deceased.

This day came Eunice Kennedy, Administratrix of the estate of Elizabeth Prichard, deceased, and filed her statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences, for a final settlement of her administration.

It is ordered that Monday, the 7th day of January, 1918, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said setlement, if they think proper.

12-13-3t L. H. REYNOLDS,
Probate Judge Chilton Co.

John Wyatt and David Vines enlisted in the navy last week, and are leaving today (Thursday) for Norfolk, Va., where they will at once take up training for seamen with Uncle Sam's war-boats.

NON-RESIDENT NOTICE

State of Alabama, Chilton County.
Circuit Court, July Term, 1917.

J. P. VanDerveer, Jr., and J. H. Roberts, partners, doing business as The Pine Tree Lumber Co., plaintiffs, Southern Lumber and Manufacturing Company, a corporation, defendents.

To Southern Lumber and Manufacturing Company, a corporation:

Whereas, J. P. VanDerveer, Jr., and J. H. Roberts, partners doing business as the Pine Tree Lumber Co., as plaintiffs in said cause, has obtained an attachment out of this Court issued the 2nd day of November, 1917, against the estate of the said Southern Lumber and Manufacturing Co., a corporation, defendant, which attachment has been levied upon the following described personal property , as the property of said defendant, to-wit:

Four car-loads, about sixty thousand feet 2 x 6, eight, and 10 x 9 foot and nine foot, six inches long, rough, dry yellow pine lumber, and whereas, it appears that the said Southern Lumber and Manufacturing Company, a corporation, defendant, as aforesaid, is a non-resident of the State of Alabama

Now, therefore, the said Southern Lumber and Manufacturing Company a corporation, wherever it may reside, are hereby notified of the levy and pendency of said attachment.

Witness my hand, this 26th day of November, 1917.

M. D. FOSHEE, Clerk.

NOTICE STOCK LAW ELECTION

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held in Precinct Two, Chilton County, Alabama, on the 17 day of December, 1917, to ascertain whether or not a majority of the qualified electors, bona fide residents of said precinct Two, Chilton County, Alabama, desire or favor a law to permit horses and cattle to run at large, and prohibiting hogs, goats and sheep from running at large in said Precinct. Said election will be held at the usual voting places in said Precinct.

This, the 12th day of Nov. 1917.

J. E. COBB.

FOUND—Bunch of keys, in front of Concord School House, with brass tag No. 296 attached. Owner may have them by calling at the Union-Banner Office and paying for this advertisement.

Girl messengers are now employed by many of the Government departments at Washington.

Avoid Dangerous Drugs

Don't dose yourself with poisonous drugs that destroy the delicate lining of the stomach and the intestinal tract, when you can stimulate your sluggish liver by using Granger Liver Regulator. This standard medicine contains no poisonous calomel. It contains no injurious alcohol. It does not cause unpleasant after effects. A dose or so will soon relieve sick headache, indigestion, constipation, depression, languor and all other ailments caused by a torpid liver. Granger Liver Regulator is composed entirely of selected roots, barks and herbs of special medicinal value. It may be freely taken by any member of the family. Just try a few doses, and see for yourself what a splendid medicine this is and how thoroly it cleanses the system of impurities. Price, 25c a box. Sold by all druggists. Demand Granger Liver Regulator and accept no substitute.

FOUND SOME MONEY

We found some money on the floor of our store a few days ago, which we will be glad to deliver to the person who lost it. Clanton Hdwe. Co.

Come In

When you are in town don't fail to come in and let us show you our line of Goods. If you don't take advantage of the Bargains that are here for you, you will lose money.

Anything you need in the way of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Suits, Hats, Caps, Collars and Neckties, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Gents Furnishings, etc., you will find at our Store.

We are agents for the famous W. L. Douglas Shoes, and can fit any member of the family. We also carry a full line of Groceries.

All of our goods are New and Up-to-Date. Be sure to see them before buying elsewhere.

TOM KEMP

CLANTON, ALA.

Christmas

WE KNOW THAT YOU WILL WANT TO BUY SOMEONE A PRESENT FOR CHRISTMAS, AND WE HAVE SUPPLIED OUR STORE WITH A STOCK OF CHRISTMAS GOODS FOR YOU.

OWING TO THE WAR AND HIGH COST OF LIVING, WE HAVE ONLY PURCHASED ARTICLES OF REAL VALUE — THINGS THAT WILL BE USEFUL.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY SOMETHING THAT WILL BE APPRECIATED COME IN AND LET US SELL YOU SOMETHING IN OUR LINE OF GOODS SUCH AS CAPS, SWEATERS, GLOVES, SHIRTS, HANDKERCHIEFS.

W. A. KEMP

"Your Money's Worth or your Money Back."

CLANTON, ALABAMA.

REMOVE UNJUST DISCRIMINATIONS

OF FREIGHT RATES AND UNDUE PREFERENCES ON CERTAIN IMPORTANT COMMODITIES

Two of the principal constructive objects sought to be accomplished by the petition filed with the Alabama Public Service Commission by the undersigned railroads of Alabama at the hearing on Jan. 16, 1918, are:

FIRST: To conform to the principles of rate making established by the Interstate Commerce Commission by removing unjust discriminations and undue preferences in favor of one locality as against another, and to eliminate inequalities which now require certain commodities to bear a just proportion of transportation cost while other commodities are permitted to bear less than a just proportion.

SECOND: By reason of successive reductions, the whole body of Alabama Freight Rates has become so low and so out of relation with Interstate Rates, as to not produce a reasonable return on the value of the property devoted to the public use; by such revision it is proposed to produce sufficient revenue to enable the railroads to meet the constant and tremendous increase in the cost of supplying transportation.

A similar condition exists in practically every state in the Southeast. To meet the situation the railroads have prepared and have presented to the Public Service Commissions in a majority of the Southeastern States, petitions which seek to remove and eliminate inequalities and unjust discriminations, and to comply with the mandates of the Supreme Court of the United States and of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

In the Shreveport case, the Supreme Court of the United States held:

"The power to deal with the relations between two kinds of rates as a relation lies exclusively with Congress. It is manifest that the State cannot fix the relation of a carrier's inter and intrastate charges without directly interfering with the former, unless it simply follows the standard set by the Federal Authorities."

UNJUST DISCRIMINATIONS

There are approximately 25 of the larger trade centers in Alabama which enjoy freight rates that unjustly discriminate against other towns in the State. The existing rate adjustment has had the effect of largely centralizing business in these few cities, without promoting the growth and development of other and smaller cities and towns.

The object of the revision is to give fair and competitive rates to these smaller cities and towns and produce equality in charges under substantially similar conditions and circumstances.

Many commodities enjoy unreasonably low rates, and do not bear their proportionate share of transportation cost. These rates discriminate unjustly against other commodities which bear a reasonable transportation cost.

The object of the petition is to increase the unreasonably low rates so that each commodity will have equal opportunity in the matter of Freight Rates.

MORE REVENUE REQUIRED

The Railroads of Alabama are manufacturers. Their sole commodity is Transportation. Transportation is a fundamental business necessity, and the better the service rendered, the better is a State able to meet competition in commerce. Manufacturers of other commodities enjoy the privilege of increasing prices to meet increased cost of production, while the railroads enjoy no such privilege, yet are required by law to observe schedules and furnish service without any provision being made for increased expenses.

It costs more now to produce transportation than ever before, while the rates are lower than ever before.

The earnings per ton per mile on all freight traffic handled for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1917, by some of the railroads in Alabama, was six mills or three-fifth of one penny. In other words the railroads handled five tons of freight one mile for the price of a 3 cents postage stamp.

COMPARISONS SHOWING CHANGED CONDITIONS

The vehicles necessary to haul the five tons of freight were a locomotive which costs today 300 per cent more than in 1915, and a box car which costs today 90 per cent more than in 1915. If a mule and wagon which cost $300 hauled the same freight the same distance the cost of transportation would be about $3.00.

The railroads paid 142 per cent more for labor in 1915 than in 1901. The amount paid for labor out of each dollar received by the Railroads in 1901 was .39 46-100 cents; the amount increased in 1915 to .46 34-100 cents. The increase since 1915 has been even greater.

The railroads return to the people in wages and taxes alone more than half of their gross revenue.

The same business laws apply to Railroads as to all other concerns, and with State and Federal jurisdiction over them, their every operation is open to the public. Are they not entitled to equal cohsideration?

The only question involved is whether the proposed revision is just and reasonable from the standpoint of the public and the railroads. We invite investigation.

A DECLARATION OF POLICY

It is not and will not be the policy of the undersigned railroads to propose any system of rates which would unjustly discriminate against the Alabama producer in favor of producers located without the state. Should this policy appear to be violated by any technical construction of our petition we give assurance that we will not propose, nor will we attempt to adopt, in actual practice, any rates at variance with the same.

Alabama Great Southern Railroad
Atlanta, Birmingham & Atlantic Railway
Atlantic Coast Line Railroad
Central of Georgia Railway
Mobile and Ohio Railroad
Northern Alabama Railway
Seaboard Air Line Railway
Southern Railway
Western Railway of Alabama

THE GENERAL CLASSIFICATION REGULATIONS FOR ALL CLAIMS

Provost Marshal General Announces General Classification Regulations Which will Govern all Claims for Dependency.

Pursuing his policy of discussion of the new regulations in order that the fullest possible information may be given to the draft officials and to the public, Provost Marshal General Crowder has announced the general classification rules which will govern all claims for dependency. This statement covers dependency alone and is in no way to be confused with clims on account of industry or agriculture.

General Classification Rules.

The following general classification rules will govern the local boards in arriving at their decisions:

Rule I. In determining whether a claimed dependent is "mainly dependent on a registrant's labor for support" the board will consider all existing or available reasonably certain sources of support other than the labor of the registrant, excepting only public charity, and including—

(a) Income of the claimed dependent from any source whatever, including gifts, and including also the income (or what reasonably and justly should be the income) from the labor of the claimed dependent; except that where the dependent is the wife or child of the registrant the income (or what should be the income) from the labor of the claimed dependent shall only be considered where its consideration is expressly authorized in the classification schedule.

Income of Registrant.

(b) Income of the registrant from any source whatever, including gifts and excluding his labor.

(c) The contribution which the registrant may reasonably and justly be expected to make or which he is required to make, from his pay as a soldier.

(d) The amount of support which the claimed dependent would receive from any provision of Federal law made or hereafter to be made to support such dependent during the absence of the registrant or to insure such dependent against loss entailed by the death or disability of the registrant.

(e) The effect of any moratorium statute made or hereafter to be made on the claimed condition of dependency.

(f) The amount which other persons, who have or have not hitherto mainly or partially supported the claimed dependent and who can reasonably and justly be expected to do so) are able and willing to contribute to the support of the claimed dependent during the absence of the registrant except that, where the claimed dependent is the wife or child of the registrant shall not be considered.

If, considering such of these circumstances as the board is authorized to consider, or other circumstances not herein mentioned, the board finds that the removal of the registrant will deprive the claimed dependent of reasonably adequate support then the exemption board may find that the person claimed to be dependent is mainly dependent upon the registrant's labor for support.

The attention of local boards is particularly directed to the fact that contributions made for the support of alleged dependents, if carefully examined, would turn out to be merely the board and lodging of the prospective soldier, and that other children should do their share.

Dependents other tahn Wife or Child.

Rule II. Where the claimed dependent is not the wife or child of the registrant and where persons other than the registnant have contributed to the support of the claimed dependent or have an equal legal or moral obligation to do so, the board should consider all circumstances stated in Rule I, but it should not find the person "mainly dependent upon the registrant's labor for support" unless itfinds that such other persons can reasonably and justly be expected to undertake the support of the dependent during the absence of the registrant and unless it finds also and specifically that the removal of the registrant will remit the claimed dependent to public charity in part, or in whole for support.

Rule III. The term "children," where used without qualification, will be taken to include the unborn child, and except as provided in section (a) of rule VIII, shall be taken to import only children (the issue of the registrant) and step children and legally adopted children. It shall be taken to import boys under 16 and girls under 18 years of age.

Relatives Residing Abroad.

Rule IV. The dependency of relatives residing abroad who are not citizens of the United States or who have not declared their intention to become such shall not be considered as a ground for deferred classification.

Rule V. On May 18, 1917, every person subject to registration had notice of his obligation to render military service to his country. The purpose of the selective service law was not to suspend the institution of marriage among registrants, but the boards should scrutinize marriages since May 18, 1917, and especially those hastily effected since that time, to determine whether the marriage relation was entered into with a primary view of evading military service, and unless such is found not to be the case, boards are hereby authorized to disregard the relationship so established as a condition of dependency requiring deferred clissification under these regultions.

Class I. Dependency.

Rule VI. In class I shall be placed

(a) Any registrant who has neither wife, child, nor aged, inform or invalid parents or grandparents, nor brother under 16 years of age, nor sister under 18 years of age, nor helpless brother or sister of whatever age mainly dependent on his labor for support.

(b) Any married registrant, with or without children, and any father of motherless children are not mainly dependent on his labor for support for the reason that the registrant has habitually failed to support them for a sufficient time to justify a finding of the board that he has been making no bona fide attempt to support them in the past and can not be relied upon to do so in the future—this regardless of support recently rendered or tendered for the purpose of evading military service.

(c) Any married registrant, with or ithout children, whose wife and children (if ny) are not mainly dependent upon his labor for support for the reason that such wife and children (if any) are not mainly dependproportion of their support from the fruits of his labor ,but where, on the contrary, such registrant is mainly dependent for his own support on the income (including earnings) of his wife.

(d) Any married registrant, with or without children, who is not engaged in any useful occupation, and whose wife and children (if any) are not mainly dependent on his labor for support for the reason that his income or the income of his wife, or both, is amply sufficient to support his wife and children, and that the removal of the registrant will not deprive such wife and children of reasonable support.

Class II. Dependency.

Rule VII. In class II shall be placed

(a) Any registrant with both wife and children or any father of motherless children, where such wife and children are not mainly dependent upon his labor for support for the reason that there are other reasonably certain sources of adequate support (excluding earnings from the labor of the wife) available, and that the removal of the registrant will not deprive such dependents of reasonably adequate support.

(b) Any married registrant without children, whose wife, although the registrant is engaged in a useful occupation, is not mainly dependent upon his labor for support, for the reason that the wife is skilled in some special class of work which she is physically able to perform, and in which she is employed, or in which there is an immediate opening for her under conditions that will enable her to support herself decently without suffering or hardship.

Class III. Dependency.

Rule VIII. In ClassIII shall be,

(a) Any registrant who has children, not his own issue, but in respect of whom he has in good faith assumed the relation of parent, and has fulfilled the obligations of such relation, when such children are mainly dependent upon his labor for support.

(b) Any registrant who has aged and infirm or invalid parents or grandparents mainly dependent on his labor for support.

(c) Any registrant who has a helpless brother or sister, regardless of age, mainly dependent on his labor for support.

Class IV.. Dependency.

Rule IX. In Class IV shall be,

(a) Any married registrant whose wife or children are mainly dependent on his labor for support.

For a Zestful Meal

The Drink That Puts Edge on Appetite—



Buffalo Rock GINGER ALE

So mild and mellow yet full of flavor, it just naturally makes your food taste better.

"Highest in quality." Kind to nerves. Genial to digestion. Non-reacting. Non-astringent.

In Individual bottles at Fountains and Soft Drink Stands **5c**

Keep a Home Box of Buffalo Rock in your home. Order from your grocer.

Buffalo Rock Company

Anniston Birmingham Montgomery

CENTRAL ALABAMA FARM PRODUCTS COMPANY

Wm. Adams, Proprietor, S.W. Adams Secretary.
Members of the Velvet Bean Millers Association, Clanton Alabama.
Manufacturers of Velvet Bean Mean, Corn Meal and Mized Feeds.

Marketing connection with the dealer and consumer will give the customers and patrons of this mill a chance to get for their products, when manufactured, the best market prices.

Reports of the market prices of velvet bean meal, corn meal and mixed feed each week will keep the customers of this mill in touch with the markets at a distance.

A comfortable rest room has been provided fort he families of the customers, and a convenient warehouse for the farm products and hitching grounds for the stock.

The velvet bean mill has been placed, and upon an immediate date in the future, announcement will be made to the public when this mill is ready for actual service to the public.

The patronage and cooperation of everyone is respectfully solicited in support of this new industry.

HONOR ROLL OF PUPILS IN THE MAPLESVILLE SCHOOL

Following is a list of the pupils in Maplesville School on the Honor Roll:

Virgil Nell Foshee,
Jennie Lon Perry,
Ola Mae Seals,
Lanis Williams,
Ruth Huff,
Berdie Shoults,
Naomi Davis,
Mattie Davis,
Alice Brown,
Velma Culver,
Oma Seals,
Melda Mae Seals.

Respectfully,
ELSWORTH ELLIS, Prin.

Did your waterworks freeze and "burst" this week, or did you just slip down on the street and "burst?"

VINOL MAKES GOOD BLOOD

Positive—Convincing Proof

Many so-called remedies for anaemia are only so in name. Their makers are afraid to prove their claims by telling what their medicines contain.

The only way to be honest with the people is to let them know what they are paying for. Here is the Vinol formula. When the doctor knows what a medicine contains, it ceases to be a "patent" medicine.

By Cod Liver and Beef Peptones, Iron and Manganese Peptonates, Iron and Ammonium Citrate, Lime and Soda Glycerophosphates, Cascarin.

Any doctor will tell you that the ingredients of Vinol, as named above, will enrich the blood and banish anaemia and create strength. When the blood is pure and rich and red, the body is strong and robust.

You can prove this at our expense because your money will be returned if Vinol does not improve your health.

UPCHURCH DRUG CO.

We will accept Liberty Bonds in payment for anything bought here. Upchurch Drug Co.

J. O. WESSON DIED OF PNEUMONIA SATURDAY

Many friends will regret to learn of the death of that good and well known citizen, Joe Wesson, which occurred at the family home, a mile north of Clanton last Saturday, just before noon. He had been seriously ill with pneumonia for several days, and those intimately acquainted with his conditiion were not surprised to see the end so near.

The deceased was a well-kown citizen, and all in all, a good-hearted man. He had many friends whose confidence and esteem he enjoyed. He was a member of the Improved Order of Red Men, a loyal and faithful member, loved and respected by every brother in the order.

Funeral services were held Monday under the uaspicesrrdwynewalkMsid at New Salem Church Cemetery under auspices of the Red Men. The funeral was pronounced by his faithful friend and brother, Rev. W. J. Armstrong, in the most tender and touching manner. No one possessed a closer understanding of the life and character of the deceased than did the man who pronounced the last words of tribute at his grave. This co-ordinate spirit manifest through every brother who waited on the sad occasion made a most impressive scene and offered a consoling touch to the hearts of the bereaved family.

COUNTY MAPS FOR SALE

The Union-Banner has made arrangements to print a number of Beat Maps of Chilton County, and now have them for sale to anyone desiring them, at the price of 25 cents each.

Chilton County farms for sale are being advertised throughout the west and northwest by the Chilton County Real Estate Agency.

Bring us your eggs and chickens, potatoes, peas, peanuts. Will pay the highest price. 40c a gallon for good sorghum in new ½ barrels; 45c in new cans. TAYLOR BROS.

MARRIAGE LICENSE

Grover C. Donovan and Miss Sadie Willis.

Berry Rutland and Miss Ruth Holland.

Subscribe for The Union-Banner.

Headquarters for Plow Points!

We are able to furnish you points for the Oliver, Chattanooga, Syracuse, Butcher & Gibbs, Vulcan, Avery Crtcket, and Lynchburg Plows. We have the Improved Self Sharpeners for the Oliver Plows.

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.

CLANTON, ALA.

CHRISTMAS TIME IS BUYING TIME

And it Will Soon be Here.

And you want to remember that we've got anything you may want, from a horse and wagon on down to the very smallest thing you need.

Clanton Mercantile Co.

"The Big Bargain Store."

FOR RENT CHEAP

27 acres of land under wire fence, with seven room dwelling, three room dwelling, store, large barn, and out houses. Running water. Known as the Smith place, located on the Birmingham-Clanton highway and So. Railway at Dixie, Ala. If interested communicate with P. O. Box 136 Selma, Ala.



THE L.& N. states without fear of successful contradiction that its Dining Car Service is equalled by few railroads and is surpassed by none.

Capable buyers have positive instructions to purchase only the best substantials and delicacies the markets afford. Every car is equipped with the best modern refrigeration systems to preserve fresh supplies without cold storage. Each chef, cook and assistant cook is selected solely on his demonstrated ability to properly prepare food which meets the standard requirements of L. & N. Dining Car Service. Every dining car is under the immediate and constant supervision of a capable conductor who will tolerate nothing but prompt, courteous and efficient service on the part of carefully trained waiters, each of whom renders such service.

The cars are bright and cheerful, strongly built and evenly balanced, and supplied with snowy linen and dainty glass and silverware.

The menu is chiefly characteristic for its wide variety and reasonableness of price. There is a blending of French dishes, characteristic of old New Orleans, with genuine Southern cooking, and favorite dishes of Chicago, St. Louis and Jacksonville.

The fruits of the tropics, the sea food of the Gulf, the juicy steaks of the West, and vegetables in season from the Great Lakes on the North to Florida on the South, are served in all their freshness.

Standard mineral waters and soft drinks are supplied as are imported and domestic cigars and cigarettes.

A meal aboard an L. & N. dining car is a genuine pleasure and delight. The service is exceptional; the price is reasonable.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.

(6) *The Old Reliable*

EXTREMELY COLD WAVE OVER THE ENTIRE SOUTH

Virginia, North Carolina and northwest Georgia was covered this week by one of the heaviest December snowfalls in history.

From the mountains to the tidewater in the Old Dominion, snow, which began falling Tuesday night was reported this morning to have reached a depth of from eight to ten inches. Newport News had the heaviest precipitation in nineteen years, a ten-inch fall, accompanied by severe cold weather and high winds virtually tied up by shipping at the Hampton Roads port. Roanoke reported a fall of eight inches.

In North Carolina also the snowfall was heaviest near the coast. Raleigh reported seven inches, while in the mountain city of Ashville the depth was only four inches.

Columbia was barely covered under an inch of snow, but in the northern and western sections of South Carolina from three to four inches of snow were reported.

ARKANSAS RIVER IS FROZEN OVER

Little Rock, Ark., Dev. 12.—For the first time since 1899 the Arkansas River was frozen from bank to bank, at Little Rock today.

RECORD FALL OF SNOW AT NORFOLK

Norfolk, Va., Dec. 12.—Norfolk is tody blanketed under more than six inches of snow, a record fall for seventeen yers.

ICE FLOES SINK RIVER STEAMER

Paducah, Ky., Dec. 12.—Ice floes sweeping down the Ohio River today battered in the hull of the river steamer Rapides, causing the vessel to sink in the harbor here, and damaged other shipping. The Rapides was valued at approximately $40,000. River traffic is at a standstill.

33 BELOW AT HELENA, MONT.

Helena, Mont., Dec. 12.—Along with the eleven inches of snow that fell here last night, in connection with a blizzard, there was recorded a minimum temperature of 33 below zero, the coldest of the winter.

SOUTH CAROLINA UNDER SNOW

Columbia, S. C., Dec. 12.—An inch layer of ice and snow covered Columbia this morning and practically all towns in the northern, western and central portion of the state reported precipitation of three or four inches during the night.

SNOW MELTS RAPIDLY

Ashville, N. C., Dec. 12.—The heaviest snow of the season fell here last night, four and a half inches, being the official record. The snow failed to melt rapidly and the city wagons are dividing time between hauling snow and delivering wood from the municipal woodyard to customers. Temperature was rising this morning.

SOLDIERS KEPT WARM

Greenville, S.C., Dec. 12.—The cold wave that has held this section in its grasp for the past four days was accompanied last night by a heavy fall of snow. According to official reports this morning the snow measured five and seven-tenth inches.

Camp Sevier has plenty of wood and the soldiers are being kept comfortably warm in their tents.

ZERO IN VIRGINIA

Roanoke, Va., Dec. 12.—Eight inches of snow which fell last night on top of an almost equal amount which fell last Friday night and which was hard by two days of zero wether interfered more or less seriously with street and railway traffic in this section last night and today. The weather is clearing but too cold to admit of thaw.

RECORD FOR 19 YEARS

Newport News, Va., Dec. 12.—The heaviest snow in nineteen years fell here last night, reaching a depth of ten inches. The severe cold weather and high winds have caused a virtual tie up of shipping in this port.

SEVEN INCHES AT RALEIGH

Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 12.—Raleigh was blanketed this morning with seven inches of snow. It is the heaviest snowfall here in years.

RICHMOND UNDER SNOW

Richmond, Va., Dec. 12.—Snow, which began falling at 10 o'clock last night this morning had reached a depth of 9.3 inches, the second largest December snow was in 1908, measured 17.2 inches.

SHERIFF CAPTURES FORTY-SECOND STILL IN CULLMAN

Cullman, Ala., Dec. 12—On Sunday afternoon, Sheriff A. A. Rollo and his deputies captured their forty-second still, being a forty gallon copper outfit, and was found within 300 yards of the seventy gallon still, that was taken by them about two weeks ago.

The still was not in operation when found, and was located in the pasture of N. M. Miller near his residence.

Sheriff Rollo swore out warrant for Miller and he was placed under arrest. Three quarts of whiskey was taken at the same time from the residence of Miller.

MRS. KING FATALLY BURNED WHEN DRESS CATCHES FIRE

Dead Woman was Member of Well Known Fmily.

Calumbiana, Ala., Dec. 2.—Mrs. Ben King, near this place, died Saturday night at the home of her father, Abrham Mooney, as a result of fatal burns received Saturday afternoon.

According to reports reaching here, Mrs. King's clothing ignited while she was standing before an open fire on Saturday afternoon about 2 o'clock. She rushed out the door and into the yard, where her clothing was quickly consumed, fanned by the brisk wind. The body was horribly burned, practically past recognition, and no hope was entertained after an examination by physicians.

Mrs. Mooney, mother of the young woman, sustained severe burns about the hands and arms in extinguishing the flames.

Mrs. King was well known throughout Shelby County, being the daughter of one of the leading farmers of the county and the wife of a prominent school teacher. She resided in the Kingdom community, where her husband is principal of the public school. She is survived by a husband, Ben King; two small children father and mother and several brothers and sisters and a great number of other relatives.

SUFFRAGISTS IN 14 GROUPS ADVANCE TO CONGRESS

Every State Delegation Gets Visit From Woman Workers.

Washington, Dec. 12.—The marble corriders of the capitol echoed today with the tramp of 600 suffragists. They were delegates to the National American Woman Suffrage convention here and who advanced in 44 groups on to as many different state delegations in congress.

The members carried the definite challenge to each member opposing passage of a federal suffrage amendment that they will line up against every such congressman in the 1918 elections.

Headed by Mrs. N. S. Whitehouse the victorious New York suffragists met in Senator Calder's office to obtain the pledge of the solid delegation from that state. FiftyMassachusetts women invaded Senator Week's office.

Today's demonstration will be followed up by pressure from all parts of the country until the suffragists are ready for a test vote in both houses. This may be delayed until January as the result of polls which indicated that the amendment is a few votes shy of the necessary two-thirds in each branch. Antis, on the other hand, confident of defeating the amendment.

The suffrage convention opened this afternoon with unfurling of the association's service flag, showing 12 stars for its first dozen members in service at the front.

SOLDIERS TO SPEND CHRISTMAS IN CAMP

No Furloughs to be Granted, Says Secretary Baker.

Washington, Dec. 12.—Christmas furloughs will not be granted to any extent in the national army or the national guard.

Secretary of War Baker said Tuesday he had answered all requests for widespread furloughs in the negative. He deems it unwise to burden the railroads with troop movements and upset the militry discipline at this time.

STOMACH TROUBLE

Before I used Chamberlain's tablets I doctored a great deal for stomach trouble and felt nervous and tired all the time. These tablets helped me from the first, and inside of a week's time I had improved in every way, writes Mrs. L. A. Drinkard, Jefferson City, Mo.

NAVY BOYS THANK LADIES OF CLANTON RED CROSS

John T. Wyatt, David Vines, Leonard Harris, and John Cox, who left Thursday morning for Norfolk, Va., as volunteers in the U. S. Navy, wish to have The Union-Banner express for them their sincerest thanks and gratitude to the Ladies of the Red Cross Chapter in Clanton, for the sweaters which were given them on their departure to take up their duties in the training station. "The thoughtful kindness of the good ladies will be a comfort to us when we are far from home and lonely for the friends whom we have left behind us," they said when they left.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS

The next state examination for teachers will be held at Clanton at the courthouse beginning at 10 o'clock, a.m., on the third Monday in December, 1917. All applicants should be present by 9 o'clock, a.m., for registration, except those who wish to file a third grade and take for a higher grade, and they must be present by 2:30 o'clock, p.m., on Monday; and those who wish to file a second grade and take for first must be present by 2:30 o'clock, p.m., on Tuesday.

All applicants with whom I am not personally acquainted will have to be identified before they can be admitted to the examination. Each applicant is required to take the examination in the county in which he is living, teaching or attending school, unless he has a permit from the state superintendent to take otherwise.

W. T. BEAN, Co. Supt. Ed.

MINUTES NOW READY

The minutes of the Chilton County Baptist Association are now ready for distribution from the Union-Banner office. Clerks of the various churches are hereby requested to call there and get them as early as practicable.

Very truly,
W. H. SHAW, Clerk.

Be sure to see our line of Christmas Goods before buying elsewhere.

UPCHURCH DRUG CO.

TAFT VISITS WILSON

Washington, Dec. 12.—William H. Taft, in the city for an executive meeting of the Red Cross, paid his respects to President Wilson this afternoon.

CAR OWNERS

Vulcanize Your Own Inner Tubes

Have you seen our Vulcanizer?

Quick, Simple and Inexpensive

A vulcanized patch for 6¼c better and nicer looking than the old way,

In five minutes

Price $1.50, complete with Patches. Send for free circular,

THE LAWSON CO., Division "A"
Birmingham, Ala.



CUPBOARD SHELVES

well-stocked with a variety of canned goods, easily prepared desserts, package goods and all sorts of ready- to-serve pure foods from

Our Grocery

make your houseclening time, busy days and unexpected company so easy for the housekeeper that she has no morry about meals. Try keeping a reserve supply on hand. Order of us today. L. C. REYNOLDS.

Do You Live to Eat?

OR DO YOU EAT TO LIVE? IT DOESN'T MATTER WHICH. THE POINT IS, NO MATTEY WHY YOU EAT, YOU WANT THE BEST. -:- -:- -:- -:-

WE SELL THE BEST TEAS, COFFEES, PUREST OF LARDS, HIGHEST PATENT FLOUR, BEST CANNED GOODS, ETC. IN FACT, THE BEST GENERAL LINE OF GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS TO BE FOUND IN THIS TOWN. NOT A CASE OF DYSPEPSIA IN OUR ENTIRE STOCK. -:- -:- -:- -:- -:- -:-

IF YOU ARE NOT A CUSTOMER OF OUR STORE WE CORDIALLY INVITE YOU TO BECOME ONE AT ONCE. WE KNOW WE CAN SATISFY YOU. -:- -:-

J. W. LITTLEJOHN

"THE GROCERY MAN"
CLANTON, ALA

December Bargains

75 Coat Suits, values up to $45, to sell at
$7.95 to $35.00

NICE LINE OF
Plaid Dress Goods
50c Values, at **25c** to **35c**

Children's Dresses
Values up to $1.50
At **49c, 74c** and **98c**

Eskimo Suits
ALL WOOL.
Prices **$2.24** to **$3.95**

A Dandy Line of
Children's Sweaters
Prices, **49c** to **$2.45**

1,500 yards of Outing Price, per yard, ... **9c**

1,000 yards of Ginghams, Price, per yard, ... **12½c**

Middie Blouses, Prices, ... **49c** to **98c**

Children's Play Suits worth 75c.... **35** to **49c**

Wonderful Values in
SHIRT WAISTS
Prices, ... **49c** to **$9.95**

OUR LINE OF
Hosiery
IS MOST COMPLETE.
WE CAN FIT YOU UP IN ANY SIZE, COLOR AND PRICE.

A Complete Line of Underwear for Ladies, Children, Men and Boys.

Millinery
Over 100 attractive
Ready-to-wear Hats
$5.00 - for - $3.98
$3.00 - for - $1.98
$1.49 - for - .98

Ladies Serge and Silk Dresses
Values up to $22.50
Price **$7.95** to **$14.95**

Special Values in
Silk Petticoats

Sensational Variety of
Silk Sweaters
$10.00 Values Prices, ... **$6.95**

GOSSARD CORSETS



For Every Woman

A New line of Ladies Winter Coats just in.
Values up to $25. Selling for
$3.24 to $19.95

Fifty Boys Suits
AGES 6 TO 17 YEARS
Prices **$3.49** to **$6.95**
Some with Extra Pair of Pants

49 PAIR BOY'S PANTS
Prices ..... **98c** to **$2.69**

Boys Genuine German Dye Overalls
All Sizes
Prices ..... **55c** to **60c**

Mens & Boys Hats
100 Men's and Boy's Hats from $1 to $2.50, now **98c**

Boy's and Men's Caps 50c to $1.00 Values
Prices Now ..... **25c** to **75c**

Rain Coats
25 Boy's Rain Coats $4.50 values for **$2.98**

50 Men's Rain Coats $6.00 to $8.00 Value
Price .... **$4.95** to **$5.95**

MEN'S DRESS SHIRTS
75c Values, for - - - - 49c
$1.00 Values, for - - - 89c
$1.50 Values, for - - - 99c

Smart New Skirts,
From **$1.74** to **$9.95**

2,000 Pairs of Shoes
in the latest styles and colors.
Prices $1.95 to $7.95
Childrens Shoes all sizes,
Prices, 75c to $2.95

This Big Bargain Sale now in Effect
Look for the Large Sign in Front.

ONE PRICE —TO— ALL

Elmore's
LADIES & GENTS FURNISHINGS

STRICTLY CASH TO EVERYBODY

DONOVAN-WILLIS

A wedding of more interest than surprise, which occurred last Wednesday night, December 5, was that of Mr. Grover C. Donovan of Billingsley and Miss Sadye Willis of Clanton. The occasion took place at the home of the bride, before a small group of intimate friends of the young couple.

Mr. Donovan is a popular and well-known young man around his home community, and his wife has heretofore been engaged in teaching, and has won a host of friends in many sections of the county. They are to make their home at Billingsley.

Rev. F. A. Gibson was the spiritual director and chief yarn-teller at the telephone meeting Monday. His wealth of jokes and his aptitude in telling them makes him a great attraction among a crowd of men.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of Interior, U. S. Land Office, Montgoremy, Ala., October 6, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that Russell I. Perkins, whose post-office address is Dollar, Ala., did, on the 14th day of March, 1917, file in this office sworn statement and application, No. 010149, to purchase the SW¼ of the SW¼, Section 36, Township 22 N., Range 16 E., St. Stephens Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisinos of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised One Hundred Fifty-one and 75-100 Dollars, the timber estimated 56,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M., and the land $39.75; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 20th day of December, 1917, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rockford, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER, Register.

Bernie Thompson has enlisted in the aviation service of the United States, and has gone to Fort Oglethorpe, for duty.

Wheeznig in the lungs indicates that phegm is obstructing the air passages. BALLARDS HOUSEHOLD SYRUP loosens the phlegm so that it can be coughed up and ejected. Price 25c, 50c, and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

CLANTON ASTONISHED BY MERCHANT'S STORY

A merchant relates the following: "For years I could not sleep without turning every hour. Whatever I ate caused gas and sourness. Also had stomach catarrh. ONE SPOONFUL buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as mixed in Adler-i-ka relieved me INSTANTLY." Because Adler-i-ka flushes the ENTIRE alimentary tract, it relieves any case of constipation, sour stomach or gas and prevents appendicitis. It has quickest action of anything we ever sold. Uuchurch Drug Company.

Mr. and Mrs. Crowell N. Kicker of Birmingham were visiting relatives in Clanton Sunday and Monday. Mr. Kicker has given up his job as city fireman and is now on the Birmingham police force.

FIFTH SUNDAY MEETING

To be Held at Shiloh Baptist Church December 29th and 30th, 1917.

9:50. Devotional services by J. L. Deramus.

10:05, "For what purpose was the deacon ordained in the church at Jerusalem." by J. J. Pickens and R. D. Bevis.

10:45. "Do we need a Christian Education," by Prof. H. C. McDonald. Sermon by Rev. J. F. Gable.

12:10. Dinner.

1:15. Devotion by W. N. Wilson.

1:30. The grandeur of a Christian by Rev. M. J. Parrish and Rev. W. P. Lowery.

2:10. Personal Responsibility in the Kingdom of Christ, by Rev. R. A. Aldridge and Prof. J., L. Johnson.

Sunday.

9:45. Devotional service by Bro. W. I. Mullins.

10:00. Does the Bible teach the Spirit of Mission, by Rev. J. D. Hughes and Rev. W. S. Cox.

10:40. Is it wise to co-operate with the Southern Baptist Convention in our Mission Work?, by Rev. J. F. Gable and Rev. R. A. Aldridge.

11:30. Sermon by Rev. F. W. C. Bize, after which we will come to a close.

We ask the churches of the Chilton County Association to send a full delegation and help to make this meeting a success in building up God's Kingdom.

T. W. BILLINGSLEY,
B. M. DEASON,
J. R. OWEN,
F M. FOSHEE,
Committee.

Sickly children need WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE. It not only destroys worms, if there be any, but it cts as a trengthening tonic in the stomach and bowels. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENT

Laumer Lumber Company, a body corporate, Plaintiff, vs. H. L. Killingsworth, Defendant.

In the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama.

Whereas, Laumer Lumber Company, a body corporate, as Plaintiff, in said cause, has obtained an attachment out of this court issued on the 8th day of December, 1917, against the estate of the said H. L. Killingsworth, defendant, which attachment has been levied upon the following described real property as the property of the said defendant, to-wit: NE¼ of the SE¼ and SE¼ of the SE¼, of Section 23, Township 24, Range 13; NE¼ of the NW¼, and the W½ of the NW¼ of the NE¼ of Section 24, Township 24, Range 13, less 10 acres on the South side of Watson's Creek; NE¼ of the NE¼ of Section 26, Township 24, Range 13, known as H. L. Killingsworth's Home Place, all in Chilton County, Alabama; and whereas, it appears that the said H. L. Killingsworth, as aforesaid, is a non-resident of the State of Alabama.

Now, therefore, the said H. L. Killingsworth, wherever he may reside, is hereby notified of the levy and pendency of said attachment.

Witness my hand, this the 8th day of December, 1917. M. D. FOSHEE,
12-13-3t Clerk Circuit Court.

Women!

Here is a message to suffering women, from Mrs. W. T. Price, of Public, Ky.: "I suffered with painful...", she writes. "I got down with a weakness in my back and limbs...I felt helpless and discouraged...I had about given up hopes of ever being well again, when a friend insisted I

Take
CARDUI
The Woman's Tonic

I began Cardui. In a short while I saw a marked difference... I grew stronger right along, and it cured me. I am stouter than I have been in years." If you suffer, you can appreciate what it means to be strong and well. Thousands of women give Cardui the credit for their good health. It should help you. Try Cardui. At all druggists. E-73

RED CROSS NEWS

The great drive for increasing the Red Cross membership from 5,000,000 to 15,000,000, begins this week. Your Christmas will be happier if you shall have joined. Consider this a personal invitation to YOU.

A box was sent off last week containing the following: 18 sweaters, 7 helmets, 7 pair socks, 19 suits of pajamas, 18 hospital shirts, 8 convalescent capes. The sweaters and helmets now being knitted will not be sent out of the United States but will be given to the boys next called from this county. The hospital necessities will be sent to France. There are two dozen sweaters not yet finished. This cold snap will make us sympathize more than ever with the boys in the trenches. Let your sympathy become tangible in the shape of a donation to buy wool. If everyone were as generous as the editors, we should never have to remind you that we need money, and more money and then more money.

J. N. Dennis sold a big bull this week to beef buyers. The animal weighed between thirteen and fourteen hundred pounds, and brought the seller $145.00. Mr. Dennis paid $50 for him when he was young.

Heartburn is a symptom of indigestion. Take a dose of HERBINE in such cases. The pain disappears instantly. The bowels operate speedily and you feel fine, vigorous and cheerful. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Company.

Bargains at REYNOLDS'

Brood Sows For Sale.—Two Red Jersey Gilts; Three Mule-Footed Gilts.

Also have on hand several Heifers. Some will give milk soon. Some good milch cows for sale.

I do not want to ship milch cows or brood sows away from here.

I have several good meat hogs for sale.

I am closing out my Stock of **Furniture**—Bureaus, Wash Stands, Iron and Wood Bedsteads, Bed Springs, Matresses, Chairs etc.

Blacksmith Tools.—One set of Bellows, and a Chest of Tools.

Remember that I will buy Corn, Beans, Hay, Hogs and Cattle.

If you want anything in my Line, come and see me before you buy.

L. H. REYNOLDS

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., DECEMBER 20, 1917 NUMBER 38.

PEOPLE WILL BE AIDED IN FIGURING INCOME TAX

Birmingham, Ala., Dec. 13.—You will not have to figure out your own income tax all by yourself hereafter. The government is going to send out men to help you. It will be up to you to hunt up these men, who will be sent into every county seat town, and some other towne besides, to meet the people. Postmasters, bankers and newspapers will be able to tell you when the Government's income tax men will be around, and where to find him. He will answer your questions, swear you to the return, take your money, and remove the wrinkles from your brow. Returns of income for 1917 must be made between January 1, and March 1, 1918.

"The Government recognizes," Collector of Internal Revenue, John D. McNeel, soid today, "that many persons experience a good deal of difficulty in filling our income tax forms. It recognizes too, that taxpayers resident at points where Collector's officers are not easily accessible find it hard to get proper instruction in the law. Next year, when every married person living with wife or husband and having a net income of $2,000, and every unmarried person not the head of a family and having a net income on the form prescribed, there will be hundreds in every community seeking light on the law and help in executing their returns. My own and every other collection district in the nation will be divided into districts with the county as a unit, and a government officer informed in the income tax assigned to each district. He will spend hardly less than a week in each county, and in some counties a longer time, very likely in the courthouse at the county seat town. In cities where there are collector's branch offices, he will be there, and in other cities possibly at the city hall. My office will in due time advise postmasters and bankers, and send out notices to the newspapers stating when the officer will be in each county. It will be unnecessary for prospective taxpayers to ask my office for forms on which to make returns. The officer who visits their county will have them.

It may be stated as a matter of general information that 'net income' is the remainder after subtracting expenses from gross income. Personal, family or living expense is not in the meaning of the law, the exemption being allowed to cover such expenses.

The new exemptions of $1,000 and $2,000 will add tens of thousands to the number of income taxpayers in this district, inasmuch as practically every farmer, merchant, tradesman, professional man and salary worker and a great many wage workers will be required to make return and pay tax.

The law makes it the duty of the taxpayer to seek out the collector. Many people assume that if an income tax form is not sent, or a government officer does not call, they are relieved from making report. This is evidently an error. It is the only way round. The taxpayer has to go to the government and if he does not within the time prescribed, he is a violator of the law, and the government will go to him with its penalties."

MR. GILES EMPLOYED AGAIN

The many friends of Mr. Lomer Giles will be glad to learn that the Directors of the Peoples Telephone Company have employed him to operate the central office of the company here again for the next year. Mr. Giles has been the operator for a long time, and he is a good one who pleases the patrons of the local telephone system.

RED CROSS NEWS

The reports from all over the states concerning the Red Cross drive, are most encouraging. Numbers of the towns are having rallies and enthusiasm is at hot pitch.

What is the difference between a man who will not contribute to save our wounded, and a German sympathizer?

Let no man who is ardent for the success of our cause and anxious for an early peace neglect his duty this week. Join at once.

FIVE ALABAMIANS IN CONGRESS OPPOSE LIQUOR AMENDMENT

Washington, Dec. 17.—Alabama's vote in the House of Representatives cast five against and five in favor of the resolution proposing an amendment to the United States Constitution, prohibiting liquor traffic in the nation when it was adopted late this afternoon by a vote of 282 to 128.

Those voting for the resolution were: Steagall, Oliver, Burnett, Almond and Bankhead.

Those opposed were: Gray, Dent, Blackmon, Heflin and Huddleston.

Joe Calloway from Birmingham has been in Clanton visiting friends for the past few days.

FLAKETOWN GRAPHITE MEN CONFER WITH CO. CLERK

Mr. Taber, President of the Flaketown Graphite Company, of Mountain Creek, and his son, the foreman of the mines, were in Clanton Tuesday. They came here to confer with the Circuit Clerk in regard to license for the handling of explosives in the work at their mines in the southern part of the county. It is now the law that a mine or quarry foreman must secure from the Circuit Clerk of the county in which he operates, a license to purchase and issue to his employees, the explosive material necessary to the operation of the work. The Curcuit Clerk issues the license under direction of the Department of the Interior at Washington, D. C.

A SCHOOLBOY'S CONCEPTION OF "KAISER BILL."'

Dr. J. C. Christian of the Soldiers Home, at Mountain Creek relates the following story:

"Returning from a concert last evening, and stopping over with a friend of ours, the following dialogue took place between the teacher and a student:

"Teacher—'Come, Jim. Today is your day and mine, and we are here to play it. What have you learned about Kaiser Bill?'

"Student—'Who, Bill of Germany?'

"Teacher—'Yes, certainly, that is the Bill I speak of'

"Student—'Mamma says he is a monster hybrid of the hydra-headed species of venemous serpents, and belongs to the Huns and Hunks.'

"Teacher—'I do not nnderstand. Please give a definite description, will you?'

"Ttudent—'The Kaiser Bill is a compound, unconstitutional noun, first person, singular in all things, and never gets beyond "I," "mine" and "me" in grammar; very singular, yet deslining in number; mongrel gender, desperate case, and is governed only by the following Prussian rule: Personally, the very personification of a heartless brute, a perfect stranger and enemy to principle and virtue, glories in conquest, delights in destroying the hopes and peace of nations for the sake of his own gratification and lust for power; intolerable, oppressive, driving the helpless and inoffensive into depths of sin and slavery.'

"Teacher—'Well said, Jim. Now give me a remedy, as you see it, for the evil intolerance of the sinful practices of Kaiser Bill.'

"Student—'I will give you the only remedy in this world of ours: A campaund constitutional allied drive, with Uncle Sam's elixir of lightning, mixed with a whirlwind of volcanic eruption belched from the throats of his million great buns at the earliest possible moment. This alone, will give us the victory.'

"Teacher—'Get your hat, Jim. and come back tomorrow, and do all you can for the Red Cross.'"

THORSBY ITEMS

Everyone is invited to attend the Annual Contest in debating, music and other things at Thorsby Institute Thursday night, Dec. 20th, between the two sides of the Helen Keller Literary Society.

Mrs. R. N. Roebuck of Maplesville, accompanied by her son, Kent of Mathiston, Miss., and Otto of Maplesville, spent Saturday and Sunday at the Dormitory.

Prof. Geo. W. Macon of Howard College, Birmingham, delivered a very interesting lecture at Bates Hall Saturday night of last week. He also preached at the Baptist Church Sunday morning and spoke to the young men at 3:00 o'clock Sunday afternoon.

Mr. Wyatt A. Taylor of Columbia, S. C. gave an interesting talk to the Christian Endeavorers at the Congregational church last Sunday evening.

Miss Amy A. Payne, Houskeeper at Thorsby Institute, left on Tuesday of this week for a short visit to her brother in Chiciga before his departure for France.

Miss Elizabeth C. Wilkin, music teacher at Thorsby Institute, left on Tuesday of this week for her home in Delaware, Ohio, where she expects to spend the holidays.

Mrs. Nellie Thompson, and daughter Elizabeth, spent Sunday afternoon visiting friends at the Girls' Dormitory.

Miss Stella Bryant of Alexander City, who has been attending school in Thorsby, was called home on Thursday of last week on account of the illness of her mother.

In compliance with the request of Woodrow Wilson, the members of the Sunday School of the Congregational church are planning for a program to be given at the preaching hour next Sunday. The collection taken will be given to the starving Armenian Children, the Red Cross work and the Army Y. M. C. A. work.

Work of the woman's committee of the Council of National Defense has already been started on Porto Rica, and plans now made include its introduction into every Territory of the United States.

RESULTS OF KIMBROUGH CROPS

Demonstrated by the Department of Agriculture.

After the floods, boll weevil disaster and general depression in 1916, the Department of Agriculture and Industries thought it wise to conduct a small demonstration farm near Montgomery for the purpose of producing an object lesson in diversified farming and intensive cotton culture under boll weevil conditions. We could not use public funds for defraying the expenses, therefore, Mr. A. L. Kimbrough, Assistant Clerk, horse, pay all other expenses and suhorse, yap all other expenses and superintend it before and after office hours for the profit or loss as the case might be.

Twenty-one acres were secured and planted as follows: Eight acres to oats, which were three-fourths destroyed by freeze. After the scattered oats were harvested, the same land was planted to corn and peas. Three acres were planted to sweet potatoes, three acres to corn and cultivated on the intensive plan, and seven acres in cotton planted April the first with Cleveland and Uncle Sam varieties. The boll weevils were hand-picked before squares formed and the crop cultivated shallow once a week until August.

The results were 65 bushels of oats, worth $50.00; 275 bushels of corn worth $412.50; 5 tons peavine hay with the peas, worth $100.00; 7½ bales of cotton lint and seed, sold for $1237.00; sold rosting ears and peas to amount of $20.00; 350 bushels of potatoes, sold for $350.00. Total receipts from 21 acres $2169.50.

Expenses for the crop are as follows: Land rent, $1.66; Seed, fertilizer and feed, $195.00; labor and miscelaneous expenses $225.00; Total expenses, $586.00; Total Net Profit, $1583.50.

This crop was cultivated in accordance with the general advice given to the public by the Department of Agriculture. It was produced on rented land with hired labor exclusively, one hired man and one pony doing the work. Had Mr. Kimbrough not had other employment and performed the labor himself, his earnings would have been nearly two thousand dollars.

We are publishing this for the benefit of the man in town who has had experience on the farm, to show him that his opportunities are far better on the farm than in town working for a small salary or wages, where he is forced to pay house rent equal to farm rent and pay twice as much as in former years for fuel and groceries. I earnestly appeal to all men who are living in the towns and cities on small salaries, and who have had farm experience, to get on the farm, if possible. Your country needs you to help solve the food question for yourselves, the country, and to win the war. We must recruit our producing army as well as our military forces.

J. A. WADE.

HOLIDAYS FOR HIGH SCHOOL

Principal H. C. McDonald, of the Chilton County High School announces that the institution will close on Friday, the 21st of this month for the holiday season. Work will be resumed on Wednesday, January 2.

DO YOUR BIT— BUY A BABY BOND

Why you should Buy Them.

The main reason for the purchase of war-saving stamps (Baby Bonds) is because your country is at war. Your country needs every penny that every man, woman and child can save and lend, in order to feed, clothe, arm, and equip the soldiers and sailors of America and to win this righteous war in defense of American honor and the cause of democracy throughout the world.

If we are to win the war, we must win it as a united people. The savings of every man, woman and child are necessary of we are to hasten the vistorious ending of the war. War savers are life savers.

A single strand in the cables that uphold the great Brooklyn Suspension Bridge is not very strong, but thousands of these strands bound together uphold one of the great thoroughfares of the world.

When our fathers and sons and brothers were called by our country to take up arms in her defence, you did not hear an individual soldier refuse to serve because his service alone would not win the war. Each man was ready to do his part. The great army thus formed is going forward to facet he fire of battle and to risk everything for the safety and security of our homes and our families, and for the very existence of our country.

These are the men for whom you are asked to save and lend your dollars.

A country worth fighting for is a country worth saving for.

To save money is to save life.

Buy war-savings stamps at your local post office.

The above appeal is published at the request of Mr. J. E. Robinson, our local Postmaster.

PERSHING'S XMAS. MESSAGE

On the front page of Collier's Weekly, of the issue of December 22, is printed the Christmas Message of General John J. Pershing, the commander of the American expeditionary force on the field of battle in France. The message is addressed to Collier's publishers, but is intended to be conveyed to all Americans. The words of the cablegram are as follows:

"Here on this tremendous errand, far fram the Christmas joys at home, we shall be cheered to the task that is before us by your strength and by your patience. Your will and ours must join to fortify us in the sacrifices we must make, and blood we must give, to the end that there may be restored peace on earth and good will to men."

This noble message is signed personally by the general himself. Nothing we have ever seen of late is so touching as the thoughts which he sends back to us—the people of this country—in this Christmas note.

CONGRESSMAN JOINS ARMY AS PRIVATE

Washington, Dec. 17.—Representative Johnson of South Dakota, enlisted today as a private in the regular army, and was assigned to Camp Meade. He has not resigned his seat in the House.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of Interior, U. S. Land Office, Montgomery ,Ala., October 6, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that Russell I. Perkins, whose post-office address is Dollar, Ala., did, on the 14th day of March, 1917, file in this office sworn statement and application No. 010149, to purchase the SW¼ of the SW¼, Section 36, Township 22, N., Range 16 E., St Stephens Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1887, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised One Hundred Fifty-one and 75-100 Dollars, the timber estimated 56,000.00 board feet at $2.00 per M., and the land $39.75; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 20th day of December, 1917, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Rockford, Ala.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before entry issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

CATO D. GLOVER, Registrar.

PAYING SCHOOL TEACHERS

Dr. E. E. Upchurch informs the Union-Banner that he now has on hand the money with which to pay the school teachers of Chilton County their salaries for November. Dr. Upchurch is the Treasurer of Public Schools in this county, and all teachers can see him at the Upchurch Drug Store in Clanton and get their money. This is good news for the teachers, as it will give them some money to take Christmas with.

MINUTES NOW READY

The minutes of the Chilton County Baptist Association are now ready for distribution from the Union-Banner office. Clerks of the various churches are hereby requested to call there and get them as early as practicable.

Very truly,
W. H. SHAW, Clerk.

Deep-seated coughs that resist ordinary remedies require both external and internal treatment. If you buy a dollar bottle of BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP you get the two remedies you need for the price of one. There is a HERRICK'S RED PEPPER POROUS PLASTER for the chest, free with each bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Company.

ANNOUNCEMENT

There will be Christmas exercises and voting contest on Saturday night, Dec. 22, at Pates Chapel. Public cordially invited.

PRILLIE WOODHAM GRIGGS.

AUCTION SALE

I will sell to the highest bidder on Saturday, Dec. 22, between 12 and 1 o'clock at Clanton 3 grade Holstein Heifers 2 years old this coming spring.

Don't miss this sale if you want good dairy cattle.

W. D. SPIGENER.

The legal advisory board in conjunction with the local exemption board is busy this week assisting registered men in filling out their questionaries. The board of assisting lawyers consists of Hon. J. O. Middleton, Col. A. C. Smith and Hon. G. C. Walker.

TAKING EXAMINATION HERE THIS WEEK

There are forty-nine applicants for state license to teach school undergoing written examination at the court house the first of this week. Out of forty-nine applicants there are only eight men and boys. Following is a list of the names: (There are no applicants for first grade.)

Eula Best,
Esther Vickers,
Mrs. A. G. Dunlap,
Everee Maddox,
Clara Thompson,
Daisy Robinson,
Mary Farley,
Lurline Harper,
Rosie Thornton,
Everee Williams,
Jessie Belle Williams,
Maud Robinson,
Genie Collins,
Akins Collins,
Laura Scroggins,
Chas. D. Hughes,
Herbert Lowery,
Sam Mims,
Sam Mims,
Willie Pool,
Frank Oslin,
Lila R. Northrup,
Laris Williams,
Dewey Benson,
J. H. Scott,
Mae Pool,
Hilda Mae Klinner,
Myrtle Traywick,
Lena Sawyer,
Mary Mullins,
Virgie Davis,
Flossie Manning,
Eula LeCroy,
Mary Bell Farrell,
Florence Ferrell,
Ivey Ferrell,
Lottie Robinson,
Woodie Robinson,
Marie Maddox,
Essie Hester,
Dalene Pierce,
Annie Pierce,
Lurline Cox,
James I. Abram (col)
Maggie Bell Fountain (col),
Mildred Smith,
Esther Davis,
Julia Mae Dawson,
Howard Roper,
Oscar L. Mims.

SHERIFF'S SALE—REAL ESTATE

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Fall Term, 1916, of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama, and to me directed, whereby, I, as Sheriff of said county, was commanded to make the sum of Seventy-five and 5-100 Dollars, costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the Fall Term, 1916, of said court of said county, Alabama, in favor of B. K. Herring, against Lee Lykes, et als., I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the Court House door of said county, between the hours of 11 o'clock, a.m., and 4 o'clock, p.m., **On Monday, the 31 day of Dec. 1917,** all the right, title and interest of the above named Lee Lykes, et als., in and to the following described real estate, viz:

Three (3) acres of a portion of land lying and situated in the northeast corner of Section fifteen (15), Township twenty (20), Range sixteen (16), East, situated in Chilton County, Alabama, being the same piece of property on which the Joanna Baptist Church stands, and being the property used by the Joanna Baptist Church for religious and church purposes.

This 30 day of November, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at courthouse door Dec. 12, 1917.

12-13-3t H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Children take BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP willingly becuse it tastes nice. There isn't a better remedy anywhere for children's coughs, hoarseness and bronchitis. It's a good medicine and easy to take. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

LOST SPECTACLES

Last Saturday I lost a pair of spectacles in Clanton. They are a rimless glass and have been broken and cemented back on the left side. When lost they were in a case which opens at the end. Finder will please return to J. P. PARRISH, and get reward.

At the Childrens Hospital recently established by the American Red Cross in France, an average of 350 boys and girls are being examined each day. In connection is a dental dispensary located in an old kitchen with a dental chair improvised from a wine barrel.

Bring in your turkeys and geese while the price is good. Chickens and eggs. We want 5,000 gallons of good Sorghum Syrup. Also we want 500 bushels of Surghum Seed. Will pay $1.25 per bushel for stock peas; $3.00 per bushel for white peas. 5c per lb. for peanuts.

TAYLOR BROS.

MUST SHOW CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION TO VOTE

Judge of Probate, 1Jan16

Any man who is a registered voter in another county has removed to this county, and desires to become a voter here, under the law it is necessary for him to acquire a certificate of Registration from the Registrar of the county which he moves from; then present that certificate to the registrar of this county at the court house between January 1st and January 5th. Then this Registrar will enter him on the regisrtation list of this county, and he will be entitled to participate in elections next year. It is very necessary that the cerificate of registration in the other county be procured and presented to the Registrar here. It is the only way for a voter to become qualified, and he should be sure to obtain the certificate and present it to the Registrar while he sits at the courthouse.

Likewise, if a man has been paying poll tax in another county, and desires to be put on the poll tax list of this county, he must obtain a certificate from the Probate Judge of the county in which he has paid poll tax, specifying the years which he has paid for. Then he will present that certificate to the Probate Judge here, who will put him on the poll list of this county. The Probate Judge cannot put a man on the list if he comes here from another county and just presents his poll tax receipts. He must present a certificate from the Probate Judge of the county when he comes from.

It is very necessary that voters who may have moved from other counties notice carefully these two points, or else they may come here to register and get on the poll tax list, and be denied because they have not got these certificates.

HYPOCRICY OF SO-CALLED "NON - PARTISANSHIP"

Washington, Dec. 17.—The Republicon Publicity Association, through its Presinedt, Hon. Jonathan Bourne, Jr., today gave out the following statement at its Washington headquarters:

"The unalloyed hypocricy of the Democratic plea for non-partisanship is disclosed by the fact that in order to be non-partisan, the action must result in the choice of a Democrat. We had an illustration in the case of Mayoralty contest, New York City, where the 'fusion' candidate was a Democrat, running against Tammany Democrat. The pleaders for non-partisanship never for one minute considered the advisability of uniting upon a Republican, though the city has in the past given its votes to Republican candidates.

"We have another demonstration in connection with the coming election of a senator in Wisconsin. Wisconsin is a strongly Republican state. With the exception of 1892, it has voted its confidence in Republican principles in every national election since the days of Lincoln. It is true that a division in Republican ranks in 1912 gave Woodrow Wilson the electorial vote that year, but the combined votes of the Republican and Progressive candidates, both standing for the principle of a protective tariff, far exceeded the vote for the party of free-trade. Even in 1916, when many states were deceived by the "kept us out of war" sophistry, Wisconsin recorded her vote for the Republican nominee. The eleven congressmen from Wisconsin are Republicans. The state has a Republican Governor, an overwhelming Republican legislaure and every state office, so far as political affiliations are shown, has been filled by a Republican by a vote of the people.

"In view of that record of the political principles of the people of the state, a man who claims to be non-partisan and still urges the election of a Democrat in Wisconsin is a brazen hypocrit whatever may be his pretense that he subordinates partisanship to patriotism."

Deputy United States Marshall Wall of Montgomery was in Clanton last Saturday. He came up to take charge of Dick Brown and the two Ingram boys from Coosa, who were in jail here charged with illicit distilling. The deputy marshall carried them to Montgomery Saturday night.

CLANTON BANKER'S FRIENDS ELATED

Twelve years ago, I become afflicted with stomach trouble, which steadily become worse until two years ago I frequently became prostrated with colic attacks and bloating. My doctors wanted to operate for gall stones. I wished to avoid an operation, and on advice of a friend tried Mayr's Wonderful Remedy with excellent results, as since taking it about two years ago my trouble has entirely disappeared. It removes the catarrhal mucous from the intestinal tractfi and allays the inflamation that causes practically all tomach, liver and intestinal ailments, including appendicitis. One dose will convince or money refunded.

Uuchurch Drug Co.

THE UNION-BANNER

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W. M. WYATT, Editor.
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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

"Godmothering" of soldiers and sailors is not officially senctioned.

No postmaster's pay will be increased during the war, according to an order by the Postmaster General.

The Red Cross has asked for pumps to be used in France, to take place of those destroyed by retiring Germans.

Many officers of the Marine Corps and the Navy are members of a class receiving instruction at Washington, D. C., in defense against the use of gas.

The Woman's Committee of the Council of National Defense has arranged to furnish a badge to every woman who registers to work in co-operation with the committee.

In five years the portion of the world's gold monetary stock (coin and bullion used as money) held by the United States has increased from one-fifth to more than one-third.

The retail price of milk in England has been advanced from 14 to 16 cents a quart. The sale and use of cream has been prohibited, except for invalids, infants, and for butter making.

A nation-wide campaign for economy in the use of coal in steam plants has been undertaken by the Fuel administration. The Bureau of Mines is conducting the campaign, with the help of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers.

In its campaign for the saving of coal the Fuel Administration declares the average American home is superheated. Eminent American physicians are quoted as saying that a room above 68 degrees Fahrenheit is too warm for health and exposes the occupants to catarrhal diseases and pneumonia.

Among the speakers to be heard in the war conferences, which are to be held in every state in the Union during the next few months, are Secretary McAdoo, Secretary Baker, Vice-President Marshall, Henry J. Allen, Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, Bishop Charles D. Williams, and Lient. Paul Perigord, of the French Army.

More than half of the 1,250 colored men who completed the course at the reserve officers' training camp at Fort Des Moines, Iowa, have been commissioned as officers in the army. Nearly one hundred colored physicians and surgeons have got commissions as officers in the Medical Reserve Corps. A full fighting force of 30,000 colored soldiers, including representatives in all branches of military service will constitute the Ninety-Second Division, to be detailed for duty in France under General Pershing.

THE PEOPLE WANT TO KNOW

Congressmen returning from their districts to the opening of the session report, Democrats as well as Republicans, an increasing curosity among their constituents regarding possible changes in the Cabinet. The people want to know, their representatives say, whether certain Secretaries are likely to long continue to direct great destinies in the war, and they also want to know why the President fails to take counsel with men like Roosevelt, Taft, Hughes, Root, and others, who have had experience, who are known to the people of this and of other lands, whose patriotism is undoubted, whose wisdom is great, whose counsel is prudent, and whose services would be of great value. We do not know what answer Congressmen have made to any of these questions propounded by an eager and well-taxed constituency; but there are readily discernible reasons why Mr. Wilson insists upon maintaining this Cabinet as it is and why he does not counsel with the men who have been nmed. In teh first place, it is well-named. In the first place, it is well Trenton, at Princeton, and at Washington that he cannot consent to have round him any man who can be even remotely regarded as a rival in fame or power. In the second place, the men mentioned as suitable consultants for the war President are all Republicans, while Mr. Wilson remains as he has always been — a Democrat of Democrats.

S H - H !

George Creel's Committee on Public Information can keep more things secret than any other "information" bureau this country ever saw.

SHAKING HANDS ACROSS THE CHASM

Among a number of other good things that our attention was directed to in the Union-Banner last week, we quote the following with our hearty endorsement:

"When you hear a fellow hinting around in regard to going to the next legislature, to represent the people, just ask him how he stands on this business of separation of church and state; upbuilding the public schools; stopping the donation of our State funds to sectarian institutions; and the inspection of public and private institutions by authorities of the law. If he is not in favor of these things being enacted and enforced by the legislative and executive branches of the state government, it matters not what his politics is, whether Republican, Democratic or Socialist, he has no business in the next legislature of the State of Alabama."

The above is mighty good Democratic gospel and we congratulate our good friend in the Banner office upon the able and emphatic vigor with which he announces his allegiance to this good old plank whitten into the platform of Democracy by Thomas Jefferson long years ago and subscribed to by all true apostles of that faith. It sounds so much like the old original "articles of faith" of pure Jeffersonian Democracy that we felt almost constrained to take off our hat in reverence while we read it.

The hour has indeed struck in the history of our country, our state and our county, when it behooves us every one to demand of candidates for all offices, and especially in the law-making department, a clean and clear statement of just where they stand upon these extremely vital issues. If Alabama ever expects to get the kind of legislation it needs, the voters will have to quit taking anything for granted and demand an iron-clad pledge from every aspirant for legislative and executive honors and then hold him strictly to it or have him impeached for lying the first digression he makes.

Now, Bro. Wyatt, since we have gone so far together and in such absolute harmony as to the one thing needful, allow me to make a proposition equally as essential if we expect, under existing conditions, to derive any benefits from these good resolutions.

In another place in your interesting columns you tacitly admit that a Republican legislator has "his hands tied" and can only "look on" in the Alabama House under its present political make-up. We all know, no matter how ardently we wish to change the political alignment, that to do so is utterly out of the question, hence, if we send a Republican down there, according to your admission, "his hands are tied" and he can only "look on," so, to all intents and purposes, we are without representation and have no earthly means of influencing legislation, either in favor or otherwise.

This being the self-evident state of affairs, would it not be the part of wisdom and good business policy for our county to center on some good, clean Democrat and send him down with "untied hands" and with as strong a voice and with as good opportunity to obtain results as any man on the floor?

Can you make any objection to this proposition? We feel sure that you would not go so far as to say there is not an honest or competent democrat in the county. Your advertising pages and the output of your job office is conclusive proof that you have many friends in the democratic party. Why not help us pick out a candidate who will endorse these very vital questions from the party that can send a man to Montgomery with "untied hands?"—Clanton Press.

MUST HAVE SALT

A fellow went into a store in Clanton the other day and asked to buy a dollar's worth of sugar. He was told of the scarcity of this particular article of food, and how the government was making an effort to conserve and distribute various things of food value over the country.

As the fellow fumbled down in his "jeans" to produce the buck which he was to pay for the little sack of "sweet" he said: "Well, I could do without sugar, but I do hope they don't cut us out of our salt."

Don't forget about the days for registration of voters in Chilton County, from January 1st to January 5th. This is the last chance there will be for voters to register for the next two years. If one will become 21 any time between now and the next November election, he is entitled to register one of these days, and will have privilege of participating in elections next year.

War Savings Stamps are going faster than the proberbial hot cakes. Many communities have already come well up to their allotments, though the campaign has hardly begun. This is the first of the financial plans of the war which shows the touch of genius. Mr. Vanderlip will doubtless raise as much money as the first Liberty Loan produced, with greater ease and with a wider quickening of the spirit of patriotism. Licking a stamp to lick the Kaiser bids fair to become the most popular of American sports, indoor and out.

WE WILL PREFER IT JUST STRAIGHT REPUBLICAN.

Have you read the article just over in the column to the left of this, entitled "Shaking Hands Across the Chasm?" If youhave not read it just make you a mark right here so you will know where you quit, and go read it before you see another single word of what is in this column. "Shaking Hands Across the Chasm," is a splendid article which we reproduce from the Clanton Press of last week, and excepting the Utopian tenor with which it closes, we are glad to say it is good. Now go and read it, and then come back right here and follow us for a while.

We are going to be a bit lengthy, but it is our desire to do this subject absolute justice before we quit; and you will please be patient with us.

First, we want to take up the matter which the Press alludes to as "Jeffersonian Democracy." We believe that the principles of that kind of a government which claims to be "of the people, for the people, and by the people," could not be really and truly what it claims to he if it does not stand for the separation of church and state; upbuilding the public schools; stopping the donation of state funds to sectarian institutions; and the inspection of public and private institutions by authorities of the law. Both the present Democratic and Republican partics claim to be "of the people, for the people, and by the people," but on the question outlined above, it seems that justice would indict both of them (Democrat and Republican) in some instances of flagrant violations. For in national affairs we can find instances where both these parties have violated these very vital obligations to the people. In the State of Alabama, where the Democrats have had full sway the violations have extended not only through these particular things, but in many other ways have the rights of the people been disregarded and trampled upon. We could right here cite a world of things which the Democratic party should be made to answer for—violations of trust which we have never heard of Republicans being guilty of in the world.

If Alabama has not been getting the kind of legislation she needs then how are we to get it? The Democrats have had the job ever since it has been a job; and ever since they have had it we have heard men of their own party, even, say that they were corrupting the plans which they were supposed to carry out in the interest of the people of the state. The record they have made is a pretty poor recommendation for them in getting the job again. But we suppose they will get it again all right, for there are yet in the world, and in Alabama, a great many people who, though they see the fallacy of the party, have not got the backbone to rise up and demand the kind of action which their better judgment tells them they should demand.

We think it is to the credit of the people of Chilton county that they have for a long time registered their opposition to the neglect and careless ness of the Democratic party in Alabama by electing Republican officials. If more of the counties of the state would rise up with such action, you would soon see the Democratic party shake off some of the scales of indifference and begin to make an effort to give the people what they should have.

To elect Democrats when Democrats have so long failed to give us the government we need and want is nothing but endorsing their negligence, and we can't blame them for not changing their policies. The great show man, P. T. Barnum, once said that he hoo-dooed the people because they showed to him that they liked to be hoo-dooed. Likewise the Democratic party in Alabama will hoo-doo the people as long as the voters endorse what they do by continuing to vote for them.

The Democratic party could yet do the things that they should do in Alabama in regard to the separation of church and state and those other splendid accomplishments along with it. But will they do it?

In the light of what they have done in the past (and also what they have not done) we do not feel that the Democrats deserve to be put in charge of the affairs of the state. But if they would consent to "lick the calf over" and rectify themselves in many ways in which they have erred, they might then have a better claim to the support of the people.

We have all respect in the world for some men in the Democratic party who realize the utter hopeless rottenness of the thing, and are and have been making an honest effort to clean up the situation, and put the party back on sound, reputable and sensible working basis, so as to be able to command the support of the people to its cause. But we fear they are in a hopeless minority.

The Press agrees with us that we are right about what the Legislature of Alabama should do; and now they want us to agree with them as to how Chilton county should go about performing her part of the obligation that both of us have placed on the next Legislature. But we are very frank to say that we cannot agree with them on the plan if it is to be as they suggest in the article which we reproduce from their last week's issue.

The people of Chilton county should demand that their next representative in the legislature work for the accomplishment of a further separation of church and state; the inspection of all public and private institutions by officials of the law; extension of public schools; liberty of free speech and a free press; these and many other things which could be named in conjunction with them. The Democrats should commit their candidate to this platform, and the Republicans should also do the same thing. So then which ever one is elected, the people will be properly represented on these questions.

Now this brings us down to the real "milk in the cocoanut." The Press asks: "Would it not be the part of wisdom and good business policy for our county to center on some good clean Democrat and send him down with 'untied hands' and with as strong a voice and with as good an opportunity to obtain results as any man on the floor?"

This is the part of the argument of the Press that sounds like an extract from "Utopia." It sounds very well, but when you analyze the thing thoroughly you find that it is not so pleasing and practical as it first seemed to be.

We answer the above question of the Press by saying that the election of a candidate under such terms as are named in the question would be the exact equivalent of sending a pronounced Republican to the Legislature. The man with the supposed "untied hands" would have the very same powers as a Republican. So if they amount to the same thing, we will then, by the reasons previously given, choose the Republican.

Now, why are the two propositions the same to the people of the county, in so far as representation in the Legislature is concerned? Here's how they are alike:

A Republican sent to the Legislature is denied the privilege of sitting in the Democratic caucuses on all matters. He just sits in the House and votes on all question that come up there. He has as much privilege to speak and vote in open session as any other member.

Now if we send an allied candidate to the Legislature—one elected by a fusion of all parties—he must, if he is true to his constituents, who voted for him, go there and declare that he represents all the various parties of his county. When he pronounces himself thus, he is classed by the Democrats as an "Independent" and he is no more admitted to the Democratic caucuses than if he were the most outspoken Republican. Consequently he, like the Republican member, would go back to the House, where he would have privileges of voting and speaking on whatever might be submitted through the Democratic caucuses. Now what is the difference between a Republican and an "untied" member in the Alabama legislature, in matters concerning the influence of legislation? We say there is none, and therefore cling to our former argument in favor of a Republican.

While the Press is proposing to us that we line up the Republicans in Chilton county behind a Democratic candidate for the Legislature, along with the Democrats behind the same man, and send him down there with "untied hands" we will venture to say that they can't even line up the Democrats of this county in such a proposition, say nothing of Democrats, Republicans and all. Why? Because there is an element of Democrats in Clanton, and a few over the county who are controlled by the Clanton squad, who will not have any thing if they can't get the "whole hog." If that crowd supports anybody for the Legislature (and they will support somebody all right) they are going to konw first of all, that he will be a tried and true old time "rotten" Democrat when he gets to Montgomery. They are going to know that he is the kind of a fellow whom they can run down to the Capitol and set on the trail of any kind of tinking old "annymule" which is put up by the crowd there. For that very reason they would never, even if we could all agree that it is practical, endorse a man who would represent both Republicans and Democrats, and first and last the whole people of the county and the state, in the Legislature.

There is but one way for this county to get a man in the next Legislature who will be in direct line with the party in control (we presume that the same old Democratic party will control it again) and that is to elect a Democrat to represent the county, and have him go there strictly on the mission of the Democratic party in Chilton county And the only way to get such a man there is for the Democrats to elect him and send him there. The Republicans in Chilton county do not believe the Democratic party in Alabama has "behaved itself" in a manner worthy of the support of conscientious citizens, and for that reason they will continue to express opposition to their methods by electing men who are opposed to the way they (the Democrats in the Legislature) have been doing things. Just for the sake of having a representative in the legislature who is "in line" with the Democratic party, is not taken as sufficient reason by us to warrant the Republicans in this county in voting for a Democrat.

There is one thing that the Press misquotes us on, and we wish to call attention to this with a slight correction. They say that we admit in our former article that a Republican has his hands tied in the Legislature, and can do nothing but look on. This would seem to imply that a Republican in the Legislature cannot even vote. Now of course the Press does not mean to leave that impression. They know, we know, and everybody else knows that a Republican in the Legislature can vote, speak and exercise in open session the same as any other member.

And as to admitting that a Republican's hands are tied, we wish to correct the Press a bit there. We did not say that we admit that his hands are tied. Here is what we did say:

"What could a Republican do in the Legislature of Alabama? Is that the question? Well then IF he didn't do anything else, he would reflect the good judgment of the people of his home county in choosing a man of the right kind, even though his hands were tied by the iniquitous Democratic colleagues whom he would have to sit with in the Legislature."

The Press says that according to our admission, we are without representation when we send a Republican to the Legislature. No Brother Corley, we do not admit any such thing in the above statement which you are supposed to have reference to. And in fact no such thing is the case at all. A Republican in the Legislature has as big a vote as a Democrat. He is only denied the "privilege" of wallowing in the mire with the "big hogs."

The right kind of a Republican in the Legislature can do much for his county and for his state. If he is fighter enough to make those Democrats see that he has some backbone and principle, then they will respect and not rediculе him for his position. When Judge Reynolds was in the Legislature he did much for this county, and he was there as a Republican. A man of the same ability now could do as much, even though he be a Republican.

Now again, in general summary of the whole situation, we agree with the Press as to what should be done. Our laws should be strengthened so as to ferever separate church and state; our public schools should be built up to the highest degree of efficiency, carrying in them the free privilege of an open bible; we should stop the donation of any state funds to private sectarian institutions; and the public inspection of all private and state institutions should be carried out by properly and duly constituted officials. These, and many other like things of equal importance should be settled on firmly and securely by the next Legislature.

But we contend that a Republican can do as much toward accomplishing these things as an Independent. The Republicans of Chilton county can easily find a man in their own party who is sound and sensible on these questions—yea, as sound and sensible as any good Democrat. And as we are not yet ready to go into the Democratic party and float with the whole tide, we can see no advantage in going into it just a little way. Therefore we cannot agree with the Press on the matter of choosing a fusion candidate out of the Democratic party and sending him down to represent us all in a wad.

It must be either a whole endorsement of the Democratic party, a half-way endorsement, or a blank rejection of the whole outfit.

For us we prefer the latter course, and would choose a good Republcian to send down to Montgomery to represent us. This is just how we stand on the matter. With no ill feeling in the world we accord to the Press and every other man the right to believe as he wishes.

The Editor of the Union-Banner has found out why it is that doctors live so fat and easy. (You know it 's a fact that all doctors are fat and sassy.) The secret of the business is this. When they go out in the country to see a patient they invariably come back with automobile loaded with turnip greens, collards cabbage and many other good things which the good country folks bestow upon them lavishly. If you don't believe we are right now, just take a look into the nex tdoctor's car you see coming from the "sticks" and see if you don't see something good to eat hidden away under the back seat.

Here's how we got on to this secret: The other day the editor had the pleasure of a trip out with a good doctor friend to see a patient. When we were ready to return the good man of the house inquired if we had any "greens" at home. The editor didn't quite catch the drift, and hestated to see what the doctor was going to say. A glance over at him revealed that he "had the line" all right, for he showed signs of having been "at such places" before. With the doctor doing the talking, he soon had us both down for a couple of nice big collards, and when we got out to start home the goods were reposing in the back seat for us. Such incidents as that may be common for doctors, but they are rare for editors. But none the less grateful are we.

Look out for another rise in the price of gasoline. John D. got his home destroyed by fire the other day.

Sickly children need WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE. It not only destroys worms, if there be any, but it cts as a trengthening tonic in the stomach and bowels. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

SHADOWS OF THE RECENT PAST

All this discussion about a Representative in the Legislature for Chilton county has caused to come back to our mind, a vivid recollection of something that was attempted in the last legislature by some sinister individuals in Clanton and Chilton county.

Everybody remembers how various efforts were made in that legislature to deprive the people of Chilton county of the right to elect some of their county officials. The scheme was condemned by all right-thinking and honest citizens as absolutely ridiculous and utterly unfair to the intelligence of our citizens.

Yet it took everything the Republicans and the best element of the Democrats could do to keep the Democratic legislature from listening to those erratic individuals who were seeking their selfinsh motives through the law-making body of the state.

If our Representative in the Legislature then had been a Democrat the chances are that he would have been constrained to support the efforts that were made to deprive us of our rights of ballot. Such a thing would have been a grave misfortune. And indeed it came so near being a misfortune to the people of the county, that many of our people have come to believe that a great part of the blame lies with the Democratic party, and threrefore are bitter against them.

Our Representative, Mr. W. E. Thomas, a Republican, saw what was being attempted. He came to Clanton at once, called a meeting of the people, and was instructed what to do in the matter. Not only did his Republican friends here desire him to work against those bills, but also the good element of the Democrats were opposed to them, and co-operated with Mr. Thomas and the other citizens in getting the plans defeated.

The thing that saved us in that crisis was the fact that the Representative could not be reached or controled by those individuals who were seeking to have the laws passed.

We might have to face something of this kind again for all we know now. So we better employ "safety first."

OUR FRIEND FROM STUMP HILLS

Mr. T. J. Dorminey from Stumps Hills (the only man in the county who will admit that he lives in Stumps Hills) was in Clanton Wednesday to attend the meeting of the Commissioners relative to the cattle dipping business. Mr. Dorminey had many interesting things to tell us in his jolly good way. Among them were these: He said that there are no ticks in Stumps Hills, and very few snakes and frogs. He has been living there for a long time, and he says he notes a considerable falling-off of the tick, frog and reptile population of his community. He said he has a cow which is 17 years old, and he has been milking her thirteen years. The other day he and his wife took a notion to figure up how much milk and butter "Old Brindle" had given since they had owned her. The result was that at the present prices for milk and butter, she had given over thirty-five hundred dollars worth in the past thirteen years. He says she has averaged two gallons of milk for every day of the whole thirteen years. And at present the old cow is worth between thirty and forty dollars for beef. Now we are ready to admit that "Old Brindle" is some cow, ticks or no ticks. T. J. says he believes the people of the county would vote a majority against the dipping business in an election now.

IS IT "UTTERLY IMPOSSIBLE?"

Last week the Clanton Press said: "It is utterly out of the question to change the political make-up of the Alabama Legislature."

Now there you have another example of weak-kneed policy on the part of Democrats. The Press, like every other Democrat who thinks in terms of the best interests of the people of the state, is bound to know that the Democratic pary has been weighed in the balances and found wanting. They are bound to know that the party has not dealt out to the people of the state the kind of legislation that they should have made.

But what is the answer of these members of the Democratic party who feel the sting of neglectful inefficiency in the men whom they have elected to run our affairs? They all just dismiss the matter by saying like the Press said: "It is utterly out of the question to bring about any change." They are playing the devil with us good and proper, but there is no chance in the world for us to bring them down in their high-handed concoctions.

There is no buck-bone in such doings. A man ought to be big and broad enough to denounce the impudence of any political party that he can plainly see is not giving him a square deal.

Of all the candidates who are are now out or ever will be out for the office of Governor of Alabama, it seems to us that John H. Wallace is "it" good and proper. We notice that he is credited with saying somewhere in his platform that he does not believe that the Roman Catholics should be attacked for their political activities in connection with our government. Now ain't that a dandy plank for a man to have in his platform.

CHRISTMAS TIME IS BUYING TIME

And it Will Soon be Here.

And you want to remember that we've got anything you may want, from a horse and wagon on down to the very smallest thing you need.

Clanton Mercantile Co.

"The Big Bargain Store."

MOONSHINERS DISCHARGED BY COUNTY OFFICIALS BUT ARRESTED BY U. S. DEPUTY

An interesting "come off" was staged at the court house in Clanton last Saturday afternoon, when Dick Brown and the two Ingram boys from Coosa County were arraigned before Probate Judge Reynolds for a charge of illicit distilling of liquor.

The defending counsel of the men under charge argued that the courts of Chilton had no jurisdiction in the matter, owing to the fact that the place where the violation is alleged to have occurred, and the arrests were made over a quarter of a mile beyond the border line of this county. The argument was sustained in the mind of Judge Reynolds, and he therefore ruled that the case could not be tried in this county. Whereupon he declared the men discharged, insofar as his jurisdiction extended.

The faces of the defendants gleamed with delight as they contemplated a hurried trip back into the hills, away from the cruel clutches of the law, under which they had been held for a week in jail.

As they arose to make their departure after Judge Reynolds' discharge, they proceeded out of the court room amid the cheerful chatter of a large number of their friends who had come to witness the scene in court.

But when they reached the door of the court room they were met by Deputy United States Marshall, Wall, from Montgomery, who informed the three men that he had a warrant from the United States court for them, and declared that they must go with him to the Capital, rather than make their return to the hills.

The three fellows looked dejected, bewildered, disgusted, and every other thing anyways like that. They returned to jail and waited till the south-bound train arrived, when they were accompanied to Montgomery by Mr. Wall.

SOME ANSWERS BY DRAFT REGISTRANTS NOT PUBLIC

Answers of registrants on the selective draft questionaries relating to health and answers under the head "dependency," with the exception of the names and addresses of persons claimed to be dependent, will not be open to inspection by the public without the consent of the registrants.

Imprisonment for not to exceed one year will be the penalty imposed on anyone connected with the administration of the selective draft law who shall make this information public.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Made Under Act June 6, 1912, Department of Interior, U. S. Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 7, 1917.

NOTICE is hereby given that William T. Pierce, of Jemison, Ala., who on November 14, 1914, made Seriel Homestead No. 09257, Receipt No. 1338294, for the SW¼ of the SW¼, Section 8, Township 23 North, Range 13 E., St. Stephens Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Three-Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before The Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on the 18th day of January, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Flim L. Martin, of Montevallo, Ala.,
Newton Martin, of Jemison, Ala.,
Marion Sturdivant, of Jemison, Ala.,
Emmett Gentry, of Jemison, Ala.

CATO G. GLOVER, Register.

CARD OF THANKS

The bitterest hour of my life caused by the death of my husband, was made less bitter and my grief much easier to bear, by the many acts of kindness and the beautiful floral gifts of the people of Chilton County. I wish to thank each and every one of you, especially do I thank the noble teacher of God's Word, who spoke the sweet and encouraging words which are so badly needed in an hour like this. May God's richest and choicest blessings ever abide with you all.

MRS. JOHN ROBERT ROPER.

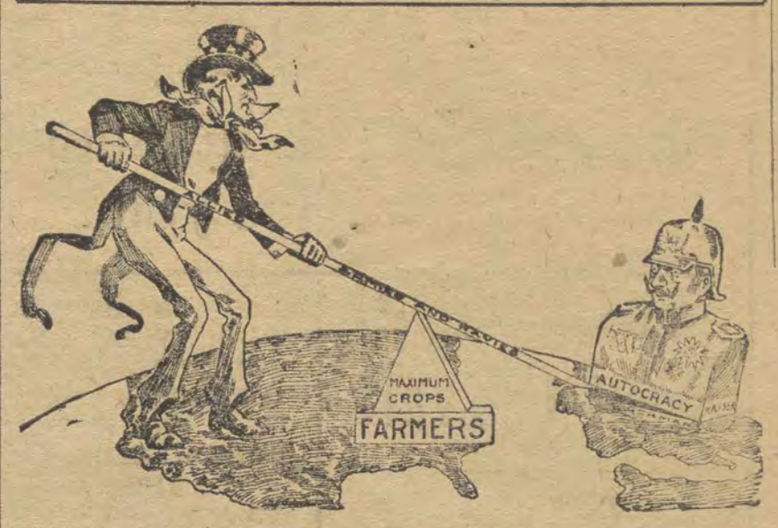
NO LICENSE REQUIRED FOR FARMERS TO SELL CORN

Judge Reynolds a few days ago wrote to the United States Food Administration for Alabama, asking for information in regard to the federal law regarding licenses for dealers in corn. The following is the gist of the reply which was sent:

As the law now stands, anyone buying corn from the producer and sending it on to market requires a license; but if he buys corn either from a producer or from a licensed dealer, to retail, and his retail business does not amount to $100,000 per year, he does need a license.

No farmer needs a license to sell the corn he raised himself. No one needs a license to buy corn for his own consumption. The Administrator, Mr. Hobbie, stated in his letter to Judge Reynolds, that he had asked the Federal authorities to give him specifications as to the minimum quantity of corn which to handle require a license. When this information is obtained from Washington, Mr. Hobbie promises to give full details of the requirements of the law, governing this situation, relative to the handling and distribution of corn products.

Better Farming in the South



THE FARMER—ONE OF UNCLE SAM'S DEFENDANTS

By D. B. Osborne, Chairman Soil Improvement Committee, Atlanta, Ga.



D. B. OSBORNE

Mr. Farmer:

The above picture exemplifies the vital importance of your position in the World War—The fight of freedom and democracy against German autocracy.

Upon you is placed the grave responsibility of producing abundant crops with which to feed and clothe our army and navy; the armies and navies of our Allies—our own people at home and the peoples of our Allies in Europe.

Failure would bring disaster to our army and an untimely and unnecessary death to many of our boys who have gone forth to battle in defense of our liberty.

But, Mr. Farmer, we know that under the great responsibility placed on you by our Government, that there is no such word as "fail" in your vocabulary and that nothing short of insurmountable providential causes could prevent your answering fully to this responsibility.

However, maximum crops can only be had by the judicious and intensive use of fertilizers, good seed, thorough cultivation, and labor-saving machinery.

One of your most pressing problems and one to be acted upon without delay, is the matter of obtaining your fertilizer.

In spite of the best efforts of the manufacturers and the Government, materials for making fertilizers are scarce and high in price. Therefore, it is all the more necessary that what fertilizers are to be distributed, should be used upon soil that has received the very best preparations the farmer is capable of giving.

The mobilization of our army, requiring a maximum movement of troop trains and supply trains, has over-taxed the capacity of our railroads as never before, and in order for fertilizers to be distributed this season, the movement must of necessity, begin early and the unloading of cars at destination be done with utmost despatch. Every car must be loaded to capacity.

Today fertilizers are cheaper than farm crops or farm labor. A bale of cotton, a bushel of corn, oats or wheat, will buy more pounds of fertilizers now than ever before, hence to assure the performance of a patriotic duty, with great profit to yourself order your fertilizers promptly so that you may be sure to get them. And when you get them, use them with the greatest degree of intelligence.

Satisfactory results are bound to follow—both to you and to the Government.

FOR RENT CHEAP

27 acres of land under wire fence, with seven room dwelling, three room dwelling, store, large barn, and out houses. Running water. Known as the Smith place, located on the Birmingham-Clanton highway and So. Railway at Dixie, Ala. If interested communicate with P. O. Box 136 Selma, Ala.

BUILDING ADDITION TO STORE

A deal has been consumated recently whereby the storehouse now occupied by Downs Hardware Co., will be enlarged to almost double its present size on the ground floor. Dr. Upchurch, the owner of the building will begin at once the work on the addition. The growing business of the Downs Hardware Company has made it necessary for them to have large quarters.

PINEDALE

There will be a box supper at this place, Saturday night, December 22. There will also be a prize cake.

Everybody is invited.

O. L. MIMS, Teacher.

— NOTICE —

The school at Mt. Pleasant will give on entertainment next Saturday night, December 22, beginning at 7:30 o'clock.

The program includes two plays, entitled "The Cabbage Hill School," and "The Dispelling of Big Jim."

Both of these plays are full of fun and every moment brings a laugh.

Admission, 5 cents for children under 12 and 10 cents for adults; the proceeds to go for the benefit of the school.

JOHN M. DYE,
MARGARET GRAVES,
HERBERT LOWERY,
Faculty.

CAR OWNERS

Vulcanize Your Own Inner Tubes

Have you seen our Vulcanizer?

Quick, Simple and Inexpensive

A vulcanized patch for 6¼c better and nicer looking than the old way,

In five minutes

Price $1.50, complete with Patches. Send for free circular,

THE LAWSON CO., Division "A"
Birmingham, Ala.

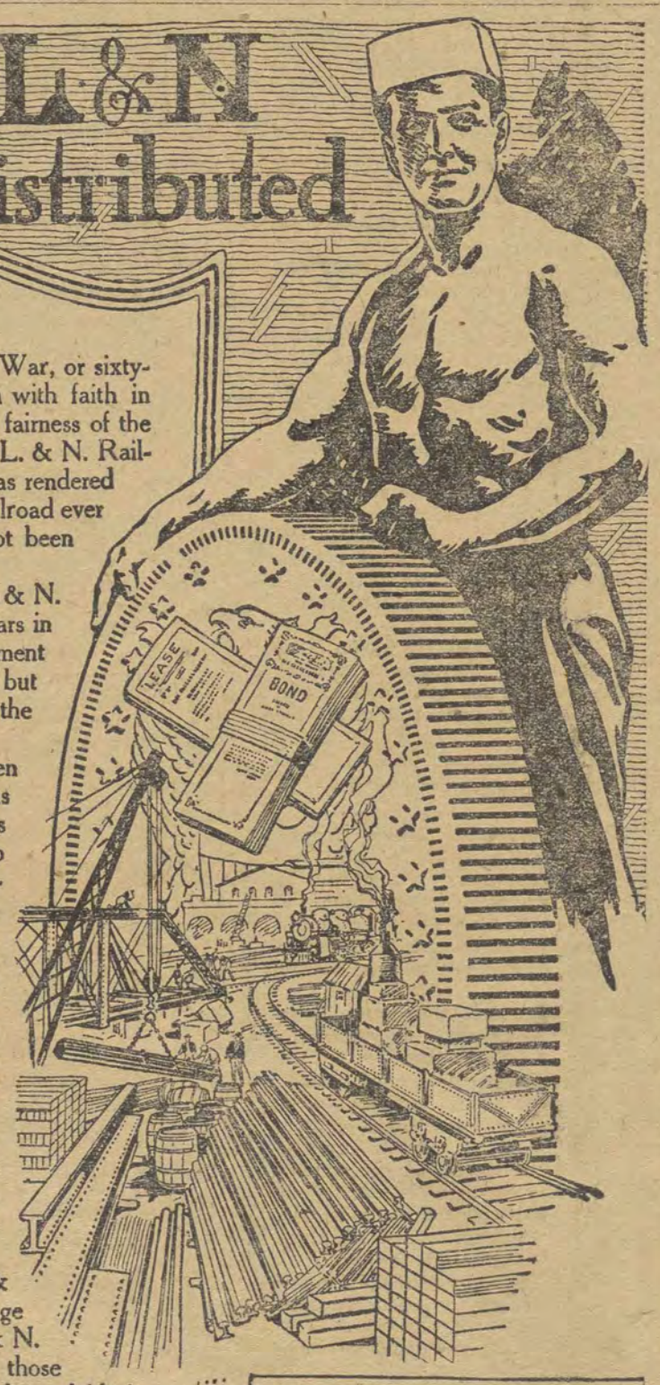


AS GOOD AS IT LOOKS

and just the thing when you're thirsty. What a pleasure to be able to walk up to our **Soda Fount,** whenever you like, and order the soda you want, hot or cold. There's no thirst quencher equal to soda drawn here.

L. C. Reynolds

How the L. & N. Dollar is Distributed



ELEVEN years prior to the Civil War, or sixty-six years ago, public spirited men with faith in the future of the South, and in the fairness of the people of the South, established the L. & N. Railroad. Since that time the L. & N. has rendered unsurpassed service and is the only railroad ever established in the South which has not been through bankruptcy.

During those sixty-six years the L. & N. has expended many millions of dollars in the South, not only for the development and upbuilding of its own property, but for the development and upbuilding of the South.

Figures, available for the last sixteen years only, show that the L. & N. has expended during those sixteen years $24,000,439.17 for taxes, paid into the South's public treasury; for material and supplies $167,475,437.53; for fuel $43,082,955.39; for wages to employes $324,870,160.41, **the greater part of which was expended in the South,** and many millions of which were brought to the South from other sources to develop and enrich the South.

The average income on the property investment in sixteen years was 5.96%. The most prosperous year—1904—was 7.14%, and the poorest—1915—was 3.75%.

L. & N. officials have expended L. & N. income to the best possible advantage for the material welfare of the L. & N. and the South. At the same time, those investors who own the L. & N., and have faith in the South and in the fairness of her people, must be accorded consideration in the form of some return on their investment.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.

(7) *The Old Reliable*

IN 16 YEARS THE L & N DOLLAR HAS BEEN DISPOSED OF AS FOLLOWS:

Labor	.42	cents
Taxes	.03	"
Fuel	.06	"
Loss and Damage	.03	"
Material and Other Supplies	.20	"
Interest on Bonded Debt	.13	"
Rent for Leased Roads	.04	"
Betterments, Dividends and Surplus	.09	"
	100	cents

Do You Live to Eat?

OR DO YOU EAT TO LIVE? IT DOESN'T MATTER WHICH. THE POINT IS, NO MATTEY WHY YOU EAT, YOU WANT THE BEST. -:- -:- -:- -:-

WE SELL THE BEST TEAS, COFFEES, PUREST OF LARDS, HIGHEST PATENT FLOUR, BEST CANNED GOODS, ETC. IN FACT, THE BEST GENERAL LINE OF GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS TO BE FOUND IN THIS TOWN. NOT A CASE OF DYSPEPSIA IN OUR ENTIRE STOCK. -:- -:- -:- -:- -:- -:-

IF YOU ARE NOT A CUSTOMER OF OUR STORE WE CORDIALLY INVITE YOU TO BECOME ONE AT ONCE. WE KNOW WE CAN SATISFY YOU. -:- -:-

J. W. LITTLEJOHN

"THE GROCERY MAN"
CLANTON, ALA

"What Have I Done in the Past Year?"

Ask yourself this question, and then reflect a moment and see if you could answer it. Have you done anything that this community is proud of?

IN THIS THE LAST MONTH IN THE YEAR, IT IS A GOOD TIME TO ASK YOURSELF THE QUESTION: "WHAT GOOD HAVE I BEEN TO MY COMMUNITY, MY FRIENDS AND MYSELF DURING THE PAST YEAR?" THIS IS A SEARCHING QUESTION INDEED; ONE WHICH EVERY CITIZEN OF THIS TOWN MAY WELL APPLY TO HIMSELF. IT MUST BE ANSWERED SOME WAY BY EVERYBODY.

THE MERCHANT, BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL MAN MIGHT ASK HIMSELF, "WHAT HAVE I DONE TO HELP THE MASS OF PEOPLE WHO COMPOSE THIS TOWN TOWARD BETTER CONDITIONS?"

THE MASS OF CITIZENS SHOULD SEEK TO SEE JUST WHAT THEY AS INDIVIDUALS HAVE DONE TO ASSIST THE BUSINESS MEN IN MAKING A BETTER TOWN. THIS MONTH IS A GOOD TIME FOR EVERYBODY TO TAKE STOCK OF THEMSELVES AND DETERMINE JUST WHAT THEY HAVE ACCOMPLISHED IN THE PAST YEAR THAT IS WORTH WHILE.

A Complete Line of
Regal Cravats
On Sale By
W. A. KEMP

—AT THE—
Ideal Theatre
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,
A VERY INTERESTING AND AMUSING MIXED PROGRAM.
10 and 15 cents.
(Including War Tax.)

CHRISTMAS
Will soon be here, and we have supplied our Store with anything that you will want. Gifts for Father, Mother, Brother, Sister, and Sweetheart, will be found in display in our Store.
Buy Before the Rush.
UPCHURCH DRUG COMPANY

Just received a Carload of Nails, Wire and Fencing. See us before buying them.
Downs Hardware Company

If you want the best
GROCERIES
That money can buy, just call on me. I have a complete line and at the right prices.
J.W.Littlejohn



JUST WHAT YOU WANT
for the Christmas Dinner, you can purchase here. Our Christmas stock of **Groceries** is unexcelled.
Come in and look around and let us suggest some good things for your own table and some dainties that would make acceptable gifts.
L. C. Reynolds

Splendid Efforts
The merchants of this town have been liberal buyers of newspaper advertising space in the past year, trying to impress the people of their intentions in the upbuilding of the town and community. They help the people by giving them money-saving prices when they buy the things that are sold in the stores. These merchants have spent good hard cash to convince the people of this town that they should help in the work of community building by co-operation with the local merchant and spending the money at home.
If you as a citizen, have not given the local merchant the proper support, the past year, you should repent of the wrong you have committed in sending youd dollars away and resolve to start even with the new year, and work in every conceivable way for your home town and home people first.

CLOTHING
Shoes, Etc.
For Sale Cheap for Cash
Wiley Littlejohn
"The Bargain Store"

We are in a position to give all
Job Printing
Prompt and Careful Attention
Individuality in your letterheads and other printed matter is helpful to your business. We are ready at all times to give you the benefit of our experience.

AUCTION SALE
We will have an Auction Sale of New Furniture in front of our Store Saturday beginning at 12:30 p.m.
Clanton Mercantile Co.

Xmas. Candies
A full line of Fresh Candies at lowest prices, at
The Candy Store

Stop at
THE NEW WILSON HOTEL
The best hotel service to be found in Clanton. Reasonable rates for Meals and Rooms.

What have you got that you want to sell?
I will buy your Syrup, Corn, Cattle and Hogs. And will pay the highest market prices far all of your farm products.
L.H.REYNOLDS

UNITY ASSOCIATION MINUTES READY FOR DISTRIBUTION NOW

The 1917 minutes of the Unity Baptist Association have just been printed in the shop of the Union-Banner, and are now ready for distribution to the various churches of the Association. As soon as instructions are received from the Clerk, we shall be ready to give them out to those authorized to carry them to any of the churches.

FEW ESCAPE

There are a few indeed who escape having at least one cold during the winter months, and they are fortunate who have but one and get thru with it quickly and without any serious consequences. Take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and observe the directions with each bottle, and you are likely to be one of the fortunate ones. The worth and merit of this remedy has been fully proven. There are many families who have always used it for years when troubled with a cough or cold, and with the very best results. It only costs a quarter.
UPCHURCH DRUG CO.

CONSIDERING BUILDING BRIDGE

The Commissioners Court of Chilton County has before them the proposition of building a bridge across Yellow Leaf Creek, at Plier's Mill. Heretofore, the location of the bridge has been about a hundred yards below the mill dam, and the floods of the stream have succeeded in washing the wooden bridges away as fast as the county could build them, and in some cases a little faster. This time the county plans to build the bridge across the pond just above the dam. The pond is only 80 feet wide. But there seems to be some question about placing a wooden bridge there. It has also entered the minds of the court that a ferry flat might be put there on the pond with less expense to the county, and wih just much service to the public. They are now working on the matter and will take immediate action in some way to open up traffic on the public road across the creek at that place.

Howard Roper of Rockymount was in Clanton the first of this week taking the state examination for teachers.

BOILER EXPLOSION COMPLETE WRECK OF SAW MILL PLANT

Henry Gragg, Operator of the Mill Injured, but not Seriously.

After the explosion had got quiet and the smoke had cleared away and the dust and ashes had settled down, you could look around you most any place between Coopers and Higgins Ferry and see fragments of the shattered sawmill outfit. According to some reports it literally scattered the pieces of the boiler and mill all over the nearby hills and hollows.

The explosion occurred about noon on last Friday, just as the mill was stopped for dinner hour. The mill was located about four miles east of Coopers and was operated by Henry Gragg. The direct cause of the explosion was the giving away of a patch that had been put on the boiler. Fortunately for the mill hands, they were all out of reach of danger when the explosion occurred. No one was near enough to be in serious danger. Mr. Gragg, the operator of the mill, was the only person injured. He was about forty yards from the boiler, and was struck in the back by a big fifty-pound rock that was thrown by the force of the escaping steam.

According to Mr. Gragg's statement, the boiler stopped after the explosion was all over, just 171 steps from the place where he had stood; the force of the wreck just changed ends with the smoke stack, the top being where the bottom ought to be; the log which they were sawing was blown out from under the shed and thrown several yards away; the lead-pipe from the boiler to the engine (a big, heavy affair) was blown so far away that no one knew anything about it; big rocks in the furnace, which required half a dozen men to place them in the construction, were hurled in the air and deposited with great force several yards from their resting places. To put it in a few words, the boiler exploded and made hash out of what was previously a perfectly good 2 x 4 sawmill, and scattered it all over the Coosa River Hills. That is the best way we know how to write it up from the way it was told to us.

FOUND—Bunch of keys, in front of Concord School House, with brass tag No. 296 attached. Owner may have them by calling at the Union-Banner Office and paying for this advertisement.

Subscribe for The Union-Banner.

ADMINISTRATOR'S FINAL SETTLEMENT

In the matter of the estate of Elizabeth Prichard, deceased.

This day came Eunice Kennedy, Administratrix of the estate of Elizabeth Prichard, deceased, and filed her statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences, for a final settlement of her administration.

It is ordered that Monday, the 7th day of January, 1918, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said setlement, if they think proper.

12-13-3t L. H. REYNOLDS,
Probate Judge Chilton Co.

L. T. Grant of Coopers was in Clanton Saturday. He came to see the Union-Banner, and had his name placed back on the subscription list for another year.

NON-RESIDENT NOTICE

State of Alabama, Chilton County. Circuit Court, July Term, 1917.

J. P. VanDerveer, Jr., and J. H. Roberts, partners, doing business as The Pine Tree Lumber Co., plaintiffs, Southern Lumber and Manufacturing Company, a corporation, defendents.

To Southern Lumber and Manufacturing Company, a corporation:

Whereas, J. P. VanDerveer, Jr., and J. H. Roberts, partners doing business as the Pine Tree Lumber Co., as plaintiffs in said cause, has obtained an attachment out of this Court issued the 2nd day of November, 1917, against the estate of the said Southern Lumber and Manufacturing Co., a corporation, defendant, which attachment has been levied upon the following described personal property, as the property of said defendant, to-wit:

Four car-loads, about sixty thousand feet 2 x 6, eight, and 10 x 9 foot and nine foot, six inches long, rough, dry yellow pine lumber, and whereas, it appears that the said Southern Lumber and Manufacturing Company, a corporation, defendant, as aforesaid, is a non-resident of the State of Alabama

Now, therefore, the said Southern Lumber and Manufacturing Company a corporation, wherever it may reside, are hereby notified of the levy and pendency of said attachment.

Witness my hand, this 26th day of November, 1917.
M. D. FOSHEE, Clerk.

CONGRATULATIONS FROM MR. W. P. THOMPSON

Dear Mr. Wyatt:

Permit me to congratulate you for expressing in your paper the liberal and earnest lines written by you as an endorsement of the prose and poetic contributions furnished by Dr. Christian of the Soldiers Home.

Dr. Christian possesses many noble traits. He writes as an educated, talented, Christian man, and enjoys, after having climbed the ladder of life to the topmost round, a versitle and comprehensive ideality seldom attained and never reached by narrow-minded climbers.

With Respect,
W. P. T.

NEW HARMONY

Tere will be a box supper at this place on next Saturday night, the 22 of December.

BELLE POPWELL.

No Alcohol In This
You may wisely hesitate to take medicine containing alcohol. Scientists agree that alcohol is injurious. It is particularly harmful to growing girls and boys. Of the remedies for liver and stomach troubles, Granger Liver Regulator is recognized as a standard preparation, free from poisonous drugs like calomel and it contains no alcohol. This medicine has been on the market for years. It is the "stand-by" in thousands of homes thruout the country. It is freely used by all the family whenever one of them feels headachy or in need of a physic. Granger Liver Medicine is purely vegetable, and it may be taken without fear of griping or any other unpleasant after effects. Price, 25c for large box. Ask your druggist for it and refuse all substitutes.

Mrs. Addie G. Robinson of Marbury was a visitor to Clanton a short while Saturday afternoon.

If it is Christmas Goods you want We Have Them

We have anything that you will want in the way of Gifts. Our Fruits, Candies, etc. cannot be beat in Clanton for Quality or Price. Come in and let us sell you Christmas Goods before they are all gone. They go like Hot Cakes.

TOM KEMP
CLANTON, ALA.

Christmas

WE KNOW THAT YOU WILL WANT TO BUY SOMEONE A PRESENT FOR CHRISTMAS, AND WE HAVE SUPPLIED OUR STORE WITH A STOCK OF CHRISTMAS GOODS FOR YOU.

OWING TO THE WAR AND HIGH COST OF LIVING, WE HAVE ONLY PURCHASED ARTICLES OF REAL VALUE — THINGS THAT WILL BE USEFUL.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY SOMETHING THAT WILL BE APPRECIATED COME IN AND LET US SELL YOU SOMETHING IN OUR LINE OF GOODS SUCH AS CAPS, SWEATERS, GLOVES, SHIRTS, HANDKERCHIEFS.

W. A. KEMP
"Your Money's Worth or your Money Back."
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

FREIGHT SERVICE

MANUFACTURED AT WAR PRICES AND SOLD AT PEACE PRICES

THE PROBLEM THE RAILROADS OF ALABAMA MUST SOLVE

¶ Transportation is the only commodity the Railroads of Alabama manufacture and sell.

¶ This commodity is being manufactured at WAR PRICES and is being sold at PEACE PRICES.

¶ The railroads are compelled by law to do this.

¶ Is there any other manufacturing plant in the United States doing this?

¶ Are you, Mr. Manufacturer and Shipper, willing to sell your commodity today at PEACE PRICES, and are you doing it?

Here are FACTS and FIGURES showing the enormous INCREASE in the COST of doing business to the Railroads of Alabama.

Twenty-five Articles of Daily Use, Showing Increase in Cost, 1917 over 1907.

Angle Bars	110%
Weber Joints	76%
Spikes	60%
Tank Plates	100%
Bar Iron	104%
Cement	55%
Journal Bearings	71%
Brass Engine Castings	69%
Malleable Iron Castings	115%
Steel Castings	111%
Nails	63%
Cast Iron Pipe	52%
Coil Springs	232%
Elliptic Springs	139%
Steel Locomotive Tires	100%
Brake Beams	150%
Switch Points	254%
Cotton Waste	79%
Wool Waste	57%
Track Shovels	77%
Coal Scoops	122%
Manilla Rope	224%
Boiler Rivets	109%
Boiler Flues	185%
Car Couplers	185%

SHOWING INCREASE IN COST, 1917 OVER 1907, OF:

Wages	41%
Steel Rails	150%
Locomotives	100%
Plain Box Cars	127%
Passenger Coaches	125%

The Railroads of Alabama have filed a petition with the Alabama Public Service Commission, making an appeal to the law which controls them to provide relief in order to meet conditions facing them.

The petition seeks to remove certain discriminations and undue preferences accorded a few shipping points over many, and favoring certain commodities over others, and to harmonize intrastate rates with interstate rates, as required by the Supreme Court of the United States and by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

The readjustment of rates in Alabama will be a benefit to the shippers as well as to the railroads.

A DECLARATION OF POLICY

It is not and will not be the policy of the undersigned railroads to propose any system of rates which would unjustly discriminate against the Alabama producer in favor of producers located without the state. Should this policy appear to be violated by any technical construction of our petition we give assurance that we will not propose, nor will we attempt to adopt, in actual practice, any rates at variance with the same.

Alabama Great Southern Railroad
Atlanta, Birmingham & Atlantic Railway
Atlantic Coast Line Railroad
Central of Georgia Railway
Mobile and Ohio Railroad
Northern Alabama Railway
Seaboard Air Line Railway
Southern Railway
Western Railway of Alabama

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE

Next Saturday, Dec. 22

We have a lot of Furniture in our store which we will sell to the highest bidder for cash. It is all new stuff. Don't miss it.

Clanton Mercantile Co.

FIFTH SUNDAY MEETING

To be Held at Shiloh Baptist Church December 29th and 30th, 1917.

9:50. Devotional services by J. L. Deramus.

10:05, "For what purpose was the deacon ordained in the church at Jerusalem." by J. J. Pickens and R. D. Bevis.

10:45. "Do we need a Christian Education," by Prof. H. C. McDonald. Sermon by Rev. J. F. Gable.

12:10. Dinner.

1:15. Devotion by W. N. Wilson.

1:30. The grandeur of a Christian by Rev. M. J. Parrish and Rev. W. P. Lowery.

2:10. Personal Responsibility in the Kingdom of Christ, by Rev. R. A. Aldridge and Prof. J. L. Johnson.

Sunday.

9:45. Devotional service by Bro. W. I. Mullins.

10:00. Does the Bible teach the Spirit of Mission, by Rev. J. D. Hughes and Rev. W. S. Cox.

10:40. Is it wise to co-operate with the Southern Baptist Convention in our Mission Work?, by Rev. J. F. Gable and Rev. R. A. Aldridge.

11:30. Sermon by Rev. F. W. C. Bice, after which we will come to a close.

We ask the churches of the Chilton County Association to send a full delegation and help to make this meeting a success in building up God's Kingdom.

T. W. BILLINGSLEY
B. M. DEASON,
J. R. OWEN,
F M. FOSHEE,
Committee.

CRUSHING VELVET BEANS

The plant of the Central Alabama Farm Products Company is now in full operation grinding velvet bean meal and snap corn, which is corn ground with the shuck on it. This plant is a new industry at this place. It is situated between Seventh street and the L. & N. Railroad. The units in the plant consist of a thirty ton Williams Mill and corn meal rocks, a corn shuck sheller and a saw mill. These units are operated by eighty horse power machinery.

For storage purposes, a warehouse one hundred by fifty feet has been provided, in addition to the mill house. Loading facilities direct from the warehouse to the lars of the L & N for shipment of the prodhcts of this mill are provided in the general plan of this plant.

The operation of this plant will prove a convenience to the farmers and to the business men of Clanton and Chilton county. In the course of a short time, when the operation of all of the machinery is begun, this locality in Clanton will present a busy scene.

"W-H-Y?"

Washington, Dec. 17.—Today the Republican Publicity Association gave out through its President, Hon. Jonathan Bourne, Jr., the following statement at its headquarters.

"Some administration newspapers assert that 'this is no time for politics,' and that this is no time to "talk about the tariff.'

"If this is no time for politics, why has the Democratic national committee recently reorganized on the most systematic campaign basis ever attempted by any party committee in the United States? Why is that committee issuing partisan publicity matter and maintaining an extensive publicity bureau? If this is no time for politics, why do we have a solidly Democratic cabinet, why are the Democratic campaign contributors given the most powerful positions in our war organization and why was a chairman of the Democratic National Committee chosen to go as a representative of this country to the war conference in Europe?

"If this is no time to talk tariff, why are we maintaining a tariff commission, why was that commission placed in control of free traders, and why is the commission now conducting a tariff inquiry? Shall the business men of America keep silent while an official organization of free traders talk tariff? Shall men who exercise alert foresight in their private affairs adopt a "watchful waiting" policy in public affairs? Shall we postpone preparedness for peace until peace has come. Shall men be told that they are 'nervous and hysterical' when they urge preparedness for commerce just as they were when they urged prepredness for war?

Shall men who believe in 'America First' leave tariff discussion and tariff legislation to that political party which, in 1913, legislated for Europe and Asia first?

"Shall Republicans cease to talk politics while all the power of the administration is being used to place Democrats in Office? Let the Democratic press answer."

Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists, 75c.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

OUR DEMOCRATIC FRIENDS

Concerning this question of a Democrat to represent Chilton County in the Legislature, the Clanton Press has this to say to the Union-Banner in its last week's issue:

"We feel sure that you would not go so far as to say there is not an honest or competent Democrat in the county. Your advertising pages and the output of your job office is conclusive proof that you have many friends in the Democratic party."

Right enough, Sir. We have many friends in the Democratic party in Chilton County, and we are glad of them and proud of them. We appreciate the business they give us, and we appreciate the confidence which is mutual. They do not give us their business from any political motives in the world. They do not expect to make Democrats out of us by giving us their business. Nor do we expect to make Republicans out of them because of our dealings with them. We solicit their business for the business itself. They give us the business because we are prepared to give them the service they want, and nothing ever is said about politics in the transaction.

We believe in keeping politics out of business, out of schools and out of churches. Men can be cordial, friendly, and good citizens, it matters not what their politics may be. It is on this kind of a principle that The Union-Banner has built a thorough confidence among people who, in politics, are Democrats.

No, we would not dare say there is not a Democrat in the County who is good enough to properly represent Chilton County in the Legislature; for we know there are some good men in the party in Chilton County.

Those who wish to give us their business will get the most courteous attention, no matter what heir politics. We don' ask any question about politics when a man comes to us with his business. That is a thing that is off the subject, and not proper to be dealt with in the conduct of a business enterprise.

WAR TALKS

By UNCLE DAN

Number Five

Jimmie and a German Boy Clash—Must Do Three Things to Save Country.

It was a warm evening, so Uncle Dan went out to a lawn seat under the spreading branches of the great tree that suggested the farm's name of Oak Hill. Billie and Jimmie had been laying for him, so Uncle Dan was captured by the boys on short order.

"Say, Uncle Dan," Billie began. "We had a red-hot argument at school yesterday with Carl Newman. Carl said that German schools were miles ahead of our schools and that no one could come up to the educated German. Well, Jimmie got hot under the collar and handed it back to him good and plenty. Jimmie said if their education taught them to torpedo Lusitanias, sink hospital ships, murder hundreds of women and children, make slaves of the Belgians, poison wells, destroy fruit trees and commit all sorts of crimes, then we did not want that kind of education here.

Women!

Here is a message to suffering women, from Mrs. W. T. Price, of Public, Ky.: "I suffered with painful...", she writes. "I got down with a weakness in my back and limbs...I felt helpless and discouraged...I had about given up hopes of ever being well again, when a friend insisted I

Take

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

I began Cardui. In a short while I saw a marked difference... I grew stronger right along, and it cured me. I am stouter than I have been in years." If you suffer, you can appreciate what it means to be strong and well. Thousands of women give Cardui the credit for their good health. It should help you. Try Cardui. At all druggists. E-73

F. W. Johnson of Billingsley was in town Wednesday.

Good Printing

THE kind of printing that pays dividends is the kind you should have. Pale, muddy, poorly arranged printed matter is worse than none. The quality of your business is often judged by the quality of your stationery — inferior printing gives an impression of cheapness that is hard to overcome, while good printing carries with it a desirable suggestion of quality.

We produce only *Quality Printing*. Whether you want an inexpensive handbill or a letterhead in colors, if you order it from us you will be sure of getting good work. We have the equipment and the "know how" that enables us to get out really good printing—printing that impresses people with the good taste of its users. That is the only kind of printing that

Pays

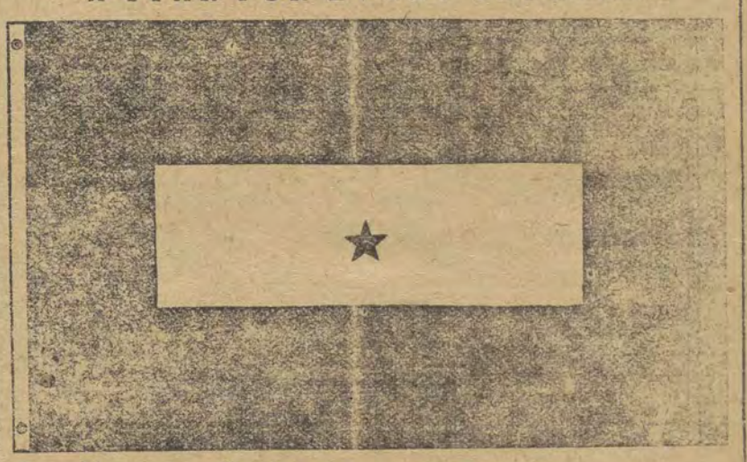
UNION-BANNER

CLANTON, ALA.

DISPLAY A SERVICE FLAG

To Show a Member of Your Family Is Serving His Country in the Great War.

A STAR FOR EVERY SOLDIER.

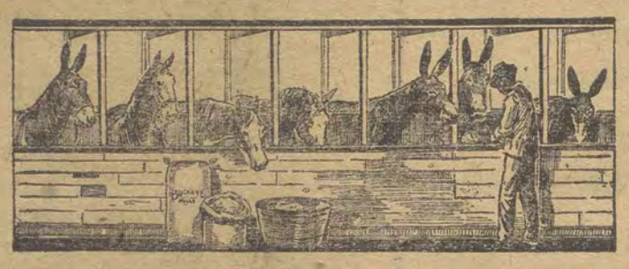


An Unique Device in Keeping With Loyalty and Patriotism for Our Country.



Display the Red Service Flag with a blue star in center, on the pole with your U. S. Flag. Then everyone will know how many of your household is serving Uncle Sam. Show that your boy is not a slacker.

The Service Flag is 2x3 feet, and is Red with a White center in which you can have one or more blue stars to show how many boys you have given to the service of Uncle Sam. Sent with a year's subscription to The Tri-Weekly Constitution for $1.50. These flags alone sell for $1 at retail. Thousands upon thousands of them are now being displayed all over the country. One star means one soldier; two means two soldiers; three means three soldiers. They are all the rage now. Get yours at once. State how many stars you want on your flag. Address your order and send $1.50 to The Tri-Weekly Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.



Is your barn a cotton warehouse?

WHEN you store a ton of old style cottonseed hulls you give space to almost 500 pounds of lint and all the extra bulk that the lint causes.

When you store a ton of

TRADE MARK

BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS

LINTLESS

you give space to 2000 pounds of real roughage, free from lint, compact, concentrated, solid.

Buckeye Hulls save half your storage space or enable you to carry twice as much roughage.

Other Advantages

2000 pounds of roughage value to the ton—not 1500.	Better assimilation of other food.
Priced much less per ton.	No trash or dust.
Every pound goes farther.	Sacked—easy to handle.
	Mix well with other forage.

Mr. John Wicker, Forest, Miss., says:

that his first experience in feeding Buckeye Hulls was unsatisfactory as he fed them improperly. He now soaks the hulls over night, then feeds them and has very satisfactory results. Mr. Wicker states that these hulls are more economical than the old style hulls and thinks that they go almost twice as far as the old style hulls at a considerably less cost to begin with.

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

Dept. K *The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.* Dept. K

Atlanta, Augusta, Birmingham, Charlotte, Greenwood, Jackson, Little Rock, Macon, Memphis, Selma

CENTRAL ALABAMA FARM PRODUCTS COMPANY

Wm. Adams, Proprietor, S.W. Adams Secretary.

Members of the Velvet Bean Millers Association, Clanton Alabama.

Manufacturers of Velvet Bean Mean, Corn Meal and Mixed Feeds.

Marketing connection with the dealer and consumer will give the customers and patrons of this mill a chance to get for their products, when manufactured, the best market prices.

Reports of the market prices of velvet bean meal, corn meal and mixed feed each week will keep the customers of this mill in touch with the markets at a distance.

A comfortable rest room has been provided fort he families of the customers, and a convenient warehouse for the farm products and hitching grounds for the stock.

The velvet bean mill has been placed, and upon an immediate date in the future, announcement will be made to the public when this mill is ready for actual service to the public.

The patronage and cooperation of everyone is respectfully solicited in support of this new industry.

Read the Union-Banner. $1 a year.

— SALE —

There will be a sale at Alfred Davis's December 24th, 1917. Will sell fodder, hay, plow tools, velvet beans, and many other farming implements at low prices.

J. A. DAVIS,
Denison, Ala., R.F.D. No 4

COUNTY MAPS FOR SALE

The Union-Banner has made arrangements to print a number of Beat Maps of Chilton County, and now have them for sale to anyone desiring them, at the price of 25 cents each.

Uncle Jim Mims of Collins Chapel was a welcome visitor at Clanton on Monday. We suppose he was on business connected with the County Board of Education of which he is a member.

Dr. R. J. Eiland of Coopers has purchased the bankrupt stock of J. E. Evans in Clanton and has Mr. Evans employed to sell the goods out and dispose of the stock for him.

Velvet beans are coming into Clanton rapidly now. The two crushing mills here are running fulll time, and making many tons of beans into marketable feed products.

The Band Wagon

Beats the Water Wagon

Get Into It. Call for



Buffalo Rock GINGER ALE

The drink that is making friends right and left with everybody because it goes right to the spot, and leaves a good taste and a pleasant feeling for hours afterwards.

"Highest in Quality." Refreshing. Appetizing. Non-reacting. Non-astringent. Kind to the nerves. Genial to digestion.

In Individual Bottles at Fountains and Soft Drink Stands 5c

Keep a Home Case of BUFFALO ROCK in your home. Order from your grocer.

Buffalo Rock Company

Anniston Birmingham Montgomery

CLANTON ITEMS

Mr. W. H. Shaw of Jemison, was in Clanton Tuesday attending to some business matters.

Gerald Hubbard of Jemison came down in his "flivver" Tuesday morning and stayed about a minute.

Judge S. M. Adams made a business trip to the city of Birmingham the first part of this week.

J. L. Lansford, Wibb Parrish, John and Joe Mims motored to Birmingham Wednesday.

Miss Janie Oden of Verbena was a visitor to Clanton on Monday.

Johnnie Poole of Shiloh was a caller at the Union-Banner office while he was in Clanton Monday.

STOMACH TROUBLE

Before I used Chamberlain's tablets I doctored a great deal for stomach trouble and felt nervous and tired all the time. These tablets helped me from the first, and inside of a week's time I had improved in every way, writes Mrs. L. A. Drinkard, Jefferson City, Mo.

Upchurch Drug Co.

Be sure to see our line of Christmas Goods before buying elsewhere.

UPCHURCH DRUG CO.

Miss Lummie Murrah of Jemison assisted the Superintendent of Education in the conduct of the teachers examination at the courthouse this week. The number of applicants required the Superintendent to have an assistant.

church Drug Co. They will treat you right.

ASTOUNDING REPORT FOR CLANTON

The wife of a merchant had stomach trouble so bad she could eat nothing but toast, fruit and hot water. Everything else would sour and ferment. ONE SPOONFUL buchthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as mixed in Adler-i-ka benefitted her instantly. Because Adler-i-ka flushes the entire alimentary tract, it relieves any case of constipation, sour stomach or gas, and prevents appendicitis. It has QUICKEST action of anything we ever sold.

UPCHURCH DRUG CO.

VINOL MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG

Positive—Convincing Proof

We publish the formula of Vinol to prove convincingly that it has the power to create strength.

℞ Cod Liver and Beef Peptones, Iron and Manganese Peptonates, Iron and Ammonium Citrate, Lime and Soda Glycerophosphates, Cascarin.

Any woman who buys a bottle of Vinol for a weak, run-down, nervous condition and finds after giving it a fair trial it did not help her, will have her money returned.

You see, there is no guess work about Vinol. Its formula proves there is nothing like it for all weak, run-down, overworked, nervous men and women and for feeble old people and delicate children. Try it once and be convinced.

CLANTON POST OFFICE

List of letters remaining uncalled for in this office for the week end ing December 15th 1917.

Names—WOMEN

Mrs. L. D. Hand
Jessie Hand, (Col)
Miss Mary Boyd
Mrs. Alee Jane
Miss Louis ManRow
Miss Opal Morrison
Mrs. Nat Peorlman
Miss Eula Jones
Mrs. Alice Weldon
Mrs. Pieda Jackson

Names—MEN

A. T. Elders
Fletcher Pugh (2)
E. C. Richards
Charlie Scott
W. C. Taylor
Alex Means
Gie Nelson
H. Wiederhold
D. B. Jordon
Rob. E. Martin
E. N. Miner
Zed Mims
Anson Nix
T. W. Fincher (2)

These Letters will be sent to the Dead Letter Office Dec. 29, 1917, if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "Advertised," giving date of list.

JAMES E. ROBINSON, P. M.

MRS. ISLEY'S LETTER

In a recent letter Mrs. D. W. Isley of Litchfield, Ill., says, "I have used Chamberlain's tablets for disorders of the stomach and as a laxative, and have found them a quick and sure relief." If you are troubled with indigestion or constipation these tablets will do you good."

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Of First Meeting in the District Court of the United States, For the middle District of Alabama. In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of G. T. Mims Bankrupt, Post Office Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

The aforesaid party having been adjudged a Bankrupt, under the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to Establish a Uniform System of Bankruptcy Throughout the United States," approved July 1st, 1898, meeting of the Creditors of said Bankrupt is called at the office of the undersigned Referee, in the United States Court House, Montgomery, Alabama, on the 29th day of December next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to make proof of debts, and for the election of a Trustee, and such other matters as are necessary and required by the Act of Congress aforesaid.

M. S. CARMICHAEL,
Referee.

Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 18, 1917.

FOR CROUP

"Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is splendid for croup," writes Mrs. Edward Hassett, Frankfort, N. Y. "My choldren have been quickly relieved of attacks of this dreadful complaint by its use." This remedy contains no opium or other narcotic, and may be given to a child as confidentially as to an adult.

Dr. Jackson of Wadsworth was here Wednesday in the interest of tick eradication. He made a fight for it before them eeting at the court house.

TURN DOWN CATTLE DIPPING

Many citizens of Chilton county turned to the meeting at the Court House Wednesday to consider the proposition of dipping cattle in Chilton county for the eradication of the tick.

Several discussions for and against the measure were made before the meeting, and a general thrashing out of the subject was made. It seems from the way it went off that the anti-dipping element was considerably in the majority, and the result was that the meeting passed oc without any authorization or petition to the Commissioners counrt for an election on the matter. By far the greater part of the men at the meeting were against the tick eradication question, and judging the whole county by the sentiment of those who were at the meeting, one would conclude that if it were brought to an election at present it would result in an overwhelming defeat of the proposition.

This means that after January the first, the cattle shipping business in Chilton county will be curtailed until the county votes dipping laws and gets out from under the federal quarantine.

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENT

Laumer Lumber Company, a body corporate, Plaintiff, vs. H. L. Killingsworth, Defendant.

In the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama.

Whereas, Laumer Lumber Company, a body corporate, as Plaintiff, in said cause, has obtained an attachment out of this court issued on the 8th day of December, 1917, against the estate of the said H. L. Killingsworth, defendant, which attachment has been levied upon the following described real property as the property of the said defendant, to-wit: NE¼ of the SE¼ and SE¼ of the SE¼, of Section 23, Township 24, Range 13; NE¼ of the NW¼, and the W½ of the NW¼ of the NE¼ of Section 24, Township 24, Range 13, less 10 acres on the South side of Watson's Creek; NE¼ of the NE¼ of Section 26, Township 24, Range 13, known as H. L. Killingsworth's Home Place, all in Chilton County, Alabama; and whereas, it appears that the said H. L. Killingsworth, as aforesaid, is a non-resident of the State of Alabama.

Now, therefore, the said H. L. Killingsworth, wherever he may reside, is hereby notified of the levy and pendency of said attachment.

Witness my hand, this the 8th day of December, 1917. M. D. FOSHEE,
12-13-3t Clerk Circuit Court.

Wheeznig in the lungs indicates that phegm is obstructing the air passages. BALLARDS HOUSEHOLD SYRUP loosens the phlegm so that it can be coughed up and ejected. Price 25c, 50c, and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

G. W. Mims of Collins Chapel was in Clanton Wednesday.

R. T. Grant of Cooper was here Wednesday atending to some business matters.

Commissioners Herrod, Williams, Waldrup and Vinson, were in Clanton Wednesday attending the meeting in regard to tick-eradication.

R. L. Wells of Clanton Route 6 was in town Wednesday.

Heartburn is a symptom of indigestion. Take a dose of HERBINE in such cases. The pain disappears instantly. The bowels operate speedily and you feel fine, vigorous and cheerful. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Company.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist

Office in Wilson Building

CLANTON, ALA.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.

Office hours 9 to 12

CLANTON, ALA.

LAWRENCE F. GERALD

Attorney At Law

Office in Johnson Building.

CLANTON, ALA.

DR. W. L. PARRISH

Graduate Veterinarian.

Hurry Calls made in Auto.

'Phone 110-35, Clanton.

F. B. COLLIER

Attorney At Law

Office in Wilson Building

CLANTON, ALA.

NOTICE—I will grind wheat at Thorsby Flour Mill on Monday and Tuesday of each week, and corn on Saturdays.

F. E. GRONQUIST.

DR. V. J. GRAGG,

Office in Hopkins Bldg.

Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women & Surgery

CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS

Attorneys at Law

Office in Hayes Building,

CLANTON, ALA.

A. C. Smith B. Guy Smith

SMITH & SMITH

Attorneys At Law

General Practice

Clanton, - - - - - - Alabama.

J. B. ATKINSON,

Attorney at Law.

Office over Upchurch's Store

CLANTON, ALA.

COMPARATIVE PRI... VET BEANS AND BE... MEAL

While velvet beans in the hull are bringing only between $17.50 and $20 per ton in the markets of Chilton county, the bean meal on the Birmingham market is bringing from $30 to $35 per ton; likewise corn ground in the shuck is bringing as good a price per ton. Velvet beans and velvet bean meal, and also corn and ground corn in the shuck will bring a higher price after the first of the incoming year. Will Adams spent two days this week on the Birmingham market to get accurate offers and prices, it is, therefore, much to the interest of our farmers t either hold their corn and beans, or have their corn and beans ground and double the price. All of the above prices are free of freight to the farmer, the merchant to whom the shipment is made pays the freight. Do not dump your corn and beans on the market at a sacrifice in order to get to spend a little money foolishly during the Christmas holidays. Hold for better prices.

Central Alabama Farm Products Co.
By. Wm.M. ADAMS, Pres.
S. W. ADAMS, Secretary.

Bring in your eggs and chickens while the price is good. We will pay $1.50 per bu. for stock peas, $3.00 for white peas, $1.25 per bu. for sorghum seed, 40 cents per gallon for sorghum syrup in barrels and 45 per gallon in buckets, 5 cents per pound for peanuts.

TAYLOR BROS.

The Clanton post office has a plenty of brand-new 3-cent stamps on hand for sale n w. Postmaster Robinson says he can furnish them to patrons in the latest colors. Try one of them the next time you go to mail a letter.

Go to Upchurch Drug Co., for Xmas jewelry.

Buck Hart's friends will be glad to know that he has recovered from a big knot on the back of his head which was caused by his coming into sudden contact with the side walk the other day when it was covered with ice.

Upchurch Drug Company will accept Liberty Bonds in payment for Merchandise bought of them.

"Stop that headache! it's stopping your work"



Pain and Ill Health rob you of all your efficiency.

DR. MILES' ANTI-PAIN PILLS

quickly relieve Pain, but at the same time, when over-work or nervousness is the cause,

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine

should be used to relieve the cause.

SEVERE HEADACHE.

"I once had terrible headaches and feared La Grippe. I could not attend to my work. I took some of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills and the pain was quickly gone. Then I started using Dr. Miles' Nervine and the trouble vanished completely and I felt well and active once more."

HENRY FARNHAM,
Spring Valley, Minn.

IF FIRST BOX, OR BOTTLE, FAILS TO BENEFIT YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

Headquarters for Plow Points!

We are able to furnish you points for the Oliver, Chattanooga, Syracuse, Butcher & Gibbs, Vulcan, Avery Crtcket, and Lynchburg Plows. We have the Improved Self Sharpeners for the Oliver Plows.

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.

CLANTON, ALA.

THE UNION-BANNER

VOLUME VI. CLANTON, CHILTON COUNTY, ALA., DECEMBER 27, 1917 NUMBER 39.

Chilton Women Will Be Taught "War" Cooking

MRS. LIDA JONES WILL CONDUCT SCHOOLS OF INSTRUCTION AT FOUR DIFFERENT PLACES.

The Home Demonstration workers throughout Alabama are beginning next week a five weeks course of instruction in the making of emergency or "war-breads." This work has been planned by the state home demonstration department of the Extension Service at Auburn, which works in direct cooperation with the United States Department of Agriculture.

Four centers have been selected in each county. In this county, Verbena, Clanton, Thorsby and Minooka have been chosen. This first lesson in breadmaking will be given at each of these centers during the week beginning January 8th. The first meeting will be held at Verbena January 8th, and Clanton on January 9th, and at Thorsby on January 10th, and at Minooka January 11th.

At this first meeting various breads made with wheat and wheat substitutes will be demonstrated. During the following weeks lessons will be given in the making of quick breads and yiest breads with peanuts, corn meal, soy beans, and other wheat substitutes. At the close of this series of meetings, a bread contest will be held in each community. At these contests exhibitions of the various breads will be shown.

These lessons are not given as a general demonstration but as schools of instruction where a limited number of housekeepers from all parts of the county will be given an opportunity to gain this information gathered from many parts of the country.

All women who are interested in planning more economical and better breads for their families are asked to write Mrs. Lida Jones, county home demonstration agent, at Clanton, Ala., for particulras regarding enrollment in these clubs.

The women who are given this special instruction by the home demonstration agent must be willing to promise they will attend every meeting possible, test in their own homes the instruction given by the agent and report to the agent the results obtained.

This is an opporunity which the women of the community cannot afford to miss. The work given will be practical and economical and will help solve the problem of the greatly increased cost of wheat.

The so-called "war breads" of this country are literally "good to eat." Moreover, these good-to-eat breads were good to eat before the war, and will be good after the war. It is hoped that war time conditions may lead many Americans to discover these little known but wholesome and economical breads.

Mr. Harve Poole, of Mobile, is spending the Christmas holidays with his friends and relatives in Chilton County.

J. F. Jones of Route 5 was a caller at the Union-Banner office Saturday. He subscribed for the paper again, and said he couldn't do without the Banner. He encouraged the editor by saying that the paper is much better now than it was before the present management took charge of it. We are striving all the time to make the paper better and better.

DECEMBER MARRIAGES

Grover C. Donovan and Miss Sadie Willis.

Berry Rutland and Miss Ruth Holland.

N. K. Blankenship and Miss Lula Heaton.

Rastus Foshee and Miss Ella Barrett.

W. E. Vinson and Miss Minnie Donovan.

R. P. Williams and Miss Alice Donovan.

Willie Nichols and Miss Annie Hayes.

L. B. Lee and Mrs. Nora Davis.

R. E Miller and Miss Rosa Mims

A. E. McClendon and Miss Lillian Little.

Deep-seated coughs that resist ordinary remedies require both external and internal treatment. If you buy a dollar bottle of BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP you get the two remedies you need for the price of one. There is a HERRICK'S RED PEPPER POROUS PLASTER for the chest, free with each bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Company.

John T. Morgan of Montgomery has been spending the Christmas holidays with his relatives in Clanton.

Mrs. R. A. Teel and children visited her mother at Milbrook near Montgomery during the holidays.

"Aunt Patty" Smith has been sick with grippe for the past few days; we are glad to state that she is better now.

BLAKSLEE WOULD SQUEEZE RURAL CARRIERS

Washington, Dec. 25.—The Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, Mr. Blakslee, under whose jurisdiction is the rural free delivery service, says that "we give the rural carrier too much for nothing." That official claims that because a carrier devotes less than a day in actually serving his route he should be paid only for the time employed in that way. He would take no account of the hours spent in keeping up the efficiency of his equipment, waiting for late trains etc. Mr. Blakslee claims that the rural service is now run at an annual loss to the Government of $35,000,000, of which from $15,000,000 to $20,000,000 could be saved by the introduction of a current system of payment. He asserts that the average time consumed by a carrier in the daily delivery of mail is four hours, and when he is paid for mroe than that it is a gift and not a compensation for work done.

All this will be startling news for most of our rural carriers, who have absorbed the idea that they were doing the hardest kind of work, necessitating being out of all kinds of weather, with consequent rapid deterioration of equipment, and large expenses for maintenance. All such considerations, however, are cast aside by the Fourth Assistant. Neither does he give any thought to the vast increase in rural mail matter by the inauguration of the parcel post. He frankly says, "I don't know anything about the statistics of parcel post." When asked about second class mail handled by the rural carrier, Mr. Blakslee again admits, "Ask me nothing about that; I don't know anything about Second Class mail."

Here is a Democratic official who, after having charge of the rural mail system of the country since the beginning of the present administration, over four years, admits that he knows nothing about parcel post and second-class mail, that make up the great bulk of the rural carrier's load. Yet he feels competent to say that the carriers are being overpaid at the rate of $20,000,000 every year.

HINSDELL'S BODY BURIED

The body of R. R. Hinsdell, who died at Akron, Ohio, over a week ago, arrived in Clanton Saturday, and was buried in the Clanton Cemetery on Saturday afternoon. Mr. Hinsdell was a former citizen of Clanton, but had been working at Akron for the past few months.

MRS. JOHN VINES DIED SUDDENLY

Last Friday the sudden death of Mrs. John Vines occurred at the family home in Clanton. The aged lady was preparing to make a visit to her relatives in Birmingham, and was about ready to make her departure Friday morning, when her plans were suddenly interrupted by a visitation of death.

Funeral was held Saturday afternoon, after which interment was made in the Clanton Cemetery.

ADMINISTRATOR'S FINAL SETTLEMENT

In the matter of the estate of Elizabeth Prichard, deceased.

This day came Eunice Kennedy, Administratrix of the estate of Elizabeth Prichard, deceased, and filed her statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences, for a final settlement of her administration.

It is ordered that Monday, the 7th day of January, 1918, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said setlement, if they think proper.

12-13-3t L. H. REYNOLDS,
Probate Judge Chilton Co.

LAND FOR RENT—25 to 35 acres good land for rent on halves. 2 miles north of Cooper, Chilton county, Ala.
R. T. GRANT,
Verbena, Ala.

S. W. Mims and wife of Birmingham spent Christmas with home folks.

Mr. and Mrs. Roland W. Taylor of Anniston have been spending the Christmas holidays with relatives in Clanton.

CLANTON BANKER'S FRIENDS ELATED

Twelve years ago, I become afflicted with stomach trouble, which steadily become worse until two years ago I frequently became prostrated with colic attacks and bloating. My doctors wanted to operate for gall stones. I wished to avoid an operation, and on advice of a friend tried Mayr's Wonderful Remedy with excellent results, as since taking it about two years ago my trouble has entirely disappeared. It removes the catarrhal mucous from the intestinal tractfi and allays the inflamation that causes practically all tomach, liver and intestinal ailments, including appendicitis. One dose will convince or money refunded.
Uuchurch Drug Co.

LEMUEL SIMS NOW IN TORPEDO TRAINING CAMP

Lemuel Sims, the one time famous barber of Clanton, took a notion to join the navy over a year ago. And he did. He went into training, and was soon placed on the U. S. S. Pennsylvania, the biggest fighter in Uncle Sam's fleet. While there he rambled all over the high seas, in and out of the "Danger Zone" of the U-boats, and through it all manayed to come out alive. He now writes the Union-Banner a letter from Newport, Rhode Island, and says that he has been transferred from the battleship to a torpedo training station. He wants the paper sent to him, and we will be glad to send him a big bunch of recent issues for a Christmas present. They will no doubt be interesting, for he says he has not seen a Clanton paper for several weeks.

John Wyatt and David Vines write their friends that they are all laid out in Norfolk, Va., for a thorough training as sailors in the United States navy. They say "Everything is lovely and the goose hangs high."

MRS. JOHN KEMP DIED IN BIRMINGHAM

The wife of Mr. John Kemp, a former citizen of Clanton, died in Birmingham last Sunday, and was buried the first of this week in the Isabella cemetery out on Mulberry. The deceased lady and her family have many friends here who attended the sad occasion of her burial. They lived here several years ago before going to the city of Birmingham. The husband of the deceased is a brother of our fellow-townsmen, Messrs. Will and Tom Kemp.

Secretary of the Interior Reviews Development Of the Science of War

Included in the recent annual report of Secretary Franklin K. Lane is the following:

"When the Bureau of Mines was created by Congress five years ago, it was hardly ... have been imagined that the methods used for the saving of life in the coal mines of the United States would become of vital use in the problem of saving lives and destroying lives in a world war; yet this is just what has happened.

"The soldier's kit, which was so simple a thing in other wars, has had to be increased by a gas mask not unlike the helmet of a deep-sea diver, with a box of chemicals adapted for offsetting the effects of various kinds of gas the enemy is known to use.

"When we came into the war we found ourselves prepared with the knowledge, the machinery and the men to promptly meet the need of gas masks in great quantity and of a superior type. Thus the men who had been on this work of meeting the gases compounded in nature's laboratory were found to have a reserve of knowledge as to what gases will kill and what will choke and what will burn and what will hasten disease, which in a war of culminative frightfulness would make the United States modestly distinguished if it wished to so shine. As one of the group said:

"'We chemists in America have never turned our minds to the destruction of human life. Our work has been constructive—the chemistry of the soil, of cement, of printer's ink, of the by-products from petroleum and tar, of 10,000 things which will make for man a longer and happier life. But is the world is to be turned upside down and instead of staying death and disease and making new things that man can use for his own ennoblement we are wanted to push forward the work of destruction of man and of all his works we can become rivals of the worst in such enterprise.'

"This is not the time to present the things done and the things doing by these men of the necromatic science, but when the day comes for casting up accounts and giving credit, their work will not go unrecognized."

Postmaster General Inaugurates Censorship of International Mail

A censor's lable on an envelope does not imply that the writer or addressee is under suspicion, but that its examination is thought necessary in safeguarding the Government's interests.

Under authority of the trading-with the enemy act censorship of international mails has been established by the Postmaster General. The work will be conducted at New York, the Canal Zone, Porto Rica, and other places where it may be necessary.

Dr. O. E. Wilson of Clay County has been spending several days with relatives and friends here. The Doctor will enter the United States army service the first of January.

A. P. Oslin of Collins Chapel Community was among the visitors to Clanton on Monday of this week.

A. J. Culver and family of Helena spent the holidays with relatives near Clanton.

BERNIE THOMPSON IN AVIATION SQUADRON

The Union-Banner is in receipt of a letter from Bernie Thompson, formerly of Clanton, who is now a member of the aviation department of the United States Army stationed at San Antonio, Texas. He says, "I am now in the aviation section of the army camp at San Antonio, and wish you would send my paper to me. I like the aviation camp fine; we can see several hundred aeroplanes and balloons flying around here every day. My work is in the clerical branch of the signal corps. We have a nice bunch of boys to live with." His address is, Osmond B. Thompson, Kelley Field No. 1, Batallion No. 2, Line 30, San Antonio, Texas.

Since writing the above we are informed by his father that he has been transferred from San Antonio to some other camp.

WINTER WHEAT

The acreage planted to winter wheat in the fall of 1917 in the United States is found to be 42,200,000, compared with 40,534,000 acres planted last year. The average condition for the United States is 90 per cent of normal, compared with 85.7 last year and 89.3, the ten-year average on December 1.

The acreage planted in Alabama in the fall of 1917 is found to be 144,000, compared with 120,000 last year. The average condition in the state on December 1 was 90, compared with 85 a year ago and 91 the ten-year average.

The acreage sown to wheat in Alabama, though greater than last year, is to some extent disappointing. An effort was made by various agencies to induce the farmers of Alabama to double their wheat acreage this fall. because of the serious shortage of wheat and the heavy demand in prospect. However, on account of the loss of so much of the acreage and the low yield on the remainder, wheat growing last year was found to be unprofitable. Farmers have been extremely busy this fall gathering large crops with reduced labor, and the weather was not altogether favorable for sowing at the proper time. Seed wheat was held at a very high price, ranging from $2.75 to $4.00 per bushel. All these influences combined to prevent a full realization of the desired acreage in Alabama.

Rye Comparrisons.

There were planted in the United States in the fall of 1917 6,120,000 of rye, compared with 4,480,000 last year. The condition of the crop on December 1 was 91 per cent of normal, compared with 88.8 last year and 92.2, the ten-year acreage.

In Alabama there were sown 9,000 acres, compared with 8,000 last year, and the condition was 91 per cent of normal, compared with 85 a year ago and 91, the ten-year average.

Alabama's rye crop if mainly for grazing and is sown in very small units par farm.

F. W. GIST, Field Agent.

Ordnance Bureau Supplies 10.2 Ounces of Leather in Equipment of Infantryman

While the demand for leather for many uses has taxed the productive capacity of the country, the amount used in ordnance equipment for soldiers is singularly small. The equipment furnished an infantryman by the ordnance bureau (which does not include the uniform equipment from the Quartermaster's Department) contains only 10.2 ounces.

The largest use of leather in this equipment is in the gun sling, which contain two ounces; in the oiler and thong case are 1.5 ounces; bayonet scabbard, 0.7 ounce; pack carrier 1 ounce.

Crops in Territories Increased to Aid Food Conditions Here

In Porto Rica, which formerly imported thousands of dollars worth of beans annually from the mainland, this product is now being exported.

Part of the war-emergency work of the Department of Agriculture has been to assist the Territories to become less dependent upon the mainland of this country for their supply of food. The Alaska sections have greatly increased the areas sown to grain and are able to meet increased demands for seed grain. The Guam station is dustributing large quantities of seeds and plants for cultivation by the natives, and Hawaii has materially increased its production of food crops.

Sickly children need WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE. It not only destroys worms, if there be any, but it cts as a trengthening tonic in the stomach and bowels. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

MULE STRAYED

Left my place at Union Grove last Thursday night. Description: Black horse mule, weight about 700 pounds. Any information concerning same will be rewarded. D. C. Littlefield, Jemison, Ala. Route 4.

FROM A SOLDIER BOY AT CAMP WHEELER

Editor Union-Banner:

Please allow me space in your paper to say a few words.

I have been in the military service of the U. S. A. for some time and I find it is just what you make it. We will admit that the life isn't as pleasant as we would like, but we live in hopes it will come right some day. The only thing to do is to trust in God and do the right, and if I never return back home I can be assured of seeing all some day. If we are right to die is game.

We have a mountain of trials to overcome in this life, but resist the devil and he will flee from thee.

There are three-fourths of the boys in the army that were good boys before they came, but being with so much wickedness they have taken it up. If there ever was a time when we needed the prayers of all christians it surely is now.

I had the priviledge of going home a few days ago. I can't thank the people around old Corinth enough for their kind treatment while there. I will always feel at home there, and if any of you wishes to drop around there the people will gladly take care of you.

I wish to remind you of the Clanton people. I can't forget them for their kindness to us before we left there.

We can't forget our mothers.

I wish you all a merry Christmas and a happy new year.

ARCHIE JONES,
124 Amb. Co. 31 Div.
Camp Wheeler, Macon, Ga.

Refuse Officers' Courses When Chance for Immediate Service Might be Lost

Soldiers at the cantonments would rather see service at once on the battle lines as privates than go later as officers. In many instances enlisted men eligible for admission to officers training schools have refused to apply because they feared the work would lessen their chances of immediate active service in Europe.

In one division, with 380 men to be selected for training schools, only 40 would apply. The rumor was abroad in camp that the division would sail before the work at the school was completed, and not until the men were assured that the schools would move with the divisions were the quotas filled.

Only two percent of Men Called To Colors Seek Non-Hazardous Positions

When men called under the selective service law reach the cantonments they are given, so far as practicable, their choices of army service. Infantry is most often preferred, artillery second, engineer divisions are third in popularity, and quartermasters work fourth.

Investigations so far made by the committee on classifications of personnel in the army which has the matter in charge, prove that only two per cent of the men attempt to secure non-hazardous positions.

Joe Pool, who is now one of Uncle Sam's soldiers, is at home from the aviation Camp at New Port News, Va. He will spend the holidays with his friends and relatives.

Children take BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP willingly becuse it tastes nice. There isn't a better remedy anywhere for children's coughs, hoarseness and bronchitis. It's a good medicine and easy to take. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

SHERIFF'S SALE—REAL ESTATE

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Fall Term, 1916, of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama, and to me directed, whereby, I, as Sheriff of said county, was commanded to make the sum of Seventy-five and 5-100 Dollars, costs of suit, the amount of a certain judgment and costs therein obtained at the Fall Term, 1916, of said court of said county, Alabama, in favor of B. K. Herring, against Lee Lykes, et als., I have levied upon and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public sale, at the Court House door of said county, between the hours of 11 o'clock, a.m., and 4 o'clock, p.m., **On Monday, the 31 day of Dec. 1917,** all the right, title and interest of the above named Lee Lykes, et als., in and to the following described real estate, viz:

Three (3) acres of a portion of land lying and situated in the northeast corner of Section fifteen (15), Township twenty (20), Range sixteen (16), East, situated in Chilton County, Alabama, being the same piece of property on which the Joanna Baptist Church stands, and being the property used by the Joanna Baptist Church for religious and church purposes.

This 30 day of November, 1917.

H. A. HARRIS, Sheriff.

Posted at courthouse door Dec. 12, 1917.

Robbers Enter Clanton Hardware Store at Night

STOLE NUMBER OF GUNS AND SOME SHELLS, AND SEVERAL POCKET KNIVES AND RAZORS.

Some time Monday night burglars made a raid on the store of the Clanton Hardware Company, and took away about three or four shot guns, a Winchester Rifle, a quantity of shells and cartridges, about a hundred pocket knives, and some flash lights.

When questioned about the incident Mr. C. F. Jones, the President of the Company said in effect as follows:

"My theory of the robbery is that the person or persons who committed the act concealed themselves in the upper story of the building before we closed up Monday night, and when all had got quiet in the night they came down and gathered up the articles which they wanted and unlocked the back door and walked out. We could find no evidences of force being used in effecting their plans. No locks, doors nor windows were broken, and there were no evidences of the robbery except the absence of the goods which they carried away with them."

This incident is one which calls upon, not only the officers of the county and town, but also every law-abiding citizen, to do his part in the solution of the crime, and the prompt apprehension of these violators of the law. Every man should keep his eyes open for some evidence that will lead to the determination of who the guilty parties are.

BANK WILL BE OPEN TO ACCOMMODATE VETERANS

First State Bank of Clanton Will Depart from Costum of Closing on First Day of the New Year

The Probate Judge of Chilton county will, on the first day of January, 1918, issue to all Confederate Pensioners in Chilton county, their quarterly warrants for their pension money. This will bring to Clanton a large number of old veterans and their widows.

According to the previous custom of closing the banks on the New Year's Day, this would leave the recipients of the warrants without any place where they could go and get their warrants cashed.

As an accommodation to the old people, the First State Bank of Clanton has consented to remain open on that day. So all who may come here to get their warrants will also be able to go to the Frist State Bank and get the cash for their papers.

This is a commendable policy on the part of the Bank, as it will no doubt prove a great convenience to the old veterans. It will save them another trip back to Clanton to get the warrants cashed. And they being in a large number of instances so disabled that travelling is a hardship on them, will certainly appreciate the fact that it has been made so that they can kill two birds with one stone, as the old saying is, and both get their warrants, and the cash on them at one and the same trip.

We are glad to announce this decision of the First State Bank for the benefit of the old veterans. The bank will also be open for the transaction of other business, as well as that of cashing warrants of the pensioners.

IN MEMORY

On December 11th at 7 o'clock a.m. the death angle came and took from us our precious mother and wife Mrs. Rutha A. White, wife of Mr. J. B. White.

She had been sick all the year but bore her suffering patiently until the dear Lord called her home above where she will never have to suffer any more. She was 63 years and eight days old, and was a kind and loving mother and a true and devoted wife.

She leaves a husband and seven children and a host of relatives and friends to mourn her loss.

While we mourn the angles in heaven rejoice. We could not wish her back in this sinful world, but say dear mother, with God remain.

She cannot come to us any more, but the sweet thought we can go to her.

Her daughter,
MRS. EVA DENNIS.

E. M. Pinckard, Mayor of Clanton, has been at home for the holdiay season with his children. For the past several months Mr. Pinckard has been travelling salesman for a shoe house doing business in the state of Texas.

The lawyers of Clanton left the city this week and last for the holidays. We suppose they left for the holidays. Whole lots of registrants here Monday and Saturday were looking for them to fill out their questionnaires, but couldn't find any of them. Guess they were off taking Xmas.

THE UNION-BANNER

Publishd Every Thursday at Clanton
Chilton County, Alabama.
W. M. WYATT AND J. B. WELLS
Publishers and Proprietors.

W. M. WYATT, Editor.
J. B. WELLS, Business Manager.

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PEOPLES TELEPHONE 96.

The number of men now being served by American Red Cross canteens in France is more than 15,000 a day.

Gasoline production in the United States has increased from 35,000,000 to 70,000,000 barrels a year since 1914.

Discarded civilian clothing of national army soldiers will be shipped to Belgium for relief of sufferers there.

There has been a heavy slump in the demand for grapefruit since powdered sugar for sweetening is often unobtainable.

Total acceptances of recruits for the army December 13 numbered more than 14,300—the largest number accepted in one day in the history of the country.

More than 50 night classes have been established to train radio and buzzer operators for the United States army, with an enrollment of about 3,000 men.

Proposals to save coal by closing schools in northern and central states during January and February have not been met with favor by the Fuel Administration.

According to the new regulations in England, women's shoes must not have uppers of leather exceeding 7 inches, nor of any other material exceeding 8 inches in height.

Cantonments throughout the nation are being searched to secure all colored men with technical training now in service for the formation of an artillery regiment at Camp Meade, Maine.

Within 12 hours after receiving the news of the Halifax disaster the woman's committee of the Council of National Defense had equipped a relief steamer and started it to the scene of the disaster.

The war has called back into service nearly 500 retired officers of the navy and 138 former officers who resigned to enter civil life, including 22 rear admirals, 18 commanders and 34 captains.

Retail dealers of insecticides are exempt from the licensing regulations covering trade in white arsenic and arsenic insecticides. The only companies required to obtain licenses are wholesalers and jobbers.

Late reports on health conditions at army camps and cantonments show the epedimic of measles to be greatly decreasing. In several camps where measles has extensively prevailed the number of cases of pneumania has decreased.

All official motion pictures on war activities in the United States bear the name of the Committee on Public Informaion, and are distributed only through the committees divisional headquarters or by state councils of defense.

Dancing is one form of amusement being provided on a large scale for the men of the army and navy. It is one of the ways the war camps community service, under direction of the war and navy departments, provides wholesome pleasure for the troops.

There are now approximately 19,000 speakers in the "Four Minute Men," the nation-wide organization of volunteer speakers who assist the government in the work of national defense by presenting messages of vital importance to motion-picture theatre audiences.

The policy of Congress in "investigating" everything reminds us of a similar incident that was once pulled off by the Legislature of a certain "solid Democratic" southern state. And we confidently expect about as much good to come from the investigations at Washington as came from the other investigation we allude to. When the Democrats enact a plan of legislation it takes them the rest of their lives "investigating" to see whether it leaks or not.

THE IRISHMAN'S FLEA

Mr. Wilson, tell us some more about those non-partisan boards you are going to appoint. They are like the Irishman's flea, when you put your finger on them they ain't there —Collinsville Curier.

CHRISTMAS FOR OLD VETERANS

Some time ago The Union-Banner proffered to accept donations of canned vegetables and fruits from any one who desired to contribute, and send same (pay the freight) to the old soldiers at the home at Mountain creek for their Christmas dinner. We knew it would come in mighty nice for those old people, and we thought there were some people in the county who had canned plenty of this kind of food and could spare a can or two for the veterans. But no one contributed, sorry to say. Now we want you to read what one of the inmates of the home writes us about Christmas down there with the old people. He says in part as follows:

"Christmas passed and gone and we will soon be on the threshold of another year. Everything passed off very quietly and not even a minister of the gospel showed himself. Great preparations were made for a Christmas feast for the old soldiers, but his expectations were somewhat whittled down to 2 apples, 2 oranges, a small amount of candy, very little cake and some fresh beef. The other small articles of apparel is too little to speak of. But, what was given out was appreciated by those who were fortunate to obtain it. We received no money, neither did we get any clothing (I suppose it went to the hospital; don't know)."

HAVING FITS DAILY

We heard a prominent preacher say the other day, a thing that impressed us as being quite appropriate. He was alluding to the attitude of the Montgomery Advertiser in regard to prohibition of the liquor traffic. He said that from the appearance of the editorial page of that paper, the editor has been having a fit every day since the amendment was passed by Congress.

An Ideal State

Would you care to konw what we think would be an ideal state of affairs in good old Alabama. Well here it is: First no catholics nor Knights of Columbus at all. Second no local option nor open saloons nor wild cat stills at all. Third a Republican and a Democratic party about on an equal basis with the people, so that one would serve as a restraining force on the other to forestall corruption in government and politics. These things with all the good effects that would emanate from them, would make a mighty nice place to hang up your hat and call home.

Guess you got the bunch of Christmas wishes and good cheer which was sent out to all the people of America from the vatican at Rome by the Pope and by Cardinal Gibbons of Baltimore. We got our nibble of it from the daily papers, and we are grateful to these high lights of the ancient political church for their kind remembrance of us and our people. You will notice that here of late these mucks of the Roman Catholic so-called church don't ever let an opportunity pass in which they think they have a chance to make somebody in the United States look with favor upon their "goodness." They want us to believe that they are all in all. They remind us of an incident that happened out here a few miles the other night. A couple of fellows went over to Coosa to get some corn juice. One of them was in reality going after the whiskey, and just carried the other fellow along for company. They got it; three gallons in one jug and a quart in a bottle to tip on as they returned. On the way back they passed the house of a friend of the man who bought the liquor, and he stopped and went in, taking the quart to give his frined a drink. It was dark of course, and when he came back out to the road where he left his companion and the mule and buggy and the three gallons of booze, he found that the other fellow had tied the mule to a tree and taken the three gallons and fled. In this same way the Pope wants to be sweet to us till he gets a chance to betray us all into hell.

While thinking on the subject of electing the next Legislature of Alabama, it is interesting to note what the Montgomery Advertiser has to say of the matter. They pledge themselves to the idea that the next Legislature should vote against the ratification of the Federal prohibition amendment to the United States Constitution. They even venture so far as to say that a legislature MUST be elected that will vote against the ratification of the amendment. We beleive there are yet though, a sufficient number of good moral citizens in this state to declare with sufficient effect that a legislature MUST be elected that will vote in favor of the ratification of the Federal amendment to the Constitution that will forever banish old John Barleycorn from the legalized possession and plundering of our civic and moral institutions. We believe the Advertiser can safely figure that the next Representative from Chilton county will come down to Goat Hill openly and voluntarily pledged to vote in favor of nation-wide prohibition.

Everybody is congratulating Supt. W. T. Bean upon his reception of a fine Christmas present. It was a pretty baby girl who arrived just in time for Santa Claus.

MORE HELP

"Speed the war." This is and must be the slogan of every loyal American until the war has been won. "Speed the War" means not the attainment of the highest efficiency in military operations, but the adjustment of all our affairs, individual, political, and personal, to the one great end of destroying militarism. We must deny ourselves luxuries, economize on necessities, prevent idiness, and throw every possible stroke of energy—every pound of material—into the one great task, the failure of which renders all other things useless. The American people are fighting for freedom today no less than their forefathers fought for it in 1776, and the men who are unwilling, when necessity arises to endure anew the hardships of Valley Forge, is unworthy of the heritage won and bequeathed by the heroes of the Revolution. "Speed the war."

SAM MENG, KETCH 'EM CHOP

The Senate has a new employee in the person of Sam Meng. No, he is not a laundryman from the Celestial Empire. He is a political henchman standing high in the councils of the Demicratic Party in Missouri. He has been appointed Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms in the dignified upper house of Congress as a reward for aiding in the re-election last fall of a Democratic Senator for his state.

Time was, away before the civil war when all of us were in favor of free trade who lived south of the Mason and Dixon line, but the time has passed for us. Then we sold cotton and bought all our machinery and everything that we could not raise on the farm. Now we make everything that anybody else can make and then some, still there are people who think they are for free trade—Collinsville Curier.

STOMACH TROUBLE

Before I used Chamberlain's tablets I doctored a great deal for stomach trouble and felt nervous and tired all the time. These tablets helped me from the first, and inside of a week's time I had improved in every way, writes Mrs. L. A. Drinkard, Jefferson City, Mo.

Upchurch Drug Co.

Don't overlook the matter of registering on the voting list of this county at the court house between January 1st and January 5th. If you don't understand about it, look up somebody who does, and get yourself wise on the subject. You will want to vote in the elections next year.

LOST POCKET BOOK

Lonst, either in Clanton or on the road between Clanton and Newt Tracey's a pocketbook containing two five-dollar bills and probably some small change. Finder will get reward if returned to E. W. Miller, Clanton, Ala.

Arthur Williamson and Reed Giles members of the U. S. army stationed at Anniston, were in Clanton for the Christmas holidays.

One good way to start off in the new year is to thrw your Montgomery, Sears and Arbuckle catalogue in the fire and go down to your local merchant and tell him you want to trade with him during the next twelve months.

Heartburn is a symptom of indigestion. Take a dose of HERBINE in such cases. The pain disappears instantly. The bowels operate speedily and you feel fine, vigorous and cheerful. Price 50c. Sold by Upchurch Drug Company.

GOOD BUSINESS FOR XMAS

The merchants of Clanton have enjoyed a splendid trade in holiday good during Christmas time. They have all practically sold out all they had on hand of special goods for the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. Hutson Williams of Birmingham visited their parents here during the Christmas holidays.

Subscribe for The Union-Banner.

VINOL MAKES CHILDREN STRONG

And Invigorates Old People

Any doctor will tell you that the ingredients of Vinol as printed below contain the elements needed to improve the health of delicate children and restore strength to old people.

℞ Cod Liver and Beef Peptones, Iron and Manganese Peptonates, Iron and Ammonium Citrate, Lime and Soda Glycerophosphates, Cascarin.

Those who have puny, ailing or run-down children or aged parents may prove this at our expense.

Besides the good it does children and the aged there is nothing like Vinol to restore strength and vitality to weak, nervous women and overworked, run-down men.

Try it. If you are not entirely satisfied, we will return your money without question; that proves our fairness and your protection. Millions of people have been convinced this way.

CLANTON ASTONISHED BY A MERCHANT'S SCTORY

A merchant relates the following: "For years I could not sleep without turning every hour. Whatever I ate caused gas and sourness. Also had stomach catarrh. ONE SPOONFUL buchthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as mixed in Adler-i-ka relieved me instantly." Because Adler-i-ka flushes the entire alimentary tract it relieves ANY CASE of constipation, sour stomach or gas and prevents appendicitis. It has quickest action of anything we ever sold. Upchurch Drug Company.

GOVERNOR AND MRS. HENDERSON VISIT OLD SOLDIERS HOME.

Governor Charles Henderson accompanied by his wife, and Mrs. Battle of Montgomery, paid the old veterans of the Soldiers Home a friendly Christmas visit last Saturday. The Chief executive of Alabama gathered around him a group of the old men and they all engaged in an old-fashioned family talk. One of the veterans expressed himself as follows regarding the talk: "It was full of common sence and greatly enjoyed by all."

Mrs. Henderson rendered a delightful poetic reading which pleased her hearers immensely. Mrs. Battle also had something to say to the gray haired listeners who had grouped themselves around.

FOR CROUP

"Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is splendid for croup," writes Mrs. Edward Hassett, Frankfort, N. Y. "My choldren have been quickly relieved of attacks of this dreadful complaint by its use." This remedy contains no opium or other narcotic, and may be given to a child as confidentially as to an adult.

HOME OF DR. A.M. GOWAN DAMAGED BY FIRE

Fire of unknown origin came very near destroying the beautiful home of Dr. A. M. Gowan in Clanton Wednesday night at midnight. The family of Dr. Gowan were not at home. They were visiting over in Mississippi. The fire was discovered by some neighbors who gave the alarm.

It seems to be somewhat of a mystery as to how the fire could have started where it did. It had not reached much head-way when discovered. If it had ever got beyond control it would have completely destroyed the house as it was impossible to reach it with the hose of the city waterworks.

AN AUTOMOBILE'S CONFESSION

(Told in an "Experience Meeting."

I am a nice, comfortable automobile. I don't know whether I am altogether paid for or not, but I look mighty fine when I speed up and go through the country like a streak, there is nothing gloomy about me. Power, abandon and exhiliration radiate in every direction from me, and what's more, I go to church pretty regularly now, as every decent, self-respecting car should

I didn't always go, but I've reformed. When my owner first got me he could hardly wait until Sunday came. He was up at six tuning me up and getting ready for a run in the country, for fishing, or a picnic. He generally invited some other church members, and we usually had a big time, yet the day's pleasures always ended with a question mark—was that really the best use to which I could be put on the best day of the week?

Coming home one Sunday from a fishing trip, I was caught in a rainstorm without chains. I skidded on the country roads(I didn't mean to) and slipped over a bank and pitched the whole party out. Fortunately no one was hurt, but my owner was badly shaken. He was quite sober, and his only remark on the way home was, "Thankful I didn't break my fool neck."

Next Sunday he surprised me by going to church. The service must have gripped him, for I heard him say to the Missus, "We've missed a whole lot recently, haven't we."

Now every Sunday I go loaded, picking up children and taking old people home from service, and often out for a ride in the afternoon if the weather is pleasant.

I am having the time of my life and having begun to believe that even an auto can have "a conscience void of offence toward God and men."

Mr. and Mrs. Caldwell Roper of Birmingham spent the holidays with relatives in Clanton.

BERKSHIRES

At The 1917 International

—Grand Champion Barrow.
—Grand Champion Pen.
—Grand Champion Carload.
—A recorn never equalled by any other breed.
—1st, 2nd and 3rd in the heavy class carcass contest.
—Pen of three 18-months barrows weighed 1850 pounds.
—Pen of three under-year barrows weighed 1435 pounds.
—Berkshire carload sold for $21.25 per hundred pounds, a record price for all times. This was $3.85 above the market for that day, and $1.00 higher tha nany other load of show hogs of any breed.
—Berkshires were the largest show of any breed.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. J. P. CRUMPTON, Dentist
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. ARTHUR JOHNSON
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 12
CLANTON, ALA.

LAWRENCE F. GERALD
Attorney At Law
Office in Johnson Building.
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. W. L. PARRISH
Graduate Veterinarian.
Hurry Calls made in Auto.
'Phone 110-35, Clanton.

F. B. COLLIER
Attorney At Law
Office in Wilson Building
CLANTON, ALA.

A. C. Smith B. Guy Smith
SMITH & SMITH
Attorneys At Law
General Practice
Clanton, - - - - - Alabama.

J. B. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office over Upchurch's Store
CLANTON, ALA.

MIDDLETON & REYNOLDS
Attorneys at Law
Office in Hayes Building,
CLANTON, ALA.

DR. V. J. GRAGG,
Office in Hopkins Bldg.
Special Attention Given to the Diseases of Women & Surgery
CLANTON, ALA.

NOTICE—I will grind wheat at Thorsby Flour Mill on Monday and Tuesday of each week, and corn on Saturdays.
F. E. GRONQUIST.

FIFTH SUNDAY MEETING

To be Held at Shiloh Baptist Church December 29th and 30th, 1917.

10:45. "Do we need a Christian deacon ordained in the church at Jerusalem." by J. J. Pickens and R. D. Bevis.

9:50. Devotional services by J. [illegible] Deramus.

10:05, "For what purpose was the Education," by Prof. H. C. McDonald.

Sermon by Rev. J. F. Gable.

12:10. Dinner.

1:15. Devotion by W. N. Wilson.

1:30. The grandeur of a Christian by Rev. M. J. Parrish and Rev. W. P. Lowery.

2:10. Personal Responsibility in the Kingdom of Christ, by Rev. R. A. Aldridge and Prof. J. L. Johnson.

Sunday.

9:45. Devotional service by Bro. W. I. Mullins.

10:00. Does the Bible teach the Spirit of Mission, by Rev. J. D. Hughes and Rev. W. S. Cox.

10:40. Is it wise to co-operate with the Southern Baptist Convention in our Mission Work?, by Rev. J. F. Gable and Rev. R. A. Aldridge.

11:30. Sermon by Rev. F. W. C. Bice, after which we will come to a close.

We ask the churches of the Chilton County Association to send a full delegation and help to make this meeting a success in building up God's Kingdom.

T. W. BILLINGSLEY,
B. M. DEASON,
J. R. OWEN,
F M. FOSHEE,
Committee.

COUNTY MAPS FOR SALE

The Union-Banner has made arrangements to print a number of Beat Maps of Chilton County, and now have them for sale to anyone desiring them, at the price of 25 cents each.

W. E. Green of Anniston and Miss Gladys Green of Birmingham have been the guests of the family of Mr. J. D. Collins during the holidays.

FREE SHOW CALLED OFF

On account of congested condition of express service we are unable to secure the special picture desired to introduce next Friday and Saturday, consequently free show is called off and a good mixed program provided. Six reels: "Little Miss Nusiance," American war news; "Kidding Sister," Drew Comedy; Christer Comedy. All seats 10 cents.

IDEAL THEATRE.

At the Ideal

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
DECEMBERTHE 28th AND 29th.

"LITTLE MISS NUISANCE."
"WAR NEWS WEEKLY."
"KIDDING SISTER."
DREW COMEDY AND CHRISTIE COMEDY.

(Six Reels in All).
ALL SEATS 10 CENTS.

GRANGER LIVER REGULATOR

Relieves constipation, sick headache and biliousness. Purely vegetable. Contains no alcohol. Causes no griping. Gives satisfactory results. Large box, 25c. A dose or two will do.

GRANGER MEDICINE CO.
CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

New Year's GREETINGS

We thank you for the Business you have given us during this year. Next year we will be at the same place with the right goods at right price

Tom Kemp

We wish for our customers and friends

Happiness and Prosperity

During all the Days of the New Year, 1918.

And also we desire to thank each and everyone who has in any way contributed to our prosperity and the betterment of our Town and Community during this most eventful year which is just coming to its close.

Downs Hardware Company
HARDWARE AND FURNITURE

Tom Kemp
GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND GROCERIES.

The New Wilson Hotel
J. Q. WADE, Proprietor.

Upchurch Drug Company
DRUGS - MEDICINES - AND TOILET ARTICLES

J. W. Littlejohn
CLANTON'S LEADING GROCER.

L. H. Reynolds
GENERAL -:- MERCHANDISE

L. J. Duncan Motor Company
Ford

These Merchants Wish You "A Happy New Year."

The Merchants of Clanton, whose names you see in this space, have been, through the columns of this paper every week for the past year, seeking to enlist the support of every citizen of our town and county in a campaign looking to the highest development of home trade, and co-operation, and the consequent advancement of all our common interests. They have spent good hard-earned cash money in their efforts to bring about the community co-operative spirit in the sense that it is the best for all the people who now or may hereafter live in our Town and County. The merchants here named, have been liberal buyers of newspaper space for the forwarding of their business principles; and their business has its direct effect upon the advancement of their neighbors. It works this way, to be short about it: When the merchant and professional man prospers, he necessarily in turn evidences his prosperity in many ways that turn directly into the good of the people who trade with him.

The merchants of Clanton have succeeded in a great many instances in getting the people to co-operate with them. They have caused some who never before realized their direct duty to home institutions first, to enter into a renewed spirit of active community pride and laudable conscientiousness.

It is the desire of these merchants and business men now to express the gratefulness of their hearts for the support which they have received from the people of this Town and Community during the pastyear. Indeed are they grateful for the way the people have helped them in their individual business; and just as much so are they glad that thereby they were made able to pass the good evidences of prosperity and plenty on down the line till it made itself manifest in all the various activities of our community vigor and progress.

These merchants and business men feel that they have done their portion of "rooting" for the home community during the past year. And now they are ready to roll up their sleeves and get ready for entering into the new year next week with a vigorousness never before approached in the history of Clanton. They will start out with a profound wish and solemn entreaty that they may have the support and co-operation of every man, woman and child, who is imbued with the idea that our home institutions of business, society, education, and religion should come first in the minds and hearts of our home people.

They wish the people of Clanton and Chilton County a happy and prosperous new year. And they beg you to pass that prosperity around here in the home community so that your dollar will remain active in Chilton County as long as it is possible to keep it here where it rightly belongs.

Come on now, Merchants, Lawyers, Doctors, Bankers, Citizens, Men, Women, Boys and Girls—All! Everybody! Let's get an even start now for a big and powerful effort toward a better community for the next year.

WILL EVERYBODY HELP?

Clanton Mercantile Company
"THE BIG BARGAIN STORE."

Wiley Littlejohn
"The Bargain Store"

—THE—
Union-Banner
WYATT & WELLS, Publishers.

L. C. Reynolds
GROCERIES - CIGARS - TOBACCO
SOFT DRINKS

W. A. Kemp
GENERAL -:- MERCHANDISE
"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back."

The Candy Store
—AND—
The Ideal Theater
P. C. SMITH, Manager.

Elmore's
LADIES & GENTS FURNISHINGS

HANDS, ARMS, LIMBS ASLEEP

And Was Run-Down, Weak and Nervous, Says Florida Lady. Five Bottles of Cardui Made Her Well.

Kathleen, Fla.—Mrs. Dallas Prine, of this place, says: "After the birth of my last child...I got very much run-down and weakened, so much that I could hardly do anything at all. I was so awfully nervous that I could scarcely endure the least noise. My condition was getting worse all the time...

I knew I must have some relief or I would soon be in the bed and in a serious condition for I felt so badly and was so nervous and weak I could hardly live. My husband asked Dr. ———about my taking Cardui. He said, 'It's a good medicine, and good for that trouble', so he got me 5 bottles...After about the second bottle I felt greatly improved...before taking it my limbs and hands and arms would go to sleep. After taking it, however, this poor circulation disappeared. My strength came back to me and I was soon on the road to health. After the use of about 5 bottles, I could do all my house-work and attend to my six children besides."

You can feel safe in giving Cardui a thorough trial for your troubles. It contains no harmful or habit-forming drugs, but is composed of mild, vegetable, medicinal ingredients with no bad after-effects. Thousands of women have voluntarily written, telling of the good Cardui has done them. It should help you, too. Try it. E 74

CLANTON BAPTIST CHURCH

The year is drawing to its close with a very creditable record for church and Sunday School, also the auxiliary Societies have made a good showing. The attendance has been good, especially considering the several Sundays of quite inclement weather. In the Sunday School the per captia contributions are steadily rising.

The Young Peoples Union under the leadership of Pres. J. L. Johnson is doing good work and crystalizing into definite organization. The Women's Societies have been active and progressive and will enlarge their work in the coming new year.

A Fifth Sunday Meeting has been planned for next Saturday and Sunday at Shiloah Baptist church, about eight miles southwest of Clanton, and several of our people are planning to attend. The rural churches of the neighborhood appear to be very much interested of late in the question of just what the statue and functions of the Deacons are in the New Testament church. The subject has been on several programs and will, no doubt, be fully discussed at Shiloah. Mr. J. J. Pickens is appointed to make the opening speech. "Christian Education," will be discussed by Prof. H. C. McDonald, and "The Blessings of the Christian Life" by Rev. M. J. Parrish, besides several sermons by preachers other subjects will be discussed such as "Personal Responsibility in the Kingdom of Christ," "The Spirit of Missions," and "How best to do Missionary Work."

If God, for Chirst's sake, has forgiven our sins, what should be our attitude toward His cause in the World?

FORD TO HUNT SITE FOR SHIPBUILDING PLANT IN ALABAMA

Government Officials Are Enthusiastic Over Possibilities in this State

Washington, Dec. 26—There is much enthusiasm in government and official circles. Henry Ford, the automobile manufacturer of Detroit, announces that he will make a trip south to hunt for a desirable location for the establishment of a shipbuilding plant, and also that even before he makes an investigation his hope is that the most advantageous location can be found not far from the coal and iron fields of Alabama.

It will be recalled that Secretary Lane, of the Department of the Interior, recently was quoted in a dispatch to The News as having said that the United State government did not fully appreciate what great possibilities are ahead of this country, if the mineral resources of Alabama are developed as they could and should be.—Birmingham News.

MOBILE EXPECTS FORD TO VISIT THAT PLACE SOON

Mobile, Ala., Dec. 26—On a tour of inspection for the purpose of locating a site for the turning out of government ships, Henry Ford, manufacturing expert for the United State Shipping Board, is expected to arrive in Mobile within a short time. Mr. Ford proposes a number of fabricated yards from which would be turned out steel vessels on the endless chain system, as employed at the Ford automobile factory.

Mr. Ford has announced that Mobile will be one of the ports he will visit in search of a suitable site for locating one of the yards. Thefact that the United States Steel Corporation located its mammoth plant in Mobile, it is believed, will have great effect in impressing Mr. Ford with the facilities of the port of Mobile as a point for shipbuilding.

DISTINCTIVE *Printing*

¶ Printing that will attract attention and put your advertising in a class by itself—printing that contains originality in conception and excellence in its execution—this quality of originality and individuality characterizes all the printed work we turn out.

UNION-BANNER
CLANTON, ALA.

Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists, 75c.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Rev. W. W. Robinson of Beat 16 was in town Thursday.

PAPER LATE

The Union-Banner is out a day late this week on account of the fact that the force took a day off from work for Christmas.

Clark Harper of Columbus, Ga. was in town Thursday of this week visiting his mother and sistesr.

A man may love his wife from the bottom of his heart and still have a lot of room left at the top.

When two men are tellin geach other how hard they work, each is thinking what a monumental liar the other is.

BAKER REQUESTED IMMEDIATELY TO MEET ARMY NEEDS

Senate Military Inquiry Adopts Resolution Urging Quick Action By Department

Washington, Dec. 26—Aroused by reports or shortages of Winter clothing in national army camps, the Senate Military Affairs Committee today in resuming its investigation into army conditions adopted a resolution requesting the Secretary of War to immediately ascertain conditions by wire, supply deficient troops, and suspend departmental routine, if necessary, by direct purchases from sources near the camps.

The resolution offered by Senator McKellar, of Tennessee, declares "that upon unquestioned proof," there is a shortage of at least 20,000 overcoats, and 47,000 woolen blouses in nine National Army cantonments. Quartermaster General Sharpe, who testified last week, admitted shortage of Winter equipment in some camps, but said all necessary supplies have been shipped and soon would be received. The resolution says:

"It appearing to the committee from unquestioned proof adduced before it that many enlisted men in Camps Wheeler, Shelby, Kearney, Dix, Jackson, Grant, Custer, Beauregard, and in the camp at For Worth, Tex., are without woolen blouses and overcoats, the combined shortage in the several camps above named being not less than 20,000 overcoats and 47,000 woolen blouses, this committee hereby requests the Secretary of War to take immediate steps to supply said enlisted men with overcoate and woolen blouses."

Thos. M. Parrish and J. D. Armstrong, who recently enlisted in the quartermasters corps of the U. S. army, have received notice to report at the camp at Jacksonville, Fla., by the 31st of Dec. They will leave Saturday morning for the Florida city.

FEW ESCAPE

There are a few indeed who escape having at least one cold during the winter months, and they are fortunate who have but one and get thru with it quickly and without any serious consequences. Take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and observe the directions with each bottle, and you are likely to be one of the fortunate ones. The worth and merit of this remedy has been fully proven. There are many families who have always used it for years when troubled with a cough or cold, and with the very best results. It only costs a quarter.

UPCHURCH DRUG CO.

Headquarters for Plow Points!

We are able to furnish you points for the Oliver, Chattanooga, Syracuse, Butcher & Gibbs, Vulcan, Avery Crtcket, and Lynchburg Plows. We have the Improved Self Sharpeners for the Oliver Plows.

DOWNS HARDWARE CO.
CLANTON, ALA.

Start Right for the New Year

Trade with us in 1918, and you will always be glad you did so.

Clanton Mercantile Company.



Save several dollars per ton on roughage

NO matter how much or little you are paying for old style hulls you always can save several dollars per ton by buying

TRADE MARK
BUCKEYE COTTONSEED HULLS
LINTLESS

You pay more for the old style hulls because you are paying for about a pound of lint to every three pounds of hulls.

You pay less for Buckeye Hulls because you pay only for hulls. The lint is sold separately.

Other Advantages

Buckeye Hulls are 100 per cent roughage.
They do not contain lint which has no food value.
You get 2000 lbs. of real roughage to the ton—not 1500.
Every pound goes farther.
They allow better assimilation of other food.
No trash or dust.
Sacked—easy to handle.
They mix well with other forage.

R. S. Parkham, Greenville, Ga., says:
"I feed about fifty cows and calves and use Buckeye Hulls very successfully. I consider Buckeye Hulls as good feed and cheaper feed than the old style hulls."

To secure the best results and to develop the ensilage odor, *wet the hulls thoroughly twelve hours before feeding.* It is easy to do this by wetting them down night and morning for the next feeding. If at any time this cannot be done, wet down at least thirty minutes. If you prefer to feed the hulls dry, use only *half* as much by bulk as of old style hulls.

Book of Mixed Feeds Free

Gives the right formula for every combination of feeds used in the South. Tells how much to feed for maintenance, for milk, for fattening, for work. Describes Buckeye Hulls and gives directions for using them properly. Send for your copy to the nearest mill.

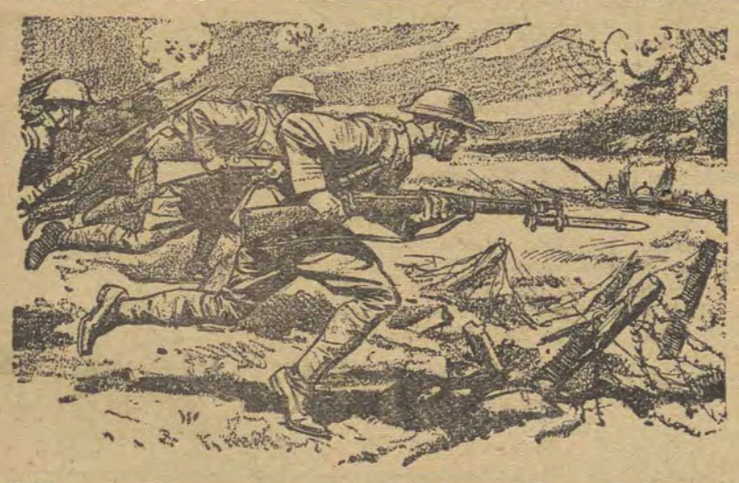
Dept. K **The Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.** *Dept. K*

Atlanta, Augusta, Birmingham, Charlotte, Greenwood, Jackson, Little Rock, Macon, Memphis, Selma

Mr. Little Henry Mahan, Jr., of Evansville, Indiana, "blowed" into Clanton again this week to hang up his hat around here at a few places for Christmas. For the past two years Henry has been engaged in building a dam across the Ohio River, and incidentally putting in some time trying to make the Buckeye State "bone dry."

MRS. ISLEY'S LETTER

In a recent letter Mrs. D. W. Isley of Litchfield, Ill., says, "I have used Chamberlain's tablets for disorders of the stomach and as a laxative, and have found them a quick and sure relief." If you are troubled with indigestion or constipation these tablets will do you good."



How Does a Soldier Feel in a Life-and-Death Crisis?

He was caught—like a rat in a trap—with only one chance in a million of coming out alive. He thought of——

What *does* a soldier think of in a life-and-death crisis? How does he feel? What does he *do?* What is the millionth chance that he takes to escape?

While trembling and hot from the experiences they have gone through, over two hundred men—airmen, trench raiders, submarine commanders, grenade throwers—have told what they saw, heard and felt. To read these stories of personal adventure is to get an entirely new viewpoint of the war.

A Close-Up of the War

Newspapers and magazines treat the war along broad, general lines—they speak of nations and armies. But these stories tell you about the most daring, audacious and heroic deeds of MEN—individuals. They tell of exploits which even now you think never could happen. No professional author in the history of literature could tell such stories, for no man's imagination could think them up. Yet each of these stories is true—and so startling that the mind simply stands agape at wonder. They would thrill a man with blood as cold as a fish.

Partial List of Stories

Sixteen Months in Four German Prisons—The White Road to Verdun—An English Girl's Adventures in Germany—With a Field Ambulance at Ypres—American Boys with Ambulance No. 10—The Spy Who Dined With the Kaiser—With Princess Patricia's Canadians—Escape and Capture Undersea—Hindenburg's Death Trap—Adrift in a Mine Field—How We Foiled "U 39"—My Escape from the Turks Disguised as a Woman.

This List represents only a fraction of the stories in this set of six volumes—over 1800 pages of the greatest true stories of our times.

"True Adventures of the Great War"

6 Volumes Free!

The Review of Reviews has collected these two hundred and more stories in six handsome volumes, containing altogether 1800 pages, profusely illustrated. Every one of these stories is absolutely genuine as to the facts related; every one of them is told in the words of the person who is the hero or heroine of the exploit. And now, for a limited time, you can secure these six volumes free, with a two-year subscription to the Review of Reviews.



Now, and during these next few years, as never before, every intelligent American will need the Review of Reviews. The world is on the verge. It is in the throes of social, industrial and political changes that are cataclysmic. One cannot form opinions on these revolutionary events, one cannot base his acts intelligently upon them—one cannot understand the real war situation, unless the facts, all the facts, are known. It is genuine patriotic duty in these coming days of trial for every citizen to know comprehensively what is happening in the world around him.

Send No Money

The subscription to Review of Reviews is offered at the regular price. The six volumes described above will be given in addition, absolutely free. So that no one may act in the dark, the books will be sent first for examination, all charges prepaid, and if they do not come up to expectation, they may be returned within five days, and the subscription cancelled. Only the first edition of this set will be offered free with a two-year subscription. Immediate acceptance of this offer is, therefore, advised. If you are at all interested. Mail the coupon now.

N. P. 17-18

REVIEW OF REVIEWS CO.
NEW YORK

Review of Reviews Company
30 Irving Pl.
New York

Please send me the Six Volumes of True Adventures of the Great War—FREE. Enter my name for a two-year subscription to Review of Reviews. I agree to return the Six Volumes in 5 days if I am not satisfied with them, or I will send you 25c in 5 days and $1 a month for six months thereafter, making a total of $6.25, which is the regular price of the magazine alone, plus 25c to partially cover packing and shipping Six Volumes.

Name .....
Address .....
City ..... State .....

"Smileage" Book Coupons Enable Soldiers to See High-Grade Productions

The sale of "Smileage" books, to be presented to men at army camps and cantonments, is being arranged by a sub-committee of the War Department commission on training camp activities. At each of the 16 national army cantonments a theater has been erected which seats 3,000 men. Marc Klaw, of Klaw & Erlanger, a member of the commission, has arranged for four companies of the brightest theatrical stars to play "Chatting Cheaters," "Inside Lines," "Turn to the Right," and "Here comes the Bride"—all tremendous successes last year in New York. He has also planned to have four companies of the highest grade vaudeville performers play at these theaters.

A national guard camp large chautaqua tents, with seating capacity of from 1,500 to 2,00, have been put up, and first-class vaudeville is being presented.

The expense of operating this circuit of 64 theaters is met by admission charges which run from 10 cents to 25 cents.

"Smileage" books contain 20 or 100 5-cent coupons, which may be purchased by anyone for $1 or $5, respectively, and sent to a soldier friend at camp. The coupons will be exchanged at the box office for admission tickets. Sending a man a "Smileage" book is equivalent to giving him passes to from 10 to 50 performances of various kinds.

Base Hospitals for Work in France Take Full Equipment

A base hospital, several of which are already in operation overseas, consists of the people and material necessary to establish and operate a hospital without asking outside assistance except the provision of shelter. This usually means a deserted hotel, an empty village, a group of huts or a number of large and small and large tents.

The personnel of one hospital that is fully organized and waiting to be sent to France includes 24 physicians nearly all of whom are now on active duty at cantonments or hospitals in preparation for their future work. The nurses number 65, all having passed rigid examinations. There are 6 women stenographers and bookkeepers. Of the 153 enlisted men, 65 are orderlies or male nurses and the remaining 88 are clerks, bookkeepers, mechanics, and skilled laborers. The base hospital is a little world in itself and must have cooks, butchers, bakers, carpenters, engineers, etc.

The equipment for this one unit cost $140,000.

Public Lands to be Opened For Cultivation in 1918 To Increase Food Supply

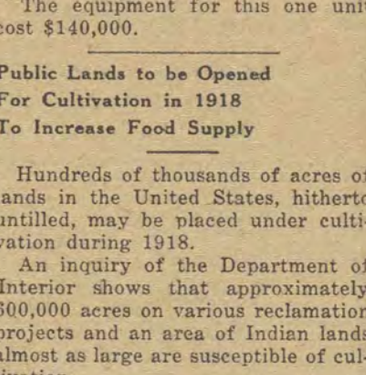
Hundreds of thousands of acres of lands in the United States, hitherto untilled, may be placed under cultivation during 1918.

An inquiry of the Department of Interior shows that approximately 600,000 acres on various reclamation projects and an area of Indian lands almost as large are susceptible of cultivation.

INDIAN PEERS OF CLERKS

Representative Philip P. Campbell of Kansas for years has made a study of the Indian question, and has been vitally interested in the welfare of those wards of the nation. He thinks the time has arrived when the Indians should be allowed to cut loose from the supervision of Clerks in the Indian office at Washington, many of whom are far below the general ability and business capacity of the Indians whom they undertake to control. Mr. Campbell takes a prominent part in the discussion of all matters coming before the Indian Committee, of which he is a member, and was instrumental in securing the speedy passage of the bill permitting the sale of Indian coal lands in Oklahoma. It is estimated that over 450,000 acres of such lands will be opened for development by the legislation, which will be a long way toward relieving the national demand for fuel.

Subscribe for The Union-Banner.



ALL THE GOOD THINGS

are here in abundance and in wide variety. We extend the greetings of the season and invite your patronage. GROCERIES FOR THE HOLIDAY that make the Thanksgiving feast remembered and anticipated the year around, we can help you prepare.

L. C. Reynolds

CENTRAL ALABAMA FARM PRODUCTS COMPANY

Wm. Adams, Proprietor, S.W. Adams Secretary.
Members of the Velvet Bean Millers Association, Clanton Alabama.
Manufacturers of Velvet Bean Mean, Corn Meal and Mixed Feeds.

Marketing connection with the dealer and consumer will give the customers and patrons of this mill a chance to get for their products, when manufactured, the best market prices.

Reports of the market prices of velvet bean meal, corn meal and mixed feed each week will keep the customers of this mill in touch with the markets at a distance.

A comfortable rest room has been provided fort he families of the customers, and a convenient warehouse for the farm products and hitching grounds for the stock.

The velvet bean mill has been placed, and upon an immediate date in the future, announcement will be made to the public when this mill is ready for actual service to the public.

The patronage and cooperation of everyone is respectfully solicited in support of this new industry.

2,600 Inspectors Work To Protect Meat Supply For Soldiers and Sailors

All meats and meat products for the army and navy are obtained only from inspected establishments and bear the government stamp, "Inspected and Passed." This stamp means that every step in the process of preparing of meat has been under the constant supervision of trained inspectors. At the camps all products are re-inspected and laboratory analyses made to show that the foods have not been made injurious by tempering.

Throughout the country there are 2,600 inspectors engaged in the work.

"Lightless nights" are planned by the Fuel Administration as an additional measure for saving coal.

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENT

Laumer Lumber Company, a body corporate, Plaintiff, vs. H. L. Killingsworth, Defendant.

In the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama.

Whereas, Laumer Lumber Company, a body corporate, as Plaintiff, in said cause, has obtained an attachment out of this court issued on the 8th day of December, 1917, against the estate of the said H. L. Killingsworth, defendant, which attachment has been levied upon the following described real property as the property of the said defendant, to-wit: NE¼ of the SE¼ and SE¼ of the SE¼, of Section 23, Township 24, Range 13; NE¼ of the NW¼, and the W½ of the NW¼ of the NE¼ of Section 24, Township 24, Range 13, less 10 acres on the South side of Watson's Creek; NE¼ of the NE¼ of Section 26, Township 24, Range 13, known as H. L. Killingsworth's Home Place, all in Chilton County, Alabama; and whereas, it appears that the said H. L. Killingsworth, as aforesaid, is a non-resident of the State of Alabama.

Now, therefore, the said H. L. Killingsworth, wherever he may reside, is hereby notified of the levy and pendency of said attachment.

Witness my hand, this the 8th day of December, 1917. M. D. FOSHEE,
12-13-3t Clerk Circuit Court.

Wheeznig in the lungs indicates that phegm is obstructing the air passages. BALLARDS HOUSEHOLD SYRUP loosens the phlegm so that it can be coughed up and ejected. Price 25c, 50c, and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by Upchurch Drug Co.

NON-RESIDENT NOTICE

State of Alabama, Chilton County. Circuit Court, July Term, 1917.

J. P. VanDerveer, Jr., and J. H. Roberts, partners, doing business as The Pine Tree Lumber Co., plaintiffs, Southern Lumber and Manufacturing Company, a corporation, defendents.

To Southern Lumber and Manufacturing Company, a corporation:

Whereas, J. P. VanDerveer, Jr., and J. H. Roberts, partners doing business as the Pine Tree Lumber Co., as plaintiffs in said cause, has obtained an attachment out of this Court issued the 2nd day of November, 1917, against the estate of the said Southern Lumber and Manufacturing Co., a corporation, defendant, which attachment has been levied upon the following described personal property, as the property of said defendant, to-wit:

Four car-loads, about sixty thousand feet 2 x 6, eight, and 10 x 9 foot and nine foot, six inches long, rough, dry yellow pine lumber, and whereas, it appears that the said Southern Lumber and Manufacturing Company, a corporation, defendant, as aforesaid, is a non-resident of the State of Alabama

Now, therefore, the said Southern Lumber and Manufacturing Company a corporation, wherever it may reside, are hereby notified of the levy and pendency of said attachment.

Witness my hand, this 26th day of November, 1917.

M. D. FOSHEE, Clerk.

The Band Wagon

Beats the Water Wagon Get Into It. Call for



Buffalo Rock GINGER ALE

The drink that is making friends right and left with everybody because it goes right to the spot, and leaves a good taste and a pleasant feeling for hours afterwards.

"Highest in Quality." Refreshing. Appetizing. Non-reacting. Non-astringent. Kind to the nerves. Genial to digestion.

In Individual Bottles at Fountains and Soft Drink Stands 5c

Keep a Home Case of BUFFALO ROCK in your home. Order from your grocer.

Buffalo Rock Company

Anniston Birmingham Montgomery

Feed Business Now Under Control of Food Administration

Fors of the regulations necessary to govern the proper marketing and hauling of animal and poultry feed are now being prepared by the Food Administration.

As in the case of industries dealing in staple foods for human existence Federal Supervision of Foods will take the form of licensing system. Information contained in reports enable the Food Administration to detect hoarding, excessive profits, and to know the exact amount and location of feeds in the country.

Pay your Subscription. $1 a year.

Letters and Parcels For Lonesome Soldier Come in Hundreds

The Post Office Deportment is telling of a man at a cantonment regarding whom that story was circulated that he was lonesome and had never received a letter since arrival in camp. Then came a deluge.

In one mail he received 1,200 letters, 19 special delivery letters and parcels, and 54 ordinary parcels. Investigation showed he could neither read nor write. He was found surrounded by several other soldiers who were helping him with his mail.

Frank Thomas was at home for the holidays.

"Stop that headache! it's stopping your work"



Pain and Ill Health rob you of all your efficiency.

DR. MILES' ANTI-PAIN PILLS

quickly relieve Pain, but at the same time, when over-work or nervousness is the cause,

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine

should be used to relieve the cause.

SEVERE HEADACHE.

"I once had terrible headaches and feared La Grippe. I could not attend to my work. I took some of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills and the pain was quickly gone. Then I started using Dr. Miles' Nervine and the trouble vanished completely and I felt well and active once more."

HENRY FARNHAM,
Spring Valley, Minn.

IF FIRST BOX, OR BOTTLE, FAILS TO BENEFIT YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

Do You Live to Eat?

OR DO YOU EAT TO LIVE? IT DOESN'T MATTER WHICH. THE POINT IS, NO MATTEY WHY YOU EAT, YOU WANT THE BEST. -:- -:- -:- -:-

WE SELL THE BEST TEAS, COFFEES, PUREST OF LARDS, HIGHEST PATENT FLOUR, BEST CANNED GOODS, ETC. IN FACT, THE BEST GENERAL LINE OF GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS TO BE FOUND IN THIS TOWN. NOT A CASE OF DYSPEPSIA IN OUR ENTIRE STOCK. -:- -:- -:- -:- -:- -:-

IF YOU ARE NOT A CUSTOMER OF OUR STORE WE CORDIALLY INVITE YOU TO BECOME ONE AT ONCE. WE KNOW WE CAN SATISFY YOU. -:- -:-

J. W. LITTLEJOHN

"THE GROCERY MAN"
CLANTON, ALA